

THE
S T A T U T E S
OF
THE UNITED KINGDOM
OF
GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

WITH NOTES AND REFERENCES
By JOHN RAITHY, OF LINCOLN'S INN, ESQ.
BARRISTER AT LAW.

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BOTH INCLUSIVE.



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GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND,
50 GEORGE III. 1810.

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** Signifies that the Act relates exclusively to Ireland.*

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Containing THE TITLES of all

THE STATUTES,

Passed in the FOURTH Session of the FOURTH Parliament

OF THE

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland;

50 GEORGE III.

PUBLICK GENERAL ACTS.

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| <p>1. AN Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Salt, Sugar, Tobacco and Starch, as Great Britain; and on Peaches, Offices and Personal Estates in England; for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten. Page 1</p> <p>2. An Act for raising the Sum of Ten millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten. Ibid.</p> <p>3. An Act for raising the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten. Ibid.</p> <p>4. An Act to enable such Persons in the United Kingdom as have entered to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and for entering the Taxes imposed for their Purposes respectively, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and to permit such Persons as have entered to make and file Affidavits of the Exactness of Indentures of Clerks to Attorneys and Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the First Day of Holy Term One thousand eight hundred and eleven. Ibid.</p> <p>5. An Act to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grass in Great Britain, for a limited Time; and to continue, until Four Months after the Expiration of such Prohibition, an Act of the last Session of Parliament, to suspend the Importation of Brandy or High-wine Spirits into Great Britain or Ireland respectively. Ibid.</p> <p>6. An Act to enable His Royal Highness George Prince of Wales, to grant Leases of certain Lands and Premises called <i>Pratt's Meadows</i>, in the Parish of <i>Lambeth</i>, in the County of <i>Surrey</i>, Part of His said Royal Highness's Duchy of <i>Cornewall</i>, for the Purpose of building thereon. Ibid.</p> | <p>7. An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. Page 4</p> <p>8. An Act for settling and securing a certain Annuity on Viscount <i>Widdowes</i> and the Two next Persons to whom the Title of Viscount <i>Widdowes</i> shall descend, in Consideration of his eminent Services. 7</p> <p>9. An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, in such an Act of the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty, as allows a Bounty on <i>Brazil</i> Plantation Raw Sugar exported. 8</p> <p>10. An Act for making preparatory orders of the Prohibition of an Act of the Fifth Year of King <i>George the First</i>, for preventing the clandestine mixing of unseasoned Goods, and for preventing Frauds relating to the Customs. 9</p> <p>11. An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, several Laws relating to the Encouragement of the Greenland Whale Fishery. Ibid.</p> <p>12. An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting the Importation of Malt, Yards, Bowstays and Tackle for Naval Purposes from the <i>Brazil</i> Colonies in <i>North America</i>, Duty-free. Ibid.</p> <p>13. An Act to continue an Act, made in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting the Exportation of Salt from the Port of <i>Nagles</i> in the Island of <i>New Providence</i>, the Port of <i>Roanoke</i> and the Port of <i>Crooked Island</i> in the <i>Bahama</i> Islands, in American Ships coming to <i>Bahama</i>; and amend and continue an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting Sugar and Coffee to be exported from His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations to any Port in <i>Europe</i> to the Southward of <i>Cape Finisterre</i>, and Corn to be exported from such Port, and from the Coast of <i>Africa</i>, into the said Colonies and Plantations. Ibid.</p> |
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64. An Act to permit the Removal of Goods, Wares and Merchandises, from the Port in *Great Britain* where first introduced, to any other warehousing Port for the Purpose of Exportation. *Ibid.*
65. An Act for setting the Office of Surveyor General of the Land Revenues of the Crown, and Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chases. *Page 84*
66. An Act to authorize the Judge Advocate General to send and receive Letters and Packets free from the Duty of Postage. *87*
67. An Act for the better Preservation of Heath Fowl, commonly called *Black* *Grouse*, in the Counties of *Devon* and *Dorset*. *Ibid.*
68. An Act for raising the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds by way of Assesses, for the Service of *Ireland*. *88*
69. An Act for raising the Sum of Six Millions, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of *Great Britain*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten. *Ibid.*
70. An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to issue Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of such Aids or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of *Great Britain*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten. *Ibid.*
71. An Act for appropriating Part of the Surplus of the Stamp Duties granted in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for defraying the Charges of the Loan made and Stock created in the present Session of Parliament. *Ibid.*
72. An Act for improving and completing the Harbour on the North Side of the HD of *Shannon* near *Dublin*, and rendering it a safe Harbour for His Majesty's Packets. *89*
73. An Act to alter, explain and amend the Laws now in force respecting the Trade of *Barrow*, situate out of the City of *Londre* or the Liberties thereof, or beyond *Tra* *Méer* of the Royal Exchange. *97*
74. An Act to grant to His Majesty certain additional Duties upon Letters and Packets sent by the Post within *Ireland*. *99*
75. An Act to grant to His Majesty an additional Duty on Distilling Holes in *Ireland*; in respect of the Windows or Lights thereof. *Ibid.*
76. An Act to repeal certain Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in *Ireland*, and to grant new and additional Duties, and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in *Ireland*. *104*
77. An Act for imposing additional Duties of Customs on certain Species of Wood imported into *Great Britain*. *105*
78. An Act to repeal an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for imposing Indemnities, and preventing the Disturbances of the Publick Peace in *Ireland*. *107*
79. An Act for regulating the Collation of Licences for distilling Spirits from Sugar in the Lowlands of *Scotland*. *Ibid.*
80. An Act for reviving and further continuing, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, several Laws in Pursuing the Importation of certain Fish from *Newfoundland* and the Coast of *Labrador*, and of certain Fish from Ports of the Coast of His Majesty's *North American* Colonies, and for granting Bounties thereon. *Ibid.*
81. An Act to continue, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, certain Acts for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the Fees, Gratitudes, Pensions and Emoluments received in several Publick Offices in *Scotland*, so as shall not any Abuse which may exist in the Law, and into the Mode of receiving, collecting, issuing and accounting for Publick Money in *Ireland*. *108*

83. An Act to amend the Laws relative to the Sale of Flax Seed and Hemp Seed in *Ireland*. Page 108
84. An Act in typical general Acts respecting the Woollen Manufacture, and for indemnifying Persons liable to any Penalty for having sold contrary thereto. *Ibid.*
85. An Act for suppressing Parochial Stipends, in certain Cases, in *Ireland*. 209
86. An Act to regulate the taking of Securities in all Offices, in respect of which Security ought to be given; and for settling the Grant of all such Offices, in the Event of such Security not being given within a Time to be limited after the Grant of such Office. 113
87. An Act to amend Two Acts passed in the Thirty sixth and Forty third Years of His present Majesty, for regulating the Malt in which the *East India Company* shall brew and take up Stewt. 115
88. An Act to amend Two Acts, relating to the raising Money for the Service of the *East India Company*; and the Quartering and Billenting such Men; and to Trials by Regimental Courts Martial. *Ibid.*
89. An Act to make Provision for a limited Time respecting certain Grants of Offices. 117
90. An Act for delaying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia and Levied Militia in *Great Britain* for the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten. 121
91. An Act to revive and continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and amend so much of an Act made in the Thirty sixth and Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty, as grants certain Allowances to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors of the Militia of *England* dissevered under an Act of the same Session of Parliament. 125
92. An Act for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the Militia in *Great Britain*, while dissevered. *Ibid.*
93. An Act for improving and completing the Harbour of *Bahylish*, in the Isle of *Archie*. 127
94. An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. 131
95. An Act to enable the Corporation for preserving and improving the Port of *Dublin*, to erect, repair and maintain Light Houses near the Coasts of *Ireland*, and to raise a Fund for defraying the Charge thereof. *Ibid.*
96. An Act to amend an Act passed in this Session of Parliament, intitled, An Act for increasing the Rates of Subsidies to be paid to Inspectors and others on quartering Soldiers. 134
97. An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and to amend several Acts for granting certain Bounties and Duties, and for allowing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into and exported from *Ireland*; and to grant to His Majesty until the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, certain Bounties and additional Duties on the Importations, and to allow Drawback on the Exportations of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise sent and born *Ireland*. 135
98. An Act for raising the Sum of Two hundred and sixteen thousand Pounds by Treasury Bills, for the Service of *Ireland*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten. 147
99. An Act to amend the several Acts relating to the making of Malt, and the granting of Licences and Certificates, and the Regulation of Brewers and of Persons employing more than one Still in *Ireland*. Page 144
100. An Act for relaxing certain Fines imposed on Stills in *Ireland*. 147
101. An Act for confirming an Agreement for the Purchase of the Privilege and Bargain of Wines in *Ireland*, entered into by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in *Ireland*, and the Right Honourable Walter Earl of *Greenwich* and *Offey* and his Trustees, in pursuance of an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign. *Ibid.*
102. An Act for the more effectually preventing the adulterating and taking of unlawful Oaths in *Ireland*; and for the Protection of Magistrates and Witnesses in Criminal Cases. 147
103. An Act for repealing the several Laws relating to Profits in *Ireland*, and for re-creating such of the Provisions thereof as have been found useful, with Amendments. 149
104. An Act for showing the Amount of certain Duties of Assessed Taxes granted by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and for granting to His Majesty certain other Duties of Assessed Taxes so the Articles therein mentioned. 167
105. An Act to regulate the manner of making Surcharges of the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and of the Tax upon the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and for amending the Acts relating to the said Duties respectively. 170
106. An Act for regulating the manner of allowing Lends in certain Cases to the Duties arising from the Profits of Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and for giving Relief from the said Duties on occasion of Losses in other Cases therein mentioned. 177
107. An Act to regulate the Examination and Payment of Assignments for Clothing of His Majesty's Forces. 179
108. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act passed in the Second Year of His present Majesty, for the Encouragement of the Fishery of this Kingdom, and the Protection of the Persons employed therein. 180
109. An Act to continue for Two Years, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament, and amend an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for the preventing improper Persons from having Arms in *Ireland*. 183
110. An Act to allow, until the Fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the bringing of Coals, Collied and Chalken to *London* and *Windsor* by Inland Navigation. 184
111. An Act to limit the Amount of Profits to be granted out of the Coal Laid of *Scotland*. 187
112. An Act for strengthening the Force of executing Decrees of the Court of *Session* in *Scotland*, and for the Regulation of certain Parts of the Proceedings of that Court. *Ibid.*
113. An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sum of Three Millions for the Service of *Great Britain*. 193
114. An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money, to be raised by Exchequer Bills, and to be advanced and applied in the manner and upon the Terms therein mentioned, for the Relief of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*. *Ibid.*
115. An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*, and for applying certain Moneys therein mentioned, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten; 202

- and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Office of Parliament. Page 199
206. An Act to extend and amend the Term and Provisions of an Act of the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Performance of Timber in the *New Forest*, in the County of Southampton, and for alienating the Boundaries of the said Forest, and of the Lands of the Crown within the same. 204
207. An Act to direct that Accounts of Interest and Disbursement of Public Salaries, Pensions and Allowances, shall be annually laid before Parliament, and to regulate and control the granting and paying of such Salaries, Pensions and Allowances. Page 205
208. An Act for regulating the Offices of Registrars of Admalty and Prize Courts. 207
119. An Act for further extending and enlarging the Powers of an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for consolidating and rendering more official the several Acts for the Purchase of Buildings, and further Improvement of the Streets and Places near to *Whitehall Hall* and the Two Houles of Parliament. 208

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED;

OR PRINTED COPIES WHEREOF ARE DECLARED TO BE EVIDENCE.

- i. An Act for making a fair and equal County Rate for the County of Cumberland. Page 214
- ii. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Abbe Street* in the Town of *Colechester* in the County of *Gloucester*, to *Band Lane* in or near the Village of *St. Sep's Church*, in the said County, to join the Turnpike Road leading from the Town of *Exmouth* in the County of *Wiltshire*, to the said Town of *Colechester*. 219
- iii. An Act for altering, improving and keeping in Repair the Road between the City of *Durham* and the Village of *St. Mary's Bridge*, in the County of *Durham*. *Ibid.*
- iv. An Act for erecting a Jailhouse and County Hall and other Offices for the County of *Westbury*. *Ibid.*
- v. An Act for repealing an Act, made in the Thirtieth second Year of His late Majesty, for better lighting and clearing the Open Places, Streets, Squares and other Passages within the Part of the Manor and Liberty of *Norris Fish-gate* otherwise *Norris Fishy*, in the County of *Middlesex*, which is Extra-parochial, and regulating the Nightly Watch and Batches thereof; and for the better Repair and Maintenance of the Poor thereof; and for other Purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*
- vi. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *St. John's Gate* near *Carlisle* to *Malsby*, and to join the Turnpike Road at *Hullock*, in the County of *Cumberland*. 220
- vii. An Act for repairing the Road from *Covered Bridge* in the County of *York*, through the Towns of *Farm*, *Stables* and *Redfield*, to the City of *Durham* in the County of *Durham*, and for opening an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty for repairing the said Road. *Ibid.*
- viii. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the several Roads therein mentioned, so far as the said Acts relate to the Road from *Douglas* through *Northbridge*, to the South Side of *Tadcaster Creek* in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- ix. An Act for enclosing Lands in the Township or Hamlet of *Chilbury*, in the Manor and Parish of *Gloucester*, in the County of *Berks*. *Ibid.*
- x. An Act to continue and amend Three Acts for the Improvement of the Port and Harbour of *Dorchester*. *Ibid.*
- xi. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, in so far as the same relate to the Road from *Burford* Diocesan to *Ridford Bridge*, and from *Millflower* Narrows to *Norris Fair* *Prick*, and from *Kilwellie* to *Ridford* in the County of *Wiltshire*. Page 220
- xii. An Act for continuing the Term and amending Two Acts passed in the Twenty sixth and Thirty fifth Years of His present Majesty, for amending the several Roads therein defined, so far as the said Acts relate to the District of Road from *Sey* to *Hoffington*, and from thence to *St. Andrew* and *Widley*, all in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*; and also for making a Branch of Road from *Pierfield* to the West End of the Town of *Poulton*, in the same County. *Ibid.*
- xiii. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Tenth and Twentieth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening several Roads leading from the Town of *Leath*, in the County of *Lincoln*. *Ibid.*
- xiv. An Act for repairing, altering and improving the Road from *Trotfield* to *Coston*, in the County of *Sussex*. *Ibid.*
- xv. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Twenty sixth and Thirty third Years of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Walsfield* to *Abberford* in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- xvi. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering the Powers of an Act made in the Thirtieth fourth Year of His present Majesty, for making and repairing several Roads leading across the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
- xvii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Bottom of *Wyngham Hill*, to the *Wilkes* Turnpike Road at or near *Burford* in the County of *Wilt*. *Ibid.*
- xviii. An Act for repairing the Road leading from the *Wyndford* Turnpike Road in the Parish of *Cheltenham*, in the County of *Glouc*, to the Turnpike Road leading from *Stroud* to *Stroudly*, in the said County. 222
- xix. An Act for better affixing and collecting the Poor and other Rates, in the Parish of *Lambeth*, in the County of *Surry*; and regulating the Poor thereof. *Ibid.*
- xx. An Act to alter and amend Two Acts, passed in the Twentieth Year of His late Majesty, and the Fourth Year of His present Majesty, for maintaining the Publick Conducts and other Water Works belonging to the Town of *Southwark*. *Ibid.*
- xxi. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of the Ninth 223

- and Thirtieth Years of His present Majesty, for making several Roads leading from the Borough of *Dorchester*, in the County of *Dorset*. Page 221
- xxi. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Lower Sater Cross Hill Lane*, (as the Road from thence) City of *Windsor* to the Towns of *Southampton* and *Port Gait*, on the Road from *Southampton* to *Geoffrey*, in the County of *Sussex*. *Ibid*
- xxii. An Act for better paving, lighting, cleansing and watching the Town of *Great Farnham*, in the County of *Wiltshire*, and for removing Nuisances and Amalgamations therein, and for making other Improvements in the said Town. *Ibid*
- xxiii. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the *Edinburgh Canal* to extend the *Whitchurch Line* of the said Canal from *Cherrywell's Bridge* to *Coffin Hill*, in the Town of *Edinburgh*, in the County of *Salisbury*, and for amending the several Acts for making the said Canal. *Ibid*
- xxiv. An Act for lighting and watching the Town of *High Wycombe* and *High Wycombe Parva*, for strengthening and regulating the Footpaths, and for removing and preventing Nuisances and Amalgamations therein. *Ibid*
- xxv. An Act to amend an Act made in the Eighth Year of His present Majesty, for paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the Towns of *Down*, and for removing and preventing Nuisances and Amalgamations therein. *Ibid*
- xxvi. An Act for paving, lighting, watching and cleansing the Towns of *Southwell* near the Sea, in the County of *Derbyshire*; for repairing the Market; for building a Town Hall or Market House; and for otherwise improving the said Town; and for establishing a Watch on the River *Wear*. *Ibid*
- xxvii. An Act to revise and continue the Term and Powers of an Act passed for empowering the Commissioners for paving, cleansing and lighting the Square, Streets and Lanes within the City and Liberty of *Windsor* and Parts adjacent, to collect certain Tolls on *Sundays* upon the several Roads therein mentioned. *Ibid*
- xxviii. An Act for constituting a Pier or Harbour at or near the Town of *Kilcarrah*, in the County of *Perth*. *Ibid*
- xxix. An Act for regulating the New Market Place in the Town of *Malpas*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid*
- xxx. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act, of the Ninth Year of His present Majesty, for embanking, draining and preserving certain Low Grounds in the Parishes of *London*, and other Parishes and Places therein mentioned, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid*
- xxxi. An Act to alter and explain an Act made in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, to enable the Provisional Justices to sit in the Name of their Managing Director, and to amend Annettes. 222
- xxxii. An Act to amend an Act made in the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for incorporating and regulating the *Clyde Marine Society*. *Ibid*
- xxxiii. An Act for continuing and amending Three Acts, passed in the Fourteenth, Twentieth and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, in far as they relate to repairing the Road from *Dunfermlie* in the County of *York*, to *Salter's Broad* in the County of *Cheshire*. *Ibid*
- xxxiv. An Act to continue the Term, and amend and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts, of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Marblehead* in the County of *Derbyshire*, through *Bugby*, *Wardborough* and *Harroby*, in the County of *Rutland*, to a certain Horse-lead therein mentioned
- in the Parish of *Witchamere*, in the County of *Essex*; and from *Bugby* aforesaid to *Marblehead*, in the County of *Derbyshire*; and from *Harroby* to *Harroby*, in the County of *Salisbury*. Page 222
- xxxv. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the Town of *Wareham* through *Pudding* and *Burby* to *Colne*, in the County Palatine of *Lancashire*; and for continuing the same Road through *Gilby* and *Sylby* to *Atherton* and *Curley End*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid*
- xxxvi. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *East Marston*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid*
- xxxvii. An Act to repeal an Act made in the Thirteenth Year of His present Majesty, for paving, lighting and cleansing the Town of *Northampton*, in the County of *Essex*, and amending and preventing Nuisances and Amalgamations therein; for regulating the Market; for building and repairing Groynes to render the Coast safe and commodious; for inclosing Coal and Coln, and laying a Duty thereon, and for making other Provisions in like behalf; and for regulating Weights and Measures, and building a Town Hall. *Ibid*
- xxxviii. An Act for building a Bridge over the River *Wye*, in the City of *Worms*, in the Marquis of *Trarbah*, in the County of the said City. *Ibid*
- xl. An Act for paving and otherwise improving the Streets and other Publick Places within the Town of *Penryn*, in the County of *York*, for better supplying the said Town with Water, and for altering and amending an Act, passed in the Twentieth Year of His present Majesty, in that behalf, An Act for building the Park of *Penryn*, in the County of *York*, and for other Purposes therein mentioned. *Ibid*
- xli. An Act for watching, and more effectually lighting, cleansing and otherwise improving the Town of *King's Lynn* upon *Sea*, and the Liberty of *Trappes* and the Lordship or Precinct of *Mynn*, in the Parish of the *Holy Trinity*, in the said Town; and for preventing Nuisances therein; and also for preventing Frauds and Impediments by the Quality, Measure and Quantity of Coals sold in the said Town and the Neighbourhood thereof. *Ibid*
- xlii. An Act for better paving, lighting, cleansing, watching and otherwise improving the Town of *Loughborough*, in the County of *Leicestershire*. *Ibid*
- xliii. An Act for providing an Additional Burial Ground for the Parish of *Salter Lale*, *Cheshire*, in the County of *Cheshire*. *Ibid*
- xliiii. An Act for further enlarging the Church Yard of the Parish of *Pudding* in the County of *Northampton*. 223
- xlv. An Act for better settling and collecting the Poor and other Rates in the Parish of *Salter George the Martyr*, in the Borough of *Southwark*, in the County of *Surrey*, and regulating the Poor thereof. *Ibid*
- xlvi. An Act for improving the Upper End of the *Barnes Road*, on the North Side of the *North of the Hundred Pitt River*, in the Isle of *Wight*, and Counties of *Cambridge* and *Huntingdon*. *Ibid*
- xlvii. An Act for improving the Lower End of the *Barnes Road*, between *Salter's Lock* and *Witch's Dam Bridge*, in the Isle of *Wight*, and Counties of *Cambridge* and *Huntingdon*. *Ibid*
- xlviii. An Act for altering, amending and enlarging the Powers of an Act, passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for building a Bridge over that Part of the River *Rooney* which divides the Parish of *Rooney* in the County of *Northampton*, and the Parish of *Road* in the County of *Gloucestershire*. *Ibid*

114. An Act to continue and amend Three Acts passed in the Twenty second Year of His late Majesty, and the Fourteenth and Thirty sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from North Street, in the County of Northumberland, to the Town of Newcastle upon Tyne, and to make and repair certain additional Branches of Road communicating therewith. Page 227
115. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Thirty second Year of His present Majesty, for building a Bridge over the River South Esk, at or near Haddington. *Ibid.*
116. An Act for enlarging the Powers granted by His Majesty to the Royal Infirmary of Great Britain, and for extending and more effectually prosecuting the Objects thereof. *Ibid.*
117. An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing certain Roads in the Counties of Cornwall and Devonshire, and for more effectually repairing, improving and keeping in Repair certain other Roads in the County of Cornwall. 226
118. An Act to continue the Terms and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of the Seventh and Twenty sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from the High Road between Bromley and Farnborough, in the County of Kent, to Buggers' Bush, in the Turnpike Road leading from Trenchard's Walls to Harefield, in the County of Suffolk. *Ibid.*
119. An Act for continuing and amending Two Acts passed in the Thirtieth and Twenty fourth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Loughborough, through Wharfedale and Swaleside to Airedale, and from Wharfedale through Galeside to Airedale situated, all in the County of West-riding. *Ibid.*
120. An Act for making and keeping in Repair the Road leading from a Place near Sapperton Bridge, in the Parish of Palsborough, in the County of Suffolk, to the Road running from Northgate to Newham, in the said County; and from the said Road running from Northgate to Newham to the Distress Path in the Parish of Sapperton, on the Turnpike Road leading from Sapperton to Newham, in the said County. *Ibid.*
121. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Gilders Lane to St Andrew's Church, in the County of Stafford, and several other Roads therein defined, and for extending the said Roads from King's Wood Common to the Turnpike Road leading from Wigles under Linnard to Newport, in the County of Salop. *Ibid.*
122. An Act for more effectually repairing, widening, improving and amending the Road from Liverpool to Preston, in the County Palatine of Lancaster. *Ibid.*
123. An Act for more effectually repairing and keeping in Repair several Roads leading to and from the Town of Alton in the County of Hampshire. *Ibid.*
124. An Act for making and keeping in Repair a Carriage Road from the Turnpike Road leading from Radcliffe in the County of York, to Harefield in the County of Northampton, at or near Glass in the County of Derby, to the Turnpike Road leading from Northgate to Nelson, at or near Boddley in the County of Nottingham. 227
125. An Act to amend in such an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for making and repairing Publick Roads in the County of Dublin, as relates to the Roads well in the County of Rathfriland. *Ibid.*
126. An Act for amending an Act of the Forty second Year of His present Majesty for repairing the Road from Dublin Bars through Berwick upon Tweed to Loughrea M.D. and several other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of Durham and Liberties of Berwick upon Tweed. Page 227
127. An Act to amend several Acts for repairing Roads leading to and through the Town of Frome in the County of Somerset, and for passing the Footways and Lighting the Streets within the said Town, and for removing Part of the publick Market Place in the said Town. *Ibid.*
128. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from Hoxingdean to Old Stratford, in the County of Northampton. *Ibid.*
129. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Eling and Kewley, in the County of Southampton. *Ibid.*
130. An Act for appointing new Trustees for carrying into Execution the Trusts and Powers of the Settlement made on the Marriage of the Right Honourable George Capel Comyngham Earl of Effingham, with Sarah Countess of Effingham, his Wife. *Ibid.*
131. An Act for inclosing and reserving from Tythas, Lands in the Parish of Maltby, in the County of Rutland. *Ibid.*
132. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Great Plumstead and Fyfield, in the County of Norfolk. *Ibid.*
133. An Act for paving, lighting, cleaning and watching the Borough of Alnwick, and Suburbs thereof; for regulating the Police and Markets; and for other Purposes therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
134. An Act for better regulating the Statute Labour within the County of Dorset. *Ibid.*
135. An Act to amend Several Acts of the Thirteenth, Thirty fifth and Thirty seventh Years of His present Majesty, for deepening and making more commodious the Harbour of Aberdeen. *Ibid.*
136. An Act for providing an additional Burying Ground for the Parish of Saint John, Harefield, in the County of Middlesex. *Ibid.*
137. An Act for more effectually making and repairing certain Roads in the Counties of Devon, Somerset, Dorset and Gloucestershire. *Ibid.*
138. An Act for more effectually repairing the Roads leading into the City of Hereford, and several Roads communicating therewith. 228
139. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the Town of Wylsham to the Isle of Ely, in the County of Cambridgeshire, to the Town of Thury in the same Isle and County. *Ibid.*
140. An Act to amend an Act of the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Regulation of Buildings and Party Walls, and for the more effectually preventing Mischief by Fire within the Cities of London and Westminster, by permitting John's Patent Telfers to be used in the Covering of Hoops and Buildings within the Places therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
141. An Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the Thames and Mersey Canal to vary the Line of the said Canal, and for altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Twelfth and Forty fourth Years of His present Majesty, for making the said Canal and a Colliery Cut therein. 229
142. An Act for improving the Barrier Canal on the South Side of Marston's Leas, between Trower Hay and Whinley Field, in the Isle of Ely and County of Cambridgeshire. *Ibid.*
143. An Act to amend and render more effectual Two Acts of His late and present Majesty for draining, preferring and inclosing Lands in Marsh, Westmoreland and Upsett, in the Isle of Ely and County of Lincolnshire, in the said

- said Acts relate to the First and Second Districts therein mentioned. *Page 229*
1821. An Act for draining and improving certain Lands in the Manors, Parishes and Places of North Hylton, Widdow and other Places in the County of *Surrey*. *Ibid.*
1822. An Act for draining and improving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds in the Parish of Silton, in the County of *Huntingdon*. *Ibid.*
1823. An Act for embanking and draining a certain Level of Marshes and Fen Lands called or known by the Name of *The Alwange Level*, within the several Parishes of *Luffess*, with the Hamlet of *Swanwick*, *Theobroton*, *Dunwich*, *Widdow* and *Middleten cum Parilly*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
1824. An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for the Improvement of the Town of Bedford in the County of Bedford, and for rebuilding the Bridge over the River Ouse in the said Town*. *Ibid.*
1825. An Act for better lighting, watching, cleaning and repairing the Highways, and otherwise improving the Hamlet of *Ratcliff*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for repealing an Act of the Twenty sixth Year of His late Majesty relative thereto; and for the better Relief and Maintenance of the Poor of the said Hamlet. *Ibid.*
1826. An Act for better paving and lighting, for establishing a Nightly Watch, for regulating the Poor, and removing the Poor Rates within the Liberty of the Auld in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
1827. An Act to explain and amend an Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for making and declaring the Goal for the County of *Devon* a Publick and Common Goal; and for other Purposes in the said Act mentioned. *Ibid.*
1828. An Act for altering and amending an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for widening and altering *Guy Bridge* over the River *Ouse*, and *Fife Bridge* over the River *Fyfe*, in the City of *York*; for widening, raising and improving certain Ferries, Lanes and Pathways leading and near to the said Bridge; and for making certain other Improvements in the said City. *230*
1829. An Act for maintaining a Bridge across the River *Swale*, to be called *The Lower Bridge*, in the County of *Yorkshire*. *Ibid.*
1830. An Act for making and maintaining a Road partly by an *Arche*, through the East Side of *Malpas Hill*, communicating with the present Turnpike Road from *London* to *Barnet*, at *Upper Holloway*, in the Parish of *St. Mary* *Marion*, and near the Brook below the Fifth Mile Stone, in the Parish of *Blagden*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
1831. An Act to enable the *Stratford Life Assurance and Annuity Office* to sue in the Name of their Secretary, and to vend Annuities. *Ibid.*
32. An Act to enable the *Stratford Fire Office Company* to sue in the Name of their Secretary. *Ibid.*
33. An Act to regulate the loading of Ships with Coals in the Port of *Newcastle upon Tyne*. *Ibid.*
34. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts for repairing the Roads therein mentioned, so far as the same relate to the Road from the *Red Busk*, near *Doncaster*, to the South End of *Walsfield Bridge*, and from *Walsfield* to *Pennington*, and from thence to *Woodland*, and from *Pennington* to *Woodland*, all in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
35. An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Fifth and Sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Great Bridge in the Borough of *Warrand* to the Town of *Northampton*. *Page 230*
36. An Act for more effectually repairing, widening and repairing the Road leading from *Aspley*, in the County of *Northampton*, to *Northill*, in the County of *Bedford*. *Ibid.*
37. An Act to continue the Term and also to enlarge the Powers of several Acts for repairing the Roads from *Birmingham* to *Warwick*, and from *Birmingham* to *Edgbury*, in the County of *Warwick*, so far as the same relate to the Road from *Birmingham* to *Warwick*, and is on to the street Leads of the said County of *Edgbury*. *Ibid.*
38. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of the Eighth and Twenty eighth Years of His present Majesty, so far as the same relate to the Road from the Township of *Northfield*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*, to *Woodland*, in the County Palatine of *Gloucester*, and from thence to a Bridge over the River *Mersey*, called *Estoverly Bridge*, on the Confines of the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
39. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Three Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing several Roads therein mentioned, leading to, through and from the Town of *Mossend*, and for making a New Piece of Road to communicate therewith. *Ibid.*
40. An Act for continuing and amending an Act of the Twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Stapleford* in *Lincoln*, and from thence to *Willy's Oak*, and from *Kingham* to the *Kings* and *Radnor* Turnpike Roads, and from *Langes* situated to *Walford*, in the County of *Northford*. *231*
41. An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road from *Woodrow* to the Town of *Buckingham*, in the County of *Buckingham*. *Ibid.*
42. An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act of the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from *Bikes* in the Manor of *Marlborough*, in the County Palatine of *Leinster*; and for making a Branch of Road from the said Road to the Road leading from *Bucklers* to *Probyn*; and another Branch of Road from *Master Field* to *Hardens*, both in the Town of the said *Marlborough*. *Ibid.*
43. An Act to continue and amend an Act of the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads in and near the Town of *Barnes*, and other Roads, in the Counties of *Surrey* and *Windsor*, therein described. *Ibid.*
44. An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the *Affens Turnpike Road*, near a Place called *Lake Robus*, in the Parish of *Alnwick*, in the County of *Northampton*, to the *Northampton Turnpike Road* near *Tangy*, in the County of *Derby*, and from *Woolly Moor* to the *Chesham Turnpike Road* at *Kellogg*, in the said County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
45. An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of Three Acts, passed in the Second, Eleventh and Twenty second Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from *Slyde Mill*, in the County of *Suffolk*, to the Road from *Affness* to *Beacons*, near *Thorp* in the County of *Derby*, and from the Road between *Cloud* and *Leak*, to the Road above *Frappell Bridge*, and from the same Road to the said Road between *Slyde Mill* and *Thorp* at or near *Rushall Gate*, in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*

616. An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Ninth and Thirtieth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Glouce to Suttons Basin*, and from thence to *Suttons Moor End*, in the County of *Suffolk*. Page 231
617. An Act for enabling the Trustees of *George Earl of Coventry*, to cut down and sell Timber on the Estates devised to him for Life by the Will of his late Father, deceased. *Ibid.*
618. An Act for vesting the legal Fee of certain Estates devised by the Will of the Right Honourable *Richard late Lord Portland*, and now vested in *William Nevill Esquire*, in *William Le Nez* and his Heirs, upon the Trusts following or capable of taking Effect in the said Estates. *Ibid.*
619. An Act for vesting certain Trust Estates in the following Trustee under the Will of *Elizabeth Bevilacqua*, deceased. *Ibid.*
620. An Act for incorporating the Archbishop of *Canterbury*, the Bishop of *Leicester and Exeter*, the Bishop of *Gloucester*, and the Dean of *Gloucester*, and their respective Successors for the time being, into a Corporation, to be called by the Name of 'The Trustees of the Asylum in the City of *Gloucester*,' founded by *James Smith Esquire*, and for enabling them to carry on that charitable and useful Institution, according to the Provisions of a certain Trust Deed, executed by the said *James Smith*. Page 232
621. An Act for vesting a Messuage and Premises near *Lowerpool*, in the County of *Leicester*, devised by the Will of *John Sparling Esquire* deceased, on Trusts in trust to sell the same, and to lay out the Moneys thence arising in the Purchase of other Estates. *Ibid.*
622. An Act to confirm and establish certain Inclosures of Lands, within the Parish of *Ragby*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*; and also to substitute an Exchange, lately made between the Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses of the Borough of *Doncaster*, and the Rectory of *Ragby* aforesaid. *Ibid.*
623. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Newnston* otherwise *Newnston* *Abbotswood*, in the County of *Bedfordshire*. *Ibid.*
624. An Act for alienating Lands in the Parish of *Talkenham* otherwise *Talkenham*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
625. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Tidwold*, *Wingfield* and *Leenham*, in the County of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
626. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Liberty of *Bevick Priory*, and in the Maner and Parish of *Newnham*, in the County of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
627. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Cadbury*, *Wrythe* and *Southwick*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
628. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Gladesby* and *Culver*, in the County of *Rutland*. *Ibid.*
629. An Act for inclosing the Open Fields of *Newsheld Fordon* and *Newsheld Brack*, in the County of *Leicester*. *Ibid.*
630. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Esbourne*, *Hamstead Hayball*, *Salter* and *Kintony*, in the County of *Berke*. *Ibid.*
631. An Act for amending an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within the Hundreds of *Low and Widdow*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
632. An Act for better regulating the Statute Labour in the County of *Essex*. *Ibid.*
633. An Act for more effectually repairing the Roads in the County of *Essex*. *Ibid.*
634. An Act for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from the Union Canal, in the Parish of *Gowley*, in the County of *Leicester*, to join the Great *Justitia* Canal near *Long Buckby*, in the County of *Northampton*; and for making a Collateral Cut from the said intended Canal. Page 233
635. An Act for making and maintaining a Railway from *Henric Stone* in the Parish of *Down*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to the Town of *Monmouth*; and for making other Railways therein mentioned in the Counties of *Gloucester* and *Monmouth*. *Ibid.*
636. An Act for making and maintaining a Trench or Road under the River *Stours*, from the Parish of *Newnham* to the Parish of *Abingdon*, in the County of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
637. An Act for improving the Drainage of certain Lands within the North and South West Parts of the Middle Level, Part of the Great Level of the Fens commonly called *Bedford Level*. *Ibid.*
638. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Leicester*, in the County of *Leicester*; and for providing for the Repair of a certain Sea Bank within the said Parish. *Ibid.*
639. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Leeds*, in the County of *Leicester*; and for providing for the Repair of the New Sea Bank within the said Parish. *Ibid.*
640. An Act for amending, enlarging and rendering more effectual an Act passed in the Eleventh Year of King *George the Second*, for the effectual draining and preserving of a certain Fen called *Camble Fen*, and other Fens Grounds in the Isle of *Ely*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*. *Ibid.*
641. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act of His present Majesty, for dividing and allotting certain Fens, called *The East and West Fens*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for dividing and inclosing the Parochial Allotments, Lands and Grounds belonging to and in certain Parishes having Right of Common on the said Fens, and for declaring to what Parishes such Allotments shall belong. *Ibid.*
642. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act of His present Majesty, for vesting a new Church, to be called *Christ Church*, in the Town of *Birmingham* in the County of *Warwick*; and for providing a Maintenance and Residence for the Minister or perpetual Curate thereof. *Ibid.*
643. An Act for the more equally settling and collecting the Poor Rates within the Hamlet of *Mile End Old Town*, in the Parish of *Saint Dunstons Spoken Marsh* otherwise *Spoken*, in the County of *Middlesex*, to alter, enlarge or repair a Workhouse or Workhouses of the said Hamlet, and managing the Crocres thereof. *Ibid.*
644. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the *Wig Middlesex Waterworks* to raise a further Sum of Money; and to alter, vary, amend and enlarge the Powers of the Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for making the said Waterworks; and for extending the same. *Ibid.*
645. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Beddington*, through *Swadlow*, to join the *Dunwothy Turpentine Road near Royston*. *Ibid.*
646. An Act to amend an Act, passed in the Parliament of *Sweden*, in the Thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reize, for repairing the Turpentine Road leading from *Kilnseye* to *Athol*. *Ibid.*
647. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing certain Roads lying in the Counties of *Leicester* and *Warwick*; and in the County of the City of *Coventry*; and for amending and keeping in Repair the Road

- Road from *Newer Bridge* to *Byfic Bridge* in the County of *Warwick*. Page 212
- cxviii. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from a Place called *Fyford*, in the Parish of *Leaford*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to *Peatway*, near the Town of *Peatway*, in the County of *Massachusetts*, with a collateral Branch to join the *Newport Turnpike Road* at *Ryden*, in the County of *Massachusetts*; and for building a Bridge at or near *Fyford* aforesaid, and another Bridge near *Peatway*, in the County of *Massachusetts*. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Brandford's Mill Gate*, in the Township of *Eden*, to the *Gate of Earl's Publick House*, in the Township of *Blackburn*, and Three several Branches of Road therefrom, all in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. *Ibid.*
- cxviii. An Act to alter and amend an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, Intituled, *An Act to sell the feoffed Estates of John Hamilton Pennington, commonly called Lord Kirkwall, in the Counties of Dumfriesshire and Flint, in Tracts to be sold for the Payment of Debts affecting the same, and his other feoffed Estates, and after Payment thereof, for the Satisfaction of the Debts of the Estates to arise by such Sale, in the Parishes of other Estates, to be conveyed in the Use of the feoffed Estates; and for other Purposes therein contained*. *Ibid.*
- cxviii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Dunmochty*, in the County of *Nair*. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor and Parish of *Colburn*, in the County of *Oxford*. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for paving the Footways and Cross-paths, and lighting, cleansing and regulating the Streets, Lanes and other Publick Passages and Places in the Town and Parish of *Newby Infyrd*, and in the Parish of *Newby Kerra*, in the County of *Sussex*. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for inclosing, draining and improving Lands in the Parish of *Thirso* in the County of *Northfolk*. *Ibid.*
- cxviii. An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of an Act of the Ninth Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual draining and preserving certain Free Lands and Low Grounds in the Hamlet of *Widdoway*, in the Parish of *Dunington*, and in the Parish of *Cherwell*, in the *Isle of Ely*, in the County of *Cambridge*, in force in the said Act relates to the Lands in the several Districts therein described. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for amending, enlarging and extending the Powers of an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, relating to the Execution of the Ordinances of Sewers for the Leases from *Earl Massey* in *Surrey*, to *Rowingstone* in *Norfolk*. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for repairing or rebuilding the Parish Church of *St. Andrew* in the County Palatine of *Cislew*, and for rebuilding the Tower thereof, and for making a Cemetery or Church Yard for the Use of the said Parish. *Ibid.*
- cxviii. An Act for better and more effectually paving, lighting, cleansing washing and otherwise improving the Streets, Ways and other Publick Passages and Places in the City and County of the City of *Leicester*. *Ibid.*
- cxviii. An Act for forming, paving, and otherwise improving certain Streets, and other Publick Passages and Places, in the Parish of *St. Pancras* in the County of *Middlesex*, which are or shall be made upon Ground belonging to *Joseph Lewis Esquire*. 215
- cxviii. An Act to alter, amend and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts, passed for making and maintaining a navigable Canal from the River *Thames* or *Isis*, at or near the Town of *Abingdon* in the County of *Berks*, to join or communicate with the *Great and Little Ouse Canal*, at or near the Town of *Tranbridge* in the County of *Wills*, and also certain navigable Canals therein described. Page 215
- cxix. An Act for making more effectual Provision for lighting, watching, paving, cleansing, regulating and improving the Streets and other Publick Places in the Parish of *St. Luke*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for supplying with Water Upper and Lower *Halsbury*, *Highbury*, *Conventry*, *Upper St. Giles*, and their respective Vicarages, all in the Parish of *St. Andrew*, *St. Mary*, *St. James*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for other Purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for raising a further Sum of Money for carrying into Execution the several Acts passed for making Ways, Docks, Basins, Canals and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of *London*. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for authorizing the Removal of the Intestory of the County of *Wiltshire* from the Town of *Wiltshire* to the Town of *Wootton*. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for repealing an Act passed in the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty, Intituled *An Act for amending, improving and keeping Repair several Roads leading to and from the City of Bath*; and for granting other Powers for more effectually improving the several Roads therein described, being in and leading to and from the said City. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for more effectually amending, widening and keeping in Repair the Roads leading from the Town of *Newington* to *Chase Bridge*, near the Town of *Market Harborough*, and from the Division Post in *Kingshore*, in the County of *Northampton*, to *Welford Bridge* in the same County. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act to enable *Sir Henry St. John Baron St. John Alderman* of *Boston*, to exercise certain Powers of jointuring and charging certain Intituled Estates in the County of *Essex* with Portions for younger Children. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for reducing certain Intituled Estates into the Property of *Johnes Holt Esquire*, in Trusts to be sold, and the Money arising from such Sale, to be applied for the Benefit of the Parties entitled to the said Estates. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Dowless of *Leicester* and *Spalding*, in the Parish of *Leicester* in the County of *Lincoln*. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Killingale* in the County of *Down*. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Swinsay* and *Saltfleet*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Cheddle*, in the County Palatine of *Cislew*. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Rushbury*, in the County of *Northampton*. 216
- cxix. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Barony of *Preudlow*, and in the Parish of *Osney*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for granting certain Powers and Authorities to a Company to be incorporated by Charter to be called, "The Gas Light and Coke Company," for making tolerable Air for the lighting of the Streets of the Metropolis, and for procuring Coke, Oil, Tar, Pitch, Asphaltum, Ammoniacal Liquors, and effluent Oil, from Coal, and for other Purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for building certain Offices for the Examiners, Clerks, and Clerks of the Causes and Clerks of the Petty Bag, of the High Court of Chancery; and for making certain Regulations in the Examiner's Office of the said Court; 217

- Court;** and for making Provisions for such of the Examiners, Deputy Examiners and Clerks, as from Length of Service, or from Age and Infirmary, are or shall be incapacitated from the due Execution of their Offices; and for making Provisions for other Officers of the said Court; and for making other Payments in respect of the said Officers. *Page 243*
- cliv.** An Act to alter, amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for better supplying the Town and Part of *Livepool* with Water, from certain Springs in the Township of *Swadby*, in the County Palatine of *Lancashire*. *251*
- clv.** An Act for amending an Act of the Twenty second Year of His late Majesty, King *Charles the Second*, so far as the same relates to the *River Swindon* otherwise the *Laffer Dear*, from the *White Head* near *Broaden Ferry* to *Thames* in the Counties of *Windsor* and *Suffolk*; and for improving the Navigation of the said River. *Ibid.*
- clvi.** An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty, for the Improvement of the Towns of *Greenwich*, and the Harbours thereof; for regulating the Police; and for other Purposes mentioned in the said Acts. *Ibid.*
- clvii.** An Act for altering and amending an Act made in the Four third Year of His present Majesty's Reign for improving the Part of the Town of *Sussex*. *Ibid.*
- clviii.** An Act to amend an Act, made in the Tenth Year of His present Majesty, for paving, repairing, cleaning, lighting and watching the Streets and other publick Places in the Town of *Southampton*. *Ibid.*
- clix.** An Act for paving and otherwise improving certain Streets, and other publick Passages and Places, which are or shall be made upon a certain Piece of Ground belonging to *Thomas Barclay* Esquire, Situate in the Parish of *St James*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- clx.** An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from *Aylford* to or near to *Bassett*, in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
- clxi.** An Act for confirming and carrying into Effect an Agreement entered into on Behalf of the said Duke of *Guise*, and by *Sir Alexander Pascoe* Governor *Guise* Baronet, deceased; and for applying *Sir William Gordon* Governor *Guise* Baronet, and *Charles Louche* Governor Esquire, and their respective Heirs, to make Exchanges of certain Parts of their respective Enailed Estates, under the Authority and by the Direction of the Court of Sessions in *Scotland*. *Ibid.*
- clxii.** An Act for exchanging Parts of the Fee Simple Estates of the Most Noble *Charles Duke of Norfolk*, in the Counties of *Surrey*, *Suff*, and *Middlesex*, for Parts of his said Estates in the County of *York*; and for selling several Messuages and Lands, other Parts of the said Duke's said Estates in the said Counties of *York*, *Suff*, and *Middlesex*, and in the County of *Northampton*, in trust to sell; and for buying out the Messuages in the Parishes of more enailed Estates. *Ibid.*
- clxiii.** An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from *Worcester* in the County of *Glooucester* to *Worcester* *Bailey* in the County of *Wills*, and a Branch of Road from the *Malvernbury* and *Cirencester* Turnpike Road near *Chesham Church* to communicate with the Turnpike Road laid by from *Coventry* to *Malvernbury* at or near *Missy Common*. *Ibid.*
- clxiv.** An Act for selling certain Estates in the County of *Kent*, late of *Henry Lyell* Esquire, deceased, in Trust, to be sold, and for applying the Money arising from the Sale thereof, for defraying the Expenses of inclosing certain Lands in the County of *Cambridge*, and for inclosing the *Surplus Money* in the Parishes of other Estates, to be settled to the suffering Widows of the Will and Coheirs of the said *Henry Lyell*. *Page 252*
- clxv.** An Act for empowering the Deans and Chapters of *Canterbury*, and the *Lessons*, *Edmond White*, *John White* and *William Porter Terry*, to grant building and repairing Licenses of Lands and Buildings at *South Lambeth*, in the County of *Surrey*; pursuant to an Agreement entered into for their Purposes. *Ibid.*
- clxvi.** An Act for enabling *James Playe Wilson*, and others, to grant Licenses of certain Estates in or near *Rye* in the Isle of *Wight*, in the County of *Southampton*, devised by the Will of the late *William Major* Esquire, pursuant to an Agreement entered into for that Purpose, and also to grant Building Licenses of other Parts of the said Estates. *Ibid.*
- clxvii.** An Act for discharging the Estate of *George Frederick Swaine Esquire*, in the Parish of *Great Town*, in the County of *Oxford*, from certain Trusts thereof, and for substituting another Estate in the same County in lieu thereof. *Ibid.*
- clxviii.** An Act for selling several Fee Farm Rents or Annual Sums, devised by the Will of *Robert Scott* Esquire, deceased, in Trust, upon Trust to be sold; and for laying out the Parchale Messuages, under the Direction of the High Court of Chancery, in the Parchale of other Estates, to be settled to the former Uses. *Ibid.*
- clxix.** An Act for selling certain Estates in the Counties of *Stafford*, *Sally*, *Chesler* and *Southdown*, late of the Reverend *Richard Lovett*, Long his Wife, and *Edo. Byrd*, Esquire, in Trust, upon Trust to sell the same; and to lay out the Money arising from the Sale thereof in the Parchale of other Estates. *Ibid.*
- clxx.** An Act for discharging a Particular of certain settled Estates of *David Ryff* Esquire, deceased, situate in the County of *Down* in *Ireland*, and in the City of *Bath* in *England*. *Ibid.*
- clxxi.** An Act for effectuating a Particular devised by the Court of Chancery of certain Estates situate in the County of *Worcestershire*, devised by the Will of *John Blount* Esquire, and *Francis Frisling*, deceased. *Ibid.*
- clxxii.** An Act for settling an Exchange between the Trustees of *Henry Smith* Esquire, deceased, and *Henry Woodgate* Esquire, of Estates in the County of *Kent*. *Ibid.*
- clxxiii.** An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Great Longford*, *Little Longford* and *Wardlow*, in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
- clxxiv.** An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Wripston*, *Jenny* and *Kiva*, in the County of *Westmorland*. *Ibid.*
- clxxv.** An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Lea* in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
- clxxvi.** An Act for more effectually cleaning, lighting and watching the Borough and Town of *Worcester* and *Middlesex* in the County of *Derby*, and removing Incroachments and Appropriations thereof; for hearing and settling Chancery and other Petitions plying for Hire; for establishing Markets; and for giving further Powers to the Quay Master of the Harbour of the said Town. *Ibid.*
- clxxvii.** An Act to continue for Two Years an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for preserving the Right of Presentation to the Rectory and Parish of *Southdown*, in the County of *Northampton*, from lapsing, for a limited Time. *Ibid.*
- clxxviii.** An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act passed

- passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for affixing the Proprietors of Lands in the County of *Rye*, towards the Expence of making and improving certain Roads and Bridges thereon, and of an Act passed in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, for regulating and converting the Banister Labour in the Counties of *Rye* and *Gloucester*, and Part of the County of *North*, locally situated in the County of *Rye*. Page 253
- ccc. An Act to alter, amend and enlarge the Powers of the north of an Act, passed in the Tenth Year of His present Majesty, as relates to the manor, regulating and employing the Poor within the Parish of *Saint John at Walpole*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- ccc. An Act for extinguishing all Right of Common in, over and upon certain Parcels of Land in *Saint George's Fields*, in the County of *Surry*; and for repealing in each of Two Acts passed in the Twenty-sixth and Forty-seventh Years of His present Majesty, as prevents the erecting Buildings on certain Parts of the said Parcell of Land, without a limited Distance from the Sides of each of the Roads therein mentioned as above; and for improving *Saint George's Fields* aforesaid. *Ibid.*
- ccc. An Act for the better Management of the Foundling Hospital in *Dublin*, and for amending and further continuing an Act passed in the Parliament of *Ireland*, in the Fourth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Management, Support and Maintenance of the Foundling Hospital in *Dublin*; and for amending and further continuing an Act, passed in the Thirtieth Year of His Majesty, for the better Management of the Workhouse and Foundling Hospital in *Dublin*. *Ibid.*
- ccc. An Act to incorporate and regulate an Institution, to be called "The *Dublin School of Artificers*," for affording to Youth a Classical and Mercantile Education. *Ibid.*
- ccc. An Act to alter, amend and render more effectual Two Acts of the Twenty-ninth Year of His late Majesty, and the Fourth Year of His present Majesty, for dividing and partitioning certain Fee Lands, in the *Isle of Ely*, and County of *Northfolk*, lying between the *River Great Ouse* and the *Sea*, and bounded on the South by the Hard Lands of *Moston, Boken, Waresworth, Wisford, St. Dunston and Littleport*; and for empowering the Governor, Bailiffs and Commonalty of the County of *Cambridgeshire* of the Great Level of the Fens, commonly called *Bedford Level*, to sell certain Lands lying within the Limits aforesaid, called *breach Lands*. *Ibid.*
- ccc. An Act for selling a certain Plot of Land on *Wandoo* otherwise *Wandoo Heath* in the County of *Bedfordshire*, in the Most Noble John Duke of *Bedford* in Fee Simple, and for charging the same and certain Estates of the said Duke with a perpetual Annual Rent Charge, to be payable to the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish of *Wandoo* otherwise *Wandoo* in the said County, in Manner and upon the Trusts therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
- ccc. An Act for selling the leased Estates in *Edmore*, in the County of *Arms*, of the Right Honourable George Jacobus Marquis Lord *Randolph*, in Trusts upon Trust, to hold the same, or to make Grants in Fee, or Lease of the Term, for the Purpose of building; and to lay out the Money arising by such Sale in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Use. *Ibid.*
- ccc. An Act for exchanging the leased Estate of the Right Honourable *Archiebald Burrell Lucas*, in the County of *Wilt*, for other Estates of the said *Burrell Lucas*, the Right Honourable *Mary Juliana Desvorer Lady Grosvenor*, and the Right Honourable Thomas Philip Lord *Grosvenor*, in the Counties of *Rye* and *Stafford*, and for vesting the Powers of Leasing in the Beneficiaries of the said Estates in the Counties of *Essex* and *Stafford*. Page 253
- ccc. An Act for selling the Lease of the Government of *Bedlam Hospital* in the City of *London*, to the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of *London* by whom it was granted; and for authorizing the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens to grant certain Leases in *Saint George's Fields*, in Fee Simple, in Trusts for the Governors of the said Hospital for the like Term, for the Purpose of erecting a new Hospital thereon on an enlarged Scale. 254
- ccc. An Act for empowering the surviving Trustees under the Will of *Robert Ayscough Esquire*, deceased, to cut down certain Timber Trees on the devised Estates in the County of *Surry*, and for applying the Moneys thereon arising in the Purchase of Estates, to be settled to the building Uses of the same Will. *Ibid.*
- ccc. An Act for enabling *George Esq*, and others, to grant Building Leases of certain Lands and Premises, Situate in the *Isle of Dogs*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- ccc. An Act for including Lands within the Parish of *Staple*, in the County of *Bedfordshire*, and within the Hamlet of *Wares*, lying in the same Parish, and in the several Parishes of *Staple, Addington and Poplethorpe*, in the said County. *Ibid.*
- ccc. An Act for including *Whitehead Common*, and other Waste Lands in the Parish of *Whitehead*, in the County of *Oxford*. *Ibid.*
- ccc. An Act to continue until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and thirtieth, the Powers of the Commissioners appointed in pursuance of an Act of the Tenth Year of His present Majesty, for enabling the Commissioners acting in pursuance of an Agreement between the *East India Company* and the private Creditors of the *Nicolaus de Carnesse*, the better to carry the same into Effect. *Ibid.*
- ccc. An Act for amending, altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Fourteenth and Seventeenth Years of His present Majesty, as relates to the Navigation of the *River Thames* Westward of *London Bridge*, within the Liberties of the City of *London*; and for the further Improvement of the said Navigation. *Ibid.*
- ccc. An Act to explain an Act of the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Improvement of the City of *Dublin* and the Environs thereof, in far as relates to the lighting of *Radial Squares* in the said City. *Ibid.*
- ccc. An Act for establishing a Cattle Market within the Town of *Weymouth*, in the *Isle of Ely*; for taking down and removing the *Sheddles* thereon; for paving, cleaning, lighting and watching the said Town, and removing Nuisances thereon; for preserving and improving the Port and Harbour of *Djehol*; and for regulating the Pilots belonging thereto. *Ibid.*
- ccc. An Act for maintaining and improving the Docks and Warehouse, called the *Commercial Docks*, and for making and maintaining other Docks and Warehouses in continuance thereof, all in the Parish of *Saint Mary Abchurch*, in the County of *Surry*. *Ibid.*
- ccc. An Act for better regulating, amending and employing the Poor within the Parish of *Saint Paul Whitechapel*, in the County of *Middlesex*; for better lighting, watching, paving, cleaning, repairing and improving the Streets and other Publick Places in the said Parish; and for repealing Three

- Three Acts severally passed in the Twenty ninth Year of King George the Second, and in the Tenth and Fifteenth Years of His present Majesty relative thereto. Page 474
- ccix. An Act for more equally and effectually assessing and collecting the Poor Rates, within the Parish of *St. Andrew without Alders*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- ccc. An Act for more effectually improving the Road from *Beverford to Banbury*, in the County of *Oxford*, and from *Beverford to the Road leading to New*, in the County of *Gloucester*, and from *Swanford Gize*, in the County of *Oxford*, to the Road in *Arden*, in the County of *Northampton*. 477
- cccv. An Act for confirming and rendering perpetual a Partition between the Trustees of *Henry Smith's Charity* and *John Mowbray Esquire*, of *several Estates in Wilt and Rutland*, situate at *Bathwick, Ardingly, Crandy and Hild*, in the County of *Wilt*. *Ibid.*
- cccvi. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parishes of *Trotter, Broad, Mitchell Trow, Combeover, Leaden, Tivens and Laxton*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
- cccvii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Huber Nole*, in the Parish of *Bishop by the Seale*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. *Ibid.*
- ccxi. An Act for rebuilding the late Theatre Royal *Druce Lane*, upon the Conditions and under the Regulations therein mentioned. Page 478
- ccxv. An Act to alter and amend the *Lisby and Ludlow Railway Act*, to vary certain Parts of the said Railway, and to extend the same from *Ludlow to Bishop's Cleeve*, and from the *Lower Forge to the Cook Hill*, and for making a *Bridge and Canal* to communicate with the *River Sever at High Pitt*. 483
- ccxxv. An Act for establishing a Chapel of Ease at *Tromdale*, in the Chapelry of *Teggschawere*, in the County of *Cornwall*. *Ibid.*
- ccxxvii. An Act for removing One of the Trustees of the said *Estates* and the other settled Property of the Reverend *Richard Burtin Auctor Phillips*, and for selling the same in other Trusts, and for establishing the High Court of Chancery to appear new Trustees. *Ibid.*
- ccxxviii. An Act for disinclosing the Forest of *Saith* otherwise *Esq' Sere otherwise Sur*, in the County of *Southampton*, and for inclosing the Open Chiscomable Lands within the said Forest. *Ibid.*

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS,

NOT PRINTED:

1. A N Act to dissolve the Marriage of the Right Honourable *Henry Pelley* with the Right Honourable Lady *Clotilde Pelley*, his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
2. An Act for naturalizing *Frederic Ford* &c.
3. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Tashen, Wiggfield, Wheelers* and *Gowgins*, in the County of *North*.
4. An Act for naturalizing *Philip Jacob High*.
5. An Act for naturalizing *Johanna Truss* *Bransford*.
6. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Giffen*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*.
7. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Kirkbride*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*.
[Act for making Compensation for Tithe.]
8. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Marlborough*, in the County of *Wiltshire*.
9. An Act for naturalizing *Johann Henry Trudewmayer*.
10. An Act for naturalizing *William Lagousson*.
11. An Act for naturalizing *Charles William Newman*.
12. An Act for naturalizing *Andrew Reinholdt of Ubr*.
13. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Bockingley and Horne*, in the County of *Surrey*.
14. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stoway*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
[Act for making Compensation for Tithe.]
15. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Talverton*, in the Parish of *Alw*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
[Act for making Compensation for Tithe.]
16. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Thaxton*, in the County of *North*.
17. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlet or Township of *Whitfield*, in the Manor and Parish of *Giffen*, in the County of *Derby*.
18. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Chawen Saint Mary*, in the County of *Wilt*.
19. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Hillingfield*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*.
20. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Loughran*, in the County of *Kent*.
21. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Hogby*, in the County of *North*.
22. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Harley and Langby*, in the County of *North*.
23. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Bedford*, in the County of *York*.
24. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Beh*, in the County of *North*.
25. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Hogby*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
[Act for making Compensation for Tithe.]
26. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Attorliff and Darval*, in the Parish of *St. Andrew*, in the County of *York*.
27. An Act for inclosing the Common Fields, Common and Waste Grounds, within the Manor and Township of *Garforth*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
28. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Sussex*, in the County of *North*.
[Act for making Compensation for Tithe.]
29. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Jolings*, in the County of *Kent*.
[Act for making Compensation for Tithe.]
30. An Act for altering Lands in the Parish of *Berby*, in the County of *North*.
31. An Act for naturalizing *Paul Wilson Berkham*.
32. An Act for naturalizing *Frederick James Here*.
33. An Act for naturalizing *Frederick Sack*.
34. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parishes of *Liffen and Talverton*, in the County of *Derby*.
35. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Stakeley*, in the County of *Derby*.
[Act for making Compensation for Tithe.]

35. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Bromfield*, in the County of *Cheshire*.
37. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Llangovan* and *Llondobog*, in the County of *Caermarthen*.
38. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Trevinno*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
39. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Repton*, in the County of *Stafford*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
40. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlet of *Pygham*, in the Parish of *Saint Andrew* or *Fryden*, in the County of *Worcester*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
41. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Walswick*, in the County of *Devon*.
42. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Abington*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
43. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Merly*, in the County of *Surrey*.
44. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Morjournell*, in the Parish of *Calington*, in the County of *Devon*.
45. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor of *Beech* otherwise *Bash*, in the Parishes of *Brompton*, in the County of *Worcester*.
46. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Perpiss*, in the County of *Southampton*.
47. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Fradington*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
48. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor of *Sealy*, in the County of *Hampshire*.
49. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Wool* upon *Down*, in the County of *York*.
50. An Act for inclosing Lands in that Part of the Parish of *Syden*, in the County of *Lincoln*, called *Stony End*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
51. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township and Parish of *Gilling*, in *Rushworth*, in the County of *York*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
52. An Act for inclosing the Common and Waste Lands in the Manors of *Chapelry* otherwise *Chandersey*, *Rig* and *Copplestone*, in the County of *Merioneth*.
53. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Fyfield*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
54. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Gayfield*, in the County of *Cheshire*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
55. An Act for confirming and establishing the Division and Inclosure of certain Lands in the Township of *Great Shopp*, in the Parish of *Shopp*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
56. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Leadon*, *Llondobog*, or *Llondobogyn*, *Lluchale* and *Llanfair*, in the County of *Merioneth*.
[*Assent is the King in fee of His Right and Justice in the said.*]
57. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Llona Gwyn*, in the County of *Devon*.
58. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Witwaters* *Sedy* and *Styghford*, in the County of *Wilt*.
59. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wolton super Mare*, in the County of *Merioneth*.
60. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Silly*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes. His Lease of Fiscal Allowance within Greatness of the King, as Patron of the Vicarage of Silly.*]
61. An Act to enable *Robert Gordon Esquire*, and *Elizabeth Jane his Wife*, notwithstanding the Minority of the said *Finnahill Lane Garden*, to make a Settlement of her Estate, pursuant to Articles entered into previously to their Marriage.
62. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Thorp Astha*, in the Parish of *Beafsworth*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes. Assent is the King in right of His Ducy of Lancaster, as Lord of the Manor of Beafsworth.*]
63. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Dauster*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
64. An Act for confirming and establishing the Division, Allotment and Inclosure of a certain Common or Parcel of Waste Land called *Mare Wash*, and other Waste Lands within the Manor and Parish of *Mare*, in the County of *Stafford*.
65. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Saddlesworth*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
66. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parishes of *Sted* *Papa* and *Washam*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
67. An Act for dividing and allotting Lands in the Parish of *Adkine*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
68. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Trenton*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
69. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Wol* *Cattoworth* and *Thurgandy*, in the Parish of *Thurgandy*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
70. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Greeneslope*, in the Parish of *Stygh* *Wolton*, in the County of *York*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
71. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Copax* otherwise *Copax*, in the County of *Northampton*.
72. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Tidkote*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
73. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Retton Copax*, *Retton* and *Newly* and *Alcherty*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
74. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Kingston*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
75. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Pitton* and *Barly*, in the County of *Wilt*.
76. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wol* *Marston*, in the County of *Northampton*.
77. An Act for settling the *Poor Rates*.
78. An Act for settling the *Archebishops Seal*.
79. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of *Session* in *Scotland* to sell certain Parts of the Lands contained in a Deed of *Small* made by the late *John Earl of Hylford*, and so apply the Price to be received for the said Parts in the Purchase of the Lands of *Stygh* lying contiguous to the said certain Estates, and so apply any Surplus of the said Price in manner therein mentioned.

80. An Act for exchanging Part of the Fee Simple Estate of *John Powell Esquire*, Situate in the County of *Salop*, for other less Inclosed Estates in the County of *Montgomery*.
81. An Act for Inclosing Lands in the Township of *Stapleton*, in the Parish of *St. Paul*, in the County of *Essex*.
82. An Act for Inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wigmore*, in the County of *Hereford*.
83. An Act for Inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Erkington*, in the County of *Worcester*.
[Act for making Compensation for Tithes.]
84. An Act for Inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Aldridge*, in the County of *Wilt*.
85. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *William Guard Esquire*, with *Margaret Lewis* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
86. An Act for vesting the Manor of *Pontrilas* otherwise *Alfordon*, and other Hereditaments in the County of *Hereford*, granted by *Queen Elizabeth* to *Robert Earl of Effingham*, and the Heirs Male of the Body of *Sir Walter Devereux*, Lord of *Ferrers* and *Marchmont*, in Trust to be conveyed to *John Owen Esquire*, for the Consideration therein mentioned; and for laying out the Money arising thereby in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled in lieu thereof and to the like Use.
87. An Act for Inclosing Waste Lands within the Manor of *Widham Saint Lawrence*, and also in so much of the Manor of *Hall* as lies within the Parish of *Widham Saint Lawrence*, in the County of *Essex*.
[Act for making Compensation for Tithes.]
88. An Act for Inclosing a certain Common or Waste Ground called *Barley of Ty*, in the Parish of *Stonyford*, in the County of *Suffolk*.
89. An Act for Inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Launce*, in the County of *Glouc*.
90. An Act to amend, alter and explain an Act^a, passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for Inclosing Lands in the Township of *Lingford*, in the County of *Beds* and *Oxford*, or one of them.
91. An Act for naturalizing the Right Honourable *Catherine Countess of Pembroke and Montgomery*.
92. An Act for naturalizing *Andrew J. J. G. Carrigan*.
93. An Act for naturalizing *Paul Theodor Espar*.
94. An Act for allowing Lands in the Parish of *Widwell*, in the County of *Leicesters*.
[Act for making Compensation for Tithes. No Levy of Rectorial Allowance made at Consent of the King, as Patron of the Rectory of Widwell.]
95. An Act for naturalizing *Baron George Cross*.
96. An Act for naturalizing *Johna Virginia Saxebrink*.

^a 46 G. 3. c. 74. p.

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STATUTES at Large, &c.

Anno Regni GEORGH III. Britanniarum Regis,
Quinquagesimo.

AT the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the Twenty second day of June, Anno Domini 1800, in the Forty seventh Year of the Reige of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith; and from thence continued by several Proclamations, to the Twenty third day of January 1810, being the Fourth Session of the Fourth Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

C A P. I.

An Act for assessing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco and Snuff, in Great Britain; and on Penions, Offices and Perpetual Estates in England; for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten. [20th February 1810.]

[See 49 G. 3. c. 1. to which this Act excepts the Duties, and excepts the Rental of 49 G. 3. c. 55. in relation to in addition to the 48 G. 3. c. 102. appointing Commissioners, and the Rental of the 49 G. 3. c. 1. as continuing the Duties to be all Regressive.]

C A P. II.

An Act for raising the Sum of Ten Millions five hundred thousand Pounds by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten. [12th March 1810.]

1. Treasury empowered to raise 10,500,000. by Exchequer Bills, in Manner prescribed by 48 G. 3. c. 1.—§ 1, 2.
2. Principal of said Bills charged on First Supplies of next Session. § 3. Interest thereof of 5 per Cent. per Annum. § 4. Said Bills to be current at the Exchequer, &c. after April 30. 1811. § 5. Bank of England empowered to advance 6,500,000. on the Credit of this Act, retrenching 5 per Cent. & N. c. 20.—§ 6.
3. Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 7.

C A P. III.

An Act for raising the Sum of One Million five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten. [12th March 1810.]

[On the like Terms as under c. 2. of this Session.]

C A P. IV.

An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments; and for extending the Times limited for their Qualification respectively, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and to permit such Persons in Great Britain as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of their Oaths of Clerks to Assizes and Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the First Day of Hilary Term one thousand eight hundred and eleven. [15th March 1810.]

C A P. V.

An Act to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Great Britain, for a limited Time; and to continue, until Four Months after the Expiration of such Prohibition, an Act of the last Session of Parliament, to suspend the Importation of *Brandy or High-mash'd Spirits into Great Britain or Ireland respectively.* [12th March 1810.]

48 G. 3. c. 1.

enacted in the
Great Britain, &c.
Dec. 31, 1810

See Register,
also Ch. 1.
1810, any pro-
hibitions from
Corn (Wheat except-
ed), and any re-
vival of the Law of
Prohibition

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Provisions of an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intimated, *An Act to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in the United Kingdom for a limited Time*, should be continued for a Time to be limited, as far as the same regard Great Britain: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Provisions of the said Act, and all and every the Matters and Things therein contained, shall be and the same so and are hereby continued, in for as the same regard that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, until the Thirty-fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ten

II Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case His Majesty at any Time after the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall in His Royal Discretion judge it to be for the Benefit and Advantage of that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, to permit the making of Worts or Wash for Distillation from Oats, Barley, or any other Corn or Grain (Wheat excepted), or from Malt, Flour or Bran, then, and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty, by His Royal Proclamation or Proclamations, to be issued by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, or by His Majesty's Order in Council, to be published from time to time in the London Gazette, to permit, and sell, all and every Person or Persons, (but not any particular Person or Persons,) at any time or times, not less than Thirty Days from the Date of such Proclamation or Order in Council, to make Worts or Wash for Distillation from Oats, Barley or any other Corn or Grain (Wheat excepted), or from any Malt, Flour or Bran; or in case His Majesty, at any Time after the said First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall in His Royal Discretion judge it to be for the Benefit and Advantage of that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, further to continue the Prohibition of the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain, from the said Thirty-fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ten, until Forty Days after the then next Meeting of Parliament, then, and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty, by His Royal Proclamation or Proclamations, to be issued by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, or by His Majesty's Order in Council, to be published from time to time in the London Gazette, to continue throughout that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, from the said Thirty-fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ten, until Forty Days after the next Meeting of Parliament the Prohibition hereinbefore mentioned, (that is to say,) that throughout that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, during the Continuance of such Prohibition, no Worts or Wash for Distillation shall be made from Oats, Barley or any other Corn or Grain, or from Malt, Flour or Bran, or any Mixture with the same.

49 G. 3. c. 2.

See Register
enacted in the
Parliament of a
Parliament

All may be
repealed, &c.

III And whereas an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intimated, *An Act to suspend the Importation of Brandy or High-mash'd Spirits into Great Britain or Ireland respectively until the First Day of June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, which Act was further continued by another Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten: And whereas it is expedient that all the Provisions for preventing the Importation of *Brandy or High-mash'd Spirits into Great Britain or Ireland respectively* should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted, That all the Powers and Provisions in the last recited Act contained (except as far as respects the Recission of the Penalty for the Forfeiture of any Spirits arriving in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, within a Time therein limited) shall continue and be in force from the Expiration of the last recited Act until Four Months after the Expiration of the Time which shall be fixed under the Authority of this Act for prohibiting the Distillation of Spirits from Grain in Great Britain.

IV And be it further enacted, That this Act may be varied, altered or repealed, by any Act to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. VI.

An Act to enable His Royal Highness George Prince of Wales to grant Leases of certain Lands and Premises called *Prince's Meadows*, in the Parish of *London*, in the County of *Surrey*, Parcel of His said Royal Highness's Duchy of *Cornwall*, for the Purpose of building thereon. [12th March 1810.]

49 G. 3. c. 3.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated, *An Act for building a Bridge over the River Thames, from the Precinct of the Savoy, or near thereto, in the County of Middlesex, to the opposite Shore, and for making convenient Roads and Approaches to communicate thereunto in the County of Surrey*, the Company of Proprietors of the said intended Bridge are authorized to fit out and make a Road from the said Bridge, so or near to a certain Place called the *Old*, in the County of *Surrey*, in the Parish of *Saint George's Southwark*, in the said County of *Surrey*; and also to fit out and make another Road, from a certain Street called *Sturford Street*, in the Parish of *Christ Church*, in the said County of *Surrey*, to the said first mentioned Road; and the said Company of Proprietors are further authorized to purchase a certain Slip, or Piece of Land, which, in the making and finishing of the said

* first mentioned Road, will interpose between each Road and the Estate and Premises of His said Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales, in Duke of Cornwall, called *Prince's Meadows*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Lambeth*, in the County of Surrey, and to assign, transfer and let over the said 50^o or Piece of Land unto His said Royal Highness, His Heirs and Successors, Dukes of Cornwall, in exchange for each Parture of Land, Parcel of the said Premises, called *Prince's Meadows*, as shall be requisite for the making and continuing of the said before mentioned Roads, in their Course through and over certain Parts of the said Premises called *Prince's Meadows*; And whereas the ordering of the said intended Bridge, to be called the *Second Bridge*, and the making and continuing of the said intended Roads, together with the before mentioned Exchange of Land, is authorized as aforesaid, will tend greatly to the Improvement of the said Premises called *Prince's Meadows*, in connection with all the adjoining Property, if Encouragement shall be given for the Erection of good and substantial Dwelling Houses and other Buildings, in lieu of the present Houses, most of which are decayed chiefly of Wood, and are in a ruinous State, and for, with the Remainder of the said Premises, a profit gross Rental to the Lessors of about Three thousand two hundred Pounds only per annum; and also for the Construction of other respectable Buildings in the Line of the said intended Roads, and the making of other Roads or Streets in connection with the before mentioned intended Roads; all which might be effected, if His said Royal Highness was empowered to grant Leases of the said Premises, upon such Terms as might be for the mutual Benefit of His said Royal Highness and His Successors; And whereas the said Premises called *Prince's Meadows*, contain altogether, by Advancement, Tenure eight Acres, Three Rods, and Ten Perches of Land, or thereabout, and comprise within the Limits thereof a Range of Wharfs, with Two Bargebooms, altogether abutting upon the River Thames, to the Extent of One thousand two hundred and fifty two Feet, or thereabout, behind which Wharf and Bargebooms there is a narrow Road or Street, called the *Narrow Walk*, the irregular and winding Course whereof precludes several of the said Wharfs from occupying a sufficient Space on the River, but which might be widened, and the Public be more conveniently accommodated, by the making and continuing of another Road or Street across the said Premises called *Prince's Meadows*, on five of, and somewhat farther removed from the said River, than the before mentioned Road or Street called the *Narrow Walk*, in which the present Buildings are for the most Part constructed of Wood, and otherwise are of a very inferior Description, and some of these in a very ruinous State, and the Remainder of the said Premises consists principally of Meadow or Pasture Land and Garden Ground, there being only a small Parture thereof covered with Buildings; And whereas by an Act of Parliament passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to enable His Royal Highness George Prince of Wales to make Leases, Copies and Grants of Offices, Lands and Hereditaments, Parcel of His said Royal Highness's Duchy of Cornwall, or annexed to the same; and for the better Purposes therein mentioned*; His said Royal Highness, in addition to the ordinary Powers therein vested in His said Royal Highness, of making Leases and Grants for the Term of Thirty one Year, or for Terms of Years determinable upon Three Lives, in further empowerment to make Leases and Grants of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, Parcel of the Possession of the said Duchy of Cornwall, or annexed to the same, for any Term of Years not exceeding the Term of Ninety six Years, especially for the Purpose of improving the same, by erecting substantial Buildings thereon, or for the Purpose of improving Waste Lands by Cultivation or otherwise; provided that upon all such Leases or Grants to be made for Terms exceeding Thirty one Year, or exceeding the said Term determinable upon Three Lives, approved Annual Ground Rents should be reserved, payable to His said Royal Highness, or to such as should have the Substantance or other Estate of the said Duchy; and that in all such Cases no Fine or other Consideration should be taken by His said Royal Highness, further or other than the imposed Annual Ground Rents to be reserved as aforesaid; And whereas the said before recited Provision against the taking of Fines or other Consideration of Leases or Grants to be made by His said Royal Highness for Terms exceeding Thirty one Year, or exceeding the said Term determinable upon Three Lives, was intended to deprive His said Royal Highness of the usual Benefit of Fines to be received, in the ordinary Course of granting Leases in like Manner as such Fines might now be received by His said Royal Highness, in respect to the said Premises called *Prince's Meadows*, by granting the same Leases or Grants thereof for such Terms of Years as, with the calling Terms thereof, would not exceed the ordinary Period of Thirty one Year, but which Provision is of a Duration not limited to said deficient Encouragement for the erecting of any substantial Buildings, whilst the continuing in so great the said Premises for short Terms of Years will not only have the Effect of excluding them from the Improvement whereof they are from Situation susceptible, but may to the first time occasion the said Premises to remain as Interregnum in any general Plan for the Improvement of the Neighborhood, which at present stands in much in Need thereof; And whereas it would not be advisable, until the Circumstances before mentioned, to make any immediate Leases or Grants of the said Premises called *Prince's Meadows*, for each Term only six, with the existing Term or Terms therein, could all up the Line to the ordinary Period of Thirty one Year, more especially as the said Premises could not be made to produce, under a Lease or Leases to be granted for such limited Term of Years, a greater Issue than the Sum of Four thousand two hundred Pounds yearly, clear of all Outgoings, which under a Lease or Leases to be granted for exceeding the Term in Thirty one Years absolute, the Ground might be covered with respectable Houses, and the clear Income to be derived therefrom, be increased to Five thousand Pounds yearly; But forasmuch as His said Royal Highness, by granting Building Leases for such an extended Term of Years, would be deprived of the Benefit of such Fine or Fines as may rightfully belong to His said Royal Highness, and could be readily obtained by making Reversionary Grants of the said Premises for filling up the present Term thereof to Thirty one Years; So it therefore

The Prince of Wales empowered to make Letters of the Privilege herein declared.

enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for His said Royal Highness, and His said Royal Highness is hereby authorized and empowered to make Leases and Grants, or to contract and agree for Himself, His Heirs and Successors, to make Leases and Grants, of all or any Part or Parcel of the said Premises, with the Appurtenances, called *Prince's Meadows*, to any Person or Persons whatsoever, for such Term or Terms of Years as, with the Term or Terms to be made, under any existing Lease or Leases, shall not altogether exceed the Term of Ninety nine Years from the Date of any such Lease or Grants, or from the Date of any Contracts or Agreements to be made as aforesaid, and under such improved Yeasty Rent or Rents, (in addition to the Yeasty Rent or Rents now referred as aforesaid,) to commence and become payable to His said Royal Highness, His Heirs and Successors, from and after the Expiration of Thirty one Years from the Date of any such Lease or Grants, Contracts or Agreements respectively, as shall not, in the whole Amount of such Rent or Rents, be less than the clear Sum of Five thousand Pounds yearly; and that in all Cases of such extended Leases or Grants, Contracts or Agreements to be made as aforesaid, of all or any Part or Parcel of the said Premises, with the Appurtenances called *Prince's Meadows*, it shall and may be lawful for His said Royal Highness, and His said Royal Highness is hereby authorized and empowered to take and receive such Sum or Sums of Money, in the Way of Fee or Fine, as may be a fair and reasonable Consideration for such Portion of the said aforesaid Term or Terms of Years to be granted or contracted for as aforesaid, as with the Term or Terms then to be made, is the ordinary Course of granting Royalties within the said Duchy have made up the Term of Thirty one Years only from the Date of any such Lease or Grants, Contracts or Agreements.

General Body

It Sheweth alfo, to all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, their Heirs and Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, (other than His said Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and other than His said Royal Highness the Prince and His Heir, and all and every Person and Persons that shall hereafter have, inherit and enjoy the said Duchy of Cornwall by force of any Act of Parliament or other Limitation whatsoever,) all such Rights, Titles, Estates, Interests, Tenures, Terms, Clerms and Demands whatsoever, of, in, to or out of the said Premises called *Prince's Meadows*, with the Appurtenances, or any Part or Parcel thereof, as they, or any of them, had or ought to have had, before the making of this Act, to all Intents and Purposes, and in as large and ample Manner and Form as if this Act had never been made; this Act and so, They heren continued to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. VII.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. [1810 March 1810.]

"Number of Forces 98,780. § 1.

Copies of Act of War to be presented to Judges, &c.

XXXI. And for the more effectual Execution thereof to the several Judges and Persons hereinafter mentioned, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That Copies of all such Articles of War, printed by the King's Printer, shall, from time to time, as soon as conveniently may be after the same shall have been reviewed and established by His Majesty, be transmitted by His Majesty's Secretary at War for the time being, signed with his own Hand and Name, to the Judges of His Majesty's Superior Courts at Westminster, Dublin and Edinburgh, respectively, and also to the Governour of His Majesty's Colonies, Plantations and Territories abroad.

Penalty for Persons who falsify or misapply.

LXXXIV. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, when and so often as any Person or Persons shall be enlisted as a Soldier or Soldiers in His Majesty's Land Service, by or they shall, within Four Days, but not sooner than Twenty four Hours, after such enlisting respectively, be carried or go with some Officer, Non commissioned Officer or Private Soldier belonging to the Recruiting Party by which he shall be enlisted, or with the Person employed as the Recruiting Service with whom he shall have enlisted, before some Justice of the Peace of any County, Riding, City or Place, or Chief Magistrate of any City or Town Corporate, residing or being near to, or in the Vicinity of the Place, and sitting for the Division or District where such Person or Persons shall have been enlisted, and not long as Officer in the Army, and before such Justice or Chief Magistrate he or they shall be at Liberty to declare his or their Consent to such enlisting; and upon such Declaration, and returning the Enlisting Money, and after such Person is finishing paying the Sum of Twenty Shillings for the Clergy's expence and his said own fine, together with such full Rate allowed by Law for the Subsistence or Diet and Small Dr. as is allowed to such Recruit respectively to the Period of his having been enlisted, such Person or Persons so enlisting shall be forthwith discharged and set at Liberty, in the Presence of such Justice or Chief Magistrate; but if such Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect, within the Space of Twenty four Hours, to return and pay such Money as aforesaid, he or they shall be deemed and taken to be enlisted, as if he or they had given his or their Assent thereto before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate; and if such Person or Persons shall declare his or their having voluntarily enlisted himself or themselves, then such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall, and he is hereby required, forth with to read over, say, in his own Presence, to make to be read over, to such Person or Persons, the Third and Fourth Articles of the Second Section, and the First Article of the Sixth Section of the Statute of the said Mutiny and Desertion, and to tender and administer to such Person or Persons respectively, not only the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the said Articles of War, but also the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A.)

(A.), or if the Person shall be defunct or residing without any Limitation of Period of Service, the Oath in the Schedule to this Act assented, marked (B.); and if such Person or Persons shall take the said Oath, then such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall, and he is hereby required forthwith to certify under his Hand the making and Swearing, together with the Place of the Birth, Age and Calling, if known, of each Person or Persons, in the Form mentioned in the Schedule to this Act assented, marked (C.); if the Oath in the Form marked (A.) shall have been taken, and in the Form marked (D.) if the Oath in the Form marked (B.) shall have been taken, except in the Case of Recruits enlisted to serve either in His Majesty's Troops, or in the Forces of the East India Company, according as His Majesty shall think fit, in pursuance of an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, intitled, *An Act for better regulating the Forces of the East India Company*, in which Case every such Recruit shall, instead of the said Oath of Fidelity, and of the Oath contained in the Schedule (A.) or (B.) to this Act assented, take the Oath of Allegiance directed by the said Act of the Thirty sixth of His Majesty, and contained in the Schedule to this Act assented, marked (L.); and the Justice or Chief Magistrate shall certify such Enlistment and Swearing accordingly in the Form mentioned in the Schedule to this Act assented, marked (F.); and if any such Person or Persons, to be so certified, shall wilfully refuse to take the said Oath of Fidelity before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate, it shall and may be lawful for such Officers, from whom he has received such Money as aforesaid, to detain and detain such Person or Persons until he or they shall take the said Oath of Fidelity; and every Military Officer that shall act contrary hereto, or offend herein, shall incur the like Penalty and Forfeiture as by this Act to be inflicted upon any Officer for making a false and untrue Muster; and the Penalty and Forfeiture shall be levied and recovered in the same Manner as any Penalties or Forfeitures are by this Act to be levied or recovered: Provided always, that every Non-commissioned Officer or Private Soldier who shall enlist any Recruit, shall, at the Time of such enlisting require the Christian and Sincere and Place of Abode of such Recruit, and either take the same down in Writing, or give the same to the Non-commissioned Officer commanding the Recruiting Party to be so taken down: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace to discharge any Person who shall have lawfully enlisted, and who shall apply to him to declare his Discontent within such Four Days as aforesaid, upon Payment of the Sum of Money required to be paid by any Recruit declaring his Discontent under this Act, notwithstanding as Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Private Soldier belonging to the Recruiting Party shall be with the Recruit, if it shall appear to such Magistrate, upon the Examination of such Recruit, or of any other Person, that the Recruiting Party has left the Place where such Recruit was enlisted, or that such Recruit could not procure any Non-commissioned Officer belonging to such Party to go with such Recruit before the Justice of the Peace; and the Sum paid by such Recruit upon his Discharge shall be kept by the Justice of the Peace, and paid, when demanded, to any Person belonging to the Recruiting Party entitled thereto demanding the same.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Apprentice, who shall be claimed by his Master, shall be taken from the Regiment, Troop or Recruiting Party with which he shall be but under a Warranty granted by some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of the County, Stewartry, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Place, and residing near to the Place where such Apprentice shall happen to be when so claimed, and it shall be lawful for such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, and such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate is hereby required, on Proof an Oath of Notice having been given to the Officer commanding the Regiment or Troop or Company, or the Recruiting Party with which such Apprentice shall then be, or some Non-commissioned Officer of such Recruiting Party, of such Warranty, and that a Copy thereof has been left with such Officer or Non-commissioned Officer, and of such Person being an Apprentice, and having created and declared that he was no Apprentice, and on Production and Proof of the Indenture of Apprenticeship, to commit such Person to confinement as aforesaid if required so to do by such Officer or Non-commissioned Officer as aforesaid, to the Common Goal of the County, Stewartry, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Place, where such Person shall be at the Time when he shall be so claimed by his said Master, there to remain, until he shall be discharged by due Course of Law, or if not so required to deliver such Apprentice to his Master.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, so residing near to the Place where the Apprentice shall be claimed as aforesaid, except in Scotland, as hereinafter mentioned, before whom such Person is offending shall be so taken as aforesaid, to examine into the Matters aforesaid against such Person upon Oath, and such Oath the said Magistrate is hereby empowered to administer; and also to keep in his Custody the Indenture of Apprenticeship, to be produced as aforesaid, and to bind over the Master claiming such Person, and any other Person he may think proper, to give Evidence at the General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, or Session of Oyer and Terminer, at which the Trial of such Person is hereafter directed to be had against such Person is offending; and the Production of such Indenture of Apprenticeship, with the Certificate of the Justice of the Peace or Magistrate that the same was proved before him, shall be sufficient Evidence of such Indenture of Apprenticeship.

LXXXVI. And whereas several Soldiers, being duly listed, do afterwards desert, and are often found wandering, or otherwise absconding themselves illegally from His Majesty's Service, it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Constable, Headborough or Tithingman, of the Town or Place where any Person, who may be lawfully supposed to be such a Deserter, shall be found, or for any Officer or Soldier in His Majesty's Service, to apprehend, or cause such supposed Person to be apprehended, and to bring or cause him, or be brought before any Justice of the Peace, being in or near such Town or Place,

Revised edition made 27th Dec. 1810, for East India Company's Service, for full title Oath of Allegiance.

Name and Residence of Recruits.

In this Case Justice may discharge lawfully enlisting.

Apprentices claimed by Masters shall be returned before Justice and committed.

Justice to examine upon oath and to keep the Indenture to be produced on due Trial.

Justice may commit Deserters.

Place, who hath hereby Power to examine such suspected Persons; and if by his Confession, or the Testimony of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath, or by the Knowledge of such Justice of the Peace, it shall appear or be found that such suspected Person is a blind Soldier, and ought to be with the Troop or Company to which he belongs, such Justice of the Peace shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Gaol of the County or Place where he shall be found, or the House of Correction, or other Public Prison in such Town or Place where such Delinquent shall be apprehended; or to the Zentry, in case such Delinquent shall be apprehended within the City of London or Westminster, or Places adjacent; or to the Parish Workhouse, in case such Delinquent shall be apprehended within the City or Liberties of Dublin, or Places adjacent; and transmit an Account thereof to the Secretary at War for the time being in London, or if the Delinquent be apprehended in Ireland, to the Chief Secretary to the Chief Governor or Governors thereof, to the end that such Person may be removed by an Order from the Office of the said Secretary at War, or Chief Governor or Governors, and proceeded against according to Law: And the Keeper of every Gaol, House of Correction, or Prison, in which such Delinquent shall at any time be confined, shall receive such Satisfaction for the Maintenance of such Delinquent during the time that he shall continue in his Custody, as by His Majesty's Regulations or Statute in that behalf made is that Behalf, and the Keeper of every Gaol, House of Correction, or other Public Prison of the City, Town or Place at or in which the Party or Person conveying such Delinquent shall halt on the March, shall, and he is hereby required to receive and confine every Delinquent who shall be delivered into his Charge and Custody by any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier who shall be conveying such Delinquent under any lawful Order, Warrant or Authority, while on the Road from the Place where he was apprehended, to the Place to which he is to be conveyed, without any other Warrant or Authority for so doing than the Production of the Warrant of the Justice of the Peace, or which such Delinquent shall have been taken, or some Order from the Office of the Secretary at War, or of the Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, and shall be entitled to One Shilling on account of the Impayment of the said Delinquent; say Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

The

Justice of Peace,
giving an Order
to the Keeper of
Public Office in
order to be
taken.

The

Agree of the
Magistrate to repay
Money to the
said.

Cost

XCVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all Cases in which any Extension of Parole shall be granted as aforesaid, and upon the Request of any such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier to whom the same shall be granted, it shall be lawful to the Justice of the Peace granting the same, to make an Order in Writing under his Hand upon the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Parish, Township or Place wherein such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier shall reside, requiring them to pay to such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier any Sum of Money directed in such Order, not exceeding what the Pay of such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier would amount to for the Period to which such Parole shall be extended as aforesaid; and the same shall be paid accordingly, upon Production and Delivery to him of such Order, by any such Parish Officer out of any Money in his Hands applicable to the Relief of the Poor; and the Sum so advanced by such Parish Officer shall, upon the Production and Delivery of such Order to the Collector of Excise of the District within which such Parish, Township or Place shall be situated, or any Person officiating for such Collector, be repaid to such Parish Officer, to be applied to the Relief of the Poor, by such Collector of Excise or other Person out of any public Money in his Hands, and the same shall be allowed in his Accounts, and such Orders of Justice shall be taken as Customs in the Payment of Duties of Excise received by him; and all Sums of Money so advanced out of any Duties of Excise shall be repaid to the Accountant of the said District by the Agents of the Excise to which the Mox to whom the same shall have been paid shall respectively belong, to any Person or Persons authorized by the Commissioners of Excise in England and Scotland respectively, or any Three or more of them respectively, to draw for and receive the same; Provided always, that if the Justice of Peace shall see think fit to make such Order for paying any such Money as aforesaid, he shall state his Reasons for such Relief in Writing at the Back of the Parole.

CXXX. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall be and continue in force, within Great Britain, from the Twenty fourth Day of March in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and ten, until the Twenty fifth Day of March in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and shall be and continue in force within Ireland, from the Tenth Day of April in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and shall be and continue in force in Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark and Man, and the Islands thereto belonging, as to such Parts thereof as relate to their Places respectively, from the Tenth Day of April in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and ten until the First Day of May in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and shall be and continue in force within the Garrison of Gibraltar and in His Majesty's other Dominions, or elsewhere, beyond the Seas, from the Twenty fourth Day of March in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eleven until the Twenty fifth Day of March in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

CXXXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act, so far as it relates to the Allowances to be made for the quartering of Soldiers and providing for their Horses, or for the Provision of Carriages, Horses, Barges, Barges or other Vessels and Mox, may be altered and varied by any Act or Acts to be made in this Session of Parliament.

[This Act, except the Clauses above referred, is similar to 49 G. 3. c. 12.]

C A P. VIII.

AN Act for settling and securing a certain Annuity on Viscount Wellington and the Two next Persons to whom the Title of Viscount Wellington shall descend, in consideration of his eminent Services. [18th March 1810.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WHEREAS Your Majesty, by Your most Gracious Majesty to Your most faithful Commons, has been pleased to declare, That Your Majesty having taken into Your Royal Consideration the several Services rendered by Lieutenant General *John* Lord Viscount Wellington, Knight of the most Honourable Order of the Bath, in the brilliant and decisive Victory obtained by the Troops under his Command, against a superior French Force at Talavera, on the Twenty eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and one, Your Majesty was desirous to confer some signal Mark of Your Royal Favour upon Lieutenant General Lord Viscount Wellington, and the Two next succeeding Heirs on whom the Title of Viscount Wellington of Talavera, and of Wellington in the County of Somerset, and of Baron Dons of Wellesly in the said County, shall descend, in order to enable them to support the Dignity of the Title conferred upon him, and for this Purpose to give and grant to him and to the Two next succeeding Heirs Male, to whom the Title of Viscount Wellington of Talavera, and of Wellington in the County of Somerset, and of Baron Dons of Wellesly in the said County shall descend, for and during their Lives, a net Annual Sum of Two thousand Pounds per Annum; but Your Majesty not having it in Your Power to grant an Annuity to that Amount, or to extend the Effect of the said Grant beyond the Term of Your Majesty's own Life, recommended it to Your faithful Commons to consider of a proper Method of enabling Your Majesty to grant the same, and of extending, securing and settling, such Annuity to the said Viscount Wellington, and to the Two next Persons on whom the Title of Viscount Wellington of Talavera, and of Wellington in the County of Somerset, and of Baron Dons of Wellesly in the said County, shall descend, in such Manner as should be thought most effectual for the Benefit of the said Viscount Wellington and his Posterity: We, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, duly considering Your Majesty's most Gracious Intention, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That One Annuity, or Yearly Rent or Sum of Two thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, shall be issued and payable out of and charged and chargeable upon, the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, (after paying or reserving sufficient to pay, all such Sums and Sums of Money as have been granted by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid out of the same, but such Provisions as to all other Payments which shall or may hereafter be charged upon, or payable out of the said Fund); and the same shall issue time to time be paid quarterly, first and fourth of all Taxes and Duties whatsoever, in Manner and Form following; that is to say, To the said Viscount Wellington, for and during the natural Life of the said Viscount Wellington, and from and after his Death, unto the Two next succeeding Heirs Male of the Body of the said Viscount Wellington, on whom the Title, Honour and Dignity of Viscount Wellington shall descend, for and during their natural Lives; which said Annuity, or Yearly Rent or Sum, shall commence and take Effect from the Twenty eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and one; the First Payment to be computed from the said Twenty eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and one, until the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and ten, and from thenceforth shall be paid and payable at the Four equal Days of Payment in the Year; that is to say, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, the Tenth Day of October and the Fifth Day of January, in each and every Year, by even and equal Portions.

II. And it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury now being, and the High Treasurer and Under Treasurer of the Exchequer, and Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and required, by Warrant under their Hands, to direct the Auditor of the Receipts of the Exchequer, now and for the time being, to make forth and pay Debentures, from time to time for paying the said Annuity or yearly Rent or Sum of Two thousand Pounds, in manner as aforesaid, and as the same shall, from time to time, become due and payable, without any Force or Charge to be demanded or taken for paying the same, or any Part thereof; which said Warrant, and the Debentures to be made forth, and paid thereupon, shall be sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer, now and for the time being, for the Payment of the said Annuity, or yearly Rent or Sum, to the said Viscount Wellington, and the Two next succeeding Heirs Male of the Body of the said Viscount Wellington, at the respective quarterly Yearly Days in this Act before appointed for Payment thereof, without any further or other Warrant to be had for, had or obtained, in that behalf.

III. And it is hereby further enacted, That any signing of such Warrant, the same shall be good, valid and effectual in Law, according to the Purport and true Meaning thereof, and of this Act, and shall not be deemed void or inoperative by or upon the Death of His Majesty, (whom God long preserve!) or any of His Heirs or Successors, or by or upon the Death or Death of any of the first Commissioners of the Treasury, or the Lord High Treasurer, or by or upon the Discontinuance of the Power, Office or Office of them or any of them.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of the Treasury now being, and the High Treasurer, four of the Treasury for the time being, Chancellor and Under Treasurer, Chamberlains and Barons of the Exchequer,

An Annuity of
2,000l. per Ann.
to be paid in 4
equal Payments
per Ann.

Commencement.

Payable quarterly.

Annuity to be
paid to the Ex-
chequer, without
Taxes

Warrant for Pay-
ment, and Debentures
issuable upon
Death of the
Majesty, &c.

Treasury to be
settled by the

Exchequer, and all other the Officers and Members of the Court of Exchequer, and of the Receipt thereof, now and for the time being, shall, and they are lawfully authorized and lawfully enjoined and required to do, without Fee or Reward, all such AGS, Matters and Things, as are hereinafter directed and required, or shall be necessary to be done and performed by them, or any or either of them, in order to render this Act, and the several Provisions therein directed, effectual.

V. And be it enacted, That the Acquittance or Acquittance, Receipts or Receipts, of the said Viscount *Wellington*, and the Two next succeeding Heirs Male of the Body of the said Viscount *Wellington*, on whom the said Title shall descend, shall be a good and sufficient Indebtedness for the Payment of the said Annuity or yearly Sum, without any further or other Warranty to be had for or obtained in their Behalf; and that the said Annuity or yearly Rent or Sum, and every Part thereof, shall be due and clear from all Taxes, Imposts and other Charges whatsoever: And in case any of the Officers of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer shall refuse or neglect to pay the said Annuity, or yearly Rent or Sum, or any Part thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, or to do any Act necessary to enable the said Viscount *Wellington*, and the Two next succeeding Heirs Male of the Body of the said Viscount *Wellington*, on whom the said Title, Honour and Dignity of Viscount *Wellington* shall descend, to receive the same, then the said Viscount *Wellington*, and the Two next succeeding Heirs Male of the Body of the said Viscount *Wellington* on whom the said Title shall descend, may, from time to time, sue, prosecute and compel such Officers, or any of them, their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, by Bill, Plea or Action of Debt, and shall and lawfully may recover Judgment, and for cost Expenses thereupon, against such Officers respectively, their Heirs, Executors or Administrators for so much of each Sum or Sums of Money there due and owing upon the said Annuity, yearly Rent or Sum, or any Part thereof, as shall have been in the Hands of the Officer or Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer, at the time or times when Demands shall have been legally made of the Payment of the said Annuity, yearly Rent or Sum, or any Part thereof as aforesaid, or for the Refusal or Neglect to do any Act necessary to be done by such Officer or Officers respectively.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Annuity, yearly Rent or Sum of Two Thousand Pounds, shall be, and the same is by this Act vested in the said Viscount *Wellington*, and the Two next succeeding Heirs Male of the Body of the said Viscount *Wellington*, to whom the said Title, Honour and Dignity of Viscount *Wellington* shall descend; and the same, or any Part thereof, shall not at any time or times hereafter be aliened, reserved, disposed, charged or encumbered, by the said Viscount *Wellington*, or by either of the Two next succeeding Heirs Male of the Body of the said Viscount *Wellington*, so when the said Title shall descend, for any greater or larger Estate, or Time, than during the natural Life of the Person so aliening, conveying, disposing, charging or encumbering the same, in so as to prevent the same from descending to the next or succeeding Heirs Male of the Body of the said Viscount *Wellington*, to whom the said Title of Viscount *Wellington* shall descend, according to the Limitation aforesaid.

C A P. IX.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, in force an Act of the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, as follows: *Bounty on British Domestic Raw Sugar exported.* [14th March 1810.]

47 G. 3. c. 15.
1807.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's reign, intitled, *An Act to allow for Two Years, from and after the passing of this Act, an additional Bounty on Double Refined Sugar, and to extend former Bounties on other Refined Sugar to such as shall be provided, crafted or broken 2*; and to allow for One Year certain Bounties on British Plantation Raw Sugar exported; And whereas by another Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's reign, intitled, *An Act to amend and continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, in force of an Act of the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, as follows: certain Bounties on British Plantation Raw Sugar exported; in so much of the said Act as related to the said Bounties upon Raw Sugar was further continued; with certain Alterations till the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine; And whereas the said Bounties were further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act to continue in force of an Act of the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, as follows: a Bounty upon Double Refined Sugar exported; and the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and in so much of the same Act as allows a Bounty on Raw Sugar exported, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine; and it is expedient that the said Bounties should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same: That in so much of the said Act as relates to the Bounties on Raw Sugar, as aforesaid and continued by the last recited Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the reign of His present Majesty, shall be, and the same is hereby further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven,**

47 G. 3. c. 15. s. 1.
27. 35. and
encl. in 415. 1
P. 11. column
14 15 16
1807, 1811.

C A P. X.

An Act for making perpetual certain of the Provisions of an Act of the Fifth Year of King George the First, for preventing the clandestine running of uncustomed Goods, and for preventing Frauds relating to the Customs. [14th March 1810.]

WHEREAS certain of the Provisions of the Act hereinafter mentioned have by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be made perpetual; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Clauses in an Act made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the First, intitled, *An Act against clandestine running of uncustomed Goods, and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds relating to the Customs, relating to such Foreign Goods, Wares, and Merchandises as shall be taken in at Sea out of any Ship or Vessel, in order to be landed or put into any other Ship or Vessel or Boat; and also relating to Goods not reported and landed after clearing Ships; and whereby further Remedies are provided against unloading Goods prohibited to be worn in this Kingdom; and Foreign Goods shipped out for Ports beyond the Seas; and relating to the repressing or shorting the Package of Goods on board of Ships outward bound; and also relating to hoisting Ships or Vessels at the Bottom of Fifty Tons or under; and also concerning the Rates or Package in which Coffee shall be exported; and also relating to Rees reported in Calves or Vessels not containing Twenty Gallons at the least; and also relating to Certificate Goods entered in order to be exported to Ireland, which were to have Continuance for the Term of Three Years from the several Dates of the Continuance thereof, and from thence to the End of the three next Session of Parliament, and which by several subsequent Acts were further continued until the Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and nine, and from thence to the End of the three next Session of Parliament, shall be and the same are hereby made perpetual.*

8 G. 1. c. 11

§ 1.
§ 2.
§ 3.
§ 4.
§ 5.
§ 6.
§ 7.
§ 8.
§ 9.

made perpetual.

C A P. -XI.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, several Laws relating to the Encouragement of the Greenland Whale Fisheries.

[14th March 1810.]

WHEREAS the Law hereinafter mentioned has by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for the further Support and Encouragement of the Fisheries carried on in the Greenland Seas and Davis's Straights, which was to be in force for Five Years, from the Twenty fifth Day of December One thousand seven hundred and eighty six; and also in each of an Act, made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for further encouraging and supporting the Newfoundland, Greenland and Southern Whale Fisheries, in relation to the Fisheries carried on in the Greenland Seas and Davis's Straights; which, by an Act made in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, were amended and continued until the Twenty fifth Day of December One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight; and which were by several subsequent Acts further continued; and by Two Acts passed in the Forty second and Forty fourth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty were amended and further continued; and by Two Acts of the Forty sixth and Forty eighth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty were further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten; shall be and the same is hereby further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.**

30 Geo. 2. c. 1.

28 G. 3. c. 25.

31 G. 3. c. 25. 1.
31 G. 3. c. 25. 2.
1801.

C A P. XII.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting the Importation of Malts, Yards, Bowstaves and Timber for Naval Purposes, from the British Colonies in North America, Duty-free. [14th March 1810.]

WHEREAS the Law hereinafter mentioned has by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to permit until the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Importation of Malts, Yards and Bowstaves, or of Timber fit for Naval Purposes, from the British Colonies in North America, Duty-free; and which Act was, by an Act of the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten; shall be and the same is hereby further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve.*

40 G. 3. c. 112.
continued till
25th March,
1809.

40 G. 3. c. 12.

30 Geo. III.

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C A P. XIII.

AN Act to continue an Act, made in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting the Exportation of Salt from the Port of *Norfolk* in the *Island of New Providence*, the Port of *Exuma* and the Port of *Crooked Island* in the *Bahama Islands*, in *American Ships* coming in Ballast, and amend and continue an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting *Sugar* and *Coffee* to be exported from His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations, to any Port in *Europe* to the Southward of *Cape Finisberg*, and *Corn* to be imported from each Part, and from the Coast of *Africa*, into the said Colonies and Plantations, until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

[24th March 1710.]

WHEREAS the Laws hitherto mentioned have by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be further continued and One of them amended, That it is therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That as an Act made in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for permitting, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and seven, the Exportation of Salt from the Port of Norfolk in the Island of New Providence, the Port of Exuma, and the Port of Crooked Island in the Bahama Islands, in Ships belonging to the Inhabitants of the United States of America, and coming in Ballast*; which said Act was, by an Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, continued until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall be, and the same is hereby further continued, until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

II. And be it further enacted, That an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for permit, until the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand eight hundred and ten, Sugar and Coffee to be exported from His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in any Part in Europe to the Southward of Cape Finisberg, and Corn to be imported from each Part, and from the Coast of Africa, into the said Colonies and Plantations*, shall be, and the same is hereby continued until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to export *Cocoa*, the *Growth* or *Produce* of any of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*, from each Colony or Plantation direct, to any Port in *Europe* to the Southward of *Cape Finisberg*, to the like Ships and Vessels, and under the same Rules, Regulations, Conditions and Restrictions, Provisions and Particulars, as are prescribed by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, with respect to *Sugar* and *Coffee*.

C A P. XIV.

An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore.

[24th March 1710.]

IV. AND be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Lord High Admiral, or Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, at any Time during the Continuance of this Act, to make and establish Rules and Articles in Writing, under his or their respective Hand or Hands, for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, Immorality, Misbehaviour and Neglect of Duty in any of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore, in any Part of this Kingdom, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, and for punishing Offenders against the same to Justice; and to enoll and constitute Courts Martial, with Power to try, hear and determine any Causes or Offences specified in such Rules and Articles, and in such Particulars, by Sentence or Judgment, for the same according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and all such Articles of War shall from time to time, as soon after the same shall have been established, as the same can be done, be transmitted by the Secretary of the Admiralty for the time being to the Judges of His Majesty's Courts at *Windsor* and *Dublin*, and into *Scotland* respectively.

LX. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby declared, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, when and as often as any *Private* or *Public* shall be enlisted as a *Marine* or *Marines* in His Majesty's Service, he and they shall, within Four Days, but not longer than Twenty four Hours, after such Enlisting respectively, be carried or go with some Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or *Marine* belonging to the Recruiting Party by which he shall be enlisted, or with the *Private* employed on the Recruiting Service with whom he shall have enlisted, before some Justice of the Peace of any County, Riding, City or Place, or Chief Magistrate of any City or Town Corporate, residing or being next to, or in the Vicinity of the Place where such *Private* or *Public* shall have been enlisted, and not being an Officer of Royal Marines, and before such Justice or Chief Magistrate he or they shall be at Liberty to declare his or their Obedience to such Enlisting; and upon such Declaration, and returning the enlisting Money, and also such *Private* or *Public* paying the Sum of Twenty Shillings for the Charges expended or had out upon him, such *Private* or *Public* is to be enlisted shall be forthwith discharged and set at Liberty, in the Possession of such Justice or Chief Magistrate; but if such *Private* or *Public* shall refuse or neglect, within the Space of Twenty four Hours, to return and pay such Money as aforesaid, he or they shall be deemed and taken to be enlisted, as if he or they had given his or their Obedience thereto before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate; and if such *Private* or *Public* shall declare his or their having voluntarily enlisted himself or themselves, then such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall, and

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he is hereby required forthwith to certify under his Hand, that such Person or Persons is or are duly enlisted; setting forth the Place of the Birth, Age and Calling of him or them respectively, (if known), and that the Recruit and Third Soldiers of the Articles of War, for the better Government of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore, were read to him or them, and that he or they had taken the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the Twelfth Section of the said Articles of War, and also the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A.) and if any such Person or Persons, is or be certified as duly enlisted, shall refuse to take the said Oath of Fidelity before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer, from whom he has received such Money as aforesaid, to detain or confine such Person or Persons until he or they shall take the Oath before required; and every Officer of Royal Marines that shall or will on any other terms, or shall herein, upon Proof thereof, upon Oath made by Two Witnesses, before a General Court Martial to be afterwards called, shall, for such Offences, be forthwith cashiered and displaced from such his Office, and shall be thereby utterly disabled to have or hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment within this Kingdom, or in His Majesty's Service: Provided always, that every Non-commissioned Officer or Private Man who shall enlist my Recruit, shall, at the Time of such enlisting, require the Consent and Assent, and Place of Abode of such Recruit, and either take the same down in Writing, or give the same to the Non-commissioned Officer commanding the Recruiting Party to be so taken down: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace to discharge any Person who shall have lawfully enlisted, and who shall apply to him to discharge his Dislist within such Year Days as aforesaid, upon Payment of the Sum of Money required to be paid by any Recruit discharging his Dislist under this Act, notwithstanding no Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Private Man belonging to the Recruiting Party shall be with the Recruit, if it shall appear to such Magistrate, upon the Examination of such Recruit, or of any other Person, that the Recruiting Party have left the Place where such Recruit was enlisted, or that such Recruit could not procure any Non-commissioned Officer belonging to such Party to go with such Recruit before the Justice of the Peace; and the Sum paid by such Recruit upon his Discharge shall be kept by the Justice of the Peace, and paid, when demanded, to any Person belonging to the Recruiting Party, entitled thereto, demanding the same.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall receive the enlisting Money from any Officer (knowing it to be such), and shall abscond or refuse to go before such Justice or Chief Magistrate; or if any Person having received any such enlisting Money as aforesaid, shall abscond or refuse to return to such Recruiting Party or Person enlisting him, to go before some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate under the Provisions of this Act within such Period of Year Days as aforesaid, such Person shall be deemed to be enlisted and a Man in His Majesty's Service, as fully to all Intents and Purposes as if he had been duly enlisted, and may be apprehended and punished as a Delinquent, or for being absent without Leave, under any Articles of War made for Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion; nor shall any such Person who shall not have returned with, or who shall not have returned to such Recruiting Party or Person enlisting him as aforesaid, be entitled to be discharged or be discharged by any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate after the Expiration of such Year Days as aforesaid, unless it shall be proved to the Satisfaction of such Justice of the Peace, that the true Name and Residence of the Person enlisted was defaced and known to the Recruiting Party, and that no Notice was given to the Person enlisted, or left at his last usual Place of Abode of his having so enlisted.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That every Commissioned Officer, Steward or Commissary, or Deputy, or Assistant Commissary, or other Person employed in the Commissariat Department, or in any Manoeuvres in the Case or Distribution of any Money, Provision, Forage or Stores, belonging to His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces, or for their Use, that shall embezzle or fraudulently misapply, or make to be embezzled or fraudulently misapplied, or sell knowingly or wilfully permit or suffer any Money, Provision, Forage, Arms, Cloathing, Ammunition or other Military or Royal Manoeuvres Stores to be embezzled or fraudulently misapplied, or to be spoiled or damaged, may be tried for the same by and before a General Court Martial, and it shall be lawful for such Court Martial as aforesaid, any such Person to be transported as a Slave for Life, or for any certain Term of Years, or to suffer such Punishment of Flogging, Whipping, Imprisonment, Dismissal from His Majesty's Service, and be incapable of serving His Majesty in any Office, Civil or Military, as any such Court shall think fit, according to the Nature and Degree of the Offence, or that such Person shall forfeit Two hundred Pounds, and that such Person shall, in addition to any other Punishment, make good at his own Expence the Loss and Damage thereby sustained, to be determined by such Court Martial, which shall have Power to seize the Goods and Chitties of the Persons so offending, and sell them for the Payment of the said Two hundred Pounds and such Damage; and if sufficient Goods and Chitties cannot be found and seized, then the Person so offending shall be committed to Prison, or the Common Gaol, there to remain (in addition to any other Punishment or Imprisonment) for Six Months without Bail or Mainprize, and still he shall pay such Delinquent, and shall the said Sum shall be recovered and levied, the same shall be applied and disposed of as His Majesty shall direct and appoint.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act and every Thing herein contained, shall be and continue in force until Great Britain, from the said Twentieth Day of March in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and ten, until the Twentieth Day of March in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and shall be and continue in force without Interval, from the First Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten, until the First Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and that this Act, in so far as relates to the Allowances to be made for the quartering of Royal Marines, and pro-

All may be altered, &c.

viding for their Horses, may be altered and varied by any Act or Acts to be made in this Session of Parliament.

[This Act, except the Clauses above inserted, is similar to 49 G. 3. c. 19.]

C A P. XV.

An Act to grant to His Majesty Duties upon Spirits made or distilled in Ireland from Corn; to allow certain Drawbacks on the Exportation thereof; to make further Regulations for the Encouragement of Licensed Distillers; and for amending the Laws relating to the Distillery in Ireland.

[6th April 1810.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

W^hereas Your Majesty's most faithful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the Duties hereafter mentioned; and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within and through that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, there shall be granted, raised, levied, collected, paid and collected unto and to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the Duties following, that is to say: For and upon every Gallon of *Apoc Fine*, Strong Waters or Spirits, which, at any Time from and after the Fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall be made or distilled in Ireland from Corn malted or unmalted, by any Person or Persons whatsoever, or for which any Distiller shall be chargeable by Law, the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence British Currency, and in proportion for any greater or less Quantity, to be paid by the first Maker or Distiller thereof; which said Duty shall be in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties granted on such Spirits by any former Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland; except such Duties as have been or shall or may be granted or imposed for certain local Purposes in Ireland by any Act or Acts of Parliament, and which Duties are or may be appropriated to such local Purposes by the Acts by which such Duties are or may be granted or imposed, or by any other Act or Acts.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, the Duty of Four Shillings British Currency upon every Gallon of *Apoc Fine*, Strong Waters or Spirits made or distilled in Ireland from Cereals malted or unmalted, and also the Duty of Ten Shillings British Currency upon every Six Gallons of such *Apoc Fine*, Strong Waters or Spirits, which were granted by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to grant to His Majesty Duties upon Malt made in Ireland, and upon Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, and to allow certain Drawbacks on the Exportation thereof, and also the Duty on all such Spirits in proportion to the Strength of the Juice under and by virtue of an Act of the last Session of Parliament, intitled, An Act to grant to His Majesty Duties on Spirits made or distilled in Ireland and upon British Spirits imported into Ireland, and upon Licenses to sell Spirituous Liquors in Ireland* shall cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable; and that all and every the Clauses, Provisions and Regulations in the said first recited Act contained, relating to the said Duty of Ten Shillings for every Six Gallons of such Spirits, and relating to any Allowance to any Distiller charged with the said Duty against the Amount of the said Duty, and in Discharge of the same, for or in respect of the Malt sold and consumed in the making and distilling of such Spirits, shall be and the same are hereby repealed, except only so far as relates to any Spirits which shall or may hereinafter be charged on chargeable with the said Duty at any Time before the said Fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten.

III. And be it further enacted, That in lieu and instead of all former Drawbacks on Spirits distilled from Cereals or Grains in Ireland, and exported to any other Place than Great Britain, every Person who shall export to any other Place than Great Britain, Spirits distilled from Corn or Grains in Ireland, on which the Duties imposed by this Act shall have been paid, shall be entitled to and shall receive for every Gallon of such Spirits of a Strength not less than that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, a Drawback of Three Shillings and Four pence British Currency.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Duty of Two Shillings and Six pence per Gallon on Spirits made from Cereals malted or unmalted, shall be charged on every Distiller in respect of the Quantity of Spirits which shall be made or distilled by such Distiller, or for which any Distiller shall be chargeable by Law, to be composed, ascertained and charged in such Manner, and under such Regulations, Directions and Provisions, as are contained in an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to provide for the regulation and bettering the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and the warehousing of such Spirits for Exportation, and in this or any other Act or Acts for amending the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year, and that all and every the Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures and Modes of recovering thereof, provided, mentioned and contained in the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year aforesaid, or in this or any other Act for amending the same, which relate to any Charges of Duty or any other Charges on any Distiller, and with respect to the warehousing of any Spirits, shall be applied and put in Practice in making Charges of Duty and other Charges on such Distillers in respect of the said Duties on Spirits under this Act, and with respect to the warehousing of any Spirits charged with Duty under this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the said Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures, had been expressly repealed and enacted in this Act.*

* V And

V. And whereas further Regulations are necessary for the Suppression of clandestine Distilleries, and for the Encouragement of licenced Distillers in Ireland, without any Preference as respects the Size of Stills which they may be licenced to use: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, in each of the said Acts made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to provide for the regulating and favouring the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and the warehousing such Spirits for Exportation*, as much as every Distiller in Ireland who shall make use of any Still the Body whereof shall contain Fifteen hundred Gallons or upwards, shall be allowed and paid a Bounty after the Rate of Sixteen Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the Assesment of the Duties on Spirits paid by such Distiller, and that every Distiller in Ireland who shall make use of any Still, the Body whereof shall contain One thousand Gallons, and shall not contain Fifteen hundred Gallons, shall be allowed and paid a Bounty after the Rate of Eight Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the Assesment of the Duties on Spirits paid by such Distiller, and all and every Clause, Matter and Thing in the said recited Acts, as to the Time or Manner of paying and allowing any such Bounties of Sixteen Pounds or Eight Pounds respectively, shall be, and the same is and are hereby repeated, except so to such Spirits as shall have been distilled at any Time before the said Fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten; and from and after the said Fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, no such Bounty shall be paid or allowed, except on such Spirits as aforesaid, any Thing in the said recited Acts or in any other Act in force in Ireland to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, at any Four of them, to grant a Licence to any Person or Persons in Ireland to keep and use free from and after the Fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, any One or more Still or Stills, the Body whereof, without the Head or any other Appendage thereto, shall be capable of containing any Number of Gallons not less than Forty four Gallons in any Place or Places whatever in Ireland where the said Commissioners or any Four of them shall think proper, whether such Place or Places shall be or shall not be within Five Miles of any Distillery House or Place wherein any Still of Five hundred Gallons or upwards shall at the Time be licenced to be kept or used, any Thing in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding. [See 47 G. 3. 365. 2. c. 17. s. 13. 49 G. 3. c. 93. § 21-25.]

VII. And be it further enacted, That in each and each Part of an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for the regulating and favouring the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland; and of an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to amend the several Acts for the regulating and favouring the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland; and for the regulating the Sale of such Liquors by Retail*, as much as that so Person or Persons shall be licenced to keep or use a Still of Five hundred Gallons Custom or upwards, and a Still of less Size than Five hundred Gallons Custom at one and the same Time, nor to keep or use Two Stills each of which shall be of a less Size than Five hundred Gallons Custom at the same Time, shall, from and after the Fifth Day of March, One thousand eight hundred and ten, be and the same is and are hereby repeated.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever any Distiller in Ireland shall have Two or more Stills licenced at the same Time as his Distillery, every such Distillery shall be charged and chargeable with, and shall pay Duty for such Quantity of Spirits as might be produced from the Number of Charges of Low Wines or Singleths with which every such Still or Stills shall by Law be chargeable according to the Contents of the same, in and as respects of every such Still in like as the same shall remain in the Distillery of such Distiller, as if every such Still were constantly at work; and that whenever any Distiller having Two or more Stills in his Distillery shall give Notice according to Law of his Intention to discontinue the working of either or any of such Stills, such Distiller shall, within Twenty four Hours after the Time when, according to such Notice, he ought to discontinue the working of such Still or Stills, cause the Works in which such Still or Stills was or were set, to be taken down, and shall displace and remove any and every such Still, and shall likewise displace and remove, close out of the Works the Worm belonging to any and every such Still, and shall, within Forty eight Hours thereafter following, find or cause any and every such Still and Stills, and the Heads and Worms respectively belonging thereto, in the Excise Office of the District in which such Distillery shall be situate, which the Officer in charge of such Distillery shall, pursuant to Orders given to him by the Collector of the District, which Order he is hereby required to obey, bring down and deliver the Head of every such Still the working of which is intended to be discontinued, by locking the same, and locking the Door of the Furnace Crucible, and stopping and locking the discharging Cock or Pipe of such Still; and whenever such Still or Stills shall be sent to the Excise Office in manner aforesaid, the same shall be there kept until any, or every such Still or Stills respectively shall be so delivered to such Distiller for the Purpose of being re-set and again worked according to Law in pursuance of any Notice or Notice to be duly given by such Distiller of his Intention to recommence the working of such Still or Stills respectively according to Law, or until such Still or Stills respectively shall be disposed of to some licenced Distiller, which it shall be lawful for the Proprietor of such Still or Stills to do: Provided always, that in case any Distiller shall give Notice of discontinuing to work a Still of Five hundred Gallons Custom or upwards, it shall not be necessary for him to create the Works in which such Still was set, to be taken down, nor to displace or remove any such Still, nor to displace or remove the Worm thereof out of the Works, nor to find or cause the same to be in the Excise Office during the Continuance of his Licence, nor shall he be subject to any Penalty or Forfeiture for omitting to do, any Law to the contrary notwithstanding, if the Officer of Excise attending his Distillery shall certify that by stopping down and delivering the Head of every such Still he has effectually secured it from being set or worked, nor

40 G. 3. c. 22.
§ 27. repeated.What Stills
Commissioners
of Excise may
license in Ireland
44 Gallons.47 G. 3. c. 93. s.
21. 49 G. 3. c.
7. s. 23.
repeated.How Distiller
having two or
more Stills shall
be charged.Still not contin-
ed, sent to Excise
Office.The Manner of
discontinuing
any Still, Still,
&c. and what to be
returned.

shall be charged with or chargeable for any Quantity of Spirits in respect of any Still during the Time it shall be so shipped down, displaced or removed, as if They herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every License to any Person or Persons to keep and use any Still or Stills, which shall be obtained after the passing of this Act, shall be signed by Four of the said Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes; and that every such License shall and may be granted to continue in force until the Twenty sixth Day of September Two Years next after the Date of such License, in case the Person acquiring such License shall desire the same; and in each Case the Period of the Continuance of such License shall be specified and expressed in such License accordingly, in the following Terms: "This License to remain in full Force until the Twenty sixth Day of September in the Year One thousand eight hundred and _____" instead of the Words "next ensuing the Date hereof," as now required by Law; and every such License shall in all other Respects be granted in like Manner, and under such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, as are provided by the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, or by any Act or Acts for amending the said recited Act, with respect to Stills allowed to be erected, except only in so far as the said Acts, or any of them, are altered or repealed by this present Act.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes, with the Approbation of the Commissioners for executing the Office of the Lord High Treasurer, to refuse to grant any such License; and that it shall be lawful for such Commissioners to withdraw any such License in like Manner and for the like Causes as the said Commissioners are empowered to refuse or withdraw any License from any Still under the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid; and also that it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to withdraw any such License in case the Still or Stills for which such License shall be granted shall not be worked or used for the Space of Six Months or more in the Course of any One Year, beginning on the Twenty sixth Day of September, and ending on the Twenty sixth Day of September following.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in lieu of the several Number of Charges of Seagings or Low Wines, set forth in the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and in the Schedule thereto inserted, in respect to Stills under One hundred and fifty Gallons Content, for the Quantity of Spirits producible wherefrom respectively, any Distiller is chargeable with Duty in respect of any such Still, every such Distiller shall, from and after the said Fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, for every Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days which any Still whatever of such Distiller, under One hundred and fifty Gallons Content, and not less than Forty four Gallons Content, shall continue, or shall be continued to continue, working under the Regulations of the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or of this Act, or any other Act for amending the same, be charged with and shall pay Duty for each Quantity of Spirits as might be produced (according to the Rates specified in the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year, and this Act, or any other Act for amending the said Act of the Forty sixth Year) from Two hundred Charges of Low Wines or Seagings for every such Still, whatever the Content of any such Still may be, between One hundred and fifty Gallons and Forty four Gallons; and that every Distiller shall, over and above the Quantity of Spirits producible as aforesaid, also be charged with and pay Duty in respect of each and every such Still, whatever may be the Content thereof, for as much more Spirits as might be produced (according to the Rates specified as aforesaid) from all Pot Ale, Wash, Low Wines or Seagings, which such Distiller shall actually distil in every such Still within every Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, over and above such Quantity so producible as aforesaid.

XII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever any Distiller intended to keep a Still or Stills under One thousand Gallons Content, shall first in the Notice which he is bound by Law to give to the Collector, Surveyor and Gauger, before he commences or recommences to work a Still, or shall give Notice in like manner Six Days before the Expiration of any Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, that he proposes to work any Still or Stills in his Possession during the next succeeding Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days with Turf only, not charred, and not with Coal or other Fuel than Turf not charred, such Distiller shall, for every complete Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, during which any such Still or Stills shall be worked with any other Fuel than Turf not charred, be charged with and pay Duty for each Quantity of Spirits as might be produced (according to the Rates aforesaid) from Three fourths only of the Number of Charges of Seagings or Low Wines to which such Still would otherwise be liable; and also the Duty for as much more Spirits as might be produced according to the said Rates from all Pot Ale, Wash, Seagings or Low Wines, which such Distiller shall actually distil within each Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, over and above the Quantity producible from such reduced Number of Charges of Seagings or Low Wines as aforesaid.

XIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Still in the Possession of any Distiller, shall at any Time during any Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, in which the Distiller shall have given Notice of working a Still or Stills with Turf only, be worked with any Coal, Coke, charred Turf, or other Fuel than Turf not charred, all and every Still or Stills in the Possession of such Distiller, not shipped down, taken down, or displaced in manner herein provided, shall be subject and liable to the full Number of Charges of Seagings or Low Wines for the Whole of the said Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and the Distiller in whose Distillery such Coal, Coke, charred Turf or other Fuel, shall be so used, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Office of Excise keeping an Account of Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Seagings, produced in any Distillery from Corn crushed or uncrushed, shall, in all Cases, charge the Distiller, upon any Decree of Wash or Pot Ale, for a Quantity of Spirits, calculated after the Rate of One Gallon of Spirits for every Ten Gallons of such Wash or Pot Ale

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Licenses for
Stills granted
under Revisi-
tion of Act of
1799.

In what Acts
of several Acts
may be made or re-
vised Licenses
40 G. 3. c. 36.

516.

How Distillers
charged.

Charges of all
Spirits actually
distilled.

In what Acts Di-
stillers liable to
Duty only of
Stills
Charges, &c.

Still worked
with Coal liable
to full Charges.

Penalty.

Manner of charging
upon distillers
Produce of Spi-
rits from Corn,
Wash, or from
Seagings.

be decreased, and upon every Demerol of any Low Wines or Spiritings produced from any such Still or Pot Ale, such Officer shall charge the Distiller for a Quantity of Spirits after the Rate of Two Gallons of Spirits for every Five Gallons of such Low Wines or Spiritings is decreased, and be as proportion for any greater or less Quantity of Still, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Spiritings respectively; and such Officer shall make a Return of the Quantities of such Spirits, and of the Duties thereon accordingly, and such Distiller shall pay the Duty to be charged and assessed, under such Rates, Regulations and Directions as are contained in the said Act with in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the regulating and settling the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and the warehousing of such Spirits for Exportation as amended by this Act, or by any other Act or Acts in force, immediately after the passing of this Act.*

XV. And whereas by the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, it is among other Things enacted, that it shall be lawful for any Distiller as follows to warehouse his Spirits for Exportation, without Payment of Duty, in any of His Majesty's Stores or Warehouses at the Ports in which said Act mentioned and specified, or at any other Port in Ireland in which, or in the District in which such Port shall be situated, any Still or Pot not less than Two hundred Gallons Capacity shall be licensed: It is enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for every Distiller as follows to warehouse his Spirits for Exportation without Payment of Duty, in any of His Majesty's Warehouses at any Port in Ireland whatever, in which, or in the District wherein such Port shall be situated, any Still of any Capacity whatsoever shall be licensed by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Tonnage, subject nevertheless to the Provisions and Regulations contained in the said recited Act and to this Act, or any other Act or Acts for amending the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That whenever Application shall be made to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Tonnage for a License to sit or keep any Still or Stills in any Place being more than Ten Miles distant from the Seat of the Collection of Excise of the District in which such Place shall be situate, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, before granting such License, to require and take from the Person or Persons applying for the same, in lieu of the Security now required by Law, a Bond, with Two sufficient Sureties, in a Penalty not exceeding the Amount of One Month's Charge of Duty in respect of the Still or Stills to be licensed, conditioned for the Monthly Payment of all such Duties as shall be chargeable by Law on such Distiller, for the Duties on Spirits or Strong Waters distilled by such Distiller, or with which such Distiller shall be charged under or by virtue of this Act or any other Act or Acts in force relating to such Duties, and that whenever any such Bond shall be so given, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, from time to time, to deduct that the Duties payable by such Distiller shall and may be received and required from and paid by such Distiller during the Period which shall be mentioned in such Decree, Monthly, that is to say, within six Days after the Expiration of any Period of Four Weeks or Twenty-eight Days, for which such Distiller shall be chargeable with such Duties, and then so Information shall be filed or prosecuted against any such Distiller for any Penalty to which such Distiller may have become liable by Law in not having made any Weekly Entry of the Quantity of Spirits for which such Distiller is chargeable with Duty, or for not having paid such Duties Weekly during such Period: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall except such Distiller from such Penalty if incurred, unless such Order shall be especially made by the said Commissioners, from time to time, under the Provisions of this Act, nor unless such Distiller shall have paid all Duties for which such Distiller shall be charged or chargeable for the Month in which any such Penalty may have been incurred. [See further 44 G. 3. c. 88. § 7 65, 67.]

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller shall have paid for any Spirits made or distilled by or as charged upon such Distiller between the Fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten and the Day of the passing of this Act, a higher Duty than after the Rate of Two Shillings and Six pence per Gallon, British Currency, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Tonnage, and they are hereby required to repay, upon Demand, unto every such Distiller the Excess of such higher Duty beyond the said Rate of Two Shillings and Six pence per Gallon.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That upon the Commencement of the Session of the Peace which will be in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve, it shall not be lawful for the Count or Judge at the Assizes for any County or County of a City or Town in Ireland, or at any Justices there in the County or County of the City of Dublin, to give any Faith, Town-ward, Manor or Lordship, in any Sum of Money or Penalty, or any Information which shall be given to any Justice of the Peace at any Time after the passing of this Act, for any Offence against any Act in Force in Ireland for the regulating and collecting the Duties on Spirits by the having, keeping or using any unlicensed Still or Part of a Still, or any Appurtenance to a Still; or any Wines, or any Distill of Distilling Spirits, or any Still, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Spiritings, contrary to Law, any Thing in an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's, for the regulating and settling the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, or in any other Act or Acts in Force in Ireland to the contrary notwithstanding.*

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all Mutes arising from the several Duties by this Act granted, the necessary Charges for collecting and paying the same being deducted, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Drawbacks by this Act granted and allowed, and made payable, and all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act, shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and allowed, paid for, recovered and applied, in the same Manner, and under such Powers and Authorities, as

40 G. 3. c. 15.

40 G. 3. c. 88. § 42.

Spirits may be warehoused at Port where better Stocked.

Stills more than Ten Miles distant from Excise Office.

Security for Payment of Duty.

Information.

Penalty.

Advances on Spirits, charged after 5th March 1810.

In what Cases of Summons, &c. &c. 1812. Count shall not give Faith, &c. &c.

40 G. 3. c. 88. § 17.

Consolidated Fund.

Duties, Drawbacks and Penalties, how to be paid.

and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are appointed, directed and expressed, for raising, collecting, paying, levying, allowing and managing any Duties and Drawbacks, or for the Recovery of any Penalties or Forfeitures as and by an Act made in Ireland, in the Tenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, *An Act for the settling the Customs on New Imports upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Seal of Great Britain 1660*, or in and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Customs and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Crown Jewels of Ireland, Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, or fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were herein expressed and enacted, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved as in and by the said recited Act made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Year of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid is provided.*

XXI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XVI.

An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, an Act of the Forty first Year of His present Majesty, for prohibiting the Exportation from Ireland, and for permitting the Importation into Ireland, Duty-free, of Corn and other Provisions.

[5th April 1810.]

WHEREAS the Law hereinafter mentioned has by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and is so expedient that the same should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That to mark of an Act made in the Forty first Year of the Kings of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for altering the Laws touching or otherwise beyond the Seas of the Kingdom of Ireland, as provided for a limited Time, in as full Prohibition shall not extend beyond the Expiration of Six Weeks from the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, the Exportation from Ireland of Corn or Potatoes, and of all Provisions whatsoever; and to provide for such limited Time the Importation into Ireland of Corn and Fish, and all Provisions whatsoever, without Payment of Duty, and for authorizing such Provisions as have been cited for the Service of the Public, in applying and carrying into Execution certain Provisions of the said Laws touching and concerning the same, as well as the said Laws touching or otherwise Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland to prohibit the Exportation from Ireland of Corn or Potatoes, and of all Provisions whatsoever, and to permit the Importation into Ireland, of Corn and Fish, and all Provisions whatsoever, without Payment of Duty, which by an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, was continued, and in so far as the said recited Act made in the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall be, and the force is hereby further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, except in so far as respects the Exportation of Corn, Grass or Fines, to Great Britain.*

C A P. XVII.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, an Act for regulating the Duties and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland.

[5th April 1810.]

WHEREAS the Act hereinafter mentioned has by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is so expedient that the same should be further continued in manner hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to provide more effectually for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland, and for allowing British Manufacture Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight; and which, by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, was continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall be, and the same is hereby further continued, from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, until and upon the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, except only in so far as the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year aforesaid, as relates to the allowing British Manufacture Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland, and which, under the Provisions of the said recited Act of the last Session, is directed to be waxy, bearing under the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for permitting Goods imported into Ireland to be warehoused or stored without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid.*

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and the Act hereby continued, may be amended, altered or repealed, by any Act to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

C A P.

C A P. XVII.

An Act for the further continuing, until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eleven, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain; and for suspending the Countervailing Duties and Bounties on Sugar when the Duties imposed by an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty shall be suspended. [30 April 1810.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for continuing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain, and for allowing other Drawbacks and Bounties in lieu thereof, until the Fifteenth Day of January the next following, to be limited and fixed; And whereas an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to amend the Acts passed in the Forty third and Forty fifth Years of His present Majesty for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain; And whereas Three other Acts passed in the Forty sixth, Forty seventh, and Forty eighth Years of His present Majesty, for further continuing the said Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty; And whereas another Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for further continuing until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain; and for suspending the Countervailing Duties and Bounties on Sugar when the Duties imposed by an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty shall be suspended; And whereas an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for repeating the several Duties of Customs chargeable on Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, And whereas it is expedient that the Drawbacks allowed by the said last recited Act passed in the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, and the Bounties allowed by the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the Same, That the several Drawbacks in the Schedule to the said last recited Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid annexed, and the Bounties in the Schedule to the last recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty annexed, shall be respectively, paid and allowed in like manner in every Respect, and subject to and under and according to the like Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, (except where any Alteration is made by this Act), as the said Drawbacks and Bounties were respectively paid or allowed before the passing of this Act.****

II. And be it further enacted, That if on the Fifth Day of *May*, or on the Fifth Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and ten, or on the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and eleven, respectively, or any or either of the said Days, it shall appear by Notice in the *London Gazette* in Manuscript by an Act made in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for regulating the Allowances of the Drawback and Payment of the Bounty on the Exportation of Sugar, and for permitting the Importation of Sugar and Coffee into the Bahama and Bermuda Islands in Foreign Ships, that the Average Price of Brown or Malivado Sugar, taken in Manuscript by the said recited Act in the preceding Quarter of the Year, shall not have exceeded Seventy Shillings for an Hundred Weight, exclusive of the Duties of Customs paid or payable thereon on the Importation into Great Britain, then, and in every such Case the Drawback or Bounty in the Schedule to the last recited Act, passed in the Forty sixth and Forty fifth Years of His present Majesty shall still respectively accrue, mentioned as corresponding to or with the Price of which such Notice in the *London Gazette* shall have been given as aforesaid, shall be paid or allowed until Notice of any other Average shall be given in the *London Gazette*, and such Drawback or Bounty shall be paid or allowed in like Manner in every Respect, and subject to and according to the like Rules and Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, many Drawbacks or Bounties were paid or allowed before the passing of the said last recited Act, (except as any such Rules or Regulations are altered by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth and Forty fifth Years aforesaid), and the Whole of the Duty granted by an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for granting in His Majesty's Colonies Duties of Customs on Timber, Sugar, Raisins and Pepper, imported into, and on Lead imported from Great Britain, upon Sugar imported into Great Britain by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and warehoused according to Law, and sold at the Sale of the said Company after the Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and one, shall upon the Delivery thereof out of Warehouse for Exportation there in the Time of any Drawbacks or Bounties being paid or allowed under this Act whereby any Single Plantation Sugar, be wholly drawn back under such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, as any former Drawbacks are paid and allowed, any Thing in an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty contained to the contrary notwithstanding.**

III. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for granting in His Majesty's Colonies, during the present War and for Six Months after the Expire of a day or by the Execution of a definitive Treaty of Peace, certain Duties on various Goods, Wares and Merchandises imported into and exported from, or brought or carried into any Colonies within Great Britain, the Lord High Treasurer or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, are authorized to suspend the Payment of the Additional Duties of Customs on Sugar granted by the said recited Act, unless in the Whole or in part, whenever the Average Price of Sugar aforesaid is directed by Law shall be below the Prices mentioned in the said Act: And whereas it is expedient that during the Period of such suspension the Countervailing Duties on Refined Sugar imported from Ireland into Great Britain, and the several Drawback or Bounty on the Exportation of Refined or mixed Sugar of the Manufacture of Great Britain, and also the additional Bounty on the Exportation of Refined Sugar from Great Britain other than*

50 Geo. III.

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In what Case
Trade may
be suspended
on account of
Duties, &c.

* *In Ireland*, imposed and allowed by the said last recited Act, should in like Manner be suspended? Be it therefore further enacted, That whenever the Lord High Treasurer or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, shall assemble the Power vested in them, and shall, according to the Direction of the said Act, suspend the Payment of the Whole or Part of the Duties on Sugar thereby imposed, it shall be lawful for them, and they are hereby authorized and required, in like Manner, and for the like Period, to suspend either the whole of the additional countervailing Duties of Customs on refined Sugar of the Manufacture of *Ireland*, imported from thence into Great Britain, and of the additional Drawback or Bounty on the Exportation to *Ireland* of Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Great Britain, and of the additional Bounty on the Exportation of Refined Sugar from Great Britain, other than to *Ireland*, imposed and allowed by the said last recited Act, or such Part thereof respectively as shall herein justly appear to the Amount of Duty so suspended.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the last recited Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, and all the Powers, Privileges, Authorities, Regulations, Clauses, Matters and Things in the said Act contained, shall be, and the same are hereby further continued from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, and shall be and remain in full Force until the Fifteenth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven for the Part of *London*, and until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven for other Parts of Great Britain; and that this Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XIX.

An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, an Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for prohibiting the Exportation from and permitting the Importation into Great Britain of Corn; and for allowing the Importation of other Articles of Provision, without Payment of Duty. [6th April 1810.]

* WHEREAS the Law hereinafter mentioned has by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act, made in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for enabling His Majesty to prohibit the Exportation and permit the Importation of Corn, and for allowing the Importation of other Articles of Provision, without Payment of Duty, to continue in force until Six Weeks after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament*; which was continued by an Act of the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, and amended and further continued by several subsequent Acts, and the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall, from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, be and the same is hereby further continued, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, except so far as respects the Exportation of Corn, Grain or Flour to *Ireland*.

C A P. XX.

An Act for removing Doubts as to the Power of appointing Superintendants of Quarantine and their Assistants. [6th April 1810.]

* WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act for making further Provision for the efficient Performance of Quarantine, certain Powers and Authorities are given to the Superintendants of Quarantine or their Assistants, and Power is given to the Commissioners of the Treasury to appoint Officers at Certain Ports, when the Lixtures there shall be completed*; but as express Provision is made for the Appointment of such Superintendants and Assistants at the several Ports; and it is expedient to remove all Doubts as to such Appointments: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Superintendants of Quarantine at the several Ports and their Assistants shall and may be appointed by any Instruments, signed by Four of the Commissioners of the Customs for the time being, and sealed with the Seal of their Office.

C A P. XXI.

An Act for amending and continuing in amended until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for consolidating and extending the several Laws in force, for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandize into and from certain Ports in the West Indies. [6th April 1810.]

* WHEREAS it is expedient that, for a limited Time, the Trade carried on in Foreign Vessels by virtue of an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act to consolidate and amend the several Laws now in force, for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandize into and from certain Ports in the West Indies, should not be restricted to Vessels having only One Deck*: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and

Continued of
No. 1. C. 16.

1. G. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50.

40 G. 3. c. 10.
§ 1.

Superintendants
at Ports liable
to appointment.

§ 1. C. 21.

and by the Authority of the same. That from and after the passing of this Act, no and the Twenty fifth Year of *Now*—One hundred eight hundred and twelve, it shall and may be lawful to import and export the said Act, in any Foreign Shop, Schooner, or other Vessel, as therein defined, although such Shops, Schooners, or Vessel shall have more than One Deck; any Thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. XXII.

An Act for authorizing the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to purchase certain Quays within the Port of London. [6th April 1810.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *The Act to authorize the Advancement of further Sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund, to be applied in the Improvement of the Port of London, by the Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners of the City of London, in Common Council assembled; and to empower the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to pay out of the Legal Quays between London Bridge and the Tower of London: And whereas an Act passed in the forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *The Act to amend the Title for purchasing all Legal Quays and Warehouses in the Port of London, and for authorizing the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to purchase some of and Lease of Quays in the said Port: And whereas another Act passed in the forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *The Act to give further Power for purchasing the Legal Quays and Warehouses in the Port of London: And whereas it is expedient to amend the Powers, Authorities and Provisions, in the said Acts contained, for purchasing Legal Quays, to be used and further continued and extended: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all the Powers, Authorities, Regulations, Provisions, Directions, Clauses, Penalties, Forfeitures, Matters and Things therein mentioned and contained, relating to the purchasing of Legal Quays, Warehouses, Buildings or other Works, or obtaining Possession thereof, shall be, and are by this Act revised, and shall be applied and extended, and shall operate and be in force, for the Purpose of enabling the said Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, to make and complete Purchases of any Legal Quays, Warehouses, Buildings or Works, or any Dwelling Houses, Warehouses, Buildings or other Premises, situate adjoining thereto, which the said Lord High Treasurer, or Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, may deem it necessary or expedient or proper to purchase at any time within Two Years after the passing of this Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Regulations, Directions, Clauses, Penalties, Forfeitures, Matters and Things, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.***

It. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That no Company, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, who may hereafter become the Owners, Lessors or Occupiers of any such Legal Quays, shall not be compelled to part with their Estate and Interest therein, within Twelve Months previous Notice in Writing that have been given to the said Company, or any other Person or Persons as aforesaid, by the said Lord High Treasurer, or Lords Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, of their Intention so to purchase the said Estate and Interest in such Quays, Warehouses, Buildings, and other Works aforesaid; and for the Purposes aforesaid, all the Powers, Authorities, Regulations, Provisions, Directions, Clauses, Penalties, Forfeitures, Matters and Things, in the said revised Act of the forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty contained, relating to any such Legal Quays, Warehouses, Buildings, or other Works, or the purchasing thereof, or in an Act passed in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, therein referred to, authorizing and empowering Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or Compositions Aggregate or Sole, Tenants for Life or in Tail, or other Persons having qualified or personal Estates or Interests, or Holdings, Farms Coverts, Gardens, Trusts and Profits in Tail for Claims or other Purposes, Commissions, Executions, or Administrators, or any other Persons whatsoever under any Inquisitions or Exhibitions, on Behalf of themselves or others, to treat and to compel any such Corporations or Persons to treat and agree for the Sale of any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Premises, or in any way relating thereto, or for ascertaining the Value of any such Premises, on sale of any Refusal or Inability to treat, or for completing any such Purchases, or obtaining Possession of any such Premises, or any other Matters or Things relating thereto, shall, as far as the same are applicable, or can be applied, extend and be construed to extend to this present Act, and shall operate and be in force in respect to this Act, for the Purposes of enabling the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to complete the Purchases of the said Quays, Warehouses, Buildings or Works aforesaid, or any Dwelling Houses, Warehouses, Buildings, or other Premises adjoining thereto, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Regulations, Directions, Clauses, Penalties, Forfeitures, Matters and Things, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

C A P. XXIII.

An Act for granting Annuities to discharge certain Exchange Bills.

[6th April 1810.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom, in Parliament assembled, being desirous of making Provision to satisfy the Principal Sums contracted in certain Exchange Bills, now outstanding, to the Amount of Eight Millions Sterling, have resolved, that all Persons in

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inserted in or added to certain Exchequer Bills, shall be entitled in respect of the Principal Sums contained therein to such Capital Stock as Annuitants as are hereinafter mentioned, subject to the Provisions of this Act: And Your Majesty's most faithful Commons, do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person interested in or entitled unto any Exchequer Bill or Bills dated between the Twentieth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and one, and the Sixteenth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, bearing Interest at the Rate of Three pence Halfpenny per Centum per Diem, who shall, between the Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, and the Twentieth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten, both inclusive, have carried the same to the said Office, unless the said Principal Sum of Eight Millions Sterling shall have been sooner subscribed at the said Office, in such Exchequer Bill, shall be respectively paid the Interest that shall have become due thereupon on the Ninth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten, in Money, as soon after the said Ninth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten, as can conveniently be done, and shall have in exchange for such Exchequer Bills from such Paymasters, Customars to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, residing the Holders of such Exchequer Bills, in respect of the Amount of the Principal Sums contained therein, in the Sum of One hundred and three Pounds Five Shillings Capital Stock in Annuitants after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, to commence from the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and ten, for each One hundred Pounds contained in such said certified Certificates, and so in proportion for any greater Sum; and that all Persons interested in or entitled unto such Exchequer Bills as aforesaid shall, by having delivered the same between the respective Days aforesaid, into the said Office of Paymasters of Exchequer Bills, be deemed to have accepted of the aforesaid Terms; which said Annuitants shall be paid and payable at the Bank of England, at the Times and in the Manner herein mentioned: Provided always, that the Amount of the Principal Sums contained in such Exchequer Bills, to be exchanged for Certificates in pursuance of this Act, shall not exceed the Sum of Eight Millions Sterling.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful and for the proper Officer or Officers, at the Office of the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills for the time being, or take in and receive from all and every Person and Persons, Notaries or Foreigners, Bodies Politic or Corporate, who is, are or shall be possessed of, interested in, or entitled unto any such Exchequer Bill, all the said Exchequer Bills, to the Amount of Eight Millions Sterling, as aforesaid, which any such Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, shall, between the respective Days aforesaid, have delivered to such Officer or Officers; and the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills are hereby authorized and required, upon Receipt of any such Bills, to mark and cancel the same, and to pay the Interest that shall have become due thereupon to the said Ninth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten, and to make forth and sign the Certificates herein directed to be made out, in like of the Principal Sums contained in the said Bills, and to deliver the same to the Parties entitled therein, as soon after the passing of this Act as conveniently can be done; and the said Paymasters of Exchequer Bills are hereby authorized and required to deliver to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England the Cheques or Counterfoils of such Certificates.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, who shall have delivered any such Exchequer Bill or Bills as aforesaid, upon producing such Certificates as are hereby directed to be made forth by the said Paymasters of Exchequer Bills, in like of the Principal Sums contained in such Bill or Bills, shall, for every Sum of One hundred Pounds contained therein, and so in proportion for any greater Sum, have and be entitled to the Capital Stock as Annuitants, heretofore mentioned, which shall be in like of such Exchequer Bills; and the Annuitants thereof shall be payable half yearly at the Bank of England, on the Fifth Day of July and the Fifth Day of January in every Year; the First Payment to become due on the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ten, and that all Persons and Corporations entitled to any such Annuity or Annuities aforesaid, and his, her and their Administrators, Successors and Assigns respectively, and all Persons and Corporations lawfully claiming under him, her or them, shall have good, law, absolute and indefeasible Estates and Interests in the said Annuities, according to the true Tenor and Meaning of this Act, and the Redemption thereof, in the manner herein directed; and shall be possessed thereof as if a Person or Persons, which shall not be defensible in Heirs, nor liable to any Foreign Attachment by the Custom of London, or otherwise; nor Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the said Annuities shall be charged and chargeable upon and payable out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, after paying or allowing satisfaction to pay all such Sums of Money as have been directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament; and shall be subject to Redemption by Parliament, in Manner hereinafter mentioned.

V. And be it further enacted, That all such Certificates as shall be delivered in Manner heretofore mentioned, shall be assignable by Indentment thereupon, made at any Time before the Full Day of August One thousand eight hundred and ten, and no longer, and no such Certificate or Assignments thereupon shall be charged with any Stamp Duties whatsoever.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful and for the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, or such Person or Persons as they shall appoint for this Purpose, and he and they is and are hereby respectively authorized and required to take in and receive all and every

Words of the Bill in this Act are to be construed as in and by the Statute in that behalf made.

Answers of the Exchequer Bills certified.

1. To the Office of the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills.

2. To the Office of the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills.

Foreign stock.

Annuitants payable out of the Consolidated Fund.

Provisional Assignments of August 1, 1810.

Each in relation to the Capital Stock of the Bank of England.

of the Certificates to be made in lieu of the said Bills as aforesaid, in pursuance of this Act, it is hereby enacted, That the said several such Certificates shall, and he and they it is and are hereby required, in respect of every Name or Obligation or Bonds contained in such Certificates to be brought to him or them as aforesaid, and to be prepared for any greater Sum, forthwith to give Credit in a Book or Books, to be prepared for that Purpose, for the Capital Stock herebefore mentioned, in the said Assurances of Two Pounds per Centum per Annum, and the Profits, Bonuses Publick or Corporate, to whose Credit such Capital Stock shall be entered in the said Book or Books, his, her or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, shall and may have Power to affix, and transfer the same, or any Part, Share or Proportion thereof, to any other Person or Persons, Bonuses Publick or Corporate whatsoever, in other Books to be prepared and kept for that Purpose; and the said Governor and Company for the time being shall also, on or before the Fifth Day of January, One thousand eight hundred and eleven, transmit an attested Duplicate, fairly written on Paper, of the said Book or Books with herebefore mentioned, into the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, there to remain for ever.

VII. And, for the more easy and safe Payment of the Annuities established by this Act, it is hereby enacted, That the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, shall from time to time appoint and employ One or more sufficient Persons or Persons within their Office, in the City of London, to be their Clerk or Chief Cashier or Cashiers, and One other Person or Persons within the same Office to be their Accountant General, and that in each of the Names from time to time being in the Receipt of the Exchequer of the said Consolidated Fund, by this Act made applicable for that Purpose, as shall be sufficient to advance the said Annuities, shall, by the Order of the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Two or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, without any further or other Warrant to be had for, had or obtained in that behalf, from time to time, at the respective Days of Payment in this Act appointed, be issued and paid at the said Receipts of the Exchequer, to the Clerk or Chief Cashier or Cashiers of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, for the time being, by way of Interest and upon Account for the Payment of the said Annuities, and that such Cashier or Cashiers to whom the said Monies shall from time to time be issued, shall from time to time, without Delay, apply and pay the same accordingly, and render his or their Accounts thereof according to the due Course of the Exchequer.

VIII. And it is hereby also enacted, That the said Accountant General for the time being shall from time to time receipt and receive all Receipts and Payments of the said Cashier or Cashiers, and the Vouchers relating thereto, in order to prevent any Fraud, Negligence or Delay.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies converted into Annuities after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, by virtue of this Act, or intended to be, shall be drawn, required and taken to be due Capital or Joint Stock, and shall be added to and made Part of the Joint Stock of Annuities with, and shall be redeemable at the same time, and in like manner as the Annuities carrying an Interest after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, established by the Acts of the Twenty fourth, Twenty fifth, Twenty sixth, Twenty seventh, Twenty eighth, Twenty ninth, Thirtieth, Thirty first, Thirty second, Thirty third, Thirty fourth, Thirty fifth, Thirty sixth, Thirty seventh, Thirty eighth and Thirty ninth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, his greatest Ancestors to namely certain Navy, V-adding and Transport Bills, Ordinance Debentures and Exchequer Bills, and that all and every Person or Persons, and Companies whatsoever, in pursuance of the Money to which he, she or they shall become entitled as aforesaid by virtue of this Act, shall have, or be deemed to have, a proportional Interest and Share in the said Stock of Annuities at the Rate aforesaid.

X. And be it further enacted, That the said Capital or Joint Stock, or any Share or Interest therein, and the proportional Annuities according to the same, shall be assignable and transferable as this Act directs, and not otherwise; and that they shall constantly be kept in the Office of the said Accountant General for the time being, within the City of London, in a Book or Books wherein all Assignments or Transfers of the said Capital or Joint Stock, or any Part thereof, and the proportional Annuities according to the same, at the Rate aforesaid, shall be entered and registered, which Entries shall be conceived in proper Words for that Purpose, and shall be signed by the Parties making such Assignments or Transfers, or if any such Party or Parties be absent, by his, her or their Attorney or Attorneys lawfully authorized by Writing under his, her or their Hands and Seals, to be attested by Two or more credible Witnesses, and that the Person or Persons to whom any such Transfer shall be made shall respectively subscribe his, her or their Acceptance thereof, and that no other Method of assigning or transferring the said Capital or Joint Stock, and the Annuities attending the same, or any Part thereof, or any Interest therein, shall be good and available in Law, and that no Stamp Duties whatsoever shall be charged on the said Transfers, or any of them; Provided always, that all Persons, qualified by any Share or Interest in the said Joint Stock of Annuities, or any Estate or Interest therein, any debt due upon any such Debt, and all such of the said Will or Wills, as such Estates, Shares or Interests, be entered in the said Office; and that in the said Book or Books, or in any other Book, or in any other Place, shall be entered in the said Office, and that in the said Book or Books, or in any other Book, or in any other Place, shall be entered in the said Office, and that in the said Book or Books, or in any other Book, or in any other Place, shall be entered in the said Office.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or shall wilfully act or assist in the forging or counterfeiting, any Certificate or Certificate directed to be made out by this Act, or any Assignment, conveyance, or Indentment thereof, or shall alter any Number, Figure or Word, in any such Certificate, or in any Assignment thereof, or Indentment thereof, or give or publish as true any such false, forged, counterfeited or altered Certificate or Certificate, or Assignment or Assignment thereof, or Indentment or Indentment thereof, with Intent to defraud His Majesty or the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or any Body Politick or Corporate, or any Person or Persons whatsoever, every such Person or Persons so forging or counterfeiting, or causing or procuring to be forged or counterfeited, or wilfully acting or assisting in the forging or counterfeiting, or altering,

Such may be obtained.

Endorsement on Book for Payment of Annuities.

Accountant General to receive Clerk's Receipts Money converted after Five per Cent Yearly to be added in Joint Stock Five per Cent, yearly calculated.

Book of 1710-1809 Stock

Particular

Certificate Certificate, etc.

Dish.

withing or publishing as afeaid, being thereof convicted by due Form of Law, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon, without Benefit of Clergy.

Bank to receive
a Commission for
the Purposes of
this Act.

XII. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted, That the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, notwithstanding the Redemption of all or any of their own Funds, in pursuance of the Acts for establishing the same, or any of them, shall continue a Corporation for the Purposes of this Act, until all the said Assesses shall be released as aforesaid, and the said Governor and Company, or any Member thereof, shall not incur any Liability for or by reason of his or their doing any Matter or Thing in pursuance of this Act.

Taking Fee.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Tax, Reward or Gratiuity whatsoever shall be demanded or taken for any Treasury of any Fee, great or small, to be made in pursuance of this Act, upon Pain that any Officer or Person offending, by taking or demanding any Tax, or Gratiuity contrary to this Act, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds to the Party grieved, to be recovered, with full Costs of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Pleat or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, whereas an Exemption, Pardon, Privilege, or Waiver of Law, Injunction or Order of Release, or more than One Imprisonment, shall be granted or allowed.

Bank to receive
a Commission for
their Services.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, now being, or the High Treasurers, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall have Power, and they are hereby authorized, out of the said Consolidated Fund, to reward all such Persons as shall be any ways employed in the Execution of this Act, for their Service, Pains and Labour, and also to defray such several Charges as shall lawfully attend the same, and also to settle and appoint such Allowances as they shall think proper, for the Service, Pains and Labour of the Cashier or Cashiers of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for receiving, paying and accounting for the said Arrears made payable by this Act, and also for the Service, Pains and Trouble of the said Accountant General of the said Governor and Company for performing the Duty and Trust committed to or imposed on him by this Act; all which Allowances to be made as aforesaid, in respect of the Service, Pains and Labour of any Officer or Officers of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, shall be for the Use and Benefit of the said Governor and Company, and at their Disposal only, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

General Issue.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time or times be sued, sued or prosecuted, for any Thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this Act, or of any Matter or Thing therein contained, such Person or Persons shall and may plead the General Issue, and give the special Matter in Evidence for his or their Defence; and if a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall discontinue his or their Action, or be discontinued, or Judgment shall be given against him or them upon Demurrer or otherwise, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs to him or them awarded against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

Tithes Gifts.

[See post. c. 36.]

C A P. XXIV.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for completing the Militia of Great Britain; and to make further Provision for completing the said Militia. [18th April 1810.]

40 G. 3. c. 13.
46.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *'The Act for completing the Militia of Great Britain*, Provision is made for placing the Men which shall be raised by Ballot of Drums for the Regular Militia, to fill up Vacancies occasioned by Men having enlisted into the Line, or the Order and Succession to be fixed by Ballot in the Form prescribed by the said intitled Act; and Provision is also made for appointing, before any Ballot shall take place, the Men actually enlisted and so intitled as aforesaid, and the Drums to be supplied; but no Provision is made by the said Act for placing the Men which shall be raised by Ballot of Drums over and above any Number which may have enlisted into the Line; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Deputy Lieutenants of the several Counties, Ridings, Shires, Newtowns, Cities and Places in England and Six Lord High Sheriffs, and they are hereby required at any General Meetings which shall be held, relating to the Regular Militia, or which shall be appointed, and which General Meetings are hereby required to be appointed to take place, to appoint and distribute any such Excess of Men raised by Ballot of Drums over and above the Number of Vacancies occasioned by enlisting into the Line, and it shall be lawful for the Deputy Lieutenants at any General Meetings to be held for that Purpose, to select, from amongst them, any such Appointments, and make new and further Appointments or Distributions, and place any Men so appointed or distributed or applied as aforesaid to any other Parishes, in case it shall appear to be necessary for the making a just Distribution of the Men so raised by Ballot of Drums as aforesaid; and all such Appointments and Distributions shall be made among the several Parishes either by Ballot and entering upon Lists of the Names of the Parishes or otherwise, and in any such Manner as shall appear to the Deputy Lieutenants at any such Meeting most effectually to produce an equal and just Distribution of the Men raised by Ballot of Drums among the Parishes, and Appointments of Men to be raised by Ballot under the said Act; and the Men so raised and placed to any Parishes under any such Distribution or Appointment shall thenceforth be deemed to belong to such Parishes, as to Relief of the Parishes of such Men, or otherwise supplying of any Vacancies, in like Manner as if such Men had been provided as Substitutes or Volunteers for such Parishes respectively.

* 46. And

Thirty Letters
sent to the
Deputy Lieutenants
of the Militia
of Great Britain
and Ireland.

• II. And whereas Doubts have arisen whether the Provisions contained in any Act for granting Money and • Defence, in relation to the enlisting of Soldiers for His Majesty's Service apply to the enlisting of Men by • Best of Drums for the Regular Militia: Be it therefore enacted, That all the Provisions contained in any Act of Parliament in force for the Parliament of Majesty and Deliberate; and the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, in relation to the enlisting any Men for His Majesty's Army, shall, as far as the same can be made applicable, be to the Men enlisted for the Regular Militia, be applied as if such, and put in full force by all Justices of the Peace and others, and all Persons authorized to raise Men by Best of Drums for the Militia, and presenting Friends and subscribers by Petitions enrolled, and for the Provisions of Petitions having lately enrolled, as fully and effectually as if all such Provisions were repeated and re-enacted as to the raising Men by Best of Drums for the Regular Militia.

III. And be it further enacted, That Families of all Persons raised by Best of Drums and enrolled in the Regular Militia, if entitled to Relief, shall be relieved by the Overseers of the Poor of the Parishes where they reside at the time of the Men enlisting into the Militia, and such Parishes shall be repaid the Amount of such Relief by the Parish to which such Men shall be placed, in like Manner as any Sum given for the Relief of Families of Militia Men are repaid to Parishes having advanced the same under any Act relating to the Militia.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Provisions contained in any Act in force for the Parliament of Majesty or Defence; and the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, in relation to the enlisting of Apprentices and the cleaning Apprentices by their Masters, and the Parliament of any Apprentices, and their Liability to Service after the Expiration of the Indentures, and all other Provisions in any such Act in relation to Apprentices or their Masters, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, extend or be construed to extend to all Apprentices who shall exist or come themselves as Substitutes or Volunteers in the Regular Militia, and to the Masters of such Apprentices, as fully and effectually as if the same were severally and separately repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XXV.

An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Local Militia of Great Britain. [18th April 1810.]

• WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, • *An Act for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force, under certain Regulations, for the Defence of the Realm: And whereas an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force, under certain Regulations, for the Defence of the Realm: And whereas an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, An Act for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force in Scotland, under certain Regulations, for the Defence of the Realm: And whereas an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, An Act to amend and render more effectual, an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force in Scotland, under certain Regulations, for the Defence of the Realm: And whereas another Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, An Act to amend several Acts passed in the last and present Session of Parliament, relating to the Local Militia: And whereas it is expedient that further Provisions should be made in relation to the Local Militia established by the said several Acts: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in every Case in which His Majesty, by His Secretary of State or otherwise, shall have ordered and directed, or shall hereafter order and direct, that the Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers of the Local Militia allowed to receive on permanent Pay, shall be reduced as any Provisions before the Number allowed by the several Acts relating to the Local Militia of England and Scotland respectively, it shall be lawful for the Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps, with the Approbation of the Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant, or Deputy Lieutenant acting for the Lieutenant, in case the Lieutenant shall be absent, and of His Majesty's Secretary of State, to agree with the Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers of his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or any of them, or with any other Persons willing to engage to serve as such, to have as Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers upon any reduced Pay, during the Periods of the Regiments, Battalions or Corps not being embodied or assembled for Exercise, as such Number as to the Number of Drums Pay to be allowed, or the Reduction of any Proportion of the Pay per Drum, as shall be authorized by the Secretary of State in that behalf; and every Sergeant, Corporal and Drummer, agreeing to have as such upon any such reduced Pay as aforesaid, shall take the following Oath before some Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace of the County, or Magistrate of the Peace to the Local Militia of which he shall belong; which Oath every such Deputy Lieutenant, Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, is hereby authorized to administer, (that is to say),*

• I, A. B. do engage to serve as a [Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer as the Case may be] in the Local Militia of _____, until I shall be discharged, according to the Terms of my Service; and during such Periods as such Local Militia shall not be embodied or assembled for Exercise.

And every such Oath shall be reduced to Writing, and signed and attested by the Deputy Lieutenant, Justice of the Peace or Magistrate administering the same, and delivered to the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to which the Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer shall belong, and a Duplicate thereof shall

Provisions in Acts relating to enlisting men to milita Men by Best of Drums for Militia.

How Families of Persons raised by Best of Drums shall be relieved.

Provisions of Military Acts relating to Apprentices to be construed to Militia.

All altered, &c.

43 G. 3. c. 33.

49 G. 3. c. 40.

44 G. 2. c. 73.

48 G. 3. c. 48.

46 G. 3. c. 81.

In case of Reduction of the Number of Local Militia to receive a Pay, Commanding Officer of Corps may agree with Sergeants, &c. to have an reduced Pay.

Oath.

any reduced Pensions to the said Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, and every Sergeant, Corporal and Drummer as aforesaid, or any such reduced Pensions aforesaid, shall be compellable to serve in the Local Militia during the full Period of the War, and after the Acts relating to the Local Militia, in the same manner as if he had received the full Pay of the full Rank therein, and shall be subject to the Provisions contained in any Act of Parliament which shall be then made for the Payment of Money and Defence; and for the better Payment of the Armes, and their Carriage, and the Ammunition of War made to performe thereof; and it shall be lawful for any Commanding Officer of Local Militia who shall engage any Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers to serve upon such reduced Pay, to retain such Number of Sergeants, Corporals or Drummers as shall be allowed by His Majesty's Secretary of State as that E. half, to attach the whole Amount of such reduced Pay shall not exceed the Amount of the full Pay of the Number allowed in any such Order of Reduction as aforesaid; any Thing to any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And whereas Doctrs have arisen whether any Officer or Non-commissioned Officer, or Private, in the Local Militia, can be tried or punished after the discharge of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia to which he shall belong, or the Period of training and exercising of such Regiment shall have expired, or in the time shall have been deferred after the Suppression of any Host or Trench, for any Offence committed against any Act in force for the Punishment of Mutiny and Disobeying or Averting of War made in performance thereof, during the Period of such Regiment being embodied or attached for training and Exercise or the Suppression of Riots; and it is exp'd that such Doctrs should be removed; be it therefore enacted, That every Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Private Man of the Local Militia, who shall, during the Period of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he shall belong, being embodied or attached for training and Exercise, or for the Suppression of Riots and Trenches, have been guilty of any Offence against any Act of Parliament in force for the Punishment of Mutiny and Disobeying, or any Articles of War made in performance of any such Act, and shall have been put under Arrest for, or shall have been reported to any Officer of his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to have committed such Offence before the disbanding or Dismissal of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, may be tried by any General or Regional Court Martial, consisting of Officers of the Militia, and if found guilty may be punished for such Offence, although the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Private Man shall belong, shall not then be embodied or attached, in the same manner as any Officer, Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, or Private Man of the Regular Militia may be tried during the Period of the Regular Militia being embodied.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Number of Days of Attendance at Muster and Exercise of Volunteer Corps to entitle any Person serving in Volunteer Corps to an Exception from Service in the Regular Militia and the Local Militia, shall be Eighteen Days, or any such Number of Days not exceeding Eighteen, as shall from time to time be fixed by His Majesty by any Order of his Principal Secretary of State, without of Twenty-four Days, any Thing in any Act passed in the Forty-fourth Year of the Kings of His present Majesty relating to Volunteer Corps, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding; and the said Act and all Acts and Provisions in any Acts of Parliament relating to the Mustering and Exercising and Exceptions of Volunteer Corps, shall be voided, as to all Returns and Certificates of Commanding Officers of such Corps or others, as if the Number of Days fixed and had been Eighteen, or such Number as shall be so fixed as aforesaid instead of Twenty-four; and such Number of Eighteen Days or such other Number as aforesaid, shall in like manner be divided into Six Days, or Three equal Parts in which Four Months, instead of Eight Days as in the said Act provided, with such Provisions as to making good any Number of Days at different Periods, as is provided in relation to the Days of Exercise specified in the said Act; and every Certificate shall specify the Number of Days of Exercise of the Person claiming the Benefit thereof.

IV. And be it further enacted, That for providing proper Depots for the Armes, Clothing and Accoutrements of the Regiments, Battalions, and Corps or Companies of Local Militia in Scotland, it shall be lawful for the Clerks of General Meetings of the Lieutenancy, or the Register of the Officer commanding any such Regiment, Battalion, or Corp, or Company, to draw upon the Clerk or of the Clerk in each County, respectively, for any Sum not exceeding for every Regiment, Battalion, or Corps or Company, not exceeding the Proportion of Two Pounds Sterling for every Six hundred Men, in any One Year, and which Sum shall be paid to the Commanding Officer requiring the Clerk to draw for the same, and shall be by him applied in providing such Depots, and shall be regularly accounted for by the Production of Receipts for the Money expended in providing the said Depots, which Receipts shall be delivered to the Collector of the Cists, and shall be a Discharge to him in his Accounts, and shall be delivered by him as Cash to the Receiver General of the Cists or Land Tax in Scotland.

V. And whereas sufficient Provision is not made in the said recited Act of the Forty-eighth Year aforesaid, for procuring Returns of Delinquents for the Purpose of having the same supplied before the Fourteenth Day of February, as in the said Act mentioned; and it is therefore expedient that the Provision in the said Act contained in relation to the Fees by the said Act imposed for not supplying Delinquents shall be superseded; Be it therefore further enacted, That as much of the said Act as aforesaid, that a Fine of Fifteen Pounds shall be made and paid in respect of every Man delinquent on the Fourteenth Day of February, shall be and the same is hereby superseded: Provided always, that every County, Hundred and Parish, shall be subject to the said Penalty by the said Act imposed and hereby superseded, in respect of every Man of any Regiment attached for Training and Exercise, not present during such Training, and Exercise, and whose Varsity shall not be supplied within Three Months after the Day of assembling of the Local Militia to which such Man shall have belonged, and such Proportion of such Fine shall be returned within the Period of One and Two Months before

time after the Expiration of each Three Months, as are in the said Act specified in relation to Deficiencies supplied within certain Periods after the Fourteenth Day of February.

VI. Provided always, and to be further enacted, That the Constables and other Officers of all Parishes and Places for which any Local Militia Men shall be serving, shall make diligent Enquiry as to all Men enrolled in the Local Militia, for the Parishes or Places for which they shall respectively be Constables, and shall, before the Fourteenth Day of November in each Year, return to the Clerk of the Subdivision written which such Parishes or Places shall be, a true Account of all Persons leaving for such Parish or Place in the Local Militia, specifying such as shall have died or left their Residences, and whether the Persons on their residing in such Parish or Place shall have wholly left such Parish or Place, or shall still reside any House, Residence or Lodging, in such Parish or Place, and also the Place to which such Persons shall have gone as have changed their Residences, if the same can be ascertained; and every Constable who shall neglect or refuse to make any such Returns, or shall wilfully make any false Returns, shall forfeit, for every such Offence, the Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered and applied as may like Penalty may be recovered under any Act relating to the Militia; and all Deficiencies which shall by any such Returns be ascertained to have taken place, and shall have been returned to the Clerk of Subdivisions of the Division or Place in which the same shall have occurred, before the Fourteenth Day of November in any Year, shall be supplied before the Fourteenth Day of February next succeeding, under such Penalty for any Default therein as is specified in the said recited Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall have succeeded to the Office of being enrolled in the Local Militia who shall afterwards die, and who shall not declare his true Name and the Parish for which he is serving, is to be as to a Deceased and Return and Payment to be made in respect of such Bounty and every Sergeant or Non-commissioned Officer who shall knowingly enlist any such Person and not deduct such Bounty, shall forfeit double the Amount of the Bounty to be deducted, to be shipped out of the Pay of the Man so enlisting, or of such Sergeant or Non-commissioned Officer, in such Manner, and in such Proportions, as the Commanding Officer of the Regiment into which such Man shall enlist, and such Sergeant or Non-commissioned Officer shall belong respectively, shall direct, so as that the same shall be kept, and the Whole of such Fine remitted and paid to the Agent General for the Local Militia, or to his Order, for the Use of the Parish entitled to the Return of Bounty.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Local Militia Man enlisting or entering into the Army, Navy or Marines, or being enrolled as a Volunteer or Submarine in the embodied Militia, shall declare to the Parish fees whom he shall receive the Bounty upon such Enlisting, Entering or Enrolling, the Regiment of Local Militia to which he belonged, and the Period at which he was enrolled therein, and for what Parish, and in what County, he was serving, and the Amount of the Bounty (if any) which he received or was to be enrolled in the Local Militia; and the Sum which shall have been paid to such Local Militia Man, upon his being enrolled in the Local Militia, shall be deducted from the Bounty to which such Man shall be entitled upon enlisting into His Majesty's Regular Forces, or into the Regular Militia, (as the case may be,) and shall be paid, if such Person shall enlist into the Line, to the Paymaster of the District into which such Man shall enlist, and accounted for to the Parish for which such Man was serving, and shall be repaid to such Parish under the Provisions of this Act; and the Name of the Person so enlisting, and the Regiment and County to which he belonged, and the Parish for which he was serving, and the Amount of the Bounty paid to the Paymaster of the District, shall be returned by the Officer commanding the Party with which such Man shall have enlisted, to the Agent General of the Local Militia, and shall be repaid to the Parish entitled therein, in such manner, and under such Order, as shall be made by such Agent General in that Behalf.

IX. And whereas certain Persons have been enrolled for the Local Militia by Justices of the Peace, without any Deputy Lieutenant being present at such Enrolment, and it is expedient that such Enrolment should be made valid, be it therefore enacted, That the Enrolment of all such Persons who shall have been so enrolled before the passing of this Act, and shall have taken the Oath, shall be deemed good, valid and effectual as if the same had been made before any Deputy Lieutenant at any Meeting of Justices; and the said Justices are hereby indemnified for and as against the fees, and related and discharged from all Grievances, Suits, Penalties and Forfeitures whatsoever, incurred by reason of having made any such Enrolments.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Qualifications of Captains, Lieutenants and Ensigns shall be of the same yearly Value, if Real Estate, or of the same Amount in Value, if Personal Estate, as the Qualifications of Captains, Lieutenants and Ensigns respectively to the Regular Militia, for Cities and Towns, being Counties of themselves; that is to say, For a Captain, an Estate of the Yearly Value of One hundred and fifty Pounds, or Personal Property to the Amount in the Whole of Two thousand two hundred Pounds; and for a Lieutenant, an Estate of the yearly Value of Thirty Pounds, or Personal Property to the Amount in the Whole of Seven hundred and fifty Pounds; and for an Ensign, an Estate of the yearly Value of Twenty Pounds, or Personal Property to the Amount in the Whole of Four hundred Pounds.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Officer who shall have held any Commission in any Grenadier Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall be eligible and qualified to hold any Commission of the like Rank in the Local Militia, without any other Qualification; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Militia to the contrary notwithstanding.

XII. And whereas Doubts have arisen as to the Appointments and Enrolments of Men for the Local Militia which have been made for Parishes in which the Volunteers actually serving have not been taken up, or Part of the Number required by the said recited Act of the Party eighth Year thereof for such Parishes in the Local Militia; and it is expedient that such Doubts should be removed, be it therefore enacted and enacted, That all such Appointments and Enrolments, and all Acts, Matters and Things done and made in pursuance thereof, shall be deemed good, valid and effectual in Law, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, provided always, that in every such case all future Appointments for the supplying of any Deficiencies

Constables in
militia Returns,
and other
Deficiencies to
be supplied.

Penalty.

Returning Bounty,
and not dis-
charging Names,
&c.

Penalty.

Local Militia
Men enlisting
into the Army,
&c. to declare
the Regiment.

Bounty, to
which serving
&c.

Indemnity to
Justices who have
enrolled for Local
Militia without
Deputy Lieutenants
being present.

Qualification of
Captains, Lieutenants
and Ensigns in Local
Militia.

Officers in Grenadier
Regiments.

48 G. 3. c. 111.
Certain Appointments and
Enrolments valid.

From Appo-
intments.

vacancies which may thereafter arise in any County or Division, or Part of any County or Parish, is or for which any such Appointments have been made, or Elections have taken place, shall have regard to the Voters who actually served in the several Divisions or Parts of the County, or in or for the several Parishes thereof, or Part of the Quota or Proportions of Local Militia of each Division, Part or Parish.

Proviso to
Previous Ser-
vice.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Member of any Friendly Society, being or entering to serve in the Local Militia, shall by such Service be subject to any Fine or Penalty imposed by such Society for Non-attendance during the time of such Service; any Thing in any Rule or Bye-Law of such Society con- trary thereto.

Apprentice

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Apprentice, being a Member of any Volunteer Corps, to transfer himself into the Local Militia without the Consent of his Master.

Forfeiture by
Non-attendance.

XV. And be it further enacted, That every Parish who shall hereafter be ballotted, and also shall have paid any such sum for appearing to be more than in the Local Militia, shall be exempt from being ballotted to serve in the King's Militia for the Period of Two Years from the Period of his having been ballotted to serve in the Local Militia.

Altered, &c.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XXVI.

An Act for granting a Duty on Foreign plain Linnen taken out of Warehouse and exported to For- eign Parts. [1810, April 1820.]

Duty on Export-
ation of plain
Linnen brought
to Warehouse
under 45 G. 3.
c. 110, and

WHEREAS it is expedient that plain Linnen of all Sorts (except Red Cloth) imported into Great Bri- tain, and landed in Warehouses according to Law without Payment of Duty, should on the Export- ation thereof from any such Warehouse for Foreign Parts be charged with a Duty of Customs according to the Value thereof; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be raised, levied, a- collected and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon Linnen plain of all Sorts (except Red Cloth) which shall have been or may be imported and secured in any Warehouse in the Port of London, under the Regulations of an Act passed in the Tenth third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain, to be stored in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, or in any Warehouse at any other Port of Great Britain, under the Regulations of an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of his said present Majesty, intitled, An Act to extend the Privileges of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for permitting certain Articles to be warehoused in Great Britain, in other Articles not therein mentioned, and for other Purposes, and which shall be exported from any such Warehouse for Foreign Parts, for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value of such Linnen the Sum of Fifteen Pounds, and in proportion for any greater or less Value, to be ascertained by the Declaration of the Exporter or Expositor of such Linnen, or of his known Agent or Factor, in the Manner and Form, and under all the Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, and subject to the same Penalties and Forfeitures as are made and provided for aforesaid, 1802 and extending the Duties to be paid according to the Value thereof, by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for reducing the several Duties of Customs chargeable on Goods Imported, and for granting other Duties on the same.* (45 G. 3. c. 117. in its corrected Form.)*

48 G. 3. c. 127.

49 G. 3. c. 25.

Duties to be
paid on Goods
Imported into
Great Britain.

It And be it further enacted, That the Duties hereby granted shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland respectively for the time being, a duty to be appor- tioned and applied as the Duties upon Goods, Wares and Merchandise charged according to the Value thereof, are directed to be apporportioned and applied by the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty.

[See as to Regulation of Duties on Foreign Linnen warehoused at certain Ports, *post* c. 29.]

C A P. XXVII.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirty one, certain Acts made in the Parliament of Ireland, for the better Regulation of the Irish Manu- factories. [1831, April 1840.]

25 G. 2. c. 2.

(1.) c. 24.

25 G. 3. (1.)

c. 50.

49 G. 3. (1.)

c. 12.

Continued 28
March 1840,
1841.

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Second Year of the Nineteenth and Twentieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for the better Regulation of the Irish Manufactories*; and by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, the said recited Act was amended, explained and amended; and by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, the said recited Act was continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten; and it is expedient that the said Two last recited Acts should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Two last recited Acts shall be continued, and shall be in force from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, until and upon the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirty one, and so longer.

C A P. XXVIII.

An Act for increasing the Rates of Subsistence to be paid to Inhabited Persons on quartering Soldiers.

[18th May 1810]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the sixth Session of Parliament for passing Money and Defining the Manner and for the better Payment of the Army and their Ordnance Companies, the Rates are established in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, that is to say, the Duchy of Wales, and the Towns of Berwick upon Tweed, for the Payment of Inhabited Persons, others as whom Non-commissioned Officers and Private Soldiers are quartered and admitted, who shall be furnished with Diet and Beer at their Quarters; and an Omission to give to such Inhabitants and others, to furnish certain Victuals, wine, or less of Diet and Small Beer, at the Rates prescribed. And whereas the Rates prescribed in the said Act are, in many Instances, less than the legal Price of Provision, and such other Goods and Services as are productive of Diet and Beer, and also of the same Quantity of the said Diet and Beer, as is directed in the said Act, and which it may be expedient, and be more easily effected by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Common Councils, to give certain Provisions, Victuals, and by the Authority of the same, that every Non-commissioned Officer and Private Soldier who shall be furnished with Diet and Small Beer within the several Parts of the United Kingdom, or other Persons on whom such Non-commissioned Officers or Private Soldiers shall be quartered and admitted by virtue of the said Act, shall pay and allow for the same One Shilling and Four pence per Diem (s); and that the Account of the same shall be rendered, and Paid, in a third Part, in like manner as is directed in the said Act, and in the second Part, the former Rates of Six pence per Diem for the Country, and Five pence per Diem for the Infantry. (s) [Eight Pence per Diem for a Soldier instead of the above Allowance, pag. c. 26. § 1.]

And be it further enacted, That in case any Inhabitants or other Persons on whom any Non-commissioned Officers or Private Men shall be quartered within the several Parts of the United Kingdom, shall, by virtue of the said Act, furnish such Non-commissioned Officers or Soldiers with the Articles therein mentioned, in lieu of furnishing Diet and Small Beer, at the Rates prescribed by this Act, such Inhabitants or other Persons on whom such Non-commissioned Officers or Soldiers are so quartered, and by whom the said Articles shall have been so furnished, shall receive, in consideration thereof, One Halfpenny per Diem for each Non-commissioned Officer and Soldier, instead of furnishing the same goods, as required by the said Act; which Sum of One Halfpenny per Diem shall be accounted for and paid in like manner as is directed touching the Rates aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Sum to be paid to the Inhabitor or other Person within the several Parts of the United Kingdom, on whom any of the Horses belonging to His Majesty's Forces shall be quartered by virtue of the said Act, for Hay and Straw, shall be One Shilling and Two pence per Diem for each Horse, instead of Six pence per Diem as directed in the said Act.

IV. And whereas the Provision contained in the said second Act, with respect to the Master of a dining room within the several Parts of the United Kingdom Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers on a March, or employed in Recruiting, and likewise the Rentmen by them raised, have been productive of much Inconvenience, as well to the Towns, as the Inhabitants: Be it further enacted, That in case of the said second Act as relates to the manner of furnishing Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers on a March, or employed in recruiting, and likewise the Rentmen by them raised, with Diet or other Provision, be and the same is hereby repealed.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from the Inhabitants or other Persons on whom they may be quartered, within the several Parts of the United Kingdom, at the Rates herebefore prescribed, within one Month, as also as and for the Day of their Arrival at the Place of their next Destination, and on the Two subsequent Days, unless either of the Two subsequent Days shall be a Market Day and for the Term or Place where such Officers or Soldiers shall be quartered, or unless the Distance of Two Miles thereof, in which case it shall and may be lawful for the Inhabitor, or other Person as aforesaid, to discharge on and from such Market Day the Supply of Diet and Small Beer, and to furnish in lieu thereof the Articles in the said second Act specified; and at all Rates herebefore prescribed.

VI. Provided always, That if any Victualler or other Person liable by the said second Act to have Soldiers quartered on him or her, shall pay any Sum or Part of Money to any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier on a March, in lieu of furnishing as Kind, the Diet and Small Beer, to which such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier is entitled under the said Act, every such Victualler or other Person may be proceeded against and sued in the manner as he or she had refused to furnish or allow according to the Directions of the said second Act, the several Things respectively directed to be furnished to Non-commissioned Officers or Soldiers so quartered or quartered on him or her as aforesaid.

VII. Provided also, That if any Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment, when on a March, shall be halted, either for a limited or indefinite Time, at any intermediate Place, the Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers belonging thereto shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from the Person on whom they shall be quartered at such intermediate Place, for such time only for which they would be entitled to receive the same after arriving at the Place of their final Destination, according to this Act.

VIII. Provided nevertheless, That whenever it shall happen that any Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment, when on their March, shall be halted, and it shall appear by the Marching Orders, that it is not

Cap 7. 400.

Allowance to Non-commissioned Officers, &c. for Diet, &c. in Quarters in England,

and the Articles which have been furnished gratis in the same.

For Hay and Straw for Horses quartered.

Second Act is hereby repealed.

Timing Non-commissioned Officers on Marching is hereby repealed.

Particulars of the Law on several Acts, &c.

Particulars.

Particulars of the Law on several Acts, &c.

Particulars of the Law on several Acts, &c.

intended that such Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment, shall hold for any longer time than One winter Day after the Day of their Arrival at the Place of Inting, and the Day after such Arrival shall be such Market Day as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for the said Officers or other Persons on whom the Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers shall be allotted, to discharge on such Market Day the Supply of Diet and Small Beer to any such Officers or Soldiers; but that all such Officers and Soldiers shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from such Inhabitants and other Persons aforesaid, upon such Market Day as aforesaid, at the Rate heretofore provided, in the manner as they would have been entitled therein, if such Day had not been a Market Day; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Enrolling
Troops, &c. on
March, Regu-
lators.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Non-commissioned Officers and Private Men employed in enrolling, and the Recruits by them raised, shall, while on the March, and for Two Days after the Day of their Arrival at any Recruiting Station, be entitled to the same Benefits as are heretofore provided in regard to Troops upon the March; but no Recruit entitled after the Two Days following to the Arrival of the Party at their Recruiting Station, shall be entitled to be supplied with Diet and Small Beer at the Rate heretofore prescribed, except at the Option of the Person on whom he shall be quartered; Provided also nevertheless, that in case any such Recruiting Party, with the Recruits by them raised, shall remove from their Station, and after a time shall return to the same Place, they and the Recruits by them raised, in returning, shall not be again entitled to the Supply of Diet and Small Beer for such Two Days as aforesaid, unless the Period between the time of their Removal from such Place, and their Return thence, shall have exceeded Twenty eight Days.

Gascoigne.

X. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall have Continuance from the Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

All allowed, &c.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered and voided by any Act to be made in this Session of Parliament.

[Powers of this Act extended to c. 96, p. 1, for 1/2 of that Act.]

C A P. XXIX.

An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for amending the Irish Road Act.

[18th May 1810.]

48 G. 3. c. 22.
1810.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for amending the Irish Road Act*, it was, among other Things, enacted, That from and after the End of the second Lent **A**ffairs which shall be held in Ireland in the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten, an Assize for the **a**ccounting for the Repairs of any Road shall be allowed by the Grand Jury or by the Court at any Assize or **a**ffixing Terms or for any County or County of a City or Town in Ireland, unless it shall be specially stated **a**s such Assize that there is not on either Side of any Part of the Road specified in such Assize, any **a** Grop, Trench or Drain, without a Wall or other sufficient Defence between such Grop, Trench or Drain, and **a** the Side of such Road And whereas in many Parts of Ireland the Building of such Walls or other **a** sufficient Fences may be attended with great Expence: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury, and the Court at any Assize or Order Session to be held in Ireland, to allow any Assize for the **a**ccounting for the Repairs of any Road (not being a Road on which His Majesty's Mails are conveyed in Mail Coaches or Four-wheeled Carriages drawn by Two or more Horses) without its being stated, as is required by the last recited Act, that "there is not any Grop, Trench or Drain without a Wall or other sufficient Fence **a**tween the face and the Side of the Road," provided that it appears that no former Grand Jury preferred a **a** Sum for making such Wall or Fence: any thing to the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Grand Jury, &c.
may allow the
Assize without
Petition as re-
quired by the
said Act.

and also in-
clude
any respecting
temporary Ma-
jority

II. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any new Line of Road shall have been surveyed, approved of, and preferred by any Grand Jury and Court at any Assize, whereby any Mail Coach Road now in Use, or any Part of such Road shall be proposed to be avoided, it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury and the Court to allow any Assize for accounting for the temporary Repairs of the Part of such Mail Coach Road as is to be avoided, although it shall not be specially stated in any such Assize that there is not on either Side of any Part of the Road (specified in such Assize), any Grop, Trench or Drain, without a Wall or other **a** sufficient Defence between such Grop, Trench or Drain, and the Side of such Road; any thing in the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Oversee in
order to Ad-
vance the
Amount of
Sum awarded
for the making
of any such
Wall, &c.

III. And be it further enacted, That in every Assize for accounting for any Performance for the building, rebuilding, enlarging or repairing any Bridge, Arch, Gallie, Quay, Sillow-boat, Workhouse, House of Correction, Pipe or Wall, or for the making, repairing or preserving any Road or Footpath, or for the making Drains in order to carry off any Water which might injure any Bridge, Gallie, Arch, Pipe, Wall or Road, the Overseer making the same shall state in the Account allowed therein as an Item or Items composing Part of the Sum to be accounted for, the Amount of any Sums or Sums which may have been awarded for Damages incurred by his having taken away from the Grounds or Lands belonging in any Part of any Stone, Quay, Road or Earth, for the Purpose of executing the Provements which such Assize is to account for the Expence of, pursuant to an Act passed in Ireland in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for

48 G. 3. 7
c. 1.

for the Amendment of Public Roads, whether the probable Expence may or may not have been estimated previous to obtaining the Preference.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. XXX.

An Act to regulate the Fees payable to Coroners in Ireland, upon holding Inquisitions,

[18th May 1810.]

WHEREAS Coroners in Ireland are at considerable Expence in holding Inquisitions, and are not fully and justly paid for the same: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of each County in Ireland, County of a City, and County of a Town, at each Assize or Prefessing Term, to prefer any Sum not exceeding Five Guineas for each and every Inquest which any Coroner of that County shall have holden since the preceding Assize or Prefessing Term, to be paid to the Treasurer of such County, and by him to the Coroner who shall have holden the same, Proof being first made to the Satisfaction of the Grand Jury of his having made due Returns of such Inquest to said Assize or Prefessing Term: Provided always, that the Money to be preferred as aforesaid, at any one Assize or Prefessing Term shall not exceed in the Whole the Sum of Forty Guineas.

II. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend to Inquisitions held in Gaols in the County or County of the City of Dublin.

C A P. XXXI.

An Act for augmenting the Salaries of the Lords of Session, Lords Commissioners of Justiciary, and Barons of Exchequer in Scotland, and Judges in Ireland.

[18th May 1810.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, 'An Act for the Augmentation of the Salaries of the Judges of the Courts in Westminster Hall; and also of the Lords of Session, Lords Commissioners of Justiciary, and Barons of Exchequer in Scotland; and for enabling His Majesty to grant Annuities in Pension to certain Officers in the said Courts in Westminster Hall, as the Resignation of their respective Offices: And whereas another Act was passed in the Thirty sixth and the Forty first Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, to amend in each of the said two last recited Acts, as relates to the Salaries of the Judges of the Courts of Session, Justiciary and Exchequer in Scotland: And whereas another Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, 'An Act for further augmenting the Salaries of certain of the Judges of the Courts in Westminster Hall, and of the Chief and Second Judges of Circuit, and Judges of the Court of Exchequer in Wales: And whereas an Act was passed in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, 'An Act for increasing the Salaries of the Chief Justice and other Judges of His Majesty's Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas, and of the Chief Barons, and other Barons of the Court of Exchequer in the Kingdom: And whereas it is expedient that a further augmentation should be made in the Salaries of the Lords of Session, Lords Commissioners of Justiciary, and Barons of Exchequer in Scotland, and also in the Salaries of the Judges of the Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas, and the Chief Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland; We Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in each of the last recited Acts passed in the Thirty sixth and the Thirty sixth and Twentieth Years and Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as relates to the Amounts of the same to be paid as Salaries respectively, to the Lords of Session, Lords Commissioners of Justiciary, and Barons of the Exchequer in Scotland, shall be, and the same are hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be fixed, paid and applied, in every Year, out of the Moneys that shall arise from any of the Duties and Revenues in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, which by several Acts made in the Seventh and Tenth Years of the Reign of Queen Anne, were charged or made chargeable with the Fees, Salaries, and other Charges allowed or to be allowed by Her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, for keeping up the Courts of Session, Justiciary and Exchequer in Ireland, to the Judges in Scotland here mentioned, in each Money, as will make up their respective Salaries to the several Sums hereinafter mentioned; to-wit, To the Lord President of the Court of Session, Four thousand three hundred Pounds; to each of the other Lords of Session, who are not Lord Justice Clerk, or Lord Commissioner of Justiciary, Two thousand Pounds; to the Lord Justice Clerk now residing in the freed Division of the Court of Session, Four thousand Pounds; to each of the Lords of Session, who are Lords Commissioners of Justiciary, Two thousand four hundred Pounds, to the Lord Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer, Four thousand Pounds; and to each of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer, Two thousand Pounds; which said Sums of Money, to be paid in pursuance of this Act, shall from time to time from thenceforth be payable and paid Quarterly, clear from all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever (except the Duty chargeable by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, 'An Act for raising to His Majesty during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April after the Expulsion of

What Sum Grand Jury may prefer, for Inquest.

Case in Dublin.

20 G. 2. c. 110

30 G. 2. c. 22.

40 G. 2. c. 181.

25 G. 2. (3.) c. 22.

Relatives of Barons of Exchequer in Scotland, &c. appointed.

Salaries and Judges of Court of Session and Barons of Exchequer in Scotland.

10 G. 2. c. 20.

a Defective Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain, on the Rates and Duties on Profits upon, &c. in Part 29, Profits in Trade and Office, and for repealing an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His Majesty George the Fourth, for expunging certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the same Majesty for granting a License for the Public Sale, &c. in Property, Profits, Tenure and Office, and so on, and also a Table of the said Profits, &c. in all things the said Duties.

Additional Table
of the said
Taxes.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be fixed and paid, and applied, as in every Year, out of the Taxes, Duties and Revenues which shall compose the Fund called the *English Land Fund*, to such and every of the *Public Judges of the Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas*, and to each and every of the *Public Judges of the Court of Exchequer*, over and above the Sums now allowed to the said Judges respectively, and as additional to the said Sums, and the *Post-office Emoluments* now received by the said Judges and *Barristers* respectively, the Sums of Six hundred and fifty Pounds each, and that the said Sums of Money to be fixed to the said Judges of *Ireland* shall be payable as the *Sheriffs* of the said Judges have heretofore been payable in *Ireland*, and together with the other Parts of their Salaries; and shall be paid without any Deduction for Pale or Postage, or otherwise.

Consequence of
the said Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in addition to the Payments respectively fixed to the said several Judges in *Ireland* upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and one, and in *Ireland* on the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and one, and before or to that Period, there shall be fixed to each of them respectively out of the said Taxes and Revenues respectively chargeable with the Payment of these Sums as aforesaid, such Sums and Sums of Money as will make up each of such Payments respectively to the Sums and Sums to which each of the said Judges would have been entitled if this Act had passed at the same time with the above recited Act made in the last Session of Parliament.

Provisions
to be made
in this Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said several recited Acts, and all Clauses, Provisions, Orders, Regulations, Matters and Things therein contained, in so far as the same are applicable, and are not hereby altered, shall be in force and applied to carry into Effect the Purposes of this Act.

C A P. XXXII.

An Act to repeal certain Parts of several Acts of the Parliament in *Ireland* in far as relates to the limiting the Number of Persons to be carried by Stage Coaches or other Carriages; for enacting other Limitations in lieu thereof; and for other Purposes relating thereto.

[24th May 1810.]

In this Act,

WHEREAS the Number of Passengers to be conveyed by Stage Coaches and other Carriages, plying for Hire in *Ireland*, have been limited upon various Roads by several Acts passed to the Parliament of *Ireland*; And whereas it is expedient to repeal in each of the said Acts in relation to the Limitation of Passengers, and the additional Tolls and Penalties which are thereby denominated and inflicted upon a greater Number being conveyed by such Stage Coaches or other Carriages than are specified in the aforesaid Acts; and to enact other Provisions and Regulations for carrying the aforesaid Objects into Effect; and so regulate the Conduct of the Owners and Drivers of such Carriages; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, in each of the several Acts of Parliament of *Ireland*, as in and to the Limitation of Passengers to be conveyed by Stage Coaches and other Four-wheeled Carriages in each of the said Acts as relates to the additional Tolls and Penalties which are thereby denominated and inflicted in case of a greater Number being conveyed by Stage Coaches and other Four-wheeled Carriages than is specified by the aforesaid Acts, he and the same are hereby repealed.

Various Provisions
of Passengers
repealed.

Number of Passengers
conveyed by
Stage Coaches,
&c.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ten, any Coach, Berlin, Landau, Chariot, Dölmage, Chaise, Craic Marra, or other Carriage with four or more Wheels, by what Name soever the same is or shall hereafter be called or known, to be employed as a Public Stage Coach or Carriage for the Purpose of conveying Passengers for Hire to and from different Places in *Ireland*, and drawn by Horse or more Horses, shall be allowed to carry Six Inside and Ten Outside Passengers, and so more, exclusive of the Coachman, but including the Guard (where there is a Guard with such Carriage); and that One of such Passengers, and no more, shall be allowed to sit upon the Box with the Coachman; Three of such Passengers on the Front of the Box, and the remaining Six behind in the manner the most safe and convenient for the said Passengers; and that all Stage Coaches or other Carriages above described, drawn by Two or three Horses, shall be allowed to carry four Outside Passengers, and so more, exclusive of the Coachman; and that all Stage Coaches called Long Coaches or Double-Booted Coaches, shall be permitted to carry in all Sixteen Passengers and so more, exclusive of the Coachman, but including the Guard (where there is a Guard with such Coach and/or such Horses or Penalties as are by this Act imposed in Cases where more Passengers are carried than are allowed by this Act: Provided always, that no Child in the Lap or under Seven Years of Age shall be admitted as or counted as one of such Number.

Offences.

To be specified in
Licensing.

III. And be it further enacted, that every Person who shall keep any Carriage to be employed as a public Stage Coach or other Carriage above described, for the Purpose of conveying Passengers for Hire to and from different Places in *Ireland*, shall, in the License which he is hereby required to take out from the Commissioners of Stamps in the City of Dublin, specify the Number of Passengers to be carried as or above such Coach or other Carriage above described, and that no such License shall be granted for more than Sixteen Inside and Outside Passengers in all, exclusive of the Coachman.

IV. And

IV. And he is further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons who shall be duly licensed to keep any Coach or other Carriage above described, for the Purpose of carrying Passengers for Hire to and from different Places in Ireland, shall, and he. Be or they are and are respectively directed and required to paint or cause to be painted, within Six Months from the passing of this Act, on the Outside of each Door of each such Coach or other Carriage above described, or on some other conspicuous Part thereof, in legible Characters at least One Inch and a Half in length, and in a different Colour from the Ground on which the same is painted, and in Wooden length, the Number of Passengers which the License obtained for such Carriages respectively shall specify or express, together with the Names or Names of the Persons or Persons or Firm of the Company of Proprietors to whom such Coach or other Carriage shall belong; and if any Person or Persons shall employ or make use of any such Carriage as aforesaid, for carrying any Passengers for Hire to and from different Places in Ireland, without being licensed to do so, or without having the said Words printed on the Outside of each Door of such Carriage, or in such other conspicuous Part thereof and in such manner as is herebefore described; or if any Coachman or other Driver shall at any time carry more Passengers than shall be licensed or expressed in the License for using such Coach or other Carriage, every Person so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered and applied in the manner hereinafter specified by this Act.

And he is
penal on Owners
of Coaches, &c.

Penalty.

V. And he is further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Driver, Owner or Proprietor of any such Coach or other Carriage above described, going or travelling for Hire, to carry or permit or suffer any Parcel or Package or Luggage whose exceeding Two Feet in Height, to be conveyed on the Roof of any such Coach, Mail Coach or other Carriage above described, drawn by Four or more Horses; and where Carriages are drawn by Two or Three Horses, or any of the Description called Long Coaches or Double-headed Coaches, then such Luggage not to exceed Eighteen Inches above the Roof; and every such Owner or Driver acting contrary thereto, and being convicted of such Offence, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds, said Penalty to be recovered and applied in manner herebefore specified.

Luggage carried
on Top of coach.

Penalty.

VI. And he is further enacted, That in case the Driver of any such Coach or other Carriage above described, or the Person acting as Guard, shall by reason of Inattention, Negligence, or other Misconduct, endanger his Passengers in their Lives or their Property, or the Property of any other Person with which they may be entrusted, or shall bring on the Road, or willfully neglect or lose Time, or shall fail or refuse or omitting to Lounge to any Passengers; or shall demand or exact more than the Fare due from any Passengers; or shall see in all possible Cases tried at the Speed of such a Number of Miles as Horse or Horses are used and expressed in and by the Time bill carried with the same, with the Conveniences of the Weather or the Occurrence of any Accident to the Coach or Horses that prevent the same; then and in every such Case the Driver or Guard (as the case may be) of such Coach or other such Carriage, in offending and being convicted thereof, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds for every such Offence, over and above the Sum or Sums of Money he is entitled, and shall make Compensation for all Damage or Loss sustained by them Misconduct; such Penalty to be recovered and applied in manner herebefore specified; and in case of Non-payment every such Offender shall be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of the County, City, Town, Division or Place where such Offence shall have been committed, or where such Offender is actually present, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any time not exceeding Two Months, nor less than Fifteen Days, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices by or before whom any such Offender shall be convicted.

Drivers willful-
ly to endanger
Lives or Prop-
erty, &c.

Penalty.

Imprisonment.

VII. And he is further enacted, That in case the Driver of any such Coach or other Carriage above described going or travelling for Hire, shall (in any Place or Places where Assistance can be procured), quit his Horses or the Box of such Coach or other Carriage above described, until a proper Person or Persons shall stand at the Head of the Horses or Pair harnessed, in order to prevent them from running away, such Person or Persons

Drivers leaving
Horses.

Penalty.

Imprisonment.

to remain at their Head until the Driver has returned to his Box; and if such Driver fail neglect to attend to the same, he or they being duly convicted thereof, shall be, subject to and forfeit and pay a Penalty of Five Pounds for each Offence, such Penalty to be recovered and applied in manner herebefore specified; and in case of Non-payment, every such Offender shall be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of the County, City, Town, Division or Place where such Offence shall have been committed, or where such Offender is actually present, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any time not exceeding One Month nor less than Fifteen Days at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices by or before whom any such Offender shall be convicted: Provided nevertheless, that nothing in this Clause contained shall extend or be construed to extend to Hackney Carriages being drawn by Two Horses only.

Penalty.

When good Ser-
vice of some-
times by Drivers.

VIII. And he is further enacted, That any Business (Tied by any Letter of the Peace commanding any Driver or Guard of any Coach or other Carriage above described, to appear before him at such Time or Place as to such Justice or Justices may be for any Offence committed against this Act, shall be deemed good and sufficient Service in case the same be left with the keeper as ailing Hack keeper, or any other Person having the Care of any Office where Places are usually taken or Parcels received for such Coach or other Carriage above described.

Negligence to
serve Warr-
ents.

Penalty.

Imprisonment.

IX. And he is further enacted, That if any Constable or other Peace Officer shall refuse or neglect to execute any Warrant granted by any Justice of the Peace under this Act, every such Person so offending, and being convicted thereof, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Shillings; and in case the Person so convicted shall not forthwith pay or procure to be paid the said Penalty, thereon shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices of the Peace to commit such Person to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of the County, City, Town, Division or Place, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any time not exceeding One Month, unless the said Penalty shall be sooner paid.

X. And.

Justices, &c.
may be made
Provision.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Justice, Mayor, Bailiff, or other Chief Officer before whom any Person shall have been committed for any Offence against the Provisions of this Act, shall be unable to mitigate any Penalty, every such Justice, Mayor, Bailiff, or other Chief Officer may mitigate or lessen the same to any Sum not less than Half of the Penalty or Forfeiture incurred, near and above all reasonable Costs and Charges expended or incurred in the Prosecution; and that One Moiety of the Penalty to be paid, with the said Costs and Charges, shall be paid to the Informer, and the other Moiety shall be paid either to the Clergyman of the Parish where such Offence is committed, or to the Clergyman of the Parish where such Justice resides, for the Use of the Poor of such Parish; such Penalty to be recovered in manner hereinafter specified.

Offence how to be tried.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Offences committed against this Act shall and may be cognizable, and determined by and before any One or more Justices of the Peace, or before any Mayor, Bailiff, or other Chief Officer for any County, Shire, City, Borough or Town Corporate, or Place where any such Offence may happen to be committed, or where the Offender is actually present, upon the Oath or Oaths of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, or upon the voluntary Confession of the Party, which Oath every such Justice, Mayor, Bailiff, or other Chief Officer is hereby required to administer, and upon Proof of any such Offence to give Judgment or Sentence for the Forfeiture or Penalty incurred, and for the reasonable Costs and Charges of the Prosecution (such Penalty and Costs to be levied by Deputies and Sale of the Goods of such Offender, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice or other Magistrate), or to commit the Person or Persons so sentenced to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the said County, Shire, Borough, Town Corporate or Place, for such time as is hereinafter specified by the Justices of this Act.

Liability.

XII. And be it further enacted, That no Coach or other Carriage above described, conveying Persons for Hire, shall be charged or compelled to pay at any Toll or Turnpike Gate any greater Toll than is paid by other Coaches or Carriages drawn by an equal Number of Horses, any thing in any Act contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Forms of Proceedings.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Forms of the Proceedings relative to the several Matters contained in this Act which are set forth and expressed in the Schedule herewith annexed, may be used upon all Occasions, and with such Additions or Variations as may be necessary to adapt them to the particular Circumstances of the Case; and that no Objections shall be allowed to be made or Advantage taken on account of want of Form in any such Proceedings.

Public Act.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall be deemed, adjudged and taken to be a Public Act, and be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and other Persons whomsoever, without being specially pleaded.

(As to England, page c. 48.)

The SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.
FORMS OF PROCEEDINGS mentioned in the foregoing Act.

INFORMATION.

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the said County, informeth me _____ One thousand eight hundred and _____
A. B. of _____ in the said County, informeth me _____ One of His Majesty's Justices
 of the Peace for the said County, that _____ [here describe the Offence particularly, and
 follow the Words of the Act as near as may be] contrary to the Statute made in the Fifth Year of the Reign
 of King George the Third, intituled, An Act for (a) [here insert the Title of the Act] which hath imposed a
 Forfeiture of _____ for the said Offence. Received the _____ Day of _____ by
 me _____ C. D.

(a) [See the Title, which begins "An Act to..."]

SUMMONS for any Person or Persons to attend a Justice.

To *A. B.*

WHEREAS Complaint and Information hath been made before me C. D. One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, (a) [here, state the Nature and Circumstances of the Case, as far as it shall be necessary to show the Offence and to bring it within the Authority of the Justice, and in doing that follow the Words of the Act as near as may be] There are therefore to require you personally to appear before me, or such other of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, (a) [here, state the Nature, to answer the said Complaint and Information]; and further to do and receive what to the Law shall appertain. Hence full not. Given under my Hand and Seal this _____ Day of _____ One thousand eight hundred and _____

FORM OF CONVICTION.

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and _____ at _____ in the County of _____ aforesaid, *A. B.* came before me C. D. One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, (a) [here, state the Nature and Circumstances of the Case, as far as it shall be necessary to show the Offence and to bring it within the Authority of the Justice, and in doing that follow the Words of the Act as near as may be] whereas the said *A. B.* after being duly summoned to answer said Charge, appeared before _____ or the _____ Day of _____ in the said County; and having heard the Charge contained in the said Information, declared that he was not guilty of the said Offence; but the same being fully proved upon the Oath of *G. H.* a credible Witness, it manifestly appears to me the said Justice, that he the said *A. B.* is guilty of the Offence charged upon him in the said Information; it is therefore considered and adjudged by me the said _____

fold Justice, that he the said E. P. be convicted, and I do hereby give to him of the Office aforesaid; and I do hereby declare and adjudge, that he the said E. P. hath forfeited the Seat of of Justice
 Messrs J Green, Attorneys, for the Office aforesaid, to be distributed to the La. aforesaid, according to the Terms
 of the Statute in that Case made and provided. Given under my Hand and Seal the Day of

One thousand eight hundred and

After the Words "being duly Summoned to answer the said Charge," unless [did not appear before me pursuant to the said Summons] or [did neglect and refuse to make any Defence against the said Charge, but the same being fully proved, as aforesaid] or unless [after the Words "consented to the said Information," unless] or [consented and voluntarily confessed the same to be true, and it manifestly appears in the said Justice, &c. &c.] as above.

C A P. XXXIII.

An Act for enabling Tenants in Tail and for Life and also Ecclesiastical Persons to grant Leases for the Purpose of endowing Schools in Ireland. [24th May 1810.]

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament passed in Ireland in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for the further explaining and amending the several Laws for permitting Grants, made by Tenants, and for the more easy Removal of Leases, and for the further Amendment of the Law in certain Cases therein mentioned, in, amongst other Things, enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for all Persons whatsoever held in Fee Simple, Fee Tail, or for Life in Possession in any Lands, with immediate Remainder to his, her or their own Heirs, by his, her or their Deeds respectively, to grant any Part of such Lands not exceeding One Acre Plantation Measure, of the yearly Value of Thirty Shillings, and being so Part of the Demise Lands wholly occupied with or reputed as Demise to the Mansion or Chief Dwelling House belonging to such Tenant in Fee Simple, Fee Tail, or for Life, or for the Use of a Resident Professor Schoolmaster to teach the English Tongue, and that the Master and Churchwardens and their Successors for ever of each respective Parish where such Acre of Land is or shall be so granted or let apart, shall be empowered and made capable of receiving such Grant or Grants of Land, not exceeding One Acre Plantation Measure, for the Use of such English Resident Protestant Schoolmaster to teach the English Tongue, and to so other Incent or Use whatsoever: And whereas the Possesses of the said Act as that respect hath been found insufficient: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful and for all Persons whatsoever held in Fee Simple, Fee Tail, or for Life in Possession, with immediate Remainder to his, her or their Heirs, of any Interest in Lands, by his or their Deeds respectively, to grant any Part of such Lands not exceeding Half an Acre Irish Plantation Measure within the Liberties of any City or Corporate Town in Ireland, not Two Acres Irish Plantation Measure in any other Part of the said Land, of whatever yearly Value the same may be, and being so Part of the Demise Land wholly occupied with or reputed as Demise, or the Mansion or Chief Dwelling House belonging to such Tenant in Fee Tail, or for Life, or any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Corporate, whether Aggregate or Not, who shall be approved of for that Purpose by the Bishop of the Diocese in which such Lands lie, and to his said their Heirs or Successors in Fee Simple, or for any lesser Interest; such Approbation to be expressed by such Bishop being a Party to and signing and sealing such Deed, in trust for the Use of a Resident Schoolmaster, and subject to such Conditions respecting the Mode of appointing such Schoolmaster and his Successors, and the Plan of Education and Regulation of such School and in Concern as shall be specified in such Deed, or as shall afterwards be agreed on by and between the Person or Persons so making such Grant of Land, or his or their Heirs, or the one Part, and all and every or any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, their Heirs or Successors, on the other Part, who shall advance or shall have advanced any of his or their Money, or any Part of the Funds entrusted to those Managers, or to the Assignee of the said Act One hundred Pounds Sterling, either for the building of a School House on the Lands so granted, or for the Maintenance of the Schoolmaster.*

Act 37 Geo. 2. c. 15.

Grants of Land in Towns Corporations, &c. by Land Tenants for the Endowment of Schools, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful in like manner for every Archbishop and Bishop, Dean and Dean and Chapters, Archdeacons, or other Ecclesiastical Dignitary, Prebendary, Rector, Vicar, and all other Eclesiastical Persons, with the Consent of the Arch Bishop or Bishop of their respective Dioceses, to make an absolute Grant by Deed or Deeds under their respective Hands and Seals, of any Quantity of Land in any of their respective Bishopricks, in right of their respective Archbishopricks, Bishopricks, and other Ecclesiastical Dignities, or as Gift or otherwise, not exceeding One Acre, to any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who shall be approved of by such Archbishop or Bishop, or the Consent and Approbation of such Archbishop or Bishop to be expressed by his being a Party to and signing and sealing such Deed, in trust for the Use of a Resident Schoolmaster, and subject to such Conditions respecting the Mode of appointing such Schoolmaster, and the Plan of Education and Regulation of such School, as is heretofore mentioned and expressed with respect to such Grant by other Persons heretofore mentioned.

Grants by Ecclesiastical Persons.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Grants or Leases, or his or their Heirs or Heirs, Successors or Successors, shall be granted to vote at the Elections of any Member to serve in Parliament, as a Freeholder, by virtue of any Grant or Lease made by virtue of this present Act.

Grants not to vote at Elections.

C A P. XXXIV.

An Act for allowing the Exportation of *Brish* and *Irish* made Malt from one Part of the United Kingdom to the other. [24th May 1810.]

WHEREAS by the Laws now in force, Malt is prohibited from being imported into *Great Britain* and *Ireland* respectively: And whereas, it is expedient that a free Intercourse thereof should be permitted between those Parts of the United Kingdom, subject to such Conserving Duties on the Import thereof respectively, as shall be equal to the several Duty payable on Malt in the Country into which such Malt shall be imported, and that all Malt imported from *Great Britain* to *Ireland*, or from *Ireland* to *Great Britain*, should be entitled to Drawbacks respectively, equal in Amount to such Conserving Duties: It is therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of *December* One thousand eight hundred and ten, it shall and may be lawful to import directly into *Great Britain* Malt imported made in *Ireland*, and also to import directly into *Ireland* Malt imported made in *Great Britain*, subject to the Duties and Drawbacks by this Act imposed and allowed, and under, subject and according to such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions as are provided, forth or established of and concerning the same by this Act, or as may be provided, ruled or established by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament. [See c. 52. *Act*.]

Duties on Malt
imported into
Great
Britain from
Ireland or
vice versa.

Duties.

II. And be it further enacted, That for all such Malt so imported there shall be paid the following Conserving Duties; that is to say, for every Bushel of such Malt made in *Ireland*, and exported directly from thence into that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, the Sum of Four Shillings and Four pence; for every Bushel of such Malt made in *Ireland*, and imported directly from thence into that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, the Sum of Three Shillings and Eight pence, and Ten twelfths of a Farthing; for every Barrel of such Malt made in *Great Britain* and imported directly from thence into *Ireland*, the Sum of Ten Shillings *British* Currency.

Drawbacks.

III. And be it further enacted, That for all such Malt so exported there shall be allowed the following Drawbacks; that is to say, for every Bushel of Malt made in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for which all the Duties imposed for or in respect thereof shall have been fully paid and exported from thence to *Ireland* unground, the Sum of Four Shillings and Four pence; for every Bushel of Malt made from *Barley* or any other Corn or Grass, except *Bar* or *Rye*, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, for which all the Duties imposed for or in respect thereof shall have been fully paid, and exported from thence to *Ireland* unground, the Sum of Three Shillings and Eight pence and Ten twelfths of a Farthing; for every Barrel of Malt made in *Ireland*, for which all the Duties imposed for or in respect thereof shall have been fully paid, and exported from thence to *Great Britain* unground, the Sum of Ten Shillings *British* Currency.

Exemption of
Bullis.

IV. And be it further enacted, That by the Bessel in this Act mentioned, so far as it relates to the Drawback on the Exportation of Malt from *Great Britain* and the Duty on the Importation thereof into *Great Britain*, is meant and intended a Bessel, according to the Standard remaining in the Custody of the Chamberlain of His Majesty's Exchequer in *England*, commonly called as known by the Name of *The Winchester Bessel*, and that every round Bessel with a plain and even Bottom being made Eighteen Inches and a Half Wide throughout, and Eight Inches Deep shall be esteemed for the Purpose aforesaid, a legal *Winchester Bessel* according to the said Standard; and that by the Bessel in this Act mentioned, so far as it relates to the Drawback on the Exportation of Malt from *Ireland*, and the Duty on the Importation thereof into *Ireland*, is meant and intended the Bessel known by the Name of *The Winchester Bessel*, containing Eight Gallons of Two hundred and seventy two Cubical Inches and a Quarter of an Inch each, and that Four such Bessels shall be deemed a Barrel.

and Barrel

Drawback
Drawbacks on
C. H. under
Barley, &c.
under Customs,
&c.

V. And be it further enacted, That such of the said Duties and Drawbacks as shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in *England*; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in *Scotland*; for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in *Ireland*, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland* for the time being; and that such Duties and Drawbacks shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Ireland*, shall be managed, administered, raised, levied, collected, enforced, paid, recovered and accounted for in *Ireland*, in such and the like manner as any Duties or Drawbacks of a like Nature payable in *Ireland*, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions, Forfeitures, Fines, Penalties and Penalties now in force, in relation to or made for securing the Revenue of Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*, and all Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures for any Offence committed against or in breach of any Act of Parliament in force at the time of passing this Act, for recovering the said Revenues in *Ireland*, shall be in full Force as to the said Duties and Drawbacks, as fully and effectually as if they were made a Part of this Act.

Continued
Fund.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all the Moneys arising by the Duties by this Act imposed, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted, shall, from time to time, be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Winchester* and *Dublin* respectively, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain* and *Ireland* respectively.

Conservation

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect as to all such Matters and Things therein contained, in respect whereof no Special Commencement is hereby directed or provided, from and immediately after the First Day of *December* One thousand eight hundred and ten.

C A P. XXXV.

An Act for altering the Mode of collecting the Duty on Insurances against Loss by Fire, upon Property in His Majesty's Islands and Possessions in the West Indies, and elsewhere beyond the Seas; and for exempting certain Bonds and Receipts from Stamp Duty; for giving Relief in certain Cases of Stamps spoiled or mislaid; and for explaining Part of an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for granting Stamp Duties in Great Britain. [14th May 1810.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty second Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, *Act for charging a Duty on Persons whose Property shall be insured against Loss by Fire*; a yearly Duty of One Shilling and Six pence per Centum was imposed upon all Sums insured on any Property against Loss by Fire; and all Persons who should publicly or privately insure or keep any Office for insuring Property against Loss by Fire were required to take out a License for that Purpose from the Commissioners of Stamps, and to enter into Bonds to His Majesty for the Payment of the Duties payable in respect thereof: And whereas the yearly Duty imposed by the said Act, together with an additional yearly Duty of Six pence imposed by a subsequent Act, was repealed by an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, and a yearly Duty of Two Shillings and Six pence per Centum was thereby imposed upon all Sums insured on Property against Loss by Fire, in lieu thereof; whereas the said Act is repealed and abolished by and under the Regulations and Provisions of the said Act of the Twenty second Year of His Majesty's Reign; And whereas many Persons having Property in Trinidad, and in others of His Majesty's Islands and Possessions in the West Indies, and elsewhere beyond the Seas, cannot procure the same to be insured against Loss by Fire, to the Amount desired by the public Companies or Companies by whom Insurances against Fire are most commonly made, and they cannot procure Insurances to be made on such Property by Individuals, because of the Regulations of the said Act of the Twenty second Year of His Majesty's Reign, which are found inconvenient, as applied to them: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons in Great Britain, to insure any Houses, Buildings, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, or other Property situated and being in any of the Islands, Settlements or Territories belonging to or under the Dominion of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in the West Indies, or elsewhere beyond the Seas, against Loss or Damage by Fire, without taking out a License, and entering into a Bond to His Majesty, pursuant to the Directions and Regulations of the said Act of the Twenty second Year of His Majesty's Reign, and without being liable to the said yearly Duty imposed by the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, but subject nevertheless to the Regulations and Restrictions hereafter contained.

II. And be it further enacted, That in lieu of the said yearly Duty imposed by the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, there shall be raised, levied and paid, from and after the passing of this Act, unto and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in and throughout Great Britain, for and in respect of every Policy of Assurance or Insurances or other Instrument, by whatever Name the same shall be called, whereby any Insurances shall be made by any Person or Persons not being Secured as aforesaid, or upon any Building, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, or other Property situated and being in any of the Islands, Settlements or Territories belonging to or under the Dominion of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in the West Indies, or elsewhere beyond the Seas, from Loss or Damage by Fire, or for or in respect of the Value, Payment or Paper upon which any such Policy or Instrument shall be written or printed, the Duty following; that is to say, If the whole Sum thereby insured shall not exceed One hundred Pounds, a Duty of Two Shillings and Six pence; and if the whole Sum thereby insured shall exceed One hundred Pounds, then for every One hundred Pounds, and also for any fractional Part of One hundred Pounds, when the same shall exceed, a Duty of Two Shillings and Six pence, over and besides the Duty of One Shilling, charged on every such Policy or Instrument by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign.

III. And be it further enacted, That no such Insurances shall be made by any Person or Persons, not being licensed as aforesaid, for any longer Period of time than Twelve Calendar Months, either absolutely or conditionally, in and by any One Policy or Instrument, and that every Policy or Instrument, whereby any such Insurances shall be made or attempted to be made by any Person or Persons not being licensed as aforesaid, for any longer Period of time, either absolutely or conditionally, shall be wholly null and void to all intents and Purposes, and the Person or Persons making or attempting to make such Insurances shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties hereby granted shall be under the Care and Management of the Commissioners for the time being appointed and authorized by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, to manage the Duties on Stamped Villains, Payments and Papers; which said Commissioners, and the major Part of them, are hereby empowered and required to provide proper and sufficient Stamps or Dies for expunging and denoting the said Duties hereby granted, or the Amount thereof respectively, upon the Villains, Payments or Paper chargeable therewith, and to alter and renew the same from time to time as Occasion shall require; and also to supply such Officers and Persons under them, and to do all such other Affairs and Things as shall be thought necessary or expedient for effectually raising and collecting the said Duties hereby granted, and for putting this Act into Execution, in the like and so as full and ample manner as they or any former Commissioners are or have been authorized to do for the raising and collecting of any former Stamp Duties, or for putting into Execution any Act or Acts of Parliament relating thereto.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to use any of the Stamps or Dies heretofore provided to denote any former Stamp Duties for the Purpose of expunging and denoting

1770. c. 10.

1771.

1772.

1773. c. 10.

Windsor, &c. in
West Indies, &c.
Insurances
Licensing
S. G. A. 10
10 Duty
1774. c. 10

Duty on In-
surances.

1775. c. 10.

Insurances to be
made only by a
Trust.

Penalty.

Duties to be re-
deemed on
the Stamp-
Duties.Stamps heretofore
provided for
the

the said Duties hereby granted, or the Amount thereof, and also to use Two or more Stamps for denoting the Amount of the Duties hereby granted, as Occasion may require, until a single Stamp shall be provided for that Purpose.

Forging Stamps.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, any Stamp or Die which shall be provided, made or used in pursuance of this Act, or any Stamp or Die which shall have been provided, made or used in pursuance of any former Act or Acts relating to any Stamp Duty or Duties, or shall forge, counterfeit or vendible, or cause or procure to be forged, counterfeited or vendible, the Impression of any such Stamp or Die as aforesaid, upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, with Intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of any of the Duties hereby granted; or if any Person or Persons shall utter, or sell, or expose to Sale, any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, having thereupon the Impression of any such forged or counterfeited Stamp or Die, or any such forged, counterfeit and or vendible Impression as aforesaid, knowing the same respectively to be forged, counterfeited or vendible; or if any Person or Persons shall privately and secretly sell any Stamp or Die by this or any former Act directed or allowed to be used for denoting any of the Duties granted by this or any former Act, with Intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of any of the said Duties hereby granted, then every Person so offending and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

Bank.

Forger Stamp Acts in force.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Privileges, Clauses, Regulations and Directions, Fines, Penalties, Pains and Punishments contained in and imposed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any Stamp Duties, shall be of full Force and Effect with respect to the Duties hereby granted, as far as the same are or shall be applicable in all Cases, Matters and Things not hereby expressly provided for, and shall be observed, applied, enforced and put in Execution for the raising, levying, collecting and receiving of the said Duties hereby granted, and otherwise relating thereto, to far as the same shall be consistent with the express Provisions of this Act, so fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been heretofore repeated and specially enacted with reference to the said Duties hereby granted.

In what Case Stamps given in lieu of Imposts may be used.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any such Policy or Instrument of Indorsement as aforesaid shall be subscribed or underwritten by any Person or Persons for Part only of the Sum intended to have been thereby raised, and for which the same shall have been stamped, so that a greater Duty shall have been paid for the same than is hereby required; or if any such Policy or Instrument of Indorsement shall be indorsed or underwritten by any Person or Persons for any greater Sum than the Whole than the Sum for which the same shall have been stamped, whereby the same will be payable in Law; and if in either of the said Cases the aforesaid full or entire Policy or Instrument of Indorsement, being stamped, to be subscribed or underwritten for the same Rate, and for the same Sum as shall have been subscribed or indorsed upon, the said Policy or Instrument, and shall produce the same to the Commissioners of Stamps within One Calendar Month after the last Subscription upon the said Policy or Instrument; and if in the latter Case it shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners that a greater Sum was subscribed or underwritten upon the said Policy or Instrument through inadvertence and by Mistake, then it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to allow as aforesaid, and to amend the Stamps on the said Policy or Instrument, and to give other Stamps of the same Designation and Value, or otherwise in their Discretion, where it shall appear to them to be expedient, Stamps of any other Designation and of equal Value in lieu thereof.

Duties paid on Receipts General of Stamps, who shall pay them into the Bank.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all the Moneys to arise from the Duties granted by this Act shall be paid into the Hands of the Receiver General of the Duties on Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper, who shall from time to time pay the same into the Bank of England for safe Custody, pursuant to the acts in that behalf made and provided, and shall thereupon pay the same together with the Moneys arising from the other Duties under the Management of the Commissioners of Stamps (except those on Lottery, Licences and Shares of Tickets) after deducting the Charges of raising, collecting and accounting for the same, and all other Charges first payable thereout into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, on the 31st of March, at such time and in such manner as the said Receipt Duties are by Law in force directed to be paid; and that the Money so paid into the said Receipt shall be carried to and made Part of the said Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

Apport portions of Duties.

X. And be it further enacted, That the clear Moneys arising from the Duties hereby granted shall go and be considered as Part of the yearly Sum of Three millions two hundred and sixty six thousand seven hundred and ninety Pounds and Ten pence, directed to be set apart in the Exchequer, by the Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign heretofore referred to, and entitled *An Act for regulating the Stamp Duties on Deeds, Law Proceedings, and other writings or printed Instruments, and the Duties on Legacies and Bequests in Personal Estate upon the Death of a Person in Great Britain, and for granting a new Duty on certain things*; and that the yearly Sum of Forty two thousand Pounds, Part of the yearly Sum of Forty two thousand Pounds, by the said last mentioned Act required to be paid by the Government Company of the Bank of England, as a Compensation for the Exemption of their Notes and Bills from Stamp Duty, shall be set apart in the Exchequer in addition to the said yearly Sum of Three millions two hundred and sixty six thousand seven hundred and ninety Pounds and Ten pence; and that the Remainder of the said yearly Sum of Forty two thousand Pounds shall be deemed as Additions to the public Revenue of Great Britain, for the Purpose of defraying the several annual Charge occasioned by any Loan made or Stock created by virtue of any Act or Acts passed in the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign.

**40 G. 3. c. 35.
40 G.
44 G. 3. c. 35.
48 G. 3. c. 100.**

XI. And whereas the Bonds by Law required to be entered into by the Collectors of the A. E. and Taxes and Property Tax, for securing the due Payment of the Moneys collected by them were exempted from Stamp Duty by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His Majesty's Reign; but the Exemption was not

* repealed

repealed in the Acts of the Forty fourth and Forty eighth Years of His Majesty's Reign for granting new Stamp Duties, where a Doubt hath arisen concerning the same; Be it therefore enacted, That all Bonds which have been entered into before the passing of this Act by any Collectors of the Assessed Taxes and Property Tax, and their Successors, for the due Payment of the Moneys collected by them, or otherwise relating to their Office on a stamped Paper or Parchment, shall nevertheless be deemed good and valid; and that all Perfors shall be indemnified from all Penalties and Forfeitures on account thereof; and that all such Bonds to be entered hereafter the passing of this Act shall be exempted from all Stamp Duties.

XII. And whereas the Paymasters of Exchange Bills have heretofore inadvertently taken Receipts for the Moneys paid by them in discharge of such Bills on unstamped Paper, under a Misapprehension that such Receipts were not subject to a Stamp Duty; Be it therefore further enacted, That all Receipts on unstamped Paper, taken by the Paymasters of Exchange Bills for either Principal or Interest Moneys paid by them in discharge of any such Bills at any time before the passing of this Act shall nevertheless be deemed good and valid; and that all Perfors who shall have given such Receipts, as well as the said Paymasters, shall be indemnified from all Penalties and Forfeitures on account thereof; and that from and after the passing of this Act all Receipts or Discharges to be given for or upon the Payment of any Principal or Interest Moneys incurred by Exchange Bills, shall be exempted from all Stamp Duties.

XIII. And whereas Misdoings have been frequently made in the Use of Stamps issued for denoting the said several Duties granted by the aforesaid Act of the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, and some Perfors have used Stamps of much greater Value than were necessary, and others have used Stamps for Instruments not liable to a Stamp Duty, and others, without Intention of Fraud have used Stamps of less Value than were necessary, but still of considerable Value, whereby many Perfors have followed a considerable Loss, as the Commissioners of Stamps are not authorized to give Relief in such and the like Cases, but wish it expedient that they should be enabled to do under certain Restrictions; Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, where any Person shall have inadvertently used for or upon any Instrument liable to a Stamp Duty under the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, any Stamp or Stamps of greater Value than the Instrument required by the Sum of Fifty Shillings or upwards; and also where any Person shall have inadvertently used any Stamp or Stamps of the Value of Fifty Shillings or upwards, for or upon any Instrument not liable to any Stamp Duty; and also where any Person shall have inadvertently used for or upon any Instrument liable to a Stamp Duty under the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, any Stamp or Stamps of the Value of Fifty Shillings or upwards (exclusive of any progressive Duty), but which shall be of less Value than the Instrument required, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Stamps to allow as good, and to cancel the Stamp or Stamps issued in the several Cases aforesaid, and to give another Stamp or Stamps of the same Description and Value, or otherwise, as their Discretion, where it shall appear to them to be expedient, Stamps of any other Description and of equal Value is less thereof, and to cancel the Instrument bearing the Stamp or Stamps aforesaid, if such be any Duty, to be stamped with the proper Stamp or Stamps for denoting the Duty chargeable thereon, upon Payment of such Duty, without demanding any Penalty in respect thereof; or if another Instrument of the same Tenor and Effect shall be produced duly stamped and duly executed, and the Instrument bearing the Stamp or Stamps aforesaid shall be delivered up to be cancelled, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to allow as good, and to cancel the Stamp or Stamps thereon, and to give another Stamp or Stamps of the same Description and Value, or otherwise, as their Discretion, where it shall appear to them to be expedient, Stamps of any other Description and of equal Value is less thereof. Provided always, that the Application for such Relief as aforesaid shall be made within Three Calendar Months after the passing of this Act, or within Two Calendar Months after the Date of the Instrument bearing the Stamp or Stamps aforesaid; and provided it shall be made upon the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, in Cases where the Stamp or Stamps aforesaid shall be of less Value than the Instrument required, that the same were used by Misdoings, or under a Misapprehension of the Law, and without any Intention to avoid or delay the Payment of the full Duty charged on such Instrument.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Stamps to allow as good, and to cancel, and in the manner aforesaid to give other Stamps in lieu of all such Stamps as shall have been used for or upon any Instruments which shall have been executed or signed by any of the Parties thereto, but which, by reason of any Mistake thereon, shall be afterwards found unfit for the Purposes intended, or which, by reason of the Death of any Party thereto without having executed or signed the same, cannot be completed in as to effect the Transaction intended in the same proposed, and which shall, in consequence, be cancelled and delivered up to the said Commissioners as aforesaid, provided the Application for the Relief hereby given shall be made within Three Calendar Months after the passing of this Act or within Two Calendar Months after the Date of the Instrument as aforesaid; and provided the Facts upon which the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to give Relief shall be fully proved by Affidavit or otherwise to their Satisfaction.

XV. And be it further enacted, That where the Commissioners of Stamps have already the Power of allowing and cancelling spoiled Stamps, and of giving others of the same Description and Value in lieu thereof, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, at their Discretion, where it shall appear to them to be expedient, to give Stamps of any other Description and of equal Value with the Stamps cancelled in lieu thereof.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, all Instruments for or upon which any Stamp or Stamps have been or shall be used, of equal or greater Value than the Instruments required, but not of the proper Description, shall nevertheless be deemed valid and effectual in the Law, except in those Cases where the Stamps used as such Instruments shall have been specially appropriated to any other Instrument by having its Name on the Face thereof.

Exchange Bills of Collectors of Assessed Taxes, &c.

Indemnity

Receipts taken by Paymasters of Exchange Bills valid and exempt from Stamp Duties

48 G. 3. c. 145.

In what Cases Instruments stamped for all various Duties, are void, and when good, &c.

Conditions.

Other Stamps given in spoiled Stamps.

Stamps of other Descriptions given.

Stamps of equal Value though not of proper Description, valid.

27 C. 4 c. 10. 18.
S. 5. Part 1.

* XVII. And whereas Debts have been entertained whether the Exemption contained in the Schedule to the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, of certain Loans and Tacks of Loans, and Herediments or heritable Subjects from the said various Duties thereby granted on Conveyances upon the Sale of Property, extends to Leases and Tacks not exceeding the Term or Interest specified in such Exemptions, granted in pursuance of a previous Contract or Agreement to any other Person or Persons than the Person or Persons with whom such Contract or Agreement was made, or his, her or their Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, in consideration of a Sum of Money paid or secured, or agreed to be paid to the Person or Persons with whom such Contract or Agreement was made, or his, her or their Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, for his, her or their Right or Interest, in the Property comprised in such Loans and Tacks; and some such Loans have been made and assigned as if the same did not fall within the said Exemption, whilst others have been made without Stamps for denoting the Payment of the said various Duties, and without regard to the Provisions of the said last mentioned Act, relating to Conveyances upon the Sale of Property, under the Supposition that the said Exemption did extend thereto; Be it therefore further enacted, That all Leases and Tacks of the Descriptions aforesaid, which have been made or shall be made before or upon the First Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten, without Payment of the said various Duties, shall be deemed and taken to have been within the Scope of the said Exemption at the time of the making thereof, and that all Persons shall be indemnified from all Penalties and Forfeitures in respect of the same; and that from and after the said First Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten, the said Exemption shall not extend or be deemed or construed to extend to any Leases or Tacks of the Descriptions aforesaid, which shall be made at any time after that Day.

Goods Loans
and Tacks of
Loans exempted
from the said vari-
ous Duties.

All cases.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be varied, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. XXXVI.

An Act for granting Annuities to discharge an additional Number of Exchequer Bills.

[24th May 1810.]

28 G. 3 c. 33.

* Most GRACELESS Sovereigns,
WHEREAS an Act passed in this Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for granting Annuities to discharge certain Exchequer Bills*: and whereas it is expedient to allow a further Amount of Exchequer Bills to be exchanged upon the Terms and according to the Provisions of the said Act: We Your Majesty's most Gracious and loyal Subjects the Commons of the United Kingdom in Parliament assembled, being desirous of making Provisions to satisfy the Principal Sums contained in certain other Exchequer Bills now outstanding, to the further Amount of Three hundred and eleven thousand Pounds, have resolved that all Persons interested in or entitled unto certain Exchequer Bills should be entitled in respect of the Principal Sums contained therein to such Capital Stock or Annuities as are hereinafter mentioned, subject to the Provisions of the said recited Act and this Act: We Your Majesty's most faithful Commons do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person interested in or entitled unto any Exchequer Bill or Bills dated between the Twentieth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and nine, and the Sixteenth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, bearing Interest at the Rate of Three pence One Farthing per Centum per Annum, who shall between the Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten and the Twenty Seventh Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten, both inclusive, have carried the same to the Office of the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills, unless the principal Sum of Eight Millions Sterling allowed to be exchanged by the said recited Act, and the further Principal Sum of Three hundred and eleven thousand Pounds shall have been sooner subscribed at the said Office in such Exchequer Bills, shall be respectively paid the Interest due thereon as is therein expressed in the Ninth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten, in Money, as soon after the said Ninth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten as can conveniently be done, and shall have in Exchange for such Exchequer Bills from such Paymasters, Certificates to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, entitling the Holders of such Exchequer Bills, in respect of the Amount of the Principal Sums contained therein, to the Sum of One hundred and three pounds Five Shillings Capital Stock in Annuities, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, to commence from the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and ten, for each One hundred Pounds contained in such last mentioned Certificates, and to be proportioned for any greater Sum; and that all Persons interested in or entitled unto such Exchequer Bills as aforesaid shall, by being delivered the same between the respective Days stated into the said Office of Paymasters of Exchequer Bills, be deemed to have accepted of the aforesaid Terms; which said Annuities shall be paid and payable at the Bank of England, at the times and in the manner herein mentioned: Provided always, that the Amount of the Principal Sums contained in such Exchequer Bills to be exchanged for Certificates in pursuance of this Act, shall not exceed the Sum of Three hundred and eleven thousand Pounds, in addition to the Sum of Eight Millions Sterling allowed to be exchanged by the said recited Act.

Holders of cer-
tain Exchequer
Bills on deliver-
ing up same shall
receive Interest
and Certificates
entitling to cer-
tain Stock.

Persons of record
All recited to
the Act.

It. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Provisions, Authorities, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the said recited Act, as to the said Exchequer Bills allowed to be exchanged by the said Act, shall apply and be put in full Force for the exchanging the Exchequer Bills allowed to be exchanged by this Act, in as full and ample a manner as if the same were in this Act severally and separately enacted.

enacted and made Part of this Act, and the said recited Act and this Act shall be construed as One Act, as if the additional Amount of Exchequer Bills allowed to be exchanged by this Act had been included in the said recited Act.

C A P. XXXVII.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to levy an Annuity on His Serene Highness the Duke of Brunswick Wolfenbützel.

[24th May 1810.]

WE, King George's Sovereigns,
 Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, having taken into our Consideration Your Majesty's most gracious Message, wherein Your Majesty has been pleased to state, that, in consequence of the continued Occupation of the Territories of the Duke of Brunswick Wolfenbützel by the French Armies, since the unfortunate Events which were attended by the lamented Death of His said Majesty's Father in the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten, His Serene Highness the present Duke of Brunswick Wolfenbützel, Your Majesty's Nephew, has, after a Series of gallant but successful Efforts for the Recovery of his Possessions, been compelled to seek an Asylum in Your Majesty's Dominions, Your Majesty recommended to the House of Commons to consider of the Means of enabling Your Majesty to make some Provision for the Establishment of His Serene Highness during such time as the State of the Continent might continue to preclude the Return of His Serene Highness to his own Dominions; Do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the King's Most Excellent Majesty by any Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, to give and grant unto His Serene Highness the Duke of Brunswick Wolfenbützel, an Annuity not exceeding Seven thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain; which said Annuity may commence and take Effect from the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and ten, and shall be paid quarterly at the Four usual Days of Payment in the Year; that is, to wit, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, the Tenth Day of October, and the Fifth Day of January, in every Year, until the State of the Continent of Europe shall allow the Return of His Serene Highness to his own Dominions; and that the said Annuity shall and may by such Warrant be directed to be issuing and payable out of, and charged and chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, after paying or reserving sufficient to pay all such Sum and Sums of Money as hath or have been directed to be paid out of the said or any former Acts of Parliament, but with Preference to all other Payments which shall or may hereafter be charged upon and payable out of the said Fund.

It. And be it further enacted, That the said Annuity shall be paid and payable at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer out of the said Fund, and the Auditor of the said Receipt shall, and he is hereby required by virtue of such Warrant to make forth and pay Debentures from time to time for paying the said Annuity as the same shall become due and payable, without any Fees or Charges to be demanded or taken for paying the same or any Part thereof; and the Acquittance or Acquittances, Receipt or Receipts of the said Duke of Brunswick Wolfenbützel, or of any other Person or Persons as shall by the said Duke by duly authorized and appointed to receive such Annuity or any Part thereof, shall be a good and sufficient Discharge for the Payment thereof; and the said Debentures to be made forth and passed upon the said Warrant shall be a sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer, now and for the time being, for the Payment of such Annuity to the said Duke during the Continuance of the same, without any further or other Warrant to be forth or, had or obtained in that Behalf; and that the said Annuity be to be given and granted shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Rates and Assessments, and all other Charges whatsoever.

C A P. XXXVIII.

An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, An Act to prevent certain Goods imported into Ireland to be warehoused or secured without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid, and to amend the same. [2d June 1810.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend certain Provisions contained in an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, An Act to prevent certain Goods imported into Ireland, to be warehoused or secured without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid; And whereas it is, among other Things, enacted by the said Act, that no Goods, Wares or Merchandises which shall hereafter be delivered from or taken out of any such Warehouse or Place according to the Direction of the said Act, shall be delivered from or taken out of any such Warehouse or Place except for Exportation, or to be sold or consumed in Ireland; And whereas it may be expedient in certain Cases to permit Goods, Wares and Merchandises to be taken from the Port or Place where they were first warehoused or secured, for the Purpose of being transferred or conveyed to some other Port or Place in Ireland, there to be warehoused or secured under the Provisions of the said recited Act; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Person who shall have imported any Goods, Wares or Merchandises into Ireland, and who shall have lodged the same in Warehouse, or otherwise secured the same, at any Port in

Annuity of £7000. to the Duke of Brunswick Wolfenbützel, payable Quarterly out of Consolidated Fund.

Paid out of Consolidated Fund.

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*Island, under the Provisions of the said recited Act, or of any Act for altering or amending the same, as to remove such Goods, Wares and Merchandises, or any Part thereof, out of such Warehouse or Place, for the Purpose of loading and transferring the same Coastwards, to be warehoused or secured without Payment of Duty in any other Port in *Island*, in which such Goods are allowed to be warehoused or secured by the Provisions of the said recited Act, under the Regulations and Provisions hereinafter mentioned, devised and contained in any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.*

Master of Vessel to take out Coast Certificate.
 Port Importer to enter into Bond for Delivery of Goods, &c.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be entered to be shipped at any Port in *Island* for the Purpose of being sent and transferred as aforesaid to any other Port in *Island*, there to be warehoused or secured, the Master or other Person who shall have the Charge of the Ship or Vessel on board which any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be laden in any Port of *Island*, to be loaded and discharged in some other Port thereof, shall, before the Ship or Vessel be permitted to depart from the Port or Place where he shall take in his Lading, take out a Coast Certificate, Certificate, Let-pat or Transire, as the case may require; and the said Importer, Proprietor or Consignee of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise shall enter in a Bond with Two sufficient Sureties to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in a Sum equal to the Value of the actual Quantity of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise to be laden or taken on board such Ship or Vessel, conditioned for the Delivery or Discharge thereof, in the Port or Place for which the same shall be entered as aforesaid, and also conditioned to return a Certificate within Two Calendar Months after the Date of such Certificate, Certificate, Let-pat or Transire, under the Hand and Seal of the proper Officer of the Port where such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be loaded and warehoused or secured, to the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Port in which such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall have been put on board, that such Goods, Wares and Merchandise were loaded and warehoused or secured at the Port for which the same shall have been entered, and that Bond was duly given upon the warehousing of such Goods at such Port in manner hereinafter directed; and in case any such Master or other Person shall omit or neglect to take out such Certificate, Certificate, Let-pat or Transire, such Master or other Person so neglecting or omitting shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Importers of Goods to receive in Bond, as aforesaid, to give Bond, &c. to pay Duty.

III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That every Importer, Proprietor or Consignee of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise which may be carried or transferred from one Port in *Island*, and which may be landed under the Act in any other Port in *Island*, and warehoused or secured there without Payment of Duty at the time of the Entry thereof at such Port to which the same may have been transferred, shall enter into Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Double the Amount of the full Duties due and payable on the Importation of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise with Conditions that such Goods, Wares and Merchandise shall be duly exported, or that the full Duties due and payable on such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, shall be duly paid within the Space of Twelve Months from the Date of the said Entry of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, at the Port where such Goods, Wares or Merchandise were first entered and warehoused or secured, or within the time required by Law from the first Entry as aforesaid, as to such Goods as may be warehoused in *Island* under any Act or Acts other than the said recited Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid; and the said Bond shall be so entered into within Forty eight Hours after the Port Surveyor and Landward, or other proper Officer shall have ascertained the Quantity and Quality of the Goods, Wares and Merchandise to be landed; and in case the Importer, Proprietor or Consignee of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise shall neglect to clear and take such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, out of and from any Warehouse and Places in which the same shall have been warehoused and secured within the time required by Law, to be exempted from the Day of the first Entry thereof, at the Port where the same were first entered and warehoused or secured, such Goods, Wares and Merchandise shall be sold, and the Produce thereof applied in manner directed by the said recited Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid, with respect to Goods warehoused or secured under the said recited Act.

Not clearing Goods.

Bond.

In what Vessel Bond may be entered.

IV. And be it further enacted, That upon Production of a Certificate under the Hand and Seal of the proper Officer of the Port to which any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall have been transferred, and there landed and warehoused or secured as aforesaid by the Act, that such Goods, Wares and Merchandise were duly loaded and secured there, and that Bond was entered into accordingly, pursuant to the Direction of this Act (which Certificate such Officer is hereby required and authorized to grant without Fee or Reward) it shall be lawful for the proper Officer at the Port in which such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall have been first warehoused, to receive the Bond given at such Port on the first landing and warehousing or securing of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, by Indifference thereon, in as far as relates to the actual Quantity of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, which shall have been carried and transferred from the said Port, and which by any such Certificate shall appear to have arrived at any such other Port in *Island*, and to have been there warehoused under the Directions and Provisions in this Act contained.

In what Vessel Bond may be entered.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any original Importer, Proprietor or Consignee, of any Wine, or Claret, or Brandy, or Malaga or Muscovado Sugar, not refined, of the Growth or Produce of any Country, Island or Place conquered by or ceded to, or which shall hereafter be conquered by or ceded to His Majesty's Arms; or of any Foreign or any Salt, to warehouse and secure all such Sugar and Salt, under the Regulations and Provisions for warehousing contained in the said recited Act of the Forty eighth Year, without the Duties due on the Importation of such Sugar and Salt being first paid; and to export and deliver for Exportation such Sugar and Salt without Payment of Duty, according to the Provisions of the said recited Act, any thing in any Act or Acts in force in *Island* to the contrary notwithstanding; and all such Sugar and Salt shall be deemed and taken to be warehoused under the Provisions of the said Act, and to be entitled to all the Benefits of the said Act, as fully to all Intents and Purposes.

Payable as if such Sugar and such Salt had been specially named and included in Schedule (A) to the said Act amended.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of the passing of this Act, upon the Expiration from *Ireland*, except in *Great Britain*, of any Foreign or Bay Salt which shall not have been warehoused in *Ireland*, there shall be paid and allowed a Drawback of all the Duties which shall have been paid on the Importation of the same, and that the said Drawbacks shall be paid and allowed in like manner, and under the like Regulations as other Drawbacks are paid and allowed, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, and that all Salt on which such Drawback shall be claimed shall be exported forthwith to the Regulations and Provisions contained in the said recited Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid, or in any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, relating to the Expiration of Salt from *Ireland*.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. XXXIX.

An Act for repaying, in certain Cases, the Duty paid on the Export of Foreign Fine Linn.

[2d Year 1810.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that in certain Cases the Duties paid on Foreign Fine Linn by virtue of an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act for granting a Duty on Foreign Fine Linn* shall be repaid, and be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in all Cases where any Duty has been or shall be paid, or any Bond has been or shall be entered into for Payment of any Duty imposed by the said Act, upon any Foreign Fine Linn that was secured in Warehouses, as therein described, on or before the Eighteenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten, and which Linn has been or shall be delivered from any such Warehouse for the Purpose of being exported to Foreign Parts, on or before the Fifteenth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and ten, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England and Scotland respectively, and they are hereby authorized and required, upon due Proof thereof, to cause Repayment to be made of such Duty if paid, and to cause such Bonds to be entered into to be cancelled; any thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. XL.

An Act for discontinuing the Bounty on Exportation of Oil of Vitriol, and allowing a Drawback of a Proportion of the Duties paid on the Importation of Foreign Brimstone used in making Oil of Vitriol.

[2d Year 1810.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Bounty now payable on the Exportation of Oil of Vitriol made in *Great Britain* should be discontinued, and that a Proportion of the Duties now payable and paid upon the Importation of Foreign Brimstone into *Great Britain* should be drawn back upon Brimstone used and consumed in making Oil of Vitriol, and upon the Manufacturers of such Oil made under certain Regulations and Restrictions; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for allowing a Bounty on the Exportation of Oil of Vitriol made in Great Britain*, shall be repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, Nine Tenth Parts of the Duties of Customs paid on the Importation into *Great Britain*, of Brimstone, shall be allowed in respect of such Brimstone used and consumed in making and preparing Oil of Vitriol, and the Amount of such Drawback shall be paid and allowed to the Manufacturer of such Oil in *Great Britain*, under the following Regulations; that is to say, every Manufacturer of Oil of Vitriol intending to claim any such Drawback or Repayment under this Act shall make an Entry of his Name and Place of Abode with the Collector of the Customs of the Port within or nearest to which his Work shall be carried on, and shall Once in every Month enter in a Book to be kept for that Purpose an Account of the whole Quantity of Foreign Brimstone used and consumed in his Manufactory within the preceding Month, and at the End of the Year to be computed from the Date of such Entry as aforesaid, shall deliver the said Account to the Collector of the Customs with whom he shall have made such Entry as aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted, That every such Manufacturer shall make Oath to the Truth of the Account so delivered to the Collector of the Customs under this Act, in which Oath he shall depose that the Nine Tenth Parts of such Brimstone has been consumed in the manufacturing of Oil of Vitriol, and that the Receipt does not contain a Quantity of Brimstone worth Extractions, and that such Quantity does not at the utmost exceed One Tenth of the whole Brimstone used in such Manufactory; and he shall also specify in such Account the Name or Names of the Importer or Importers of such Brimstone, and the Times when the Duties due thereon were respectively paid to His Majesty; and if upon a Certificate being produced from the proper Officer of the Customs in *Great Britain* where such Brimstone was imported, it shall appear that the full Duty was paid thereon, and if sufficient Proof be also made before the proper Officer of the Customs, that

7. Geo. III.

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the

the Brilstone mentioned and referred to in such Certificate is the identical Brilstone so fitted to have been used and consumed by the Manufacturer of such Oil of Vitrol, then, and in every such Case, a Debenture shall be issued for the Amount of the Drawback by this Act allowed upon such Brilstone; and the same shall be paid by the Collector of the Customs who shall have received such Account as aforesaid, out of any Money remaining in his Hands on account of the Duties of Customs.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Manufacturer of Oil of Vitrol shall deliver any Bill Account of the Quantity of Foreign Brilstone used and consumed in making and preparing Oil of Vitrol with an Intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, every such Manufacturer shall, as being convicted of any such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and for every Second or further Offence the Sum of Four hundred Pounds, to be paid for within Three Months after the Delivery of the Account, and recovered in any of the Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer at Salisbury, and One Moiety of such Penalty shall go and be applied to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall sue or prosecute for the same.

CAP. XLII.

An Act for placing the Duties of Hawkers and Pedlars under the Management of the Commissioners of Hackney Carriages.

[2d Year 1810.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Powers and Provisions contained in any Acts of Parliament relating to the Duties upon Hawkers and Pedlars should be brought together into one Act, and that the said Duties should be placed under the Management of the Commissioners of Hackney Carriages; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and ten, an Act passed in a Parliament holden in the Ninth and Tenth Years of His late Majesty King William, entitled, *An Act for keeping Hawkers and Pedlars, for a further Provision for the Payment of the Interest of the Transport Debt for the relief of Ireland*; and all Acts made for continuing, altering or regulating the Duties therein imposed, as far only as the said Acts relate to such Continuance, Alteration or Regulation, and all Powers, Provisions and Clauses contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Collection of the same Duties, shall be repealed, except such of the said Powers, Provisions and Clauses, as may be necessary to be kept in force, for the Recovery of any Arrears of the said Duties hereby repealed, or any Provisions incurred under any of the Acts hereby repealed; Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to revive any Act or Provision which had been repealed by any of the Acts or Provisions repealed by this Act, and which were not in force at the time of passing this Act, but the same shall continue repealed notwithstanding anything contained in this Act. [See s. 31, 295.]

II. And be it further enacted, That all Licences granted under any former Act to Hawkers and Pedlars, by the Commissioners of Hawkers and Pedlars, and in force immediately before the passing of this Act, shall continue in force until the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and ten; and that all future Licences which shall be granted under and by virtue of this Act, shall continue in force until the First Day of August next following the Dates of such Licences respectively.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said First Day of August, the Commission by which Commissioners are appointed for keeping Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty Chapmen, shall cease and determine.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, out of the Moneys raised by this Act, to pay to the said Commissioners for keeping and regulating Hackney Carriages, their Clerks or any other Persons, such Sums of Money as they or any of them shall or may lawfully desire for their Service, or shall or may lawfully expend in the Execution of or in relation to this Act: Provided always, that the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, shall have Power to grant such Offices by way of Competition to the Commissioners and other Persons who shall be employed in the Office for granting Licences to Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty Chapmen, at the time of the passing of this Act, as to them shall seem fit, so that the same shall not in any Case exceed the Amount of the Salary which any such Commissioners, or any such other Person shall be entitled to in respect of his or her Situation in the said Office.

V. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to hinder any Person or Persons from selling or exposing to sale any Sorts of Goods or Merchandise in any Publick Mart, Market or Fair, legally established within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales and Towns of Newcastle upon Tyne, but such Person or Persons may do therein as they lawfully might have done before the making of this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. And be it enacted, That from and after the said First Day of August, there shall be levied, imposed and paid to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Rates and Duties following, that is to say, by every Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman, and every other trading Person and Persons going from Town to Town, or to other Men's Houses, and travelling either on Foot, or with Horses, Horles, or otherwise, in England, Wales or the Towns of Newcastle upon Tyne, carrying to sell, or exposing to sale, any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, a Duty of Four Pounds for each Year; and every Person so travelling with a Horse, Ais or Mule or other Beast (s), bearing or drawing Barthes, the Sum of Four Pounds yearly for each Beast he or she shall be or she shall be travel with, over and above the said last mentioned Duty of Four Pounds

(s) [See the Copy of Rev. v. Robinson, 3 Burr. p. 1472, mentioned in Note to 9 and 10 W. 3. c. 25. § 1.]

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said First Day of August it shall not be lawful for any Hawker, Petty Chapman or any other trading Person or Persons going from Town to Town, or to other Mark Places, and travelling either on Foot or with Horse or Horses, either by carrying a Room or Shop, and exposing to Sale any Goods, Wares or Merchandise by Retail in any Town, Parish or Place, with Perfon not being a Householder there, or the same not being an usual Place of his or her Abode, or by any other Means or Device to vend or sell, either by himself or herself, or by any Auctioneer, wholesale or not, Broker, Appraiser, Agent, Servant or other Person on his or her Behalf, any Goods, Wares or Merchandise whatsoever, by Ostent, Knocking down of Hammer, Card, Lot, Parcel or any other Mode of Sale in Auction, or whereby the best or highest Bidder is or shall be deemed to be the Purchaser; and that every Person or Persons so vending or selling contrary to such Prohibition as aforesaid shall forfeit and pay for every Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered and applied as hereinafter is provided.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Duties by this Act imposed shall be under the Management of the Commissioners for the time being for licensing and regulating Hackney Coaches, who shall have Power to employ such clerks and Officers as may be required for collecting, recovering, paying and accounting for the said Duties, and shall themselves receive such additional Allowances out of the said Duties to be collected by them, as shall be approved by the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Hawker, Pedlar and Petty Chapman applying to the Duties hereby imposed, shall not only take out a License in the manner hereinafter mentioned, which License shall continue in force for such time and times as are hereinafter respectively provided in this Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said First Day of August, every Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman and other trading Person or Persons so travelling as aforesaid, shall, at the time of vending his or her License as hereinafter mentioned, and without any Defect whatsoever, pay all Duties granted or made payable by, or imposed upon him or her respectively, to the Commissioners for the time being for licensing and regulating Hackney Coaches, or some Person or Persons in that behalf authorized or deputed by them, or the major Part of them, in Writing under their Hands and Seals, and upon Payment thereof, and not otherwise, a License shall be granted to such Person, subscribed by the said Commissioners for the time being, or any One of them, for him or her to travel and trade according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and according to the Duties which shall then be paid upon receiving such License.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person duly authorized and deputed by the said Commissioners to grant Licenses in any Place within the Limits of England and Wales, and the Towns of Berwick upon Tyne, except the Cities of London and Westminster, and having Authority for that Purpose at the time of passing this Act, shall have Power to grant Licenses under the Provisions of this Act, as if they had been duly authorized and deputed under this Act by the Commissioners of Hackney Coaches, and that such last mentioned Commissioners shall think fit to assign their Authority.

XII. And be it enacted, That before any Person or Persons shall receive any License to trade or travel as aforesaid, every such Person or Persons shall produce to the Commissioners or Commissioners for licensing and regulating Hackney Coaches, or their Deputy or Deputies appointed for licensing Hawkers, Pedlars, Petty Chapmans and other trading Persons as aforesaid, a Certificate, signed by some one Clergyman officiating within the Parish, Chapelry or Place, wherein such Person is applying for such License in his usual Residence, and also by Two reputable Inhabitants of the said Parish, Chapelry or Place, attesting that the Person so applying is of good Character and Reputation, and is a fit Person to be licensed to exercise the Trade of a Hawker, Pedlar and Petty Chapman.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Certificates so to be produced as aforesaid, shall be in the Form, or to the Effect following:

WE A. B. the Minister, and C. D. and E. F. being two Householdors, residing at _____ in the Parish, Chapelry, or otherwise, [or the Copy may be,] of _____ County of _____ do hereby certify, that G. H. hath been known to us for the Space of _____ Years last past, and during all that Time hath usually resided in the said Parish, Chapelry, or otherwise, [or the Copy may be,] of _____ and is a Person of good Character and Reputation, and is a fit Person to be licensed to exercise the Trade of a Hawker, Pedlar and Petty Chapman. Dated the _____ Day of _____

A. B. Minister.
C. D. } Householders.
E. F. }

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every Person to whom any such License as aforesaid shall be granted, under or by virtue of this Act, and who shall trade with or under Colour of such License, shall cause to be written, printed or printed in large legible Roman Capitals, upon the most conspicuous Part of every Pack, Box, Bag, Trunk, Case, Cart or Waggons, or other Vehicle or Conveyance, as which he or she shall carry his or her Goods, Wares and Merchandise, and of every Room and Shop in which he or she shall so trade, and likewise upon every Hand Bill or Advertisement which he or she shall give out, distribute or publish, the Words, 'Licensed Hawker,' together with the Number, Name or other Mark or Marks, if Definition is written or printed upon his or her License as aforesaid; and that every such Person is any Respect making Default herein shall forfeit for every Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if at any Time from and after the said First Day of August, any Person other than to whom such License shall have been granted as aforesaid, shall write, print or print, or make

Mark on any
writing or
being by An-
tion

7

Finally

Duties under
Commissioners
for licensing
Hackney
Coaches.

Licenses ac-
cordingly.

The Duties to be
paid on receiving
Licenses.

Proviso for Dis-
cussing already
mentioned a great
License.

Hawker in pro-
duce Consistors
of Churches.

Form of Certi-
cate.

Delivery of
Licenses to
the Words
'Licensed
Hawker,' &c.

7

Finally

Proviso not to
be made using
such Words.

as he writes, passeth or printed, or kept or continues written, printed or printed upon any Pack, Bag, Box, Truck, Cask, Cart, Wagon, or other Vehicle or Conveyance for any Goods, Wares or Merchandises, or in any Room or Shop in which he or she shall sell or expose to Sale or keep for Sale any Goods, Wares or Merchandises, the Words Licensed Hawker or Licensed Pedlar, or any other Word or Words to that Effect, every Person offending therein shall forfeit for each Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Penalty.
Whoso dealing
in counterfeit
Goods.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman or other trading Person as aforesaid, shall, from and after the said First Day of August, be convicted of knowingly dealing in, vending or selling any kind of forged, counterfeit or prohibited Goods, Wares or Merchandises, or knowingly dealing in, vending or selling any Goods, Wares or Merchandises, fraudulently or dishonestly procured either by themselves or through the Medium of others, with clear Privy and Knowledge, every such Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman or trading Person, shall, from and after such Conviction, forfeit his or her Licence, and for ever thereafter be incapable of obtaining or holding any new Licence, or dealing, trafficking or trading under the same, and that every and above all such Forfeitures and Incapacities, Fines and Penalties to which he or she is or shall be by Law subjected and liable, for such illicit and illegal trafficking and dealing.

Penalty.

Trading contrary
to Licence.

Penalty.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any such Hawker, Pedlar or Petty Chapman, or other trading Person so travelling as aforesaid, shall, from and after the said First Day of August, trade as aforesaid without, or contrary to, or otherwise than as shall be allowed by such Licence, such Person shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered and applied as hereinafter mentioned; and that if any Person trading under or by virtue of any Licence to him or her granted as aforesaid, upon Demand made by any Person or Persons authorized or appointed to demand any such Licence by the Commissioners for hearing Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty Chapmans for the time being, or any Two of them, under their Hands and Seal, and upon producing or showing such Authority or Appointment to such Person so trading as last aforesaid, or upon Demand made by any Justice of the Peace, Mayor, Constable or other Officer of the Peace of any County, Riding, Division, Town Corporation, Borough or Place where he or she shall so trade, or by any Officer of the Customs or Excise, or by any Person in whose favour such Hawker, Pedlar or Petty Chapman shall offer any Goods to Sale, shall refuse to produce and show his or her Licence for so trading as aforesaid, or shall not have his or her Licence ready to produce and show unto such Person authorized or appointed as last aforesaid, or unto such Justice of the Peace, Mayor, Constable or other Officer of the Customs or Excise, that then the Person so refusing, or not having his or her Licence ready to produce and show as aforesaid, shall forfeit Ten Pounds, to be recovered and applied as hereinafter mentioned, and for Non-payment thereof shall suffer as a common Vagrant, and be committed to the House of Correction.

Penalty.

Impediment,
Tyranny or using
Unjust Licences.

Penalty.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall forge or counterfeit any Licence or Licences by this Act directed to be granted, or traded with, or produce or show any such forged or counterfeited Licence or Licences, for any of the Purposes aforesaid, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Three hundred Pounds to be recovered and applied as hereinafter directed.

Being or leading
Licence.

Penalty.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person shall let out, or hire or lend any Licence to him or her granted as aforesaid, or shall trade with or under colour of any Licence granted unto any Person whatsoever, or of any Licence to which his or her own real Name shall not be inserted as the Name of the Person to whom the same is granted, the Person letting out or hiring or lending any such Licence, and the Person so trading with or under colour of any Licence granted to any other Person, or any Licence in which his or her own real Name shall not be inserted, as the Name of the Person to whom the same is granted, shall each of them forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds, to be recovered and applied as hereinafter mentioned; and in case any Person shall be convicted or have Judgment against him for leading his or her Licence to any other Person or Persons contrary to this Act, such his or her Licence shall be from henceforth forfeited and void, and he or she shall be entirely incapable of having any Licence again granted to him or her to trade as aforesaid; Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to the said Penalty any Servant travelling for a licensed Master, with the Licence of such Master, and for his Benefit; or any licensed Master feeding his Servant to travel with such Licence.

Persons trading
without Licence,
refusing to
produce it, or
trading in, or
with with.

Trading with
no Licence.

Effect.

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever to lease and detain any such Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman or other trading Person as aforesaid, who shall be found trading without a Licence contrary to this Act, or who being found trading shall refuse or neglect to produce to such Person or Persons a Licence according to this Act, after being required to do so for a reasonable time, in order to give Notice to a Constable, Headborough, Tallowman or other Peace Officer or Officers, who are hereby required to carry such Person to be seized, unless they shall in the mean time produce their respective Licences before four out of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County or Place where such Offence or Offences shall be committed, which said Justice of the Peace is hereby authorized and strictly required to examine into the Facts and Facts charged; and upon the Proof, either by Certificate or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses (which the said Justice is hereby empowered to administer), that the Person so brought before him had in trade as aforesaid, and no such Licence being produced by such Offender before the said Justice, to commit the Offender to trading without a Licence, and thereupon it shall be lawful for such Justice, and he is hereby required by Warrant under his Hand and Seal to make the said Sum of Forty Pounds to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods, Wares or Merchandises of such Offender or Offenders, or of the Goods (or) which such Offender or Offenders shall be found trading as aforesaid, rendering the Overplus, if any be, to the Owner or Owners thereof,

thereof, after deducting the reasonable Charges for making such Distress, and out of the said Sale to pay the said respective Penalties and Forfeitures aforesaid, and in the mean time to commit such Offender to the Custody of one or more of Comptrolers for the County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Town or Place where the said Offence shall be committed, there to remain until the said Penalties and Forfeitures, and the reasonable Charges of taking the said Distress, shall be levied by such Distress and Sale as aforesaid, or until the said Debt shall be otherwise paid or satisfied by such Offender.

(a) [Query "with which?"]
 XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Constable, Headborough, or Tithingman, or other Officer or Officer of the Peace shall refuse or neglect upon due Notice, or on his or their own View to be using and abiding in the Execution of this Act, being thereunto required, and each and every such Officer or Officers being thereof convicted upon his Oath(es), or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses before any Justice of the Peace for the County or Place where the Offence shall be committed, shall forfeit for each and every such Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered and applied as aforesaid.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons who on the first Day of May next or were duly licensed to trade as Hawkers and Pedlars, to set up, to carry, to use or exercise any Craft, Mystery or Occupation, used or exercised within this Realm in any Place where they shall be suffered to labour, although they shall not have been brought up in such Craft, Mystery or Occupation Seven Years at Apprentices; and also to set any Person to work in such Craft, Mystery or Occupation, although such Person shall not have been Apprentice thereto as aforesaid, any Penalty, Minister thereof contained in any Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, entitled, *An Act concerning divers Orders for Artificers, Labourers, Servants of Apprentices and Apprentices*, to the contrary notwithstanding; and that if any such Person or their Wives or Children shall be prosecuted for doing or exercising any such Craft, Mystery or Occupation in any City, Town or Place, and shall make it appear that they had such Licence as aforesaid, they shall, upon the General Issue pleaded, be found Not Guilty, in any Action, Bill, Plein, Information or Indictment for such Cause established against him, and in all Cases where Coles are allowed, such Person or Persons shall be entitled to and shall receive double Coles; and that in such Places, their Wives or Children, during the time they shall use and exercise such Craft, Mystery or Occupation in any Place or Place, shall be answerable thereunto as he, her or their self legal Heir, of Settlement, and such Person or Persons shall become actually chargeable to such Parish or Place, any Law set (as in being where to the Settlement of the Poor, to the contrary thereof notwithstanding).

(a) [Query "new to do?"]
 XXXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend to prohibit any Person or Persons from selling any grossed Goods lawfully bought by Auctioneers, or any Bill, Frost or Vintner, nor to hinder the real Worker or Workers, or Maker or Makers of any Goods, Wares or Manufactures of Great Bazaar, or his, her or their Children, Apprentices or known Agents or Servants, lawfully trading with such real Worker or Makers only, from carrying abroad or exposing to Sale, and selling by retail or otherwise, any of the said Goods, Wares or Manufactures, of his, her or their own making, in any Mart, Market or Fair, and in every City, Borough, Town Corporate and Market Town, or any Fair, Fairs, Corpora, Glaziers, Plumbers, Hairers Mercers, or other Persons lawfully trading in sending Kettle, Tubs, Household Goods or Harnes whatsoever, from going about and carrying with him or them proper Materials for mending the same.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That all necessary Penalties which shall be incurred under this Act of a greater Sum than Twenty Pounds, shall be recovered, together with Coles of Suit, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plein or Information, whereas in Livery, Protection, Privilege or Wager of Law, or more than One Indictment shall be allowed; and One Mooty of every such Debt Penalty or Forfeiture shall belong to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Mooty thereof to the Person or Persons who shall sue for or for the same.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where the necessary Penalty by this Act imposed does not exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, it shall be recoverable before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Shire, Division, City, Liberty, Town or Place, wherein the Offence shall be committed, on Proof of the Offence, either by voluntary Confession of the Party or Parties aforesaid, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, and one Mooty of every such Debt mentioned Penalty shall belong to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Mooty to the Informer or Informers prosecuting for the same, and in case of Non-payment, the said Justice, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, shall cause the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, or of his Goods and Chattels with which such Offender shall be found trading, and the Occupier of the Money so due, after deducting the Penalty and Expence of the Distress and Sale, shall be tendered to the Owner, and shall also commit the Offender to the Prison of such County, Shire, Division, City, Liberty, Town or Place, there to remain until the said Penalties, and the reasonable Charges of taking the said Distress, shall be levied by such Distress and Sale as aforesaid, or until the same shall be paid or satisfied by such Offender; and it shall be lawful for any such Justice of the Peace, by his Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to apprehend, to be and bring before him to answer to any Charge or Complaint for any such Offence, and to commit such Offender to Prison as aforesaid, and the hearing of such Charge or Complaint, which he or she shall do or ever see a Recognizance before such Justice, with Two sufficient Sureties in a fullwert Sum, to be ordered by such Justice as appear at the hearing of such Charge or Complaint.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person committed to any Goal or House of Correction for any Offence committed against this Act, shall be detained in such Goal or House of Correction, for any longer Space of Time than Three Months.

XXXVII. And

Appeal.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall find himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by the Judgment of any such Justice, then he, she or they shall or may, upon entering into a Recognizance with Two sufficient Sureties, to be approved by such Justice, to the Amount of the Value of such Penalty and Forfeiture, together with a Sum which, in the Judgment of such Justice shall be adequate to the Amount of the Costs which may be awarded, conditioned to pay the Amount of such Penalties, Forfeitures and Costs as shall be adjudged to be due by such Justice, shall be affirmed, appeal to the Justice of the Peace at the next General Sessions for the County, Riding or Place, (a) and be lawfully empowered to summon and examine Witnesses upon Oath, and finally to hear and determine the same, or at their Discretion to date the Facts especially for the Determination of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench thereon; and in case the Judgment of such Justice shall be affirmed, it shall be lawful for such Justice, or the Court of King's Bench, toward the Person or Persons to pay such Costs assessed by such Appeal as to them shall seem meet. [See Query "wds."]

Link of Cause.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That a Commission in the Form or to the Effect following, under the Great Seal, as the case shall happen to be, shall be good and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, without having the Evidence, and without alleging more than the Substance of the Offence in all Cases wherein any such Justice of the Peace hath Power to exact by virtue of the present Act:

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our _____ Lord _____ at _____ County of _____ A. B. came before me C. D. One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County residing near the Place where the Offence hereinafter mentioned was committed, and informed me that E. F. of _____ is the said County of _____ [See Query "wds."], for which the Fact for which the Information is laid, whereas the said E. F. being duly summoned to answer the said Charge, appeared before me, (and having heard the Charge contained in the said Information, acknowledged and voluntarily confessed the Facts therein stated to be true,) but as he [or her] Defence alleged [See Query "wds." the Substance of the Defence] or voluntarily confessed the said Charge to be true, or did not make any Defence against the said Charge, whereas the same was fully proved on the Oath of G. H. a credible Witness, or led that he [or she] was not guilty of the said Offence, whereas the same was fully proved on the Oath of G. H. a credible Witness [or as the Case shall be], or did not appear before me pursuant to the said Summons, but the said Charge was fully proved on the Oath of G. H. a credible Witness [or as the Case shall be], and therefore it manifestly appearing to me, that the said E. F. is guilty of the Offence charged in the said Information, I do hereby commit him [or her] of the said Offence, and do adjudge that he [or she] hath forfeited the Sum of _____ or his [or her] Licence, and the Sum of _____ of lawful Money of Great Britain, to be distributed as the Law directs according to the Powers of the Statute in such case made and provided. Given under my Hand and Seal the _____

Comerter.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Committal upon this Act shall be removed or reversible by Writ of Habeas Corpus or otherwise into His Majesty's Court of King's Bench or any other Court, save upon an Appeal as by this Act is directed.

Justice to receive Accounts of Constables and Parishes.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That every Justice before whom any Person hath already been convicted of any Offence under or by virtue of any of the Acts hereby repealed, and having received for His Majesty's Use any Part or Share of any Penalty levied, inflicted or paid under or by virtue of such Commission for which he has not already accounted, shall, within Six Months after the passing of this Act, transmit to the Commissioners for hearing Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty Chapmen, a Schedule or Schedule containing the Names of the Persons so convicted, the Day on which they were convicted, their respective Offences, and the respective Sums now remaining in the Hands of such Justice for His Majesty's Use, which were levied or paid under or by virtue of such Commissions, arranged according to the several Counties, Ridings or Place within which such Commissions hath been made, and every Justice before whom any such Person shall be convicted of any Offence under or by virtue of this Act, shall take and receive His Majesty's Share of the Penalty levied or paid under or by virtue of such Commission, and that every such Justice, his Executors or Administrators, shall pay or cause to be paid all such Sums of Money as shall be remaining in his or their Hands at the time of the passing of this Act, at the next General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace after the passing of this Act; and all such Sums which he shall be able to receive upon any Commission under or by virtue of this Act as aforesaid, at the next General Sessions of the Peace after he shall have so taken or received the same, into the Hands of the Clerk of the Peace or other such like Officer for the County, Riding or Place, within which such Commissions hath been made, who is hereby directed to remit the same forthwith, without Fee or Reward, to the said Commissioners for hearing Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty Chapmen, or to such Person or Persons as the greatest Part of them shall appoint, and that every Justice, his Executors or Administrators, shall immediately on such Payment made to any Clerk of the Peace or other such Officer, transmit a like Schedule to the said Commissioners, or to such Person or Persons as they or the greatest Part of them shall appoint.

To pay such Money as is taken from the Poor, who is to remit same.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Powers, Authorities, Directions, Rules, Methods, Penalties and Forfeitures, Executions, Clauses, Matters and Things whatsoever, which is and by the said Act made in the Reign of King William the Third, or by any other Law now in force relating to or concerning the Duties by that Act granted, are provided, settled or established, (either then so far as the same in, are or shall be inconsistent with, or contradictory or repugnant to any thing in this Act contained, and other than in such Cases for which different Provisions are prescribed by this Act), shall be repealed, professed, applied, used and put in Execution as and for the unenjoying, raising, levying, collecting, receiving and paying the several Duties hereby granted, and be in force with respect to the same, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and every the said Powers, Authorities, Directions, Rules, Methods, Penalties,

§ 10 W 3 c. 21. where applicable extended to this Act.

Penalties, Forfeitures, Exemptions, Clauses, Matters and Things, were particularly repeated and again enacted in this present Act. [See *Repeal of 9 and 10 W. 3. c. 29. and 41. and also the second Line of § 10. infra.*]

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be summoned as a Witness or Witnesses, to give Evidence before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, touching any of the Matters relative to this Act, or the heretofore mentioned Act, made in the Reign of King William the Third, and shall neglect or refuse to appear at the Time and Place to be for that Purpose appointed, without a reasonable Excuse for such Neglect or Refusal, to be allowed of by such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or, appointing, shall refuse to be examined upon Oath, and give Evidence before such Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom the Prosecution shall be depending, that then every such Person shall suffer for every such Offence the Same of Ten Pounds, to be recovered, levied and paid, in such manner and by such means as are herein directed as to the other Penalties.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties heretofore granted, shall be paid from time to time into the Hands of the Collector for the time being, of the Duties on Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty Chapmen, who shall keep a separate and distinct Account of the several Rates and Duties, and pay the same [the necessary Charges of rating, paying and accounting for the same being deducted,] into the Receipts of the Exchequer, at such time and in such manner as the Duties now charged on Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty Chapmen are directed to be paid; and that in the Office of the Auditor of the said Receipts shall be provided and kept in a Book or Books, in which all the Moneys arising from the said several Rates and Duties, and paid into the Receipts as aforesaid, shall be entered separately and apart from all other Moneys paid or payable to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, upon any Account whatsoever; and the said Moneys, so paid into the said Receipts of Exchequer as aforesaid, shall be entered to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund, and shall be subject to all the Charges to which the Duties upon Hawkers and Pedlars were liable immediately before the passing of this Act.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time or times be found, wicked or profane for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this Act, or of any Clause, Matter or Thing herein contained, such Person or Persons shall and may plead the General Issue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence, for his or their Defence; and if, upon the Trial, a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become acquitted or Judgment shall be recovered against him or them upon Demurrer; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall desist from his, her or their Action; or be non-prosecuted thereon; in such Defence or Defences shall have Treble Costs awarded to him or them against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

C A P. XLII.

An Act for consolidating the Duties of Customs for the *Isle of Man*, and for placing the same under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs in England. [26 June 1810.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *As to Supply of the Inhabitants there, with a certain Quantity of Wheat, Barley, Oats, Meal and Flour, authorized by an Act made in the Eighth, to be transported to the said Island*, the Duties payable to His Majesty on certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize imported into the said *Isle of Man*, are directed to be raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered under the Authority and Direction of the Commissioners of the Treasury, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, and are to be paid into the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer; and such Part thereof as shall remain, after the necessary Expenses attending the said Government of the said *Isle of Man*, and the Administration of Justice there are from time to time defrayed, is returned for the Disposition of Parliament: And whereas by an Act passed in the Twenty fifth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for regulating and encouraging the Trade for the Improvement of the Revenue and Promotion of Shipping as and from the Isle of Man*, certain Duties are directed to be paid on the Importation of Wine, Brandy, Geneva, Tea, Coffee and Tobacco, as well of the former Duties payable on such Goods; and the said Duties are directed to be raised, levied, collected, paid, recovered and accounted for under the Authority and Direction, and under the Management and Control of the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being, and such Part thereof as shall remain, after the necessary Expenses attending the Government of the said *Isle of Man*, and the Administration of Justice there are from time to time defrayed and certain Bounties and Charges paid thereon, are so to be made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain; and it is expedient that the Duties imposed by the said Acts should be consolidated into one Act, and levied and collected under the sole Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being, and be applied in the manner directed by the said last recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ten, all and singular the Duties payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in Force on and immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ten, upon the Importation of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize into the *Isle of Man*, shall cease and determine, save and except any such Duties as may, on the said Fifth Day of July, be then unpaid, upon Goods, Wares and Merchandize which shall have been imported at any time before the said Fifth Day of July; and in lieu of the said Duties hereby made to cease and determine, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Sterling Moneys of Great Britain, upon Goods, Wares or Merchandize

Witness relating to second or to give Evidence.

Penalty.

Application of Duties.

General Issue

Treble Costs.

1 G. 3. c. 43.

§ 2.

43 G. 3. c. 24.

§ 3.

§ 4.

Duties on Goods imported into the *Isle of Man* to cease.

Other Duties.

Custom, and also of the Duties payable on the Importation thereof, shall be remitted to the Receiver General of the Customs in England, to be applied in like manner as if the same had been received on account of the Duties of Customs by this Act granted and imposed; but in case it shall be proved that the Produce of such Sale, after deducting the Charges arising from the Warehousing, Securing or Sale of such Goods, shall exceed the Value of such Goods as ascertained as aforesaid, with the Addition of Ten Pounds for every Tonne, and of the Duties paid on the Importation thereof, that then, and in such case, the whole Produce of the Sale of such Goods, Wares or Merchandises, after deducting the Charges arising from the Warehousing, Securing and Sale thereof, shall be remitted to the said Receiver General of the Customs in England, to be applied in like manner as if the same had been received on account of Duties.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Goods, Wares or Merchandises, upon which Duties of Customs are lawfully imposed shall be detained by any Officer of the Customs on account of the same not being valued according to the true and real Value thereof, and according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs for the time being, or any Two or more of them, upon Proof being made to their Satisfaction that no Fraud was intended, to direct the Goods to be delivered and the Entry to be amended, upon such Terms and Conditions as under the Circumstances of the case shall appear to the said Commissioners of the Customs to be reasonable, and as they shall think fit to direct; Provided always that if the Importer or Proprietor of such Goods, Wares or Merchandises shall accept the Terms or Conditions prescribed by the said Commissioners of the Customs respectively, such Importer or Proprietor shall not have or be entitled to any Recompense or Damages on account of the Detention of such Goods, Wares or Merchandises, or have or maintain any Action whatever for the same; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Rates and Duties shall be paid in ready Money to the Collector or Collectors of the Customs in the said *Isle of Man* appointed to receive the same without any Discount or Allowance whatever; and shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, recovered and accounted for under the Authority and Direction, and under the Management and Control of the said Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being, in like Manner and Form, and by the same Rules and Regulations, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, that lawfully shall and may be, as far as the same are applicable, as the Duties of Customs in England are raised, levied, collected, paid, recovered and accounted for, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the several Clauses, Powers, Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures relating thereto were particularly repeated and again enacted in this present Act.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money received under the Authority of this Act shall be remitted to the Receiver General and Collector of the Customs in England according to such Directions as may from time to time be given for that Purpose by the said Commissioners of the Customs in England, to be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer distinctly and apart from all other Receipts of the Public Revenue; and such Part thereof as shall remain, after the necessary Expenses attending the Government of the said *Isle of Man*, and the Administration of Justice there, and all other Charges, are from time to time disburied, shall go to and make Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Collector of the Customs at the Port of Douglas in the said *Isle*, for the time being, shall, as soon after the Expirence of each Quarter of every Year ending on the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July and the Tenth Day of October respectively in each Year, as the same can be done, make out an Account of the gross Produce of the Duties of Customs payable and arising within the said *Isle* in the preceding Quarter, in such Form as shall be directed by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them for the time being, and shall transmit and certify such Account to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being; and a Duplicate to be sent to the Auditor for the time being of the Exchequer; and another Duplicate to the said Noble John Duke of Arundel, or to the Person appointed for the time being to any Arreary out of the Consolidated Fund, to be calculated on any Account of such Duties under any Act or Acts now in Force, or to be made, to be made, to any Person or Persons appointed by him or them, by Writing under his or their Hand or Hands, to receive the same; and if any such Collector of the Customs at the said Port of Douglas shall refuse or neglect to make out such Account, or to transmit such Duplicates as aforesaid, for the Space of One Month after the same can be done, such Collector of the Customs shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and the further Sum of Two hundred Pounds for each and every Month succeeding forth First Month, for which he shall omit or neglect to make out such Account, or to send such Duplicates so certified as aforesaid; and to be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in which no Efforce or Wager of Law shall be allowed, or in any Court in the said *Isle*; and every such Penalty shall go and be applied to the Use of the said *Isle* of Man Duke of Arundel, or the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the said Arreary as aforesaid.

XI. And be it further enacted, That there shall be provided and kept by the said Collector of the Customs at the said Port of Douglas, for the time being, a Book or Books in which the Duties of Customs arising and payable within the *Isle* of Man under this Act shall be entered separately and under distinct Heads, specifying the respective Amount of the Duties of Customs on the several Articles imported by Law into the said *Isle* of Man; Goods, Wares or Merchandises not imported by Law; and if any of the said Duties, or any Part or Portions of any such Duties, shall at any time hereafter be repealed, altered or varied, and if such rate, the average Produce of the Duties, or Proportion of Duties be repealed, altered or varied, for the Three Years preceding the Fifth Day of January immediately preceding such Repeal, Alteration or Variation of such Duty: as aforesaid, shall be entered distinctly and separately in such Book or Books as aforesaid; and if no,

To what use
Customs
to be applied
to the
Receiver
General
of the
Customs
in
England

Duties paid to
Collector, and
to be paid
General
of Customs in
England.

Money to be re-
mitted to Receiver
at General.

Consolidated
Fund.

Collector to
make up Ac-
counts of Duties,
and transmit to
Treasury, the
Gross or Arundel,
and another
to Duke of
Arundel.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Collector to keep
Books.

new Duties shall be granted in lieu of any Duties so repealed, altered, or added, and in such case, the Duties, or such a Proportion thereof as shall be equal to any Duties so repealed, or to such Proportions of any such Duties as shall be levied or varied, shall also be entered dutiable and legally in such Book or Books: Provided, that it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to export, without Payment of any Custom or other Duty, into the said *Isle of Man*, in any Ship or Vessel from any Port or Place, any Flax, Flax Seed, Rape or Brown Linen Yarn, Wood Ashes, Wood Ashes, Flints of all Sorts, and any Sort of Corn or Grains, from any Part or Place (except from Great Britain, only) and any Quantity of Herrings not exceeding One thousand Barrels of Herrings annually for the Consumption of the Island, or Fishes of the Fishery started on upon the Coast thereof; the said Herrings being imported by virtue and in pursuance of License granted for that Purpose by the House of Assembly in the said Island.

Of Silver Coins,
Ac.

XII. And it is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any of His Majesty's Subjects to export into the *Isle of Man* or *British* Vessels, navigated according to Law, from any Port or Place in Great Britain or Ireland, any Sort of White or Iron's Linn's Cloth, and Hemp or Hemp Sacks, being the Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain or Ireland, Hoopes and Black Cards, all Utensils and Instruments to and necessary to be employed in Manufacturing, Filatures or Applications, Bricks and Tiles, all Sorts of young Trees, Bee Shells, Lime and Sengors' Water, Pack Thread, and small Cordage for Nets, without Payment of any Custom or Duty whatsoever for the same.

Of Salt, &c.

XIII. And it is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any of His Majesty's Subjects to export into the said *Isle of Man* or *British* Vessels navigated according to Law, from any Port or Place in Great Britain, without Payment of any Custom or Duty whatsoever, any Sort of Salt, Borax, Timber and Hoops, being the Produce and Manufacture of Great Britain, Iron or Rods or Bars, Corns, Ladges, Navel Staves and any Sort of Wood, commonly called Lumber (as specified in an Act passed in the Eighth Year of the King of King George the First, intitled, *An Act for giving further Encouragement for the Importation of Naval Stores*; and for other Purposes therein mentioned), of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of any British Colony or Plantation in America, and all other Goods of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the said Colonies or Plantations for which any Bounty or Premium is allowed by Law on the Importation thereof into Great Britain; provided that due Entries shall be made of the Goods respectively mentioned, which are allowed to be exported into the said *Isle of Man*, Duty-free, as the Customs House for the Port or Place where the same shall be imported, expressing the Quantity and Qualities of such Goods in the usual manner, before landing thereof, and the same shall be landed in the Presence of the proper Officer of the Customs for that Purpose; or Failure whereof the said Goods shall be charged with the Duty of Fifteen Pounds for Customs of *Falmouth*; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Excises of
Alcohol.

XIV. And it is hereby further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Three Calendar Months next after the Fact complained of, and not afterwards, and shall be had in the Place where the Cause of Complaint did arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon; and if the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be acquitted or discharged by, or their Action or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared; or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Twelve Cobs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant had in other Cases to recover Cobs by Law.

General Licen.

Tax of Cobs.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

Schedule (A.)

A SCHEDULE of the Duties of Customs payable on the Importation into the *Isle of Man* of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize, therein enumerated or described.

Coal, from Great Britain or Ireland, per Chaldon, Winchester Measure	0	0	3
Coffee, from Great Britain, under any License from the Commissioners of the Customs in England or Scotland, for every lb. Weight [45 G. s. c. 50.]	0	0	4
Deal Boards, from Foreign Parts, for every \$100 of the Value thereof [7 G. 3. c. 45. and 20 G. 3. c. 48.]	10	0	0
Hemp, the lb.	10	0	0
Hops, from Great Britain, for every lb. Weight [45 G. 3. c. 50.]	0	0	12
Linn, from Foreign Parts, for every \$100 of the Value thereof [7 G. 3. c. 45. and 20 G. 3. c. 48.]	10	0	0
Spirits, viz. Foreign Brandy, imported from any Port or Place whatever, under any License from the Commissioners of Customs in England or Scotland, the Gallon [45 G. 3. c. 50.]	0	3	0
Foreign Geneva, imported from any Port or Place whatever, under any License from the Commissioners of the Customs in England or Scotland, the Gallon [45 G. 3. c. 50.]	0	3	0
			Spirits,

	£.	s.	d.
Spices, Foreign Resin, the like N. B. Omitted in 45 G. 3. c. 99. Former Acts 7 G. 3. c. 45. 20 G. 3. c. 42. 20d 21 G. 3. c. 28.			0 2 0
Tea, viz. Bala Tea, the like, for every lb. Weight [45 G. 3. c. 99]			0 0 6
Green Tea, the like [45 G. 3. c. 99]			0 0 6
Tobacco, the like [45 G. 3. c. 99]			0 0 6
Timber from Foreign Parts, for every £100 of the Value thereof [7 G. 3. c. 45. and 20 G. 3. c. 42.]			10 0 0
Wine, viz. French Wine imported from any Port or Place whatsoever, under any Licence from the Commissioners of the Customs in England or Scotland, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons [45 G. 3. c. 99]			16 0 0
of any other Sort is imported under Licence, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons [45 G. 3. c. 99]			12 0 0
Goods, Wines and Merchandises not heretofore particularly enumerated, which are or may be exported to any Beanty or Drawback of Exports in Great Britain, and which shall be imported from thence, for every £100 of the Value thereof [7 G. 3. c. 45.]			5 0 0
not heretofore charged with Duty, imported from Great Britain or Ireland, for every £100 of the Value thereof [7 G. 3. c. 45.]			8 10 0
not heretofore charged with Duty, imported from any Port or Place from whence such Goods may lawfully be imported into the Isle of Man [7 G. 3. c. 45.]			15 0 0

C A P. XLIII.

An Act for maintaining and keeping in Repair, Roads made and Bridges built in Scotland, under the Authority of the Parliamentary Commissioners for Highland Roads and Bridges. [2d June 1810.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *“An Act for granting to His Majesty the Son of Twenty thousand Pounds, to be applied and applied towards making Roads and building Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland; and for enabling the Proprietors of Land in Scotland to charge their Estates with a Proportion of the Expence of making and keeping in Repair Roads and Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland: And whereas various Grants of Money have been made and issued to the Commissioners therein named, for the Purposes therein mentioned: And whereas many Roads and Bridges have been made and built pursuant to the said recited Act, and others are in the course of being made and built; and it is further necessary to provide effectual and adequate means for maintaining and keeping the same in perpetual Repair:” May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and it be enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Supply in any County within which any Road or Bridge has already been made or built pursuant to the said recited Act, to settle and determine either at the next annual Meeting after the passing of the Act, at which they shall assemble to settle the Land Tax, or at such Annual Meeting in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve, what Part or District, Parts or Districts of the County shall bear or defray the Expence of maintaining and keeping such Road or Bridge in Repair, and where any Road or Bridge shall be made or built pursuant to the said recited Act, in any County after the passing of the Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Supply of such County, at some Annual Meeting at which they shall assemble, to settle the Land Tax, which shall be held within Two Years after such Road or Bridge shall be completed, to settle and determine what Part or District, Parts or Districts of the County shall bear and defray the Expence of maintaining and keeping such Road or Bridge in repair: Provided, that when any such Determination shall have been once made, the same shall not be altered: And provided also, that if the said Commissioners of Supply shall not so settle and determine the Part or District, Parts or Districts of the County by which such Road or Bridge is to be maintained and kept in repair, the same shall be maintained and kept in repair at the Expence of the County at large.*

II. Provided further, and be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any such Determination of the said Commissioners of Supply, it shall and may be lawful for any such Person or Persons, within Three Months after any such Determination, to appeal against the same to either Division of the Court of Session, and the Decree of such Division thereupon shall be final and conclusive without being subject to any further Review whatsoever: Provided nevertheless, that it shall and may be lawful for any such Person or Persons, if they think proper to appeal in the first instance to the Sheriff of the County, whose Sentence may be brought under the Review of either Division of the Court of Session, and the Decree of such Division thereupon shall be final and conclusive as aforesaid.

III. And be it enacted, That the Commissioners of Supply of every County in which any Road or Bridge shall have been or shall be made or built pursuant to the said recited Act, shall and they are hereby empowered and required to order and direct every such Road or Bridge to be placed under the Superintendance hereinafter preferred; and a Report of the State thereof, with an Estimate of the Expence required for maintaining and keeping the same in Repair for the succeeding Year, to be laid before them at each annual Meeting at which they assemble to settle the Land Tax.

Collectors of
Land Taxes

IV. And be it enacted, That at each annual Meeting such Commissioners of Supply shall make an Affidavit upon oath and every Precinct, Lieutenant or proper Warrantee of Land enjoying the Assize and three of it in any such County, or Part or District, or Port or District of such County, in the case may be, retidly and professionally, according to the Amount of their respective valued Rates, for such Port and Sums of Money, as from such Reports and Estimates shall appear to be necessary for maintaining and keeping every such Road or Bridge in repair: Provided always, that such Affidavits shall not be in any One Year exceed the Sum of One Sterling in the Pound Rate of valued Rent.

Collectors of
Land Taxes in
Key Affidavits

V. And be it enacted, that every such Affidavit shall be levied and received by the Collector of the Land Tax of the County within which a Bill have been made, in the same manner as the Land Tax, or may be levied and received, and at such time or times as such Commissioners of Supply shall direct; and such and the like Remedies, Powers, Privileges and Protections are hereby given for the Payment and Recovery of every such Affidavit which are given or may be applied and enforced for the Payment and Recovery of the Land Tax: Provided always, that every such Collector shall find Security for his faithful and true accounting for and paying all Moneys so to be received by him pursuant to this Act, in the same manner that such Collector does for his faithful and true accounting and paying all Sums of Money received by him as Collector of the Land Tax.

Affidavits to be
paid into a Bank,
&c.

VI. And be it enacted, That every such Collector shall, from time to time, pay all Sums of Money received by him pursuant to this Act into the Hands of such Bank or Banking Company as the said Commissioners of Supply shall as they are hereby directed: And that an Account to be opened for the Purpose of this Affidavit, at such Rate of Interest as shall be allowed by such Banking Company, which Interest is allowed, shall be applied with the said rate of Interest for the Purpose of this Act; and if any such Collector of the Land Tax fail at any time keep in his Hands for the Space of more than Fourteen Days a larger Sum than Twenty Pounds Sterling of Money received by him pursuant to this Act, or shall fail to render an Account thereof when required, such Collector shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Three Pounds Sterling, besides the Interest which might have been received from the said Banking Company had the said Money been duly deposited in Time of this Act, to be recovered with Expenses or Penalties, by way of Summary Complaint at the Instance of any Heritor in any such County, before any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the said County: One Half of which Sum shall go to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Half to the Person or Persons for the same.

Fidelity

Collectors may
swear Affidavits

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every such Collector may retain for his own Use out of all Moneys to be so received as aforesaid, such Allowance as such Commissioners of Supply shall think a reasonable Remuneration for his Trouble not exceeding the Rate of Allowance made to him for keeping the Land Tax, and for which such Allowance Provision shall be made in the Amount of each Affidavit directed to be made pursuant to this Act.

Committee of
Superintenden-
ces

VIII. And be it enacted, That a Bill and may be lawful for such Commissioners of Supply to appoint a Committee consisting of any Three or more of their Number, to superintend the maintaining and keeping in repair any such Road or Bridge, or Roads or Bridges, and which Committee of Superintendance shall be empowered by such Commissioners to draw upon the Banking Company with whom the Money arising from any such Affidavit shall have been lodged as aforesaid, for the Money requisite for maintaining and repairing the Road or Bridge, or the Roads or Bridges, the Superintendance of which shall have been committed to their Charge, in such manner, and subject to such Conditions, Rules and Regulations, as such Commissioners of Supply shall, from time to time, think proper to prescribe.

To report ac-
cordingly

To take and
return ac-
count.

IX. And be it enacted, That every such Committee of Superintendance shall by a Report of their Proceedings each Year before the annual Meeting of such Commissioners directed to affix the Land Tax.

X. And be it enacted, That a Bill and may be lawful for such Commissioners of Supply to order any such Road or Bridge to be laid out as often as it shall appear necessary, by any Person or Persons appointed for that Purpose, and to order a Report of the State thereof, with or without an Estimate of the Expence required for maintaining and keeping the same in Repair, to be laid before them at the said annual Meeting, and of necessity, to make a further Affidavit, and to give such Orders and Directions thereupon as the Commissioners of the rate may require.

Appointment of
Officers

XI. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for such Commissioners of Supply at the annual Meeting aforesaid to appoint a set of Persons or Persons to be Surveyors or Surveyors, Clerk or Clerks, and such Officers as they shall think necessary for the due Execution of this Act, with such Salaries or Allowances as such Commissioners of Supply shall think fit, for which Provision shall be made in the Amount of each Affidavit made pursuant to this Act; and from time to time to remove such Officers, or any of them, as they shall see occasion, and to appoint such as shall be removed, Replacement or Dismissed.

Commissioners of
Supply to
allow Expenses

XII. And be it enacted, That if any such Road or Bridge shall not be maintained and kept in proper Repair, it shall be lawful for any Heritor paying the Land Tax out of Lands to the Amount of Two hundred Pounds Sterling of valued Rent in any such County, or any Two or more Heritors in any adjoining County, paying with the denominated rate of Lands to the Amount of Two hundred Pounds Sterling of valued Rent, to apply by Summary Process and Complaint, being the Circumstances, to the Sheriff Deputy or Substitutes of any such County, or to the Clerks of Sessions, which Process and Complaint shall be served upon the Clerk of Supply and the Committee of such County, or the Justice in which Summary Complaints are allowed to be laid by statute in Scotland, only the Clerk of Sessions, if the Complaint shall be preferred to that County and such Sheriff or Clerk shall therefore, or within the said Complaint, with or without Affidavits, proceed to determine the State of such Road or Bridge and the Amount of the Sum required to repair the same, and shall be and the said Sheriff or Clerk of Sessions are hereby authorized and empowered to

Fidelity

draw against the Commissioners of the said Course, in proportion to their said Rates, for the Sum which shall be judged necessary for repairing the said Road or Bridge, with Expenses of Process.

XIII. And be it enacted, That an Affidavit in the manner directed by this Act shall thenceforth be made by the Commissioners of Supply upon the County or the Part or District, Parts or Districts thereof, liable to maintain such Road or Bridge in repair, at the rate may be, for the Assessment of the Taxes is decreed for, either at their first next annual Meeting, or at a Meeting to be called for this special Purpose, upon Advertisement published in or read Out Newspaper printed or circulated in the County at least Two weeks Days before such special Meeting, and every such Affidavit shall be levied and recovered by the Collector of the Land Tax, and when levied and recovered shall be deposited with a Banking Company in the manner in which the aforesaid Affidavits directed by this Act is intended to be levied and recovered and deposited; and all the Rates, Taxes, Penalties and Forfeitures hereby given and granted for levying, recovering and depositing the said said Affidavits directed by this Act, are hereby given and granted, and shall to be enforced for the levying, recovering and depositing such Affidavits for such Sums as is decreed for.

XIV. And be it enacted, That where any Bridge which shall here be or may be built pursuant to the said recited Act, shall be founded partly in One County and partly in another, every such Bridge shall be placed under the Superintendance directed by this Act of the Commission of each County wherein the same is situated, and the same shall be maintained and kept in repair in the manner directed by this Act, at the joint Expense of both Counties.

XV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where, by any Act or Acts already made or hereafter to be made, any Toll Duties shall be applicable, or where any Conveyances for Statute Labour shall be allowed or appropriated to the Repair of any Road or Bridge made or built pursuant to the said recited Act, a License arising from such Tolls and Duties or such Conveyances shall and may be applied in the manner in which such License are directed to be applied by any such Act or Acts respectively; and in making any Affidavit pursuant to this Act, it shall be had to all such Licenses which are or may be applicable to the Repair of any Road or Bridge for which any such Affidavit is to be made.

C A P. XLIV.

An Act to provide for a durable Allowance of Superannuation to the Officers of Excise in Scotland, under certain Restrictions. [2d Year 1810.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act to provide for a durable Allowance of Superannuation to the Officers of Excise under certain Restrictions*; And whereas the Allowance of Superannuation thereby made, was provided only for the Officers of Excise in England; but it is expedient to make a similar Provision for an Allowance of Superannuation to the Officers of Excise in Scotland; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, by Warrant under their Hands to grant and allow out of the Revenue of Excise in Scotland, to any Officer or other Person who shall have been employed in the said Revenue for and during the Space of Ten Years at the least, and who shall by Age or Infirmary have become incapable of properly executing or performing, the Duties of his Office, a Pension, Annuity or yearly Payment not exceeding Three Fourth Parts of the Average annual Amount of the Salary which shall have been received by such Officer or other Person during the whole Period of Seven Years penultimate the Retirement of such Officer or other Person.

If Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, to grant and allow, out of the said Revenue of Excise, to any such Officer or other Person as aforesaid, who, by Accident not with in the Execution of his Duty, shall be rendered totally incapable of performing the same, notwithstanding such Officer or other Person may not have been employed in the said Revenue the full time before mentioned, a Pension, Annuity or yearly Payment not exceeding Three Fourth Parts of the annual Amount of the yearly Salary actually received by or payable to such Officer or other Person, at the time when such Officer or other Person shall have met with the Accident, by which he shall have been rendered incapable of executing or performing his Duty: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend in any manner to empower the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to grant or allow any Pension, Annuity or yearly Payment out of the Revenue of Excise to any Officer or other Person who shall have received the Rank of a Commissioner of Excise, until it shall have been certified to the said Lords Commissioners of the Receipt of the Customs of Excise, or the major Part of them for the time being, that such Officer or other Person during or following any such Pension, Annuity or yearly Payment as aforesaid, on the Ground of Age or Infirmary, or from Age or Infirmary become incapable of properly executing or performing, the Duty of such his Office or Station, and that he hath been employed in the Service of the said Revenue at least Ten Years; and when yearly Salary of such Officer or other Person shall have received for and during the foregoing Seven Years, and that such Officer or other Person had, during his Employment, approved the Chancellor of the Exchequer of having forfeited all the Duties of his Office or Station, or, in case of Accident as aforesaid, that such Officer or other Person has been by such Accident rendered totally unable to execute or perform the Duty of such his Office or Station; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P.

C A P. XLV.

An Act for raising the Sum of Twelve Millions by way of Annuities.

[3d June 1810.]

C A P. XLVI.

An Act for encouraging the Consumption of Malt Liquor in Ireland.

[9th June 1810.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to encourage the Consumption of Malt Liquor in Ireland: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That whatsoever shall be made appear in manner hereinafter mentioned, that any Person in Ireland licensed to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale and Cyder by Retail, has sold by Retail within the Quarter of a Year preceding, is or at the Head or Heads wherein such Person shall have been licensed, Strong Beer, Ale or Porter, bought by him at a Price not less than Thirty Shillings for every Barrel containing Forty two Gallons over and above all Allowances and Deductions whatsoever) in the Proportion of six times the Oath each Barrel of Strong Beer, Ale or Porter, for every Four Gallons of Spirituous Liquor, sold therein or therefrom during such Quarter of a Year, every such Retailer shall be entitled to and shall receive in manner hereinafter mentioned, a Bounty after the Rate of Three Shillings and Four pence for every such Barrel of Strong Beer, Ale or Porter so sold by Retail as aforesaid.

Deputy to be
made of every
selling Beer.

Accounts signed
by Brewer to be
delivered to
Officer.

II. And be it further enacted, That every licensed Retailer who shall claim any Bounty for the Sale of Beer, Ale or Porter, under this Act, shall within Seven Days after the respective Quarters ending on the Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and ten, and the Twenty fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ten, and also within Seven Days after the respective Quarters ending on the Twenty fifth Day of March, the twenty fourth Day of June, the Twenty sixth Day of September and the Twenty fifth Day of December, in each and every Year during the Commencement of this Act, deliver to the Officer keeping an Account of the Stock of such Retailer, to be by him delivered over to the Collector of the District, an Account signed by such Brewer or other Person or Persons respectively from whom such Retailer shall have purchased any Strong Beer, Ale or Porter, which shall have been first put into the Stock of such Retailer in the County of such Quarter; and every such Account shall specify the Quantity and Price aforesaid above all Allowances and Deductions of all such Beer, Ale or Porter, and the several Kinds thereof sold and delivered by say and every such Brewer or other Person to such Retailer, and the Date when every Barrel or other Vessel containing the same was so delivered; and every such Retailer shall at the same time deliver to such Officer an Account stating the Quantity of such Beer, Ale or Porter, and of Spirituous Liquors sold by Retail by such Retailer within such Quarter, and the Stock thereof remaining unsold on the last Day of such Quarter, the Truth of all or any of which several Accounts shall, if required by the Collector of Excise, be verified by the Affidavit or Examination upon Oath of such Brewer or Sellers of Beer and by such Retailer respectively, which Oath every such Collector is hereby authorized to administer.

Oath.

Quantity of
Spirits sold here
allowed and.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Officer of Excise keeping an Account of the Stock of Spirituous Liquors, Beer, Ale and Porter contained in any Heads, Warehouses, Shop or other Place of any such Retailer, to examine, as often as he shall deem it necessary, the Stock of Strong Beer, Ale or Porter, and the Stock of Spirits belonging to such Retailer, and the Licenses and Duties, and the Quantities thereof; and such Officer shall, at the time when he shall deliver to the Collector the Accounts required by him as aforesaid from any Retailer, deliver also to such Collector an Account of all Spirits which he shall have entered as received by such Retailer during the Quarter, upon deducting the Quantity of Stock at the End of such Quarter from the total Amount of the Stock at the Commencement thereof, and of Spirits received during the Quarter, shall be considered to be the Quantity of Spirits sold by Retail during such Quarter, and the Collector shall proceed without any unnecessary Delay, after ascertaining the Quantities of Spirits sold, to determine the Proportion which the Strong Beer, Ale or Porter bears to the Spirits sold within such Quarter; and if as such Determination it shall appear that the Quantity of Spirits sold in any such Quarter shall exceed the Proportion of Four Gallons of Spirits to every Barrel containing Forty two Gallons of Strong Beer, Ale or Porter, or if the Stock of Spirits included in such Account, shall not appear to have been so or to be fully and fairly certified by legal Permit or Certificate, or if any such Retailer shall refuse to be examined upon Oath by such Collector in manner herein enacted, such Retailer shall not be entitled to receive the Bounty aforesaid; but if it shall appear that the Quantity of Spirits sold shall not exceed such Proportion aforesaid, and the whole of such Spirits shall be so certified, such Collector shall give to such Retailer a Certificate under his Hand of the Amount of the Spirituous Liquors, Strong Beer, Ale and Porter so sold by Retail by such Retailer within the Quarter preceding, ending on the Days respectively before mentioned, and of the Amount of the Bounty payable after the Rate of Three Shillings and Four pence per Barrel to such Retailer by virtue of this Act; and upon the Production of such Certificate to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, and they are hereby required, in case they shall be satisfied of the Truth of such Certificate, forthwith to pay or cause to be paid, out of any Revenues under their Management, such Bounty to such Retailer or to any Person whom such Retailer shall by Indorsement on such Certificate authorize to receive the same.

Wine by selling
to be certified.

Certificate.

Bounty.

Warrant
to be made
to take
Malt Licenses.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if the Collector shall be made to suspect that more Spirits have been sold by Retail by any such Retailer than shall appear by such Accounts, or that such Retailer has received in his Accounts any Beer not sold by him by Retail, or sold by him otherwise than by Retail, it

shall

shall be lawful for each Collector to make such Enquiries as to the same, as each Collector shall think fit and proper, and to satisfy himself of the Truth of such Enquiries by the Oath of each Retailer, or by the Oath or Oaths of any other Persons or Persons; and if each Collector shall be satisfied that Spirits have been sold by each Retailer in a greater Proportion than Four Gallons of Spirits for every Barrel of Beer, or that any Beer included in the Account of each Retailer was not sold by him by Retail, or was sold by him otherwise than by Retail, it shall be lawful for each Collector and he is hereby required to refer to grant any Certificate to each Retailer, and each Retailer shall not be entitled to any Bounty under this Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, from time to time to make such further and other Rules, Orders and Regulations with respect to the Payment of the Bounties by this Act given, and for the preventing of Frauds in the obtaining thereof, as the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall think fit and expedient: Provided always, that such Rules, Orders and Regulations shall be approved of by the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or any Three of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being; and all such Rules, Orders and Regulations, when so made and approved, shall be observed and complied with by all Persons claiming such Bounties, and that no such Bounties shall be paid to any Person or Persons neglecting or refusing to comply with such Rules, Orders and Regulations, when so made and approved in manner aforesaid.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Person licensed to brew Strong Beer, Porter, Ale or Small Beer for Sale, in Ireland, shall, within Twenty one Days after the Quarter ending on the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and ten, and in like manner within Twenty one Days next after the Quarter ending on the Twenty sixth Day of September, and the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and within Twenty one Days after the like Quarter Days in every other Year after the passing of this Act, make out and deliver at the Excise Office of the District within which each Brewer shall be licensed, a full and true Account in such Form as shall be directed by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, in Ireland, stating the total Quantity of Strong Beer, Ale, Porter and Small Beer respectively sold within the Quarter preceding ending on each of the Days aforesaid by each Brewer, and delivered or consigned to each and every Person whatsoever in Ireland, or for Exportation, to whom such Brewer or other Person shall have sold Strong Beer, Ale, Porter or Small Beer within such Quarter, distinguishing the Names, Places of Residence, Trade and Profession of every Person to whom such Beer shall have been sold and delivered or consigned, the Price of all such Beer, Ale and Porter respectively which shall have been sold to Retailers; and if such Persons to whom such Beer shall be so sold shall live in any City or Town in Ireland, the Street, Square, Lane or Place in which such Person shall reside, and such Brewer, or some Clerk or Manager of such Brewer to be appointed by him for that Purpose, shall make Oath or Affirmation (in case of a known Quarter) to the Truth of every such Account, before the Collector of Excise of the said District, if otherwise required by such Collector; and if any such Accounts shall not be delivered within the said Space of Twenty one Days after the End of any Quarter ending on the Days before mentioned, or shall not be sworn or affirmed to, or required, the Brewer by whom or on whose Behalf, such Account ought to have been delivered or sworn, or affirmed to as aforesaid, shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds: Provided always, that whenever any such Brewer shall appoint any Clerk or Manager to make any such Oath or Affirmation, such Appointment shall be in Writing and signed by such Brewer, and delivered to the Collector of Excise of the District, and no Clerk or Manager of such Brewer not so appointed shall be entitled to make any such Oath or Affirmation; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall in any Affidavit or Affirmation required to be made by this Act swear or affirm falsely, every such Person shall be subject to the Penalties and Forfeitures of Perjury according to the Laws in force in Ireland, and shall also forfeit all such Bounties and Bounties, and Sums and Sums of Money, as such Person or Persons would have been entitled unto in consequence of any such Affidavit or Affirmation, in case the same had been true.

C A P. XLVII.

An Act to extend and amend the Provisions of an Act made in the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for the Relief and Maintenance of Insolvent Debtors, detained in Prison in Ireland,

[5th June 1810.]

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland in the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for the Relief and Maintenance of Insolvent Debtors detained in Prison*, it is, amongst other things, enacted, That a Petition verified on Meise Process, in order to obtain the Benefit of said Act, shall, before the End of the first Term which shall be next after any such Petitioner shall be examined under Meise Process, exhibit his Petition for Relief: And whereas it is reasonable that every Petitioner shall be obliged to give up his Property under the Provisions of said Act: And whereas Petitioners are not obliged by the Law or the Practice of the Courts in Ireland, either to file Declarations against Persons in Prison there on Meise Process at their Suit, or to proceed to Trial or Judgment at any convenient time, unless compelled by such Petitioners to declare or give Trial at considerable Expence, in such Proceedings; and by reason whereof and of their inability to defray the same, many Petitioners have remained for several Years confined under Meise Process only: And whereas Petitioners confined for Debt in Ireland are obliged

Commenced
may make
Declarations
relating
to
Bounty

Brewers to
deliver Quarterly
Returns of Beer
sold by them.

Oath.

Time of Delivery.

Penalty.

Perjury

27 G. 3.
c. 1. 24. § 1.

* *defied by Attorney*, when Prisoners confined for Debt in *England* may be defined in *Perfor*: And whereas
 * those are on Liberties or Day Rales allowed to Prisoners confined for Debt in the Four Courts *Martha*
 * *Perfor in Dublin*, further to be enjoyed by Prisoners confined for Debt in the King's Bench and Fleet

81 G. 3. c. 18.

* *Prisoners England*: And whereas it is expedient to extend and amend the said Act in the Act commonly
 called the *Fourth Act*, in *England*, as also the Law, Practice and Liberties, in regard to Prisoners confined
 for Debt in *Ireland*, with the Law, Practice and Liberties, in respect to Prisoners confined for Debt in
England, in the Matters aforesaid, which if adopted may be a great Measure to improve the Necessity
 of frequent Indolent Acts for *Ireland*: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by
 and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present
 Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said Act for Relief and
 Maintenance of Indolent Debtors, as limits Prisoners confined on Misere Powers to exhibit their Petitions
 for Relief before the End of the first Term which shall be next after any such Prisoner shall be committed under
 Misere Powers, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

81 G. 3. c. 18.
 c. 28. s. 1. r.
 1. 1. 1.

Within what
 time Debtors
 may be made
 liable.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in all cases where a Debtor
 is or shall be arrested, detained or charged in *Calody* by Misere Powers issuing out of the Courts of King's
 Bench, Common Pleas or Exchequer in *Ireland*, and the Plaintiff shall neglect to make a Declaration against
 such Debtor to be delivered to such Debtor or to the Marshal of the Four Courts *Martha*, or his Deputy,
 or to the Clerk or Keeper of the Goal or Prison where such Debtor is or shall be detained or charged in
Calody, within Eight Days of the next Term after the Return of the Process by virtue whereof such Debtor
 is or shall be taken, detained or charged in *Calody*, or within Twenty one Days after the passing of this Act,
 such Debtor shall be discharged out of *Calody* by Order of the said Court, or a Judge of the said Court
 out of which said Process issued; and in case of a Commitment or Surrender to the Marshal in discharge of
 Bail after the Return of the Process and before a Declaration to be delivered as aforesaid, such a Declaration
 be delivered to such Debtor within the first Eight Days of the Term next after such Commitment or Sur-
 render shall be made, such Debtor shall be discharged out of *Calody* in manner aforesaid.

81 G. 3. c. 18.

III. And be it enacted, That in all cases where a Declaration shall be filed against such Debtor in manner
 aforesaid, such Debtor shall be discharged out of *Calody* by Order of the Court out of which such Process
 issued, or by Order of a Judge of the said Court, unless the Plaintiff shall proceed to Trial or Judgment
 before the End of the first Eight Days of the Third Term after such Declaration shall be delivered, the Term
 in which such Declaration shall be delivered to be counted as one; but in case the *Prize* shall be had in the
 County of the City of *Dublin*, or the County of *Dublin*, that then, and in that case, the Plaintiff shall proceed
 to Trial or Judgment within the Term next after the Delivery of such Declaration or in the Sittings after
 such Term: otherwise that such Prisoner shall be discharged in manner aforesaid.

Charging Pri-
 soners in *Calody*.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where the Plaintiff has obtained a Verdict or Judgment
 against any Prisoner, such Plaintiff shall charge such Prisoner in Execution within the first Eight Days of
 the next Term after the obtaining of such Verdict or Judgment; and in case of Failure in so doing such Prisoner
 shall be discharged in manner aforesaid.

Application for
 Execution.

V. And be it further enacted, That such Prisoner charged in Execution may, before the End of the full Term
 which shall be next after such Prisoner shall be charged in Execution, exhibit a Petition to any Court of Law
 from which such Process issued, or by the Authority of which such Prisoner may have been removed by *Relief*
Capias into the *Calody* of the Marshal of the Four Courts *Martha*, for the Benefit of the said *Maintenance*
 Act; any thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided the Assent of his or her
 Debitors for which he or she shall be detained in *Calody* shall not exceed the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Debtors not to
 exceed 500 l.

When Prisoners
 may sue for
 Reliance.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Prisoner who shall be charged in Execution in any Prison or
 Goal in *Ireland*, for any Sum or Sums of Money now existing in the Whole the sum of Five hundred
 Pounds, and who shall be willing to satisfy their respective Creditors as is and by the said Act a directed,
 may, before the End of the Term which shall be next after any such Prisoner shall be charged in Execution,
 or within Twenty Days after the passing of this Act, exhibit his or her Petition to the Court out of which
 such Process issued, or by the Authority of which such Prisoner may have been removed by *Relief* or *Capias*,
 into the *Calody* of the Marshal of the Four Courts *Martha*, or removed in discharge of his or her Bail
 for the Benefit of the said Act.

Application to
 discharge from
 prison.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Truth of each of the Objections against the
 obtaining the Benefit of this Act, shall be proved by the Testimony upon Oath of Gas or more credible
 Witnesses or Witnesses, besides the Testimony upon Oath of the Prisoner or Prisoners making such Objections, or
 other legal Proof or Evidence admissible in a Court of Law; and that no Prisoner, except a detaining Creditor,
 or such Prisoner or Prisoners as have commenced their Action or Actions against a Prisoner previous to the
 making such Objections, shall be permitted to oppose the Discharge of any Prisoner seeking Relief under
 this Act.

Weekly Allow-
 ance to Prison-
 ers confined.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Prisoner shall be
 removed at the Instance of the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the said Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall pay such Prisoner
 the Weekly Sum of Three Shillings and Two pence for his or her Maintenance, instead of the Sum of Two
 Shillings and Four pence allowed by the said Act, and under the same Terms, Conditions and Clauses, as
 are in and by the said Act directed, in regard to the Payment of Two Shillings and Four pence a Week
 there mentioned; and also that the said Sum of Three Shillings and Two pence shall be paid to every such
 Prisoner or Prisoners in the House of Twelve of the Clerk on the Authority of such Warrant, or in failure thereof
 the Marshal of the Four Courts *Martha*, and any One Alderman or other Justice of the Peace for the City
 of *Dublin*, or an Alderman or Houseman belonging to said *Martha*, which Oath

every

every such Allowance or Justice is hereby empowered and required to admit, of the Neglect or Failure of the Payment of the said Weekly Sum, and is hereby required to discharge the said Prisoner; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

X. And be it further enacted, That no Creditor sending a Prisoner to be rewarded on merely an Undertaking to pay the said Weekly Sum, shall have Power to detain the said Prisoner in Custody longer than Three Years, but that the said Prisoner may, on the last Day of the said Term that such Master or Bail have been paid to him or her, produce to the Court from whence he or she shall have been committed, a Certificate of his or her having been detained by the Payment of the said Weekly Sum, five or six times as he or she is required by the Marshal or his Deputies, and be delivered by the Court thereon.

XI. And whereas Prisoners are often committed at the Instance of Attorneys employed against them, although that the Plaintiff's Plea is a wrong Part of the Kingdom, and that they had no Title to committure with said Pleas; be it therefore enacted, That in all such Cases where the Court shall think it to reward the Prisoner, the said Attorney shall deposit with the Marshal a Sum of Money sufficient to pay the Prisoner One Shilling per Day for his or her Maintenance, until he or she shall be again brought up to receive the Judgment or Decision of the said Court.

XII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to extend to the Release or Discharge of any Attorneys or Solicitors under any Statute, except where any such Prisoner shall have been confined in Prison Ten Years.

XIII. And whereas many Persons are often committed by the Courts of Law and Equity for Contempts, and for not paying Money ordered or awarded to be paid, and also for not paying of Costs duly and regularly taxed and allowed by the proper Officer, after proper Demands made for that Purpose, and also upon the Writ of Executions or Writs or other Process for or awarded on the Non-payment of Money, Costs or Expenses, in some Cause or Proceeding in some Ecclesiastical Court, or for Contempt in such Court relating thereto; it is hereby declared and enacted, That all such Persons are and shall be confined to the Benefit of this Act, in like manner as herein is expressed and declared with respect to Prisoners for Debt only.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every Prisoner confined for Debt in England, any place and defined to his proper Prison without Attorney.

XV. And be it further enacted, That where any Debtor shall have neglected to take the Benefit of the said Act within the time limited by the said Act, and shall make it appear to the Court out of which such Execution issued, that such Neglect arose from Ignorance or Mistake, such Debtor shall be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, as if he or she had petitioned for the Benefit of the said Act within the time by the said Act limited; any thing in the said Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all Gaolers and Keepers of Prisons in England shall and they are hereby directed and required to give notice of this Act to all Prisoners in their Custody for Debt, within Three Days after such Prisoners shall have been respectively committed or charged in Execution; and if any Gaoler or Keeper of a Prison in England shall neglect to give such Notice, he shall forfeit and pay to any Person who shall for the same, the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered by him or her by Action of Debt in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in England; and in every such Action or Plea shall be on the Petitioner's side who the same shall be brought; Provided nevertheless that such Action shall be brought within Twelve Calendar Months after the Cause of Action incurred.

C A P. XLVIII.

An Act to repeal Three Acts, made in the Twenty eighth, Thirtieth and Forty sixth Years of His present Majesty, for Enacting the Number of Prisons to be carried on the Outside of Stage Coaches as other Carriages, and to enact other Regulations for carrying the Objects of the said Acts into Effect. [10th June 1810.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, "An Act for limiting the Number of Prisons to be carried on the Outside of Stage Coaches or other Carriages;" and whereas another Act was passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, "An Act to amend, repeal and amend an Act, made in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, 'An Act for limiting the Number of Prisons to be carried on the outside of Stage Coaches or other Carriages, and for regulating the Conduct of the Drivers and Conduct thereof;' and whereas another Act was passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, "An Act to amend and amend two Acts made in the Twenty eighth and Thirtieth Years of His present Majesty, for limiting the Number of Prisons to be carried on the outside of Stage Coaches or other Carriages, and regulate the Conduct of the Drivers thereof;" and whereas the Regulations and Provisions established and enacted by the said recited Acts have proved insufficient to answer the said and important Purposes thereby intended; and it is expedient to amend the same, and to enact other Provisions and Regulations for carrying the Objects of the said Acts into Effect; His Majesty therefore doth give His Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the said several Acts shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, any Coach, Berlin, Landau, Chaise, Diligence, Calash, Chaise Marine, or other Carriage with Four or more Wheels, by what Name soever the same is or shall hereafter be called or known, to be employed as a publick Stage Coach or Convoys, for the Purpose of conveying Passengers for Hire to and from different Places in Great Britain, and driven by

Carriage of Prisons committed to the Marshal or his Deputies.

Attorneys for Prisoners committed to Prison.

Attorneys for Contempt.

Prisoners for Contempt.

Prisoners confined in Prison.

Prisoners confined in Prison.

Gaolers in relation to Prisoners of Debt.

Penalty.

Limitation of Actions.

30 G. 3. c. 13.

30 G. 3. c. 26.

46 G. 3. c. 106.

repealed.

Number of Coaches, Diligences, &c.

Four or more Horses, shall be allowed to carry Ten Outside Passengers and no more, exclusive of the Coachman, but including the Groom, where there is a Groom with each Coach or other Carriage; and that One Passenger and no more shall be allowed to sit upon the Box with the Coachman, and Three of each Passenger on the Front of the Roof, and the remaining Six behind, in the manner the most safe and convenient for the said Passengers: Provided always, that no such Passenger or Passengers shall be allowed to sit on the Luggage, or that Part of the Roof allotted for the same; and that all Stage Coaches or other Carriages above described, drawn by Two or Three Horses, shall be allowed Five Outside Passengers and no more, exclusive of the Coachman; and that all Stage Coaches called Long Coaches or Double-Ended Coaches, shall be permitted to carry Eight Outside Passengers and no more, exclusive of the Coachman, but including the Groom, where there is a Groom with each Coach, under such Fines or Penalties as are by this Act imposed, in Cases where more Outside Passengers are carried than are allowed by this Act; such Fines and Penalties to be imposed and levied upon the Owner or Proprietor, or the Owners or Proprietors of any such Coach or other Carriage above described, or any One or more of them, or any Person driving the same, in the manner after mentioned: Provided always, that no Child in the Lap, or under Seven Years of Age, shall be included in or counted as One of such Number, unless there shall be more than One; and if more than One, that Two of such Children shall be accounted equal to One grown Person, and so on in the same Proportion; and that no Person paying as an Outside Passenger shall be permitted to sit or remain as an Inside Passenger, unless with the Consent of One of the Inside Passengers at the seat conveyed by such Coach or other Carriage, and that to whom such Outside Passenger shall be placed: and provided also, that where such Coach or other Carriage is of a Construction peculiarly wide or commodious, and being so fitted shall be duly licensed for that Purpose, Four Outside Passengers instead of Three shall be allowed to sit as the Front of such Coach or other Carriage: Provided always, that the Number of Outside Passengers shall not exceed Ten as aill.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, it shall not be lawful for any Driver, Owner or Proprietor of any Coach or other Carriage above described, going or travelling for Hire, to permit or suffer in any manner or way any Luggage to be carried on the Roof of any such Coach or other Carriage, or any Person to ride or go as an Outside Passenger on or about the Outside of any such Coach or other Carriage, the Top of which shall be more than Eight Feet Nine Inches from the Ground, or the Bottom of which on the Ground shall be less than Four Feet Six Inches from the Centre of the Track of the Right or Off Wheel, to the Centre of the Track of the Left or Near Wheel, under the Penalty of Five Pounds for each Offence, to be recovered and applied in the same manner as any Penalty for more Outside Passengers then are allowed by this Act can be recovered and applied.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Driver, Owner or Proprietor of any such Coach, Mail Coach, or other Carriage above described, going or travelling for Hire, to carry or permit or suffer any Pistol or Pistol, or Luggage whatever, exceeding Two Feet in Height, to be conveyed on the Roof of any such Coach, Mail Coach, or other Carriage above described, drawn by Four or more Horses; and where Carriage are drawn by Two or Three Horses, then such Luggage not to exceed Eighteen Inches above the Roof; and every such Driver in offending, and any Owner or Proprietor of any such Coach or other Carriage, where such Driver is not known or cannot be found, being convicted of such Offence, either by his or her own Confession, the View of a Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate, or the Oath or Oaths of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, before any Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate sitting in and for the County, Riding, City, Town, Division or Place where any Offence shall be committed, (which Oath every such Justice or other Magistrate is hereby authorized and required to administer) shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two Pounds for every such above the Space of Two Feet as of Eighteen Inches respectively above allowed; and in case the Driver so offending shall be the Owner of such Coach, Mail Coach, or other Carriage above described, he shall forfeit the Sum of Two Pounds for every such above the Spaces respectively above allowed; and in default of Payment of the said Penalties respectively, the Person and Person so offending shall be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of the County, Riding, City, Town, Division or Place where such Offence shall have been committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Two Months, unless such Penalties shall be sooner paid: Provided always, that all Packages hereinafter described, shall be placed on the Roof of such Coach, Mail Coach or other Carriage above described, as that no Passenger or Passengers shall sit thereon, under the Penalty of Fifty Shillings for each Offence; to be paid by such Passenger or Passengers respectively, and to be recovered and applied in the same manner as the other Penalties imposed by this Act, and that the Division or Space on the Top of the Coach or other Carriage aforesaid allotted for Luggage, shall be distinctly separated from the other Part of the Top of such Coach or other Carriage, by some Railing or otherwise; and in case any such Coach or other Carriage, when required to do so, shall refuse so permit the said Carriage and Luggage to be secured by any Justice of the Peace, Magistrate, Constable, Barrister of any Highway or Turnpike Road, Inspector of Coaches duly authorized by the Commissioners of Stamps or Passengers, he shall forfeit the said Penalty, to be recovered and applied in the manner hereinafter specified.

V. And whereas it is expedient to lower the present Height of Stage Coaches, in which case a greater Height of Luggage than Two Feet might be safely permitted to be carried on the Outside thereof; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful to carry any Luggage, Parcel or other Package in manner hereinafter provided for, on the Roof of any Coach or other Carriage above described of a greater Height than Two Feet: Provided such Luggage, Parcel or other Package be not a greater Height from the Ground, including the Height of such Coach, than Two Feet Nine Inches.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in every License to be taken out by any Person who shall keep any Carriage,

Carriage, to be employed as a publick Stage Coach or other Carriage above described, for the Purposes of conveying Passengers for Hire to and from different Places in Great Britain, shall be printed the Number of outside Passengers to be carried on or about the Outside of such Coach or other Carriage above described, as well as the Number of Inside Passengers to be carried therein as now by Law directed; and that no such Licence shall in future be granted for more than the Number of Inside and Outside Passengers in all allowed by Law, and that such Licence shall contain the Name or Names and the Places of Abode of every Individual to whom such Coach or other Carriage shall belong, a Copy of which Licence shall be accessible at the Board or Office where such Licence is issued, to any Person or Persons applying either for a Copy of or for the Perusal of the same.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons who shall be duly licensed to keep any Coach or other Carriage above described, for the Purpose of conveying Passengers for Hire to and from different Places in Great Britain, (Mail Coaches always excepted) shall, and he, she or they or and so respectively directed and required to pass or cause to be passed within Six Months from the passing of this Act, on the Outside of each Door of each such Coach or other Carriage above described, or on some other conspicuous Part thereof, in legible Characters of at least One Inch in length, and in a different Colour from the Ground on which the same is painted, and in Words at Length, the Number of outside Passengers which the Licence obtained for such Carriage respectively doth specify or express, (as well as and in like manner as the Number of Inside Passengers as now by Law directed), together with the Name or Names of the Person or Persons or the Company or Proprietors or Firm to whom such Coach or other Carriage shall belong: Provided always, that a shall be lawful for any Board of Commissioners by whom such Licence shall be granted, to require instead of such Inscription that a Plate made of Brass or other Metal shall be fixed on the Side of each Coach or other Carriage above described, with the Name or Names of the Person or Persons or the Company of Proprietors or Firm, and a distinct Number for each, to the end that the Owner or Owners and Driver of such Coach or Carriage shall be known; and if any Person, Company of Proprietors or Firm, shall be licensed to keep more than One Coach, every One of them shall have several Numbers or other Marks of Distinction in the same manner as if they did belong to several Persons; and if any Person shall blot out, obliterate, alter or deface the Number, Figure or Mark of Distinction appointed by the said Commissioners, he shall forfeit Five Pounds for every such Offence; and if any Person or Persons shall employ or make use of any such Carriage as aforesaid, for conveying any Outside Passengers for Hire to and from different Places in Great Britain, without being licensed to do so, or without having the said Words and Number and Name or Names printed on the Outside of each Door of such Carriage, or in such other conspicuous Part thereof, and in such manner as is herebefore directed, or shall at any time carry more Outside Passengers than shall be specified or expressed in the Licence for using such Coach or other Carriage, and by the Words so printed on the Outside of such Doors or other conspicuous Part of such Carriage or the numbered Plate, every Person so offending shall for each and every Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds for each Outside Passenger beyond the Number lawfully allowed, and Double that Sum if the Driver or Coachman be also Owner or Receiver, to be recovered and applied in the same manner as any other Penalty imposed by this Act can be recovered and applied; and every such Inscription or Plate, as the case may be, to be considered sufficient Evidence of the Parties to whom such Coach or other Description of Carriage above enumerated doth belong, being Owner or Proprietor thereof.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Driver of any such Coach or other Carriage above described, going or travelling for Hire, and conveying a greater Number of Persons in any manner or way in the Inside, or on or about the Outside of any such Coach or other Carriage above described than are allowed by this Act, or permitting more than One Passenger to sit upon the Box, (which Box shall be so constructed as not conveniently to hold more than One Passenger besides the Coachman) shall not be known, or being known cannot be found, then, and in every such case, the Owner or Owners, Proprietors or Proprietors, or any of them, of any such Coach or other Carriage above described, shall be liable to all such Fines and Penalties as if such Owner or Owners, Proprietors or Proprietors had been the Driver only of any such Coach or other Carriage above described, at the time that such Offence was committed: Provided always, that if any such Owner or Proprietor shall make out to the Satisfaction of the Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate above mentioned, before where any such Offence shall be had, by sufficient Evidence not relying on his own Testimony, that the Offence was committed by the Driver of the Coach or other Carriage without his Privy or Knowledge, and that no Profit, Advantage or Benefit, either directly or indirectly, has accrued or could or would have accrued to such Owner or Proprietor therefore, but that such Offence was committed against the Act by such Justice or Justice in violation of his Duty to the Owner or Proprietors, as well as against the Purposes of this Act, such Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate above mentioned shall discharge the Owner or Proprietor from such Penalty and Expense and levy the same upon the Driver only, when found, and such Driver, unless he pays the Penalty for which he is liable in consequence of such Offence, shall be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of the County, Riding, City, Town, Borough or Place where such Offence shall have been committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any time not exceeding Six Months nor less than Three Months, at the Discretion of the Justice or other Magistrate above mentioned, by or before whom any such Offence shall be committed.

IX. And be it further enacted, That any Summons issued by any Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate above mentioned, commanding any Driver, Owner or Proprietor of any Coach or other Carriage above described, or any Person or Persons or Company of Proprietors or Firm of any Company to whom such Coach or other Carriage above described shall belong, to appear before him at such Time or Place as to such Justice or other Magistrate above mentioned shall seem meet, for any Offence committed against this Act, or a Copy

What good Drivers.

thereof, shall be deemed to be well and sufficiently served, in case either the Original or a Copy of such Statutes be left with the known or acting Took-keeper for each Coach or other Carriage above described, in any Town or Place into or through which any Driver offending as aforesaid shall drive: each Coach or other Carriage.

Drivers leaving their Horses, &c.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Driver of any such Coach, Mail Coach, or other Carriage above described, going or travelling for Hire, stopping at any Place or Places where Assistance can be procured, shall not quit his Horses or the Box of such Coach or other Carriage above described, until a proper Person or Persons shall be brought to hold the Horses or Post Horses, which such Carriage keeps, so as to prevent them from running away, and shall keep actual Hold of such Horses, and that each Person or Persons shall hold the same until the Driver has returned to his Box, or until the Postboy who rides one of the Horses is again mounted, and has in his Hands the Reins for guiding the said Horses, and if such Driver or such Person or Persons shall neglect to do so, or if they being duly examined thereof by his or their Constables, the View of a Justice or other Magistrate above mentioned, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses taken before any Justice or other Magistrate above mentioned, shall be found to be so and forfeit and pay a Penalty of not less than Ten Shillings nor more than Five Pounds for each Offence: Provided nevertheless, that nothing in this Section or Clause contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to Hackney Coaches being driven by Two Horses only.

Penalty.

Drivers, for leaving or driving their Horses, not according to Act.

XI. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That in case the Driver of any such Coach, Mail Coach or other Carriage above described, or the Person acting as Guard, shall, by Intoxication or by Negligence or other Misdemeanor (avoidable Accidents always excepted), endanger the Safety of the Passengers in their Lives, their Limbs or their Property, or shall not give due Care or Protection to any other Property with which such Coach, Driver or Guard or either of them may be entrusted; or if any Driver of any Mail Coach, or any Guard, shall enter on the Road or willfully retard or lose Time for as to retard the Arrival of His Majesty's Mails at the next Stage; or if the Driver of any Mail Coach shall not, in all possible cases, convey such Mails at the Speed of such a Number of Miles as Hour as are fixed by the Postmaster General for the Convenience thereof, unless the Circumstances of the Weather or the Barrenness of the Roads, or the Occurrence of any Accident to the Coach or Horses, shall prevent the same; or if any Driver or Guard of any such Coach, Mail Coach or other Carriage, shall not duly account to his or their Employers or Persons authorized by them to account with such Driver or Guard for all Moneys received by him, them or either of them, in respect of any Passengers or Parcel conveyed or taken by such Coach or other Carriage above described, then and in every such case the Driver or Guard (as the case may be) in offending, and being convicted thereof by his own Constables, the View of a Justice (as any case applicable thereto), or the Oath or Oaths of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, before any Justice or other Magistrate above mentioned, shall forfeit and pay a Sum not less than Five Pounds, nor more than Ten Pounds for every such Offence, and shall return the Sum or Sums of Money so exacted; and in case of Non-payment every such Justice or other Magistrate above mentioned are hereby authorized to commit such Offender to the County, Riding, City, Town, Division or Place, where such Offence shall have been committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any time not exceeding Six Months nor less than Three Months, at the Discretion of the Justice or other Magistrate above mentioned, by or before whom any such Offender shall be convicted.

Penalty.

Excessiveness.

Drivers, for exceeding or retarding from Passengers.

Penalty.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Driver or Guard of any such Coach or other Carriage above described, shall use abusive or insulting Language to any Passengers, or shall talk or send or carry more than the Sum to which he is legally entitled, then, and in every such case, the Driver or Guard (as the case may be) in offending, and being convicted thereof by his own Constables, or the Oath or Oaths of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, before any Justice or other Magistrate above mentioned, shall forfeit and pay a Sum not less than Five Shillings nor more than Twenty Shillings for every such Offence; and in case of Non-payment, every such Justice or other Magistrate above mentioned are hereby authorized to commit such Offender to the County, Riding, City, Town, Division or Place where such Offence shall have been committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any time not exceeding One Month nor less than Three Days, at the Discretion of the Justice or other Magistrate above mentioned, by or before whom such Offender shall be convicted.

Drivers, for exceeding or retarding from Passengers.

Penalty.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Constable or other Peace Officer shall refuse or neglect to execute any Warrant granted by any Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate above mentioned, pursuant to the Direction of this Act, every such Person in offending, and being convicted thereof before One or more Justices or Justices of the Peace or other Magistrate or Magistrate above mentioned, either by his own Constable or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses (which Oath such Justice or Justice or other Magistrate, or Magistrate above mentioned, is to be lawfully authorized and sworn, as aforesaid), shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of five Pounds; and in case the Person so convicted shall not lawfully pay or have paid the said Penalty, then it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate or Magistrate above mentioned, to commit such Person to the County, Riding, City, Town, Division or Place where such Offence shall be committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any time not exceeding One Month, unless the said Penalty shall be sooner paid.

Passengers may request that Collection in more Number of Passengers.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, if the Driver of any Coach or other Carriage above described, driven by Two or more Horses and going or travelling for Hire, shall permit or suffer more than One Person on the Coach Box besides himself, and a greater Number of Outside Passengers than according to the Numbers allowed by this Act to be carried or conveyed

carried by any such Coach or Carriage above described respectively, it shall be lawful for any Officer or Justice of the Peace who shall have been regularly booked, and who has actually paid for his Place, if exempted by such Coach or other Carriage, to require the Driver to stop such Coach or Carriage at any Toll or Turnpike Gate, and to require the Collector of the Toll at such Gate to count the Number of Passengers, or to make or ascertain the Height of the Luggage upon such Coach or other Carriage; and if any such Driver shall refuse upon the Demand of any such Officer to stop any such Coach or Carriage, or to permit or suffer the Collector at such Toll or Turnpike Gate who shall be so required by any such Officer, to count the Number of Passengers and ascertain the Height of the Luggage, or to make such Examination, then, in every such case, the Driver of such Coach shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds for every such Offence, and shall, if more Passengers shall have been carried on such Coach, or the Luggage shall exceed the Height allowed by this Act, forfeit for every such Offence, the summing whereof shall have been prohibited as aforesaid, double the Penalty imposed by this Act for each Offence, the One Half of such Penalty to belong to the Toll Collector for his Trouble, and the other Half to the Passenger; and if any Toll Collector, upon being so required by any such Officer, shall neglect or refuse to make such Examination, he shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds for each Offence, to be levied and applied in the same manner as the other Penalties imposed by this Act; and if any Person or Persons shall endeavour to evade such Examination, by descending from such Coach or other Carriage above described, previous to its reaching any Turnpike Gate, and re-ascending after it has passed such Turnpike Gate, he shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered in the same manner as the other Penalties hereby imposed.

XV. And be it further enacted, That, soon after the passing of this Act, if the Coachman or Person having the Care of any Coach, Mail Coach, or other Carriage above described, shall permit or suffer any other Person without the Consent of a Proprietor, or against the Consent of the Passengers, to drive the same, or shall get the Box without reasonable Occasion, or for a longer Space of Time than such Occasion may require (although the Reason for sending or driving the Horses be left for the time to the Hands of the Passengers or the Box), or if the Coachman or Person having the Care of any Coach, Mail Coach or other Carriage above described, shall, by himself driving or by any Negligence or Misconduct, overturn the Carriage, or in any manner endanger the Persons or Property of the Passengers, or the Property of the Owners or Proprietors of such Carriage (exceptable Accidents always excepted), every such Coachman or Person as aforesaid offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds nor less than Five Pounds, to be levied and applied in the same manner as the other Penalties imposed by this Act.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Penalties and Forfeitures incurred for any Offence committed against this Act, shall and may be recoverable before One or more Justices of the Peace, or before any other Magistrate above mentioned, every such Justice or other Magistrate above mentioned, is hereby required to administer an Oath, and upon Proof of any such Offence, shall give Judgment or Sentence for the Forfeiture or Penalty incurred, and for the reasonable Costs and Charges of the Prosecution; and if the same shall not be paid, shall commit the Person or Persons to be convicted to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the said County, Shire, Borough, Town Corporate or Place for any time not exceeding Three Months nor less than One Month, at the Discretion of the said Justice or other Magistrate above mentioned, unless such Person or Persons shall enter into such Recognizance with such Surety before such Justice or Justice, or other Magistrate as herebefore mentioned.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any such Justice, or other Magistrate above mentioned, before whom any Person shall have been committed for any Offence against the Provisions of this Act, shall be made to waive such Penalty, every such Justice, or other Magistrate above mentioned, may mitigate or lessen the same to any Sum not exceeding One Moiety of the Penalty or Forfeiture incurred, and shall allow all reasonable Costs and Charges expended or incurred in the Prosecution; and that One Half thereof of the Whole or of the Moiety of such Penalty, with the said Costs and Charges, shall be paid to the Informer for his own Demand, or to be at his Disposal for Publick Purposes, except in the Special Cases above provided for, and the other Half shall be paid to the Trustees of the Roads where such Offence is committed, who are hereby required to cause notice thereof to direct their Surveyors to watch over the due Execution of this Act, in the several Roads to the Dependence of which they are respectively appointed.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person going or travelling as a Guest in any Coach, Mail Coach, or other Carriage above described, shall sit on the Arms he is entrusted with, either while such Coach or other Carriage is going on the Road or going through or standing in any Town, otherwise than for the Defence of such Coach or other Carriage, or the Passenger or Passengers therein, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered and applied in the same manner as the other Penalties imposed by this Act.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons committing any Offence against the Provisions of this Act, for which no specific Penalties shall have been provided, by, for or as they shall forfeit and pay, at the Discretion of One or more Justices of the Peace or of any other Magistrate above mentioned, any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, nor less than Five Shillings, upon being convicted thereof on the Oath or Oaths of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, before any Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate above mentioned, acting in and for the County, Riding, City, Town, Division or Place where the Offence shall have been committed, or by any other Justice of the Peace residing in any County, Riding, City, Town, Division or Place in which the Offender shall then actually be present, upon full and satisfactory Proof being exhibited before such Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate above mentioned, on the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses (which Oath or Oaths as well the Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate above mentioned acting in and for the County, Riding, City, Town, Division or Place where the Offence shall have

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Driver refusing

Penalty

Double Penalty

Collector refusing
PenaltyPassenger
refusing
PenaltyCoachman per-
mitting other
Person to driveTurning Down,
&c.

Penalty

Penalties here
referred.

Magistrate

How applied

Goods being
carried by the
Coach

Penalty

Where no spe-
cific Penalties
are provided
by the Act

been committed, as each Justice and other Magistrates above mentioned as shall be referred to the County, Riding, City, Town, Drifcon or Place where the Offender shall actually be present, are hereby authorized and required to administer) and in default of Payment of the Tenth which shall have been awarded on the Conviction of such Offender, he shall for every such Offense be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of the County, Riding, City, Town, Drifcon or Place where such Offense shall have been committed, or of the County, Riding, City, Town, Drifcon or Place where he shall actually be present (in the case may be) there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for any Time not exceeding Three Calendar Months nor less than Five Days, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices by or before whom such Offender shall be convicted.

Penalty of Offence.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall receive any Sum or Sums of Money for covering at any Offense prohibited by this Act, either for any single Offense or for a Number of such Offenses, or by Stipulation or Agreement by the Day, the Week, the Year, or any other Period of Time, and shall be duly convicted thereof before One or more Justices, or before any other Magistrate above mentioned, he, she or they shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds for each Offense, and in default of the Payment thereof shall be committed to any House of Correction for any Period not exceeding Three Months nor less than One Month.

Fine.

What Carriages may carry additional Passengers at Passages.

XXI. And whereas it would materially contribute to the Safety of Passengers if a great Part of the Luggage usually conveyed by Stage Coaches were conveyed in a much lower Position than is generally the case at present, and the same Redress in regard to the Number of Outside Passengers on such Stage Coaches would not be so requisite, provided no Luggage was carried by them, except in the manner hereafter mentioned; Be it therefore further enacted, That all Stage Coaches, (Long Bodied Coaches included) carrying no Parcels or Luggage whatsoever, excepting in the Inside or in the Front Box thereof, or in a Box behind or under the Body of such Carriage; and where the Top of such Box behind, where the Coach is empty, is not more than Six Feet from the Ground, having obtained a special License for that Purpose, and having the Name of the Owner or Owners, and the Number of Outside and Inside Passengers thereby allowed carried or intended thereon, shall be permitted to carry Two Outside Passengers more than the Number of Outside Passengers hereby limited with respect to other Coaches or Carriages above described, without subjecting the Drivers, Owners or Proprietors of such Coaches or other Carriages to any of the Penalties, Forfeitures, Fines or Punishments imposed or authorized to be imposed by this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

License of Drivers.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That any Person or Persons for any Offense committed against the Provisions of this Act, shall be committed within the Space of Fourteen Days after the Offense shall have been committed, and that these shall be but one Recovery for the same Offense, except where the Owner or Owners of Stage Coaches or other Carriages above described, are required to paint their Names or Name or Sign, and to preserve the same in a clear or legible State, in which case such Provisions may be committed at any time, and any Neglect in complying the same for the Space of One Month shall be considered a new Offense.

The last Part of this Act may be repealed.

XXIII. And whereas a certain Number of Hackney Coaches work by Permission at fixed Stages, and which as well as other Hackney Coaches are licensed by and have been hitherto under the Regulation and Control of the Commissioners for licensing and regulating Hackney Coaches, the same fixed Stages being numbered and in all Instances and Purposes Hackney Coaches, yet for the public Convenience are exempted from the ordinary Street Work of Hackney Coaches, and permitted to be employed and driven at various prescribed Routes at fixed Hours between the Metropolis and certain Villages and Places in its Vicinity; And whereas the said fixed Hackney Coach Stages as well as the Hackney Coaches in general, and the Owners and Drivers thereof respectively, are in all Respects under the Regulation and Control of the said Commissioners for licensing and regulating Hackney Coaches; and it is expedient and necessary that any of the Provisions of this Act should be applied to such Hackney Coaches and Hackney Coach Stages before mentioned; Be it therefore further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to, or be construed to extend to affect such Hackney Coaches or their Owners or Drivers respectively, in so far as or in so far as they may be licensed by the said Commissioners for licensing and regulating Hackney Coaches, whether such Coaches be so licensed to be used and driven in the ordinary and independent Work of Hackney Coaches in general, and in about the Streets and Places within which such Hackney Coaches are by Law compellible to go or be driven, or are or may be licensed expressly for the Purpose of being employed and driven as Hackney Coach Stages between the Metropolis and certain Villages and Places in the Vicinity thereof; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Time of Proceedings.

Time of Fines.

Appeal.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Form of the Proceedings relative to the several Matters contained in this Act, which are set forth and specified in the Schedule hereunto annexed, may be used upon all Occasions, and with such Additions or Variations as may be necessary to adapt them to the particular Circumstances of the case, or the Place where the Prosecution for the Offense shall take place; and that no Objection shall be allowed to be made or Advantage taken on account of want of Form in any such Proceedings; and that such Conviction, unless appealed from within Fourteen Days in the manner hereafter mentioned, shall be final and conclusive.

XXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person shall find him, her or themselves aggrieved by any Determination, Judgment, Sentence or Conviction, which any Justice or Justices of the Peace or other Magistrate above mentioned shall have given or made in any of the cases herebefore mentioned, and shall enter into a Recognizance before such Justice or Justices or other Magistrate, with one sufficient Surety, the Condition whereof shall be, that such Person or Persons do and shall appear before the Court of the next Quarter-Sessions for the County or other Place where such Determination, Judgment, Sentence or Conviction shall have been given or made, then and there to abide the final Order, Judgment, Sentence or Conviction of such Court on the Matters aforesaid, then, and in every such case, such Person or Persons shall be at Liberty to appeal

to the next General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the said County or other Place, who upon hearing the said Appeal, shall have full Power finally to determine the same, and to award such Costs to the Appellant or to the Prosecutor or Informer, as to such Court shall from time to time be awarded; and such last mentioned Proceedings, final Judgment and Sentence, shall not be removable by Writ of Certiorari or otherwise into any other Court.

Coh.

C. 48.

Public Act.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall be deemed, adjudged and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and other Persons whatsoever, without specially pleading the same.

An Act to be
introd. &c.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any other Act or Acts of Parliament in this present Session of Parliament.

The SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

FORMS of PROCEEDINGS mentioned in the foregoing Act.

INFORMATION.

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ One thousand eight hundred and _____ A. B. of _____ in the said County, informeth me _____ One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, that _____ [here describe the Offence particularly, and follow the Words of the Act as near as may be] contrary to the Statute made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intitled, *An Act for (here insert the Title of the Act) which hath impaled a Tithing of _____ Day of _____ by me _____ for the said Offence. Received the _____ G. D.*

SUMMONS for any Person or Persons to attend a Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate.

To A. B. of _____

WHEREAS Complaint and Information hath been made before me G. D. One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said [County, or others] That, at o'clock [here state the Nature and Circumstances of the Case, as far as it shall be necessary to show the Offence and to bring it within the Authority of the Statute, and in doing that follow the Words of the Act as near as may be] There are therefore to require you personally to appear before me, or such other of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said [County, or others] on the _____ Day of _____ at the Hour of _____ as the _____ Noon, to answer the said Complaint and Information; and further to do and receive what to the Law shall appertain. Hereto shall me. Given under my Hand and Seal this _____ Day of _____ One thousand eight hundred and _____

FORM of CONVICTION.

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and _____ at _____ in the County of _____ and informeth me, That, at o'clock [here set forth the Fact in the manner described by the Act] whereupon the said E. F. after being duly summoned to answer said Charge, appeared before _____ on the _____ Day of _____ at _____ in the said County; and having heard the Charge contained in the said Information, declared that he was not guilty of the said Offence; but the same being fully proved upon the Oath of G. D. a credible Witness, it manifestly appears to me the said Justice, that he the said E. F. is guilty of the Offence charged upon him in the said Information; it is therefore considered and adjudged by me the said Justice, that he the said E. F. be convicted, and I do hereby convict him of the Offence aforesaid; and I do hereby declare and adjudge, that he the said E. F. hath forfeited the Sum of _____ of lawful Money of Great Britain, for the Offence aforesaid, to be distributed as the Law directs, according to the Form of the Statute in that case made and provided. Given under my Hand and Seal, this _____ Day of _____ One thousand eight hundred and _____

After the Words "being duly summoned to answer the said Charge," insert [did not appear before me pursuant to the said Summons] or [did neglect and refuse to make any Defence against the said Charge, but the same being fully proved, as aforesaid] as before: After the Words "convicted in the said Information" insert [acknowledged and voluntarily confessed to] same to be true, and it manifestly appears to me the said Justice, at o'clock _____

[See as to Ireland, ante cap. 31.]

C A P. XLIX.

An Act to amend the Laws for the Relief of the Poor, so far as relate to the examining and allowing the Accounts of Churchwardens and Overseers by Justices of the Peace. [19th June 1810.]

43 G. 3. c. 49. **W**H^{EREAS} by an Act made in the T^{hird} Year of the Reign of His late Majesty Queen Elizabeth the first, entitled, *An Act for the Relief of the Poor*, it is enacted, That Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of every Parish shall, within Four Days after their Year, and after whose Overseers succeeded, make and yield up to Two Justices of the Peace a true and perfect Account of all Sums of Money by them received, or raised and lifted and not received, and of all other Things concerning their said Office: And whereas by an Act made in the Seventeenth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, for amending some Acts in the last recited Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, it is enacted, that the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor shall, Yearly and every Year, within Fourteen Days after other Overseers shall be nominated and appointed to succeed them, deliver in to such succeeding Overseers a just, true and perfect Account in Writing under the Hands of the Churchwardens and Overseers directed to account, of all Sums of Money by them received or raised and of all other Things and of all other Things concerning their said Office: which said Account shall be verified by Oath, or by the Affirmation of Persons called Quakers, before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, which said Oath or Affirmation such Justice or Justices may see by the said Act mentioned and required to administer, and to sign and attach the Captions of the same at the Foot of the said Account: And whereas it is expedient that Two or more Justices should be empowered to examine and correct and to allow and approve every such Account, before the same shall be signed and attested: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in all cases where any such Account is required to be made and yielded, and to be signed and attested as aforesaid by virtue of the said last recited Act, every such Account shall be submitted by the Churchwardens and Overseers to Two or more Justices of the Peace of the County, dwelling in or near the Parish or Place to which such Account shall relate, at a Special Session for that Purpose to be holden within the Fourteen Days appointed by the said last recited Act for delivering in such Account; and such Justice shall and they are hereby authorized and empowered, if they shall so think fit, to examine into the Matter of every such Account, and to administer an Oath or Affirmation to such Churchwardens and Overseers of the Truth of such Account, and to disallow and strike out of every such Account all such Charges and Payments as they shall deem to be unnecessary, and to reduce such as they shall deem to be exorbitant, specifying upon or at the Foot of such Account every such Charge or Payment and its Amount, in so far as such Justice shall disallow or reduce the same, and the cause for which the same is disallowed or reduced; and it shall be lawful for such Two or more Justices, and they are hereby required to signify their Allowance and Approbation of any such Account under their Hands, and to sign and attach the Captions of the same at the Foot of such Account, in manner directed by the said last recited Act: And in case such Churchwardens and Overseers or any of them, shall refuse or neglect to make and yield up or to submit such Account, or to verify the same by Oath as aforesaid, or to deliver over as their successors within Two Days from the signing and attesting such Accounts, any Goods, Church or other Things, which on the Examination and Allowance of such Account in manner aforesaid shall appear to be remaining in the Hands of such Churchwardens or Overseers, it shall and may be lawful for any Two or more Justices of the Peace to enter into, levy or seize, to the Common Goal, until he, she or they shall have made and yielded such Account, and verified the same as aforesaid, or shall have delivered over such Goods, Church and other Things which shall appear to be so remaining in his, her or their Hands as aforesaid, and in case such Churchwardens and Overseers, or any of them, shall refuse or neglect to pay to their Successors within Fourteen Days from the signing and attesting such Account, any Sums or Sums of Money or Arrearages which on the Examination and Allowance of such Account in manner aforesaid, shall appear or be found to be due and owing from such Churchwardens or Overseers, or any of them, or remaining in their Hands, it shall and may be lawful for the said Justice Churchwardens and Overseers by Warrant from any Two or more Justices of the Peace, to levy all such Sums and Sums of Money by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods, rendering to the Parties the Overplus, and in default of such Distress, it shall be lawful for any such Two Justices of the Peace, to commit the Offender or Offenders to the Common Goal of the County, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, until Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money or Arrearages is aforesaid.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if such Churchwardens or Overseers, or any of them, shall feel themselves, himself or herself aggrieved by the Disallowance or Reduction of any such Charge or Payment, and be desirous of appealing against any Order in that respect, made by any such Two or more Justices of the Peace, it shall and may be lawful for him, her or them, to enter an Appeal against such Order, at the next General or Quarter-Session to be holden next after the Tenth Day from the making of such Order, by, or to the party being first paid or delivered over to the said Churchwardens and Overseers, such Sum and Sums of Money, Goods, Church and other Things, as on the Face of the Account which shall have been submitted by him, her or them, or such Two or more Justices in manner aforesaid, shall appear and be admitted to be due and owing from him, her or them, or remaining in his, her or their Hands, and having the same entered into a Recognizance before One or more such Justice or Justices, with Two sufficient Securities to be approved of by such Justice or Justices before whom such Recognizance shall be acknowledged, in not less than double the Sum or Value in dispute, to enter such Appeal at such next General or Quarter-Session, and abide by such Order as shall at that or any subsequent Session be made on such Appeal; and it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace assembled at such General or Quarter-

Quarter-Sessions, on Proof of the Matters aforesaid, and on the Production of such Recognizance and Proof of the same having been duly entered into, do adjourn such Appeal if they shall for Occasion, or to hear the same, and to examine into and to reverse or reverse such Disallowance or Reduction in the Whole or in Part, as to such Justices at such Sessions shall seem just, and in any such Case, the said Justices, at such Sessions, may (if they shall think fit) make an Order that such Churchwardens and Overseers shall have the Costs by them incurred, upon any such Appeal defrayed out of the Poor Rates of the Parish or Place; and the Order of the General Quarter-Sessions in execution of the Powers given to them by this Act shall be binding on all Parties.

III. Provided also, and to be enacted, That nothing herein contained shall take away or be construed to take away any Power of Appeal assigned any such Accounts, by any other Person entitled to appeal against the same by virtue of the said recited Acts or either of them.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every Mayor, Bailiff or other Head Officer of every Town or Place Corporate and City is Great Britain, or any Two Magistrates of such Town or Place Corporate or City, being Justice or Justices of Peace respectively, shall have the same Authority by virtue of this Act within the Limits and Precincts of these Jurisdictions as is by this Act limited, prescribed or appointed to Justices of the Peace of the County, or any Two or more of them, for the Execution of this Act; Subject nevertheless to an Appeal to the General or Quarter-Sessions in every such Town or Place Corporate or City respectively as aforesaid: Provided always, that in any Town or Place Corporate or City, where there are not Four Justices of the Peace, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons, where an Appeal is given by this Act, to appeal, if he or they shall think fit, to the next General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace for the County, Riding or Division where such Town or Place Corporate or City is situate.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Writ shall be granted to remove any Order or Proceeding of any General or Quarter-Sessions or of any Justice, made or had under this Act, into any Superior Court of Record; but that all Orders and Proceedings of such Sessions, and all Orders and Proceedings of such Justices (subject to such Appeal as aforesaid) under this Act, shall be final and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes.

VI. Provided also, and to be enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or apply, or be construed to extend or apply to the Accounts of any Churchwarden or Overseer of the Poor in any Parish or Place where, by the Provisions of any Act or Acts relating to the Poor of such Parish or Place, or by the Constitution of any such Act or Acts, such Churchwardens and Overseers are exempted from the rendering the Accounts required by the heretofore recited Acts of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty Queen Elizabeth, and of the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, King George the Second, or either of them; say they heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to the City of London.

VII. Provided also, and to be enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall alter or repeal any of the Provisions or Regulations contained in the said recited Acts of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty Queen Elizabeth, and of the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, or either of them, other than and except only such Provisions or Regulations as are expressly mentioned in this Act, and so far as the same are expressly amended or altered by this Act.

C A P. L.

An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, relating to the Relief and Employment of the Poor, so far as relates to the more effectual carrying the same into Execution; and to extend the Provisions thereof to Parishes which shall not have adopted the Provisions of an Act of the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty, for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor. [9th June 1810.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Twenty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intended, *An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor, whereby certain Rules, Orders and Regulations specified and contained in the Schedule to the said Act amended, are directed to be observed and enforced as every Particular to be provided by virtue of that Act, with such Additions as should be made by the Justices of the Peace of the Locality wherein such House or Houses should be Situate, as hereinafter Special Session; provided such Additions should not be contradictory to the Rules, Orders and Regulations established by that Act; and provided that the same should not be repealed by the Justices at their General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace; And whereas another Act was passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for altering, amending and explaining certain Acts relative to the Removal of the Poor, and for making Regulations in certain Cases touching the Execution of the Statute in their Statute; and for extending to all Parishes certain Rules and Orders in Workhouses, under an Act of the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty, intended, *An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor; whereby any Town or Place Corporate or City is authorized, at any Two Sessions, to direct such Rules, Orders and Regulations, or any of them, to be observed and executed in any Parishes within their respective Divisions or Inhabitants: And whereas it is expedient that the Benefit of such Regulations as are provided and authorized to be made by the said recited Act of the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty, for the Government of Parishes and Workhouses, should be extended to Parishes which shall not have adopted the Provisions of the said Acts: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may, be enacted, and to be enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same,***

How far the
Towns may
have Rights,
and what
shall be the
Extent of
the Work-
houses and
Regulations.

That any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, within their respective Limits, may at any Special Session, about the Rules, Orders and Regulations, in the Schedule to the said Act of the Twenty second Year of His Majesty's Reign inserted and continued, or any of them, with such Additions as shall be made by such Justices, to be observed and enforced in the Workhouses or Poorhouses, or any Houses fit upon that Purpose, although there should be no Matter or Matters to be presented the same, of any Parish or Place within their respective Districts or Divisions, as fully and effectually as the Rules and Orders by the said Act of the Twenty second Year of His Majesty's Reign established, are to be observed and enforced within the Parishes adopting the Provisions of the said Act; and that it shall be lawful for Two or more such Justices, in any Special Session from time to time as they shall see occasion, to add to and alter the Rules, Orders and Regulations which shall at any previous Special Sessions have been made and ordered to be observed, provided that no Addition or Alteration to be made by such Justices shall be contradictory to the Rules, Orders and Regulations established by the said Act of the Twenty second Year of His Majesty's Reign; and provided that the same shall not be repeated by the Justices at their Quarter-Sessions of the First; and for enforcing and carrying into execution such Rules, Orders, and Regulations in every Parish and Place where the same shall be established by virtue of this Act, every Justice of the Peace shall, for that Purpose, have the Powers by the said Act of the Twenty second Year of His Majesty's Reign vested in Wardens of the Poor; and all Churchwardens and Overseers, within their respective Parishes and Townships shall have and execute the Powers, and shall perform the Duties by the said Act vested and imposed upon Governors of the Poor.

Power of Jus-
tices.

28 G. 3. c. 52.

How the Com-
missioners for
the Poor in
England and
Wales shall
be constituted.

II. And be it further enacted, That Persons constituting for the Maintenance of the Poor of any Parish or Place shall, with respect to all such things as they shall contrain to perform and provide for the Poor, be subject to the Jurisdiction and Orders of Justices of the Peace in like manner as all respects as Overseers of the Poor are subject thereto; and that every Order of any such Justice to or upon any Person in contravention, may be enforced and carried into execution by such means as the same might have been enforced and carried into execution against any Overseer of the Poor; and that every Person in contravention for the Maintenance of the Poor, who shall violate or neglect to obey any such Order, shall be punishable by the like Penalties and Forfeitures, to be levied in the same manner as in Cases of Disobedience or Neglect of the Orders of Justices by Overseers of the Poor.

Penalties.

Justices may ap-
point a Keeper
of Workhouses in
England.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justices in any such Special Session as aforesaid, upon the Application of the Overseers of the Poor of any Parish or Place, or of the major Part of them, to appoint the Keeper of the Workhouse of any such Parish or Place to be the Governor thereof, and the Keeper is appointed, so long as he shall continue Keeper of such Workhouse and the Justices in any such Special Session shall revoke such Appointment (which they are hereby empowered to do) shall have, use and exercise the Powers, and perform the Duties by the said Act of the Twenty second Year of His Majesty's Reign, vested and imposed upon Governors of the Poor.

Interposing
Cases, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall be lent to any Poorhouse or Workhouse shall imbecillly, or wilfully waste, spoil or damage any of the Clothing, Goods or Materials committed to his or her Care, or shall take or carry away, without Permission of the Overseer of the Poor or Keeper of the said Workhouse, any Clothing, Goods or Materials provided for the Use of such Poorhouse, or of any of the Poor therein, Complaint thereof may be made upon Oath to One or more Justices of the Peace sitting for the District or Division in which such Parish shall be situate; and such Justices are hereby authorized to hear such Complaint, and upon Conviction to commit the Offender to the House of Correction, there to be kept to hard Labour for any time not exceeding Two Calendar Months, nor less than Seven Days.

Penalties.

Penalties of Rules,
&c.

Penalties.

V. And be it further enacted, That any Breach of the Rules and Orders to be put in force by virtue of this Act, shall be punishable in such manner as is by the said Act directed for the Breach of the Rules and Orders to be enforced under the before-mentioned Act of the Twenty second Year of His Majesty's Majesty, Chapter Eighty three.

C & P. LI.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act, passed in the Seventh Year of King James the First, as relates to the Parliament of Women deferred of Ballard Children; and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof. [6th June 1810.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King James the First, entitled, *An Act for the due Execution of diverse Laws and Statutes heretofore made against Rogues, Vagabonds and Sturdy Beggars, and other Lascivious and Idle Persons*. And whereas it is, among other Things, directed and enacted, that every lawful Woman who, after the then next Session of Parliament, should have any Ballard which might be chargeable to the Parish, should be committed to the House of Correction, there to be punished and set on Work during the Term of one whole Year; and that if such Woman should offend again in like manner, she should be committed to the House of Correction, there to remain until she should put in good Securities not to offend in again: And whereas the Parliament aforesaid, if respectively intitled, might be too severe, and might subject the Offender to Imprisonment for Life: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said recited Act passed in the Seventh Year of His late Majesty King James the First, as relates to the Commitment of Women to the House of Correction, there to be punished and set on Work for having Ballard Children who may be chargeable to the Parish, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in Cities where a Woman shall have a Battered Child which may be chargeable to the Parish, it shall be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace before whom such Woman shall be brought, and they shall or may, at their Discretion, commit such Woman to the House of Correction for the District or Place, and there to be set on Work for any time not exceeding Twelve Calendar Months less than Six Weeks.

LAWYERS & PROSECUTORS.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace, at any Petty Sessions for the Division wherein the Parish in which such Battered Child may be chargeable is situate, upon their own Knowledge, or a Certificate duly authenticated from the Keeper of such House of Correction in which such Woman shall have been confined for any Space not less than Six Weeks, of the good Behaviour of such Woman during such her Confinement, and of the respectable Expeditious of her Reformation, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to order such Woman to be immediately (or at the time to be appointed in such Warrant) discharged and released from further Confinement.

Justices may require Certificates, and all things.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend to authorize any Justices of the Peace to commit any such Woman to the House of Correction, until she shall have been delivered for the Space of One Calendar Month.

Proviso for time of Commitment.

C A P. LII.

An Act to amend by much of an Act, passed in the Eighth and Ninth Year of King William the Third, as respects poor Persons receiving Alms to wear Badges. [9th Year 1810.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Eighth and Ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Third, intitled, *An Act for supplying some Defects in the Laws for the Relief of the Poor of the Kingdom*, it is enacted, That every such Poor as, from and after the Fifth Day of September One thousand six hundred and ninety seven, shall be upon the Collection and receipt Relief of any Parish or Place, and the Wife and Children of any such Poor inhabiting in the same House, (such Child only excepted as shall be by the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor permitted to live at Home in order to have the Care of and attend as apprentice and helpfull Parent) shall upon the Shoulder of the Right Shoulder of the uppermost Garment of every such Person, as an open and visible manner, wear such Badge or Mark as is hereinafter mentioned and expressed; that is to say, a large Roman F. together with the first Letter of the Name of the Parish or Place whereof such poor Person is an Inhabitant, not either in Red or Blue Cloth, as by the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor it shall be directed and appointed; and if any such poor Person shall at any Time ought or refuse to wear such a Badge or Mark as aforesaid, and in manner aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace of the County, City, Liberty or Town Corporate, where any such Offence shall be committed, upon Complaint to him for that Purpose to be made, to punish every such Offender for every such Offence, either by ordering of him or her to be kept in usual Alms-house since the Collection to be stridged, suspended or withdrawn, or otherwise by committing of any such Offender to the House of Correction, there to be whipt and kept to hard Labour for any Number of Days not exceeding One and Twenty, as to the said Justice in his Discretion it shall seem good meet; and if any such Churchwarden or Overseer of the Poor, from and after the said Fifth Day of September, shall release any such poor Person not having and wearing such Badge or Mark as aforesaid, being thereof convicted upon the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses before any Justice of the Peace of the County, City, Liberty or Town Corporate where any such Offence shall be committed, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Shillings, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods of every such Offender, he or she shall be liable to be punished under the Hand and Seal of any such Justice: One Maimety to be to the Use of the Inferior, and the other to the Poor of the Parish where the Offence shall be committed: And whereas it is enacted that the said Part of such Act be repealed: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the said Part of such recited Act shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.

S. S. W. 2. C. 28. 3.

repeal.

C A P. LIII.

An Act for preventing Frauds relating to the Exportation of British and Irish made Malt from one Part of the United Kingdom to the other. [9th Year 1810.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in this Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act for allowing the Exportation of British and Irish made Malt from one Part of the United Kingdom to the other*, Malt imported and re-landed (as) made in Ireland, is allowed to be exported into Great Britain, and Malt imported and re-landed, made in Great Britain, is allowed to be imported into Ireland; and it is expedient to provide the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions hereinafter contained for preventing Frauds relating thereto: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Commencement of the said Act, the Malt or Porter for their Voyage of the Ship or Vessel wherein any Malt shall be imported from Ireland into any Part of Great Britain shall, within Twenty Days next after he shall have or ought to have made a full and true Entry or Report upon Oath of the Burthen, Custom and Lading of such Ship or Vessel, in performance of the Directions of an Act made in

S. S. W. 2. C. 1.

Importation of Malt to be on Oath or Entry.

17 & 18 Geo. 3
c. 21.
50th Geo.

Days of the
Year ending

Weekly.

Offices may go
on board Vessels,
and Search for
Malt.

Each Malt Im-
ported, landed
before Duty
Paid, returned

Containing
Malt

Weekly.

Regulations
for Malt
exported.

Regulations
for Malt
Importation.

the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intitled, *An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Malt in His Majesty's Customs*, the Proprietor or Proprietors, Importer or Importers, Consignor or Consignees of any such Malt, shall make due Entry with the Collector of Excise in the Port or Place where such Malt shall be imported of all such Malt on board of each Ship or Vessel belonging to such Proprietor or Proprietors, Importer or Importers, Consignor or Consignees specifying in such Entry the Quantity or Quantities of such Malt then laden in and on board of such Ship or Vessel, and shall then and before the landing of any such Malt, tender and pay down, in ready Money, without any Discount or Allowance, the Duties by this Act imposed on such Malt; and shall also, within such Twenty Days, land all such Malt; and if such Proprietor or Proprietors, Importer or Importers, Consignor or Consignees, shall neglect or refuse to make due Entry, or to pay such Duties, or to land any such Malt within such Twenty Days, then and in every such Case all such Malt shall be forfeited, together with the Packages containing the same, and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs at Excise.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officers of Excise in England and Scotland respectively, or any of them, to go on board and enter into any Ship or Vessel whatsoever which shall be within the Limits of any of the Ports of Great Britain, or within Four Leagues of the Coast thereof, and to search on board the same, and to examine and search for all Malt whatsoever; and so fine for His Majesty's Use all such Malt there found, as by the Laws thereto relating shall be directed, together with the Packages containing the same; and also such Ship or Vessel, if the same shall be forfeited for or on account of such Malt.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Malt made in Ireland, and imported into Great Britain, which shall be unshipped, landed or delivered from or out of any Ship, Vessel or Boat before the Duties by the Act made in this Section of Parliament imposed shall be fully paid and left forfeited and left, together with the Packages containing the same and such Ship, Malt and Packages shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs at Excise; and every Person or Persons shall not only, land or deliver, or cause or procure to be unshipped, landed or delivered, or be taking or adding to the unshipping, landing or delivering from or out of any Ship, Vessel or Boat, any such Malt before the said Duties by the said Act imposed shall be fully paid, or shall land or convey, or cause or procure to be landed or conveyed any such Malt is unshipped, landed or delivered as aforesaid; or shall receive into his, her or their House, Custody or Possession, any such Malt so unshipped, landed or delivered as aforesaid, but he or they knowing the same to have been so unshipped, landed or delivered as aforesaid, such Person or Persons, and each and every of them shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Value of such Malt, to be estimated according to the best and highest Rate and Price which Malt of the best Quality shall sell for in London, Edinburgh or Dublin respectively, at the time when such Offences shall be committed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons who shall have actually paid the Duties by the several Acts of Parliament imposed for or in respect of any Quantity of Malt made in Great Britain or Ireland respectively; or to and for any other Person or Persons who shall buy, or be lawfully entitled to any such Quantity of Malt from the said Person or Persons who paid such Duties for the same, to export such Malt, under and subject to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions hereunto mentioned and prescribed, (that is to say) the Person or Persons intending so to ship and export any such Malt shall give to the proper Officer or Officers of Excise Thirty four Hours Notice in writing, in case such Malt is intended to be shipped within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, and Forty eight Hours Notice in writing, in case such Malt is intended to be shipped in any Place out of the said Limits in Great Britain or in Ireland, of his Intention to ship such Malt for Exportation, and of the Time when the same is intended to be shipped, and the Name of the Ship or Vessel in which the same is intended to be shipped, and of the Master thereof, and of the particular Port or Place where such Ship or Vessel lies, and to receive or take on board such Malt, and of the particular Port or Place to which such Malt is intended to be exported, and of the Number of Butts of such Malt to be shipped and exported, and such Officer or Officers shall attend to see such Malt shipped, and the same shall be shipped in the Presence of such Officer or Officers; and the Officer or Officers who shall have seen such Malt shipped shall take an Account of the Quantity of such Malt so intended to be exported; and if any such Malt is intended to be shipped for Exportation shall not be begun to be shipped at the Time mentioned for that Purpose in such Notice, or within One Hour after such time, then such Notice shall be void, and the like Notice in writing shall be again given unto such Officer or Officers previous to the Shipping of any such Malt for Exportation.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Exportation of any such Malt shall also before the Shipping the same give Bond, with sufficient Security, which Security shall, if such Malt be to be exported from that Part of Great Britain called England, be approved of by the Commissioners of Excise in England or the next Part of them for the time being, or the Person by them appointed or employed for that Purpose; and if such Malt be to be exported from that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be approved by the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, or the next Part of them for the time being, or by the Person by them appointed or employed for that Purpose, and in Table the Amount of all the Duties intended to be drawn back on such Exportation of such Malt, and that the particular Malt is intended to be exported and carry Part thereof, such (the Danger of the Seas and Enemies excepted), be shipped and exported to the Port or Place to which such Malt is such Notice as that shall be before directed to be given, shall be declared to be intended to be exported and shall not be carried or carried to any other Place or Country whatsoever, and shall not be unshipped, landed or land on Land or put on board any other Ship, Vessel or Boat in Great Britain or Ireland.

(Shipwreck)

(Ships dock or otherwise available Accents accepted) which Board the Officer of Excise of the Port or Place to which he is directed respectively appointed or employed for that Purpose by the said respective Commissioners, or the major Part of them respectively for the time being, is hereby directed to take in His Majesty's Name and to His Majesty's Use.

XI. And he is further enacted, That the Purvey or Purveyors intending to export any such Malt to Ireland, shall, in the Purveys of the proper Officer of Excise, measure or send on board the Ship or Vessel on which the same shall be laden or shipped for such Ship or Vessel, all such Malt intended to be exported, and it shall and may be lawful to and for any Officer or Officers of Excise at the Port where any such Malt is intended to be shipped for such Exportation, not only to examine all such Malt and to measure the same, but to see and attend the measuring thereof, as he and they their Will and Pleasure; and also to continue on board the Ship or Vessel on which such Malt shall be laden or shipped, until the same shall have cleared such Port.

XII. And he is further enacted, That if any unsorted Corn or Grain shall be mixed with or contained among any Malt shipped or intended to be shipped in any Port of Great Britain for Exportation to Ireland, or brought or imported from Ireland into any Part of Great Britain under or by virtue of the said Act made in this Session of Parliament, and that Act or either of them, all such Corn and Malt shall be forfeited, together with the Packages containing the same, and the same shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise, and the Purvey or Purveyors who shall have received or procured, purchased or suffered to be mixed any such unsorted Corn or Grain with such Malt as aforesaid, shall, for every Bushel of such Mixture, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five Shillings.

XIII. And he is further enacted, That the Purvey or Purveyors who shall enter any such Malt for such Export to Ireland, shall produce a Certificate or Certificates from the Collector of the Collection within which such Malt was made, that the Duties by Law imposed for or in respect of the making thereof have been fully paid, specifying by whom and at what Place the said Malt was made, which Certificate such Collector is hereby required to give gratis, Proof being made upon Oath that such Duties for or in respect of such Malt have been paid, and such Purvey or Purveyors shall also make Oath before the proper Officer of the Port where the said Malt shall be shipped for Exportation, that the said Malt is the same which is mentioned in such Certificate, and the said Collector and Officer respectively are hereby authorized and empowered to administer the said respective Oaths.

XIV. And he is further enacted, That the Commissioners of Excise in England and Scotland respectively, or One or more of them respectively, or the proper Surveyor, Superintendent or other Officer of Excise being satisfied of the Truth of such Oath respectively, shall give to the said Exporter or his Clerk or Agent, a Certificate or Debenture expressing the Quantity of Malt so shipped, and that all the Duties by Law imposed for or in respect of such Malt, as the making thereof, have been paid for the same, and that such Bond with sufficient Security hath been given before the Shipping the same for the due Exportation thereof, and such Certificate or Debenture being produced to the Collector of Excise of the Port or Place from whence such Malt was so exported in England and Scotland respectively, for or in respect of any such Malt so exported from Great Britain to Ireland, he shall pay or allow to the Purvey or Purveyors so exporting the same, as their Agents, out of the Duties on Malt, the respective Drawbacks allowed by the said Act for Malt exported from Great Britain to Ireland.

XV. And he is further enacted, That where any Malt shipped in Great Britain for Exportation to Ireland, shall be unshipped or unloaded in any Port of Great Britain, or landed in the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, or the Islands of Feroe or Ferro, then, and in such Case, not only the Ship or Vessel, out of or from which any such Malt shall be so unshipped, landed or reloaded, but also all and every Ship, Vessel or Boat into which such Malt, or any Part thereof, shall be put, after such unshipping, shall be forfeited, together with all her Goods, Furniture, Accoutrements, Tackle and Apparel, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise.

XVI. And he is further enacted, That if any such Collector of Excise shall not here Money in his Hands to pay the said Drawbacks heretofore mentioned, then the Commissioners of Excise in England and Scotland respectively, are required to pay the said Drawbacks out of any Money so their Hands, arising from the Duties on Malt, or any of them.

XVII. And he is further enacted, That no Drawback shall be paid for or upon any Malt whatsoever exported from any Part of Great Britain to Ireland, nor shall any Debenture be made out for such Drawback until a Certificate shall be produced to the proper Officer of the Port at which such Malt shall have been shipped for Exportation, which Certificate shall be under the Hands and Seals of the Collector, Superintendent or Officer belonging to the Port, in which such Malt shall have been so shipped, certifying that the said Malt has been duly loaded there.

XVIII. And he is further enacted, That no Entry shall pass, nor shall any such Debenture be made out upon Exportation of Malt from Great Britain to Ireland, nor in the Name of the said Owners or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of such Malt, nor before such Owners or Owners or Proprietor or Proprietors shall receive the Drawback for or upon such Malt, One or more of such Owners or Owners or Proprietor or Proprietors, shall upon the Debenture sworn by Oath his or their's to be the real Owner or Owners, or Proprietor or Proprietors of the whole of such Malt, and that the said Malt is really and lawfully exported to and landed at the Place for which the same was entered for Exportation.

XIX. And he is further enacted, That if any Malt shipped in Great Britain for Exportation to Ireland, shall be unloaded in any Part of Great Britain, or shall be landed in the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, or the Islands of Feroe or Ferro, or any or either of them, then, and in every such Case, and where the Penalty of the Bond which shall be sworn to His Majesty's Use, in the Malt which shall be unloaded or landed, and the Vessel thereof, together with the Packages containing the same, shall be forfeited,

Who is appointed to be Collector of Excise at the Port or Place where any such Malt is intended to be shipped for such Exportation.

Drawbacks to be paid on such Malt for Exportation to Ireland.

Penalty.

Certificate of Duties paid for or in respect of such Malt to Ireland, to be given gratis and on Oath.

In what case the Commissioners of Excise in England and Scotland respectively are required to pay the said Drawbacks.

Penalty on Malt shipped to Ireland.

Penalty.

Drawbacks to be paid on such Malt.

Not to be paid until a Certificate.

No Entry to pass, nor shall any such Debenture be made out upon Exportation of Malt from Great Britain to Ireland, nor in the Name of the said Owners or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of such Malt, nor before such Owners or Owners or Proprietor or Proprietors shall receive the Drawback for or upon such Malt.

Penalty on Malt shipped to Ireland.

Penalty.

and all such Malt and Packages shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise; and the better to enable the Officers to discover any Malt shipped in Great Britain for Exportation to Ireland, and included in any Part of Great Britain or shipped in Ireland for Exportation to Great Britain, and unshipped, landed or delivered before the Customers being Driven by the said Act imposed shall have been fully paid, if any Officer or Officers of Excise in England or Ireland shall have cause to suspect that any such Malt shall be deposited, laid or concealed in any Place or Places whatsoever, then, and in such Case, if such Place or Places shall be within the Cities of London or Westminster, or within the Limits of the Custom Office of Excise in London, upon Oath made by such Officer or Officers before the Commissioners of Customs in England for the time being, or any Two or more of them, or in case such Place or Places shall be in any other Part of Great Britain, upon Oath made by such Officer or Officers before One, or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division or Place where such Officer or Officers shall suspect the same to be deposited, laid or concealed, sitting forth the General of him or their Justices, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, or the Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively (as the case may require), before whom such Oath shall be made, if they or he shall judge it reasonable, by special Warrant or Warrants under his and their respective Hand and Seals to authorize and empower such Officer or Officers by Day or by Night, but if in the Night then in the Presence of a Constable or other lawful Officers of the Peace, to enter upon all and every such Place or Place, where he or they shall so suspect such Malt to be deposited, laid or concealed, and to have and carry away all such Malt which he or they shall then and there find, together with the Packages containing the same, and every such Constable or other lawful Officer of the Peace shall, and he and they shall and are hereby required, on being thereto required by any such Officer or Officers of Excise to go along with him or them, and to be present at the Execution of every such Warrant, and if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall list, obstruct, or hinder any such Officer or Officers so authorized or empowered, or any other Person or Persons acting in his or their Aid or Assistance in the Execution of any such Warrant, from entering any such Place or Places where such Officer or Officers shall so suspect such Malt to be so deposited, laid or concealed, or in forcing or carrying away the same or the Packages containing the same, or in the due Execution of any such Warrant, the Person or Persons so offending, shall for each and every such Offense respectively forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to hinder or prevent any Person or Persons from making Malt in Great Britain for Exportation, without Payment of any of the Duties on Malt, or from exporting Malt to be made in Ireland, under and according to the Rules, Orders, Rules and Regulations, and subject to the Powers and Provisions provided or enabled by any Law or Laws now in force with regard to the making of Malt for Exportation, and conveying and exporting the same, without being charged with the Duties from Great Britain to Parts beyond the Seas.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall assault, resist, oppose, molest, obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in the due Execution of this Act or of any of the Powers or Authorities hereby given or granted to any such Officer or Officers, or shall by Force or Violence, after the same shall have been served by such Officer or Officers, refuse or refuse to be searched any Malt entered for Exportation from any Part of Great Britain to Ireland, or from Ireland to any Part of Great Britain, or shall attempt or endeavor so to do, or after such Seizure, or while any such Officer or Officers is or are attempting to seize any such Malt, shall defame or damage such Malt, or any Part thereof, all and every Person or Persons so offending, shall for every such Offense, for which no other Penalty is particularly provided by this Act, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall give or offer to give any Bribe, Reward, Compromise or Reward whatsoever to any Officer or Officers of Excise, to conceive or permit any Malt entered for Exportation from any Part of Great Britain to Ireland, or from Ireland to any Part of Great Britain, to be run or Shorn, or to cease, at any Bill or other Entry of any such Malt, or shall give or offer to give any Bribe, Reward, Compromise or Reward whatsoever, in order to corrupt, persuade or prevail upon any such Officer or Officers either to do or perform any Act or Acts, Thing or Things whatsoever, contrary to the Duty of such Officer or Officers in Execution of this Act or of the said Act made in this Session of Parliament, or to neglect to do or perform any Act or Acts, or Thing or Things whatsoever, belonging or appertaining to the Duty and Duty of such Officer or Officers in Execution of this or the said Act, or to continue at or conceal any Fraud or Frauds relating to any such Malt, or not to discover the same, every such Person or Persons so offending, shall for each and every such Offense, whether the same Offer or Proposal be accepted or not, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act shall be found for, recovered, levied or sought by such Ways, Means or Methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be found for, recovered, levied or sought by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Act of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively, and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety in and for them who shall invent, discover or sue for the same.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Powers, Directions, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, which is and by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intitled, *An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries and Treasuries in capital, and by King's Justice and Privy Council, and for making a Revenue upon His Majesty's Revenue of Excise*, are provided and established for manag-

ing, selling, buying, collecting, relinquishing, or recovering, adjusting, or assigning the Duties hereby Enacted, or any of these (other than in such Cases for which other Provisions or Provisions made and provided by this Act) shall be profited, used and put in Execution as the said Provisions, and the buying, collecting, assigning, recovering, and paying the Duties hereby granted, and the providing Provisions relating thereto in fully and effectually as if all and every the said Powers, Rules, Directions, Provisions, Particulars, Clauses, Matters and Things were particularly repeated and re-enacted in this present Act.

XX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take effect as to all such Matters and Things therein contained, in respect whereof no special Commencement is hereby directed or provided, from and immediately after the Fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ten, and shall continue and continue in force during the Continuance of the said Act, made in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. LIV.

An Act to revive and continue, until the Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, an Act of the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Encouragement of the British Fisheries. [5th June 1810.]

WHEREAS the Law heretofore enacted in this behalf by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same shall be revived and further continued: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act to revive and continue, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, an Act made in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, to continue and amend an Act, made in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, intitled, An Act for the more effectual Encouragement of the British Fisheries; and is contained in an Act made in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for extending the Fisheries, and improving the Sea Coast of this Kingdom; which was amended and continued by Six Acts, of the Forty fifth, Forty seventh, Forty eighth, Forty ninth, and Fiftieth, and the four is hereby revived and further continued until the Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and all the Powers and Provisions of the said Act hereby revived and continued, as in the Payment of Bounties, and of other Clauses, Regulations, Matters and Things, shall be executed, allowed and put in force, as if the said Act had been continued before the said Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven.*

C A P. LV.

An Act to prohibit the Importation of Russia Silks, Crapes and Tiffanies, and to increase the Duties of Customs payable to Officers in respect of Foreign wrought Silks and Foreign manufactured Leather Gloves. [5th June 1810.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to prohibit the Importation into Great Britain and the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark and Man, of Foreign Silks, Crapes and Tiffanies of every Description, except of *Gloves or the English Indian*: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That any Foreign Silks, Crapes or Tiffanies of any Description whatsoever, except of *Gloves or the English Indian*, imported for Exportation, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be imported, brought, or conveyed into the Kingdom of Great Britain, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man; and if any such Foreign Silks, Crapes or Tiffanies shall be found in the Custody or Possession of any Person or Persons as *Great Britain or the Islands aforesaid*, and which shall not have been imported, brought or conveyed into the same respectively, and on which the proper Duty of Customs shall not have been paid before the passing of this Act, the same shall be forfeited; and as to any such Foreign Silks, Crapes or Tiffanies shall, at the Time of the Importation, be mixed with, sewed or made up with any Apparel, Garment or Furniture or other Materials, all such Foreign Silks, Crapes and Tiffanies, and also the Apparel, Garment or Furniture, and other Materials, in, with or upon which the same shall be mixed, sewed or made up, shall be forfeited, and the Importer and Importers, and the Person and Persons in whose Custody or Possession the said Crapes or Tiffanies, or Apparel, Garment or Furniture or other Materials shall be found, or who shall read, utter, sell or expose to sale, or otherwise dispose of any such Crapes or Tiffanies, or Apparel, Garment, Furniture or other Materials, or who shall sew, work or make up any such Crapes or Tiffanies in *Great Britain, or the Islands aforesaid*, for, or in or upon any Garment or wearing Apparel, shall be subject and liable to the like Penalties to which the Importers and Persons having in their Custody or Possession, or wearing, uttering, selling or exposing to sale, or otherwise disposing, or sewing, working or making up any Foreign wrought Silks or Velvets are subject and liable by an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty for prohibiting the Importation of Foreign wrought Silks and Velvets.

And been further enacted, That the Privileges and Perquisites by this Act imposed shall be paid for, provided and removed in the same Manner and by the same Ways, Means and Methods, and under the like Warrants, Regulations and Restrictions in every respect as the Privileges and Perquisites for any Officers against the said several Acts of the Sixth Year of the said present Majesty, may be paid for, prosecuted and recovered; and especially the Computation of any Suits, Causes or Estates hereby prohibited from being brought into Great Britain and the Islands aforesaid, the same shall be publicly sold for Exportation only, under the Seal of the Court as is provided with respect to Foreign wrought Silks and Velvets found under the Authority of the said several Acts.

III. And whereas it is expedient to give further Encouragement to Officers of the Customs to induce them to be active in seizing Foreign wrought Silks, Velvets, Crapes and Tiffanies, and Foreign manufactured Leather Goods; Be it therefore enacted, That in and about the said several Acts now allowed by Law for such Seizures, every Officer and Officers of the Customs by whom any such Foreign wrought Silks, Velvets, Crapes or Tiffanies, or Foreign manufactured Leather Goods shall be seized, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be entitled to Two Third Parts of the Gross Produce arising by the Sale of such Goods, although the Boat, Vessel, Cart, Horse, or other Cattle or Carriage made use of in the removing, carrying or conveying of such Goods shall not have been seized or prosecuted, and the Prizes or Perfits incurred in unshipping or receiving such Goods, or in whole Custody or Possession the same shall have been found and seized, shall not have been discovered and made known by such Officer or Officers of the Customs, so that he, she or they may be prosecuted for such Offence, and all Charges and Expenses attending the Computation and Sale of the Goods shall be defrayed out of the remaining One Third payable to His Majesty; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

C A P LVI.

An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for continuing and making perpetual several Duties of One Shilling and Six pence in the Pound, repealed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament on Offices and Employments of Profit, and on Annuities, Professions and Superds. [20th June 1810.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intituled, *An Act for raising a Sum not exceeding Five hundred thousand Pounds by charging a Summ of the Rate of Five Pence per Centum per Annum, upon the Civil List Revenue, to be made up by the Crown; and for enabling His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors (by causing such a Deduction to be made as should be necessary) to make good in the Civil List the Payments which shall have been made upon the said Annuities; and for borrowing upon certain Lottery Tickets; and for supporting the Corporations for Officers of Part of the Money which they were obliged to pay to His Majesty; and for making good a Deficiency in the East India Company; it was, among other things, enacted, that it might be lawful for His Majesty in whole or in Part to make out exceeding Six pence in the Pound, out of all Moneys which after the First Day of August should be paid for or upon all Professions and Annuities, payable upon any of the said Hereditary or Temporary Duties, for and upon all Salaries, Fees and Wages payable for or in respect of Offices of Profit, granted by or derived from the Crown, with certain Exceptions therein particularly specified: And whereas by another Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the First, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty the Sum of One Million, to be raised by way of Lottery, the said Deductions were further continued for the Purpose in the said Act mentioned: And whereas by another Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty several Rates and Duties upon Offices and Professions, and upon Houses, and upon Windows or Lights, and for raising the Sum of Five Millions by Annuities and a Lottery, to be charged on the said Rates and Duties, it was, among other things, enacted, that there should be yearly raised, levied and paid to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the Sum of One Shilling, over and above all other Duties already charged or payable, for every Twenty Shillings of the yearly Value or Amount of all Salaries, Fees and Perquisites incident to, or received for or in respect of all Offices and Employments of Profit in Great Britain, and the like Sum of One Shilling for every Twenty Shillings of all Professions and other Gratifications payable out of any Revenue belonging to His Majesty in Great Britain, exceeding the Value of One hundred Pounds per Annum: And whereas by another Act passed in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, King George the Second, intituled, *An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the last Session of Parliament intituled, An Act for granting to His Majesty several Rates and Duties upon Offices and Professions, and upon Houses, and upon Windows or Lights, and for raising the Sum of Five Millions by Annuities, and a Lottery, to be charged on the said Rates and Duties, so far as the same relate to the Rates and Duties on Offices and Professions, certain Provisions were made for collecting and paying the said last mentioned Duty of One Shilling in the Pound; and whereas by another Act passed in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs and Excise, and granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and for applying the said Duties together with the other Duties composing the Public Revenue; and for permitting the Importation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandises, the Producers or Manufacturers of the European Dominions of the French King into the Kingdom; and for applying certain enclosed Monies remaining in the Exchequer for the Payment of Annuities on Lives to the Reduction of the National Debt, the said respective Duties of Six pence and One Shilling were carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund: And whereas by another Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for******

• *continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Salt, Sugar, Tobacco and Snuff, in Great Britain; and on Profane and Oaths in England; and for regulating so much of certain Acts in relation to certain Duties of Six pence and One Shilling respectively as Offices and Profanes; and for regulating the said Duties of Six pence and One Shilling respectively, and the said other Duties, for the Term of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight, by which the said former Acts passed in the Seventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the First, and the said several Acts in the Thirtieth and Thirty second Years of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Second, and in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty respectively, in so far as the same relate to the said Duties of Six pence and One Shilling in the Pound respectively, should from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, be and the same were thereby repealed with an Exception therein mentioned; and it was by the said last recited Act enacted, that for and upon all Profanes charged upon any of His Majesty's Revenue, or any Rates or Duties granted to His Majesty, or upon the Contingent Fund, Fees or Emoluments of any Office, or upon any Publick Monies, and also upon all Salaries, Fees or Wages, payable for or in respect of any Officers or Persons granted by or derived from the Crown, upon, for or in respect of which before the passing of this Act, the said Endowments of Six pence in the Pound were charged or chargeable, there should be imposed a Duty of Six pence in the Pound, and for and upon every Twenty Shillings of the yearly Value or Amount of all Salaries, Fees and Perquisites, incident to or received for or in respect of all Offices and Employments of Profane, and for every Twenty Shillings of all Profanes and other Grants payable out of any Revenue belonging to His Majesty in Great Britain, or out of the Contingent Fund, Fees or Emoluments of any Office, or out of any Publick Monies exceeding the Value of One hundred Pounds per Annum, and in respect of which Profanes or other Grants, before the passing of the said last recited Act, the said Duties of One Shilling in the Pound were charged or chargeable, or made or liable to be made, there should be charged a Duty of One Shilling; and it was by the said last recited Act further enacted, That the said several Duties of Six pence and One Shilling respectively, by the said Act granted, should be charged and chargeable for One Year, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight; And whereas another Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act for continuing and making perpetual several Duties of One Shilling and Six pence, imposed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, on Offices and Employments of Profane, and on Annuities, Profanes and Salaries, and thereby granted for one Year in the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, by which it was enacted, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, there should be affixed, raised, levied and paid, unto and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon all Annuities, Profanes, Salaries and other Payments, Salaries, Fees, Wages and Perquisites, as set forth in the Schedule in the said Act annexed, the several Rates and Duties respectively inserted and contained therein: And whereas Doubts have arisen whether the Rates and Duties specified in such Schedule extend to the said Duties of Six pence and One Shilling respectively, charged and chargeable in Scotland, by the said recited Acts passed in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the First, and in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Second; So it is enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Duties of Six pence and One Shilling respectively, shall be affixed, raised, levied and paid in Scotland, for the Purposes directed by the said last recited Act, for and in respect of all Profanes and Annuities, and for and in respect of all Salaries, Fees, Wages and Perquisites, and for and in respect of all Profanes or Grants, for or in respect of which or of any of which the said Duties were respectively charged or chargeable in Scotland, prior to the passing of the said last recited Act, by virtue of the said Two recited Acts, passed in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the First, and in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Second, or by virtue of any Act or Acts passed prior to the passing of the said last recited Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, in the manner in which the same were respectively raised, affixed, levied and paid prior to the passing of the said recited Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.**

C A P. LVII.

An Act to revive and continue until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, an Act of the Twenty third Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Encouragement of the Manufacture of Flax and Cotton in Great Britain. [5th June 1810.]

• WHEREAS the Law hitherto mentioned has by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be revived and further extended; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Twenty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for the more effectual Encouragement of the Manufacture of Flax and Cotton in Great Britain; which was to continue in force for Two Years from the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and four, and from thence to the End of the three next Sessons of Parliament; and which said Act was by several subsequent Acts further extended until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, and from thence to the said day, and further continued from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and that the said Act should relate to showing a Drawback of the Duties of Customs on the Importation of British-made and Manufactured* making Oil of Vint.

C A P. LVIII.

An Act to amend several Acts for the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax. [9th June 1810.]

40 G. 3. c. 120.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty second Year of His present Majesty, for consolidating the several Acts passed for the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax, and to make further Provision for amercing Small Livings and Clerical Inclosures from the Land Tax, the Commissioners appointed to be appointed*

82.

by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, for the Purpose of regulating, directing, approving and confirming Sales for the Redemption of the Land Tax, were authorized at any time within the Space of Two Years after the passing of the said Act to direct the Excemption and Discharge of the Land Tax charged upon the Messuages, Lands, Tenements and other Hereditaments belonging to any Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices or Charitable Institutions under the Hereditaments and Regulations therein contained:

40 G. 3. c. 60.

§ 1.

And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty for amending the said last mentioned Act, and for making further Provision for amercing Small Livings and Charitable Institutions from the Land Tax, it was enacted that it should and might be lawful for the said Commissioners at any time within the Space of Eighteen Calendar Months, after the passing of the said Act, to direct the Excemption and Discharge of the Land Tax charged upon such Messuages, Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, in the manner and under the Directions and Restrictions in the said Act mentioned or referred to: And whereas it is expedient to extend the Term limited by the said last mentioned Act for carrying the Purpose thereof into Execution, Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, at any time within the Space of One Year from the passing of this Act, to direct the Excemption and Discharge of the Land Tax charged upon such Messuages, Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments as aforesaid, in such manner and under such Directions and Restrictions as in the said Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty are expressed or referred to, in such and the same manner as if such Commissioners had been authorized by the said last mentioned Act to direct the Excemption and Discharge of such Land Tax, at any time within the Space of Two Years from the passing thereof; Provided that all such Memorials and Certificates as by the said Act are required to be transmitted to the said Commissioners, shall be transmitted within Twelve Calendar Months from the passing of this Act.

Time extended.

40 G. 3. c. 128.

§ 7A.

And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for consolidating the Provisions of the several Acts passed for the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax into One Act, and for making further Provision for the Redemption and Sale thereof, and for amercing Debts respecting the Rights of Parties claiming to vote at Elections for Knights of the Shire and other Members in force in Parliament in respect of Messuages, Lands or Tenements, the Land Tax upon which shall have been redeemed or purchased, all Corporations Aggregate are enabled by the Sale of Lands, or by the Grant of Rent Charge, to provide for the Redemption of the Land Tax charged on the Globe Lands, Tithes and other Profits of any Living or Livings in the Patronage of such Corporations Aggregate respectively, in Cases where such Land Tax shall have been or shall be redeemed by or on behalf of such Corporations Aggregate; and it is enacted that similar Powers should be given to Corporations Sole and to Companies; Be it therefore enacted,*

Provision for

Redemption by

Sale of Part of

such Lands, &c.

That where the Land Tax charged upon the Globe Lands, Tithes or other Profits of any Living or Livings in the Patronage of any Archbishop, Bishop, or other Corporation Sole, or any Company or Company, shall have been or shall be redeemed by or on behalf of any such Bodies Politick or Corporate or Companies, by virtue of any of the Provisions of the said second Act of this Act, it shall be lawful for any such Archbishop, Bishop or Bodies Politick or Corporate, or Companies respectively, or Companies respectively, or by the Grant of any Rent Charge which they could or might respectively lawfully make for the Redemption of any Land Tax charged on the Lands belonging to such Archbishop, Bishop or Bodies Politick or Corporate, whether Sole or Aggregate or Company, and the Land Tax so redeemed shall be forthwith extinguished; but every such Archbishop, Bishop or Bodies Politick or Corporate, whether Sole or Aggregate or Company, shall nevertheless be entitled to an Annual Rent Charge, issuing out of such Living equivalent to the Amount of the Land Tax redeemed, which shall be declared in Writing under the Seal or Common Seal of the Archbishop, Bishop, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, whether Sole or Aggregate or Company, having such Right of Patronage or Nomination at the Time of presenting or nominating any Clerk or Clerks to such Living or Livings, that such Rent Charge shall be expended during his or their Incumbency or respective Incumbencies, which Declaration the Archbishop, Bishop, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, whether Sole or Aggregate or Company, is entitled to execute to such Living or Livings, shall from time to time be competent to make: Provided always, that such Rent Charge shall be void as to the Right of the said Archbishop, Bishop, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate or Company respectively, to recover such Rent Charge after the next or any future Assizes: Provided also, that any Declaration made by any such Archbishop, Bishop, Bodies Politick or Corporate, whether Sole or Aggregate or Company, at the time of redeeming the said Land Tax, shall be voidable during the Incumbency of the then Rector, Vicar or Curate, as if it had been made at the Time of his or their Incumbency in such Living.

Rent Charge

shall equivalent

to Land Tax

redeemed.

When the same is

to be expended

during Incum-

bency.

And whereas it is expedient to make Provisions for the Excemption or Relief of Debts which have not been already made or paid for in the Declarations of the said second Act of the Forty second and Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, and of the several other Acts passed relating to the Redem-

tion of Lead Tax, Be it therefore enacted, That all Bonds required by the said recited Act or any other Act relating to the Redemption of Lead Tax, to be enrolled or registered, shall be valid and effectual, although the same shall not have been or shall not be enrolled or registered within the Periods prescribed by the said Acts respectively: Provided the same shall have been enrolled or registered before the passing of this Act, or shall be enrolled or registered within Twelve Calendar Months after the passing thereof.

What Bonds to be enrolled within a Year.

IV. And whereas in several Parishes or Places in Great Britain the Whole of the Lead Tax charged thereon has been or may be encumbered by Redemption or Purchase, by reason whereof there may not be any Funds in the Hands of the Collectors of the Lead Tax to pay Rewards for apprehending Delinquents which by Law are made payable out of the Lead Tax in the Hands of such Collectors: Yet Remedy whereof, Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act in every Parish or Place in Great Britain, where the Whole of the Lead Tax has been or shall be redeemed, it shall be lawful for the Collectors of the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and they are hereby required, upon any Order, to pay Rewards for apprehending Delinquents, to pay the same out of any Moneys in their Hands arising from any of the Duties of Assessed Taxes, in such manner and under such Restrictions and Regulations as are by Law now applicable to the Payment of such Rewards out of the Lead Tax: Provided that the Receiver General of the said Duties shall from time to time replace the said Duties of Assessed Taxes out of any Moneys of the Lead Tax in his Hands at such times and in such manner as the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes shall direct, and the Moneys so paid shall be allowed to him in his Accounts of the said Lead Tax.

Rewards for catching Delinquents

C A P. LIX.

An Act for more effectually preventing the Embezzlement of Money or Securities for Money belonging to the Publick, by any Collector, Receiver, or other Person entrusted with the Receipt, Care or Management thereof. [9th June 1810.]

WHEREAS it is well expedient that due Provision should be made more effectually to prevent the Embezzlement of Money or Securities for Money belonging to the Publick, by any Collector, Receiver or other Officer entrusted with the Receipt, Custody or Management thereof: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person or Persons to whom any Money or Securities for Money shall be lent for Publick Services, shall from and after the passing of this Act embezzle such Money, or in any manner fraudulently apply the same to his own Use or Benefit, or for any Purpose whatsoever except for Publick Services, every such Person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted according to Law, in any Part of the United Kingdom, shall be adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor, and shall be punished by the same, or to receive such other Punishment as may by Law be inflicted on Persons guilty of Misdemeanors, and as the Court before which such Offenders may be tried and convicted shall adjudge.

Embezzling Money lent for Publick Services, Misdemeanor, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any such Officer, Collector or Receiver is entrusted with the Receipt, Custody or Management of any Part of the Publick Revenues, shall knowingly furnish false Statements or Returns of the Sums of Money collected by him or entrusted to his Care, or of the Balances of Money in his Hands or under his Control, such Officer, Collector or Receiver so offending, and being thereof convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor, and shall be adjudged to suffer the Punishment of Fine and Imprisonment, at the Discretion of the Court, and be rendered for ever incapable of holding or enjoying any Office under the Crown.

Offence giving to false Statements of Money entrusted to their Care, Misdemeanor, &c.

C A P. LX.

An Act for permitting the Exportation to Newfoundland of Foreign Salt, Duty-free, from the Import Warehouses at the Port of Bristol, and for repealing so much of an Act of the last Session as allows Salt, the Product of any Part of Europe South of Cape Finisterre, to be shipped in any Part of Europe direct to certain Ports in North America. [9th June 1810.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, among other Things, for amending an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for transferring the Management of the Salt Duties to the Commissioners of Excise, reciting, among other Things, that it was expedient to allow any such Foreign Salt as is in the said Act so mentioned, to be taken from and out of any such Warehouse, Storehouse or Cellar, as in the said Act mentioned, for the Purpose in the said Act of the Thirty sixth Year aforesaid mentioned, it is enacted that it shall and may be lawful to or for any Person or Persons within Twelve Months after the Imporation and landing thereof, to take, free of Duty, for the Purpose of exporting the same in any Ship or Vessel out of any Burthen that Forty Tons, to Newfoundland, for curing Cod Fish, Ling or Hake, to be there caught, any Quantity exceeding Fifty Bushels at a Time of Foreign Salt, from and out of any Import Warehouse, Storehouse or Cellar, at either of the Ports of Freetown, Dominick, Falkland or Telegraph, in which the same had been put in manner in the said last mentioned Act mentioned, so giving such Bond or Security as is in the said last mentioned Act mentioned: And whereas it is expedient to allow the Exportation of any such Foreign Salt from the Port of Bristol in manner and for the Purpose aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the

25 G. 3. c. 4

44

Foreign Ships
imported to be
examined from
Sugar Ware-
houses or Cellars,
Duty-free.

same. That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ten, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons within Twelve Months after the Imporation and Landing thereof, to take, free of Duty, for the Purpose of immediately exporting the same in any Ship or Vessel out of his Majesty's Kingdoms of Great Britain, or of any Town, Port, Harbour, or Place, for carrying Coal, Fish, Lard or Hides, to be there caught, any Quantity exceeding Fifty Bushels at a Time of Foreign Salt, from and out of any Import Warehouse, Storehouse or Cellar, at the Port of Bristol, in which the same has been put according to the Regulations of the said Act made in the Thirty eighth Year aforesaid, upon giving the due Bond or Security, and under, subject and according to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions by the said Act made in the Thirty sixth Year aforesaid, provided, that it shall and may be lawful, for or in respect of Foreign Salt taken free of Duty for the Purpose aforesaid, from and out of any Import Warehouse, Storehouse or Cellar, at the said Ports of *York, Newcastle, Fishwall and Gloucester* respectively.

Regulations of
the 31. 7. 10. 42.
extended to
Ireland.

II. And be it further enacted, That all and singular the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Matters and Things which are, or by the said Act made in the Thirty sixth Year aforesaid, contained, provided, granted or established, for or in respect of or relating to the taking from or out of any Import Warehouse, Storehouse or Cellar, at either of the said Ports of *York, Newcastle, Fishwall or Gloucester*, Foreign Salt, free of Duty, for the Purpose in the said Act of the Thirty sixth Year aforesaid mentioned, shall be observed, practised, applied and put in execution, for and in respect of the taking from or out of any Import Warehouse, Storehouse or Cellar, at the said Port of *Bristol*, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and singular the said Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Matters and Things had been observed and re-enacted in the said Act, and hereby expressly confined for and in respect of any such Foreign Salt as last aforesaid.

42 G. 3. c. 47.
S. 1. as it shall
extend.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eleven, in each of the Acts passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty George the Third, intituled, *An Act in further to amend the Growth, Production or Manufacture of Europe, to be taken and shipped on board Ships arriving with British North American Produce, and Fish taken by Fishers in the British North American Colonies at any Part of Europe, in order to be exported to the principal Ports in the British Colonies and Plantations in North America, as aforesaid*, and the Produce of any Part of Europe, South of Cape Good Hope, to be shipped and taken in any Port or Place whatsoever, in each Part of Europe, for Exportation direct to the several Ports in North America, in the said Acts particularly enumerated, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

C A P. LXI.

An Act for making Sugar and Coffee, of *Guadeloupe, Saint Eustacia, Saint Martin and Zaba*, liable to the same Duty on Imporation as Sugar and Coffee are of the *British Plantations*.

[5th June 1810.]

WHEREAS the Islands of *Guadeloupe, Saint Eustacia, Saint Martin and Zaba*, in the *West Indies*, have been surrendered to His Majesty's Arms, and are now in His Majesty's Possession, in consequence whereof the Trade of the said Islands is now by Law to be carried on in the same manner as the Trade of the other *British Colonies and Plantations in the West Indies*: And whereas it is expedient, in respect that Sugar and Coffee, the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the said Islands, shall not be permitted to be exported into the Kingdom upon the same Terms as Sugar and Coffee of the *British Plantations*: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That Sugar and Coffee, the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the Islands of *Guadeloupe, Saint Eustacia, Saint Martin and Zaba*, imported into the Kingdom, shall be subject to the Payment of such Duties, and also to such Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, Provisions and Forfeitures, as are by Law imposed and provided in the Case of Imporations of Sugar and Coffee out of the *British Plantations*, any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. LXII.

An Act for the more effectual Prevention of Smuggling in the *Isle of Man*. [5th June 1810.]

WHEREAS divers Laws have been made within these late Years for the more effectual preventing of Smuggling in the United Kingdom, and it is expedient that certain of the Provisions and Regulations therein contained should be extended to the *Isle of Man*, and also that some further Provisions and Regulations applicable to that Island should be made for the same important Object: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ten, every Person being a Subject of His Majesty, who shall be found or taken on board or discovered to have been on board any Ship, Vessel or Boat found or discovered to have been within a Bay, Harbour, River or Creek, or of belonging to the *Isle of Man*, or at anchor or hovering within Three Leagues of the Shores thereof, such Ship, Vessel or Boat having on board any Spirits, Tea, Tobacco, Coffee or Salt liable to Forfeiture by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at or immediately before the passing of the said Act, and who shall not prove that he was only a Passenger on board such Ship, Vessel or Boat, and every Person found aiding or assisting in unloading any Spirits, Tea, Tobacco, Coffee or Salt, being illegally on board such Ship, Vessel or Boat, within the Limits of any of the Ports of

London, London
and Wells or
any other place
whenever the
said Goods
shall

the said lfe without Payment of the Duties due thereon, or having, or who shall be found carrying, conveying, or affixing in or affixing to the carrying, conveying or covering any Spices, Tea, Tobacco, Coffee or Salt, which shall have been clandestinely imported or illegally landed in the said lfe, or who shall be found aiding or assisting in the loading or putting into any Ship, Vessel or Boat for the Purpose of being exported from the said lfe, any Spices, Tea, Tobacco, Coffee or Salt, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, or Twofold the Value of the Goods so illegally shipped, carried away, conveyed or concealed, or loaded or put off for the Purpose of Exportation at the Option and Subject to the Election and Discretion of the Commissioners of the Customs in England; and every such Offender may be captured of, committed, tried and detained in any Courts to be holden in His Majesty's Name, or by virtue of His Authority in the said lfe of Asia, according to the usual Course of Proceeding at such Courts respectively, at the Election of the said Commissioners.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Statement, Allegation or Averment of the Facts, that the said Commissioners had made such Omissions or Defaults, or examined such Informations as the Informations for the Recovery of either the Penalty of One hundred Pounds, or Twofold the Value of the Goods, shall be deemed and taken to be sufficient Evidence to found or warrant a Commission on such Informations without any further or other Evidence of the Facts that the Commissioners had made such Omissions or Defaults, or executed such Default; and all the Powers and Authorities of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the more effectually preventing the Mischiefs arising to the Revenue and Customs of Great Britain and Ireland, from the illegal and clandestine Trade in and from the lfe of Asia*, in relation to the issuing of Process in the said lfe of Asia, and requiring Bail of the Offenders, and all the Provisions, Powers, Penalties and Forfeitures therein contained for compelling the Appearance of Persons aiding and being in the lfe of Asia, either to answer any Informations exhibited in any of the Courts in the said lfe, or to give Evidence upon the Trial of any Cause thereon depending, shall extend and be deemed, construed and taken to extend to, and shall apply and be in full Force and put in Execution in every case where any Informations shall be exhibited in any of the said Courts for the Recovery of any Penalty under this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Powers, Penalties and Forfeitures were repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Commissioned Officer of the Army, or the Militia while embodied, or for any Commissioned Officer of any other of His Majesty's Military Forces while on Service in the said lfe of Asia, or for any Commissioned Officer of the Navy or Marines, or for any Officer of the Customs, and he and she and any and she are hereby authorized, empowered and required to stop, arrest and detain any Person, being a Subject of His Majesty, who shall be found on board any Ship, Vessel or Boat seized or discovered to have been with any Bay, Harbour, River or Creek or of belonging to the lfe of Asia, or at anchor or hovering within Three Leagues of the Shores thereof, having on board any Spices, Tea, Tobacco, Coffee or Salt, liable to Forfeiture by any Act of Parliament in force on and immediately before the making of this Act, or who shall be found aiding or assisting in the unshipping any Spices, Tea, Tobacco, Coffee or Salt within the Limits of any of the Ports of the said lfe of Asia, without Payment of the Duties due thereon, or who shall be found carrying, conveying or committing or affixing in the carrying away, conveying or committing any Spices, Tea, Tobacco, Coffee or Salt, which shall have been clandestinely imported or illegally landed in the said lfe, or who shall be found aiding or assisting in loading or putting into any Ship, Vessel or Boat, any Spices, Tea, Tobacco, Coffee or Salt, for the Purpose of being exported from the said lfe, and so contrary law before the Governor, Deputy Governor, or a Member there, who is and are hereby authorized and required, upon Proof on Oath (which he and they is and are hereby authorized and required to administer) by One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, that such Person was so found or taken, or having been on board any such Ship, Vessel or Boat, or aiding or assisting in such unshipping, carrying away, conveying or committing of Spices, Tea, Tobacco, Coffee or Salt, without Payment of the Duties, or in the loading or putting into any Ship, Vessel or Boat, any Spices, Tea, Tobacco, Coffee or Salt, for the Purpose of being exported from the said lfe, unless any such Person found on board of any such Ship, Vessel or Boat, shall prove to the Satisfaction of such Governor or Deputy Governor, or Member, that he was only a Passenger on board such Ship, Vessel or Boat, or hold such Person to Bail, with Two good and sufficient Sureties, in the Sum of One hundred Pounds each, for the Appearance of such Person to answer to any Informations that may be brought against him as that he shall in the said lfe of Asia, and to pay such Penalty, and shew any Judgment for any such Offences; and in Default of any such Person finding good and sufficient Bail as aforesaid, or until the same shall be found, to commit such Person to any Goal or Prison, or House of Correction, in the said lfe, to answer as aforesaid: Provided nevertheless, that if any Person is found, or discovered and taken, arrested or detained, in capable and declines of entering and leaving, as a Seaman or Marine in any of His Majesty's Ships of War, or being a Seaman or Soldier in His Majesty's Army, it shall be lawful for the Officer or Officers of the Army, Militia, Navy or Marines, or of the Customs, by whom such Person was taken, arrested and detained as aforesaid, or the Governor, Deputy Governor or Member, before whom any such Person may be committed, and such Officer and Officers or she are hereby authorized, empowered and required, instead of taking such Person before the Governor, Deputy Governor or Member, and such Governor, Deputy Governor or Member, is and are hereby authorized, advised of holding any such Person to Bail, to carry and convey, or cause to be carried or conveyed, such Person to board any of His Majesty's Ships of War, in order to his being received and received as a Seaman or Marine, or any such Person being a Seaman or a Soldier in His Majesty's Army, if it and able to serve His Majesty, be reemployed into His Majesty's Naval Service, and for that Purpose may be conveyed to any Ship or Vessel of War in His Majesty's Service, or delivered over to any Officer employed in His Majesty's Ser-

vice in landing
Spices, Tea,
Tobacco.

Officers where
used.

Averment about
Customs have
made the lfe to
to Penalty as
to.

50 Geo. 3. c. 62
For the recovery of
the Penalty of 100
L.

Officers of the
Army, the Navy
Militia, Marines
Persons found in
Asia.

May convey
them to the Go-
vernor, or
Officer.

And

Commissioner

It shall also be
lawful to board
any of His Majesty's
Ships of War in
the said lfe of
Asia.

THE SHERIFFS, &c.
Each Port.

Customs.
Ports.

Ports: 1. 1810.
Ports where the
Act shall be
enforced.

41 G. 3. c. 140.

Ports of the
East-India Company
& the West-India

Ports.

Ships to be sold
with the same
of Ships of
War.

port Service; and such Person being so entered and received or impressed, shall not on any Account be discharged from His Majesty's Service during the Term of Five Years, and from thence until the Conclusion of any War in which His Majesty may be engaged at the Period of the Expiration of such Five Years, unless disabled within that Term by unavoidable Accident or bodily Infirmary; and any Officer of His Majesty's Navy or Marine, who shall profane knowingly and wilfully to discharge any Person so entered and received or impressed at afloat contrary to this Act, or shall by false Muster or Certificate, or by countenance of a Cruelty of any Kind, or by any other collusion or evasive Ways or Means whatsoever, suffer or permit any such Person to avoid the actual Service hereby intended, every such Officer shall, on Conviction for any such Offence, either by any Court Martial, or on any Information filed by His Majesty's Attorney General, be cashiered: Provided always, that no Person so taken, arrested or detained, and entering as a Seaman, or being impressed, shall be liable to forfeit any such Penalty of Treble Value, or One hundred Pounds as aforesaid, unless such Person shall thereafter desert His Majesty's Service, or quit the same without being duly discharged.

IV. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That where by reason of any Person so found and taken, arrested or detained as afloat, entering to serve His Majesty, or being impressed as afloat, no Penalty or Forfeiture shall be recoverable, then, and to such Case, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs, and they are hereby required on Proof made to their Satisfaction of such Arrest, Taking and Detention as afloat, and of such entering or impressing into His Majesty's Service as afloat, to reward the Person or Persons who would, if any Penalty or Forfeiture had been recoverable, have been entitled to any Part thereof, with such Sum, not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds, as under all the Circumstances of the Case shall to such Commissioners appear proper; and every Officer of the Army, Militia, Navy or Marine, or of the Customs, Arresting and conveying any Person or Persons liable to be detained or prosecuted under an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the Prevention of Smuggling, shall be allowed such Sum of Money for such Person not exceeding Twenty Pounds, exclusive of any Share of the Penalty which may be recovered from any such Offender, and such Reward may and shall be paid by the said Commissioners out of any Monies in their Hands arising from the Duties on Foreign Spirits, Tea or Tobacco.

V. And he is further enacted, That every Commissioned Officer of the Army, or the Militia while embarked, or any Commissioned Officer of any other of His Majesty's Military Forces while on Service in the said *Isle of Man*, and every Commissioned Officer of the Navy or Marine shall have the like Powers of Seizure as are vested in the Officers of the Customs in the said *Isle of Man*; and all Powers, Authorities, Exemptions and Exceptions, and all Privileges and Provisions in relation to any other Acts, Matters or Things done, or that may be done, by any Officers of the Customs, under any Act of Parliament for the Prevention of the Revenue of Customs, or the Prevention of Smuggling in Great Britain or the said *Isle of Man*, shall extend and be deemed and construed to extend to, and be in full Force and not in execution in all Cases, and for all Purposes, and be used and exercised in the said *Isle of Man* by any such Commissioned Officer of the Army, Militia, or the Military Forces while on Service there, or by any Commissioned Officer of the Navy or Marine, as fully and effectually, as all Powers, Authorities and Provisions, as if the said Powers, Authorities, Exemptions, Exceptions, Privileges and Provisions, were at large inserted and mentioned in this Act: Provided, that all Ships, Vessels, Boats and Goods seized by any such Commissioned Officers under the Provisions of this Act, shall forthwith be delivered to, or lodged in the Custody of the proper Officer of the Customs duly authorized to receive the same, who shall thereupon take an Account thereof, and give a Certificate that such Goods have been so lodged and deposited in his Custody or Possession.

VI. And he is further enacted, That in lieu of the Shares now by Law allowed to Officers of the Customs and other Persons legally authorized to seize any Spirits, Tobacco, Tea, Coffee or Salt, in the said *Isle of Man*, the Shares heretofore mentioned shall be paid and allowed for and in respect of all such Seizures of Spirits, Tobacco, Tea, Coffee and Salt, which shall be made from and after the passing of this Act, that is to say, in the Case of any such Seizures in any Bay, Harbour, River or Creek of the said *Isle*, if the Officer of the Customs or other Person making the same shall also seize, stop and detain the Persons or some or one of them who shall be or shall have been employed in navigating the Ship, Vessel or Boat in or on board which such Spirits, Tobacco, Tea, Coffee or Salt shall be or shall have been brought, found or landed, or in unloading, rewinning or carrying away such Spirits, Tobacco, Tea, Coffee or Salt, and shall take or convey or cause every Person in afloat, shipped or detained, to be taken or conveyed before the Governor or Deputy Governor or a Deputy of the said *Isle*, or on board any of His Majesty's Ships of War, or to any Officer employed in His Majesty's Regent Service, to be dealt with as the Case may be agreeable to the Directions of this Act, then, and in such Case, such Officer or other Person as aforesaid shall, upon the Conviction of such Spirits, Tobacco, Tea, Coffee or Salt, be entitled to and shall be paid One Moiety of the Net Proceeds thereof, and is the Case of such Seizures made on Shore in the said *Isle*, if the Officer or other Person making the same shall also seize, arrest and detain the Persons, or some or one of them from whom the same shall be found, and shall take or convey or cause every Person so arrested, shipped or detained, to be taken or conveyed before the said Governor or Deputy Governor or a Deputy of the said *Isle*, or in case of the Seizure of such Spirits, Tobacco or other Persons for making Breach of Spirits, Tobacco or Salt, shall be entitled to and shall be paid One Moiety of the Net Proceeds thereof; and in case of the Seizure of such Articles, whether on the Water or on Shore in the said *Isle of Man*, if the Officer of the Customs or other Person making the same shall also seize and prosecute, or cause to be prosecuted the Ship, Vessel or Boat in or on board of which such Spirits, Tobacco or Salt shall be or shall have been brought, found or landed, or the Cattle or Carriage used or employed in moving or conveying the same, but shall not also seize, arrest and detain the Persons or some or one of them who shall be or shall have been employed in navigating the Ship, Vessel or Boat in or on board

whish such Spirits, Tobacco, Tea, Coffee or Salt, shall be or shall have been brought, found or found, or in unloading, removing or carrying away such Spirits, Tobacco, Tea, Coffee or Salt, or the Persons or some or one of them from whom the same shall be found and taken, or carry or make all and every such Persons if stopped, arrested or detained, to be taken or carried before the Governor or Deputy Governor or a Director of the said Isle, to be dealt with according to Law: And, in such Case, the Officer of the Customs or other Persons making such Seizure shall be entitled to and shall be paid only One Third of the Proceeds of such Spirits, Tobacco, Tea, Coffee or Salt; and in case any such Officer or other Person as aforesaid, shall make Seizure of any Spirits, Tobacco, Tea, Coffee or Salt, and shall neither force and prosecute or cause to be prosecuted, the Ship, Vessel or Boat, Cattle or Carriages, or in any board which such Spirits, Tobacco, Tea, Coffee or Salt shall be or shall have been brought, found or found, or which shall be used or employed in removing or conveying the same, nor shall buy, arrest and detain the Persons, or some or one of them, who shall be or shall have been employed in unloading the Ship, Vessel or Boat in or on board which such Spirits, Tobacco, Tea, Coffee or Salt shall be or shall have been brought, found or found or in unloading, removing or conveying such Spirits, Tobacco, Tea, Coffee or Salt, or from whom the same shall be lifted or taken, or shall not carry or convey, or create all and every such Persons if arrested, stopped or detained, to be carried or conveyed before the Governor or Deputy Governor, or a Director of the said Isle; then, and in such Case, the Officer or other Person making such Seizure shall be entitled to and shall be paid only One Fourth Part of the Net Proceeds of such Spirits, Tobacco, Tea, Coffee or Salt: Provided that in all Cases where any such Officer or other Person as aforesaid shall, upon the Seizure of any Goods whatsoever liable to Forfeiture, by any Act or Acts of Parliament, relating to the said *Isle of Man* or for the Prevention of Smuggling there, seize some the Cattle, Horses, Cattle or Carriages made use of in the Removing, Carriage or Conveyance of any such Goods, and the same shall be condemned, such Officer or Officers or other Person or Persons, in every such Case, shall be entitled to Three Fourths of the Net Proceeds of such Cattle, Horses, Cattle and Carriages respectively, after all Charges attending the Prosecution and Sale thereof shall be deducted.

VII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in all cases where any such Officers and Persons as aforesaid shall seize within the Limits of any of the Parts of the *Isle of Man* or in any of the *Bay* or *Firth* Channels or elsewhere on the High Sea, within One hundred Leagues of any Part of the Coast of Great Britain or Ireland, any Spirits which shall have been stowed or concealed on board or in the Water within such Limits or Offshore, every such Officer and Person so finding such Spirits shall be, and he and they, in and are hereby allowed One Moiety of the Proceeds thereof, deducting the Charges of Condemnation and Sale.

VIII. And whereas it is expedient that Ships, Vessels and Boats hired and condemned in the *Isle of Man*, and which are calculated for that Trade, should be disposed of, and the Officers having the same awarded according to the Practice in the like Cases in Great Britain: Be it therefore enacted, That upon the Condemnation of any Ship, Vessel or Boat, in the said *Isle of Man* of legal Bulk or Construction, or which shall be legally rigged or fitted, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs in England to direct such Ship, Vessel or Boat to be disposed of, and the Produce thereof to be divided in the same manner as Ships, Vessels and Boats legally built, constructed, rigged or fitted are now by Law directed to be disposed of, and the Produce thereof divided upon Condemnation in Great Britain; and when any such Ship, Vessel or Boat shall be broken up, the Officer or Officers of the Customs, or of the Army, Militia, Navy or Marines, or other Person or Persons by whom such Ship, Vessel or Boat shall have been found, shall be entitled to, and in like manner paid the like Tonnage Rewards as are payable to the Officers having such Ships, Vessels or Boats of legal Bulk, Construction, Rigging or Fitting, in Great Britain; that is to say, to such Officer or Officers for all such Vessels or Boats as shall exceed Four Tons by Admeasurement, which shall be lifted and condemned, an Allowance of Forty Shillings per Ton, according to the legal Admeasurement thereof; and for all such Boats which shall not exceed Four Tons by Admeasurement, and which shall be found and condemned, an Allowance of Fifty Shillings per Ton; and for all Ships, Vessels and Boats, which, on account of their Bulk, Construction, Disposition or Disposition are liable to Forfeiture by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force, or hereafter to be made, and which shall be liable to be broken up, and which said Ships, Vessels and Boats, at the time of the Seizure thereof, shall be found on Board or light, an Allowance of Thirty Shillings per Ton, to be paid upon the Condemnation of such Ships, Vessels and Boats, according to the legal Admeasurement thereof; and also One Moiety of the Produce of the Materials of such Ships, Vessels or Boats respectively, after deducting therefrom the Charges of Condemnation and Sale.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall by Force or Violence assault, resist, oppose, molest, obstruct or hinder any Commissioned Officer of the Army or Militia while embodied, or any Commissioned Officer of His Majesty's Military Forces while on Service in the said *Isle of Man*, or any Commissioned Officer of the Navy or Marines, or any Officer of the Customs, or any Person or Persons aiding or assisting in the due Execution of the Powers and Authorities by this Act given or granted, such Person or Persons being thereof convicted by due Course of Law, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall be transported for Seven Years, or detained to be imprisoned in any House of Correction or any Common Gaol in the said *Isle of Man*, and kept to hard Labour for any time not exceeding Three Years, at the Discretion of the Court before whom the Offender shall be tried and convicted as aforesaid; or if any Person or Persons shall maliciously shoot at, maim or dangerously wound any such Officer as aforesaid, while acting in the due Execution of his or their Duty, under any of the Powers, Authorities or Provisions of this Act, every Person so offending, and every Person aiding, abetting or assisting therein, shall, being thereof lawfully convicted, be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon, without Benefit of Clergy.

C. A. P.

Fines.

Allowance to
Persons having
Spirits in their
- Cells LandedVessels con-
demned, to be
disposed ofTonnage Re-
wards to Officers.Obtaining
Officers.

Punishment.

Transported or Im-
prisoned

Ward.

C A P. LXIII.

An Act to enable His Majesty to authorize the Exportation of the Machinery necessary for erecting a Mint in the *Brazils*.
[24th June 1810.]

WH^{EREAS} His Royal Highness the Prince Regent of Portugal and the *Brazils* is desirous of erecting and establishing a Mint in the *Brazils*, and of procuring and exporting the Machinery necessary for that Purpose from this Kingdom: And whereas Duties may arise whether any Person in this Kingdom can execute the same, without being subject to certain Penalties and Forfeitures: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by Writing or Warrant under his Hand and Seal, under such Restrictions and Conditions, and in such manner as His Majesty shall think proper, to license and authorize all and every Person and Persons whom the said Prince Regent or any Person authorized by him for that Purpose, shall think fit to employ for such Purposes, so have in his or their Power, Custody or Possession, with intent to export, and to collect, obtain, make, apply for, or cause or procure to be made, with intent to export, and to export, and to do or cause to be done all or any Acts whatsoever, in or for, or towards the exporting, or which shall be necessary to enable him or them to make, obtain, have or procure for exporting, and to enable him or them to export any Machinery, Tools, Utensils, Implements or other things of what Nature soever, or any Parts thereof, or any Models or Plans or Parts thereof, for the effectually making such Person or Persons as aforesaid to erect and establish, or cause to be erected and established, such Mint as aforesaid; and all Acts, Matters and Things which shall be done in pursuance of and according to such License and Authority, shall be and be deemed and taken to be lawful, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Officers of His Majesty's Customs, and they are hereby required to take Customs and Excise Duties, Warrants and Seizures, and to do or cause to be done all Acts necessary for the removing outwardly, shipping or exporting such Machinery, Tools, Utensils, Implements, Models, Plans and Things as aforesaid, or any Parts thereof respectively; and that the same as the Packages thereof, or the Goods packed therein, shall not be liable to Seizure by such Officers or others; and also that it shall be lawful for all Captains and Masters of Ships, Vessels, Lighters or Boats, to take the same on board thereof, for the Purpose of exporting the same, and in their said Ships, Vessels, Lighters and Boats to export the same, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as any other Goods or Merchandise may lawfully be exported.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by such Writing or Warrant as aforesaid, to license and authorize any Person or Persons whom he shall think fit for that Purpose, to encourage, procure, contract and agree with such Artificers and Workmen, and others, as he or such Person or Persons shall think fit to employ for the Purpose of erecting and establishing such Mint as aforesaid, or for any Purpose relative thereto, to go out of this Kingdom for any such Purpose, and all Acts done by such Person and Persons, and such Workmen, Artificers and others, in conformity to such License and Authority, shall be deemed and taken to be lawful Acts, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And, for the better making any such Person or Persons as aforesaid and execute such Work as aforesaid, be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty's said Principal Secretaries of State, by such Writing or Warrant as aforesaid, to license and authorize any Person or Persons to do or cause to be done any other Matter, Act or Thing not herein specified, which it shall appear necessary or expedient to such Secretary to license or authorize, for the erecting such Person or Persons, or the Persons employed by him or them to execute such Work as aforesaid; and all Acts, Matters and Things done in conformity to such License and Authority, shall be and be deemed and taken to be lawful, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding; and in case any Question shall arise whether any Act, Matter or Thing done or proposed to be done by any such Person relative to such Work as aforesaid, hath been done or proposed to be done in conformity to any such License or Authority as aforesaid, or according to the Intent and Meaning thereof, it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, upon Application made by any such Person, or on his behalf, by Writing under his Hand and Seal, to declare whether the same hath been done in conformity thereto, or according to such Intent and Meaning, and the Declaration of His Majesty's said Secretary so made, that the same hath been so done, shall be final and conclusive Evidence that the same hath been so done, and shall be received in all Cases as such final and conclusive Evidence.

C A P. LXIV.

An Act to permit the Removal of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, from the Port in Great Britain where first warehoused, to any other warehousing Port for the Purpose of Exportation.
[24th June 1810.]

WH^{EREAS} it may be expedient to permit the Removal of Goods, Wares and Merchandize from the Port where first warehoused to any other warehousing Port within Great Britain for the Purpose of Exportation: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the

Importer,

Importer, Proprietor or Consignor of any Goods, Wares or Merchandises which have been or may be lodged or deposited in any Warehouse or Warehouses in the Port of London, under the Regulations of an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain, to be stored in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, or which have been or may be lodged or deposited in any Warehouse or Warehouses at any other Port of Great Britain, under the Regulations of an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act to authorize the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to permit certain Articles to be warehoused in different Parts in Great Britain, upon giving Security for the Payment of Duties upon the Articles therein mentioned, or of similar Acts passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for permitting certain Articles to be warehoused in Great Britain, to other Articles and therein contained; and to alter the Conditions of the Bankrupt Acts to extend by an Act of the Twenty fourth Year of His present Majesty by the Masters and Owners of Vessels and Boats licensed by the Lords of the Admiralty, to remove any such Goods, Wares or Merchandises from any of the said Ports, either by Sea or Inland Navigation to any other Port of Great Britain, where the like Articles are by Law allowed to be stored in Warehouses under the Regulations of the said Acts or either of them, for the Purpose of being exported from such Port, subject to the Rules, Regulations and Restrictions hereafter mentioned, that in any such Goods, Wares or Merchandises shall be taken from or delivered out of any such Warehouse or Warehouses as aforesaid, the Importer, Proprietor or Consignor shall and he is hereby required to give at least Twenty four Hours Notice in Writing to the Warehouse-keeper or other proper Officer in whose Charge such Goods, Wares or Merchandises may then remain, of his Intention so to remove the same, specifying in such Notice the particular Goods, Wares or Merchandises he intended to be taken out of such Warehouse, the Number, Marks and Description of such Packages, and by whom entered Inwards, and thereupon the proper Officer shall take a true and particular Account thereof by Weigh, Gauge, Tare or otherwise, in the Case may require, and when by value of any Tare produced by Weigher or from the Length of time, any such Goods, Wares or Merchandises or any Part thereof may have been warehoused, the same shall be deficient of the actual Weight or Quantity stated and taken Account of at the time of the Importation thereof, then, and in such Case, the Importer, Proprietor or Consignor shall, and he is hereby required to pay the proper Officers the full Duties of Customs and Excise upon such Deficiency, previous to the Removal of such Goods, Wares or Merchandises from the Warehouse.*

II. And be it further enacted, That the Contents shall be marked on each and every Package intended to be removed, in distinct and legible Characters, in all cases where the same shall be practicable, and the Importer, Proprietor or Consignor shall make a due Entry of the Goods, Wares or Merchandises, with the proper Officer of the Customs and also of the Excise, in case the Articles are subject to any Duty of Excise, specifying in such Entry the Name of the Ship or Vessel in which exported, and the Master thereof, when entered Inwards, and by whom, also the Number and Marks of the Packages, the Kind or Species of Goods, Wares or Merchandises, together with the Weight or Quantity contained in each, and to what Port the same is intended to be removed for the Purpose of being exported, and such Importer, Proprietor or Consignor, with One other sufficient Surety, shall also enter into Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Triple the Value of such Goods, Wares or Merchandises, with Condition that the same and every Part thereof shall be truly delivered, without Abatement or Detraction, unto the Custody and Possession of the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs at the Port of Great Britain, to which the same is intended to be conveyed, and to be named and expressed in such Bond, and to produce a Certificate under the Hands and Seals of such Collector and Comptroller or principal Officers, that the Goods have been so delivered unto their Custody and Possession within Three Months from the Date of such Bond, such Certificate to be produced to the Commissioners of the Customs in England, in case the Goods are removed from the Port of London, and to the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland, if removed from Leith, and to the principal Officers of the Customs, if such Removal takes place from any other Port of Great Britain.

III. And be it further enacted, That a particular Account of the Weight, Quantity and Species of the Goods, Wares or Merchandises, with the Marks and Numbers of the Packages shall be transmitted by the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs of the Port from which the Removal shall take place, to the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs at the Port to which the Articles are intended to be removed; and upon their Arrival at such Port, due Entry shall be made thereof with the proper Officers of the Customs, specifying the Date of Importation, by whom entered Inwards, and the Port from whence removed, and the Name of the Ship, and to what Port or Place they are intended to be exported; and the Lager and Callumers Bill, together with the Master and other Person bearing or taking the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel to which such Goods, Wares or Merchandises are intended to be exported, and One other sufficient Surety, to be approved of by the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs at the Port of Exportation, may also bind to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Triple the Value of the same, for the due Exportation of such Goods, Wares or Merchandises, and for producing a Certificate of the landing thereof at the Port or Place for which sent, according to the Direction of the said Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty. Provided that if upon the further Examination of the said Goods, Wares and Merchandises, the same or any Part thereof shall be found to be less in Quantity or Weight than when delivered from the Warehouse at the Port of Importation, the Importer or Proprietor thereof shall immediately pay the full Duties of Customs and Excise upon the Deficiency, previous to the Goods being allowed to be shipped for Exportation.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if after the Arrival of such Goods, Wares or Merchandises, at any other warehousing Port, the Proprietor thereof shall have an Opportunity of shipping the same for Exportation

60 G. 3.

c. 64.

45 G. 1. c. 30.

46 G. 2. c. 113.

any law made in another Part for Exportation.

Customs.

Officers of the Customs.

Duties of the Customs.

Customs of the Port.

Provisions for Delivery, &c.

Conditions of Delivery.

Account of Packages transmitted by Collector, &c. of one Port to another &c. of the other.

The Importers Expatriation.

41 G. 3. c. 11.

Booker's Customs and Merchandise.

shall be
provisionally
advised.

tion, it shall and may be lawful to lodge and deposit the Articles in any Warehouse approved under the Regulations of the said Acts passed in the Forty fifth and Forty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, provided an Entry be made for that Purpose with the proper Officers of the Customs, and Bond given to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by the Proprietor or his Agents, and One sufficient Security to be approved of by the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs in each Port, in double the Amount of the full Duties due and payable on the Importation of such Goods, Wares and Merchandises, with Condition that the same shall either be duly exported, or that the full Duties of Customs due and payable on the Importation thereof shall be paid to the proper Officers within such Period of time as was allowed for that Purpose at the Port where the same were first returned and warehoused; but if the Proprietor shall fail or neglect to make such Entry and give such Security, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs in England or Scotland respectively to cause all such Goods, Wares and Merchandises, which shall be shipped for Exportation to be disposed of in the same manner as Goods, Wares and Merchandises are directed to be disposed of by the said Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.

V. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Goods, Wares or Merchandises, removed from the Port of Importation to any other warehousing Port, are landed in Warehouses under the Authority of this Act, all and every the Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Qualities, Forfeitures, Regulations, Restrictions, Acts, Statutes and Things relating to the Landing, warehousing, keeping, selling, taking Accrues of or otherwise touching of Goods, Wares and Merchandises, under the said Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and of the Duties due and payable thereon, shall, in so far as the same are applicable, and except where the same are altered or varied by this Act, be from thenceforth continued to extend to the Goods, Wares and Merchandises so removed from the original Port of Importation and landed in Warehouses at any other warehousing Port, in the manner in every respect, and as fully and amply as if the said Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Qualities, Forfeitures, Regulations, Restrictions, Acts, Statutes and Things had been repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

C A P. LXV.

An Act for uniting the Offices of Surveyor General of the Land Revenues of the Crown, and Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chafes. [9th June 1810.]

WHEREAS in order to the better Survey and Management of the Houses, Cells, Lodgings, Mazons, Forests, Chafes, Parks, Meffages, Lands, Tenements, Woods, Services, Roversies, Possessions and Hereditaments of His Majesty, it is expedient that the Business hitherto severally transacted by the Surveyor General of Land Revenue of the Crown, and the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chafes, should be placed under the joint Management of certain Persons, to be appointed as hereinafter mentioned; and His Majesty hath been graciously pleased to signify His Royal Intention to place the same under such Management; but such His Majesty's gracious Intention cannot be in all Things carried into Effect without the Authority of Parliament: My N therefore sheweth Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled and by the Authority of the same, That it shall His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall at any time hereafter be graciously pleased, by his or their Letters Patent, to nominate and appoint any Person not exceeding Three in Number, to be Commissioners for uniting the Office and Duties of His Majesty's Surveyor General of all and singular His Majesty's Houses, Cells, Lodgings, Mazons, Forests, Chafes, Parks, Meffages, Lands, Tenements, Woods, Services, Roversies, Possessions and Hereditaments whatsoever, within that Part of Great Britain called England, and the Principality and Dominion of Wales, as well within Liberties as without; and also the Office and Duties of Surveyor General of all and singular His Majesty's Woods whatsoever in the North Parts of England beyond the River Trent, in the Survey, Ordering and Government of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, then being or hereafter happening to be, and of all and singular His Majesty's Woods whatsoever in the Parks, Forests and Chafes, and in His Majesty's Lands of the ancient Inheritance of His Majesty's Crown, being in the North Parts of England beyond the River Trent aforesaid; and the Office and Duties of Surveyor General of all and singular His Majesty's Woods whatsoever in the Parks, Forests and Chafes, and in His Majesty's Lands of the ancient Inheritance of His Majesty's Crown, being in the Parts of England on this Side the River Trent aforesaid, in the Survey, Ordering and Government of the same Courts; the Business hitherto transacted, and the Powers exercised by the Surveyor General of the Land Revenue of the Crown, by whatsoever Name or Names of Office the said Office is or hath been called or denominated in any Letters Patent, Act of Parliament, or otherwise howsoever; and also the Business hitherto transacted, and the Powers exercised by, and the Revenue under the Management of the Surveyor or Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chafes, by whatsoever Name or Names of Office the said last mentioned Office is or hath been called or denominated in any Letters Patent, Act of Parliament, or otherwise howsoever, shall, from and immediately after such Appointment, be jointly conducted and managed by such Commissioners, to be appointed as aforesaid, or by such other Commissioners, not being less than Two nor more than Three at any one time, as shall be hereafter from time to time named and appointed by His said Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in this behalf; and such Commissioners so to be appointed, shall be and be called "The Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues;" and that all Acts, Statutes and Things to be done by the said Commissioners so to be appointed as aforesaid, or by any Two of them, or in Cases where the same shall be so ordered and directed by the Lord High Treasurer or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury, according to the Powers

His Majesty may
appoint Com-
missioners to
conduct the
Business of
His Majesty's
Land Revenue and
Surveyor
General of
Woods.

To be printed and
bound in
Commission.

herein contained) by any One of them, shall be as valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been done by any such Surveyor General of the Land Revenue of the Crown in discharge of his official Duties, or by any such Surveyor or Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chases, in discharge of these official Duties, or of any of them; and that from and immediately after such Appointment, all Sales, Extractions, Payments, Exchanges, Conveyances, Surveys, Views, Eminent, Orders, Directions, Drafts on the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and all other Acts, Matters and Things whatsoever, which by, virtue of any Law, Statute or Usage in force or practice, immediately before the passing of this Act, or by any Customs, Consents or Charters in any subsisting Grant, Lease or Demise contained, are or may be, or ought to be made, done, performed or given or exercised by or to the said Surveyor or Surveyor General of the Land Revenue of the Crown, or by or to the said Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chases, may and shall be made, done, performed and given by and to the said Commissioners for the time being, or Two of such Commissioners, or (in Cases where the same shall be so ordered and directed by the Lord High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury, according to the Power herein contained) by or to One only of such Commissioners; and such Commissioners shall have and execute the same Powers and Duties in all things, not hereby otherwise provided for, as the said Surveyor General respectively lawfully had and exercised or might exercise.

II. Provided always and be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners be to be appointed as aforesaid, and every of them, shall from time to time observe, perform, fulfil and keep all and singular the Orders, Rules, Instructions and Directives, not being contrary to the Provisions of this Act, which from time to time shall be made or given to them as any or either of them, by the Lord High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, touching or concerning the Execution and Discharge of their said Office, and the Arrangement and Division of the Business of the same amongst the said Commissioners.

III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Lord High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, by Warrant under his or their Hand or Hands from time to time, and at all times hereafter, whatsoever it shall by him or them be thought fit and expedient so to do, to order and direct all or any of the Acts, Matters or Things which by this Act are required to be done or made by or to Two or any of such Commissioners (Drafts on the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and Orders for the Sale of Stock standing in the Books of the said Governor and Company only excepted) to be done or made by or to One only of such Commissioners; and every such Order and Direction as last aforesaid shall be obeyed and observed by such Commissioners, and all other Persons whatsoever; and every Act, Matter or Thing done or made by or to One only of such Commissioners, in pursuance of any such Order or Direction, shall be as valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been done or made by or to all such Commissioners: any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any writ notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after such Appointment, all Certificates, Conveyances, Drafts, Orders, Notifications, Reports and other Matters in Writing whatsoever, to be made by or to the said Commissioners, according to the Powers vested in the said Surveyor General of the Land Revenue of the Crown, or the Surveyor or Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chases, by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, shall and may be made according to the Forms prescribed or set forth in such Act or Acts of Parliament, substituting only the Title of the said Commissioners, as the Place of the Title of the Office, in such Forms mentioned; and the Seals and Seal, and Signatures and Signatures, or the Signatures or Signatures only (as the Case may be) of any Two or (in Cases where the same shall be so ordered and directed by the Lord High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury, according to the Power herein contained) of any One of the Commissioners to be appointed as aforesaid, to any such Certificate, Conveyance, Draft, Order, Notification or other Matter in Writing, shall be as valid and effectual as if the same were signed and sealed, or signed only (as the Case may be) by the Whole of such Commissioners; and that all Certificates and Reports which by any Act of Parliament now in being were required to be made by the Surveyor General of the Land Revenue of the Crown, or the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chases, shall be and the same are hereby required to be made by the said Commissioners or any Two of them, or (in Cases where the same shall be so ordered and directed as aforesaid, according to the Power herein contained) by any One of them, at such time and times, and in such Manner and Form as the said Surveyor or either of them were or was required to make the same.

V. And be it further enacted, That any of the said Commissioners to be appointed as aforesaid, shall, before he performs to act as aforesaid in such Appointment, take the following Oath, to be administered by the Chief Baron, or One other of the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer; (that is to say)

“ I, A. B. do swear, That I will truly, honestly, faithfully and diligently execute the Duties of a Commissioner of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, and that I will not for the Execution thereof, or in any other Succession or Pretence whatsoever, receive, take or accept, in respect of the said Office, at any time, any Emolument, pecuniary or other, except or beyond the Salary allowed by a certain Act of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for amending the several Offices of Surveyor General of the Land Revenue of the Crown, and Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chases.*”

VI. And be it further enacted, That in case of all Salaries, Wages, Fees, Perquisites and Emoluments whatsoever paid to or received, retained, had or enjoyed by the said Surveyor General or either of them, His Majesty may, by such Letters Patent as aforesaid, grant to the several Persons whom he shall so order,

Commissioners of
Treasury

Treasury may
direct Acts
regarding to the
said Lord High
Treasurer or any
Three or more of
the
Commissioners.

Form of
Certificates

Seals, &c. of Two
Commissioners
Sufficient.

Reports required
by the Statute
to be made by
Commissioners.

Commissioners
Oath

Oath

Not to be
Commissioners

following Act, to wit, That (that is to say) to the Purse first mentioned, there shall be Charged the Contents of every of the said thousand Pounds per Annum, and to the said Commissioners a Salary of One thousand five hundred Pounds per Annum each, which Salaries shall be paid of all Fees and Defalcations; the Money of each respective Salaries to be paid in such manner as the Salary of the Surveyor General of Woods and Lands, and the said Master thereof respectively in such manner as the Salary of the Surveyor General of the Land Revenue have heretofore been paid; and the Salary of every such Commissioner shall commence and be computed from the Day of the Date of his Appointment, and is received from time to time in the said full Income due by quarterly Payments; and if any such Commissioner shall happen to be removed from his said Office, or to die, or to be absent on any of the aforesaid Days of Payment, and before another of the same Day of Payment shall come, then such Salary shall be computed by the Day, and shall be paid to such Commissioner, his Executors or Administrators, for so many Days as the said Office shall have been exercised by such Commissioner from the time of his quitting the said Day of Payment of the said Salary.

Fees shall be

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after said Appointment, all Salaries, Wages, Fees and Perquisites whatsoever, heretofore paid to or received or held by the Surveyor General of the Land Revenue of the Crown, or the Surveyor or Surveyors of all of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chases, by whatever Name or Names the said Officers or either of them are or were ought to be called (except the Fees usually paid upon the Assignment of Leases and upon Searches for and Copies of Leases, Grants or other Documents belonging or relating to the said several Offices or any or either of them, or which may be in the Custody of the said Commissioners) shall cease and be abolished; and that the said Fees which excepted shall from thenceforth be paid to the said Commissioners, to be by them accounted for in such manner as the same have heretofore been accounted for by the Surveyor General of the Land Revenue. Provided always, that where any Fine or Rent shall have been alienated and paid for its granting or Renewal of any Lease, or any Sum of Money shall have been paid and agreed upon for any Sale, Enfranchisement or Exchange before such Appointment as aforesaid, then, and in every such Case, the Fees which would have been payable to the Surveyor General of the Land Revenue of the Crown by the Lessee, Purchaser or Person making the Exchange, if this Act had not been made, shall be paid by any such Lessee, Purchaser or Person making Exchange, into the Hands of the said Commissioners, to be by them accounted for in the like manner as is heretofore directed with respect to Fees payable upon the Assignments of Leases, Searches and Copies heretofore mentioned.

All Officers mentioned

VIII. And be it further enacted, That notwithstanding any such Appointment of Commissioners to be made in pursuance of this Act, all Deputies, Clerks, Officers, Ministers and Surveyors whatsoever, heretofore lawfully appointed to and then receiving or enjoying their respective Offices, shall remain and continue in their respective Offices, and in the Exercise and Enjoyment thereof, until they shall be duly removed as otherwise directed hereinafter; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for such Commissioners to be so appointed as aforesaid, or any Two of them, (or in Cases where the same shall be so ordered and directed by the Lord High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury, according to the Power herein contained for any One of them) from time to time, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, to nominate, appoint and remove all such Deputies, Clerks, Officers, Ministers and Surveyors, as have been heretofore usually nominated, appointed and removed by the said Surveyors General, or either of them, and also to nominate, appoint and remove, by and with the like Consent and Approbation, all such Deputies, Clerks, Officers, Ministers and Surveyors as have been heretofore usually nominated, appointed and removed as that may or may not shall be necessary or proper for the due Execution of this Act; and all and every the Deputies, Clerks, Officers, Ministers and Surveyors, to be so nominated and appointed as aforesaid, shall be entitled to, and shall have, receive and enjoy, such Salaries respectively, as the same Deputies, Clerks, Officers, Ministers and Surveyors, received, enjoyed or were entitled to, on the First Day of January in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and one, or as shall be in their behalf from time to time directed by the Lord High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being; and all such Salaries shall be payable Quarterly, on the Four next usual Feasts or Days of Payment of Rent in the Year.

48 G. 2. c. 24.

15.

IX. And whereas by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intituled, *That all and every the Lord High Treasurer of Great Britain or England, and all of His Majesty's Deputies of Lands, etc.* it was, among other Things, enacted, That it should and might be lawful for the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Land Revenue, with the Approbation of and by the Direction of the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, to contract and agree with any Body or Bodies Publick or Corporate, or Person or Persons holding any Messuages, Lands, Premises, Tenements or Hereditaments belonging to the Crown, for the Surrender of any Leases thereof, or so many as shall or may be thought fit; and to give the Consideration agreed to be paid for such Surrender or Purchase, to the Body or Bodies or Person or Persons entitled thereto, out of any Money arising from any Sales heretofore made, and which might be vested in the Bank of England, in the Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuities, or which might heretofore arise from any Sale of any Property belonging to the Crown under the said Act or the Acts therein related: And whereas the Money arising from such Sales as by Law required to be paid into the Bank of England, and to be afterwards invested in the Purchase of those Pounds per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuities, and so excepted Provision is made in the said Act in part

* recited *Act* for the Sale of such Annuities, in order to pay the said Consideration Money; Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners from time to time, as Occasion shall require, to sell and transfer any such Confiscated Bank Annuities as are in the said Act recited, and to convert the same into Money, in order to pay such Consideration Money as aforesaid; and the Governor and Company of the Bank of England are hereby authorized and required to permit Transfer of such Confiscated Bank Annuities to be from time to time made by the said Commissioners under the Hand of any One or more of the said Commissioners: Provided always, that a Note in Writing under the Hand of Two at least of the said Commissioners, specifying the Sum of Money required to be raised, and the Purpose for which the same is intended to be applied, shall be made out and delivered to the said Governor and Company, Three Days at the least before any such Transfer shall be made; and such Note shall be a sufficient Authority and Indemnity to the said Governor and Company for the Transfer made in pursuance thereof.

X. And be it further enacted, That from and after such Appointment of Commissioners as aforesaid, every Officer appointed to any Office by or under the said Commissioners shall take the following Oath, to be administered to him by any One or more of the said Commissioners, or by any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, if any One or more of the said Commissioners shall direct that any such Officer shall be sworn before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, and which Oath may, in any such Case, be administered by any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate; (that is to say)

I, A. B. do swear, That I will truly, honestly, faithfully and diligently execute the Duties of the Office to which I have been appointed by [as, under] the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, and that I will not, for the Execution thereof, accept any other Account or Pretence whatsoever, receive, take or accept in respect of the said Office at any Time any Perquisite of any Discretion, or any Emolument, pecuniary or other, except so beyond the Salary and Allowances [if any] lawfully assigned to the said Office to which I have been appointed. So help me GOD.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Returns, Returns, Reports, Estimates, Accounts and other Matters and Things whatsoever, which any Officer or other Person whatsoever by any Law or Statute in Force immediately before the passing of this *Act* required to transmit, render or deliver to the said Surveyor General of the Land Revenue of the Crown, or to the said Surveyor or Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chases, shall from and after such Appointment of Commissioners as aforesaid, be transmitted, rendered or delivered to the said Commissioners, at such time and times, and in such Manner and Form as the same were or ought to have been transmitted, rendered or delivered before the passing of this *Act*; and also, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any One of them, and they or One of them are and is hereby authorized to receive a Verification, and take an Examination upon Oath, touching and concerning the Matters of such Surveyor, Returns, Reports, Estimates, Accounts and other Matters and Things, of and from every Officer and other Person in all Cases wherein the said Surveyor General of the Land Revenue of the Crown, or the said Surveyor or Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chases, was immediately before the passing of this *Act* by Law authorized to do so; and if any Officer or other Person shall, in any such Verification or Examination upon Oath as aforesaid be guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, such Officer or other Person in offending shall be liable to be punished in such manner as is provided by the different Laws and Statutes now in force for the Punishment of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

XII. And whereas by a certain *Act* of Parliament made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the better Regulation of the Office of Surveyor General of Woods and Forests*, it was enacted that from and after the passing of that *Act*, all Sums of Money, Bills and Drafts received by such Surveyor General on account of the Revenue under his Management, should, the Day after the same should have been received, or the Day after any Bill should have been accepted, if the same was not accepted at the Time at was received by the Receiver General, be paid by him into the Hands of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for which the Receipts of the Cashier or Cashiers of the said Governor and Company should be a sufficient Discharge; and all such Moneys, Bills and Drafts so to be paid to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, should be placed to an Account to be opened in the Books of the said Governor and Company, and to be intituled, "The Account of the Publick Moneys of the Surveyor General of the Woods and Forests," inferring the Name of such Surveyor General for the time being; And whereas such an Account hath been opened, and is now standing in the Name of the present Surveyor General of the Woods and Forests; and it is expedient, that upon the Appointment of such Commissioners, the Balance then remaining due upon such Account from the said Governor and Company, and all Bills and Drafts then standing upon such Account, and not then paid, should be transferred to and placed under the Disposal of the said Commissioners; Be it therefore enacted, That upon the Appointment of such Commissioners, the Balance which shall be then remaining due upon such Account from the said Governor and Company, and all Bills and Drafts then standing upon such Account, and not then paid, shall be lawfully placed to an Account to be raised in the Books of the said Governor and Company, intituled, "The Account of the Publick Moneys of [Name of the Commissioners] the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, being the Woods and Forests Fund;" and such Balance, and the Proceeds of such Bills and Drafts, when paid, shall be at the Disposal of the said Commissioners, and the same may lawfully be applied with respect to the Moneys to be lawfully placed to the like Account; and from and after such Appointment of Commissioners as aforesaid, all Sums of Money, Bills and Drafts received by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, on account of the Revenue herebefore

Com. Comm. may still be used in the same manner as before, in the Bank of England, or in the Bank of St. James.

Officers to be sworn

Oath.

Surveyor to be authorized to receive returns

Perjury.

42 G. 3. c. 10.

§ 1.

Title of Returns of Surveyor General of Woods &c. to be transferred to Commissioners.

Money to be received on account of Revenue herebefore

by order of the
Magistrates of the
said General of
Woods paid into
the Bank.

under the Management of the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chases, shall, within Two Days after the same shall have been received, or within Two Days after any Bill shall have been accepted, completed and perfected, if the same be not accepted, completed and perfected at the time it shall be received by the said Commissioners, be paid by them into the Hands of the said Governor and Company, for which the Receipt of the Cashier or Cashiers of the said Governor and Company shall be a sufficient Discharge; and all such Messes, Bills and Drafts so to be paid to the said Governor and Company, shall from time to time be placed in such Account as is herebefore directed to be relied in the Books of the said Governor and Company, to be entitled as aforesaid.

Commissioners
may make by
Cheque by
order.

XIII. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for each Commissioner of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, to refer out of the Produce of the Revenue herebefore under the Management of the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chases, for casual and ordinary Payments, in the Hands of any private Banker to be remitted by any Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, a Sum not exceeding Three thousand Pounds, to be drawn for by any Two or One of the said Commissioners as shall or may be directed by any Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury; and if at any time the Sum is collected shall be reduced below Three thousand Pounds, then it shall and may be lawful for each Commissioner, from time to time, to make up the sum to the Sum of Three thousand Pounds, by Drafts, under the Hands of any Two or more of them, upon the Funds deposited in the Hands of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England.

How Payments
to be made by
Bills on the
Bank.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, shall make all Payments required to be made out of the Money to be deposited in the Bank of England, by Drafts under the Hands of any Two or more of them on the said Bank, and shall specify on each Draft the particular Service, Salary or other Charge, Purpose or Cause for which such Draft shall be given; and every such Draft shall also have marked in the Margin thereof a Figure corresponding to the Page in a Book to be kept by the said Commissioners, wherein Entry shall be made of the particular Service, Salary or other Charge, Purpose or Cause, for which such Draft shall be given.

Drafts Authority
on the Bank.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all Drafts drawn pursuant to the Directions of this Act, but not otherwise, shall be sufficient Authority to the Bank of England to pay the Amount thereof to the Persons mentioned in such Drafts, or to the Bearer of them.

On Death or
Resignation of
Commissioners
Credit on the Bank
to call in there-
on or Interest

XVI. And be it further enacted, That upon the Death, Resignation or Removal of any One of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, being Three in Number, the Balance of Cash, together with all unpaid Bills and Drafts for which the said Commissioners shall, at the time of such Death or Removal, have Credit on their Account with the said Governor and Company, shall actually vest in Two surviving or remaining Commissioners in trust for His Majesty's Service, and forthwith, and before any thing shall be added thereto or drawn therefrom, be transferred, carried over and placed to the Account of such Two surviving or remaining Commissioners in trust for His Majesty's Service, to be applied to the said Service in pursuance of the like Drafts and Orders as aforesaid; and that upon the Death, Resignation or Removal of any One of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, being Two only in Number, and also upon the Death, Resignation or Removal of the whole Number of such Commissioners, the Balance of Cash, together with all unpaid Bills and Drafts for which the said Commissioners shall at that time have Credit on their Account as Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, with the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, shall, as fast as a new Commissioner or Commissioners shall be appointed to the said Office, so as to make the Number of Commissioners not less than Two, actually vest in such new Commissioner or Commissioners, and the surviving or remaining Commissioner, if any such shall be and continue in Office, and if not, then in such new Commissioners only, in trust for His Majesty's Service, and forthwith and before any thing shall be added thereto or taken therefrom, be transferred, carried over and placed to the Account of such new and surviving or remaining Commissioner or Commissioners, or of such new Commissioners only (as the Case may be) to be applied to the said Service in pursuance of the like Drafts and Orders as aforesaid; and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue for the time being shall, and they are hereby directed to draw their Drafts and Orders, under the Hands of any Two or more of them as aforesaid, for all aforesaid Charges and Demands on account of His Majesty's Service, although the same shall have accrued in the time of any former Commissioner or Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue.

Commissioners
on any Account
with the Bank.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That from and after such Appointment of Commissioners as aforesaid, the said Commissioners for the time being shall keep the Account with the Bank of all Money issued on their Account for His Majesty's Service; and the three Commissioners, observing the Rules and Regulations hereby prescribed, shall not be answerable, either collectively or individually, for any Money which they the said Commissioners, or any one or more of them, shall have so paid into the Bank of England; and the Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall be answerable for all the Monies which shall be actually received by them from such Commissioners.

Forging Drafts,
&c.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall knowingly and wilfully forge or counterfeit, or knowingly and wilfully sell or still in forging or counterfeiting the Name or Hand writing of either of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue for the time being, to any Draft, Infrascript or Writing whatsoever, for or in order to the receiving or obtaining any of the Money in the Hands or Custody of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England on account of the said Commissioners, or shall forge or counterfeit, or make or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or knowingly and wilfully sell or still in forging or counterfeiting any Draft, Infrascript, or Writing in Form of a Draft

made by the said Commissioners, or any or either of them, or shall utter or publish any such, knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited, with an Intent to defraud the said Governor and Company, or any Body Corporate, or any Person or Persons whomsoever, every Person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be, and is and are hereby declared and adjudged to be guilty of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

* XIX. And whereas the Privilege of sending and receiving Letters and Packets free from the Duty of Postage is given to each of the said Sovereigns General, and it is expedient that the like Privilege to the Commissioners shall extend to any Appointment to be made in pursuance of this Act: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after such Appointment of Commissioners, the said named Commissioners in such Appointments for the time being shall and may receive and send Letters and Packets free from the Duty of Postage, in such manner and under such Restrictions as other Officers mentioned in an Act made in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for preserving Privileges and Privileges in relation to the sending and receiving Letters and Packets free from the Duty of Postage*; and also in another Act made in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act to amend the sending and receiving Letters and Packets, Patents, Proceedings in Parliament and printed Newspapers, by the Post, free from the Duty of Postage, by the Members of the Two Houses of Parliament of the United Kingdom, and by certain Public Officers therein named, and for reducing the Postage of such Votings, Proceedings and Newspapers, when sent by any other Persons, are thereby granted, in respect of their Officers, to send and receive the same in pursuance of the said Act; any Law or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.*

* XX. And whereas the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods and Forests for the time being is one of the Persons whomsoever appointed to act in the Execution of several Letters Patent of His said Majesty: And whereas it will be expedient that the Person to be first named in any Appointment of Commissioners to be made in pursuance of this Act, should be substituted in the Place and Stead of the said Surveyor General in the Execution of such Letters Patent; and that this should be done without the issuing of new or other Letters Patent for that Purpose: Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after any Appointment of Commissioners in pursuance of this Act, and during the Continuance of any such Appointment, the Person first named in any such Appointment for the time being shall be and be deemed and taken to be one of the Persons appointed and appointed to act in the Execution of all and singular such Letters Patent as aforesaid, in the Place and Stead of the said Surveyor General, as fully and in the like manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if such Person be first named for the time being was expressly named in and authorized and appointed to act in the Execution of the same Letters Patent, and of each and every of them.

* XXI. And be it further enacted, That any One of the said Commissioners may be elected and chosen, and may sit and vote as a Member of the House of Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that only One of the said Commissioners shall be capable of being so elected, or of so sitting and voting as the same Time.

C A P. LXVI.

An Act to authorize the Judge Advocate General to send and receive Letters and Packets free from the Duty of Postage. [9th June 1810.]

* **W**HEREAS the Privilege of sending and receiving Letters and Packets free from the Duty of Postage is now extended to the Judge Advocate General, who by virtue of his Office necessarily leads and receives many Letters and Packets relating to the Public Service of the Kingdom: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said Judge Advocate General for the time being shall and may send and receive Letters and Packets free from the Duty of Postage, in such manner and under such Restrictions as are specified or imposed in relation to other Public Officers, in and by or under and by virtue of an Act made in the Forty second Year of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act to amend the sending and receiving of Letters and Packets, Patents, Proceedings in Parliament and printed Newspapers, by the Post, free from the Duty of Postage, by the Members of the Two Houses of Parliament of the United Kingdom, and by certain Public Officers therein named, and for reducing the Postage of such Votings, Proceedings and Newspapers, when sent by any other Person*; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. LXVII.

An Act for the better Preservation of Heath Fowl commonly called *Black Game*, in the Counties of *Somerset and Devon*. [9th June 1810.]

* **W**HEREAS by an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act to explain and amend the several Laws now in being, in force, and in force relative to the Preservation of the Hare or Hill Game*, it is enacted, amongst other Things, that from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and seventy three, no Person or Persons shall, upon any Pretence whatsoever, wilfully seize, kill, destroy, carry away, sell, buy or have in his, her or their Possession or Use, any Heath Fowl commonly called *Black Game*, between the Tenth Day of December and the Twentieth Day of August in any Year: And whereas it would tend very much to the

Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

Commissioners may send and receive Letters free of Postage

4 C. 2. c. 22

47 C. 2. c. 22.

The 5th C. c. 22. and the 47th C. c. 22. in the Place of Surveyor General of Woods, without issuing new Letters Patent.

This Act extends to the Parliament.

47 C. 2. c. 22

21 C. 2. c. 22.

§ 1

* Preference to

* Preservation of the said Game, if the time for taking and killing Heath Fowl were postponed; & it there-
fore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords
Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, That, from and after the pass-
ing of this Act, no Person or Persons shall, on any Place where whatsoever, take, kill or destroy, or attempt to
take, kill or destroy, in the Counties of *Surrey* and *Devon*, any Heath Fowl commonly called *Blew Grouse*,
between the Tenth Day of *December* and the Tenth Day of *September* in any Year; and every Person who shall
transgress this Act in any of the Cases aforesaid shall, for every Heath Fowl so taken, killed or destroyed, and
for every Attempt so taken, kill or destroy such Heath Fowl, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this
Act, be liable to the same Penalties and Punishments, to be recovered in the same manner, and subject to the like
Appeal, and the same Provisions in every Respect whatsoever as is and by the said recited Act are enacted in
respect of any Offence committed against the said Act.

C A P. LXVIII.

An Act for raising the Sum of One million four hundred thousand Pounds by Way of Arminies for
the Service of *Ireland*. [9th June 1810.]

C A P. LXIX.

An Act for raising the Sum of Six Millions by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of *Great Britain*, for
the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten. [9th June 1810.]

" Treasury empowered to raise 6,000,000. by Exchequer Bills, in manner prescribed by 45 G. 3. c. 1.—
" § 1. 2. Principal of said Bills charged as first Supply of next Session. § 3. Interest thereon of 3½. per
" Cent. per Ann. § 4. Said Bills to be current at the Exchequer, &c. after 5 April, 1810—§ 5. Bank
" empowered to advance 6,000,000. on the Credit of this Act, notwithstanding § 6 W. & M. c. 10.—§ 6

C A P. LXX.

An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to issue Exchequer Bills, on the Credit
of such Aids or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of *Great
Britain*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten. [9th June 1810.]

" Treasury may issue Exchequer Bills, as prescribed by 45 G. 3. c. 1—§ 1. Clauses, &c. in recited Act,
relating to Exchequer Bills extended to this Act. § 2. Treasury not to issue Exchequer Bills on the
" Credit of 45 G. 3. c. 1. in any other manner than as authorized by this Act, &c. § 3. Interest on exceeding
" 5½. per Cent. per Ann. § 4. Exchequer Bills may, at the Expiration of Year Months after Date, be
" taken in Payment of the Revenue. Bills received at Exchequer locked up. § 5. Bank of *England*
" authorized to advance 6,000,000. on the Credit of this Act, notwithstanding § 6 W. & M. c. 10.—§ 6.

C A P. LXXI.

An Act for appropriating Part of the Surplus of the Stamp Duties granted in the Forty eighth Year
of His present Majesty, for defraying the Charges of the Loan made and Stock created in the pre-
sent Session of Parliament. [9th June 1810.]

- 48 G. 3. c. 100. **W**HEREAS by an Act of Parliament passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty,
intituled, *An Act for repaying the Stamp Duties on Deeds, Law Proceedings, and other writings or printed
Instruments, and the Duties on Legacies and Successions to Personal Estates upon Intestates now payable in Great
Britain; and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof;* it was enacted that upon the Moneys to be paid from the Duties
granted by the said Act, together with the Moneys to arise from the Duties granted by an Act of the Forty
fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, thereon to be raised and remaining unexpended; and from the Duties on
Licences to deal in Thread Laces, granted by an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, and
from under the Management of the Commissioners of Stamps, should be paid into the Hands of the Receiver
General of the Duties on Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper, who should from time to time pay the
Moneys into the Bank of *England* for safe Custody, pursuant to the Act in that behalf made and provided, and
should thereafter pay the same (after deducting the Charges of raising, collecting, and accounting for the
same, and all other Charges not payable thereout) into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *St. J.
Stovoe*, in one Sum, at such times and in such manner as the present Statute Books were by the Laws in force
directed to be paid, and that the Money so paid into the said Receipt should be current to and made Part
of the Circulated Fund of *Great Britain*; And it was further enacted, that from and after the Tenth Day
of *October* One thousand eight hundred and eight, out of the Moneys to be paid into the Receipt of the
Exchequer as aforesaid, there shall be set apart the yearly Sum of Three millions nine hundred fifty six
" 11. and seven hundred sixty Pounds and Ten pence, being the aggregate Amount of the net yearly Pro-
" duce of the Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty fourth Year, and by another Act of the Forty
" fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, therein mentioned except the Duties on Lottery Licences and Shews of
" Tickets there reported, and except the Duties on Ale Licences and Game Licences, which were intended to

to be remitted from the Management of the Commissioners of Stamps, by certain Acts of the same Session, upon an Average of Two Years ending the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eight, and of the net Produce of the Duties on Apprentices and Licences to Apprentices, granted by an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Kings, therein recited, for One Year ending the last Fifth Day of January; and that there should also be set apart at the Exchequer, Quarterly, such further Sum as should be equal to the net Produce of the Duties on Licences to deal in Thread Laces, of which a separate Account should be kept at the Stamp Office, and be transmitted to the Exchequer; and that after setting apart the said several Sums, the Remainder of the Monies to be paid into the Exchequer as aforesaid should be deemed an Addition made to the Publick Revenue of Great Britain, for the Purpose of defraying the increased Annual Charge occasioned by any Loan made or Stock created by virtue of any Act or Acts passed or to be passed in the same Session of Parliament: And whereas the net Produce of the Duties paid into the Exchequer pursuant to the Provision of the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Kings, in the Year ending on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten, amounted to the Sum of Five millions one Hundred eighty eight thousand five hundred twenty six Pounds Sixteen Shillings and One Penny; and after retaining and setting apart thereout pursuant to the Direction of the said Act, the said Sum of Three Millions nine hundred fifty six thousand seven hundred ninety Pounds and Ten pence, and the further Sum of One thousand five hundred twenty nine Pounds Four Shillings and Nine pence, being the net Produce of the Duties on Licences to deal in Thread Laces; and also after retaining and setting apart the Sum of Thirty two thousand Pounds, Part of the yearly Sum of Forty two thousand Pounds payable by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England as a Compensation for the Exemption of their Prerogative Notes and Bills from Stamp Duty, pursuant to an Act of the present Session of Parliament, the Remainder or Surplus of the said Duties amounts to the Sum of One million one hundred sixty seven thousand nine hundred and seven Pounds Eleven Shillings and Six pence: And whereas the total yearly Charge on account of Stock created by the Acts of the Forty eighth Year of the Kings of His present Majesty was seven hundred and twenty nine thousand four hundred and forty one Pounds Nineteen Shillings and One Farthing, for which, besides the aforesaid Surplus of the Stamp Duties, Provision was made by the Appropriation of certain expired Amortities, and by a Saving in the Charge paid for the Management of the Publick Debt, and by an Increase of the Assessed Taxes, amounting together, according to their usual Produce in the Year ending the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and ten, to Six hundred and twenty two thousand five hundred and forty three Pounds Ten Shillings and Seven pence Halfpenny, leaving only the Sum of One hundred and fifty thousand seven hundred and twenty eight Pounds Eight Shillings and Four pence Three Farthings, to be defrayed by the aforesaid Surplus of the Stamp Duties: And whereas it is expedient that the Events of the said Surplus of the Stamp Duties, after retaining annually One hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, which appears to be an ample Provision in addition to the other Duties appropriated to that Purpose for defraying the yearly Charge on account of the Stock created in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight, should be appropriated to the Purpose of defraying the increased annual Charge occasioned by any Loan made or Stock created in the present Session of Parliament: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ten, after setting apart out of the Monies directed to be paid into the Exchequer, and made Part of the Consolidated Fund by the last Bill recited Act of the Forty eighth Year of the Kings of His present Majesty, the said yearly Sum of Three millions nine hundred and fifty six thousand seven hundred and ninety Pounds and Ten pence, and such further Sum as shall be equal to the net Produce of the Duties on Licences to deal in Thread Laces according to the Provision of that Act, and also the yearly Sum of Thirty two thousand Pounds, Part of the aforesaid yearly Sum of Forty two thousand Pounds payable by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, pursuant to an Act of the present Session of Parliament, there shall in the next Place be retained and set apart out of the said Monies the yearly Sum of One hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, by Four equal Partitions on the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July and the Tenth Day of October in every Year, towards defraying the increased annual Charge occasioned by the Stock created by the Acts passed in the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Kings, and that the Remainder or Surplus of the said Monies shall be deemed an Addition made to the Publick Revenue of Great Britain, for the Purpose of defraying the increased annual Charge occasioned by any Loan made or Stock created by virtue of any Act or Acts passed or to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXXII.

An Act for improving and completing the Harbour on the North Side of the Hill of Howth near Dublin, and for giving it a fit Situation for His Majesty's Packets. [9th June 1810.]

WHEREAS the rendering the Harbour on the North Side of the Hill of Howth near Dublin, a fit Situation for His Majesty's Packets, is desirable for the regular and more speedy Conveyance of the Mails between Dublin and Howth, and facilitating the intercourse of Passengers between Great Britain and Ireland: And whereas certain Acts made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Kings, for granting a certain sum of Money towards improving the said Harbour, certain Persons were appointed and authorized by the same to contract of Ireland for the time being to apply the Sum granted towards improving the said Harbour, and employing a fit Situation for His Majesty's Packets; and it was by the said recited Act further enacted, that certain Persons so appointed should have all such Powers and Authorities as are by Law given to or granted by the Corporation for preserving and improving the Port of Dublin, and which should

to be requisite and necessary for the carrying of the said recited Act into Execution; and that all Plans, Wharfs, Quays, and other Erections and Buildings which might be made under the Direction of the said Persons, and all Grants applied to such Purposes by them, should be valid in the said Corporation for good usage and repairing the Port of Dublin: And whereas it is expedient to provide for the due Application of whatsoever Grants may be granted or appropriated by Parliament for the Improvement or towards the completing of the said Harbour; and further, to provide for the making and executing the Roads, Quays and Works necessary for the Completion and Improvement of the said Harbour: May it therefore please your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Persons heretofore appointed by the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland for the time being for the Purpose of carrying into Execution the heretofore recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and such other Person or Persons as shall or may from time to time be appointed or authorized by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, shall be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being to revoke the Appointment of any such Person or Persons to be such Commissioner or Commissioners, and from time to time to nominate and appoint such other Person or Persons to be a Commissioner or Commissioners as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors for the time being shall think fit.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners, and each of them, shall take and subscribe the Oath following before he or they shall take upon him or themselves the Execution of any of the Powers or Authorities hereby given, other than administering the said Oath

I. A. B. do swear, That I will, without Favour or Affection, Hatred or Malice, truly and impartially, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute and perform all and every the Powers, Authorities and Duties of a Commissioner, appointed in me under and by virtue of an Act made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled, *(here set forth the Title of this Act)*

Which Oath any One of the said Commissioners, or any Person named in any Appointment of Commissioners, is hereby authorized and required to administer at the first or any other Meeting to be held by virtue of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act for the time being, or any Three of them, and they are hereby authorized and required from time to time to nominate and appoint by Writing under their Hands a Secretary, and One or more Clerk or Clerks, and also from time to time to employ such Engineers, Surveyors and other Officers, and such Labourers and Workmen as the said Commissioners shall think proper and expedient for the better carrying into Execution the Purposes of this Act; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to contract and agree with any fit and proper Person or Persons, Artificers, Workmen and others, for the making, doing and preparing of all or any of the Roads and Works by this Act authorized or directed to be done and performed, or any Part thereof, or for supplying any of the Materials for the same, which Contracts shall be signed by the Person or Persons contracting or agreeing to perform such Works respectively, and also by Three or some of the said Commissioners, or by the Secretary to the said Commissioners, authorized under the Hands of Three of the said Commissioners for that Purpose; and all Contracts which shall have been made or entered into at any time before the passing of this Act, by or on behalf or under the Authority of the Commissioners nominated and appointed in pursuance of the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year, shall be and the same are hereby declared good, valid and effectual in all Points and Particulars, and shall be carried into effect in like manner as Contracts to be made under the Authority of this present Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners may and be and in the Name of their Secretary for the time being, and that all Affidavits, Swears, Prosecutions, Informations, Appeals and other Proceedings whatsoever that may be necessary or expedient to be brought for the Recovery of any Partly or Item of Money due or payable by virtue of this Act, to be had, taken, prosecuted or defended by or against the said Commissioners, shall be had, taken, prosecuted or defended in the Name of their Secretary, and that an Affidavits, Swears, Prosecutions, Informations, Appeals or other Proceedings to be had, taken, prosecuted or defended by or against the said Commissioners in the Name of their Secretary, shall alike or be discontinued by the Death, Suspension or Removal of such Secretary, or by any Act or Default of such Secretary done or suffered, without the Consent or Direction of the said Commissioners, but that the Secretary to the said Commissioners for the time being shall be always deemed the Plaintiff, Prosecutor, Informer, Appellant, Defendant or Respondent, in any such Affidavits, Swears, Prosecutions, Informations, Appeals or other Proceedings (as the Case may be), except in such Affidavits or Affidavits, Swears, as shall be prosecuted between the said Commissioners and their Secretary for the time being, in which Affidavits or Swears any One of the said Commissioners shall or may be Plaintiff or Defendant (as the Case may be): Provided always, that every such Secretary in whose Name any such Affidavits, Swears, Prosecutions, Informations, Appeals or other Proceedings shall be had, taken, prosecuted or defended in pursuance of this or the said recited Act, shall be fully re-imbursed and paid out of the Monies applicable to the Purposes of this Act, all such Costs, Charges, Damages and Expenses as by the Events or in consequence of any such Affidavits, Swears, Prosecutions, Informations, Appeals or other Proceedings, he or they shall pay, bear, sustain, expend or be put unto or become chargeable with or liable for, or be fairly entitled to by reason of his or their being so made Plaintiff or Plaintiff, Defendant or Defendants, Informer or Informers, Appellant or Appellants, Respondent or Respondents as aforesaid, unless such Affidavits or Swears shall arise in consequence of his own wilful Neglect or Default, or have been brought or commenced, or be defended, without the Order or Direction of the said Commissioners.

V. And

Commissioners
to carrying
Act.Commissioners to
take and sub-
scribe an Oath.Commissioners
may appoint
Officers and
Make Contracts.Contracts by
whom signed.Commissioners
may bring and
defend Actions
in the Name of
their Secretary.Provision for
re-imbursing
of Secretary.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and empowered to proceed in the improving and completing of the said Harbour, and in the making and completing a Road and Quay along the Beach and Shore of the said Harbour westward of the Pier or Mole already in part erected, and to make such other Roads and Ways as they may think necessary for the Conveyance of Materials to the said Works, and to make and maintain Reservoirs for supplying with Water Shipping relating to the said Harbour; and that for the Purposes of this Act, all Piers, Buildings and Works whatsoever heretofore made, erected or built in the whole or in part at any time before the passing of the Act, and all Grounds applied to such Purposes under the Authority of the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year aforesaid, or by or under the Authority or Direction of the Commissioners appointed by the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland since the passing of the said recited Act, and all Roads, Piers, Quays, Erections and Buildings whatsoever which shall or may be made, erected or built at any time after the passing of this Act, and all Grounds applied to such Purposes under the Authority of this Act or of the Commissioners hereby appointed, and also all such Land and Grounds, Rocks or Soil, Stones and Sand within the said Harbour as is or are surveyed by the Table of the Sea, shall be and the same are hereby vested in the said Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act until the said Harbour shall be fully completed by and under the Direction of the said Commissioners; and from and after the time when the said Harbour shall be deemed the Improvement of the said Harbour completed, testified by their Representatives as to that Effect to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, all the said Harbour is improved, and all Roads, Piers, Quays, Works and other Erections and Buildings to hereafter made or which hereafter shall be made, erected or built under the Authority of this Act, or of the Commissioners appointed under this Act, and the Grounds and Soil on which the same are or shall be erected and built, shall be and the same are hereby vested, and shall be and remain vested in the Corporation for possessing and repairing the Port of Dublin; and from thenceforth all the Powers by this or any other Act given or vested in the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, shall be vested in and executed by the said Corporation; and the said Corporation shall apply the same in and for the Maintenance and Improvement of the said Harbour, and of the Roads, Quays, Works, Erections and Buildings to hereafter vested in them under the Authority of this Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Agents, Workmen and Servants of the said Commissioners from time to time to enter upon all Lands or Grounds of any Persons, Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, in, upon or through which any of the Roads, Piers, Quays, Works, Erections and Buildings authorized to be made under this Act are intended to be made, in order to survey and take Levels of the same, and to set out and ascertain such Parts thereof as the said Commissioners shall think necessary or proper for the Purposes of this Act, such Agents or Servants making Satisfaction for such Damages as they shall do thereby to the Occupiers of such Lands or Grounds for the time being, in case the same shall exceed the Size of One Shilling Sterling.

VII. And, for the improving and completing the said Harbour, and making, using and maintaining all such Roads, Ways, Piers, Docks, Quays, Reservoirs, Works, Erections and Buildings, as the said Commissioners shall deem necessary for that Purpose, and for the Execution of this Act, according to the Tenor and Intent of the same, Be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners and their Agents, Servants and Workmen, and they are hereby authorized and empowered in, upon and through any Lands or Premises being the Property of or belonging to the King's Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or of any other Person or Persons, Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, and situate within Three Miles of the said Harbour, or at Daltry or Baldoon, or on the South Side of the Bay of Dublin (not being within Three hundred Yards of any Capital Messuage, nor within any Plantation, Avenue or Pinetree Ground, nor Gardens attached to any Capital Messuage, planted, made or sowed before the passing of this Act, nor in any Deer Park inclosed with a Wall prior to the passing of this Act, and actually occupied at the time with Deer), to enter and to quarry, dig, remove, take and carry away all such Stone, Limestone, Gravel, Sand, or any other Materials (standing Timber only excepted) in, out of, upon and from such Lands and Grounds as may be necessary or convenient to be employed for the Purposes of this Act, and also to place, lay, work or manufacture all such Stone, Limestone, Gravel, Sand or other Materials which shall be in dug or got as aforesaid, on the Grounds near to the Place or Places where the same shall be in dug or got, or where the same shall be used or employed for the Purposes of this Act; and also to make, maintain and use such good and sufficient Roads and Ways as the said Commissioners shall think necessary or convenient for conveying all such Stone, Limestone, Gravel, Sand and other Materials in cart, waggon, or otherwise, taken away and removed for the Purposes of this Act, from the Place or Places where the same shall be respectively in dug and got, and quarried or otherwise, to the Places where the same shall be employed for the Purposes of this Act, they the said Commissioners making Satisfaction in manner by this Act directed to the Owners and Proprietors of all such Lands and Premises for all Damages by them done or to be done in the Execution of this Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners and their Agents, Servants and Workmen, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, in and upon any Land or Premises by this Act vested in the said Commissioners, or which the said Commissioners may enter on or purchase by virtue of this Act, to make, erect, complete and maintain all and every or any such Ways, Roads, Piers, Docks, Quays, Reservoirs, Works, Erections and Buildings whatsoever, and also where the said Commissioners shall think requisite and convenient for the Purposes of this Act, and also to make, erect, complete and maintain such Waterworks, Reservoirs and other Engines and Works as the said Commissioners shall deem necessary and expedient, for supplying the Shipping which may resort to the said Harbour with Water from any Stream of Water now running or flowing into the Sea at the Harbour of Dublin; and also to make and do all other Matters and Things whatever which they the said Commissioners shall, think

Commissions empowered to execute Act.

43 G. 3. c. 112.

Ground, Soil, what is Commissioners.

Lands may be entered by Surveyors.

Satisfaction for Damages.

Powers to Commissioners to enter Lands and take Materials.

To make Roads for conveying Materials.

To make Roads, Quays and Works.

time to time think fit, necessary and convenient for making, effecting, extending, improving, preserving, completing and using the said Harbour, and all Roads, Ways, Piers, Docks, Quays, Works, Enclosures and Buildings relating thereto, in pursuance and within the true Meaning of this Act, they the said Commissioners making Satisfaction in manner by this Act directed for all Damages and Injuries done to any Lands and Premises which shall be damaged or prejudiced by the taking of any Materials or by the making of any temporary Roads for the Conveyance of such Materials for the Purposes of this Act; and also making Satisfaction in manner by this Act directed for the Purchase of any Lands and Premises required to be employed, taken or used in making, completing or maintaining any permanent Roads, or in the making, extending, completing or maintaining of any Piers, Docks, Quays, Reservoirs, Waterworks, Engines, Works, Erections and Buildings whatsoever for the Purposes of this Act; and this Act shall be sufficient in indemnity the said Commissioners and their Servants, Agents and Workmen, and all other Persons whatsoever, for whatever they or any of them shall do by virtue of the Powers hereby granted.

Satisfaction for Damages.

Persons who are required to agree with the Owners or Possessors of any Land for the Purpose of this Act.

Indemnity Act

Persons who are required to agree with the Owners for Damages.

Expense of this Act with respect to Damages.

Form of Certificate.

In behalf of Agreement, they shall make.

Proviso to Statute.

Proviso.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners for the time being in trust and agree with all and every any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who is, are or may be the Tenant or Inhabitant, Occupier or Occupiers of any Land or Premises required for the Purposes of this Act, for the Purchase of such Land or Premises, or relative to and concerning any Compensation or Satisfaction which any such Person or Persons may claim or demand for any Damage or Damages which he, she or they may suffer or sustain by reason of the Execution of this Act; and it shall and may be lawful for all Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, Hospitals, Guardians, Trustees in Trust, Trustees and Executors in Trust, Committees, Executors, Administrators, and all other Trustees whatsoever, not only for or on behalf of themselves, their Heirs and Successors, but also for and on behalf of their several and respective Assignees, Trustees, whether Infant, Miseduon, Lunatick, Idiot, Married Women, or other Person or Persons, and to and for all married Women who are or shall be seized, possessed or interested in any Lands seized or required for the Purposes of this Act, whether entitled in Fee Simple, Fee Tail or otherwise, in contract and agree for, and to sell and convey unto the said Commissioners, or to such Person as they shall nominate and appoint for the Purposes of this Act, all or any Part of any Lands or Premises which shall from time to time be seized or required for the Purposes of this Act; and also to claim and demand, and to contract and agree with the said Commissioners for any Compensation or Satisfaction for any Damage or Damages which such Body Politick or Corporate, or Person or Persons, or he or their Lands or Premises respectively may suffer by reason of the Execution of this Act; and in case such Treaty or Treaties shall and in an Agreement or Agreements, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners to take and accept of a Conveyance or Conveyances of such Land or Premises as they shall purchase from such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate or any of them, and to take and accept of a Release or Releases, Discharge or Discharges, for such Satisfaction or Compensation as aforesaid, which Conveyance or Conveyances, Release or Releases, Discharge or Discharges, shall be binding and conclusive to and upon the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, executing the same, and all Persons claiming under them; and all Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, and all Persons whatsoever so contracting or agreeing, are hereby indemnified for what they or any of them shall or lawfully do by virtue of or in pursuance of this Act; and the Expense of all such Contracts, Agreements, Sales, Conveyances and Assignments, shall be defrayed out of the Money granted for the Purposes of this Act; and each of them as shall be made for the conveying of any Lands or Premises to the said Commissioners, shall be made according to the following Form; (that is to say),

- * I *A.B.* of _____ in consideration of the Sum of _____
do hereby give, convey and dispose to the said Commissioners, all (describing the Land or Premises to be conveyed), and all the Estate, * Right, Title and Interest of me the said *A.B.* in and to the same and all Parts thereof, to hold the same to the said Commissioners and their Successors for ever, by virtue of and according to the true Intent and Meaning, and for the Purposes of the said Act of Parliament. In Witness whereof I have hereunto set my Hand this _____ Day of _____ is the Year of our Lord _____

X. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Commissioners, by reason of Non-age, Coverture, Incapacity, or other legal Impediment to the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of any Land or Premises seized or required for the Purposes of this Act, or from any other Cause or Causes, cannot or shall not agree with the Owners or Occupiers of such Land or Premises, as aforesaid, relative to the Purchase of any such Land or Premises, or relative to any Satisfaction or Compensation for Damages to such Land or Premises, then, and in such case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, (not being interested in the Question to be determined by being entitled to any Sum or Part of Money claimed or to be paid for such Land or Premises or Damages respectively, or any Part thereof) to give a Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts, under their Hands and Seals, to the Sheriff of the County of Middlesex, or to the Sheriff of the County of Middlesex, or to the Sheriff of the County of Middlesex, to command and require such Sheriff or Sheriffs to inquire and return a competent Number of substantial and disinterested Persons qualified to serve as Jurors, not less than Twenty six nor more than Sixty, and each Sheriff or Sheriffs so and are hereby empowered to inquire and return such Jury accordingly, under the Penalty of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt by any Justice who shall be for the time in any Court of Record; and out of such Penalties to be assessed and returned, a Jury of Twelve Persons shall be drawn by some Person to be named by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them as aforesaid, in such manner as

And for the Trial of Issues joined in His Majesty's Fore Courts in *Assize*, by an Act made in *Assize* in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, entitled, *An Act for the better regulating of Assizes*, are directed to be drawn; which Perills to be imposed, forewarned and returned as aforesaid, are hereby required to come and appear before the said Commissioners, or any Three of them as aforesaid, at such Time and Place as in such Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts, shall be directed and appointed, and to attend the said Commissioners until discharged by the said Commissioners; and all Parties concerned shall and may lawfully challenge against any of the said Jurymen, but shall not be at Liberty to challenge the Assize; and the said Commissioners or any Three of them (not being interested as aforesaid), are hereby authorized and empowered, by Precept or Precepts, from time to time as Occasion shall require, to call before them and the said Jury all and every Person and Persons whatsoever who shall be thought proper or necessary to be examined as Witnesses before them; and the said Jury, on their Oath or Oaths touching and concerning the Premises, and the said Commissioners or any Three of them, if they shall think fit, shall and may likewise authorize the said Jury to view the Place or Places in Question in such manner as they shall direct, and shall have Power to adjourn such Meeting from Day to Day as occasion shall require, and to command such Jury, Witnesses and Parties to attend until such Purposes for which they were summoned shall be concluded; and the said Jury upon their Oaths (which Oaths, as also the Oaths to such Perils or Perills as shall be called upon to give Evidence, the said Commissioners or any One of them, not being interested as aforesaid, are and is hereby empowered and required to administer) shall enquire of the Value of such Ground and Premises as shall be required to be purchased for the Purposes of this Act, and of the respective Estate, Right, Title, Term and Interest of every Person and Persons, Body or Bodies Politick and Corporate, seized or possessed thereof or intended therein, or of or in any Part thereof, and also what Compensation and Satisfaction, if any, shall be awarded and paid to any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, for any Damage or Damages which they or any of them may sustain or otherwise suffer or sustain, or have suffered or sustained by any Act, Matter or Thing done in the Execution of this Act, and shall advise and award the Sum or Sums to be paid to every such Person or Persons for the Purchase of such Fee, hereafter their respective Estates, Rights, Titles, Terms and Interests as aforesaid, or for any such Damage or Damages as aforesaid; and the said Commissioners, or any Three of them (not being interested as aforesaid), shall and may give Judgment for such Sum or Sums of Money to be styled and awarded, which said Verdict or Verdicts, and the said Judgment or Determination thereupon (Notice in Writing being given to the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick and Corporate intended, at least Fourteen Days before the time of the First Meeting of the said Jury, declaring the time and Place of the Meeting, by leaving such Notice at the Dwelling-house of such Person or Persons, or at his, her or their usual Place or Places of Abode, if then resident within *England*, and if not, then with the known Agent or Receiver of the Rents of such Person as shall be then absent from *England*, or if a Body Politick or Corporate, then with the sheriff or waiting Officer of such Body Politick or Corporate) shall be binding and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever against all and every Person or Persons, Bodies and Body Politick and Corporate, claiming any Estate, Right, Title, Term, Use or Interest in, or out of any such Land and Possession, either in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, as well lawful and just as otherwise, Lessees, Heirs and Executors, and Persons under any legal Incumbency or Disability, as all other Claimants, Trustees, Heirs, and their Heirs, Successors, Executors and Administrators, and against all other Persons whatsoever; and the said Verdicts, Judgments, and Decrees, and all other Proceedings of the said Commissioners and Jurors to be made, given and pronounced as aforesaid, shall be fully written on Parchment, and signed and sealed by the said Commissioners who shall pronounce such Judgment.

XI. And be it further enacted, That where the Value of any Land or Premises, or the Recompense for any Damage done or to be done in any Land or Premises, shall be submitted to a Jury, such Land or Premises and the Damage done therein shall be valued by such Jury with respect to the State, Situation and Value of such Land and Premises, in like manner as if the last-mentioned Act of the Forty fifth Year or this Act had not been made; and not according to the additional Value which such Land or Premises shall or may acquire by the improving and completing of the said Herbage, or by any future Improvement to be made in such Land or Premises in consequence of the Expenditure which shall be laid out for the Purposes of this Act.

XII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all Cases where a Verdict or Adjudgment shall be given or made for more Money, as a Recompense or Satisfaction for any Land or Premises, or for any Damage done or to be done to the same, than had been previously offered by or on behalf of the said Commissioners, all the Expenses of summoning such Jury and of taking such Inquests shall be defrayed by the said Commissioners; but if any Verdict or Adjudgment shall be given or made for no more or for a less Sum than had been previously offered by or on behalf of the said Commissioners, then, and in every such Case, the Costs and Expenses of summoning such Jury and taking such Inquest shall be borne and paid by the Party to whom such Offer was previously made by the said Commissioners: Provided always, that where by reason of Absence, any Person or Persons shall be prevented from attending with the said Commissioners, all the Costs and Expenses of summoning the Jury and taking such Inquest shall be borne and paid by the said Commissioners.

XIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That all Persons making Complaints and requiring such Jury, for the ascertaining the Value of any Land or Premises, or the Amount of any Recompense or Satisfaction for any Damage done or to be done to the same, shall, before the said Sheriff, shall be obliged to furnish such Jury, first, with a Bond with Two Sureties to the Secretary or Clerk of the said Commissioners for the same being, in the Penalty of Fifty Pounds Sterling, to prosecute such his, her or their Complaint, and to hear and pay the Costs and Expenses of summoning such Jury and taking such Inquest, in case a Verdict shall be given for no more or a less Sum than had been offered by or on behalf of the said Commissioners before summoning and returning the said Jury or Jurors, as the Value or as a Recompense or Satisfaction for any

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c. 4.

Challenge.

Witnesses examined.

Jury to enquire for.

Damages.

Judgment conclusive.

Jury to value Land or Premises and award money and damages.

Expenses of Jurors to be paid.

Parties required to furnish bond to prosecute.

Forfeits. Lands or Premises, or for any Damages as aforesaid: Provided always, that if the Person so requesting such Lands or Premises to enter into such Bond as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners under this Act to require such Jury to be summoned, and the same shall be summoned accordingly by the Sheriff, and the Expense of summoning such Jury, and of taking the Inquest by them, shall be defrayed in manner and order the Regulations heretofore provided, mentioned and contained.

Upon Payment of Sums of Money, or Grants to be awarded, or for the Purchase of any Estate, Right, Title, Term or Interest, or for the Purchase of any Land or Premises, or for the Purchase of any Estate, Right, Title, Term or Interest for which such Sum or Sums of Money shall be so awarded as the Form heretofore set forth, and shall require all necessary Powers to execute such Conveyances, Assignments and Affirmances, and shall do all Acts, Matters and Things necessary and requisite to make a good, clear and perfect Title to the said Commissioners; and such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick and Corporate, to whom any Sum or Sums of Money shall be awarded by way of Satisfaction and Compensation for any such Damages as aforesaid, shall give and perform to the said Commissioners a full and sufficient Release, Acquittance and Discharge from all Claims and Demands for or on account of all Damages for which such Sum shall be awarded as aforesaid.

Verdicts to be returned. XV. And be it further enacted, That all such Verdicts, Judgments, Sentences, Decrees, Orders, and other Proceedings of the said Commissioners and Justices in relation to or concerning the Powers aforesaid, shall be returned in the Rolls Office of the said Court of Chancery, and the same, or true Copies thereof, shall be drawn and taken to be good and sufficient Evidence and Proof in any Court or Courts of Law or Equity whatsoever; and immediately on the Entry of such Verdicts, Judgments, Sentences, Decrees, Orders and other Proceedings of the said Commissioners and Justices as aforesaid, and on Payment of the Sum or Sums of Money agreed on or adjudged or awarded either for the Purchase of any Land or Premises, or as a Satisfaction or Compensation for any Damages, to the Proprietor or Proprietors of any Ground or Premises, or to the Person or Persons who shall be certified to receive such Money, or on Payment of such Money respecting which any Difficulties, Disputes or Differences shall arise, into the Bank of Ireland in manner and for the Purpose herein mentioned, all the Estate, Right, Title, Term, Interest, Use, Tenure, Property, Claim and Demand, in Law and Equity, of the Person or Persons to whom or to whose Use such Money shall be paid as aforesaid, into and out of all Ground and Premises which shall be so purchased, shall vest in the said Commissioners for the Purpose of this Act, and the said Commissioners shall be deemed in Law to be in the actual Possession thereof to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and all and every Person and Person, Body and Bodies Politick and Corporate to whom any such Satisfaction or Compensation as aforesaid shall be awarded, shall from thenceforth be forever barred from claiming any further or other Satisfaction or Compensation whatsoever for any Damages which they or any of them shall sustain by the means aforesaid.

Conveyance of Estate, &c. effectual. XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Conveyance to the said Commissioners of any such Estate and Interest of any Free Convent or to any such Ground or Premises as aforesaid, by Bargain and Sale acknowledged by such Free Convent in such manner as Bargains and Sales are usually acknowledged, and enrolled in the Rolls Office of His Majesty's High Court of Chancery in Ireland within Six Months after the making thereof, shall as effectually and absolutely convey the Estate and Interest of such Free Convent to the Persons as they or they, Heirs or Executors should or could do if leased or suffered thereof in due Form of Law; and further, that all Bargains and Sales whatsoever to be made of any Ground or Premises which shall be purchased by the said Commissioners by virtue of and for the Purpose of this Act, shall have the like Force, Effect and Operation in Law, to all Intents and Purposes, which any Fine or Fine, Recovery or Recovery whatsoever would have if leased or suffered by the Bargain or Bargains, or any Person seized of any Estate in the Premises in trust for or to the Use of such Bargain or Bargains in any legal Manner and Form whatsoever.

Compensation to any person or persons to be paid. XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments purchased, taken or sold by virtue of the Powers and for the Purpose of this Act, which shall belong to any Corporation, Free Convent, Infant, Lunatic, or Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity, or filed or possessed of only a particular or determinable Estate or Interest therein, such Money shall, as soon as the same shall amount to or exceed the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all convenient Speed be paid into the Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery in Ireland; to be placed to his Account *ex parte* the Commissioners for executing this Act; to the Intent that such Money may be applied under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be Squared by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a Summary Way by the Petitor or Petitors who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands or Hereditaments, towards the Discharge of any Debt or Debts, or such other Incumbrances or Part thereof as the said Court shall otherwise be pleased affecting the same Lands or Hereditaments, or suffering other Lands or Hereditaments having settled therewith to the same or the like Uses, Interests or Purposes; or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested, under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court, in the Purchase of other Lands or Hereditaments, which shall be conveyed and settled on, for and upon such and the like Uses, Tenures, Interests and Purposes, and in the same manner as the Lands or Hereditaments which shall be so purchased, taken or sold as aforesaid, should be conveyed or settled, or such of them as at the time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be existing, undetermined and capable of taking Effect; and in the mean time, and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall, by Order of the said Court of Chancery upon Application thereunto, be seized

by the said Accountant General in his Name in the Purchase of some of the Publick Funds or Annuities transferable at the Bank of Ireland, and in the mean time and until the said Publick Funds or Annuities shall be ordered by the said Court to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and Annual Produce of the said Publick Annuities shall, from time to time, be paid by Order of the said Court, to the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands or Hereditaments to be hereby directed to be purchased in case such Purchases or Settlements were made.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands or Hereditaments purchased, taken or sold for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation or to any Person or Persons under Incapacity or Disability as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds, and shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then, and in such case, the same shall (at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands or Hereditaments taken or sold, or of his or her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in case of Insolvency or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands,) be paid into the said Bank of Ireland in the Name and with the Privy of the said Accountant General of the said High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in the manner hereinafter directed, or otherwise the same shall be paid, at his sole Option, to Two Trustees to be nominated by the Person or Persons making such Option, and approved of by the Commissioners for executing the Acts, (such Nomination and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the nominating and approving Parties) in order that such Principal Money and the Dividends arising therefrom may be applied in manner hereinafter directed, so far as the same may be applicable without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction or Approbation of the said Court of Chancery.

XIX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where such Money be agreed or awarded to be paid as aforesaid, shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then, and in all such cases, the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands or Hereditaments purchased, taken or sold for the Purposes of this Act, in such manner as the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall think fit, or in case of Insolvency or Lunacy, then to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Person as aforesaid respectively.

XX. And be it further enacted, That in case the Person or Persons to whom any Sum or Sums of Money shall be so ordered to be paid as aforesaid, shall not be able to make a good Title to the Principal, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, or shall refuse to execute such Conveyance or Conveyances, or such Release, Assent or Discharge as is required by this Act, or in case such Person or Persons to whom such Sum or Sums of Money shall be so ordered to be paid as aforesaid cannot be found, or in case it shall not satisfactorily appear to such Commissioners what Shares and Proportions of any Purchase Money or Receipts for Damages ought to be paid or allowed to any Tenant or other Person having a particular Estate, Term or Interest in any Premises; or if the Person or Persons entitled to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, be unknown or discovered, then, and in every such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, to order the said Sum or Sums of Money to be awarded to be paid into the Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the said Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account to the Credit of the Parties interested in the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments [expressed above], subject to the Order, Command and Direction of the said Court of Chancery; which said Court, on the Application of any Person or Persons making Claim in such Sum or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, by Notice or Petition, shall be and is hereby empowered, in a summary Way of Proceeding, or otherwise, as to the same Court shall seem most, to order the same to be laid out and invested in the Publick Funds, or to order Distribution thereof, or Payment of the Interest thereof, according to the respective Estate or Estates, Title or Interest of the Person or Persons making claim thereunto, and to make such other Order in the Premises as in the said Court shall seem just and reasonable; and the Officer or Officers of the Bank of Ireland, who shall receive such Sum or Sums of Money, in and are hereby required to give a Receipt or Receipts for such Sum or Sums of Money, mentioning and signifying by what and for whose Use the same is or are received, to such Person or Persons as shall pay or pay such Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank as aforesaid.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Person to any Money to be paid into the Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or of any Estate, Right or Interest in any Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be purchased in pursuance of this Act, or to any Publick Fund or Annuity to be purchased with any such Money, or to the Dividends or Interest of any such Funds or Annuities, the Person or Persons who shall have been in Possession of such Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments at the time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Persons, or under the Possession of such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shown to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery; and the Dividends or Interest of the Funds or Annuities to be purchased with such Money, and all the Capital of such Funds or Annuities, shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

XXII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That when by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of

It is not to be
law applied.

Competition
between mort-
gagors and
mortgagees
not being legal.

When Money
is to be paid,
law applied.

In case of
refusal to
obey.

or Persons who
have been
purchasing Money
shall be the
Parties.

Subject to Order
of Court.

In what
Cases
Person
directly entitled
amounts to
Possession.

Court may in
the
Equity of

Purchaser to be
guilty of Felony.

the Perles or Persons or Corporations entitled to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the Court of Chancery, and to be applied in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be let to the Use to be pursued in this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court of Chancery to order the Expenses of all Purchases from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or of such of such Expenses as the said Court shall deem reasonable, to be paid by the said Commissioners out of the Money to be received by virtue of this Act, who shall from time to time pay such Sums of Money for such Purposes in the said Court shall direct.

Commissioners
may build Piers,
Quays, Works,
Erections, &c.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners from time to time to make, erect and build, in and upon the Island called *Jordan's Eye*, and in the Sea between the said Island and the Main Land, such Piers, Quays, Works, Erections and Buildings as to the said Commissioners shall seem necessary or expedient for the more effectual Improvement and Completion of the said Harbour of *Wexford*, and of the Security and Facility of the Access of Vessels thereto; and that all such Piers, Quays, Works, Erections and Buildings at the said Island, or in the Sea between the same and the Main Land, shall be made, erected and built under the Powers and Provisions of this Act; and the said Commissioners shall have all such Powers for making, erecting and building the same, and for obtaining Licences for the same, as are by this Act given to or vested in the said Commissioners with respect to the said Harbour; and all such Piers, Quays, Works, Erections and Buildings whatsoever, shall be and become vested in the said Commissioners, and afterwards in the Corporation for porting, and repairing the Port of *Dublin*, in like manner as in this Act provided with respect to the Piers, Quays, Works, Erections and Buildings whatsoever heretofore made or hereafter to be made, erected and built in or about the said intended Harbour of *Wexford*; and all the Provisions of this Act shall extend to all such Piers, Quays, Works, Erections and Buildings whatsoever in the said Island called *Jordan's Eye*, in like manner as the same are extended to the said Harbour and the other Works in this Act before mentioned.

Widened
Commissioners,
&c.

Obstructing Ex-
ercises in Act.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall wilfully obstruct, molest or hinder any Surveyor, Engineer, Workman or Labourer employed by the said Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act, in the Performance of his or their Duty or Employment in the Execution of this Act, every Person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings; and if any Person shall wilfully and to the Prejudice of the said Harbour break, throw down, damage or destroy any Pier, Dock, Quay, Refectory, Excision, Machine, Building or Work whatsoever, heretofore erected or made, or hereafter to be erected or made by virtue of this Act, or any Part thereof, or shall obstruct, hinder or divert the Course of any Stream of Water, which at any time before the passing of this Act ran or flowed into the Sea at the said Harbour, or shall do any other wilful Hurt or Mischief to obstruct, hinder or prevent the carrying on, completing, supporting, improving and maintaining of the said Harbour, or of any Waterworks or other Works erected under this Act, every such Person shall be adjudged guilty of Felony; and every such Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject to the like Punish and Penalties as in Cases of Felony, and the Court by or before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person to be punished in like manner as Felons are directed to be punished by the Law of *Ireland*; or in Mergement of such Punishment such Court may award such better Punishment as to such Court shall seem proper.

Obstructing
Course of
Water, &c.

Felony.

Penalty here
incurred, &c.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That every Fine, Penalty and Forfeiture inflicted by this Act, (the levying and Recovery whereof is not particularly heretofore directed) shall and may be recovered on Conviction of the Offender by the Oath of One credible Witness, or on his own Confession, before any One Justice of the Peace for the County or Place wherein the Offence shall be committed or the Offender shall be, and every such Fine, Penalty and Forfeiture shall and may, in case of Non-payment thereof, be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Effects of the Offender or Offenders, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any such Justice of the Peace, and every such Justice is hereby authorized and required to examine Witnesses upon Oath, and to hear and determine all Complaints touching any such Offence or Offences; and every Fine, Penalty and Forfeiture (the Application whereof is not heretofore particularly directed), shall be paid into the Hands of the Secretary to the said Commissioners, and shall be applied and disposed of to the Purposes of this Act; and the Overplus of the Money raised by such Distress and Sale, after deducting such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, and the Expenses of such Distress and Sale, shall be remitted to the Owner of the Goods and Effects so distrained; and for Want of sufficient Distress, or in case the Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, it shall be lawful for such Justice by Warrant under his Hand, to commit such Offender to the Common Goal or House of Correction, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any time not exceeding Three Calendar Months, unless such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, and all reasonable Charges attending the Recovery thereof shall be sooner paid and satisfied.

Distress.

Imprisonment.

Execution of
Act.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, until Twenty one Days Notice thereof in Writing shall have been given to the said Commissioners, nor after a sufficient Satisfaction or Tender thereof hath been made to the Party or Parties aggrieved, nor after six Calendar Months next after the Fall commencing; and every such Action shall be brought in Some of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Dublin*, and shall be laid in the County of *Dublin* and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence as any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the Law was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if the same shall appear to be so done, or if such Action or Suit shall be brought after the time heretofore limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought without Twenty one Days Notice thereof, or shall be brought in

General Issue.

any other County or Place, or after a sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, that then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become necessitated, or suffer a Discontinuance of his, her or their Actions or Actions, or if a Verdict should pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Double Costs, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs of Suit in any other Cases of Law.

Double Costs.

C A P. LXXIII.

An Act to alter, explain and amend the Laws now in force respecting the Trade of Bakers, residing out of the City of London or the Liberties thereof, or beyond Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange.

[25th June 1810.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled, *An Act for the due making of Bread, and to regulate the Price and Affine thereof, and to punish Persons who shall adulterate Meal, Flour or Bread; And whereas an Act was passed in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intitled, An Act for explaining and amending an Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the due making of Bread, and to regulate the Price and Affine thereof, and to punish Persons who shall adulterate Meal, Flour or Bread; And whereas an Act was passed in the Thirtieth Year of His said present Majesty's Reign, intitled, An Act for better regulating the Affine and making of Bread; And whereas some of the Regulations and Provisions contained in the said several Acts have been found defective, and in some respects injurious to the Bakers and the Publick; and it is therefore expedient that the same should be altered and amended, and more effectual Provisions made for ascertaining the due Weight of Bread, and for the better Observance of the Lord's Day, commonly called *Sabbath Day*; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and he it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person or Persons residing beyond the City of London or the Liberties thereof, or beyond Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, who shall make any Bread for Sale, or who shall vend or expose to or for Sale any Bread which shall be deficient in Weight, according to the Affine which shall be set for any such Bread from time to time to be held, or in pursuance of any Act or Acts then in force for regulating the Price and Affine of Bread, then it shall be lawful for any Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices of the Peace within the Limits of their respective Jurisdictions, before whom any Information shall be given upon the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses of any such Deficiency in Weight, and also for any Peace Officer or Officers authorized by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices (and which Warrant any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices is and are lawfully empowered to grant upon receiving such Information upon Oath as aforesaid) at reasonable Times in the Day Time to enter upon any Flour, Shop, Stall, Bakehouse, Warehouse or Out-house of or belonging to any such Baker or Seller of Bread, against whom such Informations shall have been made as aforesaid, to search for, view, weigh and try all such Bread as shall be then and there found, and shall have been baked within Twenty four Hours next preceding the time of the same being brought to weigh, and which Bread shall be weighed by the *Peck*, or in any larger or smaller Quantity, as may be found most convenient; and if on the weighing of such Bread any Deficiency shall be found to be less than the Average of the whole Weight of all such Bread as shall be then and there found, and which Deficiency shall be proved before such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, upon the Oath or Oaths of the Party or Parties weighing the same, then he or they is or is offending in the Premises, and being thereof convicted, shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Shillings for every Ounce of Bread which shall be found deficient in Weight on the Average of all such Bread as shall have been so weighed, and in a proportion for every Deficiency of Weight less than an Ounce, as any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom any such Deficiency in Weight shall be proved as aforesaid shall think fit to order, except as hereafter is excepted; and any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, Peace Officer or Officers, within the Limits of their respective Jurisdictions, may in such Case where there is a Deficiency of Weight on the Average as aforesaid, seize all such Loaves as shall be so found deficient in their due Weight; and any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, may dispose thereof as he or they is or their Information shall think fit, except it shall be proved to any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, by or on the Behalf of the Parties against whom such Informations shall be made by the Oath, or Affirmation, being a Quaker, of any One or more respectable House-keepers, that such Deficiency in Weight wholly arose from some unavoidable Accident in baking or otherwise, or was occasioned by or through some Covert-cause or Confusion.*

21 G. 2. c. 19.

2 G. 3. c. 6.

11 G. 3. c. 25.

Baking Bread
Bread of Weight.

Search Warrants.

Sweet Weight.

Fines.

Seizure.

Bakers to have
Weights and
Scales.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Baker and Seller of Bread beyond the said City of London and the Liberties thereof, and beyond the said Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, shall have fixed in some convenient Place of his or her Shop or Boon and Boxes, with proper Weights of the Affine Weight of a Half-peck Loaf, a Quarter Loaf, and a Half quarter Loaf; and also of an Eighteen penny, One Shilling, Six penny and Three penny Loaf; and that any Person or Persons who may purchase any such Loaf or Loaves of Bread from any such Baker or Seller of Bread, may, if he, she or they shall think proper, require the same to be weighed in his, her or their Presence; and if any such Loaf or Loaves shall be found deficient in Weight, then the Person or Persons demanding the same to be so weighed, shall have the Deficiency made up with other Bread or another Loaf or Loaves given in lieu thereof, as may be required by such Person or Persons; and any such Baker or Seller of Bread as aforesaid, who shall neglect to fix the said Weights and Scales in

30 Geo. III.

O

same

some convenient Part of his or her Shop, or to provide and keep for the proper Weights, or whole Weights shall be deficient in their due Weights, or who shall refuse to weigh any Half-penny Loaf, Quarter Loaf, or Half quarter Loaf or Loaves purchased in his, her or their Shop, in Presence of the Party or Parties regarding the same, and shall be thereof convicted, either by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, or his, her or their own Confession, he, she or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Ten Shillings, as the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom such Offender shall be convicted shall think fit.

Penalty.

Baking in Oven &c.

Bread.

Selling and Expressing Bad Breads.

The Offence of Bread Offences, Selling and Expressing Offences.

District.

Implication.

Penalty for Unlawful.

These Acts in force.

District Act.

III. Provided always and he it further enacted, That no Master, Milner, Journeyman or other Person respectively exercising or employed in the Trade or Calling of a Baker, beyond the said City of London or the Liberties thereof, or beyond the said Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, shall, on the Lord's Day, commonly called Sunday, or any Part thereof, make or bake any Household or other Bread, Rolls or Cakes of any Sort or Kind, or sell or on any Part of the said Day, excepting between the Hours of Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon and half past One of the Clock in the Afternoon, on any Pretence whatsoever, sell or expose to Sale, or permit or suffer to be sold or exposed to Sale, any Bread, Rolls or Cakes of any Sort or Kind, or bake or deliver, or permit or suffer to be baked or delivered, any Meat, Pudding, Pie, Tart or Victuals, at any time after half past One of the Clock in the Afternoon of that Day, or in any other manner except the Trade or Calling of a Baker, or be engaged or employed in the Baking or Occupation thereof, save and except so far as may be necessary in setting and furnishing the Sponges to prepare the Bread or Dough for the following Day's Baking, and that no Meat, Pudding, Pie, Tart or Victuals shall be brought to or taken from any Bakehouse during the time of Divine Service in the Church of the Parish, Hamlet or Place where the same is made, nor within one Quarter of an Hour of the time of Commencement thereof; and every Person offending against the foregoing Regulations, or any One or more of them, or making any Sale or Delivery, hereby allowed between the Hours aforesaid, otherwise than within the Bakehouse or Shop, and being thereof convicted before any Justice of the Peace of the County, City or Place where the Offence shall be committed, within Two Days from the Committal thereof, either upon the View of such Justice, or on Confession by the Party, or Proof by One or more Witnesses upon Oath, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit, pay and undergo the Penalties, Fines and Punishments hereinafter mentioned, that is to say, for the first Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Shillings, for the Second Offence any Sum not exceeding Ten Shillings, and for the Third and every subsequent Offence respectively any Sum not exceeding Fifteen Shillings, and shall moreover on every such Conviction, bear and pay the Costs and Expenses of the Prosecution, such Costs and Expenses to be assessed, taxed and ascertained by the Justice convicting; and the Amount thereof, together with such Part of the Penalty as such Justice shall think proper, to be allowed to the Prosecutor or Prosecutors for Lots of time in inflicting and following up the Prosecutions, at a Rate not exceeding Three Shillings per Diem, and to be paid to the Prosecutor or Prosecutors for his and their own Use and Benefit, and the Remainder of such Penalty to be paid to such Justice, and within Seven Days after his Receipt thereof to be transmitted by him to the Churchwarden or Overseer or Overseers of the Parish or Parishes where the Offence shall be committed, to be applied for the Benefit of the Poor thereof; and in case the whole Amount of the Penalty, and of the Costs and Expenses as aforesaid, be not paid within Three Days after Conviction of the Offender or Offenders, such Justice shall and may, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, direct the same to be levied and raised by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, and in Default or Insufficiency of such Distress against the Offender or Offenders to the Benefit of Correction as a First Offence for any time not exceeding Seven Days, on the Second Offence for any time not exceeding Fourteen Days, and on the Third or any subsequent Offence for any time not exceeding Twenty one Days, unless the whole of the Penalty, Costs and Expenses be sooner paid and discharged.

IV. Provided likewise, and he it further enacted, That neither this Act nor any thing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prejudice the ancient Right or Custom of the Two Universities of Oxford and Cambridge, or either of them, or of their or either of their Clergy of the Market, or the Practice within the several Jurisdictions of the said Universities or either of them used, to ascertain and appoint the Weight of all Sorts of Bread to be sold or exposed to Sale within their several Jurisdictions, but that they and every of them shall and may lawfully and respectively from time to time, as there shall be Occasion, ascertain and appoint within their several and respective Jurisdictions the Weight of all Sorts of Bread to be sold or exposed to Sale by any Baker or other Person whatsoever within the Limits of their several Jurisdictions, and shall and may inquire and punish the Breach thereof so fully and freely in all respects as they shall so do, and as if this Act had never been made, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Claims, Matters and Things contained in the several Acts now in force, not altered or varied by any of the Provisions of this Act, as far as the same are or can be made applicable, and can be applied for the carrying into Execution the Purposes of this Act, shall be used, executed, and put in Execution for enforcing the Regulations, Privileges and Directions of this Act, in such and the same manner as if the same were herein contained, and were at large re-enacted and made Part of this Act, and the Penalties by this Act inflicted shall be recovered and applied in like manner as the Penalties by the said several other Acts inflicted are directed to be recovered and applied.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be publicly taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

C A P. LXXIV.

An Act to grant to His Majesty certain additional Duties upon Letters and Packets sent by the Post within Ireland. [15th June 1810.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, being desirous of raising the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty's Publick Expenses, and of making a permanent Addition to the Publick Revenue of Ireland, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the Rates and Duties hereinafter mentioned; And do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Postmaster or Postmasters General of Ireland for the time being, and his or their Deputy or Deputies, Servants and Agents, to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to have, demand, receive and take for the Postage and Conveyance of all Letters and Packets which he or they shall convey, carry or send by or from any Place within Ireland, the additional Rates and Duties hereinafter specified, the same being rated by the Letter or by the Ounce (that is to say) for the Post and Conveyance of every single Letter or Piece of Paper from the Office in Ireland, where such Letter or Piece of Paper shall be put in, to any Distance within Ireland, the Sum of One Penny, for every Double Letter Two pence, for every Triple Letter Three pence, and for every Ounce in Weight, and for every Packet not exceeding an Ounce in Weight Four pence, and so in proportion for any greater Weight than One Ounce, reckoning every Quarter of an Ounce equal to a Single Letter; and that all Letters and Packets directed from any Place in Ireland, to any Port or Ports in Great Britain or beyond the Seas, or received in Ireland from Great Britain or any Port or Ports beyond the Seas, shall be charged and pay for their Postage and Conveyance within Ireland, from or to Dublin, Waterford, Downpatrick, or any other Port where Packet Boats for the Conveyance of Letters to and from Ireland are or may be established, as they shall respectively be shipped from or landed in any of the said Ports, according to the Additional Rates aforesaid; and that every Letter or Packet passing through the General Post Office in the City of Dublin, from any Place within Ireland not less distant than Four Miles from the General Post Office in the said City, to any Place within Ireland not less distant than Four Miles from the General Post Office in the said City, shall be charged and pay according to the said Additional Rates to Dublin, and be further charged and pay according to the said Additional Rates from Dublin; all which Rates and Duties shall be used and above the Duties of Postage payable on any such Letters and Packets under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland at the time of passing of this Act.

II. And be it enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, so much of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for granting Rates and Duties upon Letters and Packets sent by the Post within Ireland, as relates to the Mode of folding printed Newspapers sent by the Post free of the Duty of Postage, and so provided that no Newspapers printed in Ireland shall pass free of Postage, unless such Newspapers shall be put into the Post Offices of the Cities and Towns where or in which such Newspapers are printed, Two Hours at least before the time of the Post being dispatched therefrom, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Rates and Duties hereby granted shall be paid and payable to His Majesty's Treasury, and shall be raised, levied, collected, managed, recovered and applied, under such and the like Powers and Authorities, Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, and subject to the like Provisions, Exceptions and Reservations, and Privileges as are mentioned, expressed and contained in an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Rates and Duties upon Letters and Packets sent by the Post within Ireland*, or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Rates and Duties on Letters and Packets sent by the Post within Ireland; and that all and every the Clauses, Matters and Things, in the said recited Act of the Forty third Year aforesaid, mentioned, expressed and contained, or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to such Rates and Duties, shall be applied and extended, and shall be construed to apply and extend to this present Act, so fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been repeated and re-enacted in this present Act, save only in so far as respects the Amount of Duties under the said Act or any of them, and save and except in so far as the said Acts or any of them are altered or repealed by this Act.

C A P. LXXV.

An Act to grant to His Majesty an additional Duty on Dwelling Houses in Ireland, in respect of the Windows or Lights therein. [15th June 1810.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty's Publick Expenses in Ireland, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the Duties hereinafter mentioned, and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and ten, there shall be raised, levied, collected

Additional Rates
of Postage.

within Ireland.

From Ireland to
G. B. &c.

§ 11. s. 26.
§ 16.
§ 17.

repealed.

From paid in
both Countries,
Ireland as usual.

§ 11. s. 25.

Additional Duty
on Windows or

Heads being
made this Act.

and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, over and above all Rates and Duties on Heads in Ireland in respect of the Windows or Lights thereof, under and by virtue of any Act or Acts in force at the time of the passing of this Act, the Duty heretofore described and set forth (that is to say), for and out of every Tonnage or Dwelling House in Ireland, having more than Six Windows or Lights thereof, an additional Duty, after the Rate of Fifty Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the Amount of the Duties payable as aforesaid Heads, in respect of the Windows or Lights thereof, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force at the time of the passing of this Act.

These payable in
British Currency.

Consolidated
Fund.

Proves of
47 G. 3. Stat. L.
c. 71. et seq. L.
c. 43. inserted
in this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That the additional Duty by this Act granted and made payable shall be paid and received, and collected and receivable according to the Amount thereof in British Currency; and that the said additional Duty, the necessary Charges of receiving and accounting for the same being deducted, shall be applied to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures and Modes of Recovery thereof, provided, mentioned and contained in an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to provide for regulating and securing the Collection of certain Rates and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Dwelling Houses, Fire Houses, Windows, Male Servants, Horses, Dogs and Carriages*; and in an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to grant in His Majesty certain Duties and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Carriages, Dogs, Fire Houses, Horses, Male Servants and Windows, in lieu of former Duties and Taxes in respect of the said Articles*; or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the said Duties, Rates and Taxes, or any of them, shall be applied and put in Practice in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if all the said Clauses, Rules and Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties, Forfeitures and Modes of Recovery thereof, had been expressly repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and that the said several Acts and this Act shall be construed together as One Act in all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

C A T. LXXXVI.

An Act to repeal certain Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant new and additional Duties, and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland. [18th June 1810.]

• Mail Gracious Sovereigns,

Stamp Duties
and Allowances
repealed.

WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal certain Rates and Duties upon stamped Volumes, Parchment and Paper, and upon other Articles and Things under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and singular the Duties upon, or for or in respect of the several Articles, Matters and Things, mentioned in Schedule A. to this Act annexed, under the Care and Management of the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon stamped Volumes, Parchment and Paper in Ireland, and also all Allowances whatsoever on the Purchase of any Stamp in Ireland, granted and made payable by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, shall, from and after the Commencement of this Act, cease and determine, save and except as hereafter and in the Schedule hereunto annexed is excepted, and save and except in all Cases relating to the receiving, allowing or paying any Arrears of Duties or Allowances remaining unpaid, and in all Cases relating to any Offences, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, which shall have been committed or incurred under the said Acts or any of them, on or before the Commencement of this Act.

Non Stamp Duties
to be paid in
Ireland in A. and
Allowances
according to Schedule B.

II. And whereas the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies granted to Your Majesty, and for Support of Your Majesty's Government, have resolved to grant to Your Majesty several new and other Duties on stamped Volumes, Parchment and Paper, and other Articles and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland; and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, in lieu and instead of the said Duties and Allowances by this Act repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid in Ireland, unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and in respect of the several Instruments, Articles, Matters and Things mentioned, enumerated and described in the Schedule marked A. to this Act annexed, the several Sums of Money and Duties, as they are respectively inserted, described and set forth, in Words and Figures in the said Schedule A.; and that there shall be made, allowed and paid, for or in respect of all such Articles, Matters and Things, as are therein enumerated and described in the Schedule marked B. to this Act annexed, the several Allowances or Sums of Money respectively set out, described and set forth in the said Schedule marked B. any thing in any former Act or Acts contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and that no Sum or Sums of Money shall be paid or given in the Nature of Deduction or Allowance, on the Purchase of Stamps, other than such as it and are expressed and described in the said Schedule marked B. any thing in any former Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding, and that the said Schedules marked A. and B. shall be deemed and taken in Part of this Act.

† 56.

Duties, &c. to be
paid in A. and
Allowances
according to
Schedule B.

III. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Allowances by this Act granted and made payable, (save and except Duties less than Six pence, and Duties exceeding Six pence and less than One Shilling) shall be paid and payable according to the Amount thereof in British Currency; and that in all Cases where any Duties or Stamps, or any Allowances be required thereof, are directed to be cleared by the Amount of any Sum in respect whereof such Duties are imposed, or such Allowances are made, such Amount, and the Duties and Allowances in respect thereof, shall be estimated, calculated and taken in British Currency.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Allowances hereby granted and made payable shall be under the Government, Care and Management of the Commissioners for the time being appointed to manage the Duties upon Stamped Writings, Parchment and Paper in Ireland.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, no Perlon or Perlon dealing in Hats, either as a Manufacturer or Imporner of Hats, or as a Wholesale or Retail Dealer therein, shall have in his, her or their Cuffbox or Pock-Book, any Hat lined, lined or ornamented, without having permanently affixed and appearing in a conspicuous Place therein, the Stamp to which such Hat would at the time he liable had it been correctly taxed or sold, upon Pain that every Perlon and Perlon offending in either of the said Cases shall forfeit and pay to such Perlon or Perlon as shall sue for the same, the Sum of Two Pence for every Hat which shall not have permanently affixed therein as aforesaid such Stamp as aforesaid.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Perlon or Perlon shall hawk, carry about, dispose or distribute any Head Bill, not being stamped or marked with the Stamp Duty, by Law required, every such Perlon being thereof convicted before any Justice of the Peace, by his or her Cuff-box, or by the Girth of One or more saddle Waddles or Waddles, or upon the View of such Justice, shall forfeit Five Shillings to the Perlon who shall prosecute for the same, and in default of immediate Payment thereof, shall and may be committed by such Justice to any Common Gaol within his Jurisdiction for any time not exceeding One Week, or until he or she shall pay such Penalty, and it shall and may be lawful for any Perlon to seize, apprehend and carry before any Justice of the Peace of the County, City or Place, whose such Offence shall be committed, any such Perlon so offending as aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Printer shall print or cause to be printed any unstamped Head Bill, containing a single Advertisement, such Head Bill being subject to a Stamp Duty, and that be convicted thereof before any Justice of the Peace, upon oath, by or their own Confession, or upon the Oath of a credible Witness, such Printer shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds to any Perlon who shall prosecute for the same.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Printer in any Ecclesiastical Court, or in the Court of Admiralty in Ireland, who shall not have previously paid the full Amount of the Stamp Duty by Law charged and payable on any Writment to appear for any Plaintiff or Defendant, proconvict or impugnant, or to prosecute or defend any Suit, or to coin his Judgment therein, or on any Motion, Process, Pleading, Rule, Order, Record, Instrument or Proceeding whatsoever, in any Suit shall charge to the Plaintiff or Defendant proconvict or impugnant, or to such Suit, or shall receive from such Plaintiff or Defendant proconvict or impugnant, or from any other Perlon, the Amount of any such Stamp Duty, and shall not have actually made Use of, certified or filed the Writment, Process, Pleading, Rule, Order, Record, Instrument or Proceeding, duly stamped as is required by Law, for which such Charge shall be made or such Amount shall be received, such Printer shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, no Motion, nor any Process or Mandate to require the Appearance of any Perlon or Perlon whatsoever in any Suit, shall issue or pass the Seal of any Ecclesiastical Court, or of the Court of Admiralty in Ireland, nor shall any Appearance be received or entered in any Suit in any of the said Courts, unless and until the Perlon who shall file such Process or Mandate, or who shall enter such Appearance, shall first be or cause to be filed with the proper Officer of the Court who shall file such Process or Mandate, or shall enter or file such Appearance, a Writment of Attorney duly stamped from the Perlon or Perlon at whose Suit or on whose Behalf such Process or Mandate shall be filed, or such Appearance shall be entered, empowering such Perlon to file such Process or Mandate, or to enter such Appearance, as the case may be.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act inflicted and made payable, shall be paid and payable in English Currency; and that all Powers, Provisions, Rules, Methods, Directions, Articles, Clauses, Exceptions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Matters and Things, contained in an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for granting in His Majesty's several Dominions contained in Great Britain the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland*; and in all and every or any other Act and Acts for the granting of Stamp Duties, or for the amending of the Laws for regulating the Stamp Duties in Ireland, shall be of Force and Effect, and shall be applied and put in Execution for the raising, levying, paying, collecting, enforcing and securing the Duties and Allowances by this Act granted and made payable, and for the Recovery and levying of all Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, as fully and effectually, in all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been hereby re-enacted with relation to the Duties and Allowances by this Act granted and made payable, and to the Penalties and Forfeitures hereby inflicted, except only in so far as any of such Powers, Provisions, Rules, Methods and Directions, Articles, Exceptions, Penalties and Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, in the said Act or any or either of those contained, are expressly altered or repealed, or otherwise provided for by this Act, or by any other Act or Acts in Force in Ireland.

XI. And be it further enacted, That any Licentiate to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cyder or Perry, Malt-brain or Mead, by Retail, the Stamp Duty whereon shall exceed the Sum of Eleven Pence, shall authorize the Perlon intrusted thereby in his Spirituous Liquors or Liquors in any Quantity whatsoever, great or small, without any further or other Licence: Provided always, that no Perlon, the Stamp Duty on the Licence to whom to sell such Liquors by Retail shall be less than Twenty two Pence, shall be authorized by such Licentiate to sell Spirits in any Quantity exceeding Two Gallons; but that if any such Perlon,

Duties under Commission of Justice

Duties to be taken Stamp proconvict filed in Suit.

Penalty.

Exhibiting Head Bill not stamped.

Penalty.

Impugnant.

Printer not stamped Head Bill.

Penalty.

Printer charging for Stamp not paid.

Penalty.

Proviso in Ecclesiastical and Admiralty Courts.

Penalties paid in British Currency; former Act.

Licentiate to sell by Retail.

Perfon, as whole Licence any fuch Stamp Duty left than Twenty two Pounds fhall be paid, fhall pay fuch additional Stamp Duty as fhall make the whole Stamp Duty paid by fuch Perfon amount to Twenty two Pounds, fuch Perfon fhall be authorized to fell Spirituous Liquors in any Quantities whatever, great or fmall, without any farther or other Licence: Provided alfo, that no Licence whenever fhall authorize any Perfon not being a Retailer or Grocer to fell Spirituous Liquors in Quantities left than Two Gallons, nor fhall authorize any Grocer to fell in Quantities left than Two repeated Quarts, nor fhall authorize any Vendor or other Perfon, not being a Diftributer or Importer of Spirits, to fell Spirituous Liquors in Quantities left than Fifty Gallons.

43 G. 3. c. 27. XII. And whereas by an Act made in the laft Seffion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for improving the*
 § 10. *Quality of Beer in Ireland, by further promoting the Ufe of matedd Care, or any otherwife or amending*
from Regulations therein, and for the better securing the Collection of the Malt Duties in Ireland; it was
among other Things, enacted, that it fhould not be lawful for any Perfon licenfed to fell Spirituous Liquors,
Wine, Beer, Ale and Cyder, by Retail, in the Cities of Dublin, Cork, Waterford or Limerick, to require,
or demand or receive any Certificate from the Commiffioners of Excife, for the Purpofe of clearing any Quantity
in refpect of any Quantity of Strong Beer or Ale that fuch Perfon might have fold by Retail in the Year
ending the Twenty ninth Day of September One thoufand eight hundred and nine, or within any fubfequent
Year, and that it fhould not be lawful for the Commiffioners of Excife to give or grant any fuch Certificate,
nor for the Commiffioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland to pay any Bounties to any fuch Perfon in refpect of
any Quantity of Strong Beer or Ale fold by fuch Perfon by Retail, within the faid Year, or within any
fubfequent Year: And whereas by a Claufal Error, the Words "the Year ending the Twenty ninth Day
of September One thoufand eight hundred and nine," were inferted, inftead of the Words "the Year ending
"the Twenty ninth Day of September One thoufand eight hundred and two;" Do it therefore enacted,
That it fhall and may be lawful for any Perfon licenfed to fell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale and
Cyder, by Retail in the Cities of Dublin, Cork, Waterford or Limerick, to require, demand and receive any
fuch Certificate from the Commiffioners of Excife for the Purpofe of clearing any fuch Bounty, in refpect
of any Quantity of Strong Beer or Ale, that fuch Perfon may have fold by Retail in the Year ending on the
Twenty ninth Day of September One thoufand eight hundred and nine, but not within any fubfequent Year;
and that it fhall be lawful for the Commiffioners of Excife to give or grant any fuch Certificate, and for the
Commiffioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland, to pay any fuch Bounties to fuch Perfons in refpect of any
Quantity of Strong Beer or Ale, fold by fuch Perfon by Retail, within fuch Year ending the Twenty ninth
Day of September One thoufand eight hundred and nine only, under the Regulations and Directions of any
Act in force immediately before the paffing of the faid recited Act of the laft Seffion of Parliament; any
thing in the faid recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

43 G. 3. c. 28. XIII. And be it enacted, That every and any Penalty and Forfeiture incurred by any Perfon for having
 43 G. 3. c. 28. sold Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Cyder, by Retail without Licence, fhall and may be recovered
 before any juftice of the Peace within his Jurifdiction, in manner directed by an Act made in the Forty
 fifth Year of His moft Excellent Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for regulating Licenfes for the Sale of Spirituous*
Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale and Cyder by Retail, and for difpenfing the licenfed Ufe of Spirituous Liquors
in Ireland, although fuch Penalty or Forfeiture may exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds; any thing in the
faid recited Act of the Forty fifth Year, or any Act or Acts for amending the fame, to the contrary in
any wife notwithstanding.

AD may be altered. XIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended and repealed by any Act or Acts
 to be paffed in the prefent Seffion of Parliament.

Comments. XV. And be it further enacted, That this Act fhall commence and take effect immediately on and after
 the Expiration of One Calendar Month after the Day of the paffing thereof, and fhall be in force from that
 time forward and not before.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

For and upon every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, on which
 fhall be ingroffed, written or printed, any of the following Articles, Matters or Things, or any
 Part thereof, except as otherwife particularly provided, the refpective Duties following, that is
 to fay,

Any Grant from His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, which fhall pafs the Great Seal of Ire- land, out of the Civil List, or out of any other Fund, not being part of the Supplies of the Year, or appropriated by Parliament;	1 20 0
Of any debenture and certain Sums or Sums of Money, Not amounting to 100l.	4 0 0
Amounting to 100l. and not amounting to 250l.	5 0 0
5†	Amounting

Amounting to 200l. and not amounting to 300l.	10 0 0
Amounting to 300l. and not amounting to 400l.	20 0 0
Amounting to 400l. and not amounting to 500l.	30 0 0
Amounting to 500l. and upwards; for every 100l. thereof,	5 0 0
Or of any Annuity or Pension,	
Not amounting to 100l. per Annum,	1 10 0
Amounting to 100l. and not amounting to 200l. per Annum,	4 0 0
Amounting to 200l. and not amounting to 300l. per Annum,	10 0 0
Amounting to 300l. and not amounting to 400l. per Annum,	20 0 0
Amounting to 400l. and not amounting to 500l. per Annum,	30 0 0
Amounting to 500l. and not amounting to 600l. per Annum,	40 0 0
Amounting to 600l. and not amounting to 700l. per Annum,	50 0 0
But where any such Grant of Annuity or Pension shall be made in confirmation or by way of Renewal only of any former Grant of the like Amount and Duration, then only a Duty of	1 10 0
And where several and distinct Annuities or Pensions shall be granted to or for the Benefit of different Persons by the same Instrument, the proper Duty shall be charged in respect of each Annuity or Pension; but where the Grant shall be of any Annuity or Pension, to or for the Benefit of Two or more Persons jointly, the Duty shall be charged in respect of the whole	
Any Grant or Appointment by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or of to any Office or Employment, by Letters Patent, Deed, or other Writing;	
Where the Salary, Fees and Emoluments appertaining thereto shall not amount to 50l. per Annum,	1 10 0
And where the same shall amount to 50l. and not amount to 100l. per Annum,	3 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 100l. and not amount to 200l. per Annum,	5 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 200l. and not amount to 300l. per Annum,	10 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 300l. and not amount to 400l. per Annum,	20 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 400l. and not amount to 500l. per Annum,	30 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 500l. and not amount to 600l. per Annum,	40 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 600l. and not amount to 700l. per Annum,	50 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 700l. and not amount to 800l. per Annum,	75 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 800l. and not amount to 900l. per Annum,	100 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 900l. per Annum, or upwards,	150 0 0
The said Fees and Emoluments to be estimated according to the average Amount thereof for Three Years, preceding, where practicable; and in other Cases according to the best Information that can be obtained.	
And where any such Grant or Appointment shall be made to, or of Two or more Persons jointly, with separate and distinct Salaries, Fees or Emoluments; the same shall be charged with a separate and distinct Duty, in respect of each Person, according to the Amount of the Salary, Fees and Emoluments appertaining to each Person.	
Provided always, that no Duty shall be charged in respect of any Person, to whom any Office or Employment shall be granted anew, upon the Revocation of any former Grant or Appointment, and who shall have paid a Stamp Duty on any former Grant or Appointment, under the Statutes, Fees and Emoluments appertaining to such Person shall be in any manner suggested; and, in that case, a Duty shall be charged, in respect of such Person, only in proportion to the Amount of the Augmentation.	
Provided also, that no Duty shall be charged upon, or in respect of more than one Skin, or Piece of Velveteen or Parchment, on which any such Grant may be engraved, printed or written.	
Any Bond given pursuant to the Direction of any Act of Parliament, or by the Direction of the Commissioners of the Customs and Port Duties or Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any of their Officers, for or in respect of any of the Duties of Customs or Excise or Taxes, or for preventing Frauds or Evasion thereof, or for any other Matter or Thing relating thereto,	0 10 0
Any Bond, not being for the Payment of any principal Sum, and not being otherwise charged by Law,	0 10 0
Bonds for the Payment of any principal Sum of Money to remain chargeable as under the Act 47 G. 3. c. 1. s. 70.	
Any foreign or inland Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note, or other Note, Draft or Order, (except Bank Notes, Bank Post Bills and Drafts, or Orders in Writing on any Bank or Banks, all which shall continue liable to the Duty with which they are charged by the said Act 47 G. 3. c. 1. s. 70. and except Promissory Notes for any Sum not exceeding Two Pounds and Ten Shillings, passed on account of Tythes, or for Money payable to any Society for Charitable Loans, or to their Treasurers in trust for them)	

Wise

Where the Sum exprest therein shall not exceed 10l.	10l.	10l.	0 0 3
	20l.	20l.	0 0 5
	50l.	50l.	0 1 0
	100l.	100l.	0 1 6
	200l.	200l.	0 2 0
	500l.	500l.	0 3 0
	1000l.	1000l.	0 4 0
	2000l.	2000l.	0 7 0
	5000l.	5000l.	0 12 0
	10000l.	10000l.	1 0 0
Where it shall exceed 5000l.			
Any Receipt or other Discharge given on the Payment of any Sum of Money by the Duty- Entry of any Cheque, Draft, Bill, or other Order for any Sum of Money,			
Amounting to 2l. and not amounting to 10l.			0 0 3
Amounting to 10l. and not amounting to 20l.			0 0 4
Amounting to 20l. and not amounting to 50l.			0 0 8
Amounting to 50l. and not amounting to 100l.			0 1 0
Amounting to 100l. and not amounting to 200l.			0 2 0
Amounting to 200l. and not amounting to 500l.			0 3 0
Amounting to 500l. and upwards.			0 5 0
And where any Sum of Money whatsoever shall be therein exprest or acknowledged to be received in full of all Demands,			0 5 6
Except Receipts for Money paid into the Bank of Ireland, or into any House of any registered Banker or Bankers, or for the Purchase of Stock, or on the Back of any Bill, Note or Draft, or by any Army or Navy Agent, Officer, Soldier or Sailor, for any Money received on account of Pay, Allowances, or other Military or Naval Perquisites or Emoluments, or by any Officer of the Exchequer, for Money received for His Majesty, or any Acknowledgment by Letter, of Money, Bills or Notes received by Post; and except any Receipt or Discharge for any Legacy, or for any Part of the Personal Estate of any Person dying Intestate, and any Receipt given by any Officer of the Revenue for the Duties on Hurdles, Waddles, Carriages, Horses and Male Servants; all which Receipts and Discharges shall continue liable to the Duties with which they are charged by the said Act 47 G. 3. c. 30.			
Any Letter of Attorney empowering any Person or Persons to execute any Deed or Deeds of Conveyance of Lands or Tenements in Ireland, where the Consideration for such Convey- ance shall not exceed 100l.			3 0 0
And where the Amount of such Consideration shall exceed 100l. or where the Amount of such Consideration shall not be exprest in such Letter of Attorney,			10 0 0
Any Warrant to any Justice to prosecute or defend any Suit in the Court of Prærogative, or in any Ecclesiastical Court, or in the Court of Admiralty,			0 2 6
Any Appearance to be entered in any such Court or Courts in Ireland by any Proctor, for each and every Defendant named in such Entry,			0 1 0
Any Newspapers, or Paper containing Public News, Intelligence or Occurrences,			0 8 2
Any Head Bill containing a Single Advertisement not otherwise charged, except Head Bills respecting Chancery, Robberies, Murders, Lots of Property and Sales under Distress Warrants, or Executions, or for Rent,			0 0 0½
Any License to any Person to sell by Retail Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cyder or Perry, Meadgins or Mead, in the Places following, viz. In the City of Dublin, and within the Circular Road, surrounding the said City, and within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within the City of Cork, or the City of Waterford, or the City of Limerick (including all Places comprehended by the said Cities respectively, and that Part of the City of Limerick called Saint Francis's Abbey) or within the Towns of Belfast,			40 0 0
Within the Rest of the respective Counties of the said Cities of Cork, Waterford and Limerick, or within One Mile thereof respectively, or in any Place beyond the Circular Road sur- rounding the said City of Dublin, and the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not more than Two Miles distant thereof, or within One Mile of the Town of Belfast, or of the Public Lamps thence,			33 0 0
In any other Place within the District of the Excise Office of Dublin, beyond the Circular Road, and the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not distant more than Five Miles thence, and within the Towns of Armagh, Londonderry and Kildenny, and the Towns of Athlone, Ballinacorney, Bredon, Cablow, Cahel, Callahan, Clonsilla, Collesmore, Dromahaire, Dundalk, Ennis, Enniskillen, Galway, Kesh, Lifford, Loughrea, Malinbeg, Newry, New Ross, Sligo, Tipperrary, Tralee, Waterford and Youghall, and within One Mile of the Market House or Market Place thence respectively,			32 0 0
In any other Parts of Ireland than those Parts before described			11 0 0
And if the Person licensed in such other Parts of Ireland, other than those before described, shall also be licensed to sell Spirituous Liquors in Quantities exceeding Two Gallons, a farther Duty of			11 0 0
			Any

	£	s	d
Any Licence to any Person to sell by Retail, Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cyder, Perry, Mead, or Honey, at any Encampment of Troops in Ireland,	1	0	0
And for every Successive Month,	1	0	0
Any Licence to sell Home-made Spirits, or Compound or otherwise, in Quantities not less than Fifty Gallons in any Place in Ireland, the Person so selling not being a licensed Distiller,	21	0	0
Any Licence to sell Spirits, not being Home-made Spirits, or Compound or otherwise, in Quantities not less than Fifty Gallons, in any Place in Ireland, the Person so selling not being an Importer of such Spirits,	21	0	0
Any Licence to keep a Malt House, the working or drying Floor whereof shall not be less than 2000 square Feet, and shall not exceed 10000 square Feet, and to make Malt for Sale thereon, or for the Purpose of being used in any Brewery or Distillery, for each and every Churn or Kist, whichever shall be the greatest in Number in each and every Malt House in which such Duties shall be carried on,	6	0	0

ARTICLES NOT STAMPED.

For every Advertisement to be contained or published in any Gazette, Newspaper, Journal or Daily Accounts (not being Daily Accounts or Bills of Goods reported into or exported from Ireland, or Abstracts thereof, liable to a Duty of 1d. under the said Act 47 G. 3. R. 1. c. 20.) or in any other printed Paper or Pamphlet dispersed or made public Yearly, Monthly, or at any other Interval of Time, or in any Hand Bill containing more than one Advertisement, and for every Copy of any Proclamation, Order of Council, or Act of State, made by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the time being, or the Privy Council of Ireland, which shall be contained or published in any Gazette, Newspaper, Journal or Daily Accounts, other than the Dublin Gazette,	0	1	0
And for every Ten Lines which every such Advertisement, Proclamation, Order, or Act of State, shall contain, over and above the first Ten Lines (so each Line to exceed 20 or 24 of the Letter called Long Primer, or two Lines and three-quarters of an Inch), a further Duty of	0	2	6
And if such Advertisement shall be printed in Lines exceeding such Length as aforesaid, then a Duty, in all Cases, equal to Treble the Amount of the foregoing Duties.			
For each and every Day during any Fair in Ireland, for which any Person licensed to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Mead, or Honey, by Retail, shall be duly authorized by a Magistrate to sell such Spirituous or other Liquors in any Hat, Tent or Booth, or in any Street, Road or Open Place, at such Fair,	1	0	0

SCHEDULE (B.)

ALLOWANCES.

To any Person who shall bring Vellum, Parchment or Paper, to the Head Office of the Commissioners of Stamps in Dublin to be stamped, or who shall buy any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, at the said Head Office, the Duties whereof respectively shall amount to 20s. or upwards (less and except Vellum, Parchment and Paper, to be stamped with any Duty of 20s. or upwards, and less and except Hat Stamps) after the Rate of 1s. 6s. for every 100s. upon prompt Payment of the said Duty upon such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, so brought or stamped.

To any Person who shall bring any Hat Lining or Paper to the Head Office of the Commissioners of Stamps in Dublin to be stamped for Hats, or who shall buy at the said Head Office, or from any Distributor of Stamps in Ireland, any Hat Lining or Paper, with Stamps thereon for Hats, the Duties whereof respectively shall amount to 4s. or upwards, after the Rate of 2s. for every 100s. upon prompt Payment of the said Duty upon the said Hat Lining, or Paper so brought or stamped.

To Stationers and Shopkeepers who shall purchase Stamps for Receipts to the Amount at one and the same time of 5l. or under of their making as Charge to the Public for the Paper Stamped for Receipts, but actually and lawfully being the same for the Price of the Stamp only, 7s. 6s. for every 100s. of the Amount of the Duty on such Stamps for Receipts; and so in proportion for any greater or less Sum, not under the Sum of 5l. This Allowance being over and above the Allowance on the prompt Payment of the Stamp Duties to the Amount of 20s. and upwards.

C A P. LXXVII.

An Act for imposing additional Duties on certain Species of Wood imported into Great Britain. [15th June 1810.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that additional Duties of Customs should be imposed on the Importation into Great Britain of certain Species of Wood: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there shall be generally and respectively such, levied, collected and paid to and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for and upon the

Additional Duty as aforesaid to be imposed thereon.

the following Articles: *Wool, Balts, Bannes and Bannes Ends, Chop Boards, Oak Boards, Piling Boards, Pipe Boards, Washboard Boards, Deals and Deal Ends, Fir Wood, Fir Quarters, Headpieces, Lark Wood, Males, Yards and Equipages, Oak Plank, Oars, Spars, Staves, Fir Timber, Oak Timber, Ulcers and Washboard Logs, of whatever Description the same may respectively be, which shall be imported or brought into Great Britain from Parts beyond the Seas, additional permanent and temporary Duties of Customs, equal in Amount to the permanent and temporary Duties already payable upon the like Articles, as the said Duties are severally and respectively defined and set forth in Figures in the Schedule marked (A.) annexed to an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for regulating the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof, and in consideration of the additional Duties hereby imposed, those shall be paid or allowed upon the Exportation of such of the said Articles as are now entitled to Drawback additional Drawbacks equal in Amount to what are already allowed by the said second Act, upon Articles of the like Description exported from Great Britain, and which Drawbacks are also respectively defined and set forth in Figures in the said Schedule marked (A.) annexed to the said second Act.**

40 G. 3. c. 19.

Provisions.
Drawbacks.

Commencement of additional Duties.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take effect, with respect to the additional Duties of Customs imposed on Fir Timber, Deals, Deal Ends, Bannes, Bannes Ends, Boards and Oak Plank, from and after the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and with respect to the other Articles on which additional Duties are also by this Act imposed, the same shall commence and take effect from and after the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ten: Provided always, that the said additional Duties shall be charged and shall be payable on any of the said Articles, which having been warehoused or otherwise secured under the Authority of any Act of Parliament without Payment of Duty, which shall be taken out of any such Warehouse or Place whereas the same shall have been lodged or secured for the Purpose of being shod or consumed in Great Britain after the said Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or the said Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ten, as the Case may apply to the said Articles, notwithstanding the same may have been imported into Great Britain on or before the said Days respectively.

Continuance of temporary Duties.

III. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said additional Duties of Customs hereby imposed as fall under the Title and Description of temporary Duties, shall be paid and payable during the Continuance of the present War, and for Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.

Proviso for Articles imported from certain Ports.

For Deals.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to charge any of the said Articles with the additional Duties hereby imposed which shall be imported directly from any British Colony, Plantation or Settlement in Africa or America, or which shall be imported by the actual Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies; nor to charge with the additional Duties hereby imposed, any Deals above Seven Inches in Width, being Eight Feet in Length, and not above Ten Feet in Length, and not exceeding One Inch and a Half in Thickness, nor any Fir Timber being Eight Inches Square, and not exceeding Ten Inches Square, being the Growth of Norway, and imported directly from thence.

Duties levied by Bond.

41 G. 3. c. 182.

Duties under Commissioners of Customs.

V. And be it further enacted, That the additional Duties hereby imposed upon the Importation of the said several Species of Wood shall and may be secured by Bond under the Regulations of an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain to be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty.*

VI. And be it further enacted, That such of the said Duties as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being, and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland for the time being.

How Duties and Drawbacks levied and allowed.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties shall be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid, recovered, appropriated and applied, and the said Drawbacks shall be allowed, in such and the like manner as any Duties and Drawbacks of Customs of a like Nature are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid, recovered, appropriated and allowed, and order and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures now in force, in relation to or made for levying the Revenue of Customs in Great Britain; and all Powers, Penalties, Fines or Forfeitures, for any Offence whatever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, made for levying the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall be in full Force and Effect as to the said Duties and Drawbacks as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if they were at large repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

Duties to be appropriated and to what.

42 G. 3. c. 48.

Proviso for Commodities already paid.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Monies from time to time arising from the said Duties, the necessary Charges of raising and according for the same respectively excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties imposed by the said second Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty are directed to be appropriated and applied.

IX. And whereas Orders may have been made for the Sale of Wood, prior to the passing of this Act: Be it therefore enacted, That in all Cases where any Wood whereas the respective Duties by this Act imposed shall be charged, shall be delivered in possession of such Contractor or Sale, it shall be lawful for the Dealer or Dealer in such Wood delivering the same, to charge to such Money as shall be equivalent to the Duties by this Act imposed in respect thereof, in addition to the Price of such Wood, and such Dealer or Dealers shall be entitled by virtue of this Act to demand and be paid the same accordingly.

X. And

X. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed, during the present Session of Parliament. Abroad, &c.

C A P. LXXVIII.

An Act to repeal an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for suppressing Intemperance, and preventing the Disturbance of the Publick Peace in Ireland.

[15th June 1810.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *47 G. 3. c. 25. 1*
An Act to suppress Intemperance, and prevent the Disturbance of the Publick Peace in Ireland; And
 whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be repealed; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most
 Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons,
 in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and immediately after the
 passing of this Act, the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year aforesaid shall be and the same is hereby
 repealed, except only so far as relates to any Proceedings had under the said Act at any time before the passing
 of this present Act. repealed.

C A P. LXXIX.

An Act for regulating the Continuance of Licences for distilling Spirits from Sugar in the Lowlands of Scotland.

[15th June 1810.]

WHEREAS Doubts have arisen whether, under and by virtue of an Act passed in the Forty eighth
 Year of His present Majesty's Reign, Licences granted for Distillations from Sugar, at whatever
 Period of the Year the same were granted, should not be held to refer to and be in force from the Tenth
 Day of November immediately preceding the Date of such Licences respectively; And whereas it is expe-
 dient that all Licences for Distillation from Sugar should take effect from a certain Day in each Year,
 and remain to be in force for and during a fixed Period of Time; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most
 Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and
 Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That each and every
 Licence granted or to be granted for the Purpose aforesaid, between the First Day of December One thou-
 sand eight hundred and eight, and the First Day of December next ensuing, shall be deemed and construed to
 have taken effect, and shall take effect from the Day of the Date of such Licence or Licences respectively,
 and the same shall more and be in force from the Date thereof, until the said First Day of December next
 ensuing; any thing in the said Licences contained to the contrary notwithstanding. 48 G. 3. c. 118.

Licences granted
between Dec. 1,
1808, and
Dec. 1, follow-
ing.

Licences to distil
Spirits from
Sugar in the
Lowlands.

47 G. 3. c. 118.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said First Day of December next ensuing, every
 Licence to be granted to any Distiller or Distillers in the Lowlands of Scotland, for the making or distilling
 of Spirits from Sugar for Home Consumption, shall commence and take effect from the First Day of December
 in each Year, and shall be in Force and Effect for and during any Period of Time, in which, by or
 under the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament, passed or to be passed, the Distillation of Spirits
 from Corn or Grain in Great Britain shall be prohibited, not exceeding the Space of One Year from every
 such First Day of December: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for any licensed Dis-
 tiller or Distillers in the Lowlands of Scotland to deliver up to the Commissioners of Excise, or to the
 proper Supervisor or Surveyor of the District, his or their Licence to be renewed or altered, on the Tenth
 and Condition, and at the time, and in like manner as immediately before the passing of an Act of the
 Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits*
from Corn or Grain for a limited Time, made by any Act or Acts of Parliament that in force directed, for
renewing or altering Licences granted for the making or distilling of Spirits from Corn or Grain for Home
Consumption in the said Lowlands; any thing herein or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament contained
to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. LXXX.

An Act for reviving and further continuing until the Twentieth fifth Day of March One thousand
 eight hundred and eleven, several Laws for allowing the Importation of certain Fish from New-
 foundland and the Coast of Labrador, and of certain Fish from Parts of the Coast of His Majesty's
 North American Colonies, and for granting Bounties thereon. [15th June 1810.]

47 G. 3. c. 24. continued 48 G. 3. c. 20. § 3. revised and continued till March 25, 1811.—
 § 1. 49 G. 3. c. 25. revised and continued till March 25, 1811.—§ 2.

C A P. LXXXI.

An Act to continue until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, certain Acts for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the Fees, Gravamina, Perquisites and Emoluments received in several Public Offices in Ireland, to examine into any Abuses which may exist in the same, and also the Mode of receiving, collecting, issuing and accounting for Public Money in Ireland. [15th June 1810.]

49 G. 3. c. 108.

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act for appointing, until the Fifth Day of August, One thousand eight hundred and four, Commissioners to enquire into the Fees, Gravamina, Perquisites and Emoluments, which are or have been lately received in the several Public Offices in Ireland, to examine into any Abuses which may exist in the same; and into the proper Mode of receiving, collecting, issuing and accounting for Public Money in Ireland;* and the said recited Act has by certain Acts, made in the Forty fifth, Forty seventh and Forty sixth Years of His present Majesty's Reign been continued with Amendments, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and ten: And whereas it is expedient that the said recited Act of the Forty fourth Year, as amended by the said other recited Acts, should be continued in manner hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act of the Forty fourth Year aforesaid, as amended by the said other recited Acts, shall be and the said Acts are hereby farther continued until and upon the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Treaty of the
last may this
2nd, See Pay-
ment of Clerks,
&c.

II. And he it further enacted, That a Bill and may be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, or the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and required to insert, and cause to be inserted over and above the Sums mentioned in the said recited Acts of the Forty fourth, Forty seventh and Forty sixth Years aforesaid, a further Sum of Money not exceeding Two thousand Pounds, to each Person or Persons as the Commissioners under the said recited Acts, or any Three or more of them, shall, by Writing under their Hands, desire or demand, out of any Part of the Publick Moneys remaining in His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland; which Sums to stand and paid shall be employed for the Payment of Clerks, Messengers, and other Officers, and in defraying all other necessary Charges in or about the Execution of the Powers of the said recited Act, and the Act, and in such manner and in such Proportions as shall be appointed by the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, by Writing under their Hands and Seals in that Behalf, and that such Sums shall be accounted for by the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be issued or paid according to the Course of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, without any Fees or other Charges to be taken or demanded for the issuing or Payment of the same on the passing of the said Actments, other than such Sums as the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, shall approve.

C A P. LXXXII.

An Act to amend the Laws relative to the Sale of Flax Seed and Hemp Seed in Ireland. [15th June 1810.]

[15th June 1810.]

FOR the Prevention of fraudulent Practices in respect of Flax Seed and Hemp Seed sold in Ireland for sowing: Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Person or Person shall be brought in Ireland, whereby to charge any Person to answer Damages for having, at any time after the passing of this Act, sold, offered, mixed, led or disguised Flax Seed or Hemp Seed, or Flax Seed or Hemp Seed sold for sowing, unless the Warranty on which such Flax Seed or Hemp Seed, or some Memorandum or Note thereof, shall have been Writing signed by the Party to be charged therewith, or by some other Person therewith by law lawfully authorized; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend to any Act or Suit relating to any Flax Seed or Hemp Seed sold in any smaller Quantity than Two Bushels.

Confidence in
which Affidavits
for selling un-
ground Flax Seed,
&c. will be
brought

C A P. LXXXIII.

An Act to repeal several Acts respecting the Woollen Manufacture, and for indemnifying Persons liable to any Penalty for having acted contrary thereto. [15th June 1810.]

[15th June 1810.]

WHEREAS certain Acts heretofore made for regulating and controlling the Manufacture in the making, filling and exporting of Woollen Cloth, which, from a Change of Circumstances, are become unnecessary, and if enforced would be injurious to the Public: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the First Year of the Reign of His Majesty King Richard the Third, intitled, *The Laxing and Breach of Cloths, and the Order of dyeing them and Wools, the Antiquary, and other Acts to may feel (a)*; an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King Henry the Eighth, intitled, *An Act that White Wool and Cloths of Fine Merks and under may be carried over the Sea aforesaid*; an Act passed in

11. 2. c. 4.

11. 8. c. 6.

(a) [Repealed, 49 G. 3. c. 209 § 1.]

the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His said Majesty King Henry the Eighth, intitled, *For Cloths* &c. as of 10 s. and not above, and intitled *Clubs of 10 s. and not above*, is carried over the Sea and Land and others; an Act made in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His said Majesty King Henry the Eighth, intitled, *An Explication of a certain Statute touching the Shipping of Cloths*, shall be and the same be hereby repealed; and every Part or Part thereof in any Particular, Penalty or Punishment for any thing done contrary to any of the Provisions in any of the said Acts, is hereby intimated from the same.

27 H. 8. c. 13.

20 H. 8. c. 18.

repeal'd.

C A P. LXXXIV.

An Act for augmenting Parochial Pews, in certain Cities in Scotland. [15th June 1810.]

WHEREAS by an Act of the Parliament of Scotland, made in the Year One thousand five hundred and thirty three, intitled, *About the Rate and Price of Tithes*; and by another Act of the Parliament of Scotland, made in the One Year One thousand five hundred and thirty three, intitled, *Concerning the Valuation of Tithes and tithing, relieving the Valuations of the same already made, and other Particulars therein contained*, it was Statuted, ordained and declared, that all Heritors and Life-renters of Lands in Scotland should be obliged to have the Tithes or Tithes of their Lands valued at certain fixed Rates, to be paid for the same in all time to come; And whereas in many Parishes in Scotland where the Stipends of the Parochial Ministers are payable out of the Tithes or Tithes in consequence of the Depreciation of the Value of Money, the Stipends of such Parochial Ministers have become inadequate to their Support and Maintenance, and on account of the Valuations of Tithes which have taken Place, so much that out of which future Augmentations of such Stipends can be granted: And whereas in several Parishes where the Stipends of the Parochial Ministers are payable out of Funds and Revenues separate and distinct from the Tithes, such Stipends have likewise become inadequate to the Support and Maintenance of the Ministers thereof, and so much that out of which such Stipends can be augmented: And whereas it is expedient that means should be provided for augmenting the Stipends of such of such Ministers as aforesaid, to a yearly Amount or Value of One hundred and Fifty Pounds Sterling, and it appears that an annual Sum not exceeding Ten thousand Pounds Sterling will be sufficient to carry these Purposes into Effect: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, there shall every Year be in and apart appropriated to the Hands of His Majesty's Receiver General and Paymaster in Scotland, out of the Publick Revenues and Money received and collected by him, an annual Sum, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, to answer the Purposes of this Act, to be applied in manner hereafter expressed.

Scotch Act.

10000l. yearly to be paid in the Hands of His Majesty's Receiver General in Scotland.

II. And whereas further enacted, That as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, the Clerks in the different Parishes within Scotland, shall make up Accounts of the different Parishes within each Parochy, the Stipends of which Parishes do not exceed in their yearly Amount or Value to the Sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds Sterling, and which cannot be augmented to that Extent under the Laws at present in force, either by reason of the Tithes of such Parishes being already valued, or for other want of Funds out of which such Augmentations could be made, or where, from the small Amount or Value of the unvalued Tithes it has been deemed expedient to bring Actions of Augmentations; which Accounts shall specify the Amount of such such Stipend in Money, Grass, or other Articles in which the same is payable, and the Rate at which such Grass or other Articles, if not in use to be paid in Kind are answerable into Money, and if it is to be paid in Kind, the Value thereof on an Average of the last Nine Years preceding the passing of this Act, and the Period when such Stipend was last augmented, and if any unvalued Tithes remain, specifying the Amount or Value thereof as far as the same can be ascertained, and the said Accounts shall be transmitted to the Tithes Clerk or principal Clerk to the Lords of Council and Session, as Commissioners for Fixation of Tithes and Valuations of Tithes appointed by an Act of the Parliament of Scotland in One thousand seven hundred and seven.

Clerks of Parishes to make up Accounts of Parishes made 1-50.

Particulars of Stipends specified.

Scotch Act.

III. And be it enacted, That when and as soon as the Accounts shall be received from the Clerks to the different Parishes in manner before mentioned, the same shall, upon the Application of any of the Ministers intitled, or of the Procurator for the Church on Behalf of the whole, be taken into Consideration by the Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners as aforesaid, and a List or Schedule shall thereupon be made up under their Direction and Authority, of all such Stipends which from the Causes aforesaid cannot be augmented to the annual Amount or Value of One hundred and fifty Pounds, under the Laws at present in force, specifying the Amount of such Stipend in Money, Grass, or other Articles in which the same is payable, and the Rate at which such Grass and other Articles, if not in use to be paid in Kind, are answerable into Money, or if it is to be paid in Kind, the Value thereof on an Average of the last Nine Years preceding the passing of this Act, and of the Sum necessary to augment such such Stipend, including as aforesaid annual Amount or Value to the annual Amount or Value of One hundred and fifty Pounds Sterling: Provided that the said Augmentations shall not exceed in the whole the annual Sum of Ten thousand Pounds Sterling; and in such List or Schedule it shall and may be lawful to the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid, to specify these Causes in which in their Opinion the Tithes should be fully established before any Relief or Augmentation should be granted under the Authority of this Act.

Lists of Stipends to be taken into Consideration. Lists of such such Stipends and Augmentations to be made.

Proviso.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful in those Cases where the present Stipend does not amount to One hundred and fifty Pounds, and where the unvalued Tithes will not be sufficient to augment it to an Amount beyond One hundred and fifty Pounds, and where the Commissioners

Power of Commissioners to value and consider into such such Stipends.

of Opinion that the Tithes should be in the full Instance exhibited for each Minister whose Case shall be specified as aforesaid, forthwith to initiate a Process of Modification and Augmentation for obtaining the Remainder of such unexhausted Tithes; and that it shall be lawful for the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid, as near as may be the Whole of such unexhausted Tithes as soon as the Court of such Sheriffs shall admit, any thing as an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reige, intituled, *An Act for defining and regulating the Powers of the Commission of Tithes, in augmenting and modifying the Stipends of the Clergy of Scotland, or in any other Act or Acts, to the contrary contained in any writ or writs.*

Let of Synods
See in each
Parish, &c.

V. And be it enacted, That the List or Schedule to be made up as aforesaid, shall, under the Directions of the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid, be forthwith printed, and a Copy thereof shall first by their Clerk to each Minister whose Stipend shall have been included in the Accounts transmitted from the Presbyteries to the said Tithes Clerk, or Principal Clerk of the said Lords of Council and Session, as Commissioners aforesaid, in manner before mentioned, and a Copy to the Clerk of each Presbytery within Scotland, who shall thereupon give Notice to each Minister of the Receipt of such printed Copy of the aforesaid List or Schedule.

To what rule
Ministers may
apply in Enlarging
Stipend.

VI. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for every Minister of the Presbytery whose Stipend shall not be specified in the said List or Schedule, but whose Stipend should in virtue of this Act have been so specified thereon, to make a Representation to the Presbytery of the Bounds, shewing why his Stipend should be so specified, and for every Minister whose Stipend shall be specified in the said List or Schedule to protest Objections therein, if he shall see cause, to such Presbytery of the Bounds; and it shall be lawful to each Presbytery, and such Presbytery is hereby required to take such Representations and Objections into Consideration, and to report their Opinion upon such List or Schedule as the same may appear to them, to the said Lords of Council and Session, as Commissioners aforesaid: Provided always, that such Report shall be made by each Presbytery, and transmitted by the Clerk of such Presbytery to the Tithes Clerk, or Principal Clerk of the said Lords of Council and Session, as Commissioners aforesaid, within six Calendar Months next after the said List or Schedule shall have been received by the Clerk of such Presbytery.

Presbyteries to
report thereon.

Ministers may
produce Evidence
in Support of
Tithes.

VII. And be it enacted, That if any Minister shall think himself aggrieved by any Report made by or Proceedings of any Presbytery in the Matters aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to such Minister to protest his Petition to the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid, setting the Grounds of his Objections or Complaint to the President, and the said Lords of Council and Session, as Commissioners aforesaid, shall order such Petition to be taken into Consideration in a summary way, and direct the same to be answered, or otherwise; and shall determine in the Matter of such Objection or Complaint as early as the Circumstances of the Case will permit; and such Determination shall be final and conclusive, and not subject to any Appeal to the House of Lords.

List of Stipends
to be made
& recorded Copy of
aforesaid List
To be Deposited
in the
Liberary
Presbytery in which
the Payment of Stipend
is made.

VIII. And be it enacted, That the said Lords of Council and Session, as Commissioners aforesaid, shall, with all convenient Dispatch after such Reports shall have been received from the Presbyteries as aforesaid, take the same with the Documents that may have been given on any Petition as aforesaid, and the List or Schedule formerly prepared by them into Consideration, and shall cause the said List or Schedule, or make such Alterations thereon as to them shall seem just and expedient, and shall sign and date the same, and after it shall have been so signed and settled shall order the same to be recorded in their Books.

IX. And be it enacted, That the said Tithes Clerk or Clerk to the Lords of Council and Session, as Commissioners aforesaid, shall forthwith make out an Extract or certified Copy of the said recorded List or Schedule, and transmit the same to the Bursar of His Majesty's Exchequer in Scotland, who shall appoint the same to be also forthwith recorded in their Books; and shall thereupon issue a Precept or Warrant, addressed to His Majesty's said Receiver General and Paymaster in Scotland, to each of the Ministers of the respective Parishes mentioned in such List or Schedule for Payment to such Minister, of the annual Sum, which according to such List or Schedule is necessary for augmenting his Stipend to the annual Amount or Value of One hundred and fifty Pounds, to be paid to him at the Terms or Times hereafter directed during his Incumbency in the Parish mentioned in such Precept or Warrant, and shall cause such Precept or Warrant to be transmitted to the Minister therein mentioned.

In what rule
Commissioners to
prepare Lists,
order there to be
made, &c.

X. And be it enacted, That as soon as the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid, shall have decided in any Process or Process for obtaining the Remainder of any unexhausted Tithes in manner heretofore directed, and shall thereupon, or upon any other Ground, have determined with respect to the Stipend or Stipends of any Minister or Ministers which ought to be augmented under the Authority of this Act, and shall have also assigned the Sum necessary for augmenting each such Stipend to the annual Amount or Value of One hundred and fifty Pounds, the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid shall cause a List or Schedule of such Stipend or Stipends to be made out in manner as heretofore directed, specifying the Sum necessary for augmenting each such Stipend to the annual Sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds; and such List or Schedule shall be recorded in the Books of the Tithes Court, and an Extract or certified Copy thereof shall be made out in manner heretofore directed, and shall be transmitted to the Bursar of Exchequer, who shall cause the same to be also recorded in these Books, and shall also issue their Precept or Warrant, addressed to His Majesty's said Receiver General and Paymaster in Scotland, to each of the Ministers of the respective Parishes mentioned in such List or Schedule, for Payment to such Minister of the annual Sum which according to such List or Schedule is necessary for augmenting his Stipend to the annual Amount or Value of One hundred and fifty Pounds, to be paid to him at the Terms or Times hereafter directed, during his Incumbency, in the Parish mentioned in such Precept or Warrant, and shall cause such Precept or Warrant to be transmitted to the Minister therein mentioned.

Warrants for
Payment, &c.

XI. And he it enacted, That the Augmentations by this Act granted out of the Fund before mentioned shall be payable by Two Half-yearly Payments as the Terms of *Willsford* and *Alchester* in each Year; and the First Half-yearly Payment thereof shall be due and payable for the Half-year immediately preceding the Term of *Willsford* last; and the same shall be so expended as the Precepts or Warrants to be issued by the Baron of Exchequer in manner herebefore directed; and as the First Term of *Willsford* or *Alchester* after the passing of this Act, or so soon thereafter as the Amount of the respective Augmentations shall be fixed and settled, the said Receiver General and Paymaster shall be and he is hereby required to pay to the Minister mentioned in such Precept or Warrant as herebefore directed to be issued, or to any Person or Persons duly authorized to that Effect by such Minister, the Half-yearly Payments that may be due and payable to such Minister at the Time, subject to Deduction for the First Year, in manner hereafter mentioned; and at every subsequent Term of *Willsford* or *Alchester* thereafter, the said Receiver General and Paymaster shall be and he is hereby required to pay to such Minister, or Person or Persons authorized as aforesaid, the Half-yearly Payment or Payments that may be due to such Minister at the time.

XII. And he it enacted, That out of the First Year's Augmentation granted to such Ministers as aforesaid, and payable by virtue of this Act, the said Receiver General and Paymaster shall be and he is hereby authorized and required to deduct and retain the Sum of One Shilling in the Pound Sterling, of the Sum payable to each of such Ministers as aforesaid, to be applied in manner hereafter directed, but such Deductions shall be made only from the Augmentation payable for the First Year under this Act, and so such Deductions shall be made from the Augmentations payable for any subsequent Year.

XIII. And he it enacted, That the Lord Lords of Council and Scrives as Comptrollers aforesaid, shall cause to be made up an Account of the Expenses incurred, and of the Recompense to be made to the Persons employed under the Authority of this Act, for their Labour and Trouble in the Matters aforesaid, and shall specify in such Account the Persons to whom such Expenses and Recompense shall be paid, and the Sum payable to each Person, not exceeding as the Whole the Amount of the Deductions of One Shilling in the Pound, to be retained by the said Receiver General and Paymaster in manner before mentioned, and shall certify the same to the said Baron of Exchequer; and the said Baron of Exchequer shall from time to time issue their Warrants upon the said Receiver General and Paymaster, for Payment to the Persons specified in such Account, or to their Order, of the several Sums of Money therein specified.

XIV. And he it further enacted, That when the Minister of any Church or Parish whose Stipend shall have been specified in any List or Schedule herebefore directed to be prepared by the said Lords of Council and Scrives, as Comptrollers aforesaid, shall die or be removed from the Charge of his Church or Parish, his Successor in such Church or Parish, if no Precept or Warrant had been granted to his Predecessor, shall be entitled to take all such Steps as regard to the obtaining of such Precept or Warrant as would have been competent to his Predecessor, but shall be not be hereby bound and obliged to account for and pay to his Predecessor, or to the Executors or personal Representatives of his Predecessor, whatever Part of the Augmentations granted under the Authority of this Act shall be due to such Predecessor, or to the Executors or personal Representatives of such Predecessor respectively; and if such Precept or Warrant had previously been granted, the Minister succeeding to such Church or Parish shall be entitled to apply to the said Baron of Exchequer to be put in the Place and Stead of the Minister so dying or being removed as aforesaid, with respect to future Payments under this Act, in the manner hereafter mentioned; and the said Baron of Exchequer upon being satisfied that the Minister so applying has succeeded to the Church or Parish of the Minister so dying or being removed as aforesaid, shall forthwith issue a Precept or Warrant to the said Receiver General and Paymaster in favour of the Minister so applying for Payment to him of the Sums which were payable to the former Minister of such Church or Parish at the Terms or Times herebefore directed, during his Incumbency in the Church or Parish mentioned in such Precept or Warrant, and shall cause such Precept or Warrant to be transmitted to the Minister therein mentioned; and the Sums therein mentioned shall be payable and be paid upon such Precept or Warrant by the said Receiver General and Paymaster to the Minister mentioned therein, or to any Person or Persons duly authorized to that Effect, at the Term or Terms, and so manner herebefore directed; and so on, in like manner as the Case shall happen, with respect to all the Ministers who shall succeed to any Church or Parish, the Bishop of which shall be referred to any such List or Schedule as aforesaid.

XV. Provided always, and he it enacted, That the Rights and Interests of the respective Ministers who may be entitled to the Augmentations to be granted under the Authority of this Act, shall, in case of their Death or Removal, cease and determine at the same Terms of *Willsford* or *Alchester*, and in the same manner, as the Rights and Interests of the Clergy of *Swindon* in their other Stipends cease and determine by the Law of *Swindon*; and that in like manner the Rights and Interests of their Successors to the said Augmentations to be granted under the Authority of this Act, shall commence at the Terms of *Willsford* or *Alchester* immediately preceding those Advantages to their respective Churches or Parishes, in the like manner as the Rights and Interests of the Clergy of *Swindon* to their other Stipends, do commence by the Law of *Swindon*.

XVI. Provided also, and he it enacted, That the Executors or personal Representatives of the Ministers decaying, whose Stipends shall be augmented under the Authority of this Act, and the Executors or personal Representatives of their Successors, shall be entitled to draw One Half-yearly Money of the Augmentations to be granted under the Authority of this Act, in Name of *dos*, over and above the Stipends that may have been due to the Ministers decaying, in the like manner as is directed by the Law of *Swindon* with respect to the other Stipend of the Clergy of *Swindon*; and the Baron of His Majesty's Exchequer shall grant Precepts or Warrants to His Majesty's said Receiver General and Paymaster, for Payment of the said Half-yearly Money in Name of *dos*, to such having Right thereto by the Law of *Swindon*, upon their Receipt, and this without the Necessity of any Confirmation or other Title to be made up in that behalf.

Augmentations under this Act shall only be distributed to the Clergy of *Swindon*.

Out of the First Year's Augmentation to be paid to the Ministers as aforesaid.

To be applied in paying Expenses incurred by the Ministers as aforesaid.

In case of Death or Removal, Successors shall not be bound to account for and pay to their Predecessors, or to their Executors or personal Representatives, whatever Part of the Augmentations granted under this Act shall be due to such Predecessors, or to their Executors or personal Representatives.

How and to what use, Rights of Ministers as Augmentations to be made.

Executors may draw One Half-yearly Money of the Augmentations to be granted under the Authority of this Act, in Name of *dos*.

Appropriation
not paid during
Vacancies

XVII. And be it enacted, That when the Pastoral Charge is any of the Churches or Parishes the Stipends of which shall be appropriated as heretofore mentioned, shall at any time hereafter become vacant, the several Sums heretofore directed to be appropriated for augmenting such Stipends respectively, shall not during any such Vacancy (comprising only with regard to the Half-yearly Ministry in Name of *Salus*, destined to be paid as heretofore specified), be applicable to the Purposes to which vacant Stipends in Scotland are at present by Law applicable; nor shall they in any such case be liable to be applied to the Disposal of the Pastors of such vacant Parishes, or of the Bishops of His Majesty's Exchequer or Parishes of which His Majesty is Patron, or of the Bishops of *Archiepiscopate* or *Gloucester*, which have or claim to have a Right by Law to dispose of the vacant Stipends within their Bounds.

Expenses applied
to the Disposal
of the Pastors of
the Churches of
Scotland, &c.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in the Event of every Vacancy occurring in the Parishes in which the Pastoral Stipends shall have been appropriated under the Authority of this Act, the several Sums heretofore directed to be appropriated for augmenting the Stipends heretofore directed, shall, after Payment of the *Act* in manner before directed, during any Vacancy in any of the said Churches or Parishes, be payable and be paid to the Trustees appointed by the Act of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for the better raising and securing a Fund for a Provision for the Widows and Children of the Ministers of the Church of Scotland, and of the Bishops, Prebends, and Masters in the Universities of Saint Andrews, Glasgow, Edinburgh and Aberdeen; and for repealing Two Acts made in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, for single Purposes*, or to their General Collector, to be applied by the said Trustees in the way they shall judge most expedient and effectual for securing a permanent Addition to the Annuities provided to the Widows therein mentioned, in all time coming.

The Bishops of
Scotland to
discharge the
Expenses of
the Pastors of
Ireland

XIX. And be it enacted, That when any such Vacancy shall occur, the said Bishops of Exchequer shall, upon the Application of the said Trustees or their General Collector, issue their Precept or Warrant to the said Receiver General and Paymaster, for Payment to the said Trustees or their General Collector, as aforesaid, of the whole Amount of the Sums directed to be appropriated under the Authority of this Act in Augmentations of the Stipend of the said vacant Church or Parish, at the same Term or Terms at which vacant Stipends are at present by the Law of Scotland payable to Pastors and others having Interest therein.

Expenses paid
for the Ministry
in Ireland

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said General Collector, under the Authority and by the Directions of the said Trustees, and according to such Regulations as they shall judge expedient, to lend out at Interest, on sufficient Security, the several Sums hereby appointed to be paid to the said Trustees or their General Collector by the said Receiver General and Paymaster, as aforesaid, from time to time, for the Purpose of procuring a permanent Fund, in addition to the Annuities before mentioned, established under the Authority of the said recited Act of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.

Payments
allowed to the
said Trustees

XXI. And be it enacted, That all Payments to be made by the said Receiver General and Paymaster, of the several Sums of Money heretofore directed to be paid by him to the several Parishes and for the several Purposes heretofore mentioned, upon the Receipts of their legally attested or authenticated receipts the said, shall be allowed in his Accounts.

Receipts, &c.
from the
said Trustees

XXII. And be it enacted, That the several Precepts or Warrants to be issued in manner before mentioned, and the Receipts to be granted for the Sums of Money payable as heretofore directed, shall not be liable to any Stamp Duty.

Receipts
to be paid, &c.

XXIII. And be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit, or make or give to be forged or counterfeited, any such Precept or Warrant, or Precept or Warrant as aforesaid, or any Signature or Signatures thereto, or any written Faculty or Mandate, for receiving any Sum or Sums of Money made payable under the Authority of this Act, or any Signature or Signatures thereto, or any Receipt or Receipts granted on Payment of such Sums of Money as aforesaid, or Signature or Signatures thereto, and shall also the same with an Intent to defraud the said Receiver General and Paymaster or his Secretary, in Office, or any Person or Persons entitled to any Sum or Sums of Money payable under the Authority of this Act, then every Person so offending and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be punished as Persons guilty of the Crime of Forgery are liable to be punished by the Law of Scotland.

Penalties

Fines

XXIV. And be it enacted, That no Fees or Expenses whatsoever shall be charged by or paid to any Clerks or Officers of the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid, or of the said Bishops of Exchequer, or of the said Receiver General and Paymaster, or any Clerk or Officer employed by or under him, save and except the Expenses and Recompence for the First Year, to be ascertained in the Account of the same, to be made up and paid in manner before directed.

Commissions
of the said Act,
may give Direction
to the Receiver
General of the
said Church

XXV. And be it enacted, That the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid, and the said Bishops of Exchequer, shall and may from time to time give such Directions for the Regulation of their respective Clerks and Officers employed, or that may be employed to carry this Act into Execution, whose special Duties are not hereby given relative to the same, as to the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid, and to the Bishops of Exchequer shall seem fit and expedient.

C A P. LXXXV.

An Act to regulate the taking of Securities in all Offices, in respect of which Security ought to be given; and for avoiding the Grant of all such Offices, in the Event of such Security not being given within a Time to be limited after the Grant of such Office. (15th Nov 1810.)

WHEREAS it is highly expedient that Provisions should be made, for preventing any Negligence, Careless or Irregularity, in the giving of due Securities by all Persons employed in Stations of Public Trust, and concerned in the Receipt and Disbursement or Expediture of Publick Money, who are required to give Security to account for Publick Moneys coming to their Hands; and for securing the Trust of any Society or Societies of any such Person; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person who shall, after the passing of this Act, be appointed to any Office or Employment, or Commission, Civil or Military, in any Publick Department belonging to that Part of the United Kingdom called England, or to any such Office or Employment of Publick Trust under the Crown, or wherein he shall be concerned in the Collection, Receipt, Disbursement or Expediture of any Publick Moneys, and who by reason thereof shall be required to give Security with Society or Societies or otherwise, shall, within One Month after Notice of such Appointment, if he shall then be in England, or within Two Months if he shall then be in Scotland or Ireland, or within Six Months if he shall then be in any other Part of Europe or in America or in the West Indies, or within Nine Months if he shall then be in Africa, or within Eighteen Months if he shall then be in the East Indies or in any other Part of Asia, or within Ten Months if he shall then be on the High Seas, (which he shall sooner arrive in England or Wales, or Scotland or Ireland, and then within Two Months after such Arrival) give, execute and enter into a Bond or Bonds or other Security or Securities, in such Sum, and with such sufficient Society or Societies as shall be approved of by the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury or any Three or more of them, or by the principal Officer or Officers or Person or Persons in the Office or Department to which he shall be appointed, for the due Performance of the Trust reposed in him, and for the duly accounting for all Publick Moneys entrusted to him or placed under his Control.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Person who, before the passing of this Act, shall have been appointed to and shall hold any Office or Employment, or Commission Civil or Military, in any Publick Department belonging to that Part of the United Kingdom called England, or any such Office or Employment of Publick Trust under the Crown, or wherein he shall be concerned in the Collection, Receipt, Disbursement or Expediture of Publick Moneys, and who by reason thereof shall have been or shall be required to give Security with Society or Societies or otherwise, and who shall not before now give such Security, shall, within One Month after the passing of this Act, if such Person shall then be in England or Wales, within Two Months if he shall then be in Scotland, or within Three Months if he shall then be in Ireland, or within Six Months if he shall then be in any other Part of Europe or in the West Indies or America, or within Nine Months if he shall then be in Africa, or within Eighteen Months if he shall then be in the East Indies or in any other Part of Asia, or within Ten Months if he shall then be on the High Seas (which he shall sooner arrive in England, Wales or Scotland or Ireland, and then within Two Months after such Arrival) give and execute and enter into a Bond or Bonds or other Security or Securities, in such Sum of Money and with such sufficient Society or Societies as shall be approved by the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury or any Three or more of them, or by the principal Officer or Officers of the Office or Department to which he belongs, for the due Performance of the Trust reposed in him, and for the duly accounting for all the Publick Moneys entrusted to him or placed under his Control.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Person who, by reason of his Appointment to or holding of any Office or Employment or Commission Civil or Military, in any Publick Department in England or of Publick Trust under the Crown, or who, by reason of being concerned in the Collection, Receipt, Disbursement or Expediture of any Publick Moneys, shall, before the passing of this Act, have given or executed or entered into, or shall hereafter give or execute or enter into any Bond or Bonds or other Security or Securities for the due Performance of the Trust reposed in him, or for the duly accounting for Moneys entrusted to him, shall cause a Memorial of such Bond or Bonds, or Security or Securities, to be register'd with the Register of the County of Middlesex in manner hereafter expressed; and every such Memorial shall, as to all Bonds and Securities entered into before the passing of this Act, be returned, if the Person or Persons by or for whom the same shall have been entered into, shall reside or be in Great Britain, within Four Months after the passing of this Act, and if in Ireland within Three Months, and if in any other Part of Europe or in the West Indies or America within Twelve Months, and if in Africa within Eighteen Months, and if in the East Indies or in any other Part of Asia within Eighteen Months, and if on the High Seas within Twelve Months (which he shall sooner arrive in England or Wales, Scotland or Ireland, and then within Two Months after such Arrival) specified after the passing of this Act, and as to all such Bonds and Securities to be entered into after the passing of this Act, such Memorials shall be register'd within the like Periods respectively after entering into the same, according to the Place or Country in which the Person appointed shall be at the time of giving, executing or entering into such Bond or other Security as aforesaid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every such Person required by this Act to register any such Memorial as aforesaid, shall produce or cause to be produced by his Agent or some Person acting on his Behalf, to the Officer or other Person with whom he shall have entered into such Bond or Bonds or other Security or Securities, shall have been or is to be deposited, a Memorial of such Bond or Bonds or other Security or Securities signed by himself, containing

30 Geo. III.

Q

118

To be signed and
delivered to
Perse,

and afterwards
filed in the
Register Office
for Histories.
7 Ann. c. 12.

Condition of
Registers to be
kept.

Registering to
give Security
and register
Memorials.

Penalty.

Penalty for
false entries.

Penalty retained.

Registering to
give Notice of
Death of
Partners.

Penalty.

Registering to
give such
Security.

Penalty.

the Credits and Debits, and Additions and Places of Abode of himself and of his Sureties, if any, and the several Sums in which they are respectively bound, together with the Date or respective Dates of the said Bond or Bonds, or other Security or Securities, and the Substance of the Conditions or Conditions thereof; and the Officer or Person to whom such Memorial shall be so produced, if the same appears to him to be correct, shall sign and deliver such Memorial to the Person producing the same.

V. And be it further enacted, That every such Memorial, after the same shall have been so produced, signed and redelivered as aforesaid, shall, within the next ensuing Periods hereinafter limited for registering the same, be produced and left with the Register or Master of the Register Office for the County of Middlesex, established under an Act passed in the Seventh Year of His late Majesty Queen Anne, to be filed in the said Publick Register Office, together with an Affidavit sworn before some Person empowered by Law to administer an Oath, that such Memorial was duly signed by the Officer or Person with whom the Security was deposited.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Register or Master shall make an Entry, and likewise, if required, shall give a Certificate in Writing under his Hand, sealed by Two credible Witnesses, of every such Memorial brought to him to be registered as aforesaid, and therein shall mention the certain Day on which such Memorial shall be so registered or entered, expelling also in what Book, Page or Number the same is entered; And, for the Purpose of entering or registering Memorials under the Provisions of this Act as aforesaid, the Register or Master shall provide a separate Register Book, and every Page of such Register Book, and every Memorial that shall be entered therein, shall be numbered, and the Day of the Month and Year when every such Memorial is registered shall be entered in the Margin of the said Register Books and in the Margins of the said Memorials; and that every such Register or Master shall keep a separate Alphabetical Calendar of the Names of the Principals and Sureties mentioned in such Memorials, with References to the Book, Page or Number where the Memorials containing such Names are to be found; and such Register or Master shall duly file every such Memorial in Order of Time as the same shall be brought to the said Office, and enter and register the said Memorials in the same Order as in which they shall respectively come to his Hands.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person who by reason of his Appointment to or holding of any such Office or Employment or Commission Civil or Military, or any Publick Department or of Publick Trust, or who by reason of being concerned in the Collection, Receipt, Disbursement or Expenditure of any Publick Money is required or bound to give any such Security, or register any such Memorial as aforesaid, shall neglect to give such Security and to cause such Memorial thereof to be duly registered in manner aforesaid, and within the Period specified in this Act, he shall forfeit and be deprived of the Appointment, Office, Employment or Commission, in respect whereof such Security ought to have been given and Memorial registered as aforesaid, and every such Appointment, Office, Employment or Commission, shall, from and after the Period specified in this Act for registering such Memorial be wholly void and of none Effect: Provided always, that such Appointment shall not annul or make void any Act or Order, or other Matter or Thing, done by such Person during the time he actually held such Appointment, Office, Employment or Commission: Provided always, that no such Forfeiture shall take place by reason of any such Memorial not being registered under this Act, in which the proper Summs shall have been given and Memorial made out, and where the Failure of Register shall have arisen from the Loss of such Memorial in the transmitting thereof from beyond the Sea; Provided that in every such Case a new Memorial specifying the Reason of such Delay, shall be made out and signed and registered within the like Period, after the Person giving such Security shall have received Notice of the Loss, regard being had to the Place where he shall then be, as is required by this Act for the Registering thereof if such Loss had not arisen: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty so remit any such Forfeiture, in any Case in which any Failure of registering any such Memorial shall not have arisen from any Neglect or Omission of the Person bound to register the same.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Person as aforesaid, who shall have given any Bond or Bonds, or other Security or Securities, with Surety or Sureties for the due Execution of the Trust imposed in him, or for the duly accounting for Publick Monies coming to his Hands, shall give Notice in Writing to One of the Secretaries of His Majesty's Treasury, or to the Head of the Office or Department to which he shall belong, of the Death of any Surety or Sureties or Person or Persons bound for or with him in any such Security or Securities, within One Calendar Month after the same shall have come to his Knowledge, if he shall reside or be in Great Britain, or within Four Months if in Ireland, or within Six Months if in any other Part of Europe, or in any Colony or Possession in the West Indies or America, or within Nine Months if in Africa, or within Twelve Months if in India or in any other Part of Asia, or within Ten Months if he shall be on the High Seas (unless he shall sooner arrive in England, Wales, Scotland or Ireland, and then within Two Months after such Arrival); and any Person who shall neglect to give such Notice within such Period as aforesaid shall forfeit One fourth Part of the Sums for which the Surety in deed shall have given Security, to the Use of His Majesty, to be recovered in any of the Courts at Westminster, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, at the Suit of His Majesty's Attorney General; and every such Person who shall upon the Death of any Surety neglect to give the Security of another Surety, as he approved in such manner as such Surety dying was approved, within such Period from his having Notice of such Death, and to register a Memorial of the Security of such new Surety within such Period from his having given the Security of such new Surety, as are herein respectively limited for giving and registering the original Security, the same Regard being had to the Place in which such Person may then be, shall forfeit his Appointment, Office, Employment or Commission, in like manner, and under and subject to such Provisions as aforesaid.

C A P. LXXXVI.

An Act to amend Two Acts passed in the Thirty ninth and Forty third Years of His present Majesty, for regulating the Manner in which the *East India Company* shall hire and take up Ships.

[15th June 1810.]

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for regulating the Manner in which the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies shall hire and take up Ships for their regular Service*; it is enacted, That from and after the passing of that Act, the said United Company or their Court of Directors should employ as their regular Service no Ships but such as should be contracted for to serve the said Company as they should best Oseeise to employ them in Trade and Warfare, or any other Service, for Six Voyages to and from India or China, or elsewhere within the Limits of the said United Company's exclusive Trade, in manner in the said Act mentioned; which Act was explained and amended by an Act of Parliament passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty: And whereas it is expedient that the Court of Directors of the said United Company should be empowered to hire and take up for their regular Service, Ships already engaged or heretofore to be engaged in the Service of the said United Company, in the manner provided by either of the said Acts, for the further Service of the said United Company, and also that they should be empowered to take up by private Contract, Ships engaged in His Majesty's Transport or other Service, to carry Convicts, or Stores to *New South Wales*, the *Cape of Good Hope* or *Cyprus*, for the Purpose of bringing Home Cargoes from *China* or *India* for One Voyage only: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, as in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Court of Directors of the said United Company, by Publick Advertisement, to hire and take up for the regular Service of the said United Company for such Number of Voyages to and from *India* or *China*, or elsewhere within the Limits of the exclusive Trade of the said United Company, as the said Court of Directors shall see fit, beyond and after the Performance of the Number of Voyages for which any such Ship or Vessel respectively have been or shall be contracted to serve the said Company, Provided that such Ship or Ships shall be fit or can be repaired and made fit to serve the said Company for such additional Voyage or Voyages: Provided always, that the Freight to be paid for any such Ship or Ships to be taken up for any additional Voyage or Voyages, to be performed after the Expiration of the Number of Voyages for which such Ship or Ships respectively shall have been contracted for to serve the said Company, shall not exceed the Rate of Freight paid for such Ships respectively under the last Contracts respectively by which they shall have been engaged in the Service of the said United Company, unless the Average Rate of Freight to be paid for the Ships of a similar Description, which shall have been taken up to serve the said Company for Six Voyages at least, in consequence of the Advertisement under which any Ship or Ships shall have been taken up to serve the said Company for Six Voyages at least, which shall have been published last immediately before such Contract for an additional Voyage or additional Voyages shall be entered into respectively, shall exceed such Rate, as in such Case the Freight to be paid for Ships to perform any additional Voyage or Voyages may be extended to the said Average Rate of Freight, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided also, that in all Cases of Ships taken up under the Authority of this Act, all the Provisions and Directions contained in the said several Acts shall be observed to and performed in the like manner as in the said several Acts are mentioned and directed, so far as they shall be applicable to the Case.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court of Directors of the said United Company from time to time to hire and take up by private Contract without advertising, any Ship or Ships engaged in His Majesty's Transport or other Service to carry Convicts or Stores to *New South Wales*, the *Cape of Good Hope* or *Cyprus*, for the Purpose of bringing home Cargoes from *China* or *India*, at such Rate of Freight and Demurrage as they shall judge to be reasonable, so as as such Ship shall be hired or taken up for more than One Voyage.

C A P. LXXXVII.

An Act to amend Two Acts, relating to the raising Men for the Service of the *East India Company* and the Quartering and Billeting such Men; and to Trials by Regimental Courts Martial.

[15th June 1810.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the better raising of the Forces of the East India Company*; And whereas an Act passed in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for passing by the East India Company Officers and Soldiers in the Service of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies; and for the Payment of Officers appointed in the East Indies or at the Island of Saint Helena*: And whereas it would tend to the more speedy recruiting of the Forces of the said India Company, if Men were permitted to enlist for a limited time in the Service of the said Company, without engaging to serve in His Majesty's Forces; and provided that in such Case be made for Quartering and Billeting the Men so raised: And whereas it is also expedient that the Provisions of the said recited Act of His late Majesty King George the Second, as to Trials by Regimental Courts Martial, should be extended in relation to the Members and Witnesses being sworn, as now required to such Trials in His Majesty's Regular Forces: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the

Fading Men
Specified in
the Act of 1795,
in consequence of
the Extension
of the
Act.

Authority of the force, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to order and cause such of His Officers as be slain for us, to levy, enlist and raise such Number of Men, either for Life or limited Service, as His Majesty shall from time to time think fit, not exceeding the Number of Men specified in the said recited Act of the thirty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty aforesaid, for the special Purpose of serving in the *East India* in the Forces of the said United Company only; and the Recruits to be raised for such special Purpose, instead of taking the Oath of Fidelity appointed to be taken by the said recited Act of the Thirty ninth Year aforesaid, or by any Act in force for the Parliament of Great Britain and the Colonies, shall take the Oath specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A.); and instead of the Oath so the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (B.); which Oaths shall be administered by all Justices of the Peace and Magistrates before whom any such Recruits shall be carried forth. The mode of being attested, and the Certificate given upon such Attestations, shall be as the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (C.).

To be subject to
Military Law, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Soldiers enlisted into the Service of the said United Company of Merchants, shall be trained and disciplined, and subject to such Commands and Regulations, and in all things and until their Discharge be fully to all the Provisions of any Act in force for the Parliament of Great Britain and the Colonies; and the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, and after their Discharge, to the Provisions of the said recited Act of the Twenty seventh Year aforesaid, as like manner as is prescribed in the said recited Act of the Twenty ninth Year aforesaid; and all the Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Clauses, Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, contained and prescribed in the said recited Act of the Thirty ninth Year aforesaid, shall stand and be in full Force as to all Soldiers enlisted under and after the passing of this Act into the Service of the said United Company of Merchants, as fully and effectually, as if the same were severally and separately repeated and re-enacted in this Act and made Part thereof.

Former Acts re-
lating to military
troops, &c.

III. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Clauses, Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, and Penalties and Forfeitures, contained and prescribed in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force for the time being, in relation to the quartering and billeting and providing of, and Allowances in respect of such quartering and billeting of Soldiers and Officers in His Majesty's Service, and to the providing of Carriages for the Use of Soldiers and Officers, and after the passing of this Act, extend to all Soldiers enlisted for or transferred into the Service of the said United Company of Merchants, as fully and effectually as if the same were severally and separately repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and made Part thereof; any thing to the said Act of the Thirty ninth Year aforesaid, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Men engaged
for 12 Years, &c.

IV. And whereas it is expedient to allow Men to enlist in the Service of the said United Company for Twelve Years: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person enlisting for limited Service in the Service of the said United Company, to enlist for Twelve Years, if at the Time of such enlisting he shall be of the Age of Eighteen Years and upwards, and if he shall be under Eighteen Years of Age, then for such further Period beyond Twelve Years as shall be equal to the Difference between Eighteen Years and the Age of the Person so enlisting.

Proviso for re-
enlisting.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Persons who shall have been enlisted for limited Service in the Forces of the said United Company, after the Expiration of the first Period for which they shall have been severally enlisted, to re-enlist for such further Period as shall be allowed and appointed by any Order of the Governor General in Council in Bengal.

Local Militia
Men may enlist.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person ballotted or enrolled to serve or forswear in the Local Militia, to enlist or enter into the Service of the United Company of Merchants trading to the *East India*, in like Manner and at such Times as any such Person might or may enlist or enter into His Majesty's Regular Forces.

His Majesty may
enlist Troops by
General Warrant.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Regimental and Garrison and other Courts Martial which shall be held for the Trial of any Officers committed by the Troops in the Service of the said United Company, shall have full Power, and are hereby authorized and required to take and administer such Oaths, and to proceed in such manner in the Trial of Officers, as His Majesty shall from time to time think fit to order and direct.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

I. A. B. being enlisted to serve in the [Infantry or Artillery, as the Case may be] of the *East India* Company, I do swear, That I will bear true Allegiance to our Sovereign Lord King George, and that I will, as is Duty bound, defend him in his Person, Crown and Dignity, against all his Enemies; and I swear, that I will be true to the said United Company, and will duly observe and obey all their Orders, and the Orders of their Generals and Officers who shall be lawfully set over me.

SCHEDULE (B.)

I. A. B. do make Oath, That I am [or, have been, as the Case may be] [of the *Company*, if any, as set out in the Act] and to the best of my Knowledge and Belief was born in, [the County, Parish or Place, &c.] and that I am of the Age of _____ Years; that I do not belong to the Militia or to any Regiment in His Majesty's Service, or to His Majesty's Navy or Marines; and that I will serve the United Company

pany of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies until I shall be duly and legally discharged, [or, if the Resent shall for limited Service, then leave me discharged fixed under, and before] for the Period of Twelve Years, [if the Part's sailing is in the Month of August, Three or upwards, but Twelve Months Years, then the Difference between his Age and Eighteen is to be added to each Twelve Years, or the Age in 18, and each Period to be adjusted instead of Twelve Years] provided the said United Company should for long require my Services.

SCHEDULE (C.)

I, **One of His Majesty's Judges of the Peace of**
 [or, Chief Magistrate of] do hereby certify That
 appeared to be
 Completion, Years old, Eyes, Hair, came before me at
 on the Day of and stated himself to be of the Age of
 Years, and that he had no Rupture, and was not troubled with Fits, and was
 so ways disabled, by Lameness, Deafness, or otherwise, but had the perfect Use of his Limbs and Hearing,
 and was not an Apprentice; and acknowledged that he had voluntarily entered himself for the Service of
 to serve the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and
 did engage to serve for the Period of [the Term to be fixed up by the Magistrate, either until
 discharge, or for Years, as in the preceding Form of sailing]; and I do hereby certify, That in my Presence
 the Third and Fourth Articles of the Second Section and First Article of the Sixth Section of the Articles of
 War against Mutiny and Desertion were read over to him, and he took the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the
 Act of the Fifteenth Year of His present Majesty, and also the Oath above set forth, and that he received the
 Sum of _____ on being attested; and that I have given to the said
 a Duplicate of this Certificate signed with my Name.

C A P. LXXXVIII.

An Act to make Provisions for a limited Time respecting certain Grants of Offices.

[15th June 1810.]

WHEREAS on account of certain Proceedings depending in Parliament, it is expedient to establish the
 Provisions hereinafter mentioned respecting certain Grants of Offices for a limited Time; And it
 therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords
 Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the
 same, That from and after the passing of this Act until the First Day of February One thousand eight hun-
 dred and twelve, no Publick Office, Place or Employment, shall be granted in Reversion, or for Joint Lives
 with Benefit of Survivorship, or for Two or more Lives in Succession, by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors,
 or by any Board or Department of Government; and that during the time aforesaid no Office, Place or Em-
 ployment, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Common Law or Equity, shall be so granted, save as hereinafter
 is excepted.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Grant or Appointment which may hereafter be made contrary to the
 true Intent and Meaning of this Act, shall be to all Intents and Purposes void; and that all Salary and Emoluments
 received in consequence of such Grant or Appointment shall and may be recovered by Information at the Suit of His
 Majesty's Attorney General at the Court of Exchequer, to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors;
 Provided, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to make void any Grant of any Office, Place or Em-
 ployment, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Law, which shall be made by any Chief Judge, Officers or Officers of any
 such Court being such Chief Judge, Officers or Officers at the time of passing this Act; or to make void any Grant
 of any Office, Place or Employment, in any such Courts which shall hereafter be made by any other Person or
 Persons having at the time of passing this Act the Right of granting any such Office, Place or Employment, if
 such Office, Place or Employment, was vacant at the time of passing this Act, or which shall be made by any
 other Officer or Officers of the said Courts not being such at the time of passing this Act, but becoming such
 by virtue of Appointments hereafter made by the Persons respectively who at the time of passing this Act are
 the Chief Judges, Officers or Officers of such Courts: Provided that nothing herein contained shall extend or be
 construed to extend, to two or more void and effectual, any Grants hereafter to be made by any such
 Chief Judge, Officers, or other Persons as aforesaid, of Offices in Reversion, or for Joint Lives with Benefit
 of Survivorship, or for Two or more Lives in Succession, which Offices had not before been granted in Rever-
 sion, or for Joint Lives with Benefit of Survivorship, or for Two or more Lives in Succession; nor to make
 good any Grants which such Judges, Officers or Officers, or other Persons respectively would not have been
 entitled by Law to make, if this Act had not passed: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall be con-
 strued to make void any Grants of any Office, Place or Employment, in any of His Majesty's Courts of
 Law which shall be granted by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in Reversion or for Joint Lives with
 Benefit of Survivorship, or for Two or more Lives in Succession, upon the Request or Recommendation of the
 Chief Judges or Officers of His Majesty's said Courts, being such at the time of passing this Act, and which
 Offices, Places or Employments, have been heretofore so granted upon such Request or Recommendation:
 Provided also, that this Act shall not be taken to prohibit the Appointment of Attorneys and Solicitors to the
 Parochial Clergy of Justices.

Encl Feb. 1,
 1812, no Par-
 tial Office shall
 be granted in
 Reversion, &c.

Grants void.

How the Grants
 of Offices
 Courts of Law
 excepted.

Proth the Ap-
 pointment of At-
 torneys and Soli-
 citors in Clergy
 of Justices.

C A P.

C A P. LXXXIX.

An Act for defraying, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of Ireland; and for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace. [15th June 1810.]

WHEREAS it is necessary that Provision should be made for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, for One Year, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for every County, County of a City or Town in Ireland, where the Militia is or shall be raised, the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland shall issue and pay out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland the whole Sum required, in the manner and for the several Uses hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say) for the Pay of the said Militia at the Rate of Six Shillings per Day for each Adjutant, Paymaster and Surgeon respectively, where an Adjutant, Paymaster or Surgeon is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Six pence per Day for each Sergeant, resident at the Head Quarters of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, with the Addition of Two Shillings and Six pence per Day for each Sergeant Major and Quarter Master Sergeant, where a Sergeant Major and Quarter Master Sergeant are appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling per Day for each Drummer, to resident as aforesaid, with the Addition of Six pence per Day for each Drum Major, where a Drum Major is appointed; and as the Rate of One Shilling per Day for each Piper so resident as aforesaid; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Two pence per Day for each Corporal so resident as aforesaid; and also at the Rate of Four pence per Month for each Private Man and Drumsman, for defraying the contingent Expenses of each Regiment and Battalion of Militia; One Penny whereof shall be applied for defraying the Hospital Expenses of each Regiment or Battalion during the Time of the Men being from Home upon account of their several Exercises; and also for the Clothing of the Militia for each County, after the Rate of Three Pounds and Ten Shillings for each Regiment, and Two Pounds for each Drumsman, with the Addition of One Pound for each Sergeant Major and each Drum Major; and at the Rate of Two Pounds for each Corporal, when such Sergeants, Drummers, Sergeant Majors, Drum Majors and Corporals have not been clothed within Two Years; and with respect to the Private Militia Men, at the Rate of One Pound Twelve Shillings for each Private Militia Man, when such Private Militia Men have not been clothed within Four Years: Provided always, that where any Sergeant, Corporal or Drumsman, shall be absent on Furlough or Licence, such Sergeant, Corporal or Drumsman, shall, during such Absence, receive the Rates of Pay following: (that is to say) every Sergeant the Sum of One Shilling, every Corporal the Sum of Eight pence, and every Drumsman the Sum of Six pence per Day respectively, and no more; and it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to direct that any such Pay shall be taken time to time issued by the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, for any Period not exceeding Four Months from the time when such Advances shall be made.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case the Colonel, or in his Absence from the Kingdom, the Commanding Officer of any Regiment or Battalion of Militia shall certify in Writing, to the Paymaster of the time, that he hath discharged any Sergeant, Corporal or Drumsman, in such Case no Pay shall be issued for such Sergeant, Corporal or Drumsman, until another be duly appointed.

III. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governor, at a General Meeting to be held for any County, County of a City or Town in Ireland, shall have fixed the Days of Exercise for the Militia, the Colonel or Commanding Officer shall, as soon as may be, certify the same to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, specifying the Number of Men and the Number of Days such Men are to be absent from Home on account of such Exercise, not exceeding in the Whole Twenty eight Days, and the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland are hereby required within Fourteen Days after the Receipt of such Certificate, to issue and pay out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, at the Rate of Ten Shillings per Day for the Captains of each Company, at the Rate of Five Shillings and Eight pence per Day for each Lieutenant, and of Four Shillings and Eight pence per Day for each Ensign, at the Rate of Five Shillings and Eight pence per Day for each Quarter Master, at the Rate of Seven Shillings and Six pence per Day for each Assistant Surgeon, and also at the Rate of One Shilling per Day for each Private Militia Man, for any Number of Days not exceeding Twenty eight, during which such Men shall be absent from Home on account of their Attendance at such Piece of several Exercises.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money granted for the Pay, Clothing and Contingent Expenses of the said Militia as aforesaid, and the Allowances to Adjutants and Sergeants of the said Militia shall be issued and paid by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, under the Direction of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the time being, who is and are hereby empowered to issue such Regulations as he or they may deem it expedient to adopt from time to time in that behalf.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That when any Regiment or Battalion of Militia is or shall be embodied, or called out into actual Service, and thereby the Officers and Private Militia Men are or shall be entitled to the same Pay as the Officers and Private Men in His Majesty's other Regiments of Foot, all Pay as aforesaid, shall, during such time of actual Service, and until such Regiment or Battalion shall be disembodied and return Home, cease and not be paid.

VI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That no Tax or Gratiuity whatsoever shall be given or paid for or

upon account of any Warrant or Sum of Money which shall be issued in relation to or in pursuance of this Act.

VII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That any Person being an Half Pay, or being entitled to any Allowance, as having served in any or either of the Two Troops of Horse Guards, or Regiment of Horse reduced, and having in the Militia, shall and may, and he is hereby empowered, to receive and take the Subsidious Money by this Act devised to be paid to Captains, Lieutenants or Ensigns; and the receiving and taking such Subsidious Money by any such Captain, Lieutenant or Ensign, shall not be deemed a receiving or taking Pay, so as in any manner to prevent such Person as Half Pay, or being entitled to any such Allowance, from receiving his Half Pay, or such Allowance; and such Person shall take the following Oath before some Justice of the Peace, who is hereby empowered to administer the same.

* I, A. B. do swear, that I had not between the _____ and the _____
 * _____ any Place or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, _____
 * besides my Allowance of Half Pay as reduced _____
 * _____ or Allowance as _____
 * Horse Guards or _____ Regiment of Horse reduced, save and except my Subsidious _____
 * as an Officer, for serving in the Militia in the County of _____ * So help me GOD."

And taking the said Oath shall be sufficient to entitle such Person to receive his Half Pay, or the said Allowance, without making any other Oath; any Law, Usage or Custom, to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, as soon as they shall receive a Warrant under the Hand of the Chancellor or Commanding Officer of the respective Regiments or Battalions of the Militia of Ireland, certifying the Receipt of the Clothing, which Certificate shall specify the Number of Sergeants, Corporals, Drummers and Private Men for whom the same shall have been supplied, and an Order from the said Colonel or Commanding Officer for Money due as account thereof, payable to the Person or Persons who furnished the said Clothing, shall pay the Sum mentioned in such Order to the Person or Persons entitled to receive the same, Provided the said Clothing shall not exceed the Allowance therein specified; and such Warrant and Order, together with the Receipt of the Person receiving the said Money, shall be a sufficient Voucher to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland for such Payment.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Hire or Cost of any Hoofs or Paces in which the Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing, or other Stores belonging to any Regiment or Battalion of Militia in Ireland shall be kept when not embodied, shall be defrayed by the County, and the necessary Sum for that Purpose shall be raised by Proclamation of the Grand Jury of the said County, and which Proclamation the Grand Jury of the County is hereby authorized and required to make, on a Certificate signed by the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or Chief Justice or Governor of Ireland for the time being, and specifying the Cattle so hired or to be hired or to be repaired or to be repaired, and the Rent agreed to be paid for the same; which Certificate shall be transmitted by such Chief Secretary to the Clerk of the Crown for each County, at any time prior to the Fifth Day of the Affairs for each County, or if in the County or County of the City of Dublin, then prior to the Fifth Day of the presenting Term: Provided, that in any Case any greater Rent than Forty Penns Irish Currency shall be proposed by such Grand Jury for the annual Rent of such Place, or a greater Rent than Two hundred Penns Irish Currency shall be required for building such Hoofs: Provided also, that the Grand Jurors of such Counties shall be entitled to purchase Ground for building and erecting such Hoofs, in the same manner as they are now by Law entitled to purchase Grounds for building County Gaols.

X. And whereas Persons appointed to act as Adjutants and Sergeants in the Militia may by Age or Infirmary, be rendered incapable of doing the Duty thereof, and it is expedient that some Provision should be made for them in consideration of their former Services, Be it enacted, That if any Adjutant or Sergeant of the said Militia, who shall have served faithfully either in His Majesty's Regular Forces or in the said Militia, for the full Term of Twenty Years in the Whole, Ten of which he shall have served as an Adjutant or Sergeant of Militia, shall have been by Age or Infirmary, rendered unfit for further Service, he shall, on producing to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland a Certificate of such Service of Twenty Years as aforesaid, from the Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Battalion of Militia to which he belongs, be entitled to receive, and the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland shall be and they are hereby authorized and required to pay to such Person producing such Certificate as aforesaid, an Allowance at the Rate of Six Shillings per Diem: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid, who shall have served for a less Term than Ten Years in the Militia, or who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty.

XI. And whereas it is expedient to make some Addition to the Pay of certain Subaltern Officers, and to Quarter Masters and Assistant Sergeants of the Militia Forces of Ireland during Peace, under certain Regulations; Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the date hereinafter expressed in the said Act, certain annual Allowances, over and above the Pay to which during Peace they are now entitled, shall for the future be allowed and paid to such Subaltern Officers, Quarter Masters and Assistant Sergeants to the Amount, under the Restrictions, and in the manner hereinafter expressed; (that is to say) to every Colonel of the said Militia, who shall have at any time previous to the Expiration of Four Months from the passing of an Act of the full Session of Parliament, entitled, An Act for decreasing, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of Ireland; for holding Courts Martial as Sergeant Majors, Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, for Offences committed during the Time that Militia shall

Person as Half Pay, for serving in Militia, to take Oath.

Oath.

Treasury in Ireland, to receive the Money for the Clothing, &c.

How Expenses of Place for the Building Arms and Hoofs to be repaid.

Proviso.

Proviso.

In what case Adjutants and Sergeants entitled to Allowance.

Article 11. to show in Schedule how Officers may draw Money from Militia.

40 G. 3. c. 85.

and

not embodied; and for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace, here appointed to a Commission in the said Militia, or who previous to the Expiration of Four Months from the passing of this Act, shall be appointed to a Commission, and who shall have continued faithfully to serve in the Line Corps, until the disembodiment thereof, the Sum of Twenty five Pounds per Annum shall be allowed a full year over and above the Pay to which they may be by Law entitled during Peace, and over and above any Deductions of any Kind, or for any Purpose whatsoever; and to every Quarter Master and Assistant Surgeon respectively, a like Allowance of Twenty five Pounds per Annum, in the manner hereafter mentioned.

Envoies.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person who is or shall at any time hereafter become possessed of such an Estate or Income, as would by Law entitle him to hold a Captain's Commission in the Militia of a County at large in Ireland, or who is or shall be at any time hereafter appointed Adjutant or Paymaster in any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, nor any Person deriving in any way whatsoever, otherwise than as a Subaltern, Quarter Master or Assistant Surgeon of the said Militia, any Income, Stipend or Allowance whatsoever from the Publick, nor any Office on the Full or Half Pay of the Navy, Army or Marines, who shall also hold a Subaltern's Commission in the said Militia, shall have or be in any way entitled to the said annual Allowance or any Part or Share thereof; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any Act notwithstanding.

Subalterns claiming Allowances to take Oath.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That every Subaltern Officer, Quarter Master and Assistant Surgeon of the Militia of Ireland, who shall claim under the Authority of this Act to receive any such Annual Allowance, shall, previous to receiving the same, and in order to entitle himself thereto, solemnly take and subscribe an Oath before some one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, or County of a City, or County of a Town or Borough, to which the Regiment or Battalion in which he serves shall belong, in the Words or to the Effect following, (to-wit) [

I, *A. B. do swear*, That I am serving as a Subaltern Officer, (Quarter Master, or Assistant Surgeon, or as the *Captain may be*) in the Regiment or Battalion of the Militia of Ireland; and that I am not in any way entitled, or in Right of my Wife, nor have been since the disembodiment of the said Regiment or Battalion, in the actual Possession and Enjoyment or Receipt of the Rents and Profits of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, of such an annual Value above Repairs, as would qualify me to hold a Captain's Commission in the Militia of a County at large in Ireland; and that I am not, nor have been since the disembodiment of the said Regiment or Battalion, an Adjutant or Paymaster in any Regiment or Battalion of the Militia of Ireland; that I do not hold or enjoy, nor have held or enjoyed, nor claim nor has any Person for me held or enjoyed, or held or enjoyed since the disembodiment of the said Regiment or Battalion, any Office or Income whatsoever from the Publick; and that I am not entitled either to the Full or Half Pay of the Navy, Army, or Marines, nor have been since the disembodiment of the said Regiment or Battalion. * So help me GOD."

Adjutors to certify on Oaths to Collectors of Excise.

Which Oath, is taken and subscribed, shall be by the said Justice forthwith certified and transmitted, and is hereby required to certify and transmit the same to the Collector of Excise of the District in which the County, County of a City, or County of a Town shall be situate, to which such Regiment or Battalion of Militia in which such Subaltern Officer, Quarter Master or Assistant Surgeon shall be then serving shall belong, to be by him filed and preserved for the Purposes hereafter mentioned.

Subalterns to attend on Excise.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every Subaltern Officer, Quarter Master or Assistant Surgeon of the said Militia who shall be entitled, or claim to be entitled in the Exercise of this Act, shall regularly attend the annual Exercise and Training of the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs, during the Whole of the Twenty eight Days by Law required for that Purpose, and shall, during that time, punctually do and perform his Duty as a Subaltern Officer, Quarter Master or Assistant Surgeon of such Regiment or Battalion, on pain of forfeiting the said annual Allowance, as well as the Rest of his Pay, and every Part thereof which may be due for the current Year in which he shall neglect or refuse to attend; and Certificates of his having so attended and performed his Duty, signed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, or Battalion to which he may belong, shall be transmitted by the said Commanding Officer to the Collector of Excise of the District in which the County, County of a City, or County of a Town is situate, to which such Regiment or Battalion in which such Subaltern Officer, Quarter Master or Assistant Surgeon is then serving shall belong; to be by the said Collector received previous to any such Subaltern Officer, Quarter Master or Assistant Surgeon being entitled to demand or receive the said annual Allowance, or any Part thereof; and in case any such Subaltern Officer, Quarter Master or Assistant Surgeon claiming to be entitled to such annual Allowance, shall be by his Commanding Officer permitted or suffered for any special Cause or unavoidable Necessity, to be absent during the Whole or any Part of his said annual Exercise, in which Cases he shall be liable for such Commanding Officer to grant such Leave of Absence; and for such Subaltern Officer, Quarter Master or Assistant Surgeon, who may be so permitted to be absent, to demand and receive the said annual Allowance, at every Part thereof, in like manner as if he had attended during the Whole of the annual Exercise) the Rules for such Absence, as well as the Duration thereof, shall be carefully and truly specified in the Certificate before mentioned, signed by the Commanding Officer, to be by him transmitted to the Collector of Excise of the District in which the County, County of a City or County of a Town, to which such Regiment or Battalion shall belong; situate, and to the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governour of the said County.

Penalty.

Conductors of Assessments related to Collectors of Excise.

Provision for Lower of the several Rates or Contributions.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, after the disembodiment thereof, at any time shall not be called on for the annual Exercise and Training thereof, every Subaltern Officer, Quarter Master and Assistant Surgeon belonging to any such Regiment or Battalion, and coming within the Description of this Act, who shall have taken the Oath herebefore mentioned,

Subalterns to attend on Excise.

respective, before any such Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, shall be entitled to the said annual Allowance, as if such Subaltern Officers, Quarter Masters or Assistant Surgeons had regularly attended the annual Exercise and Training of such Regiment or Battalion during the Whole of the Twenty eight Days by Law required for that Purpose, and as if a Certificate of such Attendance, signed by the Commanding Officer of such Regiment or Battalion, had been transmitted to the Collector of the Customs for the District in which such County, County of a City, or County of a Town to which such Regiment or Battalion shall belong is issued, according to the Directions of this Act; any thing contained in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That upon such Certificate as aforesaid of such Justice of the Peace and Commanding Officer as aforesaid, or where any Regiment or Battalion shall not have been called out to their annual Exercise as aforesaid, upon Certificate of any such Justice of the Peace only being produced to and reviewed by the respective Collectors, it shall and may be lawful for such Collectors, and they are hereby authorized and required to pay to the said Subaltern Officers, Quarter Masters and Assistant Surgeons, the annual Allowance above mentioned, in addition to their Pay, without any Deduction whatsoever, out of any Publick Moneys in their Hands; all which Moneys to be paid by such Collectors shall be allowed them in their Accounts; the Certificates before mentioned to be by them preferred and produced as Vouchers for the Payments from time to time made by them in pursuance of this Act.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers, Quarter Masters and Assistant Surgeons of the said Militia, entitled or claiming to be entitled to the Benefits of this Act, shall at all times be liable to serve in the respective Regiments or Battalions to which they belong, whenever the same shall be embodied or called out upon actual Service; and in case of Neglect or Refusal to attend when called upon, or in case any such Subaltern Officers, Quarter Master or Assistant Surgeon shall a Second time neglect or refuse to attend and perform his Duty at the annual Exercise as before directed, each and every such Subaltern Officer, Quarter Master or Assistant Surgeon shall forfeit his and their Claim to the said annual Allowance, and every Part thereof, in all cases to come, and shall also be considered as having resigned and vacated his and their Commission and Continuance in all Honours and Pensions whatsoever.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said several annual Allowances shall be paid to the Persons respectively entitled thereto, by the Collector, upon the Production of the before mentioned several Certificates as soon after the times of the annual Exercise and Training as may be convenient or practicable: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to prevent any Subaltern Officer entitled to the Benefit of this Act, from receiving the Pay allowed by Law for his Attendance at such annual Exercise as before mentioned, over and above the said annual Allowance: Provided also, that nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend, to enable any Subaltern Officer as aforesaid to the said annual Allowance, or any Part thereof, during the time the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs shall be embodied or called out on actual Service: Provided also, that this Act, and the Benefits and Allowances therein contained, shall extend, and be construed to extend, to the Quarter Master and Assistant Surgeon of each and every Regiment or Battalion respectively, and also to the respective Numbers of Subaltern Officers in each and every Regiment and Battalion hereinafter respectively specified and no more, that is to say, not exceeding Twenty Subaltern Officers in any Regiment consisting of Ten Companies; not exceeding Eighteen Subaltern Officers in any Regiment consisting of only Nine Companies; not exceeding Sixteen Subaltern Officers in any Regiment or Battalion consisting of only Seven Companies; and not exceeding Twelve Subaltern Officers in any Regiment or Battalion consisting of only Six Companies.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in case in any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, at the time of embodying thereof, there shall happen to be a greater Number of Subaltern Officers, exceeding within the Deficiency of this Act, than can be entitled to claim the Benefits thereof, within the true Intent and Meaning of the foregoing Proviso, the Senior Officers of such Number shall always be preferred, and shall be also entitled to demand and receive the before mentioned Allowances; and that the Junior Officers shall succeed to such Allowances in order as Vacancies may happen among the said Senior Officers from time to time.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Costs and Charges of Suit, and all Sums of Money to or for which any Person or Persons or any or any may be made answerable or liable, under or by virtue of this Act, shall be paid in Full Conveyance, and shall be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, wherein an Exigency, Wager of Law, Privilege or Protection, nor more than one Imparison shall be allowed.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts passed to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the Twenty fifth Day of December Next One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and so longer.

C A P. XC.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia and Local Militia in Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten. [15th June 1810.]

WHEREAS it is necessary that Provision should be made for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Regular Militia (when disembodied) and Local Militia in Great Britain, for One Year from the Twenty fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and nine: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, do Give Full Force and Effect unto the following Provisions, to wit:

Secretary at War
to alter the same
according to the
Pay of the Regu-
lar and Local Mi-
lita, according to
the Rules herein
mentioned.

and Comms, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in every County, Riding or Place in England, and in every County, Borough, City or Place in Scotland, where the Regular Militia or Local Militia is or shall be raised, the Secretary at War for the time being is hereby authorized and empowered, and required to cause to be issued and paid the whole Sum required for the Regular Militia (when disembodied) and Local Militia respectively, in the Manner and for the several Uses hereafter mentioned; that is to say) for the Pay of the said Regular Militia or Local Militia at the Rate of Eight Shillings a Day for each Adjutant, where an Adjutant is appointed; and at the Rate of Five Shillings a Day for each Quarter Master, where a Quarter Master is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Six pence a Day for each Sergeant resident at the Head Quarters of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, with the Addition of Two Shillings and Six pence a Week for each Sergeant Major, where a Sergeant Major is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Two pence a Day for each Corporal so resident as aforesaid; and at the Rate of One Shilling a Day for each Drummer so resident as aforesaid, with the Addition of Six pence a Day for each Drum Major, where a Drum Major is appointed; and also at the Rate of Four pence per Man for each Private Man and Drummer, so defraying the contingent Expenses of such Regiment, Battalions or Corps; and also for the Clothing of the Regular Militia (when disembodied) or Local Militia for such County, Riding, Stewartry, City or Place, at the Rate of Four Pounds Ten Shillings for each Sergeant Major, Two Pounds for each Corporal, Four Pounds One Shilling and Nine pence for each Drum Major, Three Pounds One Shilling and Nine pence for each Drummer, and One Pound Nineteen Shillings and Six pence for each Private Man; and that such Sergeant Major, Drum Major, Corporals and Drummers who may be retained on constant Pay and resident at Head Quarters, shall be clothed once in Two Years: Provided always, that when any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer shall be absent on Parollege or Licence, such Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer shall, during such Absence, receive Pay at the following Rates instead of those above mentioned; (that is to say) every Sergeant the Sum of One Shilling a Day, every Corporal the Sum of Eight pence per Day, and every Drummer the Sum of Six pence per Day respectively, and no more; and it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War to cause any such Pay to be from time to time issued in Advance, for any Period not exceeding Four Months from the time for which such Advances shall be made.

Sum of Pay to
be retained regu-
lar and Drumm-
ers on Parol-
lege.

Advances to
Regiments.

It And be it further enacted, That there shall be granted to the Sergeants of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Regular Militia when disembodied, and Local Militia, a Sum of Money in addition to his Pay, after the Rate of One Guinea for every One Hundred Men of each such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, for the Expense of necessary Medicines for the Sick Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, during the Period or Periods of Absence for annual Exercise or Training; and Six pence per Month for each of the Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers of any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps on constant Pay at Head Quarters, for the Expense of necessary Medicines and Attendance given to the Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers on constant Pay at Head Quarters, while such Regiment, Battalion or Corps are called out for annual Training and Exercise.

Quarter Master
of Battalion
Clerk or Base
Vice-Chief of
Army, &c. or
Assistant.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Quarter Master or Battalion Clerk to each Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia or Local Militia, shall have the Charge and Care of the Arms, Ammunition, Clothing, Needles, and other Stores under the Superintendance of the Colonel or Commandant; and shall, out of the Money hereby directed to be issued and paid for defraying the contingent Expenses of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, from time to time, issue out and pay such Sums of Money as may be necessary for the Repair of Arms, upon an Order in Writing signed by the Colonel or other Commandant, and allow Payment of such Sums as shall be drawn upon him by the Colonel or other Commandant as aforesaid, so that Three times in the Year make up Accounts of all such Money, and the Expensures thereof, and the Balance remaining in his Hands; which said Balance shall form a Stock Part for the Use of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and transfer the same to the Colonel or other Commandant of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to be by him examined, allowed and signed, and the said Accounts, so allowed and signed, shall be and are hereby directed to be the proper Vouchers and Receipts of such Quarter Master or Battalion Clerk, for the Application and Disposal of such Money.

Balance to form
a Stock Part
for the Use of
the Regiment,
&c.

Pay in Militia
where not exclu-
sively regulated.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Officers and Non-commissioned Officers and Private Men of the Regular Militia and Local Militia, when not drawn out and embodied, shall be entitled to the same Pay and Allowance as the Regular Militia when drawn out and embodied; Provided always, that the said Pay and Allowances shall only extend to such Period or Periods for which the said Regular Militia or Local Militia shall be called out for the Purpose of annual Exercise or Training, or when called out for performing Routs or Tournaments, exclusive of the Days of arriving at and Departure from, and marching to and from the Place appointed for Exercise; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Money for Pay
and Clothing in
Militia.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money granted for the Pay, Clothing, and contingent Expenses for the Regular Militia (when disembodied) and Local Militia as aforesaid, shall be issued and paid under the Direction of the Secretary at War, who is hereby empowered to alter such Regulations as he may deem it expedient to adapt, from time to time, in that behalf.

48 G. 3. c. 2.

30 G. 3. c. 7.

VI. And whereas in pursuance of an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act for increasing the Rate of Subsidies to be paid to Indentured and others in garrisoning Soldiers*, certain necessary Rates are allowed for the Payment of Indentured and others on whom Non-commissioned Officers and Private Soldiers may, by virtue of an Act passed also in the present Session of Parliament for purchasing Mutiny and Disorders; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, be granted in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, the Dominion of Wales and the Towns of Berwick upon Tweed: And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His pre-

That Majesty, intended, *As Act for amending the Laws relating to the Militia in England; and for augmenting the Militia; the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of the said Militia, who are called out to annual Exercises, are required to be quartered and billeted in Inns, Livery Stables, Ale-houses, and Victualling Houses, and all Houses of Publick Kings Tenants, Strong Houses, Cytors, Ware, or Merchants, by Statute.* Be it enacted, That the Inhabitants and others on whom the said Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of the Regular Militia (whose Allowances) or Local Militia shall be so quartered and billeted, shall be entitled to and receive the same Rates of Allowance for each Sergeant Major, Drums Major, Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer and Private Man so quartered and billeted upon them, during the Time of their sojourning aforesaid for Exercise as aforesaid, and under the same Rules and Regulations as such Inhabitants or others may see, by the above mentioned Act for the Relief of Inkeepers, deemed and received for the Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and private Soldiers of the Regular Infantry, in the respective Cases of their furnishing them with Diet and Small Beer, or supplying them in lieu thereof with the Articles specified in the said Act for procuring Money and Distraints, and the Secretary at War is hereby authorized and required to feed the necessary Funds to defray the Charge of the Allowance to be made to the said Inhabitants and others: Provided always, that each of the Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men who shall be furnished with Diet and Small Beer as aforesaid, shall contribute towards the Expence thereof, in the Proportion of his Pay and Beer Money, as it shall be constituted in the like Case by the Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Soldiers of the Regular Infantry.

VII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That any Person being on Naval or Military Half Pay, or being entitled to any Allowance as hereafter provided in any of His Majesty's Forces, or Navy or Marines, and serving in the Local Militia, shall and may, and he is hereby empowered, to receive and take the Subsidance Money by this Act directed to be paid to Field Officers, Captains, Lieutenants, Esquires, Adjutants, Quarter Masters, Sergeants; and the receiving and taking any such Subsidance Money by any such Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Esquire, Quarter Master, Sergeant, shall not be deemed receiving or taking of Pay in any Manner to prevent such Person from Half Pay, or being entitled to any such Allowance, inasmuch as his Half Pay or such Allowance; and such Person shall take the following Oath before some Justice of the Peace, who is hereby empowered to administer the same:

I A. B. do swear, That I had not between the and the
any Place or Employment of Peace, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides my Allowance of as His Majesty's Navy, (or in the Marines), (or, in
 Half Pay as a Reduced *), (or Allowance as*
last Regiment of *), (or Allowance as*
 last Troop of Horse Guards, (or, *Regiment of Horse reduced), save and except my Sub-*
 sidence (as a Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Esquire, Adjutant, or Quarter Master, Sergeant, as the Case may be), for serving in the Local Militia of the County of

And the taking the said Oath shall be sufficient to entitle such Person to receive his Half Pay or the said Allowance, without taking any other Oath; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no Non-commissioned Officer or Private Man in the Regular Militia or Local Militia, entitled to receive any Graces Perquisites or Allowance, shall forfeit or lose his Right to the same by reason of his leaving and receiving Pay in the Regular Militia or Local Militia.

IX. And whereas Persons appointed to act as Adjutants in the Regular Militia may by Age or Infirmary be rendered incapable of doing the Duty thereof, and it is expedient that some Provision should be made for them in consideration of their former Services; Be it enacted, That if any Adjutant of Regular Militia, who shall have served faithfully either in His Majesty's Regular Forces or in the Regular Militia, for the full Term of Thirty Years in the Whole, Fifteen of which he shall have served as an Adjutant of Regular Militia, shall by Age or Infirmary be rendered unfit for further Service, he shall, on producing to the Receiver General of the Land Tax for the County, Riding or Place to which such Regular Militia shall belong, (if in England), or to the Receiver General for Scotland, if in Scotland, a Certificate of his Service of Thirty Years as aforesaid, from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, be entitled to receive, and the Receiver General aforesaid respectively shall be, and they are hereby authorized and required, to pay to such Person producing such Certificate as aforesaid, an Allowance at the Rate of Six Shillings per Day: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid who shall have served for a less Term than Fifteen Years as an Adjutant of Regular Militia, or who shall hold any Office or Employment of Peace, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, except as Regimental or Battalion Clerk of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Regular Militia: Provided also that no such Adjutant shall lose any Right he may have to Half Pay, by reason of receiving such Allowance as aforesaid, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

X. And he it further enacted, That in case any Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Independent Company shall have already ceased and determined, or been reduced in its Establishment, or shall cease and determine, or be reduced in its Establishment, during the Continuance of this Act, the Sum of Three Shillings per Diem shall be paid to such Person as has actually served as Adjutant to such Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Independent Company, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, or from the time such Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Independent Company shall cease and determine, or be reduced in its Establishment, in the Case may be, to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven: Provided always that no such reduced Adjutant shall lose any Right he may have to Half Pay by reason of receiving such Allowance as last aforesaid, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

XI. And whereas Persons appointed to act as Sergeants in the Regular Militia, may by Age or Infirmary

41 G 2 c. 90.

* Statute in
InkeepersProviso on Half
Pay being in
Local Militia
see 47 Pag.

Oath.

Receiving Char-
ge of Pay
see 47 Pag.Allowance to
Adjutant only
to have.Allowance to be
paid Half Pay.Allowance to be
paid to an
Adjutant in an
Independent
Co.Allowance to
Sergeants in
the Militia

be rendered incapable of doing the Duty thereof, and it is enacted, that some Provision should be made for them in consideration of their former Services; Be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons, being faithfully served in the Militia for the full Term of Thirty Years, full by Age or Indemnity, be rendered unfit for further Service, by Sickness, or producing to the Receiver General of the Land Tax for the County, Riding or Place to which such Regular Militia shall belong, if in England, or to the Receiver General for Scotland, in Scotland, a Certificate of such Service of Thirty Years as aforesaid, from the Commanding Officer of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, be certified to receive, and the Receiver General aforesaid, respectively shall be, and they are hereby authorized and required, to pay to such Person producing such Certificate as aforesaid, an Allowance at the Rate of Three Shillings a Day: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military under His Majesty.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in every County, Riding or Place in England, where the Regular Militia or Local Militia is or shall be raised, the Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax for such County, Riding or Place respectively, and in every County, Strawery, City or Place in Scotland, where the Regular Militia or Local Militia is or shall be raised, the Receiver General for Scotland shall give and pay the whole Sums required for the respective Allowances to the Clerks of the General Meetings, and Clerks of the several Subdivision Meetings in England, at the Rates following; that is to say, to the Clerk of the General Meetings, at the Rate of Five Pounds Five Shillings for each Meeting; and to the several Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings, at the Rate of One Pound One Shilling for each Meeting; and such further Allowance shall be made to such respective General and Subdivision Clerks, for their Expenses and Trouble in attending the Returns of Persons returned liable to serve in the Regular Militia or Local Militia, by taking out the Names of all Persons who may appeal, and whose Appeals or Claims of Exemption have been allowed, and returning the Names of any Persons that shall have been wanted to be returned; and in returning the Returns and making out the Tickets for the Ballot after the Rate of One Pound Fifteen Shillings for every One thousand Names of Persons returned liable to serve; and also for the actual Expenses incurred by such respective Clerks, and for Printing and Stationery used for the Purpose of this Act, as to the Lord Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants of the respective Counties, Ridings, Cities or Places, shall appear reasonable and proper; and in case the Orders made by the Lord Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants for the Payment of such further Allowances as aforesaid, shall be countermanded at a General Meeting consisting of not less than Five Deputy Lieutenants, but not otherwise.

XIII. And be it enacted, That the Receiver General in England shall pay to the Clerk of the General Meetings his Allowance, at the Rate of Five Pounds and Five Shillings for each Meeting, or such further Allowance as may be made as herebefore directed, upon his producing an Order or Orders for that Purpose from His Majesty's Lieutenant, or from Three Deputy Lieutenants assembled at some General Meeting or Meetings; and shall also pay to each and every of the Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings, their several Allowances at the Rate of One Pound and One Shilling for each Meeting, or such further Allowance as may be made as herebefore directed, upon his or their producing an Order or Orders from One or more Deputy Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants, assembled at the several Subdivision Meetings; which said Order or Orders, specifying the Day or Days of Meeting, at what Place or Places and for what Purpose or Purposes the said General and Subdivision Meetings or Meetings have been appointed and held, together with the Clerk's Receipt or Receipts for the Sums so directed, shall be to the Receiver General in England respectively a sufficient Discharge for the Payment of such Allowances and be allowed in their Account; and that the several Allowances to Clerks of General and Subdivision Meetings, for their Trouble and Expenses in the Execution of this Act in Scotland, shall be paid and delivered in the like Manner as which Scotland, Customs, and other Persons employed in the Execution of an Act, passed in the Forty second Year of the King of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to regulate and settle a Militia Force in Scotland*, are directed to be paid for their Trouble and Expence.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Agents General of Volunteers and Local Militia, and he is hereby required, to repay any Sum of Money which may have been paid for the Stamp Duty, on any Commission of any Officer in the Local Militia, under such Regulations, and in such Manner, as the Secretary at War shall appoint.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all Bills, Deeds, and Orders drawn for the Pay or Allowance of the Regular Militia (when disbanded) or Local Militia under this Act, may or shall be drawn upon unstamped Papers; and no such Bill, Draft or Order shall be void, by reason of being so drawn or written on unstamped Paper.

XVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Fee or Gravelly whatsoever shall be given or paid for or upon account of any Warrant or Sum of Money which shall be issued or returned to or in pursuance of this Act.

XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all Penalties and Costs and Charges of Suit, and all Sums of Money for which any Person or Persons is or are by this Act made answerable, may and shall be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland, according as the Case may require, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information, whereby no Efflags, Waiver of Law, or Protection, or more than One Impetition shall be allowed.

General Certificate of Service of 30 Years

who shall produce the Order for meeting Payment.

48 2 2 11

Stamp Duty on Commissions in Local Militia equal

Who draw for Pay on stamped Papers

Pen.

How Penalties paid.

C A P. XXI.

An Act to revive and continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and amend so much of an Act, made in the Thirtieth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, as grants certain Allowances to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors of the Militia of England, dissolved under an Act of the same Session of Parliament. [15th June 1810.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that an Act passed in the Thirtieth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, certain Allowances to Adjutants, Sergeant Majors and Sergeants of Militia, dissolved under an Act of the Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for enabling His Majesty to accept the Surrender of an additional Number of Volunteers from the Militia under various Regulations*, which has been revised and continued by several subsequent Acts until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, should be again revised and further continued, so far as the same relates to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said revised Act and the Allowances therein granted and mentioned to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors, and all the Provisions relating thereto, shall be revived from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, and be further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, so far as the same relates to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors; and that all such and the like Allowances as would have been payable and paid to any Adjutants and Sergeant Majors, if the said Act and Allowances had been continued by any Act of Parliament before the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall be payable and paid, and all Avoirs thereof to be satisfied, in like manner in every Respect as if the said Act had passed before the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten.

It And be it further enacted, That every reduced Adjutant entitled to any Allowance under this Act may receive and take such Allowance, together with the Pay of any such Commission, or Half Pay, or any such other Allowance or Emolument, as is allowed to be held or received by any Adjutant of any Militia in that Part of Great Britain called England, together with any Pay or Allowance to which he may be entitled as such Adjutant: Provided always, that no such reduced Adjutant shall be entitled to receive any Allowance under this Act during the time he shall hold any Place of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, other than such as aforesaid.

C A P. XCII.

An Act for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the Militia in Great Britain, while dissolved. [15th June 1810.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make some Addition to the Pay of certain Subaltern Officers of the Militia Forces in Great Britain, while dissolved, under certain Regulations: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the following annual Allowances, over and above the Pay to which they are now in Law entitled, during the time of annual Exercise, shall be made and paid to the Amount, under the Regulations, and in the Manner hereinafter expressed, to every Subaltern Officer now bearing a Commission and serving in the Militia of Great Britain, who shall continue faithfully to serve in the same Corps, or who personally to the Expiration of Three Months from the passing of this Act shall be duly appointed to a Commission, and shall continue faithfully to serve in the enclosed Militia, and in the same Corps until the dissolving thereof; (that is to say) to a Lieutenant or a Sergeant Twenty two Pounds Eighteen Shillings and Six pence, being at the Rate of One Shilling and Five pence per Diem for Three hundred and sixty five Days; and to an Ensign Twenty two Pounds Seven Shillings, being at the Rate of One Shilling and Two pence per Diem for Three hundred and sixty five Days: Provided always, that all such Officers of the Militia as are now serving with the Rank of Captain Lieutenant shall be deemed to be Lieutenants for the Purpose of this Act.

It. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Person who is or shall during the Continuance of this Act become possessed of such an Estate or Income as would by Law qualify him to hold the Commission of Captain of a Company in the Militia, or who is or shall be appointed Adjutant or Battalion Clerk in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia, nor any Person denoting in any way whatsoever, otherwise than as a Subaltern Officer or Sergeant of the Militia any Income, Stipend or Allowance whatever from the Publick, nor any Officer as the Full or Half Pay of the Navy, Army or Marines, who shall also hold a Subaltern's or Sergeant's Commission, and have served as aforesaid in the Militia, shall have or be in any way entitled to the full annual Allowance, or any Part or Share thereof; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any Will notwithstanding.

It. And be it further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers and Sergeants of the Militia, who shall claim under the Authority of this Act to receive any Part of the said annual Allowances, shall, previous to receiving the same, and in order to enable themselves thereto, take and subscribe an Oath before some One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Stewartry, City or Place, to which the Regiment, Battalion,

70 & seq. c. 44

revised and continued (18 March 1811). So far as respects Adjutants &c.

Revised Allowances payable to Pay and Allowance under Act.

Annual Allowances to Lieutenants, Sergeants and Ensigns.

Exemption

Subalterns and Sergeants to take the following

Battalion, Corps or Independent Company in which they have full belong, in the Words or to the Effect following: (to wit)

Oath. * **I** *A. B. de Jure*, That I belonged to the _____ of Militia when the same was
 * disbanded, and that I have continued to serve therein from that Time until the _____ Day of
 * _____ in the _____ of _____ as a [Captain Lieutenant, Sergeant, Ensign, or Soldier, as the Case may be.]
 * and that I was not, in my own Right or in Right of my Wife, during the said Period, in the actual Possession
 * and Enjoyment or Receipt of the Rents and Profits of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments of such an annual
 * Value above _____ as would qualify me to hold a Commission of Captain of a Company in the Militia;
 * that I have not, during the aforesaid Period, held the Appointment of Adjutant or Battalion Clerk in any
 * Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia; that I did not hold or enjoy, nor did or has any Person for me
 * hold or enjoy, or hold or enjoyed, during the said Period, any Office or Income whatsoever from the Publick,
 * except my Pay as _____ for the Period of the Corps having attended to
 * be trained and exercised; and that I was not entitled during the said Period either to the Full or Half Pay of
 * the Navy, Army or Marines.

* So help me GOD.*

**Justices to certify
 Oath to Receiver
 General.**

Which Oath, so taken and subscribed, shall be by the said Justice forthwith certified and transmitted, and he is
 hereby required to certify and transmit the same to the Receiver General of the Land Tax of the County,
 Riding or Place to which the Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Independent Company of Militia in which such
 Subaltern Officer or Surgeon shall be then serving shall belong, if in England, or to the Receiver General for
 Scotland, if in Scotland, to be by him filed and preserved for the Purposes hereinafter mentioned.

**Subaltern and
 Surgeons to
 certify annual
 Exercise.**

IV And he is further enacted, That every Subaltern Officer and Surgeon of the Militia who shall be entitled,
 or claim to be entitled to the Benefits of this Act, shall regularly attend the annual Exercise and Training of
 the Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Independent Company to which he belongs, during the Whole of the Time
 by Law appointed for that Purpose, and shall, during the said Time, particularly do and perform his Duty as
 a Subaltern Officer or Surgeon of such Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Independent Company, on pain of
 forfeiting the said annual Allowance, as well as the rest of his Pay, and every Part thereof which may be due
 for the current Year, in which he shall neglect or refuse to attend; and Certificates of his having so attended
 and performed his Duty, signed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Independent
 Company to which he may belong, shall be transmitted by the said Commanding Officer to the Lieutenant of
 the County, Riding, Stewartry, City or Place, to which the said Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Independent
 Company of Militia shall belong, and also to the Receiver General of such County, Riding or Place,
 if in England, or to the Receiver General for Scotland, if in Scotland: Provided always, that in case any such
 Subaltern Officer or Surgeon claiming to be entitled to such annual Allowance, shall by his Commanding
 Officer be permitted or allowed, for any special Cause or unavoidable Necessity, to be absent during the Whole
 or any Part of such annual Exercise, (in which Case it shall be lawful for such Commanding Officer to grant
 such Leave of Absence, and for such Subaltern Officer or Surgeon who may be so permitted to be absent, so
 demand and receive the said annual Allowance, and every Part thereof, in like manner as if he had attended
 during the whole of the said annual Exercise) the Reasons for such Absence, as well as the Duration thereof,
 shall be carefully and truly specified in Certificates (in lieu of those before mentioned), to be signed by the
 Commanding Officer, and to be transmitted as soon as conveniently may be to the Lieutenant of the County,
 Riding, Stewartry, City or Place, to which the Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Independent Company,
 wherein such Subaltern Officer or Surgeon shall be serving, shall belong, and also to the Receiver General of the same
 County, Riding or Place, if in England, or to the Receiver General for Scotland, if in Scotland.

Penalty.
**Certificates of
 Attendance
 transmitted to
 Lieutenant and
 Receiver General
 of County,
 Riding or
 Place of Militia
 to be retained in
 Certificate.**

V Provided always, and he is further enacted, That in case any Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Independent
 Company of Militia, after the dissolving thereof, and before the respective Days hereinafter said for the
 Half-yearly Payment of the said annual Allowance, shall not be called out for the annual Exercise and Training
 thereof, every Subaltern Officer and Surgeon belonging to any such Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Independent
 Company, and serving within the Detriment of this Act, who shall have taken and subscribed the
 Oath herebefore mentioned, before any such Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, shall be entitled to the said
 annual Allowance, as if such Subaltern Officer or Surgeon had regularly attended the annual Exercise and
 Training of such Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Independent Company, during the whole of the Time by Law
 appointed for that Purpose, and as if a Certificate of such Attendance, signed by the Commanding Officer of
 the said Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Independent Company, had been transmitted to the Lieutenant of
 the County, Riding, Stewartry, City or Place to which such Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Independent
 Company shall belong, and also to the Receiver General of the same County, Riding or Place, if in England,
 or to the Receiver General for Scotland, if in Scotland, according to the Directions of this Act; may they
 continue to this Act to the contrary hereof notwithstanding.

**Subaltern and
 Surgeons to
 certify in Allow-
 ance, though
 Militia not
 called out.**

VI And he is further enacted, That upon such Certificates as aforesaid of such Justice of the Peace and
 Commanding Officer as aforesaid, or (where any Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Independent Company of
 Militia shall not have been called out to their annual Exercise as aforesaid) upon a Certificate of any such Justice
 of the Peace only being produced to or received by the respective Receivers General, it shall and may be lawful
 for such Receivers General, and they are hereby authorized and required to pay to the said Subaltern
 Officers and Surgeons, according to the respective Commissions of Lieutenant, Ensign or Surgeon, in addition
 to their Pay, for the Time of training and Exercise, One Moiety of the annual Allowance above mentioned on
 the Twenty fourth Day of September next, and the other Moiety of the same on the Twenty fourth Day of
 March: One thousand eight hundred and eleven, without any Deduction whatsoever, out of any publick Money

**Allowance paid
 to those Deser-
 vers.**

30

in their Hands, and to charge the same in their respective annual Accounts of Money disbursed for the Use of the Publick; the Certificates before mentioned to be by them preferred and ordered among the Vouchers for the Payments from time to time made by them, in pursuance of this Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers and Sergeants of the Militia, entitled or claiming to be entitled to the Benefits of this Act, shall at all times be liable to serve in the respective Regiments, Battalions, Corps or Independent Companies to which they belong, whenever the same shall be embodied, and called out upon special Service; and in case of Neglect or Refusal to attend when called upon, or in case any such Subaltern Officer or Sergeant shall at any time wilfully neglect or refuse to attend, and perform his Duty as the several Acts made in relation thereto, and at such other Times, or for such other Occasions, as may be required of him in pursuance of the Laws now in force respecting the Militia when embodied, each and every such Subaltern Officer and Sergeant shall, upon such Neglect or Refusal being certified in the Lord Lieutenant by the Colonel or other Commandant of the Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Independent Company to which such Subaltern or Sergeant shall belong, forfeit his Claim to the said annual Allowance, as if every Part thereof, and shall also be considered as having resigned and vacated his Commission, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said several annual Allowances shall be paid to the Persons respectively entitled thereto, by the Receiver General of the Land Tax in England, and the Receiver General for Scotland respectively, upon the Production of the before mentioned several Certificates, on or as soon after the Twenty fourth Day of September next, and the Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven respectively, as may be convenient and practicable: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to make any Subaltern Officer or Sergeant as aforesaid in the said annual Allowance, or any Part thereof, during the Time the Militia to which he belongs shall be embodied or ordered out on special Service: Provided also, that this Act, and the Benefits and Allowances therein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend to more than Ten Lieutenants in any Regiment consisting of more than Ten Companies; to more than Nine Lieutenants in any Regiment consisting of more than Eight and less than Eleven Companies; to more than Eight Lieutenants in any Regiment consisting of more than Six and less than Nine Companies; or to more than Five Lieutenants in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps, consisting of Six or of a less Number of Companies, except where the Companies consist of Twenty Private Men each or upwards, in which Case the Act, and the Benefits and Allowances therein contained, may be extended to Eighteen Lieutenants in any Regiment consisting of more than Ten Companies; to Sixteen Lieutenants in any Regiment consisting of more than Eight and less than Eleven Companies; to Fourteen Lieutenants in any Regiment consisting of more than Six and less than Nine Companies; and to Nine Lieutenants in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps, consisting of Six or of a less Number of Companies.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in case in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the Militia, at the Time of embodying thereof, there shall happen to be a greater Number of Lieutenants coming within the Description of this Act, than can be entitled to claim the Benefits thereof, within the true Intent and Meaning of the foregoing proviso, the Senior Lieutenants of such Number shall always be preferred, and shall be also entitled to demand and receive the above mentioned Allowances; and that the junior Lieutenants shall succeed to such Allowances in Rotation, as Vacancies may happen among the said Senior Lieutenants from time to time.

X. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and so longer.

C A P. XCIII.

An Act for the improving and completing the Harbour of Holyhead in the Isle of Anglesea.

[15th June 1810.]

WHEREAS the Port and Harbour of Holyhead, in the Island of Anglesea, is a Station for His Majesty's Packets to and from Ireland, from and to Great Britain; and the improving and completing the said Port and Harbour will be highly beneficial to promoting the intercourse between His Majesty's Subjects in Great Britain and Ireland: And whereas it is expedient, that Commissioners should be appointed to carry into Effect all such Plans as may be found necessary for the completing and improving the said Harbour; Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Members for the County of Anglesea, and Town of Beaumaris, and the oldest Member of the Parish of Holyhead, all for the time being; and also the Right Honourable Henry William Paine commonly called Lord Paine, Sir J. de Thomas Bartley Barronet, Sir Robert Williams Barronet, Sir John Bullock Knight, Owen Williams of Llanerdd, Owen Pugh of Merioneth Barronet, Paul Penne of Puffin, Sir William Hughes of Puffin, James of Llanerdd, William Griffith of Corryglan, Griffith, Edward Smith of Puffin, John Jones of Penarth, William Francis Engaine, and Hugh Wynne Jones of Tregarnock Clerk, shall be, and they are hereby appointed Commissioners for executing this Act, and the said Commissioners shall be, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to carry into Execution this Act, and to do all such Matters and Things under the Regulations of this Act for the completing and improving of the said Harbour, as the said Commissioners or any Three of them shall think requisite and necessary, and the said Commissioners shall from time to time meet in the Parish of Holyhead for the Purpose of this Act, and at all such Meetings, in case of an Equality of Votes, the Chairman shall have a casting Vote.

II. And

Verdict on the
Bill.

II. And be it further enacted, That in case of any Vacancy or Vacancies by Death or Relinquish, of any One or more of the said Commissioners, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to nominate and appoint such Person or Persons as he may think proper to supply such Vacancy or Vacancies, and that every Person so nominated and appointed shall be held and considered with all such Powers as are by this Act given to any Commissioner appointed by this Act in whole Room such Person or Persons shall be nominated and appointed.

That the said
Bill, and the
amending
Bill,
may

III. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners for carrying into Execution this Act as any Three of them shall, from time to time, and they are hereby authorized, empowered and required to propose, settle, and lay out Plans for the making, repairing, altering, clearing away, pulling down or rebuilding any Roads, Highways, Offices or Places, Banks, Holes or Shoals, which such Commissioners shall think proper and necessary to be made, repaired, altered, pulled down or rebuilt for the Purposes of this Act, and also Plans for the completing and improving of the said Harbour and Port, and for the making and keeping in Repair of such Roads, Ways, Piers, Jettyes, Works and other Erections and Buildings, as they shall think proper and expedient for the Purposes of this Act; and the said Commissioners shall also propose, settle and lay out Plans of the manner in which Houses and Buildings shall be erected and built on any Ground, which is, or shall, or may become vested in His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors for the Purposes of this Act, and also in what manner any vacant Ground, on which the said Commissioners shall so think proper that any Houses or Buildings should be erected or built, shall be employed and let out.

To be followed
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Printing

IV. And be it further enacted, That all such Plans to be from time to time proposed by the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act shall by the said Commissioners be laid before, and submitted to the Lord High Treasurer, or to the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Great Britain for the time being; and it shall be lawful for the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer, or any Three or more of them, to examine and consider of such Plans, and to give leave upon and improve the same, or to make any Alterations therein respectively, and to direct either that such Plans and Regulations respectively shall be carried into Execution, or shall be suspended or laid aside, or shall be varied or altered in Part, or in the Whole, as such Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer, shall think fit and expedient; and the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer shall give Notice in Writing under the Hand of the said Lord High Treasurer, or the Hands of any Three of the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer, of such their Approbation or other Determination respectively, to the Commissioners for executing this Act, and the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall proceed to carry into Effect all such Plans as shall be approved of or directed by the said Lord High Treasurer, or any Three of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer, and such Plans shall be carried into Effect, and such Roads, Ways, Piers, Jettyes, Works, and other Erections and Buildings, shall be proceeded upon by the said Commissioners for executing this Act or any Three of them accordingly.

Harbour to be
improved, Piers,
Quays, &c.
enacted.

V. And be it further enacted, That after such Plans shall have been proposed and approved as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, or such Person or Persons as they shall by any Writing or Writings under their Hands and Seals nominate and appoint, and their Agents, Officers, Workmen and Servants; and they are hereby authorized, empowered and required so deep, clear, and scour the said Port and Harbour of *Hydrabad*, and to construct and better the Mouth or Entrance thereof, and to build such Pier or Piers, Quay or Quays, Jetty or Jettyes, and to make and effect such other Works as shall be necessary for improving, completing and perfecting the said Port and Harbour, and for that Purpose to dig, take up, remove and carry away any Rocks, Stones, Soil, Sand, Gravel, Rubbish or other gross Matter, which shall obstruct, prejudice or hinder the Navigation of the said Port and Harbour, or the Improvement thereof, and to cut, lay and lodge the same behind such Pier or Piers, Quay or Quays, Jetty or Jettyes, as shall be requisite for effecting the Purposes of this Act, be it the Ground or Soil of any Person or Persons, Radies Polack or Corporators whomsoever, and also to dig, cut, remove and take away all Beds of Gravel, Sand, Stones, or any other Obstructions or Impediments whatsoever, which may in anywise obstruct the said Port and Harbour, or the Improvement or Use thereof; and also to build, erect, lay up and make in the said Port and Harbour, or upon the Land's adjoining or near the same, such Quays, Wharfs, Jettyes, Works, Erections and Buildings, as and where the said Commissioners shall think proper and necessary, for the carrying on, completing, improving, maintaining and preserving the said Port and Harbour, and mending the same safe and commodious for His Majesty's Packets, and all other Ships and Vessels repairing thereto; and also to make, amend, widen, turn, alter or enlarge any Roads, Ways, Passages, or other Conveyances, as the said Commissioners shall think proper and necessary, for the carrying and conveying of all Sorts of Materials to and from the said Port and Harbour, and also to carry and remove the same in, over, and upon any Lands or Grounds in order to the making, carrying on, perfecting and improving and finishing of the said Piers, Quays, Wharfs, Jettyes, Works, Erections and Buildings, and for showing, repairing and maintaining the same; and also to lay, work and incorporate the said Materials upon the Ground, now to the Place or Places where the said Works, or any of them, shall be, or are intended to be made, erected or done; and also to get, dig, take and carry away Soil, Sand, Rock, Clays, Gravel and other Materials proper, requisite and convenient for making, carrying on, mending and continuing the said Works and Undertakings in or from any Ground of any Person or Persons adjoining or lying contiguous to the said Port or Harbour (but then being Ground whereon any House stands, or having been for the Space of Twelve Calendar Months next immediately preceding an Orchard, Pleasure Ground or planted Walk or Avenue to a House); and also to make, complete and main-

Materials may
be taken, and
Bridges to be
erected.

tain all and every of any such Ways and Roads whatever, as and where the said Commissioners shall think requisite and convenient for the Purposes of this Act; and also to do and perform all other Works, Matters and Things, which shall be necessary or proper for the improving and completing of the said Port and Harbour, and rendering the said Life and Lumber Wharves; and for executing the Purposes of this Act, by the said Commissioners, and the other Persons lawfully empowered to perform the said Works and Things, doing as little Damage as may be to and upon the Premises, and giving or tendering such Satisfaction to the Owners and Occupiers of any Premises, situated in any Lands, Towns or Hamlets respectively, for any Damage that may happen or be occasioned to such Lands, Towns or Hamlets, as the said Commissioners shall for that Purpose order, advise, direct or appoint, according to the Tenor and true Meaning of this Act; and in case of any Difference or Dispute concerning such Damages, or the Quantum thereof, the same shall be tried and determined in the manner by this Act provided with respect to the Value of Land or Premises taken or used for the Purposes of this Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, or any Three of them as aforesaid, and they are hereby authorized and empowered by and with the Consent and Approbation in Writing of the Lord High Treasurer of Great Britain, or of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer, or any Three of them, to purchase all such Land, Ground, Buildings, Houses, Hereditaments and Premises whithersoever, as the said Commissioners for executing this Act may, by and with the Consent and Approbation as aforesaid, think necessary to be purchased and employed for the Purposes of this Act; and all such Ground, Buildings, Hereditaments and Premises whithersoever which shall be purchased under or by virtue of this Act, shall, when so purchased, be sold to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and shall be taken possession of, and shall be employed for the Purposes of this Act, according to the Direction of the Commissioners for executing this Act, under the Regulations in this Act mentioned and contained.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners for executing this Act, or any Three of them from time to time to demit or contract for the taking down any Houses or Buildings which shall be purchased under this Act, and for the selling and disposing of the Materials of all such Houses and Buildings; and also to contract for the granting, leasing, selling or disposing of, and to grant, lease, sell and dispose of any Part of any Lands, Towns and Hamlets, which shall be purchased under this Act, and which shall not be necessary for the Purposes of this Act; and all such Materials, and all Money arising from the Sale thereof, and all Money arising from the Produce of the Rent, or from the Sale of any such Lands, Towns and Hamlets, shall be and are hereby veiled to the said Commissioners for executing this Act, and all such Money (after paying and satisfying the necessary Expenses of pulling down such Houses and Buildings, and of the Sale of the Materials thereof, or of the Sale of such Lands, Towns and Hamlets) shall and may be disposed of and applied under the Direction of the said Commissioners in and towards the Purposes of this Act, as the said Commissioners (or any Three of them as aforesaid) shall think fitting and expedient; and the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act shall, from time to time, render and give an Account to the Lord High Treasurer of Great Britain, or to the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of the Amount of all Money received by the said Commissioners for executing this Act, and of the Application thereof for the Purposes of this Act, in manner aforesaid; and the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer shall, and he and they it is and are hereby authorized and required to examine every such Account; and in case they shall approve thereof, to signify such their Approbation in Writing at the Foot of such Account, signed by the said Lord High Treasurer, or by the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer, or any Three of them, and to transmit and return the same so approved to the said Commissioners for executing this Act; and every Account so approved and signed, as aforesaid shall be a full and sufficient Discharge of the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, from or on account of all such Sums of Money as shall be mentioned in any such Account, and for the Expenditure and Application thereof; and the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall not be compelled or compellable to give or render any further or other Account of any such Money, or of the Expenditure or Application thereof, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons seized or possessed of or interested in any Ground, House, Buildings, Lands, Towns, Hereditaments and Premises, which shall be deemed necessary to be purchased by the Commissioners appointed under this Act, shall refuse to treat or agree for the Sale thereof, or shall not agree in the Sum of Money offered to be given for the same, or shall not or cannot produce a clear Title to the Premises they are in Possession of, or the Interest they claim therein, that then and in every such Case, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, by Writing under their Hands, to require the Sheriff of the County of *Stephens*, who shall thenceforth and is hereby authorized and required to impress, summon and return a competent Number of influential and distinguished Persons, qualified to serve as Jurors, not less than Twenty four, nor more than Forty eight, and out of such Persons to be so summoned, summoned and returned, a Jury of Twelve Men shall be chosen by some Person to be by the said Commissioners, or any such Three of them, appointed in such manner as Jurors for the Trial of His Majesty's pleas in His Majesty's Court at *Windsor*, are by an Act made in the Third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled, *An Act for the better Regulation of Jurors*, directed to be drawn, which Persons so to be summoned, summoned and returned as aforesaid, are hereby required to come and appear before the said Commissioners, or any such Three of them, at any such Time and Place as in such Summons shall be appointed, and all Parties concerned shall and may have their lawful Challenges against any of the said Jurors, but shall not be at Liberty to challenge the Array; and the said Commissioners, or any Three

Commissioners, may purchase any freehold Land

Commissioners for pulling down Houses and disposing of Materials.

Stephens Land may be sold to him

Commissioners to account to Treasurer

In whose Court Jurors shall be chosen

Jurors

J. C. 93. c. 11.

Proceedings of Commissioners and Jury in awarding the Value of Premises.

of them, are hereby authorised and empowered from time to time, as Occasion shall require, to call before them all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, who shall be thought proper and necessary to be examined as a Witness or Witnesses on his, her or their Oath or Oaths, touching or concerning the Premises, and the said Commissioners, or any such Three of them, if they think fit, shall and may lawfully summon the said Jury to view the Place or Places or Premises in Question, in such manner as they shall direct, and the said Jury upon their Oaths (which Oaths, as also the Oaths of such Person or Persons as shall be called upon to give Evidence, the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, are hereby empowered and authorised to administer) shall enquire of the Value of such Ground, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, and of the proportionable Value of the respective Estates and Interests of all and every Person and Person or Persons or Sums of Money to be paid to such Person or Persons, or Parties respectively, for the Purchase of such Ground, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, and of such respective Estates and Interests therein; and also for Good-will, Improvements, or any Injury or Damage whatsoever that may affect any such Person or Persons, Party or Parties, either as Lessees or Tenants at Will; and the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall and may give Judgment for such Sums or Sums of Money to be so assessed, which Verdicts and the Judgment and Judgments, Determinations and Determinations thereupon, shall be binding and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, against all and every Person and Person claiming any Estate, Right, Title, Trust, Use or Interest, in, or out of such Ground, House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments and Premises in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, as well as against the Heirs, Executors, Administrators, Assigns, Heirs and Personal Representatives, as well as against the Heirs, Executors, Administrators, Assigns, Heirs and Personal Representatives, as well as against all other Persons whatsoever; and the said Verdicts, Judgments and Determinations, and all other Proceedings of the said Commissioners and Jurors to be made, given and processed as aforesaid, shall be fully written on Parchment, and signed by the Clerk of the Peace for the town being of the County of Middlesex.

Verdicts binding.

The Payment of Purchased Money, Computed as such.

IX. And be it further enacted, That, upon Payment of any Sum or Sums so assessed to the Party or Parties to whom the same shall be so awarded, or on Tender thereof made at his, her or their Dwelling House, or if she, he or they shall have an Dwelling House, then at the House of some Tenant or Occupier of some Lands or Tenements of such Party or Parties near the said intended Works, he, she or they shall execute a Conveyance of the Premises which shall be so purchased to the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, for the Purpose of this Act, and in case such Person or Person to whom such Sum or Sums of Money shall be so awarded as aforesaid shall not be able to make a good Title to the Premises to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, or shall refuse to execute such Conveyance or Conveyances, or in case such Person or Person to whom such Sum or Sums of Money shall be so awarded as aforesaid cannot be found, or if the Person or Persons entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, be not known or discovered, then and in every such Case as aforesaid, it shall be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, to order the said Sum and Sums assessed and awarded for any Purchased Money, or as Compensation for any Damage so assessed, to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account, to the Credit of the Parties interested in the said Grounds, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, [depending thereon] subject to the Order, Control and Disposition of the said Court of Chancery, which said Court of Chancery, on the Application of any Person or Persons making Claim to such Sum or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, by Petition or Petitions, shall be and is hereby empowered in a summary way of Proceeding or otherwise, as to the said Court shall from time to time, to order the same to be laid out and received in the Publick Funds, and to order Distribution thereof, or Payment of the Dividends thereof, according to the respective Estates or Estates, Title or Interest of the Person or Persons making Claim therein, and to make such other Order in the Premises, as to the said Court shall from time to time seem reasonable; and the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England, who shall receive such Sum and Sums of Money, is and are hereby required to give Receipt or Receipts for such Sum or Sums, mentioning and specifying for what and for what Use the same is or are so awarded, to such Person or Persons as took pay any such Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank as aforesaid.

In what case Money paid under this Act, shall be paid to the Court.

Premises sold on the Map.

X. And be it further enacted, That immediately after paying such Purchas Money as aforesaid into the Bank, the said Ground, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, in respect whereof the same shall have been so paid, shall sell in His Majesty, his Heirs and Next Heirs, for the Purpose of this Act, who shall be deemed in Law to be the actual Possessor thereof, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and shall be discharged from all former and other Estates, Rights, Titles, Interests, Claims and Demands whatsoever.

The Purchas Money being to be paid into the Bank, for what use applied, if necessary to be paid.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Ground, Buildings, Houses or Premises, purchased by virtue of this Act, for the Purpose thereof, which shall be owing to any Corporation, Free Company, Infant, Lunatick or Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity, such Money shall, in case the same shall amount to Two hundred Pounds, with all interest thereon be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account as just the Commissioners for executing this Act, in the Intent that such Money shall be applied under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be repaid by an Order, made upon a Petition, to be preferred in a summary way, by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rent and Profits of the said Ground, Buildings, Houses or Premises, in the Purchase of the Land Tax, or towards the Discharge of any Debt or Liabilities, or such other Encumbrance, or Part thereof, as the said Court shall determine to be just, affecting the same Ground, Buildings, Houses or Premises, or affecting other Ground, Buildings, Houses or Premises,

standing settled thereon, to the same or the like Uses, Interests or Purposes; or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court, in the Purchase of other Ground, Buildings, Houses or Premises, which shall be conveyed and settled to, for and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Interests and Purposes, and in the same manner as the Ground, Buildings, Houses and Premises, which shall be so purchased as aforesaid, stood settled or limited, or such of them as at the time of making such Conveyance and Settlement, shall be existing, undetermined and capable of taking Effect; and in the mean time and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall, by Order of the Court of Chancery, upon Applications therein, be invested by the said Accountant General in his Name, in the Purchase of Three Years or Longer Consolidated or Three Per Cent per Centum Reduced Bank Annuities; and in the mean time and until the said Bank Annuities shall be ordered by the said Court to be held for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and Annual Produce of the said Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, shall, from time to time, be paid, by Order of the said Court, to the Perles or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Ground, Buildings, Houses or Premises, so hereby directed to be purchased, in such such Purchase or Settlement were made.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Ground, Buildings, Houses or Premises, purchased for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Perles or Persons under Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then, and in all such Cases, the same shall, at the Option of the Perles or Persons for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Ground, Buildings, Houses or Premises, so purchased, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, to be specified in Writing under their respective Hands, be paid into the Bank, in the Name and with the Power of the said Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in manner hereinafter directed, or otherwise the same shall be paid at the like Option to Two Trustees to be nominated by the Perles or Persons making such Option, and approved of by Three or more of the said Commissioners for executing this Act, (such Nomination and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the nominating and approving Parties) in order that such Principal Money, and the Dividends arising thereon, may be applied in any manner herebefore directed, so far as the Case be applicable, without obstanding or being required to obtain the Direction or Approbation of the said Court of Chancery.

XIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where such Money be agreed or awarded to be paid as next before mentioned shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then, and in all such Cases, the same shall be applied to the Use of the Perles or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Ground, Buildings, Houses or Premises, so purchased, for the Purposes of this Act, in such manner as the said Commissioners for executing this Act or any Three or more of them shall think fit; or in case of Infancy or Lunacy, then to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Perles or Persons as aforesaid respectively.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That where any Condition shall arise touching the Title of any Perles to any Money to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Power of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Ground, Buildings, Houses or Premises, or of any Estate, Right or Interest in any Ground, Buildings, Houses or Premises, to be purchased in pursuance thereof, or to any Bank Annuities to be purchased with any such Money, or to the Dividends or Interest of any such Bank Annuities, the Perles or Persons who shall have been in Possession of such Ground, Buildings, Houses or Premises, at the time of such Purchase, and all Perles claiming under such Perles or Persons, or under the Possession of such Perles or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Ground, Buildings, Houses or Premises, according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shewn to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery, and the Dividends or Interest of the said Bank Annuities, to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Bank Annuities, shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Perles or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Ground, Buildings, Houses or Premises, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where, by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of the Perles or Persons, or Corporation entitled to any Ground, Buildings, Houses or Premises, to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Principal Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the said Court, and to be applied in the Purchase of other Ground, Buildings, Houses or Premises, to be settled to the like Uses in pursuance of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Court to order the Expenses of all Proceedings from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or so much of such Expenses as the Court shall deem reasonable, together with the necessary Costs and Charges of obtaining such Order, to be paid by the said Commissioners for executing the Purposes of this Act out of such Purchase Money, and such Commissioners shall from time to time pay such Sums of Money thenceforth for such Purposes as the said Court shall direct.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act shall, on or before the Twenty fifth Day of March in every Year (or as often as it shall seem fitting and expedient to the said Commissioners, or to the said Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer) make a Report in Writing to the said Lord High Treasurer of the Progress made in purchasing, aliening, pulling down and rebuilding of any Houses, Offices or Places, or in the laying out of any vacant Ground, or in the raising and executing of any Rules or Regulations under or by virtue of this Act,

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&c

Trusts-

How app'd & 2
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In what rel-
tion to Possession
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15-100-1-100
15-100-1-100
15-100-1-100

Costs of work
to be paid
to be paid
&c

together with such Observations and Suggestions for the better effecting the Purposes of this Act, as the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall from time to time think requisite and necessary

C A P. XCIV.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries.

[19th June 1810.]

C A P. XCV.

An Act to enable the Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of Dublin to erect, repair and maintain Light Houses round the Coasts of Ireland, and to raise a Fund for defraying the Charge thereof.

[19th June 1810.]

40 3. (7) c. 7

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, for the Purposes, among other Things, of vesting in His Majesty, the several Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, wherever Light Houses were or should be built, Powers were given to certain Commissioners to be appointed under the said Act with respect to the building or repairing of Light Houses in Ireland: And whereas by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, to continue, amend and make more effectual the said former Act, made in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, the Commissioners for executing in Ireland were empowered to carry into Execution the Powers of the said last recited Act, with respect to Light Houses: And whereas by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Tenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act to empower the Commissioners of His Majesty's Revenue, with the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, to erect Light Houses round the Coasts of the Kingdom of Ireland, and to levy a Tonnage Duty on all Shipping*, certain Provisions were made for the Purposes of the said Act mentioned: And whereas by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*, certain Powers were vested in the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, to enable them to purchase Lands and Tenements for building Light Houses: And whereas certain Funds have been established in Ireland, towards the erecting, repairing and maintaining of the Light Houses round the Coasts thereof; and it is expedient, that the Management of the said Funds, and all Powers and Authorities relating to such Light Houses, should be vested in the Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of Dublin, and that the Charge of erecting, repairing and maintaining such Light Houses, should be further borne and defrayed by the Payment of a Duty on all Entries Inwards and Outwards, and Coalward in the several Ports of Ireland: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Common, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, all and every the Powers and Authorities in and by the said heretofore recited Acts, or any of them, or by any Act or Acts for amending or continuing the same, or any of them, or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, vested or exercised by the said Commissioners of the same, or by the Commissioners of Revenue, or by the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, with respect to the erecting, building, repairing, maintaining or any Light House or Light Houses on or round the Coast of Ireland, and the Erecting and Management of all Light Houses, Dunes, and other Dunes and Funds now payable or appropriated in Ireland, for or in respect of the Erecting, Repair or Maintenance of Light Houses, shall be and be the same are hereby vested in and given to the Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of Dublin, and shall be had, used and exercised by the said Corporation, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if such Powers and Authorities were herein specially repeated and re-extended, subject to the Provisions and Regulations in this Act contained.

Powers of several Acts, and of all Acts relating to Light Houses vested in Corporation for improving Port of Dublin.

Corporation empowered to erect Light Houses, and with Consent of Lord Lieutenant and both Treasurers, to erect new Light Houses.

Power to erect new Light Houses or

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of Dublin, from time to time, to repair and maintain all and any Light Houses and Light Hoops, and all and every of the Beacons, Marks and Signs for the Sea, and also to erect any new or other Light House or Light Hoop, in any Place or Place on or round or near the Coast of Ireland; and also that it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporation, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, and by and with the Consent of the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or of six Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer, or any Three of them, and the said Corporation are hereby empowered with such Consent and Approbation, from time to time to build, erect, repair, maintain or cause or procure to be built, erected, repaired and maintained, any new or other Light House or Light Hoop, in any Place or Place on or round or near the Coast of Ireland; and also to show the Light or Lights in any existing Light House or Light Hoop, and to make, erect and fit up such and to erect any other Beacons, Marks and Signs for the Sea, in such Place or Places of the Sea Shores, and Uplands over the Sea Coasts of Ireland, or Forelands of the Sea, for Sea Marks, as to them shall seem most needful and requisite, whereby the Danagers may be avoided and stayed, and Ships the better come into their Ports without Peril: and all such Light Houses, Beacons and Sea Marks, to build, erect, repair and maintain in such Places, and in such manner, and of such Construction and Dimensions as shall appear to the said Corporation to be expedient: Provided always, that whenever the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of Dublin, shall think it expedient to erect any new

Light

Light Hoofs, Becons or Sea Mark, or to alter any existing Light Hoofs or Light Hooves, or to erect or let up inland thereof, any new or other Light or Lights, Becons or Sea Marks, on any of the said Coasts, the said Corporation shall make a Communication in Writing, of such their Intention, to the Mayor, Wardens and Aldermen of the Guild, Fraternity or Brotherhood of the most Glorious and Undivided Trinity, and of *Saint Clement* in the Parish of *Doyford Street*, in the County of *Kent*, in that Part of the United Kingdom called *England*, commonly called, "The Corporation of *Trinity Hoofs of Doyford Street*," and in such Communication, the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of *Dudles* shall state, or cause to be stated, to the said Corporation of *Trinity Hoofs of Doyford Street*, the proposed Place, Situation and Scope of every such Light Hoof, Beacon or Sea Mark, with the Reasons, Grounds and Motives for the Selection thereof, and the Nature and Kind of the Light or Lights proposed or intended to be used and exhibited therein, with the intended Construction thereof, and also the Situation of any Beacon or other Sea Mark, which the said Corporation for improving the Port of *Dudles* shall deem requisite to be erected or let up, together with all such other Particulars, as shall or may be necessary to enable the said Corporation of *Trinity Hoofs* to judge and determine thereon; and shall also, upon the Requestion of the said Corporation of *Trinity Hoofs*, furnish and give to them all such further and other Information touching the same, or so relate thereto, as well to Writing as otherwise, as the said Corporation of *Trinity Hoofs* shall or may require; and upon any such Communication, or in case the said Corporation of *Trinity Hoofs* shall at any other time, or on any Occasion, think it requisite and proper to do, as hereinafter mentioned, it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporation of *Trinity Hoofs*, within Six Calendar Months after the Receipt of such Communication, or at such other time as they shall think fit, to signify to the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of *Dudles*, any Alterations, Improvements or Amendments, either so relative to the Site and Situation of any such Light Hoofs, Beacon or Sea Mark, or of the Place or Construction thereof, or the Light or Lights let up and used, or to be let up, used and exhibited thereon, for the Purpose of rendering and making the same of the fullest and most profitable Use and Benefit to Navigation; and in order that the same may thereby be and become perfectly and completely distinguishable from any of the Light Hoofs on any Part of the Coasts of *England, Wales or Scotland*; and moreover to make and give all or any such other Suggestions respecting any such Light Hoof, Beacon or Sea Mark, as to the said Corporation of *Trinity Hoofs* shall from time to time and severally, and the same, if approved by the said Commissioners for improving the Port of *Dudles*, (subject nevertheless to the Powers herein given to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor, and to the Lord High Treasurer and Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland* in that behalf,) be binding and conclusive, and shall in all Respects, subject as aforesaid, be confirmed to and carried into Execution: Provided always, that if the said Corporation of *Trinity Hoofs* shall see, within such Six Calendar Months after any such Communication, to be made to them as aforesaid, make or propose any such Suggestions as aforesaid, to the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of *Dudles*, then, and in such Case, the same shall be considered and taken to be approved of or assented to by the said Corporation of *Trinity Hoofs*; and thereupon it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of *Dudles*, by and with such Council and Approbation as aforesaid, to proceed in the erecting and building of any such new Light Hoof or Light Hooves, Becons or Sea Marks, or in altering any existing Light, as the Case may be, according to such Plan and Communication as shall have been made to the said Corporation of *Trinity Hoofs* as aforesaid: Provided also, that from time to time, and at all Times and on all Occasions, whenever the said Corporation of *Trinity Hoofs* shall deem or think it requisite to make and communicate any Suggestions or Representations whatever to the said Corporation for improving the Port of *Dudles*, on the Subject of or in relation to any new Light Hoof or Light Hooves, Becons or Sea Marks, or on the Subject of or in relation to any of the existing Light Hoofs, Becons or Marks for the Sea on or near the Coasts of *Ireland*, or towards the Improvement thereof, or for rendering the same more efficient for the Safety of His Majesty's Ships, or of those engaged in Commerce, or in His Majesty's Service, or shall transmit any Complaint which shall or may at any time be made to the said Corporation of *Trinity Hoofs*, in relation to the Inefficiency or Defectiveness of any of the said Lights, Becons or Marks for the Sea, then the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of *Dudles* shall, without Delay, transmit a Copy of every such Suggestion, Communication, Representation or Complaint to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, or his or their Chief Secretary, and also to the Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*; and that it shall and may be lawful for the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, and also to and for the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners for executing the said Office, or any Three of them, to make and give such Orders and Directions to the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of *Dudles*, with respect to any such Suggestions, Communications and Representations or Complaints, and in relation to the Matters and Things therein contained or referred to, as to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, or to the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners aforesaid, or any Three of them, shall seem fitting and expedient; and the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of *Dudles* shall in all Things conform to and obey all such Orders and Directions as last mentioned, and shall proceed and act thereon accordingly.

III. And, in order to defray the Expence of making the necessary Purchases, and of building, erecting, repairing, fitting up, completing and keeping up Repair the several Light Hoofs, Becons and Sea Marks to be erected, built or repaired under or by virtue of this Act, and of the Lights thereon, Be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act there shall be payable and paid to the Use of the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of *Dudles* for the Purpose of this Act, from the Owners or Masters of all Vessels entering, coming to, or going out of, or entering into or using any Port or Ports in *Ireland*, and

of every existing Light, to compute from the date of this Act, the said Trinity Hoofs in *England*.

Trinity Hoofs may within the Month signify Improvements, &c.

If Trinity Hoofs make suggestions within the Month, the Plan communicated or proposed on, with Consent of Lord Lieutenant and Trinity.

Suggestions of every Hoof to be referred to Lord Lieutenant, &c.

From Light Hoofs Duty paid as before.

and every such Light House Dues and other Rates and Duties for and in respect of Light Houses as are now payable by the Owners or Masters of such Vessels at any Port or Place in Ireland, in such manner and to such Amount only as shall have been paid and levied at any such Port or Place respectively, at any time within Seven Years next preceding the passing of this Act; and that from and after the passing of this Act, there shall also be payable and paid to the Use of the said Corporation for preserving and improving the Port of Dublin for the Purposes of this Act, over and above all other Rates and Duties now payable or paid as aforesaid, the Rates and Duties following; (that is to say) upon every Entry Inwards and on every Entry Outwards made on any Port in Ireland, and on every Entry, Cocket or Warrant, for shipping any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, Inwards or Outwards, or from any Port in Ireland, at any other Port thereon, over and above all other Duties on every such Entry, Cocket or Warrant the Sum of Six pence British Currency; all which said Duties shall and may be levied, collected and received by the Commissioners of Customs and Port Dues in Ireland, or their Officers, in like manner and with like Authority, and with like Remedy for Recovery of the same, as are by Law given to the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Dues and their Officers, for the collecting, levying and receiving of any Duty of Customs, or any Dues or Entry, Inwards or Outwards, in any Port of Ireland; and the said Duties shall, from time to time, be paid over by Order of the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Dues to the said Corporation for preserving and improving the Port of Dublin, or to such Person for their Use as the said Corporation shall direct, at such time and in such manner as the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or any Three of them, shall order and direct; and the said Duties, when so paid over to the said Corporation, shall by them be applied to the Purposes of this Act.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act shall not extend to charge with the said Rate or Duty any of His Majesty's Ships of War, nor any Ship or Vessel whatsoever, being the Property of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or of the Royal Family nor any Fishing Vessels, Boats or Bots; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers and Provisions contained in an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reiga, intituled, *An Act for promoting the Trade of Dublin by rendering its Port and Harbours more commodious*, whereby the said Corporation for preserving and improving the Port of Dublin is empowered or authorized to purchase and acquire any Land, Tenements or Hereditaments for the Purposes of the said last recited Act, and whereby the said Corporation is required to account before the Commissioners of Inspect Accounts for the Disposition of the Funds under their Management by virtue of the said recited Act; and all and every Act and Acts for amending the said recited Act of the Twenty sixth Year aforesaid, in respect to the Matters and Things aforesaid, shall be applied as the Execution of this Act, so far as the same are applicable to the Purposes of this Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

C A P. XCVI.

An Act to amend an Act passed in this Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for increasing the Rates of Soldiers to be paid to Innkeepers and others as quartering Soldiers.* [20th June 1810.]

20 G. 3. c. 38.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for increasing the Rates of Soldiers to be paid to Innkeepers and others as quartering Soldiers*: And whereas the Rules prescribed for quartering Soldiers with Diet and Small Beer are in many Instances become from the high Price of Provisions inadequate, and are productive of Distress to such Innholders and others; and it is therefore expedient that further Provisions should be made for regulating the Quantities of Diet and Small Beer to be furnished to the Soldiers, and the same to be allowed for the same: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of June, One thousand eight hundred and ten, every Non-commissioned Officer and Private Soldier, who shall be quartered with Diet and Small Beer within the Parts of the United Kingdom mentioned in the said recited Act, by the Innholders or other Persons on whom such Non-commissioned Officers or Private Soldiers shall be quartered and lodged by virtue of the said Act, shall pay and allow for the same, the Sum of Eight pence per Diem, instead of One Shilling and Four pence per Diem as it is in the said recited Act specified; and that for each Allowance of Eight pence, the Innkeeper or other Person shall furnish One Meal, wadded; a hot Dresser if required in each Day to each Non-commissioned Officer, Trumpeter, Drummer and Private Soldier quartered and lodged on him, in each of such Quantities of Diet and Small Beer as shall be specified and heard in and by any Regulations made or to be made from time to time by His Majesty in that Behalf, but not to exceed One Pound and a Quarter of Meat previous to being dressed, One Pound of Bread, One Pound of Potatoes or other Vegetables previous to being cooked, and Two Pints of Small Beer, and Vinegar, Salt and Pepper.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Provisions, Powers, Privileges, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things in the said Act, and of another Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, Republishing Metres and Measures; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, shall be applied for the enforcing such Regulations as to the Diet of Soldiers and the Payment of and accounting for the Allowances for the same, as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and the said last recited Act and this Act shall be construed as One Act.

C A P.

C A P. XXVII.

An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and to amend several Acts for granting certain Rates and Duties, and for allowing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on Goods, Wares and Merchandize imported into and exported from Ireland, and to grant to His Majesty until the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, certain new and additional Duties on the Importation, and to allow Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize into and from Ireland. [10th Year 1810.]

• Most Gracious Sovereigns,

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *As* 45 G. 3. c. 18.
All for granting unto His Majesty until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and
for, certain Rates and Duties, and to allow certain Drawbacks and Bounties upon Goods, Wares and Mer-
chandize imported into and exported from Ireland, in lieu of former Rates and Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties;
 And whereas an Act was made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act* 46 G. 3. c. 65.
for granting unto His Majesty until the Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and for,
certain Duties on the Importation, and to allow certain Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of certain
Sorts of Iron, Sugar and Tea, into and from Ireland: And whereas an Act was made in the Forty seventh 47 G. 3. c. 86. G.
Year of His present Majesty's Reign, to repeal Part of the Duties on the Importation of unmanufactured
Tobacco in Ireland: And whereas another Act was made in the Forty seventh Year of His present
*Majesty's Reign, intitled, *Should it grant to His Majesty until the Fifth Day of July, One thousand eight hun-**
and eight, certain Duties on the Importation and to allow certain Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain 47 G. 3. c. 86. G.
Goods, Wares and Merchandize, into and from Ireland: And whereas another Act was made in the Forty
seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, to provide for the Drawback and Satisfaction, in certain Cases, 47 G. 3. c. 86. G.
of Part of the Consignation Duty on British Refined Sugar imported into Ireland: And whereas Parts
of the said several Acts were temporary have been from time to time continued by several Acts passed in the
Forty sixth and Forty seventh Years of His present Majesty's Reign, and by an Act passed in the Forty
eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign the said several Acts were amended and continued, and by an
Act made in the last Session of Parliament the said several Acts were further continued, and are in force until
and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ten, and it is expedient that all the said
several Acts, and also the several Rates and Duties granted, and the Drawbacks and Bounties allowed by
them, or any of them, should be further continued in manner hereafter mentioned: May it therefore
pleaseth Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and
with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons, in this present Parliament
assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Rates and Duties granted, and the Drawbacks and
Bounties allowed by the said several Acts or any of them, until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand
eight hundred and ten, shall respectively continue and be in force throughout Ireland, upon and from and after
the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ten, until and upon the Fifth Day of July One
thousand eight hundred and eleven, except such Drawbacks and Bounties on the Importation of Sugar of the
British Plantations, and on refined Sugar under the said several Acts or any of them, as are provided for by
*an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to provide more effec-**
tually for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland, and for allowing
British Plantations Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight
hundred and eight, and which said last recited Act is by an Act passed in this present Session of Parliament
continued to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and amended, and that
the said recited Acts, except as aforesaid, and so far as they are not altered or repealed by each other, or by
this Act, or by any other Act, and all the Powers and Provisions, Articles, Clauses, Matters and Things con-
tained in the said several Acts, or any of them, shall be observed and complied with during the Time hereby
granted, so fully and effectually as if the said Rates, Drawbacks and Bounties, and the Powers, Provisions,
Articles, Clauses, Matters and Things had been by the said several Acts, or any of them, extended to the
Term hereby granted; and as if the Term hereby granted had made Part of the said several Acts, or any of
them, and that the several Articles in respect whereof any Rate or Duty is granted or imposed or continued,
or any Drawback or Bounty is allowed by the said several Acts, or any of them, until and upon the Fifth
Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall respectively be and remain liable to the Rates and
Duties, and shall be entitled to the Drawbacks and Bounties (except as aforesaid) allowed in respect thereof
under the Regulations and Provisions of the said several Acts respectively, upon, from and after the Fifth
Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ten, until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand
eight hundred and eleven, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

11. And whereas the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies granted to Your Majesty, and for the Support of Your Majesty's Government, have resolved to grant to Your Majesty several new and other Duties upon certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize imported into Ireland, and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, and during the Continuance of this Act, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in ready Money (except as hereinafter is provided) without any Discount whatever, upon the Importation of the several Goods, Wares and Merchandize mentioned and set forth in the Schedules hereinafter annexed, marked (A.) and (B.) imported into Ireland, the several Duties intitled, defined and set forth in

The several Drawbacks of several Acts mentioned in July 5, 1810, except Drawbacks and Bounties on Sugar, &c. provided for by 47 G. 3. c. 86. G. 1. c. 10. Act, &c. continued by

48 G. 3. c. 12.

That it and Schedule (A.) and (B.) created and altered.

Figures

Figures in the said Schedules; and there shall also be paid and allowed the Customs Duties in respect of the said Duties, as the same are also respectively intimated, described and set forth in the Schedules to the said Schedules, and that the said Duties in the said Schedule (A.) specified shall be in law and in the Execution of all Duties and Drawbacks payable in *Ireland* upon the Importation and Exportation of Goods, Wares and Merchandise of the like Sorts and/or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in *Ireland* immediately before the passing of this Act, and that the said Duties in the said Schedule (B.) specified shall be in addition to all Duties on Wares imported into *Ireland* under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force at the time of the passing of this Act.

Drawbacks in
and Goods not
excepted, &c.

III. And be it further enacted, That the several and respective Duties by this Act granted on the Importation into *Ireland* of the Goods, Wares and Merchandise mentioned and set forth in the Schedules to this Act aforesaid, shall be charged and payable on all such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, as shall not have been entered on or before the passing of this Act, or on which the Duties due and payable on the Importation thereof shall not have been paid, notwithstanding such Goods, Wares and Merchandise may have been imported into *Ireland* before the passing of this Act.

and also on
such ware-
housed produce
as may be.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Duties mentioned and set forth in the said Schedules shall be charged and payable on all such of the Goods, Wares and Merchandise therein mentioned as, having been imported into *Ireland*, shall have been or shall be warehoused, and shall remain at the time of the passing of this Act in Warehouse, in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force for that Purpose, although such Goods, Wares or Merchandise may have been imported before the passing of this Act: Provided always, that such Duties shall not be charged or payable on any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise until the Duties which such Goods, Wares and Merchandise shall have been subject to before the passing of this Act shall be payable.

What Wines
imported into
the Kingdom
of this Act charged
with additional
Duty.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Wines which at any time before the Twenty eighth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and ten shall have been imported, the Duties payable upon the Import of which shall not have been duly paid and discharged, shall be considered as Wines remaining in His Majesty's Stores or Warehouses at the passing of this Act, and shall be charged accordingly, and the Proprietor thereof shall be subject to the additional Duties on the Importation thereof, mentioned, contained and set forth in the Schedule or Table hereto annexed marked (B.) over and above all former Duties payable on the same.

Additional Ex-
cess Duties on
Wines in Stock.

VI. And be it further enacted, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, five and upon all Wines which on or at any time after the Twenty eighth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and ten shall have been or shall be in the Stores or Warehouses, or in the Cellars, Bins or Cellars of any Importer or Dealer in, or Seller or Retailer of Wine in *Ireland*, and which shall have paid the Duties payable on the Importation thereof, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* at the passing of this Act, the respective additional Duties of Excise following, that is to wit: For and upon each and every Tun of French Wine, Rhenish Wine, and Wines of Germany and Hungary, the Sum of Eighteen Pounds and Eighteen Shillings; and for and upon each and every Tun of any other Sort of Wine not otherwise enumerated, the Sum of Twelve Pounds and Twelve Shillings, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity of such Wines respectively.

Duties paid on
British Currency,
and drawn in
Confidential
Fund.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all the Duties and Drawbacks in this Act mentioned, and also the Duties and Drawbacks in the respective Schedules hereto annexed, specified, mentioned and contained, shall be paid and payable, and received and receivable in British Currency; and that all the said Duties shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*; and that all the said Duties, and all Drawbacks on the said Schedules specified, mentioned and contained, shall be paid and received upon the several Articles and Things in this Act and the respective Schedules hereto annexed, specified, mentioned and contained, according to the Tare, Weight, Gauge, Measure or Value of the said Articles respectively specified, and also in proportion upon any greater or less Number, Weight, Quantity, Measure or Value of such Articles, Matters and Things respectively.

Duties and
Drawbacks under
Regulation of

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Rates and Duties and Drawbacks hereby mentioned and granted and allowed, shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in the same manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such ways and methods, and under such Rules and Directions, and under such Provisions and Forfeitures as are appointed, directed and enacted for the raising, collecting, levying and paying, and managing of Duties and Drawbacks payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into and exported from *Ireland* in and by an Act of Parliament made in *Ireland* in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled, *An Act for settling the Excise or new Regiments upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein intimated*, or made by any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said Powers and Authorities, Rules and Directions, Provisions and Forfeitures, were herein expressed and enacted, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said Act passed in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or as in and by any other Act or Acts as aforesaid is provided.

14 & 15 Car 2
c. 9, &c.

Appeal.

Additional
Duties granted
by Board.

IX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all Cases where the whole or any Part of the Duties on the Importation of any Goods, Wares and Merchandise into *Ireland* are permitted to be levied by Bond or otherwise, by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in *Ireland* at the time of such Importation, the Duties by this Act and the Schedules thereto annexed, granted or imposed, may in like manner and under the same Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Conditions, be permitted to be levied by Bond or otherwise.

X. And,

X. And be it enacted, That all Foreign Wines belonging to all His Majesty's Importers of, Factors and Dealers in, or Sellers or Retailers of Foreign Wines on or at any time after the Twenty eighth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and ten, and for securing the additional Duties by this Act imposed thereon, Be it further enacted, That every such Importer of, Dealer in, Seller or Retailer of Foreign Wines in England, who shall respectively have any such Wines in Cellar, or other Possession, in any Warehouse, Store Room, Shop, Cellar, Vault, or other Place, or in the Custody or Possession of any other Person for his, her or their Use, shall within Three Days after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ten deliver at the Office of the Collector of Excise of the District in which such Wine shall have been on the said Twenty eighth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and ten, or any other Day between that Day and the said Fifth Day of July inclusive, a just, true and particular Account in Writing of the Quantity of all the Foreign Wine which on the said Twenty eighth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and ten, or on any Day between that Day and the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ten inclusive, shall have been in the Custody or Possession of such Dealer in, Seller or Retailer of Foreign Wine, in every such Warehouse or other Place, or in the Custody or Possession of any Person for his or her Use, describing the Places in which the same shall be, and the Situation thereof, and distinguishing such Foreign Wines from each other, according to the true Denomination thereof, as the same are heretofore denoted, and also distinguishing whether such Wines are Red or White; and all Wines in Bottles shall be accounted for according to the Number of Bottles, without expending the Number of Gallons of Wine contained in such Bottles, but estimating the Number of such Gallons in the whole, by a fair Calculation made on the actual Content of any given Number of such Bottles, indifferently chosen; and every such Importer of, or Dealer in, or Seller or Retailer of Foreign Wine, shall make Oath, or if a Quaker a Solemn Affirmation, before the Collector of Excise of the District, that such Account is a just, true and perfect Account of all such Wines as aforesaid, which Oath or Affirmation such Collector is hereby authorized to administer; and every such Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, or other Person, who shall neglect to deliver, or cause to be delivered such Account, within the time aforesaid, and to render such Oath or Affirmation, or who shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, any false or untrue Account, shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and all such Foreign Wines of which such Account shall not be delivered, or of which any false or untrue Account shall be delivered, shall also be forfeited, together with the Casks, Bottles, Jars, Vessels, Hogsheads and Packages containing the same respectively, and shall and may be taxed by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Revenue in England.

XI. And be it further enacted, That for the Purposes of this Act it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers of Excise, from time to time, to enter into all or any of the Warehouses, Shopstalls, Rooms, Sheds, Wharfs, Cellars, Vaults and other Places of any such Importer of or Dealer in, or Seller of Foreign Wine whether by Wholesale or Retail, and into any Place where any Wine belonging to any Importer of, Dealer in or Seller or Retailer of Wine shall be, and by taking, gauging or otherwise, as take an Account of the Quantity and Quality of all Wine then and there found in the Custody of or belonging to any such Importer, Dealer, Seller or Retailer, or any Cask, or in any Vessel, except Bottles, and also to take an Account of all such Wine as shall be then and there found in Bottles, in any other manner than by taking the same, or by marking or opening the Bottles containing such Wine, such with the Consent of the Proprietor, for the Purpose of ascertaining the Number of Gallons thereof in manner above mentioned; and in case of Refusal of such Consent, each Bottle shall be deemed to contain the Quantity which its common Denomination of Pints, Quarts, Two Quarts, and so forth, imports; and if any Officer or Officers of Excise shall not, on Demand made by him or them at any such Warehouse, Shopstall, Room, Shop, Cellar, Vault, or other Place, be allowed admission, or shall not be suffered to take an Account of all Wines in manner aforesaid, or if such Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer or Person having the Custody or Possession of such Wines, shall neglect or refuse to do so, or cause to be shown to such Officer all the Wines in every such Warehouse or other Place respectively, such Person respectively, and or at whole Warehouse or other Place such Officer shall not be admitted, or shall not be suffered to take such Accounts respectively, and every such Person who shall neglect or refuse to do so, or cause to be shown to such Officer all such Wines as aforesaid, shall, for every such Offence or Default respectively, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in case of any Dispute between the Officer of Excise and any such Importer of, or Dealer in or Seller of Foreign Wine, as to the Nature or Species of any particular Wine, and the Country of which it is the Growth or Manufacture, it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise, and every such Officer is hereby authorized and empowered to take, at any time or times, a Sample or Samples, not exceeding One Quart of any such Foreign Wine, whether in Bottles or in Casks, or in any other Vessel or Vessels, paying for the Wine the usual Price thereof; and if such Officer or Officers shall not be permitted to take such Sample or Samples as aforesaid, upon his offering to pay for the same, after the Rate aforesaid, or shall in anywise be obstructed or hindered by any Person or Persons whatever in taking such Sample or Samples, the Importer of or Dealer in, or Seller or Retailer of such Wine, or other Person in whose Custody such Wine shall be, shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every such Officer and Officers of Excise who shall take such Account of such Wines, shall make a Return or Report of the same to the Collector of Excise of the District, and shall insert in such Return or Report the Amount of Duties lawfully charged and payable thereon, and the Sum charged as such Return or Report shall be a Charge on such Importer of or Dealer in, or Seller or Retailer of Wine, or other Person or Persons who shall pay the said Duty accordingly, in such such Return or Report shall contain a greater Quantity of Wines than shall be contained in the respective Accounts herebefore directed to be returned by the Parties respectively to whom such Wine shall belong, whereof the

Importers, &c.
to deliver an
Account of
Goods in Col-
lectors Office
of the District.

Provy.

Officers of Excise
may enter
Warehouses,
Shops, &c.
to take
Accounts of
Wines.

Distilling
Wines.

Provy.

In case of Dis-
pute, Casks in
any such
Warehouse,
&c.

Distilling.

Provy.

Officers of Excise
may enter
Warehouses,
&c.
to take
Accounts of
Wines.

Duties charged accordingly.

Read the Provisions of Duty on Wine in Stock.

No Person till Duties paid.

Deduction for prompt Payment.

Wines may charge additional Duty to Buyer when Delivered.

Continuance of Act.

All may be altered, &c.

Account given by each Importer or other Person shall be and become a Charge on such Importer or other Person of such Duty on the Quantity of Wine contained in such Account, and such Importer or other Person shall pay the said Duty accordingly; and where no such Account shall have been returned by such Importer or other Person, the Return made by the Officers under this Act shall be a conclusive Charge on such Importer or other Person.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any such Importer, Dealer, or other Person chargeable with the said additional Duties on Wines in respect of such Wines in his or her Stock or Cellar, to give Security by Bond to His Majesty, with Two sufficient Sureties, to be approved of by the Collector of the District in which such Importer or other Person resides, which Bond such Collector is hereby authorized to take for His Majesty's Use, in a Penalty of not less than Double the Amount of the said additional Duties, conditioned that such Importer, Dealer or other Person shall pay the Amount of the said additional Duty on or before the Twenty fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and eleven, by Six equal Installments, the First of such Installments to be paid on the Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and ten, the Four succeeding Installments on the Twenty fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ten, the Twenty fifth Day of March, the Twenty fourth Day of June, and the Twenty sixth Day of September then ensuing, and the Sixth and last Installment on or before the said Twenty fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if the Merchant, Importer of, Dealer in or Seller or Retailer of any such Wines shall have sold or shall sell the same, or any Part thereof, and shall be defunct or absconding the same out of his Stock before Payment of the respective additional Duties by this Act imposed, no Person shall be granted for the Remission thereof, unless the said additional Duties, and all Duties of Customs and Excise due on such Wine to be so remitted, shall have been previously paid.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Importer, Dealer or other Person who shall be charged with or be liable to the additional Duties on Wine under this Act, shall pay the same or any Part thereof, before the Expiration of the respective Times when the same are by this Act required to be paid as aforesaid, every such Person shall be allowed as a Discount for prompt Payment a Sum out of such Duties, as such Importer, Dealer or other Person shall so pay, after the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum for such time as any Sum shall be paid before the time when the same is by this Act required to be paid.

XVII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That if any Importer, Dealer or other Person who shall be charged with the additional Duties by this Act imposed, upon any Wine in his or her Possession shall have sold or consigned to sell any such Wine to any Person or Persons, and shall not have delivered the same to the Buyer thereof, then, and in every such case, the Buyer of the said Wine shall not be entitled to claim the Delivery of such Wine without first paying the additional Duty which such Seller shall have been charged with or paid for such Wine under the Provisions of this Act.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be and continue in force until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and no longer.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

The SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

A SCHEDULE of the Net Duties payable on Importation into Ireland of the Goods, Wares and Merchandize therein enumerated and described (not being the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain) and of the Drawbacks to be allowed on the said Exportation thereof from Ireland, in lieu of former Duties and Drawbacks on the like Articles.

SCHEDULE INWARDS	Duties.			Drawbacks.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Almonds, the cwt. w ^t .	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bitter	1	5	8	0	15	4
Jordan	4	0	0	3	0	0
In the Shell	1	10	0	0	15	0
Of any other Sort	3	0	0	1	0	0
Cider, the Tun of 32½ Gallons	25	4	8	13	8	4
Claret, the B. w ^t .	—	—	—	—	—	—
the Produce of, and imported from any British Colony or Plantation in America	0	2	0	—	—	—
imported under Licence	0	4	8	0	2	4
Cocoa Nuts, the lb.	0	2	3	0	1	1
Corks, ready made, the lb.	0	3	0	—	—	—
Cornwall, the cwt. w ^t .	—	—	—	—	—	—
imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	1	17	4	0	18	8
— in Foreign Shipping	3	0	0	0	18	8

Fig.

SCHEDULE INWARDS.	Tons.			Dunsels.		
	1.	2.	3.	1.	2.	3.
Figs, the wt. viz.						
— imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	0	15	0	0	9	0
— in Foreign Shipping	0	19	4	0	9	0
Gins, viz.						
— of the British Colonies or Plantations in the West Indies, Africa or America, the wt.	0	19	4	0	9	8
— not of the Produce of the British Colonies or Plantations, the wt.	2	4	8	1	2	4
— preferred, the lb.	0	3	8	—	—	—
Licenses, imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom, the 1,000	0	16	4	0	8	2
— imported in Foreign Shipping	0	17	4	0	8	2
— pickled, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	2	17	0	1	5	0
Liquorice Root or Juice, the lb.	0	6	8	0	3	4
Nutmegs, candied, the lb.	0	6	8	0	3	4
— the Produce of, and imported from any British Colony or Plantation in America, the lb.	0	3	0	—	—	—
— imported under Licenses, the lb.	0	4	8	0	2	4
Oil, viz.						
— of Almonds, the lb.	0	0	8	0	0	4
— of Anise, the lb.	0	4	8	0	2	4
— of Aniseed, the lb.	0	3	4	0	1	8
— of Caraway Seeds, the lb.	0	2	0	0	1	0
— of Castor, the lb.	0	2	0	0	0	6
— of Cassia, the oz.	0	4	0	0	2	0
— of Cloves, the oz.	0	1	4	0	0	8
— of Hempseed, the Tun of 252 Gallons	16	7	6	—	—	—
— of Jamaica, the lb.	0	3	4	0	1	8
— of Juniper, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	6
— of Linseed, the Tun of 252 Gallons	16	7	6	—	—	—
— of Mars, the oz.	0	1	8	0	0	10
— of Mustard, the lb.	0	2	4	0	1	8
— of Nutmegs, the oz.	0	1	8	0	0	10
— of Oranges, the lb.	0	3	0	0	1	6
— Ordinary Oil of Olives, imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	11	8	0	6	4	0
— in Foreign Shipping, the Tun of 252 Gallons	13	3	9	6	4	0
— Palm Oil, the wt.	0	5	4	0	2	8
— of Rapeseed, the Tun of 252 Gallons	26	7	0	—	—	—
— of Rosemary, the lb.	0	1	8	0	0	10
— Saffron Oil, imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom, the Gallon	0	3	9	0	3	0
— imported in Foreign Shipping, the Gallon	0	4	0	0	3	0
— of Saffron, the lb.	0	2	0	0	1	0
— Seed Oil, not otherwise enumerated or defined, the Tun of 252 Gallons	16	7	6	—	—	—
— of Thyme, the lb.	0	3	4	0	1	2
— of Turpentine, the lb.	0	0	0	—	—	—
— of Verriol, the lb.	0	0	4	—	—	—
— of Walnuts, the Gallon	0	3	2	0	1	7
— all other Oils, being Chemical Oils, not otherwise enumerated or defined, the lb.	0	3	0	0	1	6
— Oil or Blubber from Fish, the Tun of 252 Gallons, viz.						
— Blubber of Newfoundland, of the fishing of the United Kingdom, or of Newfoundland fishing	0	13	8	—	—	—
— Oil of Newfoundland, the Tun of 252 Gallons	0	19	9	—	—	—
— Fish Oil, or Train Oil, of the fishing of the United Kingdom, the Tun of 252 Gallons	0	6	7	—	—	—
— of Foreign Fishing	26	7	0	—	—	—
— Spermaceti Oil, or Head Matter, of fishing of the United Kingdom, the Tun of 252 Gallons	0	6	7	—	—	—
— of Foreign Fishing	26	7	6	—	—	—
Onions, viz.						
— imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom, the 1,000	0	16	4	0	8	2
— in Foreign Shipping, the 1,000	0	17	4	0	8	2
Pepper, the lb. viz.						
— Black or White, of the East Indies	0	1	8	—	—	—

T 2

Pepper,

SCHEDULE INWARDS.	Duties.			Drawbacks.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Pepper, cutbaid, viz.	0	4	0	0	2	0
Cayenne Pepper	0	1	4	0	0	8
Guinea Pepper	0	0	8	0	0	4
Long Pepper	0	0	8	0	0	4
Pimento, the lb. viz.	0	0	8	0	0	4
of the British Plantations	0	1	0	0	0	6
not of the British Plantations	0	18	0	0	0	0
Raisins, the cwt. viz.	0	18	0	0	0	0
Belvidere Raisins, imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	0	18	0	0	0	0
in Foreign Shipping	0	10	0	0	0	0
Doria Raisins, imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	0	16	4	0	8	2
in Foreign Shipping	0	17	4	0	8	2
Fare Raisins, imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	0	18	0	0	0	0
in Foreign Shipping	0	10	0	0	0	0
Lasia Raisins, imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	0	18	0	0	0	4
in Foreign Shipping	0	10	0	0	0	4
Lipari Raisins, imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	0	18	0	0	0	0
in Foreign Shipping	0	10	0	0	0	0
Smyrna Raisins, imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	1	1	0	0	10	6
in Foreign Shipping	1	2	0	0	10	6
of the Sea, imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	1	15	8	0	17	10
in Foreign Shipping	1	16	8	0	17	10
not otherwise enumerated or described,	0	16	4	0	8	2
imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	0	17	4	0	8	2
in Foreign Shipping	0	6	4	0	5	2
Rice, the cwt.	0	4	0	—	—	—
or Colophonia, the cwt. viz.	0	4	8	—	—	—
imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	0	4	0	—	—	—
in Foreign Shipping	0	4	8	—	—	—
the Produce of any of the Dominions or Plantations belonging to the Crown of the United Kingdom	0	2	8	—	—	—
Silk, Organized or Thrown Silk, undyed, the lb. of 16 oz.	0	3	8	0	1	11
Thrown, not organized, dyed, the lb. of 16 oz.	0	5	1	0	8	4
undyed, the lb. of 16 oz.	0	5	4	0	5	7
Tea, imported from Great Britain, for every 100l. of the Value thereof	9s.	—	—	0s.	10	0
Turpentine, viz.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Common, the cwt.	0	1	0	0	1	10
of Venice, Sicily or Cyprus, the lb.	0	0	8	0	0	4
of Germany, or any other Place, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt.	1	3	0	0	11	0
Vinage or Vinegar, the Tun of 52 Gallons	4s.	11	6	—	—	—
Wax, Bees Wax unmanufactured, the cwt.	1	10	0	1	8	0
White or manufactured, the cwt.	5	4	0	2	12	0
Hard Wax, the lb.	0	3	0	0	1	0
Sealng Wax, for every 100l. of the Value	30	0	0	—	—	—

SCHEDULE (B.)

A SCHEDULE of the Additional Duties payable on the Importation into Ireland of the Goods, Wares and Merchandise therein enumerated or described (not being of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain) and of the Drawbacks to be allowed on the due Exportation thereof from Ireland.

	Duties.			Drawbacks.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Wine, the Tun of 52 Gallons, viz.	18	18	0	18	18	0
French, Rhish, Germany and Hungary Wines	12	12	0	12	12	0
not otherwise enumerated or described	—	—	—	—	—	—

C A P. XXVIII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Two hundred and sixteen thousand Pounds by Treasury Bills, for the Service of Ireland for the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten. [20th June 1810.]

“ *Any Treasury Bill* may issue *Bills* to a certain Extent to bear Interest 4 p. *Bills* issued not to exceed 250,000 £ s. *Bills*, if not paid off, shall be taken in Payment of the Revenue of Ireland, after such time as the Treasury shall appoint, and Interest shall cease. 3 s. 4. Money to be carried to the Exchequer and retained there. 4 p. *Bills* to be chargeable thereon. 4 s. *Bank of Ireland* may advance the Sum of 250,000 £ on the Credit of this Act. 4 p.

C A P. XXIX.

An Act to amend the several Acts relating to the making of Malt, and the granting of Licences and Certificates, and the Regulations of Brewers and of Persons employing more than one Still in Ireland. [20th June 1810.]

“ **W**HEREAS it is expedient to amend the several Acts relating to the making of Malt in Ireland; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of the passing of this Act, so much of an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the better Regulation of the Malt Duties in Ireland, and regulating the Trade of a Malster*, as tends or provides that any Corn or Grain making into Malt in the Malthouse of any Malster or Maker of Malt, after the same shall be thrown out or ought to have been thrown out of the Couch Frame, shall remain on the Floor or Floors for the full Space of Ten Days at the least before the same shall be put on the Kils; and also so much of the said recited Act as enables or provides that Corn or Grain making into Malt shall be put on the Kils within Twenty one Days from the Day intimated in the Notice for the wetting thereof, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed.

“ **II** And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of the passing of this Act, if any Corn or Grain making into Malt in the Malthouse of any Malster or Maker of Malt in Ireland, after the time when the same shall be thrown out, or ought to be thrown out of the said recited Act to have been thrown out of the Couch Frame, shall not remain on the Floor or Floors for the full Space of Eight Days at the least before the same shall be put on the Kils, such Malster or Maker of Malt shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds; and that if any Corn or Grain making into Malt shall not have been put on the Kils within Eighteen Days from the Day intimated in the Notice for the wetting thereof, all such Corn or Grain shall be considered as Malt, and the Malster or Maker of Malt in whose Malthouse the same shall be found, shall be charged with Duty for the same, after the Rate of One Bushel of Malt for every Bushel of such Corn or Grain, and such Malster or Maker of Malt shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; which said several Penalties shall and may be recovered and applied in such and the like manner as any Penalties of the like Amount may be recovered and applied under the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year aforesaid, or any Act or Acts for amending the same.

“ **III** And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Person or Persons appointed by the said Commissioners for that Purpose, to grant any Licence or Licences to any Person or Persons in Ireland, to keep any Malthouse, the working or drying Floor whereof shall not be less than One thousand and forty square Feet, and shall not exceed One thousand four hundred square Feet, any thing in the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year aforesaid, or in any Act or Acts for amending the said recited Act, to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that the Kils Floor or Floors of every such Malthouse shall be in the like Proportions to the working or drying Floor or Floors therein as is directed and required by the said recited Act or Acts, or any of them, with respect to Maltocks, the working or drying Floors whereof are of the Dimensions in the said recited Acts mentioned: Provided also, that all such Licences shall be granted in manner and under the Regulations in the said recited Acts contained, except only in far as the same are altered by this Act.

“ **IV** And be it further enacted, That if any unground Corn or Grain shall be mixed with or contained among any Malt shipped or intended to be shipped in Ireland for Exportation, all such Corn and Malt shall be forfeited, together with the Packages containing the same, and the same shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise, and the Person or Persons who shall have it mixed, or mixed or prepared, permitted or suffered to be mixed any such unground Corn or Grain with such Malt as aforesaid, shall, for every Bushel of such Mixture, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five Shillings.

“ **V** And whereas by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign intituled, *An Act for better regulating the issuing and granting of Permits and Certificates for the Consumption and Production of certain artificial Casks therein mentioned, and to prevent Frauds by Distillers in or Revellers of such Goods*; certain Penalties and Forfeitures are imposed in such a Goods or Commodities as are found without the Certificate required by the said Act to be given by Officers of Excise, for the production of Goods; and also in cases where such Candidates are not delivered up or returned according to the Provisions of the said recited Act; Be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, any Person or Persons who shall assume or be assumed by any Person or Persons whatsoever, nor shall any Goods or Commodities be delivered or be liable to be found, nor shall any Information, Suit or Prosecution be filed, laid, commenced, prosecuted or preferred on for any such Penalty or Forfeiture, or for the Commission of any such

250,000 £ s.
4 p. 4 s. 4 p.

Malt in making,
to remain on the
Floor a certain
Time.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Licences for
Maltocks of
certain Size &
Area granted.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Mixed Corn and
Malt forfeited.
See Inland Tax
Schedule.

Penalty.

40 s. 2 p.
5. 11.

Penalties not to
be recovered by
any Information,
Suit or Prosecution
filed, laid,
commenced, prosecuted
or preferred.

Composure of
Burdett
Goods, which
Notice by
Officer

such Goods or Commodities by reason or in consequence of the Expiration of any such Certificate, or by reason or in consequence of such Certificate not being delivered up, or not being renewed in manner required by the said recited Act, unless Notice shall have been given by some Officer of Excise to the Holder of such Certificate Six Days at the least previous to the King of any such Expiration, or the commencing of such Sale or Presentation, requiring such Holder to renew such Certificate, or to deliver up the same as the case may require, and to take out a new or other Certificate pursuant to the Directions of the said recited Act, any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

44 G. 3. c. 25.

* VI. And whereas by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *“An Act to provide for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and the working of such Spirits for Exports, it is, amongst other things, enacted, that no Brewer or other Person dealing in Brandy, Copper, Tin, or other Metal, shall make or have in his or her Possession any Still, the Content of the Body whereof without the Head or any Appendage thereto, shall be less than Five hundred Gallons, other than and except any such Still only as may be licensed by the Commissioners of Excise under the Provisions of the said recited Act, nor unless such Brewer or other Person shall have previously obtained a License from some one Commissioner of Excise, for making or keeping the same; and in case such Still shall be of less Content than Two hundred Gallons, setting forth that the same is for the Use of some Chemist, Apothecary, or other Person duly licensed to use the same, and if any such Still shall be found in the Possession of any Brewer or other Person as aforesaid, who shall not produce a License for making or keeping the same, such Brewer or other Person shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and such Still shall be seized and may be taken by any Officer of Excise: And whereas by our other Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *“An Act to amend the several Acts for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and for the regulating the Sale of such Licenses by Retail, it is, amongst other things, enacted, that if any Brewer, Tinsman, or Worker of Tin, or other Person dealing in Brandy, Copper, Tin, or other Metal, shall at any time after the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of the passing of the said last mentioned Act, make or repair, or have in his or her Possession or in his or her Shop, the Content of the Body whereof without the Head or any other Appendage thereto, shall be less than Fifty Gallons, every such Person offending as aforesaid shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanor: And whereas in consequence of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes being by Law authorized to grant Licenses to Persons to keep, keep and make use of any Still, the Content of the Body whereof without the Head or any other Appendage thereto, shall not be less than Forty four Gallons, it is necessary to repeal in such of the said Two Acts as is herebefore recited: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in such and each Part of the said Two Acts of the Forty sixth and Forty sixth Years aforesaid, as is and are herebefore recited, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed.**

44 G. 3. c. 25.

* VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Brewer, Tinsman or Worker of Tin, or other Person dealing in Brandy, Copper, Tin, or other Metal, shall make or repair, or have in his or her Possession in Ireland, any Still the Content of the Body whereof without the Head or any Appendage thereto shall be less than Forty four Gallons, every such Person so offending aforesaid shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace on Information on Oath of any such Offender, to offer his Warrant for the Apprehension of such Person, and on Examination into the Complaints to commit such Person to Goal, there to remain until delivered by due Course of Law; and in case any Indictment shall be found against such Person, he or she shall plead thereto, without having time to traverse the same; and it shall be lawful for the Court by and before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted, to inflict such Punishment on such Person for such Offence, as may by Law be inflicted on Persons guilty of Misdemeanor.

repealed.

Brewers, or
having in Posses-
sion any Still of less
Content than 44
Gallons

Punishment.

* VIII. And whereas it is expedient to meet the Inconvenience arising from Distillers commencing the working Two or more Stills at different Periods in the same Distillery: Be it enacted, That whereas any Distiller is lawfully allowed Two or more Stills in the same Distillery, and shall not have given Notice and commenced the working of all such Stills on the same Day, it shall not be lawful for such Distiller to give Notice of the commencing or recommencing to work any Still or Stills in addition to the Still or Stills which shall be then at work in such Distillery but on a Monday, which shall be the Commencement of a Period of Four Weeks for the Work of such Still or Stills as shall have been so at work as aforesaid; and in every case where a Distiller shall have Two or more Stills working, as aforesaid at the same time, every such Distiller shall be charged and chargeable, and shall pay Duty for each Quantity of Spirits as he shall make, or be chargeable with Duty for from the Number of Charges of Low Wine or Singleths, with which all such Stills shall by Law be chargeable according to the Contents of the same respectively; and the Officer of Excise shall in the several Returns by Law required to be made by him, include and charge against each Distiller the full Quantity of Spirits for which such Distiller is chargeable with Duty in respect of all such Stills taken together; and when any Distiller shall at any time before the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, have commenced or recommenced the working of Two or more Stills in the same Distillery on different Days, so as that the Period of Four Weeks as to each of the said Stills shall be distinct, it shall be lawful for the Officer in Charge of the Distillery of such Distiller, to include in his Return of the Charge at the End of each Period of Four Weeks of the Suffer Stills which shall have first commenced working as aforesaid, the full Proportions of the Charge or Charges in respect of the Contents of each additional Still or Stills for a Period of Four Weeks, according to the Number of Weeks that the same shall have worked during such Period of Four Weeks, of the Still or Stills which first commenced working as aforesaid, so as to charge the said Distiller from the same Day and Period as to all and every of the said Stills as long as the same shall continue working, and that such Return so made as aforesaid shall be a Charge on such Distiller to all Interests and Parties, as any Charge on

Expenses for
Distillers in work-
ing Two or more
Stills.

7 50.

any

any Distiller by virtue of any other or former Act; and the Duty or Duties returned and charged shall be paid and payable by such Distiller in like manner as any Duty under any other Return is payable by Law by any Distiller, and under and subject to Default of Payment to all Penalties as Distillers are subject to in case of Non-payment of the Duties with which they are chargeable.

Penalties.

C A P. C.

An Act for revising certain Fines imposed on Stills in Ireland.

[20th June 1810.]

WHEREAS by so Act passed in this present Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act to give to His Majesty, Duties upon Spirits made or distilled in Ireland from Corn; to allow certain Drawbacks as the Expectation thereof; to make further Regulations for the Encouragement of Acquired Distillers, and for amending the Laws relative to the Distillery of Ireland; the Operation of certain Acts was suspended for Two Years, in so far as they imposed Fines on Parishes and Townships in Ireland for unlicensed stills or stills, or Materials for such Distilling, found on such Parishes; And whereas during the time said Act was passing similar Fines may have been imposed at different Places in Ireland, which, without the Intercourse of Parliament, could be levied; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all such Fines as may have been imposed on Parishes or Townships in Ireland on or after the Tenth Day of March in this Year, shall be and are hereby revised; and that so High Constables or other Person employed to collect the same shall suffer any Loss of Salary in consequence of not having collected or paid in such Fines*

10 G. 3. c. 32.

311

Fines imposed on Parishes, &c. 10 G. 3. c. 32. 311

C A P. CL.

An Act for confirming an Agreement for the Purchase of the Privilege and Butlerage of Wines in Ireland, entered into by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, and the Right Honourable M^o Lord Earl of Ormonde and Offaly and his Trustees, in pursuance of an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign [20th June 1810.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to enable the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland to contract for the Duties of Privilege and Butlerage in Ireland, revoking that the Right Honourable Earl of Ormonde and Offaly was or claimed to be entitled to the Privilege and Butlerage of all Wines brought into any of the Ports, Harbours, Creeks, Rivers, and other Places within Ireland; and reciting also that it would tend to Uniformity in the Collection and Application of the Revenue of Customs in Ireland if the said Duties of Privilege and Butlerage were, by the Consent of the said Earl, to be reserved in the Crown for the public Service; It was enacted, that it should and might be lawful for the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being, or on Behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to treat, contract, and agree with the said Walter Earl of Ormonde and Offaly, or any other Person or Persons claiming or to claim under or by virtue of the respective Grants or Letters Patent under which the said Earl was or claimed to be entitled to the same, for the absolute Purchase or Surrender of all such Rights, Privilege, Title and Interest, as he or they had or should be entitled to claim in and to the Privilege and Butlerage of Wines brought into any of the Ports, Harbours, Creeks, Rivers, and other Places in Ireland, and of all the Rights, Privileges, Profits, and other Advantages whatsoever thereto belonging, for such Assent or Sum of Money or both, to be charged upon and payable out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, at such times and in such manner, and upon and subject to such Terms and Conditions of Redemption thereof, or otherwise relating thereto, as the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being should think fit, and as should be agreed upon in that Behalf: And it was by the said Act provided and further enacted, that no such Contract which should be entered into as aforesaid should be binding on His Majesty's Heirs or Successors, or should be carried into Effect until and until the same should be sanctioned and confirmed by Act of Parliament; and whereas by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for vesting in one Trust certain Estates and Property in Ireland of the Right Honourable Walter Earl of Ormonde and Offaly in Ireland, and Baron Butler in England, which have not been sold or disposed of under and by virtue of Two Acts of Parliament made in the Thirty fifth and Forty fifth Years of His present Majesty's Reign (by which said Acts of the Thirty fifth Year of His present Majesty certain Estates and Effects of the said Walter Earl of Ormonde and Offaly in Ireland, including the said Butlerage and Privilege, were sold as Trusts, and by which said Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty the Right Honourable John Earl of English and the Right Honourable Marquis Fitzgibbon were constituted Trustees in the Rooms of the Trustees of the said former Act); after reciting that the Trusts of the said last mentioned Act were not then completed, and that the said John Earl of English and the said Marquis Fitzgibbon, the Trustees therein named, were desirous of being discharged thereof, and that the said Earl of Ormonde and Offaly was desirous that new Trustees should be appointed to sell in the Trusts of the said several Acts of Parliament, in the Rooms of the said John Earl of English and Marquis Fitzgibbon, but that no Provision had been made in either of the said Acts of the Thirty fifth and Forty fifth Years of His present Majesty for that Purpose: It was, therefore, by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of**

46 G. 3. c. 26.

311

311

46 G. 3. c. 26.

46 G. 3. c. 26.

312

His most Majesty enacted, That the said John Earl of *Essex* and *Maurice Fitzgerald* should be, and they the said John Earl of *Essex* and *Maurice Fitzgerald* were thereby from thenceforth absolutely and for ever released and discharged of and from all and every the Ours, Treasures, Powers and Authorities then vested in them by virtue of the said Act of the Thirty-fifth of His most Majesty, and the said Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His said most Majesty, in far as it affected or concerned the said John Earl of *Essex* and *Maurice Fitzgerald* and their Heirs, was thereby repealed and declared null and void: And it was by the said Act of the Forty-eighth Year of His most Majesty further enacted, That *William Marland* and *John Hylor* of *Paul Mall*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquires, *Charles Butler* of *London's Inn*, in the same County, Barrister at Law, and *John Hart Prior Clarke*, then of *Monmouth Street*, in the same County, Esquires, and their Heirs, should be, and they the said *William Marland*, *John Hylor*, *Charles Butler* and *John Hart Prior Clarke*, were thereby appointed Trustees in the Place and Stead of the said John Earl of *Essex* and *Maurice Fitzgerald*, and all such Parts of the Estates, Mannors, Leases, Tenements, Prises and Bargains of Wines, Cellars, Effects, Hereditaments and Premises of what Nature and Kind soever, comprized in the said recited Acts or either of them, which had not been sold or disposed of for the Purposes of the said recited Acts or either of them, were thereby vested in the said *William Marland*, *John Hylor*, *Charles Butler* and *John Hart Prior Clarke*, and their Heirs, upon such and the same Trusts, and to and for such and the same Uses, and for such and the same Estates and Interests, and with such and the same Powers and Privileges, and to and for the same Incomes and Purposes as in the said recited Act of the Thirty-fifth of His present Majesty are mentioned or declared concerning the Hereditaments and Premises therein mentioned, and as in full, extensive and absolute manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as the same were vested in the said John Earl of *Essex* and *Maurice Fitzgerald* and their Heirs, or such and in any way of them as shall be there following, and therein and capable of taking Effect: And whereas by Indenture bearing Date the Fourteenth Day of *May* in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and ten, and made in respect to be made between the Right Honourable *John Poyser*, Chancellor of His Majesty's Exchequer, on that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain, called *Ireland*, the Right Honourable Sir *George Fitzgerald Hill Barret*, and the Right Honourable *John Barry*, Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of Ireland, of the one Part; the said *William Marland*, *John Hylor*, *Charles Butler* and *John Hart Prior Clarke*, of the second Part; and the said *William Marland*, *John Hylor*, *Charles Butler* and *John Barry*, as Commissioners of the Treasury of Ireland, in pursuance of the Intention recited in an Act of Parliament passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, did on Behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, contract and agree with the said *William Marland*, *John Hylor*, *Charles Butler* and *John Hart Prior Clarke*, by and with the Consent of the said *William Marland*, *John Hylor*, *Charles Butler* (signified by his being a Party to and executing the said Indenture) for the said late Purchase and Surrender from the Day of the Execution of the Deed of Conveyance by the said Commissioners of such Estate, Right, Title and Interest, as the said Earl of *Essex* and *John Hart Prior Clarke*, his said Trustees, heirs or assigns in the said recited Prises and Bargains of Wines in all Parts of the said Part or Parts of Two hundred and Sixteen thousand Pounds Sterling Irish Currency: And it was by the said Indenture agreed and declared by and between the Parties to the said Indenture that the said Earl of *Essex* and *John Hart Prior Clarke*, *William Marland*, *John Hylor*, *Charles Butler* and *John Hart Prior Clarke*, his said Trustees, after the said Contract should be approved of by Parliament, produce a good and Satisfactory Title to the said Prises and Bargains; and by proper Deeds, Conveyances and Assignments convey or transfer the same, or cause the same to be conveyed or transferred to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, absolutely and free from all Charges and Incumbrances whatsoever; and that the said Indenture declared and agreed by and between the Parties to the said Indenture, that the said sum of Two hundred and Sixteen thousand Pounds Sterling should be paid to the said *William Marland*, *John Hylor*, *Charles Butler* and *John Hart Prior Clarke*, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, by the Commissioners of the Treasury on the Day of the Execution of the said Deed of Conveyance by the said *John Poyser*, Sir *George Fitzgerald Hill* and *John Barry*; and that, upon the Execution of the said Conveyance and Surrender, the said Prises and Bargains, as if the same Income and Profits of the same should being to and received by the said *William Marland*, *John Hylor*, *Charles Butler* and *John Hart Prior Clarke*, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, as Trustees under the said recited Act of the Forty-eighth Year of His Majesty: And it is by the said Indenture provided and declared by and between the Parties thereto, that nothing therein contained shall be binding upon them or any of them, unless the same should, within the Space of Two Years, to be computed from the Twentieth Day of *December* then last, be confirmed and confirmed by Parliament: and whereas the Mayor, Sheriffs and Comptrolers of the City of *London*, by their Petition to the House of Commons, claimed all the Prises of Wines in all Parts of the said Kingdom of Great Britain, and it is possible that such Claims may be made within other Parts of Ireland: And whereas it would be of great public Benefit that the Prises and Bargains of Wines should be lawfully conveyed within every Part in Ireland, and within and through every Creek, Bay and Strait thereof: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the Same, That the said herebefore recited Contract and Agreement for the Purchase and Surrender of the Estate, Right, Title and Interest of the said *William Marland*, *John Hylor*, *Charles Butler* and *John Hart Prior Clarke*, and by their Trustees, of, and to the Prises and Bargains of Wines in all Ireland, shall be, and the same lawfully executed, raised, confirmed and established, subject nevertheless to the Provisions and Regulations in this present Act contained; and that immediately from and

Edw. 6. c. 13.
 48 G. 3. c. 11.
 48 G. 3. c. 11.

48 G. 3. c. 11.

48 G. 3. c. 11.
 48 G. 3. c. 11.

48 G. 3. c. 11.
 48 G. 3. c. 11.

after the Execution of the Conveyance in the said recited Contract mentioned, which Conveyance shall contain a full Conveyance of the Prilege and Bargaine of Wines brought into all or any Port, Haven, Creek, River, or other Place in Ireland, all Prilege and Bargaine of Wines brought into any of the Ports, Havens, Creeks, Rivers, and other Places in Ireland, and all Commodities, Duties, and other Payments in Law or in Account of such Prilege and Bargaine shall for ever thereafter be absolutely vested in His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, free and clear, and for ever exempted, exempted and discharged and free from all Rights, Titles, Interests, Claims and Demands whatsoever of any Body Politick or Corporate, or other Person or Persons whatsoever; and that immediately from and after the Execution of such Conveyance, the Sum of Two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, full Money, shall be raised out of, and shall be charged and chargeable on the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, and shall be raised and paid accordingly in manner and under the Regulations in this Act contained.

II. And be it further enacted, That immediately after the Execution of the Deed of Conveyance and Surrender of the said Prilege and Bargaine from the said Earl of Gosford and Offry, and his Trustees, or the said Earl of Gosford and Offry, and his Trustees, or the Service of such Trustees, and by the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, or the Whole of the said Sum of Two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds shall, by the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being, with the Consent of the said Earl of Gosford and Offry, and his said Trustees, or the Service of them, be laid out at Interest in Treasury Bills, or in such other Government Securities as the said Earl of Gosford and Offry, and his said Trustees, or the Service of them, shall approve, in the Name or Names of the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners, or any Three of them for the time being, and the Principal, Interest and Proceeds of the said Treasury Bills, or other Government Securities, shall be accounted for, applied and paid over by the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners for the time being for the Purposes of this Act, in manner and under the Regulations and at the times in this Act in that behalf mentioned and directed.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Acquittance or Acquittances, or Receipts or Receipts of the said William Marlow, John Ryder, Charles Butler and Job Hart Prior Clerks, or the Persons or Persons who shall be appointed to receive the Sum of Two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, under the Provisions of this Act contained, shall be a good and sufficient Discharge for the Payment of the said Sum, or of so much thereof as shall be thereby acknowledged to be by them or him received without any further or other Warrant to be had for or obtained in that Behalf; and that the said Sum and every Part thereof shall be true and clear from all Taxes, Imposts, Fees, and other Charges whatsoever.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That, for trying or determining any Right or Claim which the said Mayor, Sheriffs and Comership of the said City of Cork, or any other Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, may pretend or make in or to the Prilege or Bargaine of Wines, or any Port, Share or Possession thereof, or any Port or Parts of Ireland, or in any Bay, Creek or Stream within any Port or in any Place or Places in Ireland, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Mayor, Sheriffs and Comership of the said City of Cork, and to and for all and every or any Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who shall at any time or times have any such Claim, to have the Benefit of such Claim tried in Law in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, Common Pleas or Exchequer, in Ireland, at the Option of the Claimant or Claimants, by an Affidavit to be brought by such Claimant or Claimants against the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury of Ireland for the time being; and the said Earl of Gosford and Offry, and his said Trustees, or the Service of them, upon as often whether the said Mayor, Sheriffs and Comership of the said City of Cork, or any other Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who shall at any time or times make any such Claim respectively, are or is entitled to any Prilege or Bargaine of Wines in any Bay, Creek or Stream within the Port of the said City of Cork, or any other Place, or in any other Port or Parts of Ireland, or in any Bay, Creek or Stream thereof, or in any Place or Places in Ireland; to be named in such Affidavit, as the said Mayor, Sheriffs and Comership of the said City of Cork, or any other Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who shall at any time or times make any such Claim as aforesaid, shall be filed in at Law; and the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being, together with the said Earl of Gosford and Offry, and his said Trustees or the Service of them, shall be Defendants at Law; and such Defendants shall at all Deliberations as necessary or Advantage respectively to appear to; and to accept a Declaration and plead as often; and such Issues of the Parties shall differ, shall be tried by the Master or the proper Officer of the Court in which any such Proceedings shall be had; and all and every such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall proceed in every such Action for the Trial of such Claim, as to the Law, the facts tried and determined before a Jury of the County of the City of Dublin, at any time before the Twelfth Day of January One the third instant hundred and twelve, as the Court shall think fit; and after Verdict on any such Issue, Judgment shall be given by such Court with Costs as usual in such Cases.

V. And be it further enacted, That if such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, shall fully and satisfactorily establish such Right, or any Right in the Premises, though not to the full Extent, then, and in every such Case, the Price and Value of such Prilege or Bargaine, or of such Port, Share or Possession thereof, the Right to which shall be so established as aforesaid, shall be otherwise ascertained at the said Trial as aforesaid; and the Parties at such Trial shall be sworn that in case all the said Parties shall not so agree, that the said Price and Value shall be ascertained as follows, that is to say; if by any such Issue in Writing, to be made and entered by and between the Parties or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, in establishing his, her or their Right as aforesaid, of the Full Part; the said William Mar-

and, *John Hulse, Charles Butler and Job Hart Prior Clerk, or the Survivors and Survivor of them, or the Heirs or Aliens of each Survivor, with the Consent of the said Earl of Grenville and Officer or his Heirs, of the Second Part; and any Three Commissioners of the Treasury of Ireland, or the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being, of the Third Part; the Price and Value thereof shall be ascertained, declared and agreed upon under their respective Hands and Seals; then the same shall from thenceforth be deemed and taken as and for the Price and Value thereof to all Intents and Purposes, and shall be paid in manner hereinafter mentioned, together with the Costs (if any); but if the said Parties should not so agree, then the same shall in every such Case be ascertained as follows, that is to say; an Action shall be brought by the Petitioner or Petitioners, Body or Bodies Petitioner or Petitioners, having established such Right as aforesaid, for the recovering of the Amount of such Price or Value against the Petitioner or Petitioners being Defendants in the said suit or suits, in which Action for ascertaining such Price or Value the Petitioner shall be laid in the County of the City of Dublin; and it shall be lawful for all Parties to proceed in such Action for ascertaining such Price or Value as aforesaid, in like manner as in the former Case of the Action for the Trial of the Right as aforesaid, or as nearly therein as the Case will admit; and upon such Trial it shall be lawful for the Jury to give a Verdict for the Defendants, or for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, with Damages, and the Court shall give Judgment thereon with Costs, in what is common cause.*

Folio.

On each page
of this Act
there is to be
written in the
margin the
words

VI. And be it further enacted, That whenever such Agreement shall be made, or such Verdict and Judgment shall be given for such Price or Value, then within Twemty Days after the Execution of such Agreement, or after the Production and Delivery of a Certificate under the Hand of the proper Officer or Officers of the Court in which any such Trial shall be had, signifying that such Verdict and Judgment had been given, and the Amount of the Damages thereon, which said Certificate the said Officer or Officers it and are hereby required to give, it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being, and he and they it and are hereby required to issue and pay to and to the Use of the said Mayor, Sheriffs and Commonalty of the City of Cork, or to and to the Use of such other Petitioner or Petitioners, Body or Bodies Petitioner or Petitioners, as by virtue of any such Agreement or Verdict and Judgment shall be entitled to any such Damages or Sums or Sums of Money, the Amount of such Damages and Sums and Sums of Money respectively.

New Trial.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if the Court before whom any Trial shall be had under this Act shall be dissatisfied with any Verdict to be given on any such Trial, then, and in every such Case, and in other as the same shall happen, it shall be lawful for such Court to grant a new or further Trial upon the same Issue, upon Application of the Party complaining of such Verdict within the time allowed in common Cases for Motion for new Trials; and that if any of the Defendants in any Action to be brought and prosecuted in pursuance of this Act shall die, or refuse to hold their Offices, pending the same, such Action shall not abate by reason thereof, but shall be proceeded in as if no such Event had happened.

Verdict binding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Verdict and Judgment thereof shall be binding and conclusive upon and against the Parties on the Trial of any such Issue, and upon and against all and every Petitioner and Petitioners, and Body and Bodies Petitioner and Petitioners whatsoever, claiming or to claim any Privilege or Exemption of Wines in the Port or Place relating to which any such Issue shall be tried as aforesaid; and that if the said Mayor, Sheriffs and Commonalty of the City of Cork, or any other Petitioner or Petitioners, Body or Bodies Petitioner or Petitioners whatsoever, claiming or to claim any Right, Title or Interest in or to the Privilege or Exemption of Wines in Ireland, or any Part, Share or Proportion thereof, shall omit or neglect to proceed to the Trial of the several Issues for determining their Right therein in manner aforesaid, and also for ascertaining the Price or Value as aforesaid if necessary; and if such Trials shall not be had, and Verdicts and Judgments thereon respectively given, or Agreements made for ascertaining such Price or Value as aforesaid, before the said First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the said Mayor, Sheriffs and Commonalty of the City of Cork, and all and every other Petitioner and Petitioners, Body and Bodies Petitioner and Petitioners, claiming whole Right and Damages, Trials shall not be had, and Verdicts and Judgments shall not be given, or Agreements made as aforesaid, before the said First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall be deemed and taken to have abandoned all Claim, Right and Title to such Privilege and Exemption of Wines, or any Share or Proportion thereof, and shall be for ever therewith barred and precluded from—A Benefit of any such Claim; and from demanding, taking or receiving any Privilege or Exemption of Wines in any Port or Place in Ireland, any Law, Custom, Usage or Condition to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Treason to pay
the whole
of the said
Twenty thousand
Pounds, or to
apply thereof as
they may think
fit for any of the
sights.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in case no such Trial shall be had, nor any Verdict given for any Plaintiff or Plaintiffs on any such Issue as aforesaid, before the said First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve; then, and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and required to issue and pay, and to deliver over to the said *William Fitzmaurice, John Hulse, Charles Butler and Job Hart Prior Clerk, or the Survivors and Survivors of them, or Executors, Administrators or Assigns, or the Heirs of the said Five or Two hundred and fifteen thousand Pounds, or the Sum or Sums to which the same shall have been entitled as aforesaid, together with such Interest as may lawfully accrue or be due thereon up to the time of their paying and delivering over the same as aforesaid; and in case any such Trial or Trials shall have been had, and a Verdict and Judgment given for Damages to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then, and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful for the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners for the time being respectively, to issue and pay and deliver over to the said *William Fitzmaurice, John Hulse, Charles Butler and Job Hart Prior Clerk, or the Survivors and Survivors of them, or Executors, Administrators or Assigns,**

A.D. 1810.

Assign, to such and such Son or Sons of Money or Securities as aforesaid, as together with any Son or Sons of Money paid or payable to any such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs as aforesaid in consequence of any such Verdict and Judgment for Damages as aforesaid, or of any Agreement to be made as aforesaid, shall amount to the Whole of the said Sum of Two hundred and forty thousand Pounds, or to the whole Profits of the Securities in which the same shall have been invested in manner aforesaid, with Interest on each Security as aforesaid.

X. Provided always, and he it enacted, That at any time after the Execution as aforesaid of such Deed of Conveyance and Surrender of the said Prilege and Bargain from the said Earl of Grosvenor and Gifford, and his said Trustees, or the Survivor of them, his Executors, Administrators and Assigns, it shall be lawful for the said Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being, in pay and advance to the said *William Marland, John Bysshe, Charles Butler and J. J. Hart Prior Clarke*, or the Survivor of them, his Executors, Administrators or Assigns, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the Whole the Amount of Two Third Parts of the said Sum of Two hundred and forty thousand Pounds, upon receiving from the said Earl of Grosvenor and Gifford, and his said Trustee or the Survivor of them, his Executors, Administrators or Assigns, such Security or Securities as the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners as aforesaid shall think sufficient, fully and amply to indemnify the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners from and against all and every Claim and Claims of any and every Person and Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, to any Prilege or Bargain of Waiver in any Part or Place in Ireland, or any Part, Share or Proportion thereof, and from and against any Sum or Sums of Money, Damages or Costs to be paid to any such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, in Recompence of any such Claim beyond the Amount of such Part of the said Sum of Two hundred and forty thousand Pounds as shall not be paid and advanced to the said Trustee or the Survivor of them, and in case it shall happen that any Sum or Sums of Money, Damages or Costs to be paid on account of or in recompence for any such Claim or Claims in consequence of any Verdict or Judgment or Agreement as aforesaid mentioned, shall exceed the Amount of such Part of the said Sum of Two hundred and forty thousand Pounds as shall not be paid and advanced to the said Trustee; then, and in such Case, such Excess of the Sum and Sums to be paid, with Interest thereon from the time of Payment thereof respectively, shall stand and be a Charge on all and every the Estates now vested in the said *William Marland, John Bysshe, Charles Butler and J. J. Hart Prior Clarke*, under the aforesaid Acts of Parliament, or any of them, except such Part of the said Estates of the said Earl of Grosvenor and Gifford as may be excepted from or not included in the Security to be required by the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners as aforesaid, in Priority to any Debt or Debt in the said Acts or any of them mentioned and provided to be paid as aforesaid which shall then remain unpaid, and shall and may be paid for and recovered thereof, with Interest and Costs, by and in the Names of the Commissioners of the Treasury of Ireland, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, by their said Name of Office respectively, either at Law or in Equity, in the same manner in all Respects as any Mortgage in Fee Simple may proceed for Recovery of his Principal, Interest and Costs; and so Charge of any of the said Commissioners pending any such Suit or Proceeding, shall in any way affect the same; and the net Sum recovered shall be paid into His Majesty's Treasury of Ireland, and shall become and be Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

C A P. CII.

An Act for the more effectually preventing the administering and taking of unlawful Oaths in Ireland; and for the Protection of Magistrates and Witnesses in Criminal Cases.

[took June 1810.]

• WHEREAS divers wicked and evil disposed Persons have from time to time attempted to induce several of His Majesty's Subjects in Ireland from their Duty and Allegiance to His Majesty, and to discharge them under the pretended Obligations of Oaths unlawfully administered: Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That any Person or Persons who at any time after the passing of this Act shall administer or cause to be administered, tender or cause to be tendered, or be present seeing and assisting at the administering or tendering, or who shall by Threats, Promises, Persuasions, or other lawful Means, cause, procure or induce to be taken by any Person or Persons in Ireland, upon a Book or otherwise, any Oath or Engagement importing to bind the Person or Persons taking the same to be of any Association, Brotherhood, Committee, Society or Confraternity whatsoever, in reality formed or to be formed for seditious Purposes, or to disturb the Publick Peace, or to injure the Person or Property of any Person or Persons whatsoever, or to compel any Person or Persons whatsoever, to do or omit or refuse to do any Act or Acts whatsoever, under whatever Name, Designation or Pretence such Association, Brotherhood, Committee, Society or Confraternity shall assume or pretend to be formed or constituted, or any Oath or Engagement importing to bind the Person taking the same to obey the Orders or Rules or Commands of any Committee or other Body of Men not lawfully constituted, or of any Captain, Leader or Commander (not appointed by or under the Authority of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors) or to subscribe in the Defiance and Command of any such Captain, Leader, Commander or Committee, or of any Person or Persons not having lawful Authority, or not to resist or give Evidence against any Brother, Associate, Confederate or other Person, or not to reveal or disclose to any Person or Persons his or her having taken any illegal Oath, or not to reveal or disclose any illegal Act done or to be done, or not to discover any illegal Oath or Engagement which may be administered or tendered as

To state, as Evidence of Oath-taking, any Advice or Consent, or any other thing which may be proved by any other Person.

A Witnessing or other Oath to be administered.

Not binding.

Parliament.
In such Parli-
aments.
Necessity not to
justify Offenders,
unless they give
Information to a
Justice.

him or her, or the Import thereof, whether such Oath shall be afterwards administered or tendered or not, or whether he or she shall take such Oath or swear into such Engagement or not, being by due Course of Law committid thereof, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony and be transported for Life; and every Person who shall take, or swear, any such Oath or Engagement, importing so to bind him or her as aforesaid, and being by due Course of Law thereof convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and to be transported for Seven Years.

II. Provided always, That any Person or Persons who may have been compelled by inevitable Necessity to commit any of the Offences aforesaid, upon Proof of such inevitable Necessity, shall be excused and justified, provided that no such inevitable Necessity shall justify or excuse any such Person or Persons, unless he, she or they shall, within Ten Days, if not prevented by actual Force or Sickness, and then within Seven Days after such actual Force or Sickness shall cease to debilitate him, her or them from giving Information of the same, disclose to One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the County in which he, she or they shall then be, by Information on Oath, the Whole of what he, she or they know touching the compelling loss, her or them, to commit any such Offence, and of the Person or Persons by whom he, she or they were compelled to commit such Offence, and who were present at the time such Offence was committed, and of the Place where the same was committed; Provided however, that no Person shall be so excused from the Defence of inevitable Necessity, who shall be tried for the said Offence within the said Period of Ten Days from the Commencement of such Offence, or of Seven Days from the time when such Person or Persons shall cease as aforesaid.

Witness and
Witnesses bound
to disclose

III. And be it further enacted, That all Persons profess, aiding and assisting in the administering or tendering of any such Oath or Engagement, and all Persons causing any such Oath or Engagement to be administered or tendered, though not present, shall be deemed principal Offenders, and tried as such, though the Person or Persons who actually administered or tendered such Oath or Engagement shall not have been tried or convicted.

Persons of Oath
to be sworn in
to disclose.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be necessary in any Indictment to be found against any Person for administering, tendering or taking such Oath or Engagement, to set out the Words of such Oath or Engagement, and that it shall be sufficient to set forth therein the Purport or Object of such Oath or Engagement.

Examinations of
Persons who shall
in any Examin-
ations, and shall
be excused, ac-
cording to
Evidence

V. And whereas it has happened that Persons who have given Information against Persons accused of Crimes in Ireland, have been examined before Trial of Persons accused, in order to pressen their giving Evidence, and to effect the Acquittal of the Accused; Be it declared and enacted, That if any Person who hath given or shall give any Information or Examination upon Oath against any Person or Persons, or any Officer against the Laws here or shall, before the Trial or Trials of the Person or Persons respectively against whom such Information or Examination hath been or shall be given, be tendered or violently put to Death, or be maimed or forcibly carried away and detained as not to be able to give Evidence on the Trial of the Person or Persons against whom such Information or Examination was given, the Information or Examination of such Person to be taken on Oath shall be admitted in all Courts of Justice in Ireland as Evidence on the Trial or Trials of the Person or Persons respectively against whom such Information or Examination was given; Provided always, that the Information or Examination of a Witness excused shall not be Evidence, unless it shall be found, as a collateral Issue, to be put to the Jury trying the Person, that the Person so excused was sworn by the Person then on Trial, or by some Person or Persons acting for him or her, or in his or her Presence.

When a Wit-
ness, he cannot
be examined
in evidence, ac-
cording to
Evidence, ac-
cording to
Evidence, ac-
cording to
Evidence.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if it shall appear that any Person having given Information or Evidence against any Person or Persons charged with any Offence against the publick Peace, shall be born, maimed or mangled previous to the Trial of the Person or Persons accused by such Information or Evidence, or any of them, or on account of any such Evidence given, or that any Magistrate or other Peace Officer shall be maimed or mangled in account of his Evidence as such Magistrate or Peace Officer to bring Disfranchisement of the publick Peace in Justice, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Grand Jury of the County, County of a Town or Corporation of a City within which such Murder or maiming shall have been committed respectively, to present such Person or Persons of Maim as they shall think just and reasonable to be put to the publick Representative of such Writings, Magistrate or Peace Officer who shall be maimed, or of such Writings, Magistrate or Peace Officer who shall be maimed, having Regard to the Rank, Degree, Station and Circumstances of such Writings, Magistrate or Peace Officer, to be raised in the County at large, Sheriff, Half Sheriff or Jurors in which such Murder or maiming shall respectively have been perpetrated, at the Discretion of such Grand Jury.

Magistrates may
swear Jurors,
and examine
them on Oath,
and examine
the juror in Law
to examine.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace in Ireland to assign and bring before him, or such as he shall be or thought before him, any Swornman, Juror, or witness, and to examine him or her on Oath respecting his or her Place of Abode, the Place from whence he or she came, his or her name, his or her rank, and his or her Oath, or Manner of receiving or coming to the County, City or Town in which he or she shall be found, and unless he or she shall answer to the Satisfaction of such Magistrate, or Justice of the Peace for his or her good Behaviour, in a Manner shall answer him or her to God or the Honour of Conscience, there to remain until he or she shall feel such Security as aforesaid, or until he or she shall be discharged by such Magistrate; Provided always, that such Swornman, Juror, or witness, shall be, after such Commitment, brought to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor of this County of Ireland for the time being, a true and faithful Report of such Commitment, and the Grounds and Reasons thereof, the Amount of Satisfaction, with the Examination of the Swornman, and the Reasons alleged by him why he or she should not be committed, which such Magistrate is required to make

done

done in Writing, in order that such Prisons may be detened or discharged, as to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being may see right.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all Magistrates of the adjacent Counties at large respectively, to execute this Act within the several Counties of Cities or Counties of Towns in Ireland, excepting the County of the City of Dublin; and in like manner, that the several Magistrates of such Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns shall have like Powers to execute this Act in the adjacent Counties at large.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers and Authorities given to, and all Duties required from the Justices of the Peace at large, under and by this Act, shall be and are hereby given to and required from all Magistrates of Counties of Towns, or Counties of Cities in Ireland.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Action, Suit, Plea or Information shall be commenced or prosecuted against any Person or Persons for what he or they shall do in pursuance and Execution of this Act, the same shall be commenced within six Months after the Offence committed, and shall be brought or laid within the County where the Act was committed; and each Person so laid may plead the General Issue of Not Guilty, and upon Issue joined, may give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff or Prosecutor shall become nonsuit, or foraker Profection or take a Discontinuance, or if a Verdict or Judgment on Demurrer shall pass against him, the Defendant shall recover Treble Costs.

Municipality
in a
County, &c.Terms of Act
in relation to all
Magistrates.Location of
Action.

General Issue.

Triple Costs.

C A P. CIII.

An Act for repealing the several Laws relating to Prisons in Ireland; and for revising such of the Provisions thereof as have been found useful, with Amendments. [1806. June 1810.]

WHEREAS the Provisional Law established for building, repairing and regulating the different Prisons in Ireland, have been found defective, and are contained in several Acts of Parliament, some of which relate chiefly to other Subjects; That it is therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lord Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and six, the several Acts and Parts of Acts of Parliament here following, that is to say, an Act in the Seventh and Eighteenth Years of the Reign of King George the Second, intitled, *An Act for Relief of Poor Prisoners*; an Act passed in the Tenth Year of King William the Third, intitled, *An Act for regulating the Part of the Hospital of the Four Courts, and for settling the Rates of Lodgings, and Relief of other Subjects of the said Hospital*, and in the Nineteenth of the said King of Great Britain, intitled, *An Act for better governing the Five and six several Houses kept for Gaolers against their Prisoners, and for more effectually securing Prisoners at the Bar of the several Courts of Justice in England*, in relation to the Fees and Conduct of Gaolers, and the Regulation and Improvement of Gaols; in so much as an Act passed in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to enable Gaolers to raise by Profection Money for Expanding the Rates of Court House Gaols and Offices, for keeping the Records of the respective Counties, and for other Purposes*, in relation to the Gaol and Workhouses or Houses of Correction; an Act passed in the Sixteenth and Eighteenth Years of the said King of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for improving the Method of Prisoners in Gaol, and for vesting the Office of Gaolers*; in so much as an Act passed in the Twenty fifth and Twenty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for revising, continuing and amending several temporary Statutes, in relation to the Government of Deans and Professors*; in so much as an Act passed in the last Year, intitled, *An Act for improving the Execution of the Laws now in Force, and for the better regulating the Publick Gaols and Prisons in His Majesty's Towns, and providing necessary Accommodations for the Persons confined therein, and for the more effectual Administration of Justice at Sessions, and by Justice of the Peace in Towns and Counties of Cities within the Kingdom*, in relation to Gaols or Gaolens, or any Prisoner or for the Gaols; in so much as an Act passed in the Twenty sixth and Twenty seventh Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for altering, amending and improving several Statutes in relation to Gaols, for regulating and amending the Publick Gaols and Prisons throughout the Kingdom*, in relation to the building, repairing and regulating Gaols or to Gaolers; in so much as an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for making, making, and repairing Publick Roads in the County of Dublin, and for repairing Parts of several Acts formerly made relative thereto*, in relation to any Profection for any of the Matters for which said Profections are authorized by this Act; an Act passed in the last Year, intitled, *An Act for amending, and improving several Acts formerly made relative thereto for regulating the Publick Gaols and Prisons throughout the Kingdom*; in so much as an Act passed in the last Year, intitled, *An Act to enable the Grand Jury of the several Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns within the Kingdom, to grant such Bares as shall be necessary for building and repairing the said Houses, in relation to the building, repairing or Government of Bridewells, or such Accommodations thereof, or to the Keepers thereof; in so much as an Act passed in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, and amend the said last mentioned Act of the Twenty sixth Year of the said King of His present Majesty, in relation to any Prison or Medicines for the same, or any Infection, Plague, or other Disease therein; an Act passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for the better Regulation of the Hospital of the Four Courts in Dublin*; in so much as an Act passed in the last Year, intitled, *An Act for improving the Collection of Publick Money to be levied in the County of the City of Dublin's Profection*, in relation to the repairing of Gaols, and the Salary of the Chaplain or Ordinary of the New Prison at Dublin; and in so much as an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to provide the building**

17 & 18 Geo. 2.

11 Geo. 3.

10 W & M 2.

26 Geo. 3.

10 & 11 Geo. 4.

17 & 18 Geo. 2.

25 & 26 Geo. 2.

26 & 27 Geo. 3.

1 Geo. 4.

26 & 27 Geo. 3.

27 Geo. 3.

26 Geo. 3.

26 Geo. 3.

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26 Geo. 3.

26 Geo. 3.

holding of new Goals, as relates to the building of Goals; all which said Acts were passed in Ireland; and also in each of an Act passed in the forty sixth Year of His Majesty's said Majesty, intimated, An Act to alter and amend an Act of Parliament of Ireland, passed in the Thirtieth Year of His Majesty's said Majesty, intimated, An Act respecting the Collection of Publick Alms, as it relates to the County of the City of Dublin by Parliament, and for the better Regulation of the House of Widows and Office of Transfers of the Publick Money of the City of Dublin, as relates to the Bills of Apothecaries for Medicines and Necessaries provided for Prisoners, or to any Provisions for the same; shall be repealed: Save so far as the said Acts or any of them repeal any former Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Custom, Matter or Thing therein; and also here and except as to any Proceeding for the Forfeiture of any Person or Persons for or in respect of any Offence or Offences which shall be before the Commencement of this Act have been committed against any One or more of the said Acts; and also here and except that all and every Provisions and Provisions made by any Grand Jury, and all and every Appointment or Appointments of any Officer or Officers or other Person to perform any Duties under the last recited Act or any of them, and all and every Act and Deed or Acts and Deeds which are or before the said Day shall have been lawfully made or done under or by virtue of any One or more of the said Acts, shall stand and be of the same Force, Validity and Effect (unless herein expressly otherwise provided) as if this Act had not passed; and also here and except that all and every Medals, News-Papers, Materials or Workings, which shall have been lawfully furnished or done under or by virtue of any One or more of the said Acts, shall be paid for in the same manner as all respects to the said Acts had not passed.

II. And be it enacted, That every Goal, Bedstead, House of Correction, Marthouse, Penitentiary House, Sheriff's Prison and other Prison as follows, of what Nature or Kind (under the same shall be, shall consist of Two Separate Parts, One for Males, and One for Female Prisoners, with a complete Division between them so as to prevent any Intercourse between the said Male and Female Prisoners; and that to each of the said Parts there shall be assigned and belonging a Yard of sufficient Dimension to enable the said Prisoners to have the Benefit of fresh Air and Exercise therein; and that in every such Yard there shall be a Well, and also a Necessary House or Privy to which such Prisoners respectively shall by a free Access at all times as far as the same can be consistently with the safe keeping of such Prisoners; and that there shall be in every such Yard a good Water Pump; and that in every such Prison there shall be a Common Hall or Kitchens for Males and another for Females; and that in every County Goal there shall at the Male Side be Two Yards provided as aforesaid, One for Debtors and King's Evidence and the other for Prisoners accused of Crimes; and Three Common Halls, One for Debtors and King's Evidence, One for Persons charged with Treason or Felony and One for Persons charged with or committed of several Offences; and that the Apartments for the Prisoners in every such Prison shall be dry and airy, and shall if possible be as spacious as to afford a separate Room or Cell for each Prisoner to sleep in, and that in every such Prison there shall be One or more Room or Rooms, Cell or Cells, according to the Size of such Prison, fit for the Reception and solitary Confinement of Persons of superior Mind, or of outrageous Behaviour, as also a Chapel or Room appropriated for Religious Purposes, and One or more Infirmary or Infirmaries, or Room or Rooms for the Reception of Sick Prisoners, with suitable Rooms or Closets belonging thereto respectively; and also One or more Room or Rooms fit for and which shall be appropriated to the Exercise of Trades and Industry; and it shall not be lawful to build any Goal or other Prison in Ireland which shall not be as such a Man and of such Dimensions as to afford all and every the Accommodations and Advantages aforesaid respectively.

III. And be it enacted, That all and every the Expence of building, repairing, improving, or enlarging and repairing the Marshalls of the Four Courts in Dublin, as also and every Penitentiary House or House in Ireland shall be discharged, and all and every Responsibility for or in respect thereof, or of the Ground or Apartments thereof respectively, shall be paid out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland; and the said Expences of all County Prisons, whether Goals, Bedsteads, Houses of Correction, Sheriff's Prisons or otherwise, shall be defrayed by the respective Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns, by Provisions made in the said Counties, Counties of Cities, or Counties of Towns, to be made by the Grand Jurors thereof respectively; (so as) in the County of Dublin, and County of the City of Dublin, as the respective Terms, and in the other Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns, at their respective Assizes, are in heretofore particularly mentioned.

IV. And be it enacted, That all Provisions by this Act required to be made in the County of County of the City of Dublin for the Purposes of this Act, shall be good, valid, and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, and shall if it may be paid and applied to the Purposes of this Act, in addition to the Amount of any Provisions which may by Law be made in the said County or County of the City under and by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland at the time of the passing of this Act.

V. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governour or Governours of Ireland for the time being, to order and direct, whenever he or they shall think proper, that the said Marshalls of the Four Courts shall be altered, enlarged or repaired, or that New Marshalls shall be built on the same or on other Sites or Situations, and on any Plan comprising the Accommodations and Advantages in that respect here mentioned, which he or they shall think proper, and in like manner that any Penitentiary House or Houses shall be built, altered, enlarged or repaired at such time or times as such Plan or Plans comprising the said Advantages, and in such Plan or Plans as he or they shall think proper, and to give his and their Order to the Board of Works for the executing of such Work accordingly, who shall execute the same to be executed according to such Order, in such way, whether by Contract or otherwise, as shall be directed by such Order, and for Disburs of such Direction, then in such way as the said Board shall think proper.

VI. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jurors aforesaid, at the Assizes and Protesting Terms respectively, and they are hereby required from time to time to enquire into the State of the

C. 103. 1810.

Expenses

Expenses of building, for Marshalls of the Four Courts, and Penitentiary Houses, and for the said Goal of Ireland.

Expenses of building, for Marshalls of the Four Courts, and Penitentiary Houses, and for the said Goal of Ireland.

Expenses of building, for Marshalls of the Four Courts, and Penitentiary Houses, and for the said Goal of Ireland.

Expenses of building, for Marshalls of the Four Courts, and Penitentiary Houses, and for the said Goal of Ireland.

Expenses of building, for Marshalls of the Four Courts, and Penitentiary Houses, and for the said Goal of Ireland.

Goals, Bridewells, Houses of Correction, and other Prisons of their respective Counties, Counties of Cities and Towns, and if they shall find them wanting in want of Repair or deficient in any of the Accommodations or Arrangements aforesaid, they are hereby empowered and required to perfect such Sums or Sums as shall be deemed necessary to remedy such Deficiency, whether by enlarging or altering the same, or by providing a New Prison or less thereof, or by building any new and additional Bridewell or Bridewells or House or Houses of Correction, or to effectuate such Repair as may be necessary, and to contract and agree with any Person or Persons for building, rebuilding, finishing, repairing, altering or enlarging any Goal, Bridewell, House of Correction, or other Prison as aforesaid, or any Buildings or Conveniences belonging thereto, at a certain Sum, Payment or Allowance for the same, such Contractor or Contractors giving sufficient Security by Bonds or otherwise to double the Sum to be contracted for, and to be approved of by such Grand Jury for the said Prisons as aforesaid, to the respective Clerks of the Peace for such County, County of a City or County of a Town, and it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury at any Adjourn or Pretermit Term to perfect One or more New or More or Pipes, of such Sort as Bore as they shall think proper, to be laid in the most convenient Line to convey Water to any such Goal or other Prison whenever they shall find it possible and seem expedient so to do, and shall have the Consent of the Owner or Owners of the Water to be conveyed, and accordingly of all its or its conveyors, to let through the same, and to perfect such Sums or Sums as shall be necessary for the Purpose, and also to perfect at such Spring Alices or Eaker Tonn a reasonable Sum to be satisfied to the County, County of a City or County of a Town, and paid as a Rent for the Use of the Water to be taken, unless if the same shall be demanded: Provided always, that if any Person or Persons shall think they may be injured by the passing of such Pipes or Watercourses through their Lands, they may at the said Term or Adjourn or at the Term or Adjourn immediately following, enter in upon Court a Traverse to the said Profferment, and the Jury trying such Traverse shall bear Verdict upon, whether any and what Damage will arise to the Person or Persons if aforesaid, and the Verdict so found shall be conclusive to the Party or Parties, and other to the issue or the next succeeding Term or Adjourn the Grand Jury of the said County, County of a City, or County of a Town, may perfect such Sums as found, to be raised upon the County at large and paid to such Traveller or Travellers; and upon the Sums so found being paid or tendered, it shall be lawful for the Overseers or Persons employed by them, so provided to cause the said Mains or Pipes to be laid or Wain secured to be made; and if any Person or Persons shall at any time obstruct the Overseers or the Person or Persons employed in laying such Mains or Pipes or making such Watercourse, and shall be convicted thereof before any One Justice of the Peace for the said County, County of a City or County of a Town, either upon such Bill of the Party accused or upon the Oath of One credible Witness, every such Person shall, for any such Offence, forfeit the Sums of Five Pounds, to be paid to the Treasurer of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, to be by him placed to the Credit of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, to be levied by Distress and sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons so offending, upon the Writens of the Justice of the Peace before whom Complaint shall be made.

VII. And, be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully destroy or injure any Part of the said Pipe or Mains or Watercourse, or of any Pipe, Mains or Watercourse, through which Water shall be conveyed to any Prison in Ireland, or to any of the Yards or Buildings thereto belonging, so as to prevent the Water from regularly and fully flowing to the same, or shall infect any such Pipe into any Part of such Mains, or make any Cut to divert the Water thereof to any other Purpose, and shall upon Indictment be convicted thereof, he or she shall be committed to the County Goal, and shall therein remain in due Confinement for One Year, or until he or she shall pay a Sum of Fifty Pounds, One Half thereof to the Treasurer of the County, to be by him placed to the Credit of the County, and the other Half to the Person or Persons who shall discover and cause the said Offence or Offences to be committed.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act shall extend to authorize any such Grand Jury or Grand Juries, and that it shall not be lawful for any Grand Jury to begin to build or rebuild any such Goal, Bridewell, House of Correction, or any other Prison, until the Plan and Survey thereof, and also the Contract or Contracts upon which the same is proposed to be built or rebuilt, shall have been previously agreed to and approved of by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being; and that it shall not be lawful for the Grand Jury to vary or depart from the Plan so agreed to and approved.

IX. And be it enacted, That all Bridewells which shall be built, repaired, perfected or taken at a Rent under this Act, shall be deemed and taken to be County Bridewells to all Intents and Purposes, as if built under the Provisions of any of the Acts hereby entirely or in Part repealed.

X. And whereas Fires or other sudden Accidents may happen in any of the said Goals, Bridewells, Houses of Correction, or other Prisons, and in such case it may be necessary that such Goals, Bridewells, Houses of Correction, or other Prisons, should be repaired before there can be any Opportunity to make Provisions for the same as aforesaid; Be it enacted, That in case any Fire or other sudden Accident shall happen in any of the Goals, Bridewells, Houses of Correction, or other Prisons aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for the High Sheriff or Sheriffs of such County, County of a City or County of a Town, to cause an Estimate and Valuation to be then forthwith made of the Sums necessary to be expended on the Repair and Profferment at such Goal, Bridewell, House of Correction, or other Prison, and that thereupon it shall and may be lawful for any Three or more Justices of the Peace for such County, County of a City or County of a Town, after having justly estimated the said Damage, to make an Order under their Hands and Seals as the Treasurers of such County, County of a City or County of a Town, to pay or advance to any Person or Persons specified in such Order, such Sums or Sums as may be necessary to complete such Repair, not exceeding the Sums of One hundred Pounds, which Sums so paid the said Treasurer is hereby required to

Pipes to be laid down.

Traverse to be Profferred.

Sums to be paid by Grand Jury or Justice.

Penalty.

Damaging Pipes.

Penalty.

Plan of Building to be approved by Lord Lieutenant or other.

Bridewells.

Repairs to be made in case of Accidents.

Justices of Peace may make Order.

per, provided he be not inside Mistry of the said County, County of a City or County, of a Town, or otherwise for that Purpose, which Sums to paid shall be repaid by Provisions to be made for that Purpose, in manner aforesaid, at the full Opportunity which shall occur after the Payment thereof.

Provisions for
Rate of Gaols,
&c.

XI. And be it enacted, That in every County, County of a City or County of a Town, in which a certain Rent is or shall be payable for the Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction, or other Prison of such County, County of a City or County of a Town, or any Part thereof, or any of the Appurtenances thereof, the Grand Jurors of such Counties, Counties of Cities or Counties of Towns respectively, at their Assizes or Pre-Assign Terms, shall perfect yearly such Rents to be raised upon their respective Counties, Counties of Cities or Counties of Towns; and the Money so collected and confirmed as aforesaid, shall be raised and paid to such Person to whom such Rents are or shall be respectively payable, without any Deduction whatsoever.

Expenses pro-
vided and repaid
by Half-yearly
Installments.

XII. And be it enacted, That if at any time it shall be thought proper to build a new Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction, or other Prison, and the Sums which shall be necessary for that Purpose shall be greater than it may be proper to raise on any County, County of a City or County of a Town, in One Half Year, then, and in every such Case, it shall be lawful to petition to the full Intimacy the whole Sums to be expended therein; and to divert to and by such Provisions that the same shall be raised on the County, County of a City or County of a Town, by any Half-yearly or yearly Sums or Installments, in manner and at the times therein specified, and the same shall be raised accordingly: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for any subsequent Grand Jury to petition that any of the said Installments shall be succeeded to any Sums that shall be found necessary or proper.

Lease Licenses
to be made in
Towns of
Overseers of
the same provided,
as to great part
of such Install-
ments.

XIII. And, for the more speedy Completion of any such Work, Be it enacted, That as soon as such Provisions shall be made, or at any time or times after the making of such Provisions, and before the Completion of such Work, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of England for the time being, if he or they shall think proper so to do, to make to be advanced out of the Consolidated Fund to the Treasurer of such County, County of a City or County of a Town, on the Faith of such Provisions, the whole of the Sums so provided, or so much thereof as shall not have been raised or received at the time of such Advance, or any Part, Share or Proportion thereof; such Sums or Sums to be applied by such Treasurer to the Purposes of such Provisions, in the same manner to all Respects as if the same had been raised by or under the hand, and to be repaid by such Treasurer for the time being to the Collector of Excise of the District, but without Interest, out of such Installment or Installments as may be specified in the time of advancing the same, a Certificate whereof shall be given without Stamp by such Treasurer at the time of receiving such Money; and that if any Petition or Petitions shall at any time think proper to advance any such Sums or Sums on the said Terms, then, and in every such Case, such Treasurer for the time being shall give to every Person so making such Advance, a Certificate of such Advance without any Stamp, being therein set out what yearly or Half-yearly Installment or Installments, and in what Proportions, if it more than One Installment, the same is to be repaid; and the same shall be repaid accordingly by such Treasurer for the time being, to such Person, on Demand or Acknowledgment.

A Certificate of
such Advances
of Works.

XIV. And be it enacted, That when any Provisions shall be made for building, enlarging or altering any Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction, or other Prison as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury making such Provisions, to appoint out of themselves five or more than Twelve Persons to be Commissioners for making the said Provisions to be carried into Execution and Effect; and if they shall see fit so, or if any of the Persons so appointed shall die, or shall ever to act as such Commissioners before such Work shall be completed, then, and in every such Case, it shall and may be lawful for any succeeding Grand Jury to appoint such Commissioners, or to complete the Number thereof, as the case may require, or to add to the same, but so as that there shall not at any one Time be more than Twelve such Commissioners; and any Three or more of such Commissioners shall be in all Cases competent to do any Act which the Whole of the said Commissions may lawfully do.

Lease Licenses
may make Gen-
erals.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners after such Provisions made as aforesaid shall give Notice of such Provisions having been made Three Times at least in some public Newspaper circulating at or near the County, County of a City or County of a Town, of their Intents of contracting with any Person or Persons for building, rebuilding, repairing, bettering, altering or enlarging any such Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction, or other Prison, or for the laying such Mass or Pipe to such Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison as aforesaid, or for doing any Part or Parts of any such Work, and every such Contract or Contracts shall be made at the most reasonable Price or Prices which shall be proposed by such Contractor or Contractors, as shall be chosen by the said Commissioners the most proper and respectable Person to carry such Contract or Contracts into Execution respectively; and all Contracts or Contracts when agreed upon and confirmed by the Lord Lieutenant in manner aforesaid, shall be entered by the Clerk to the said Commissioners, to a Book to be kept by the said Commissioners, which Book, when such Works are completed, shall by the said Clerk to the Commissioners be delivered to the respective Clerks of the Peace for the time being, who are hereby required to keep the same among the Records of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, to be from time to time inspected at all reasonable Times by any Grand Jurors in their respective Counties, Counties of Cities or Counties of Towns, or by any Person or Persons employed or to be employed by or on Behalf of any such County, County of a City or County of a Town, without Fee or Reward.

Grand Jurors
may at any time
after the making
of such Provisions
with the said Licen-
se Licenses, &c.

XVI. And be it enacted, That all and every the Grand Jurors aforesaid, after Provisions made as aforesaid, shall have full Power and Authority to visit or purchase any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Handicrafts which may be necessary for the Service of such new Gaol or other Prison or adjoining to such old Gaol or other Prison, for the Purpose of enlarging the same, or the Courts or Outlets thereto belonging,

ved to death the Heirs, Beneficiaries, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments is settled, purchased, to be conveyed to such Commissioners as the said Grand Jury or Grand Jurors shall here be appointed as above-said, and to their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, in full and for the Uses and Purposes aforesaid.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful and for all Bodies Politick and Corporations, Trustees, Governors of Hospitals, Commissioners of Lunaticks or Idiots, Forces Current with their Officers and Soldiers, and all other Persons whatsoever, who are or shall be seized or possessed of, or entitled to, or have any Estate or Interest in any manner what ever in the Grounds, Houses, Tenements, Edifices, or Buildings, which by the Act aforesaid respectively shall be thought necessary to be rented or purchased, for any of the Purposes aforesaid, by Deeds indented and sealed, to demise, sell and convey all or any such Grounds, Houses, Tenements, Edifices or Buildings, or any Part thereof, and all the respective Estates and Incidents thereto, to the said Commissioners and their Heirs and Successors; and that all Contracts, Agreements, Bargains, Sales and Conveyances which shall be so made by such Persons as aforesaid, shall be good and validen the Law to all Heirs and Purposes whatsoever; and that such Commissioners and their Heirs and Successors shall by Testimonies of all such Heirs, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, as shall be conveyed to or sold in them, under or by virtue of this Act, for the Purposes herein provided, and so other.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, or other Person or Persons having or claiming to have, any Estate, Title, Term or Interest in or to such Grounds, Houses, Tenements, Edifices, or Buildings, as aforesaid, or any Charge, Lien or Incumbrance thereon, shall refuse to agree with the said Grand Jurors aforesaid, for the Sale and Conveyance of their respective Rights, Terms and Interests therein, or shall not produce or secure a clear Title to such Estate, Rights, Title, Term or Interests, as they shall or may be claim, or if the said Grand Jurors respectively shall be against who are entitled to the same, they, and it every or any such case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any three or more of them, and they are hereby empowered and authorized from time to time to issue a Warrant or Warrants, Pro. cap. or Pro. p. to the Sheriff of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, who is hereby authorized, directed and required accordingly to impower, summon and return a competent Number of Disinterested Persons qualified to serve as Jurors not less than Sixty, out of which Persons to be impeached, summoned and returned, a Jury of Twelve Persons shall be drawn, by some Person to be by the said Commissioners or any Three or more of them appointed, in such manner as Justice for the Trial of Issues joined at His Majesty's Four Courts at Dublin, by an Act made in the Twelfth year of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled, *An Act for the better regulating Jurors*, are directed to be done in, which Persons to be impeached, summoned and returned as aforesaid, shall by request to come and appear before the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, at such Time and Place as in such Warrant or Warrants, Pro. cap. or Pro. p. shall be directed and appointed, and to attend the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, till discharged by them; and all Persons returned and summoned as aforesaid may have their lawful Challenges against any of the said Jurymen, but shall not be at Liberty to challenge the Jury.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in all cases of Trials by Jurors before the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, when a full Jury shall not appear before them, or where, after the Appearance of a full Jury, it shall so happen, either by reason of Challenges or otherwise, that there shall be a Defect of Twelve Jurors for such Trial, it shall and may be lawful and for the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, to command the Sheriff of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, to impower to make any other Person or Persons to fill up a full Jury of Twelve Men, which Person or Persons to be impeached shall be added to the former Panel; and all Persons summoned to such Trial shall have their Challenges to the Jurors in addition to the former Panel as if they had been originally summoned; and the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, are hereby authorized and empowered by Pro. cap. or Pro. p. from time to time, as Occasion shall require, to call before them all and every Person and Persons whatsoever who shall be thought proper or necessary to be examined as a Witness or Witnesses before them, as their Oath or Oaths, touching or concerning the Premises and the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, if they shall think fit, shall and may likewise authorize and require the said Jury to view the said Grounds, Houses, Tenements or Buildings intended to be sold or purchased and the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, shall have Power to adjourn such Meeting from Day to Day, and Place to Place, at Occasion shall require, and to command such Jury, Witnesses and Parties to execute and perform the Duties for which they shall be so summoned by virtue of this Act shall be concluded, and the said Jury shall upon three Oaths (which Oaths, as aforesaid the Oaths to such Person or Persons as shall be called upon to give Evidence, the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, are hereby required and empowered to administer) truly and impartially evaluate of the Value of such Grounds, Houses, Tenements and Buildings, and of the respective Estate, Rights, Title, Term and Interest of every Person or Persons seized or possessed thereof, or entitled therein, or of or to any Part thereof, and shall affix or award the Sum or Sums to be paid to every such Person or Persons for the Purchase of such their respective Estates, Rights, Title, Term and Interests, and shall also evaluate, ascertain and find all and all manner of Charges and Incumbrances and Liens thereon, and the Amount of the Sum or Sums due thereon respectively, and what Estate and Estates therein are subject to any such Lien or Charge; and the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, shall and may give Judgment for such Sum and Sums to be so affixed as and for the Value of the said several Estates in the said Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and for the Payment thereof respectively in manner hereafter mentioned; which said Verdict or Verdicts, and the said Judgment, Decree or Determination thereupon (Notice in Writing being first given to

Persons interested may &c.

Jury summoned if refused to do, &c.

Pro. cap.

or G. s. (1)

Jurymen may be challenged, &c. and the King

Or a Justice of the Peace, unless summoned.

Liberty of calling Witnesses

Commandment may include Jury &c. &c.

Power of Adjournment

Notice.

the Petors or Petors interested, at least Fourteen Days before the time of the said Meeting of the said Jury, declaring the Time and Place of such Meeting of the Commissioners and Jury, by leaving such Notice at the Dwelling House of such Petors or Petors, or at his, her or their usual Place or Places of Abode, or with some Trustee or Occupier of the Houses, Buildings or Ground intended to be valued or assessed, in case such Party shall not be known or cannot be found in the County, County of a City or County of a Town, and also in the Dublin Gazette) shall be binding and conclusive to all Intests and Parties whatsoever, against all Petors Petrick or Corporate, Infants, Lunatics, Females Covert and Petors under any legal Disability, and against all and every Petors and Petors whatsoever, his, her or their Heirs, Successors, Executors and Administrators having or claiming to have or claim any Estate, Right, Title, Use or Interest in, to or set of the said Grounds, Houses, Tenements, Buildings and Premises, either in Possession or Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, or in any manner whatsoever, or any Charge, Lien or Incumbrance thereon; which said Verdicts, Judgments and Decrees, and all other Proceedings of the said Commissioners, and such Judgments, to be made, pronounced or pronounced as aforesaid, shall be fairly written on Parchment, and signed and filed by the major Part of the said Commissioners who were present and pronounced such Judgments and Decrees; and all Verdicts of the said Jury, and all Judgments, Decrees, Orders and other Proceedings of the said Commissioners, shall be entered in the Rolls Office of His Majesty's High Court of Chancery in Ireland, and the same, or true Copies thereof, shall be deemed and taken to be good Evidence thereof in any Court of Law or Equity whatsoever.

XX. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment of such Sums and Sums of Money to be so awarded and adjudged as follows; (that is to say) First, as to or towards the Payment and Discharge of the Sums due on the said Charges, Incumbrances and Liens, if any be found, to settle the several Estates thereon respectively, and then to the Owners of the said Estates respectively, if any shall remain for the said Petors, that if the Petors or Petors who shall be so found and adjudged to be the Owners of the said several Estates, and also in the said Grounds, Houses, Tenements or Buildings respectively, and also the Owners of the said Incumbrances, Charges and Liens respectively, shall make and execute or procure to be made and executed by the said Commissioners and their Heirs and Successors a good and sufficient Conveyance or Conveyances, thereby granting, releasing or assigning to them the said Grounds, Houses, Tenements or Buildings, and all such Estate, Right, Title, Term or Interest therein, or Charge, Incumbrance or Lien thereon to be awarded as aforesaid; and in case such Petors or Petors shall not be able to execute his, her or their Title to the Premises, or to any such Charge, Incumbrance or Lien thereon, or make or procure or to be made such valid and legal Conveyance or Conveyances thereof, or shall refuse to do so, being thereunto required, and such Sums or Sums is or are affixed and awarded as aforesaid, being credited to be paid in manner aforesaid, on their making such Title and executing or procuring to be executed such Conveyance or Conveyances as aforesaid, or in case such Petors or Petors cannot be found in the said County, or in case, by reason of Defiance or Inobedience, or for Defect of Evidence, it shall not appear to the said Commissioners or Jury what Petors or Petors or are entitled to the Premises in question, or to any Charge, Incumbrance or Lien thereon, or whether any Charge, Incumbrance or Lien appearing to them by the Registry or otherwise to have existed, remains either in the whole or in part in force or undischarged, then, and in every such case, as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful and for the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, to pay into and deposit in the Bank of Ireland, with the Privity of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, the Sums or Sums so affixed or awarded as the Value of and Purchase Money for the said Grounds, Houses, Tenements and Buildings, or any particular Estate or Interest therein; and the said Court of Chancery is hereby empowered in a summary way, upon the several Petitions of the respective Parties, to hear, judge of and determine, as well by Examination of Witnesses upon Oath as by all Ways and Means which the said Court shall think proper, the several Rights, Claims and Demands of all Petors interested in or upon the several Grounds, Houses, Tenements and Buildings which shall be so valued and of which the Price shall be so paid into the said Bank, and also of all Petors having or claiming to have any Charge, Incumbrance or Lien thereon as aforesaid, and to ascertain and make Orders for the Payment into such Petors and Petors respectively, according to their several Interests, Estates and Claims aforesaid, as the said Court of Chancery shall judge fit, without any Doubtless for Penalties, and immediately upon such Payments and Entry of such Verdicts of the said Jury, and Judgments and Decrees, Orders and other Proceedings of the said Commissioners as aforesaid, the said Grounds, Houses, Tenements, Buildings and Premises shall sell as the said Commissioners and their Heirs, and they shall be deemed in Law to be in the actual Possession and Possession thereof to all Intests and Parties whatsoever, as fully and effectually as if every Petors having any Estate in the Premises in Possession, Remainder, Reversion or Expectancy, or any Charge, Incumbrance or Lien thereon, was of full Age and of sound Mind and Memory, and had actually and duly conveyed the same to the said Trustees by Lease and Release, Bargain and Sale enrolled, Finessement with Levy and Sale, Fine and Recovery, or by any other legal Conveyance whatsoever.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Feme Covert is or shall be seized in Fee Simple or in Fee Tail of any such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased as aforesaid by the said Commissioners, or of any Interest in the same, or of any Charge, Incumbrance or Lien thereon, or her separate Use, life from the Custody or Interswearing of her Husband, the Purchase Money to which such Feme Covert shall become or be entitled as aforesaid, shall be paid to such Petors or Petors as the said Writing order by Herd nominate to receive the same, as well to be received in Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be conveyed as aforesaid, and settled for such Use, Estate and Interest as the said Feme Covert had in the Premises so purchased.

XXII. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That when any such Charge, Incumbrance or Lien shall

affo

also extend over and be a Charge, Incumbrance or Lien on any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments other than those which shall be so conveyed to or vested in the said Commissioners, then, and in each case, whether this Act or any Conveyance to be made as aforesaid, shall in any Respect discharge, discharge the Force, Validity or Effect of such Charge, Incumbrance or Lien so far as relates to such other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, but that as to all such the same shall continue to be a good, valid and subsisting Charge, Incumbrance and Lien for so much thereof as shall remain unpaid, in the same manner in all respects as if this Act or any thing done under the same had not existed, but not farther or otherwise.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Conveyance of any Estate or Interest to the said Commissioners and their Heirs and Successors, by Bargain and Sale, and enrolled in the Rolls Office of His Majesty's High Court of Chancery as aforesaid, within six Months after making thereof, shall as effectually and indubitably convey the Estate of the Parties as conveyance by any Fine or Recovery would or could do if levied or inferred in the Form of Law.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That every Tenant at Will or Lease for a Year or from Year to Year only, in Possession of any such Grounds, Houses or Buildings, or any Part thereof, which shall be purchased as aforesaid, shall deliver up the Possession of such Premises immediately to the said Commissioners, or to such Parties or Persons as the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, shall appoint to take possession of the same, in case the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, or such Parties appointed by them, shall pay or tender to him, her or them, six Months Rent of the said Premises, at the Rate payable by such Tenant for his entire Holding, or so much of the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, shall give him, her or them six Months Notice to quit such Possession of such Part, in the same manner as the Landlord of such Tenant might give him Notice to quit Possession of the same Holding, then such Parties or Persons in Possession, shall, at the End of the said six Months, at whatever time of the Year the same shall be, or as soon after as may be or may be required, peaceably and quietly deliver up the Possession of the said Premises to the said Commissioners, or to any other Parties or Persons authorized by the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, to take Possession thereof, and that in case any such Parties or Persons in Possession as aforesaid shall refuse to give up Possession as aforesaid, then it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them as aforesaid, to issue their Precepts or Writs to the Sheriff or Sheriffs of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, in which such Tenements shall be, commanding him or them by virtue of this Act to deliver Possession of the said Premises to such Parties as shall in such Precept or Writs be nominated to receive the same, and the said Sheriff or Sheriffs are hereby required to deliver such Possession of the said Premises accordingly.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money or other Respects, Consideration or Satisfaction to be paid and made pursuant to any such Agreement or Verdict as aforesaid, and all such Costs, Charges and Expenses, as the said Commissioners or their Heirs or Successors, or any of them shall be at, or pay to, as the Execution of the Trusts and Powers hereby vested in them, shall be paid by the Transferor of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, out of the Sums so purchased as aforesaid.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, from time to time, to require any reasonable Fine not exceeding Twenty Pounds on any Sheriff or Sheriffs, or their Deputy or Deputies, Bailiffs or Agents respectively, who shall make default in the Premises, and on any Parties or Persons who shall be forewarned and returned on any such Jury or Juries who shall set appear, and also on any Witnesses or Witnesses who shall not attend, or shall refuse to be sworn or to give Evidence to the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, or to any Jury if requested before them, and on any Parties or Persons summoned and returned on any such Jury or Juries who shall refuse to be sworn on any such Jury or Juries, or to give him, her or their Verdict, or shall in any other manner wilfully avoid or neglect his or their Duty or in touching the Premises, and from time to time to levy such Fines or Penalties by Order of the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them as aforesaid, as the Case may require, by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods, together with the reasonable Charges of every such Distress and Sale, returning the Overplus (if any) to the Owner, and all such Fines which shall be so recovered and assessed shall be applied to the Purpose of such Forefeiture.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, at any time or times hereafter, under their Hands and Seals, to nominate and appoint such Parties to be and act as their Clerk as they shall think fit, for such Matters as may be necessary to be done in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities hereby given to the said Commissioners, provided that no such Clerk shall at any time be a Common Lawyer under this Act, and that such Clerk shall from time to time be removable, and may be removed at the Will and Pleasure of the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, by Instrument in Writing under their Hands and Seals, and that the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, shall and may make such Allowance or Salary unto such Clerk for his Care and Pains in the Execution of his said Office or Offices out of the Money so presented, as the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, shall think reasonable, not exceeding in any One Year Thirty Pounds: Provided always, that as soon as the Bidding or other Work for which such Commissioners shall have been so appointed as aforesaid shall be completed, and the Accounts of the same finally paid, then, and in every such case, the Office, Appointments and Powers of the said Commissioners and of such Clerks shall cease and determine.

XXVIII. And be it enacted, That where a Sum not exceeding One hundred Pounds shall be duly presented as aforesaid for building any such Canal, Embankment, Hoop of Conduits, or other Pylon or any Addition thereto, or for making any Aqueducts or Repairs thereof, it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury at the time or any subsequent Assizes or Term, to posit that such Part of the Sum so presented as they may judge proper,

Conveyance sealed.

Tenant at Will, or to deliver Possession.

Refusing to give up Possession.

Costs, &c. paid by Landlord and allowed.

Sheriff, &c. made by Default.

Penalty.

Commissioners to appoint a Clerk.

Salary.

Fines.

Sums to be paid in advance to Commissioners.

shall be paid in advance to the said Commissioners appointed to execute the Execution of such Works, or any One or more of them, upon his or their coming into a Recognizance before the Court in such the same as to be advanced, conditioned that he or they shall apply the Money so to be advanced for the Purpose for which the same was so granted and now other, and that he or they shall, at the next and every succeeding Assize or Term respectively, justify and fairly account for the same according to Law, until the whole of such Money shall be fairly accounted for, and that he or they, or his or their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, shall at any time pay to the Treasurer for the time being of the said County, County of a City or County of a Town, any Balance or Part of such Money which shall not by such Accountant appear to have been applied for the Purpose aforesaid.

Commissioners to account.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That such Commissioners shall, at every ensuing Assize or Term as aforesaid, lay before the Grand Jury and the Court a bill and fair Account in Writing of all and every Expence and Expeditives of such Money so to be advanced to them, and the particular Purposes for which the same was expended, and the Quantities and Price of each Material bought therewith; and such Account shall be verified by Affidavit in Writing at the Foot thereof, to be made in open Court by One of the said Commissioners, and shall bear that the whole of the Money was so expended for the sole Purpose of executing the Work so preferred pursuant to the Proclamation thereof; and when any such Work shall be finished, and the Account of the said Commissioners approved of and passed by the Grand Jury and the Court, it shall be ordered that all such Recognizances so entered into shall be vacated on the last Day of the next Assize or Term, and they shall be vacated accordingly, unless upon some sufficient Complaint laid before the Court or the Grand Jury (in which Case shall appear to induce the Court to make an Order to the contrary); and provided if there be any Balance unexpended, a Certificate of the Treasurer of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, shall be laid before the Grand Jury and the Court, setting forth that he had received the said Balance and applied it to the Credit of the County, County of a City or County of a Town.

Approved by Grand Jury, &c.

Commissioners may visit Gaol

XXX. And be it further enacted, That all Commissioners or other Persons duly authorized or employed in or for the building, altering, enlarging or repairing any Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction, or other Prison as aforesaid, or any of the Apparatus on thereof, shall, for such Purposes, have all and singular the same Powers of making and carrying away Sand, Gravel, Stones, Earth or other Materials in or out of the same to use be given by any Laws or Law in Force in England, to the Officers of the publick Roads, and subject to the same Regulations and Restrictions.

Prisoners to be removed to new Gaol when built

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any new Gaol, or other Prison is to be built and erected as aforesaid, shall be made fit for the Reception and safe keeping of such Prisoners as may be lawfully confined and imprisoned therein, and the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, shall give Notice thereof in Writing to the Sheriff or Sheriffs of such County, County of a City or County of a Town, or to either of such Sheriffs where there shall be Two, it shall and may be lawful for the said Sheriff or Sheriffs to remove to such new Gaol all such Prisoners as shall be then in Custody, who may lawfully be confined and imprisoned therein.

Prisoners to be removed from Prison, &c. of Indies

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That whenever at any Assize or Term it shall be ordered by the Court of King's Bench or Judges of Assize, that the Prisoners confined in any Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, or any of them, shall be removed for the Purpose of enjoying such Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, or any of them, being the Means thereof, in building a new Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, pursuant to any Proclamation for such Purposes, or otherwise on any sudden Accident or Order shall be made by Three Justices of the Peace as aforesaid for the Removal of such Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, and such Order shall direct the Removal of the Prisoners therein or any of them for the Purposes of making such Repairs there, and so any of the said Orders, it shall and may be lawful for the Sheriff or Sheriffs of such County, County of a City or County of a Town, to remove such Prisoners to any Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison belonging to such County, County of a City or County of a Town, or to such other Place or Places as, with the Consent of the said Sheriff, shall be specified in any such Order, and to confine them during the time such new Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison shall be building, or old Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison repairing; and when any such Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison is under Repair shall be made fit for the Reception and safekeeping of such Prisoners, and the same shall be certified by the Commissioners thereof, if any, or any Two of them, or by any Three Justices of the Peace of such County, that it shall be lawful for the said Sheriff to remove thither all such Prisoners as shall be then in his Custody, and may lawfully be confined and be imprisoned therein; and the Expence of such Removal or Removals in any of the Cases aforesaid, and any Expence the said Sheriff shall be put to, for or by means of the safe Custody of the said Prisoners or any of them in such Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, to which they may have been removed for any of the temporary Purposes aforesaid, shall be allowed and paid by such County, County of a City or County of a Town, or any such Removal or Removals shall not be deemed or taken to be an Expense.

Place of Remo- val of Gaol.

Each Gaol, or Addition thereto, to be directed belonging to the County where situated.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That when any new Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, is to be built and erected, for any County, County of a City or County of a Town, or any old Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison aforesaid, which shall require any Addition thereto, shall be or be situate within the Limits of any other County, County of a City or County of a Town, then, and in every such Case, such new Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, and all Additions which shall be so made to such old Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, together with the Ground whereas the same shall be built respectively, and all Courts, Yards, Out-offices, Buildings, and other Apparatuses thereto belonging, shall, from the time of removing Prisoners into such new Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, or of completing such Addition, be deemed, taken and adjudged to be Part of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, to which such Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other

other Prison shall belong, to all Intents and Purposes; and whenever any Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison of any County, shall cease to be a Prison of such County, County of a City or County of a Town, and shall be situate within the Limits of any other County, County of a City or County of a Town, then, and as every such Gaol, Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, with all its Appurtenances, shall from thereafter be deemed and taken to be Part of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, whereas the same shall be so situate; any Charter, Law or Usage to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That after any new Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison shall be erected and made fit for Reception of Prisoners, it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, at any Session or Proving-Term, with the Consent of the Court, to prevent the old Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, and the Ground or Soil thereof, to be sold by publick Auction, for such Estate or Interest as such County, County of a City or County of a Town, or any Person or Persons in trust for the same, please therein; and the Money arising from such Sale shall be paid to the County Treasurer for the Use of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, or it shall be lawful for the said Grand Jury to prevent the said old Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison to be a Bridewell, Workhouse, House of Industry, or House of Correction or other Prison of any other Description for the said County.

XXXV. And be it enacted, That whenever it shall appear that Land has been given for the Site of any old Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, without regular Conveyance of Title, or that the Deeds of Conveyance have been lost or destroyed, or that by the Devolue of Trusts or the Heirs of the surviving Trustee, or from any other Cause, no Person is qualified to convey the legal Title to such old Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, to any Purchaser, then, and in such Case, if the Gaol or Prison to be sold as aforesaid have been used as a Gaol for at least Seven Years, the Commissioners appointed according to this Act for the Purchase of a new Gaol for a Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction, or other Prison, shall be deemed and are hereby constituted legal Owners of the old Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, as Free Fee Tail, or for such Term or Time as the same was originally granted for; and if no such Grant is known to have existed, then in Fee Simple, upon such lease as is contained in a Particular Receipt for the Purchase Money: Provided always, that such old Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison shall be sold to the best Bidder, after having been advertised for that Purpose in the Daily Gazette or some other Daily Newspaper for Three Months at least before the Terms of Sale shall be accepted, which Advertisements the Treasurer of the County, County of a City or County of a Town shall cause to be inserted and paid for, and for which he shall be repaid with lawful Interest, together with all Costs and Charges, out of the first Monies produced by such Sale; and after deducting such Money, and after the Expense attending the Sale, the Money produced thereby shall be applied to the Purchase of the new Site, and to building the new Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison.

XXXVI. And be it enacted, That when the Gaols, Bridewells, Houses of Correction or other Prisons of Two Counties, Counties of Cities or Counties of Towns, shall have been erected and provided, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Grand Jurors of the said Counties, Counties of Cities or Counties of Towns, or either of them, to prevent such Sites as they shall think fit for the building a new Gaol or Gaols, Bridewells, Houses of Correction or other Prisons, for the said Counties, Counties of Cities or Counties of Towns, or either of them, either together or separately, as the said Grand Jurors respectively shall think proper, in the same manner in all respects; and the respective Parts thereof shall be subject to all the same Rules, Conditions and Consequences as if the same were separate.

XXXVII. And be it enacted, That whenever an Order shall be issued in manner aforesaid to the Board of Works for the building or enlarging of the Marshalls of the Four Courts, or any Preliminary House or Houses as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor as Governors of Ireland for the time being, by Warrant under Great Seal and Signet, to appoint any Number of Persons not less than five, nor more than Twelve, to be Commissioners for the Purpose of drafting and superintending such Work, and to fill up from time to time in like manner all Vacancies that shall occur amongst the said Commissioners by Death, Resignation or otherwise; and that the said Commissioners so appointed shall have all and every the like Powers in all respects as to making Purchases, expending Money, pronouncing Judgments, and all and every other the Matters and Things aforesaid; and all Things done by them in any other Prison or Prisons or Courts, in possession of or under and in obedience to these said Powers, shall be of the like Force, Validity and Effect in all respects whatsoever, as concerning the Commissioners appointed by the said Grand Jurors, or any Proceedings by or before them, as hereinbefore enacted.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Court of King's Bench in Term Time, and to and for any Judge of the said Court in Vacation, either on the finishing of a new Marshalls of the Four Courts, or on occasion of or for the Purpose of repairing such Prisons, or on occasion of any notorious Disorder or sudden Accident, or on or for any other Reason, Purport or Occasion of a like Nature in any respect, which such Court or Judge shall deem to be sufficient to order that the Powers in such Marshalls, or any One or more of them, shall be removed to any other Prison specified in such Order, or to some or several discharged by the Course of Law, or with removal therefrom by a other Order of the like Nature, or committed to the said Marshalls; and any such Removal shall not be deemed to be an Ejecture.

XXXIX. And be it enacted, That no Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Corporate or Politick, shall by themselves or any other Person in trust for them, give, take or receive any Fee, Money or Gratuity, or other valuable or beneficial Consideration whatsoever, or any Premium thereof, for or in respect of the Appointment,

When new Gaols are built, old ones to be built.

Particulars Henry paid to County Treasurers.

How Commissions to sell under an express Conveyance of Title, or where Deeds lost, &c.

Proviso

Goals of Two Counties given, either together or separately.

Lord Lieutenant to appoint Commissioners to superintend Works of Marshalls Four Courts and Preliminary Houses.

Judges may order Removal of Prisons in Marshalls Courts.

Taking Fee by Appointment of Goals.

- Appointment or Recommendation of any Prison or Prisons whatsoever to be Keeper of any Prison in *Ireland*, or to hold any Office under such Keeper, or knowingly appoint or create or procure to be appointed any Prison or Prisons to such Office, for or in respect of any Fee, Money, Gratuity or other valuable Consideration whatever given or procured to any Prison or Prisons whatsoever, for or in respect of such Appointment, or the obtaining of such Office; and each and every Person so offending shall forfeit the Sum or Penalty of Five hundred Pounds, together with Double the Sum so given as aforesaid; One Moiety of such Forfeiture to be paid to the King, and the other with full Costs of Suit to the Informer, who shall by Bill, Plein or Informations as any of His Majesty's Courts of Record will see for the Issue.
- Penalty.** XL. And be it enacted, That all Grand Jurors at the Visiting Terms in the County of Dublin, and County of the City of Dublin, and at the Assizes in all other Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns in *Ireland*, are hereby empowered and authorized to appoint such Salaries and Allowances to the several Keepers of Gaols, Bridewells, Houses of Correction and other Prisons in their respective Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns, and to their Assistants, as they shall think proper, and to alter the same from time to time as they shall see occasion, and to direct such Salaries and Allowances to be paid by the Treasurer of such Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns respectively; all such Salaries and Allowances to be raised by Preceptment on the said Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns respectively: Provided always, that no Keeper of a Prison or his Assistant shall be entitled to receive such Salary or Allowance, until he shall prove to the Satisfaction of the Grand Jury that he hath complied with all and every of the Rules and Regulations which shall from time to time be provided by or under this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, or by any lawful Authority whatsoever, for the Regulation of such Prisons, or for the Conduct of the Keeper thereof.
- Keepers of Prisons provided with Copies of All.** XLI. And be it enacted, That every Keeper of any Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison in *Ireland*, shall be and is hereby required to provide himself with One or more printed Copy or Copies of this present Act, and to keep and have the same at all times ready to produce for the Inspection of any Magistrate or Magistrates, or other Prison or Prisons legally appointed, who shall at any time visit or inspect such Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, or enquire into the Conduct of such Keeper, under a Penalty of Five Pounds, to be recovered by Civil Bill by any Person who shall inform thereof.
- Inspection appointed.** XLII. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for each and every Grand Jury of every County, County of a City and County of a Town in *Ireland*, with the Consent and Approbation of the Court or Judge at each Assizes and Visiting Terms, to appoint an Inspector of Prisons for such County respectively, and also of every Bridewell, Sheriff's Prison, Marshalsea or House of Correction within any County of a City or of a Town (except as is hereinafter excepted); and every such Inspector shall be required to observe the several Regulations hereinafter mentioned, and to be the same carried into Effect: Provided always, that in making any such Appointment as aforesaid by the Grand Jurors, the Mayor or Comptrol of the Parish in which the County Gaol shall be situated, shall be preferred, if such Clergyman will accept such Appointment, and that there does not appear on Examination into the same any just or reasonable Objection to such Clergyman; and provided also, that in case of Refusal on the Part of such Clergyman as aforesaid, a Physician or Surgeon resident in the Town or Parish in which such Gaol or other Prison shall be situate respectively, shall be then preferred; and if such Surgeon or Physician shall also refuse to accept the said Office of Inspector, or shall be found unfit for the same, or if it shall appear that the Clergyman, Physician or Surgeon aforesaid, after being notified the said Office, shall at any time neglect to execute or fulfil the Duties thereof, it shall and may be lawful to appoint any other fit and discreet Person, residing within Our Mile of such Gaol or other Prison respectively, to be such Inspector as aforesaid in manner aforesaid respectively.
- Salaries in Inspections.** XLIII. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for all Grand Jurors in *Ireland*, at any Assizes or Visiting Terms respectively, after such Appointment, to provide a reasonable Sum to be paid to every such County or other Inspector appointed as aforesaid, as a Remuneration for the Care and Attendance necessary in the Execution of the several Duties of such Offices respectively: Provided it shall appear to them that such Inspector has duly and regularly executed the several Duties of his Office; which Sum or Sums the said Inspector shall be entitled to receive exclusive of any other Salary or Allowance which may be granted to him as Chaplain, Physician, Surgeon or Medical Assistant for visiting and attending the Prisoners confined in any of the Prisons of such County, County of a City or County of a Town.
- Clark of the Crown to make Returns of Prisoners in Inspections.** XLIV. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Clerk of the Crown, and he is hereby required at each Assizes and General Gaol Delivery, in every County, County of a City and County of a Town in *Ireland*, and at every Special Commission therein, and at every Quarter-Sessions, Term or Sessions of the Commission of Oyer and Tenours for the County of the City of Dublin, and the Clerk of the Peace is also hereby required to furnish the Inspector of Prisons for the time being of the said County, County of a City and County of a Town, with a complete Schedule of the several Prisoners brought to Trial at each Assizes and General Gaol Delivery, and at each Special Commission, and at each and every Term or Commission of the County of Dublin or the County of the City of Dublin respectively, and at each and every Quarter-Sessions, (specifying the particular Crime of which each Prisoner was accused, and stating the Sentence of the Judge on such Trial), and whether the said several Sentences have been executed, or whether the Whole or any Part or Parts of them have been remitted; and the several Inspectors of Prisons are hereby required to report and transmit the same in manner hereinafter directed.
- Appointment as Inspector General; His Duty.** XLV. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governours of *Ireland* for the time being, to appoint a fit and proper Person to be Inspector General of Prisons in *Ireland*, reasonable however at the Will and Pleasure of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governours of *Ireland* for the time being; which Inspector General of Prisons shall visit every Prison

to be visited once at least in every Two Years, or oftener, if he shall think necessary, and also shall give his Advice and Assistance in choosing proper Places and Situations where new Gaols and other Places of Confinement are to be erected, and shall report in Writing to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, his Opinions as to the proper Site and Plan of every new Prison, and shall point out any Additions, Alterations or Improvements which he may deem requisite to be made in any of the Gaols or other Places of Confinement, for the Preservation of the Health of the Prisoners, and for the safe Custody of the same; and shall also receive Reports from the Inspectors of Gaols in the different Counties in Ireland, and shall take care to arrange and digest the same, or so much as shall have been duly transmitted to him, and assently transmit a full and accurate State and Account thereof to the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or to his Assistants to the Under Secretary for the Civil Department, and also to the Office of the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, in London, in order that the same shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament in each and every Session of Parliament, and likewise a separate Report of each Prison as he shall have visited in Person, from the time of his next preceding Report respectively up to that Period; and in case any of the said Inspectors shall neglect to transmit their Reports to the Inspector General as herein directed, the said Inspector General shall state the Names of such Inspectors who may have been guilty of such Neglect, in his said several Reports, and shall also report the Names of such Inspectors in respecting, as the Court of King's Bench in Dublin; and it shall be lawful for the said Court to impose a Fine on any such Inspector for neglecting, not exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds: And any such Inspector General of Prisons shall receive such Salary as the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland shall appoint, not exceeding Five hundred Pounds, by the Year, as a Remuneration for his own Time and Travels, and shall also provide a fit and proper Clerk, and a fit and proper Office in the City of Dublin, at which such Clerk shall constantly attend, and such Inspector shall receive a further yearly Sum not exceeding One hundred and fifty Pounds, to enable him to defray the Expence of providing such Clerk and Office, and shall also receive a further yearly Sum not exceeding Two hundred Pounds for his travelling Expence in each Year; all which Sums shall be paid out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, by order of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or his or their Chief Secretary for the time being.

XLVI. And he it enacted, That the said Inspector General of Prisons shall have Power and he is hereby required to visit and inspect, as often as he shall think fit, all Mad Houses and Houses where Idiots or Lunatics are confined, whether the same be any publick Establishment, or kept for Profit by any private Individual, as well as all Gaols and Prisons throughout Ireland; and if any Person or Persons shall hinder, molest or prevent such Inspector General from visiting and inspecting any of the said Places of Confinement, such Person or Persons being duly convicted thereof upon Oath before any One Magistrate or Justice of Peace in the County where such Hindrance has been made, shall, for every such Offence, be fined in any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds, at the Discretion of such Magistrate, and (whereupon such Person is convicted shall, by the Warrant of such Magistrate, be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County for six Calendar Months, unless such Fine be sooner paid.

XLVII. And he it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for each and every Grand Jury in Ireland, and they are hereby required, in any Assize or Protesting Term, to appoint a proper and discreet Person, being duly ordained in the Holy Orders and of the Established Church, to be Chaplain of the several Gaols, Bridewells, Houses of Correction or other Prisons of and in their respective Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns; and it shall and may be lawful for every such Grand Jury, if they shall be so required by the Court, also to appoint a proper and discreet Person, being a Protestant Dissenting Minister, to be Protestant Dissenting Chaplain thereof, and also if they shall be so required by the Court, to appoint a Priest or Clergyman of the Roman Catholic Church to be Roman Catholic Chaplain thereof: Provided always, that every Person so appointed shall be approved of by the Court.

XLVIII. And he it further enacted, That every such Chaplain shall read Prayers in the said Gaols, Bridewells, Houses of Correction or other Prisons respectively for which he shall be appointed, on every Sunday in the Year; to wit, the Protestant Chaplain of the Established Church to such of the Prisoners as shall be Protestants or Dissenters, and the Roman Catholic Chaplain to such of the Prisoners as shall be Roman Catholics; and that every such Chaplain shall likewise visit each of the said Prisons Twice at least in every Week, exclusive of his Attendance on Sundays, that on such Visits he shall go into every Room and Cell in the Prison wherein any Prisoner he wishes his Charge shall be confined, and converse with and comfort such of the said Prisoners respectively as are willing to listen to his Admonitions; and that each of the said Chaplains shall attend every Malefactor in their respective Prisons who shall be within his Charge as aforesaid, or who may wish to see his Assistance previous to and at the time of his Execution, in order to administer to such Prisoner or Prisoners the Sacrament of his Holy Office; and that every such Chaplain shall in manner herebefore mentioned, inspect, in his own, the Sound or other Provisions provided for any Prisoner of whatsoever Religion, and take care that the same be of an good and wholesome Quality and of sufficient Weight.

XLIX. And he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury at the Spring Assizes and Easter Term in every Year after such Appointment, to present a reasonable Sum not exceeding the Sum of One hundred Pounds and not being less than Sixty Pounds in the County and County of the City of Dublin, and not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor being less than Thirty Pounds in any other County or County of a City or County of a Town in Ireland, for every such Chaplain, as a Remuneration for his Services aforesaid: Provided it shall fully appear to said Grand Jury and to the Court or Judge that such Chaplains duly and regularly executed the several Duties of their said Offices respectively, and that the Sums presented for all the

Salary.

To visit Mad Houses, &c.

Fines.

Appointments of Chaplains to County Gaols.

Duties.

Duty of Chaplains.

Sums to Chaplains.

Fines.

Chaplains

Chaplain allowed in One Prison or District shall be of the same Amount, unless the Share of either shall at any time be withheld by reason of any Misconduct or Neglect of Duty.

Physicians and Surgeons

L. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for each and every Grand Jury of every County, County of a City or County of a Town or Inland, at any Assizes or Prefecting Terms, to appoint a regularly bred Physician and also a regularly bred Surgeon to the Gaols, Houses of Correction, Marshalls, and other Publick Prisons within each County, County of a City or County of a Town, except as is hereinafter excepted. Provided always, that any Physician and Surgeon so to be appointed shall be approved of by the Court.

This Duty

LI. And be it further enacted, That every such Physician and Surgeon shall and he is hereby required to visit every Prison within his Appointment Twice at least in every Week, and otherwise if necessary, and to prescribe for all Prisoners confined therein, according to his respective Department, such Medicines and Sulphurs as may appear to him conducive to their Recovery.

Salary

LII. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for every such Grand Jury at every Assizes and Prefecting Term to each Year after such Appointments, to prefer a reasonable Sum to every such Physician and Surgeon as a Compensation for such Attendance.

Not just unless
Duty is performed.

LIII. And be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the Grand Jury aforesaid to make such Payments, unless said Physician and Surgeon respectively shall appear to have duly fulfilled the several Duties of his Office.

Physicians and Surgeons to make Returns to Justices.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Physicians and Surgeon shall once in every Week make a regular Return of the State of Health of the several Persons under their Care respectively, to the Inspector of his Prison or District, if he shall not be lawful for the Inspector, and shall distinctly specify therein the Names of the several Persons sick in said Prisons, and their Diseases respectively: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to prevent the same Persons from consulting the Officers of Inspector and Chaplain, or of Licentiate and Physician, or Inspector and Surgeon, or Physician and Surgeon, if he shall be qualified so to do.

Appointments of Apothecaries

LIV. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for each and every Grand Jury respectively as aforesaid, and they are hereby required, at every Assizes and Prefecting Terms, to appoint an Apothecary to the Gaols, Houses of Correction or other Prisons, within their respective Counties, Counties of Cities or Counties of Towns; and it shall be the Duty of every such Apothecary to attend the Physician or Surgeon respectively, if any such be appointed, at their Visits to the said Prison respectively, and to execute every necessary Order of the said Physician and Surgeon respectively touching the same: Provided always, that every such Apothecary shall be approved of by the Court.

How Medicines and other Articles for the Sick paid for

LVI. And be it enacted, That each and every of the said Grand Juries shall and may prefer such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be just for such Medicines and other Articles for the Sick as shall be ordered by the Physician or Surgeon attending such Prisons respectively, and which the Apothecary to said Prisons shall not appear by his Affidavit to have been duly furnished according to such Provisions, in which Affidavit the said Apothecary shall swear that he had faithfully and honestly expended in the Purchase of such Medicines and other Articles the Sums therein respectively charged for the same; and that such Medicines and other Articles were of the best Quality, and were charged at the usual Prices at which Medicines and Articles of the same Quality were charged within the Town or Place where the same were so furnished respectively, and that the same were ordered by the Physician or Surgeon attending such Prisons before they were supplied; or if such Medicines or Articles shall have been supplied in Cases of Emergency by such Apothecary without the previous Order of such Physician or Surgeon, such Apothecary shall produce a Certificate of such Physician or Surgeon that such Medicines or Articles were so and proper to be so supplied; but no Charge shall be allowed in any such Particular for the Attendance of such Apothecary or of any Person attending in such.

Accounts to be
by Governor and
Directors of
Apothecaries
Hall.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That the said several Grand Juries or the Court, if the same shall appear to them proper, may respectively order such Account to be laid before the Governor and Directors of Apothecaries Hall, to be read by the said Governor and Directors, which they are hereby authorized and required to do, and to make true Particulars for Medicines as aforesaid, subject to such Reduction as the Account thereof as shall or may be made on such Taxation; and that the said Grand Juries respectively shall have Power to prefer for the Expense to be incurred by such Examination.

Performance of
Apothecaries to
be sworn to by
the Governor and
Directors.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That each and every of the said Apothecaries shall bring forward at each Assizes and Prefecting Term two separate and distinct Particulars, One for Medicines and the other for other Articles for the Sick, stating fully and particularly the different Articles consumed under each Head; and it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury at each Assizes and Prefecting Term to prefer a reasonable Sum to be paid to every such Apothecary, as a Compensation for his Trouble in providing the said Articles for the said Prisons respectively, and advancing his own Money for that Purpose.

Grand Juries may appoint the
same Prisons to
be Served and
Apothecary.

LIX. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury to appoint the same Prisons to be Served and Apothecary to any Gaol, House of Correction, Marshalls, or other Publick Prisons, and in such case such Surgeon and Apothecary shall be paid for his Attendance as a Surgeon, and for his Medicines as an Apothecary, in manner herebefore directed with respect to Surgeons and Apothecaries respectively: Provided always, that in case any Grand Jury shall not think it necessary to appoint a Physician or any G. J. Bewell, Head of Correction, Marshalls or other Publick Prison, the Apothecary or the Prison is appointed Surgeon and Apothecary, without of swearing that the Medicines and other Articles for the Sick supplied by him were ordered by the Physician or producing the Certificate of the Physician in manner herebefore mentioned, shall swear that all such Medicines and Necessaries were actually requisite

for

for the Professor, shall be actually and lawfully supplied by such Apothecary, or Surgeon and Apothecary, as the case may be. Provided also, that no Person who shall be appointed to be Surgeon and Apothecary shall be capable of being appointed a Physician or an Inspector under this Act.

LX. And be it enacted, That in and for the Marshals of the Four Courts of Dublin, and all and every Penitentiary House or Houses in Ireland, the Expense wherof shall be defrayed out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, it shall and may be lawful for and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the same being, to appoint all Inspectors, Chaplains, Physicians, Surgeons and Apothecaries respectively requisite for such Marshals and Penitentiary Houses; and such Inspectors, Chaplains, Physicians, Surgeons and Apothecaries shall be paid such Salaries, and in such manner as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors shall think fit to direct: Provided also, that all Medicines and other Articles for the Sick which shall be furnished to any of the Four Prisons in the Marshals of the Four Courts, or in any Penitentiary House respectively, shall, as being wanted as afloat for the Collection of Excess of the Debts, and also raised as afloat, be paid for by him, together with the Expense of such Transport, out of any Publick Money in his Hands, Twice in every Year; to wit, in March and September, down to and for the First Day of each of the said Months respectively.

LXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any of the said Offices of Inspector, Chaplain, Physician, Surgeon and Apothecary, or the Appointment of the Grand Jury, shall become vacant between Two Assizes or Preferring Terms respectively, then, and in every such case, it shall and may be lawful for the High Sheriff or Sheriffs of the County, to appoint a new Officer to fill such Vacancy respectively; and such new Officer so appointed shall hold and exercise the said Office until a new Appointment shall be made thereto as aforesaid, as fully and effectually in all respects, and with all the same Rights, Powers and Advantages, as if he had been duly appointed according as aforesaid.

LXII. And be it enacted, That if it shall appear to the Court of King's Bench that any of the said County Inspectors, Chaplains, Physicians, Surgeons or Apothecaries in any Part of Ireland, or in the Judges of Assize in their respective Counties in Ireland, that any of the said Officers in and for each County has been guilty of Misconduct in his said Office, or of Neglect in the Duties thereof, then, and in every such case, it shall and may be lawful for each Court or Judge by a Temporary Order to remove such Officer from his said Office; and every such Officer while he shall hold such Office shall be deemed, deemed and considered in respect thereof as an Officer of the said Court of King's Bench and of each Assize Court respectively, and subject to the Orders thereof respectively as aforesaid.

LXIII. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Inspector of every Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction, or other Prison in Ireland, and he is hereby required to inspect, oversee and regulate the proceeding and managing of Bread, Meat, Potatoes, or such other Food as he shall judge most proper, to the Value of not less than Five pence per Day for every Person confined for any Offence under his Inspection, who shall stand in need of such Allowance, and to cause the same to be regularly distributed among the said Prisoners, Four Times in every Week, to wit on *Sundays, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays*, in presence of said Inspector, or One of the Chaplains, and also of the Keeper of such Prison; and the Grand Jurors of the several Counties in Ireland are hereby empowered and required to make such Proclamations in Advance to any Person or Persons (not being a Grand Juror nor being an Inspector, Chaplain, Physician, Surgeon or Apothecary under this Act, nor being the Keeper of any Prison) who shall be willing to contract with such Grand Jury for the Supply of such Bread, Meat, Potatoes or Food as such Grand Jury may deem necessary to provide for the same, and if such shall by any means not be made, or being made, shall be found insufficient, then to prevent such same as shall appear to have been necessarily expended for such Purpose, either without such Proclamation, or over and above the Amount thereof; and the same so preferred shall be paid over in a separate Account mentioned: Provided always, that the Inspector and the Chaplain or Chaplains shall divide the Duty of distributing said Allowance equally between them by alternate Weeks in Rotation, and the Certificate or any of them, together with that of the Keeper of the Prison, shall be a sufficient Warrant to the Treasurer of the County for the Payment of such Sums or Sums as may be expended in procuring said Food, to any Person or Persons who shall have contracted with the Grand Jury as aforesaid, or to any Person or Persons (not being a Grand Juror, nor being an Inspector, Chaplain, Physician, Surgeon or Apothecary under this Act, nor being the Keeper of any Prison) who shall or may have contracted with any Inspector for the Supply of such Bread, Meat, Potatoes or Food, or who may have supplied the same under the Orders of such Inspector.

LXIV. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury at each Assize and Preferring Terms respectively in Ireland, to prefer on the respective Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns, all such Sums as to them shall appear by Affidavit to have been necessarily expended for Straw for the Prisoners confined to an Allowance of Bread as aforesaid in any Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison within their respective Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns, or any necessary Expence attending the Prison, as also to prefer in advance such Sums as they shall think necessary for the said Purpose, or any of them; and that to enable the said Grand Jurors to prevent proper Sums for these Purposes, there shall be laid before the Grand Jury by the Keeper of every Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison in Ireland, at each Assize and Preferring Terms, a Calendar of his Prison since the last Assize or Preferring Terms, with the Date of the Commitment and Discharge of each Person.

LXV. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the several Grand Jurors at every Assize and Preferring Terms, to prevent such Sums or Sums of Money as may be requisite for the Purpose of providing Coal, Prison Dressing, Iron Rods, Bed Ticks to be used with Straps, Blankets and Bed Cloths, for all Persons who shall be confined in any Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction, or other Prison

within their respective Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns, and shall stand in need of such Assistance; and that the several Sums before mentioned to be preferred for the Purposes of providing Fuel, Prison Drifts, Iron Bedsteads, Bed Tickens and Blankets, Bed Cloaths and Saws for Prisons as aforesaid, shall be paid into the Hands of any Person or Persons (not being a Grand Jury, nor being an Inspector, Chaplain, Physician, Surgeon or Apothecary under this Act, nor being the Keeper of any Prison) who shall or may have contracted with any Inspector of any such Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, for the Supply of such Fuel and other Matters respectively, or who may have supplied the same under the Orders of such Inspectors.

LXVI. And be it enacted, That all and every Sum and Sums of Money which shall be preferred by any Grand Jury for Bread or other Necessaries, or for any other of the Purposes herebefore mentioned, shall be accounted for on Oath to open Court by the Persons making such Contract with the Grand Jury or with the Inspectors, or supplying Articles under the Orders of such Inspectors, and by the Certificate of the different Inspectors and Chaplains respectively.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Grand Jury or any Inspector, Chaplain or Physician, Surgeon or Apothecary appointed under this Act, or any Keeper of any Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, shall contract to provide or supply any such Bread, Meat, Potatoes or other Food, or any Straw, Fuel, Prison Drifts, Bedsteads, Bed Tickens, Blankets, Bed Cloaths, or other Necessaries for Prisons under his Inspection or Charge, contrary to the Provisions of this Act, or shall supply the same otherwise than in the Performance of his Duty under this Act, or shall directly or indirectly derive or receive any Profit or Emolument whatsoever from any Bread, Meat, Potatoes or other Food, or any Straw, Fuel, Prison Drifts, Bedsteads, Bed Tickens, Blankets, Bed Cloaths, or other Necessaries provided for such Prisons, which shall be supplied for the Purposes of this Act, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered by any Person who shall sue for the same by any Action, Suit, Bill or Plea, in any of His Majesty's Superior Courts of Record in Dublin; whereas in England, Provision or Wage of Law shall be allowed, nor any more than One Imparison.

LXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all Bread and other Provisions, Straw, Prison Drifts, Bedsteads, Bed Tickens, Blankets and Bed Cloaths, which shall be so distributed in the Medicines of the Four Courts or any Petty Sessions House, and also all Bread, Provisions, Drifts, or Cloaths, Medicines and other Necessaries which shall be so furnished as aforesaid to any Convict, under Sentence of Transportation, or pardoned or reprieved from Death on condition of Transportation, who shall be removed out of the County in which he was convicted, shall and may be paid for by the Collector of Excise of the District, out of any publick Money in his Hands, and that such Collector of Excise shall also out of such Money advanced to any Person or Persons (not being a Grand Juror, nor being an Inspector, Chaplain, Physician, Surgeon or Apothecary under this Act, nor being the Keeper of any Prison) who shall or may have contracted with any Inspector of any such Medicines or Petty Sessions House for the Supply of such Provisions or other Matters respectively, or who may have supplied the same under the Orders of such Inspectors, such Sums for the said Purposes or any of them, as such Inspector shall, by Affidavit to be made before any Justice of the Peace for the County, State to be reasonable and necessary for such Purpose.

LXIX. And be it enacted, That the following Rules and Regulations shall be strictly observed and carried into Force and Effect in every Gaol, House of Correction, Madhouse, Bridewell, Petty Sessions House, Sheriff's Prison or other Prison throughout Ireland; that is to say: First, That no Gaol nor be herid for any Woman to be Keeper thereof: Second, That every Gaoler or other Keeper of a Prison shall reside in his Prison, and that he shall not be an Under Sheriff or a Bailiff, or a Baker or a Brewer, nor shall he sell Wine, Beer, Ale or Spirituous Liquors of any Sort to Prisoners or others, nor shall he hold any Office or Employment, or carry on any Business whatsoever that may require his Attendance in any other Place: Third, That no Tap shall be kept in any Prison without a Special Order of the Court of King's Bench in Ireland for that Purpose: Fourth, That no Person under the Authority or Appointment of the Keeper shall, directly or indirectly, sell to the Prisoners or any of them, any Meat or Spirituous Liquors, or any manner of Provision whatsoever: Fifth, That in all Prisons where any Persons shall be confined for any Offence, the Prison or Prisons where Duty it shall be to deliver out Bread or other Provisions to such Prisoners, or One of the said Prisons, together with the Keeper of the Prison, shall stand for that Purpose Four Days in each Week, to wit, on Sundays, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and shall take care that the same is properly distributed according to the Wants of the Prisoners, and that it is of a good Quality and proper Weight, and that it is not more than Twenty four Hours before it is baked which may be so distributed had been baked; and that such a Person shall not suffer the Prisoners to consume the said Allowance by receiving the Value thereof in Money, or in any other manner whatsoever: Sixth, That every Room in every Prison in Ireland shall be daily swept and swept, and shall be washed Once in every Week from the First Day of April to the 31st Day of October, and Once in every Month for the residue of the Year, unless the contrary shall in any Part be expressly directed in Writing by the Physicians or Surgeons, and that Three Times in half or every Year the Inside of each of the Rooms, Cells, Halls, Passages and Places of every Detention in the Prison shall be white-washed; that is to say, Once in the Month of April, Once in the Month of July, and Once in the Month of October, and that sufficient Prison Drifts, Bedsteads, Tickens for Beds, and Blankets be provided for each Prisoner, and that the same be used thereto; and also that a constant Fire shall be kept up in the Common Halls, Courts, Prisons for Twelve Hours every Day, from the First Day of October to the First Day of April next, from the Hour of Five in the Morning to the Hour of Eight in the Afternoon, and for Two Hours every Day for the residue of the Year to wit, from the Hour of Twelve at Noon to the Hour of Two in the Afternoon respectively; and that every Prisoner shall be supplied with Irish Straw Once in every Month.

Month; Seventh, That the Prisoners who shall be sick shall be separated from those who shall be in health, and the Physicians or Surgeons and Apothecary shall regularly attend the former, and supply them with Medicines and alls with Bread or other necessary Subsistence: Eighth, That Debtors shall be separated from Felons and other Offenders, and that Persons charged with Highway Robbery, House-breaking, Murder, or other Capital Offences, shall not be suffered to have any Intercourse with Prisoners confined for Offences which are not Capital; and that Male and Female Prisoners of every Description shall be kept separate: Ninth, That all Prisoners shall have free Access to the Bath and Necellories, in their respective Parts of the Prison at all reasonable Hours, and shall also be admitted at proper times to Exercise to or themselves in the Yard or Yards for at least Two Hours in every Day, except Prisoners under Sentence of Death, and such Prisoners as shall be maimed or disabled, or where there may be sufficient cause to apprehend that an Escape may be attempted: Tenth, That no Hogs, Pigs, Cattle or Poultry of any Kind shall be kept in any Yard of any Prison in England: Eleventh, That no Prisoner ever when condemned to Death shall be put into a Dungeon or Room under Ground, unless in consequence of outrageous Conduct, or for an Attempt to break out of Prison: Twelfth, That no Spirituous Liquors of any Kind shall be admitted into any Prison on any Pretence whatsoever, unless as directed in a written Order from the Physicians, Surgeons, Apothecary, Medical Assistant or Inspector, specifying the Quantity to be admitted, and for whose Use; nor shall any Penny Pot or Garb be taken from Prisoners on their Entrance into Prison on any Account or Pretence whatsoever: Thirteenth, That a Table of Fees shall be made out by the Inspector General of Prisons, and the Inspector of Prisons in the County of the City of Dublin, to be laid by them before His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, which Table, if it shall be approved by the Court, shall serve as a General Regulation for Fees throughout England, and the Inspector General of Prisons shall distribute Copies thereof to the several County Inspectors, to be by them placed in a conspicuous Part of the Prisons under their Inspection; and the Inspector General of Prisons shall likewise cause several Copies of these Rules, and of all further Rules to be from time to time made as hereafter mentioned, to be printed on one Side of a Sheet of Paper and passed on Boards, which he shall also distribute among the several County Inspectors, to be by them placed in the Common Hall of every Prison: Fourteenth, That every local Inspector shall visit every Prison under his Inspection Twice at least in every Week, and at each Visit he shall go into every Room in the Prison, and if any Complaint shall be made by the Prisoners or any of them, speak the Gaoler or his Assistants, the Inspector shall immediately enquire into the Particulars of such Complaint, and if the same shall appear to be well founded he shall report accordingly to the Inspector General of Prisons, and to the Sheriff of the County: Fifteenth, That the said Inspectors shall each of them report frequently on Oath to the nearest Justices of the Peace, the State of each and every Prison under their Inspection respectively, to the Justices at the Quarter-Sessions, and likewise the Inspector or Inspectors for the County of Dublin and County of the City of Dublin, to the Court of King's Bench in every Term, and the Inspectors for all the other Counties to the Judges at the Assizes; and all the said local Inspectors shall also transmit one Day at least before the sitting of Parliament, returns to the Inspector General of Prisons, a farther Report, together with a Calendar of the Prisoners actually in Custody, stating forth the particular Cause for which each Prisoner had been committed, and likewise a General Statement of all Prisoners who have been tried, whether acquitted or condemned, since the Date of the last preceding Report, specifying the several Crimes of which they were accused, and the Sentence of those who have been found guilty: Sixteenth, That in case of any riotous, outrageous or disorderly Conduct, or of any wilful Mischief done by any Prisoner to the Prison, or to any Prison therein whether a Prisoner or not, or in case of any Prison being or becoming in danger of being fired, it shall be lawful for any Judge of the Superior Courts, or for any Two Justices of the Peace, to examine separately into the Matter on Oath, and also to take Examinations to that end of the Keeper of the Prison, desiring that every such Prisoner shall be examined during the continuance of such Inquiry, and every such Offender for such length of time as shall be specified in such Warrant, in such Room, Cell, or other Place within the Precincts of the Prison as he or they shall think proper, or as shall have been specially provided for such Purpose; and from the time when any such Inquiry or Mischief shall come to the Knowledge of the Keeper of such Prison, and then shall be an Opportunity of holding such Enquiry, it shall be lawful for such Keeper of his own Authority to examine such Offender or inquire Prisoner in any such Room, Cell or Place; and if any Prisoner shall be a second time ordered into such Confinement for Mischief or Examination on Oath as aforesaid, such Prisoner shall not during such second Confinement be permitted to receive any other Food besides Bread and Water; and in case of a Third Confinement of any Prisoner in like manner, such Prisoner during such Third Confinement shall not only be denied such Food, but shall also be kept in Irons: Provided however, that nothing herein contained shall prevent any Prisoner from being discharged out of Prison altogether, if he shall become entitled thereto: Seventeenth, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty's Court of King's Bench in England, from time to time, as often as it shall be necessary, to make and ordain such other and further Rules and Regulations consistent with the foregoing, for the Government, Management or Conduct of all or any Gaol or Goals, Bridewell or Bridewells, Marshalls or Marshalls, House or Houses of Correction, or any other Prison or Prisons in England, or the Keepers or Keepers, or any other Officers or Officer thereof, or any Prisoners or Prisoners therein, as they shall think proper; and that all such Regulations shall, from time to time, be passed by or in all Prisons to which the same shall extend, immediately after these Rules, in manner herebefore mentioned.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That any Gaoler or Keeper of a Prison in England, who shall find himself by any Means or Circumstances, whatsoever disabled or prevented from carrying the said Rules or any of them into Effect, shall, on the next Opportunity, give Notice thereof to the Inspector of the Prison, and if the said

Wise Godwin is all where printed from differing Parts.

Jepfehor shall, upon signing fuch Petition, fee fufficient Goodss for fuch Oathfion, either by reafon of the In-fufficiency of fuch Profors or otherwife, be full, by Writing under his Hand, give to the faid Gaoler or Keeper, a Certificate thereof, and as Faid or Occurrence fhall be admitted as a fufficient Excufe, fo any fuch Keeper of a Prifon, for the Breach or Neglect of any of the Rules aforefaid, unlefs fuch Faid Fall have been fe reprefented by him to fuch Jepfehor at fome time before fuch Breach or Neglect, or within One Week after the fame.

Jepfehor to be-
fore in their Re-
ports, how far
Regulations have
been obferved :

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That all Jepfehors of Goals, Bridewells, Hofsels of Correction or other Prifons, fhall, as the Reports of the Goals, Bridewells, Hofsels of Correction, or other Prifons under their Jepfehorship refpectively, infert a Copy of the foregoing Regulations, and of fuch further Regulations as fhall from time to time be in force, in their refpective Prifons as full length; and in a feparate Column, fpecifically in each of the faid Regulations, fhall certify and ftate how far each of them has been obferved and complied with, and fhall alfo ftate and fet down how far the feveral other Defaults contained in this prefent Act have been obferved and corrected.

Method of taking
Four Courts to be
kept feparate.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Marshalls of the Four Courts fhall be kept feperate and diftinct from all other Prifons, under the Care of the Marshall of the Four Courts, appointed or to be appointed by His Majesty's Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Ireland, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor of Ireland for the time being.

Fee of Marshall
of Four Courts.

LXXIII. And be it enacted, That the Marshall of the Four Courts fhall take, demand and receive the feveral Fees following, and no more; *viz.* That every Prifoner fhall pay to the Marshall for Confinement Fee, in every Cafe, in which any Prifoner fhall be committed to, or fall to be in his Cuftody, Six Shillings, and Eight pence; for a Detachment or a Detention Fee to the Marshall Six Shillings and Eight pence, and for the Turnkey One Shilling and Seven pence Halfpenny; upon every *Releafe Corpus* directed to the Marshall, the Perfons who have obtained or procured the fame, fhall pay to the faid Marshall Two Shillings and Six pence: And every Prifoner brought into Court by *Releafe Corpus* of Satisfaction, or writ, or taken up in Cuftody throughout, committed to the Marshall in Execution, fhall pay to the faid Marshall the fees following; *viz.* Six pence at the Pound where the Execution is or fhall be for any Sum of or under One hundred Pounds; and when the Execution is or fhall be for more than One hundred Pounds, then the faid Perfons or Perfons who are committed in Execution, fhall pay to the faid Marshall Three pence for each Pound over and above the sum of One hundred Pounds, and no more: Provided alfo, that no Perfons or Perfons who are committed in Execution fhall be charged with or liable to pay any more of the faid Poundage or Execution Fees than for fuch Debt or Damages and Costs as he, or they fhall really owe, and which the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in fuch Execution fhall be really and lawfully entitled to recover.

Fees.

Fees for granting
Pardons.

LXXIV. And be it hereby fo enacted, That upon the pleading of any Pardon at the Bar for any Perfons in the Marshall's Cuftody, the faid Perfons for whom fuch Pardon is pleaded fhall pay to the faid Marshall for his Fee three Shillings and no more.

Fees for lodging.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That every Prifoner lying in the Common Hall fhall pay One Penny per Night to the Marshall, and no more, for his faid Lodging; and that as to all and every other Rooms and Accommodations in the faid Marshalls, the fees, and the Rates and Powers to be paid for the fame, fhall be regulated and governed in fuch manner and according to fuch Rates as the Court of King's Bench in Ireland, have from time to time directed, and no more.

Ranking greater
Fee time of
trial.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That in cafe the faid Marshall of the Four Courts or his Deputy, or other Perfons or Perfons employed under him, fhall demand, exact, take or receive from any Prifoner at the faid Marshalls any other or greater Fee, Reward or Gratuity, than he fhall be entitled to as aforefaid, or fhall not duly obferve fuch Rates for the Safe and Confeverance of his Prifoners as are or fhall be from time to time prefcribed, or fhall exact any other or greater Rates for the Lodging of the Prifoners than he fhall from time to time be entitled to as aforefaid, then the faid Marshall for the time being, or his Deputy, or any one of them fhall offend herein, fhall forfeit for the Feft Offence committed, the Sum of Fifty Pounds, the One Half thereof to the King, the other Moiety to the Party aggrieved, who may lawfully recover the fame by any Action, Suit, Bill or Plea, in any of His Majesty's Superior Courts of Record at Dublin, whereas, as aforefaid, Penalties or Wages of Law fhall be allowed, not any more than One Impoundment; and of every fuch Conviction he fhall upon offence as aforefaid, be liable for fuch Special Offence before his Office, and be incapable of holding or executing the faid Office of Marshall of the Four Courts, or of being Deputy Marshall of the fame for ever after; any Patent, Charter, Ufage or Custom, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Fest Offence.

Special Offence.

Method of
City of Dublin
kept diftinct.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Marshalls of the City of Dublin fhall be kept feperate and diftinct in another Hofsels by themfelves, under the Care of fuch Perfons or Perfons as fhall be duly appointed and appointed to keep the fame.

Fees to Marshall
of City of
Dublin.

LXXVIII. And, for the better regulating and directing the Fees of the Marshall of the City of Dublin in the time being, and the Lodging of the faid offenders of the faid City, as a further means for the Advantage of the fame, That the following Fees and no other fhall be taken by the Marshall of the City of Dublin for the Time being; *viz.*

For every Prifoner committed to his Cuftody upon an Affidavit out of the Thofth Court, Two Shillings and Six pence.

For every Prifoner committed in the Lord Mayor's Petty Depts, One Shilling.

For every Writ of Habeas Corpus or Habeas Corpus ad fubjunctam out of the City Court of the faid Marshalls, One Shilling and Six pence.

For all Executions out of the City Court directed to the faid Marshall, Six pence is the Fee for every Sum

Sum of or under One Hundred Pounds; and where the Execution is for more than One hundred Pounds, then to receive only Three pence per Pound for each Pound, over and above the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and in such manner and under such Restrictions as are appointed by this Act for the Marshal of the Four Courts.

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the said Marshal of the City of Dublin shall observe and keep the same Rules, and take the same Rates for the Lodging and Accommodation of Prisoners, in such Sort and in such manner as the Marshal of the Four Courts shall from time to time be entitled to take, save in far as the same may be otherwise ordered by the said Court of King's Bench; and in case the Marshal of the City of Dublin for the time being, his Deputy, or any other Person or Persons employed under him, shall take, receive or exact any other or greater Fees than as aforesaid, or any Gratuity or Reward from any Person whatsoever committed as a Prisoner to his Custody, or shall not observe and perform the Rules and Rates in every Respect herein ordained, or which shall from time to time be prohibited as aforesaid, then the said Marshal of the City of Dublin for the time being, or his Deputy, which ever of them shall offend herein, shall suffer and incur the like Penalties and Disabilities as concerning the Marshal of the Four Courts is heretofore provided.

LXXX. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Corporation of the said City of Dublin, at any Quarter Assembly, or at any Public Assembly held for that Purpose, to elect and appoint a fit and proper Person to be Keeper of the said Marshalsea Prison; and it is hereby declared, that the Marshal of the said City shall be exempt from the Care and Custody of the Prisoners to be therein committed, and that the said Marshal shall not be liable to any Damages, Costs or Charges whatsoever for or consequence of any Escape that shall be effected or made from said Prison.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That the said Keeper shall be answerable for the safe Custody of all such Prisoners as shall be committed to said Marshalsea Prison, and that he shall observe and perform the several and respective Rules herein required of other Keepers of Prison whose Debtors are committed.

LXXXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That such Navigation or Appointment of such Person to be Keeper of such Marshalsea Prison as aforesaid, shall not extend or be construed to extend to permit or allow any such Person to interfere in any Sort or Degree whatsoever with any of the Duties, Privileges or Emoluments annexed to the said Office of Marshal, or which heretofore have been exercised or enjoyed by him or his Predecessors, save only and except in the Care of the said Marshalsea Prison, and the safe keeping of the Prisoners to be committed therein.

LXXXIII. And, in order to render more effectual the several Provisions and Regulations contained in this Act, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Court of King's Bench, and all and every Judge and Judges of Assize, and General Gaol Delivery, in Ireland respectively, are hereby directed and required from time to time, as Occasion shall require, to give this Act in Charge to the Grand Jurors of the several Counties in Ireland, or in such thereof as concern such Grand Jurors, and to require them to comply therewith as the Law directs, and to make such Proclamations as are herein mentioned and directed.

LXXXIV. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Prisoner as aforesaid who shall have been convicted of any Offence or Offences, and shall be detained in Prison any far his Term by virtue of such Conviction or Convictions, and of his Imprisonment for such Offence or Offences, to petition a Petition to the Court of King's Bench if in the County of Dublin or County of the City of Dublin, and if in any other County in Ireland, to the Judges of Assize of such County, or to any of the said Justices to the Court of Quarter-Sessions, stating that he or she is unable to pay his or her Fees aforesaid, and praying that such Fees may be remitted; and the Court to which such Petition shall be preferred, shall examine into the Truth of the Matters therein alleged, upon the Oaths not only of such Prisoner, but also of the Gaoler and of every such other Person or Persons as such Court shall think fit and proper to be examined relative to the same; and thereupon it shall and may be lawful for such Court to make such Order for remitting the Whole or any Part, Share or Proportion of such Fees as such Court shall think proper; and no such Order being made, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Grand Jury of such Court, if they shall think fit, to perform the Assessment of the Sum or Sums to be paid as such County, and to be paid on the Petition or Petitions whether Clerk or Clerks of the Crown or of the Peace, Sheriff or Gaolers, whole Fees or any Part of whole Fees shall have been so remitted according to their respective Proportions thereof; and if the whole of such Fees shall have been so remitted, then such Prisoner shall be discharged from any further Imprisonment by virtue of such Fees, and if a Part only shall be so remitted, then on the Payment of the Residue of such Fees, such Prisoner shall be, in like manner, discharged.

LXXXV. And be it enacted and declared, That all Fees of Clerical Professions, and the several other Matters relating thereto, payable to any Clerk of the Court, Clerk of the Peace, or any of their Deputies, Sheriff, or Under Sheriff, Gaoler or Under Gaoler, or Turnkey or Crew, or other Person sitting under them or any of them, as aforesaid, are and shall be payable in the County of Dublin and County of the City of Dublin, in the same manner as all respects as in the other Counties of Ireland; and that in the said County of Dublin Proclamations in lieu of the Fees of such Persons as shall have been publicly tried, acquitted and discharged without paying Fees, shall be made at the said County Town, in like manner as all respects as at the Assizes in the other Counties of Ireland, and be in force as an Act of the last Session of Parliament for so relating the Fees payable by Petitioners committed with Tythes, Tolls and all other Offences at Assizes and Quarter-Sessions in Ireland, or any other Act or Acts for such Purpose.

LXXXVI. And be it enacted, That all and singular the several Sums of Money directed by this Act to be paid by the Grand Jurors of the several Counties in Ireland, shall be raised, levied, applied and applied upon the said Counties respectively, after the same manner as other Proclamations for County Charges.

LXXXVII. And

Marshal of Public
to observe
Rules and take
Fees for Lodging
& Accommodation
of Four Courts.

Corporation of
Dublin to elect
a Marshal of
Marshalsea.

to be liable for the
safe Custody of
Prisoners.

Appointment not
to interfere with
Prisoner's
Marshal.

Court of K. B.
& Judges of
Assize to give
Act in Charge to
Grand Jurors.

Prisoner's dis-
charged for Term
discharged.

49th & 50th
Acts of Parliament
relating to the
County of Dublin
and County of
the City of
Dublin.

Proclamations
issued on County
Charges.

To C. 103. 11
and 113.

Final.

Partic.

How applied

Levelled County
Prisoners.

Judges may render
their Decisions.

Grant of K. B.
and the like
Affairs to continue
and receive Act.

Provision of De-
bts. to be
made 18 July
1808, and before
Dissolution of
Act.

Local state of
Accounts.

General Othe.

Double Costs.

Commencement
of Act.

Act may be al-
tered, &c.

LXXXVII. And it is enacted, That if any of the said Grand Jurors, after having been properly called upon and directed by such Court and Judges respectively to make such Proclamations as are required or authorized by the Act, shall notwithstanding neglect or omit to make such Proclamations or Precepts respectively within the first Day of the said Affairs or Preferring Term respectively, or shall omit perfect a sufficient Sum for any of the said Purposes, then, and in every such case, the said Court and Judges respectively are hereby empowered, directed and required to impose such Fine or Fines on each County, County of a City or County of a Town as they shall deem just and necessary, and so shall be at least equal to the Amount of such Deficiency: Provided always, that no such Fine or Fines shall be levied upon each County, County of a City or County of a Town, unless such Fine shall be confirmed at the next ensuing Affairs or Preferring Term, as the case may be, by the Court or Judge at such ensuing Affairs or Preferring Term.

LXXXVIII. And be it enacted, That in the Order for any such Fine to be imposed for default or omission to make any Proclamation, or for not perfecting a sufficient Sum, the particular Object and Purpose for which such Proclamation ought to have been made shall be stated, and such Fine when levied shall be applied to such Purpose, and shall be accounted for in like manner as if the same had been legally protested by the Grand Jury for the said Purposes respectively: Provided always, that every Fine to be imposed upon any County pursuant to this Act, shall be laid out, applied and levied upon the County at large, in the same manner as Proclamations made by the Grand Jury for County Charges.

LXXXIX. Provided also, and be it enacted, That if any of the said Grand Jurors shall at any time present for any of the said Purposes a Sum which shall appear to the Court to be greater than is proper or reasonable for such Purposes, then, and in every such case, it shall and may be lawful and soad for the Court or Judge who shall continue or sit such Proclamation, at the time of its continuing or sitting the same, to order that the same shall be reduced to such Sum as he or they shall think proper, which shall be done accordingly, and shall be deemed, taken and proceeded on in the same manner as all requests as of the same had been originally so presented.

X. And in order that the beneficial Purposes of this Act may be more fully and faithfully carried into Effect, Be it enacted, That the said Court of King's Bench and Judges of Assize shall once in every Affairs and Preferring Term respectively, make diligent Enquiry by Examination on Oath in Court, and by such other ways and means as they shall think proper, concerning the several Matters for which Proclamations are or shall be by this or any other Act relating in any of the Matters aforesaid directed or authorized to be made in such Affairs or Term respectively, and finally shall decide after such mature Consideration as to the Execution of the Powers to jurisdiction, *Item* is that Request.

XCI. And whereas divers Healds have been lately found to exist in favor of the Prisoners in Ireland, for which an Remedy had been provided by Law, and it was not consistent with Humanity or Justice that the same should be allowed to remain uncorrected until an Act of Parliament should be passed, and divers Cases and Exposures have been and continue to be presented in this manner the same: Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Sum and Sums of Money which at any time or times from the First Day of July in the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine to the First Day of July in the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall have been expended by or under the Orders or Authority of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and which if so expended after the said First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ten, would, under the Provisions of this Act, be payable out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, shall and may be paid and allowed out of the same; and that all and every Sum and Sums which shall have been so expended within the said Period, and which if expended after the said First Day of July in the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten would be properly payable by Proclamation, being duly watched by the Clerk of the Prison or Prisons employed therein, shall and may be levied and used by such Proclamation, and paid over, under the Orders of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland to replace the Money so expended, any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding; and if by any means it shall happen that any such Sum or Sums shall not be so levied, then, and in such case, and until the same shall be done, all and every such Sum and Sums shall be paid and allowed out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

XCI. And be it further enacted, That if any Affairs shall be brought or Suit commenced against any Prison or Prisons for any thing to be done in pursuance of this Act or in relation thereto, every such Action or Suit shall be brought within Six Calendar Months after the said date, and the Process thereof shall be laid in the proper County, and not elsewhere, and the Defendant or Defendants to such Action may plead the General Issue and give this Act, and the Special Matter therein contained, in Evidence on any Trial to be had thereupon; and if a Verdict shall be given for the Defendant on such Action, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuited or suffer a Discontinuance of his, her or their Action or Actions, or if, upon Discontinuance, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs the Defendant or Defendants shall have and recover Double Costs, the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be expending on the Record, by Loss of the Court, that the Action was brought for an Act done in pursuance of this Act or in relation thereto, if the same shall not sufficiently appear by the Pleadings.

XCI. And be it enacted, That this Act, and all and every Clause, Matter and Thing therein contained, shall continue on the First Day of July in the present Year One thousand eight hundred and ten, and shall take Effect from thenceforth and not before.

XCI. And be it enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed during the present Session of Parliament.

C A P. CIV.

An Act for altering the Amount of certain Duties of Assessed Taxes, granted by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty King George the Third, in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign; and for granting to His Majesty certain other Duties of Assessed Taxes, on the Articles therein mentioned. [20th Year 1810.]

Most Gracious Sovereigns,

WE Your Majesty's most faithful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, thinking it expedient that certain of the Duties, granted by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, on Servants and Carriages, being described, and on the Makers of such Carriages, should be altered, and new Duties granted in manner hereafter mentioned; do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten, in that Part of Great Britain called England, the Dominion of Wales and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and from and after the Town of Holyhead One thousand eight hundred and ten, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, there shall be assessed, raised, levied and paid unto and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the several Duties mentioned in the several Schedules to this Act annexed, as the same are there more fully set forth and described; which several Schedules, and the Duties therein contained, shall be deemed and construed a Part of this Act, as if the same were enacted herein verbatim and in substance.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Excise-guaranty by this Act shall be assessed, raised, levied, paid and accounted for, under the same Provisions and Regulations as the Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid are directed to be assessed, raised, levied, paid and accounted for; and the several Schedules annexed shall be respectively added to the corresponding Schedules annexed to the said Act, and shall be construed as if deemed Part thereof respectively; and the said Act shall be construed in such manner and to the like Effect in all respects, as if the Duties therein granted were expressly granted unto and subject to the several Provisions, Allowances and Penalties to which the Duties granted by the said Act are subject, and as if the said several Provisions, Allowances and Penalties were expressly contained in this Act; and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the said Act, or in any Act or Acts therein made, mentioned or referred to, in so far as the same are respectively applicable to the Duties granted by this Act, shall severally and respectively, in the Execution of this Act, be duly observed, performed and put in Execution throughout the respective Parts of Great Britain aforesaid, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things (except as aforesaid) were respectively and respectively repeated and recited in the Body of this Act, and shall severally be applied, executed, deemed and taken to belong to this Act, in like manner as if the same had been exactly therein, and expressly applied to the Duties hereby granted.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Persons who now are or for the time being shall be Commissioners for putting in Execution the said Act or the Acts therein recited, mentioned or referred to, who shall be respectively qualified and appointed as well as the Execution of the said Acts, shall be Commissioners for putting in Execution the said Acts; the Powers herein referred to or contained, in all and every the respective Counties, Boroughs, Cities, Hamlets, Corporate Towns and Places, privileged or not privileged, within England, Wales and Berwick upon Tweed, and in all and every the Shires, Strangers, Cities and Boroughs in Scotland, and the several Alderries, Calketries, Burrows, Inghams and Inghams General respectively appointed or to be appointed to put in Execution the said several Acts, shall respectively be Assessors, Collectors, Surveyors, Inspectors and Subject or General to put in Execution the said Acts, within the Limits of their respective Districts or Divisions in which they are or respectively shall be appointed; and they respectively are hereby empowered and required to do all things necessary for putting this Act in Execution, with relation to the Duties hereby imposed, in the like manner as if the said several Acts were as if they or any of them are or shall be authorized to put in Execution the said several Acts; and the Duties hereby granted, when paid, shall be under the Care and Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes for the time being, appointed or to be appointed by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every Maker of any Carriage called a Tread Cart, built and constructed according to the Regulations of the said Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid, or of this Act, for Sale, shall cause his Name and Place of Abode, and the Place or Places where such Trade or Business shall be carried on, to be returned to the Commissioners for executing this Act, in like manner as is required by the same Act in force to be done by Makers for Sale of other Carriages chargeable with Duty, and under the like Penalty; and every such Maker shall also, from time to time enter in a Book the Number of such Carriages he has built and constructed for Sale as Tread Carts, and the Names of Places of Abode of the respective Persons to whom sold, and the full Value of the same, together with the full and just Price or other Consideration paid or given or to be paid or given for the same, and the Day on which each such Carriage was delivered or brought to his or her Shop or Warehouse, at which Books full, at all reasonable times, in the Execution of this Act, he or she shall send the Yearly or Half yearly or Quarterly or so often the Times when such Maker of Carriages shall be required to send and keep for Six Months before the first of January next following the Fifth Day of October and Fifth Day of April in every Year after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten, deliver a true Copy in Writing of all and every the Entries made in such Book within the following Half Year, to the Assessors or Collectors of the Ward, Parish or Place, or one of them,

where such Maker of Carriages shall reside; and when required to do so by such Surveyor or Inspector, every such Maker of Carriages, his or her Clerk, Servant, Workman or Manager, shall make Oath, on being sworn, of the Perjury called Quacks, an Affidavit, of the Truth of such Account according to the best of his Knowledge and Belief; and if any Maker of such Carriages shall neglect to keep such Account, or to deliver such Copy thereof, or shall wilfully omit any Deficiency, Matter or Thing which ought to be contained therein, or shall make therein any false Entry of any Particular which ought to be contained therein, he, she or they so offending shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to be recovered or levied by any Aids or Aids in relation to the Duties of Assessed Taxes.

Taxes.

Makers of Tread
Laws in plain
Revered
Owner's Name
before Delivery.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Maker of Carriages herein called Tread Carts, for Sale, shall, before the Delivery out of his or her Shop, Warehouse or Premises, to or for the Purchaser thereof, cause the Name and Place of Abode of the Purchaser thereof, and the Words "A Tread Cart," and also the Name and Place of Abode of the Maker thereof, and the full Value thereof, or the actual Price or Consideration paid or given or to be paid or given for the same, to be painted in a conspicuous Part of the Outside of the back Part of the said Cartage, in Words at Length, and in Roman Characters in Black Letters on a White Ground, or in White Letters on a Black Ground, each of the said Letters being at least One Inch in Length, and of a Breadth in Proportion; and if any Maker of any such Cartage shall deliver the same, or permit or suffer the same to be delivered from or out of his or her Shop, Warehouse or Premises, to or for the Purchaser thereof, without having first caused the several Particulars before mentioned to be painted thereon in Form and Manner aforesaid; or if any Person shall use any such Cartage built or constructed or purchased after the passing of this Act without the Particulars aforesaid, and each and every of them, being painted thereon in Form and Manner aforesaid, every such Person shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to be recovered or levied as aforesaid.

Tread Carts
without Particulars
painted
thereon.

Carriage Stage
Carts may be
used in certain
cases.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Cart having the Name and Place of Residence of the Owner, and the Words "Common Stage Cart" legibly painted thereon, which shall be kept only and without Licence to be used wholly in the Affairs of Husbandry, or in the Carriage of Goods in the Course of Trade, although the Owner or his or her Servant or Servants shall or may occasionally ride thereon when laden, or when returning from any Place to which or when going to any Place from which any Load shall have been or shall be to be carried in such Cart in the Course of Husbandry or Trade, and although such Cart shall be used for the Purpose of selling therein or thereon, as the Occasion and in the manner herein mentioned; that it is hereby, for the Purpose of procuring Medical Assistance for the Owner or any of his or her Family, or for the Purpose of carrying Goods to or bringing back Goods from Market, or carrying the Owner or any of his or her Family to or from any Place of publick Worship, or to or from any Election of Members to serve in Parliament, or to or from any Courts of Justice, or to or from any Meeting of Commissioners of Taxes, shall be exempted from the Duties granted by the said Act or this Act on Carriages; Provided such Cart shall not have been let to Hire for any of the said Purposes.

Taxes.

In what cases
Common Stage
Carts may be
used in certain
cases.

VII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Question shall arise, whether for the manner in which any Cartage with less than Four Wheels shall have been built or constructed, or shall be used, or from the Occasion of passing thereon any of the Particulars required by the said Act or this Act, or from passing the same contrary to the Regulations of the said Act or this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to give Notice to the Proprietor of the said Cartage, or the Person having the Possession thereof, to produce the same before the said Commissioners on a Day and at a Place to be named in such Notice, and upon the Production thereof it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, after due Inspection thereof, to adjust the Rate of Duty at which the said Cartage shall be charged according to the best of their Judgment and Belief, subject to a Case to be stated pursuant to the Directions of the Aids relating to the Duties of Assessed Taxes, if such Case shall be lawfully demanded; and if, after such Inspection, any Doubt shall remain with the said Commissioners as to which of one or other of the said Rates of Duty the said Cartage ought to be charged, it shall be lawful for them to charge such Cartage to the lower of the said Rates of Duty, if they shall be of Opinion that the Particulars on which they assessed the Duties were not wilfully or fraudulently contrived for the Purpose of evading the higher of the said Rates of Duty, subject to such Case aforesaid; Provided, that in every Case where any reasonable Doubt as aforesaid shall have arisen, and the Commissioners shall be of Opinion that the same hath been occasioned without any fraudulent Contrivance or Intention to defraud the Revenue, it shall be lawful for them to remit and strike off the Whole of the double Duty which might have arisen on any Increase of the Duty chargeable on such Case.

Taxes.

Exemption of
Duty on Window
Lights.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act any Window or Light in any Room of a Dwelling House used wholly for the Purpose of carrying on any Manufactory thereof, and not having any internal Communication with such Dwelling House or any Part thereof, although used as such therein and in other respects a Part thereof, shall be exempt from the Duties on Windows or Lights imposed by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid.

Manufactory
in
Dwelling House
Exemption.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all the Moneys arising from the Duties hereby imposed (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall, from time to time, be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, together with the Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid, in one Sum, to the Account of Assessed Taxes, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable on Gardiners acting in the Capacity herein mentioned.

No. I.

s. l. d.

For every Gardener who shall have contracted for the keeping of any Garden, wherein the constant Labour of one Indian shall not be necessary, there shall be charged the annual Sum of 0 6 0
and no more.

To be charged under the same Rules and subject to the same Exceptions as the Duties contained in the Schedule of the said Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid, marked C. No. II. are directed to be charged.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable on Carriages called Taxed Carts.

No. I.

s. l. d.

For every Carriage called a Taxed Cart, built and constructed according to the Regulations of the said Act in every respect, the original Price of which shall not have exceeded the Value whereof shall not at any time exceed the Sum of Fifteen Pounds Sterling, and which shall not at any time be used with a covered or stuffed Seat, or with a covered Footboard or Apron thereto fixed or not fixed, there shall be charged the annual Sum of 1 4 6

No. II.

For every such Carriage called a Taxed Cart, built and constructed with a Spring or Springs of any Material whatsoever, (except of Iron, Steel, or any other Metallic Substance, or any Composition of Iron, Steel, or other Metallic Substances, either wholly or in Part) the original Price of which Carriage shall not have exceeded or the Value whereof shall not at any time exceed the Sum of Twenty one Pounds Sterling, or which shall be used with a stuffed Seat or Cushion, or with a covered Footboard or Apron thereto fixed or not fixed, there shall be charged the annual Sum of 2 10 0

Save and except always, all Carriages built and constructed as aforesaid, and of the respective Values herein mentioned, and used in manner before mentioned, belonging to any Person or Persons who are or shall be liable to be affixed to the Duties granted by the said Act in respect of a Four-wheeled Carriage, or who are or shall be liable to be affixed to the Duties granted by the said Act on Male Servants in respect of Two such Male Servants, which Persons respectively shall be charged for such Carriages although built, constructed, valued and used as aforesaid at the Rate prescribed in the Schedules of the said Act marked D. No. II. or according to the Schedule of this Act marked No. III. as the Case may require.

The said several Duties on Taxed Carts to be charged under the same Rules, and subject to the same Exceptions as the Duties contained in the Schedules of the said Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid, marked D. No. IV. are directed to be charged.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable on Carriages with less than Four Wheels.

No. III.

s. l. d.

For every Carriage with less than Four Wheels chargeable by the said Act of the Forty eighth of His present Majesty's Reign, with the Duty of s. 6. 10s. if drawn by One Horse, Mare or Gelding, and no more, there shall be charged the like Amount of Duty for every such Carriage drawn by One Horse, Mare, Gelding or Mule, and so on, viz. the annual Sum of 5 10 0

For every such Carriage chargeable by the said Act with the Duty of s. 5. if drawn by Two or more Horses, Mares or Geldings, there shall be charged the like Amount of Duty for every such Carriage drawn by more than One Horse, Mare, Gelding or Mule, viz. the annual Sum of 8 5 0

And for any additional Body forcibly used on the same Carriage or Number of Wheels chargeable by the said Act with the further Duty of s. 2. 10s. there shall be charged the like Amount of further Duty, for every additional Body forcibly used as the Case Carriage or Number of Wheels, if drawn in the manner herein mentioned, viz. the further annual Sum of 2 10 0

The said several Duties on Carriages with less than Four Wheels to be charged according to the Rule in the Schedule to the said Act marked D. No. II. and to extend to all Carriages with less than Four Wheels mentioned or defined in the said Act, and which shall not be built and constructed or used according to the Regulations prescribed by the said Act or this Act for Taxed Carts.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable by Makers of Carriages called Taxed Carts chargeable with Duty by the said Act or this Act, and on the Sale of such Carriages by such Makers.

Upon every Maker or Makers of any Carriage built, constructed and used according to the Regulations prescribed by Law for Taxed Carts, and of the Value inserted either by the Schedule of the said Act or the Forty eighth Year aforesaid, or by this Schedule, there shall be charged the annual Duty of - - - - - 0 2 6
By every such Maker or Makers of Carriages as aforesaid, for every such Carriage which he, she or they shall make, build or construct for Sale, the Sum of - - - - - 0 2 6

The said several Duties on such Makers of Taxed Carts to be charged in the same manner as the Duties contained in the Schedule of the said Act marked D. No. V. are directed to be charged.

Save and except any Maker or Makers of Carriages with Four Wheels, or of Carriages with less than Four Wheels, duly allowed as such to the Duties contained in the said Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid.

C A P. CV.

An Act to regulate the Manner of making Surcharges of the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and of the Tax upon the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices; and for amending the Acts relating to the said Duties respectively. [10th June 1810.]

WHEREAS it is expedient, that certain of the Powers and Provisions contained in any Act or Acts relating to the Duties of Assessed Taxes, or to the Demands arising from the Profits of Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, should be amended, in the Particulars hereinafter mentioned: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the several Surveyors and Inspectors appointed or to be appointed by His Majesty in pursuance of the said Acts, or every such Execution the Powers therein gives to them, in that Part of Great Britain called England, shall in making any Returns of Duty either on the Returns of Parties or the Returns of Assessors, or the Assessments made by Commissioners under the said Acts, observe the following Rules and Directions for their Government, and shall be subject to the several Provisions therein contained, which Rules and Directions shall be of the like Force and Effect as if the same were herein inserted under a special Enactment.

RULES and DIRECTIONS for making Assessments and Charges, and for hearing the Times of making the same in certain Cases, in that Part of Great Britain called England.

First.—Every Surveyor and Inspector appointed or to be appointed in pursuance of the said Acts or any of them, shall be and they are hereby empowered and lawfully required to inspect and examine all and every the Returns of Lists, Statements, Declarations, Accounts or Estimates, made by any Person or Persons chargeable to the said Duties or any of them, or by any Assessors of any of the said Duties, according to the Directions of any Act or Acts before mentioned, and also all and every the said Assessments of the said Duties or any of them, made for such Parishes, Ward or Place for any Year, as well before as after the respective Commissioners acting in the Execution of the said Acts respectively shall have signed and allowed the said Assessments made for such Parishes, Ward or Place, for that Year: And if he or they shall discover any Error or wrong Arrears or Compensation of Duty therein; or that any Person who ought to be charged with the said Duties or any of them, shall have duly made a Return as required by the said Acts respectively, but that he or she is not entitled to be charged with the said Duties or any of them, or shall be undervalued in the said last Assesses, and that the said Returns shall contain Matters following, whereby the said Surveyor or Inspector may rate such Person in the said said Assessment to the said Duties chargeable upon him or her, according to, or by or from such Returns, it shall be lawful for the said Surveyor or Inspector and they respectively are hereby required, before such Allowance, to correct and amend such Assessments, and to charge such Person to the full Amount and in the full Rate of Duty as which he or she ought to be charged, according to his or her Return so delivered.

Second.—If any such Surveyor or Inspector shall, after any such Assessment or Assessments in respect of the Duties of Assessed Taxes shall be signed and allowed by the said Commissioners, or if any such Surveyor or Inspector shall, after any such Assessment or Assessments in respect of the Duties arising from the Profits of Property, Professions, Trades or Offices, shall be signed or allowed by the Commissioners acting for the general Purposes of the Acts relating to the said Duties, fail or discover upon his Survey or Examination, or otherwise, that any Person liable to the said Duties or any of them, in respect of which such Lists, Statements, Accounts or Estimates as aforesaid ought to have been delivered, hath not made any Return as by the said Act or Acts is required, or hath omitted any Person, or any Property, or Profits, or the Amount or Value thereof, or any Article, Matter or Thing, or any Description of the same which ought to have been returned, or hath not returned the full Amount or Value of any Property, or Profits as required by any of the said Acts, or that he or she shall not on account of such Default or Omission have been charged to the Amount which ought to be paid by him or her, or that any Exemption, Allowance or Deduction, which is not allowed by the respective Acts relating to the said Duties, shall have been claimed in or by such Returns, then, and in every such Case, it

Surveyors and Inspectors to examine Returns and Assessments, and may amend them, &c.

All Assessments are to be signed and allowed by the Commissioners, or by the Surveyor or Inspector, after they are signed and allowed by the Commissioners acting for the general Purposes of the Acts relating to the said Duties, &c.

shall be lawful for the said Surveyor or Inspector to certify the same in Writing, together with an Account of every such Default, Omission or Claim, with the Name or Description of the Person or Thing not returned or omitted, to the best of his Knowledge and Belief, and the full Amount of the Single Duty by which the Assessor ought to be increased, explicitly setting the Particulars in respect of which such Charge has been made, and to deliver the same to one Two or more of the said Commissioners for putting in Execution the said Acts respectively, or to their Clerk, in order to have such Default, Omission or Claim, and the Undersigned mentioned therein, notified to such Commissioned men, upon the Delivery of any such Certificate, and upon Oath being first made either by the Inspector or Surveyor, or any other credible Witness or Witnesses who shall have served the same, that a Notice to the Effect hereinafter mentioned was duly served, returned to file and allow the said Certificates, and to cause supplementary Affidavits to be made according to such Certificates, subject to Appeal as hereinafter is allowed.

Third.—Every Person in whose Custody any such Lists, Statements, Accounts or Estimates shall be, shall and is hereby required, upon the Request of any such Surveyor or Inspector as aforesaid, to deliver the same into his Custody for the Purpose aforesaid, taking his Receipt for the same; and every Person in whose Custody any such Affidavit shall be, shall and is hereby required, upon the Request of such Surveyor or Inspector as aforesaid, to produce the same; and such Surveyor or Inspector is hereby authorized to take Charge of the same, and he shall have taken such Copies of or Extracts from the same, as may be necessary for his and their better Information.

Fourth.—The said Inspectors and Surveyors shall give or cause to be given to every Person so charged, or have or cause to be left at his or her last or usual Place of Abode, or the Dwelling where such Charge was made, or on the Person charged with the said Notice, or the Clerk thereof, as the Case shall require, and as shall here be directed by the several Acts relating to the said Duties respectively, Notice in Writing of such Charge, and of the Amount of Duty to be included in the Certificate of such Charge, and the Particulars thereof; which Charge the said Inspectors and Surveyors are hereby empowered to make, at or before such times as are directed by the said Acts or this Act for the Delivery of the Certificates of such Charges to the said respective Commissioners.

Fifth.—In default of a Meeting of the said respective Commissioners before the time limited by the said Acts or this Act, for the Hearing of any Appeal from the Charge of the said Surveyor or Inspector, or of the said Surveyor or Inspector himself, nor have had Notice of a Meeting of the said respective Commissioners, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners and they are hereby required, at their First Meeting to be held thereafter, to sign and allow the said Certificates, and afterwards to hear and determine all Appeals therefrom.

Sixth.—The Certificate delivered to the Commissioners containing the Duty or Duty of Service of the Notice delivered to the Party charged shall be deemed sufficient Proof of the Contents thereof, unless the contrary be shown on the Production of such Notice to the said respective Commissioners by the Party charged; and no Proof of the Contents of any such Notice shall be required by the said Commissioners to be given to them, either by a Copy thereof or otherwise, previous to their signing or allowing the said Certificates, nor upon Appeal therefrom, nor other Proof in any Matter relating to the same, except as aforesaid; and except the Oath of the Person or Persons who shall have served such Notices as here before directed, and which shall be in the Form and to the Effect following; that is to say,

I, *A. B.* do swear, That a Notice in Writing was duly served upon each Person mentioned in the above Certificate, containing the Particulars as set forth therein respectively, on the Day or Days mentioned in the said Certificate.

Seventh.—No Affidavit made or to be made by any Affiant or Affiliars of the said Duties respectively, nor any Charge made or to be made by any Surveyor or Inspector upon such Affidavits, shall be regarded or affected by reason of any Mistake in the Christian or Surname or other of them, or any Person liable to any of the said Duties, nor by reason of any Mistake in the Description of any Property or Property or of any Article, Matter or Thing for which the Person so charged shall be liable to any of the said Duties, nor by reason of any Mistake in the Amount of the Duty charged, nor by any Variance between the Notice and the Certificate of Charge, whether such Mistake shall appear in or be by any Person shall arise from the Notice and Certificate to be delivered or made in such Case, or in either of them; but that all such Affidavits and Charges shall be valid and effectual as all Intents and Purposes, notwithstanding any such Mistake or Variance: Provided, that in Cases of Charge the Notice thereof be duly served as the Person intended to be so charged, and such Notice and Certificate do severally contain in Substance as if Effect the several Particulars on which such Charge shall have been made; and every such Charge shall be heard and determined on the Merits, in such manner as in the said Acts or in this Act is directed.

Eighth.—It shall be lawful for any Person to whom such Notice of Charge shall be given as aforesaid, on account of his or her having neglected to make any Return as required by the said Act or Acts, at any time previous to the time appointed for hearing Appeals next after the Delivery of such Notice, to make, out and deliver to the Surveyor or Inspector who shall have delivered the Notice of Charge, a true, perfect and complete List, Statement, Account or Estimate of all Matters and Things required by the said Act or Acts to be returned; that he or she may from such last mentioned List, Statement, Account or Estimate to be delivered, be charged to the said Duties respectively the full Sum at which he or she ought to be charged by virtue of the said Act or Acts; provided, that to every such List, Statement, Account or Estimate, there shall be annexed a Declaration in Writing in the Form and to the Effect hereinafter mentioned; and if the said Surveyor or Inspector shall be satisfied with such List, Statement, Account or Estimate, and the Declaration annexed thereto, then he shall certify such Return and Declaration annexed thereto to Two or more of the said Commissioners,

Upon Delivery of Certificate, and Oath being made that Notice was given, Commissioners to issue Certificates.

Lists delivered to Persons, and Affidavits produced for taking Copies.

Notice to Persons charged.

In whose Custody Delivery of Certificate of Charge to Clerk follows.

Certificate sufficient Proof of Contents of Notices.

Oath.

Affidavits or Charges not regarded as affected by mistake in Name or Description.

How Notice may be served.

Persons may return Lists, and they shall be charged to Single Duty.

Commissioners, with the Amount of the Duty to be charged; who shall thereupon make the Affidavit to be made according to each Certificate, and the same Rate of Single Duty as set forth in the said former Acts respectively, to be charged on the Parties making such Returns, without further Trouble or Delay; and in every Examination of such Lists or Returns, and Deductions assessed thereon, the said Surveyor or Inspector shall be full Case to object thereto, he shall thereupon certify such Returns and Deductions assessed thereon, together with the Cause of his Objections, to Two or more of the said Commissioners, who shall thereupon make the Affidavit to be made according to each last mentioned Certificate in Double the Amount of the Duty at which he or she shall be charged, and from which Charge no Abatement shall be made on any Petition, such as Appeal as hereinafter directed; of which Objections, Notice shall be given by the Surveyor or Inspector to the Parties to be charged thereby, together with the Cause of his Objections to the said Returns and Deductions to be assessed thereon; and the said Commissioners shall determine the said Objections on the Merits, without further Notice of Appeal from the Party so charged.

Notth—Every such Declaration, or Cases where no Return hath been previously made by the Parties to be charged for the same Year, shall stand and declare in Substance, or to the Effect as follows; (that is to say) That he or she the said Exhibitor was not at his or her Dwelling-house or other Place of Abode at the time appointed for the filing or Delivery of General or other Notices for making a Return as required by the said Act or Acts, nor between that Day and the time limited for making such Returns to the Assessor, and that he or she hath not received or had any Knowledge of any such Notice; or, that he or she was disabled by Sickness or Accident, without any Intention to defraud the Revenue, &c. &c. (here set forth the Cause of such Default); and that the Returns to which the Declaration of the said Exhibitor is annexed is a full, perfect and complete Return of all Matters and Things required of the said Act or Acts, or by this Act, to the best of his or her Judgment and Belief:—Which Declaration and Return shall severally and respectively be signed by the Party making the same, in the Proper Name and Hand-writing or Sign of the said Party, and attested by any One or more credible Witnesses, who shall have from the said Party Subscribes or Signs the same, and shall stick the Signature thereof in the proper Names and Hand-writing of the said Witnesses or Witnesses respectively; provided every such Witness shall be an Inhabitant of the same Ward, Parish or Place where the said Party shall reside, and who shall be rated in the Assessment of the same Dates for the same Ward, Parish or Place aforesaid, or if in any Place there shall be no Inhabitant competent to be such Witness, then the said Declaration shall be attested by some credible Witnesses, rated as aforesaid, and residing in the next adjoining Parish where the said Party shall reside.

Third.—It shall be lawful for any Person to whom such Notice of Charge shall be served on occasion of his or her having created in the Returns before made for the same Year, any Person, Property, Profit, Deforcance, Statute, Account or Estate, or any Article, Matter or Thing which ought to have been contained in such former Returns, or which shall be mentioned in such Notices of Charge not to be contained in such former Returns, or of having claimed any Exemption, Allowance or Deduction not allowed by the said Act or Acts respectively, or of having returned the Amount or Value of any Property or Profits as less than the Sum which ought to be returned according to the said Acts respectively, if he or she shall consent or agree to such Charge, to give Notice in Writing of his or her Consent accordingly to the said Surveyor or Inspector, and the said Surveyor or Inspector shall certify such Consents, and the Amount of the Single Duty which ought to be charged in the said Cases aforesaid, according to which Consents the Party charged, and collecting the same, shall be assessed in the Single Duty, and such Consents shall be deemed equivalent to an assessed Return and Declaration as required by the said Act; or such Person so charged, if he or she shall not so consent or agree in manner aforesaid, may assess such former Returns, by delivering to the Surveyor or Inspector as aforesaid, a Supplementary List, Statement, Account or Estimate, according to the Directions of the said Acts respectively, and as the said Act may require, in which a Declaration in Writing shall be annexed to the Effect as follows, after it is enclosed; and the said Surveyor or Inspector shall be at Liberty to certify his Satisfaction therewith, or his Objection thereon, to the said respective Commissioners; according to which Certificate the Party charged shall be assessed in the Single Duty if such Surveyor or Inspector shall be satisfied therewith, or in the Double Duty in the former hereinbefore directed, in Cases where no previous Return shall have been made, and in the said Act may require, subject to the like Power of Appeal from such Objections, and to the like Proceedings as in all other respects as are before said.

Eleventh—Every such last mentioned Declaration shall stand and declare the Contents and Cause of each Objection made or stated in said Notice of Charge, to have been made in such former Returns, and also that the Consents and Cause of each Case of Exemption, Allowance or Deduction, and also that the Returns to which the said Declaration is annexed is a full, perfect and complete Return of all Matters and Things required of him or her by the said Act or Acts, or by this Act, to which the said Charge shall relate, to the best of his or her Judgment and Belief, and that such Consents or Claims were not made with Intention to defraud the Revenue; which said last mentioned Declaration and Return shall severally and respectively be signed and attested in the manner before directed in cases of other Declarations and Returns before mentioned.

Twelfth.—No Return or Declaration shall be required of any Property, Profit, Article, Matter or Thing of which the Party charged shall have made a due Return for the same Year, but the said Party shall be at Liberty to give Notice in Writing to the said Surveyor or Inspector that he or she hath made by such former Returns; or any Notice not and deliver a Supplementary Return and Declaration in the manner before directed; which Return and Declaration, together with the Return before made, subject nevertheless to the Objections of the said Surveyor or Inspector in manner aforesaid, shall be deemed full, perfect and complete Returns, if the same shall together include all Articles, Matters and Things for which the Party is charged shall be chargeable;

and the Person shall be liable to the Penalties contained in this Act for any Article, Matter or Thing which shall have been recovered by him or her in any manner aforesaid, so that he or she might have been fully charged to the said respective Duties chargeable thereon, but only for such Articles, Matters or Things which shall not have been returned by him or her in any manner aforesaid.

Thirteenth.—If any Surveyor or Inspector shall wilfully make any false and venial Charge of any of the said Duties, or shall wilfully deliver or cause to be delivered to the respective Commissioners for executing the said Acts or any of them, any false and venial Certificate of Charge of any of the said Duties, or any false and venial Certificate of Objections to any Supplementary Returns, or shall be guilty of any Fraudulent, illegal or unjust Conduct in the Prosecution of any Charge of any of the said Duties, or shall wilfully neglect the Duty of his Office, or in any manner offend against the Laws for regulating the Duty of his said Office, and the same shall be proved on the Certificate of the said respective Commissioners of the Division where such Offence shall be committed, or any Two or more of them, or on the Affidavit or Oath or solemn Affirmation, to be taken before any One of the said respective Commissioners, or any suitable Person or Persons to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, or any Two or more of them, or by the Confession of the said Surveyor or Inspector, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, for any such Office, to withhold the Payment to the said Surveyor or Inspector of all or any Reward, Emolument or Advantage which the said Surveyor or Inspector would be entitled to under the said Acts or any of them, for any Increase of Duty or Overplus above the Rate of Duty ascertained by the Information or Charge of the said Surveyor or Inspector, or such Part thereof as the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes shall deem just and necessary, and finally to withhold the same, and direct the same to be paid by the Receiver General unto His Majesty's Receipt of Exchequer; unless the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall think fit to relieve the same in the said Surveyor or Inspector, or to mitigate and lessen the same so to be withheld and paid over unto His Majesty's Exchequer: Provided always, that nothing hereinbefore contained shall be construed to impede or affect any Action or Suit for the Recovery of any Penalty or Penalties imposed by any former Act or Acts, against such Surveyor or Inspector for any such Offence or Offences as aforesaid, or for any false and venial Charge of any of the said Duties; but all such Penalties, and the Powers for Recovery thereof, shall be and remain in Force according to the Powers of this Act, or any Act or Thing done in pursuance thereof.

Fourteenth.—Where any Person or Persons thinking himself, herself or themselves respectively overcharged or over-rated by any Charge or Certificate of Objections by any Surveyor or Inspector as aforesaid, or by any Affidavit to be made by virtue or in pursuance of such Charge or Certificate, shall have appealed thereunto to the said Commissioners according to the Direction of the said Acts respectively, the Appellant shall, upon the Hearing of such Appeal, in all Cases where a List, Statement, Account or Estimate is Wanted, full or ought to have been delivered by the said Appellant to the Assessor, produce or cause to be produced before the said Commissioners a true, perfect and complete List, Statement, Account or Estimate, as the Case may require, to the best of his or her Judgment and Belief of the said Appellant, with a Declaration in Writing thereunto annexed, to the Effect hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say) the said Appellant shall declare that the List, Statement, Account or Estimate to which the said Declaration is annexed, doth contain all Matters and Things required of the said Appellant to be returned by him or her, for which he or she is chargeable by virtue of any Act or Acts to the best of his or her Judgment and Belief; which Return and Declaration shall lawfully and respectively be signed by the said Appellant in the proper Name and Hand-writing of the said Appellant; and in default of the Production of such List, Statement, Account or Estimate, by or on the Behalf of the said Appellant, with such Declaration annexed, the said Commissioners shall continue the Charge or Objections against which such Appeal was made.

Fifteenth.—Upon every Charge allowed or continued by the respective Commissioners, in the whole or in part, upon which any Increase of Duty shall be made, the Affidavits thereupon shall be made in Double the Amount of Duty which shall have been charged in the Supplementary Affidavits on occasion of such Charge, unless where the same is otherwise provided for by this Act.

Sixteenth.—Where an amended Return, with a Declaration annexed thereto, shall not be delivered to the Surveyor or Inspector, and where no List, Statement, Account or Estimate with such Declaration annexed as aforesaid shall be produced to the said Commissioners, on the Hearing of such Appeal, it shall not be lawful for the said respective Commissioners to make any Abatement, Deduction or Remission of the said Double Duty, or any Part thereof, but the same shall stand good and remain Part of the annual Affidavit; unless the Party charged shall have given Notice of his or her Consent to the Charge of the said Surveyor or Inspector, or unless the said respective Commissioners shall be of Opinion, that the said Surveyor or Inspector was or were obliged to correct or amend the said Affidavits of the said Duties for that Year, according to the Direction of this Act, by means of or by Reference to the original Returns of the Party is charged, in which Cases it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners who shall have assessed such Charge, at the same time to grant and strike off the Whole of the said Double Duty.

Seventeenth.—Upon every Charge continued upon Appeal, if the said Commissioners shall, after Examination of the Appellant, or by other lawful Evidence produced on his or her behalf, as directed by the said Acts respectively, be of Opinion that the alleged Defect, Neglect, Omission or Class of Exemption, Allowance or Deduction, hath been duly ascertained for, and that the Case or Cases have been truly stated in any amended Return and annexed Declaration, and that the Appellant had a full or a plausible Case of excuse respecting the said Charge, and that the said Defect, Neglect, Omission or Class of Exemption, Allowance or Deduction, was not wilfully made and with Intention to defraud the Revenue, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners

Warrant
Charge, &c.

Fines.

Appeal.

Production of
List, &c.Charge con-
tinued in default
of Production.Affidavits
made in double
Duty, &c.In what case
it shall not be
allowed.Double Duty
when it shall
not be
allowed by
any Statute.

Commissioners who shall have determined the said Appeal, although they shall have conferred the Charge in part or in the whole, at the time time to remit and strike off the whole of the Double Duty.

Money of these Acts may be made and their Duties may be made.

In what case the whole of the Double Duty may be made, &c.

In what case the Double Duty.

Remitted to Officers.

Charges not to be made after the expiration of the term of the Property.

Charges may be made after the expiration of the term.

Objections to be made before Assessments.

Charges to be made in a limited time.

Eighteenth.—Upon every Charge confirmed upon Appeal, although no amended Return shall have been delivered to the Surveyor or Inspector as allowed by this Act, if the said Commissioners shall, after Examination of the Appellant, or by other lawful Evidence produced on his or her Behalf, as directed by the said Acts respectively, be of Opinion that the alleged Default, Neglect, Omission or Claim of Exemption, Allowance or Deduction, was not wilfully made, and with Intention to defraud the Revenue, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners who shall have determined the said Appeal, at the time time to remit and strike off any Part of the said Double Duty, not exceeding One Month thereof; provided that in every such case if the Appellant shall prove to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, that he or she hath been prevented from making such amended Return within the time herein limited by Absence or sickness or other sufficient Cause, and that such Default, Neglect, Omission or Claim as aforesaid was not wilfully made, and with Intention to defraud the Revenue, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to remit and strike off the Whole of the said Double Duty.

Nineteenth.—Nothing herein contained shall be construed to grant the Double Duty, or any Part thereof, on any of the said Duties, if the Party charged shall not by the Loss or Force at and immediately before the passing of this Act, be directed to return the Article, Matter or Thing on which the said Duties shall be chargeable, and for which the said Party was so charged.

Twentieth.—Every Increase of Duty made by occasion of such Charges, whether the Whole of the Double Duty shall be omitted or not, and also the Double Duty, or such Part thereof which shall not be omitted, shall be certified on the Supplementary Assessments to be made for each Year under the Heads of the said respective Commissioners or any Two of them, to the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes; and the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes shall have Authority to direct the Receiver General who shall have received the said Income and Double Duty, to pay to the said Surveyor and Inspector out of the moneys in such Proportions as they shall think proper, or in either of them as they see fit, any Sum of Money not exceeding the Rate which shall have been settled by the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or the High Treasurer for the time being, as a Reward for their Labour and Diligence in making such Increase of Duty; and the Comptroller of the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, or any Three or more of them, shall be a Warrant to the said Receiver General to pay the same.

Twenty first.—The Determination of the Commissioners sitting for the General Purposes of the Acts relating to the Duties arising from the Profits of Property, Professions, Trades or Offices, upon any Objections made by the Surveyor or Inspector of the said Duties to the Estimate or Value of any Property, or to the Estimate of the Profits of any Profession, Trade or Office on which any Assessment after Appeal shall be made, shall be construed to preclude any Surveyor or Inspector from afterwards making a further Charge on the same Person or Persons for the same Property or Profits for the same Year of Assessment; and in like manner, the Determination of the said Commissioners upon every such Objection to the Estimate or Value delivered by the Assessors of the Property in any Parish, Ward or Place in which Assessments after Appeal shall be made, shall preclude the Surveyor or Inspector from afterwards making a further Charge on the same Property in the same Parish, Ward or Place in that Year.

Twenty second.—The Objection of any Surveyor or Inspector to the Estimate or Estimates of any Profits or Professions, or of the Assessor or Assessors of any Parish, Ward or Place, or to any Assessment or Assessments of additional Commissioners in pursuance of the said last mentioned Acts, in relation to the Duties arising from the Profits of Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, shall not be construed to preclude any Surveyor or Inspector from afterwards charging the same Person or Persons for any other Property, or the Profits of any other Profession, Trade or Office not included in the Estimate or Estimates, Assessment or Assessments before objected to, and determined as aforesaid; nor to preclude any Surveyor or Inspector from afterwards objecting to any other Estimate or Estimates, or Assessment or Assessments, or from afterwards charging any other Person or Persons in the same Parish, Ward or Place, or in any other Parish, Ward or Place in the same or any other Division, in respect of any Property or the Profits of any Profession, Trade or Office, not before objected to and determined as aforesaid; and the respective Commissioners sitting for the General Purposes of the said last mentioned Acts are hereby lawfully empowered and required to sign and allow such last mentioned Objections and Charges according to the Direction of the said Acts, in respect of the Powers therein given to such Surveyor and Inspector; provided, that all such Objections and Charges be made within the Times herein respectively limited.

Twenty third.—From and after the passing of this Act, every Objection to the Estimates directed to be made by the said last mentioned Acts, in relation to the Duties arising from the Profits of Property, Professions, Trades or Offices, shall be made before the said Assessments on such Estimates shall have been signed and allowed by the Commissioners for the General Purposes of the said Acts, and not afterwards.

Twenty fourth.—No Charge upon any Assessment under the said last mentioned Acts, in relation to the Duties arising from the Profits of Property, Professions, Trades or Offices, shall be allowed or signed, unless the Certificate thereof shall be delivered to the respective Commissioners before the Expiration of Three Calendar Months after the Fifth Day of January in the Year of such Assessment, in case such Assessment shall have been made on or before the said Fifth Day of January, or if such Assessment shall not then have been made, unless the Certificate of Charge therein shall be delivered to the said Commissioners within Three Calendar Months after such Assessment shall have been made, except in the Cases hereinafter mentioned.

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Twenty fifth.—If any Person or Persons shall have neglected to make a Return of Property or Profits as required by the said last mentioned Acts, and no Affidavit of the said Property or Profits, nor any Affidavit shall be made thereupon for any Year, it shall be lawful for the Surveyor or Inspector, or any Officer thereof at any time within Twelve Calendar Months after the Expiration of the Year, when such Return ought to have been made, to charge such Person or Persons to the Amount which ought to have been returned, in like manner as such Persons might have been charged within the Year of Affidavit; and the like Proceedings shall be thereupon had, as if such Affidavit and Charge had been made within the Year of Affidavit; and every Affidavit thereupon made shall be added to the correct Affidavits of the Parish, Ward or Place, in the manner herein directed.

When Charge of Property omitted may be made

Twenty sixth.—If any Person or Persons shall by any Falshood, wilful Neglect, Fraud, Coercion or Contumacious behaviour, escape from Taxation for the Profits of any distinct Property, Profession, Trade or Office for any Year, it shall be lawful for the Surveyor or Inspector, within the like Period of Twelve Calendar Months as aforesaid, to charge such Person or Persons to Double the Amount of Duty which ought to have been charged in the Year of Affidavit upon such distinct Property, Profession, Trade or Office; and upon Proof of such Falshood, wilful Neglect, Fraud, Coercion or Contumacious to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners to whom such Charge shall be certified, the Affidavit as to the said Double Duty shall stand good, and be added to the Supplementary Affidavits of the current Year of the Parish, Ward or Place; and no Part thereof shall be remitted on any Pleasure whatsoever.

In case of Fraud, Charge to be made

II. And be it further enacted, That the several Provisions in the preceding Clause of this Act, relating to Charges in the Single Duty as aforesaid, shall be construed, so far as the same respect the Duties of Assessed Taxes in that Part of Great Britain as aforesaid, as applicable to the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for repealing the several Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof; for granting new Duties in certain Cases therein mentioned for repealing the Duties of Excise on Licences, and on Carriages constructed by Coachmakers, and granting new Duties thereon, under the Management of the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes; and also new Duties on Passages filling Carriages by Auction or Consignees; and any other Act or Acts for regulating the said Duties respectively, and relating to Searches in the Double Duty, and as far as the said Provisions respect the Duties arising from the Profits of Property, Professions, Trades and Offices in that Part of Great Britain as aforesaid, the same shall be construed as applicable to the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting in His Majesty during the present War and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Restoration of a Distinct Treaty of Peace, further adds and raises and Duties in Great Britain as the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices; and for repealing an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Contribution to the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices; and to consolidate and render more distinct the Provisions for collecting the said Duties; and any other Act or Acts for regulating the said Duties respectively, and relating to Searches in the Double Duty, and as if the said Provisions in the said Clause of this Act relating to Charges in the Single Duty had been expressly applied to the Provisions of the said Acts respectively relating to Searches in the Double Duty, and had been respectively enacted therein; and all Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things in the said several Acts respectively, which are equivalent to the Provisions in the said Clause of this Act, and for which other Provisions are made in this Act, except such Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things therein as relate to Searches in the Double Duty which are herein declared to be applicable to the Provisions of this Act shall severally read and determine.**

Provisions before mentioned relating to Charges in Single Duty, and relating to Searches in Double Duty, to be construed as applicable to the Provisions of 44 G. 3. c. 122. and 46 G. 3. c. 88. &c.

Provisions in Acts equivalent herein expressed.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case any Commissioner or Commissioners acting in the Execution of any such Act or Acts herein mentioned, or of this Act, shall, by Informations, or other Process or Proceedings whatsoever at the Suit or on the Behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, be prosecuted quodlibet or impleaded for or by reason of any Matter or Thing he or they may do or determine, or may refuse or omit to do or about the Execution of any such Act or Acts, and upon the Trial of such Information or other Process a Verdict shall be given, or any Order or Rule of Court shall be made for such Commissioner or Commissioners, or such Information or other Process or Proceeding shall be discontinued or withdrawn, or dissolved the Court in which they shall have been prosecuted, when, and in either of the said Cases, such Commissioner or Commissioners shall be entitled to his or their full Costs of Suit, to be taxed by the proper Officer of such Court as between Attorney and Client; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes to direct the Receiver General of the County within which any such Commissioner or Commissioners shall act, and the said Receiver General is hereby required to pay such taxed Costs out of any Money in his Hands arising from the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and which shall be allowed in the Accounts of the said Receiver General.

Commissioners acting not liable to Suits.

Costs.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in each of an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for repealing the several Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof; for granting new Duties in certain Cases therein mentioned for repealing the Duties of Excise on Licences, and on Carriages constructed by Coachmakers, and granting new Duties thereon, under the Management of the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes; and also new Duties on Passages filling Carriages by Auction or as Consignees; and directing that every Person who should begin to rent or employ any Male Servant, or other Male Trades therein described, or keep or use any Carriage, (such Servant or Carriage not being in the Place or State of any former one liable to the like Duty) or to sell or exercise the Trade of an Horseshoer, or Coachmaker or Maker of such Carriages,*

42 G. 3. c. 122. § 55, repealed.

wages, or a Seller thereof by Auction or on Commission, or to wear or use Hair Powder, or any Armorial Bearings or Emblems, or who should cease to reside or employ any Male Servant, or to keep or use any Carriage liable to the Duty without retaining or employing any other Male Servant or other Male Person therein defined, or keeping or using any other Carriage liable to the like Duty in the Place or Stead of such Servant or Carriage, or who should cease to use or exercise the said Trade or Business of an Horseholder, or of a Coachman or Maker of such Carriages, or a Seller thereof by Auction or on Commission, or to wear or use any Hair Powder, or any Armorial Bearings or Emblems, should, within Twenty Days after he or she should be liable or cease to retain or employ such Servant or other Male Person, or to keep or use such Carriage, or to use or exercise such Trade or Business, or to wear or use any Hair Powder, or any Armorial Bearings or Emblems, cause Notice thereof in Writing to be given to the Assessor or Assessors for the District, Parish or Place where he or she should reside, and a List of the Number of such Servants and Carriages, and the Increase or Decrease made thereby, and the particular Rate of Duty to which he or she should be liable as having used or exercised such Trade or Business, or worn or used Hair Powder or Armorial Bearings or Emblems, denominated in such Notice every such Servant or other Male Person by his proper Name, and the several Capacities in which Servants or other Male Persons respectively should be or should have been retained or employed, and also denominated every such Carriage by its usual Name and Description, distinguishing the Number of Horses used with, and of Wheels belonging to each such Carriage, and the Number of Horses used in drawing any such Carriage with less than Four Wheels, and also distinguishing each such Carriage liable as a taxed Cart, and the Name or Names and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons who ought to return such Lists; shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Notes in
Article

45 G. 3. c. 12
§ 46.

Time for making
and delivering
Duplicates of
Assessments
enlarged.

No Notice being
made out
List of the
general Number
of Servants, &c.
shall be compul-
sible to make
out a fresh list.

Proviso.

In what cases
Duplicate Duty
shall not.

¶ V. And whereas by the said last mentioned Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign it is enacted, That the respective Commissioners should cause Two Duplicates of every Assessment to be made out on Parchment by their Clerk, within One Month at furthest after the Tenth Day of February, after the making of the said Assessment yearly, to be delivered as therein is mentioned under a Penalty on the Clerk to the said Commissioners who shall neglect or refuse to make out and deliver such Duplicates within the time before directed: And whereas it is necessary to give further time for making out and delivering such Duplicates: Be it further enacted, That in respect of the Duties of Assessed Taxes, the said respective Commissioners shall cause the Duplicates required by the said Act to be made out after the time appointed by the said Act for making the Supplementary Assessments of the said Duties yearly, and within One Month at furthest after all Appeals from the said Supplementary Assessments shall have been heard and determined, and so that the same may be delivered to the Receiver General and to the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes respectively, on or before the Day to be appointed for the Receipt of the said last Intimation of the said Duties next after the Fifth Day of April yearly; and in respect of the Duties arising from the Profits of Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, the said respective Commissioners shall cause the Duplicates required by the said Act to be made out after the Time appointed by this Act, for making the Supplementary Assessments of the said last mentioned Duties yearly, and within One Month at furthest after all Appeals from the said Supplementary Assessments shall have been heard and determined, and so that the same may be delivered to the Receiver General and to the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes respectively, on or before the Day to be appointed for the Receipt of the said last Intimation of the said last mentioned Duties next after the Fifth Day of July yearly; and no Clerk to the said respective Commissioners who shall make out and deliver the respective Duplicates required by the said Act within the time aforesaid shall be fined or prosecuted for, or liable to the Penalty contained in the said Act by reason of not making out or delivering the said respective Duplicates within the time directed by the said Act.

¶ VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person who shall at the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten, or in any Year, here made out, sign and delivered in the Manner directed by the said last mentioned Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or shall in any future Year make out, sign and deliver in like manner, Lists of the general Number of Servants or other Male Persons retained or employed, and of Carriages, Horses, Mules and Dogs kept by such Persons, or of houses worn or used Hair Powder or any Armorial Bearings or Emblems, in the Course of the Year ending on the Fifth Day of April providing the Delivery of such Lists, and who shall continue to retain or employ the like Number and Descriptions of Servants or other Male Persons, or keep the like Number and Description of Carriages, Horses, Mules and Dogs respectively, or wear or use Hair Powder, or Armorial Bearings or Emblems, in the like manner as by the said Act is in the Year to which such List related, and in the same Ward, Parish or Place, shall be obliged to make out, sign and deliver such Lists or either of them, in any succeeding Year, may be exempted or liable to any Penalty here mentioned or extending to do, so long as such Person shall continue to reside in such Ward, Parish or Place, and shall not be chargeable in any other Ward, Parish or Place, for any Servant, Carriage, Horse, Mule or Dog kept by such Person: Provided always, that such Person shall in each Year deliver or cause to be delivered to the Assessor or Assessors of the Ward, Parish or Place, Notice in Writing that he or she is desirous of being charged for the same Articles, Mules and Dogs as in the preceding Year; and every such Notice shall be an Authority for the said Commissioners to charge such Person in the next Assessment for that Year for the same Articles, Mules and Dogs respectively, in which such Person stood charged in the Assessments of the preceding Year.

¶ VII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases of Charge by any Surveyor or Inspector as aforesaid, of any of the Duties on Servants, Carriages, Horses, Mules and Dogs, and for using Hair Powder, or Armorial Bearings, where it shall be proved on Appeal to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners sitting for the Day

free, that there was any Doubt whether the Article or Articles charged was or were payable within the meaning of the said Acts, or any of them, and that the Comptroller thereof or alledged Defeasor was not lawfully made and with Intention to defraud the Revenue, it shall and may be lawful for such Commissioners to exact or strike off the whole of the Doubtful Duty chargeable on the Person or Persons so charged.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person to be charged in pursuance of this Act by the Certificate of any Surveyor or Inspector, shall have the full Period of Ten Days after Service of the Notice of such Charge, to deliver his or her aforesaid Return to such Surveyor or Inspector, according to the Directions of this Act, and on Certificate of such Charge shall be signed or allowed by the said Commissioners, nor any Appeal shall be heard from such Charge before the Expiration of such Period of Ten Days; and if the Person so charged shall before the Expiration of the said Period deliver a Return and Declaration as aforesaid, which the said Surveyor or Inspector shall certify to, then such Return and Declaration shall be deemed to be a sufficient Notice of Appeal from such Charge to the Commissioners of the Division, who are hereby required to hear and determine the Matter thereof, according to the Directions of this Act; and if the Person so charged shall not before the Expiration of the said Period deliver a Return or Declaration as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, upon the Appearance before the said Commissioners of the Person charged, or some Person as his or her Bailiff, and the Delivery to them of such List and Declaration as aforesaid, to hear and determine the Matter of such Charge, according to the Directions of this Act, notwithstanding the Person so charged shall not have given any previous Notice of his or her Intention to appeal; Provided that in default of the Appearance of the Party charged before the said Commissioners, or some Person as his or her Bailiff, on each Day or Days of Appeal, or in default of the Production of such List or Declaration as aforesaid, the Certificate of such Charge shall be confirmed by the said Commissioners.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person in any such Declaration as aforesaid shall wilfully and fraudulently declare any Matter or Thing which shall be false or untrue, every Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be judged guilty of a Misdemeanor, and shall be committed to the Goal of the County, Borough or Town where such Offence shall be tried, for any Space of time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, and shall be fined in such Sum, not exceeding Triple the Amount of Duty for which such Person shall have been charged, as the Court before whom such Trial shall be had shall think fit to order.

X. And be it further enacted, That any Indictment for such Misdemeanor in making a false Declaration as aforesaid, whether such Declaration shall be made within Great Britain or without, shall be laid, tried and determined in the County, Riding or Shire where such Declaration shall be exhibited, as the respective Commissioners of the Duties to which such Declaration shall relate.

XI. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, 1813, intitled, *An Act to amend the Acts relating to the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and of the Taxes upon the Profits of Professions, Professions, Trades and Offices, and to regulate the Assessment and Collection of the same, certain Rules and Directions are contained for paying to the Receiver General and accounting for the Duties received by the Collectors in that Part of Great Britain as aforesaid: And whereas it is expedient that the same should be altered and amended in certain Particulars: Be it further enacted, That whenever any Schedule of Assessors shall have been or shall be transmitted by the respective Commissioners sitting on the Execution of the Acts in relation to the Duties therein mentioned, or any of them, to the Receiver General of the said respective Duties, and the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes shall be of Opinion that the said Duties in Arrear might more conveniently be collected by the respective Collectors of the said Duties in their respective Districts, according to the Directions of the several Acts granting the said Duties, or other Acts relating to the said respective Duties, than by Process to be issued out of the Court of Exchequer, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, to direct the said Receiver General to return the said Schedules to the said respective Commissioners from whom he or they received the same; and the said respective Commissioners shall cause the said Duties in Arrear to be levied under all or any of the Powers and by any of the ways and methods prescribed in the said Acts respectively, without Delay.*

C A P. CVI.

An Act for regulating the Manner of assessing Lands, in certain Cases, to the Duties arising from the Profits of Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and for giving Relief from the said Duties on Occasion of Losses, in other Cases therein mentioned. [18th Geo 3rd 1804.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for settling certain Duties on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, the Duty on Lands and Tenements is thereby directed to be estimated and assessed according to a general Rule in the said Act set forth; And whereas Doubts are entertained as to the manner of applying the said Rule to the Cases of Lands divided, in the manner and under the Circumstances herein contained: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That upon every Divorce for Years of Lands situate in any Part of Great Britain, made or to be made in consideration of a Rent reserved, and also in consideration of certain Improvements to be made in the Lands demised at the proper Cost and Charge of the Lessee or Tenant,

30 Geo. III.

A 2

There allowed for delivery in several Returns.

Making false Declaration, Misdemeanor.

Indictment for false Declaration see 4th, 5th.

48 G. 3 c. 113. Sec. 5.

Assessors of Duties may be collected.

48 G. 3 c. 113. Sec. 5. 2nd.

Rules as to Lands divided & assessed Land as reserved Rent, and the Improvements.

and, if it shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners for the general Purpose of the said Act, that the Division whose said Lands are situate, that the Rent referred hath been fixed on the Estimate of the Medium annual Value of the said Lands, computed on an Average for the whole Term granted in consideration of the prospective Improvement of the said Farm, at the Cost and Charge of the said Lessee or Tenant, and that the said annual Rent is fixed and made payable to the said Ancestors in each Year on the said Average, whereby the said Rent is estimated and made payable do or doth exceed the said annual Value of the said Lands, in the same year or are worth to be let at Rack Rent or at the Commencement of the Term granted in and by the said Demise, then, and in every such case, the Estimate of the annual Value of the said Lands, and the Assessments thereupon, shall be made and computed according to the following Rules, that is to say, in regard that the Rent referred hath been fixed on a like Average of the annual Value of the said Lands, computed on the whole of the Term so granted, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners in every such case as aforesaid, and they are hereby required so due Proof of the Circumstances before mentioned, to make the said Duty payable in respect of the Property in the said Lands to be estimated, computed and charged on the Amount of the Rent so referred and made payable as aforesaid, for each Year of Assizement during the said Term to come after the passing of this Act, without Variation during the said Term; subject nevertheless to such Deductions as by the said Act are allowed; and it shall also be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby required in every such Case, to make the said Duty payable in respect of the Occupation of the said Lands, to be estimated, computed and charged on the full and just Value of the said Lands, to be ascertained at the time and in manner hereafter mentioned; that is to say, on all such Demises made before the passing of this Act the annual Value of the said Lands shall be the Rack Rent at which the same are worth to be let by the Year, to be ascertained at the Commencement of the first Year of Assizement after the passing of this Act, by a Valuation to be made thereof under the Powers and according to the Directions of the said Act, and to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, whose Valuation shall be in force for the Term of Seven Years of Assizement, if the said Demise of the said Lands shall not sooner expire; and a like Valuation of the said Lands shall be made at the End of every Seventh Year of Assizement during the Continuance of the said Demise, and the Amount ascertained by such Valuation shall be deemed to be the Rack Rent at which the said Lands are worth to be let for each Period of Seven Years, if the said Demise shall not sooner expire, and the Assizement thereupon shall in each Year during the said respective Periods of Seven Years be made on the full or gross Value of the said Lands; and on all such Demises to be made after the passing of this Act, the annual Value of the said Lands shall be the Rack Rent at which the same are worth to be let by the Year, to be ascertained at the Commencement of the first Demise by a like Valuation to be made thereof in Manner aforesaid, and to be renewed at the End of every Seventh Year during the said Demise; and each Valuation to be made shall be in force for the Term of Seven Years, and shall govern the Assizement to be made in respect of the Occupation of the said Lands, in like manner as is before directed.

II. And whereas Lands have been occupied by Woods or Temples, for which Relief should be granted to the Occupiers of such Lands or who Damage has been sustained, and also to the Owners thereof who shall have granted Compensation to their Tenants on occasion of such Lands; Be it further enacted, That whenever by Woods or Temples any Loss shall have been or shall be inflicted on the growing Crops, or on the Stock or Lands demised to a Tenant or Tenants at a reserved Rent without Fine or other Sum paid, given or controlled for, in lieu of a reserved Rent or any Part thereof, or the said Lands or any Part thereof shall by such Woods or Temples be rendered incapable of Cultivation for any Year, and it shall have been or shall be proved on Oath or solemn Affirmation to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners for the general Purpose of the said Act, sitting for the Division where the said Lands are situate, that the Owner or Owners of the said Lands hath or have in consideration of such Losses granted or agreed to give to him, her, or their Tenant or Tenants, the Whole or any Proportion of the Rent referred or payable by such Tenant or Tenants, for any Year or Years of such Demise, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to abate in the Assizement made in respect of the Property in the said Lands under the said Act for the same Year or Years for which such Rent hath been abated, and to discharge the said Whole or the like Proportion of Duty as the said Owner or Owners shall appear on such Proof as aforesaid to have abated or from the Rent referred and made payable to him or them or such Demise, and it shall also be lawful for the said Commissioners in every such Case to abate in the Assizement made in respect of the Occupation of the said Lands for the same Year or Years, and to discharge therefrom the like Proportion of Duty as shall have been abated or discharged from the Assizement made in respect of the Property on the said Lands for the said Year.

III. And be it further enacted, That whenever from the like Cause or Causes as aforesaid, the like Losses shall have been sustained on the Lands of any Tenant, Heir, Lessee, or other Proprietor incapable of assize, being in any Abatement on the Rent as aforesaid, being in the Occupation of any Tenant or Tenants as aforesaid, and the same shall have been proved before the said Commissioners to their Satisfaction, on Oath or Affirmation as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for them to abate in the Assizement made in respect of the Occupation of the said Lands, and to discharge the Whole or any Part of the said Duty, and in proportion to the Loss so sustained, and to the Amount which the said Commissioners should be of Opinion would or ought to have been abated, pursuant to the Provisions of the preceding Clause, if the said Lands had belonged to a Proprietor of full Age and of sound Mind, and capable of such Conduct as aforesaid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That whenever from the like Cause or Causes as aforesaid, the like Losses shall have been sustained on Lands in the Occupation of the Owner or Owners, and the same shall have been or shall be proved before the said Commissioners to their Satisfaction on Oath or Affirmation as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for them to abate in the several Assizements made in respect of the Property in or Occupation of the

Lands subject
to the powers
and Orders.

Relief

incapable of
assize and Owners
incapable of
assize being in
the Occupation of
Tenants of Rent.

Abatement of
Assizements in
case of Losses.

land Lands, and to discharge the Whole or any Part of the said respective Duties, and in proportion to the Losses so sustained, and to the Amount which the said Commissioners shall be of Opinion would or ought to have been abated, pursuant to the Provisions of the said Acts, if the said Lands had been devoted to a Tenant, and a proportionate Abatement had or ought to have been made to such Tenant under the Circumstances of the said Acts.

V. And be it further enacted, That upon all Claims made before the passing of this Act to Commissioners for the general Purposes of the said Act, for Abatement for Losses sustained by any Castle or Castle before mentioned, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to make such Abatement in like manner and to the like Extent, and in the like Cases and under the like Circumstances, as they are herein authorized to give Relief upon Claims to be made after the passing of this Act, and all Abatement of Duty made by Commissioners in the like Cases and under the like Circumstances as aforesaid, are hereby declared to be confirmed and valid and of the like Force as if the Claims for such Abatement, or such Abatement had been respectively made in pursuance of this Act; and the said respective Commissioners are hereby authorized for so doing.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be guilty of making any false Claim for such Abatement as aforesaid, or shall be guilty of any Fraud or Contrivance in making such Claim, or in obtaining any such Abatement, or shall fraudulently or secretly declare the Amount or Value of such Losses, or the Amount or Value of any Abatement made or agreed to be made in the Rent of the Lands to be, or of any Occupancy, or amount of such Losses, with Intent fraudulently to obtain any such Abatement, he, she or they offending shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and Triple the Amount of Duty charged on such Person or Persons in respect of the said Lands; and if any Owner or Owners of any such Lands whereas such Losses have been sustained, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall aid, abet or assist any Person or Persons charged to the said Duties, in making such false or fraudulent Claim, or shall fraudulently or secretly declare the Amount or Value of any Abatement made or agreed to be made in the Rent of the said Lands or Amount of such Losses, with Intent fraudulently to obtain for himself, herself or themselves, or for his, her or their Tenant or Tenants, or for the Owner or Owners, or Tenant or Tenants of the said Lands, any such Abatement as aforesaid, every such Owner or Owners, or other Person or Persons aforesaid, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; which several Penalties shall be recovered and applied as any Penalties may be recovered and applied by the said Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Profits arising from the Docks called the *Egg Islets Docks*, situate in the County of *Middlesex*, shall be applied by the Commissioners sitting for the City of *London*, under the said Act for granting Duties arising from the Profits of Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, so long as the general Accounts of the said Docks shall be made up within the said City.

C A P. CVII.

An Act to regulate the Examination and Payment of Assignments for Clothing of His Majesty's Forces.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, "An Act to repeal an Act made in the Twelfth third Year of His present Majesty, for the better Regulation of the Office of Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces, and the more regular Payment of the Army; and for the more effectually regulating the said Office; And whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be amended as to examining and Payment of Assignments for the Clothing of His Majesty's Forces; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and nine, all Assignments from Colonels or other Officers commanding Regiments, Corps, Troops or Companies in His Majesty's Regular and Fencible Forces, for the Clothing of such Regiments, Corps, Troops and Companies for any Period commencing from the Twenty fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and nine, or commencing from any subsequent Period, shall be transmitted as and lodged with the Secretary at War, to be examined and checked with the proper Exhibitions of the General Regiments, Corps, Troops and Companies, for which such Assignments shall have been given, and the Amounts of Money to be paid for the Payment of such Assignments shall be authorized by the Officers of the Secretary at War, in such manner, and under such Regulations as shall be from time to time made by the Secretary at War in that behalf; and all Monies to be paid in respect of such Assignments shall be retained and specified in Warrants to be made out for that Purpose; and all Payments to be made by the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces, in respect of any such Assignments, shall be made and paid upon such Warrants only and not otherwise; and such Warrant shall be a sufficient Discharge to the Paymaster General for such Issue and Payment, any thing in the said recited Act or any other Act or Acts, or Law or Laws to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and they are hereby authorized or empowered by any Warrant or Order under the Hands of any Three or more of them, to permit and allow any Military Clothing, Accessories or Appointments for His Majesty's Forces to be exported and sent to any of His Majesty's Forces serving Abroad, whether in His Majesty's Dominions or otherwise, free of any Duty of Customs or Excise, or other Duty whatsoever, save such Reductions and Regulations shall be specified in any such Warrant or Order, or in any general Warrant or Order, made in that behalf, and transmitted to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs for the Regulation of the Export

Instruments of Commissioners

Nothing like this

Provis.

Aiding

Provis.

Each India Dock Company has a bill.

G. C. 2. 1. 106

Assignments from Colonels, for the Clothing of Regiments, Corps, Troops and Companies in His Majesty's Forces.

Warrants for Payments.

Treasury may permit Exportation of Military Clothing, &c. Duty free.

of any such Clothing, Accoutrements or Appointments, say *As* or *As if* of Parliament or Law or Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. CVIII.

An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act, passed in the Second Year of His present Majesty, for the Encouragement of the Fisheries of this Kingdom, and the Protection of the Persons employed therein.

[20th June 1810.]

1810-c-115.

§ 22.

§ 10.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *As* *As if* for the better supplying the City of London and Westminster with Fish, and to reduce the price of fresh Fish there, and to protect and encourage Fishermen, certain Provisions therein described, being the Masters of Fishing Ships, Smacks, Vessels or Boats employed in the Fishery on any of the Sea Coasts of Great Britain, or in any of the navigable Rivers within Great Britain, and Apprentices, Mariners and Landmen employed in such Vessels, to a limited Number, according to the Tonnage of such Vessels, were protected from being imported into the Naval Service of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors: and the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain for the time being, or any Three or more of them, were thereby empowered to grant such Provisions: And whereas it hath been found since the passing of the said Act that various Sorts of Fish were in the Winter Season, into deeper Waters, and in less sheltered harbours, for the Supply of Fish to the Metropolis and other Parts of the Kingdom with such Fish at all Seasons of the Year, so held and used in such larger Classes of Fishing Vessels, which cannot work Safety or Profit by being imported without a greater Number of Men and Boys than are allowed to be exempted from being imported under the said Act: And whereas the encouraging the taking of Apprentices on such Voyages is highly beneficial, in establishing a Nursery for Seamen for His Majesty's Navy; and it is therefore expedient that the Provisions of the said Act, as to exempting Persons employed in the Vessels therein described, should be amended, and should, as to all Fishing Vessels, be extended to Fishing in the deep Seas beyond the Coasts, and to a greater Number of Apprentices: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, in each of the said recited Acts as relates to the exempting the Persons employed as Vessels in the Fisheries from being imported shall be and the same is hereby repealed; save and except as to any Provisions from being imported to which any Person may be entitled under the said Act, which shall remain in full force for their full Period as if the said Act had remained in full force.

repealed.

Masters and Apprentices on Fishing Vessels, and Mariners and Landmen, employed in Fishing Vessels, and in Numbers exceeding, protected from being imported.

II. And be it also enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, every Person hereinafter specified who shall be employed in the Fisheries of these Kingdoms, shall be freed and exempted from being imported into the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, other than and except in the Cases hereinafter excepted, that is to say, First, every Master who shall have the Care or Command of any Fishing Vessel or Boat which shall be employed in the Fisheries of this Kingdom, and who or some Owner of which Fishing Vessel or Boat shall have or within Six Calendar Months before the applying for any Protection as hereinafter is allowed, shall have had One or more Apprentices or Apprentices under the Age of Sixteen Years, each bound to him or to any such Owner as aforesaid, for a Term not less than Five Years, and which Apprentices or Apprentices in performance of such binding actually shall be or have been in the Service of such Master or Owner in the Business of a Fisherman: Secondly, every such Apprentice, not exceeding the Number of Eight Apprentices to every Master or Owner as aforesaid of any Fishing Vessel of the Burthen of Fifty Tons and upwards, and not exceeding Seven Apprentices to every Master or Owner as aforesaid of every Fishing Vessel of the Burthen of Twenty-five Tons and upwards, and under Fifty Tons, and not exceeding Six Apprentices to every such Master or Owner as aforesaid of any Fishing Vessel of or above the Burthen of Thirty Tons and under Thirty-five Tons, and not exceeding the Number of Four Apprentices to every such Master or Owner as aforesaid of any Fishing Vessel or Boat under the said Burthen of Thirty Tons, during the time every such Apprentice or Apprentices shall continue as an Apprentice in the actual Service of such his Master only, or of his next of Kin or Assigns, in the Business of a Fisherman, and in no other Service, and until the respective Age of Twenty Years of every such Apprentice who shall in long continue in the Fishing Trade: Thirdly, One Master for every such Vessel or Boat of Ten Tons Burthen and upwards, besides the Master and his Apprentices or Apprentices as aforesaid, who shall be employed to serve, or shall in any Fishing Vessel or Boat of the Burthen of Ten Tons or up words during the year such Master shall continue and be actually and truly employed in the said Fishing Service: and, Fourthly, any Landman above the Age of Eighteen Years and under Thirty Years, who shall enter on board any such Fishing Vessel or Boat of the Burthen of Ten Tons and upwards, and be actually employed in navigating or fishing thereon, for and during the Space of Two Years, to be computed from the time of his first going to Sea, employed as aforesaid in any such Fishing Vessel or Boat of the Burthen of Ten Tons or upwards as aforesaid, and to the End of any Fishing Voyage he may then be engaged in, and if he shall continue and be so long truly and truly employed as such Service.

Apprentices to be made and sent to the Service of the said Fishing Vessels, and Landmen to be provided, and Protection to be granted.

III. And be it further enacted, That on an Affidavit sworn before some Justice or Justices of the Peace, that the Person or Persons named and described in such Affidavit is or are within five or one of the Descriptions hereinafter specified, and sending therein the Tonnage of every such Fishing Vessel or Boat, and the Port or Harbours to which he belongs, and the Name and Description of every such Master, and the Age of every such Apprentice, and the Term for which every such Apprentice shall be bound and the Date of his Indenture,

ture, and the Name, Age and Description of every such Mariner and Landman respectively, and the Time of every such Landman's first going to Sea, being offered to the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or to the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or left at the Office of Admiralty, the said Lord High Admiral or Commissioners of the Admiralty for the time being is and he is hereby directed and required, with all convenient Speed after every such Affidavit shall be tendered to him or them or left at the Admiralty Office (unless he or they shall have reasonable Cause to suspect the Truth of any such Affidavit, and in every such Case he and they is and he is hereby directed to cause Enquiry to be made into the Truth of the Matters contained in every such Affidavit) from time to time to grant a separate Protection to every such Person as aforesaid respectively during the time he is allowed by this Act to be protected, and without any Fee or Reward to be paid or taken for the same; and every Person who shall be impeded contrary to the Intent of this Act shall, on producing the Protection which shall have been granted to him in pursuance of this Act, to the Commanding Officer who shall have in his Custody or under his Care any such impeded Person as aforesaid, be forthwith discharged and released by such Commanding Officer.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if during the Continuance of any Protection which shall be granted under this Act, any Person who shall be thereby protected shall be impeached in front His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors (other than and except in the Case of an actual Invasion of their Kingdoms, or imminent Danger thereof) and signed by some Order of His Majesty, or his Heirs, or of his or their Privy Council, to the Lord High Admiral, or to the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain for the time being, and on producing the Protection which shall have been granted to him to the Commanding Officer of the Party or Gang who shall impede any such Person pointed out as aforesaid, or if offering to produce the same for the Satisfaction of such the Commanding Officer, any such Commanding Officer shall refuse or neglect to receive or examine such Protection, or shall detain the same Protection from the Party entitled thereto, and shall not forthwith discharge the Party who shall be so impeached; or if the Party is impeached shall be carried on board any Ship or Vessel of or in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and the Captain or any Officers who shall have the Command on board any such Ship or Vessel of or in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall not on any such Protection granted as aforesaid being produced or tendered to him, or if such Protection shall have been taken away from the Party to whom it was granted, at or after his having been so impeached, then if on an Affidavit being made before some Justice or Justices of the Peace that such Protection was so granted and continues in Force and was taken away from the Party to whom the same was so granted, either at or after the time he was impeached, and being tendered to the Captain or Officer who shall have the Command on board any such Ship or Vessel as aforesaid, such Captain or Officer having the Command as aforesaid shall not forthwith discharge the Party who shall have been so impeached and brought on board as aforesaid, or if any Captain or Officer having Command as aforesaid, or any of the Crew or Company under him, shall take away or detain any such Protection granted as aforesaid, then every Person who is any of the said Cases shall be obliged, except in the Cases hereinafter excepted, shall respectively forfeit and pay to the Party impeached, if not an Apprentice, and if an Apprentice, then to the respective Master of every such Apprentice, the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered and levied in like manner as other Forfeitures incurred by this Act are hereinafter directed to be recovered and levied.

V. And be it further enacted, That in case any Seaman or Mariner after he shall have entered into any Agreement or taken any Oath for the Performance of any Fishing Voyage or for any specified time of any Fishing Station, shall neglect or refuse to proceed on the intended Voyage or Voyages for which he shall have engaged or taken Oath, every such Seaman or Mariner shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds, and it shall and may be lawful, upon Complaint made thereof to any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace within their respective Jurisdictions by the Master or Owner or Owners, or any other Person having Charge or Command of the Vessel or Boat in which such Seaman or Mariner engaged to go, for such Justice, and he is hereby required to issue his Warrant to apprehend such Seaman or Mariner, and in case such Seaman or Mariner shall not pay such Penalty, or give sufficient Reason for such Refusal to the Satisfaction of such Justice, then to commit such Seaman or Mariner to the House of Correction, there to be kept to hard Labour for any time not exceeding Thirty Days, or less than Fourteen Days.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Master or Owner of any Ship, Vessel or Boat shall hire, employ, harbour, entertain or employ in any such Ship, Vessel or Boat, any Apprentice, Seaman or Landman, belonging to any Fishing Vessel or Boat, or who shall have engaged to go on any Fishing Voyage, knowing that such Apprentice, Seaman or Landman does belong to such Fishing Vessel, or has engaged to go on a Fishing Voyage, or after Notice given thereof, every such Master or Owner as aforesaid, on being convicted of any such Offence, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be levied, recovered and applied in manner hereinafter specified.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Justices of the Peace within their respective Jurisdictions shall hear and determine all Offences committed against the true Intent of this Act, and that all pecuniary Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted and made payable by this Act, whereof the time of Payment is not hereinafter directed, shall be paid within Twenty four Hours after the Conviction of the Offender, either by his or her Cashiers, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, which Oath every Justice within his respective Jurisdiction is hereby authorized and required to administer, and that any Justice or Justices within his or their respective Jurisdictions may also a Woman under his Hand and Seal or their Hands and Seals respectively, directed to any Peace Officer within their respective Jurisdictions, to levy the same by Distress of Goods and Chattels of the respective Person and Persons who shall be so convicted, and which shall be found within the respective Jurisdictions of any such Justice or Justices paid if within Five Days from any such Distress being taken the Money forfeited shall not be paid, together with the Costs of such Distress, the Goods so distrained shall

Protected Per-
sons impeded.Captains, &c.
not obliging.

Penalty.

Seaman refusing
to fulfil Agree-
ment.

Penalty.

Providence.

Notice or ex-
press Agree-
ment.

Penalty.

Justice to deter-
mine Offences.

Distress.

shall be appraised and sold, undering the Overplus (if any) after deducting the Penalty or Forfeiture, and the Costs and Charges of the Deputies and Sale, to the Owner or Owners thereof, which Charges shall be abated as by some Justice or Justices of the County, City, Riding, Division or Place in which the Offender or Offenders shall have been committed, and if sufficient District cannot at any time be found whereby the Money which shall be forfeited by any Offender or Offenders against this Act may be raised on his, her or their Goods and Chattels, then, and in every such Case, upon Proof thereof upon Oath before some Justice or Justices within whose respective Jurisdiction any such Offender or Offenders shall reside or be, such Justice or Justices on the Application of any Prosecutor or Prosecutors of any such Offender or Offenders, also a Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of any such Justice or Justices, directed to some Peace Officer or Officers to apprehend every such Offender or Offenders, if he, she or they can be found, and to convey and commit every such Offender and Offenders to the House of Correction of the County, City or Place where any such Offender or Offenders shall be found and apprehended, there to remain and be kept to hard Labour for any time not exceeding One Month, as any such Justice or Justices shall order, unless the Money which shall be forfeited by such Offender or Offenders shall be sooner paid.

VIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That no Person shall suffer any Punishment for any Offence committed against this Act, which the Prosecution for the same be commenced within Three Calendar Months after such Offence committed; and that where any Person shall suffer Imprisonment pursuant to this Act for any Offence contrary thereto, in default of Payment of any Penalty hereby imposed, such Person shall not be liable afterwards to pay such Penalty.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if it shall be made out by the Oath of any credible Person or Persons to the Satisfaction of any Justice or Justices of the Peace, that any one within the Jurisdiction of any such Justice or Justices is likely to give or offer material Evidence on Behalf of the Prosecutor or any Offender or Offenders against the true Issues and Manner of this Act, or on Behalf of the Person or Persons accused, and will not voluntarily appear before such Justice or Justices, and be examined and give his, her or their Evidence concerning the Premises, every such Justice or Justices may and are hereby authorized and required to issue his or their Summons, to compare every such Witness and Witnesses before any such Justice or Justices at such reasonable time as in such Summons shall be made; and if any Person be summoned shall neglect or refuse to appear at the time by such Summons appointed, and no such Oath shall be offered for such Neglect or Refusal, then after Proof by Oath of such Summons having been duly served upon the Party or Parties so summoned, every such Justice and Justice may and are hereby authorized and required to issue his or their Warrant under his Hand and Seal or their Hands and Seals, to bring every such Witness or Witnesses before any such Justice or Justices, and in the Appearance of any such Witness or Witnesses before any such Justice or Justices, every such Justice or Justices may and are hereby authorized and empowered to examine upon Oath every such Witness, and if any such Witness on his or her Appearance, or on being brought before such Justice or Justices shall refuse to be examined as Oath concerning the Premises, without offering any such Oath for such Refusal, any such Justice or Justices within the Limits of his or their Jurisdiction, may, in Warrant under his Hand and Seal or their Hands and Seals, commit any Person or Persons refusing to be examined to the Prison, Police of the County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Place in which the Person or Persons so refusing to be examined shall be, there to continue any time not exceeding Fourteen Days, nor less than Three Days, as any such Justice or Justices shall direct.

X. And be it also enacted, That in case any Person against whom a Warrant shall be issued by any Justice or Justices of the Peace for any Offence against this Act shall go into, reside or be in any other County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Town or Place out of the Jurisdiction of the Justice or Justices who shall have granted any such Warrant or Warrants as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Town or Place into which such Offender or Offenders against this Act shall go or be, to render his or their Name or Names as such Warrants, (said being first made on Oath of such Warrant having been signed by such other Justice or Justices) and every Warrant so rendered shall be sufficient Authority to all Persons to execute such Warrant in each other County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Town or Place out of the Jurisdiction of the Justice or Justices who first granted such Warrant, and every such Justice and Justice respectively at the Place shall happen, after rendering any such Warrant as aforesaid, may, on the Offender or Offenders therein named being apprehended and brought before any such Justice or Justices within his or their respective Jurisdictions, hear and determine the Matter of the Complaint contained in every such Warrant, in the same manner as if such Complaint had originally been within the Jurisdiction of such Justice or Justices who shall have so granted any such Warrant, or may direct the Offender or Offenders to be carried before a Justice or Justices within whose Jurisdiction the Offence was committed, there to be dealt with according to Law.

XI. And be it further enacted, That One Moiety of all Money which shall be forfeited for any Offence which shall be committed against this Act (and not herein otherwise appropriated), shall, when recovered, go and be paid to the Person or Persons who shall prosecute any such Offender or Offenders, and the other Moiety thereof shall go and be paid to the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital for the time being, for the Benefit of the same Hospital.

XII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons who shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved by any Order or Determination of any Justice or Justices of the Peace upon account of any Offence committed or supposed to be committed against this Act, to appeal to the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be held for the County, City, Riding, Division or Place where any such Offender shall have been committed next after the Commission of any Offender or Offenders for any Offence committed against this Act, the Person or Persons so appealing, first giving Security in Double the

XIII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That if it shall be proved to the Satisfaction of any Justice or Justices of the Peace, that any one within the Jurisdiction of any such Justice or Justices is likely to give or offer material Evidence on Behalf of the Prosecutor or any Offender or Offenders against the true Issues and Manner of this Act, or on Behalf of the Person or Persons accused, and will not voluntarily appear before such Justice or Justices, and be examined and give his, her or their Evidence concerning the Premises, every such Justice or Justices may and are hereby authorized and required to issue his or their Summons, to compare every such Witness and Witnesses before any such Justice or Justices at such reasonable time as in such Summons shall be made; and if any Person be summoned shall neglect or refuse to appear at the time by such Summons appointed, and no such Oath shall be offered for such Neglect or Refusal, then after Proof by Oath of such Summons having been duly served upon the Party or Parties so summoned, every such Justice and Justice may and are hereby authorized and required to issue his or their Warrant under his Hand and Seal or their Hands and Seals, to bring every such Witness or Witnesses before any such Justice or Justices, and in the Appearance of any such Witness or Witnesses before any such Justice or Justices, every such Justice or Justices may and are hereby authorized and empowered to examine upon Oath every such Witness, and if any such Witness on his or her Appearance, or on being brought before such Justice or Justices shall refuse to be examined as Oath concerning the Premises, without offering any such Oath for such Refusal, any such Justice or Justices within the Limits of his or their Jurisdiction, may, in Warrant under his Hand and Seal or their Hands and Seals, commit any Person or Persons refusing to be examined to the Prison, Police of the County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Place in which the Person or Persons so refusing to be examined shall be, there to continue any time not exceeding Fourteen Days, nor less than Three Days, as any such Justice or Justices shall direct.

XI. And be it further enacted, That One Moiety of all Money which shall be forfeited for any Offence which shall be committed against this Act (and not herein otherwise appropriated), shall, when recovered, go and be paid to the Person or Persons who shall prosecute any such Offender or Offenders, and the other Moiety thereof shall go and be paid to the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital for the time being, for the Benefit of the same Hospital.

XII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons who shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved by any Order or Determination of any Justice or Justices of the Peace upon account of any Offence committed or supposed to be committed against this Act, to appeal to the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be held for the County, City, Riding, Division or Place where any such Offender shall have been committed next after the Commission of any Offender or Offenders for any Offence committed against this Act, the Person or Persons so appealing, first giving Security in Double the

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been selected before such Justice or Justices to prosecute such Appeal with Effect, and to abide by the Order or Orders which shall be made on such Appeal, and giving Eight Days Notice in Writing of his, her or their Intention to appeal, to the Party or Parties on whose Petition any such Conviction shall be made, if there shall be, so many Days within the time of such Conviction and such General or Quarter-Sessions, and if not, then the Party or Parties who shall deem him, her or themselves aggrieved by any such Conviction, shall and may be at Liberty to appeal to the next General or Quarter-Sessions but one which shall be hold next after any such Court(s) for the County, City or Place where any such Conviction shall be made, and the Justices in their said General or Quarter-Sessions are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine the Matter of every such Appeal, and to make such Order thereon, and to award such Costs as to them shall appear just, and to cause to be levied under the Order of any such Session, the Costs which shall be awarded, together with such Money as any such Court of Sessions on the hearing of any such Appeal shall adjudge to be forfeited, by Default and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Petitor or Petitors who shall relate to pay such Costs and Money forfeited, and if sufficient Goods or Chattels of any such Offender or Offenders cannot be met with to satisfy such Costs and Money forfeited, then by Default and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Petitor or Petitors who shall have become Surety or Sureties as aforesaid, for the Party or Parties who shall have so appealed.

XIII. And, for the more easy Conviction of Offenders, Be it further enacted, That the Justice or Justices of the Peace, before whom any Petitor or Petitors shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Commission to be drawn up in the following Form of Words, or in other to the same Effect; (viz.)

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ is the _____ Year of the Reign of His Majesty King _____ is [or, are] committed before _____ by virtue of an Act passed in the _____th Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled, [here enter the Title of the said Act, specifying the Offence and the Time and Place when and where the same was committed, as the Case shall be] contrary to the said Act, [or, as the Case shall be] for which Offence, we [or, I] adjudge _____ Given under our [or, my] Hand and Seal [or, Hand and Seal] the _____ Day and Year first above written.

XIV. Provided likewise, and be it also enacted, That no Order or Proceedings to be made or had by or before any Justice of the Peace in relation to the Powers shall be quashed or voided for want of Form only, and that the Order which shall be made in the Premises by the Justices at their General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace as aforesaid, shall be final, and that no Proceedings of any such Justice or Justices out of Session, or in their said General or Quarter Sessions in pursuance of this Act, shall be reversible by Certiorari, Letters of Advancement, or of Suspension or otherwise.

XV. And be it enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Petitor or Petitors for any thing which shall be done in pursuance of this Act, every such Action or Suit shall be brought and commenced within the Space of Six Calendar Months next after any such Cause of Action shall have accrued, and not afterwards, and shall be brought, laid and tried in the County, City or Place in which the Cause of Action shall have arisen, and not elsewhere, and that the Defendant and Defendants in every such Action and Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter or Evidence as any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act, and if the same shall appear to have been in issue, or if any such Action or Suit shall not be commenced within the time before limited, or shall be laid or brought in any other County, City or Place than where the Cause of Action shall have arisen, then, and in any of such Cases, the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants, and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in any such Action or Suit shall become nonsuit or discontinuance his, her or their Action, after the Defendant or Defendants thereto shall have appeared, or if, on any Discontinuance, Judgment shall be given for the Defendant or Defendants, then, and in any of the said Cases, every such Defendant or Defendants shall have and recover Twelve Pounds, and shall be entitled to pursue and take such Remedy for recovering of the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in recovery his or their Costs in other Cases by Law.

C A P. CIX.

An Act to continue, for Two Years and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament, and amend an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for the preventing improper Persons from having Arms in Ireland. [10th June 1810.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to prevent improper Persons from having Arms in Ireland*, to continue in force from the passing thereof for Two Years, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament: And whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be further continued and should be amended in manner hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act shall be and the same is hereby further continued, and shall be in force for Two Years from and after the passing of this Act, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament, except only in so far as the said recited Act is repealed, altered or amended by this present Act.

II. Provided

Two Justices, or Justices of the Peace, or any one of them, may apply to the Lord Lieutenant.

Warrant.

II. Provided always, and he it enacted, That whenever any Two Justices of the Peace in any County, County of a City or Town in *Ireland*, shall have any reasonable Grounds of Suspicion, that any Person or Persons within such County, or County of a City or Town, is or are unlawfully in possession of Arms; or that any Pike, Pike Heads, Daggers or Dirks, are in any House or Place within such County, County of a City or Town, such Justices of the Peace shall forthwith transmit to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, or his or their Chief Secretary, a Report signed by such Two Justices, or such Justices, with the Grounds and Reasons of such Suspicion, and upon the Receipt of such Report of such Two Justices, it shall and may be lawful for such Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, or his or their Chief Secretary for the time being, by Warrant under his or their Hand or Hands, to authorize and require such Justice or any other Justice to search or cause Search to be made within and throughout such County, County of a City or Town, or within any Parish, Barony or Half Barony within such County, County of a City or Town, as shall be specified in such Warrant, for any Arms, Pikes, Pike Heads, Daggers or Dirks, as manner directed by the said recited Act; and it shall not be lawful for any Justice of the Peace in any County, County of a City or Town in *Ireland*, to authorize or to join in authorizing any Person to make any Search, under the said recited Act, for any Arms, Pikes, Pike Heads, Daggers or Dirks, before or until such Warrant shall have been granted by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, or his or their Chief Secretary for that Purpose; any thing in the said recited Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

40 G. 3. Sec. 1.
c. 109. s. 12.

Two Justices, or Justices of the Peace, or any one of them, may apply to the Lord Lieutenant.

Warrant for Person having a License for selling Arms.

III. And be it further enacted, That in each and such Part of the said recited Act as enable or shall that it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace whom he shall have reasonable Grounds of Suspicion to search for Arms, Pikes, Pike Heads, Daggers or Dirks in any House or Place in *Ireland*, shall be and the same it and are hereby repealed, and that from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace within their Jurisdiction (upon Information given to such Justice or the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, that to the best of his or their Knowledge and Belief, any Person is unlawfully in possession of Arms, or that any Pike, Pike Heads, Daggers or Dirks are in any House or Place, but not otherwise) to search for Arms, Pikes, Pike Heads, Daggers or Dirks in the House or Possession of any Person, or in any House or Place mentioned in such Information, in manner and order the Regulations in the said recited Act contained.

IV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Person making Notification of his having Arms and obtaining a License as in the said Act is provided, shall have been once required under the said recited Act, by any Justice of the Peace within whose Jurisdiction such Person shall reside, to deliver to such Justice an Inventory of all Arms in his or her Possession, it shall not be lawful for the said Justice, or any other Justice within whose Jurisdiction such Person shall dwell, to make any further or other Requirement from time to time, nor shall such Person be compellable to deliver such Lists from time to time as aforesaid as he shall be required by any Justice under the said recited Act, any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace, or the Mayor, or other any Justice of the Peace, from time to time to require such Lists from any Person within their Jurisdiction having made such Notification and obtained such License as aforesaid, and such Person shall deliver such Lists from time to time accordingly, when and as often as such Person shall be required by such Justices in any such Office.

C. A. P. CX.

An Act to allow, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the bringing of Coals, Culm and Cinders, to London and Weymouth, by Inland Navigation.

[20th June 1810.]

41 G. 3. c. 109.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for making a navigable Canal from the River Kennet to or near the Town of Newbury, in the County of Berks, at the River Avon at or near the City of Bath, and also various Navigable Cuts therein*; And whereas it is expedient in order to encourage and protect the Coal Trade of this Kingdom and the Downs of the City of London, and His Majesty's Revenue, arising from the Importation of Coals into the said Port, that Coals imported by Inland Navigation should be subject to the same Duties as are by Law payable upon the Coals which are imported by Sea; His Majesty doth therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and ten, it shall not be lawful for any Officer of the Customs to prevent any Coals, Culm or Cinders to pass down the River Thames below the City's Stone placed on the West Side of Swan Bridge, in the County of Middlesex, by Order of the Lord Mayor of London, towards the supplying of London or Weymouth, or the Place adjacent, in any Boat, Barge or Vessel, in which any other Goods, Wares or Merchandises shall be laden, nor until the Master or Person having Charge of the Boat, Barge or Vessel in which such Coals, Culm or Cinders shall be laden, shall produce and deliver to such Officer as may be stationed at or near to the City's Stone aforesaid, by Order of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, (who is hereby authorized and required to receive or demand the same) a Certificate specifying the real Quantity of Coals, Culm or Cinders in such Boat, Barge or Vessel, which Certificate every Person filing or landing any Coals, Culm or Cinders towards the Supply of London and Weymouth, or the Place adjacent, is hereby required to give to such Master or other Person having Charge of such Boat, Barge or Vessel, who is hereby required to deliver the same to the said Officer of the Customs, who shall sign

Coals not to be brought into the City Stone in Barges in which other Goods are brought, or without Certificate of Quantity.

and never and register the same in a Book to be kept for this Purpose; and the said Entry and Register of the Certificate shall be accepted and admitted as and taken to be full and complete Evidence in all Cases in which the original Certificate is not produced; and in case there shall be in such Boat, Barge or Vessel any greater Quantity of Coals than shall be expressed in such Certificate, or any other Goods, Wares or Merchandises laden on board, then, and in such Case, the Coals, Coles or Cinders on board of such Boat, Barge or Vessel shall be forfeited, and may and shall be seized by any Officer of the Customs, who is lawfully authorized and empowered to detain such Boat, Barge or Vessel for that Purpose; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

But, the first.

Tell Certificates.

Partly.

Coals loaded above the Tides shall not be brought below.

Partly.

Shewn to be good.

Coals being not Duty may be landed.

Duties under the Act are of two kinds.

Duties are of two kinds.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons sending any such Coals, Coles or Cinders for Sale towards the Supply of the Cities of London or Westminster, and Places adjacent, shall knowingly give any false Certificate or Certificates of the Quantity or Quantities of Coals on board of any Barge or Vessel, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted, That no such Coals, Coles or Cinders being first brought down the Tames and landed above the said Stone near Staines Bridge, shall, upon any Pretence whatsoever, be taken on board any Boat, Barge or Vessel upon any Part of the River Thames between the said Stone and London Bridge, and if any such Coals, Coles or Cinders shall be so taken on board any such Boat, Barge or Vessel contrary to the Direction of this Act, the Person or Persons by whom or by whose Account the same shall be so taken, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds for every Ton Weight of such Coals, Coles or Cinders, and in proportion for any less Quantity; and such Coals, Coles or Cinders shall be forfeited, and may and shall be seized by any Officer of the Customs, who is lawfully authorized and empowered to detain such Boat, Barge or Vessel for that Purpose.

IV. And be it further enacted, That there shall be raised, levied and collected, and paid on all such Coals, Coles or Cinders brought down the River Thames in manner aforesaid nearer to London than the City's Stone (as aforesaid), the Rate and Duty of Customs following; that is to say, the Sum of Ten Shillings for and upon each and every Ton of such Coals, Coles and Cinders so brought; and there shall be raised, levied and collected for every Ton of such Coals, Coles or Cinders, a further Duty of One Shilling and Three pence, which last mentioned Duty shall at the End of every Quarter be paid by the Officer of the Customs who shall be so stationed at or near the said City Stone as aforesaid, to any Person or Persons to be appointed by the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners of the City of London to receive the same; and if no such Person shall be appointed, into the Chamber of the City of London, as and for and in lieu of the Duty called Orphan Duty, and all other Rates, Dues and Duties which are payable to the Corporation of London upon Coals, Coles or Cinders imported into the Port of London; and all such several and respective Duties shall be demandable and shall be payable and paid to the proper Officer to be appointed by the Commissioners of the Customs in England to receive the same and stationed as aforesaid, according to the full Quantity and Weight of Coals, such Weight and Quantity so aforesaid to be ascertained in such manner as the said Commissioners of Customs shall direct, in case it shall appear necessary to the said Commissioners to direct the ascertaining the same in any other or different manner than is now used or authorized or required by any Act or Acts in relation to any Coals carried Landward or brought into the Port of London.

V. And be it further enacted, That any Coals, Coles or Cinders on which the Duty imposed by this Act has been fully paid, may be brought into and landed in any Part of London and Westminster or the Places adjacent, or in any Place on the River Thames nearer to London than the City's Stone aforesaid; Provided that such Coals, Coles or Cinders so removed or brought shall be accompanied with a Certificate of the Payment of the Duty, which Certificate shall be granted by such Officer of the Customs as the Commissioners of the Customs shall direct; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the several Rates and Duties by this Act granted shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being, and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners and they are lawfully authorized to appoint proper Officers to ascertain, raise, levy, collect and account for the said Duties; and it shall also be lawful for the said Commissioners of Customs to cause any Houses or Buildings to be erected which may be necessary for the Accommodation of the said Officers, and for the weighing or otherwise ascertaining the Quantities and Weights of any such Coals, Coles or Cinders, and for the safe Keeping and Custody of any Coals that may be stored under or by any Officer of Customs, as to them or any Four or more of them may seem necessary for the executing this Act into Execution, and administering and levying and collecting the said Duties.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Duties of Customs granted by this Act may and shall respectively be ascertained, managed, raised, levied, collected, ascertained, paid, recovered and allowed, (except where any Alteration is expressly made by this Act in such and the like manner and by the same Means, Ways or Methods as former Duties of Customs, and also by any such special Means, Ways or Methods respectively, as former Duties of Customs on Coals, Coles or Cinders born from Coals or Coles were or might be ascertained, managed, raised, levied, collected, ascertained, paid, recovered and allowed; and all Coals, Coles or Cinders born from Coals or Coles which may be brought down or upon the said River Thames nearer to London than the Place by this Act specified, or contrary to the Direction of this Act or of any other Act or Acts of Parliament, shall be and the same are respectively hereby made subject and liable to all and every the special Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Statutes, Edicts and Proclamations respectively, to which Coals, Coles or Cinders born from Coals or Coles were subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in Force on and immediately before the said Tenth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and ten, respecting the Revenue of Customs, as far as the same are or can be made applicable, and except where any Alteration is express-ly made

made by this Act; and all Pains, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures of whatever Nature or Kind (be the same may be, as well Pains of Death as others, for any Offence whatever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and ten made for levying the Revenue of Customs or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof; and the several Clauses, Powers, Provisions and Directions contained in any such Act or Acts, shall (unless where expressly altered by this Act) and are hereby directed and declared to extend to and shall be respectively applied, construed and put in Execution for and in respect of the several Duties of Customs hereby charged and allowed, in as full and single a manner to all Intercourse and Purposes whatsoever as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Pains, Penalties or Forfeitures were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act, and made Part thereof.

Power to
make

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Act of Parliament in force on and immediately before the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and ten, by which any Rules, Regulations, Conditions or Restrictions were made, established or directed, for the licensing the Weight or Quantity, or the Amount of any Duties on any Weight or Quantity of Coals, Cokes or Cinders, burnt from Coals or Cokes, or for the better levying the Revenue of Customs, (except where any Alteration is expressly made by this Act) and all Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things relating thereto, shall and are hereby declared to be and remain in full Force and Effect, and shall be applied to the Subject of this Act, and for carrying the same into Execution, as fully and effectually as if they had been repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

Coals being
Coke Duty
exempted.

IX. And whereas it is expedient that Coals which shall have once paid the Cook Duty should be exempted from the Duty of Customs imposed by this Act: Be it therefore enacted, That the Officer or Officers of the Customs who shall have received such Cook Duty, shall give a Certificate, without Fee or Reward, to the Person who shall pay the same, and on such Certificate being produced to the Officer of the Customs authorized to receive the Duty of Customs imposed by this Act, and on full and satisfactory Evidence that the Coals brought down the said River Thames to the said City of London, are the same Coals or Part of the same Coals mentioned in the said Certificate, by the said last mentioned Officer of the Customs shall not demand or receive the Duty of Customs imposed by this Act.

Commission of
London to ap-
point Officers.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, and they are hereby empowered from time to time as Occasion shall require, to appoint any Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons who shall have full Power, and they and each of them are hereby authorized (either in Company with the Officers of His Majesty's Customs or without) to enter into any Boat, Barge or other Vessel laden with Coals, Cokes or Cinders, passing on or about to pass near to London than the Boundary Street aforesaid; and that every Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons to be appointed by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners as aforesaid, shall and lawfully may have and exercise all and every of say the Powers and several ways and means of licensing the Weights and Quantities of all such Coals, Cokes and Cinders, as any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs have or lawfully may exercise or perform under or by virtue of this Act, as to any Coals, Cokes or Cinders passing or about to pass near to London than the Boundary Street aforesaid.

Offending
Customs.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall assault, oppress, molest, hinder or obstruct any such Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons to be appointed by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners as aforesaid, in the due Execution of any of the Powers or Authorities given or granted to such Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons as aforesaid by this Act, every Person or Persons is offending shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and shall be subject and liable to the like Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures, as by Law may be inflicted in Cases of Misdemeanor by the Court before whom such Offences or Offenders shall be convicted.

Indictment of
Aldermen.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Three Calendar Months next after the Fact committed and not afterwards, and shall be laid in the County or Place where the Cause of Complaint did arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give the Act and the special Matter in Evidence as any Trial to be had thereupon; and if the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants as any such Action or Suit, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be convicted, or discontinue his, her or their Action or Suit, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant hath in other Cases to recover Costs by Law.

General Issue.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Duties of Customs by this Act imposed on Coals, Cokes and Cinders, shall be appraised and applied in such and the like manner as the Duties on such Articles, when brought Coastwise into the Port of London, and chargeable according to the Weight thereof, are appraised and applied by virtue of an Act passed in the thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for regulating the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in law thereof.*

Appraisal of
Duties.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter or repeal any of the Provisions contained in an Act passed in the fourth fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for allowing under certain Regulations, until the first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and ten, the bringing a limited Quantity of Coals, Cokes or Cinders to London and Whitechapel by Inland Navigation;* and which was by several Acts continued until the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Penalty for
Act 6. 4. 10.

XV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and no longer.

Continuance of
Act.

C A P. CXI.

An Act to limit the Amount of Pensions to be granted out of the Civil List of Scotland.

[20th June 1810.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that Provision should be made for the better Regulation of the granting of Pensions out of the Civil List in Scotland, and for preventing of Abuse and Excess therein; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Pension exceeding the Sum of Three hundred Pounds a Year shall be granted out of the Civil List of Scotland to or for the Use of any one Person, and that the whole Amount of Pensions granted from both Lists in any one Year shall not exceed Eight hundred Pounds; a List of which, together with the Names of the Persons to whom the same are granted, shall be laid before Parliament on Twenty one Days after the Beginning of each Session until the whole Pensions List of Scotland shall be reduced to Twenty five thousand Pounds, which Sum it shall not be lawful to exceed in the Whole of all the Grants, nor shall any Pension be granted after the said Reduction to or for the Use of any one Person exceed the Sum of Six hundred Pounds, except to One of the Royal Family, or to an Adverser of either House of Parliament.

Pensions List of Scotland limited.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money which shall remain after Payment of all such Pensions and Grants and other Charges as are or shall hereafter be charged upon or granted or payable out of the Civil List of Scotland, and after defraying any Charges (incident thereto), shall from time to time as the same shall arise, and any such Surplusses or Balances shall remain of the Fund applicable to the Civil List of Scotland, go to the Use and be applied in Aid of the Civil List of England.

How Surplus of Civil List of Scotland applied

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prevent His Majesty from making any such Grants (other than and except Pensions) for Civil Purposes in Scotland, out of the Monies applied to the Payment of the Civil List of Scotland, as His Majesty has hitherto been accustomed, and authorized and empowered to make before the passing of this Act.

His Majesty may make other Grants

C A P. CXII.

An Act for abridging the Form of extracting Decrees of the Court of Session in Scotland, and for the Regulation of certain Parts of the Proceedings of that Court.

[20th June 1810.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act concerning the Administration of Justice in Scotland, and concerning Appeals to the House of Lords*, by which Act His Majesty was empowered to name and appoint, and persons to which His Majesty did name and appoint, by His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, certain Persons to make Enquiries into the Form of Process in the Court of Session, and to report upon various Matters therein particularly set forth: And whereas an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to give to the Persons named by His Majesty, pursuant to the last recited Act, full and free Time for making their Reports or Reports: And whereas the Commissioners so appointed have made two Reports to His Majesty; and the Two Houses of Parliament relative to the second Matter upon which they were directed to report; and whereas it is expedient that the Mode of extracting Judicial Acts and Decrees of the Court of Session therein in Use should be altered, and a more abridged Form adopted, and that other Regulations should be established, and Amendments made in the Form of that Court; which cannot be effected without the Authority of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the former Mode of extracting Judicial Acts and Decrees shall, from and after the passing of this Act, cease and determine, together with all the Fees and Dues exigible for such Extracts, or relating thereto; Provided nevertheless, that the Fees now payable on the Lord Clerk Register, and to the Masters of the Court of Session, and to the Keeper of the Minute Books upon Acts and Decrees, and to the Bookkeepers upon Abbreviates of Affidavits, shall continue to be paid and payable upon the abridged Form of Extracts prescribed by this Act.*

22 G. 3. c. 111.

49 G. 3. c. 110.

Extracts of Decrees of Court in Use as before. Copy in Print of abridged Form of Extracts contained.

II. And be it enacted, That the Forms herein prescribed for the Extracts of Judicial Acts and Decrees, and the Rules and Regulations made relative thereto, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be observed in all cases, whether of Actions and Process in the present or then depending, or which may in future come into Court, or those which, although not laid, have not been taken out of Court by a final extracted Decree; and the Fees and Dues hereby made payable in the case of Extracts, and so other, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be the Fees and Dues payable for such Extracts.

Forms of Decrees to be observed.

III. And be it enacted, That in Actions for Payment or Performance or such other common Proceedings, and in Proceedings of Adversaries or Sequestrations, the Extract of the Decree shall, from and after the passing of this Act be in the Form appearing from Schedule (A.) (B.) (C.) (D.) and (E.) hereunto annexed respectively.

Form of Decree in the last Session, &c.

IV. And be it enacted, That in Proceedings of Adjudication, the Extract of the Decree shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be in the Form which has heretofore been used for the Abbreviate of the Adjudication.

Form of Extract in Adjudication.

B. 1.

ties in case a Decree shall be pronounced for the Adjudger; but where the Debtor is afflicted, the Extract shall be in the Form herebefore directed to be used in the Case of Decrees of Abolition.

V. And be it enacted, That in Actions of *Cassa Bassora*, the Extract of the Decree shall be in the Form at present used for the Affidavit in Decrees of *Cassa*, with an Addition thereto of the Names of all the Creditors cited.

VI. And be it enacted, That in Actions of proving the Tenor and True Copy, the Extract shall contain a Copy of the Deed proved or transcribed, with the Judgments pronounced by the Court, related into the Form of what is at present termed the Great Decretions, in Cases where Decree shall be pronounced in favour of the Plaintiff and in Cases where the Defendant shall be afflicted, the Extract shall be in the Form herebefore prescribed in Decrees of Abolition.

VII. And be it enacted, That in Actions of Declarator, the Extract of the Decree shall contain the Conclusion of the Summons and the Judgments pronounced by the Court, related into the Form of the present Great Decretions.

VIII. And be it enacted, That in Actions of Ranking and Sale, the following Regulations shall be observed: First, the Extract of the Act and Commission for proving the Value of the *body* to be sold shall be in the Form appearing from Schedule (F) hereunto annexed; Secondly, the Extract of the Decree of Sale shall be in the Form appearing from Schedule (G.) hereunto annexed; Thirdly, the Extract of the Decree of Ranking shall be in the Form appearing from Schedule (H.) hereunto annexed; Fourthly, the Extract of the Decree of Division shall be in the Form appearing from Schedule (I.) hereunto annexed; Fifthly, these shall no longer be any Extract of the Decree of Confirmation, or a Process of Ranking and Sale, nor any Act of Rescissioe pronounced, nor consequently any Extract thereof, the Letters of Publication now in use respecting such Acts necessary, but the Extract of Letters of Publication shall be continued in their present Form.

IX. And be it enacted, That in Actions of proving the Tenor and of Rescissioe, no Act shall hereafter be pronounced; and in Actions of Impediments, Acts for Vind and Success Terms shall be discontinued.

X. And be it enacted, That in all other Cases not herein particularly described, whether arising upon Summons, Bill or Petition, or Petition and Complaint, the Extract of the Decree shall be according to the Forms hereof set forth, with such Variations as the Nature of the Case and the Form of the Application may occasionally require.

XI. And be it enacted, That where an Appeal shall be taken to the House of Lords, a full Copy of the printed Papers given into the Court of Session, certified by One of the principal Clerks of Session, together with Copies to several of such Interlocutors and Minutes of the Court, as shall here be pronounced or issued subsequent to the Date of the last of their printed Papers, shall and may be received in Evidence in fact and in the like manner as Extracts of the whole Proceedings are at present.

XII. And be it enacted, That no Record Copy, as it is termed, shall hereafter be made; but at the Expiration of Two Years after the Date of the said Decree or last Proceeding in that Court, such Records with all the Steps of Proceeding in it, and Productions, not taken up by the Parties, shall be transmitted to and lodged in the General Register House, under the Custody of the Lord Clerk Register of Session, and Discharges shall be made of all Extracts of Decrees in the Form herein prescribed, for which no Fees shall be exigible, except the ordinary Charge for copying and for carrying at the time to the Court of Session; which Discharges shall from time to time be bound up in convenient Volumes, and after remaining not more than Five Years, after the Date of the said Decree in the Office of the Clerk, whereof such Discharges shall have been made, shall at the Expiration of that Period be regularly transmitted to the said General Register House.

XIII. And be it enacted, That the Office of Extractors in the Court of Session, as heretofore constituted, shall be abolished, and the said Affidants of the principal Clerks of Session shall prepare the aforesaid Terms of Extract Verba directed to be observed; each Affidant so rating that Duty in such Proceeding as belong to the Department or Clerk of the principal Clerk, under whose Office, or the corresponding Deputy Clerk in the Outer House.

XIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Party to request, and the said Affidants respectively are hereby required to furnish to such Party, notwithstanding Copies of all or any Part of the Proceedings in any Cause, signed by One of the principal Clerks of Session, and which Copy the principal Clerks of Session are hereby respectively required to sign, but no Fee whatever shall be paid or payable for such Copy, (save and except the ordinary Charge for copying, paid at the time in the Court of Session).

XV. And be it enacted, That each of the present Affidants of the principal Clerks who are directed to prepare the aforesaid Forms of Extracts hereby prescribed, shall continue to exercise and enjoy the Office of Extractor, hereby conferred upon him, as before; and unless he shall be appointed an Extractor of such aforesaid Forms shall be and continue in respect of the Office of Extractor in such and the same Situation as any Clerk Affidant is at present in respect of such Office of Clerk Affidant.

XVI. And be it enacted, That the said Affidants of the Clerks shall and may continue to receive the Fees to which as such Affidants they are at present or may in future be entitled; but in their Character of Extractors, according to the new Terms hereby established, they shall be entitled to no Fee whatever except the ordinary Charge for copying paid for copying at the time in the Court of Session; neither shall the principal Clerks or the Deputy Clerks of Session be entitled to any Fees whatever; but declaring that the said Clerks and the said Affidants

ness of the Principal Clerks, in their Character of Executors, shall be paid the following Salaries, *videlicet*; each Principal Clerk of Sessions shall receive a Salary of One thousand Pounds Sterling *per Annum*, without Prejudice to the Salary of Forty Pounds payable to the King's Clerk, and without Prejudice also to the Fees to which any of them may be entitled in case he shall hold the Office or Situation of Keeper of the Register of Tailors; each Deputy Clerk of Sessions shall receive a Salary of Four hundred Pounds Sterling *per Annum*, without Prejudice to the Salary of Ten Pounds, payable to the King's Deputy Clerk; each Assistant of the Principal Clerk shall receive a Salary of Two hundred Pounds Sterling *per Annum*, for preparing the abstracted Papers of Exchequer to be subscribed without Prejudice to the Salary of Ten Pounds *per Annum*, to be paid at King's Exchequer during his Life.

XVII. And he is enacted, That the Salaries herebefore provided, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be payable quarterly out of the Fee Fund hereby established, and of such Fund shall at any time be sufficient for the Payment of such Salaries, the Deficiencies shall be supplied in the same manner as the Salaries payable to the Judges of the Court of Sessions out of the Monies which by several Acts made in the Seventh and Tenth Years of the Reign of Queen Anne, were charged or made chargeable with the Fees, Salaries and other Charges allowed or to be allowed by Her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, for keeping up the Courts of Sessions, Jusiciary and Exchequer in Scotland.

XVIII. And he is further enacted, That for the Purpose of raising such Fee Fund, the Fees specified in the Schedule hereunto annexed, intimated, "Dues of Courts," shall be payable and exigible upon and for the several Matters therein contained.

XIX. And he is enacted, That the Sum of Two hundred Pounds Sterling *per Annum* shall be paid out of such Fee Fund to the Order of the Principal Clerk of Sessions, for defraying the Expenses of the Office Rooms of the whole Principal and Deputy Clerks of Sessions, and all other Charges and Expenses considered therein; and the said Principal Clerks shall be bound and obliged to keep up and defray the Expenses of such Office Rooms, and to defray all such other Charges and Expenses accordingly.

XX. And he is enacted, That the Dues of Court at present payable to the Clerks of Session and the proper Officer or Collector of the Clerks Dues, shall be and the same are hereby abolished and the Dues mentioned in the said Schedule shall be collected by a Collector appointed by the Lord President of the College of Justice, holding his Office *in vicem sui solentis*, who shall discharge his Duty by personal Attendance at Courts as to the Collector's Office during Office Hours, and by marking upon each Paper that the proper Dues or Fees had been received of the Days marked, without which marking no Principal Clerk or Deputy Clerk of Sessions, Law Clerk, or Clerks Assistant shall receive any such Paper until Proved; and such Collector shall further demand and receive Once a Month or oftener from the Keepers of the Registers respectively, who shall be bound to pay to him the proportion which the Clerks of Session have been in Use to receive of Fees paid upon Registrations and upon Extracts of Deeds and Instruments recorded in the Books of Council and Session; and all such Fees shall form Part of the Fee Fund hereby established.

XXI. Provided always, and he is enacted, That such Fees paid upon Registrations, and upon Extracts of Deeds and Instruments as recorded in the Books of Council and Session, shall remain in other respects as at present.

XXII. Provided always, and he is hereby enacted, That such Collector shall be responsible for every Person whom he may have occasion as employer to act for him in his Office, and for every Clerk and Person employed by him in the Discharge of such Collection, and shall find Security for them as well as his own Intromissions.

XXIII. And he is enacted, That such Collector shall further keep regular and distinct Books for entering the Fees and Dues of Court separately of the Days on which they are received, with the Mink of the Clerk's Office, Names of the Parties, and the date of the Proceedings upon which the same is paid, which Books shall be open at all reasonable times for the Inspection of the Judges, the Auditor of the Court, and the Principal Clerks of Sessions; and such Collector shall at least Once in every Week lodge all Monies so paid to him with the Bank of Scotland, or the Royal Bank of Scotland, the Interest received from which Banks respectively shall make Part of the Fee Fund hereby established, out of which such Collector shall pay the Summings hereby directed to be paid by means of such Fees and Dues; and if upon the Thirtieth Day of December in any Year any Balance still remain upon such Accounts, such Balance shall be paid to the Perkin or Perkin authorized to receive the said Moneys which by the said Acts made in the Seventh and Tenth Years of the Reign of Queen Anne were charged or made chargeable with the Fees, Salaries, and other Charges allowed or to be allowed for keeping up the Courts of Sessions, Jusiciary and Exchequer in Scotland as aforesaid.

XXIV. And, in order to check the Accounts kept by such Collector, he is enacted, That Books shall be kept by the respective Clerks of Court of each Office, showing the Dues of Court which, according to the Schedule hereunto annexed, have or should have been received in each Process under their Charge on the several Steps of such Process on which such Dues are payable; and such Collector shall render his Accounts at least Times in every Year to any Assessorment to be named by the President of the College of Justice; or if no such Assessorment shall be named, to the Auditor of Court, who shall compare and examine the same with the Books so kept by the Clerks aforesaid, and make his Report thereupon to the Court.

XXV. And he is enacted, That such Collector shall receive a Remuneration for his Trouble by a Rate payable out of the said Dues of Four Pounds *per Annum* upon the Amount thereof received by him.

XXVI. And he is enacted, That the Nominations of each Deputy Clerk of Session shall hereafter be voted in the Six Principal Clerks of Session jointly, the Senior Clerk, having in case of Equality a casting Voice; and every such Nominations shall be made without receiving thereby any Title, Generosity or valuable Consideration of any Kind; and every Nominations, when made, shall be forthwith approved to the Court.

XXVII. And

Clerks of Session and Deacons, Clerks, &c. to receive Salaries.

Salaries paid Quarterly out of Fee Fund.

7 Ann. c. 11
5 Geo. 3. c. 28.
5 Stat.

Dues of Courts in Scots Fee Fund.

Expenses of Office Rooms paid out of Fee Fund.

Dues of Clerks abolished, Dues on Registrations to be altered.

Fees on Registrations, &c.

Collector of Dues to find Security.

Such Fees to be kept Books for Dues.

Moneys to be paid Weekly into the Bank.

How Balances deposited.

Clerks Books kept.

Fee Charge to Collector.

Public Asses of Deputy Clerks.

One Dot of
App. counts only.

XXVII. And be it enacted, That in Actions or Suits requiring Two Dots of Appearance, there shall be only One Dot of Appearance upon an *Adjourn* of Twenty seven Days, where a *Defendant* is domiciled in *Sweden*; but Citations in cases of a Single Dot and against Persons forth of *Scotland* shall remain as at present.

Causes Causa
brought before
inferior Judges.

XXVIII. And be it enacted, That all Causes not exceeding the Value of Twenty five Pounds Sterling, shall from and after the passing of this Act be removed as in the first Instance before the inferior Judges, in the manner directed, and with the Exceptions specified in an Act, passed in the Third Session of the Second Parliament of His Majesty King George the Second, intituled, *Act concerning the Regulation of the Judicature*.

Persons
Lords Ordinary
appointed.

XXIX. And whereas it would facilitate the Dispatch of Business in the Court of Session, if the Duty of the Outer House were done by a certain Number of the Ordinary Judges officiating there, in a more permanent manner than the present weekly Rotation among the whole; Be it enacted, That the Three Junior Ordinary Judges of the First Division of the Court of Session, and the Two Junior Ordinary Judges of the Second Division, shall be relieved from Attendance in the Inner House, and shall from and after the passing of this Act act in the same, but shall sit as Lords Ordinary in the Outer House to perform the Duties of the Outer House; that is to say, Two of the said Judges, One of each Division, shall officiate each Week in the Outer House, for hearing Causes in the Bills of Sequestration, Advertisements, Regulations and ordinary Actions; and each one or Judges of either Division shall officiate as Lords Ordinary, according to the Rules and Forms of proceeding for the time observed in Process depending before Lords Ordinary.

In what the
Duties and the
manner of officiating.

XXX. And be it enacted, That this Regulation concerning Ordinary Judges in the Outer House shall include the Duty of administering Oaths and examining Witnesses, but shall not extend to the Bill Chamber, in which the Business shall continue to be done as at present, by all the ordinary Judges in Rotation.

Consent of
Judges necessary
to give Regula-
tion.

XXXI. Provided always, and it is hereby provided and declared, That the present Junior Judges who may be relieved by this new Regulation, shall not be bound by it except with their own Consent, and therefore the Courts of Rotation shall remain as at present, until either by the Consent of the present Judges, or by new Appointments of Judges, the requisite Number can be obtained for carrying the said System into Execution.

Quorum of Inner
House.

XXXII. And be it enacted, That in case as Five Junior Ordinary Judges shall officiate as present Lords Ordinary in the manner herein directed, Three Judges in either Division shall be a Quorum in the Inner House; and the other Judges of the Court of Session shall be relieved from Attendance in the Outer House, and from performing the Duties of Lords Ordinary thereon.

Grounds of Ad-
vertisements from the
Commissary
Court.

XXXIII. And be it enacted, That Bills of Advertisements from Interlocutory Judgments of the Commissary Court shall be allowed only on the Grounds of Contumacy and Incompetency, including Incompetency in the Mode of Proof, and in this last case only with Leave of the Commissary Court; and no Bills of Advertisements from the Commissary Court shall be allowed from Interlocutory Judgments upon Grounds of Iniquity or Error, but shall be convenient only after final Judgment before extract.

Bills of Sequestra-
tion from the
Admiralty Court
in Maritime
Causes.

XXXIV. And be it enacted, That Bills of Sequestration from the Admiralty Court in Maritime Causes, shall, if not notified without Answer, be in all Cases ordered to be printed and reported to either the First or the Second Division of the Court of Session; and if any such Bill of Sequestration shall be presented in time of Vacation, and the Lord Ordinary on the Bills shall not see Cause to refuse the same without Answer, he shall sit proceeding until the Meeting of the Court, to whom the same, with the Answer, shall be then reported.

regulated.

XXXV. And be it enacted, That Bills of Advertisements and Sequestrations from the Admiralty Court in Maritime Causes shall be regulated in the manner hereafter prescribed in the case of Advertisements and Sequestrations from the Judgments pronounced by Sheriffs and other inferior Judges.

In what cases
Bills of Advertisements from
inferior Courts
shall be allowed.

XXXVI. And be it enacted, That Bills of Advertisements from the Sheriffs and other inferior Judges in Scotland, against Interlocutory Judgments, shall be allowed only upon the following Grounds; First, of Incompetency, including Defect of Jurisdiction, personal Objection to the Judge, and Privilege of Party; Secondly, of Contumacy; Thirdly, of legal Infirmities with respect to the Mode of Proof, or with respect to some Change of Possession, or to an *Interim Decree* for a partial Payment, provided that in the Cases specified under this Third Head, Leave is given by the Judge.

In what Cases not
allowed.

XXXVII. And be it enacted, That Bills of Advertisements from such inferior Judges shall not in any Case be received against Interlocutory Judgments upon Grounds of Iniquity or Error, but only after final Judgment shall have been pronounced.

No notice An-
swers to Bills of
Advertisements, &c.

XXXVIII. And be it enacted, That in cases where final Judgment shall have been pronounced, no written Answer to a Bill of Advertisements or Sequestration from such inferior Judges shall be received, but in all such cases, whether the Cause is brought before the Court of Session by Advertisement or Sequestration, the Bill shall be called without Answer, upon Citations being issued in the same manner in which Citations are issued in Bills of Sequestration as at present; and except in Cases where upon the Face of the Bill itself it shall appear that it ought to be refused, and in every such Case it shall be refused accordingly.

Bills of Advertisements
on Cause of
Tort, or injury
in Contumacy.

XXXIX. And be it enacted, That in later manner Bills of Advertisements from inferior Judges, on the Ground of Incompetency or Contumacy shall be passed without Answer or answer notified: Provided nevertheless, that the Lord Ordinary on the Bills may in such cases leave Parties free war if he shall think fit, and such Bills may be passed without Citation.

Bills of Advertisements
and Sequestrations
shall be refused
where notified
Incompetency.

XL. And be it enacted, That Bills of Advertisements and Sequestrations from inferior Judges, when passed as above directed, upon being reported or upon a Report from the Court, shall be read in the Hall of Advertisements and Sequestrations in the Outer House; and the Lords Ordinary in the Outer House and the Judges in the

Lower House shall have the sole Power in every Case of Suspension which they now have in Cases of Advocation, to commit to the inferior Judge with Infirmitates.

XLII. And be it enacted, That Bills of Suspension and Interdict shall, with respect to Custody, remain as at present, and the Lord Ordinary may grant Interdict therein after advising the same with or without Advice, but no Replies or Duplies shall be allowed: Provided nevertheless, that the Lord Ordinary upon the Bills may if he thinks proper hear Parties viva voce before granting or refusing the Interdict.

XLIII. And be it enacted, That in Bills of Suspension of Charges or threatened Charges on Bonds, Bills of Exchange or Promissory Notes, Carestis, Decretes Adjudic, or other Instruments registered in Execution, and in the case of Bills of Suspension of Decretes of removing, the Proceeding shall be as at present; and in such Cases no Replies or Duplies shall be allowed, but the Lord Ordinary on the Bills may if he thinks proper hear Parties viva voce, and may pass or refuse the Bills with or without Advice.

XLIV. And be it enacted, That in Bills of Suspension against Decretes pronounced by the Court of Session, in law, or Reply or Duplies shall be allowed, and in such cases the extracted Decree shall be produced with the Advisers.

XLV. And be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act with the Exceptions after specified, there shall be Two Principal Clerks of the Bills appointed as they are at present, and only Two Deputy Clerks of the Bills, each of whom shall be appointed by the Two Principal Clerks jointly, without recurring for any such Appointment, any Price, Gratuity, or valuable Consideration of any Kind; and in case they cannot agree upon any such Appointment, the Lord President of the College of Justice shall have the casting Voice; and in all such Cases the Nominations shall be reported to the Court.

XLVI. And be it enacted, That the Principal as well as Deputy Clerks shall personally discharge the Duties of their respective Offices; the Principal Clerks shall personally attend either Division of the Court of Session when Bill Chamber Causes shall be under Consideration: there in the first manner that the Principal Clerks of Session attend in Lower House Causes; the Principal Clerks of the Bills shall also further exercise a due Superintendance over the different Branches of the Duty required for the Performance of the Business of the Bill Chamber.

XLVII. And be it enacted, That the Fees payable upon the Proceedings in the Bill Chamber shall be collected and form a common Fund for the Remuneration of the Principal and Deputy Clerks of the Bills, and this Fund shall be divided among them Monthly or Quarterly as they may settle among themselves, in the following Proportions; *viz.*: One third Part thereof shall be paid to each of the Principal Clerks, and One fourth Part thereof shall be paid to each of the Deputy Clerks.

XLVIII. And be it enacted, That in each of the Regulations herein enacted as relate to the Fees and Duties of the Clerks of the Bills, shall be suspended so long as all or any of the present Deputy Clerks, *viz.*: John Watson, James Murray, Andrew Miller and William Scott, shall continue to hold their Offices or Office, to the latest hereafter specified, *viz.*: Upon the Death or Resignation of either of John Watson or James Murray, *viz.*: the said Deputy Clerks to the Bills, and also Clerks to the Record of Abbreviations of *Adjudicatioes*, the junior Principal Clerk shall take the Burthen of casting to be discharged the Duty of the said Deputy, and the Fees and Emoluments appertaining thereto shall be divided equally between the Two Principal Clerks of the Bills; and upon the Death or Resignation of Andrew Miller, Deputy Clerk, or upon the Death or Resignation of William Scott, Assistant Clerk, or upon the Death or Resignation of both the said John Watson and James Murray, in either of these Three Events the Two Principal Clerks of the Bills shall take the Burthen of casting to be discharged the Duty of the said Deacon or Deacon, and the Fees and Emoluments thereto arising shall be equally divided between the Two Principal Clerks; and in the Event of the Death or Resignation of both Andrew Miller and William Scott, the said John Watson or James Murray, or both of them if then surviving, shall be one or both of the Deputy Clerks to the Bills if they shall be willing, each drawing One sixth Part of the total Fees, and relinquishing the Fees to which each is now entitled; but if either or both of the said John Watson or James Murray shall decline to become Deputy Clerks of the Bills, the Two Principal Clerks to the Bills shall discharge or take the Burthen of casting to be discharged the whole Duty at present discharged by the said Andrew Miller and William Scott, and shall in that case receive the Fees which would have been received by the said Andrew Miller and William Scott, until the Death or Resignation of John Watson and James Murray.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That the Fees specified in the Schedule hereunto annexed, intitled, "Rate of Fees payable to the Auditor of Court," and so other, shall be payable to and payable by the Auditor of Court, such Fees, in the Event of their being an Auditor for each Division, being divided equally between the Two Auditors.

L. And be it enacted, That the Fees receivable by the Keepers of the Lower House Rolls or Clerks of the Lords President of the Two Divisions of the Court of Session, shall form a Common Fund, and be divided equally between them.

I. And be it enacted, That in law as Five junior Ordinary Judges shall officiate as permanent Lords Ordinary in the manner herein directed, the Fees payable to the Clerks of the Ordinary Judges shall form a Common Fund, and shall be equally divided among the Clerks of the said Five Ordinary Judges of the Court of Session.

II. And be it enacted, That Fees demandable by Writers to the Signet for Signet Letters, and for Proceedings in the Service of Heirs before the Masters of the Court of Session, shall be the Fees (and so others) appearing from the Schedule hereunto annexed, intitled, "Table of Fees, of Ordinary Signet Letters, and of Fees of Service before the Masters," respectively.

Bills of Suspension
and Interdict

Bills of Suspension
of Charges on Bonds, &c.

Bills of Suspension against
Decretes.

Two Principal
and Two Deputy
Clerks of Bills
appointed.

Principal as well
as Deputy Clerks
to discharge their
Duty personally.

Fees on Bill
Chamber law
decided.

In each of the
Regulations as relate
to Fees and Duties
of Clerks of
Bills suspended.

Rate of Auditor
of Court.

Fees of Keepers
of Lower House
decided.

Fees divided
between Clerks
to Ordinary
Judges.

Fees demandable
by Writers to the
Signet.

L.II. And

Contents of a
Shew to be by
Wards

LIII. And be it enacted, That every Shew charged for by any Profitless in the Court of Session shall be calculated at the Rate of Three hundred Words to the Sheet; but if any such Instrument shall contain fewer than Three hundred Words, the same shall be charged at the Rate of a Sheet; and if after finding the Sheet or Sheets which any such Instrument shall occupy, calculated at the Rate aforesaid, any Number of Words left than Three hundred Words shall remain, each fewer Word shall be charged as a Sheet.

Expense of
prosecution
Officers.

LIII. And whereas by the aforesaid Report by the said Commissioners, it is certified, that Compensation to a certain Amount ought to be given to the Principal and Deputy Clerks of Session, the Extractors, and the Collectors of Clerks' Fees, for Losses that will be sustained by them as therein mentioned; Be it enacted, That the Sums of Money specified in the Schedule hereunto annexed, entitled, "Specimen of Compensation," shall be paid to the Persons therein named and described respectively, at such times or times in the Year, and in such manner as other Compositions are heretofore directed to be paid.

Application
to Barons of
Exchequer of
Compositions
and Fees.

LIV. And be it enacted, That in the Event that any of the said Principal or Deputy Clerks of Session, or Extractors, shall make an Application to the Barons of Exchequer in Scotland, setting forth that the Compensation provided by the Statute payable by this Act, or specified in the Schedule, is inadequate in his just Claims, and if any of the said Clerks or Extractors shall make it appear that he has suffered or will suffer necessary or other Loss, from the Operation or Effect of any of the aforesaid Regulations, beyond the Salaries allowed, and the Compensation made by this Act, due and equitable Consideration being always had of the Circumstances of each individual Case, the said Barons are hereby authorized and required to examine such Claims, and to decide whether any and what further Sums of Compensation are due to all or any of the said Clerks or Extractors.

Persons taking
advantage
Rights.

LIV. And be it enacted, That if any other Person shall apply to the said Barons, who shall establish his Right, and make it appear that he has suffered or will suffer necessary Loss from the Operation or Effect of any of the aforesaid Regulations, it shall and may be lawful for the said Barons to award to such Person such Compensation as the said Barons shall find such Person entitled to, either by the Payment of a gross Sum, or by way of Assesment, as they shall think proper.

Fund from which
Compositions
shall

LVI. And be it enacted, That every Sum of Compensation to be awarded by the said Barons, shall be paid and payable upon the Order of the said Barons, in such manner, and at such time or times, as they shall direct, out of the aforesaid Monies charged or made chargeable by several Acts made in the Seventh and Tenth Years of Her Majesty Queen Anne, with the Fees, Salaries and other Charges allowed or to be allowed for keeping up the Courts of Session, Justiciary and Exchequer.

Case of aged
Persons who
cannot
attend

LVII. And be it enacted, That the said Barons of Exchequer shall consider the Situation of such aged and indigent Persons who may have heretofore gained their Subsistence by copying out Records in their private Fees, and who, having been for many Years attached to the Extractors' Offices, may not be capable of pursuing their Livelihood otherwise, and make such Allowance or Allowances, in the way of Assesment, to such Persons respectively, as the said Barons shall think proper, which shall be paid upon their Order out of the aforesaid Monies, charged or made chargeable with the Fees, Salaries, and other Charges for keeping up the Courts of Session, Justiciary and Exchequer aforesaid.

Temporary
Allowance

LVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Barons, who are hereby required, to order and direct such Sums or Sums of Money to be from time to time paid to any such Officer of Court or Person as aforesaid, who shall make Application to them pursuant to this Act, as the said Barons shall think proper, as an Interim Allowance, until the Compensation or Provision to be awarded to any such Person by virtue of this Act shall be ascertained and finally determined; and every such Allowance is ordered to be paid by the said Barons shall be paid at the time and in the manner they shall direct out of the aforesaid Monies charged or made chargeable with the Fees, Salaries and other Charges for keeping up the Courts of Session, Justiciary and Exchequer aforesaid.

Allowance
To be, except
in 1793.

LIX. And be it enacted, That every Sum to be paid pursuant to this Act out of the aforesaid Monies charged or made chargeable with the Fees, Salaries and other Charges for keeping up the Courts of Session, Justiciary or Exchequer, shall be paid and payable, free and clear from all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, except the Duty charged by an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Disjunctive Treaty of Peace, additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain on the Rates and Duties arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices; and for repealing an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for granting Contribution to the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices; and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the said Duties.*

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

Form of Extract of Decree in an Ordinary Action for Payment of Debt.

AT Edinburgh, the _____ Day of _____ Sitting in Judgment the Lords of Council and Session, they decreed and ordained and hereby decree and ordain
 to make Payment to _____ Pursuer of the Sums of _____
 Defender _____
 Stirling _____

of Principal committed is and due by the Bond, Bill or other Document or Claim founded on in the Libel [which *shall be firstly mentioned by Deceit or otherwise, as expressed in the Judgment of the Court*] or, due in manner specified in. Item, of the lawful Interest of said Sum from and since the Day of till Payment; and of the Sum of of Expenses found due, and of the Sum of Sterling further as the Expense of executing this Decree; and certain Letters of Homage on a Charge of Fifteen Days, and all other Execution to pals heron in Form as Effice. Executed by me, one of the Principal Clerks of Session.

In Case of Decree in Absence.

The Form will be the same as in the above, with the Addition of the Words "in Absence" before the Word "decreed," with such Alteration in regard to Expenses as the Circumstances of the Case may require.

SCHEDULE (B.)

Form of Decree of Abfolviter in an Ordinary Action for Payment of Debt.

AT Edinburgh, the Day of sitting in Judgment the Lords of Council and Session, they authorized and hereby *abfolviter* against the whole Conclusions of the Summons and Action intailed in before the said Lords at the Instance of against the said Debtor for Payment of the Sum of Sterling alleged to have been due by the Debtor to the Pursuer by the Bond, Bill or other Document of Debt or Claim mentioned in the Libel [which *it shall be necessary to refer to by Deceit or Description*] and decreed and ordered, and hereby decrees and ordains the said Pursuer to make Payment to the said Debtor of the Sum of [here enter the Sum of Expenses, if such are found due by the Judgment of the Court.] Item, of the Sum of further as the Expense of executing this Decree; and certain Letters of Homage on Fifteen Days Charge, and all other Execution to pals heron in Form as Effice. Executed by me, one of the Principal Clerks of Session.

SCHEDULE (C.)

Form of Extract in an Advocation where the Cause is remitted *simpliciter*.

AT Edinburgh, the Day of sitting in Judgment the Lords of Council and Session in the Process of Advocation intailed in at the Instance of against complaining of an Interlocutor of the Sheriff Depute of the said Sheriff Depute, to the end he may proceed and administer Justice therein to the said Issue and Conclusion thereof; and farther decreed and ordained, and hereby decrees and ordains the said Advocator to make Payment to the said Debtor, of the Sum of Sterling of Expenses, and of the Sum of as the Expense of this Act, and certis and decrees and ordains Letters of Homage on Fifteen Days Charge, and all other Execution to pals heron at the Instance of the said Debtor against the said Advocator for Payment of these Sums accordingly in Form as Effice. Executed by me, one of the Principal Clerks of Session.

In Case of a Remit with Instructions.

The Form will be similar to the above, but inserting the Instructions.

SCHEDULE (D.)

Form of Extract in a Suspension where the Letters are found entirely proceeded.

AT Edinburgh, the Day of sitting in Judgment the Lords of Council and Session, in the Process of Suspension intailed in at the Instance of against complaining of having been charged or threatened to be charged to make Payment to the said of the Sum of Sterling of Principal contained in and due by the Bond, Bill or other Document mentioned in the Letters [which *shall be firstly specified by Title and Date*] and of the Interest thereof, the said Lords found and hereby find the Letters and Charge to be *entirely proceeded*, and decreed and ordained, and hereby decrees and ordains the same to be put to further Execution, and farther decrees and ordains the said Suspender and his Controverser in the said Suspension, *conjointly and severally* to make Payment to the said Sterling of Principal; Item, of the lawful Interest thereof since the Day of when the same fell due, till Payment, and of the Sum of Sterling of Expenses found due by the said Suspender to the said Charger for wrongs suspending; and of the Sum of further as the Expense of executing this Decree, besides the Sum of as the Expense of executing the said Bond of Caution, and certain Letters of Homage on a Charge of Fifteen Days, and all other Execution

to pale houses, and on the Extract of the Suppender's Bond of Caution against the Suppender and his Customers capacity and severally in Form as Effice. Extracted by me, one of the Principal Clerks of Session.

SCHEDULE (E.)

Form of Extract in a Supplication when the Letters are suppended *supplicavit*.

AT Edinburgh, the Day of sitting in Judgment the Lords of Council and Session in the Supplication infixed is at the Instance of ^{against} ^{comprising of being charged or threatened to be charged to make Payment} ^[the Nature of the Charge is to be shortly stated] the said Letters [supended] to the said ^{and hereby doers and orders the said} ^{Suppender, of the said Form of} the said Letters and Charge ^{to make Payment to the said} ^{Letters of Homage on Fifteen Days Charge, and all other Executions to pale houses in Form as Effice.} Expenses, and of the sum of ^{the Expense of extracting the Decree, and order} ^{Extracted by me, one of the Principal Clerks of Session.}

SCHEDULE (F.)

Actions of RANKING and SALE.

Form of Act and Commission in Ranking and Sale.

AT Edinburgh, the Day of upon a Summons and Actum of Ranking and Sale infixed is and depending before the Lords of Council and Session, at the Instance of ^{against} ^{and the following Parties his Creditors,} ^{without [I have annexed the Names of the different Defendants cited in the Actum either actually or otherwise]} ^{concluding that the following heretable Subjects belonging to the said common Debtor, with his, all and} ^{while the Lords of, &c. [I have affixed the several Edicts contained in the Summons] ought and should be} ^{held under Authority of the said Lords, and the Rents and Piques thereof divided among his Creditors according} ^{to their several Rights of Preference therein: After some Process had taken place in the Actum before the} ^{Lord} ^{as Ordinary therein, the said Lord of Council and Session of the Date hereof,} ^{relaxed and hereby relieves the said, and allowed and hereby allow the Parties to prove payable [see the} ^{Trusty Rent of the Lands and others before specified, what the same have paid, do or owe, pay Trusty,} ^{allowed and hereby allow the Defendants a complete Prohibition thereunto; and for that End give and grant} ^{and hereby give and grant full Power, Warrant and Commission, &c. [expressly to the Terms of the Introduction} ^{of the Court, which ought to be inserted].} Extracted by me, one of the Principal Clerks of Session.

SCHEDULE (G.)

Form of Extract of Decree of Sale.

AT Edinburgh, the Day of upon a Summons and Actum of Ranking and Sale infixed is and before the Lords of Council and Session at the Instance of ^{against} ^{and the following Parties his Creditors, &c. [I have annexed the} ^{several Defendants who appear to be cited in the Actum, as it really is or all such] concluding, that the said} ^{heretable Subjects belonging to the said} ^{as specified in the said Edicts, and the} ^{defined, ought and should be held under Authority of the Court, and accordingly, the said} ^{belong to the Parties or Persons who should offer in it for the same at the Court above: After a Bond had} ^{been advanced of the Rental and Value of the said Subjects, and that a Receipt of the said} ^{Lords of Council and Session, upon Report of the Lord} ^{Receipt and Sale of the said Subjects carried on before his Lordship on the} ^{last hereby proceeded, and that} ^{having offered for the same [I have annexed the Names} ^{of} ^{Stirling, was the last and High 4 Ounces for the same at the said Court, and ac-} ^{accordingly preferred to the Parties thereof by the Lord Report: accordingly to the Summons of Ranking and} ^{has accordingly issued Decree in Terms of the said Articles, that the said Lord Lords hold, sell, give, do, give} ^{and declared, and hereby sell, assign, give and declare all and whole, &c. [I have annexed the} ^{Articles] to, contain and belong to the said} ^{his Heirs and Assigns forever]} ^{and sends, null, upon Payment of the said Summons, with the usual Rent thereof, &c.} ^{Terms mentioned in the Articles on Receipt and relative Bond granted therefor [I have annexed the} ^{said Statute of the Court and Letters of] and orders Letters of Homage to pale and be direct hereunto, and} ^{the Suppender of the said Subjects for satisfying the Purchaser and his foreheirs therein in Form as Effice.} Extracted by me, one of the Principal Clerks of Session.

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE (H.)

Form of Extract of Decree of Ranking.

AT Edinburgh, the Day of _____ in the Summors and Afton of Ranking and Sale, rais'd and rais'd in before the Lords of Council and Session, at the Instance of _____ and the following Perfons his Creditors, *videlicet* [here write the Names of the different Creditors rais'd] concluding that the following heretofore belonging to the said _____ should be sold under Authority of the Court, in Terms of the several Acts of Parliament and Acts of Session heretofore made, and the Rests and Prizes thereof divided among his Creditors, according to their several Rights and Diligences affecting the same, the following Grounds of Debt and Diligence thereon were produced on the Part of the respective Creditors, *videlicet* [here take in briefly the Grounds of Debt, &c. produced by the Creditors conform to the Summors thereof given to them, &c. with] and that these Proceedings had been taken in the Action before the Lord _____ as Ordinary, the said Lords of Council and Session, at the Date hereof, rais'd and rais'd, and hereby such and such, &c. [here the Words of the Instrument of Ranking to be verbatim expressed] and ordain all Letters and Execution necessary to pass and be done hereon in Form as Effores. Extended by us, one of the Principal Clerks of Session.

SCHEDULE (I.)

Form of Extract of Decree of Division.

AT Edinburgh, the Day of _____ in the Process of Ranking and Sale, rais'd and rais'd in before the Lords of Council and Session, at the Instance of _____ and the following Perfons his Creditors, *videlicet* [here write the Names of the Creditors rais'd] concluding that the Lords and Estates, &c. [here describe the Subjects jointly] belonging to the said _____ should be sold under Authority of the Court, and the Rests and Prizes thereof divided among his Creditors, conform to their respective Rights and Diligences affecting the same, where the saided Subjects had been sold, and a Decree Ranking, the Creditors pronounced and extended: The said Lords of Council and Session, at the Date hereof, rais'd and hereby approve of the Balance of Division of the Rests and Prizes of the said Subjects made up and reported by the Purchaser of the said Subjects, to make Payment of the Sum due by him, extending of Principal and Interest at the Term of _____ Sterling, in manner following, *videlicet* [here take in short Part of the Assignation's Balance which allures the Price, and in such the Factor has any Balance in his Hands, the Allocation of that Balance may also be inserted] and ordain Letters of Homage on Fifteen Days Change, and all other Execution necessary to pass and be done hereon in Form as Effores. Extended by us, one of the Principal Clerks of Session.

SCHEDULE.

DUES OF COURT.

Summors.

IN lieu of the prefer'd Fee or Dues of Court, on Telling of Summors, there shall be paid on £. s. d.
every Summors the Sum of _____

Suspensions and Advertisions.

To pay the like Fee of One Pound each _____

Original or Summary Applications by Petition, &c.

Original Petitions, and Petitions and Complaints, or any other Summary Applications, by which a Cause comes in the first Instance before the Outer or Inner House, shall pay in lieu of the prefer'd Fee of Four Shillings and Two pence One Pound each _____

Defences.

All Defences including and comprehending the 10th Paper or Step of Process, given in for the Changer in a Suspension, or for the Defender, called in an Advertision, One Pound each _____

Answers to Summary Applications.

All Answers in Summary Applications, each One Pound _____

Concurrences and Answers in Outer or Inner House.

Concurrences, each Ten Shillings _____

Answers to Dues, or Counter-Concurrences, each Ten Shillings _____

C c 2

A. 112. 195

Amendments of Libel, or additional Defenses or Supplementary Confessions or Answers.		s.	d.	d.
Each, One Pound		1	0	0
Repetitions and Answers.				
Repetitions to pay Ten Shillings each		0	10	0
Answers to pay Five Shillings each		0	5	0
Minutes.				
Each Minute ordered by the Lord Ordinary or Court to be given in in the Inner or Outer House to pay Five Shillings		0	5	0
Every Answer Five Shillings		0	5	0
Memorials or Informations.				
Memorials or Informations either in the Inner or Outer House to pay Ten Shillings each		0	10	0
Petitions, Requisitions or Incidental, and Answers.				
All Petitions and Answers (other than Original or Summary Applications as above) in lieu of the perfect Fee of Four Shillings and Ten pence, to pay Ten Shillings each		0	10	0
Prepared Stems.				
Each Party in place of the perfect Fee on Hearings of Nine Shillings and Eight pence, to pay One Pound		1	0	0
Replies and Duplies.				
Replies and Duplies in the Inner or Outer House to pay each One Pound		1	0	0
Notes.				
All Notes to the Lord President printed or written, Five Shillings each		0	5	0
Depositions of Witnesses or of Parties.				
Deposition of Witnesses or of Parties, whether in presence of the Court or on Commission, in lieu of the perfect Fee, to the Clerks of Session to pay each Two Shillings		0	2	0
Interests in Possession of Multiple Findings, Adjudications and Rankings and Sale; also Writings given in to satisfy Productions in Reductions, each Ten Shillings.				
All Interests where the Sum claimed is under Ten Pounds, to continue as at present to pay no Fee.		0	10	0
Abridged Extracts.				
The Extracts of Decrets in <i>Acta</i> , each One Pound One Shilling		1	1	0
Extracts of Decrets in <i>Abstracts</i> , <i>Acta</i> , <i>Abbreviations of Adjudication</i> , <i>Diligences and Protections</i> , Ten Shillings and Six pence each		0	10	6
The Fees of the Lord Clerk Register on Summons, and on Acts and Decrets, as also those of the Keeper of the Minute Book; and of the Messrs as <i>Abstracts</i> and Decrets, and the Fees of the Messrs on the Depositions of Witnesses and of Parties; and those of the Messrs on <i>Abstracts</i> , and on Interests in Adjudications, are to continue as at present; and the Clerks Assistants who prepare the Extracts, is hereby to be allowed to charge the ordinary Rate of copying per Sheet allowed to Agents before the Court of Session at the time.				
Certified Copy of Proceedings for Appeal, Five Pounds each		5	0	0
Cross Appeals to pay the same Sum each		5	0	0
None of the above Fees to attach upon Proceedings on the Poor Roll.				
There is at present payable upon Extracts of Decrets recorded in the Books of Council and Session, which are submitted by the Principal Clerks of Session as Deputies empowered to that Effect by the Lord Clerk Register, the Sums following, <i>viz.</i>				
A Pound				1 0 0
Of which there is paid to the Lord Register				0 0 3 3
To the Clerks				0 1 14
To the Keepers				0 0 4 6
And for writing, recording, Paper, &c.				0 0 9 1
A Deed (Full Sheet)				0 3 3
Of which the Lord Register draws				0 1 12
The Clerks draw				0 1 14
The Keepers				0 0 4 1
Writing, recording, Paper, &c.				0 1 0 1

Second Sheet pays	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	£. 0	2	4		
Of which the Clerks draw	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	£. 0	0	10		
The Keepers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	8		
Writing, wording and Paper	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	10		
												0	2	4
Third and each other Sheet pays	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	£. 0	1	6		
Of which the Keepers draw	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	10		
Writing, wording and Paper	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	10		
												0	2	4

The above Registration Fees, in so far as they go to the Lord Clerk Register and Keepers of Registers, &c. shall continue on their present footing: but in so far as they go to the Principal Clerks of Sessions, and form a Part of the General Fund which they divide among themselves, shall be drawn by the Collector, and paid into the Fee Fund, out of which the Allowances or Salaries to the Principal and Deputy Clerks of Sessions, &c. are to be paid in future.

SCHEDULE.

Rate of Fees payable to the Auditor of Court.

When the Amount of the Account to be taxed is under Ten Pounds, the Auditor's Fee to be	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	£. 1.	7	6
When the Account amounts to Ten Pounds but is under Twenty Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	10	6
When the Account amounts to Twenty Pounds but is under Fifty Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	15	0
When the Account amounts to Fifty Pounds but is under One hundred Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	6
When the Account amounts to One hundred Pounds but is under One hundred and fifty Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	11	6
When the Account amounts to One hundred and fifty Pounds but is under Two hundred Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	0
When the Account amounts to Two hundred Pounds but is under Three hundred Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	0
When the Account amounts to Three hundred Pounds but is under Five hundred Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	0
When the Account amounts to Five hundred Pounds and upwards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	0

SCHEDULE.

Fees of Ordinary Signet Letters and of Services before the Masters.

Fees of Ordinary Signet Letters.

Letters of Herring and Pounding, Captain, Arrestment, Supplement and Law Burrows:										£.	0	6
First Sheet, estimated as the legal Sheet, by this Act	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	5	0
Every other Sheet so estimated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	2	6
Inhibitions, Harnings against Superiors, Letters of General and Special Charge, and Summons of Adjudication:												
First Sheet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	10	0
Second Sheet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	6	0
All other Summons passing the Signet:												
First Sheet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	6	0
Second Sheet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	4	0
Bills of Suspension and of Adjudication, when drawn by a Writer to the Signet:												
First Sheet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	6	0
Every other Sheet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	4	0
Letters of Suspension and Adjudication, when expedited by the Writer to the Signet who draw the Bill:												
For the formal Part, per Sheet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	4	0
For every other Sheet, for writing and expediting the Letters	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	1	0
When the Bill is drawn by another Person:												
For the formal Part per Sheet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	5	0
For every other Sheet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	2	0
Fees of Service before the Masters to the Writer as the Signet, as Clerk to the Service, without Prejudice to other proper Charges relative to making up the Title.												
For the Bill for Contrivance, Acta and Minutes of Court, Commissions to possidit Drives, &c.												
First Sheet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	8	0
Every other Sheet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	4	0
For Claims,												
First Sheet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	10	0
Every other Sheet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	6	0
For the Return,												
First Sheet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	0	0
Every other Sheet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	12	0

As

As Clerk to the Service,	£ s. d.
When the Lands are below £, 400. valued Rent	4 4 0
Amounting to £, 400. and below £, 500	5 5 0
----- £, 500. and below £, 1,000.	7 7 0
----- £, 1,000. and below £, 1,500	8 8 0
----- £, 1,500. and upwards	10 10 0

SCHEDULE.

Specific Compenfations :

To each of the Principal Clerks of Justice now in Office, in addition to the Salary of the above-mentioned Posts in the foregoing Act provided, during the respective Lives of the said Clerks, upon their severally becoming entitled to such Salary

To Thomas Malou, Extractor, besides the Salary of Two hundred Pounds in the foregoing Act provided during his Life

To Lewis de Meis, Extractor, beside the like Salary, during his Life

To William Carmichael, Extractor, besides the like Salary, during his Life

To John Eldon, Extractor, beside the like Salary, during his Life

To Adam Wilson, Extractor, besides the like Salary, during his Life

To Joseph Jackson, Extractor, beside the like Salary, during his Life

To the following Extractors, during their respective Lives:

Thomas Milne £. 100 per Ann.

Robert B. 70 per Ann.

James Schalk 50 per Ann.

David George 25 per Ann.

James Shalh 44 5 1 per Ann.

Alexander Pitcairn 30 per Ann.

John Alexander 100 per Ann.

Thomas Scott 150 per Ann.

John Chalmers 120 per Ann.

William Smith 110 per Ann.

Walker Leachhart 20 per Ann.

To the Collector of Clerks Fees now in Office, and his Deputies during their respective Lives, according to the Proportions in which they now respectively receive the same

100 per Ann.

C A P. CXIII.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sum of Three Millions for the Service of Great Britain, [20th June 1810.]

“ Treasury empowered to raise 3,000,000*l.* by Exchequer Bills, in manner directed by 48 G. 3. c. 1 — § 1, 2.

“ Principal of said Bills assignable on Fund Supplies of next Session, § 3. Interest thereon at 5*l.*

“ per Cent. per Ann. § 4. Said Bills to be current at the Exchequer after April 5, 1811 — § 5. Bank of

“ England empowered to advance 3,000,000*l.* on Credit of this Act, notwithstanding 5 & 6 W. 4. c. 11.

“ c. 11 — § 6.

C A P. CXIV.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Exchequer Wills, and to be advanced and applied in the Manner and upon the Terms therein mentioned, for the Relief of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies. [20th June 1810.]

“ WHEREAS the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, at present

“ labour and lose for some time past laboured under Difficulties, in the proceeding for certain Dividends

“ by Creditors in the East Indies drawing upon the said Company in England: And whereas it is expedient that

“ a Sum of Money should be advanced for the Relief of the said Company: And whereas it has been resolved,

“ that a Sum not exceeding One million five hundred thousand Pounds be granted to His Majesty, to be applied

“ for the Purpose of relieving the East India Company: We Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the

“ Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, do most humbly

“ beseech Your Majesty that it may be enabled; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by

“ and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliam-

“ ent assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His

“ Majesty's Treasury, at any time or times before the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eleven,

“ to cause or direct any Number of Exchequer Bills to be made out at the Receipt of the Exchequer, for any

“ Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds, in

“ the Manner and Manner, Form and Order, and according to the same or the like Rules and Directions as are

“ prescribed in an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for*

“ *regulating the issuing and paying off of Exchequer Bills.*

II. And

	Additional Customs	44 G. 3. c. 53.				
	----- Duties on Property	45 G. 3. c. 15.				
	----- Excise on Tobacco, &c.	46 G. 3. c. 35.				
	----- Customs	----- c. 44.				
	----- Duties on Property	----- c. 65.				
	----- Excise on Brandy	47 G. 3. c. 27.				
	----- Customs	48 G. 3. c. 26.				
	----- Ditto	49 G. 3. c. 68.				
VI.	1,445,000	0	0	Exchequer Bills charged upon Supplies for 1809, subscribed to be funded pursuant to Resolutions of House of Commons of 13th <i>March</i> and 10th <i>April</i> 1810.	Granted to make good the Supply for Service of Great Britain for 1810.	
VII.	The following Sums, viz.					
	Product of Salt and Peweee Act, not exceeding					
	3,000,000	0	0	50 G. 3. c. 1.		
	16,500,000	0	0	Exchequer Bills	----- c. 2.	
	1,500,000	0	0	Ditto	----- c. 3.	
	6,000,000	0	0	Ditto	----- c. 69.	
	12,000,000	0	0	Accessories (after retaining 4,000,000 <i>l.</i> to <i>Irreland</i>)	----- c. 45.	
	Lotteries, (deducting One third for <i>Irreland</i>)			----- c. 94.		
	3,000,000	0	0	Exchequer Bills	----- c. 113.	
	428,550	6	11	Surplus of Consolidated Fund (See § II.)	Appropriated to the Uses after expressed. See § IX, &c.	
	8,000,000	0	0	Part of Sum remaining to be received 16th <i>Feb.</i> 1810, to complete 10,000,000 <i>l.</i> granted out of Produce of War Taxes &cop.		
	2,233,651	0	6	(granted above, § III.)		
	19,508,000	0	0	out of War Taxes (granted above, See § V.)		
	1,445,100	0	0	(granted above, § VI.)		
	4,400,000	0	0	out of Surplus of Consolidated Fund (See § I.)		
VIII.	The following Sums, viz.					
	4,000,000	0	0	(Annuities)	coming into the } 50 G. 3. c. 45. } Appropriated to the Uses after expressed. See § XXV, &c.	
	1,400,000	0	0	Ditto		----- c. 68.
	Share of Lotteries			----- c. 94.		
	316,000	0	0	(Treasury Bills)		----- c. 58.
IX.	Appropriation, viz.					
	10,825,434	5	11	For Naval Services; that is to say,	For 13 Months.	
	2,050,750	0	0	For 120,000 Men,		at c. d. } 1 15 6
	3,052,615	0	0	For Victuals,		
	3,235,500	0	0	For Wear and Tear of Ships,		Month. } 1 19 0
	551,500	0	0	For Ordnance for Sea Services,		
	1,311,075	15	11	For Ordinary of Navy including Half Pay,		
	1,241,207	0	0	For Building and Repairs of Ships of War and extra.		
	844,514	0	0	For Provisions for Troops and Garrisons on Foreign Stations, and Rations for Troops embarked on board Transports.		
	2,760,000	0	0	For Hire of Transports.		For the Year 1810.
	751,000	0	0	For Proficiency of War in Health at Home and Abroad.		
	75,000	0	0	Ditto Sick.		
	370,750	0	0	For Sick and Wounded Seamen at Home and Abroad.		
	460,887	10	0	For additional 15,000 Men, for 13 Months, at 2 <i>l.</i> 7 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i> per Man per Month.		
	346,125	0	0	For Wages of laid Men, at 1 <i>l.</i> 6 <i>s.</i> per Man per Month		
X.	3,000,000	0	0	For Great Britain, "to enable His Majesty to take such Measures as may be necessary to disappoint or to frustrate any Expectations or Designs of His Enemies, "and as the Importance of Affairs may require"		
XI.	300,000	0	0	Spain's Contingent, "to enable His Majesty to take such Measures as the Importance of Affairs may require for <i>Irreland</i> ."		
XII.	400,000	0	0	For Engagements with His <i>Sardinian</i> Majesty.		
XIII.	980,000	0	0	For the Government of <i>Portugal</i> "in support of the Military Exertions of that Kingdom, and for the Maintenance of 30,000 <i>Portuguese</i> Troops."		
XIV.	20,337,050	4	0	For Land Forces and other Services; that is to say,	} 7 48 3 000	
	7,483,000	6	9	For Land Forces at Home and Abroad (except in the <i>King's</i> <i>Indian</i> , Foreign Corps and embodied Militia.		

	28,073	7	6	For Five Troops of Dragoons and Sixteen Companies of Foot for remaining Companies in India	
	1,207,261	8	3	For the embodied Militia of the United Kingdom, and of the Royal Corps of Mincos of Devon and Cornwall.	
	457,044	14	4	For General and Staff Officers, and Officers of Hospitals and Garrisons.	
	375,375	15	0	For full Pay for Superannuated Officers of Forces.	
	279,549	6	21	For Principal Officers of several Public Departments in the United Kingdom, their Deputies, Clerks and Contingencies, and Amount of Exchequer Fees to be paid by the Paymaster General.	
	223,606	8	6	For Half Pay to reduced Officers of Land Forces including <i>British American Forces</i> , and <i>Swiss Brigade</i> late in the Service of the <i>King of Great Britain</i> .	
	10,302	13	11	For Military Allowances to reduced Officers of Land Forces, including <i>British American Forces</i> .	
	405,487	5	8	For In and Out Possessions of <i>Chiefs and Gentlemen</i> Hospitals, and Expenses of the Hospitals.	
	55,078	16	6	For Widows of Officers of Land Forces and Expenses attending the same in the United Kingdom.	
	869,179	10	10	For Volunteer Corps in the United Kingdom.	
	644,630	0	0	For Local Militia Forces in Great Britain.	
	958,423	6	4	For Foreign Corps in the Service of the United Kingdom.	
	17,840	13	0	For Allowances to retired Chaplains and Allowances to Clergymen officiating with Forces at Home, including Allowances to retired Chaplains General and other Contingencies.	
	114,026	14	10	For Medicines for Land Forces and Hospital Contingencies.	
	15,700	0	0	For Allowances on the Compassionate List to Children of deceased Officers and Widows of Officers of Land Forces.	
	456,617	9	7	For Barrack Department in <i>Ireland</i> .	
	209,489	13	1	For the Commissariat and extra Forage for Cavalry in <i>Ireland</i> .	
	1,207,000	0	0	For probable Expenditure of Commissary in <i>Chief's Department</i> .	For the Year 1810.
	548	18	0	For Barrack Department in <i>Great Britain</i> .	
	441	5	2	For extraordinary Expenses of the Army not provided for.	From 25th Dec. 1808, to 24th Dec. 1809.
	2,7	0	0	For extraordinary Services of the Army in <i>Great Britain</i> .	
	200,000	0	0	Do do in <i>Ireland</i> .	For the Year 1810.
XV.	3,078,741	19	2	For Office of Ordnance for Land Services for <i>Great Britain</i> .	
	131,191	18	3	For Duties not provided for in 1808.	
	124,543	5	0	Do do in 1809.	
	445,110	5	3	Duties for <i>Ireland</i> for 1810.	
	35,218	19	2	Do do provided for in 1809.	
XVI.	10,500,6	0	0	For discharging outstanding Exchequer Bills under	
				49 G. 3. c. 2.	
				— 2. 3.	
XVII.	1,900,000	0	0	Do do	
XVIII.	2,000,000	0	0	Do do for the Service of the Year 1809	
XIX.	6,000,000	0	0	Do do	
XX.	1,689,500	0	0	Do do	49 G. 3. c. 52.
XXI.	15,167	2	6	To make good like Item Ward passage to Address of the House of Commons, not made good by Parliament.	
XXII.	Civil Establishments, viz.				
	10,450	0	0	Upper Canada.	
	2,270	0	0	Lower Canada.	
	10,165	0	0	New South Wales.	
	5,600	0	0	New South Wales.	
	3,700	0	0	Botany Bay.	
					From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. 1810

	1,010	0	0	<i>Arms and Ordnance Stores</i>	
	600	0	0	<i>Dunoon</i>	
	4,551	0	0	<i>Newfoundland</i>	
	15,108	15	0	<i>New South Wales</i>	From 1 st Jan. to 31 st Dec. 1810.
	25,710	0	0	<i>Surry Levy</i>	
	3,100	0	0	<i>Sales Jobs in America</i>	
	12,000	0	0	<i>Arms & Parts and Settlements in Africa</i>	
XXIII.	15,485	1	0	For paying Ansonian under 27 G. 3. c. 10. 1801 42 nd J. c. 6.	On 31 st April 1810. On 30 th Dec. 1810.
	5,588	1	9	<i>Doitto</i>	On 30 th Dec. 1810.
	6,000	0	0	To Sheriffs for Confining of Felons	
	20,300	0	0	Law Charges for Great Britain	For the Year 1810.
	24,000	0	0	Public Office New Survey	
	1,362	6	11	Deficiency of Grant of 1809, for Printing and Stationery for both Houses of Parliament.	
	26,800	0	0	For Printing and Stationery for both Houses of Parliament	
	1,328	3	4	To pay Chancellor and other Allowances to the Peer of Great Britain in the Field	
	3,700	0	0	Extraordinary Expenses for Professions, &c. relating to the Case	
	7,841	11	11	Supportance of Aliens	
	10,450	0	0	Expence of Councils at Home	For the Year 1810.
	161,452	3	0	Foreign Clergy, Teachers, Dutch and English Emigrants, Poor, Dissenting Ministers and American Laymen	
	5,500	0	0	Allowances to Officers of Hoods of Lords and Commons, and Disbursements to Sergeants at Arms	
	5,162	7	4	Printing by Order of Commissioners of Public Records	
	418	13	0	For Index to Rolls of Parliament	
	532	13	6	For Index to Journals of the Peers, from 31 st July 1808 to 31 st July 1809.	
	1,131	8	0	For Salaries and incidental Expenses in forming said Indexes	
	8,698	13	0	Chairman of Committee of House of Lords, for the Year 1809.	
	1,662	0	0	Sergeant at Arms to House of Lords for Services during 1809.	
	219	14	0	Deputy Sergeant at Arms to House of Commons for One Year's Rent of House in City of Westminster	
	182	3	3	Expenses on presenting Eliza Bickell in Parliament	
	138	17	0	Publishing average Price of Brown or Malcoms Sugar for Two Years to 18 Dec. 1809.	
	289	19	8	Extra Expenses in preparing Returns of Non-resident Clergy for Two Years to 29 th March 1808.	
	978	6	6	To Dr. T. B. Clarke for Trouble relative to Act for enforcing Residence to 31 st July 1809.	
	324	18	6	Expenses in making Road from Castle to Ditchford	
	1,150	12	0	Officers for keeping Tables in Exchequer from 31 st July 1808 to 31 st April 1809	
	114	14	6	To discharge Bill from Fox Down's Land	
	1,474	18	0	Expenses of Commissioners of Military Enquiry	
	6,156	11	0	Heric Patrol round the Metropolis for One Year	
	717	18	0	Expenses of Furriers for Janes Board at Derby Hoop	
	57,948	14	0	Royal Military College, 29 th Dec. 1809 to 24 th Dec. 1810.	
	25,226	4	7	Royal Military Asylum, Chelsea, from 29 th Dec. 1809 to 24 th Dec. 1810.	
	9455	14	0	Purchase Disarming Minors in England and Ireland, and French Refugees	For the Year 1810.
	958	8	0	Thomas Polk Office	
	706	17	2	Expenses of Two Printing Presses, a Prefect to Registry of Portugal	
	881	8	5	Work done at House occupied by Board of Control	
	502	9	6	Preparing Journals of House of Lords to be printed	
	1,600,000	0	0	Discharging Interest on Exchequer Bills	
	2,000	0	0	To Capt. G. W. Hensley, Reward for Invention for effecting Communications with Ships stranded	
	30,000	0	0	Indian Navigation by Journals to Fort Mifflin	
	25,000	0	0	Printing 1,777 Copies of 5 th Vol. of Journals of House of Commons	
	712	19	31	Deficiency of the Grant of 1808 for printing the 6 th Vol. of Doitto	
	24,200	0	0	Printing Vows, Edicts, Reports, &c. of the House of Commons in 1810.	
	748.5	17	3	Deficiency of Grant for Printing Doitto, for 1809.	
	10,000	0	0	Reprinting Journals, &c. of House of Commons, in 1810.	

270	7	Deficiency for extraordinary Expenses for Professors, &c. relating to Cole in 1809.	
7,128	0	6	Druggs Mixture for General Purposes.
12,000	0	0	Royal College of Surgeons to erect Theatre, &c.
20,117	2	114	(Hired out of Civil List) To discharge Bills from <i>Exchequer Loans</i>
16,570	0	0	Towards building Mast on <i>Tower Hill</i> .
5,000	0	0	Repairs and completing <i>Marble's Palace</i> .
21,000	0	0	Luxuries at <i>Clenny Hill</i> .
17,500	0	0	Extra Contingencies of the Three Secretaries of State.
14,000	0	0	Extra Charge for Messengers of <i>Ditto</i> .
175,000	0	0	Foreign and Secret Service.
5,000	0	0	Works at the House of Lords.
40,000	0	0	To discharge Bills from <i>New South Wales</i> .
110,000	0	0	Deficiency of Grant of the Year 1809 for Salaries to Officers of Houses of Lords and Commons and Serjeant at Arms.
5,000	0	0	Fees on passing Publick Accounts for the Year 1809.
3,096	8	0	(Hired out of) To the Clerk to the Chairman of the Committee for House of Civil List. } Fees during the Two last Sessions.
1,500	0	0	Towards Repair of <i>Henry VII's Chapel</i> .
10,000	0	0	Towards improving Harbour of <i>Highland</i> .
46,388	10	1	Building and Maintenance of Naval Armies.
25,000	0	0	Rebuilding Publick Edifices in <i>Trinidad</i> , destroyed by Fire in 1808.
5,000	0	0	Board of Agriculture.
1,000	0	0	<i>Paterbury College</i> .
13,727	0	0	Purchase of <i>C. F. Grenville's Collection of Minerals</i> .
2,817	19	7	Printing 1,250 Copies of Volumes 28. and 29. of the <i>Lords' Journals</i> .
1,564	1	4	Printing 1,250 Copies of Calendar of <i>Lords' Journals</i> , from <i>Henry VIII.</i> to 28th Jan. 1808.
11,550	0	0	For Outstanding Demands for Works done at Houses of Parliament, in 1810.
7,716	0	0	For Rebuilding <i>Light-house</i> , &c. at <i>Highland</i> , in 1810.
721	12	0	Towards Expenses of exploring Interior of <i>Africa</i> .
2,544	9	0	For Improvements near to <i>Windsor Hall</i> , &c.
21,000	0	0	Competition to Commissioners of Publick Expenditure in certain Military Departments, for two Years.
8,000	0	0	Competition to Commissioners of <i>Windsor Park</i> .
3,000	0	0	The National Vaccine Establishment.
44	11	6	To discharge a Bill drawn by the Governor of <i>New Georgia</i> .
180	15	0	Expenses of Prison at <i>Shrewsbury</i> .
416	12	0	Examining and investigating <i>East India</i> Accounts for one Year, to 7th Sept. 1809.
316	15	0	<i>Thames</i> Police Office.
249	8	0	Preparing 28th and 29th Volumes of the <i>Lords' Journals</i> for the Press.
335	10	0	Stationary tax to <i>Cape of Good Hope</i> , in 1808.
1,546	17	0	Herb Patrole for one Quarter, to 7th April 1810.
351	12	0	To <i>Mrs. Gurney</i> Expenses on Commission of the Houses of Parliament, in Session 1809.
207,000	0	0	To the Governors of <i>Queen Anne's Bounty</i> for the Poor Clergy.
1,034	5	0	(Hired out of Civil List) To Special Commissions during the last Disbarances.
395	15	6	To Representatives of the late <i>Charles Murray</i> , Surveyor General of Lands for <i>New South</i> , in consequence of under Computations in his Accounts.
18,000	0	0	To Commissioners for Sale and Redemption of Land Tax for Services from 1799.
3,656	11	8	Military Roads in <i>North Borneo</i> .
XXIV. 10,000	0	0	Roads and Bridges in <i>Highlands in Scotland</i> .
XXV. 10 th Currency.			[In Ireland]
800	0	0	Examiner of Corn Bounties keeping Accounts.
850	0	0	1st Officer General of Imports and Exports, preparing Accounts of <i>Ireland</i> .
800	0	0	Fish Clerk of <i>Ditto</i> , preparing Accounts.
210	0	0	Examiner of <i>Excise</i> , <i>Ditto</i> .
150	0	0	All last Expenses of <i>Lords' Demesne</i> .
200	0	0	Clerk in Auditors' Office <i>Exchequer</i> , <i>Ditto</i> .

XXVI. 25,000

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XXVI.	25,000	0	0	Criminal Prosecutions and other Law Expenses in Ireland, from 5th Jan. 1810, to 5th Jan. 1811.	
	2,800	0	0	Printing &c. 270 Copies of Public General Acts	70 G. 5.
	2,500	0	0	Approveing Public Offices.	
	9,420	18	0	Non-conforming Ministers.	} From 5th Jan. 1810, to 5th Jan. 1811.
	1,047	10	2	Expence of Postage to the Post of Dublin.	
	3,720	0	0	Support of Securing Ministers from the Spread of Ujter.	} From 25th March 1809 to 25th March 1811.
	3,500	0	0	Incidents of the Yarnery.	} For one Year ending 5th Jan. 1811.
	1,080	0	0	Clothing Heralds, &c.	} For three Years from 25th March 1810. to 18 Dec. 1811.
	540	0	0	Clothing Battle Axe Guards from 18 Jan. 1810.	
	10,500	0	0	Proclamations and Advertisements in Dublin Gazette, &c.	} From 5th Jan. 1810, to 5th Jan. 1811.
	25,000	0	0	Civil Buildings	
	14,668	0	0	(Scries) Completing Ardgyle Pier.	
	11,000	0	0	(Scries) Drawing Bays.	
	22,158	0	0	Printing, &c. for Secretaries Office, and other Public Offices in Dublin Castle.	} From 5th Jan. 1810, to 5th Jan. 1811.
	3,081	0	0	Salaries of Lottery Officers, for one Year ending 24th Jan. 1810.	
	25,000	0	0	Harbour of Beach, Works at (Scries) Purchase of Duties of Boatage and Prizage.	
	216,200	0	0	(Scries) Allowance to Commissioners for Enquiries into Foss and Abolish.	
	750	0	0	(Scries) Board of Irish Fosses for building and rebuilding Churches, &c.	
XXVII.	10,000	0	0	Dublin Society for promoting Husbandry, &c.	
	5,000	0	0	Farming Banquet of Ireland.	
	21,600	0	0	Travellers of the Linn Manufacture.	} From 5th Jan. 1810, to 5th Jan. 1811.
	9,800	0	0	Commissioners for making wide and convenient Streets in Dublin.	
	10,000	0	0	Travellers and Commissioners of Foss Fosses, towards building, &c. Churches, Oliva Hoasen, &c.	
XXVIII.	14,385	0	0	Widow's School for Soldiers' Children.	
	47,028	0	0	House of Industry, Alms and Penitentiaries in Dublin.	
	3,856	0	0	Widow's Marine Society in Dublin.	
	1,577	0	0	Female Orphan House, near Dublin.	
	8,973	0	0	Roman Catholic Seminary.	
	27,575	0	0	Funding Hospital, in Dublin.	
	20	0	0	Cord Education.	
	4,518	0	0	Association for discountenancing Vice.	
	800	0	0	Commissioners of Charitable Donations.	
	7,045	0	0	Widow's Luck Hospital in Dublin.	
	5,128	0	0	St. David's Lane's Hospital.	
	1,500	0	0	Lying-in Hospital.	
	1,000	0	0	Fever Hospital in Cord Street, Dublin.	
	500	0	0	Dublin Street's Hospital.	
	25,428	0	0	Incorporated Society for Promoting English Protestant Schools.	
XXIX.	Surplus shall be applied only to the Purposes authorized, &c.				
XXX.	Rules for Application of Half Pay.				
XXXI.	Application of Overplus of Fees, under 49 G. 3. c. 128. § 25. to retired Officers.				} As in former Acts.

C A P. CXVI.

AN Act to extend and amend the Term and Provisions of an Act of the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Preservation of Timber in the New Forest in the County of Southampton, and for determining the Boundaries of the said Forest, and of the Lands of the Crown within the same. [both Year 1810.]

25 G. 40 G. 1.
c. 85. § 25.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Years of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for the better Preservation of Timber in the New Forest, in the County of Southampton; and for effectuating the Boundaries of the said Forest, and of the Lands of the Crown within the same; a Power

is given to the Commissioners of the Treasury for Ten Years after the passing of this Act, to extend, for the Exchange of any of the Waste Lands lying in the New Forest, belonging to the Crown, not exceeding the Value of Five hundred Pounds, for any other Land lying in the same Forest, belonging to Individuals of the Nature, Situation and Description in the said Act particularly specified: And whereas the Time limited for making such Exchanges will expire on the Twenty eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ten, and it is expedient to enlarge the same: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the time for making such Exchanges under the said recited Act shall be extended to the Twenty eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and all Powers, Provisions and Directions contained in the said recited Act, relative to such Exchanges, shall be and continue in force for each extended Period.

Enacted in July
1811.

11. And whereas by the said Act it was, amongst other things, enacted, that the Commissioners named in the said Act should delineate the Boundaries of the said Forest, and the Lands within the same, which belong to His Majesty, & they should cause a Map or Plan to be made of the said Forest, in which Map or Plan the Boundaries of the said Forest, and the Lands belonging to His Majesty within the same, as ascertained by the said Commissioners, should be accurately and distinctly marked, set out and distinguished; and the Lands within the said Forest belonging to other Persons should also be marked and distinguished in the said Map or Plan, so far as the said Commissioners should be able to ascertain the same; and that such Map or Plan should be certified, and deposited as therein mentioned; and that after such Map or Plan should have been so made and completed, certified and deposited amongst the Records of the Court of Attachments of the said Forest, all unlawful Inclosures, Encroachments and Trespasses whatsoever within the said Forest, should and might be enquired of by the Viewers of the said Forest in the Court of Attachments of the said Forest, and the Parties or Persons guilty of any such Inclosure, Encroachment or Trespass, should and might be prosecuted for the same in the said Court; and upon Proof being made thereof by the Oath of One credible Witness, the Viewers of the said Forest, or any Two of them present at the said Court, should have Power, and they were thereby authorized to fine any Person or Persons so offending, for every such Offence, in any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, to be recovered and applied to the use of the same charges provided, and to enter and distress every such Inclosure, Encroachment, Encroachment and Trespass, to be done by the Receiver, Under-sheriff, or other Officers of the said Forest, who should stand the same accordingly: And whereas Two of the Commissioners authorized by the said Act, and a Commissioner named in a subsequent Act of the Forty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, proceeded to ascertain and settle the Boundaries of the said Forest, and the Lands within the same, belonging to His Majesty, and have returned their Proceedings thereon pursuant to the said Act; but have not proceeded to cause such Map or Plan to be made pursuant to the said Act, and have expressed that they were unable so to do: And whereas great Trespasses have been made in the said Forest, and the Viewers are unable to proceed according to the said Act, for want of such Map or Plan: Be it therefore enacted, That notwithstanding such Map or Plan has not been made, certified and deposited as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Viewers of the said Forest to proceed as directed and authorized by the said Act, in case such Map or Plan had been made, certified and deposited as aforesaid: Provided nevertheless, in case it shall be proved by any Person or Persons who shall be prosecuted against in the Attachment Court as directed by the said Act, that the Place where the Inclosure, Encroachment or Trespass shall be or be alleged to have been made, was not within the Boundaries of the said Forest or within the Lands belonging to His Majesty within the said Forest, the said Viewers shall not proceed to Conviction, but shall certify the Prosecution of such Offence to His Majesty's Attorney General, to the end that such Proceeding may be had therein, by Intimation of Intention, or otherwise, as by Law might have been done before the passing of the said recited Act: or of this Act.

25th 46th 2.
27th 5th 18
7th 20.

41 G. 3. (18. Eg
2. 1816.

Witnesses in presence of
the Commissioners
within the
said Forest, and
the Viewers of
the said Forest,
certified and
deposited.

C A P. CXVII.

An Act to direct that Accounts of Increase and Diminution of Public Salaries, Pensions and Allowances, shall be annually laid before Parliament; and to regulate and control the granting and paying of such Salaries, Pensions and Allowances. [21st July 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that an Account of the Increase and Diminution of all Public Salaries, and of all Pensions and Allowances in the Service of Superannuation or Rewards for Public Services, should be annually laid before Parliament; and that Provision should be made for regulating and controlling the granting and paying of such Salaries, Pensions and Allowances: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That between the first Day of February and Twenty fifth Day of March in every Year, if Parliament shall be sitting during any Part of such Period, or if Parliament shall not be sitting during any Part of such Period, then within Forty Days after the Commencement of the Session of Parliament in such Year, there shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament, an Account of every Increase and Diminution which shall have taken place within the preceding Year, ending on the First Day of January, in the Number of Persons employed in all Public Offices or Departments, or in the Salaries, Emoluments, Allowances and Expenses which may have taken place, or been paid, granted, received or incurred for and in respect of all Offices and Places belonging to or employed in or by or in the Service of all Public Offices or Departments, specifying the Amount and Nature thereof, and distinguishing in such Account every Increase and Diminution in the Amount of all Allowances or Compendiums granted or allowed as recited Allowances or Superannuations in any Form or Manner

Amount of Increase and Diminution of Public Salaries, Pensions and Allowances.

having held any Office, Place or Employment in any such Publick Office or Department, or having been employed in any vantage in any Publick Service, or under any such Office or Department, and specifying in every such Account the Time and Length of Service of every such Person, and the Amount of the Salary or Allowance received by each Person respectively, such Superannuations, and the Nature of his Services, and also specifying in every such Account the Class or Classes which every such Income or Emolument at the Establishment of any such Publick Office or Department, or of any such Salary, Emolument, Allowance or Compensation, or Superannuation as aforesaid, shall have been made, granted or allowed.

II. And be it further enacted, That no Compensation for any Office abolished, or special Allowance or Remuneration to any Person holding any Civil Employment in any Publick Office for any good Services, shall be charged upon the Exchequer or any other Fund of any Publick Office or Department, and no Allowance or Compensation, in the Nature of any Superannuation or retired Allowance or Reward, to any such Person as aforesaid, in respect of his having held any Publick Office or Employment, or been engaged in any publick Service, (except such as may be granted by any Order of His Majesty in Council) shall be granted, paid or allowed, without the Consent of Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, to be signified by Warrant under their Hands, or by a Letter from One of the Secretaries to the said Commissioners, to the Officers or Officers at the Head of such Department, or by the Signature of such Three of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to the Instrument by which such Compensation, Allowance or Superannuation shall be granted.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Half Pay or Allowance in lieu of Half Pay, or to any such Military or Naval Allowances or Pensions, as are granted under the Regulations of any Order of His Majesty in Council now in force in any of the respective Offices of the Secretary at War, the Master General of the Ordnance, or the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty: except as hereinafter is provided with respect to the same.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That all Half Pay and Allowances in lieu of Half Pay in the Army, Ordnance, Navy or Marines respectively, and all Military and Naval Allowances and Pensions granted, or which shall hereafter be granted in the respective Offices of the Secretary at War, the Master General of the Ordnance, or Commissioners of the Admiralty respectively, under the Authority of any Order in Council, shall be laid before the Common House of Parliament, in separate Estimates, with the ordinary Estimates of the Army, Ordnance and Navy respectively, and shall be kept distinct from all Pensions, Allowances, Emoluments or Compensation in the Nature of Superannuations or retired Allowances, in any of the Civil Offices or Departments belonging to or connected with, or under the Superintendance and Control of the Secretary at War, or the Master General of the Ordnance, or Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That all Allowances, Compensation and Emoluments, in the Nature of any Superannuations, or retired Allowances, to any Person in respect of having held any Publick Office or Employment, or having been engaged in the Service of the Secretary at War, Master General of the Ordnance, or Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty respectively, in any of the Civil Departments of such respective Office, shall annually be laid before the Common House of Parliament, in separate Estimates, with the ordinary Estimates of the Army, Ordnance and Navy respectively, distinct from the respective Estimates of such Departments, and voted by Parliament.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful to charge the Fund arising from the Sale of old Naval Stores, with any Pension, Payment or Allowance, to any Person or Persons whatever; and an Account of the total annual Produce arising from the Sale of old Stores shall be annually laid before Parliament, and Credit shall be given for the total Produce of such Sale of old Naval Stores, to the Estimates of the Navy laid before Parliament in each Year.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all such Pensions, Payments, and Allowances, which are now charged upon the Fund arising from the said Sale of old Naval Stores, shall remain charged and shall be paid out of the said Fund, until the same shall be included in the Estimate of the Navy; and all such Pensions, Payments and Allowances, shall be included in the Estimate of the Navy for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and shall be in like manner provided for in future Years, and shall be no longer deemed to be charged upon or payable out of the said Fund.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in every Office and Publick Department in which the Establishment of the Office is paid by any Fund created by the Fees received in such Office, all Allowances and Compensation as aforesaid, or which shall be hereafter granted in the Nature of Superannuations or Allowances or Rewards, to any Person in respect of any Publick Service, shall be charged in the first Instance, upon, and paid out of such Fund as aforesaid; and where such Fund shall be found deficient in any Office for the Payment of such Establishment and other Payments as aforesaid, an Estimate of such Deficiency shall be submitted annually to the Common House of Parliament, and such Deficiency shall be supplied by a Vote of Parliament.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any such Deficiency of the Fee Fund shall be found in the Office of the Principal Secretary of State, of the Pay Office, and of the Treasury, the same shall be made good out of the Civil List; and that all Allowances and Compensation in the Nature of Fees, or Retires, or Allowances and Rewards, to any Person in respect of any Publick Service in any Department, the Establishment of which is wholly charged upon the Civil List, shall also be charged upon the said Fund.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in every Publick Office or Department in which there shall be no such Fee Fund as aforesaid, for the Payment of the Establishment of such Office or Department, not being an Office in Receipt of Revenue, or an Office the Establishment of which is wholly charged

upon the Civil List, the Whole of such Allowances and Compenfitions in the Nature of Superannuations or Allowances or Rewards, to any Person in respect of any Publick Service, fhall as usually be laid before the Common Houfe of Parliament by Estimate, and be voted and charged upon fuch Funds as Parliament fhall direct.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Allowances or Compenfitions hereafter to be granted or allowed as Allowances or Penfions or Superannuations, fhall be paid to the Perfons entitled to receive the fame, without any Abatement or Deduction: on account of any Rates or Duties impofed by any Act of Parliament, except the Duty granted by an Act paffed in the Forty fecond Year of His prefent Majesty, intitled, *An Act for granting to His Majefty during the prefent Wars, and until the fecond Day of April next after the Reftoration of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further a fpecial Duty in Great Britain on the Rates and Duties on Profits arifing from Profits, Profefions, Trades and Offices, and for repaying an Act paffed in the Forty fifth Year of His prefent Majesty, for repaying certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His prefent Majesty, for granting a Compenfation on the Profits arifing from Profits, Profefions, Trades and Offices, and to compensate an Exceeding of the Profits for collecting the faid Duties.*

Superannuation or Allowance to be paid without D. Deduction, except Property Tax. 44 G. 3. c. 26.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Condition and Propofition of fuch Allowances, Compenfitions, Remunerations or Superannuations, be as follows:

Condition as to D. 50 years of age. 44 G. 3. c. 26.

When any Officer fhall be under Sixty Years of Age, he fhall not be lawful to grant any fuch Allowance, Compenfition, Remunerations or Superannuation, which upon Certificate from the Heads of the Department to which fuch Officer belongs, that fuch Officer is incapable from Infirmy of Mind or Body, to difcharge the Duties of his Office; in which cafe, if he fhall have ferved with Diligence and Fidelity in the publick Service for Ten Years, it fhall and may be lawful to grant to him by way of Superannuation, any annual Sum not exceeding One third of the Salary and Emoluments of his Office:

If above Ten Years and lefs than Twenty, any fuch Sum not exceeding Our Half of fuch Salary and Emoluments:

If above Twenty Years, any fuch Sum not exceeding Two Thirds of fuch Salary and Emoluments:

If fuch Officer fhall be above Sixty Years of Age, and he fhall have ferved Fifteen Years or upwards, it fhall and may be lawful alfo though there fhall be no fuch Certificate of Incapacity, from Infirmy of Body or Mind, to grant to him by way of Superannuation, any annual Sum not exceeding Two Thirds of the Salary and Emoluments of his Office:

If Sixty five Years of Age or upwards, and he fhall have ferved Forty Years or upwards, any fuch Sum not exceeding Three fourths of fuch Salary and Emoluments:

If Sixty five Years of Age or upwards, and he fhall have ferved Fifty Years or upwards, any fuch Sum not exceeding the Whole of fuch Salary and Emoluments.

XIII. And whereas an Act was paffed in the Twenty fecond Year of the Reign of His prefent Majesty, intitled, *An Act for enabling His Majefty to difcharge the Debt contracted upon His Civil List Accounts, and for providing the fame to be done in Arrear for the future by regulating the Mode of Payment out of the Civil Revenue, and by fettling or regulating certain Office Perfonages, which were then paid out of the Revenue of the Civil List:* And whereas it is expedient that the faid Act fhould be amended, fo far as respects Penfions to Perfons who fhall have ferved the Crown in Foreign Courts, after the Expiration of their Services: Be it therefore enacted, That no Penfion or Allowance fhall be granted to any Perfons for or on account of having ferved the Crown in Foreign Courts, within lefs than Ten Years from the Date of his firft Appointment to fuch Service, during which time he fhall have ferved not lefs than Three Years, and no fuch Allowance fhall exceed Two thoufand Pounds per Annum, and no fuch Allowance fhall exceed fuch Perfons fhall be appointed to any Civil Office or Employment under the Crown of equal or greater Amount, and fhall alfo be fubject to a proportionate Abatement if the Value of any fuch Office or Employment fhould be lefs than the Amount of fuch Allowance as aforesaid.

44 G. 2. c. 20.

Penfion of Perfons who have ferved the Crown in Foreign Courts.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That before any fuch Penfion or Allowance fhall be granted, the Perfons in whole Favour the fame fhall be granted fhall not be lefs than Thirty five Years of Age, and His Majefty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs fhall transmit to the Treafury a Certificate under his Hand, that fuch Perfons has not within fuch Ten Years declared ferving as a Foreign Minifter, except for fuficient Caufe, in any Rank or Station equal or fuperior to that in which he had laft ferved, which Certificate fhall be recited in the Grant of fuch Penfion or Allowance.

Age of Perfons receiving fuch Penfion.

C A P. CXVIII.

An Act for regulating the Offices of Registrars of Admiralty and Prize Courts.

[1810 June 28th.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Offices of Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty and Registrar of the High Court of Appeals for Prizes, and High Court of Delegates in *let* or *before*, and fhould, after the Expiration of the Interim at prefent voted in Parliament or Resolution in the fame, be regulated: and that a Proportion of the Fees, Emoluments and Profits, arifing from or to the faid Offices, after Payment of and difcharging the Expences incident to the Duties of the faid Offices, fhall be turned to the Account of the Civilized Fund: My it therefore pleafe Your Majefty that it may be enacted: and be it enacted by the King's Mof Excellent Majefty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this prefent Parliament afsembled, and by the Authority of the faid Senate, That after the Expiration of the Interim at prefent voted in Parliament or Resolution in the faid

Articles laid off Part to certain Officers.

Officers Registrars of the High Court of Admiralty, and of the High Court of Appeals for Prizes, and High Court of Delegates, an Account shall be kept in the said Offices respectively of all the Fees, Dues, Perquisites, Emoluments and Profits received by or on account of or for such Registrars as aforesaid, and the same shall be carried to and constitute a Fund for the Payment and Discharge of all the Expenses arising and accrued in the Execution of the Duties of the said Offices; and out of the Surplus which shall remain after Payment of such Expenses, One Third shall go and belong to the Registrar for himself and an Assistant Registrar to be appointed by such Registrar, in case it shall be necessary that there should be an Assistant Registrar, and the remaining Two Thirds of such Surplus shall go to and make Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain; and such Surplus of Two Thirds, or such Part of the same as shall not be retained for the Service of the Office according to the Direction hereinafter mentioned, shall be paid into the Exchequer by Quarterly Payments in arrears as mentioned, and the Account of such Fees and Emoluments, and of all Expenses paid thereon, shall at all times be open to the Inspection, Examination and Control of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being.

II. And be it further enacted, That there shall be added to the Court to which every such Registrar shall belong, Fourteen Days at least before each of the Quarter Days hereinafter mentioned, an Account of the Amount of such Surplus of Two Thirds for the current Quarter, and the same shall be verified by the Oath of such Registrar; and in each of such Amounts as shall be certified by the Court, shall be delivered in the Hands of the Registrar for the current Balance of the Office; and the Balance shall be paid into the Exchequer by such Registrar on or before the Fourth Day of January, the Fourth Day of April, the Fourth Day of July and the Ninth Day of October, in every Year next ensuing the exhibiting of any such Account to the Court as aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted, That an Officer Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, or of the High Court of Appeals for Prizes, or High Court of Delegates in Great Britain, shall, after the Expiration of the Interval now called in Petition or Reversion terms, be granted for longer Terms than during Pleasure, see be executed by Deputy; but the Person appointed Registrar, and receiving the Fees and Emoluments of the Office, shall by himself, or with an Assistant, in case an Assistant shall be necessary, so Perform the Duties thereof.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty at any time when the State of the Business of the said Court, or in the High Court of Appeals for Prizes, or High Court of Delegates in Great Britain, shall appear to him so require the Appointment of an Assistant Registrar, to direct the Registrar to make such Appointment, either with or without the Request and Consent of the said Registrar, and such Assistant Registrar shall be entitled to receive not less than One Third, nor more than One Fourth of the said Surplus heretofore mentioned to belong to such Registrar and his Assistant, according as the said Judge may from time to time direct and appoint.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to restrain His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from regulating the Fees of the said Courts, and from amending and altering the Table of Fees therein, as by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, with the Advice of His or their Privy Council, shall be thought necessary or proper; but that it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to make such Regulations, and in such manner with regard to the same, as if this Act had not been passed.

C A P. CXIX.

An Act for further amending and enlarging the Powers of an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for consolidating and rendering more effectual the several Acts for the Purchase of Buildings, and further Improvement of the Streets and Places near to *Whitehall Hall* and the Two Houses of Parliament. [21st June 1810.]

48 G. 3. c. 58. **W**HEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for consolidating and rendering more effectual the several Acts for the Purchase of Buildings and further Improvement of the Streets and Places near to *Whitehall Hall*, and the Two Houses of Parliament; and whereas by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for amending and enlarging the Powers of the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, it was enacted, that it should and might be lawful to and for the Dean and Chapter of the Collegiate Church of *St. Peter of Whitehall*, or by Indenture or Indentures under their Common Seal to be enrolled in One of His Majesty's Courts at *Whitehall*, to devise or lease to the Commissioners under the said Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, or to any such Three of them as therein mentioned, for the Term of Ninety nine Years, to take £200 in Possession, all or any Part or Parts of the Ground, Messes and Buildings in the said recited Act described or mentioned, and which are Situate near to *Whitehall Hall*, and the Two Houses of Parliament, and that every such Devise or Lease should and might be made at such yearly Rent or Rents, and under and subject to such Conditions, Covenants, Reservations and Agreements as should be agreed upon between the said Dean and Chapter, and the Commissioners for executing the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, but that no such Lease should be granted by the said Dean and Chapter, and the said Commissioners should, under the Authority of the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, have purchased the Rights and Interests of the respective Lessors or Under Tenants of the Hereinaforesaid to be described therein respectively; and by the said recited Act, it is further enacted, that notwithstanding any thing in the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, contained to the contrary, all Messes, Buildings and Grounds which should thereafter be intended to be leased to the Commissioners

under the same Act or the new recited Act, should be denied in any such Three of the same Commissioners as in the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid is mentioned, and after the same should have been so denied, should be, and the same were by the said recited Act outbid in the Lord High Treasurer or Governor of the said Office of the said Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being, and should be employed for the Purposes of the same Act, subject to the Powers and Authorities in the said recited Act contained: And it is thereby further enacted, that it should be lawful for the Commissioners under the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, or any such Three of them as therein mentioned, from time to time to direct or controul for the taking down of any Houses and Buildings which should be leased to them by virtue of the said recited Act, and for the selling and disposing of the Materials of all such Houses and Buildings, and that all such Materials, and the Money arising from the sale thereof, should be and was thereby sold in the Commissioners under the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, and such Money should be applied and accounted for in the manner directed by the said last mentioned Act, touching the Money arising from the sale of the Materials of the Houses and Buildings to be taken down in pursuance thereof: And it is thereby further enacted, that when any Hereditaments should have been demised by the said Dean and Chapter in pursuance of the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, or of the new recited Act, it should be lawful for the said Commissioners under the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, or any such Three of them as therein mentioned, from time to time, (by and with the Consent and Approbation of the said Lord High Treasurer, or of the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being, or of any Three or more of them) by any Deed or Deeds to be framed and delivered by the Commissioners for the time being exercising that great Power, and to be enrolled in one of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster, to grant any Underlease or Underleases of all or any Part or Parts of the same Hereditaments to any Person or Persons whatsoever, for any Term or Number of Years, and also that it should be lawful for the same Commissioners, or any such Three of them as aforesaid, from time to time to grant any Lease or Leases for any Term or Terms of Years, of all or any other Part or Parts of the Grounds which had been or should be purchased in pursuance of the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, or any of the Acts therein referred to, or of the said recited Act, and that every Lease which should be granted in pursuance of the said recited Act should and might be granted as such yearly Rent or Rents, and under and subject to such Covenants for building thereupon, and such other Covenants, Conditions, Resolutions and Agreements, as the said Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer, or any Three or more of them should approve: And whereas, under the Powers of the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, the Commissioners of that Act have purchased all the Rights and Interests of the respective Lessors or Underlessees of all the Houses and Buildings upon the Ground authorized by the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, to be leased by the said Dean and Chapter as aforesaid, and have caused all the said Houses and Buildings to be pulled down, and have sold and disposed of the Materials thereof, and are now in possession of the same Ground: And whereas it is expedient that the Mode of leasing by the said Dean and Chapter should be altered, and that the Powers of the aforesaid Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid should be further amended and enlarged: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Dean and Chapter, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, notwithstanding any Statute or Statutes now in force to the contrary, by Indenture under their Common Seal, to be enrolled in one of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster, to demise or lease unto the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, or to the Person or Persons for the time being exercising the said Office of Surveyor General, all the Pieces or Parcels of Land or Ground authorized by the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, as he demised by the said Dean and Chapter to the Commissioners of the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, which Pieces or Parcels of Land or Ground are Part of the Possessions of the said Dean and Chapter, and are also Part of the Hereditaments particularly described in the Form of a Lease written or contained in the Schedule to this Act, and also all those Pieces or Parcels of Ground situate in the said Parish of *St. Margaret, Westminster*, being Parts and Parcels of the old Streets, Lanes or Ways, and which by Order of the Commissioners of the aforesaid Act are no longer to be used as such, but are to be taken into the new Plan of Building authorized by the said Act, which last mentioned Pieces or Parcels of Ground are the Residue of the Hereditaments particularly described in the said Form of a Lease contained in the said Schedule, save and except out of the said Indenture of Lease to be granted, all those Pieces or Parcels of Ground, being Part of the Possessions of the said Dean and Chapter, which by Order of the Commissioners of the said Act of the Forty sixth Year are to be had into and to form Part of the new Streets, Lanes and Ways to be made and set out by Order of the said Commissioners, as he the said Premises hereby authorized to be demised, with their Appurtenances unto the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or to the Person or Persons for the time being exercising that Office, for the Term of Ninety six Years, to be computed from the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, at the yearly Rents of Four hundred and fifteen Pounds Eleven Shillings and Six pence, forty Shillings, and one Pound fourteen Shillings and Eight pence, and under and subject to the Covenants, Conditions and Agreements prescribed by the said Form of a Lease contained in the said Schedule, and upon Trust for the said Dean and Chapter of a Lease pursuant to the said Form and duly executed by them under their Common Seal unto the last mentioned Commissioners, or the Person or Persons for the time being exercising the said Office, it shall and may be lawful to and for

30 Octo. III.

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1820.

Dean and Chapter of Westminster may demise to Commissioners of Woods, &c. Premises authorized by 48 G. 3. c. 12. to be demised to Commissioners under 48 G. 3. c. 12. as he is directed in the Schedule, and Pieces of Ground which are Part of the said Indenture, &c. in the Term of 96 Years, at the yearly Rents herein contained.

them, and they are hereby directed and required to accept and take such Lease, and to execute a Conquest thereof, and to deliver such Conquest to executed unto the said Dean and Chapter or their Successors.

Commissioners of Woods, Ac. to be a Corporation, to accept, lease and execute Conquests. May 25 a Commission Seal, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That the last mentioned Commissioners for the time being shall be and they are hereby constituted a Corporation, by the Name of "The Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues," in order to enable them to accept and take, in a Corporate Capacity by the Name aforesaid, the Lease heretofore authorized to be granted, and to execute a Conquest thereof, and for other the Purposes of this Act, and by that Name, for the Purposes of this Act, they the said last mentioned Commissioners shall and may have and use a Common Seal, and shall and may use and be sealed, regulated and be regulated; but nothing in this Act or in such Lease contained shall extend to charge the Person or Persons of him or them, or of his or their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, or his, their or any of their own proper Lands or Tenements, Goods or Chattels, with or for the Payment of all or any of the Rents or the Performance of all or any of the Covenants, Conditions or Agreements in the same Lease to be contained; but all and every such Actions and Actions, Suits and Suits to be brought or prosecuted by the said Dean and Chapter for or in respect of the same Rents, Covenants, Conditions and Agreements, or any of them, shall be brought or prosecuted against the said last mentioned Commissioners and their Successors for the time being executing the said Office in their Corporate Capacity.

Treasury may by Warrants, make Debentures to be made for paying Fees and Charges of the party, &c.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, or the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer now and for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and the Chancellor and Under Treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being, and he and they are and are hereby authorized and required by Warrant under his or their Hand or Hands to direct the Auditor of the Receipt of the Exchequer now and for the time being, to make Sums and parts Debentures from time to time for paying unto the said Dean and Chapter and their Successors, or their Attorney lawfully constituted under their Common Seal, the said yearly Rents or Sums of Four hundred and fifteen Pounds Sixteen Shillings and Six pence, Forty Shillings and One Penny Fourteen Shillings and Eight pence, making together the Sum of Four hundred and sixteen Pounds Eleven Shillings and Two pence clear of all Deductions except the Property Tax, payable by Landlords as the same shall from time to time become due and payable, and also for paying from time to time unto the said Dean and Chapter and their Successors the Amounts of all such Damages and Costs as they shall recover in any Court of Law or Equity, against the said Commissioners of Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, and their Successors in any Action or Suit to be brought or prosecuted by the said Dean and Chapter or their Successors, for recovering the said Rents reserved by the said Indenture of Lease heretofore authorized to be granted, or for or upon, or in respect of the Covenants, Conditions or Agreements in the same Indenture contained, which said Warrants, and the Debentures to be made forth and paid thereupon, shall, from time to time, be a sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer now and for the time being, for the Payment of the said yearly Rents, clear of all Deductions, except as aforesaid, and for Payment of the Amount of such Damages and Costs which shall be so recovered as aforesaid, without any further or other Warrant to be had for, had or obtained in that behalf, which said Sums of Four hundred and sixteen Pounds Eleven Shillings and Two pence, together with all such Damages and Costs as shall be recovered as aforesaid, shall, from time to time, be charged and chargeable upon the Fund commonly called the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

Warrant will.

IV. And be it further enacted, That after signing of the said Warrants from time to time the same shall be good, valid and effectual in Law, according to the Purport and true Meaning thereof, and of this Act, and shall not be detestable or revocable by or upon the Death of His Majesty (whom God long preserve) or any of His Successors, or by or upon the Death or Removal of any of the said Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or the Lord High Treasurer or Under Treasurer, or by or upon the Determination of the Power or Office of them or any of them.

No Fee shall.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of the Treasury now and for the time being, and the Lord High Treasurer of the Treasury for the time being, Chancellor and Under Treasurer, Chamberlain and Barons of the Exchequer, and all other the Officers and Members of the Court of Exchequer, and of the Receipt thereof now and for the time being, shall, and they are hereby authorized and strictly enjoined, and required, to do without Fee or Reward all such Acts, Matters and Things as are heretofore directed and required, or shall be necessary to be done and performed by them or any or either of them, in order to render this Act and the several Payments hereby directed effectual.

Requirement of Deeds and Charges will not. Discharge.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Acquittance or Acquittance, Receipt or Receipts of the said Dean and Chapter, or their Successors, or of their Attorney lawfully constituted, under their Common Seal, for the several Sums hereby directed to be paid to them or their Attorney, shall be good and sufficient Discharges for the Payment of such several Sums, without any further or other Warrant to be had for or obtained in that behalf; and that the said Sums and every Part thereof, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Impositions and other publick Charges whatsoever (except as before excepted); and in case any of the Officers of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer shall refuse or neglect to pay the said yearly Rents or Sums, or other Sums or any Part thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, or to do any Act necessary to enable the said Dean and Chapter, or their Successors, or their Attorney lawfully constituted to receive the same, then the said Dean and Chapter, or their Successors, may from time to time sue, prosecute and employ such Officers, or any of them, or their respective Heirs, Executors or Administrators, by Bill, Plaint or Action of Debt, and shall and may recover Judgment, and for all Expenses thereupon against such Officers respectively, or their respective Heirs, Executors or Administrators, for the Amount

of so much of such respective yearly Rents or Sums, or for the Amount of so much of such other Sums, for the Payment of which a Warrant is hereby authorized to be made as aforesaid, as shall be then due and owing to the said Dean and Chapter, or their Successors, and as shall have been in the Hands of the Officer or Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer, at the time or times when Demands shall have been legally made of the Payment of the said yearly Rents or Sums, or of such other Sums as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, or for the Refusal or Neglect to do any Act necessary to be done by such Officer or Officers respectively, for enabling the Person or Persons entitled to the same Rents or Sums to receive the same accordingly.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all those the aforesaid Pieces or Parcels of Ground heretofore mentioned to be Part of the old Streets, Lanes or Ways, and which by Order of the Commissioners of the aforesaid Acts is no longer to be used as such, but is to be taken into the new Plan of Building authorized by the said Acts, together with the Aisles, Yards and Appurtenances belonging to the same, or forming Part thereof, shall, from and immediately after the passing of this Act (but subject to the Direction hereinafter contained for building the same, together with other Hereditaments, at the same time, and until the said Lease thereof hereby directed to be made shall be made, and from and after the making of such Lease then subject thereto) be sold or letted upon, and the same are hereby (but subject as aforesaid) sold or letted upon, the said Dean and Chapter, and their Successors, for ever; and the same shall be helden by them for ever so, and shall constitute Part of their Possessions in right of their said Collegiate Church, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That (notwithstanding any Thing in the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid contained to the contrary) all the aforesaid Pieces or Parcels of Ground which shall be devised to the (as) last mentioned Commissioners and their Successors by virtue of the said Act, shall, after the same shall have been so devised, be employed for the Purposes of the aforesaid Act, subject to the Powers and Authorities in the said Act contained.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Monies arising from the Sale of the Materials of the Heafes and Buildings lately falling on the Ground hereby authorized to be done by the said Dean and Chapter as aforesaid, and which have been pulled down by the Direction of the Commissioners of the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid as heretofore mentioned, and which Monies have been received by the said Commissioners, or some of them, shall be applied and accounted for in the manner directed by the said last mentioned Act, concerning the Money arising from Sale of the Materials of the Heafes and Buildings to be taken down or perished thereof.

X. And be it further enacted, That after the said Hereditaments hereby authorized to be devised by the said Dean and Chapter to the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, for the Term of Ninety six Years, shall be so devised as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners under the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, or any such Three of them as therein mentioned, with the Consent and Approbation of the said Lord High Treasurer, or of the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being, or any Three or more of them, notified in Writing under his or their Hands, to contract and agree by Writing under the Hands and Seals of them the said Commissioners under the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, or any such Three of them as therein mentioned, for the granting of any Underlease or Underleases of all or any Part or Parts of the same Hereditaments to any Person or Persons whatsoever, for any Term not exceeding Ninety five Years, and Three Quarters of a Year, computed from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten; and also, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, and their Successors, and they are hereby directed and empowered, at the Request of the said Commissioners under the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, or any such Three of them as therein mentioned, notified in Writing under their Hands, and with such Consent and Approbation as aforesaid, by any Deed or Deeds under the Great Seal of the said Commissioners of Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, and their Successors, and to be enrolled in one of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, to grant, pursuant to or out pursuant to any such Contract or Agreement, any Underlease or Underleases of all or any Part or Parts of the same Hereditaments, to any Person or Persons whatsoever, for any Term or Number of Years, not exceeding the said Term of Ninety five Years, and Three Quarters of a Year, to be computed as aforesaid; and also that it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, under the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, or any such Three of them as therein mentioned, with such Consent and Approbation as last aforesaid, at any time or times after the passing of this Act, to contract and agree by Writing, under their Hands and Seals, for the granting of any Lease or Leases, for any Term or Terms of Years, of all or any Part or Parts of the Grounds which have been or shall be purchased in pursuance of the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, or any of the Acts therein referred to, or in pursuance of the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid; and also that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, under the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, or any such Three of them as therein mentioned, with such Consent and Approbation as aforesaid, by any Deed or Deeds to be sealed and delivered by them, and to be enrolled in one of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, to grant pursuant to or not pursuant to any such Contract or Agreement as last mentioned, any Lease or Leases of all or any Part or Parts of the same Hereditaments for any Term or Number of Years, and that every Underlease which shall be contracted for by the said Commissioners, under the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, or any such Three of them as therein mentioned or granted by the said Commissioners of Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, and every such Lease that shall be contracted for or granted by the said Commissioners, or any such Three of them as aforesaid, in pursuance of this Act, shall and may be construed for or granted at such yearly Rent or Rents, and under and subject to such Covenants for building, and such other Covenants, Con-

ditions Part of
of the Acts, Au-
thorizing new
Plan, refer'd to
Dean and Chap-
ter.

Proviso directed
applies to the
Purposes of this
mentioned Act.

Approbation of
Money arising
from Sale of
Materials.

Lease of Pre-
mises by Com-
missioners, with
Consent of
Treasury.

Term.

Consent.

45 G. 3. c. 119.

48 G. 3. 40. *Sittes, Restrictions and Agreements as the said Commissioners, under the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, or such Three of them as therein mentioned, and the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being, or any Three or more of them, shall approve.*

Revs to be paid as Treasurers shall approve.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the several Rents and Profits arising from any Grounds which shall be leased or contracted to be leased by the Commissioners of Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, and their Successors, or by the Commissioners under the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, or any such Three of them as aforesaid, in pursuance of the said Act or of the said recited Acts, or from any Houses or Buildings which shall be erected and built thereon, shall from time to time be received by any Princes or Persons to be for that Purpose appointed by the Lord High Treasurer of Great Britain, or the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being, or any Three of them, and shall be paid into His Majesty's Exchequer, and carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

Comrs Treas and Receivrs of the Customs of Excise.

XII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act, or in the said Contracts or Leases hereby authorized to be entered into or made by the said Commissioners of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, or any such Three of them as aforesaid, contained or to be contained, shall extend to charge the Princes or Persons of all or any of the Commissioners executing all or any of the said Contracts or Leases, or the Heirs, Executors or Administrators of the same Commissioners, or any of them, or their assigns or any of their assigns proper Lands and Tenements, Goods or Chattels, with or for the Performance of all or any of the Covenants, Conditions or Agreements in the said Contracts or Leases, or any of them, contained, on the Part of the same Commissioners, or any of them; but the Amount of all Costs, Charges, Damages and Expenses which shall or may be recovered in any Suit or Suits of Law or Equity against them the said Commissioners, or any of them, or against their or any of their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, for or by reason or reason of any such last mentioned Contracts or Leases, or the Covenants, Conditions or Agreements therein contained, and also all other Costs, Charges, Damages and Expenses which they the said Commissioners respectively shall bear, pay, expend or be put to, or which shall be occasioned to them respectively for or by reason or reason of any Action or Actions, Suit or Suits, to be brought or prosecuted by or against them respectively, or against their respective Heirs, Executors or Administrators, upon or by reason of the said Contracts and Leases, or any of them, or the Covenants, Conditions or Agreements therein contained, or for or by reason or reason of their Executors by them the said Commissioners respectively, of the Powers and Authorities in them given by the several Acts aforesaid, or the Acts therein recited, or this Act, and also all the Costs, Charges, Damages and Expenses (one and beyond those heretofore provided for) which the said Commissioners of Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, and their Successors, or the Persons for the time being executing that Office, shall bear, pay, expend or be put to, or which shall be occasioned to them for or by reason or reason of the Lease heretofore desired to be accepted, and the Undischarge hereon, before directed to be made by him and them, or for or by reason or reason of any of the Covenants, Conditions or Agreements therein contained, or any Action or Actions, Suit or Suits to be brought or prosecuted by or against him, them or any of them thereupon, shall respectively be paid and discharged at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer by such Person or Persons and in such and the same manner as the yearly Rents to be received upon the said Lease hereby authorized to be made by the said Duke and Chapter are heretofore directed to be paid; and all Officers of His Majesty's Treasury and Exchequer, and all other Persons heretofore authorized and directed to do and perform the Acts necessary for authorizing the Payment and for Payment of the said Rents at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, are hereby authorized and required to do the like Acts for authorizing the Payment and for the Payment of the said Costs, Charges, Damages and Expenses at the said Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer; but before any Warrant for making a Discharge for Payment of any such Costs, Charges or Expenses as last mentioned shall be made or issued, the Performance of the Costs, Charges and Expenses for the Payment whereof such Warrant and Discharge shall be necessary, shall, from time to time, be assessed, and the Amount thereof settled and allowed by the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being, or any Three of them, and shall be in certified by Writing under his or their Hand or Hands.

Part of the Copy of the Act of the said Commissioners of Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, which are to be printed by the said Commissioners of Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, shall be printed by His Majesty's Stationers by 11 G. 3. 40.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all those the aforesaid Places or Parcels of Ground, being Part of the Possessions of the aforesaid Duke and Chapter, and which are to be excepted out of the aforesaid Lease as is granted to the said Commissioners of Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, and their Successors as aforesaid; and which, by Order of the Commissioners of the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, are to be laid out, and so form Part of the new Streets, Lanes and Ways to be made and set out by Order of the same Commissioners, shall, from and immediately after the passing of this Act, be divided out of the said Duke and Chapter, and their Successors, and be referred to the Committee Men appointed for the said Parish of St. Mary Magdalen, under an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Eleventh Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual several Acts made relating to paving, cleansing and lighting the Streets, Streets, Lanes and alleys in the City and Liberties of Westminster and Paris adjacent, to hold in such last mentioned Acts, and their Successors, for the Use of the Publick, and for the Purposes of the said last mentioned Act, and the several Acts therein referred to; and they the said Committee Men and their Successors are hereby authorized and required to accept and take the said last mentioned Places or Parcels of Ground under these Jurisdictions as Committee Men under the said Act of the Eleventh Year aforesaid, and to take and exercise over the same, and over the Owners and Occupiers of Houses, Buildings and Tenements adjoining and near thereto, all such Powers, Authorities and Remedies as they the*

same Committee Men are by the said Act of the Eleventh Year aforesaid, and the several Acts therein mentioned, authorised to take and exercise over the said Streets, Lanes and Ways now within the Jurisdiction of the said Committee Men under the first Act, and over the Owners and Occupiers of Houses, Buildings and Tenements situate in the said old Streets, Lanes and Ways.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful at any Time or Times hereafter for the Commissioners for executing the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, with the Consent of the Lord High Treasurer of Great Britain, or the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, or any Three of them, to refuse and take Possession of the said heretofore excepted Pieces or Parcels of Ground, or any Part thereof, for the Purposes of building thereupon, or laying out the same in Streets or other Improvements: Provided nevertheless, that in case the same or any Part thereof shall be built upon by their Authority, then, and in such case, so much of the same excepted Pieces or Parcels of Ground as shall be so refused or taken and built upon, shall thereupon again absolutely vest in the said Dean and Chapter, and shall be deemed to have been included in and demised by the Lease hereby authorised to be made, and shall and may be employed or disposed during the Residue then to come of the Term to be granted by the said Lease for the Purposes of the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, in such and the same manner as if the same had not been excepted out of the Demise intended to be made by said Lease.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Dean and Chapter, and they are hereby authorised and empowered to grant to the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, a Lease of all that other Piece or Parcel of Ground, with the Two Mellanges therein situate, and being on the South Side of Great George Street, one of which Mellanges was lately used as the Adjutant General's Office, and the other of which Mellanges was occupied by Richard Francis Elliott, which said Piece or Parcel of Ground is in the Plan or Ground Plan annexed to the Form of the Lease written or contained in the Schedule to the Act marked or distinguished by a Green Colour, in a like Term of Ninety six Years from the first Twenty fifth Day of March last, upon such Fees, and at such Rent as shall hereafter be agreed upon by and between the said Dean and Chapter, and the said Commissioners under the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, which said last mentioned Lease shall in all other respects be in the same Form as the Lease written or contained in the Schedule to this Act, and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Directions, Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things heretofore enacted with respect to making the Lease written or contained in the said Schedule, and for the Issue and Recovery of the Rent, and Damages for underletting the said Premises and for building thereon, or otherwise disposing thereof; and all other Powers, Authorities, Directions, Matters and Things whatsoever, heretofore enacted, shall be in full force, and be duly observed in relation to the Lease by this Enactment authorised to be granted, and the Ground and Premises to be thereby demised as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever as if the same or the like Powers, Authorities, Directions, Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things were particularly expressed and recited with respect to such last mentioned Lease, Ground and Premises.

[The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Act refers, contains the Form of the Instruments of Lease authorised to be granted by the Dean and Chapter of Wellsminster.]

Commissioners
under 46 G. 3.
— 47 may re-
lease before
mentioned Pro-
visions, but
as well as Dean
and Chapter.

Dean and Chap-
ter may grant to
Commissioners of
Woods, &c. a
Lease of Pre-
mises hereto-
fore-mentioned.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED;

OR PRINTED COPIES WHEREOF ARE DECLARED TO BE EVIDENCE.

N. B.—The Continuance of fact of the following Acts as are temporary will be known (unless it be expressly stated) by referring to the following List, according to the corresponding Letter in the Title.

(a) For 25 Years, &c. [i. e. to the End of the next Session] from a Day named in the Act.

(b) For 25 Years, &c. from the passing of the Act.

(c) For 25 Years, &c. after the End of the Term under former Acts.

All Acts in this List, not distinguished by the Letters (a) P. are PUBLIC ACTS; in each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form following:

" And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded."

(q. P.) Quasi Publick Acts, i. e. Acts in each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form following:

" And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be printed by the Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, and a Copy thereof, so printed, shall be admitted as Evidence thereof by all Judges, Justices and others."

Cap. 1.

An Act for making a fair and equal County Rate for the County of Cumberland. [12th March 1810.]

47 G. 3. c. 1. s. 1.
a. 1810.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act to enable His Majesty to grant the Great Walls of the City of Carlisle, and certain Grounds adjoining thereto, to the Justices of the Peace for the County of Cumberland, for holding Courts of Justice for the said County, and for other Purposes relating thereto*: And whereas the said Justices were authorized and empowered by the said Act to erect and build a proper Stone Hall and Court Houses with suitable Offices and Accommodations, for the more convenient holding the Assizes and for other publick Purposes for the said County, as therein to them the said Justices appeared expedient and necessary; and to pay, discharge and defray all the Expenses, Costs and Charges attending the erecting and building of the same, and all incidental Expenses in the effecting and carrying into Execution the several Purposes of the said Act, by and out of the publick County Stock or Rates of the said County, subject to such Restrictions and Provisions as are therein contained: And whereas it is found that the said County Rates are unequal, and the Payment thereof falls upon the Occupiers of Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments within the said County, in very unequal Proportions: For remedying whereof it is expedient that Power and Authority should be given to the Justices of the Peace for the said County of Cumberland, from time to time, at their General or Quarter-Sessions assembled, or at any Adjournment thereof, to make a fair and equal County Rate for all the Parishes to which the County Stock or Rate is by Law applicable, and for that Purpose to assess and rate the respective and in due Proportion, all and every the Parishes, Townships, Liberties, Precincts, Villages, Hamlets and Places within the said County, according to the annual Rent or Value of the Messuages, Lands and Tenements therein, like and towards the same; but which cannot be effected without the Authority of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices of the Peace for the said County of Cumberland, or the major Part of them, at any of their General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the said County, or at any Adjournment thereof, and they are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time, and at all or any time or times thereafter, as often as it shall appear to them proper or expedient, to rate and assess all Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and other Property situate in the said County within the said County, to the full and for annual Value thereof according to their Judgment, not exceeding Eight Pence in the Pound upon such annual Value as they may think fit, and to levy and rate the same in such manner as the County Rates are now by Law and by this Act heretofore directed to be raised and levied, to be applied and disposed of by the said Justices in the same manner and for the same Purposes as they now are authorized and empowered by Law to dispose of and apply the County Stock or Rate; and for the better enabling the said Justices to make such fair and equal Rate, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Justices, or the major Part of them, at their General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to be holden next after the passing of this Act,

5—Office to make
Returns for 25
Years to meet in
five successive
Weeks.

or at any Adjournment thereof, and afterwards from time to time and at all or any time or times hereafter at any General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, or at any Adjournment of the same respectively, and as often as they shall think expedient, and they are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time to make an Order or Orders for the Justices of the Peace sitting in, and for the said County of Cumberland, to meet from time to time within the several Wards and Divisions of the said County for which they respectively act; and any Two or more Justices assembled at any such Meeting, shall from time to time alter their Precepts under their respective Heads and Seals to all and every the Overferees of the Poor as well within the Cities, Buroughs or Parishes as elsewhere, within such their respective Wards or Divisions, thereby commanding them to attend at a Day and Place or Days and Places, to be named and appointed for that Purpose by such Precepts, and before the then next General or Quarter-Sessions to be holden in and for the said County of Cumberland, and to return and produce to the Justices or Justice then and there present the several Rates and Assessments made for the Relief of the Poor within the several Parishes, Townships, Liberties, Precincts, Hamlets, Villages and Places in the said County of Cumberland, for which such Overferees respectively act and are appointed, together with the Names of the several Persons and Parties charged with such Rates, and the Sum and Status of Money rated or charged on such several Persons or Parties respectively; and every such Rate so returned shall be signed with the Name or Names of the Overferees or Overferees so making such Rate, and shall be verified upon such before such Justices or Justice at the time of delivering in the same by the Person or Persons so delivering them: Provided always, that the said Justices shall not, by virtue of any of the Powers by this Act given, enter or affect any Messes or Waste Grounds until Six Years after the same shall have been allotted, divided or inclosed.

II. And be it further enacted, That in case any Overferees of the Poor of any of the several Parishes, Townships, Liberties, Precincts, Villages, Hamlets or Places within the said County, shall neglect or make Default in making any such Returns in manner aforesaid, then, and in every such case, such and every such Overferees of the Poor so neglecting or making Default (without sufficient Excuse to be allowed by the said Justices so assembled) shall forfeit and pay for each Sum and Status of Money not exceeding Fifty Pounds, as shall or may be ordered or adjudged by the same Justices so assembled as aforesaid, by way of Penalty for such Neglect or Default; and in case any such Penalty shall not be forthwith paid, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Justices so assembled, and they are hereby directed to issue their Warrants to the High or Petty Constable of the Ward or Division wherein such Parish, Township, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet or Place shall be situate, directing him to levy such Penalty upon the respective Goods and Chattels of each and every Overferees of the Poor of the Parish, Township, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet or Place so neglecting or making Default, in like manner and with such Powers and Authorities as the said High or Petty Constable in by a Statute made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, *As to all for the more easy raising, collecting and keeping of County Rates*, enacted with respect to the Overferees of the Poor the Sum allotted for the County Rates.

III. And be it further enacted, That, in order the better to enable the said Justices of the Peace to form a correct Judgment of the real Amount of the Rental or Value of the Estates as aforesaid, the said Justices of the Peace for the said County, or any Three or more of them, or the Clerk of the Peace for the said County sitting under their Authority, shall and may, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, from time to time as they or he may think necessary or expedient, to call any of the Books of the Assessment of the Property or Income Tax, so far as the same relate or refer to or in any wise concern the Statement of Property to be set forth and stated in the Schedule (A.) contained in an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *As to all for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Defensive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain as the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and for repeating an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repeating certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the said Rates; and the Rental or Value of by which such Assessments are made, mentioned and directed, within any Parish or Place within the said County, to be brought before them or him, and to take Copies of or Extracts from such Books or Assessments, or any Part or Parts thereof, as they, he, or any of them, shall think fit (such Compulsion being made to the Party or Parties producing the same respectively as the said Justices, or any Three or more of them, shall think reasonable); and if any Person or Persons in whole or in Part or Power any of the said Books or Assessments shall be, shall neglect or refuse to attend the said Justices or the said Clerk of the Peace with such Book or Books, Assessment or Assessments, or to permit them, him or any of them, to take Copies thereof or Extracts thereon as aforesaid, then, and in every such case, every Person who shall so refuse or neglect shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, Person or Persons so making Default, together with the Charges of such Distress and Sale, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any One Justice of the Peace for the said County, rendering the Overtures to the Party or Parties respectively on whose Goods and Chattels such Distress and Sale shall be to be made, aforesaid, and the same Penalties or Forfeitures, when recovered and received, shall forthwith be paid to the Treasurer of the said County to be applied towards the Purposes of this Act.*

IV. And be it further enacted, That in case the Justice or Justices so sitting as aforesaid within their respective Wards or Divisions, shall be of Opinion that such Rates and Assessments, or any of them be made and returned, upon Excessiveness thereof, set the said full annual Value of the rateable Property mentioned therein, and are in other respects fair and equal, then the said Justice or Justices are and are hereby required

Justices to take Copies of the Returns so made and to produce the same before the said Justices.

Overferees neglecting to attend.

Penalty.

22 G. 2. c. 20.

Justices or Clerk of the Peace to call for Books of Property Tax Assessments.

44 G. 2. c. 24.

Penalty.

Justices to certify Amount of Rates made in the Warrants, also to produce and make a Return.

from time to time to certify under their or his Hands as Head the gross Amount of the respective Sums as which the said Rates are made and assessed in each Division or Ward in the said County of Cumberland, for which such Justices or Justices respectively act or acts, to the next next General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace for the same County, to the Intent that at such General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace or at some Adjournment thereof, or at some subsequent General or Quarter-Sessions or Adjournment thereof respectively, the Justices assembled at any such General or Quarter-Sessions or Adjournment thereof, may from time to time, and as often as they shall deem a necessary, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to make a Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, upon all and every the Messuages, Mills, Lands, Tythes, Tithements and Hereditaments whatsoever, in and throughout the said County of Cumberland, rated or liable to be rated to the Poor rates or Property Tax in the said County of Cumberland, as any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding at any One Time the Sum of Two Pence in the Pound of the several full and full annual Values of such Messuages, Mills, Lands, Tythes, Tithements and Hereditaments, and so from time to time, at any future General or Quarter-Sessions or Adjournment thereof, to continue such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, or to reduce, alter or vary the same as the said Justices at their said Sessions shall think necessary and proper, and to raise there upon to any Sum not exceeding the said Rate of Eight Pence in the Pound in any One Year; and for the Purpose of levying and raising such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, it shall and may be lawful for them the said Justices, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to order Warrants to be from time to time issued in the same manner as now practiced and authorized by Law for collecting the County Rates, to the several High Constables within the same County of Cumberland, ordering and requiring them to disse the Warrants to the respective Overseers of the Poor within their respective Divisions, to levy and collect and pay to the High Constables within a time to be named and limited in the Warrants to be issued from the Sessions as aforesaid, all such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, which such High Constable shall and he is hereby directed and required to pay at such time as shall be specified in such Warrant before the next next General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, to the Treasurer for the time being of the said County of Cumberland, to be applied and disposed of in such manner and for such Purpose as the County Stewards or Rate is now by Law applicable; and in case any Overseer or Overseers of the Poor of any of the several Parishes, Townships, Liberties, Precincts, Villages, Hamlets or Places within the said County shall to pay the same, shall neglect, make Default, or refuse to pay the same within the time to be specified and limited for that Purpose as aforesaid to the High Constable of the Ward or Division within which such Rate or Rates is made and requiring to pay as aforesaid shall refuse, it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace for the said County, upon Complaint thereof made by any such High Constable by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice, to levy the same by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods, not only in the said County of Cumberland, but in any other County, City, Town, Borough, Franchise or Place, (the Warrant or Warrants for levying the same being in such last mentioned Case first indorsed by some Justice of the Peace for the County, or Mayor or other Head Officer of the City, Town, Borough or Franchise where any Goods of the respective Defaulters shall be found) returning the Overplus (if any) after such Rate or Rates and the Charges of Distress and Sale shall be paid, to the Owner or Owners of the Goods so distrained and sold; and the Overseers and Overseer of any Parish, Township or Place maintaining an own Poor within the said County, shall and may and is and are hereby authorized and empowered to levy and raise by an equal Rate or Assessment upon all and every the Messuages, Mills, Lands, Tythes, Tithements and Hereditaments rateable to the Relief of the Poor within their respective Parishes, Townships or Places, such Sum and Sums of Money as shall be required and necessary in order to raise the several Sums assessed or imposed upon such Parishes, Townships or Places respectively, or to or reimburse such Overseers or Overseer such Sums or Sums of Money as they shall respectively have paid on account of the same, such Rate or Assessment to be paid by the Occupier or Occupiers for the time being of such Messuages, Mills, Lands, Tythes, Tithements and Hereditaments respectively; Provided always, That every Tenant or Occupier paying such Rate as aforesaid, who default and retain out of the Rent payable to his Landlord for the Premises in respect of which such Rate is payable, the full Amount of Two third Parts of all and every Sum and Sums of Money in paid, it being the Intent and Meaning of this Act that Two Thirds of such Rate shall be borne by the Landlord, and the remaining One Third only by the Tenant or Occupier, and every Landlord and Owner of such Messuages, Mills, Lands, Tythes, Tithements and Hereditaments shall and are hereby required to allow and make such respective Deductions and Payments accordingly; and every such Tenant or Occupier paying such Part of the said Rates or Assessments as are herebefore directed to be borne by the Landlord, or on whom the same shall have been levied, shall be and is hereby acquitted and discharged of and from in such Money as the same shall amount unto, as fully and effectually as if the same had been actually paid unto such Landlord or Landlords in Part of the Rent due from such Tenant.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, after Demand made or Notice thereof in Writing, left at his last abode Place of Abode, refuse or omit to pay the Sum or Sums of Money said or assessed upon him, her or them, by virtue of this Act, for or in respect of the Messuages, Mills, Lands, Tythes, Tithements and Hereditaments occupied by him, her or them as aforesaid for the Space of Ten Days, it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace for the said County, upon Complaint thereof made by any such Overseer or Overseers, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal to levy the same by Distress and Sale of the Defaulters Goods, not only in the said County of Cumberland, but in any other County (the Warrant or Warrants for levying the same in such last mentioned Case now, first indorsed by some Justice of the Peace for the County where any Goods and Charges of the respective Person or Persons shall be found), returning the Overplus (if any) after such Rate and the Charges of the Distress and Sale shall be paid, to the Owner or Owners of the Goods so distrained and sold.

Terms when not
related to be paid
to Treasurers.

Equal Rates to
be assessed on
the respective
Parishes, &c.

Two Thirds of
Rate to be borne
by Landlord,
and One Third
by the Tenant.

Rents levied
by Distress.

VI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That in all Cases and Places within the said County of *Cambridgeshire* where there are no Overseers of the Poor, or where the Justices of the said County assembled for the Purpose of receiving such Returns from the said Overseers of the Rates and Assessments made for the Relief of the Poor within the several Parishes, Townships, Villages, Hamlets, Precincts and Places as aforesaid, shall be of Opinion that the Rates or Assessments produced to them at their respective Meetings are not fair and equal Rates and Assessments, or according in the full and due annual Value of the rateable Property, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Justices of the Peace for the said County assembled at such their respective Meetings, and they are hereby authorized and required, as soon as before them any Two or more of the substantial Inhabitants of such Places respectively for which there are no Overseers of the Poor, or where any of the Messengers, Treasurers and Herdsmen liable to the Poor's Rates are not assised, or in the Opinion of three the said Justices are not equally assised and rated, or are not rated and assised to the full or due Value; or any other Person or Persons whom they the said Justices may think necessary and proper to give Evidence as to the full annual Value of such Messengers, Treasurers or Herdsmen, and then and there assess such Inhabitants or other Person or Persons respectively on Oath (which Oath any One or more of them the said Justices are hereby authorized to administer) as to the annual Values of such the respective Messengers, Mills, Lunds, Tythes, Treasurers and Herdsmen liable to the Poor's Rates, and thereupon to ascertain the sums on which the Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, to be made in pursuance of this Act, ought to be levied and collected.

Power for Justices where no Overseers.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if in the said County of *Cambridgeshire* there be any extra-parochial, parochial or other Places in which there are no Poor's Rates or Overseers of the Poor or other Officer lawfully for the executing of the Provisions of this Act, and in which there are any Messengers, Mills, Lunds, Treasurers, Tythes or Herdsmen liable to the Poor's Rates, but not rated or assised thereto, it shall and may be lawful for the said Justices of the Peace of the said County resident in or acting for the Division of the said County in which such extra-parochial, parochial or other Places are situate, at any Petty Sessions to be holden by them within such Division as aforesaid, and they are hereby authorized and required to appoint One or more proper Person or Persons in the Nature of and to act as Overseer or Overseers of either such Officer as aforesaid, who is and are hereby required, authorized and empowered to do within and for each extra-parochial, parochial or other Places respectively, for effecting the Purposes of this Act, and such Person and Persons respectively shall have the like Powers vested in him or them respectively, all such Purposes as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if he or they had been appointed Overseer or Overseers of the Poor or other Officer under any of the existing Statute Laws.

Extra-parochial parochial or other Places.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if the Overseer or Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, Township, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet or Place in the said County, shall at any time or times have reason to believe that such Parish, Township, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet or Place is over-rated by any Rate to be made in pursuance of this Act, then, and in every such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Overseer or Overseers of the Poor to appeal to the Justices of the Peace for the said County at their next General or Quarter Sessions, or at any Adjournment thereof, against such Part of the Rate only as may affect the Parish, Township, Liberty, Precinct, Village or Place at which such Overseer or Overseers shall have such Office respectively; and the said Justices are hereby empowered to hear and finally determine the same, and to give such Appeals or Appellations such Relief as to them the said Justices in their Discretion shall appear fair, just and equitable: Provided nevertheless, that upon such Appeal no such Rate shall be quashed or delayed in regard to any other Parish, Township, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet or Place, or Person or Persons assised thereby, any thing in this Act, or any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding: Provided also, that if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any Act, Matter or Thing done in pursuance of this Act, or the Powers hereby given, then, and in every such Case, on giving Fourteen Days Notice to such Overseer or Overseers, he, she or they may appeal to the said Justices of the Peace for the said County, at their next General or Quarter Sessions to be holden next after every such Case of Appeal shall have arisen; and the Justices at such General or Quarter Sessions assembled, or at any Adjournment or Adjournments thereof, shall and are hereby empowered, to hear and finally determine the same, and to give to all such Appellants such Relief as in their Discretion shall seem fair and just.

Appeal.

Rate appealed against, to be quashed in so far as it affects Parish, &c.

Appeal.

Expenses of Appeals to be borne by the Parties.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in case of any Appeals, Actions, Suits or Proceedings at Law as between Parish and Parish, or between any Person or Persons and any Parish or Parishes, or any Person or Persons respecting any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, or any other Act or Acts, relating to the County Rate, the Expenses of all such Appeals, Actions, Suits or Proceedings at Law, shall be borne and paid by such respective Parishes or Parishes, or each of them, and in such Proportions as the said Justices upon any Appeal in their General or Quarter Sessions shall award and order, or as such Courts when such Actions, Suits or Proceedings shall be instituted shall assign and order, and shall not be charged to or be paid out of the County Rate.

X. And be it further enacted and declared, That all and every the Clauses, Powers, Directions, Provisions and Authorities contained in the said recited Acts made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King George the Second, and in the Tenth seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and so much of an Act made in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of King George the Second, entitled, *An Act to amend several Laws therein contained, for punishing such Persons as shall wilfully and maliciously pull down or destroy Turn-pikes, for regulating Highways, or Lunds, or other Works erected by Authority of Parliaments for making Rivers navigable; for preventing Encroachments of the Owners of Lunds and Meads upon the River of Thames upwards; and for Altering the Rates of Water Carriage upon the said River; for preventing felonies and*

Extending the Powers of Justices in this Act to the

12 G. 2. 25

without Arrays; and for the better securing the lawful Trade of His Majesty's Subjects in and from the East Indies, and for the more effectual promoting all His Majesty's Subjects trading either under Foreign Commissions; and for lengthning the Time for suing forth Writs of Certiorari upon Proceedings before Justices of the Peace, and for regulating the Time and Manner for applying for the same; for the better and more speedy Execution of Process within particular Parishes or Liberties, and for extending the Powers and Authorities of Justices of the Peace of Counties severally County Rates, in the Justice of the Peace of such Liberties and Parishes as were Commissions of the Peace within themselves, as relates to County Rates (and except such Parts thereof as are hereby varied or altered), shall be good, valid and effectual in carrying this Act into Execution.

XI. Provided always, and to be enacted, That all the Costs, Charges and Expenses of obtaining the Act, and of carrying the several Powers and Provisions thereof into Execution, shall be borne and paid by the said County of Cumberland by, from and out of the Rates to be made in pursuance of the Act.

XII. And to be further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace for the said County, or the major Part of them, at any General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to be holden in and for the said County, or at any Adjournment thereof assembled, to borrow and take up at Interest such Sum and Sums of Money as they shall think fit for the Purpose of carrying the said recited Act and this Act into Execution, upon the Credit of the Rates arising by virtue of this Act, from the Whole of the said County, or from any Ward or Division thereof, and by Writing under their Hands and Seals or the Hands and Seals of any Two or more of them present at such General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace or Adjournment thereof as aforesaid, to assign over the said Rates the Charges of such Mortgages or Assignments to be paid out of the said Rates) to any Person or Persons as a Security or Securities for the Repayment of the several Sums respectively which shall be borrowed, with the Interest thereof; which Assignment shall be in the Words or to the Effect following; that is to say,

BY virtue of an Act of Parliament made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, I do hereby grant, bargain, sell and demise unto the said *Executors, Administrators and Assigns, the Rates* arising by virtue of the said Act from the said County [or, from the Ward or Division of the said County] to be had and levied from the *Day of* *ward the* said Sum of *with lawful Interest for the same shall be repaid and satisfied.* Grant under our Hands and Seals this *Day of* *in the Year of our Lord*

And Copies of all such Mortgages or Assignments shall be entered in a Book to be kept for that Purpose by the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of Cumberland, and all Mortgages or Assignments which shall be made in Manner and Form aforesaid, shall be good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes; and all Persons to whom such Mortgages or Assignments shall be made as aforesaid, or who shall be entitled to the Money thereby secured, may from time to time, by Writing under their respective Hands and Seals, transfer their Right, Title, Interest or Benefit in and to the said Security, and the Principal and Interest thereby secured, to any Person or Persons whatsoever, by Indentment or the Back of such Security in the Presence of One credible Witness; which Transfer shall be in the Words or to the Effect following; that is to say,

I Do transfer the within Mortgage, and all Principal and Interest now due thereon, unto *Executors, Administrators and Assigns.* Witness my Hand and Seal this *Day of*

All which Transfers shall be published and certified to the said Clerk of the Peace within One Calendar Month after the Date thereof, who shall cause an Entry or Memorial to be made thereof, containing the Dates and Names of the Parties and Sums of Money specified therein in a Book to be kept for that Purpose, for which the said Clerk of the Peace shall be paid the Sum of Five Shillings, and no more; and after such Entry made, every such Transfer shall entitle the respective Assigns or Persons to whom the same shall be made, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, to the Benefit thereof and Payment in return; and every such Assignee shall and may in the manner aforesaid and transfer again, and so *in serie quatuor*; and it shall not be in the Power of any Person making such Assignment or Transfer, afterwards to make void, revoke or discharge the same Security, or any Money thereon due, or any Part thereof; and all Persons to whom such Mortgages, Assignments or Transfers shall be made as aforesaid, shall be in possession to the Sums therein respectively mentioned: Creditors on such Rates in equal Degree one with another, and shall have an Preference in respect to the Priority of advancing any such Money, or the Dates of such Mortgages or Assignments.

XIII. And to be further enacted, That all Persons to whom in a Mortgage or Assignments shall be made shall be, in proportion to the Sum or Sums therein respectively mentioned, Creditors to the said Rates and Assignments to be mortgaged as aforesaid, in equal degree one with another, and shall not have any Preference with respect to the Priority of advancing any such Money, or of the Dates of such respective Mortgages or Assignments in respect to the Payment of the Interest thereof; and that the Principal thereof shall be paid by such Creditors and Creditors, according to Dates, Numbers or Advances, as the said Justices, or any Three of them, shall, from time to time, do and appoint, but so that the whole Money to be levied upon the Credit of such Rates and Assignments shall or may be discharged within Fourteen Years from the time of passing this Act.

XIV. Provided

Expenses of Act to be paid out of the Rates.

Power to Justices to borrow Money.

Form of Assignments.

Form of Transfers.

Mortgages to be Creditors in equal Degree, and to be paid off in Fourteen Years.

- XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Treasurers of the said County do and shall give Notice by Advertisement in the *South-Country*, or some other Publick Newspaper usually circulated within the said County, of the Intention of the said Justices to pay off the Principal of all or any of the said Securities, specifying the time when and what Securities are intended to be paid off, at least Three Calendar Months before the time of such intended Payment, and that from the time specified in such Notice all Interest upon such Securities respectively shall cease and be at an End; and the Principal thereof, together with the Interest due up to that Period, shall be placed in the Hands of the said County Treasurer, to be paid to the Owner or Owners of such respective Securities whenever the same shall be demanded.
- XV. And be it further enacted, That the Interest of the Money which shall be borrowed on Mortgage as aforesaid, shall, from the time the respective Principal Monies to be lent or paid shall have been advanced, be paid Half-yearly to the several Parties entitled thereto.
- XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Wiltshire*, in their General or Quarter-Sessions from time to time assembled, to order such Allowances and Compensation to be made to the Constables and other Persons from, by and out of the Moneys to be collected and received under the Provisions of this Act, as to the said Justices shall appear reasonable, just and proper.
- XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover in any Action to be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, unless Notice in Writing shall have been given to the Defendant or Defendants or left at his, her or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode One Calendar Month before such Action shall be commenced or such intended Action, signed by the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs Attorney, specifying the Cause of such Action, nor shall the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs recover in such Actions if Tender of fullness Amounts shall have been made to him, her or them, or to his, her or their Attorney, by or on behalf of the Defendant or Defendants before such Action brought; and in case no such Tender shall have been made, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action, by Leave of the Court where such Action shall depend, at any time before Issue joined, to pay into Court such Sum of Money as he, she or they shall think fit, whereupon such Proceedings, Order and Judgment shall be had, made and given to and by such Court as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.
- XVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be brought, commenced or prosecuted against any Person or Persons, for any thing done or to be done by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, after Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, or the Cause of such Action shall have arisen; and every such Action shall be brought and laid in the County of *Wiltshire*, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit shall and may plead at law, her or their Election this Act specially, or the General Issue, and give this Act, and the special Matter in Evidence, as any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the Game was done in pursuance or by the Authority of this Act; and if upon the Trial of such Action or Suit it shall appear to have been so done, or that such Action or Suit shall have been brought before the Expiration of One Calendar Month next after such Notice shall have been given as aforesaid, or after a sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, or after the case brought for bringing the same as aforesaid, or brought or laid in any other County than as aforesaid, then, and in every of the said Cases, the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants; and in all Cases where a Verdict shall be found for any Defendant or Defendants in such Actions or Suits, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs thereof shall discontinue the same after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared thereto, or shall be acquitted, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then, and in every such Case, the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and shall have such and the like Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for recovering Costs of Suit in any other Cases by Law.
- XIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. v.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Alton Street* in the Town of *Clevedon* in the County of *Gloucester*, to *Stanch Lane* in or near the Village of *Byng's Cross*, in the said County, to join the Turnpike Road leading from the Town of *English* in the County of *Bristol*, to the said Town of *Clevedon*. [18th March 1810.]

Cap. ix.

An Act for altering, improving and keeping in Repair the Road between the City of *Durham* and the Village of *Stately Bridge*, in the County of *Durham*. [8th March 1810.]

Cap. xv.

An Act for erecting a Judiciary and County Hall and other Offices for the County of *Worcester*. [12th March 1810.]

Cap. v.

An Act for repairing an Act, made in the Thirty second Year of His late Majesty, for better Lighting and clearing the Open Places, Streets, Squares and other Passages within the Part of the Manor and Liberty of *Newes Falgar* otherwise known by the Name of *Albottle*, in the County of *Northampton*, which is Extra-parochial, and regulating the Nightly Watch and Beadle therein; and for the better Relief and Maintenance of the Poor thereof, and for other Purposes relating thereto. [12th March 1810.]

Ff 2

Cap.

Cap. vi.

As an Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Shobdon Gas near Carlisle to Mafyfield*, and to join the Turnpike Road at *Sidlow*, in the County of *Cambridg.* (i) [21st March 1810.]

Cap. vii.

As an Act for repairing the Road from *Centrevil Bridge* in the County of *York*, through the Towns of *Yarn*, *Snidrow* and *Striggfield*, to the City of *Donkton* in the County of *Donkton*, and for repairing an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty for repairing the said Road. (i) [21st March 1810.]

Cap. viii.

As an Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the several Roads therein mentioned, so far as the said Acts relate to the Road from *Doncaster through Ferrybridge*, to the South Side of *Towheger Croft* in the County of *York*. (i) [21st March 1810.]
[Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted. Half additional Tolls on Sundays.]

Cap. ix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township or Hamlet of *Chirewely*, in the Manor and Parish of *Chirewely*, in the County of *North.* (i. P.) [21st March 1810.]
 " Abolitions and Compensation for Tithes. § 20—28.

Cap. x.

As an Act to continue and amend Three Acts for the Improvement of the Port and Harbour of *Doncaster*. (i) [21st March 1810.]

Cap. xi.

As an Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, so far as the same relate to the Road from *Northland Donkton to Radford Bridge*, and from *Stiffour Street to Norton Talar Pits*, and from *Kilnwick to Radford* in the County of *Donkton*. (i) [21st March 1810.]

Cap. xii.

As an Act for continuing the Term and amending Two Acts passed in the Twenty ninth and Thirty fifth Years of His present Majesty, for amending the several Roads therein defined, so far as the said Acts relate to the District of Road from *Bay to Mafyfield*, and from thence to *Martham and Mafyfield*, all in the County of *Westmorland*; and also for making a Branch of Road from *Parfield* to the West End of the Town of *Penketh*, in the same County. (i) [21st March 1810.]
[Additional Tolls. Death Tolls on Sundays.]

Cap. xiii.

As an Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Tenth and Twentieth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening several Roads leading from the Town of *Leath*, in the County of *Lincoln*. (i) [21st March 1810.]
[Additional Tolls. Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted. Death Tolls on Sundays.]

Cap. xiv.

As an Act for repairing, altering and improving the Road from *Tockfield to Caphem*, in the County of *Southampton*. (i) [21st March 1810.]

Cap. xv.

As an Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Twenty sixth and Thirty third Years of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Wafyfield to Alderford* in the County of *York*. (i) [21st March 1810.]
[Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xvi.

As an Act for continuing the Term, and altering the Powers of an Act made in the Thirty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for making and repairing several Roads leading across the County of *Stafford*. (i) [21st March 1810.]
[Appointments of Tolls repealed. Tolls repealed as therein mentioned, and others granted. Postage Duties repealed, and new Duties granted.]

Cap. xvii.

As an Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Baron of *Whitby Hill*, to the *White Turnpike Road* at or near *Sturford* in the County of *North.* (i) [21st March 1810.]
[Additional Tolls. Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap.

Cap. xviii.

An Act for repairing the Road leading from the *Esplanade Turnpike Road* in the Parish of *St. Andrew*, in the County of *Kent*, to the Turnpike Road leading from *Leavesden* to *Breda*, in the said County. (4)
[21st March 1810.]

Cap. xix.

An Act for better settling and collecting the Poor and other Rates, in the Parish of *Lambeth*, in the County of *Surrey*; and regulating the Poor thereof. [24th March 1810.]

Cap. xx.

An Act to alter and amend Two Acts, passed in the Twentieth Year of His late Majesty and the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, for maintaining the Publick Conduits and other Water Works belonging to the Town of *Southampton*. [24th March 1810.]

Cap. xxi.

An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of the Ninth and Thirtieth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading from the Borough of *Dorchester*, in the County of *Dorset*. (5)
[5th April 1810.]

Cap. xxii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Lower Saint Croft Hill Lane*, (on the Road from the City of *Winchester* to the Town of *Southampton*) to *Parl Gate*, on the Road from *Southampton* to *Osney*, in the County of *Southampton*. (6)
[5th April 1810.]

Cap. xxiii.

An Act for better paving, lighting, cleansing and watching the Towns of *Great Yarmouth* in the County of *Norfolk*, and for removing Nuisances and Annoyances therein, and for making other Improvements in the said Towns. [5th April 1810.]

Cap. xxiv.

An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the *Whitbread Canal* to extend the *Whitbread Line* of the said Canal from *Sherrington's Bridge* to *Gable Well*, in the Town of *Whitbread*, in the County of *Salop*; and for amending the several Acts for making the said Canal. [5th April 1810.]

Cap. xxv.

An Act for lighting and watching the Towns of *Bishop Weymouth* and *Bishop Weymouth Haven*, for cleansing, paving and regulating the Footpaths, and for removing and preventing Nuisances and Encroachments therein. [5th April 1810.]

Cap. xxvi.

An Act to amend an Act made in the Eighteenth Year of His present Majesty, for paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the Town of *Down*, and for removing and preventing Nuisances and Annoyances therein. [5th April 1810.]

Cap. xxvii.

An Act for paving, lighting, watching and cleansing the Town of *Sandwich* near the Sea, in the County of *Durham*; for removing the Market; for building a Town Hall or Market House; and for otherwise improving the said Town; and for establishing a Watch on the River *Ware*. [5th April 1810.]

Cap. xxviii.

An Act to revise and continue the Term and Powers of an Act passed for empowering the Commissioners for paving, cleansing and lighting the Squares, Streets and Lanes within the City and Liberty of *Windsor* and Parts adjacent, to collect certain Tolls on *Stage* upon the several Roads therein mentioned. [5th April 1810.]

Cap. xxix.

An Act for constructing a Pier or Harbour at or near the Towns of *Kilcarbor*, in the County of *Perth*. [5th April 1810.]

Cap. xxx.

An Act for regulating the New Market Place in the Town of *Hilfing*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. [5th April 1810.]

Cap. xxxi.

An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act, of the Ninth Year of His present Majesty, for embanking, draining and preserving certain Low Grounds in the Parish of *Lambeth*, and other Parishes and Places therein mentioned, in the County of *Northampton*. [5th April 1810.]

Cap.

- 47 G. 3. c. 56. 1. An Act to alter and explain an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, to enable the President Inhabitants to sue in the Name of their Managing Director, and to amend Annullum. [6th April 1810.]
- 48 G. 3. c. 100. An Act to amend an Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for incorporating and regulating the Clyde Marine Society. [6th April 1810.]
[Former Duties to cease, and new Duty granted.]
- 49 G. 3. c. 81. An Act for continuing and amending Three Acts, passed in the Fourteenth Year of His late Majesty, and Second and Twenty sixth Years of His present Majesty, in far as they relate to repairing the Road from Douglas in the County of York, to Salters' Broad in the County of Cheshire. (S) [6th April 1810.]
[Additional Trusses. Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]
- 50 G. 3. c. 104. An Act to continue the Term, and amend and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts, of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Marchwood, in the County of Dundee, through Sanger, Warristown and Humber, to the County of Perth, in a certain House therein mentioned in the Parish of Warristown, in the County of Selkirk; and from Sanger through Malpas, in the County of Cheshire; and from Redford to Hampton, in the County of Selkirk. (S) [6th April 1810.]
[Additional Trusses. Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]
- 51 G. 3. c. 105. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the Town of Blackburn through Poulton and Burnby to Colne, in the County Palatine of Lancaster; and for continuing the same Road through Clitheroe and Silfby to Adlington and Culling End, in the West Riding of the County of York. (S) [6th April 1810.]
[Double Tolls on Sunday.]
- 52 G. 3. c. 106. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Egle Marston, in the County of Nottingham. (S P.) [6th April 1810.]
* Allowance and Compensation for Tithes. § 21.
- 53 G. 3. c. 86. An Act to repeal an Act made in the Thirteenth Year of His present Majesty, for paving, lighting and cleansing the Town of Northampton, in the County of Northampton, and rearing and preventing Nuisances and Annoyances therein; for regulating the Market, for holding and repairing Groves to render the Coal safe and convenient; for loading Coal and Cokes, and laying a Duty thereon, and for making other Provisions in law thereof; and for regulating Weights and Measures, and building a Town Hall. [18th April 1810.]
- 54 G. 3. c. 117. An Act for building a Bridge over the River Wyre, in the City of Norwich, to the Hamlet of Thurst, in the County of the said City. [18th April 1810.]
- 55 G. 3. c. 118. An Act for paving and otherwise improving the Streets and other Publick Passages within the Town of Passybury, in the County of York, for better supplying the said Town with Water, and for altering and amending an Act, passed in the Twentieth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for building the Park of Passybury, in the County of York, and for other Purposes therein contained.* [18th April 1810.]
- 56 G. 3. c. 119. An Act for watching, and more effectually lighting, cleansing and otherwise improving the Town of King's Lynn upon Hull, and the Liberty of Trippett and the Lordship or Parsonage of Mynon, in the Parish of the Holy Trinity, in the said Town; and for preventing Nuisances therein, and also for preventing Frauds and Impostions in the Quality, Measure and Carriage of Coals sold in the said Town and the Neighborhood thereof. [18th April 1810.]
- 57 G. 3. c. 120. An Act for better paving, lighting, cleansing, watching and otherwise improving the Town of Loughborough, in the County of Leicestershire. [18th April 1810.]
- 58 G. 3. c. 121. An Act for providing an Additional Burial Ground for the Parish of Saint Luke, Chelsea, in the County of Middlesex. [18th April 1810.]
Cap.

Cap. xlii.

An Act for further enlarging the Church Yard of the Parish of *Padstow* in the County of *Highgate*.
[18th April 1810.]

Stats. G. & G.
27 G. 3. c. 42.

Cap. xlii.

An Act for better settling and collecting the Poor and other Rates in the Parish of *Saint George the Martyr*, in the Borough of *Southwark*, in the County of *Surrey*, and regulating the Poor thereof
[18th April 1810.]

Cap. xliii.

An Act for improving the Upper End of the *Barric Road*, on the North Side of the *Wye* of the *Wooded Fast River*, in the *Isle of Ely*, and Counties of *Cambridge* and *Huntingdon*
[18th April 1810.]

23 G. 3. c. 11
27 G. 3. c. 17
17 G. 3. c. 25
17 G. 3. c. 32
26 G. 3. c. 302

Cap. xliii.

An Act for improving the Lower End of the *Barric Road*, between *Schole's Lane* and *Wells's Dam Bridge*, in the *Isle of Ely*, and Counties of *Cambridge* and *Huntingdon*.
[18th April 1810.]

Cap. xliiii.

An Act for strengthening, amending and enlarging the Powers of an Act, passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for building a Bridge over that Part of the River *Remsey* which divides the Parish of *Remsey* in the County of *Hampshire*, and the Parish of *Ranch* in the County of *Gloucester*.
[18th April 1810.]

43 G. 3. c. 104.

[Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. xliiii.

An Act to continue and amend Three Acts passed in the Twenty second Year of His late Majesty, and the Fourteenth and Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Newn's Mills*, in the County of *Northampton*, to the Town of *Newnham* upon *Tyne*, and to make and repair certain additional Branches of Road communicating therewith. (S)
[18th April 1810.]

23 G. 3. c. 69
14 G. 3. c. 116
26 G. 3. c. 180

[Additional Trophies. Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. l.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Thirtieth second Year of His present Majesty, for building a Bridge over the River *South Esk*, at or near *Montrose*.
[18th April 1810.]

33 G. 3. c. 136.

[Former Tolls re-constituted, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. li.

An Act for enlarging the Powers granted by His Majesty to the Royal Institution of *Great Britain*, and for extending and more effectually promoting the Objects thereof.
[18th April 1810.]

WHEREAS by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, bearing Date the Thirtieth Day of *January*, in the Fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign; after reciting that several of His Majesty's Subjects were desirous of forming a Publick Institution for diffusing the Knowledge and facilitating the Good Introduction of Useful Mechanical Inventions and Improvements, and for teaching by Courses of Philosophical Lectures and Experiments, the Applications of Science to the common Purposes of Life, His Majesty did give and grant that *George*, Earl of *Winchester* and *Northampton* and several other Persons therein named, and such other Persons as should be from time to time elected in manner therein specified, and their Successors, should for ever thereafter be by virtue thereof one Body Publick by the Name of "The Proprietors of the Royal Institution of *Great Britain*;" and by the same Name have perpetual Succession, and for ever thereafter have Power to purchase, receive and possess any Goods and Chattels whatsoever, and notwithstanding the Statute of *Mercatorius* to purchase, hold and enjoy to them and their Successors, any Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments whatsoever, not exceeding at the time or times of purchasing thereof respectively the yearly Value, at a Rack Rent, of Two thousand Pounds in the Whole; and His Majesty's further Will and Pleasure was, that in case any Proprietor of the said Institution should be desirous of parting with his Right and Interest therein, and should in Writing signify the same to the Committee of Management, to be appointed as therein is mentioned, then it should be lawful for the said Proprietors to elect, in the Room of such Proprietor, a Person nominated by such Proprietor, and then the Right and Interest of such Proprietor should determine, and thereupon become vested in such Person so elected; and also, that in case of the Death of any Proprietor, it should be lawful for his or her Executors or Administrators to nominate a Person to be admitted or ballotted for as a Proprietor in the Right of the Proprietor who is dying, subject to such Restrictions and Regulations as are therein contained: And whereas the Proprietors of the said Institution have, at a very considerable Expence, purchased and provided a large and commodious House and Buildings situate in *Abchurch Lane*, in the Parish of *Saint George, Hanover Square*, in the County of *Middlesex*, for the Purposes of the said Institution, and have formed a Museum Collection of *Stonely Specimens* most judiciously arranged, and extensive and valuable Libraries; and also have erected and furnished a spacious and useful Laboratory, in which are made Experiments and Investigations important to a very high

Letters Patent,
23 G. 3. c. 116
44 G. 3.

• Degree to the Improvement of Chemical Science, and to its Application to Arts and Manufactures in this
 • Country; and to the Course of which, Discoveries have been made highly accessible to this Age and the
 • *British Nation*: And whereas the successful Endeavour which has successfully attended the intended
 • State of the Establishment having for executed the Funds of the said Institution, the Managers have lately
 • had a State of their Concerns before a General Meeting of the Proprietors, at which it was unanimously
 • determined, that the National Objects to which the Royal Institution is now apply'd, should not be ob-
 • structed on account of any Scarcity of Property which may be required on their Part, but with a View to
 • attend the Interest of Scientific and Publick Charities in its Favour, and to reduce them to form an active
 • Co-operation for its Support, that Measures should be taken to form on its Side a Publick National and
 • Permanent Establishment devoted to the Cultivation of natural Science, and to the Promotion of every
 • Improvement in Agriculture, Manufactures and the Arts: And whereas the Saleable and Hereditary Right
 • in the Shares and Property of the said Institution, have operated as Impediments to that general Interest and
 • Co-operation which appear to be essential to such a Publick National and Permanent Establishment as afore-
 • said, and therefore a General Meeting of the Proprietors have agreed, that such Saleable and Hereditary
 • Right shall be entirely done away, and that every Proprietor who shall relinquish and give up his or her
 • Saleable and Hereditary Share and Property in the said Institution, shall become a Life Member thereof
 • only; and as a Compensation for such his or her Saleable and Hereditary Right as aforesaid, shall have the
 • Power of nominating, by Writing under his Hand, or by his Will, any Person being his Wife or Child, or
 • other Relative in Blood, to be admitted to the Privileges of a Life Subscriber to the said Institution; and in
 • the mean time and until such Nomination, every Life Member shall have the Power of admitting One Person
 • to the Lectures, Collections, Libraries and Reading Rooms, whenever he himself shall personally attend:
 • And whereas an Appraised Valuation has been lately made, by lawful Persons, of the Property and Effects
 • of the said Institution, in order to ascertain the Value of each Proprietor's Share therein, which appears by
 • such Valuation to amount to the Sum of Forty two Pounds and Ten Pence, or thereabouts, being the Value
 • of each Proprietor's Share; and it has been agreed by the Proprietors present at a Special General Meeting,
 • convened in the manner directed by the Bye-Laws of the said Institution, that in case any Proprietor shall not
 • consent to become a Life Member of the said Institution, then, and in such Case, as a Compensation for
 • such his or her Hereditary and Saleable Share or Property as aforesaid, such Proprietor shall receive the
 • pecuniary Compensation of Forty two Pounds and Ten Pence, or at his or her Option such Sum of Money
 • as shall be ascertained by a Jury to be the Value of such his or her Share or Property as hereinafter is pro-
 • vided or mentioned: And whereas by the said Letters Patent, and by the Bye-Laws made in pursuance
 • thereof, the Affairs and Concerns of the said Institution are directed and governed by a Committee of
 • Managers, consisting of the President, Fifteen Managers, and the Secretary; and the said Institution is from
 • time to time inspected and examined by a Committee of Visitors, consisting of the Trustees and Fifteen
 • Visitors, the Members of the said Committees being chosen by and from among the Proprietors of the said
 • Institution, and the President, Treasurer, Secretary, and One Third of the Managers, and One Third of
 • the Visitors, having been renewed or chosen annually on the First Day of May, or upon that Day has fallen
 • on a Sunday, on the next Day: And whereas it is deemed expedient, that all the said Managers and Visitors
 • should be renewed or chosen annually, and that the greater Number of such Managers and Visitors respec-
 • tively shall be Members of the said Institution, who have not been Managers or Visitors during the preceding
 • Year: And whereas by the said Letters Patent the Power of making, altering and repealing Bye-Laws for
 • the Regulation of the said Institution is vested in the said Managers, with the Consent of the said Visitors,
 • and the Confirmation of the said Proprietors at large, and the Power of electing the Proprietors or Members
 • of the said Institution, and the Honorary Members of the said Institution is also vested in the said Managers:
 • And whereas it is deemed expedient that the said Powers of making, altering and repealing Bye-Laws, and
 • of electing the Members and Honorary Members of the said Institution, should be vested in the Members at
 • large, subject to the Resolutions hereinafter mentioned: And whereas the said several Purposes cannot be
 • carried into Effect without the Aid of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be
 • enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the
 • Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the
 • same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Objects of the said Body Politick, and the Powers
 • vested in them by the said Charter, and this Act respectively, shall be extended and applied to the Promotion of
 • Chemical Science by Experiments and Lectures for improving Arts and Manufactures, to discovering the Uses
 • of the Mineral and other Natural Productions of this Country, and to the Diffusion and Extension of useful
 • Knowledge in general; and that the Name of "The Proprietors of the Royal Institution of Great Britain,"
 • by the said Charter directed to be used, shall cease and be discontinued; and that in lieu thereof the Name of
 • the said Body Politick shall be "The Members of the Royal Institution of Great Britain," which last men-
 • tioned Name shall be so used and official for all Licenses and Papers whatsoever, as if the same had been
 • originally comprised in the said Charter.

The Objects of
 the Corporation
 extended, and its
 Name altered.

No Member or
 Proprietor to
 have more than
 a Life Interest.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Member or Proprietor of the
 said Institution shall have any further or greater Share, Right or Interest therein, than for and during the
 Term of his natural Life; and that the said Charter is the said Letters Patent, whereby it is declared, that in
 case any Proprietor of the said Institution shall be desirous of parting with his Right and Interest in the Pro-
 perty thereof, and shall testify the same, then it shall be lawful for the Managers in each of the Rooms of such
 Proprietor, a Person to be nominated by such Proprietor; and that in case of the Death of any Proprietor, it
 shall be lawful for his other Executors or Administrators to nominate a Person to be admitted for or admitted in
 the Room of such deceased Proprietor, who, if a lawfully born Child of such deceased Proprietor, shall be

admitted as a Proprietor; but if other than a lawfully born Child of such deceased Proprietor shall be balloted for Election as a Proprietor, shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That each and every Proprietor or Member who shall be willing to give up and relinquish his or her Hereditary and Saleable Share or Property in the said Institution, in consideration of such Power and Privileges as are next hereinafter mentioned, shall in such Form as shall be fixed by the Bye-Laws of the said Institution, have the Power of conveying by Writing under his or her Hand, or by his or her Will, or any Codicil thereto attested by Two or more Witnesses, one of whom being his Wife or Child, or other Relation to Blood, to be admitted to the Privileges of a Life Subscriber to the said Institution; and in the mean time and until such Notations, each and every such Proprietor or Member shall have the Privilege of assigning One Perche to the Lecturers, Collectors, Librarians and Reading Rooms, whenever he or she shall periodically attend, but not otherwise.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in case any Proprietor or Member, or the Trustee of any Proprietor or Member, or the Executors or Administrators of any deceased Proprietor or Member, shall, within Three Calendar Months after the passing of this Act, by Writing under his, her or their Hand or Hands, signify that he, she or they will not agree to relinquish and give up his, her or their Hereditary and Saleable Share or Property in the said Institution, in consideration of such Powers and Privileges as are hereinafter mentioned; then each and every such Proprietor or Member, for the time being, or his or her Trustee, Executors or Administrators, shall be paid by the Managers of the said Institution, the Sum of Forty two Pounds and Ten Pence *per Share*, as a Compensation for, and in full Satisfaction of, all his, her or their Share, Right and Interest in the said Institution, which such Proprietor or Member, Trustee, Executor or Administrator, shall, within the Space of Three Calendar Months after the passing of this Act, bring or cause to be brought any Action or Actions in case of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, against the said Corporation, for the Recovery of the Value of his, her or their Hereditary and Saleable Share or Shares and Property in the said Institution, as such Value should manifestly before the passing of this Act, which it shall be lawful for every such Proprietor or Member to do and to proceed to Trial thereof, in like manner as in other Actions at Law; and after Verdict had thereon, the said Corporation shall and they are hereby required to pay, or cause to be paid to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Action or Actions, such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be recovered in such Action or Actions as such Compensation as aforesaid; and the Perche or Perches to whom the same shall be paid or tendered, shall each to be a Proprietor or Member of the said Corporation, or to have any Share, Property, Right or Interest therein; provided that in all Actions where the Verdict shall be given for more than the Sum of Forty two Pounds and Ten Pence, the Costs of Suit shall be paid by the Defendants; and in all Actions where the Verdict shall be given for the Sum of Forty two Pounds and Ten Pence, or for any less Sum, the Costs of Suit shall be paid by the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

V. And be it further enacted, That on the First Day of *May*, which shall be in the Year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eleven, and from thenceforth in each and every Year on the First Day of *May*, (unless when the same falls on a Sunday, and then on the next Day) the Members of the said Institution present at their annual Meeting, shall then proceed to elect by Ballot, first and among the Members of the said Institution (subject nevertheless to the Bye-Laws of the said Institution respecting the manner and time of such Election) not only a President, Treasurer and Secretary, but also Fifteen or more Managers, and Fifteen or more Visitors in the Room of the Managers or Visitors of the preceding Year, the major Part of such Fifteen or more Managers, and the major Part of such Fifteen or more Visitors, being Members of the said Institution, who have not been Managers or Visitors at the preceding Year.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Bye-Laws shall be made, altered or repealed, except by the Authority of one of the General Monthly Meetings of the Members of the said Institution: Provided that no Bye-Law, nor the Alteration or Repeal of any Bye-Law, shall be proposed at any Meeting, unless Notice of such Bye-Law, or of the Alteration or Repeal of any such Bye-Law, shall have been given in Writing signed by at least Fifteen Members of the Institution, and first read to the said Members Fourteen Days at least before such General Monthly Meeting.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Power of the said Managers to elect Proprietors or Members of the said Institution, and Honorary Members of the said Institution, shall cease and determine, and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the Members of the said Institution, at their General Monthly Meetings from time to time, as well to elect and create by Ballot such Persons to be Members of the said Institution, as shall have been recommended by their Members; but (in such Form as shall be fixed by the Bye-Laws of the said Institution) and shall have respectively paid or secured to be paid to the Funds of the said Institution, as a condition of their Election, such Annual or other Sum as shall from time to time be fixed for the Qualification of a Member of the said Institution; as also to elect and create by Ballot to be Honorary Members of the said Institution, such *Foreign Subjects* as are of the Blood Royal, or such Foreigners as are of elevated Rank, or distinguished for scientific or literary Attainments.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the General Monthly Meetings of the Royal Institution shall be held on the First Monday in the Months of *February, March, April, May, June, July, August, November* and *December* in every Year, at Two o'clock in the Afternoon, precisely, or on such other Day and Times, and at such other Hour as shall from time to time be fixed by the Bye-Laws of the said Institution.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Managers of the said Institution (in Writing under their Hands) to allow such Salaries as their President, Lecturers and Officers, as by such Managers shall be deemed a reasonable Compensation for their Duty and Attendance, retarding such Professors, Lecturers or Officers may be Members of the said Institution; any thing in the said recited Charter to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Members willing to relinquish their hereditary and saleable shares or property in the said Institution, may assign one perch to the lecturers, collectors, librarians and reading rooms, whenever they attend, but not otherwise.

Members not willing to relinquish their hereditary and saleable shares or property in the said Institution, shall be paid by the managers of the said Institution, the sum of forty two pounds and ten pence per share, as a compensation for, and in full satisfaction of, all their share, right and interest in the said Institution.

Effect of Managers and Visitors.

Power to the Bye-Laws to be altered, modified, or repealed.

Effect of Meetings of Members with respect to the election of Managers.

Time & Place of Meetings.

Power to the Managers.

And whereas the Statute in Reference and Mineral Contents hath been Revised at the Royal Injunction of His Majesty, following Conditions; that each Patentee of One hundred Pounds, or more, of Letters Patent for the said Library and Collection; and that every Submitter of Letters Patent for the said Library and Collection; and a Librarian, or other Person, who shall contribute to the said Library of Reference and Collection; and each such Patentee shall have Power by Writing to appoint any one or more Members of the said Institution; to be a Patron for Life of the said Library and Collection.

XI. It is further enacted, and he it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to give to any Person Power to affect the Right and Interests of any Life Subscriber, or several Subscribers, in the said Institution; but the same shall be as good, valid and effectual in all respects whatsoever, as if this Statute had not been made.

XII. It is further enacted, That the said recited Letters Patent, and the Bye-Laws made in pursuance thereof, in so far as the same are altered or made void by this Act, or as any of the said Bye-Laws may be amended, altered, or made void by the Letters Patent, or by the Laws of the Realm, are hereby confirmed and made valid to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

XIII. It is further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be publicly read Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. li.

An Act to amend the Terms and alter and enlarge the Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing certain Roads in the Counties of Cornwall and Dorset, and for more effectually repairing, improving and keeping in Repair certain other Roads in the County of Cornwall. (a) [18th April 1810.]

[Additional Titles. Double Title as Sunday.]

Cap. lii.

An Act to amend the Terms and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of the Seventh and Twenty sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from the High Road between Bromley and Farnborough, in the County of Kent, to Diggers' Bay, in the Turnpike Road leading from Tinsley's Walk to Margfield, in the County of Essex. (b) [18th April 1810.]

[Double Title as Sunday.]

Cap. lii.

An Act for amending and amending Two Acts passed in the Third and Twenty fourth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Longford Hill, through Woburn and Arconage to Hadden, and from Woburn through Colton to Hitchin altered, all in the County of Hertford. (c) [18th April 1810.]

[Former Title repealed, and new Title granted.]

Cap. li.

An Act for making and keeping in Repair the Road leading from a Place near Stephen Bridge, in the Parish of Piddington, in the County of Suffolk, to the Road running from Wadhing to Hoxton, in the said County; and from the said Road running from Wadhing to Hoxton to the Dereham Path in the Parish of Dereham, on the Turnpike Road leading from Dereham to Hoxton, in the said County. (d) [18th April 1810.]

[Double Title as Sunday.]

Cap. li.

An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Gilders Lane to Woburn, in the County of Bedford, and several other Roads therein mentioned; and for extending the said Roads from King's Head Inn to the Turnpike Road leading from Woburn under Linnard to Newport, in the County of Suffolk. (e) [18th April 1810.]

Cap. liii.

An Act for more effectually repairing, widening, improving and amending the Road from Liverpool to Preston, in the County Palatine of Lancaster. (f) [18th April 1810.]

[Additional Title as Sunday.]

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for more effectually repairing and keeping in Repair several Roads leading to and from the Town of Mergesway in the County of Gloucester. (g) [18th April 1810.]

[Double Title as Sunday.]

Cap. lxx.

An Act for making an Alteration in Certain Carriage Roads from the Turnpike Road leading from *Sturminster* in the County of *Dorset*, to the County of *Wiltshire*, to the County of *Wiltshire*, at or near *Chiswick* in the County of *Dorset*, to the Turnpike Road leading from *Sturminster* to *Salisbury*, at or near *Salisbury* in the County of *Wiltshire*. (S.)
[18th April 1816.]

Cap. lxi.

An Act to amend in each of an Act made in the Parliament of *Ireland*, in the Twenty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for making and repairing Publick Roads in the County of *Dublin*, so relative to the Roads within the Burow of *St. James*. (S.) [18th April 1816.] 205 A.D. 1816.

Cap. lxi.

An Act for amending an Act of the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty for repairing the Road from *Burton* to *Sturminster* upon *Tweed* to *Longburgh* Hill, and several other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of *Dorset* and Liberties of *Burton* upon *Tweed*. (S.) [18th April 1816.] 43 G. 3. c. 22.

Cap. lxxi.

An Act to amend several Acts for repairing Roads leading to and through the Town of *Fram* in the County of *Somerset*, and for paving the Footways and lighting the Streets within the said Town, and for removing Part of the present Market Place in the said Town. (S.) [18th April 1816.] * [not entered] 20 G. 3. c. 26. 21 G. 3. c. 91. 22 G. 3. c. 113. [Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. lxxii.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from *Hardingham* to *Old Stratford*, in the County of *Northampton*. (S.) [18th April 1816.] 2 G. 3. c. 36. 11 G. 3. c. 229 repealed.

Cap. lxxiii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Elsey* and *Fenny*, in the County of *Southampton*. (S. P.) [18th April 1816.]

An Act for allotment and Compensation for Tythes. § 16.

Cap. lxxiv.

An Act for appointing new Trustees for carrying into Execution the Trusts and Powers of the Settlement made on the Marriage of the Right Honourable *George Capel* Comyns Earl of *Essex*, with *Sarah Comyns* of *Essex*, his Wife. (S. P.) [18th April 1816.]

Cap. lxxv.

An Act for inclosing and converting from Tythes, Lands in the Parish of *Stodley*, in the County of *Bedfordshire*. (S. P.) [18th April 1816.]

Cap. lxxvi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Great Pympton* and *Pympton*, in the County of *Northampton*. (S. P.) [18th April 1816.]

Cap. lxxvii.

An Act for paving, lighting, cleansing and watching the Borough of *Sturminster*, and Suburbs thereof; for regulating the Police and Markets; and for other Purposes therein mentioned. [18th May 1816.] 15 G. 3. c. 10.

Cap. lxxviii.

An Act for better regulating the Statute Labors within the County of *Derby*. [18th May 1816.]

Cap. lxxix.

An Act to amend several Acts of the Thirteenth, Thirty-fifth and Thirty-seventh Years of His present Majesty, for deepening and making more commodious the Harbour of *London*. (S.) [18th May 1816.] [New Dock.] 1 G. 3. c. 10. 13 G. 3. c. 10. 20 G. 3. c. 10.

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for providing an additional Burying Ground for the Parish of *St. John*, *Hampstead*, in the County of *Middlesex*. [18th May 1816.]

Cap. lxxxi.

An Act for more effectually making and repairing certain Roads in the Counties of *Fife*, *Kincardine*, *Perth* and *Gloucestershire*. (S.) [18th May 1816.]

45 G. 3. c. 205. repealed. 30 G. 3. c. 93. 37 G. 3. c. 180. and 47 G. 3. c. 111. in part repealed.

Cap. lxxiii.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Roads leading into the City of Hertford, and several Roads communicating therewith. (A) [18th May 1810.]

[Doubtful as to Sunday.]

Cap. lxxiv.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the Town of Wigham in the *Shire* of Ely, in the County of Cambridge, to the Town of Thorney in the same *Shire* and County. (B) [18th May 1810.]

Cap. lxxv.

An Act to amend an Act of the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Regulation of Buildings and Party Walls, and for the more effectually preventing Mischief by Fire within the Cities of London and Westminster, by permitting John's Patent Telfers to be used in the Covering of Houses and Buildings within the Places therein mentioned. [18th May 1810.]

1810 c. 119.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *4. An Act for the further and better Regulation of Buildings and Party Walls, and for the more effectually preventing Mischief by Fire within the Cities of London and Westminster, and the Liberties thereof, and other the Parishes, Precincts and Places within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, the Parishes of Saint Mary le Bon, Paddington, Saint Pancras, and Saint Luke at Chelsea, in the County of Middlesex; and for enlarging, under certain Conditions, Galleries and other Projections upon the Fronts to which they are or may be liable, for covering Buildings within the Limits aforesaid, contrary to Law, it was, amongst other things, enacted, That every Flat, Gutter and Roof of every Building of the First, Second, Third, Fourth or Fifth Rate or Class of Building (as therein defined) which should be built after the Twenty fourth Day of June then last, and every Tower, Dormer and Lantern Light, or other Erection which should be placed in the Flat or Roof of any such Building, and every external Part of any Flat, Gutter, Roof, Tower, Dormer and Lantern in any Building of the said First, Second, Third, Fourth or Fifth Rate or Class of Building, or those built, or which should at any time after the time aforesaid be ripped or uncovered, should be covered with Gilt, Copper, Lead, Tin, Slate, Tile or artificial Stone, except the Doors, Door Frames, Windows and Window Frames of such Dormers, Towers, Lantern Lights or other Erections: And whereas since the passing of the said recited Act, His Majesty's Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, bearing Date at Wigham on the Twenty second Day of December in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and six, have been granted to *Jehovah* Benveniste John, for his new-invented Composition called *Jehov's Patent Telfers*, composed of Leadstone or any other Stone powdered, or Road Staff, whose Stone is made use of for repairing of Roads, and other Articles of a heavy, sandy or calcareous Nature, with a sufficient Addition of Tar or other Bituminous Substances, mixed together by the Application of considerable Heat and powerful Machinery, and afterwards pressed together and rolled upon Sheets by Means of Rollers being used with great Pressure, to be used in the Covering of Buildings: And whereas such Composition has been found useful and safe for such Purposes, and not liable to catch Fire, so as to communicate the same to any adjoining Premises: And whereas it is expedient to allow to be used in the Covering of Buildings the said Composition called *Jehov's Patent Telfers*, as well as the several Articles mentioned in the said Act of the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, every Flat, Gutter and Roof of every Building of the said First, Second, Third, Fourth or Fifth Rate or Class of Building, and of every other Rate or Class of Building, and every Tower, Dormer and Lantern Light, or other Erection which shall be placed in the Flat or Roof of any such Building, and every external Part of any Flat, Gutter, Roof, Tower, Dormer and Lantern, in any Building of the said First, Second, Third, Fourth or Fifth Rate, or any other Rate or Class of Building now built, or which shall at any time hereafter be built within the several Places named in the said recited Act, and every Coping, Cornic, Fasc, Window-dressing, Parapet, Balcony, Balustrade, or other external Decoration or Projection whatsoever, to any such Buildings respectively, and also every Freestanding to any Building of the said First Rate or any other Rate or Class of Building now built or hereafter to be built, or to any Addition or Enlargement of any such Building, and every covered Way as shall or may hereafter be made to any Building, may be covered with the said Composition called *Jehov's Patent Telfers*, or any or either of the said several Articles or Materials mentioned and prescribed in and by the said recited Act, and the said Composition called *Jehov's Patent Telfers* shall and may be used in like manner as if the said Material or Composition had been specifically named and included in the said Act among the Articles enumerated therein to be used for covering any such Buildings; so that every Sheet of which Telfers be used, shall be stamped on the upper Side thereof in legible Characters the Words, "Telfers licensed to be used by Act of Parliament."*

II. And be it further enacted, That the Telfers to be used pursuant to this Act shall not contain a greater Quantity of Tar or other Bituminous Substance, than is set out and described in the Specification of the said Composition called *Jehov's Patent Telfers*.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall make use of in the covering of any Flat, Gutter or Roof of any such Building, or of any Tower, Dormer, Lantern Light or other Erection in the Flat or Roof of any such Building, or any external Part of any Flat, Gutter, Roof, Tower, Dormer or Lantern Light, or of any Coping, Cornic, Fasc, Window-dressing, Parapet, Balcony, Balustrade or other external

Letters Patent,
18 Dec. 1810.

Telfers may be
used in covering
Buildings in this
Act of the
1810.

Proviso of the
Specification
of the
Composition

1810 c. 119.
1810 c. 119.
1810 c. 119.
1810 c. 119.

several Detention or Provision, or any Frontpiece to any such Building, or any Addition or Enlargement thereof, or any covered Way belonging thereto, any Corporation, Manufacture or Messuage, as set for the Tollers permitted to be used by this Act, then, and in every such Case, every such Person shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered with Triple Costs of Suit by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, whereas an Ejectment, Prohibition or Writ of Law, or more than One Imparison shall be allowed; One Month's Imprison shall be to the Use of the Poor of the Parish wherein the Offence was committed, and the other Month thereof to such Person or Persons as shall inform or sue for the same; and every such Person shall also be subject and liable to all and every the Penalties, Forfeitures, Restraints and Regulations imposed by the said second Act of the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, on Persons offending against the said second Act: Provided always, That an Action or Prohibition shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any Penalty or Forfeiture inflicted or incurred by this Act, within the time shall be expressed within Six Calendar Months next after such Forfeiture shall have been assessed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. lxxvi.

An Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the Thames and Medway Canal to vary the Line of the said Canal; and for altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Fourteenth and Forty-fourth Years of His present Majesty, for making the said Canal and a Collateral Cut thereto [18th May 1810.]

Cap. lxxvii.

An Act for improving the River Beak in the South Side of Merston's Loan, between Tower Hoag and Whintry Field, in the Isle of Ely and County of Cambridgeshire. [18th May 1810.]

Cap. lxxviii.

An Act to amend and under more effectual Two Acts of His late and present Majesty for draining, preserving and enclosing Lands in Marsh, Westling and Upwell, in the Isle of Ely and County of Cambridgeshire, so far as the said Acts relate to the Foss and Several Drains therein mentioned. [18th May 1810.]

Cap. lxxix.

An Act for draining and improving certain Lands in the Manors, Parishes and Places of North Wotton, Wotton and other Places in the County of Essex. [18th May 1810.]

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for draining and improving certain Fee Lands and Low Grounds in the Parish of St. Olave, in the County of Kent. [18th May 1810.]

Cap. lxxxi.

An Act for enclosing and draining a certain Level of Marshes and Fee Lands called or known by the Name of *St. Mary's Leach*, within the several Parishes of *Langton*, with the Hamlets of *Stromell*, *Therleton*, *Dunwich*, *Wylstone* and *Nidderton cum Ford*, in the County of Suffolk. [18th May 1810.]

Cap. lxxxii.

An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the Improvement of the Town of Bedford in the County of Bedford, and for extending the Bridge over the River Ouse in the said Town.* [Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.] [18th May 1810.]

Cap. lxxxiii.

An Act for better lighting, watching, cleaning and repairing the Highways, and otherwise improving the Burden of *St. Andrew's*, in the County of Middlesex, and for repealing an Act of the Twenty-second Year of His late Majesty relative thereto; and for the better Relief and Maintenance of the Poor of the said Hamlet. [18th May 1810.]

Cap. lxxxiv.

An Act for better paving and lighting, for establishing a Nightly Watch, for regulating the Fees, and increasing the Poor Rates within the Liberty of the *Abbey* in the County of Middlesex. [18th May 1810.]

* 1 G. 3. c. 22. 2 G. 3. c. 23. 4 G. 3. c. 39. 5 G. 3. c. 50. 11 G. 3. c. 22. 20 G. 3. c. 53. repealed as to Liberty of the *Abbey* § 16.

Cap. lxxxv.

An Act to explain and amend an Act of the Twenty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, for making and declaring the Goal for the County of Devon a Publick and Common Goal; and for other Purposes in the said Act mentioned. [18th May 1810.]

Cap.

Cap. lxxvi.

An Act for altering and amending an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for widening and altering *St. Andrew's* over the *St. Andrew's*, and *St. Andrew's* over the *River*, in the City of *York*; for widening, raising and improving certain Streets, Lanes and Passages leading and adjoining to the said Bridge; and for making various other Improvements in the said City. [18th May 1810.]

Cap. lxxvii.

An Act for maintaining a Bridge across the River *Swanby*, to be called *The Lower Bridge*, in the County of *Leicester*. [18th May 1810.]

Cap. lxxviii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road partly by an Archway through the East Side of *Highgate Hill*, commencing with the present Turnpike Road from *London* to *Stamford*, at *Upper Holloway*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Abchurch*, and near the Bank below the Tenth Mile Stone, in the Parish of *St. Andrew's*, in the County of *Middlesex*. [18th May 1810.]

Cap. lxxvix.

An Act to enable the *Swissishan Life Assurance and Annuity Office* to sue in the Name of their Secretary, and to hold Assessments. [18th May 1810.]

Cap. xc.

An Act to establish the *Birmingham Fire Office Company* to sue in the Name of their Secretary. [18th May 1810.]

Cap. xc.

An Act to regulate the loading of Ships with Coals in the Port of *Newcastle upon Tyne*. [18th May 1810.]
[From Free.]

Cap. xcii.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts for repairing the Roads therein mentioned, in so far as the same relate to the Road from the *Red House*, near *Doncaster*, to the South End of *Walsford Bridge*, and from *Walsford* to *Pontefract*, and from thence to *Wetherby*, and from *Pontefract* to *Wetherby*, all in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (a) [18th May 1810.]
[Additional Taxes. Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xciii.

An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Fifth and Sixteenth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the *Great Bridge* in the Borough of *Warwick* to the Town of *Northampton*. (b) [18th May 1810.]

Cap. xciv.

An Act for more effectually amending, widening and repairing the Road leading from *Astbury*, in the County of *Shropshire*, to *Hedley*, in the County of *Stafford*. (c) [18th May 1810.]
[Double Toll as Sunday.]

Cap. xcvi.

An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of several Acts for repairing the Roads from *Birmingham* to *Birmingham*, and from *Birmingham* to *Edgbaston*, in the County of *Warwick*, in so far as the same relate to the Road from *Birmingham* to *Warwick*, and in so on to the several Lanes of the said County on *Edgbaston*. (d) [18th May 1810.]
[Double Toll as Sunday.]

Cap. xcvi.

An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of the Eighth and Twenty eighth Years of His present Majesty, in so far as the same relate to the Road from the Township of *Waddington*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*, to *Wetherby*, in the County Palatine of *Cheshire*, and from thence to a Bridge over the *River Wharfe*, called *Kettlewell Bridge*, on the Confines of the County of *Derby*. (e) [18th May 1810.]
[Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xcvi.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Three Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing several Roads therein mentioned, leading to, through and from the Town of *Stamford*, and for making a New Piece of Road to communicate therewith. (f) [18th May 1810.]
[Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted. Double Toll as Sunday.]

Cap. xxvii.

An Act for continuing and amending an Act of the Twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Staplebar to Lingon, and from thence to *Widd's Gap*, and *Widd's Gap* to the *Kingston* and *Reader Turnpike Roads*, and from *Lingon* thence to *Walford*, in the County of *Derford*. (1)

[Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xxix.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road from *Windsor* to the *Town of Buckingham*, in the County of *Buckingham*. (1)

[Double Tolls on Sunday.]

" 3 G. 1. Stat. 1. c. 24. 15 G. 2. c. 23. 24 G. 2. c. 32. and 6 G. 3. c. 71. repealed as to the Road from *Windsor* to *Buckingham*

Cap. c.

An Act to continue the Term, and also to enlarge the Powers of an Act of the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from *St. John's Church* to the *Parish of Zouch*; and for making a Branch of Road thence to the Road leading from *Bladon* to *Prescot*; and another Branch of Road from *Merley Field* to *Hardens's*, both in *Thames* in the said County (1)

[Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. c.

An Act to continue and amend an Act of the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads in and near the *Town of Aylesbury*, and other Roads, in the Counties of *Summers* and *Wills*, therein defined. (1)

[New Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. cii.

An Act to continue the Term and also to enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the *Ajyoven Turnpike Road*, near a Place called *Little Rokeby*, in the Parish of *Mansfield*, in the County of *Nottingham*, to the *Nottingham Turnpike Road* near *Tongly*, in the County of *Derby*, and from *Widley Moor* to the *Clyffesfield Turnpike Road* at *Kingsley*, in the said County of *Derby*. (1)

[Additional Tolls appointed.]

Cap. ciii.

An Act to continue the Term and also to enlarge the Powers of Three Acts, passed in the Second, Eleventh and Twenty second Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from *Blod Marsh*, in the County of *Stafford*, to the Road from *Ajffers* to *Beaton*, near *Thorp* in the County of *Derby*, and from the Road between *Clewell* and *Loak*, to the Road above *Prigal Bridge*, and from the lane Road to the said Road between *Blod Marsh* and *Ylony* at or near *Road's Gap*, in the County of *Stafford*. (1)

[Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. cix.

An Act to continue the Term and also to enlarge the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Ninth and Thirtieth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Clewell* to *Beiton* near *Thorp*, and from thence to *Beaton* near *Loak*, in the County of *Stafford*. (1)

[Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. cx.

An Act for settling the Trustees of *George Earl of Cowesey*, to cut down and sell Timber on the Estates devised to him for Life by the Will of his late Father, deceased. (1. P.)

[18th May 1810.]

Cap. cxii.

An Act for settling the legal Fee of certain Estates devised by the Will of the Right Honourable *Richard* late *Lord Forster*, and now held in *William Henry Clarke*, in *William Eric* and his Heirs, upon the Trusts (including or capable of taking Effect) in the said Estates. (1. P.)

[18th May 1810.]

Cap. cxiii.

An Act for settling certain Trust Estates in the foregoing Trustee under the Will of *Elizabeth* *Bellegue*, deceased. (1. P.)

[18th May 1810.]

Cap.

Cap. cxi.

An Act for incorporating the Archbishop of Cashel, the Bishop of Leighlin and Ferns, the Bishop of Ossory, and the Dean of Ossory, and their respective Successors for the time being, into a Corporation, to be called by the Name of 'The Trustees of the Asylum in the City of Kilkenny,' founded by James Swift, Esquire, and for enabling them to carry on that charitable and useful Institution, according to the Provisions of a certain Trust Deed, executed by the said James Swift. (4 P.) [18th May 1810.]

Cap. cxii.

An Act for vesting a Messuage and Premises near Liverpool, in the County of Lancashire, devised by the Will of John Spangley Esquire deceased, in Trust to be sold the same, and to lay out the Monies there arising in the Purchase of other Estates. (4 P.) [18th May 1810.]

Cap. cxiii.

An Act to confirm and establish certain Inclosures of Lands, within the Parish of Rufford, in the West Riding of the County of York; and also to effectuate an Exchange, lately made between the Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses of the Borough of Doncaster, and the Rector of Rufford aforesaid. (4 P.) [18th May 1810.]

Cap. cxiv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Newnans Rufford otherwise Newnans Rufford, in the County of Yorkshire. (4 P.) [18th May 1810.]

" Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 15.

Cap. cxv.

An Act for allotting Lands in the Parish of Tollymore otherwise Tollymore, in the County of Down. (4 P.) [18th May 1810.]

Cap. cxvi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Tidenham, Washford and Loxton, in the County of Gloucester. (4 P.) [18th May 1810.]

" Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 15.

Cap. cxvii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Liberty of Buriall Prie, and in the Manor and Parish of Newington, in the County of Oxford. (4 P.) [18th May 1810.]

" Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 15.

Cap. cxviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Galsate, Walsay and Knowersb, in the County of Berwick. (4 P.) [18th May 1810.]

Cap. cxix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Gladlytry and Galva, in the County of Rosbar. (4 P.) [18th May 1810.]

" Allotment to His Majesty as Lord of the Manor. § 21. 22. Savings to His Majesty. § 21, 22.

Cap. cxx.

An Act for inclosing the Open Fields of Newfield Fenles and Newfield East, in the County of Leicestershire. (4 P.) [18th May 1810.]

" Allotment and Compensation for certain Tithes. § 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31. Tithes of ancient Inclosures assessed for. § 31.

Cap. cxxi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Eskdale, Hamstead Marshall, Islip and Kettleby, in the County of Berks. (4 P.) [18th May 1810.]

Cap. cxxii.

An Act for amending an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within the Hundreds of Loo and Wilsford, in the County of Suffolk. [14th May 1810.]

Cap. cxxiii.

An Act for better regulating the Statute Labour in the County of Devon. [14th May 1810.]

" 29 G. 3. c. 20. as relating to Statute Labour in Devon amended.

Cap. cxxiv.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Roads in the County of Devon. (4 P.) [14th May 1810.]

" 29 G. 3. c. 20. and 34 G. 3. c. 100. amended as to certain Turnpike Roads

Cap

Cap. cxxii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from the Union Canal, in the Parish of Gandy, in the County of Leitchy, to join the Grand Junction Canal near Long Bally, in the County of Northampton; and for making a Collateral Cut from the said extended Canal. [14th May 1810.]

Cap. cxxiii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Railway from Newby Sted in the Parish of Dean, in the County of Gloucester, to the Town of Monmouth; and for making other Railways therein mentioned in the Contents of Gloucester and Monmouth. [14th May 1810.]

Cap. cxxiv.

An Act for making and maintaining a Tunnel Road under the River Swine, from the Parish of Newenden to the Parish of Abingham, in the County of Gloucester. [14th May 1810.]

Cap. cxxv.

An Act for improving the Drainage of certain Lands within the North and South West Parts of the Middle Level, Part of the Great Level of the Fens commonly called Bedford Level. [14th May 1810.]

Cap. cxxvi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Lymington, in the County of Lincoln; and for providing for the Repair of a certain Sea Bank within the said Parish. [14th May 1810.]

^a Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 20, 22, 23. No Lease of Rectorial Allotments without Consent of the King as Patron of the Rectory of *Leamton*. § 32.

Cap. cxxvii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Leake, in the County of Lincoln; and for providing for the Repair of the New Sea Bank within the said Parish. [14th May 1810.]

^a Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 20, 22, 23.

Cap. cxxviii.

An Act for amending, enlarging and rendering more effectual an Act passed in the Eleventh Year of King George the Second, for the effectual draining and improving of a certain Fen called *Cavendish Fen*, and other Fee Grounds in the *Isle of Ely*, in the County of Cambridge. [14th May 1810.]

Cap. cxxix.

An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act of His present Majesty, for draining and settling certain Fens, called *The East and West Fens*, in the County of Lincoln; and for dividing and inclosing the Parochial Allotments, Lands and Grounds belonging to and in certain Parishes having Right of Common on the said Fens, and for declaring to what Parishes such Allotments shall belong. [14th May 1810.]

^a Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 19—22.

Cap. cxxx.

An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act of His present Majesty, for erecting a new Church, to be called *Chapel Church*, in the Town of *Birmingham* in the County of Warwick; and for providing a Maintenance and Residence for the Minister or perpetual Curate thereof. [14th May 1810.]

Cap. cxxxi.

An Act for the more equally settling and collecting the Poor Rates within the Hamlet of *St. Dun's Old Town*, in the Parish of *St. Dun's*, *St. Dun's Heath* otherwise *St. Dun's*, in the County of Middlesex; to alter, enlarge or repair a Workhouse or Workhouses of the said Hamlet, and managing the Concerns thereof. [14th May 1810.]

Cap. cxxxii.

An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the *Wey Navigation Waterworks* to make a further Sum of Money; and to alter, vary, amend and enlarge the Powers of the Act passed in the Forty Sixth Year of His present Majesty, for making the said Waterworks; and for extending the same. [14th May 1810.]

Cap. cxxxiii.

An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Buckingham*, through *Brackley*, to join the Denonby Turnpike Road near *Bealby*. (c)

[Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.—Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. cxxxiv.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for repairing the Turnpike Road leading from *Kingsgate* to *Arifone*. [14th May 1810.]

[New Tolls]

Cap. CXXXV.

An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing certain Roads lying in the Counties of Leicester and Warwick and in the County of the City of Coventry; and for amending and keeping in Repair the Road from *Beaure Bridge* to *Elphle Bridge* in the County of Warwick. (c)

[24th May 1810.]

[Additional Tables.]

Cap. CXXXVI.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from a Place called *Ylford*, in the Parish of *Langford*, in the County of Gloucester, to *Pouydon*, near the Town of *Pouydon*, in the County of Monmouth, with a collateral Branch to join the *Newport Turnpike Road* at *Rafin*, in the County of Monmouth; and for building a Bridge at or near *Ylford aforesaid*, and another Bridge near *Pradbury*, in the County of Monmouth. (d)

[24th May 1810.]

[Double Table on Sunday.]

Cap. CXXXVII.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Brandisford Mill Gate*, in the Township of *Elton*, to the *Dale of Ford's Publick Heale*, in the Township of *Blackdare*, and Three several Branches of Road therefrom, all in the County Palatine of Lancaster. (e)

[24th May 1810.]

[Double Table on Sunday.]

Cap. CXXXVIII.

44 G. 2. c. 106. An Act to alter and amend an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to sell the feued Estates of John Hamilton Frasershire, commonly called Lord Kirkwall, in the Counties of Dumblish and Fife, in Trusts to be sold for the Payment of Debt affecting the same, and his other feued Estates; and after Payment thereof, for the Satisfaction of the Rights of the Manors in and by such Table, in the Parishes of other Estates, to be conveyed to the Use of the said feued Estates; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.* (f, F.)

[24th May 1810.]

Cap. CXXXIX.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Dymorwick*, in the County of Essex. (g, P.)

[24th May 1810.]

" Allotment and Springs to His Majesty, and Bishop of St. Asaph as Lord of the Manor of *Ufford*. (h, 20. 31. 40. 42.)

Cap. CXL.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor and Parish of *Causton*, in the County of Oxford. (i, P.)

[24th May 1810.]

" Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. (j, 24. Allotment in lieu of Pensions on Vicar. (k, 27.)

Cap. CXL I.

An Act for mending the Footways and Cross-ways, and lighting, cleansing and regulating the Streets, Lanes and other Publick Passages and Places in the Town and Parish of *Seaford* in the County of Sussex. (l, 2d June 1810.)

Cap. CXLII.

An Act for inclosing, draining and preferring Lands in the Parish of *Thorn* in the County of Norfolk.

[2d June 1810.]

Cap. CXLIII.

45 G. 2. c. 106. An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of an Act of the Ninth Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual draining and preferring certain Ten Lands and Low Grounds in the Hamlet of *Wilmington*, in the Parish of *Dunelm*, and in the Parish of *Claxton*, in the Isle of Ely, in the County of Cambridgeshire, so far as the said Act relates to the Lands in the Second District therein described. (m, 2d June 1810.)

Cap. CXLIV.

45 G. 2. c. 106. An Act for amending, enlarging and extending the Powers of an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, relating to the Execution of the Commission of Sewers for the Limits from *East Seaford* to *Worring*, in Essex. (n, 2d June 1810.)

Cap. CXLV.

An Act for repairing or rebuilding the Parish Church of *Staple* in the County Palatine of Gloucester, and for rebuilding the Tower thereof, and for making a Cemetery or Church Yard for the Use of the said Parish. (o, 2d June 1810.)

Cap. CXLVI.

An Act for better and more effectually paving, lighting, cleansing, watching and otherwise improving the Streets, Ways and other Publick Passages and Places in the City and County of the City of Essex. (p, 2d June 1810.)

" 1 G. 3. c. 28. repealed. 46 G. 3. c. 222A. (q, 29. saving of special Obligations to repair) repealed. (r, 2)

Cap.

Cap. cxvii.

An Act for forming, paving, and otherwise improving certain Streets, and other Publick Passages and Places, in the Parish of *Saint Paulus* in the County of *Middlesex*, which are or shall be made upon Ground belonging to *Jeseph Lewis Eliason*. [2d June 1810.]

Cap. cxviii.

An Act to alter, amend and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts, passed for making and maintaining a navigable Canal from the River *Thames* at *Wey*, at or near the Town of *Abingdon* in the County of *Berk*, to join or communicate with the *Kenne* and *Aven* Canals, at or near the Town of *Trowbridge* in the County of *Wilt*, and also certain navigable Cuts therein defined. [2d June 1810.]

21 G. 3. c. 28.
41 G. 3. (U.K.)
c. 180m.

Cap. cxix.

An Act for making more effectual Provisions for lighting, watching, paving, cleansing, regulating and improving the Streets and other Publick Places in the Parish of *Stam Leeks*, in the County of *Middlesex*. [2d June 1810.]

21 G. 3. c. 29.
41 G. 3. (U.K.)
repealed.

Cap. cl.

An Act for supplying with Water *Upper and Lower Holloway, Highbery, Cassanbury, Upper Hylton*, and other respective Vaccines, all in the Parish of *Saint Mary, Hylton*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for other Purposes therein therein. [2d June 1810.]

Cap. cli.

An Act for raising a further Sum of Money* for carrying into Execution the several Acts passed for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cuts and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of *London*. [2d June 1810.]

* £100,000 l.
See 22 & 23 G. 3.
c. 28m.
44 G. 3. c. 2.
48 G. 3. c. 28c.

44 G. 3. c. 108. 45 G. 3. c. 30. 46 G. 3. c. 3a. 47 G. 3. c. 3d. 48 G. 3. c. 28c.

Cap. clii.

An Act for authorising the Removal of the Infirmary of the County of *Kildere* from the Town of *Kildere* to the Town of *Near*. [2d June 1810.]

Cap. cliii.

An Act for repealing an Act passed in the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for amending, improving and keeping in Repair several Roads leading to and from the City of Bath*; and for granting other Powers for more effectually improving the several Roads therein defined, being in and leading to and from the said City. (a) [2d June 1810.]

32 G. 3. c. 128.

Cap. cliii.

An Act for more effectually amending, widening and keeping in Repair the Roads leading from the Town of *Northampton* to *Chisle Bridge*, near the Town of *Market Harborough*, and from the Division Post in *Kingshays*, in the County of *Northampton*, to *Welford Bridge* in the same County. (a) [2d June 1810.]

* 18 G. 3. c. 118. repealed.

Cap. cliv.

An Act to enable *Sir Henry St. John Curwen St. John Willoughby* Baronet, to exercise certain Powers of jointuring and charging certain landed Estates in the County of *Essex* with Mortgages for younger Children. (q. P.) [2d June 1810.]

Cap. clv.

An Act for selling certain landed Estates late the Property of *Dejanne Hair* deceased, in Trustee to be sold, and the Money arising from such Sale, to be applied for the Benefit of the Parties entitled to the said Estates. (q. P.) [2d June 1810.]

Cap. clvi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Division of *Leicester and Pyfford*, in the Parish of *Leicester* in the County of *Oxford*. (q. P.) [2d June 1810.]

** Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 14, 15.

Cap. clvii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Killegrove* in the County of *Oxford*. (q. P.) [2d June 1810.]

** Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 17, 20.

Cap. clviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Staines and Edgelyton*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (q. P.) [2d June 1810.]

** Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 17, &c.

Cap. clx.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Cleeth*, in the County Palatine of *Chester*. (q. P.) [2d June 1810.]

** Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 17, &c.

H h a

Cap.

Cap. clxi.

An Act for meliorating Lands in the Parish of *Rothbury*, in the County of *Northumberland*. [S. P.]

[2d Jan 1810.]

Cap. clxii.

An Act for meliorating Lands in the Barony of *Prudhoe*, and in the Parish of *Ormsby*, in the County of *Northumberland*. [S. P.]

[2d Jan 1810.]

Cap. clxxx.

An Act for granting certain Powers and Authorities to a Company to be incorporated by Charter to be called, "The Gas Light and Coke Company," for making Inflammable Air for the lighting of the Streets of the Metropolis, and for producing Coke, Oil, Tar, Pitch, Asphaltum, Ammoniacal Liquor, and essential Oil, from Coal, and for other Purposes relating thereto. [7th Jan 1810.]

WHEREAS Inflammable Air, Coke, Oil, Tar, Pitch, Asphaltum, Ammoniacal Liquor, and essential Oil, may be procured from Coal: And whereas the said Inflammable Air, being conveyed by means of Pipes, may be safely and beneficially used, for lighting publick Streets, Squares, Market-Places and large Manufactories, and for lighting private Houses; and the Coke may be beneficially employed as Fuel in private Houses and Manufactories, and the said Oil, Tar, Pitch, Asphaltum, Ammoniacal Liquor, and essential Oil, may be used and applied in various ways with great Advantage: And whereas the Introduction of the said Articles into general Use would be greatly beneficial to the Publick: And whereas the Production and beneficial Use of such Articles will be more completely and speedily effected, if His Majesty should constitute and declare, by his Charter, that such Privileges should be vested therein, and be afterwards duly administered, for the purpose of producing such Articles for the Purposes aforesaid, should be our Body Politick and Corporate, under certain Limitations to be prescribed, and that such Powers and Authorities should be given to such Body Politick and Corporate as cannot be granted without the Aid of Parliament: May it please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in case His Majesty, by Charter, under the Great Seal of Great Britain, shall think fit within Three Years after the passing of this Act, to declare and grant, that such and so many Privileges as shall be vested therein, and all and every such other Privilege and Privilege as from time to time shall be duly administered Members into their Corporation, shall be a Body Politick and Corporate, by the Name of "The Gas Light and Coke Company," to continue for and during the Period of Twenty one Years from the time of granting such Charter, and to declare that the said Corporation, to be so made and created, shall be established for the Purpose of producing Inflammable Air, Coke, Oil, Tar, Pitch, Asphaltum, Ammoniacal Liquor, and essential Oil from Coal: Each Corporation shall have Power to make Contracts with any Commissioners or Directors, or Trustees, having the Control, Direction or Management of the lighting of any of the Parishes, or extra-parochial Places within the Cities of *London* or *Windsor*, or the Borough of *Southwark*, or any of the Liberties or Precincts thereof respectively, or any Persons, Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, willing and desirous of contracting with the said Corporation for the lighting of any such Parishes or Places, or any Streets, Squares, publick Market-Places or Manufactories or private Houses, or Places of publick Exhibition within the said Parishes, or extra-parochial Places, situate within the said Cities or Liberties thereof, or Liberties or Precincts aforesaid; and to sell and dispose of such Coke, Oil, Tar, Pitch, Asphaltum, Ammoniacal Liquor and essential Oil, and all other Products arising from Coal, under such Conditions, Limitations and Restrictions, as shall be expressed and contained in such Charter, and as are hereinafter expressed.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Corporation to raise and contribute among themselves a Capital or Joint Stock, to be applied and used in establishing and carrying on the Undertaking and Purposes aforesaid, not exceeding the Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds Sterling, to be subscribed in Shares of Fifty Pounds each.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That the said Corporation shall not be authorized to exercise any of the Powers granted under this Act, until such time as the Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds shall have been subscribed.

IV. And, to the intent that sufficient Provision of Money may be made for advancing and paying all just Demands upon the said Corporation, and to furnish the said Corporation with Money for its ordinary and lawful Occasions, it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Corporation shall be obliged by force and virtue of the said Charter to be granted or made as aforesaid, to raise the full Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds within a Period not exceeding Three Years, to be computed from the time the said Charter of Incorporation shall be passed.

V. And be it further enacted, That in the said Charter for establishing the said Corporation, it shall be provided, that all and every Person or Persons by or for whom any Subscription shall be made or accepted, or any Payment made pursuant to the Order of any general Court or Courts authorized by the said Charter to be held by the said Corporation for that Purpose, for or towards the raising the said Capital Joint Stock, as aforesaid, his, her, or their Executors, Administrators and Assigns respectively, shall have and be entitled to a Share of and in the said Capital Joint Stock of the said Corporation, in proportion to the Money to which he, she, or they shall have so contributed towards making up the same, and to a proportional Share of the Profits and Advantages attending the Capital Stock of the said Corporation, and shall be admitted to be a Member or Members of the same.

VI. Provided

His Majesty may grant a Charter or Warrant relating to the Gas Light and Coke Company

Stock to be raised within three years.

Interest to be paid on the Capital Stock.

Joint Stock to be raised within Three Years.

Subscribers to be entitled to a Share in the Stock in proportion to Subscriptions.

VI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That the several Members of the said Corporation shall respectively stand responsible and answerable for all just Debts and Demands of the Creditors of the said Corporation, to the full Amount of their several and respective Shares in the Capital of the said Joint Stock, but shall not be any further, or otherwise liable, either personally, or in their several and respective Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Goods, Chattels or Effects, for any Undertakings, Engagements, Contracts or Agreements, entered into by the said Corporation, or be liable or liable by reason of any or their being Members of the said Corporation, or of any of the Acts of the said Corporation, to the Statutes respecting Bankrupts, or any of them.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Seal to be so subscribed shall be divided into Shares of Fifty Pounds Sterling each, and that no Person or Persons shall be a Subscriber or Subscribers for a less Sum than Fifty Pounds Sterling each; and that all Shares in the Joint Stock and Undertaking of the said Corporation, and in the net Profits and Advantages thereof, shall be deemed Perfect and Entire, and not of the Nature of Real Estate, and as such Perfect Estate shall be transferable accordingly.

VIII. And, to the intent that all Matters and Things touching the Concerns of the said Body Corporate may be managed and conducted in the most beneficial manner, Be it further enacted, That in such Charter for establishing the said Corporation, it shall be provided, that all and every Person or Persons, who shall have subscribed for, or become entitled to, and be in the actual Possession of Two and more Shares in the said Undertaking, shall have a Vote or Votes in respect of such Shares in the General and Special Meetings of the said Body Corporate, to be held for carrying on the said Undertaking, or for any Purpose relative thereto, in proportion to the Number of Shares following; that is to say, For Two Shares, and less than Four Shares, One Vote; for Four Shares, and less than Eight Shares, Two Votes; for Eight Shares, and less than Sixteen Shares, Three Votes; for Sixteen Shares, and less than Thirty-two Shares, Four Votes; and for Twenty-four Shares and upwards, Five Votes; provided that no Person shall be entitled to give any Vote at any such Meeting or Meeting, unless such Person shall be possessed of Two Shares at least in the said Joint Stock or Undertaking, and shall have held such Shares for Six Calendar Months.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in the said Charter for establishing the said Corporation, it shall be declared, that whenever Two or more Persons shall be jointly possessed of, or entitled to Two or more Shares in the Joint Stock and Undertaking of the said Body Corporate, and as the Profits and Advantages thereof, such Persons shall be entitled to give their Vote or Votes in respect thereof, by the Person whose Name shall first be in the Books of the said Body Corporate as joint Subscriber or Proprietor of such Shares; and that no Person or Persons shall vote at any of the Meetings of the said Body Corporate, or of the Governor, Deputy Governor, or Directors, to be appointed or chosen agreeable to the Direction of such Charter, upon any Question or Questions relating to the Concerns of the said Body Corporate, in which such Person or Persons shall be in any way interested, other than as a Subscriber or Subscribers, Proprietor or Proprietors of the said Stock and Undertaking.

X. And be it further enacted, That in such Charter for establishing such Corporation it shall be provided, that there shall be from time to time elected from the Members of the said Body Corporate, a Governor, a Deputy Governor, and Ten Directors of and in the said Body Corporate; and that no Director shall be a Dealer, either directly or indirectly, in any one of the Articles to be provided or manufactured by the said Corporation.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in the said Charter for establishing such Corporation, it shall be provided, that there shall be holden each Year Two General Meetings of the said Body Corporate, to-wit, on the Twenty fourth Day of *June* and the Twenty sixth Day of *December*, or within Fourteen Days next after such Days respectively, of which several Meetings Fourteen Days Notice at the least shall be given by Advertisement in the *London Gazette*, and in *Four* or more of the publick Newspapers published in the City of *London*, and County of *Middlesex*, and the First General Meeting to be held by virtue of this Act, shall be holden on each of the said Days as shall first happen next after the passing of such Charter; and that all such Meetings may be adjourned from time to time, and from Place to Place, as shall be found expedient, and that the Subscribers and Proprietors at such General Meetings, or at any other Special Meetings to be called for that Purpose, of which Twenty one Days Notice shall be given in the *Gazette*, and in Two daily Morning and Two daily Evening Papers, specifying the Purpose for which such Special Meeting is called, shall have Power to elect Persons not having less than Twenty four Shares in the said Stock and Undertaking, into the Place or Places of such Governor, Deputy Governor or Directors, who shall have granted such Office or Offices, in preference of any Direction to be contained in such Charter, and to elect other Persons qualified as last aforesaid, to serve in the Place of such Governor, Deputy Governor and Directors, whose Office shall have respectively become vacant by Death, Absence, Resignation, or want of Qualification, or otherwise; and that at every such Meeting or Meetings, all Questions shall be decided by a Majority of Votes of the Subscribers and Proprietors present, according to their respective Number of Votes, such Votes to be taken by Ballot; and in case such Votes shall be equal, the Governor for the time being, or, in case of his Absence, the Deputy Governor, or in case of the Absence of such Deputy Governor, then such Person as shall be in the Chair for the time being, shall have a casting Vote; and that if any Governor, Deputy Governor or Director is to be nominated, or at any time to be chosen, shall, during the Continuance of such his or their Office as aforesaid, by Travelling, Preference, or otherwise, reduce less or more Number of Shares in the said Stock and Undertaking, below the Number of Twenty four Shares, then, and in every such Case or Cases, the Office or Offices of such Governor, Deputy Governor and Director, shall instantly vacate, determine and become vacant in the same and like manner as upon the Death or Resignation of such Governor, Deputy Governor and Directors respectively; and that no Member or Members of the said Body Corporate to be chosen Governor, Deputy Govern-

Self-chose liable to Debit of Corporation to proportion in Five Shares as the Stock

Stock to be divided into 50 of 50 each Personal Votes

Proprietors to vote according to Number of Shares.

If Two or more Persons be joint Proprietors, the first named shall vote.

No Proprietor to vote if interested.

Directors to be appointed.

Two General Meetings to be held each Year.

How Directors shall be chosen.

son, or one of the Directors of the said Body Corporate, shall be capable of being chosen, or of continuing such Governor, Deputy Governor, or one of the Directors as aforesaid, unless the said Number of Twenty four Shares be entered and continue in the Names of such Governor, Deputy Governor, or Director or Directors respectively, in the Books of the said Body Corporate:

Resolves con-
tained in Olfice
Four Years.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in the said Charter for establishing such Corporation, it shall be provided, that the said several Persons therein to be nominated and appointed the said Governor, Deputy Governor and Directors as aforesaid, who shall not resign, or be removed or become ineligible and unqualified, shall continue in their respective Offices for the Space of Four Years, and until others shall be duly elected into their Places; and that all succeeding Governors, Deputy Governors and Directors, shall successively be chosen out of the Members of the said Body Corporate, between the Twenty fourth Day of *May*, and the Twenty fourth Day of *July*, and the Governor and Deputy Governor to be chosen as aforesaid, shall severally and respectively continue in their several and respective Offices of Governor, & Deputy Governor for the Space of Four Years, and until others shall be duly elected into their Places; and the Directors to be chosen as aforesaid, Three shall continue in Office for the Period of One Year, and other Three for the Period of Two Years, and the remaining Four for the Period of Four Years, from their being so chosen as aforesaid, to be decided by Lot.

& c.

Vacancies in the
Directorship to be
filled up.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Vacancy or Vacancies in the Offices of such Governor, Deputy Governor or Directors respectively, by Death, Resignation, Removal, or becoming ineligible or disqualified as aforesaid, may and shall be filled up at any Special Meeting or Meetings to be called for that Purpose in manner aforesaid; and that the Person or Persons to be so chosen to fill such Vacancy or Vacancies shall continue in his or their several and respective Office or Offices for the Space of Two Years, to be computed from the next succeeding General Election of Governor, Deputy Governor or Directors.

Directors to be
elected in addition
to the Clerk.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Governor, or Deputy Governor, or Director to nominate, or who shall be chosen pursuant to the Directives of any such Charter, to administer an Oath as to the Possession of any Share or Shares in the said Joint Stock or Undertaking, or as to the Period of the Possession of any such Shares, and also as to the Accounts of any Person or Persons in the Employment or Service of the said Corporation, as a Treasurer, Secretary, Clerk, or other Officer or Servant of the said Corporation.

Several Meetings
of the Proprietors
may be convened.

XV. And be it further enacted, That in such Charter for establishing such Corporation, it shall be provided, that at any time it shall appear to the Governor, Deputy Governor and Directors for the time being, at any Meeting, or to any Thirty or more of the other Subscribers or Proprietors, who shall together be Holders of Three hundred Shares at the least, to be necessary or expedient to call a special Meeting of the Subscribers or Proprietors at large, for the Purpose of taking their Opinion and Determination, upon any Matter or Thing relating to the said Body Corporate; that it shall be lawful for such Governor, Deputy Governor, and Directors, of their own Authority, or at the Request in Writing, to be signed by such Thirty or more other Subscribers or Proprietors being Holders of at least Three hundred Shares, and which Request shall specify the Object of such Meeting; and in case the Governor, Deputy Governor and Directors for the time being, shall refuse or neglect, for the Space of Fourteen Days, to comply with such Request, then, and in such Case, it shall be lawful for the Subscribers or Proprietors, who shall have agreed the same, to call a special Meeting of the Subscribers and Proprietors at large, by Advertisement in the *London Gazette*, and in Four or more of the Newspapers, published in the City of *London*, or County of *Middlesex*, specifying the Place where and the Time when such Meeting is to be held, the Time aforesaid being less than Twenty one Days after such Notice, and the Place aforesaid in *London* or *Windsor*; and likewise specifying in such Notice, the Reason for and Intention of calling such special Meeting, and the Subscribers and Proprietors are hereby authorized to meet pursuant to such Notice, and take into Consideration the Matter or Matters to be submitted to them by the Petition calling such special Meeting, and specified in such Notice, and the Decrees and Determinations of the Subscribers and Proprietors present at such Meeting, or the major Part of them, according to the Number of Votes they shall have a Right to give respecting such Matter or Matters, shall be as valid in all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been made at any General Meeting of the said Body Corporate as aforesaid.

Meeting of the
Directors and
Clerk to be
called Pursuant
to.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in such Charter for establishing such Corporation, it shall be provided, that the Governor, or Deputy Governor for the time being, and Three or more of the Directors, or any Five of the Directors, if the Governor or Deputy Governor shall not be present, but not less, shall be a sufficient Number to constitute a Meeting for the Purpose of executing all such Powers and Authorities, as the Whole of the said Governor, Deputy Governor and Directors for the time being, might have executed, if assembled together; and that all Questions, Matters and Things which shall be proposed, discussed or considered by them, shall be decided and determined by the Majority in Number of the Governor, Deputy Governor, and Directors then present; and in case of an equal Division, the Governor for the time being, or in his Absence the Deputy Governor for the time being, shall have the casting Vote; and that if on the Day appointed for any Meeting of the said Governor, Deputy Governor and Directors, the said Governor or Deputy Governor, and Three Directors, or Five Directors, shall not attend, that then, and in every such Case, the Meeting shall be adjourned to the next Day by the Members or Member then present, or if none be present, by the principal or Chief Clerk to the said Body Corporate, or such other Person as shall attend in his Place.

Power of Direc-
tors.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That in such Charter for establishing such Corporation, it shall be provided, that the Governor, Deputy Governor and Directors of the said Body Corporate named in the said Charter, or to be chosen agreeable to the Direction therein to be contained, shall have the Custody of the
Commons

Common Seal of the said Body Corporate, and shall have full Power and Authority to meet and adjourn from time to time, and from Place to Place, and to direct the Affairs and Business of the said Undertaking, as well in raising, receiving, and laying out and disposing of all Sums of Money to be raised or received, laid out, or disposed of, for the Purposes of the same, as in contracting for and purchasing Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Materials, Goods and Chattels, for the Use of the said Undertaking, and entering into Contracts for the lighting of any such Parishes, Places, Streets, Markets, Houses or Buildings aforesaid, and in ordering, directing and employing the Works and Workmen, and in selling and disposing of all Articles produced from Coal as aforesaid, and in placing and displacing Officers, Clerks, Agents and Servants, and making all Contracts or Bargains touching or in any wise concerning the same, subject to such Orders, Bye Laws, Rules and Constitutions, as shall at any time be duly made by the said Body Corporate, in Reference, Consent or Regulation of the Powers and Authorities to be granted by the said Charter or Indenture.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in such Charter for establishing such Corporation, it shall be provided, that the Treasurer or Treasurers, or other Officers or Officers of the said Body Corporate, shall not issue any Sum or Sums of Money on account of the said Body Corporate, without an Order or Orders in Writing, signed by the Governor or Deputy Governor for the time being, and Three others at the least of the Directors present, or by Five Directors at some Meeting of the said Governor, Deputy Governor and Directors; and that on the Twenty fourth Day of June and the Twenty sixth Day of December in every Year, or within Fourteen Days of the same respectively, a Half-yearly Dividend or Dividends shall be made by the Governor, Deputy Governor and Directors for the time being aforesaid, out of the Interest, Profit or Advantages of the said Stock or Undertaking, at a Meeting or Meetings of the said Body Corporate, to be held at such several Times as shall aforesaid respectively, unless the Subscribers and Proprietors of the said Body Corporate, shall at such Meeting or Meetings declare otherwise; and such Dividend or Dividends shall be at and after the Rate of Five per cent in the Hundred upon all and every Sum or Sums of Money paid to the said Body Corporate, by such Subscribers and Proprietors, their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, as the said Body Corporate shall think fit at such Meeting or Meetings to appoint and determine; provided that no Dividend shall be declared, made or paid for Twelve Months after the Establishment of such Corporation: Provided always, that no Dividend shall be made, whereby the Capital of such Company shall be in any Degree reduced or impaired; and that the Governor, Deputy Governor and Directors, who shall make any such Dividend, shall be personally responsible to the Proprietors, and also to the Creditors of the said Company, for any Injury which may arise thereon.

Resolves not to issue Money without an Order from Directors.

Dividends to be made half-yearly, &c.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in the said Charter for establishing such Corporation, it shall be provided, that at every General Meeting of the said Body Corporate, the Governor, Deputy Governor and Directors for the time being, in consequence of any Resolutions that shall have been first passed for such Purpose, at any Meeting of such Governor, Deputy Governor and Directors for the time being, to have been on that Account held, shall have full Power and Authority to make such Call or Calls for Money, from the several Subscribers and Proprietors of the said Undertaking, their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, as the said Governor, Deputy Governor and Directors shall from time to time find wanting and necessary for the Purposes of the Undertaking, in that no such Call do exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, for or in respect of any one Share of Fifty Pounds, and in that no Call or Calls be made but at the Distance of Five Calendar Months at least from each other, and that the Sum or several Sums of Money, so to be called for, shall be paid into the Hands of the Treasurer to the said Body Corporate, to be issued and applied by virtue of an Order or Orders given to bear for such Purpose; and that such Order or Orders shall be signed by the Governor or Deputy Governor for the time being and Three of the Directors at least present, or by Five of the Directors present at some Meeting of the Governor, Deputy Governor and Directors duly held, and that the said several Sums of Money so called for, shall be paid at such Time and Place, as shall be appointed by such General Meeting of the said Body Corporate, of which Time and Place, One Calendar Month's Notice at least shall be given to the said Governor, and in Four or more of the last daily Newspapers, published in London or elsewhere, or in such other manner as the said Governor, Deputy Governor and Directors, shall at any Meeting direct and appoint in that behalf; and that if any Person or Persons shall neglect or refuse to pay his, her or their Proportion of the Money so to be called for, during the Space of Three Calendar Months, next after the Time appointed for Payment thereof, then in such case, such Person or Persons, in neglecting or refusing, shall absolutely forfeit all his, her or their Share, Part and Interest in the said Undertaking and Capital Stock, and all Profit and Advantage thereof, and all Money theretofore advanced by him, her or them, on account thereof, to and for the Use and Benefit of the said Corporation; and that all Shares which shall or may be so forfeited, shall or may be sold at a publick Sale for the most Money that can be gotten for the same, and the Produce thereof shall go to and make Part of the Capital or Joint Stock of the said Body Corporate; but that no Advantage shall be taken of such Forfeiture of any Share in the said Undertaking as aforesaid, until after Twenty one Days Notice shall be given by the Treasurer or Clerk to the said Body Corporate, to the Owner or Owners thereof, or Notice in Writing left at his, her or their usual or last Place of Abode; nor unless the same shall be declared to be forfeited, at the first Meeting of the Subscribers and Proprietors, which shall be held not earlier than Two Months next after the said Forfeiture shall happen; and that every such Forfeiture so to be declared, shall be as absolute Indemnities and Discharge to and for the Subscriber or Subscribers, Proprietor and Proprietors, or their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns in forfeiting, giving up or Assigning, Suits and Prosecutions, for any Breach of Contract or other Agreement, between such Subscriber or Subscribers, Proprietor or Proprietors, his, her or their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, and the said Body Corporate with regard to the future carrying on and Management of the said Undertaking.

Calls to be made on Subscribers.

In Default of Payment of Calls, Shares to be sold for Auct.

See Notice shall be given.

XX. And

Executors, Ac.
as authorized by
1797 Act.

XX. And be it further enacted, That in the said Charter for establishing such Corporation, it shall be provided, that if any Person or Persons, Subscriber or Subscribers, Proprietor or Proprietors of any Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, shall die before Payment shall have been made by him or her, of the full Sum to be called for, or in respect thereof as aforesaid, without having made any sufficient Provision, by Will or otherwise, how such Share or Shares shall be disposed of, and how the future Calls in respect thereof shall be satisfied; that there, and in such Case, the Executors or Administrators of such Proprietor, and the Trustees or Trustees, Guardians or Guardians of any Infant or other Person, entitled to the Estate and Effects of such Proprietor or Subscribers, Proprietor or Proprietors, shall be authorized against such Infant, and all other Persons whatsoever, for paying any Money which shall be called for as aforesaid, in respect of the Share or Shares of such deceased Proprietor.

XXI. And, in order that where the original Subscriber of One or more Share or Shares in the said Undertaking shall die, become insolvent or bankrupt, or go out of the Kingdom, or shall transfer his Right and Interest in some other Person, and as Register shall have been made of the Transfer thereof, with the Clerk to the said Corporation, it may not be in the Power of the said Body Corporate, or any Officer acting for the said Body Corporate, to know who is the Owner or Proprietor of such Share or Shares, in order to give him, her or them, their Executions, Administrations, Successions and Assigns, Notice or Notices of Calls to be made on such Share or Shares, and to maintain any Action or Actions against him, her, or them, their Executors, Administrations, Successors and Assigns, for the Recovery of the same, or for the Purpose of fully paying to him, her or them, their Executions, Administrations, Successors and Assigns, the Interest or Dividends to which he, she or they may be entitled by virtue thereof. Be it further enacted, That in the said Charter for establishing such Corporation it shall be provided that in all the Cases aforesaid, when the Right and Property in one or more Share or Shares in the said Undertaking shall pass from the original Subscriber or Subscribers, or any Proprietor or Proprietors thereof, to any other Person or Persons, by any other legal means than by a Transfer or Conveyance thereof, in the Form and Manner to be specified in such Charter, an Affidavit shall be made and sworn to by Two credible Persons, before one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, stating the manner in which such Share or Shares hath or have passed to such other Person or Persons, their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, and that such Affidavit shall be transmitted to the Clerk to the said Body Corporate, to the effect that he may enter and register the Name or Names of every such other Proprietor or Proprietors in the Register Book, or List of Subscribers and Proprietors to the said Undertaking, to be kept in the Office of the said Clerk; and that in all or any of the said Cases, it shall be lawful for the Subscribers and Proprietors at any General Meeting, after Three Calendar Months Notice shall have been given by the said Treasurer or Clerk to the Owners or Persons claiming by such Affidavit to be Owners or Owners thereof, and that such Person or Persons, their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, shall not have paid his, her, or their Proportions of the Money becoming payable by virtue of any Call or Calls, and after Notice thereof shall have been given Three Times, at the Intervals of Two Days between each Advertisement, in some Four Newspapers circulated in the said County of Middlesex and City of London, to declare at any General Meeting the same Share or Shares to be forfeited, and that in such Case the same shall be and become forfeited, and be sold and disposed of in such manner as the said Subscribers and Proprietors at any Meeting or Meetings shall direct, or otherwise become established in the General Fund of the said Body Corporate.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That in such Charter for establishing such Corporation it shall be provided, that it shall be lawful for the several Subscribers and Proprietors of the said Undertaking, their Executors, Administrations, Successors and Assigns, to sell and transfer any Share or Shares of which they shall respectively be possessed, and every such Transfer shall be in the Form and to the Effect following:

I do hereby assign and transfer to _____ his Executors, Administrators and Assigns (or to _____) and their Successors, all my Share or Shares (specifying the Name) in the Joint Stock and Undertaking of "The Gas Light and Coke Company," and to the net Profit and Advantages thereof, and all my Right, Title and Interest thereon. Witness my Hand, this _____ Day of _____ in the Year _____

And that every such Transfer shall be registered in the Books of the said Body Corporate, and a Copy of such Register, signed by the Clerk or other Officer of the said Body Corporate, duly authorized therein, shall be sufficient Evidence of every such Sale and Transfer, and received as such in all Debts and in all Trials before any Court in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and that said such Transfer shall be registered in the Books of the said Body Corporate as aforesaid, on Parchment or Parchments of any Share or Shares aforesaid, their Executors, Administrations, Successors and Assigns, shall have any Part or Share in the said Joint Stock and Undertaking, or in the Profits and Advantages thereof, nor shall receive any Interest or Dividend for or in respect of such Share or Shares if purchased, nor be entitled to vote at any Meeting or Meetings, as Subscribers or Subscribers, Proprietor or Proprietors of the said Undertaking.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Corporation shall not borrow, or take up by way of Loan, nor Sum or Sums of Money whatsoever, other than by a Subscription for Shares in Manner and to the Effect hereinafter directed.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in the said Charter it shall be provided, that the said Body Corporate shall, upon due and reasonable Applications made to them for that Purpose, on the Behalf of any Parish or Parishes, or Parts of any Parish or Parishes, or extra-parochial Place or Places, within the Cities of London and Westminster aforesaid, the Borough of Southwark, Suburbs, Precincts and Liberties of the same Cities, undertake to furnish, and shall furnish such Parish or Parishes, or such Parts of any Parish or Parishes respectively, with a sufficient Supply of inflammable Air, for the Purpose of lighting the said Parish

For describing
the Proprietor
By it Shares in
another Act.

Shares may be
transferred.

Form of Shares.

Transfer to be
registered.

Provision for
borrowing Money.

Provision for
lighting the
City of London &
Westminster &
Borough of
Southwark.

or Parishes, or Part or Parts thereof, with a stronger and better Light, and at a cheaper and lower Price, all Expenses included, than such Parish or Parishes, or Part or Parts of Parishes, could be supplied with, if lighted in the usual manner, during the Endurance of the Contract which they may enter into with the said Corporation: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall extend to compel or require the said Body Corporate to expend any greater Sum or Sums of Money for the Purpose to be mentioned or expressed in the said Charter, than the Members of the said Corporation shall be thereby, or by this Act be authorized to subscribe or contribute for the Purpose of the said Undertaking, nor to contract with any such Parish or Parishes, or Place or Places, for a less Term than Twenty Years, but at the Option of the said Body Corporate.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That every Contract or Agreement entered into by any Parish or Parishes, or Parts of Parishes, with the said Corporation, shall contain a Clause providing that the said Contract shall be null and void, if at any time the Price charged for Inflammable Air used in lighting the Parish shall be greater than what at the time shall be paid for lighting any Part of *London*, *Windsor*, or *Southwark*, with Oil in the usual manner.

XXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Body Corporate shall not under any Pretence or Pretences, or by any Ways or Means contract to supply, or shall be permitted to supply with such Inflammable Air as aforesaid, for the Purpose aforesaid, any Parish or Parishes, or any Part or Parts of Parishes, that shall not be or be situate within the Cities of *London* or *Windsor*, or one of them, or the Borough of *Southwark*, or the Suburbs, Liberties or Parishes of the said Cities or Borough respectively or adjacent thereto.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Body Corporate shall not, by any Ways or Means, or under any Device or Devices, supply or undertake to supply any Dwelling House or Houses, Manufactories, publick or private Buildings whosoever, with the said Inflammable Air, for any of the Purposes aforesaid, except only such House or Houses, Manufactories or Buildings, which can be supplied from such main Pipe or Pipes as shall be laid down by the said Body Corporate, for the Purpose of supplying any Parish or Parishes or Streets, or Part or Parts of any Parish or Parishes with such Inflammable Air, for the Purpose aforesaid.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Body Corporate shall not by any Ways or Means, or under any Pretence or Pretences, contract to sell or furnish, or shall sell or furnish any Stove, or Pipe or Pipes, or Apparatus or Machinery of any Description whatsoever, for the Purpose of conveying, or whereby such Inflammable Air as aforesaid, or any Quantity thereof may be conveyed into any Dwelling House or Houses, Manufactories, publick or private Buildings, for the Purpose of lighting the same.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That in the said Charter, it shall be declared, that if at any time hereafter during the Continuance of the said Body Corporate, the said Body Corporate shall omit, neglect or refuse to carry into Effect and fulfil the Provision herein directed to be observed in the said Charter, that the said Body Corporate shall, upon due and reasonable Application made as therein for that Purpose, as the behalf of any Parish or Parishes, or Parts of any Parish or Parishes, extra-parochial Place or Places, Part or Parts thereof, within the said Cities of *London* and *Windsor*, Borough of *Southwark*, their Suburbs, Parishes and Liberties respectively, undertake to furnish such Parish or Parishes, or such Parts, or such extra-parochial Place and Places respectively with a sufficient Supply, of Inflammable Air for the Purpose of lighting the said Parish or Parishes, or Part or Parts thereof, or such extra-parochial Place or Places respectively, Part or Parts thereof, with a stronger and better Light, and at a cheaper and lower Price than such Parish or Parishes, or Part or Parts of Parishes, extra-parochial Place or Places, Part or Parts thereof, shall have usually been supplied with under the Statutions and to the Extent in the said Charter to be expressed, or shall in any manner act contrary to or in violation of the Provision to be observed in the said Charter: that the said Body Corporate shall not under any Pretence or Pretences, or by any Ways or Means contract to supply, or shall be permitted to supply with such Inflammable Air as aforesaid, for the Purpose aforesaid, any Parish or Parishes, Part or Parts of Parishes, extra-parochial Place or Places, or Part or Parts of such extra-parochial Place or Places, that shall not be or be situate within the Cities of *London* and *Windsor*, or one of them, or in Parts adjacent to the said Cities, or within the Town and Borough of *Southwark*, in the County of *Surrow*, or shall in any Manner or Respect act contrary to or in violation of the Provision to be made in the said Charter: that the said Body Corporate shall not by any Ways or Means, or under any Device or Devices, supply or undertake to supply any Dwelling House or Houses, Manufactories, publick or private Buildings whosoever with the said Inflammable Air, for any of the Purposes aforesaid, except only such House or Houses, Manufactories or Buildings, which can be supplied from such Main Pipe or Pipes as shall be laid down by the said Body Corporate, for the Purpose of supplying any Parish or Parishes, Part or Parts of any Parish or Parishes with such Inflammable Air for the Purpose aforesaid, or shall in any Manner or Respect act contrary to or in violation of the Provision to be contained in the said Charter: that the said Body Corporate shall not by any Ways or Means, or under any Pretence or Pretences contract to sell or furnish, or shall sell or furnish any Stove or Pipe or Pipes, or Apparatus or Machinery of any Description whatsoever for the Purpose, or whereby such Inflammable Air as aforesaid, or any Quantity thereof may be conveyed into any Dwelling House or Houses, Manufactories, publick or private Buildings, for the Purpose of lighting the same, or shall in any or either of the said Cases be liable for His Majesty his Heirs or Successors, by any Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, to revoke and make void the said Corporation, and all the Privileges, Benefits and Advantages to be granted to such Corporation as aforesaid, and thereupon the same shall determine and become void accordingly.

XXX. And whereas the said Inflammable Air or Gas cannot be used for lighting the publick Streets, Ways or Pathways as aforesaid, unless the said Air or Gas be conveyed by means of Pipes to be properly laid

In what Col-
lours will
Parishes use

Persons of Supply-
ing Air, to be
laid in *London*, *Windsor*,
or *Southwark*, &c

How to supply
any Street out
of the Line of
Main Pipe.

No Meeting
for carrying
Gas or Pressure
Hoses to be
had.

In what Col-
lours may the
Main Pipe
run.

Persons of Supply-
ing Air, to be
laid in *London*,
or *Southwark*, &c

Business of
Persons, &c. for
laying Pipes, &c.

for that Purpose; Be it further enacted, That if at any time after the passing of this Act, any Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, in whom, by any Act or Acts of Parliament, or otherwise, the Care, Superintendance and Control of lighting the publick Streets, Highways, Lanes, Passages, or any Part thereof, is the Care of London and Westminster, or within the Town and Borough of Southwark, in the County of Surrey, should think it fit and convenient to contract with the said Body Corporate, or with any other Person or Persons whatsoever, to light the publick Streets, Highways, Lanes or Passages, in any Part of them, in the Cities, or Towns, or Borough aforesaid, by Means of such Gas as aforesaid; that then, and in all such Cases, it shall and may be lawful for the said Body Corporate and their Successors, and for each other Person or Persons as aforesaid, and they are hereby fully authorized and empowered, with the Approbation and under the Direction of such Commissioners or Trustees, by their Servants, Workmen and others, to break up the Soil and Pavements of any such Streets, Ways, Lanes and Passages, and dig and lay down such Pipes, and put Stop Cocks or Plugs, or Branches from such Pipes, in such Places as aforesaid, and in such manner as shall be necessary for the Purpose of carrying this Act into Execution, or supplying any such Lights as aforesaid, and from time to time to alter the Position of, and to repair, relin, and maintain such Pipes, Stop Cocks and Plugs, and do all such other Acts, Matters and Things, as the said Body Corporate and their Successors, or such other Person or Persons as aforesaid, shall from time to time, think necessary and convenient for completing, amending, repairing, improving and using the same.

Whosoever is
found laying or
repairing Pipes
to make good the
Inconveniency.

XXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Workmen employed in laying or repairing any such Pipes, shall fill in the Trenches and make good the Pavements and Roads, and carry away the Rubbish occasioned thereby as soon as conveniently may be, and in the mean time guard the Place where any Ground shall be opened, in such manner as to prevent Stragglers in Pedigrees, Cattle and Cows, and as the said Commissioners or Trustees shall direct: Provided always, that if there shall be any such or negligent Delay in the said Company of Proprietors, or in any of the Agents or Servants, or any such other Person or Persons as aforesaid, in filling in any such Ground, or mending Rubbish, or making good any such Pavements or Roads, then, and in every such Case, the said Company of Proprietors, or such other Person or Persons as aforesaid offending respectively, shall, on being thereof lawfully convicted, on the Oath of One credible Witness, before a Justice of the Peace for the County, City, Town, Place, Division or District where the said Offence shall be committed, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, which said Penalty, if not forthwith paid, shall be recovered by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the said Company of Proprietors, or such other Person or Persons, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of any such Justice or Justices of the Peace as aforesaid, and which Warrant such Justice or Justices is and are hereby empowered to grant; and such Penalty or Forfeiture, after the Charges of such Distress and Sale are deducted, shall be paid upon Demand to the Person or Persons giving Information thereof.

Penalty.

If Committed by
any such Person
they may be
recovered on
Giving Notice,
&c.

XXXII. Provided always, That if the said Body Corporate shall contract with any such Commissioners or Trustees as aforesaid, for lighting any Parish or Place, or Part of any Parish or Place, and shall not duly perform such Contract, then, and in such Case, it shall be lawful for such Commissioners or Trustees to determine such Contract, giving Six Months Notice thereof; and then, and in such Case, and also at the Expulsion of any such Contract, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or Trustees either to purchase the Pipes, Cocks, Plugs, Branches of Pipes, and other Materials belonging to the said Body Corporate, and employed in lighting such Parish or Place, or Part of a Parish or Place, at a reasonable Price to be settled by Two Persons, one to be named by the said Commissioners or Trustees, and the other by the said Body Corporate; and in case such Persons shall differ, by a Third Person to be named by both Two Persons as an Umpire between them, One Month at the least previous to the Expiration of the Term of such Contract, or to the Expiration of such Six Months Notice for determining such Contract, or to remove such Pipes, Cocks, Plugs, Branches and other Materials, at the Expiration of such Contract or Determination thereof by such Notice, and in the mean time to permit such Commissioners or Trustees to lay such Pipes, Cocks, Plugs, Branches, and other Articles as shall be necessary for the Supply of such Parish or Place, or Part of a Parish or Place, at the Expulsion or sooner Determination of such Contract.

Not more than
two Persons to
be had without
Consent of Com-
missioners
Penalty.

XXXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That no Person shall lay, or cause to be laid, any new, broken or other Pipe, to communicate with any Pipe belonging to the said Body Corporate, or such other Person or Persons as aforesaid, without the Consent of the said Body Corporate, or the Person or Persons supplying Lights by such Pipes, first had and obtained, on pain of forfeiting the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and also the further Sum of Forty Shillings a Day for every Day such Pipe shall in any manner be recovered by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, of any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, City, Town, Place, Division or District where the said Offence shall be committed, and which Warrant such Justice or Justices is and are hereby empowered to grant, and the Surplus, after such Penalty or Forfeiture, and the Charges of such Distress and Sale are deducted, shall be returned, upon Demand, to the Owner of such Goods and Chattels; and in case sufficient Distress cannot be found, or such Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices to cause such Offender or Offenders to be committed to the Common Gaol of the said County, City, Town, Place, Division or District, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for such time as such Justice or Justices shall direct, not exceeding Two Calendar Months, unless such Forfeiture, and all reasonable Charges, be sooner paid and satisfied.

Imprisonment.

Whosoever
lays or
repairs
Pipes, &c.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall wilfully and maliciously remove, take away, destroy, damage or injure any or any Part of any Pipe, Post, Plug, or other Matter or Thing, actually in use during

during the Execution of any Contract with any Parish or Parishes, for the Purpose of fulfilling such Contract, every Person is according to any of the respective Provisions, and being thereof lawfully convicted as the Oath of One credible Witness, before One or more Justice or Justices for the County, City, Town, Place, Division or District where the said Offences shall be committed, shall forfeit and pay to the aforesaid Body Corporate and their Successors, or such other Person or Persons as aforesaid, Double the Amount of the Damage proved upon Oath, as he does at the Discretion of such Justice or Justices; such Penalty, together with reasonable Costs, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Offender, returning the Complaint (if any) or such Offender shall and may be committed to the common Gaol of the said County, City, Town, Place, Division or District, for any time not exceeding Three Months, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices before whom such Offender shall be committed.

XXXV. And he is further enacted, That any Person or Persons thinking himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any Judgment or Determination of any Justice or Justices of the Peace, relating to any Matter or Thing in this Act mentioned or contained, may within Six Calendar Months next after such Order, Judgment or Determination shall have been made or given, (first giving Fourteen Days Notice of such Complaint to the Person or Persons against whom such Complaint is intended to be made) complain to the Justices of the Peace at the General Quarter-Sessions to be held in and for the County in which the Cause of Appeal shall arise, who shall in a Summary way enter hear and determine the said Complaint at such General Quarter-Sessions, or if they shall, proper may adjourn the Hearing thereof to the next General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to be held in the said County, and the said Justices may, if they for Cause, mitigate any Forfeiture or Fine, and may order any Money to be returned which shall have been levied in pursuance of such Determination, and may also order and award such further Satisfaction to be made to the Party injured as they shall judge reasonable; but no Proceedings to be had and taken in pursuance of this Act shall be quashed or stayed for want of Form, or be removed by Certiorari or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or elsewhere; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVI. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall have the Effect of depriving any Person or Persons of any Right which he or they at present possess, or of interfering with any Right which he or they may hereafter acquire, of lighting Streets or Houses with Gas Lights, or in any other manner: Provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to deface, abridge, alter, obstruct, or in any manner interfere with the Powers and Authorities of the Commissioners or Trustees for lighting or paving, or of the Commissioners of Sewers, or the New River Company, or any other Company established for the Supply of Water in or for any of such Parishes or Places, or any Part or Parts thereof, or the Rights of any Person or Persons to make, enlarge, repair or amend any Walk or any Street within such Parishes or Places: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to prevent any Person or Persons from proceeding against the said Company, or against any of their Officers, Servants or Workmen, in respect of any Works of the said Company, or the Method which shall be employed by them for furnishing such Light as aforesaid, as a publick or private Nuisance, or from bringing any Action against the said Company, or any of their Officers, Servants, or Workmen, for any Injury sustained by means of any such Works or Method of lighting, whether such Injury shall proceed from the Nature of such Method of lighting, or the Carelessness or want of Skill of the Persons employed therein.

XXXVII. And he is further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed, adjudged and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges and Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. clxiv.

An Act for building certain Offices for the Examiners, Clerk of the Crown and Clerks of the Petty Bag, of the High Court of Chancery; and for making certain Regulations in the Examiners's Office of the said Court; and for making Provision for such of the Examiners, Deputy Examiners and Clerks, as from Length of Service or from Age or Infirmary, are or shall be incapacitated from the due Execution of their Office; and for making Provision for other Officers of the said Court; and for making other Payments in respect of the said Offices. [25th June 1810.]

WHEREAS the due Execution of the Office of *Examiner of the High Court of Chancery*, by Persons qualified and competent to discharge the important Duties of the said Office, is of the utmost Consequence to the Administration of Justice, and the Interest of the Sutors of the said Court: And whereas the said Office hath hitherto been and is now held for Life; and Doubts are entertained whether there is any where competent Authority to remove the Person or Persons who now or hereafter may hold the said Office; or if at any time by means of Sickness, Infirmary, or other Cause, he or they should be unable or incompetent to discharge the Duties of the said Office: And whereas *Henry Frowde Esquire*, one of the Persons holding the said Office, is now and hath for a considerable time been a Licentiate Ward of the said Court of Chancery, and wholly incompetent to the Discharge of the Duties of the said Office: And whereas the Persons who have discharged the Duties of the said Office, have frequently been engaged in other Employments and Pursuits, whereby Delays, Hindrances and Impediments, and other Inconveniences have been occasioned to the Sutors of the said Court, in the Prosecution of their Suits therein: And whereas it would be expedient that in future the Duties of the said Office should be executed by the Person holding the same in their own Person, and that they should be expressly prohibited from acting as Counsel, Solicitors, Attorneys, Clerks

• in Court or Draughtmen, or as Agents or Clerks in any Profession in any of these Capacities, or in any
 • other Respect or Capacity in any way connected with the said Court of Chancery, or any Suit or Matter
 • depending therein, or before the Lord High Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners of the
 • Great Seal, or the said Court of Chancery; and that the Profits of the said Office should, as near as may
 • be, be equally divided and go in rotation amongst the Professions holding the said Office; and that Writings
 • on different Sides of the same Cause should be examined by different Examiners; and it is reasonable that
 • Compensation should be made to such of the present Examiners and Deputy Examiners as shall be desirous to
 • continue their Service in the said Office, upon the Conditions and under the Restrictions hereby intended to
 • be imposed upon them; And whereas the Fees and Emoluments of the said Office are (as aforesaid) held to be
 • the great Increase in the Necessaries of Life and the Expence of Living not adequate to the Attendance,
 • Trouble and Importance of these Offices and to their Services; and it would be for the Benefit of the Suits
 • of the said Court, that adequate Provision should be made for the Persons who shall be appointed to discharge
 • the Duties of the said Office: And who was the Possessor of the Examiner's Office of the said Court of
 • Chancery, and also of the Clerk of the Crown and the Clerk of the Petty Bag, is carried on in one and the
 • same Building, in the Rolls Yard in the Liberty of the Rolls, in the County of Middlesex, and the same is
 • out of Repair, and insufficient for the necessary Accommodation of Writings which under Examination is in
 • the said Court, and for the Purposes of the said Office of Examiner and the other Offices there carried on: And
 • whereas it would be for the Benefit of the Service of the said Court, that proper Provision should from time to
 • time be made for such of the Examiners of the said Court and their Clerks as from Age or Infirmary are or
 • shall, in the Judgment of the said Court, be incapacitated to perform the Duties of their respective Offices;
 • and also that Provision should be made for putting the said Offices into proper and substantial Repair, or for
 • rebuilding the same if necessary, and for other Payments and Expences incident to the said Office; and that
 • such other Regulations should be made respecting the said Office, as are hereinafter mentioned and contained:
 • And whereas the Freehold of the said Premises or Part thereof is now vested in the principal Examiners of the
 • said Court, and in the Clerks of the Petty Bag, for their respective Lives, and during their Continuance in
 • Office, for the Purposes of the said Office; and it would be for the Benefit of the Service of the said Court,
 • that the Freehold of the said Premises should in future be vested in the Master of the Rolls and his Successors,
 • for the Purposes of the said Office of the said Court of Chancery, and that proper Consideration should be
 • made to the said Principal Examiners and to the Two junior Clerks of the Petty Bag, for their several Interests
 • in the said Premises respectively: And whereas their apartments in the said Court of Chancery certain other
 • Officers, called the Usher and Court Keeper of the said Court of Chancery, who, among other Duties of
 • their said Offices, have been required to furnish the said Court with Stationary and other Articles requisite
 • and necessary for the Use of the said Court, and have been and are allowed to charge for the same by
 • Charge thereto, over and above the Cost of the Articles so furnished, as Part of their Remuneration for
 • undertaking and discharging their said Offices; and the same is an improper Mode of remunerating the said
 • Officers, and is open to great and continual Abuse, and ought to be discontinued for the future, and that
 • the said Officers should be remunerated in some other more or less proper Manner: And whereas there still
 • appertain to the said Court of Chancery certain other Offices called the Custodes, who, together with the Bailiffs
 • of their said Offices, keep the Records of their said Office, in the Two Towers of a certain Building,
 • situate in Chancery Lane, many Years held, and now holden by the said Officers or Tenants at Will thereof,
 • under a private Individual: And whereas the said Records are of considerable Importance, and by being
 • kept in an Office so situated, are exposed to greater Risk than accords with the Importance of the said
 • Records; and it is expedient that the same should be deposited and kept in some more safe and secure Place,
 • and that a permanent Repository be provided for the same, and a proper Place be provided for transferring the
 • Records of the said Office: And whereas the Proceedings of the said Court of Chancery have of late been
 • frequently interrupted by various Persons improperly intruding themselves into the said Court, and there are
 • not only, in however an sufficient Number of Persons in Attendance on the said Court, so prevent such
 • Interruption and Interruption, and it is expedient that the same should be prevented in future: And whereas by
 • virtue of an Act passed in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to*
 • *empower the High Court of Chancery to lay out a further Sum of the Suits's Money upon proper Services, and*
 • *for applying the Interest towards discharging the Expences of the Office of the Auctioneers General, and for building*
 • *Offices for the Masters in Ordinary in Chancery, and a Public Office for the Suits of the said Court, and Offices*
 • *for the Secretaries of Bankrupts and Lunatics, and for building Repositories for storing the Title Deeds of the*
 • *Suits of the said Court and the Records and Proceedings of the Commissioners of Bankrupts and Lunatics,*
 • *and of the several Acts in the said Act mentioned, divers Sums of Money have been by virtue of the several*
 • *Orders of the said Court made for that Purpose taken out of the accounts and general Cash belonging to the*
 • *Suits of the said Court of Chancery, which lay dead and unemployed in the Bank of England, and have*
 • *been placed out in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court on Government or Parliamentary*
 • *Securities, and such Government or Parliamentary Securities have been, in pursuance of the said Act passed*
 • *in the Thirty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, carried to an Account, intituled, Account of*
 • *Money placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Suits of the High Court of Chancery; and out of*
 • *the Dividends and Interest of the Securities purchased in pursuance of the said several Acts of Parliament,*
 • *the several several Sums and Balances, and the several other Payments thereby directed to be made and to be*
 • *paid, and also the several other Payments directed to be made in and by the Two several Acts of the Forty*
 • *first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, one of them intituled, An Act for making Provision for such*
 • *Officers in Ordinary of the High Court of Chancery as from Age or Infirmary shall be desirous of resigning their*
 • *Office with the Approbation of the said Court; and for amending the Terms of the Mortgage in Ordinary of the*
 • *said*

• *paid Costs, and the other of each Act intitled, An Act to provide additional Salaries to the several Clerks in*
the Office of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and to provide additional Clerks for the said
Office with Salaries; and to make other Payments in respect of the said Office; and by the Act of the Forty ninth
Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, An Act for making Provision for such of the said
Registrars or Deputy Registrars of the High Court of Chancery as from Age or Infirmary shall be disabled with
payment Disabilities, and be compensated for the due Execution of their Office; and for making further Provision
for the Two Sutors of the said Registrars, for the Clerks in the Registrar's Office, for the Master of the High
Office, and for providing additional Clerks in the several Offices of the said Courts, and for making other Payments
and Regulations in respect of the said Office; have been from time to time made and read, and the Surplus
Interest and annual Produce arising from the said Securities, beyond what was sufficient to answer the Pur-
poses of the said several Acts, and also the Interest produced from the Securities purchased with such Surplus
Interest and annual Produce, have been from time to time, in pursuance of the said first intitled Act, laid
out in the Purchase of Government or Parliamentary Securities in the Name of the Accountant General of
the said Court, and placed to the Credit of an Account, intitled, Account of Securities purchased with such Surplus
Interest arising from Securities carried in an Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the
Sutors of the High Court of Chancery: And whereas from many Years Experience it hath been found that
there always hath been and there now is a very large Sum of Money belonging to the Sutors of the said
Court of Chancery, which has been and is employed in the Bank beyond the Demands of the Sutors, and it
will be of Benefit to the Sutors of the said Court that a further Sum of Money, Part of the Money lay
dead and unemployed as aforesaid, should be placed out in Interest on Government or Parliamentary Securities
and the Interest thereof, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, applied for the Purposes hereafter men-
tioned: Therefore by this Statute the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent
of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Author-
ity of the same, That out of the Cash belonging to the Sutors of the said Court of Chancery which now lies or
which shall hereafter be dead and unemployed in the Bank of England, a Sum not exceeding Two hundred
thousand Pounds shall and may, by virtue of any Order or Orders of the said Court to be made for that Purpose,
from time to time be placed out in one entire Sum or in Parts, in the Name of the Accountant General of the
said Court of Chancery, according to the General Rules and Orders of the said Court, on such Government or
Parliamentary Securities as is and by such Orders shall be directed, to the extent that the Interest and annual
Produce arising from the Money so to be placed out may be applied for the Purposes hereafter mentioned; and
that all such Government or Parliamentary Security or Securities when purchased shall be carried to the
said Account, intitled, Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sutors of the
High Court of Chancery.

48 G. 2. c. 109.

49 G. 2. c. 126.

A certain Part of
 said Interest
 and Securities
 out as Interest.

Part of
 Account's Of-
 fice which is the
 Master of the
 Rolls for the
 same Court.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Freehold of the Premises in the *Rolls Taxed, Chancery Lane*, in the
 Liberty of the Rolls aforesaid, where the Business of the said Office of Examiners, and also of the Offices of the
 Clerk of the Crown and Clerk of the Petty Bag is now carried on, with six Rights, Members, and Ap-
 prentices, and all other Privileges, if any, which shall hereafter be purchased for the Purposes of the said
 Office, together with all Buildings now or hereafter to be erected thereon, shall, from and after the passing of
 this Act, or the Purchase of such Privileges, if any, be and the same are hereby vested in the Master of the
 Rolls, to hold to him and his Successors for the time being for the Use and for the Purposes of the said Office,
 and subject to such Rules and Regulations, respecting the Use and Occupation thereof and of the Rooms and
 Chambers thereto belonging or therewith occupied, as the Court of Chancery shall from time to time order
 and direct, and to and for no other Use, Intend or Purpose whatsoever.

III. And be it further enacted, That out of the Interest and Dividends arising from Securities purchased in
 pursuance of the said Act passed in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the several
 Acts therein mentioned, and to be purchased in pursuance of this Act and carried to the said Account, intitled,
Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sutors of the High Court of Chancery, and
 also out of the Interest and Dividends of Securities purchased and to be purchased with such Surplus Interest,
 in pursuance of the said Acts or any of them, or in pursuance of this Act, and carried to the said Account,
 intitled, *Account of Securities purchased with Surplus Interest arising from Securities carried in an Account of*
Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sutors of the High Court of Chancery, there shall be paid
 by virtue of any Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery, (but subject without Prejudice to the
 Payment of all Sutures and Sums of Money by the said several Acts passed in the Thirty second, Forty sixth
 and Forty ninth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the Acts therein mentioned, or any of them,
 directed or authorized to be paid out of the said Interest and Dividends) such Sum or Sums of Money as the
 Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, or the Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the
 Great Seal of Great Britain for the time being, shall in his and their Discretion deem necessary, and not ex-
 ceeding the Sum of Twelve thousand Pounds, to be applied under the Direction of the said Court in providing
 proper Places for transacting the Business of the aforesaid Offices, while the Premises now used for such Pur-
 poses shall by reason of the subsiding, sinking or enlarging thereof be unfit for the Business of the said Offices
 to be transacted therein, and in erecting, building and completing proper and convenient Offices wherein the
 Business of the said Examiners, Clerks of the Crown and Clerks of the Petty Bag Offices, may
 respectively be permanently transacted, and the Records of those several Offices securely preserved; and in pro-
 curing such Ground and Buildings therein as shall be necessary or convenient for their Purposes, and in fitting
 up the said Offices with proper Repositories for the Records, Papers, Profits, Defects, and other Necessarys
 for the said several Offices; and also such further Sums or Sums of Money, either Yearly or in Gross, as shall be
 necessary for keeping the same Offices and Repositories in Repair, and for ordering and keeping all the said
 Offices.

Expenses of
 providing the
 said Offices,
 here paid.

Office and Repositories injured from Loss or Damage by Fire, at each Inland Office or Offices, and in such manner and in such Name or Names, and for such Sums or Sums, as the said Court shall from time to time order and direct.

Records preserved in the Office of Chancery, refer to the Master of the Rolls.

Buildings purchased or erected and to be converted into a Court of Sessions, &c.

Power to remove Offices.

Power to remove the Prison.

Power to appoint additional Masters of the Court.

Other Examiners provided as well the present Office.

Oath.

Part of Copying Clerk.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Great and Houles which (if any) shall be purchased for the Purposes aforesaid, shall be conveyed to and vested in the Master of the Rolls to hold to him and his Successors (Masters of the Rolls) for ever, in Trust for the Purposes in this Act mentioned, and that the same, together with all Buildings now or hereafter to be erected and built thereon, shall be, and the same are hereby vested in the said Master of the Rolls, and his Successors in the said Office for the time being for ever, in trust to and for the Purposes in this Act mentioned, and for no other Use or Purpose whatsoever.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Buildings by this Act authorized to be purchased, erected or built, or any Chamber or Room, Chambers or Rooms therein, or any Part or Parts thereof, shall not be used, occupied or, or converted to the Residence of any Individual or Individuals, Person or Persons, or any Presence or Presence whatsoever, but the same and all every Chamber and Chambers, Room and Rooms therein, and every Part and Parts thereof, shall be used for the publick Purpose and Purposes by this Act directed in respect of the same, and for no other Use or Purpose whatsoever.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Lord High Chancellor, Lord Keeper and Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal for the time being, to remove any Person or Persons holding or who hereafter shall hold the Office of Examiner of the High Court of Chancery, or of Clerk of such Examiners, from his or their said Office, when by reason of permanent Sickness, Infirmary or other Cause, he or they shall be unable or incompetent to discharge the Duties of the said Office.

VII. And be it further enacted, That *Henry Almon* Esquire, one of the Persons holding the said Office of Examiner, he, and he is hereby removed from his said Office, he the said *Henry Almon* being a Licentiate Ward of the said Court of Chancery, and wholly incompetent to discharge the Duties of the said Office.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in case it shall at any time hereafter appear to the Lord High Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal for the time being, and to the Master of the Rolls for the time being, that the Business to be done in the Office of the Examiners of the High Court of Chancery shall at any time hereafter increase so that the same cannot be transacted and done by the Two Examiners of the said Court, with that Facility which the Convenience of the Sutors of the said Court may require, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal for the time being, to make an Order or Orders that other and not exceeding Two more Examiners and Two more Clerks of such Examiners shall be provided, and the Master of the Rolls for the time being shall and he is hereby authorized and required, upon such Order or Orders being made, to appoint *four* fit and proper Persons or fit and proper Persons to be such Examiners or Examiners, and *four* other fit and proper Persons or fit and proper Persons to be such Clerks or Clerks, who shall, upon their several Appointments, be respectively required to take and have such Fees and Salary as to the Examiner and Clerk of an Examiner of the said Court of Chancery does or shall of right appertain or belong, or be authorized to be directed to be paid by this present Act.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Vacancies which shall hereafter occur in the Office of Examiner, shall hereafter be filled up and appointed to in such and the same manner as the same have hitherto been; and that every future Examiner and Examiners shall and he and they are and is hereby required, before he or they act in the Execution of their respective Offices, to take and subscribe in open Court the usual Oaths of Supremacy and Adjuration, and also an Oath to the Purport and Effect following; that is to say,

I *A. B.* do swear, That I will, according to the best of my Skill and Knowledge, truly and faithfully execute and occupy the Office of one of the Examiners of His Majesty's High Court of Chancery, where I use I am so directed, and only, faithfully, and without Partiality to any or either of the Parties in the respective Causes into the Examination and Depositions of all and every Witnesses and Witnesses produced before and examined by me upon the Interrogatories filed with me, and that I will be attending at will to further the King's Business in the said Causes from time to time as Occasion shall require; and that I will say publickly, disclose or make known to any Person or Persons whatsoever (except to the sworn Clerk appointed to copy the same) the Particulars, Purport or Contents of all or any of the Depositions of all Witnesses or any of them to be taken by me, until Publication in the said Causes shall duly pass.

So help me GOD.

And every future Clerk and Clerks to be appointed by virtue of this Act, shall and he and they are and is hereby required, before he or they act in the Execution of their respective Offices, to take and subscribe before the Examiner by whom they shall respectively be appointed, and who it and are hereby authorized and empowered to administer the same, the usual Oaths of Supremacy and Adjuration, and also the following Oath:

I *C. D.* do swear, That according to the best of my Skill and Knowledge I will truly and faithfully execute and execute the Office of a Copying Clerk in the Office of *A. B.* one of the Examiners of His Majesty's High Court of Chancery whereas I am admitted to long as I shall continue in the said Office, and that I will be ready and attend in the said Office to further His Majesty's Business as need shall require; and that I will also well and faithfully preserve and keep such of the King's Records whereunto I shall be committed or whereas I shall have Access, and that I will not publickly, disclose or make known to any Person or Persons whatsoever the Particulars, Purport or Contents of any Deposition or Depositions taken in the said Office until Publication in the said Causes shall duly pass.

So help me GOD.

X. And be it further enacted, That the said Examiners and Clerks shall in their own proper Persons attend in the Office to be provided for them during all such times, and during such Hours in each and every Day, as the said Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain, and the Master of the Rolls for the time being, shall direct and appoint, and be their own proper Persons diligently, faithfully and attentively employ themselves in discharging and transacting the Business of their respective Offices; and that the said Examiners or any of them shall not exercise any Perquisites or Privileges as to any other Place or Places other than that and within the Office to be provided as herein after mentioned, without the special Order of the said Court of Chancery for that Purpose first had and obtained, except during the Vacations, when they shall not be required by the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, to be daily attending at their said Office; and that such Examiners or Clerks, or any of them, shall not at any time during their Continuance in the said Office act as Counsel, Solicitors, Attorneys, or as Clerks in Court or Drafting either at Law or in Equity, or as Agents or Clerks in any Perquisites or Perquisites in any or either of those Capacities, or in any other respect or Capacity in any way connected with the said Court of Chancery, in any Suit or Matter depending therein, or before the said Court (save and except under Commission from the said Court, during the time the said Court of Chancery shall not be actually sitting); but shall devote themselves respectively wholly and entirely to the Business of their respective Offices, without accepting or taking any other Business or Employment whatsoever, which shall in any manner interfere therewith; and that the said Examiners and their Successors in the said Office shall from and after the Fifth Day of July next, be entitled to the Fees for the Business done by them in the said Office respectively, and such of the said Examiners and their Successors shall have and be entitled to receive such Fees as shall be ascertained and settled by the said Court of Chancery, pursuant to the Directions in that Part hereinafter contained.

OFFICE TO BE PROVIDED FOR THEM DURING ALL SUCH TIMES, AND DURING SUCH HOURS IN EACH AND EVERY DAY, AS THE SAID LORD HIGH CHANCELLOR OF GREAT BRITAIN, LORD KEEPER OR LORDS COMMISSIONERS FOR THE CUSTODY OF THE GREAT SEAL OF GREAT BRITAIN, AND THE MASTER OF THE ROLLS FOR THE TIME BEING, SHALL DIRECT AND APPOINT, AND BE THEIR OWN PROPER PERSONS DILIGENTLY, FAITHFULLY AND ATTENTIVELY EMPLOY THEMSELVES IN DISCHARGING AND TRANSACTING THE BUSINESS OF THEIR RESPECTIVE OFFICES; AND THAT THE SAID EXAMINERS OR ANY OF THEM SHALL NOT EXERCISE ANY PERQUISITES OR PRIVILEGES AS TO ANY OTHER PLACE OR PLACES OTHER THAN THAT AND WITHIN THE OFFICE TO BE PROVIDED AS HEREIN AFTER MENTIONED, WITHOUT THE SPECIAL ORDER OF THE SAID COURT OF CHANCERY FOR THAT PURPOSE FIRST HAD AND OBTAINED, EXCEPT DURING THE VACATIONS, WHEN THEY SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED BY THE LORD HIGH CHANCELLOR OF GREAT BRITAIN, LORD KEEPER OR LORDS COMMISSIONERS FOR THE CUSTODY OF THE GREAT SEAL, TO BE DAILY ATTENDING AT THEIR SAID OFFICE; AND THAT SUCH EXAMINERS OR CLERKS, OR ANY OF THEM, SHALL NOT AT ANY TIME DURING THEIR CONTINUANCE IN THE SAID OFFICE ACT AS COUNSEL, SOLICITORS, ATTORNEYS, OR AS CLERKS IN COURT OR DRAFTING EITHER AT LAW OR IN EQUITY, OR AS AGENTS OR CLERKS IN ANY PERQUISITES OR PERQUISITES IN ANY OR EITHER OF THOSE CAPACITIES, OR IN ANY OTHER RESPECT OR CAPACITY IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE SAID COURT OF CHANCERY, IN ANY SUIT OR MATTER DEPENDING THEREIN, OR BEFORE THE SAID COURT (SAVE AND EXCEPT UNDER COMMISSION FROM THE SAID COURT, DURING THE TIME THE SAID COURT OF CHANCERY SHALL NOT BE ACTUALLY SITTING); BUT SHALL DEVOTE THEMSELVES RESPECTIVELY WHOLLY AND ENTIRELY TO THE BUSINESS OF THEIR RESPECTIVE OFFICES, WITHOUT ACCEPTING OR TAKING ANY OTHER BUSINESS OR EMPLOYMENT WHATSOEVER, WHICH SHALL IN ANY MANNER INTERFERE THEREWITH; AND THAT THE SAID EXAMINERS AND THEIR SUCCESSORS IN THE SAID OFFICE SHALL FROM AND AFTER THE FIFTH DAY OF JULY NEXT, BE ENTITLED TO THE FEES FOR THE BUSINESS DONE BY THEM IN THE SAID OFFICE RESPECTIVELY, AND SUCH OF THE SAID EXAMINERS AND THEIR SUCCESSORS SHALL HAVE AND BE ENTITLED TO RECEIVE SUCH FEES AS SHALL BE ASCERTAINED AND SETTLED BY THE SAID COURT OF CHANCERY, PURSUANT TO THE DIRECTIONS IN THAT PART HEREINAFTER CONTAINED.

FEES FOR THE BUSINESS DONE BY THEM IN THE SAID OFFICE RESPECTIVELY, AND SUCH OF THE SAID EXAMINERS AND THEIR SUCCESSORS SHALL HAVE AND BE ENTITLED TO RECEIVE SUCH FEES AS SHALL BE ASCERTAINED AND SETTLED BY THE SAID COURT OF CHANCERY, PURSUANT TO THE DIRECTIONS IN THAT PART HEREINAFTER CONTAINED.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the first Fifth Day of July next, the Business of the said Office shall be equally divided, as nearly as may be, between and among the said Examiners, and that the Writings as different Sides of the same Cause shall (if the same be practicable) be examined by different Examiners, in such manner and order and Subject to such Rules and Regulations as the said Court shall think fit to order respecting the same.

FEES FOR THE BUSINESS DONE BY THEM IN THE SAID OFFICE RESPECTIVELY, AND SUCH OF THE SAID EXAMINERS AND THEIR SUCCESSORS SHALL HAVE AND BE ENTITLED TO RECEIVE SUCH FEES AS SHALL BE ASCERTAINED AND SETTLED BY THE SAID COURT OF CHANCERY, PURSUANT TO THE DIRECTIONS IN THAT PART HEREINAFTER CONTAINED.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful to and for the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, or Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain, and the Master of the Rolls for the time being, and they are hereby required from time to time as they shall be occasion to examine into, ascertain and settle the Perquisites and Hours of Attendance of the said Examiners and their Clerks at and in the Office herein provided for them; and also the Duties of the said Examiners and Clerks, and also the Distribution of the Business of the said Offices, and also the Fees and Emoluments which the said Examiners and their Clerks shall have and be entitled to receive from the Masters of the said Court for the Business done by them respectively in or about the Execution of their said Offices, and to order a Table of such Fees, which shall be made as Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery, and Copies thereof shall be affixed and set up in the Examiner's Office, the Clerk's Office and Registrar's Office of the said Court, and if any Examiner or Clerk to any Examiner shall have, take or receive any Fees, Gratuities or Emoluments whatsoever from the Masters of the said Court, not warranted or allowed by the said Order, such Examiner or Clerk in defaulting, shall be liable to be removed from his said Office by the Court, and be incapable of ever thereafter holding any Office as or under the said Court.

FEES FOR THE BUSINESS DONE BY THEM IN THE SAID OFFICE RESPECTIVELY, AND SUCH OF THE SAID EXAMINERS AND THEIR SUCCESSORS SHALL HAVE AND BE ENTITLED TO RECEIVE SUCH FEES AS SHALL BE ASCERTAINED AND SETTLED BY THE SAID COURT OF CHANCERY, PURSUANT TO THE DIRECTIONS IN THAT PART HEREINAFTER CONTAINED.

FEES FOR THE BUSINESS DONE BY THEM IN THE SAID OFFICE RESPECTIVELY, AND SUCH OF THE SAID EXAMINERS AND THEIR SUCCESSORS SHALL HAVE AND BE ENTITLED TO RECEIVE SUCH FEES AS SHALL BE ASCERTAINED AND SETTLED BY THE SAID COURT OF CHANCERY, PURSUANT TO THE DIRECTIONS IN THAT PART HEREINAFTER CONTAINED.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any of the Examiners or from Clerks for the time being, shall be afflicted with any temporary Illness or Intermittency which shall be likely for a short time to prevent them from discharging the Duty of their Offices respectively, and the same shall be made to appear to the Satisfaction of the Master of the Rolls for the time being, and that the Business of the Masters of the said Court of Chancery shall be delayed or suspended by the Absence of any such Examiners or Clerks during such their temporary Illness or Intermittency, it shall and may be lawful for the said Examiners or Clerks respectively, with the Approbation of the Master of the Rolls for the time being, to appoint some fit and proper Person to officiate for such Examiner or Clerk for any Space of time during which their temporary Illness or Intermittency not exceeding Three Months, and such Person first taking the Oath appointed to be taken by an Examiner or Clerk, the Oath herein above preferred to be taken, according as they shall be deputed to act as an Examiner or Clerk respectively.

FEES FOR THE BUSINESS DONE BY THEM IN THE SAID OFFICE RESPECTIVELY, AND SUCH OF THE SAID EXAMINERS AND THEIR SUCCESSORS SHALL HAVE AND BE ENTITLED TO RECEIVE SUCH FEES AS SHALL BE ASCERTAINED AND SETTLED BY THE SAID COURT OF CHANCERY, PURSUANT TO THE DIRECTIONS IN THAT PART HEREINAFTER CONTAINED.

FEES FOR THE BUSINESS DONE BY THEM IN THE SAID OFFICE RESPECTIVELY, AND SUCH OF THE SAID EXAMINERS AND THEIR SUCCESSORS SHALL HAVE AND BE ENTITLED TO RECEIVE SUCH FEES AS SHALL BE ASCERTAINED AND SETTLED BY THE SAID COURT OF CHANCERY, PURSUANT TO THE DIRECTIONS IN THAT PART HEREINAFTER CONTAINED.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain, to appoint any Number of Persons not exceeding Four, to attend upon the said Court of Chancery, wherefore and at all times whatsoever the said Court shall be sitting, and that the said Persons to be so appointed shall be removable at the Will and Pleasure of the said Lord High Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, and that, when they continue to be so appointed, diligently attend from the opening of the said Court during the whole time of the Sitting of the said Court, for the Purpose of preferring Order among the Persons prefer in the said Court, and to prevent infinite and other disorderly Petitions from intruding themselves into the said Court.

FEES FOR THE BUSINESS DONE BY THEM IN THE SAID OFFICE RESPECTIVELY, AND SUCH OF THE SAID EXAMINERS AND THEIR SUCCESSORS SHALL HAVE AND BE ENTITLED TO RECEIVE SUCH FEES AS SHALL BE ASCERTAINED AND SETTLED BY THE SAID COURT OF CHANCERY, PURSUANT TO THE DIRECTIONS IN THAT PART HEREINAFTER CONTAINED.

FEES FOR THE BUSINESS DONE BY THEM IN THE SAID OFFICE RESPECTIVELY, AND SUCH OF THE SAID EXAMINERS AND THEIR SUCCESSORS SHALL HAVE AND BE ENTITLED TO RECEIVE SUCH FEES AS SHALL BE ASCERTAINED AND SETTLED BY THE SAID COURT OF CHANCERY, PURSUANT TO THE DIRECTIONS IN THAT PART HEREINAFTER CONTAINED.

XV. And be it further enacted, That out of the Interest and Dividends of the said Government or Parliamentary Securities purchased and to be purchased as aforesaid, there shall be paid (but subject as aforesaid) by virtue of any Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery to be made for that Purpose, by Quarterly Payments on the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July and the Tenth Day of October in every Year, such yearly Sums as after mentioned to the several Persons after mentioned; that is to say, to the Comptroller of the Estate of Henry Fitzroy Esquire, a Leasehold Ward of the said Court of Chancery,

FEES FOR THE BUSINESS DONE BY THEM IN THE SAID OFFICE RESPECTIVELY, AND SUCH OF THE SAID EXAMINERS AND THEIR SUCCESSORS SHALL HAVE AND BE ENTITLED TO RECEIVE SUCH FEES AS SHALL BE ASCERTAINED AND SETTLED BY THE SAID COURT OF CHANCERY, PURSUANT TO THE DIRECTIONS IN THAT PART HEREINAFTER CONTAINED.

one of the Principal Examiners of the said Court, the yearly Sum of Three hundred Pounds, for and during the Term of his natural Life, as a Compensation for depriving him of his said Office of Principal Examiner; to *James Deane* Gentleman, who has been Thirty five Years and upwards one of the Deputy Examiners of the said Court, by reason of the Length of his Services and on account of his great Age and Infirmities, the yearly Sum of Three hundred Pounds for his Life; and to *John Smith, John Purdy, Deane* and *John Alexander* Clerks, the Three other Deputy Examiners, respectively, or to such of them as shall decline or consent to the said Office upon the Terms herein prescribed, or as shall not be consented to be employed in the said Office, as a Compensation for depriving them of their said Office, the yearly Sum of Two hundred Pounds each, for their respective Lives; and to each of the Examiners of the said Court for the term being, the yearly Sum of Three hundred Pounds; and to each of the Perfes to be appointed to keep Order among the Perfes attending the said Court, and to prevent the Intrusion of disorderly Perfes Owers, the yearly Sum of Forty Pounds; and to the Usher of the said Court for the time being, the yearly Sum of Three hundred Pounds; and to the Court Keeper of the said Court for the time being, the yearly Sum of Ninety Pounds; and to each of the Two junior Clerks of the Petty Bag, for and during the Term of their respective Lives or Continuance in the said Office, the yearly Sum of Fifteen Pounds each, as a Compensation and in lieu of the Rent which such Two junior Clerks of the Petty Bag have hitherto received for such Part of the aforesaid Premises as have been hitherto occupied by the Clerk of the Crown, and also a proportionable Part of such quarterly Payments as shall become due between the last quarterly Payment thereof and the time of the Death or other Removal of such Examiner, Clerk or Officer of the Court; such Payments to the Usher and Court Keeper of the said Court of Chancery to be a full Compensation and Satisfaction to them respectively for any Profit or Advantage they, from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten, may derive from finding and supplying the said Court and Officers therewith belonging, with Parchment, Stationary and Necessaries supplied by them respectively for the Use of the Court; the said quarterly Payment of the several Sums aforesaid to the several Perfes aforesaid, to commence and be computed from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten.

XVI. And he it further enacted, That out of the Interest and Dividends of the said Government or Parliamentary Securities purchased and to be purchased as aforesaid, there shall also be paid (but subject as aforesaid) by virtue of any Order or Orders of Chancery to be made for that Purpose, at such time or times as shall be mentioned and specified in such Orders respectively, to the Usher and Court Keeper of the said Court respectively, such Sum or Sums of Money as the said Court of Chancery shall find to have been really and lawfully paid, bid out or expended by the Usher or Court Keeper of the said Court, or either of them, in the Purchase of Parchment, Stationary and other necessary Articles found and supplied by them, or either of them, for the Use of the said Court and of the Officers therewith belonging.

XVII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal for the time being, and he and they as and so far as lawfully respectively authorized from time to time, when and as often as he or they shall see Occasion, to order and direct that such Parchment, Stationary and other Necessaries shall be supplied by any Person or Persons other than such Usher or Court Keeper, or either of them, and to make such Rules, Orders and Regulations for the Supply and furnishing of the same as by him or them shall from time to time seem meet; and that upon Proof being made before and to the Satisfaction of One of the Masters of the said Court by Examination upon Oath (which Oath the said Master is hereby authorized and required to administer), and such other Evidence as the Occasion may require, that the Articles so supplied and furnished were necessary and proper to be furnished and supplied, and that the Sums respectively charged for the same are respectively the fair Market Prices for the same, to order and direct that out of the Interest and Dividends of the said Government or Parliamentary Securities purchased and to be purchased as aforesaid, there shall also be paid, but subject as aforesaid, by virtue of any Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery to be made for that Purpose, to such Person or Persons and at such time and times as shall be respectively mentioned in such Order, such Sum and Sums of Money as shall be found by the said Master to have been properly charged for such Supply as aforesaid.

XVIII. And he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, or the Lord Keeper or the Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain, by any Order or Orders of the High Court of Chancery to be made from time to time as a Person professed to him or them for that Purpose by any of the said Examiners or three Clerks, who shall have shewn the Capacity of Examiner or Clerk in the said Office for the Space of Thirty Years, or in case any of the Examiners of the said Court or their heirs Clerks for the time being shall happen to be afflicted with any permanent Infirmary disabling him from the due Execution of his Office; then, and in either of such Cases, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, or the Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the time being respectively, to remove from the Office of Examiner of the said Court, or Clerk to such Examiner, any of the Examiners of the said Court or their Clerks who shall have been Thirty Years in the said Office, or who shall be the Possessor of the Lord High Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the time being, he is afflicted; and then, and in either of the above Cases, by an Order or Orders of the High Court of Chancery to be made from time to time when Occasion shall require, to order an Assay or other yearly Sum of Money, not exceeding the Sum of Three hundred Pounds to any Examiner or Examiners, and not exceeding the Sum of One hundred Pounds to any Clerk or Clerks to any Examiner, to be paid out of the Dividends and Interest of the Government or Parliamentary Securities purchased or to be purchased as hereinafore mentioned, to any Examiner or Clerk to any Examiner who shall be removed from the Office of

Articles to be
in the said Court
keep.

Regulating
Mode of Sup-
plying the Courts
and Offices of
Chancery with
Parchment and
Stationary.

Rules for Sup-
plying the Courts
with Parchment
and Stationary.

Examiner or Clerk to any of the said Courts as aforesaid, in any of them; in which Order or Orders the Costs or Grounds standing thereon shall be distinctly stated and specified, and the said Account or Order to be entered in such Court or Courts, shall be paid by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England out of the Interest and Profits of the said Government or Parliamentary Securities (that Interest and without Prejudice as aforesaid) by some retained quarterly Payments on the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, and the Fifth Day of October in every Year, to such Examiner or Clerk to such Treasurer, from the Period when he shall be so engaged or he is removed from his said Office or Employment forward during the Term of his said Office, together with a proportionable Part thereof up to the time of his Death; and in the room of such Treasurer or Clerk of such Examiner, to be removed or incapacitated, some other able and sufficient Person shall be appointed to be Examiner, or Clerk to such Examiner, in the manner prescribed by this Act.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Right Honourable the Master of the Rolls and the Honourable Society of *Doctors of Law*, and all Judges, Justices, Clerks, or Commissioners, and other Trustees whatsoever, for and on behalf of themselves, their Heirs and Successors, and also for Tenants for Life or Estates in Settlements of any Age, other than Females Covert, and for the Guardians for such Tenants for Life as may be Infants, and the Heirs of such Tenants for Life as may be Females Covert, for and on behalf of themselves, and all Infants, Heirs, Widows, Legatees, Executors, Females Covert, or under any other Incapacity, and also for all Persons who are or shall be seized or possessed of or interested in any Messuages, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Estates or Privileges, which may be recovered for the Rate or for a Way to the Office and Repositores to be built in pursuance of this Act, to trust, contract and agree for the Sale of all and every such Messuages, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Estates and Privileges, for the Purposes aforesaid, and to grant, sell and convey the same for the Purposes aforesaid; and that all Contracts, Agreements, Rules and Conveyances which shall be so made shall be valid to all Intents and Purposes, any Law, Statute, Usage, Custom, Will, Condition or other Matter or Thing whatsoever to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding; and the Master of the Rolls and the said Honourable Society of *Doctors of Law*, and all Judges, Justices, Clerks, or Commissioners, Clerks, or Commissioners Aggregate or Sole, Trustees, Executors, Administrators, Heirs, Legatees, Guardians, Commissaries and all other Persons whatsoever, are and shall be lawfully indemnified for what they shall do by virtue or in pursuance of this Act.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be agreed to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, purchased, taken or sold by virtue of the Powers of this Act, for the Purposes thereof, which shall belong to any Body Politick, Corporation, Guardians, Commissaries, Trustees, Females Covert, Infants, Legatees, or other incapacitated Person or Persons, such Money shall, if the same amount to the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all convenient Speed be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, according to the general Rules and Orders of the said Court, so the Intent that such Money shall be applied under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be applied by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a summary Way by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in the Purchase or Redemption of the Land Tax, or towards the Discharge of any Debt or Debt, or such other Incumbrance or Part thereof, as the said Court shall authorize to be paid, affecting the same Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or affecting other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments standing charged therewith, as the same or like Uses, Intents or Purposes; or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested, under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court, in the Purchase of other Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be conveyed and settled to, for and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Estates and Purposes, and in the same manner as the Hereditaments which shall be so purchased, taken or sold as aforesaid, and sold or settled or invested, or such of them as at the time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be existing undischarged and capable of taking Effect; and in the next time and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall, by Order of the said Court of Chancery, upon Application therein, be received by the said Accountant General in his Name in the Purchase of Three Pence per Gross Cash-advanced or Three Pence per Gross Reduced Bank Annuity, and in the next time and until the said Bank Annuity shall be ordered by the said Court to be laid for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and annual Profits of the said Cash-advanced or Reduced Bank Annuity shall from time to time be paid, by Order of the said Court, to the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments to be lawfully directed to be purchased, in such Cash Purchase or Settlement were made.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money be agreed to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, purchased, taken or sold for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds and shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then, and in all such Cases if the same shall, at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Hereditaments so purchased, taken or sold, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Commissary or Commissaries, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing under Seal or their respective Hands, brought into the Bank in the Name and with the Privity of the said Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in manner hereinafter directed; or otherwise the same shall be paid at the like Option to Two or more Trustees, to be nominated by the Person or Persons making such Option, (such Nominations to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the said Person

Power for the
sale of
Purposes to the
Trustees, &c.

Application of
a purchase of
Money when
amounting to
said.

If the purchase
and the money
is

Parties) in order that such Principal Money and the Dividends arising thereon may be applied in any manner herebefore directed, so far as the Case shall be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction or Approbation of the Court of Chancery.

Where any

XXII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That when such Money to be paid as next before mentioned, shall be less than the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then, and in all such Cases, the said Sum shall be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Hereditaments so purchased, taken or used for the Purposes of this Act, in such manner as they shall think fit, or in case of Infancy or Lunacy, they be his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons so entitled respectively.

Where any
Person shall
only be entitled
to the Money
to be paid,
the Person who
may be so entitled
shall be entitled
therein.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when any Quotient shall arise touching the Title of any Person to any Money to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the said Accountant General, in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or of any Estate, Right or Interest in any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be purchased in pursuance of this Act, or to any Bank Annuities to be purchased with any such Money, or the Dividends or Interest of any such Bank Annuities, the Person or Persons who shall have been in possession of any such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, at the time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Persons, or under the Title of such Person or Persons, shall be decreed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shown to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery, and the Dividends and Interest of the Bank Annuities to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Bank Annuities, shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court, that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

To entitle the
Person who may
be entitled to
the Money to be
paid by the
Trustees.

XXIV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That when, by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of the Person or Persons, or Corporation entitled to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the said Court, and to be applied in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be granted to the like Use as in pursuance of this Act; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court to order the Expenses of all Proceedings from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or in each of such Expenses as the said Court shall deem reasonable, together with the necessary Costs and Charges of obtaining such Order, to be paid out of the Interest and Dividends of the said Government or Parliamentary Securities purchased and to be purchased as aforesaid, in the same manner as the Expenses of holding the said Offices and Repurchases are lawfully directed to be paid.

Expenses of all
purchased Securities.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That out of the Interest and Dividends of the said Government or Parliamentary Securities purchased and so be purchased as aforesaid, the Expenses incurred in procuring and paying the Aids, and the Costs, Charges and Expenses of all Proceedings had or to be had in consequence thereof, shall be paid by the Treasurer and Company of the Bank of England, by virtue of an Order or Orders of the High Court of Chancery to be made for that Purpose.

Where the
Money is to be
paid out of
the Securities.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Surplus Interest and annual Produce which shall arise from the Money placed out on Securities pursuant to the said Act passed in the Thirty second Year of His present Majesty's Regency, and pursuant to the several Acts of Parliament in that behalf heretofore mentioned or referred to, and to be placed out pursuant to this Act, and which Securities are directed to be earned to the Account of Names placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Debtors of the High Court of Chancery, and also the Interest which shall be produced from the Securities purchased and to be purchased with such Surplus Interest beyond what shall be sufficient to answer the Purposes of the said Acts and the several other Acts heretofore mentioned, and the Purposes of this Act, shall from time to time be placed out on Government or Parliamentary Securities, and shall be placed to the Credit of the said Account raised in pursuance of the said Act of the Thirty second Year of the Regency of His present Majesty, and intreated, *Account of Securities purchased with Surplus Interest arising from Securities earned in an Account of Names placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Debtors of the High Court of Chancery, and which Fund shall be applied to answer the Demands of the said Debtors of the said Court of Chancery, in case it shall at any time be necessary to call in any of the Money of the said Securities which hath been or may be placed out on Securities.*

So that the

Person or may
be charged.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to and for the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, or Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the time being, by any Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery, to change the Security or Securities or any Part of the Securities purchased or to be purchased pursuant to the several Acts of Parliament heretofore mentioned or referred to, or pursuant to this Act.

If further Money
is to be paid out
of the Money
to be paid out
of the said Act.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared, That for and notwithstanding any of the Powers contained in this Act, if at any time hereafter the Whole or any Part of the Money placed out pursuant to the said several Acts of Parliament or any of them, or to be placed out in pursuance of this Act, shall be wanted to answer any of the Demands of the Debtors of the High Court of Chancery, then, and in such Case, the said Court may and shall direct the Whole or any Part of such Money to be called in, and the Securities in which the same and the Surplus Interest and Dividends heretofore mentioned shall be placed to be sold and disposed of, in order that the Debtors of the said Court may at all times be paid their respective Demands out of the Common and General Cash belonging to such Court.

To entitle the
Person who may
be entitled to
the Money to be
paid by the
Trustees.

XXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall prejudice, delay, hinder or prevent any Reform or Abolition of all or any of the Offices heretofore mentioned, by any Person

or Person having Authority to reform or abolish the same, and that in case the same or any of them shall at any time hereafter be abolished for which any Salaries or Salary is or are hereby provided, or for which any Apartments are hereby provided, such Salary shall cease and be no longer payable, and the Apartments or Offices so provided shall be hereafter used in such manner and for such Purposes as the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain, shall direct or appoint.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judiciously taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded. Publ. Act.

Cap. clxx.

An Act to alter, amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for better supplying the Town and Port of *Lewesport* with Water, from certain Springs in the Township of *Beach*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. 29 G. 3. c. 1. amend.
[5th June 1810.]

Cap. clxxi.

An Act for amending an Act of the Twenty second Year of His late Majesty, King *Charles the Second*, in far as the same relates to the River *Swanley*, between the *Leffe Ouse*, from the *White Head* near *Swanley Ferry* to *Thryford* in the Counties of *Northfolk* and *Suffolk*, and for improving the Navigation of the said River. 22 Geo. 2. c. 12. pd.
[5th June 1810.]
[Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. clxxii.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty, for the Improvement of the Towns of *Greenwich*, and the Harbours thereof; for regulating the Police; and for other Purposes mentioned in the said Acts. 11 G. 3. c. 24.
25 Geo. 3. c. 1.
40 G. 3. c. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.
44 G. 3. c. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12.
[5th June 1810.]

Cap. clxxiii.

An Act for altering and amending an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign for improving the Port of the Town of *Southampton*. [5th June 1810.]
[New Rate.]

Cap. clxxiv.

An Act to amend an Act, made in the Tenth Year of His present Majesty, for paving, repaving, cleaning, lighting and watching the Streets and other publick Passages in the Town of *Southampton*. 10 G. 3. c. 23.
[5th June 1810.]

Cap. clxxv.

An Act for paving and otherwise improving certain Streets, and other publick Passages and Places, which are or shall be made upon a certain Piece of Ground belonging to *Thomas Hurrell* Esquire, situate in the Parish of *Saint Peter's*, in the County of *Northampton*. [5th June 1810.]

Cap. clxxvi.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from *Wylton* to or near to *Boston*, in the County of *Dorset* (a) [5th June 1810.]
[Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. clxxvii.

An Act for confirming and carrying into Effect an Agreement entered into on Behalf of *Abraham Duke* of *Corinth*, and by Sir *Alexander Forrest* Attorney General, deceased; and for enabling Sir *William Curwen* Attorney General, and *Charles Lennox* Esquire, and their respective Heirs, to make Exchanges of certain Parts of their respective Entailed Estates, under the Authority and by the Direction of the Court of Session in Scotland. (a. P.) [5th June 1810.]

Cap. clxxviii.

An Act for exchanging Parts of the Free Simple Estates of the Most Noble *Charles Duke* of *Northampton*, in the Counties of *Surrey*, *Suffolk* and *Northampton*, for Parts of his Settled Estates in the County of *York*; and for selling several Millages and Lands, other Parts of the said Duke's Settled Estates in the said Counties of *York*, *Suffolk* and *Northampton*, and in the County of *Northampton*, in trust to sell; and for buying out the Messuages in the Parishes of some convenient Estates. (a. P.) [5th June 1810.]

Cap. clxxix.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from *Greenrover* in the County of *Cheshire* to *Winton* in the County of *Northampton*, and a Branch of Road from the *Malpasbury* and *Greenrover* Turnpike Road near *Cruckshill Church* to communicate with the Turnpike Road leading from *Cruckshill* to *Malpasbury* at or near *Rivory Common*. (a) [5th June 1810.]

K k a

Cap.

Cap. cxxxv.

An Act for vesting certain Estates in the County of Kent, late of Henry Lyell Esquire, deceased, in Trust, to be sold, and for applying the Money arising from the Sale thereof, for defraying the Expenses of inclosing certain Lands in the County of Cambridge, and for vesting the Surplus Money in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the habiting Uses of the Will and Codicils of the said Henry Lyell. (4 P.) [5th June 1810.]

Cap. cxxxvi.

An Act for empowering the Deans and Chapter of Canterbury, and their Lessors, Edward White, John White and William Parker Treas., to grant building and repairing Leases of Lands and Buildings at South Lambeth, in the County of Surrey; pursuant to an Agreement entered into for those Purposes. (4 P.) [5th June 1810.]

Cap. cxxxvii.

An Act for enabling Jane Player Widow, and others, to grant Leases of certain Estates situate or near Ryde in the Isle of Wight, in the County of Southampton, devised by the Will of the late William Player Esquire, pursuant to an Agreement entered into for that Purpose, and also to grant Building Leases of other Parts of the same Estates. (4 P.) [5th June 1810.]

Cap. cxxxviii.

An Act for discharging the Estate of George Frederick Brereton Esquire, in the Parish of Great Trow, in the County of Oxford, from certain Trusts thereof, and for habilitating another Estate in the same County in lieu thereof. (4 P.) [5th June 1810.]

Cap. cxxxix.

An Act for vesting several Free Term Rents or Annual Sums, devised by the Will of Robert Stov Esquire, deceased, in Trust, upon Trust to be sold; and for laying out the Proceeds Money, under the Direction of the High Court of Chancery, in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the former Uses. (4 P.) [5th June 1810.]

Cap. cxxx.

An Act for vesting certain Estates in the Counties of Bedford, Salop, Cheshire and Buckingham, late of the Reverend Richard Lewis, Lucy his Wife, and Ellen Lynch Spenser, in Trust, upon Trust to sell the same; and to lay out the Money arising from the Sale thereof in the Purchase of other Estates. (4 P.) [5th June 1810.]

Cap. cxxxxi.

An Act for effecting a Partition of certain settled Estates of David Ross Esquire, deceased, Situate in the County of Down in Ireland, and in the City of Bath in England. (4 P.) [5th June 1810.]

Cap. cxxxii.

An Act for effecting a Partition directed by the Court of Chancery of certain Estates situate in the County of Meath, devised by the Wills of John Blount Esquire, and Frances Fringlass, deceased. (4 P.) [5th June 1810.]

Cap. cxxxiii.

An Act for effecting an Exchange between the Trustees of Henry Smith Esquire, deceased, and Henry Woodgate Esquire, of Estates in the County of Kent. (4 P.) [5th June 1810.]

Cap. cxxxiv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of Great Longfleet, Little Longfleet and Warden, in the County of Derby. (4 P.) [5th June 1810.]

“ Abolition and Compensation for Tithes. § 12, 13.

Cap. cxxxv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Wroughton, Yatton and Kres, in the County of Somerset. (4 P.) [5th June 1810.]

Cap. cxxxvi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of Carleton Myland, in the County of Montgomery. (4 P.) [5th June 1810.]

“ Abolition and Compensation for Tithes. § 16.

Cap. cxxxvii.

An Act for more effectually cleansing, lighting and anchoring the Borough and Town of Weymouth and Melcombe Regis in the County of Dorset, and removing Obstructions and Annoyances thereon; for licensing and regulating Chairmen and other Persons plying for Hire; for establishing Markets; and for giving certain Powers to the Quay Master of the Harbour of the said Town. [15th June 1810.]

Cap. clxxxvii.

An Act to continue for Two Years an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for preserving the Right of Patronage in the Rectory and Parish of *Donnerdale*, in the County of *Northumberland*, from lapsing, for a limited Time. [15th June 1810.]

Cap. clxxxviii.

An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for affording the Proprietors of Lands in the County of *Essex*, towards the Expence of making and repairing certain Roads and Bridges therein, and of an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for regulating and governing the Statute Labour in the Counties of *Essex* and *Essex*, and Part of the County of *Hants*, locally situated in the County of *Essex*. [15th June 1810.]

Cap. cxix.

An Act to alter, amend and enlarge the Powers of so much of an Act, passed in the Twelfth Year of His present Majesty, as relates to the manuring, regulating and employing the Poor within the Parish of *St. John at Hackney*, in the County of *Middlesex*. [15th June 1810.]

Cap. cxxi.

An Act for extinguishing all Right of Common in, over and upon certain Parcels of Land in *St. George's Fields*, in the County of *Surry*; and for providing in such of Two Acts passed in the Twelfth Year and Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, as prevents the pulling down or certain Parts of the said Parcels of Land, within a limited Distance from the Sides of each of the Roads therein mentioned as about therein; and for improving *St. George's Fields* aforesaid. [15th June 1810.]

Cap. cxxii.

An Act for the better Management of the Foundling Hospital in *Dublin*, and for amending and further continuing an Act passed in the Parliament of *Ireland*, in the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Management, Support and Maintenance of the Foundling Hospital in *Dublin*; and for amending and further continuing an Act, passed in the Thirty eighth Year of His Majesty, for the better Management of the Workhouse and Foundling Hospital in *Dublin*. [15th June 1810.]

* 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 50. repealed. [15th June 1811.]

Cap. cxxiii.

An Act to incorporate and regulate an Institution, to be called "The *British Association Institution*," for affording to Youth a Classical and Mercantile Education. [15th June 1810.]

Cap. cxxiv.

An Act to alter, amend and render more efficient Two Acts of the Twentieth Year of His late Majesty, and the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty, for draining and improving certain Tracts of Land, in the *Isle of Ely*, and County of *Northampton*, lying between the *Hundred Foot River* and the *Ouse*, and bounded on the South by the Hamlets of *Milton*, *Wicken*, *Wentworth*, *Wolford*, *Edy*, *Donnington* and *Lutwiler*; and for empowering the Governor, Bailiffs and Commonalty of the Company of Conservators of the Great Level of the Fens, commonly called *Bedford Level*, to sell certain Lands lying within the Limits aforesaid, called *Inclosed Lands*. [15th June 1810.]

Cap. cxxv.

An Act for vesting a certain Plot of Land on *Wenden* otherwise *Wenden Heath* in the County of *Bedfordshire*, in the Most Noble John Duke of *Bedford* or His Single, and for charging the same and certain Estates of the said Duke with a perpetual Annual Rent Charge; to be payable to the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish of *Wenden* otherwise *Wenden* in the said County, in Manner and upon the Trusts therein mentioned. (4. P.) [15th June 1810.]

Cap. cxxvi.

An Act for vesting the settled Estates at *Edison*, in the County of *Kent*, of the Right Honourable George Augustus Henry Lord *Manly*, or Trustees upon Trust, to sell the same, or to make Grants in Fee, or Leases of the same, for the Purpose of holding; and to lay out the Monies arising by such Sales in the Purchase of other Estates to be letted to the same Use. (4. P.) [15th June 1810.]

Cap. cxxvii.

An Act for exchanging the settled Estate of the Right Honourable *Amabel* Duchess *Lanes*, in the County of *Wilt*, for other Estates of the said Duchess *Lanes*, the Right Honourable *Mary* Duchess *Dorset* Lady *Greenwich*, and the Right Honourable *Thomas* Philip Lord *Greenwich*, in the Counties of *Essex* and *Essex*, and for vesting the Powers of Leasing in the Settlement of the said Estates in the Counties of *Essex* and *Essex*. (4. P.) [15th June 1810.]

Cap. cxxvii.

An Act for selling the Lease of the Governors of *Bridewell* in the Site of the Hospital, in the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of *London*; by whom it was granted; and for authorizing the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens to grant certain Leases in *St. George's Fields*, in lieu thereof, to Trustees for the Government of the said Hospital for the like Term, for the Purpose of erecting a new Hospital thereon as an enlarged Scale. (q. P.) [17th Jan 1810.]

Cap. cxxviii.

An Act for empowering the foregoing Trustees under the Will of *Robert Aylmer Esquire*, deceased, to cut down certain Timber Trees on the divided Estates in the County of *Surrey*, and for applying the Moneys thereon arising to the Purchase of Estates, to be settled to the following Uses of the same Will. (q. P.) [17th Jan 1810.]

Cap. cc.

An Act for enabling *George Byng Esquire*, and others, to grant Building Leases of certain Lands and Premises, Situate in the *Town of Deptford*, in the County of *Middlesex*. (q. P.) [17th Jan 1810.]

Cap. cci.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Slopton*, in the County of *Suffolk*, and within the Hamlet of *Harlow*, lying in the same Parish, and in the several Parishes of *Swingleton*, *Edlington* and *Pyghillston*, in the same County. (q. P.) [17th Jan 1810.]

* Allotments and Compensations for Tithes. § 27—32.

Cap. ccii.

An Act for inclosing *Whitford Common*, and other Waste Lands in the Parish of *Whitford*, in the County of *Gloucester*. (q. P.) [17th Jan 1810.]

* Allotments and Compensations for Tithes, Meads, &c. § 18—20.

Cap. cciii.

45 G. 3. c. 11. An Act to continue until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and thirtieth, the Powers of the Commissioners appointed in pursuance of an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for enabling the Commissioners acting in pursuance of an Agreement between the *East India Company* and the private Creditors of the *Nabobs of the Carnatic*, the latter to carry the same into Effect. [17th Jan 1810.]

Cap. cciv.

14 G. 3. c. 51. 12 G. 3. c. 18. An Act for amending, altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Thirteenth and Seventeenth Years of His present Majesty, in relation to the Navigation of the River *Thames* Westward of *London Bridge*, within the Liberties of the City of *London*; and for the further Improvement of the said Navigation. [17th Jan 1810.]

[Title of 17 G. 3. c. 18. repealed, and now Title granted.]

Cap. ccv.

4 G. 3. c. 56. 3 c. 11. An Act to explain an Act of the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Improvement of the City of *Dublin* and the Enclosures thereof, so far as relates to the lighting of *North Wall Quay* in the said City. [17th Jan 1810.]

Cap. ccvi.

An Act for establishing a Cattle Market within the Town of *Weymouth*, in the *Town of Wey*; for taking down and removing the Shambles therein; for paving, cleaning, lighting and watching the said Town, and removing Nuisances therein; for preserving and improving the Port and Harbour of *Weymouth*; and for regulating the Piers belonging thereto. [17th Jan 1810.]

Cap. ccvii.

An Act for maintaining and improving the Docks, and Warehouses, called the *Commercial Docks*, and for making and maintaining other Docks and Warehouses to communicate therewith, all in the Parish of *St. Mary, Rotherhithe*, in the County of *Surrey*. [17th Jan 1810.]

* WHEREAS, for the full greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of *London*, it is expedient that other good and sufficient Wet Docks and Basins, with Timber Piers, proper Cuts, Stairs and Outlets, should be made and established within the Port of *London*, with Quays and Wharfs attached thereto, for the Reception and Discharge of Ships laden with Timber, Wood, and other Merchandise, as hereinafter mentioned: And whereas the several Persons hereinafter named, have subscribed a certain Sum as a Joint Stock or Fund, and have purchased and improved a Wet Dock, long known as *Greenland Dock*, and other Docks and Premises adjoining, for the Purpose of aforesaid; and for carrying into Execution and completing the several Works, Improvements, Alterations

* and Additions hereafter mentioned. May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That *John Murray, John Murray the Younger, Joseph Murray, William Adams, William Brewster, Daniel Street, John de Berke, Daniel Bell, John Bancroft, Lewis de Bock, Joseph Green Bantock, Elizabeth Blackbriar, John Innes, Robert Burrows, James Buxton, Peter Buxton, Ann Barclay, Ann Barclay, James Belcher, Jane Barclay, William Cook, William Corbett, Richard Corcoran, John Crickett, Quaker Dick, John Dearman, Ralph Day, John Evans, John Eyles, Ferns Foxon, William Ernie, Robert Farrier, Philip Hilditch Ervine, John Gilpin, Mary Green, George Crane, Joseph Gault, Alexander Uxton, Samuel Gurvey, John Gurvey, Robert Galloway, John Greaves, James Glavin, William Green, Richard Harford, John Harford, Mary Harford, Charles Richard Harford, Duncan Hunter, Henry Harford, Elizabeth Harford, Thomas Brennan, John Henry Hivier, Richard Harris, Edward Harman, Elizabeth Harman, James Harford Haslam, William Hilditch, George Irvine, Thomas Adolphus Knibb, Henry Lamb, John Lyon, Lewis Lloyd, Jacob Hurler Lewis, Richard Lloyd, William Allen, James Mackintosh, James Mowbray, Eleanor May, Robert Mansley Martin, Daniel McLeod, Joseph Miles, Thomas Orr, George Parker, James Parson, William Poynter, Sir Charles Price, John Price, George Ritchie, John Baker Richards, Thomas Ritchie, William Ritchie, William Tait Richards, Christopher Richards, Samuel Sharp, Benjamin Sherrin, John Stewart Smith, William Smith, Philip Smith, J. Sturgeon, George Tait, James Thompson, Elizabeth Thomas, Christopher Walker, John Woodcock and John Woodcock, together with all and every other Persons or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporation Aggregate or Sole, who now or are, or shall at any time hereafter, according to the Conditions and Restrictions hereinafter set forth, be or become a Proprietor or Proprietors of any Share or Shares in the said Docks, Basins or Ponds already made or hereby authorized to be made, shall be, and are hereby wanted into a Company for maintaining and improving the said Docks and Works already made, and making, completing and maintaining other Docks and Timber Ponds, Steirs, Quays, and other Works necessary for the Accommodation of Vessels laden with Timber, and other Articles hereinafter mentioned, and shall be that Purpose be a joint Stock Company, by the Name and Style of *The Commercial Dock Company.**

As an Act
Empowering to be
called the Com-
mercial Dock
Company

Company im-
proved to make
Docks, Basins,
&c.

Vessels laden
with specified
Articles, may
call at Docks.

Provided.

Company may
take a further
Sum by new
Shares, and
may employ
£20,000.

II. And be it further enacted, That for the Improvement and Increase of Accommodation of the Port of London, and facilitating the Discharge of Ships and Vessels laden with Timber, Wood, and other Merchandises hereinafter mentioned, and securing such Convoys of Timber and Wood from Loss and Pilgrage, and removing the Interruption occasioned to the Navigation of the River Thames, and the Port of London, by means of the want of sufficient Accommodations for Timber, out of the said River, it shall be lawful for the said Company of Proprietors, and they are hereby authorized to extend and improve their present Docks and Works, and make such other Basins, Docks, Ponds and Embasces, and Quays and Wharfs adjoining thereto, as may be necessary and convenient for the receiving and discharging and lading of such Ships and Vessels.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for all Ships and Vessels laden or to be laden with Timber or Wood only, or with Timber or Wood being the principal Part of the Cargo, although the Remainder of such Cargo should consist of Hemp, Flax, Pitch, Tar, Yellow or Red, or Ships laden with Fish Oil, Haddock and Whale Fins, or any other Goods, Wares and Merchandises, usually delivered about by River Seafarers, to enter into all and every the said Docks and Basins, and there to discharge or load the Whole or Part only of any such Cargo, and also for any Ships or Vessels so having discharged in the said Docks, or any of them, to load the Whole or Part only, of the Cargo of any such Ship or Vessel, on any outward Voyage; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Law or Laws, or Customs, to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to make any of the said Docks or Wharfs under this Act legal Quays, or to empower the said Company to load or land any such Goods without the Suffrage of the Commissioners of Customs granted for that Purpose; provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to compel any Ship or Vessel to enter into the said Docks or Ponds, or any of them.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company to make and contribute among themselves, in addition to the Shares already created, or to be created, or to be taken up by the Proprietors of the said Docks and Premises, a competent Sum of Money for the providing and maintaining the Docks and Works already made; and for making and maintaining the Dock, Basins, Quays, Ways, Roads, Bridges, Offices, Basins, Wharfs, Warehouses, and all other Works intended to be made, and exceeding in the whole, or in addition to the Sums already subscribed, the Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds, except as hereinafter excepted; and the same shall be divided into One thousand three hundred Shares, of One hundred Pounds each, and the said One thousand three hundred Shares shall be, and are hereby sold to the several Persons who have subscribed, or who shall subscribe for the same, and their several and respective Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, to their and every of their proper Use and Benefit, proportionally to the Sums they shall severally raise and contribute; and all Bodies Politick, Corporate and Collegiate, and all Persons and their several and respective Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, who are already possessed of, or who shall severally subscribe for One or more Shares or Shares, or for such Sum or Sums as shall be demanded in law thereof, shall be entitled to and receive the value and net Distribution of an equal proportionable Part, according to the Number of Shares severally possessed, or to be possessed by him or them, or the Money so by them respectively paid, of all the Profits and Advantages which shall or may arise and accrue to the said Company, by means of any Sums of Money to be received by the said Company, by the Authority of this Act, or otherwise, in respect of or for the Use of Docks, Ponds, Quays, Wharfs, or other Premises belonging to the said Company.

V. Provided

V. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That the said Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds shall be raised under this Act, upon One thousand three hundred Shares, and the Shares already created being One thousand three hundred, at One hundred Pounds each, and raising in the whole Two thousand six hundred Shares, at One hundred Pounds each, shall make up the Capital Stock of the said Company.

VI. Provided always, nevertheless, That all or any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies, or Corporation, who, at the time of the creating or raising the One thousand three hundred Shares herein authorized to be subscribed for, shall be possessed of any of the Shares already subscribed for, as aforesaid, if they be stock, as aforesaid for any Number of the said One thousand three hundred Shares, then according to the Number of said Shares of which he or they shall then be possessed.

VII. And he it further enacted, That all and every the Shares and Proprietors of all Bodies Politick, Corporate and Collegiate, and of all other Persons or Persons, shall be and be deemed to be Personal Estate, and transferable as such, and distributable as such, and not in any respect of the Nature of Real Property.

VIII. Provided always, That no Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who is, are, or shall be Proprietor or Proprietors of any Shares or Shares in the Stock of the said Company, or Contributors thereto, or his, her or their Real or Personal Estate, shall be charged with, or liable to any Debt or Demand whatsoever, due or to become due from the said Company, beyond the Extent of his, her or their Capital Stock, or Share or Shares in the Stock of the said Company's say Law, Customs or Usage, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

IX. And he it further enacted, That the Directors elected or to be elected, for managing the Concerns of the said Company, or any Five or more of them, shall have Power from time to time to call for, send and settle, without Process however to such final or further Aids as the Proprietors of the said Company may direct or otherwise to be made, all Accrues of Money bid out and disbursed for the Purpose of this Act, or the said Decks and Provisions, and to make such Call or Calls of Money from the present or any future Proprietors or Subscribers, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, according to the Amount of their respective Interests, Shares and Subscriptions already belonging to or subscribed for by, or hereafter to belong to or be subscribed for by him or them for the Purposes of this Act, or of the said Decks and Works already made, or hereafter to be made, as by them the said Directors, or any Five or more of them, shall from time to time be directed necessary for their Purposes, in that no Call shall exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds for every Hundred Pounds as the Sum or Sums be subscribed, and so as no Call to that Amount be made but at the Interval of Two Calendar Months at the least from the preceding Call, which Money is called for shall be paid to such Person or Persons, and in such manner as the said Directors shall from time to time appoint or direct, for the Use of the said Decks and Provisions, and the Owner or Owners of the Joint Stock thereof shall pay his, her or their Proportions of the Money called for as aforesaid, at such Time and Place, and in such manner as shall be appointed for that Purpose as aforesaid; and if any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporation Aggregate or Sole, shall neglect or refuse to pay his, her or their respective or proportionable Part or Share, or Parts or Shares of the said Money to be called for as aforesaid, at the Time and Place to be appointed by the said Directors, then the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporation Aggregate or Sole, so neglecting or refusing to pay the same, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds for every Share of his, her or their respective Subscription or Stock, or Part and Interest thereof; and in every such Case the said Joint Stock Company are hereby empowered to sue for and recover, in any Court or Courts of Law or Equity (as the case may require), every or any such Part or Share, or any Part thereof, so neglected or refused to be paid, as also the said Penalty of Five Pounds; and in case such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporation Aggregate or Sole, shall neglect or refuse to pay his, her or their respective or proportionable Part or Share or Parts or Shares of the said Money to be called for as aforesaid, for the Space of Two Calendar Months after the time, or any of the respective times appointed for Payment thereof as aforesaid, then, and in every such Case, the same may be sued for and recovered by the said Joint Stock Company as last heretofore is enacted, or otherwise as the Opinion of the said Directors, or of any Five or more of them; the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporation Aggregate or Sole, so neglecting to pay the same, shall forfeit all his, her or their respective Stock or Parts and Interests in the said Joint Stock and Provisions, all which Forfeitures shall go to and be for the Benefit of the Rest of the Proprietors, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns (holding for the True Shares of the said Stock), in proportion to their respective Interests.

X. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no Advantage shall be taken of any Forfeiture of any such Stock, or any Part thereof, until Notice of such Forfeiture in Writing shall have been previously given or left by some Officer of the said Company, or with the Owner or Owners of such Stock, or left at his, her or their usual or last known Place of Abode, nor unless the same shall be declared to be forfeited at some General Meeting of the said Company, to be held within Six Calendar Months next after such Forfeiture shall happen to be made; and in case of such Forfeiture the same shall be an Indemnification to and for every Proprietor or Subscribers of his or her Stock, Part and Interest as aforesaid, against all and every Action or Actions, Suits or Proceedings whatsoever, to be commenced or preferred for any Breach of Contract, or other Agreement, between such Proprietors or Proprietors for subscribing, and the Rest of the Proprietors in respect of all Matters and Things in which he or they were or was liable as Proprietor or Proprietors.

XI. And he it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons subscribing or holding any Stock of the said Company shall die before such Call or Calls shall have been made, for the said Sum to be advanced

as the Sum or Sums be already subscribed for or hereafter to be subscribed for, while he or they shall have been entitled or entitled to such Stock, without having made Provision by Will or otherwise, in Writing, how the Money shall be paid upon Call for the future, then, and in every such Case, the Executors or Administrators of any such Owner or Owners shall be chargeable in respect of such Calls, as for the Debts of the Testator or testatrix, but not otherwise; and as to the Executors, Administrators, or Parties or Parties entitled to the Profit Share, shall receive or neglect, for the Space of Six Calendar Months, to answer such Calls and Payments, the said Company shall be at Liberty, and are hereby authorized and required to admit any other Parties or Parties, or Duly or Bona Fide, Copartners or Co-legatees, Copartners Aggregate or Sole, to be Proprietor or Proprietors of the Stock of such Owner or Owners in default, on condition that he, he or they be admitted, do and shall, on or before such Admission, pay to the Executors or Administrators of such default Owner or Owners, the full Sum and Sums of Money which shall have been paid by such Owner or Owners to her, her or their Life-time, by virtue of any Call or Calls, or otherwise, upon such Share or Shares of such Stock, or such other Sum or Sums of Money as the same can be sold for, first deducting the Provision that may have been made.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful and law for the several Proprietors of the said Joint Stock, his, her or their respective Executors or Administrators, to sell and dispose of any Share or Shares to which he, he or they may be entitled thereon, subject to the Rules and Conditions herein mentioned, the Conveyance of which Shares shall be in the Form or to the Effect following:

I, A B of _____ in consideration of _____
 do hereby bargain, sell, assign and transfer to the said _____ of _____ Capital Stock,
 the Sum of _____ of and in the Commercial Dock, being Part (or the Whole, as the Case may be), of my Share in the said
 Dock, to hold to the said _____ Executors, Administrators
 and Assigns, subject to the same Rules, Orders and Restrictions, and on the same Conditions that I held
 the same immediately before the Execution hereof: And I, the said _____
 do hereby agree to take and accept the said Capital Stock or Share of
 subject to the same Rules, Orders, Restrictions and Conditions. As Witness our Hands and Seals,
 the Day of _____

And in every such Sale of the said Deed of Conveyance (being executed by the Seller or Sellers, and the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Share or Shares) shall be kept by the said Purchaser as Purchaser for him, her or their Society, after the Solicitor or Clerk to the said Company of Proprietors shall have entered in a proper Book or Books to be kept for that Purpose, a Memorial of such Transfer and Sale for the Use of the said Company, and have retained or caused the Entry of such Memorial on the said Deed of Transfer, for which no more than Two Shillings and Sixpence shall be paid, and the said Solicitor or Clerk is hereby required to make such Entry or Memorial accordingly, and such Book Memorial shall have been made and entered as above directed, such Purchaser or Purchasers shall have so Part or Share of the Profits of the said Dock, as any Interest for such Share or Shares paid to him, her or them, nor any Vote is respect thereof, as a Proprietor or Proprietors of the said Dock.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That after any Call of such Money shall have been made as aforesaid, no Parties or Parties shall sell or transfer any Share or Shares which he, he or they shall possess in the said Dock, or Part of foregoing his, her or their respective Share or Shares therein in the said Company of Proprietors, in Trust for the Benefit of all the said Proprietors, unless he, he or they, at the Year of such Sale and Transfer, shall have paid and discharged the whole and entire Sum of Money which shall have been called for upon such Share or Shares or transferred, such Forfeitures, nevertheless, to be notified and declared at a General or Special Assembly in manner before directed.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Proprietors of the said Company, or the major Part of them, in General Court assembled, shall and may make, write and constitute such and so many By-Laws, Constitutions, Rules and Ordinances, as to them or the major Part of them be assembled as aforesaid shall seem meet and convenient for the better governing, ordering, appointing, regulating, ordering and managing of the said Company, and the Directors, Officers, Servants and Parties employed in and about the Affairs of the said Company, and to alter, change, revoke, repeal or make void the same from time to time, and in as often as they or the major Part of them be assembled, as aforesaid, shall judge necessary and expedient, provided that such By-Laws, Constitutions, Rules and Ordinances be printed, and be not contrary or repugnant to the Statutes, Customs or Laws of that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, nor to any thing in this Act contained; but no Order, By-Law, Constitution, Rule or Ordinance be made, shall be good and valid without being confirmed at a subsequent General Meeting of the said Company, Ordinary or Extraordinary, to be held as hereafter mentioned.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the First General Court of the said Company shall be held at the House of the said Company, No. 2, in London Street, Finchmark Street, in the City of London, on the First Friday which shall ensue next after the Expiration of one Week, from and after the passing of this Act.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That a General Court of the said Commercial Dock Company shall be held at least Twice in each and every Year, on the following Days, that is to say, on the Second Friday in January, and the Second Friday in July in each and every Year.

XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Six or more of the said Company, who shall severally be Proprietors of Ten Shares or upwards of the said Stock, shall judge it necessary or expedient to have

Form of Bill
Shares.

Form of Transfer
of Shares.

To be entered.

After Call on
Share to be paid
and Calls paid
Forfeiture

Power of Court
of Crown.

First General
Meeting.

Annual General
Meeting.

Proprietors may
open Notice
have Special
Meeting.

L I

an extraordinary General Meeting of the said Company called, and shall request the same to be called, by Notice in Writing under their respective Hands, delivered to the Clerk or Secretary, or any Director of the said Company for the time being, specifying in every such Notice the Business intended to be proceeded upon at such Meetings, the said Directors or any Three or more of them, shall, within Ten Days after the Delivery of such Notice, and they and their Successors are hereby authorized and directed and required to call such Extraordinary Meeting to assemble at such Time and Place within the Limits aforesaid, as they shall judge expedient, within Ten Days from and after such Notice, and such Meeting shall be deemed a Publick One, and all Proceedings there daily had and confirmed by a subsequent Meeting, ordinary or extraordinary, shall be deemed as valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the same had been done at Meetings in the manner heretofore accustomed.

To what Direc-
tors.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That Sir Charles Price Baronet, William Adam, John Atterly, John Smith Esqrs, William Brinsley, Richard Hayford, F. de la Roche, William Froom, George Grant, Thomas Houghton, Thomas Goss, Wm. Taylor Robinson and Thomas Pitt Esqrs, shall be and continue Directors of the said Company, until the Twentieth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and ten, unless such Director or either of them shall die, be removed by the Consent of Proprietors, or otherwise, or dispose of his or their Shares in the said Stock, in which case the same order the Number of Ten, in any of which Cases it shall and may be lawful to and for the next General Meeting of the said Company, ordinary or extraordinary, to nominate and appoint by Ballot a new, or other Director, in the Room of such Director or Directors so dying, being removed, or having disposed of his or their said Stock, for the Remainder of the Term which such Director would have been in Office, and in such case to use as Occasion may require.

How it is De-
termined.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That not less than Five of the said Directors shall be a Quorum, capable of sitting, and lawfully empowered to sit at the ordinary Meetings of the said Directors, and that all Motions and Questions which may be made and put at such Meetings, shall be decided by a Majority of the Directors present, and if the Numbers on each Side should happen to be equal, the Chairman of the Meeting shall in every Case give the casting Vote.

To what and
by whom Docks
shall be made,
and to make
other Docks, &c.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall be, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, by themselves, or their Directors, Agents, Servants and Workmen, so manner and improve the Docks and Works already made, and also to make, complete and maintain one or more additional Dock or Docks, Basin or Basins, Tugger Pond or Timber Ponds, and Entrances or Passages, communicating with the River Thames, in the Parish of Saint Mary Abchurch, in the County of Surrey, at a certain Place called Trinity Street, and also at a certain other Place called Civil Station, provided that such last mentioned Entrance at Civil Station shall not be made without the Consent of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, still had and obtained in Writing for that Purpose.

Building Com-
pany to make
other Entrances
into the River
Thames.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company to make another Entrance into the River Thames, at any Place between Trinity Street and the East or lower Side of the Presidies in the Parish of Melton in the County of Middlesex, usually known by the Name of the *Lancaster Dock*, and for that Purpose to cut through such Part of *Redcliffe Street* as shall be necessary for the making such Entrance; and the said Company shall, in such Case, make a good and sufficient Bridge, and keep the same in repair, as directed by this Act, and make good all such Parts of the said Street, or any Parts adjoining thereto, as shall be damaged as making such Entrance; provided always, that it shall not be lawful for the said Company to take any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, for the Purpose of making such Entrance, without the Consent of the Owners and Occupiers thereof in Writing set had and obtained.

Not to extend

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Company, in making their Docks and other Works, shall not deviate from or extend beyond the Line described in the said Map or Plan deposited in the Office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Surrey, and in the said Schedule, marked A. heretofore annexed, without the Consent in Writing of the Petors or Persons whose Lands or Possesions shall be wanted for their Passage; but it shall be lawful for the said Company, with such Consent, to purchase any Land, Tenements or Hereditaments, for all or any of the Purposes aforesaid, although the same shall not be within the said Line, not exceeding Twenty Acres in the Whole, to be so purchased with such Consent as aforesaid: Provided always, that nothing in the Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize or empower the said Company, or any Person or Persons on their Behalf, to take or make use of, for the Purpose of the Act, any Heaths, Grasses or Orchards, without the Consent of the Owners or Proprietors thereof, in Writing, set had and obtained; and except the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and other Hereditaments, mentioned and described in the Schedule heretofore annexed, marked (A.)

What the River
shall be cleared
of.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall have full Power and Authority to supply the Docks, Basins, and other Works already made, or hereafter to be made, or any of them, at all times hereafter, with Water from the River Thames, and all such Brooks, Springs, Rivulets, Rivers, Waters and Watercourses, as shall be found at the digging and making the said Docks or Basins, and other Works respectively.

How to pay
the same, and
what of Money
shall be for
the Liberty of
cutting and
digging, &c.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall pay to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, the Sum of Five Pounds and Five Shillings, as a Fine or Acknowledgment for the Liberty of cutting and digging the Bank and Shore of the River Thames at each of the Entrances to be made by virtue of this Act, and also pay to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the said City, three Successors, Collections or Advers, for ever, an annual Rent or Sum of Two Pounds and Two Shillings for maintaining, each and every such Entrance after the said Bank and Shore shall be cut and dug for the Purpose aforesaid; and such annual Sum is hereby charged upon and made payable by, and may be recovered

from the said Company, by Action of Debt, or on the Case, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster.

XXV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That for the Benefit and Convenience of Commerce, and the Satisfaction of the Parishes and Parts adjoining, the said Company shall be compellable to make, let up, and maintain, in perpetual Repair, Bridges for the Use and Convenience of the Inhabitants and others, and for Carts, Carriages and Horses, in the Places or Lanes following; that is to say, in the Lane across the proposed Enclosure from the River Thames into the Dock or Docks, Balcon or Balcons, Timber Pond or Timber Ponds, intended to be made and across the proposed Cut, from the Commercial Docks already made to the first intended Dock or Dock, Before or Betwixt, Timber Pond or Timber Ponds, and they shall be compellable to make, let up and maintain, in perpetual Repair, all such Bridges as aforesaid.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall have full Power to alter the Road leading from South Bridge to Trinity Street, and also the Street or Highways following; that is to say, Trinity Street, Queen Street, Rail-Wharfs, otherwise Redriff Street, and Lavender Street; and all other Roads and Ways, if the same shall by them be deemed necessary in all or any of the Parishes aforesaid: Provided always, that such Alterations shall not vary the Direction of the Road or Street, and shall be approved of by the Trustees of the said Roads: Provided also, that as Alterations whatever be made in the Foot Way leading from Green Street to Redriff Street.

XXVII. And whereas, by reason of taking down Houses, and making Alterations in pursuance of this Act, there may be Deficiencies in the Produce of the Assessments for Land Tax, and paving, cleansing, watching, and lighting, Highway Rates and Poor's Rates, within the Parish of Saint Mary at Redriff, otherwise Redriff, in the County of Surrey; Be it therefore further enacted, That the said Company, from and after the passing of this Act, shall and will, for and during the Term of Three Years, or such other certain term, unless which the said several Works hereby directed to be made or done, by or on behalf of them, shall be completed, be obliged and liable to make good to the said Parish, with and out of the Moneys to and from and received by them the said Company, under or by virtue of this Act, all such Sum or Sums of Money, which during such Term shall be deficient in respect of the Produce of the Assessments for Land Tax, and paving, cleansing, watching and lighting, and Highway Rates and Poor's Rates, within the said Parish, by reason or means of the Alterations arising from or occasioned by the raising of the said Docks, and other Works and Purposes which shall belong thereto, according to the Produce of such several Assessments and Rates respectively from the Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and eight, to the Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and nine, and shall pay the same accordingly to the several Collectors of the said Taxes and Rates; Provided always, that when and in case as after this Act shall be carried into Execution, the Produce or Payments for and in respect of the several Assessments for Land Tax, and paving, cleansing, watching and lighting, Highway Rates and Poor's Rates, or any of them, of and for all and singular such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments whatsoever, as for the time being shall be standing upon or Part of the Lands, and other Hereditaments in the said Parish, which shall be purchased for making and using the said Docks, and other Works and Purposes which shall belong thereto, shall raise a larger Sum of Money at the same Rate per Pound than the Sum called by the Assessments from the said Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and eight, to the said Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and nine, of and for all and singular such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments whatsoever, now situated in the said Parish, as shall be purchased for the same last mentioned Purposes, that then the Surplus shall, in full Place, be applied and paid to the said Company, towards reimbursing them what they shall have paid for or in respect of the aforesaid Deficiencies in the Assessments for Land Tax, and paving, cleansing, watching and lighting, Highway Rates and Poor's Rates respectively, and is from time to time, when and as often as there shall be any Surplus, until the said Company shall be wholly reimbursed and repaid all Moneys which they shall have defailed to make good such Deficiencies.

XXVIII. And whereas certain Parts of the Ground of several of the Streets and other Passages and Places, within the said Parish of Saint Mary at Redriff, otherwise Redriff, and described to be within the Limits of the said intended Docks, have been purchased and passed under the Direction of a certain Act passed in the Twenty third Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, entitled, *An Act for better paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the Streets, Lanes, Yards, Courts, Alleys and Passages within the Parish of Saint Mary at Redriff, otherwise Redriff, in the County of Surrey, and for mending and improving the Navigation and Anchorage therein, at a very considerable Expence, which was defrayed as well by Money borrowed on Life Annuities as at Interest; and if such Parts of the Ground of such Streets, Lanes, Yards, Courts, Alleys and Passages, were taken away and destroyed, the Securities of the said Annuities and Bond Creditors would be much lessened and weakened; Be it therefore enacted, That for all such Parts of the said Parishes of Saint Mary at Redriff, otherwise Redriff, and Places adjacent thereto, as have been purchased or passed under the Authority of the said Act, and within the Limits proposed for the said Docks, the said Company shall, on their requiring Possession of any such Parts of the Ground of such Streets, Lanes, Yards, Courts, Alleys, and Passages or Places, for the Purposes of the said intended Docks, pay or make to be paid to the Commissioners appointed under and by virtue of the said last-mentioned paving Act, the Value as well of all such Ground so purchased by the said Commissioners for making the said Docks, as also of the Foot Pavements, Stairs, Paving and other Materials, which were used by the said Commissioners in and about paving such Streets, Passages or Places as aforesaid.*

XXIX. And whereas it may become necessary for the said Dock Company to take up the perfect Pavement in different Parts of the said Parish of Redriff, in order, by raising the Ground, to form inclined

Towns Bridges.

Docks and Rivers and.

For making of Docks in Parish of St. Mary Redriff.

Company appointed under the Act to be made for mending the Navigation for the Act of 1782, for the Use of the said Docks, &c.

Company to
repair them,
or to do they shall
take up any
of the Pavements,
&c.

Being Bridges
or to make or re-
pair any such
Do as with River
Towns

This Act not
to alter the
Powers of
St G. S. & D.

No Bridge to be
made, or Road
broken up, till
necessary Road
made by the
Company.

Township
Roads to be
kept in Repair
all Bridges
completed.

Members of In-
dus. Bridges.

Penals.

Who Neglects
a Company, Re-
pairs to be done
by Trustees,
Constables,
or Surveyors
of Roads and
Highways.

* *Planes for the Purposes of enabling Carts, Carriages and Passengers, to pass over the Streets or Cuts proposed* * to be made, to connect the said intended Docks with the River Thames; Be it therefore enacted, That in case the said Dock Company shall at any time or times after the passing of this Act take up any of the Pavement in the said Parish of *St. Andrew's, the Strand, Lane, Yard, Courts, Alleys and Passages*, where such Pavement shall have been taken up shall be paved again in a Workmanlike Manner, at the Expence, Costs and Charges of the said Dock Company; and as to the Pavement which shall be laid by the said Dock Company on the said intended Planes, or any other newly made Ground, the same shall be kept in Repair by the said Dock Company, at their own Costs and Charges, for the Space of Three Years from the time of the making or laying of such Pavement.

* XXX. And whereas it is expedient that the Trade and Benefits of the Inhabitants of the Parish of *St. Andrew's* should be interrupted as delayed as little as may be: Be it therefore enacted, That the said Dock Company shall construct or make one Swing Bridge over every Cut or Sluice to be made for connecting the said Docks with the River Thames, and one Platform, Bridge or Footway over each Dockgate, at every such Cut or Sluice, and that either the said Swing Bridge, or One of the said Platform Bridges, or Footways, shall be kept shut for the Passage of Carts, Carriages or Passengers, (unless in Cases where it shall be absolutely necessary to keep open all the said Bridges) and that the inclined Planes leading to the said Swing Bridges shall not be deeper than at the Rate of Eighteen Feet for every Foot of perpendicular Height.

XXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to alter, lessen or vary the Powers and Authorities contained in the first Act passed in the Twenty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for better paving, cleaning, lighting and mending the Streets, Lane, Courts, Alleys and Passages within the Parish of Saint Mary at Rotherhithe* otherwise than in the County of Surrey.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That before any Bridge or Bridges shall be made, or any Road or Highway shall be cut open, broken up or altered, for the Purposes of this Act, the said Company shall, and they are hereby required to do thereat, at their proper Costs and Charges, to let out, make and properly fence and seal, to the Satisfaction of the Trustees or Surveyors of the Road or Highway, Roads or Highways respectively to be cut open, broken up or altered, a good Road or Way, safe, fit and convenient for all Persons, Horses and Carriages, to go, pass and repass over the same, and from the remaining Parts of the said Road or Highway, Roads or Highways, to be cut open, broken up or altered, proper Drains for carrying off the Water from the same.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That any and every Road or Way to be made for the Passage of Travellers, during the time of building any and every Bridge, shall be kept and maintained by the said Company in good State and Condition, and any and every such Bridge shall be completely finished, and until the Trustees or Five or more of them, or the Surveyor or Surveyors of the Highways respectively, of any Road, Street or Highway to be cut open, broken up or altered, for the Purpose of building such Bridge or Bridges, shall certify that the said Bridge or Bridges, with the Road or Roads over the same, shall be safe, fit and convenient for the passing and repassing of Persons, Horses and Carriages.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That every Bridge to be built by virtue of this Act over any of the Publick Roads, under the Management of the said Trustees, shall be built of Stone or Bricks, with good and sound Materials, and that the Roadway over the same shall be of the Width of Twenty six Feet in the Clear at the least, and that the Roadways to the Centre of each Bridge shall be made with regular and gradual Ascents of One Foot in the Length of every Thirty Feet, or of such other regular and gradual Ascents as shall be directed or required by the Trustees, or any Five or more of them, of any and every Road or Highway on or over which such Bridge or Bridges shall be made or altered; and the said Roadways, Paths or Causeways, on every such Bridge, shall be supported, and the Passage over the same secured and unobscured by proper Embankments faced with Stone or Bricks, or by Piers and Rails, and each Side of the Surface thereof, by and at the Expence of the said Company, and to the Satisfaction of the said Trustees; and from and after any such Bridge shall be finished, the same, and all and every the Piers, Walls, Abutments, Banks, Copings, Piers, Rails, and other Parts thereto belonging, shall, at all times for ever thereafter, be repaired and kept in good State and Condition by and at the Costs and Charges of the said Company, to the Satisfaction of the Trustees, Constables, or Surveyors aforesaid: Provided nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to oblige or compel the said Company to maintain and keep in Repair the Surface of the Road over any such Bridge from and after the Expiration of Twelve Calendar Months next following the Day on which the Passage over the said Bridge and Road shall be certified by the said Trustees, or any Five of them, to be safe, fit and convenient for the passing and repassing of Persons, Horses and Carriages.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Company, or their Successors for the time being, shall at any time neglect to make or cause such Way or Passage as aforesaid, before and during the building of any such Bridge or Bridges, or to repair, support and maintain such Bridge and Bridges, and the Piers, Walls, Abutments, Banks, Copings, Piers, Rails or Fences thereof, or any of them, for the Space of Fourteen Days next after Notice requiring the same, in Writing, under the Hands of any Five or more of the said Trustees before mentioned, shall be given or left for the said Company at the House, Lodge or Office of the said Company, or given to the Trustees, Surveyor, or other Chief Officer of the said Company, or left for him or them at his or any of their Dwelling House or Houses, Place or Places of Abode, then, and in every such Case, it shall be lawful for the said Trustees or Surveyors respectively, to cause such Ways or Passage, Bridge or Bridges, and the Piers, Walls, Abutments, Banks, Copings, Piers, Rails, and other Fences, to be made, incurred, repaired and amended, as the Case may require, and the Charges and Expences thereof, together with a further Sum of One Penny for every Penny laid out and expended thereunto, shall

be paid by the said Company to the said Trowlers or Surveyors respectively, causing the said Works to be done; and in case the said Company shall neglect to pay what shall be so paid, laid out and expended, together with the Sums or such One Penny for every Penny expended, laid out or incurred, shall amount unto, within Fourteen Days after Notice thereof shall be left at the House, Ledger or Office of the said Company, or given to the Treasurer, Secretary, Surveyor or other Chief Officer of the said Company, or left for him or them at his or any of their Dwelling Houses, or Place or Places of Abode, which Notice shall be in Writing, signed by any Five or more of the said Trowlers, or their Clerk or Surveyors, or by the said Surveyor or Surveyors, and assented to or written under a Bill containing an Account of such Charges and Expenses, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Five or more of the said Trowlers for the time being, or the Surveyor or Surveyors before mentioned, as the Case may require, in their Names, and they so lawfully respectively authorized and empowered to bring or cause to be brought, any Actions or Actions in any of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster, against the said Company for the Recovery thereof, and thence to recover such Sums and Sums of Money as shall or may be so laid out, expended or incurred, together with One Penny for every Penny on the Account thereof, and full Costs of Suit, in which Actions no Effoins, Privilege or Wager of Law, or more than One Repetition shall be allowed.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Company to cause all or any Sewers or Drains, which shall be and be in or near the intended Docks or other Works which shall belong thereto, to be arched over, filled or stopped up, widened or otherwise altered, as they shall think necessary for making and completing the said Docks and other Works, so as the said Company do and shall procure thereto make and construct, and they are hereby authorized and required to make and construct, as well of the Sewers and Drains to be filled and stopped up, other good Sewers and Drains of sufficient Depth and Width for carrying off the Water from the Lands and Premises adjoining or near to the said Works, as also of any arched and convenient in all respects as the Sewers or Drains to be filled or stopped up, and so as that all such widening, arching and constructing of Sewers and Drains by them as aforesaid, shall be done under the immediate Inspection and Direction, and to the Satisfaction of His Majesty's Justice and Commissioners of Sewers for the Liberties, extending from *East Molesey* in the County of *Surrey* to *Northfleet* in the County of *Kent*, and all such new Sewers and Drains shall, (conceded) by so their being made, become vested in, and be and remain under the Jurisdiction of the said Commissioners of Sewers.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the said Company of Proprietors shall deem it necessary in such case, fill, or stop up, widen or otherwise alter any Sewer or Drain in or near the said intended Docks, Notice in Writing thereof, signed by the Secretary, Clerk or Surveyor to the said Company, shall be given to the Clerk to the said Commissioners of Sewers, specifying the Work deemed necessary to be done, and on Receipt thereof the said Clerk shall and he is hereby required to convene a Meeting of the said Commissioners, or any Six or more of them, within Fourteen Days after such Notice, to view the Sewer or Drain so deemed necessary to be arched over, filled or stopped up, widened or altered, and the said Commissioners are hereby required to view the said Premises, and thence or within Twenty Days thereafter, to make such Order and Direction for the arching over, filling or stopping up, widening or altering any such Sewer or Drain, or in lieu thereof, for the making, constructing or forming any other Sewer or Drain, as to them the said Commissioners shall seem meet and proper; and after such Order and Direction shall be made, and Payment of the Charges and Expenses attending the same, and of such View and Survey, and after the making of such new Sewer or Drain, in the case of filling or stopping up any perfect Sewer or Drain, but not before, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors to cause the Sewer or Drain, Sewers or Drains, mentioned and specified in the said Notice to be arched over, filled or stopped up, widened or altered, as the Case shall require, according to the Order and Direction of the said Commissioners in that behalf made, and not otherwise.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Slip or Slips, Dry Dock, Graving Dock-way, or other Place for the building, lowering down, or repairing of Ships or other Vessels, shall at any time hereafter be made or built, or permitted to be made or built within the Walls surrounding any of the said Docks but be lawfully authorized to be made, or of the Basins or Entrances which shall belong thereto, nor shall any Communication at any time hereafter be made unto the said Commercial Dock, or to any of the Basins or Entrances which may belong thereto, from any Wet Dock, Slip or Slips, Dry Dock, Graving Dock-way, or other Place, for the building, lowering down or repairing of Ships or other Vessels, which hereafter may be adjoining to the said Commercial Docks, or to any of the Basins or Entrances which may belong thereto; nor shall the said Commercial Dock Company at any time or times hereafter carry on, or be otherwise concerned in the Trade or Business of building or repairing the Hulls or Masts of Ships or Vessels for Hire or Profit: Provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall prevent or hinder the said Company from letting or dressing the Ship Yard and Premises belonging to them, and now in the Occupation of Daniel Bree Esquire, in any Part or Parts whatsoever, or from permitting or allowing Dockers, Slips and Communications to be made upon or from the Ship Yards, Land and Premises near the said Commercial Dock, and already established or used as a Dock Yard or Dock Yards, or any way consented therewith.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the said Directors, or any Five or more of them, by and with the Consent of the major Part of the Proprietors of the said Docks and Premises, prefer at any General Meeting or General Meetings assembled for the Purpose, from time to time, shall have full Power and Authority, for all or any the Purposes aforesaid, to contract and agree, and to employ any Persons or Persons to contract and agree with the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers, of all such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, of what Nature or Kind soever, in or near the Ports aforesaid, within the Limits of the Plan deposited with the Clerk of the Peace for the County of *Surrey*, and specified in the Schedule

Company empowered to arch over and make new Sewers.

Notice to Commissioners of Sewers of alterations to arch over or make new Sewers.

No Dry or Graving Dock to be made within the Walls surrounding the Docks.

Power to purchase Lands, &c. and to rent.

marked

marked (A.) hereto annexed, as they shall judge necessary, to purchase, employ, sell down, remove, alter or make use of, in and about the Works and Concerns of the said Dock, Basin, Ponds, Straits or Enclosures, Continuances or Edicts, Cuts or Quays, or any of them, or for the Purpose of enlarging or improving the same.

Intention for
Part of the Five
Years.

XL. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the said Company shall not, within the Space of Five Years next after the passing of this Act, agree for or make to be valued, as hereafter is mentioned, and purchase the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, which they are hereby empowered to purchase as aforesaid, then and from thenceforth all the Powers to them hereby granted for such Purpose only, shall cease, determine and be utterly void, and of none effect, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Power reserved
with respect
to the
Purchase of cer-
tain Lands, &c.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Proprietors of the said Dock, as any General Court or Courts of the Proprietors to be held within One Calendar Month after the passing of this Act, to contract and agree with Joseph Mosey of Derham, in the County of Surrey, the Owner of certain Lands in the County of Surrey lying near to the said Dock, for the Purchase of the said Lands, notwithstanding to the whole Forty five Acres, and which are comprised in the said Plan deposited with the Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid: Provided always, that no such Contract shall be valid, unless the same shall be duly entered into at One General Court of the said Proprietors, and assented at another General Court, to be holden at the Distance of Seven Days from such First General Court; and public Notice of holding such General Courts shall be given at least Ten Days previously to such First Court, by public Advertisement in the London Gazette, and in Two of the London Newspapers, and which Notice shall specify and set forth the Object for which such General Courts are to be held.

Intention of
Proviso, and
to be
enforced to
all and every.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for all Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, Tenants for Life or in Tail, or others having a partial or qualified Interest or Estate in any Houses, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, Holdings, Fees, Courts, Gardens, Walks and Yards as Tract for Charities or other Purpose, Commissioners, Executors or Administrators, and all other Persons whatsoever, not only on Behalf of themselves and their respective Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Successors, but also on Behalf of all Persons entitled in Remainder or Reversion, as well as an Estate Tail, and on Behalf of all Persons entitled in Reversion or Remainder as well as an Estate for Life, or other less Estate, or by way of Executive Devise, in case such Person shall be suggested or desire to trust, and on Behalf of their respective Wives and Coheirs, Tracts, whether Infeudate, Freehold, Leasehold, Inheritance, Feudal Convent, or others, and for all and every other Person or Persons whatsoever who are and shall be seized or interested in any such Houses, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, to visit and agree with the said Company, or with the said Directors, or any Five or more of them as aforesaid, for the absolute Sale, and to sell and convey to them all such Houses, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, as shall be adjudged necessary and convenient for the Purpose aforesaid; and that all Contracts, Agreements, Leases, Conveyances and other Assurances, which shall be here made for the Purpose aforesaid, shall be good and effectual in Law, as all Inquests and Profrees, any thing in the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding; all which Contracts, Agreements, Leases, Sales, or Conveyances and Assurances, shall be made at the Expense of the said Company of Proprietors, which said Leases, Sales, Conveyances and Assurances shall be kept by the Clerk or Solicitor to the said Company of Proprietors, who shall from time to time, when required, deliver attested Copies thereof to any Person or Persons interested therein, and requiring the same, at the Expense of the Person or Persons so requiring the same.

Compulsion to
sell, and to be
enforced to
all and every.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, or any other Person or Persons seized or possessed or otherwise in any such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments as aforesaid, shall refuse to visit or agree, or shall not agree, or by reason of Absence or Disability cannot agree with the said Directors, or with any Person or Persons authorized by them, for the Sale and Conveyance of their respective Estates and Interests therein, or cannot be found or known, or shall not produce and give a clear Title to the Person or Persons who are in Possession of, or to the Interest they claim therein, or to the Satisfaction of the said Directors, or of the Person or Persons so authorized by them, then, and in every such Case, it shall be lawful for the said Directors, or Three or more of them, and they are hereby required to give a Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts, directed to the Sheriff or Bailiff of the County, City, Division or Liberty, wherein the Premises shall respectively be or be, who is hereby authorized, directed and required accordingly, to command, summon and return a competent Number of substantial and disinterested Persons, qualified to serve as Jurors, not less than Forty, nor more than Seventy two, and out of such Persons to be expanded, summoned and returned, a Jury of Twelve Men shall be drawn by some Person, to be by the said Directors appointed, in such manner as James for the Trial of Issues joined in His Majesty's Courts at Westminster, are by an Act made in the Third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, King George the Second, entitled, *an Act for the better Regulation of Jurors*, directed to be drawn, which Person so to be expanded, summoned, and returned as aforesaid, are hereby required to come and appear before the Justice of the Peace for the said County of Surrey, at some Court of General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden in and for the same County, or at some Adjournment thereof, to be holden within the Borough of Southwark, or within Twelve Miles thereof, as in such Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts, shall be directed and appointed, and to attend such Court of General Quarter Sessions, or Adjournment, from Day to Day until discharged by the said Court, and all Persons concerned shall and may have their lawful Challenges against any of the said Jurymen, but shall not be at Liberty to challenge the Jury; and the said Justice are hereby authorized and empowered, by Precept or Precepts, from time to time, as Occasion shall require, to call before them all and every

July.

2 G. 2. c. 25.

Challenge.

every Person or Persons whatsoever, who shall be thought proper and necessary to be chosen as a Witness or Witnesses, or his, her or their Oath or Oaths, Affirmation or Affirmations, touching or concerning the Premises; and the said Justices, if they think fit, shall and may, on the Application of either Party, likewise authorize the said Jury to view the Place or Places, or Premises in question, in such manner as they shall direct; and the said Justices shall have full Power to adjourn such Court from Day to Day, as Occasion shall require, and command such Jury, Witnesses, and Parties to attend and sit at such Assizes for which they were summoned shall be concluded, and the said Jury, upon their Oaths (which Oaths, as also the Oaths or Affirmations of such Persons or Persons as shall be called upon to give Evidence, the said Justices are hereby empowered and required to administer) shall enquire of the Value of such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, and of the proportionable Value of the respective Estates and Interests of all and every Person or Persons feoffed or possessed thereof, or interested therein, or of or in any Part or Parts thereof, and shall assess or award the Sum or Sums of Money to be paid to such Person or Persons, Parties or Party respectively, for the Purchase of such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or of such respective Estates and Interests therein, and also for Good-Will, Improvements, or any Injury or Damage that may affect any such Person or Persons, Party or Parties, either as Landholder or Tenant at Will, provided that such Good-Will shall be estimated by what, in the Opinion of such Jury, the same would have been worth, in case the Improvements intended by this Act had not been in Contemplation; and the said Justices shall and may give Judgments for such Sum or Sums of Money to be satisfied, which Verdict or Verdicts, and the Judgment and Judgments, Determination and Determinations thereupon, (Notice in Writing being given to the Person or Persons interested, or claiming to be, at least Fifteen Days before the time of the Meeting of the said Justices as aforesaid) and the Jury, by leaving such Notice at the Dwelling House of such Person or Persons, or at his, her or their usual Place or Places of Abode, or with some Tenant or Occupier of the Premises respectively intended to be valued, shall be binding and conclusive, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, against all Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, and all and every Person or Persons claiming any Estate, Right, Title, Trust, Use or Interest in or out of such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Premises in Question, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, as well Indults, Issue unborn, Limitations, Mortgages and Charges, and Persons under any other legal Incapacity or Disability, and all other Persons whatsoever, their Heirs, Successors, Executors and Administrators, and against all other Persons whatsoever; and the said Verdicts, Judgments, Determinations and all other Proceedings of the said Justices and Juries to be made, given and pronounced as aforesaid, shall be fully written up by Parliament, and signed by the Clerk of the Peace for the time being, of the County, City, Division, District or Liberty, whereas the Premises shall respectively be or be; and in case it shall so happen that the Sum or Sums of Money to be satisfied, in consequence of such Refusal to treat and agree as aforesaid, as the Value of such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or as such proportionable Value as aforesaid, and as the Recompense and Satisfaction to be made for the Injury or Damage sustained as before mentioned respectively, shall not exceed the Sum or Sums of Money which the said Directors, or any Person or Persons authorized by them, shall have previously offered to pay in and for such Value, Recompense and Satisfaction, then, and in every such Case, all the reasonable Costs, Charges and Expences of causing and procuring such Value as I Recompense to be satisfied and awarded, as aforesaid, and of so affixing and awarding the same, shall be borne and paid by the Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, or other Person or Persons feoffed or possessed of, or interested in such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, and in relation to such and also, as before mentioned respectively; and the said Directors are hereby empowered and approved to deduct and retain the Costs, Charges and Expences, out of the Sum or Sums of Money to be satisfied or awarded as aforesaid, or out of any Part thereof; and in case the Sum or Sums so satisfied or awarded as aforesaid shall exceed the Sum or Sums of Money offered by the said Directors, then such Costs as aforesaid shall be paid by the said Directors out of the Funds of the said Company: Provided always, that as if C. C. c. c. c. where any Person or Persons shall, by reason of Absence, have been prevented from treating respecting such Recompense and Satisfaction as aforesaid, the Whole of such Costs, Charges and Expences shall be so awarded and paid by the said Company in manner aforesaid.

XLIV And be it further enacted, That the said Justices shall have Power from time to time to make any reasonable Fine, not exceeding the Sum of Two Pounds on such Sheriff or Bailiff, or his Deputy or Deputies, Bailiffs or Agents respectively, making Default in the Premises, and on any of the Persons who shall be summoned and returned as any such Jury or Jurors and shall not appear, as aforesaid, shall refuse to be sworn on the said Jury or Jurors, or being so sworn shall not give his or their Verdict, and all other any Person or Persons who shall be summoned to give Evidence touching any of the Premises aforesaid, and shall not attend, or attending, shall refuse to be sworn or sworn, or who shall refuse to give his, her or their Evidence, and on any Person or Persons who shall in any other manner wilfully neglect his, her or their Duty in the Premises, necessary to the true intent and Meaning of this Act, and from time to time to levy such Fine or Fines, by order of the said Justices, by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, together with the reasonable Charges of every such Distress and Sale, retaining the Occupier (if any) as the Owner or Owners; and that a Copy of the Order of the said Justices, signed by the Clerk for the time being, of the County, City, Division, District or Liberty, whereas the Premises shall be or be, as the said Act respectively, respectively be sufficient Authority to the Person or Persons therein to be appointed, and to every such other Person sitting, or sitting and affixing thereon, to make such Distress and Sale, and all such Fines shall be paid to the Treasurer or Banker of the said Dock Company for the time being, to be applied to the Purposes of this Act.

XLV And

Witness re-
sented.Adjournment,
See.Notice to
Persons.

Fines.

Fines on all
offenders
touching.If the fine be
total.

Deponent takes
sworn to be
affidavit in
Banc.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That the Conveyance of any such Estate or Interests of any Feme Covert, to the said Directors or their Successors, or any Person or Persons in Trust for them, by Indenture or Indentures of Bargain and Sale, sealed and delivered by such Feme Coverts, or the Presence of, and attested by Two or more credible Witnesses, and duly acknowledged, and to be enrolled in the High Court of Chancery, within Six Calendar Months after the making thereof, shall as effectually and absolutely convey the Estate and Interests of such Feme Covert in the Premises, as any Fine or Fine, Recovery or Recoveries, would or would do, if levied or suffered thereof in due Form of Law; and further, that all Bargains and Sales whatsoever to be made of any such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, as shall be purchased by the said Directors or their Successors, by virtue and for the Purposes of this Act, and enrolled as aforesaid, shall have the like Force, Effect, and Operation in Law, to all Indentures and Purpises as any Fine or Fines, Recovery or Recoveries whatsoever would have had if levied or suffered by the Bargain or Bargains, or any Person or Persons levied of or entitled to any Estate or Interests in the Premises, in Trust for such Bargainers or Bargainers in any Manner or Form whatsoever.

Esse purchasit
in re Langue.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That immediately upon Payment or Tender of the Sum or Sums of Money by agreed or offered to be paid to the Party or Parties on that behalf, or upon depositing the Same in the Bank of England, in manner by this Act directed, as the Case may be, the several Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, in respect whereof the Same shall have been so paid, levied or deposited, as aforesaid, shall vest in the Directors of the said Company, in manner and for the Purposes aforesaid, who shall be deemed in Law to be in the actual Possession thereof, to all Intents and Purpises whatsoever, freed and discharged from all former and other Estates, Rights, Titles, Interests, Claims and Demands whatsoever.

Application of
Commission
Money where
standing trust.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or for any other Matter, Right or Interest, of what Nature or Kind soever, purchased, taken or sold by virtue of the Powers of this Act, for the Purposes thereof, which shall belong to any Corporation, Feme Covert, Infant, Lunatic, or Person or Persons under any other Disability or Incapacity, such Money shall, in case the same shall amount to or exceed the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all convenient Speed be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account there as Agent for the Commercial Dock Company, together with the Names of such Person or Persons as Five or more of the said Directors shall, by Writing signed by them, direct and appoint, to the intent that such Money shall be applied under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be signified by an Order made upon a Petition, to be preferred as aforesaid, by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in the Purchase of Land Tax, or towards the Discharge of any Debt or Debts, or such other Incumbrance, or Part thereof, as the said Court shall authorize to be paid, settling the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, standing freight to the same or the like Uses, Interests and Purpises; or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested under the Direction and Approbation of the said Court, in the Purchase of other Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be conveyed and settled to, for and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Interests and Purpises, and in the same manner as the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be so purchased, taken or sold as aforesaid, had settled or leased, or each of them as at the time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be existing undetermined and capable of taking Effect; and in the next time, and until such Purchases shall be made, the said Money shall, by Order of the said Court upon Application therein, be invested by the said Accountant General in his Name in the Purchase of Three per Centum Consoldated or Three per Centum Reduced Bank Annuities; and in the next time and until the said Bank Annuities shall be ordered by the said Court to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and Annual Produce of the said Consoldated or Reduced Bank Annuities shall, from time to time, be paid by order of the said Court, to the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments to have been purchased or sold for such Purchase or Settlement were made.

Application
where Compen-
sation Money
does not exceed
1000.

XLVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or for any other Matter, Right or Interest, of what Nature or Kind soever, purchased, taken or sold for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then, and in all such Cases the same shall at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Hereditaments and Premises be purchased, taken or sold, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands, be paid into the Bank in the Name and with the Privy of the said Accountant General, and to be placed to his Account aforesaid, in order to be applied in manner herebefore directed, or otherwise the same shall be paid at the like Option to Two Trustees, to be nominated by the Person or Persons making such Option, and approved of by Five or more of the said Directors, such Nomination and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the nominating and approving Parties, in order that such Principal Money, and the Dividends arising therefrom, may be applied in any manner herebefore directed, so far as the same be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction or Approbation of the Court of Chancery.

XLIX. Provided

XLIX. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That where such Money is applied or awarded to be paid as next before mentioned, shall be left than Twenty Pounds, then, and in all such Cases, the same shall be applied in the Use of the Petitor or Petitors who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Hereditaments and Premises purchased, taken or used for the Purpose of this Act, in such manner as the said Directors, or any Five or more of them, shall think fit, or in case of Industry or Losses, then to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, to or for the Use and Benefit of such Petitor or Petitors as entitled respectively.

Application
where Money
left than said.

L. And he it further enacted, That in any such Petition or Pleadings in which such Sums or Sums of Money shall be awarded as aforesaid, shall not be able to make a good Title to the Petitions, or the Satisfaction of the said Directors, or any Five or more of them, or shall refuse to execute such Conveyance or Conveyances; or to any such Petitor or Petitors, to whom such Sums or Sums of Money shall be so awarded as aforesaid, cannot be found, or if the Petitor or Petitors entitled to such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, be not known or discovered, then, and in every such Case, it shall be lawful for the said Directors, or any Five or more of them, in order the said Sums or Sums of Money aforesaid and awarded for any such Purchase, or in acceptance for any Damage as aforesaid, to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account, in the Credit of the Parties mentioned in the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, (deferring thereof subject to the Order, Control and Disposition of the said Court;) which said Court, upon the Application of any Petitor or Petitors making Claim to such Sums or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, by Motion or Petition, shall be, and is hereby empowered, in a summary way of Proceeding, or otherwise as to the said Court shall seem meet, to order the same to be laid out and invested in the Publick Funds, and to order Distribution thereof, or Payment of the Dividends thereof, according to the respective Estates, Title or Interest of the Petitor or Petitors making Claim therein, and to make such Order in the Petitions as to the said Court shall seem just and reasonable; and the Clerk or Clerks of the Bank of England, who shall receive such Sums or Sums of Money, as and are hereby required to give a Receipt or Receipts for the same, mentioning and specifying for what and for whose Use the same is or are received, to such Petitor or Petitors as shall pay any such Sums or Sums of Money into the Bank as aforesaid.

In case of not
making out
Title, &c.

LI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Petitor to any Money to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Estate, Right or Interest, in any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be purchased in pursuance of this Act, or to any Bank Annuities to be purchased with any such Money, or to the Dividend or Interest of any such Bank Annuities, the Petitor or Petitors who shall have been in Possession of such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, at the Time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Petitor or Petitors, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, according to such Possession, and the contrary shall be deemed to the Satisfaction of the said Court; and the Dividends and Interest of the said Bank Annuities, to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Bank Annuities, shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Petitor or Petitors was or were lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

Where any Ques-
tion shall arise
touching Title to
Money to be paid,
Title to be paid
is to be deemed
sufficient.

LII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That where by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of the Petitor or Petitors, or Corporation entitled to any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the said Court, and to be applied in the Purchase of other Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be sold to the like Use, in pursuance of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Court to order the Expresses of all Purchases from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or in such of such Expresses as the Court shall deem reasonable, together with the necessary Costs and Charges of obtaining such Order, to be paid by the said Company, who shall from time to time pay such Sums of Money for such Purposes to the said Court as aforesaid.

Case may arise
in which a Pur-
chase is to be
paid by Com-
pany.

LIII. And he it further enacted, That every Tenant at Will, or Lease for a Year, or any other Petitor or Petitors in Possession of any such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or any Part thereof, which shall be purchased by virtue of this Act, and who shall have no greater Interest in the said Lands and Premises than as Tenants at Will, or Lease for a Year, or from Year to Year, shall deliver up the Possession of such Premises to the said Directors, or any Five or more of them, or to such Petitor or Petitors as the said Directors, or any Five or more of them, shall appoint to take Possession of the same, having Six Calendar Months Notice to quit such Possession from the said Directors, or any Five or more of them, or from the Petitor or Petitors authorized by them; and such Petitor or Petitors shall, at the End of the said Six Calendar Months, (whether such Notice be given with Reference to the Term or Terms of such Tenants holding or not, or in any other case, as he, or they shall be required, peaceably and quietly deliver up the Possession of the said Premises to the said Directors, or any Five or more of them, or to the Petitor or Petitors authorized to take Possession thereof; and that in case any such Petitor or Petitors be in Possession as aforesaid shall refuse to give such Possession as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said Directors to enter their Precept or Precepts to the Sheriff or Sheriffs of the County or City wherein the said Premises shall or may be situated, to deliver Possession of the said Premises to such Petitor or Petitors as shall in such Precept or Precepts be named to receive the same, and the said Sheriff or Sheriffs is and are hereby required to deliver such Possession accordingly.

Tenant at Will
to deliver Posses-
sion to the
House Tenant

Canal, shall not exceed One Acre and an Half, and that the extreme Depth thereof, from the Grand Ferry Canal Extended, shall not exceed One hundred and twenty Feet, and the Average Depth One hundred and forty Feet, and that the Northern Extremity of the said Basin shall not be located at a greater Distance than One hundred Yards from the Basin of the Grand Ferry Canal.

LXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to pre-
 jeudice or affect any of the Rights or Privileges of the Company of Proprietors of the Grand Ferry Canal, granted to them by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Royal Majesty, intituled, *An Act for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from the River Thames, or or near a Place called Wilkes's Gate Wharf, in the Parish of Saint Mary at Rotherhithe, in the County of Surrey, to the Town of Wandsworth, in the said County, and also divers collateral Cuts or Branches thereunto from the same to various Places and Places within the County of Surrey and Kent, as aforesaid by another public Act in the forty seventh Year of the said Majesty, intituled, *An Act for better regulating the Company of Proprietors of the Grand Ferry Canal to complete the same, and also by another Act passed in the forty eighth Year of the said Majesty, intituled, *An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Grand Ferry Canal, to supply with Water the several Towns, Dishes and Places therein mentioned, and to amend the several Acts relating to the said Canal.***

Power for
 the said
 Grand
 Ferry Canal
 to be
 enlarged
 to
 216 f. (17.)
 2, 200.

47 G. 3. c. 26. 2.
 6. last

48 G. 3. c. 2. 2. 1. 1.

Power for
 the said
 Company
 to be
 enlarged
 to
 44 f. 2 c. 2. 1. 1.

Power to
 be
 added
 to
 the
 Powers
 of
 the
 Act.

LXII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to invade or prejudice the Rights or Powers of the Youngs Amenity Company, established by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Forty sixth Year of the said Majesty, intituled, *An Act for making and maintaining an Amenity or Amenity near the River Thames, from the Parish of Rotherhithe, in the County of Surrey, to the opposite Side of the said River, in the County of Middlesex.*

LXIII. And whereas, in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act, and to avoid Disputes with the Owners of Lands, Houses and Hereditaments, which may be affected by the making of the said Docks and other Works, the said Company may purchase Lands, Buildings and other Hereditaments necessary to be made sit for the Purposes of this Act; Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company by Indenture, to grant and convey by way of absolute Sale for a Consideration in Money, such Part or Parts of the Lands, Buildings which shall be so purchased by, and conveyed to them as aforesaid, as shall not be wanted for the Purposes of this Act, and the Conveyances from the said Company shall be valid and effectual, in any thing as this Act contained, or any other Law, Statute or Custom to the contrary thereof to any wife notwithstanding; and that upon Payment of the Money which shall arise by Sale or Sales of such Lands, Buildings or other Hereditaments, it shall be lawful for the Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being to the said Company to sign and give Receipts for the Money for which the same shall be sold, which Receipts shall be sufficient Discharges to any Person or Persons for the Purchase Money, for which such Lands, Buildings or Hereditaments shall be sold, as for so much thereof as in such Receipts shall be acknowledged or expressed to be received; and such Person or Persons shall not afterwards be answerable or accountable for any Loss, Misapplication or Non-application of such Purchase Money, or any Part thereof: Provided always, that the said Company, before they shall sell or dispose of such Lands, Buildings or Hereditaments, shall first offer to sell the same to the Person or Persons from whom they shall have purchased the same, or who would have been there entitled thereto, in such such Lands, Buildings or Hereditaments had not been purchased by the said Company, the Price at which the same shall be sold, being adjusted and settled by a Jury, in like manner as the Price for any Land to be taken in pursuance of this Act is lawfully directed to be settled in case of Difference or Dispute as to the Value thereof, and if such Person or Persons shall not agree, or shall refuse to repurchase the same, it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons not interested in the Premises, to make an Affidavit, to be sworn before a Justice or Justice of the Peace for the said County of Surrey, stating that such Offer was made by or on behalf of the said Company, and that such Person or Persons did not agree, or refused to purchase such Lands, Buildings or other Hereditaments, as the case may be, and such Affidavit shall, in all Courts, be sufficient Evidence and Proof that such Offer was made, and was not accepted or refused.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons who shall give false Evidence in any Examination to be taken by virtue of this Act, or where any Oath is required, shall be guilty, or being a Justice shall be guilty, shall be subject to such Penalties and Disqualifications as Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

Penalty.

LXV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the said Company to demand and take, and they are hereby restrained from demanding and taking any greater Sums of Money for the Dockage of Ships and Vessels, and for the mooring, warehousing and Storing of Timber, Wood and other Merchandise, than are mentioned and specified in the Schedule (marked B.) hereto annexed; nor shall it be lawful for them to demand, or take for any other Advantage or Accommodation, Matter or Thing not therein specified to be afforded to, or done for or in respect of any Ships or Vessels which shall go into or out of the said Docks, Basins or Ponds, or any of them, for or in respect of any Timber, Wood or other Merchandise, which shall be received, warehoused or stored therein or thereupon, or so or upon any of the Proceeds belonging to the said Commercial Dock Company, any greater Sum of Money than within Twelve Months next before the passing of this Act shall have been actually charged for the same or the like Accommodation, Advantage, Matter or Thing within such Part of the Port of London as is situate between *Wapping Bridge and Greenwich Hospital.*

Company are to
 take more than
 for Dockage
 and Storing than
 mentioned in
 Schedule B.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commercial Dock Company shall have full Power and Authority, by their Servants, Agents and Workmen, to build proper Piers at the said River, within the Limits aforesaid, for the Entrance of Ships into or out of the said Docks, so that the said Piers do not

Power to
 make
 Piers
 at
 the
 River
 within
 the
 Limits
 aforesaid
 subject
 to
 the
 Act.

project more than Ten Feet from the present Line of Wharffs, so as to do no Injury to the Navigation of the said River; and also to enter on and deepen and fence out the Beach and Bed of the River Thames, and for ever after maintaining and preserving the said Premises, and the Depth so made from the Docks or other Works, at the Expense or Expenses from the River to the said Docks, in so to admit Vessels navigating or entering into the said Docks, Barges and Premises from the said River Thames, with the same, or a greater Depth of Water than is on the Beds of the Docks or Entrances to the said Docks.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall and may lawfully cause to be made and provided, such Shutes, Bridges, Roads and other Works, Repairs, Maintenance and Things, on, in and leading to, or communicating with the said Docks, or either of them, and other Works, as they shall from time to time judge necessary for the more convenient Use thereof, and of the Wharfs and other Works appertaining thereto; and the said Company shall, from time to time, out of the Moneys to be received from the said Proprietors, or by virtue of this Act, and at all times and hereafter well and sufficiently repair, amend, support and cleanse the said Docks, and the Quays or Wharfs, Cuts, and all other the Works, Roads, Matters and Things, by them already made, or to be made, built and provided, by virtue of this Act.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Millings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, already belonging to the said Company, or to be purchased by virtue of this Act, and all Buildings, Enclosures and other Matters and Things therein and thereunto belonging, and also all Barges or Docks, Cuts, Quays, Wharfs, Wharves, Buildings and requisite Roads, Ways, Gates, Dams, Matters and Things which shall be made, built, provided or established, by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, shall be, and the same are hereby vested in the said Company and their Successors; and they and their Successors are hereby authorized and empowered to commence and defend all Actions and Suits wherein they are or shall be concerned or interested, by and in the Name of the Treasurer of the said Company for the time being, and also to prefer any Indictment or Informations, Informations or Informations, against any Person or Persons for any Offence committed against the said Company, in any Matter or Thing relating to the said Company, or as to any Goods, Chattels or Property of or belonging to the said Company, either as to their Docks, Wharfs, Waterworks or any Part of their Premises, or otherwise, or in relation to any Ship, Vessel, Goods, Chattels or Property in their Custody; and the Name of such Treasurer shall and may be used in all such Actions, Suits, Indictments and Informations, and in all other legal Proceedings, as to any such Matters, Things, Goods, Chattels or Property as and for the said Company; and the Death of such Treasurer, or the Resignation or other Act of any such Treasurer, shall not abate any such Suit or Information.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Commercial Dock Company, and they are hereby empowered to prefer any Indictment or Informations against any Person or Persons feloniously taking, stealing or embezzling any Goods, Chattels or Property of, or belonging to the said Company, or any Goods, Chattels or Property in their Custody or Possession, or as the Custody or Possession of any Officer or Servant of the said Company, or Officer of Customs or Excise, for or on behalf of the said Company, or of any other Person having deposited such Goods, Chattels or Property, in the Care or Custody of the said Company, or their Officers or Servants, or so or on any of the Docks, Wharfs, Warehouses or Premises belonging to the said Company, and in all such Indictments, such Goods, Chattels and Property may be laid and stated to be the Goods, Chattels and Property of the said Commercial Dock Company, and that the same were feloniously taken or embezzled from the said Commercial Dock Company; and it shall be sufficient, on any such Indictment, to prove that such Goods, Chattels and Property, were, at the time of the feloniously taking or stealing, or embezzling thereof, in or as any of the Docks, Wharfs, Warehouses or Premises, belonging to the said Company, or in the Custody or Possession of any Officer or Servant of the said Company, or Officer of Customs or Excise, for or on behalf of the said Company, or of any Person or Persons, or Body Corporate or Politick, having deposited the same with the said Company, without any other Proof of Property.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall steal, take away, break, damage or throw down, any Lamp or Lamps, Lamp Posts or Posts, which the said Company shall or may let up near unto and about the said Dock or Docks, and other Works, or any of the Premises belonging to the said Company, or shall willfully extinguish the Light within the same Lamp or Lamps, or damage the Lamp or other Furniture thereof, it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons who shall be such Officer committed, and also for any other Person to assist when called upon, to arrest the Offender or Offenders, by Authority of this Act, and without any other Warrant to convey him, her or them, into the Custody of a Peace Officer in order to be conveyed before a Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County of Surrey, and that such Justice or Justices shall proceed to examine upon Oath, any Witness or Witnesses, who shall appear to give any Information touching such Offence, (which Oath the said Justice or Justices may be hereby authorized and required to administer) and that if the Party or Parties accused shall be convicted of such Offence, either by Confession, or by the Testimony of any credible Witness or Witnesses as aforesaid, he, she or they shall forfeit and pay any 5 s or not exceeding Forty Shillings for each Lamp, Lamp Post or Post, or other Furniture, so broken, thrown down or damaged, or for every Light extinguished; and moreover shall make full Satisfaction to the said Messengers, and to such Person as they shall appoint to receive the same for the Damage so done; and that as well such Offender or Offenders shall not, as Convicted, pay the Forfeiture aforesaid, and make Satisfaction as aforesaid, such Justice or Justices as are hereby required to commit him, her or them to the House of Correction, for any one not exceeding One Calendar Month.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Directors, or any Five or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and required, from time to time, at Occasions shall require, to nominate and appoint a proper Person or Persons to be Dock-master or Dock-warden, and to receive, inspect

Power to make Shutes.

Empowered to bring Actions, and prefer any Informations.

Indictment for Property of Proprietors, in Name of company.

Breaking Lamps, &c.

Fines.

Forfeitures.

To appoint a Dock Master.

or dilate the same, which said Dock-master or Dock-masters shall have full Power and Authority to direct the mooring, unmooring, moving and removing of all Ships and Vessels, Lighters and Craft, masting, rigging, lashing or being in the said Dock or Docks, or either of them, either as to the time or times and manner of their Entrance into, lying in or going out of the same, and their Passage, loading and discharging therein, and the time or times of opening or shutting the several Gates thereof; and in case the Owner, Master, Pilot, Boatman or other Person having the Care of any Ship or Vessel, shall refuse or neglect to moor, unmoor, move or remove the same to such Direction, within Two Hours after Notice to him or them given in Writing, or to lift with him or her Person or Persons on board the said Ship or Vessel for that Purpose, then that it shall be lawful for the said Dock-master or Dock-masters, or his or their Assistants, and he and they in and are hereby authorized to moor, unmoor, move or remove such Ship or Vessel, and the Cargo and Expenses thereof; respectively shall be repaid, together with the Sum of Ten Pounds for each Offence, by the Master or Owner of such Ship or Vessel, and may be recovered by the said Company of the Owner of such Ship or Vessel, in case of Non-payment thereof on Demand, by such ways and means as Provisors and Forfeitures are by this Act to be recovered; and in case any such Master, Commander, Mate, Pilot or other Person or Persons whomsoever, shall obstruct or hinder the mooring, unmooring, moving or removing of any Ship or Vessel, such Person or Persons shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered and applied as hereinafter directed.

LXXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Ship or Vessel or Vessels shall be moored or anchored within the Distance of One hundred Yards of the Entrances of the said Docks, so that at all times the Entrance may be kept clear, and without Obstructions; and over this Space the Dock-master shall have Control, so far as relates to the transporting Ships and Vessels coming in or going out of the Dock; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend to prohibit as a Ship or Vessel lying at or alongside any adjoining Wharf in such manner as by Law before the passing of this Act such Ship or Vessel might have done.

LXXIII. And, for the better making and preserving a free and clear Passage and Entrance from the River Thames into and out of the said Docks for all Ships, Vessels, Lighters, Barges and Boats of every Description, Be it further enacted, That no Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge, Craft or Boat of any Description whatsoever, shall be moored or anchored afloat, or, in any way obstruct any of the Entrances or Passages into or from any of the said Docks, Basins or Cuts, except only such Ships, Vessels, Lighters, Barges, Craft and Boats of whatsoever Description, as shall have come out of, or are intended to go into the said Docks, under the Penalty of any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for every such Offence.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Directors, or any Five or more of them, their Agents, Servants or Workmen, as often as Occasion shall require, well and sufficiently to cleanse, loose, open, scrape, wash or cut through, and take away any Banks, Hills, Earth, Soil or Rubbish, in the said Docks, Works and Entrances already made, or intended to be made, in such manner as the said Directors, or any Five or more of them, shall think proper, for the Security, Entrance and Accommodation of Shipping in the same; and also to remove and take away any Wracks of Ships or Vessels, or any Ship or Vessel that shall be sunk therein, or any Wood, Timber, Anchors or other Obstructions or other Impediments of the like Nature that may be found or arise therein; and in case the Owner or Owners of any such Ship or Vessel, or other Obstructions to be removed, shall refuse or neglect to pay the Charge of removing the same, for the Space of Seven Days after Demand thereof, made by any Officer of the said Company, then the Owner or Owners of any such Wracks of Ships or Vessels, or any Ship or Vessel that shall be sunk therein, or any Wood, Timber, Anchors or other Obstructions or Impediments of the like Nature, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit to the said Company (exclusive of the Expenses incurred by removing the same) any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, and the same shall be recovered and applied in such manner as other Provisors and Forfeitures are by this Act directed to be recovered and applied.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons whomsoever shall wilfully or maliciously cut, break, or in any manner destroy any Rope or other Thing, by which any Ship or Vessel, lying in the said Dock or Docks, Basins or Basins or Cuts, shall be moored or fastened, such Person or Persons shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

LXXVI. And, for preventing Accidents by Fire in the said Docks, or Basins or Cuts or other Works, Be it further enacted, That no Person whomsoever shall use or keep, or cause to be used or kept, any Fire, Candle or Lamp, lighted on board any Ship or other Vessel within the same, at any time or times whatsoever between the Twenty sixth Day of September and the Twenty fifth Day of March in every Year, after the Hour of Seven in the Evening, or before the Hour of Seven in the Morning, nor at any time or times whatsoever between the Twenty fifth Day of March and the Twenty sixth Day of September in every Year, after the Hour of Eight in the Evening, or before the Hour of Nine in the Morning, upon the Pain of forfeiting for every Offence a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Pitch, Tar, Resin, Turpentine, Oil, or other combustible Matter, shall at any time hereafter be hoisted or stored on board any Ship or other Vessel, Lighter, Craft or Boat, lying in the said Dock or Docks, Basins or Basins, or Cuts or other Works, or as any of them, nor in any Place or Places within the said Docks, Basins or Cuts, except in such Place or Places, and in such Manner as shall be appointed by the said Directors, or any Five or more of them for that Purpose; nor shall any Goods or other loaded Cargoes whatsoever be brought on to the said Docks, Basins or Cuts, or landed or removed on board any Ship or other Vessel, upon Pain that every such Master, Commander or Owner of every Ship or Vessel so offending as aforesaid, shall forfeit for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

Anchor, &c. of Dock Master.

Owner, &c. shall give in to Shipping &c.

Penalty.

Ordered by Shipping, &c. Penalty.

Ships not to be within the Distance of 100 Yards from the Entrance.

Vessels obstructing Entrance

Penalty. Expenses deposited, &c.

Obstructions removed.

Penalty.

Cutting Ropes, &c.

Penalty. Accidents by Fire.

Penalty.

To prevent Fire.

Penalty.

LXXVIII. And

Masters and
Owners of Ships
not subject to
Damage.

LXXXVIII. And he further enacted, That the Master or Owner of every Ship, Boat, Barge, Lighter or other Vessel shall be, and is hereby made answerable for any Damage, Spill or Misfall, that shall be done by any Ship, Boat, Barge, Lighter or other Vessel, or any of the Boatmen, Watermen or others, belonging to, employed in or about the same, upon the Docks, Basins, Cais, or into any of the Bridges, Locks, Dams, Piers or other Works, in, upon or belonging to the said Docks, Cais and Basins, or any of them, or any of the Trenches, Sluices and Passages, to be made as aforesaid, or by landing or unloading any Ship, Boat, Barge, Lighter or other Vessel, or for any Trespas or Damage that shall or may be done to the Queens or Occupiers of any Buildings, Enclosures, Mills, Dams, Gauges, Weirs, Leads or Trenchments, adjoining or lying near the same, or any of them, by leaving open the Gates or sluices, or for any other Trespas whatsoever, and the said Master or Owner of any such Ship, Boat, Barge, Lighter or other Vessel, may be sued and prosecuted for the same in any Court of Record; and if a Verdict or Judgment shall be given against him, either on Proof made, or by Default, or upon Demurrer, the Plaintiff in such case shall recover his Damages directly followed, with full Cost of Suit; and in case the Master or Owner of any such Ship, Boat, Lighter or other Vessel is aforesaid, shall be compelled to pay any Penalty, or to make Satisfaction for any Damage or Trespas, by reason of any willful Act or Default done or committed by his Servant or Servants, every such Servant or Servants shall be liable to pay such Penalty, or the Money paid for any such Damage or Trespas, to the said Master or Owner; and in case of Non-payment thereof on Demand, the same shall be recovered by such Master or Owner, in like manner as any Penalty is hereinafter directed to be recovered.

Satisfaction for
Tithes.

LXXXIX. And he is further enacted, That full Recompense, Satisfaction and Compensation, shall be made by the said Company, for all the Tithes, both great and small, of the Lands which shall or may be taken or made use of by the said Company, for the Purposes and in pursuance of the Powers of the said Act, to the respective Persons entitled, or who would have been entitled to such Tithes, in case such Lands had not been taken or made use of, according to their respective Interests therein; such Tithes to be estimated at the average Value of Three Years, commencing at the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and 88, such average Value to be ascertained, in case of any Difference concerning the same, in like manner as the Value of the Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, are heretofore directed to be ascertained; Provided always, that the Recompense and Satisfaction to be given by virtue of this Act, for all Glebe Lands and Tithes belonging to spiritual Persons, shall be made in such Manner as an Assize Rest.

Proviso for
London, West and
East India Docks,
20 G. 3. c. 13.
20 G. 3. c. 2.
c. 13.

LXXX. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That nothing in the present Act contained full extent, or be construed to extend, to prejudice or derogate from any of the Rights of the *West India Dock Company*, established by an Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Kings, intitled, *An Act for extending and amending and better regulating the Port of London*, or of the *London Dock Company*, established by an Act made in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for making West India, Basins, Cais, and the Wharfs, for the greater Act amending and enlarging of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London*; or of the *East India Dock Company*, established by an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Kings, intitled, *An Act for the further Improvement of the Port of London, by making Docks and other Works at Blackwall, for the Accommodation of the East India Shipping in the said Port*.

Proviso for
Trinity Docks.

LXXXI. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained full extent, or be construed to extend, to prejudice or derogate from any of the Rights or Privileges of the Master, Wardens and Abbot of the *Trinity House, Duffield Strand*.

Proviso for the
Rights of His
Majesty and Com-
monalty of Lon-
don.

LXXXII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act contained full extent, or be construed to extend to prejudice or derogate from the Estates, Rights, Liberties, Privileges, Franchises or Authority of the King's Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or of the Mayor and Commonalty of the Citizens of the City of *London*, their Successors, or the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, or to prejudice, debit, stay or diminish any Power, Authority or Jurisdiction, which at the time of making this Act His Majesty, or the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of *London*, or the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, as Conservator of the River of *Thames* and Waters in *Abundance*, did or might lawfully claim, use or exercise; and further, that it shall be lawful for the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, in like manner as he hath used to do in other Cases, to inquire of, hear and determine, by Privy Council or Indictment, taken before him as Conservator of the said River and Waters, all Offences contrary to this Act, or such Bye-Laws, Rules, Orders and Regulations as shall be made as aforesaid, and upon Conviction of the Offender or Offenders, to impose a Penalty or Punishment on him, her or them, in a reasonable Proportion to the Penalty or Penalties hereby inflicted, or which shall be inflicted in and by the said Bye-Laws, Rules, Orders and Regulations, for such Offence or Offences; but no Person shall be punished twice for one and the same Offence.

Proviso.

Proviso for Rights
of Fishery
Docks, &c.

LXXXIII. Provided also, and he is further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained full extent, or be construed to extend to, to prevent or hinder the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of *London*, or their Deputies, Men and Fellowship, Porters, (whenever *Wherry-gate* Porter) from exercising and enjoying within the said West Docks, and other Works already made, or to be made by virtue of this Act, the Right of Messuage and Passage of all Casks, Corn, Grass and Seed of what kind soever, and of Salt, and of Treen, and of all other Merchandises reasonable, or to be merchant, at the said Docks and Ports aforesaid and fenced, and to be regulated and sorted, by the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of *London*, in Cases aforesaid, in such and the same manner as every respect to they now and heretofore have enjoyed such Right of Messuage and Passage in any Part of the Port of *London*.

LXXXIV. Provided also, and he is further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained full extent, or be construed to extend, to

enforced to extend, to prohibit, defend, alter or diminish any Power, Authority or Jurisdiction which at the time of making this Act the Mayor, or Commonalty or Citizens of the City of London, or the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, or his Deputy to the Execution of gauging all Wines, Oils, Honey, and other gaugable Merchandise, imported, or brought into the said Wet Docks already made or to be made by virtue of this Act, by the River of Thames, or to be exported therefrom, nor to prejudice or derogate from any other the Rights, Privileges, Liberties, Tolls, Customs, Dues, Duties and Commodities of the said Mayor, Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, but that the said Mayor for the time being, or his Deputy, shall exercise and enjoy the Rights of gauging within the said Wet Docks already made, or to be made, as aforesaid, and upon the Banks, Wharfs, Quays and in the Warehouses thereto belonging, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of London are entitled to have, exercise and enjoy the same within the City of London, or the Port of the same, and as if the said Docks were actually situate within and Part of the City of London.

LXXXV. And he it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, inflicted by this Act, or by any Rule or Bye-Law which shall hereafter be made in pursuance of this Act, may be levied and recovered within Six Months after the Offence or Offences committed, before any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County of Surrey, and such Justice or Justices as and so far as any Magistrate shall require, upon Complaint to him or them made, to grant a Warrant to bring before him or them such Offender or Offenders at the Time and Place in such Warrant specified; and in case of Non-payment thereof, on Conviction of the Offenders respectively, on his, her or their Confession, or on the Evidence of any One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses examined on Oath, (which Oath the said Justice or Justices as and so far as any Magistrate shall require and empowered to administer) shall be sworn by Deftors and Sols, of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals of such Justice or Justices; and all Fines and Penalties, when recovered, go and shall be applied, one Half to him who will for or against, and the other Half to the Use of the said Company, to be paid unto the Hands of their Treasurers and for Want of sufficient Deftors, and in case the Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, shall not be forthwith paid, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, to commit every such Offender to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, there or some without Bond or Mainprize, for any time not exceeding Three Calendar Months, unless such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, and all reasonable Charges attending the Recovery thereof, shall be sooner paid.

LXXXVI. And he it further enacted, That where any Deftors shall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, any Sum or Sums due, or to become due to the said Company for Rent or other Debt, the Deftors of such Fall out be deemed unlawful, nor shall the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers on account of any Default or Want of Funds in Government, Conviction, Warrant of Deftors, or other Proceedings relating thereto, nor shall the Party or Parties defrauding be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers at law, on account of any Irregularity which shall be afterwards committed by the Party or Parties defrauding, but the Person or Persons aggrieved by such Irregularity, shall and may recover full Satisfaction for the special Damage, in as full as upon the Case.

LXXXVII. And, for the more easy and speedy Conviction of Offenders against this Act, he it further enacted, That every Justice of the Peace before whom any Person shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up according to the following Form, (to wit,)

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____ A. D. _____ One of His Majesty's _____ (Justice of the Peace, and the Time and Place, _____) contrary to an Act of Parliament, passed in the Fifth Year of the _____ Green

LXXXVIII. And he it further enacted, That for the Purposes of this Act, the said Company, their Deputies, Agents, Officers and Workmen, are hereby authorized and empowered, from and immediately after the passing of this Act, to enter upon any Lands and Grounds whatsoever, for the Purpose of surveying, taking and levelling of, and marking out the Ground and Possibilities intended to be made use of for the Purpose of making the said Dock or Docks; they, the said Company, their Deputies, Agents, Officers and Workmen, doing as little Damage as may be, and giving Three Days Notice in Writing, signed by their Clerk, to the Owners or Occupiers of such Lands, Tenements, Houses, Buildings, Grounds or Hereditaments, and making Satisfaction for all Damage that shall be done.

LXXXIX. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That the said Company shall and may make the said Dock or Docks, and the Roads and Bridges connected therewith, and take Possession, for the Purposes of this Act, of any of the Houses, Buildings, Land Tenements and Hereditaments, mentioned and defined in the Schedule to this Act, according to the Name or Names of any Person or Persons which shall or may have been entered or assigned or specified in the said Schedule, in case it shall appear to any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the said County, and be certified by Writing under their Hands, that such Error or improper Design proceeded from Mistake.

XC. And he it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall knowingly, wilfully or maliciously demolish, break down, or otherwise destroy any of the Works to be made by virtue of this Act, or any Ship or Vessel lying in the said Docks, Canals, Basins or Basins, then every such Offender or Offenders, being convicted thereof, shall suffer the Penalty, by Fine, Imprisonment or Transportation, not exceeding Seven Years, at the Discretion of the Judge or Judges before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be tried and convicted.

XCI. Provided always, and he it enacted, That if any Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies, Partners, or Corporations

Believing Deeds of gauging/Wines and other Articles in said Docks in City of London.

Fines to be levied.

How applied.

Default of Funds in Deftors not to abate Deftors.

Form of Conviction.

Power to enter into Lands, &c.

Enrols Schedule not to affect if a Person is purchased.

Seizing Tolls as Penalties.

Penalties.

The
Part
of this
Part

Corporate or Collegiate, shall be applied to by or on the behalf of the said Company to treat for, sell, dispose of or convey, for any of the Purposes of this Act, any Part or Parts of any House or Buildings, or any vacant Plot or Parcel of Land, or the several Occupations of One Purpose, or of several Purposes jointly, and shall, by Notice in Writing, to be left at the House of the Clerk of the said Company, or of the said Directors, within Thirty Days next after such Applications shall be made in Writing, signify his or their Inclination or Desire to treat for, sell, dispose of and convey the Whole of such House or Building, or of any such vacant Plot or Parcel of Land, some Part whereof shall have been deemed necessary to be purchased for the Purposes of this Act, and it shall happen to be purchased for the Purposes of this Act, and it shall happen that the said Company and their said Directors shall not think proper or be willing to purchase the Whole of such House or Building, or of any such Plot or Parcel of Land, then, and in every such Case, nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend so as to compel the respective Person or Persons interested therein, to treat for, sell, dispose of or convey Part only, or less than the Whole, of any such House or Building, with the Offices, Curtilages, Yards and Passages adjoining and belonging thereto, or to sell or dispose of any such vacant Spot or Parcel of Land, any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any will notwithstanding: Provided always, that nothing shall extend or be construed to extend, in as to require or compel the said Company or their Directors, to purchase any more than One Acre of Land from any Person or Persons, or any Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, in any such Case, nor as their Desire not to sell or dispose of a Part or Parts of such lot, nor as their vacant Plot or Plots, Parcel or Parcels of Land.

+ 21.

Partis.

Appl.

XCII. And he is further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any Order or Judgment made or given, in pursuance of any Rule, Statute, Bye-Law, or Order of the said Company of Proprietors, or by any Order, Judgment or Determination of any Justice or Justices of the Peace, relating to any Matter or thing in this Act mentioned or contained, then, and in every such Case, he, she or they may, within Twelve Calendar Months next after the Date of Complaint shall have made, appeal to the Justice of the Peace at the General Quarter-Sessions, to be holden in and for the County in which the Cause of Appeal shall arise, first giving One Calendar Month's Notice of such Appeal to the Person or Persons appealed against, and of the Notice thereof; and, within One Calendar Month after such Notice, entering into a Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace for such County or Place, with Two sufficient Sureties, conditioned to try such Appeal, and abide the Order and Award of the said Court therein: and the said Justice shall, upon due Proof of such Matter and Recognizance having been given and entered, either hear and determine the said Appeal at such General Quarter-Sessions, or, if they think proper, may adjourn the Hearing thereof until the next General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to be holden for such County; and the said Justice may, if they see Cause, mitigate any Forfeiture or Fine, and may order any Money to be returned which shall have been levied in pursuance of such Rule, Bye-Law, Order or Determination, and may also order and award such further Satisfaction to be made to the Party injured, as they shall think and judge reasonable; but no Proceedings to be had and taken in pursuance of this Act, shall be quashed or voided for Want of Form, or be removed by Writ of Certiorari, or by any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or elsewhere, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

Recognizance.

Compen.

Compensation
to be made
within Two
Months

XCIII. And he is further enacted, That in case any Damage shall arise or happen to the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments of any Person from the making the said new Docks, Embases, Ponds, Stairs, Recesses and other Works herein authorized to be made, the said Company shall, within One Calendar Month after Notice of such Damage in Writing, signed by the Party interested or his Agent, shall have been left at the Office of the said Company, make such reasonable Compensation for the same, and in such a manner as shall be agreed upon between the Party interested and the Directors of the said Company; but in case the Parties cannot agree, then it shall be lawful for the Directors, and they are hereby required within One Calendar Month after a Demand for that Purpose shall have been made in Writing by the Party interested, to cause a Jury to be summoned in the manner herein directed, to decide by their Verdict the Amount of the Compensation to be made for such Damage, and the time and manner in which such Compensation shall be made by the said Company, which Verdict shall be final and conclusive between the Parties to all Intents and Purposes: Provided always, that no Party shall be entitled to such Compensation unless the Claim for the same be made within Six Calendar Months after the Damage, in respect of which such Claim is made, shall have accrued.

Claims for Dam-
age to be made
within Two
Months.

General Issue.

XCIV. And he is further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, every such Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced within Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, or in case thereof shall be a Commission of Damages, then within Two Months after the date of or commencing such Damage shall have accrued, and not afterwards, and shall be had and brought in the County where the Matter in Dispute or Cause shall arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit shall send may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence, as any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to have been so done, or if any Action or Suit shall be brought after the time limited for bringing the same, or in any other County or Place than as aforesaid, then and in every such case the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become acquitted of his, her or their Action or Suit, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or if upon Demurrer or otherwise Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Costs, and shall have such Remedy for the same as any Defendant hath for Costs of Suit in other Causes by Law.

Costs.

Partis Ad.

XCIV. And he is further enacted and declared, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices, and others, without being specifically pleaded.

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE (A.) to which the foregoing Act refers.

No. or Plan.	Description.	Owner.	Occupier.
1	Mess.	Right Hon. Lord Carteret, &c.	Joseph Reed.
2	Do.	— Barrett.	— Hampton.
3	Do.	Right Hon. Lord Carteret, &c.	Joseph Reed.
4	Do.	Do.	Do.
TRINITY STREET ENTRANCE.			
	Dwelling and Yard.	Thomas Rickle.	Thomas Ashden.
	Do.	Do.	R. Whittfield.
	Do.	Do.	Thomas Morgan.
	Do.	Do.	John Highland.
	Do.	Do.	— Gervaise.
	Do.	Do.	— Bryn.
5	Do.	Do.	Perle and Bennett.
	Do.	Do.	David Wilson.
	Do.	Do.	John Cox.
	Do.	Do.	Elizabeth King.
	Do.	Do.	— Brown.
	Do.	Do.	— Cook.
	Do.	Do.	— Griffin.
	Do.	Do.	T. Sisdrey.
6	Dwelling, Wharf, Sheds, &c. East India Arms (Publick House)	Lord, E. Rickle.	Jer. Kother. T. Lawson.
ROTHERHITHE STREET ENTRANCE.			
	Meadow.	Right Hon. Lord Carteret	Thomas Watkin.
7	Cottage, Sheds and Garden	Do.	Do.
	Wash's Ark (Publick House)	Do.	Do.
8	Garden	Do.	G. Walsington.
	Dwelling, Yard, &c.	— Barrett, Leaseholder	— Morley.
	Do.	Do.	John Steel.
	Do.	Do.	John Pryor.
	Do.	Do.	Richard Gardner.
9	Do.	Do.	— Newton.
	Do.	Do.	Thomas Butler.
	Do.	Do.	Mrs. Vaughan.
	Ground, forming Court to above Houses	Do.	Do.
	Dwelling, Yard, &c. being 170, in Rotherhithe Street	Do.	William Mackles.
	Do. 171, Do.	Do.	— Moscar.
	Do. behind the above	Do.	— Johnson.
	Do. 172, in Street	Do.	— Egger.
10	Do. 173, Do.	Do.	James Mallett.
	Do. 174, Do.	Do.	Mrs. Darby.
	Do. 175, Do.	Do.	Henry Hughes.
	Do. 176, Do.	Do.	George Scott.
	Do. 177, Do.	Do.	Mrs. Dancy.
	Do. 178, Do.	Do.	John Walker.
	Dwelling in Leopard's Court	Do.	Samuel Hill.
	Do.	Do.	Mrs. Webb.
11	Do.	Do.	Francis Wyatt.
	Do.	Do.	— Fuller.
	Do.	Do.	— Sashy.
	Do.	Do.	— Williams.
12	Wharf, Sheds, &c. next, Thames, &c.	Do.	— Sisdrey.
13	Wharf, Sheds, &c. Dwelling, &c. being Number 108, Rotherhithe Street	Do.	John Raine.
	109, Do.	Do.	Jacob Hyde.
14	110, Do.	Do.	Jacob Latham.
	111, Do.	Do.	James Coler.
	Dwelling, Greenery, Making Left and Garden, &c.	Do.	— Davey.
		Do.	— Northcott.

SCHEDULE (B.) to which the foregoing Act refers.

	Per Englishe Ton.		Per Englishe Ton.
Dockage on laden Ships, with Permisses of laying Six Weeks	1 6	Rent while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Load per Quarter	3 6
After that Time, if remaining with a Cargo on board, per Week	0 1	Rent while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Load per Quarter	3 6
Or if necessary without a Cargo on board, per Week	0 0½	Rent while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Load per Quarter	1 6
Ships coming in light, for the first Six Weeks	0 3	Rent while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Load per Quarter	2 6
And if exceeding that Time, per Week	0 0½	Rent while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Quarter per reduced Standard of 120	3 6
All rigged Vessels coming to land Goods in the Dock	0 6	Rent while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Quarter per reduced Standard of 120	3 6
All Ships to pay for docking	10 6	Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton	0 1
And for unloading	10 6	Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton	0 1
Lighters, Barges and Small Craft to pass without Charge.			
Wharfage on Oak and other heavy Timber, per Load	3 0	Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton	0 1
Wharfage on Oak and other heavy Planks, per Load	3 6	Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton	0 1
Wharfage on large Timber and Masts, per Load	0 0	Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton	0 1
Wharfage on small Timber, per Load	0 0	Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton	0 1
Wharfage on Deals from the Baltic, per reduced Standard of 120	3 0	Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton	0 1
Wharfage on Deals from America, per reduced Standard of 120	3 0	Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton	0 1
Wharfage on Oak Pipe and Hayhead Staves from the Baltic, per thousand	10 0	Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton	0 1
Wharfage on Oak Board and Heading Staves from the Baltic, per thousand	7 6	Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton	0 1
Wharfage on Hemp and Flax, per Ton	2 0	Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton	0 1
Wharfage on Tallow, per Ton	1 6	Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton	0 1
Wharfage on Pitch, Tar and Turpentine, per Barrel, from America or elsewhere	0 3	Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton	0 1
Wharfage on Oil, per Ton	2 0	Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton	0 1
Wharfage on Whalebone, per Ton	3 0	Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton	0 1
Use of the Coppens for boiling of Rubber, per Ton	25 0		

Cap. ccvii.

267. s. r. 27.
16 G. 3. r. 28.
15 G. 3. r. 31.
22 25 Feb
Statute, 20-
p. 268.

An Act for better regulating, maintaining and employing the Poor, within the Parish of Saint Paul Shoreditch, in the County of Middlesex; for better lighting, watching, paving, cleaning, repairing, and improving the Streets and other publick Places in the said Parish; and for reviving Three Acts, formerly passed in the Twenty sixth Year of King George the Second, and in the Tenth and Fifteenth Years of His present Majesty, relative thereto. [20th June 1810.]

Cap. ccix.

An Act for more equally and effectually settling and collecting the Poor Rates, within the Parish of Saint Andrew without Aldgate, in the County of Middlesex. [21st June 1810.]

Cap.

Cap. ccs.

An Act for more effectually improving the Road from *Sturford* to *Wesbury* in the County of *Stafford*, and from *Sturford* to the Road leading to *Stow* in the County of *Gloucester*, and from *Sturford* Gate, in the County of *Stafford*, to the Road in *Spoke* in the County of *Norfolk*. (a) [10th June 1810.]

205. 7. 1. 11.
21. 1. 1. 11.
177. 11.

Cap. ccxi.

An Act for conferring and rendering perpetual a Provision between the Trustees of *Henry Smith's Charity* and *John Newbold Esquire*, of divers Estates in *Went* and *Salisbury* otherwise *Bedfordshire*, *Arden*, *Coventry* and *Wilt*, in the County of *Staffs*. (q. P.) [10th June 1810.]

Cap. ccxii.

An Act for including Lands within the Parishes of *Trotford*, *Peach*, *Mistletrey*, *Cumworth*, *Lanega*, *Tilwa* and *Langley*, in the County of *Westmorland*. (q. P.) [10th June 1810.]

* Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. † 23.

Cap. ccxiii.

An Act for including Lands in the Manse of *Nether-Kilby* in the Parish of *Salton* by the *Sands*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. (q. P.) [10th June 1810.]

Cap. ccxiv.

An Act for rebuilding the late Theatre Royal *Drury Lane*, upon the Conditions, and under the Regulations therein mentioned. [10th June 1810.]

WHEREAS the Existence of well regulated Theatres substantially built, and capable of affording the best Accommodation to be obtained for the Publick, with respect to the forwarding of Amusements, Performances and Apparatus, as well as to their Facility for giving Representation, has always been considered to be a Matter worthy both of Royal Attention and Legislative Protection: And whereas in the Year One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, the then Theatre Royal in *Drury Lane* was taken down, and great Sums expended by the Most Noble *Fremont* the late Duke of *Bedford*, in the Purchase of Ground and Houses in the Neighbourhood, in order to erect a new Theatre upon a Scale of Magnificence and Grandeur; the Interest of which Sums is expended by the said Duke of *Bedford* being added as an additional Rent Charge upon the said Theatre: And whereas the Sum of One hundred and fifty thousand Pounds was raised by the Proprietors of the said Theatre by Shares of Five hundred Pounds each, for the Accomplishment of the erecting the proposed new Theatre, and for paying of the then existing Mortgages; but owing to various and unforeseen Circumstances, and to the unavoidable Necessity which arose of making several Alterations in the original Plan, the Theatre when opened in the Beginning of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety four, was very far from being as a finished State, while the intended summing Buildings stated in the Estimate were not even begun, and a great Debt was left wholly unpaid for, and the whole Sum intended to be applied to the Building of the Theatre was entirely expended by the Trustees in endeavouring to accomplish the same: And whereas a Settlement of the Remainder of the said Debt and Claims took place in the Year One thousand eight hundred and two, through an Arrangement made under the immediate Direction and Authority of the Lord Chancellor, and adjusted as by all Parties: And whereas, in the course of a successful Progress towards the Liquidation of the said Claims, the said Theatre Royal, with all its Scenery, Warehouse, Furniture and other Articles, was wholly destroyed by the Calamity of Fire in the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, being valued only to the Amount of Thirty five thousand Pounds, or thereabouts: And whereas it is deemed expedient to surrender and make over the whole Interest of the present Proprietors of the said Property to a Body of Subscribers purchasing the same and becoming lawful Proprietors of the whole Patent, Lease or other Privileges for Seats, Material, Furniture, Sums of Ground, and every other Property of whatsoever Description now belonging or to hold as Tenet for the Proprietors of the said Theatre: And whereas the several Persons hereinafter named are willing and desirous, at their own Expense, to provide for or to discharge all just and equitable Claims on the late Theatre, should the same be duly demanded to their Satisfaction; and not bound to record the computed Amount upon which they are willing to become Subscribers; and also to erect, build, finish and furnish, fit for Representation, the said intended new Theatre, with the necessary Buildings and Improvements: But as the several Proposals before mentioned cannot be carried into Effect without the Authority of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty, That it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That His Majesty the Duke of *Bedford*, His Grace the Duke of *A*, His Right Honourable Lord *Keswick*, Samuel *Whitbread*, Richard *Sturges*, Peter *Moore*, Harvey *Lindsay*, Charles *St*, Sir Robert *Barclay* *Barnett*, Thomas *Cox*, the Honourable Thomas *Erskine*, the Honourable *David* *Anderson*, Alexander *Davidson*, *Thompson*, *J. H.* *Farquhar*, Thomas *Hannaway* and Company, *Anna Crabbe*, Richard *Willis*, Sir Charles *Blake*, James *Smith*, Sir Thomas *T. de* *Down*, Sir John *Scott* *Barnett*, Sir Matthew *White Ridley* *Barnett*, Henry *Green*, the Honourable *Thomas* *Moore*, *William Adams*, Col. and *O'Kelly*, Captain *Grimes*, Samuel *James Arnold*, Charles *William Wood*, *William Lennox*, Robert *M. Barnard*, Richard *Proby*, *Nich-ol* *Kelly*, *Joseph Kelly*, Henry *Burgess*, Richard *Irwin*, George *Bealton*, John *Harris*, Charles *Bonley*, John *Orphan*, Thomas *Fyfe*, *William Phillips*, *J. Winter*, *Francis* *Clifford*, *William*

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William Griffith, John Whitbread, Lawrence Burtin, Robert John Cooker, Thomas Wright, John Wilks, T. Painsford, Francis Franks, C. Walker, James Reynolds, George Prigby, Joseph Kovatt, R. Knight, J. Herby, H. Milnes, William Demas, William Dams, William Lovin, Andrew Franklin, Thomas Greenwood, A. Lewander, John Bousby, Samuel Spring, James Smart, Robert Mitchell, Thomas Shaw, J. Stephen, James Dawson, Edward Ainge, M. Lindy, John Grant, John Windsor, John Walsbush, Richard Strong Wells, A. Mowatt, William Walford, William J. Bredin, Thoshaugh Elgin, George Edwards, James Mitchell, Thomas Parker and Nathaniel Plaid, together with each other Person and Persons as shall subscribe towards raising the Capital Sum hereinafter mentioned, and their several and respective Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, being a Proprietor or Proprietors of any Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, paying and contributing to the Capital Sum to be raised as hereinafter mentioned, shall be and they are hereby accordingly united into a Company for vending the said Theatre and surrounding Buildings, and carrying into Execution the Purposes of this Act, and shall for that Purpose be One Body Corporate and Politick, by the Name and Style of *The Theatre Royal Drury Lane Company of Proprietors*, and by that Name shall have perpetual Succession and a Common Seal, and by that Name shall and may sue and be sued, and s/he shall and may have full Power and Authority to purchase or exchange Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, in Town, their Succession and Assigns, for the Use of the said Theatre and the surrounding Buildings and Improvements, and the other Purposes herein mentioned, without securing any of the Persons or Estates of Mortals, and s/he to sell or exchange for others any of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, purchased for the Purposes aforesaid: Provided always nevertheless, that the said Land or Ground, so to be held by the said Corporation, shall not exceed Five Acres in the whole.

Improvment.
Their Style.

Company may
raise among
themselves a
Sum not exceed-
ing 200,000l.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors to raise and contribute in such Proportions as they shall think proper any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Three hundred thousand Pounds, which said Sum or Sums of Money shall be laid out and applied, in the first Place, in discharging the Expenses of obtaining and passing this Act, and of the Surveys, Plans and Estimates and other incidental Expenses relating thereto; and, in the next Place, in Payment to *George Prince of Wales Street, Westminster, Esquire*, and *Ann the Wife of John Mansfield of Trafalgar Place, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire*; or unto such other Person or Persons, as be the said *Ann Mansfield* on her Part shall appoint, in equal Shares and Proportions, such Sum or Sums of Money as so and shall or may become due and owing to them in respect of their Shares, Rights and Interests, in certain Letters Patent, granted by His late Majesty King Charles the Second, to *Thomas Killigrew Esquire*, for vending and building a Theatre in the City of London and *Windsor* or the Suburbs thereof, for performing Plays and other Entertainments; and in the next Place, in making due and just Payment as Compensation to the Rentors and the several other Claimants on the said Property upon such Terms as the said Claimants and the said Company of Proprietors shall agree; and thirdly, in purchasing the entire Property and Interests of the several Proprietors and Parties, beneficially and ultimately interested in the Property of the said late Theatre *Royal Drury Lane*, and the Profits and Property thereof, and then for and towards re-building, erecting and finishing the said intended new Theatre, and the surrounding Buildings and Improvements necessary thereto, and in purchasing, making and completing the Sundry, Machinery, Wardrobes, Furniture, Music, Decorations, and other Appurtenances, and otherwise for carrying this Act into Execution; and that the said Sum of Three hundred thousand Pounds shall be divided into Shares of One hundred Pounds each, and that the said Shares shall be and they are hereby sold in the said several Perfes and Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, in subscribing, and their several and respective Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, in their and every of their proper Use and Benefit, proportionably to the several Sums they shall severally pay and contribute, and all Bodies Politick, Corporate and Collegiate, and all other Perfes, their several and respective Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, who shall severally subscribe for One or more Shares or Shares, shall be entitled to, and receive the entire and net Distribution of an equal proportionable Part according to the Money so by them respectively paid of the Profits and Advantages that shall and may arise and accrue from the Sums of Money to be raised, recovered or received from the said Theatre and Property by the said Company of Proprietors: Provided always, that in case the said Company of Proprietors shall not contract and agree with all the Perfes mentioned in the said Theatre, and other Property, for the Purchase of such several Interests within the Term of Two Years from the passing of this Act, then, and in such Case, this Act and all the Matters and Things therein contained shall become void and void.

To be added
into Shares of
100l. each.

Perfies.

Shares to be
National Debt.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Shares and Proportions of all Bodies Politick, Corporate and Collegiate, and all other Perfes and Persons, of and in the said Undertaking as the Joint Stock or Fund of the said Company of Proprietors, shall be and be deemed to be Personal Estates and transmissible as such, and not of the Nature of Real Property.

Building improvment Perfes to be whole Sums, &c. in the late Theatre.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all Holders, Guardians, Trustees, Committees, Executors and Administrators, and all other Trustees and Persons whatsoever, not only for and on behalf of themselves, their Executors and Administrators, but s/he for and on behalf of their Cognate Trusts, whether Estates, Issues unborn, Lascities, Issues, Tenes Covert, or other Perfes or Perfes, and to and for all Tenes Covert, or any other Perfes under any other Disability or Incapacity whatsoever, who in, or as shall be possessed of, interested in or entitled unto any Property, Share, Annuity, Rent Charge, Right, Title, Interest, Debt, Claim or Demand, out of, or on, or upon the said late Theatre *Royal Drury Lane*, or the Profits, or other Property thereto belonging, or unto any Messuages, Lands, Hereditaments or Premises, to sell, assign, release, discharge, transfer and convey the same, and every Part thereof, for such Sums of Money, Consideration or Compensation, as such Person or Persons shall agree to take or receive,

severe, or in lieu of the same to the said Company of Proprietors, and that all such Sums and Sums of Money, Consideration or Compensation, shall be paid upon and received by such Person or Persons hereby authorized as aforesaid, and shall be paid, applied, settled, issued and vested by him, her or them, to, for and upon the same Trusts, Settlements, Interests and Purposes, and in the same manner as such Property, Share, Annuity, Rent Charge, Mortgage, Right, Title, Interest, Debt, Claim or Demand, which shall be so sold, assigned, retained, discharged, transferred or conveyed, as aforesaid, had settled, issued or vested, or such of them as at the time of making such Assignment, Release, Discharge, Transfer or Conveyance shall be existing, undetermined and capable of taking effect, or as near thereto as may be; and that every Sale, Assignment, Conveyance, Transfer, Release and Discharge of such Property, Share, Annuity, Rent Charge, Mortgage, Right, Title, Interest, Debt, Claim or Demand, or of any Messuages, Lands, Hereditaments or Premises, which shall be made or executed by such Person or Persons hereby authorized as aforesaid, shall be good and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and the same respectively shall be vested in the said Company of Proprietors, for the Purposes herein mentioned.

V. And be it further enacted, That all and every Body and Bodies Politick, Corporate, Collegiate, or other Person or Persons who shall, by virtue of this Act, have fabricated or undertaken for one or more Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, his, her or their respective Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, shall have a Vote in the several Assemblies, to be holden as hereinafter appointed for carrying on the said Undertaking, for such Share or Shares; and if possessed of Three Shares to have Two Votes, if of Six Shares to have Three Votes, if of Ten Shares to have Four Votes, and if of Fifteen Shares and upwards to have Six Votes; and every Question, Matter or Thing which shall be proposed, discussed or considered in any General or Special General Assembly of the said Company of Proprietors, shall be determined by the Majority of Votes then present, computing the Votes as above mentioned, not exceeding Six Votes in the Whole for each Proprietor as aforesaid, provided that the Members present be possessed of not less than One hundred Shares; and every Question, Matter or Thing which shall be proposed, discussed or considered in any General or Special General Assembly of the said Company of Proprietors, shall be determined by the Majority of Votes then present in the manner aforesaid.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the First General Assembly of the said Company of Proprietors for putting this Act into Execution shall be held at such Time and Place as the Committee hereinafter appointed shall direct, within Sixty Days after the passing of this Act, or as soon after as conveniently may be, between the Hours of Eleven in the Forenoon, and Two in the Afternoon; and the Second General Meeting of the said Company shall be held at such Time and Place within Sixty Days after the holding of the First General Meeting as the Committee shall appoint; and at such General Meeting, a full and defined Statement of the Arrangements proposed by the Committee, and assented to by the Clergy and the Proprietors of the late *Duchy Lane* Property, shall be submitted to the said General Meeting, for their Consent and Approbation; and any Subscriber dissenting from such Statement, shall be at Liberty to withdraw his Subscriptions, and re-quit all Share and Interest in the Undertaking, and in case the Place of such Subscribers in withdrawing shall not be filled up by new Subscribers, or taken by the remaining Subscribers within Two Months from the Date of such General Meeting, or in case no such General Meeting shall be held, or if no such Statement shall be made to such General Meeting, then in the said Cases the whole of this Act shall become null and void, and the Overplus (if any) of all Deposits or Advances shall be returned to the respective Subscribers, after deducting all Expenses in obtaining and passing this Act, and of the Surveys, Plans and Estimates, and other incidental Expenses relating thereto, out of such Deposits or Advances, and thereupon the whole of the said Arrangements under the Order of the Court of Chancery, shall be revised and be acted upon in such and the like manner as if this Act had not been made, but in case of the above Subscribers being filed on the Terms and in the manner above mentioned, then all future General Assemblies of the said Company of Proprietors, except such Special General Assemblies as shall be convened by the Committee for particular Purposes, shall be held alternately between the Hours of Eleven in the Forenoon and Two in the Afternoon, at such Days and Places as the Committee hereinafter appointed for the same being shall direct; of which First and every future General Assembly and Assemblies Ten Days previous Notice, at least, shall be given by publick Advertisements, to be inserted in the *Lancet Gazette*, and Three or more Newspapers, and in such other manner as the Committee of the said Company of Proprietors shall direct; and that the said Company of Proprietors, as such their respective General or Special Assemblies, shall and may appoint a Chairman, who shall not only vote as a Proprietor, but in case of an Equality of Votes, shall have a casting Vote.

VII. And be it further enacted, That for the better forwarding the Purposes of this Act and the Interest of the said Company, there shall be a Committee of Ten Proprietors, and that the Honourable Thomas Brand, the Honourable Grenville Bampfden, the Honourable *Kingsland*, Sir Thomas Tyrone Bannet, James Whitbread, Peter Murray, Harvey Christian Conole, William Adams, Richard Shergie and Richard Wilson Esquires, shall be the First Committee: Provided always, that no Person or Persons holding any Contract, Engagement or Employment respecting the said Building shall be capable of being elected or of forming upon such Committee during the term of his Continuance in such Contract, Engagement or Employment for the said Building, nor shall he shall possess or hold in his own Right One Share in the said Undertaking; and that the said Committee shall and may, at every Meeting holden by them during the Continuance of their said Office, appoint a Chairman by and out of the said Committee; and that no Member of any Committee shall have more than one Vote upon any Question that may be agitated in the said Committee, except in case of an Equality of Votes, and in that Case the Chairman shall have the decisive or casting Vote, although he may have given one Vote before; and that the said Committee shall be authorized to add any Number of Proprietors not exceeding Eleven to the said Committee, and that Three of the said Committee, namely, Samuel Whitbread,

Subscribers to have Votes according to the Number of their Shares, not to exceed Six Votes.

First General Assembly of the Proprietors.

A full and defined Statement of Arrangements proposed by the Committee to be laid before Proprietors.

Proprietors at their Assemblies may appoint a Chairman.

A Committee of Proprietors appointed.

Names of Committee.

Chairman.

Four

Five Hours and Half an Hour's Notice, Eligible, shall be the Trades who shall appoint the Banker or Bankers where the Theatre Subscription Accounts shall be held; and the said Committee are hereby authorized and directed either collectively or by appointing such Committee out of their own Number for the diverse Purposes hereinafter mentioned, if it should appear to them the preferable Mode of executing the same, to arrange and complete Terms of Subscription and Compensation with the several Claimants on the said Property, and to determine upon and settle the Plan for rebuilding, and to make Contracts and Bargains for erecting the said Theatre as hereinafter is mentioned, and also for arranging the Terms upon which all Rights and Interests of the present Proprietors shall be made over to the said intended Company of Proprietors, and all other necessary Purposes: Provided always, that no Member of the said Committee having any Claim or Demand upon or Interest in the said Property, while the same shall remain undid, shall be competent to sit with or vote in any Committee employed in settling the Terms and Compensation to be made to the said Claimants or Parties interested; and that the said Committee shall continue until Three Months after the Opening of the said Theatre, and shall then go out of Office in the same Order and Manner as is hereinafter mentioned.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee who shall next order and by virtue of this Act are hereby authorized and directed to form and arrange a Plan for the future Government and Conduct of the Theatre Property, as shall from time to time be calculated according to their Judgment to promote and maintain the Interest and Character of the Undertaking, and to send the Expedition and merit the Approbation of the Publick, such Plan to be submitted to a General Meeting of the said Company, to be specially called by Advertisement in the London Gazette, and such of the London Newspapers as the said Committee shall think proper, at least Three Months previous to the Opening of the said Theatre, such Plan to be adopted, altered or rejected by a Majority at such Meeting; and that all the Powers and Authorities hereby vested or directed to be exercised by the said Committee, or any other Committee to be hereinafter appointed, may be done and executed by the major Part of its Members present at the respective Meetings (the same having been duly convened) the whole Number present not being less than Five; and every such Committee shall from time to time make Report of their Proceedings to the said General Assemblies or the Proprietors; and the said Committee shall (subject nevertheless to such Orders of Regulation as herein mentioned), meet at such Times and Places, and shall and may from time to time adjourn themselves to such other Times and Places as they at their respective Meetings shall think fit.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee herein appointed, or any other Committee for the time being to be appointed in pursuance of this Act, shall and may at their said Meetings, contracts and agree for and complete the Purchase of such Milling, Ground, Property and Premises, and the Machinery, Brewery, Warehouse, Barren, Mafic, and other Artificers and Things, as they at such Meetings shall think necessary for erecting, building, repairing, demolishing, completing and making fit for Re-erection of the said Theatre, and for arranging the Terms upon which a limited Number of Private Boxes may be let, build the said Company and it shall be the duty of the said Committee to see the Completion of the Plan, and for making and settling the forwarding Buildings, Arches, Passages and Improvements to belong to the said Theatre; and for the several other Purposes in this Act mentioned; and also shall and may enter into and make Agreements, Contracts and Bargains with the Architects, Surveyors, Workmen and other Persons, for erecting, building and completing the said intended Theatre, Buildings, Improvements, Works, and the several other Purposes herein mentioned, and appoint as Architects, Surveyor, Secretary, Banker, Solicitor and other Officers and Servants, as they may deem necessary to the said Undertaking, with such Appointments, Salaries or Allowances as such Committee shall think proper; and that the Committee now appointed, or any other Committee hereinafter to be appointed in pursuance of this Act (subject nevertheless to the Orders and Directives herein mentioned) shall have the Custody of the Chests and of the said Company of Proprietors, and they are hereby authorized, at any of their Meetings duly convened, to sit, put and affix the Seal to any Instrument, Deed or Writing which they shall deem necessary for carrying the Purposes of this Act into Execution; and also shall have full Power and Authority to direct and manage all and every the Affairs and Concerns of the said Company of Proprietors, and to direct and make the several Payments out of the Joint Stock of the said Company, which they at their said Meetings may deem necessary, and direct and order all or any of the several Purposes herein mentioned; and the said Committees are hereby authorized and directed to keep a full, correct and true Account of all Moneys which they shall from time to time pay, or order and direct to be paid, and for what Purpose, and also a full, correct and true Account of all and every Sum and Name of Money which they from time to time shall receive in respect of the said Theatre.

X. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee be divided into three or more Offices until Three Months after the Opening of the said Theatre, and on each Day Seven of the said Committee shall go out of Office and shall be upon the Committee of the said Company; and in order to determine who of the said Committee shall go out of Office and shall be of the Committee of the said Company, the Secretary of the said Company at the General Assembly of the said Company to be holden on that Day or the next Adjournment thereof, shall and he is hereby required to write upon Twenty one distinct Pieces of Paper of equal Size the Names of One of the said Committee on each of such Papers; and all such Papers shall be put up in the same Form as now is now be, and be put into a Box or Wax, and Seven of such Papers shall then be drawn out of such Box or Wax by such Secretary, one by one, and their Names of the Committee whose Names shall be upon such Papers respectively be drawn shall go out of Office and shall be upon the Committee of the said Company, and the said Company shall then elect by Ballot six additional Seven Members of the said Company, who shall severally be qualified and entitled to Three Years at the least in the said Undertaking, and such Seven Persons so elected shall continue in Office for the Space of Three Years (except in case of Death or Refusal to sit, or being to be qualified in manner by the Act directed, or being removed or displaced by the said Company or Proprietors

Power of
Committee.

Empowering
Committee
to make
Agreements

Subsequent
Appointment of
Committee by
Proprietors, in
the Month of
their going out
of Office by
Rotation.

Proprietors at any General Assembly or Special General Assembly convened for that Purpose) and no longer; and on the First Wednesday in the next succeeding Month of May after the Expiration of the said Three Years, Seven days of the Committee first elected by virtue of this Act in Part of Office Committee, or the Petrus or Petrus elected in his or their Room or Stead, shall go out of Office and cease to be upon the Committee of the said Company, and in order to determine who of such Seven of the Committee shall go out of Office and cease to be upon the Committee of the said Company, the Secretary of the said Company at the General Assembly of the said Company to be holden on that Day or some Adjournment thereof, shall and he is hereby required to write upon Twelve one distinct Pieces of Paper of a square Size, the Name of One of each of the Committee on each of the said Papers, and all such Papers shall be rolled up in the same Tye as near as may be, and be put into a Box or Wheel by each Secretary, and Seven of such Papers shall be then drawn out of such Box or Wheel by each Secretary one by one, and that of the Committee whose Name shall be upon such Papers respectively so drawn shall go out of Office and cease to be upon the Committee of the said Company, and the said Company shall then elect, by Ballot as aforesaid, Seven Members of the said Company, qualified as aforesaid, to be upon the Committee of the said Company in the Room or Stead of such Seven of the Committee, and in such Petrus is elected shall continue in Office for the Space of Three Years, (except in case of Death or Refusal to act, or ceasing to be qualified in manner by this Act provided, or being removed or displaced as aforesaid) and no longer; and on the First Wednesday in the next succeeding Month of May the Seven remaining Members of the Committee first elected by virtue of this Act, or the Petrus or Petrus elected in his or their Room or Stead, shall go out of Office and cease to be upon the Committee of the said Company; and the said Company shall, at their General Assembly, to be holden on that Day or some Adjournment thereof, elect by Ballot as aforesaid seven Members of the said Company, qualified as aforesaid, to be upon the Committee of the said Company, in the Room or Stead of such Seven of the Committee going out of Office as last aforesaid; and each Seven Petrus is elected shall ever and in Office for the Space of Three Years, (except in case of Death or Refusal to act, or ceasing to be qualified in manner by this Act provided, or being removed or displaced as aforesaid) and no longer; and on the First Wednesday in every succeeding Month of May in each and every Year, Seven Petrus out of the Members of the said Company, qualified as aforesaid, shall be elected by Ballot as aforesaid, by the said Company, so be Members of the Committee of the said Company; and each Seven Petrus is elected shall continue in Office for the Space of Three Years, (except in case of Death or Refusal to act, or ceasing to be qualified in manner by this Act provided, or being removed or displaced as aforesaid) and no longer; Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful so and for the said Company of Proprietors again to nominate and appoint any such Petrus or Petrus is qualified as aforesaid, and going out of Office, again to be a Member or Members of the said Committee; and in case, on any such First Wednesday in the Month of May in any Year, no such Nomination and Appointment of such Seven Members of the Committee shall be made, then, and in every such Case, another Meeting of the said Company shall be holden on the First Wednesday in June following, for the Purpose of making such Election; and in case no such Nomination and Appointment shall be then made, then, and in every such Case, another Meeting of the said Company shall be holden on the First Wednesday following, for the Purpose of making such Election, and in either of these said last Seven Members of the Committee shall be chosen; but each Seven Members of the Committee shall not continue in Office or be Members of the said Committee, for any longer Space of time than if they had been elected on the First Wednesday in the Month of May as aforesaid; and each said Seven Members of the Committee shall be chosen, the Seven Members of the Committee going out of their Office shall continue in Office, and shall enjoy the same Powers and Authorities as the other Members serving upon the said Committee.

XI. And he is further enacted, That in case any Petrus or Petrus elected by the said Company to a Member or Members of the Committee of the said Company, shall die or refuse to act as the Executive of this Act, or shall cease to be entitled to One Share at least in the said Undertaking, or shall hold any Place, Contract or Employment, respecting the said Building, under the said Company, or being otherwise disqualified to act with or join in any Committee, or otherwise authorized, then, and in every such Case, it shall and may be lawful so and for the said Company to elect, at the next General Assembly, or at some Special General Assembly of the said Company, to be called for that Purpose, some Petrus or Petrus qualified as aforesaid to be a Member or Members of the Committee of the said Company in the Room or Stead of the Member or Members of the Committee so dying or refusing to act, or ceasing to be qualified, or holding any Place, Contract or Employment respecting the building the said Theatre and Pavilions under the said Company; and every Petrus or Petrus is elected shall have the like Powers and Authorities, and it shall be lawful so the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions as the Petrus or Petrus in whose Room or Stead he or they shall be so elected, and shall continue in Office as a Member or Members of the Committee for such time and so long as the Petrus or Petrus in whose Room or Stead he or they shall be so elected was in Office.

XII. And he is further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors shall, at their First General Assembly, or at any Adjournment of the same, elect by Ballot Two Petrus out of and out of the said Company of Proprietors to be Auditors of the Accounts of the said Company, and each Petrus shall continue in Office until the next General Assembly of the said Company to be holden on the First Wednesday in the Month of May then next ensuing, but no Petrus shall be capable of being elected, or of serving as an Auditor of the Accounts of the said Company, who shall hold and be paid Out of One Share at least in the said Undertaking: Provided always, that no Petrus or Petrus holding any Place, Office, Employment or Contract under the said Company, shall be capable of being elected, or of serving as such Auditor of Accounts during the term of his Continuance in such Place, Office, Employment, or holding such Contract.

XIII. And

Each Com-
mittee of
Proprietors
shall have
a meeting
to be had for
the said Pur-
poses.

Each year
Application of
Proprietors to
the Board of
the said shall
be made to
act, or to be
disqualified.

And he is
appointed

Qualifications
Appointment
of Auditors.

§III. And be it further enacted, That the said Auditors so elected, or the Person or Persons so elected in their Room or Stead by virtue of this Act, shall continue in Office until the said First Meeting in the Month of May next after such Election; and on each Day, One of the said Auditors shall go out of Office and credit to be an Auditor of the Accounts of the said Company, and the same Provisions heretofore made and enacted in respect of the Election of Members to serve upon the Committee in the Room of those going out by Ballot or Rotation, or who shall die, refuse to sit, or become disqualified, shall be applicable to the Election of Auditors of Accounts.

Powers of the
Auditors.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Auditors of the Accounts of the said Company, shall and they are hereby empowered and required to meet at some convenient Place Four times at the least in every Year, for the Purpose of examining the Accounts of the said Company, and at such Meetings, all Accounts of Money received, laid out and disbursed on account of the said Undertaking, or on any of the Works thereto belonging, by the Commissioners, Treasurers, Receivers, Secretary, or by any Person or Persons whomsoever, employed by or on account of or under the said Company, in and about the said Undertaking or the Works thereto belonging, shall be laid before the said Auditors to be audited and settled, and the said Auditors shall make a fair and correct Statement of the Accounts to be made out, which Statement shall be laid before the next General or Special General Assembly of the said Company of Proprietors for their Confirmation, and in order to defray the Expenses of these Meetings, the said Auditors shall from time to time receive out of the Capital Stock of the said Company of Proprietors, such Sums or Sums of Money as shall be directed, assigned and granted by the said Company of Proprietors at any General Assembly.

Proprietors not
entitled to vote
unless possessed
of three Shares
Three Calendar
Months.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That from and after the First General Meeting to be held under this Act, no Proprietor or Proprietors shall be deemed to be qualified to vote who has or have not possessed his, her or their Shares, and whose Name or Names hath or have not been entered in manner hereinafter directed in the Books of the said Company, at the Polls or Polls, and Proprietor or Proprietors of such Shares, for the Space of Three Calendar Months then next preceding, at any General or Special General Assembly of the Proprietors of the said Undertaking.

Committees may
order Calls,
Shares refused
if Calls not paid,
but no Ad-
vantage to be taken
of Forfeiture
without Notice.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Committee shall have Powers, and they are hereby required from time to time to make such Call or Calls of Money from the Subscribers to and Proprietors of and in the said Undertaking, to defray the Expenses of, or to carry on the same as they the said Committee shall from time to time find wanting and necessary for the Purposes of this Act, so that no such Call shall exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds for every Share, except as hereinafter mentioned; and such Calls shall not be made but at the Distance of Twenty one Days at least from each other, and Ten Days Notice at least shall be given of all such Calls as aforesaid by Advertisement in Three or more of the London Newspapers, and in such other manner as the said Company of Proprietors shall at any General Assembly direct and appoint: Provided, that it shall not be lawful to make any further Call upon any Proprietor or Proprietors beyond the full Amount of the Sum or Sums which by his, her or their Subscription, he, she or they had undertaken to pay for his, her or their said Share or Shares; and every Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of any Share or Shares in the said Undertaking shall pay his, her or their ratable Proportion of the Moneys to be called for as aforesaid to such Person or Persons, and at such Time and Place, as the said Committee shall from time to time order and direct: and if any Person or Persons shall neglect or refuse to pay his, her or their ratable or proportionable Part of the Money so called for as aforesaid (except such Subscribers as shall have withdrawn themselves and their Subscriptions from the said Company at and within the time and in the manner heretofore mentioned) at the Time and Place appointed by such Committee, or within Twenty one Days next ensuing, he, she or they in neglecting or refusing shall forfeit and pay the Sum of One Pound for every Share he, she or they shall have in the said Undertaking; and in case such Person or Persons shall continue to neglect or refuse to pay his, her or their ratable Call or Calls as aforesaid for the Space of Two Calendar Months next after the time so appointed for Payment thereof, then, and in every such Case, he, she or they in neglecting or refusing shall forfeit his, her or their respective Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, and all the Profits and Benefits thereof, and all Sums and Sums of Money which he, she or they shall have previously paid for or on account of the same, and for: and except as aforesaid; all which Shares and Sums and Sums of Money so forfeited shall be used in the said Company of Proprietors in trust for and for the Benefit of all the rest of the said Proprietors, in proportion to their respective Interests in the said Undertaking, or shall at the Discretion of any of the said General or Special General Assemblies, be publicly sold for the Use of the rest of the said Proprietors, whose Shares and Interests shall not have been forfeited as aforesaid: Provided nevertheless, that no Forfeiture of any Share or Shares in the said Undertaking shall be or be deemed to be incurred, save and except upon Notice of such Call or Calls in Writing signed by the Secretary or Secretaries to the said Committee, shall have been given to or left at the last or usual Place or Places of Abode of the Owner or Owners of such Share or Shares respectively, provided such Place or Places of Abode shall be within Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange of the City of London, or with such Notice shall be sent to or left at the last or usual Place or Places of Abode of such Owner or Owners respectively, provided such Place or Places of Abode shall be Twenty Miles or upwards distant from the Royal Exchange in the City of London, and in case the Place or Places of Abode of any such Owner or Owners shall not be known to the Secretary or Secretaries of the said Committee, then such Notice shall be inserted once in the London Gazette, nor until all such Share or Shares shall likewise have been declared to be forfeited at some General or Special General Assembly of the said Company of Proprietors.

Forfeiture.

XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the respective Persons who have furnished or who shall hereafter subscribe or advance any Money for and towards the said Undertaking, or shall be Owners or Owners of Shares in the said Undertaking, shall be deemed to be qualified to vote who has or have not possessed his, her or their Shares, and whose Name or Names hath or have not been entered in manner hereinafter directed in the Books of the said Company, at the Polls or Polls, and Proprietor or Proprietors of such Shares, for the Space of Three Calendar Months then next preceding, at any General or Special General Assembly of the Proprietors of the said Undertaking.

Particular Notice
of Call.

Notice to
London Gazette.

Subscribers to
pay their Sub-
scriptions on
Calls by the
Committee.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the respective Persons who have furnished or who shall hereafter subscribe or advance any Money for and towards the said Undertaking, or shall be Owners or Owners of Shares in the said Undertaking, shall be deemed to be qualified to vote who has or have not possessed his, her or their Shares, and whose Name or Names hath or have not been entered in manner hereinafter directed in the Books of the said Company, at the Polls or Polls, and Proprietor or Proprietors of such Shares, for the Space of Three Calendar Months then next preceding, at any General or Special General Assembly of the Proprietors of the said Undertaking.

Proprietors

Proprietor or Proprietors of any Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, shall and he, she and they is and are hereby required to pay the Sum or Sums by them respectively subscribed (or by such Parts and Proportions thereof as shall from time to time be called for by the Committee of the said Company of Proprietors by virtue of and agreeable to the Powers and Directions of this Act) at such Times and Places and in such manner as shall be directed by the said Committee: and in case any such Subscriber or Subscribers shall neglect or refuse to pay the same at the Time and Place and in manner as required for this Purpose, the said Company of Proprietors are hereby empowered to sue for and recover the same in any of His Majesty's Courts of Law or Equity whatsoever.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in all Actions brought by the said Company of Proprietors against any Person or Persons who hath or have subscribed, or who shall hereafter subscribe or advance any Money for and towards the said Undertaking, or against any Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of any Share or Share in the said Undertaking, to recover any Sum or Sums of Money due and payable to the said Company for or by virtue of any Call or Calls made by virtue of this Act, it shall be sufficient for the said Company to declare and allege that the Defendant or Defendants being an Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of such or of many Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, is or are indebted to the said Company in such Sum or Sums of Money as the Call or Calls in answer shall amount to for each and for every Call or Calls of such or of many Sum or Sums of Money upon such or of many Share or Shares belonging to the said Defendant or Defendants (as the Case may appear to be) whereby an Affidavit taken by the said Company by virtue of this Act, without testing therein the special Matter, and on the Trial of such Affidavit it shall be only necessary to prove that the Defendant or Defendants, at the time of making such Call or Calls, was or were an Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of some Share or Shares in the said Undertaking: and that such Call or Calls are or were in fact made, and that such Notice was given thereof as is directed by this Act: and the said Company shall thereupon be entitled to recover what shall appear to be due, unless it shall appear that Notice was not given as aforesaid; and after Judgment shall be given for the said Company in any such Action, Execution that may be stayed by writs of Error brought by the Defendant or Defendants therein, unless such Defendant or Defendants, with Two sufficient Sureties, shall first become bound to the said Company by Recognition, to be acknowledged in the Court in which such Judgment shall be given in double the Sum adjudged to the said Company by such Judgment, to prosecute the said Writ of Error with Effect: and also if the said Judgment shall be affirmed, or the said Writ of Error be non-provoked, to satisfy and pay the Debt, Damages and Costs adjudged by the said Judgment, and all Costs and Damages to be awarded for Delay of Execution.

XIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Subscriber or Subscribers to the said Undertaking shall be minded and desirous to pay and advance immediately into the Hands of the said Committee, or of the Person or Persons whom they shall appoint to receive the same, the full Amount of his, her or their Subscriptions or Subscriptions for such Share or Shares for which he, she or they may have subscribed, or any Part thereof, without waiting for the said Call or Calls to be made, then, and in such Case, it shall be lawful for the said Committee to pay to the said Subscriber or Subscribers in advance as aforesaid, out of the Funds of the said Company, Interest upon the Sum or Sums so advanced, at the Rate of Two Pence per Centum per Annum upon the Amount which such Payment in Advance may be over and above the said Call, and from the time of advancing the same up to the Period of such subsequent Call respectively, according to the Sum then in Advance, over and above the Amount of such Call; and that if any Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of any Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, shall happen to die before such Call or Calls shall have been made for the full Sum or Sums to be advanced on any Share or Shares which he, she or they shall have been possessed of or entitled to, without having made Provision by Will or otherwise, how and in what manner such Share or Shares shall be disposed of, or the Calls for the same paid, then, and in such Case, the Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators of every such Owner or Proprietor, so dying, or the Trustee or Trustees, Committee or Committees of any Lordship or Lordships, Guardian or Guardians of any Infant or Infants, or of any other Person or Persons entitled to the Estate and Effects of any such deceased Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, shall be indemnified against all and every such Infant or Infants, and against all and every other Person or Persons whatsoever, for or on account of his, her or their having paid any Sum or Sums of Money, when called for as aforesaid, to complete every such Subscription; and if such deceased Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, shall not have left Alive sufficient, or in case the Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators, Trustee or Trustees, Committee or Committees, Guardian or Guardians shall refuse or neglect to satisfy such Calls for the Space of Three Calendar Months, after Notice in Writing, signed by the Secretary of the said Company of Proprietors, shall have been given to him, her or them, or left at his, her or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode, the said Company of Proprietors shall be, and they are hereby authorized and required to admit any other Person or Persons to be an Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of the Share or Shares of such deceased Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, on condition that he, she or they so admitted do and shall, as or before such Admission, pay to the Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators of such deceased Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, or to the Trustee or Trustees, Committee or Committees, Guardian or Guardians of the Infant or Infants or other Person or Persons who may be entitled to his, her or their Effects, the full Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been paid by such Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors in his, her or their Lifetime by virtue of any Call or Calls, or otherwise, upon such Share or Shares, or such other Share or Sums of Money as the same can be sold for, and in case no Person or Persons shall be found who shall be willing to be admitted upon such Condition as aforesaid, then, and in every such Case, such Share or

Proceeds by
Action in Coll.

Committee may
advance Interest to
Proprietors on
Payment in Ad-
vance, and on
the Death of
Subscribers
before Shares
completing, their
Executors, &c.
may do so.

Executors, &c.
refusing to
satisfy Call.

Other Persons
admitted.

Shares forfeited. Shares shall be forfeited to and become whoso is the possessor of the said Company of Proprietors of the said Undertaking, in trust for and for the equal Benefit of all the rest of the said Proprietors, in proportion to their respective Interests in the said Undertaking, and shall be subject to be sold and disposed of in like manner as other forfeited Shares may be sold and disposed of by virtue of this Act.

Shares may be sold. XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said several Proprietors of the said Undertaking, his, her or their respective Executors, Administrators and Assigns to sell and dispose of any Share or Shares to which he, she or they may be entitled thereto, subject to the Rules and Conditions herein mentioned, the Conveyance of which Shares shall be in Form or to the Effect following, to-wit,

I **I** me by of is consideration of paid to
 the said of of do hereby bargain, sell, assign and transfer to
 the said the Son of Capital Stock of and in the Theatre Royal
 of my Share of my Share with the said Undertaking, to hold
 to the said Executors, Administrators and Assigns, subject to the same Rules,
 Orders and Restrictions, and as the same Conditions that I hold the same immediately before the Execution
 hereof, and I the said do hereby agree to take and accept the said Capital Stock
 or Share of subject to the same Rules, Orders, Restrictions and Conditions. As
 witness our Hands and Seals this Day of in the Year of our Lord One
 thousand eight hundred and

And as every such Sale of the said Deed or Conveyance (being executed by the Seller or Sellers, and the Purchaser or Purchasers of each Share or Shares) shall be kept by the said Purchaser or Purchasers for his, her or their Security, after the Secretary or Secretaries to the said Company of Proprietors shall have entered in a proper Book or Books to be kept for that Purpose a Memorial of each Transfer and Sale for the Use of the said Company, and have testified and endorsed the Enory of each Memorial as the said Deed of Sale or Transfer, for which no more than Five Shillings shall be paid, and the said Secretary or Secretaries is and are hereby required to make such Enory or Memorial accordingly, and every such Memorial shall have been made and entered as above directed, each Purchaser or Purchasers shall have no Part or Share of the Profits of the said Undertaking, nor any Interest for each Share or Shares paid to him, her or them, nor any Vote in respect thereof as a Proprietor or Proprietors of the said Undertaking.

Pro.

No Shares shall be sold after a Call of Money paid. XXI. And be it further enacted, That after any Call of such Money shall have been made by the said Company as aforesaid, no Person or Persons shall sell or transfer any Share or Shares which he, she or they shall possess in the said Undertaking, on pain of forfeiting his, her or their respective Share or Shares thereto in the said Company of Proprietors, so that for the Benefit of all the said Proprietors, as well as the takers of each Sale or Transfer such Call or Calls shall have been paid and discharged to the Treasurer of the said Company of Proprietors, the whole and entire Sum of Money which shall have been called for upon each Share so sold or transferred, such forfeiture nevertheless to be certified and declared at a General or Special General Assembly in manner before directed.

Names of Proprietors and Numbers of their Shares to be entered in a Book, and Certification of the Number directed in them. XXII. And, for the better Security of the several Proprietors of the said Undertaking as to their respective Shares therein, be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors shall and they are hereby required, at their first, or as soon as conveniently may be, at some subsequent General Assembly to cause the Names and proper Additions of the several Persons who shall be then entitled to any Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, with the Number of Shares which they are then respectively entitled to hold, and also the proper Number by which every Share shall be distinguished, to be fairly and distinctly entered in a Book or Books to be kept by the Secretary to the said Company of Proprietors, and after such Entry made to cause their Common Seal to be affixed thereto, and shall also cause a Certificate or Instrument with the Common Seal of the said Company affixed thereto, to be delivered to every such Subscriber on Demand, specifying the Share or Shares to which he, she or they are or are entitled in the said Undertaking, or a Certificate for each separate and distinct Share in case any Proprietor of more than one Share shall request the same, every such Proprietor paying to the Secretary One Shilling and no more, for every such Certificate or Instrument, and such Certificate or Instrument shall be admitted in all Courts whatsoever as Evidence of the Title of each Subscriber, his, her or their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, to the Share or Shares therein specified; but the Want of such Certificate or Instrument shall not hinder or prevent the Owner or Proprietor of any of the said Share or Shares from selling or disposing thereof; and in case any such Certificate or Instrument shall become defaced, worn out or damaged, or shall be ascertained to have been lost or destroyed, then, and in such Case, another Certificate shall be made out and entered by the Secretary on the same Terms and Conditions as aforesaid.

Evidence. XXIII. Having always to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and to all and every other Parties and Persons, Body and Bodies Politick and Corporate, his, her and their respective Heirs, Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, all such Estate, Right, Title and Interest in any, every or any of them had and enjoyed of, in, to or out of the said late Theatre Drury Lane, or the Property thereto belonging, or any Claims or Demands thereon before the passing of this Act, or could or might or ought to have had and enjoyed in or to the said Act had not been made.

General Saving. XXIII. Having always to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and to all and every other Parties and Persons, Body and Bodies Politick and Corporate, his, her and their respective Heirs, Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, all such Estate, Right, Title and Interest in any, every or any of them had and enjoyed of, in, to or out of the said late Theatre Drury Lane, or the Property thereto belonging, or any Claims or Demands thereon before the passing of this Act, or could or might or ought to have had and enjoyed in or to the said Act had not been made.

Public Act. XXIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. cccv.

An Act to alter and amend the *Lymington and Lissenden Railway Act*, to vary certain Parts of the said Railway, and to extend the same from *Lissenden to Rydyng's Wood*, and from the *Lower Forge to the Grays Ferry*; and for making a *Duho and Canal* to communicate with the *River Soare* at *Nags Point*. [18th Jan 1810.] 48 G. 3. c. 46.

Cap. cccvi.

An Act for establishing a Chapel of Ease at *Tremate*, in the Parochy of *Tayffshamere*, in the County of *Gloucester*. [18th Jan 1810.]

Cap. cccvii.

An Act for removing one of the Trustees of the settled Estates and the other settled Property of the *Reverend Richard Barnes Barne Phillips*, and for vesting the same in other Trustees; and for enabling the High Court of Chancery to appoint new Trustees. (q. P.) [18th Jan 1810.]

Cap. cccviii.

An Act for disafforesting the Forest of *Soth*, otherwise *Leif Bore* otherwise *Bior*, in the County of *Southampton*; and for inclosing the Open Commonable Lands within the said Forest. [18th Jan 1810.]

WHEREAS the King's Most Excellent Majesty, in Right of His Crown, is seized to himself, his Heirs and Successors, of the Forest of *Soth* otherwise *Leif Bore* otherwise *Bior*, in the County of *Southampton*, and also in his Demesne as of Fee of and in Two Districts or Divisions of Land there, commonly called *Parishes* within the same; which Forest is of considerable Extent, and the Waste Lands within the same, exclusive of the inclosed Lands, are computed to contain about Eight thousand Acres, subject nevertheless to such Right of Common and other Rights as certain *Parishes* called *Parish Owners*, and the *Freeholders and Copyholders of Messuages, Lands and Tenements* situate and being within the several *Parishes, Townships, Hamlets or Places of Saberton, Hasleholme, Cokergrange, Bledmeworth, Bledmeworth, King's, Parishes* otherwise *Parishes, Parishes, Wymeray, Witley, Southwood, Wolf Barbois, Parishes, Wicor and Wicorham*, in the said County of *Southampton*, or some of them, or the *Tenants and Occupiers thereof* for the time being, are entitled to, within, upon and over the said Forest: And whereas the said Forest is divided into Two Walks, one called *The East Walk*, and the other called *The West Walk*, within which are several lesser Districts or Divisions of Land, commonly called *Parishes*, lying within the Regard of the said Forest, and appertaining to Messrs near and adjoining to the said Forest, besides the aforesaid Two Divisions belonging to His Majesty: And whereas His Majesty's said Demesne Lands consist of Three Parcels of Land, Two in the said East Walk, and One in the said West Walk, within the said Forest, and which do contain in the Whole, in Square Measure, Nine hundred and twenty nine Acres and Fifteen Perches, or thereabouts, together with the several Lodges and other Buildings and Enclosures in and upon the said several Pieces or Parcels of Land, called or known by the names of *The Wolf Lodge, The East or Grand Lodge, and Baily Lodge*, and together also with all the Timber and other Trees, Wood and Underwood upon the same Pieces or Parcels of Demesne Land; and His Majesty is also entitled to the full Right of Feed and Pasturage over the whole Regard of the said Forest for the Vert and Feed of His Majesty's Deer: And whereas *Thomas Thistlethwayt Esquire* is Hereditary Warden of the said Forest, and is right thereof entitled to certain Privileges and Pannage within and over the said Forest, to have, in His Heirs and Assigns, in full as the same shall remain a Forest, upon certain Conditions expressed in the Grant of such Office: And whereas the said several other lesser Districts, called *Parishes*, being, or are claimed to belong to the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of *Winchester*, the Right Honourable Lord Stawell, the Right Honourable Lord Viscount *Pomfret*, the Right Honourable the Earl of *Perth*, Lord Stawell, the said *Reverend Clerks of Saint Mary College of Winchester*, near *Winchester*, the said *Thomas Thistlethwayt Esquire*, the *Reverend James Clark Esquire*, *Edward Currie Esquire*, *Charles William Taylor Esquire*, *John Locke Esquire*, *John Hardy Esquire*, *Paul Michie Esquire*, *George Currier Esquire*, *James Ansell Esquire*, and other *Parishes*, of diverse Extents and Proportions, as their own respective Demesne Estates, together with all the Timber and other Trees and Underwoods upon the same respectively; but subject to such Right of Feed for His Majesty's Deer, and to Common Rights as aforesaid: And whereas the *Baronages, Penetration or Regard* of the said Forest extend over the said several *Parishes, Townships or Hamlets or Part thereof, of Saberton, Hasleholme, Cokergrange, Bledmeworth, Bledmeworth, King's, Parishes* otherwise *Parishes, Parishes, Wymeray, Witley, Southwood, Wolf Barbois, Parishes, Parishes, Wicor and Wicorham*, or some of them: And whereas an Act was passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for consolidating as one Act certain Provisions usually referred to Acts of Justices*, and for facilitating the Mode of proving the several Facts usually required on the passing of such Acts: And whereas the Waste Lands of the said Forest were heretofore of great Value and Utility from the Timber and Underwood thereon, which of late Years have been very much injured, and in many Parts totally destroyed, and the Soil thereof, in its present unimproved State, is but of small Value, either to His Majesty or to the other *Parishes* interested therein, but from its Contiguity to His Majesty's Dock Yard of *Perthmouth*, if the said Forest were disafforested and the Open Commonable Lands within the same were divided, allotted and inclosed, and if the proper Demesnes of the Crown and the Allotment to the Crown, as heretofore mentioned, were fit and proper for the Growth and Preservation of Wood and Timber, the same would be of great Benefit and Advantage to His Majesty and to the Publick in general, as well as to the several *Parishes* having Property and Rights in the said Forest: And whereas it hath been stipulated by and

* between the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, with the Advice of
 * the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, for and on Behalf of His Majesty and the said *Yeoman*
 * *Thyldesweye*, and the said several Parties called *Parties Owners*, that the Confirmation to His Majesty
 * and to the said Warden for dissevering the said Forest, and Lots of Privilege and Parsonage as aforesaid,
 * and obtaining His said Majesty's Consent, and the Consent of the said Warden to the passing this Act for
 * the Purposes aforesaid, should be as follows, (to-wit); All those Pieces or Parcels of Land within the
 * W. R. Walk, are Piece whereof being Part and Parcel of the District commonly called the *Parish* belonging
 * to the East of *Wyncliffes*, within the said Walk, containing One hundred Acres, abutting North on the
 * said Domestic Lands of the Crown, within the said W. R. Walk, South on the Allotment next hereinafter
 * mentioned, East on the Land called the *Parish* of the said Earl of *Perthshire*, and West upon the said Domestic
 * Lands of the Crown in Part, and in other Part on the here next hereinafter mentioned Allotment; one
 * other Piece, containing One hundred and fifty Acres, being Part and Parcel of the Land called the *Parish*
 * of the said George *Gowrie*, abutting North in Part on the said Domestic Lands of the Crown, and in other
 * Part on the said last mentioned Allotment, South on the Land called the *Parish* of the said Lord *Viscount*
 * *Howlands*, East on the Land called the *Parish* of the said Earl of *Perthshire*, and West on the Land
 * called the *Parish* of the said George *Gowrie*; and also all those Pieces or Parcels of Land in the East Walk,
 * one Piece whereof being Part and Parcel of the Land called the *Parish* belonging to the Sec of *Wyncliffes*,
 * is the said East Walk, containing Two hundred and thirty five Acres and Thirty seven Perches, abutting
 * North and East on the said Land called the *Parish* belonging to the said Sec of *Wyncliffes*, South on the
 * Land called the *Parish* of the said Thomas *Thyldesweye*, and West on the said Domestic Lands of the
 * Crown in the said East Walk; one other Piece, being Part and Parcel of the Land called the *Parish* of
 * the said Thomas *Thyldesweye* in the said East Walk, containing Fourteen Acres Three Roods and Three
 * Perches, abutting North on the said Domestic Lands of the Crown, South on the Land called the *Parish*
 * of the said Thomas *Thyldesweye*, East on the said last mentioned Allotment, and West on the Land called
 * the *Parish* of the said Thomas *Thyldesweye*; and all these Two Pieces or Parcels of Land in the said East
 * Walk, are Piece whereof being Part and Parcel of and belonging to the Land called the *Parish* of the said
 * Sec of *Wyncliffes*, in the said East Walk, containing Seventy-three Acres, and bounded as follows, on the
 * North by the Land called the *Parish* of the said John *Neraby*, on the South by the Land called the *Parish*
 * of the said Thomas *Thyldesweye*, on the East by inclosed Lands at *Neraby*, and on the West in Part by the
 * inclosed Lands of the said Thomas *Thyldesweye*, and in other Part by the inclosed Lands of the said John
 * *Neraby*, and the other Piece, being Part and Parcel of the Land called the *Parish* of the said John
 * *Neraby*, containing Twenty seven Acres, bounded on the North by the Land called the *Parish* of the said John
 * *Neraby*, South upon the said last mentioned Allotment, East upon the said last mentioned Land called the
 * *Parish* of the Sec of *Wyncliffes*, and West upon the Land called the *Parish* of the said Thomas *Thyldesweye*;
 * which said several Pieces or Parcels of Land contain together Six hundred Acres: But inasmuch,
 * however, as the said Forest cannot be dissevered, nor the other Purposes before mentioned effected,
 * without the Aid and Assent of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be
 * enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of
 * the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority
 * of the same, That Thomas *Banbridge*, of *Goldford Street*, in the Parish of *Saint Andrew*, in the County of
 * *Midlothian*, Gentleman, William *Pearce*, of *Graig's Green*, in the City and Liberty of *Wyncliffes*, Gentle-
 * man, and George *Barnes*, of *Andover*, in the County of *Hants*, Land Surveyor, and their Successors, to be
 * nominated or appointed in manner hereinafter mentioned, shall be and they are hereby appointed Commis-
 * sioners for dividing, allotting and settling all the Open Commonable Lands and Greenways within the said
 * Forest, except the Six hundred Acres herebefore mentioned and defined, and for carrying into Execution the
 * several other Purposes of this Act, in such manner as is hereinafter provided or mentioned, and with such
 * of the Powers, and Subject to such of the Rules, Orders, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions contained
 * in the said recited Act of the forty-fifth Year of the Kings of His present Majesty as are now varied, altered or
 * otherwise provided for by this Act; And that all Acts, Matters or Things authorized or necessary to be done
 * and executed by the said Commissioners for effecting the Purposes aforesaid, may be done and executed by any
 * Two of them, and the same shall be as valid and effectual as if such Acts, Matters and Things had been done
 * and executed by all the Commissioners herein nominated and appointed.

11. And be it further enacted, That in case the said William *Pearce*, or any Person to be nominated or
 * appointed a Commissioner in his Room or Stead by virtue of this Act, shall die, refuse to act, or become in-
 * capable of acting as such Commissioner in the Execution of the said recited Act in all the Acts, then, and in such
 * Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Lord Bishop of *Wyncliffes* for the time being, and the
 * Warden and Scholars Clerks of *Saint Mary College*, at *Wyncliffes*, within the said *Wyncliffes*, and their Successors for
 * the time being, by any Writing under their Common Seals, within One Month after such Death, Refusal or
 * Incapacity as aforesaid shall be made known to them, by Notice in Writing, signed by any of the said Com-
 * missioners, to be left at the usual Place of Abode of the said Lord Bishop and at the said College, to nominate
 * and appoint a proper Person (not intended in the said recited Division and Indenture) to be a Commissioner
 * in the Room or Stead of the said William *Pearce*, or of such other Person nominated or appointed in his
 * Room or Stead to die or refuse or become incapable to act as aforesaid, and in like time to come, as
 * often as any Commissioner to be nominated and appointed by the said Lord Bishop and the said Warden and
 * Scholars Clerks as aforesaid, shall die, refuse, neglect or become incapable to act as such Commissioner in the
 * Execution of the said recited Act and this Act; and in case the said Thomas *Banbridge*, or any Person to be
 * nominated and appointed a Commissioner in his Room or Stead, by virtue of this Act, shall die, refuse,

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neglect or become incapable to act in the Execution of this Act and of the said recited Act, then, and in every such Case, it shall as it may be lawful to and for the several Persons commonly called *Parish Owners*, interested in the Lands and Grounds to be divided, allotted and parcelled by virtue of this Act, or the major Part of them (other than and except the Lord Bishop of *Windsor* for the time being, and the said Warden and Scholars Clerks) who shall attend by themselves or by their Agents or Proxies at a Meeting to be holden for that Purpose at the *Golden Cross* in *Southwold* aforesaid, (of which Meeting Fourteen Days Notice at the least and of the Purpose thereof shall be given by Advertisement, signed with the Name or Names of any One or more of the said Commissioners, in the *Salisbury, Poynton and Windsor Journals*, (if then published, and if not, then in some other Newspapers printed or circulated in the said County of *Southampton*) to commence, elect, and appoint by any Instrument in Writing under their Hands or under the Hands of their Agents or Proxies, (save in and proper Person (not interested in the said Division and Inheritance) to be a Commissioner in the Room or Stead of the said Thomas *Sainsbury* or of such other Person nominated and appointed in his Room or Stead, so dying or refusing or becoming incapable to act as aforesaid, and so from time to time as often as any Commissioner to be nominated and appointed by the said Parish Owners shall die, refuse or become incapable to act as such Commissioner in the Execution of the said recited Act and this Act;) and in case the said *George Barrow*, or any Person to be nominated and appointed by virtue of this Act a Commissioner in his Room or Stead, shall die or refuse to act, or become incapable of acting in the Execution of this and the said recited Act, then, and in every such Case, the major Part in Value (such Value to be ascertained according to the Land Tax Assessment for that Year) of the Owners and Proprietors of Land and Hereditaments within the said several and respective Parishes and Places entitled to any Right of Common in, over or upon the said Commonable Lands and Grounds (other than and except the said Lord Bishop of *Windsor*, and the said Warden and Scholars Clerks, and their Successors and Persons commonly called *Parish Owners*, to whom other Powers of Nomination are herebefore given, and their respective Heirs, Successors and Assigns) who shall be present in Person, or by their respective Agents or Proxies duly authorized for such Purpose, at a Meeting to be holden for that Purpose, of which Meeting Fourteen Days Notice by Advertisement shall be given by any Five or more of such Owners and Proprietors in the *Salisbury, Poynton and Windsor* Newspapers, if then published, and if not, then in some other Newspapers circulated in the said County of *Southampton*, shall and they are hereby required to nominate and appoint, by any Writing under the Hands of the major Part in Value of them the said Owners and Proprietors and Agents or Proxies aforesaid, a proper Person or Persons (not interested in the said Division and Inheritance) to be a Commissioner in the Room or Stead of the said *George Barrow*, or of such other Person to be nominated and appointed in the Room or Stead of him so dying, or refusing to act or becoming incapable of acting as aforesaid, and so from time to time as often as any such Case or Cases shall happen; and every Commissioner so to be nominated and appointed shall, after taking and subscribing the Oath prescribed in that behalf, have the like Power and Authority, for carrying the said recited Act and this Act into Execution, and shall be subject and liable to the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions as if he had been originally nominated a Commissioner in and by this Act.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if the said Lord Bishop of *Windsor*, and the said Warden and Scholars Clerks for the time being, or the said Persons commonly called *Parish Owners*, or the said Proprietors of Lands and Hereditaments, either or any of them respectively, shall make Default in nominating and appointing any new Commissioner, to be nominated and appointed by him and them respectively as aforesaid, within the respective times for that Purpose limited and to ensue aforesaid, then, and in every such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the surviving or remaining Commissioners or Commissioners, and they and he are and is hereby required from time to time, by Writing under their Hands or his Hand, within One Month next after the Expiration of such respective Times to allow of for nominating and appointing such new and succeeding Commissioners as aforesaid, to nominate and appoint a proper Person (not interested in the said Division and Inheritance) to be a Commissioner in the Room or Stead of every such Commissioner so dying, refusing or becoming incapable to act as aforesaid, and every Commissioner so nominated and appointed shall, after taking and subscribing the Oath prescribed in that behalf, have the like Power and Authority for carrying the said recited Act and this Act into Execution, and shall be subject and liable to the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, as if he had been originally nominated a Commissioner in and by this Act.

IV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That if any of the said Commissioners hereby nominated, shall refuse or neglect to attend at the said Meeting appointed to be holden for carrying the said Act into Execution, and so duly qualify himself by taking and subscribing the Oath prescribed in that behalf, or any of the said Commissioners shall at any time after the said first Meeting wilfully absent himself from any Three following successive Meetings appointed to be holden by virtue of this Act, or having been absent from any two successive Meetings, shall not attend during the whole of the Third or next succeeding Meeting, such Meetings being known to him, either by his being present at the Appointment thereof or Notice thereof in Writing having been given to him or left at his last or usual Place of Abode by the Clerk or Clerks of the said Commissioners, and such Commissioners not being prevented by Sickness or other reasonable Cause, to be allowed by the other Commissioners, from attending or concurring at such Meetings; or if any Commissioner to be nominated and appointed as aforesaid by this Act directed shall not attend and qualify himself as a Commissioner in the Execution of this Act, at the said Meeting of the said Commissioners, or at the next Meeting or Appointment, or shall three times wilfully absent himself from Three following successive Meetings to be holden by virtue of this Act, or having been absent from Two successive Meetings, shall not attend during the whole of the Third or next succeeding Meeting, such Meetings being known to him, either by his being present at the Appointment thereof or Notice thereof in Writing having been given to him, or left at his last or usual Place of Abode by the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners, and such Commissioner not being prevented by Sickness

If Parish Owners, &c. neglect to appoint new Commissioners within the prescribed time, the said Commissioners of such Parish Appointment.

Commissioners neglecting to attend Meetings appointed to be holden at the said Meetings.

Such as, or other reasonable Cause, to be allowed by the other Commissioners, from attending or assisting at such Meetings; then and in every of such Cases such Absence or Non-attendance shall be deemed and taken to be a Refusal to act within the Intent and Meaning of this Act.

A Surveyor or Surveyors to be appointed.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful so and for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and required, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, by Writing under their Hands and Seals, to nominate and appoint *one or more* fit and proper Person or Persons (not interested in the said intended Division and Inclosure) to be a Surveyor or Surveyors for the Purpose of viewing, surveying and measuring the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds, and such Surveyor or Surveyors is and are hereby accordingly authorized and directed, as soon as conveniently may be after such Nomination and Appointment, to view, survey and measure the Boundings and Encroachments whatsoever made in and upon the same, and to describe and lay down the same by way of Map or Plan, wherein or in a Book of Reference to be annexed thereto shall be set forth the Number of Acres and Several Parts of an Acre of the said Parcels or Open Commonable Lands and Grounds, and the several Boundings and Encroachments made thereon, and of what such Encroachments respectively consist, and the Names of the several Persons holding and enjoying the same; and that when and so soon as the said Surveyor or Surveyors shall have finished and completed the said Survey, Map or Plan, he or they shall by Notice in Writing under his or their Hand or Hands signify the said Commissioners thereof, and appoint a time and Place for a Meeting with them, of which fourteen Days previous Notice at the least shall be given unto each of the said Commissioners, at which Meeting the said Surveyor or Surveyors shall deliver unto the said Commissioners present at such Meeting his or their Survey and Plan and Book of Reference, and shall subscribe the same with his or their Name or Names in the Presence of the said Commissioners, who shall attest the same; and the said Surveyors shall take and subscribe the following Oath; that is to say,

Survey to be delivered to the Commissioners and to be sealed on Oath.

Oath.

" I, *A. B.* do swear, That by virtue and in pursuance of an Act of Parliament made in the Fiftieth Year of the Kings of King George the Third, intituled, " *An Act for dividing the Fens of South Warwickshire* " I have taken a true and exact Admeasurement and Survey of Part of the Open Commonable Lands and Grounds directed by the said Act to be measured, and of all the Boundings and Encroachments whatsoever made in and upon the same, to the best of my Judgment and Ability; and that the said Survey, Map or Plan, and Book of Reference, wherewith I have now set my Hand, are and do contain a just and true Description, Survey and Admeasurement and Account of each Part of the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds, and of all the Boundings and Encroachments in and upon the same, with the Names of the several Persons holding and enjoying the same respectively, and that the same were made and taken by me according to the best of my Knowledge, Information and Belief, and the true Intent and Meaning of the said Act, without Favour, Affection or Partiality, to any Person or Persons; And I do further swear, that I will faithfully, impartially and honestly, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute the several other Trusts reposed in me as a Surveyor by virtue of the said Act, without Favour or Affection, Prejudice or Partiality, to any Person or Persons whatsoever. So help me GOD."

Which Oath it shall and may be lawful to and for any One or more of the said Commissioners to administer; and the said Oath when so taken shall be written on Parchment, and subscribed by the said Surveyor and duly attested by the said Commissioners under their Hands, and shall be enrolled with the Award to be made by the said Commissioners.

The said Surveyors to be sworn in Oath.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case the said Surveyors to be appointed as aforesaid or either of them, or any other Surveyor or Surveyors to be appointed as hereafter mentioned, shall die or refuse or neglect to act or become incapable of acting in the Execution of the said recited Act and this Act, then, and in every such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, by Writing under their Hands and Seals, to nominate and appoint *one or more* fit and proper Person (not interested in the said Division and Inclosure) to be a Surveyor in the Room or Stead of every Surveyor by dying, refusing or neglecting to act or becoming incapable of acting in the Execution of the said recited Act and this Act; and every Surveyor so nominated and appointed shall have the like Powers and Authority, and shall be subject and liable to the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions as if he had been originally appointed a Surveyor by virtue of this Act.

Surveyors to make Plans, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted, That as soon as conveniently may be the said Surveyors shall proceed to make an accurate Survey and Plan as well of all Messuages, Cottages and Sites thereof as of all Lands and Grounds in whatsoever Manors, Parishes, Townships, Hamlets or Villages the same are situate, in respect wherof the Owners or Occupiers of the same respectively are entitled to a Right of Commonage upon the Open Commonable Lands and Grounds to be inclosed by virtue of this Act or any Part thereof (Give and except such Lands and Grounds as have been already surveyed and are hereafter directed not to be again surveyed or planned) and shall enquire and find out and in and by the Survey and Plan thereof, and in a Book of Reference to the same, set forth a true and exact Account of all and singular the Pieces so surveyed, and the Quantity and Contents of each several Field, Inclosure, and Parcel of Land thereof, with the Names of all and every the Owners and Occupiers thereof, respectively, thereby distinguishing each of the Parcels as one of Freehold Tenure from such as are of Copyhold or Customary or Leasehold Tenure, and of what particular Manors or Lordships or Persons the said Copyhold or Customary or Leasehold Tenements are lawfully and respectively holden.

Provision for partitioning of several Surveys, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons being in his, her or their Capacity or Possession any actual Surveys, Maps or Plans of any of the Lands called *Parishes*, or of

of any of the Lands or Grounds in respect whereof the Owners or Occupiers of the same are entitled to Rights of Common, to Proceed and Survey such Surveys, Maps and Plans to the said Commissioners at such time or times as they shall appoint for that Purpose; and the said Commissioners thereupon shall require on the Oath, as well of the Parties or Persons producing and delivering such Surveys, Maps and Plans respectively as of such other Parties or Persons as they shall think fit, (which Oath the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to administer) into the Authenticity and Accuracy of every of such Survey, Map and Plan; and in all Cases where the said Commissioners shall be satisfied that such Surveys, Maps and Plans are accurate and have been accurately made, and well suited to the Purpose of a new Survey (but not otherwise) they the said Commissioners shall deliver the same over in the said Surveys, with Directions to inform and copy the same into the Surveys of the Lands called *Pardons*, or of the Lands the Owners or Occupiers whereof are entitled to any Right of Common, instead of making a new Admeasurement and Plan of the Lands and Grounds so comprised and defined in the Maps and Plans aforesaid; and that the said Commissioners shall allow, pay and satisfy for such approved Surveys, to the Parties or Persons to whom the same shall belong, such Fees and wages of Money as the said Commissioners shall think proper, out of the Monies to be raised by them for the Purposes of this Act.

already only
to be allowed
for same.

X. And be it further enacted, That out of the Money which shall be raised for defraying the Expenses of obtaining, passing and executing this Act, the said Commissioners and Clerks to the said Commissions who shall act in the Execution of the Trusts and Powers of this Act, shall be paid the Sum of Three Guineas each, for each Day he or they shall be attending in and about the Execution thereof, and in travelling to and from the Meetings necessary for that Purpose, the same to include and be in satisfaction of all Costs and Expenses in travelling and otherwise, which he or they shall be put to in executing the same; and that the Surveyors shall be paid and allowed for their Pains and Trouble such Sum or Sums of Money as the Commissioners shall think just and reasonable; and that every Proprietor, Attorney and Agent who shall attend the said Commissioners at any of their Meetings to be held in pursuance of this or the said recited Act, shall pay his own Expenses at all such Meetings, and as such Costs as the Objection or Apposition of the Proprietors of any Act, Matter or Thing to be done or proposed to be done in pursuance of the said recited Act and this Act, is directed to be made and trifled at any Meeting or Meetings, it shall be lawful for the Proprietors to attend such Meetings or Meetings by their respective Agents or Proxies, whose Acts or Votes shall be as effectual as if such Proprietors were present in Person.

Compensation to
said Commissioners,
Clerks, and Sur-
veyors.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the First Meeting of the said Commissioners for putting this Act into Execution shall be held at the House known by the Sign of the *Golden Lyne* at Southwold aforesaid, on the Second Day of July next, or as soon after as Circumstances will admit; and that the said Commissioners shall cause Notice in Writing to be affixed upon each of the principal outer Doors of the several Churches or Churches of *Stretton, Hambleton, Catlingworth, Broadwath, Southwold, Kettlethorpe, Parfitts, Church of Parfitts, Farlington, Wymington, Wyllye, Southwold, West Berinton, Parfitts, Bury and Northam*, and also a like Notice by Advertisement to be inserted in the *Southey, Parfitts and Wingham Journals*, if then published, and if not, then in some other Newspapers usually circulated in the said County, at the Time and Place of their first and every future Meeting (Meetings by Adjournment only excepted) for the Execution of the Powers hereby and by the said recited Act vested in them, Eight Days at least before the time appointed for such respective Meetings; and in case only One of the said Commissioners shall meet at the Time and Place appointed for any Meeting or to which any Meeting shall be adjourned, it shall be lawful for such Commissioner, and so and for the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners, in case some of the said Commissioners shall attend, to adjourn the said Meeting to be holden on any future Day, not exceeding Twenty one Days from the Day of Adjournment, at the same or some other convenient Place within Eight Miles of the said Parish, and the Commissioners or Clerk or Clerks making such Adjournment is and are hereby required to give timely Notice thereof to the absent Commissioners.

Meetings and
Notice thereof.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all other Publick Notices requisite or necessary to be given by the said Commissioners shall be given by Advertisement to be inserted in the said *Southey, Parfitts and Wingham Journals*, if then published, and if not, then in some other Newspapers usually circulated in the said County of Southwold.

Other Notices
how to be given.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if the said Commissioners shall deem it expedient or proper to fix the Boundary Lines between the Lands and Grounds by this Act directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, in the said respective Parishes, Townships, Hamlets or Places, and any Parish or Parishes adjoining thereto, or to make the same Boundary Lines regular, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners (with the Consent in Writing under the Hand or Hands of the Lord or Lords of the Manor or Manors in which the Land is situate, and of the Owner or Owners of the said Land upon which any Fence or Fences shall or may be intended to be made) to set out the Boundary or Boundaries between the Lands by this Act directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, and any adjoining Parish or Parishes, in such manner as they shall think proper for the Purposes aforesaid; and either such Boundary or Boundaries shall be so set out as aforesaid, the Line shall be marked by such Parties or Persons in such manner and at such Times or Times as the said Commissioners in and by their Award shall order and direct, and the same shall lay over themselves in and between such Lord or Lords of Manors and Owner or Owners of Lands, to be divided and taken to be the Boundary or Boundaries between the said respective Parishes, Townships, Hamlets or Places, and each adjoining Parish or Parishes, say Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary thereof in any writ notwithstanding.

For drawing
Boundary
Lines.

XIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all Parties having or claiming any Estate or Interest in or upon the Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, shall by themselves or their

Claim of Rights
to be produced.

Agents deliver the respective Claims in Writing to the said Commissioners, at a Meeting to be holden for that Purpose, in manner directed by the said second Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, of which Meeting Twenty one Days Notice in Writing under the Hands of the said Commissioners, expressing the Purpose of such Meeting, shall be given in the Manner hereinafter directed.

Power for Com-
missioners to take
depositions

XIV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Dispute or Difference shall arise between any of the Parties involved or claiming to be benefited in the said intended Division and Inclosure, touching or concerning the respective Rights and Interests which any of them shall have or claim to have in the same, or touching or concerning any other Matter or Thing relating to the said Division and Inclosure, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and empowered in executive, sole, hear and determine the same respectively: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall authorize the said Commissioners to determine the Title to any Messuages, Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments whatsoever, but they shall assign and set out the several Allotments directed to be made unto the Person or Persons bearing the said Title or Possession of the Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in right or respect whereof such Allotment shall be made.

Commissioners
not to determine
Title to Estates.

Power to settle
Cohs relative to
disputed Titles
or Objections.

XV. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Commissioners shall, upon the Hearing and Determination of any Class or Classes, Objections or Objections be delivered to them in pursuance of this or of the said second Act, see made to award any Cosh, then, and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners and they are hereby empowered, upon Application made to them for that Purpose, to settle, assign and award such Cosh and Charge, which they shall think reasonable, to be paid either to the publick Account for or towards the Expence sustained in or relating to the investigation, settling and determining of such Class or Classes if finally disallowed, or to the Party or Parties in whose Favour any Determination of the said Commissioners shall be made, by the Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, whose Claim or Claims, Objections or Objections shall be thereby disallowed or over-ruled; and in case the Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, who shall be liable to pay such Cosh and Charges, shall neglect or refuse to pay the same on Demand, then, and in every such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and required by Warrant under their Hands directed to any Person whatsoever, to cause such Cosh and Charges to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, or by selling or refusing to pay the same, ordering the Overseer (if any) upon Demand to the Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, whose Goods and Chattels shall have been so distressed and sold, also detaching the Cosh and Charges amounting to such Distress and Sale.

Parties may
take Right by
as well as Law.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, interested or claiming to be interested in the said intended Division and Allotments, shall be dissatisfied with any Determination of the said Commissioners touching or concerning any Class or Classes of the Right to the Soil of the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds or any Part or Parts thereof, or of any Rights of Common or other Rights or Interests whatsoever, as well as upon the Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted, or inclosed, or any Part or Parts thereof, then, and in every such Case, it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate so dissatisfied, to proceed to a Trial at Law of the Matter so determined by the said Commissioners at the next next Assize, or at the Assize following the next to be holden for the said County of Southampton; and for that Purpose the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, who shall be so dissatisfied with the Determination of the said Commissioners, shall cause an Action to be brought upon a signed Issue against the Person or Persons in whose Favour such Determination shall have been made, or against the said Commissioners, if the Subject of their Determination shall be of such a Nature as will affect the Person in general interested in the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds, or within Three Calendar Months next after such Determination or Order of the said Commissioners shall be made; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Actions shall and he, she or they or they or they are hereby required to cause an Attorney or Attorneys, who shall appear thereto, or his Solicitor Barr, and accept One or more Issue or Issues whereby such Class or Classes and the Right or Rights thereby intended to be tried and determined, such Issue or Issues to be framed by the proper Officer of the Court in which the said Action or Actions shall be commenced, in case the Parties shall differ about the same; and the Verdict or Verdicts which shall be given in such Action or Actions shall be binding, final and conclusive upon all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, Body and Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, which the Court whereof such Action or Actions shall be brought shall by writs of Vendit or Verdicts, and under a new Trial to be had thereon, which it shall be lawful for the Court to do as in usual manner Cases; and after such Verdict or Verdicts shall be obtained, and not set aside by the Court, the said Commissioners shall, and they are hereby required to do in conformity thereto, and to allow or disallow the Class or Classes the Jury determine of according to the Event of such Trial or Trials in which the said Commissioners shall be Defendants; the Cosh and Charges payable by the said Commissioners in such Action or Actions shall be paid & discharged out of the Monies to be raised by them for the Purpose of this Act.

On Determination
of Classes
to be
paid.

XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Determinations of the said Commissioners touching such Class or Classes of Right to the Soil of the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds, or of any Rights of Common, or other Rights or Interests in, over, or upon the Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted, or inclosed, or any Part thereof, shall, (if such Determination shall not be objected to, or being objected to, such Action or Actions at Law shall not be brought and proceeded in within the Time and in Manner herein for that Purpose mentioned) be final and conclusive upon all and every Person and Persons, Body and Bodies Politick, Corporate and Collegiate.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons in whose Favour any such Determination as aforesaid shall have been made, and against whom any Action or Actions might have been brought if living, shall die before any such Action or Actions shall have been brought and before the Expiration of the time heretofore limited for bringing such Action or Actions, it shall be lawful for the Petitioner or Petitioners, Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, who might have brought such Action or Actions against the Person or Persons so dying, to bring the same within the time so limited as aforesaid, against such Person or Persons as if actually living, and to leave the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners with Process for commencing such Action or Actions, in the same manner as the Party or Parties might have been served therewith if living; and it shall then upon be incumbent on the Heir or Heirs, or other Person or Persons who shall claim the Benefit of such Determination as aforesaid, to appear and defend such Action or Actions in the Name or Names of the Person or Persons so dead, and Proceedings shall be had therein in the same manner as if such Person or Persons had been actually living; and the Rights of all Parties shall be equally saved and secured by the Event of such Action or Actions.

XIX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to enable the said Commissioners to determine any Right between any Parties contrary to the Provisions of any of such Parties (except in Cases of Encroachment); but in such the said Commissioners shall be of Opinion against the Right of the Person or Persons to be Possessor, they shall further to make any Determination thereupon and the Possession shall have been given up by or recovered from such Person or Persons by Ejectment or other due Course of Law.

XX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no such Difference, Dispute or Proceeding, touching the Title to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall suspend or delay the said Commissioners in the Execution of this Act, but the Division or Issue there by decided to be made, shall be proceeded in notwithstanding any such Difference, Suit or Proceeding; and the said Commissioners shall, by proper Merits and Rewards, fit out the Lands and Grounds which shall be allotted in lieu of such Integreted Property, to such the same may be distinguished from any other Lands and Grounds, and may be had and taken by the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, who upon the Determination of such Difference or Suit shall be entitled to the same.

XXI. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend to provide the said Commissioners from appraising and determining the Quantity and Value of the Land, in which whosoever any Person or Persons shall be allowed to have a Right of Common upon the said Open and Commonable Lands and Grounds hereby decided to be divided, allotted or inclosed, or any Part thereof, but the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized to appraise and determine the Quantity and Value of all and every such Lands respectively, and also and estimate the same as to them shall seem just and reasonable, according to the real Value thereof for the Purposes of the said Act, without regard to any artificial or extraordinary Value arising from local, temporary or other peculiar Advantages; and such their Judgment and Determination shall be binding and conclusive upon all Parties whomsoever: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall extend to authorize the said Commissioners or any of them to consider any ancient Messuages or Buildings, or Scote thereof, in respect of which any Right of Common shall be allowed, at any more or greater Value than any other ancient Messuage or Building, or Scote thereof, but the said Commissioners shall rate and estimate all ancient Messuages and Buildings and Scotes thereof at an equal Value one with another, and at such Value as they shall think most expedient.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, shall consider himself, herself or themselves prejudiced or aggrieved by the Determination of the said Commissioners, respecting the Limits or Boundaries of any Parish, Manor, Township, Hamlet, District or Place upon the said Open and Commonable Lands and Grounds hereby decided to be divided, allotted and inclosed, or of any Parish, Manor, Township, Hamlet, District or Place adjoining thereto, at the time first to be set out and advertised by the said Commissioners, pursuant to the said recited Act of the Fifth last Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and shall by Writing under the Seal, but not by Words or Hand give Notice to the said Commissioners, within One Calendar Month next after such Determination, of his, her or their Desire to have the same determined by an Issue at Law, instead of an Appeal to the Quarter Sessions, under the Provisions of the last recited Act, then, and in such Case, it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, so dissatisfied with such Determination, to sue the same determined by Trial at Law under the Provisions of this Act in case of any disputed Right or Claim.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall dig, cut or take away any of the Turf, Bones, Underwood or Soil of the Lands or Grounds to be divided by virtue of this Act, for any Use or Purpose whatsoever, or under any Right, Privilege or Claim or Pretence of Right, Privilege or Claim whatsoever (unless that and except the said Person called Parties Owners, or Owners of a Right thereto, for the Purpose of digging or carrying for, and carrying away any Gravel or Stone for the Repair of Roads) then, and in every such Case, as soon as made before the said Commissioners at Court, which Court the said Commissioners are hereby empowered to determine, the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required by Warrant under their Hand and Seal, directed to any Person or Persons whomsoever, to cause the Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Five Pounds, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chances of the Person or Persons so dig, cut or take away the same, touching the Quantity of any so dig, cut or take away the Person or Persons whose Goods and Chances shall be so distressed and sold, after deducting the Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale; and the Money so to be levied as aforesaid shall be applied to and made the Payment of the Costs, Charges and Expenses of obtaining and executing this Act.

Parties have
and with
County, Town,
or Village, and
from a Right
of Common.

XXIV. And he is further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, being One or more of any Manors, Messuages, tenements or Houses thereof, Lands or Tenements, in whatsoever Manors, Parishes, Townships, Hamlets, Villages or Places in these our Kingdoms, the Cities or Corporations abovesaid for the time being, here for Twenty Years last past had and actually enjoyed any Right or Rights of Common, upon the said Open and Commonable Lands and Grounds to be divided, allotted and inclosed, by virtue of this Act, or any Part or Part thereof respectively, for or in respect of such Manors, Messuages, tenements, Lands or Tenements respectively; have and except any Right of Common by Virtue of this Act to be divided and taken to have in respect of such their Lands, a Right of Common upon the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds, and the Part or Parts thereof on which such Usage shall be observed, without showing any other Title than such Usage, and be entitled to have an Allowance or Allowances of the same respectively, in the same Proportion as other Persons entitled to Common through any manner that be entitled unto, regard being had to the particular yearly Value of their respective Estates, in respect whereof they have enjoyed or are entitled to such Right of Common; Provided nevertheless, that the Parties last aforesaid, or any of them, shall not set any rate or toll any Pastures, Haystacks, Places or Places having or claiming Rights of Common on the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds or on any Part or Part thereof, other than such as shall therein under such Provisions, if they shall be able to support and Claim independent of such Usage, nor in case the same shall happen to be objected to or contested.

Encroachments
on Inclosures.

XXV. And he is further enacted, That all Inclosures or Encroachments made on the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds, (except His Majesty's said Lands) within the respective Manors or Places in which the same are situate, and which have been made within the Space of Thirty Years now last past, and for which no Licence, Consent or Grant shall have been obtained from the Lord or Lords of such respective Manors, or Persons called Pasture Owners or Pasture Owners, shall be deemed and continued Part and Parcel of the Lands and Grounds to be allotted or inclosed by virtue of this Act, as if the same were actually lying open and uninclosed.

Paths to towns
and City Streets.

XXVI. And he is further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and may from time to time and from year to year cause or order to be turned or altered and kept up, any ancient Carriage Road or Way, High or Ways, or any ancient Footway or Path, Footways or Paths, or, through, upon or near any of the said Old Inclosures within the said Parishes, Townships, Hamlets or Places, where they shall judge it requisite or expedient, giving each Year Notice of a Day to be appointed by them to receive Objections as in the said second Part of the Fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, is directed and required in the Case of setting out the Roads and Ways therein mentioned, and ordering the Directions of the said second Part of the said Statute in that Behalf to be observed and Order of Two Justices of the Peace previous thereto, and subject to an Appeal to the Quarter Sessions as in the said second Act is mentioned.

Allowance for
Rights of Burth.

XXVII. And he is further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required, as soon as conveniently may be after setting out publick Roads and Highways as by the said second Act of the Fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty is directed, to fix out and allow unto and for the Surveyors of the Highways of the several Parishes, Townships, Hamlets or Places within which the said Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed respectively be, in each and such Part and Part of the said Lands and Grounds to be divided, allotted and inclosed, and in such Places as the said Commissioners shall think proper, their due and except His Majesty's said Lands and the said Inclosed Areas hereafter directed to be sold or sold or sold to the King's Majesty, and to the said Justice or Justices in Compensation of any Rights as Wardens of the said Forests, or other Sites, Ground or other Materials for the Repairs from time to time for ever of the publick and private Roads and Highways within such respective Parishes, Townships, Hamlets and Villages, and the Cuts and Highways arising therefrom shall be valued as such Part or the said Commissioners shall think proper.

Inclosures on
the Sea Coast
shall be
within

XXVIII. And he is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful so and for the said Commissioners and they are hereby empowered to do, order and award all Sites on of Water, Signs and Water-courses, within the said Lands and Grounds to be divided, allotted and inclosed as aforesaid to be divided and continued as such Common and then to be divided, allotted and inclosed, and the said Lands and Grounds to be divided, allotted and inclosed, as they are in the Division of the said Commons and proceed for the Purpose aforesaid, Provided always, that no such Sign of Water, Spring or Water-course, shall be altered or turned without the Consent of the Baron or Persons from whom such Lands or Grounds shall be so altered or turned.

Inclosures on
the Sea Coast
shall be
within

XXIX. And he is further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and may from time to time and from year to year cause or order to be turned or altered and kept up, any ancient Carriage Road or Way, High or Ways, or any ancient Footway or Path, Footways or Paths, or, through, upon or near any of the said Old Inclosures within the said Parishes, Townships, Hamlets or Places, where they shall judge it requisite or expedient, giving each Year Notice of a Day to be appointed by them to receive Objections as in the said second Part of the Fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, is directed and required in the Case of setting out the Roads and Ways therein mentioned, and ordering the Directions of the said second Part of the said Statute in that Behalf to be observed and Order of Two Justices of the Peace previous thereto, and subject to an Appeal to the Quarter Sessions as in the said second Act is mentioned.

and to cause these to be executed as they shall think necessary, so full by such Sale by Auction, in the manner and subject to the Conditions and Regulations mentioned and prescribed in and by the said recited Act unto any Person or Persons such Part or Parts of the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, as they shall think and deem sufficient for the Purposes aforesaid, and the Parcels Money of the said Lands to be sold as aforesaid shall be paid into the Hands of the said Commissioners, and the Receipt or Receipts of the said Commissioners for such Parcels Money, shall be a sufficient Discharge to the Purchaser or Purchasers for the same; and immediately after such Receipt or Receipts shall be given to such Purchaser or Purchasers, the Abatement, Dues or Fees of Land so purchased by him, her or them, shall by virtue of this Act become void in him, her or them, and his, her and their respective Heirs and Assigns, in absolute Fee Simple, and shall be voided and sold in Severalty, by the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof respectively as his, her or their private and absolute Property, and shall be effected accordingly by the said Commissioners, and the said Parcels Money shall be applied in defraying such Charges and Expenses as aforesaid.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That in case such Part or Parts of the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be sold as herebefore is aforesaid, shall be sold for more Money than will be required to defray such Costs, Charges and Expenses as aforesaid, then, and in such Case, such Surplus Money shall be divided and apportioned, between the several Publick Owners, and other Persons interested in the Lands and Grounds her by fore sold to be divided, allotted and inclosed, (except the Surveyors of the Highways, in respect of their Allowance as Surveyors as aforesaid) in such Shares as shall be in proportion to such their respective Property, Rights and Interests; and the relative Shares of each of them as shall be Tenants in Fee Simple of their respective Allowances shall be paid to them respectively; and the Share of each other Proprietor or Person of and in such Surplus Money shall be applied and disposed of in manner directed by the said recited Act of the Tenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in case any Money is to be paid for the Purchase or Exchange of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or of any Timber or Wood growing thereon, and which Money ought to be laid out in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be added to the same Uses.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall advance any Sum or Sums of Money for defraying the Expenses of obtaining and passing this Act, or of carrying the same into Execution, every to a Person shall be repaid the same, with Interest after the Rate of Five Penns per Centum per Annum, out of the First Moneys that shall be raised or received by the said Commissioners by virtue of this Act for defraying such Expenses.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case any of the Persons interested in the said intended to be divided and inclosed, shall be desirous of having the whole of their respective Shares and Allowances of the said intended to be divided Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, set out and allotted to them without any Assentment for or in respect of the Sales herebefore directed for the Purposes aforesaid, and shall by themselves, or by their Agents, or by their Attorneys in Writing to the said Commissioners at the time of defraying in their respective Clauses as herebefore directed, or within such time afterwards as shall be limited as is mentioned by the said Commissioners, then, and in every such Case, the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required to set out and allot to such Person respectively, all such Shares and Proportions of the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds as they would have been lawfully entitled to be sold by virtue of this Act, in case no Provision had been hereby made for Sale of any Part of the same Lands or Grounds, and without any Deduction or Abatement whatsoever as that Assentment, and to adjust and settle what Sum and Sums of Money ought to be borne and paid by such several Persons, their Heirs or Assigns, for or in respect of their several and respective proportionable Charges and Expenses of carrying this Act into Execution; the time to be paid and recovered in such and the same manner and under such and the same Powers and Authorities as herebefore provided in respect to any Delinquency in the Matters to arise by Sale as aforesaid: Provided nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall give to the said Commissioners any Power to charge such Person interested as aforesaid, with any Part of the Expenses attending or occasioned by the Sales herebefore directed.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Moneys to be raised by such Sale as aforesaid shall not be sufficient to pay and defray all the Costs, Charges and Expenses as aforesaid, then the Deficiency shall be borne and paid by the several Persons respectively called Parties Owners, or Persons interested in the said intended Divisions and Inclosures, (except the Lord Bishop of Winchester and the said Wardens and Officers, Clerks of *St. Mary College of Winchester* near Winchester, and their respective Successors, and also except the Surveyors of Highways in respect of the Allowances hereby directed to be made to them as Surveyors) in such Parts, Shares and Proportions, and shall be paid to such Person or Persons, and in such time and manner as the said Commissioners shall in and by their said Award, or by any other Writing or Writings, under their Hands, Seals and Approvals, or after the Execution of their said Award, make, do and appoint, according to the Value of their respective Allowances in the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds; and the said Commissioners are hereby authorized and required from time to time and as often as they shall deem it necessary and proper, either before or after the Execution of their said Award, to make the Auction of the said Divisions, by a Rate or Rates accordingly; and in case any such Person called Parties Owner or Owners, or other Person or Persons interested as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to pay his, her or their Share, Part or Proportions of such Costs, Charges and Expenses, according to such Order, Division and Appointment as aforesaid, then, and in such Case, the same shall and may be levied and recovered in manner directed by the said recited Act.

Surplus Money to be divided among the several Publick Owners, and other Persons interested in the Lands and Grounds her by fore sold to be divided, allotted and inclosed.

Money advanced for carrying this Act into Execution, to be repaid with Interest.

Persons desirous of having the whole of their respective Shares and Allowances of the said intended to be divided Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, set out and allotted to them without any Assentment for or in respect of the Sales herebefore directed for the Purposes aforesaid.

Surplus Money to be divided among the several Persons interested in the said intended Divisions and Inclosures.

Ways, Harbours or Places respectively; but that such Great and Small Tithes shall be paid and payable in all times hereafter in such and the same manner as they would have been in case this Act had not been made.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That immediately after all the Allotments to be made in pursuance of this Act shall by Order of the said Commissioners be marked or staked out, all the several Sites or Allotments to be let out as aforesaid shall be sold by Auction and taken to be sold in full Compensation, Satisfaction and Discharge of all Rights of Common whatsoever which the said Parson Owners and other the Proprietors or any of them could or might have had or been entitled to, in, over and upon the said Farms and other the said Commonable Lands and Grounds, or any Part or Parts thereof respectively; and from that time all Right of Common whatsoever is or upon the said Farms and Open Commonable Lands and Grounds, shall cease and be forever extinguished, abolished and extinguished: Provided nevertheless, that it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners at any time before the Execution of their said Award, by Notice in Writing under their Hands to be affixed upon the principal Doors of the several Churches or Chapels in each Parish, Township, Hamlet or Place entitled to Right of Common upon the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds, to order a third part all or any Part of the Rights of Common in or over the said Open and Commonable Lands and Grounds, or any Part or Parts thereof, to be extinguished, or the Diverted thereof respectively, in and during such time or times as shall be expressed in such Writing; and all such Rights of Common as the said Commissioners shall by such Writing order and death to be extinguished, or Exercise thereof to be lawfully as aforesaid, shall from the time mentioned in such Writing cease, determine and be extinguished; to the Exercise thereof shall be referred accordingly; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That if any of the several Owners of several Messuages, Cottages, Shops or Households, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall be desirous that their respective Shares in the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds to be divided, should be divided in or of itself, in respect of their Common Rights belonging to such Messuages, Cottages, Shops or Households, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, should be allotted together in one or more Parcel or Parcels, they shall express in Writing their Desire as aforesaid to the said Commissioners, at such time as the said Commissioners shall meet and appear, then, and in such Case, the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required to let out the several Parcels of Land to be allotted to such intended Parties in One Allotment, as if the same were to be sold and enjoyed by the several Proprietors thereof in such manner and under such Regulations as the said Commissioners shall in that behalf direct and appoint in their said Award.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That when and in case as the said Commissioners shall have ascertained the respective Rights of the Parties interested in the said intended Inclosure, and after the respective Sites and Portions by them proposed to be allotted to each Parties respectively in her several Shares, the said Commissioners shall give Notice in writing aforesaid of the Day or Days, and Place where all Parties interested may peruse a Schedule of such intended Allotments, and sign the Map or Plan of the same, which shall be delineated, and may have and receive a Copy of such Schedule in or in the same manner as aforesaid, respectively; and as soon as the Parties interested in the said Schedule, and respectively of the same, shall be informed with their intended Allotments, the said Commissioners shall in pursuance of the said Statute, to be held by them for hearing Complaints and Objections against such intended Allotments, and for hearing and determining all such Objections, and their Determinations in the Premises, as to Quantity and Situation, shall be binding, final and conclusive upon all Parties.

XLVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any of the Parties called Parson Owners, or other Parties interested in the said Division and Inclosure, hath sold or shall at any time hereafter, and before the Execution of the said Award, sell his, her or their Right, Interest or Property in, over and upon the said Commonable Land and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and sold, or any Part thereof, to any other Person or Persons, then it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and required, on Application made to them for that Purpose by Writing under the Hands of the contracting Parties, to make an Abstrait of the Vendor or Purchaser in such Sale, or to his or her Heirs or Assigns, for or in respect of such Right, Interest and Property sold; and every such Vendor or Purchaser, and he and her Heirs and Assigns, shall and may, after the Completion of such Sale, hold the Land and Ground so to be allotted to him, her or them as aforesaid, in the same manner, pertinent to the Terms of such Sale, in all Intents and Purposes as the Vendor in every such Sale might, could or might to have held and enjoyed the same in and to the said Sale had not been made, or such Right, Interest or Property had been sold as such Vendor at the time of making such Sale as aforesaid.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, on behalf of His Majesty, to agree with and to purchase from any of the other Parties called Parson Owners, or any other Person or Persons who shall be entitled to any Allotments of Land under this Act, all or any Part of their respective Lands, or the aforesaid Allotments to be made in them under this Act, for the Use of the same to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors in his and their Right as of Fee; such Lands to purchase to be enclosed and appropriated, in the same manner as His Majesty's Lands and Allotments under this Act, to the Growth and Improvement of Trade.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That the several Overseers or Ring Wardens of the several Parishes or Parcels of Land to be allotted to the Lord Bishop of Winchester, and to the said Wardens and Scholars Clerks of Sahar Mary College of Winchester near Winchester, and their respective Successors, and to the several Rectors and Vicars or other Ministers of the said several Parishes, having Rights of Common in respect of their several Glebe Lands and their Successors, shall be properly planted with good Quicksets and guarded on each Side

After Allotments
made by Order of
the Commissioners
shall be

Rights of Com-
mon may be
extinguished or
restricted
before the Execu-
tion of the
Award.

Common of Com-
monable Rights may
have their Abstrait
perused and signed.

Allotments to be
made and in a
Plan, as is directed
in Propositions.

Sale of Mes-
suages, Lands or
Estate of
Agriculture.

Every of Com-
monable Rights may
be purchased or
acquired by the
said Lands.

Allotments to be
made.

with a double Row of Oak, Ash or Elm Posts and Rails, and a sufficient Ditch on each Side shall be made in such manner as the said Commissioners shall direct and appoint, without any Deduction or Deductions from such Allowance or Expenses, to be made to the said several Parties entitled thereto, their respective Successors or Assigns, or any of them, on account of such Expenses; and all such Fences, or such Part or Parts thereof as the said Commissioners shall direct, shall for ever after the making thereof be kept in Repair by the Parties or Parties, who for the time being shall be entitled to such Allowance or Allowances; and all Fences in particular directed to be made, for dividing and including the Royal and the said Open and Commonable Lands and Grounds shall be made, and in all cases for ever thereafter repaired and maintained by and at the Expense of the Person or Persons, in such Parts and Proportions, and within such time and in such manner as the said Commissioners shall direct and appoint.

L. And be it further enacted and declared, That His Majesty's Right of Forest, whosoever and over the said Forest of Sand otherwise And otherwise, &c. shall remain and continue vested in His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and that all the Laws and Statutes in that behalf made in Force for the Protection of Deer, and for punishing Persons guilty of any Offences in Breach of such Laws, shall remain and continue in Force and Effect for the Protection of His Majesty's Deer within the Regard of the said Forest, and for the Punishment of Offences therein, until such time as the said Commissioners shall appoint; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in any former Statute notwithstanding: Provided always, that in case any Allowance or Allowances of the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds be to be allotted, divided and included as aforesaid, shall be actually made and completed before the Fifth Day of June in the Year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, then, and in every such Case, it shall be lawful for the Owner of any Allowance to him and his any Deer within such Allowance, without being subject to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture; for so doing.

LI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, all Right of Soil and Right of Ditch, and all other Perchial Right and Privilege whatsoever of the King's Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and his or their Ladies or Ladies, and of all other Persons whatsoever, upon a Ditch over the said Forest of Sand otherwise And otherwise, &c. or the Regard thereof, shall quite determine and be for ever extinguished; and the whole of the said Forest shall be distributed to all Tenants and Proprietors whatsoever.

LII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required to relax all Timber of every Description whatsoever, and all Underwood, Bashes, Hollies and Thorns, Hazards and Standish, which shall be standing or growing upon the said Six hundred Acres which shall be so awarded to the King's Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the said Thomas Threlkelds, his Heirs and Assigns respectively as aforesaid, and also upon all the other Parts of the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds to be so divided, allotted and included as aforesaid, except His Majesty's said Lands which shall be taken from the present or former Owners thereof and transferred to or allotted to any other Person or Persons at the time of such allotting and dividing as aforesaid; and to stand under their Heirs, who Son or Sons of Heirs shall be paid, and by whom, to the Person or Persons who shall be entitled thereto, his, her or their Heirs or Assigns, or his, her or their Ladies or Ladies, Underwood and Bashes, Hollies and Thorns, Hazards and Standish, which shall be standing and growing on any Part or Parts of the said Six hundred Acres to be awarded to the King's Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and to the said Thomas Threlkelds, his Heirs and Assigns, or any of the Land(s) to be transferred or allotted to any other Person as aforesaid; and to call upon the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, for Payment of the Amount of so much thereof as shall be the Value of the same, upon such Part or Parts of the said Six hundred Acres, as shall be so awarded to the King's Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and who are hereby authorized and directed to pay the same; and in case any Person or Persons shall be liable to Payment of so much of any such Part or Parts of the same as any time or times past, by the said Commissioners for the Payment thereof, (except such Part thereof to hereby provided for and directed as aforesaid) then, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, as by any Warrant or Warrants under their Hands and Seals, to cause the same to be sold by Auction and sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons liable to pay the same, together with the Costs and Charges of such Sale and Sale, rendering the Overplus (if any) to the Owner or Owners of such Goods and Chattels; Provided always, that in case any Person or Persons, as whole Allowance or Allowances any such Timber or other Trees shall be standing or growing as aforesaid, neglect to comply to pay the same, or shall not pay the Money so directed to be paid for the same at the time or times so directed, then, and in such Case, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners and they are hereby authorized and empowered, as well as the Purchasers of such Timber, with Houses, Cattle and Deer, and owners, and occupiers of the Lands and Grounds where such Timber or other Trees shall be standing or growing, as aforesaid, and to cut down and carry away the same, and the Money arising by such Sale shall, after deducting the several Charges of carrying down and selling the said Timber, be applied and disposed of in the best manner now or here directed to save the said Timber had been paid for as aforesaid.

LIII. Provided always, that in case it shall be found that it shall be lawful to and for the Land Right of Standish, and his Heirs, from time to time to cut and apply all or any Part of the Site or which shall or may be paying in respect of any such Part, as shall be herein so to be granted to the Right of the Site of the same, as the Value of such Part of Timber, Underwood, Bashes, Hollies, Thorns, Hazards and Standish, which shall be purchased, and the Commissioners may think and conceive, transferred or allotted to the King's Majesty, or the said Thomas Threlkelds, his Heirs or Assigns, or Person or Persons, as aforesaid; or rather of this Act, in the Purveys of the Land Tax or Discharge of any Debt or Debts or other Incumbrances

Part of the
Majesty's Right
of Forest

Part of
the Forest

Commissioners
shall direct

Heirs

Part of the
Majesty's Right
of Forest

branches or Part thereof, affecting any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments belonging to the See of Winchester, or to the Parishes of the Land Tax, affecting any Leases or Leasings, to the Purview of the said Statute of Winchester.

Application of
this Act.

LIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Monies to be received by all other the Parties Owners (other than and except the Lord Bishop of Winchester and his Successors for the time being) or any Tenant, Underwood, Bishes, Holdings, Towns, Hamlets and Stoads, pursuant to the Statute for the Validation thereof as hereinbefore is contained, shall be paid for as follows; to-wit, the respective Shares of such of them as shall be Tenants in Fee-Simple and lawfully Inherited in their respective Allowances shall be paid to them respectively, and the respective Shares of such of them as shall be Tenants for Life or for Years, with Power to give sufficient Receipts and Discharges for the Monies so due by debt of such Tenants and other Terms, and Underwood, shall be paid to such Trustees respectively, and the balance of such other Proprietors or Parties of and in such Surplus Money shall be applied and disposed of in manner directed by the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, so that any Money to be paid for the Purchase or Exchange of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or of any Tenants or Wood growing thereon, and which Money ought to be had out in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, as he is directed in the said Acts.

40 G. 3. c. 8. s. 1. & 2. s. 106.

Proviso.

LIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed so extended in as to release or prevent any Parties called Parties Owners or Parties Owners, prior to any Allowance or Allowances being made to him, her or them by virtue of this Act, from selling or conveying down any Tenants, Underwood, Bishes, Holdings, Towns, Hamlets and Stoads, which shall be lawfully growing or being on the Land called Parties or respective Parties of such of such Owners or Owners, and of conveying away, selling or disposing of the same in fact and the like manner, in all respects as he, she or they could or might have done in case this Act had not been made.

Consolidation
as to the Ex-
change.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners to sit out, select and award any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in whatsoever Parties, Townships, Hamlets or Places, the same are situate, the Owners whereof are entitled in Right or in respect of the same to any Right of Common upon the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds or any Part thereof, in lieu of and in exchange for any other Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments whatsoever, within any of the Parishes, Townships, Hamlets or Places, in which the said Open Commonable Lands or Grounds respectively lie or are situate, or which are entitled to Right of Common as aforesaid, or within any adjoining Parish, Hamlet, Township or Place, provided that all such Exchanges be ascertained, specified and declared, in the said Award of the said Commissioners or some other Deed or Deeds, Indentures or Instruments, in Writing under their Hands and Seals, and be made with the Consent of the Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be so exchanged, whether such Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, shall be a Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, or a Tenant or Tenants in Fee Simple or in Fee Tail, general or special, or by the Custom of England, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, or with the Consent of the Guardians, Trustees, Executors for Charitable or other Uses, Heirs, Executors, Committees or Attorneys, or of selling for any such Proprietors or Owners as aforesaid, who at the time of making such Exchange or Exchanges shall be respectively Justice, Justice of Peace, Justices or under any other legal Incapacity, or who shall be beyond the Seas or otherwise disabled to sit for themselves, himself or herself, such Consent to be testified in Writing under the Common Seal of the Body Politick, Corporate or Collegiate and under the Hands of the other Parties consenting respectively; and all and every such Exchange and Exchanges to be made shall be good, valid and effectual, in the Law to all intents and Purposes whatsoever: Provided nevertheless, that no Exchange shall be made of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, held in right of any Church, Chapel or other Ecclesiastical Benefice, without the Consent testified as aforesaid of the Parson thereof, and of the Bishop of the Diocese or other Ordinary of the Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction in which such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, so to be exchanged, shall lie or be situate.

Proviso.

Proviso as to
Exchange on
Lease paid.

LVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Costs, Charges and Expenses, attending the making and completing of all Exchanges and Partitions, under the Powers and Authorities in this Act, and the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Kings, or either of them contained, shall be paid and borne by the several Parties, Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, making such Exchanges or Partitions, or such matters and in such Proportions as the said Commissioners shall order and direct.

Allowance as
to the same
Tenants.

LVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all and every the Allowances to be made in pursuance of this Act for or in respect of any Freehold Estates shall be deemed and taken to be and held and enjoyed as Freehold Estates (subject nevertheless to the true and lawful Rights of the Lords of the respective Manors in which the same are situate), and all and every the Allowances to be made for or in respect of any Copyhold or Customary Estates, held of any Manor or Manors in which the Lands and Grounds to be included by virtue of this Act respectively lie or are situate, shall be deemed and taken to be as Copyhold or Customary Estates, and shall be held of the Lords of the Fee thereof, under the same Rents and by the same Customs and Services as the Copyhold or Customary Lands and Hereditaments in or to which they were so directed or ought to have been held, and shall pass by the like Services as the Copyhold or Customary Lands and Hereditaments in respect whereof such Allowances shall be made now do pass.

Proviso as to
re-vesting
the Lands.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby empowered, with the Consent of the respective Lord or Lords of the Manors or Manors of whom any

M. S. 1810.

Messuages, Cottages, Lands or Tenements in the said several and respective Parishes, Townships, Hamlets or Places of *Selwyn, Newbottle, Getherington, Standworth, Ralshington, Kingfish, Pennington, Coleridge, Farningley, Wadding, Southwick, Wolf Barbour, Parochyale, Winst and Widdow,* or any of them, or to be held by Copy of Court Roll and of the customary Tenant or Tenants by whom any such Messuages, Cottages, Lands or Tenements shall be respectively holden, is and by the Award of the said Commissioners, or by any other Writing or Writings to be signed and sealed by the said Commissioners and by each Lord or Lords and Tenant or Tenants respectively, or by the Holders, Trustees or Guardians, Comptrollers or Attorneys of and for any such Tenants, being Femes Covert, Minors, Lunatics, beyond the Seas, or under any other Disability or Incapacity (or under the Common Seal of any of them, being a Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate) at any time within Twelve Calendar Months after the Date of the Commissioners Award, to declare any such Copyhold or Customary Messuages, Cottages, Lands or Tenements to be enfranchised, and the Tenants by which the same are holden, and the Fees, Rents and other Services incident thereto, to be discharged and extinguished; and that the same Messuages, Cottages, Lands or Tenements, or any Part or Parts thereof respectively, shall thenceforth be holden of the Lord or Lords of the same Manor or manorial Messuages, either by the Rents which shall have been theretofore paid or payable in respect thereof, or by any lesser Rent or Rents to be in each Writing or Writings aforesaid and declared, or without Rent; and in lieu of and Compensation for every such Enfranchisement, to be made to the respective Lord or Lords of the same Manor or Messuages such Sum or Sums of Money to be applied in the manner hereafter directed, as to assign and let out to and for each Lord or Lords respectively such Compensation, by and out of any of the Lands and Tenements hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, as shall in the Judgment of the said Commissioners be an Equivalent and Satisfaction for the customary Payments, Rents and Services to which such Copyhold Messuages, Cottages, Lands or Tenements respectively shall have been subject or liable; and the Lord or Lords for the time being of the Manor to whom any such custom Rent shall be referred and contained, or any lesser Rent assigned, shall have the like Powers and Remedies for the Recovery of such Rents respectively as by the Laws of this Realm are given for the Recovery of Rents, such Rents of Assize and Chief Rents; and from and after any such Declaration shall be made and executed, and such Sums of Money or other Compensation shall be paid or assigned in exchange for such Copyhold Tenure, the Lands and Tenements in every such Declaration comprised and thereby expressed to be enfranchised shall be held, possessed and enjoyed by the Owner or Owners thereof paying or making such Compensation, their respective Heirs or Assigns, or other Persons claiming in Reversion or Remainder of the Lord or Lords of such Manors respectively, in free and common Socage, discharged of the Tenure by Copy of Court Roll, and of all Services and Duties incident to such Tenants, and of all other Services and Payments except the Rent or Rents which may be continued or referred to such Lord or Lords in respect thereof; and the Lands or other Hereditaments to be assigned to such Lord or Lords shall be by him or them, and by his or their Heirs, Successors or Assigns, or by the Person or Persons who shall be entitled in Reversion or Remainder to such Manor or Manors respectively, held and enjoyed in Compensation for the Tenure to be extinguished, for such and the like Estates, and upon and for such Uses, Trusts, Intents and Purposes, as the Manor or Manors of which the Copyhold Hereditaments to be enfranchised shall be holden shall at the time of every such Enfranchisement stand letted and letted.

LX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Money to be received for the Enfranchisement of any Copyhold Lands or Tenements in pursuance of this Act, shall be paid to the Lord or Lords of the Manor or Manors respectively at whom the Copyhold Hereditaments to be enfranchised shall at the time of the Enfranchisement thereof be holden where such Lord or Lords shall be lord of such Manor or Manors in Fee Simple; and in all other Cases the Money to be received for such Enfranchisement shall be paid and applied in manner directed by the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, with respect to the Money to be paid for the Purchase or Exchange of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Timber or Wood growing thereon, and which Money ought to be laid out in the Purchase of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be letted to the same Uses.

LXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed, adjudged, deemed or taken to revoke, annul or make void any Settlement, Deed, Will or Lease whatsoever, or to prejudice any Person or Persons having any Right or Claim of Dower, Jointure, Rent, Service, Debt, Charge or Incumbrance in, out of, upon or over or affecting the said Parishes, or upon the Manorial Lands and Grounds to be divided, allotted and inclosed, or redeemed by virtue of the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or of this Act, or any Part or Part thereof; but that the several Allotments to be allotted or given in Exchange upon such Division or Inclosure thereof to the several Parties Owners and Proprietors respectively, shall immediately after such Allotments or Exchanges shall be made and let out, be, remain and cease, and be held and enjoyed, and the several Persons to whom the same shall be so allotted or exchanged as aforesaid shall, from the giving the said Award, stand, be sold and possessed thereof respectively to such and the same Estates, and with such and the same Powers and Authorities for making Leases thereof or otherwise, and subject to such and the same Wills, Limitations, Conditions, Settlements, Trusts, Provisions, Remainders, Reversions, Debts, Charges and Incumbrances (Right of Common, and Customs of Pasturage as aforesaid, and such other Exceptions and Powers as are herein made only excepted), as the said several Parishes, Lands and Hereditaments, in respect or in lieu thereof, or to right whereof such Allotments were and are to be made to them, respectively, stood lawfully letted or subject and liable unto at the Time of making such Allotments respectively or giving the said Award.

LXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all the Allotments of Land to be made of the said Parcel by virtue of this Act, in respect of any Messuages, Houses or Lands held by Lease or Leases in Fee

Appropriation of Money.

Proviso for Wills and Settlements.

For leasing Leases or Leases in Fee.

Rack Rent, or for which Leases or Pans are expected therein to have been paid to the Grantors or Lessors as the Considerations for the same, shall be started to and held by the several Owners and Proprietors of such Meadows, Hayies and Lands, level and discharged from all Right or Claim of such respective Lessors to, in or upon the said Allotments to any Part thereof, to be derived under or by virtue of such Leases; and in case any of such Leases shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved thereby, and such Lessors and Lessors shall not let the same to their mutual Satisfaction, then, and in every such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, on Application to them made by either Party, to take the Matters in Question into their Consideration, and by their Order to make unto every such Lessor for his, her and their Lots of Concomerage, or other Leases by means of the said Division, such a fair and adequate Allowance and Compensation either in Money, to be paid down, or by way of Abatement or Reduction in the Rack Rents by such Leases entered, as the said Commissioners shall think just and equitable.

What Leases
Tenants for Life,
may grant.

LXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Lord Bishop of Winchester for the time being and his Successors, and also the said Wardens and Scholars Clerks of *Seint Mary College of Winchester* near Winchester and their Successors, shall have full Power and Authority from time to time to grant any Lease or Leases of all or any Part of the Allotment and Abatement herein defined to be made in this and them, either in Three Lives or for Twenty one Years, in such Manner and Form in all Respects as the said Lord Bishop of Winchester and his Predecessors, and the said Wardens and Scholars Clerks of *Seint Mary College of Winchester* near Winchester, and their Predecessors, are enabled to lease their Lands and Estates within the said County of Southampton.

For preventing
Quacklets from
being straggled
by Sheep.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Sheep or Lambs shall be kept in any of the new Inclosures to be made by virtue of this Act during the Space of Ten Years from the Execution of the said Award, unless the Persons or Persons keeping such Sheep or Lambs shall and do at his, her or their own Expense, fence or guard his, her or their Neighbour's Quacklets adjoining the Inclosures wherein such Sheep or Lambs shall be kept, so as to prevent any Damage being done to such Quacklets by such Sheep or Lambs; and it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to turn or put or cause to be turned or put any Sheep, Lambs, Harts, Alms, or other Beasts or Cattle into any of the Ways, Lanes or Roads on either Side of which any newly planned Fence shall be growing.

Establishing the
Boundary Lines of
Borough
Towns.

LXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if owing to the Situation or other Circumstances of any Allotment or Allotments it shall happen that the Proprietor or Proprietors thereof shall not have a proportionable Share of Boundary Fencing thereon, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, where they shall judge reasonable, to allot and appoint any Sum or Sums of Money to be contributed and paid by such Proprietor or Proprietors towards the Expense of the Boundary Fencing of such other or others of the said Allotments who may happen to have too great a Proportion thereof, in order that the Expense of the said Boundary Fencing may be brought as near as may be in a just and equal Proportion (regard being had to the necessary Subsidies Fences within the respective Allotments); and the Money to be so determined and applied shall be levied and recovered in the same manner as the Expense of executing this Act, in case of a Deficiency from the Sale of Land, hereinafter directed to be levied and recovered: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, at any time before executing their said Award, to make any Alterations in the Allotments and Fences which they may have set out and ordered, or in any private Road laid, or to be laid out, or to such Allotments as they shall think right and expedient; and in case any Person or Persons be aggrieved by such Alterations, on account of any Expenses he or they may have been at, the said Commissioners shall determine what Recompense shall be made to him, her or them, and shall direct by whom, and in what manner such Recompense shall be made.

Permits.

Assent to be
made by the
Parish.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Award to be made by the said Commissioners, when verified in manner directed by the said recited Act of the Forty first Year of His present Majesty, shall be deposited and left with the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of Southampton, where the same shall not and may be inspected and perused at all reasonable Times in the Daytime for ever hereafter, by any Person or Persons whatsoever, paying the Sum of One Shilling and no more to the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy for every such Inspection and Perusal.

Assent to be
made by the
Parish.

Assent to be
made and
balanced by Two
Justices
monthly.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That once at least in each and every Year during the Execution of this Act (such Year to be computed from the Day of passing thereof) the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required to make a true and just Statement or Account of any Sums of Money by them or any of them received and expended, or due to them for their own Trouble and Expenses in the Execution of this Act; and such Statement or Account when first made (together with the Vouchers relating thereto) shall be by them, if required, laid before two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Southampton (not interested in the said intended Division and Inclosure) to be by them examined and balanced (such Justices being hereby authorized to take or call such Aid and Assistance in such Examination as they shall think fit, and to charge the incidental Expenses) and the Balance shall be by such Justices listed in the books of Account to be kept in the Office of the Clerks to the said Commissioners; and an Charge or Item in such Accounts shall be had on the Parties concerned or aided in the Law unless allowed by Two Justices of the Peace as aforesaid.

Trusts for
Life, or
purposed to last
two Years.

LXVIII. And whereas some of the Land Owners and Proprietors mentioned in the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, may have Occasion to borrow Money to defray their respective Shares and Proportions of the Charges and Expenses of measuring and carrying this Act into Execution; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Land Owners and Proprietors, and of all other Persons whatsoever interested in such Lands and Grounds, being a Tenant or Tenants for Life or Lives, or in Fee Tail General or Special, or by the Courtesy of England, or in Fee or Leases for any Life or Lives, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, and also to and for the Heirs, Executors,

Guardians, Trustees and Committees of any of the said Owners or Proprietors being under Coverture, Minors, Idiots, Lunatics, or beyond the Seas, or abscoding under any other Disability whatsoever, and also to and for all Persons acting as Guardians, Trustees or Committees of any Owners or Proprietors being under any Disability or Incapacity whatsoever, whether such Owners or Proprietors respectively be Tenants for Life, with or without Impediment of Waste, Tenants in Fee Tail General or Special, or Tenants by the Courtesy of England, or Lessee or Lessees for any Life or Lives, for Years determinable on any Life or Lives (other than and except the Lord Bishop of Winchester, and the Wardens and Scholars Clerks of *Saint Mary College of Winchester* near Winchester, and their respective Successors, and other than and except the Surveyors of the Highways of the said respective Parishes, for or in respect of any Allotment or Allotments made to them as Surveyors as aforesaid, by any Deed or Deeds, Writing or Writings, under their respective Hands and Seals, to be duly executed and attested by Two or more credible Witnesses, so charge the Freehold Part, and by Surrender or Surrenders duly passed, according to the Custom or Customs of the Manor whereof the same is, are or shall be holden, to charge the Copyhold Part of such Lands and Grounds, as shall be allotted to such Owners and Proprietors respectively, with any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Five Pence for each and every Acre thereof, for defraying their respective Proportions of the Charges and Expenses of charging and enclosing this Act, and of including and subdividing their respective Allotments, as the said Commissioners shall think proper for each Purpose; the Fees to be paid for by such Parties or Persons, and to be applied for the Purposes aforesaid in such manner as the said Commissioners shall direct and appoint; and for securing the Repayment of such Sums and Sums of Money with Interest for the same, to give, lease, demise, mortgage, surrender or otherwise subject their said respective Allotments or any Part thereof, unto any Person or Persons who shall advance and lend such Sums or Sums of Money respectively, his, her or their Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, for any Term or Number of Years as to the Freehold Part thereof, and for such Estate, Term or Interest as to the Copyhold Part thereof as shall be conformable to the Custom of the respective Manors, in that any such Grant, Lease, Mortgage, Demise, Surrender or Security be made with a Provision or Condition to create and be void, or with so explicit Trust to be surrendered when such Sums or Sums of Money thereby to be secured and the Interest thereof shall be fully paid and satisfied; and in that in every such Grant, Lease, Mortgage, Demise, Surrender or Security which shall be made by any Person or Persons aforesaid in, or created unto the Premises for the Term of their natural Life only, or by him, her or their Guardians or Guardians, Trustee or Trustees, Committee or Committees, there be contained a Provision or Covenant that the Owner or Proprietors of the said Premises shall duly pay and keep down the Interest of any Sum or Sums of Money to be thereby raised during their respective Lives; and no Person afterwards becoming seized or possessed of the said Premises shall be liable to the Payment of any further or larger Amount of Interest than for One Year preceding the time at which the Title to such Possession shall have commenced; and every such Grant, Lease, Mortgage, Demise, Surrender or Security at the said Premises shall be good, valid and effectual in the Law for the Purposes thereby intended.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any Thing done in pursuance of this Act (other than and except such Orders and Determinations as are by the said recited Act made in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or by this Act directed to be made final and conclusive, and save and except in such cases wherein as His Majesty shall be pleased as hereinafter directed, then, and in every such Case, he, she or they may appeal to the General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace which shall be held for the said County of Southampton, within Six Calendar Months next after such Cause of Complaint shall have arisen, as giving to the said Commissioners Twenty one Days previous Notice of such Appeal; and the Justices of the said Quarter-Sessions are hereby required to hear and determine the Matters of every such Complaint, and make such Order thereon, and to award such Costs as to them shall seem reasonable, and by their Warrant, to levy the Costs which shall be so awarded by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party or Parties liable to the same, reserving the Overplus (if any) to the Owner or Owners after deducting the reasonable Charges; which Determination of the said Justices shall be final and conclusive to all Parties concerned, and shall not be removed by Certiorari, or any Writ or Writs whatsoever out of any His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or elsewhere.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall prejudice, lessen or diminish the Right, Title or Interest of the said several Parties Owners, or of any other Person or Persons who shall or may be respectively for the time being Lord or Lords of any Heuse or Houses, Manor or Manors, Lordship or Lordships, Jurisdiction or Jurisdictions, or reputed Honor, Manor, Lordship or Jurisdiction, within the Limits whereof the said Parishes or Open Commonable Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be inclosed or any Part thereof respectively are comprized, of, in or to any Seigneurie, Royalties, Fisheries, Free Warrens, Manors, Manors, Lordships or Jurisdictions and other Rights, Customs and Services incident or belonging to such Honors, Manors, Lordships or Jurisdictions or any of them; but that the said Lords herebefore particularly named, and such other Lord or Lords for the time being, shall and may at all times hereafter hold and enjoy the same, and all Rights and Services, Customs and Vicarages, Purgatives and Profits of Courts and Vicarages, Fees, Free Warrens, Franchises, Waifs, Eaves, Deadfalls, Bishops and all other Royalties, Privileges, Pre-eminences and Appurtenances to such Honors, Manors, Lordships or Jurisdictions respectively incident, belonging, appertaining or appertaining (except the Right of the Soil of the said Parishes or Open Commonable Lands and Grounds, and other the Feudal and Common Rights for which Compensation is herebefore directed to be made) in as full, ample and beneficial manner as they respectively could or might have held and enjoyed the same in case this Act had not been made.

LXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or any way be construed to extend so as to charge or make chargeable the Lord Bishop of Winchester or his Successors or

Appeal

Saving of Rights of Lords of the Manors

Provided for Bishop of Winchester and his Successors

Warden and Scholars
of Winchester
College.

the Warden and Scholars Clerks of *Saint Mary College of Winchester near Winchester* or their Successors or any of them, with the Payment of any of the Costs, Charges and Expenses which shall be occasioned or incurred by notice or means of any Disputes or Differences or of any Trials at Law touching or concerning any Claim or Claims to the Right of the Soil or of any Rights of Common or other Rights and Inclosures in, over or upon the Lands or Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed or any Part or Parts thereof; but that the several and respective Shares and Proportions of the said Lord Bishop of Winchester, and Warden and Scholars Clerks of *Saint Mary College of Winchester near Winchester*, and their respective Successors, of all such Costs, Charges and Expenses, shall be paid by the said Commissioners out of the Monies directed to be raised by virtue of this Act; and that the said Lord Bishop of Winchester, and the said Warden and Scholars Clerks of *Saint Mary College of Winchester, near Winchester* and their respective Successors shall be and they are hereby severally and respectively indemnified from all such Costs, Charges and Expenses accordingly.

The King to
have Preparation
of Costs.

LXXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained, shall extend or be construed so extend in as to exempt the King's Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from the Payment of a due and just Preparation of all the Costs, Charges and Expenses attending any such Disputes, Differences or Trials at Law which may be had, brought or insisted against the said Lord Bishop of Winchester and Warden and Scholars Clerks of *Saint Mary College of Winchester near Winchester*, and their respective Successors, touching the aforesaid Claims; but the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required to advise and settle all such Costs, Charges and Expenses to and in such manner as that each and every Person intended in the said Division and Inclosure may pay and bear his, her and their due and just Proportions thereof, (other than and except the said Lord Bishop of Winchester, and the said Warden and Scholars Clerks of *Saint Mary College of Winchester near Winchester*).

Proviso for
James Taylor
Esq. as to Waste
Costs.

LXXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed so extend in as to prejudice, lessen, defeat or alter the Right, Title or Interest of James Taylor Esquire, in and to a certain Piece or Parcel of Land called *Wandryffe*, in the said County of Southampton, Part of the Manor of *Hinton Deanery* in the said County; but that the same shall remain subject to the same Rights and Privileges in all respects as if this Act had not been made: Provided nevertheless, that the said Piece or Parcel of Land called *Wandryffe*, be not within the Regard or Bounds of the said Town intended to be hereby inclosed.

General Saving.

LXXIV. Saving always to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and to all Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate and their Successors, and to all and every Person and Persons whomsoever, his and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, all such Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Claim and Demand whatsoever, (other than and except such as is and are hereby expressed, meant and intended to be barred, destroyed or extinguished) as they, every or any of them, had or enjoyed so, to or out of the said Town and Open Commonable Lands and Grounds, as they, every or any of them, now have or hath or could have had and enjoyed therein in case this Act had not been made.

Evidence.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be printed by the Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, and a Copy thereof, so printed, shall be admitted as Evidence thereof by all Judges, Justices and others.



THE
S T A T U T E S
OF
THE UNITED KINGDOM
OF
GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND,
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** Specifies that the Act relates not solely to Ireland.*

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A
T A B L E
Containing THE TITLES of all
THE STATUTES,

Passed in the FIFTH Session of the FOURTH Parliament
or
The United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*;
51 GEORGE III.

PUBLIC GENERAL ACTS.

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| <p>1. AN Act to provide for the Administration of the Royal Authority, and for the Care of His Majesty's Royal Exchequer, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Illness; and for the Retrospection of the Essentials of the Royal Authority by His Majesty. Page 301</p> <p>2. An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Salt, Sugar, Tobacco and Brandy, in Great Britain; and on Potashes, Oils and Petroleum Estates in England; for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. 308</p> <p>3. An Act for raising the Sum of Ten millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. Ibid.</p> <p>4. An Act for raising the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. Ibid.</p> <p>5. An Act for raising the Sum of One Million, by Treasury Bills, for the Service of Ireland for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. Ibid.</p> <p>6. An Act for taking an Account of the Population of Great Britain, and of the Increase or Diminution thereof. Ibid.</p> <p>7. An Act to amend Two Acts of the Thirtieth and Thirty second Years of His present Majesty, relating to the Wages of Persons employed in the Silk Manufacture. 315</p> <p>8. An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. 316</p> <p>9. An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore. 320</p> <p>10. An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirty three, certain Acts of the Parliament of Ireland, in so far as the same relate to the Improvement of the City of Dublin, by making wide and convenient Passages through the same. Page 321</p> <p>11. An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirty two, certain Acts of the Parliament of Ireland, in so far as the same relate to the Duty on Casks imported into the Harbour of Dublin, and to the regulating the Coal Trade thereof. 322</p> <p>12. An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, an Act for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland. 325</p> <p>13. An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain; and for suspending the Countervailing Duties and Bounties on Sugar, when the Duties imposed by an Act of the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty shall be suspended; and for continuing so much of an Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His present Majesty as allows a Bounty upon Double Refined Sugar exported, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and so much of the same Act as allows a Bounty on Raw Sugar, exported until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve. Ibid.</p> <p>14. An Act to continue several Laws relating to the granting a Bounty upon certain Species of British and Foreign Limes exported from Great Britain, and taking off the Duties on the Importation of Foreign Raw Linen Yarn made of Flax into Great Britain, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, to the prohibiting the Exportation from and per-</p> | <p>mitting</p> |
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- mixing the Importation into Great Britain of Cows, and for allowing the Importation of other Articles of Provision without Payment of Duty during the Continuance of the War, and until Six Months after the Resumption of a Definitive Treaty of Peace; and to the permitting the Importation of Tobacco into Great Britain from any Place whatever, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve. *Page 327*
19. An Act for enabling His Majesty to direct the Issue of Exchequer Bills to a limited Amount, for the Purposes and to a Manner therein mentioned. *326*
20. An Act for granting Assurances to discharge certain Exchequer Bills. *340*
21. An Act to render valid certain Acts done for completing the Regular Militia, and to amend the Persons concerned therein. *Ibid.*
22. An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and for extending the terms limited for their Purposes respectively, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and to permit such Persons in Great Britain as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Executions of Indentures of Clerks to Attorneys and Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the First Day of May Term One thousand eight hundred and twelve. *341*
23. An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the Public Expenditure and the Conduct of the Public Business in the Military Departments therein mentioned, and to extend the same to Public Works executed by the Office of Works and others. *Ibid.*
24. An Act to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia of Great Britain to enlist successively into the Regular Forces; and to provide for the gradual Reduction of the said Militia. *342*
25. An Act to explain and amend an Act, passed in the Fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to direct the Accounts of Receipts and Disbursements of Public Salaries, Pensions and Allowances, shall be annually laid before Parliament; and to regulate and control the Granting and Pay of such Salaries, Pensions and Allowances; to be as respects the Grant of Pensions or Allowances by His Majesty to Persons who previously to the passing of the said Act had served the Crown in Foreign Courts.* *348*
26. An Act for raising the Sum of Two Millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by way of Assurances and Treasury Bills, for the Service of Ireland. *349*
27. An Act for rendering more effectual an Act made in the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for the Abolition of the Slave Trade.* *Ibid.*
28. An Act to repeal in part of an Act of the Nineteenth Year of His present Majesty, in prevents Masters of Ships removing their Vessels out of the Stream, except to the lawful Quays in the Port of Looe, before the Goods are discharged at their Vessels nor cleared by the proper Officers inwards or outwards, in so far as relates to any Ship or Vessel entered inwards or outwards from or to any Port in Ireland. *351*
29. An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, an Act made in the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty, for extending the Payment of Creditors more equal and expeditious in Ireland. *Ibid.*
30. An Act for raising the Sum of Four millions near hundred eighty one thousand three hundred Pounds by way of Assurances. *Page 352*
31. An Act to explain and amend Two Acts of the Fifth and Fifty fifth Years of His present Majesty, for continuing certain Duties on Stalk, Sugar, Tobacco and Beef, and other Purposes mentioned in the said Acts. *Ibid.*
32. An Act for amending the Rates of Subsidies to be paid to Insurers and others on quartering Soldiers. *Ibid.*
33. An Act for continuing, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, Two Acts of the Forty fifth and Fifty fifth Years of His present Majesty, allowing the bringing of Coals, Colts and Colliers to Looe and Weymouth by Island Navigation. *354*
34. An Act to amend the several Acts for enabling His Majesty to accept the Services of Volunteers from the Militia of Ireland. *Ibid.*
35. An Act to continue, during the present War and until the Expiration of Six Calendar Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, and amend an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an additional Duty on Copper imported into Great Britain. *356*
36. An Act for the better securing Excisable Goods on board Vessels in the Port of Bristol. *Ibid.*
37. An Act for repealing in part of Two Acts of the Fourteenth and Twenty fifth Years of His present Majesty as relates to wearing Blue Stripes in British Colours. *357*
38. An Act for continuing the Privileges allowed to Ships employed in the Southern Whale Fishery. *358*
39. An Act to lease to the Bank of Ireland the Reparment of all Monies advanced by them for the Purposes and in the manner therein mentioned. *359*
40. An Act to facilitate the Execution of Justice within the County Fairs. *364*
41. An Act further to prevent the Marriage of Lunatics. *360*
42. An Act to protect Masters against Embezzlements by their Clerks and Servants in Ireland. *Ibid.*
43. An Act to repeal in part of an Act, passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for the better Regulation of the Linn and Hemp Manufactures, as respects away the Benefit of Clergy from Persons convicted of stealing Cloth from Bleaching Grounds; and for more effectually preventing such Felonies.* *367*
44. An Act to explain and amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for repealing certain Parts of several Acts relating to the licensing the Number of Persons to be carried by Stage Coaches in Ireland. *Ibid.*
45. An Act to repeal in part of an Act, passed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intitled, *An Act for the more effectually preventing the Stealing of Linn, Fykes, and Cotton Goods and Wares, or Buildings, Fields, Grounds and other Places used for printing, allowing, bleaching or drying the same, as taken away the Benefit of Clergy from Persons stealing Cloth in Places therein mentioned; and for the more effectually preventing such Felonies.* *369*
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47. An Act for altering the time at which the additional Duties of Customs imposed by an Act of the last Session. *371*

- of Parliament on certain Species of Wood were to have taken place; and for granting a Drawback upon Deals and Timber stid in the Mines of Tin, Copper and Lead, in the Counties of Cornwall and Devon. Page 371
44. An Act for imposing an additional Duty on Linn imported into Great Britain during the Continuance of the present War, and for Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace. 372
45. An Act for taking away the publick Use of certain Ships' Rooms in the Towns of Saint John in the Island of Newfoundland; and for instituting Sarratige Courts on the Coast of Labrador, and to certain Islands adjacent thereto. 373
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47. An Act for carrying into Effect the Provisions of a Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation, concluded between His Majesty and His Royal Highness the Prince Regent of Portugal. 375
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53. An Act for raising the Sum of Six Millions, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. 380
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56. An Act to grant additional Duties of Excise on Tobacco manufactured in Ireland. 382
57. An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for encouraging the Export of Salted Beef and Pork from Ireland. 383
58. An Act to allow the free Importation between Great Britain and Ireland of Horse-made Chocolate; to prohibit the Importation of Foreign Chocolate into Ireland so long as the same shall be prohibited in Great Britain; and to grant certain Duties on Cocoa Nuts imported into Ireland. 384
59. An Act for granting to His Majesty additional Duties of Excise on Whisk and other Liquors stid in the Distillation of Spirits; and on foreign Spirits imported. 384
60. An Act to repeal the Duties of Stamp on Hats made in Ireland, and on Linen or Perfians to manufacture Hats, or to stave or vend Hats in Ireland, and all Regulations for securing the said Duties. 385
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62. An Act to permit Rum and other Spirits, the Produce of the British Colonies in the West Indies, to be imported into Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and the Islands of Cape Breton, Prince Edward and Newfoundland, from the Island of Nova Scotia. 387
63. An Act to authorize the Parliament, by Confirmation and hard Labour, of Perfians to be liable to Transportation; and to repeal to each of a former Act as relates to that Subject. 388
64. An Act to enable the East India Company to raise a further Sum of Money upon Bond, instead of increasing their Capital Stock; and to alter and amend an Act, passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, relative thereto. 390
65. An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act for the more effectual Suppression of seditious Publications for seditious and traitorous Purposes, and for better promoting reasonable and seditious Practices; and for better securing Perfians on Printers and Publishers.* 391
66. An Act to amend and render more effectual several Acts for promoting the Trade of Dublin, by rendering its Port and Harbour more commodious; and for erecting, repairing and maintaining Light Houses round the Coast of Ireland, and to raise a Fund for defraying the Charge thereof. 392
67. An Act for repealing the Duties of Customs now payable on the Importation of Hides to the Hair, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof. 393
68. An Act for charging an additional Duty on Verdigris imported. 393
69. An Act for repealing the Duty on the Materials stid in making Flax and Flax Glaze; and for granting, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, other Duties in lieu thereof; and for continuing and amending an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for repealing the Duties on the Materials stid in making Sprawl Window Glass and Crown Glass, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof; and for the better Collection of the said Duties.* 394
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73. An Act for the better Security of His Majesty's Naval Armies in the River Stidway, and Portlands and Newcastle Harbours, and of His Majesty's Ships and Vessels lying at and relating to the same. 417
74. An Act for authorizing the Sale of Prize Goods lodged in Warehouses after a certain Period. 419
75. An Act for making further Provision for the Payment of Salaries and other Charges in the Office of the Commissioners for the Affairs of India; and for enabling the East India Company to reduce to the Service of the said Company, Military Officers removed therefrom by Secretaries of Courts Martial; and so authorize the said Company.

- pany, in Cases of unforeseen Emergency, to take up Ships by private Contract. Page 410
75. An Act for letting to Farm the Duties on Horses hired by the Milk or Stage, to be used in travelling, and on Horses hired for a less Period of Time than Twenty eight Days, for drawing Carriages used in travelling Post or otherwise, in Great Britain; and for facilitating the Recovery of the said Duties. 422
77. An Act to amend the Laws for regulating the Election, in Ireland, of Members to serve in Parliament. 423
78. An Act to make Provision in certain Cases for the Wives and Families of Serjeants, Corporals, Drummers and Privates, living in the Militia of Ireland. 425
79. An Act to amend an Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Care and Maintenance of Lunatics, being Persons or Citizens, in England. 429
80. An Act to render void certain Indentures for the binding of Parish Apprentices. 431
81. An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, certain Acts for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the Fees, Contusions, Penalties and Emoluments, received in several Public Offices in Ireland; to extend into any Abolish which may exist in the same, and into the Mode of receiving, collecting, issuing and accounting for Public Money in Ireland. *Ibid.*
82. An Act for establishing Regulations respecting Rock Salt delivered to the Excisemen; for granting Relief for Salt sold at Sea by Shipowner or Captain; and for receiving, unloading and carting, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, in such of an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty as allows the Use of Salt, Duty-free, for curing Fish in Bulk or in Barrels. 432
83. An Act for allowing the like Drawback of Duty paid on Coals used in certain Mines and Smelting Mills in Devonshire, as is now allowed in the County of Cornwall. 434
84. An Act to explain an Act passed in the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty, for better securing the Freedom of Election of Members to serve in Parliament, by disabling certain Officers employed in the Collection or Management of His Majesty's Revenues from giving their Votes at such Elections, in so far as relates to Cast Stewards and Clerks Messrs of the City of London. 435
85. An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to issue Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of such Aids or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. *Ibid.*
86. An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and to amend several Acts for granting certain Rates and Duties, and for allowing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on Goods, Wares and Merchandises imported into and exported from Ireland; and to grant to His Majesty, until the last Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, certain new and additional Duties on the Importation, and to allow Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandises into and from Ireland. 436
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88. An Act for raising the Sum of two hundred thousand Pounds by Treasury Bills for the Service of Ireland for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. 447
89. An Act to increase the Salary of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. Page 447
90. An Act for delaying, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of Ireland; and for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace. 448
91. An Act for discharging certain Avenues of Quit, Crown and Composition Rents, which have been growing due in Ireland. 450
92. An Act to repeal certain Parts of several Acts of the Parliament of Ireland, relating to the Tolls on Stage Coaches, carrying above a certain Number of Passengers, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof. 452
93. An Act for granting additional Duties of Customs on Fur Timber, of certain Distillations, of the Growth of Norway imported into Great Britain. *Ibid.*
94. An Act to continue, until the Twenty sixth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, an Act of the last Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act to extend and amend the Term and Privileges of an Act of the Thirty sixth and Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Preservation of Timber in the New Forest; and for altering the Boundaries of the said Forest, and the Limits of the Crown within the same.* 454
95. An Act to explain and amend certain Laws of Excise respecting the Duties on Estates and Goods sold by Auction; the allowing Dealers to make their own Coffers on certain Conditions; and to the Water Mack of the Year on Paper awarded for Exportation. *Ibid.*
96. An Act to extend the Powers vested in the Commissioners of the Customs of allowing Writs and Goods forced, to Seize as made by virtue of any Acts relating to the Depayment of the Customs. 455
97. An Act to regulate the Trade between Places in Europe south of Cape Finjergor, and certain Ports in the British Colonies in North America. 456
98. An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have written to give Secretaries and to supply Memorials thereof, under an Act of the last Session of Parliament, and for extending the same beyond for such Purposes respectively, until Two Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament. 457
99. An Act for removing Doubts as to the registering of certain Property purchased or sold under the Lord Tax Redemption Act, in Right of which Persons may claim to vote at Elections of Members to serve in Parliament. 458
100. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to regulate the Trial of Judges, Justices and other Persons, who shall die within the Counties of certain Cities and Towns Corporations within the Kingdom.* 459
101. An Act for amending an Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the British White Herring Fishery. 460
102. An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for discharging from the Claims of the Crown certain Real and Personal Estates belonging to or owned by *De Lancy*, late Barrack Master General, and vested in Trustees for Sale; and also for selling and selling certain Lands heretofore controlled as to be purchased by the said General *De Lancy* in Trust, to be sold for Payment of a Debt due to the Crown, and for other Purposes relative thereto. 460
103. An Act touching and allowing Officers to serve on Half Pay or other Allowance, under certain Restrictions. 464

104. An Act for extending and amending the Regulation now in Force, relative to the Payment to the Royal Hospital at Chelsea of the parished and unclaimed Shares of Army Pious Money. Page 465
105. An Act to enable Parliament to bestow Lands and Tenements to the Commissioners for the Government of *The Royal Naval Affairs*, and to authorize the said Commissioners to hold the same for the Benefit of the said Affairs; and for amending an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty relating to the said Affairs. 467
106. An Act for enabling the Wives and Families of Soldiers embarked for Foreign Service, to return to their Homes. 469
107. An Act for delaying the Change of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia and Local Militia in Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. 470
108. An Act to revive and continue, until the Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and amend so much of an Act, made in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, as grants certain Allowances to Adjutants and Subjunct Majors of the Militia of England, dissolved under an Act of the same Session of Parliament. 471
109. An Act for making Allowances to certain exiles to Soldiers Officers of the Militia in Great Britain, who are dissolved. *Ibid.*
110. An Act to prevent the counterfeiting of Silver Pieces denominated Tallies, intended to be issued and credited by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for the respective Sums of Five Shillings & Six Pence, Three Shillings, and One Shilling and Six Pence; and to prevent the bringing into the Kingdom or uttering any such counterfeit Pieces or Tallies. *Ibid.*
111. An Act for permitting Sir William Pitt and George Pitt to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, the Manufacture of Moulded Iron Guns; for changing the same with certain Duties; and for reducing a Mileage in an Act of this Session, for empowering the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to examine Dealers of Spirits from Sugar from the Exports of Dutch spirits remitted. 475
112. An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sum of Three Millions for the Service of Great Britain. 475
113. An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. *Ibid.*
114. An Act to permit the Services of the Regiment of Mours of Grenada and Demara to be extended to Ireland. *Ibid.*
115. An Act for amending the Act Forty third George Third, to amend the building, repairing or otherwise providing the Churches and Chapels, and of Houles for the Residence of Ministers, and the providing of Church Yards and Clohes. 477
116. An Act to enable His Majesty to grant a Piece of Ground within the Tower of London, to be used as an additional Burial Ground for Persons dying within the said Tower. 477
117. An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain; and for applying certain Monies thence mentioned, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament. *Ibid.*
118. An Act to permit the Interchange of the *Irish* and *English* Mills respectively. Page 486
119. An Act for opening Two Acts made in the Forty second and Forty seventh Years of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Adjudication of the Office of a Justice of the Peace, in such Parts of the Counties of Middlesex and Surrey as lie in or near the Metropolis, and for the more effectual Prevention of Felonies; and for making other Provisions in like thereof; to continue in force until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and from thence until the Expiration of Six Weeks from the Commencement of the three next Session of Parliament. 489
120. An Act to amend an Act of the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for more effectually preventing the Hoarding of Dews. 494
121. An Act to improve the Payment of all Debts due on Spirits made or distilled in Great Britain or Ireland, and exported from either Country to the other respectively; and to suspend the Importation into Great Britain of any Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, except such as shall have been warehoused according to Law; and for regulating the Exportation of those made Spirits from Great Britain to Ireland and from Ireland to Great Britain, until Three Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament. *Ibid.*
122. An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, an Act for appointing Commissioners to enquire and examine into the Nature and Extent of the several Begs in Ireland, and the Feasibility of dressing and clothing them, and the best means of effecting the same. 497
123. An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in Ireland. *Ibid.*
124. An Act further to extend and render more effectual certain Provisions of an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intitled, *An Act to permit foreigners and natives abroad; and of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second*, to explain, amend and render more effectual the said former Act; and of Two Acts passed in the Nineteenth and Twenty third Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, extending the Provisions of the last former Acts. 509
125. An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in England. 511
126. An Act to extend an Act made in the Eighteenth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, to explain and amend the Laws touching the Elections of Knights of the Shire to live in Parliament for England, respecting the Expenses of Holdings and Poll Clerks, so far as regards the City of Higham. 515
127. An Act for making more effectual Provisions for preventing the Current Gold Coins of the Realm from being paid or accepted for a greater Value than the Current Value of such Coins; for preventing any Note or Bill of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England from being received for any smaller Sum than the Sum therein specified; and for paying Proceedings upon any Debts by Tender of such Notes. 516
128. An Act to explain an Act passed in this present Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act to permit the Interchange of the British and Irish Mills* &c. &c. &c. 517

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED;

OR PRINTED COPIES WHEREOF ARE DECLARED TO BE EVIDENCE.

- A**N Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty for rebuilding the Parish Church of *East Grinstead*, in the County of *Sussex*. Page 128
- ii. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the *Sellons Hoofs* in the Town of *Buckingham* to *Rowood*, in the County of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
- iii. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of Three Acts of the Twentieth Year of His late Majesty, and the Eighth and Twentieth sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Sunderland* near the *Sea* to the City of *Durham*. *Ibid.*
- iv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Bromley* to the Ferry at *North*, and from the *Milnes Gate* Toll to the *Gravel Pit* at *Catcliffe*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- v. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Osborn*, in the County of *Southampton*, to *Parson*, in the County of *Surrey*. *Ibid.*
- vi. An Act for continuing and amending an Act of His present Majesty for repairing the Road from *Eggle Warneck* to *Norris*, in the County of *Derham*. *Ibid.*
- vii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlet of *Rugge-wesley*, in the Parish of *Thamesley*, in the County of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
- viii. An Act for lighting, watching and improving the Streets and other public Passages within the Town of *Warr*, in the County of *Stafford*. 129
- ix. An Act for better paving, lighting, cleansing, watching and otherwise improving the Town of *Bury Saint Edmunds*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
- x. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Bridge on the Old River at *Berwick* to *Swades Bridge*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
- xi. An Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the *Croydon Canal* to raise Money to complete the said Canal and Works, and for amending the former Acts passed relative thereto. *Ibid.*
- xii. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and amending the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Golden Grove Park* to the Turnpike Road leading from the new Bridge to the *Linn Kilm*, and other Roads in the said Acts mentioned, in the County of *Down*; and for making Two new Branches of Road to communicate with the said Roads. *Ibid.*
- xiii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Hyde Park Corner* to *Coventry Bridge*, and certain other Roads in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- xiv. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of in each of an Act of His late Majesty, for making a Road for the Passage of *Towns* and *Carrriages*, from the City of *Carlisle* to the Town of *Newcastle upon Tyne*, as relates to the County of *Cumberland*. *Ibid.*
- xv. An Act for widening and improving the Street called the *Noblergate*, in the Borough of *Dunelm*, in the County of *York*. Page 130
- xvi. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from the South Gate of *King's Lynn* into the Parishes of *East Wotton*, *Northwigham*, *Stoke Ferry* and *Dunham Market*, in the County of *Norfolk*. *Ibid.*
- xvii. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from the East Gate of *King's Lynn* to the North End of *Boltingham Lane*, and to extend the Road from *Threer* to *Dungham* in the County of *Norfolk*. *Ibid.*
- xviii. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts for making and repairing the Roads from *Leving-fose*, by the *Kirk of Stone*, to the City of *Glasgow*, and other Roads and Bridges therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
- xix. An Act for repairing the Road leading from *Stoddin* in the County of *Kilbenny*, in the City of *Waterford*. *Ibid.*
- xx. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of Three Acts of His present Majesty, for making and repairing the Roads from the New Bridge over the Water of *Almond*, on the Coast of the Counties of *Edinburgh* and *Lincolshire*, by the Town of *Barthgate* to *Bathgillie*, in the County of *Lincoln*, and several other Roads mentioned in the said Acts. 131
- xxi. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Widdow*, in the County of *Durham*. *Ibid.*
- xxii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Burton Stone*, and Parish or Hamlet of *Stoddesley*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
- xxiii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Fochley*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- xxiv. An Act for inclosing and exchanging free Tythes, Lands in the Townships of *Leam*, *Helwell* and *Romaldkirk*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- xxv. An Act for inclosing certain Lands in the Hamlets of *Chobington*, *Wig*, *Chobington*, *Wig* and *Clayton*, in the Parish of *Charlbury*, in the County of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
- xxvi. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Synod Saint Peter*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
- xxvii. An Act to continue and amend an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Newark* to *Ashton*, in the County of *Northampton*; and to make and maintain the Road from *Ashton* to *Cresser*, and Part of the Road leading towards *Widmore*, branching off from the *Cresser Road*, to the *Esch* in *Esparham*, in the said County. *Ibid.*
- xxviii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Dunelm* to the *New Inn*, *Parishgates*, and also the Road from *Stee End*, to join the *Whitwingsham Turnpike Road*, in the Counties of *Westmorland*, *Stafford* and *Lancashire*. *Ibid.*
- xxix. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts for repairing the Road from *Harlow* *Essex* Commence, in the Parish of *Harlow*, to *Woodford*, in the County of *Essex*; and the Road from *Epping*, through the Parishes of *Northwood*, *Essex*, *Boltingworth*, *Hyde Crag*, *Clip-*

- ging *Ogden* and *Stilley*, to the *Four West Way*, in the Parish of *Sholty*, and from thence through the Parishes of *Night Ogden* and *Norwich Hand-wool*, to the Parish of *Wivall*, in the said County. Page 530
- xxx. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Hagfield*, *Tilman*, and *Fyghdale*, in the Manor of *Nesbyfield*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. Ibid.
- xxxi. An Act for amending the Road from *Barton Bridge* into the *Miscliffe* and *Strivicham Turnpike Road*; and also a Branch therefrom, into the said Turnpike Road; all in the County of *Lincoln*. Ibid.
- xxxii. An Act for better assising and collecting the Poor and other Rates in the Parish of *Chilth Clowd* in the County of *Surrey*; for better regulating the Poor thereof; and for cleaning, widening, lighting and otherwise improving the Streets, Lanes and other Public Passages and Places in the said Parish, and for other Purposes relating thereto. 511
- xxxiii. An Act for creating and maintaining a Harbour, and Works connected therewith, at *Douars*, in the County of *Ayr*. Ibid.
- xxxiv. An Act for paving, lighting and cleansing the City of *Prink*, and for maintaining Police and good Order within the said City. Ibid.
- xxxv. An Act for widening, paving, impressing and keeping in Repair the Streets, Lanes and other Passages in the Royal Borough of *Kirkcaldy*, in the County of *Fife*, for the better supplying the Inhabitants thereof with Water; and for other Purposes of Utility to the said Borough. Ibid.
- xxxvi. An Act to amend an Act made in the Parliament of *Great Britain*, in the Twelfth Year of His present Majesty, for making and repairing Public Roads in the County of *Durham*, with respect to the Roads within that Part of the Barony of *Upperby* and *Newcastle*, which are situate on the South East Side of the great Turnpike Road leading from *Dalkeith* to *Card*, by *Rothwell* and *Non*. Ibid.
- xxxvii. An Act for continuing several Acts for laying a Duty of Two Pennies each, or One sixth Part of a Penny Sterling, on every Pint of Ale, Beer or Porter, that shall be brewed or sold within the Town of *Dunfermlie* and Privileges thereof. Ibid.
- xxxviii. An Act for building and maintaining a Bridge over the Water of *Dorn*, which runs between the Parishes of *Ayr* and *Maybole*, in the County of *Ayr*. Ibid.
- xxxix. An Act for building a Bridge over the River *Nidd* near the Village of *Marylegh*, in the County of *Yorkshire*. Ibid.
- xl. An Act for more effectually repairing certain Roads in the County of *Berwick*, and for building a Bridge over the River *Wharfedale*, in the said County. Ibid.
- xli. An Act to continue and enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, by *Ayres Bridge*, to *Dunfermlie Bridge*; and the Roads from *Billye Cragway* and *Pyghle Bridge*, to join the said Road at or near *Carlisleburgh Tower*, in the County of *Berwick*. Ibid.
- xlii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining the Roads communicating with the *Wig* *India* and *East India Docks*, and for repairing the *Canal Street Road*, and for making and maintaining a new Road in *Berking*, and a Road from the *Royston* and *Whitland Road* to *Tillymore Farm*, in the Counties of *Bedfordshire* and *Herts*. Ibid.
- xliii. An Act for improving the Navigations from the *Wythe* at *Calkeby* to *Widdow* in the County of *Essex*; and for better paving, lighting, watching, cleansing and improving the said Town of *Calkeby*. Ibid.
- xliiii. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the *New* and *Whitland Road*, to the *Southford* and *Boiler Road*, both in the County of *Salis*. Page 531
- xliiii. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of His present Majesty for repairing several Roads leading from the *Wig*, to *India Ferry*, in the County of *Newcastle*, and the Road from *Methwell* *Warren* *Half* to a Place called the *Drogs* *Ditch*, in the said County. Ibid.
- xliiii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Alnburgh* to *Southford*, in the County of *Berke*. 532
- xliiii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Fusildale*, in the County of *Staffs*, to *Griggs* *Croft*, and from thence to *Staphurgh*, and from *Griggs* *Croft* to the Town of *Ayr*, in the said County. Ibid.
- xliiii. An Act for repairing and improving the Roads leading to and from *Thornham*, in the County of *Derby*. Ibid.
- xliiii. An Act for regulating the Rates and Charges to be received by the *London Dock Company*, upon Wines and Spirits landed and warehoused in the *London Docks*. Ibid.
- l. An Act for setting certain Estates late of the Right Honourable *George Lord Viscount Sackville* devised, situate in the Borough Town and Parish of *East Greenwich*, in the County of *Staffs*, in Twelves, upon Trunk to fall the same; and to lay out the Monies there arising in the Purchase of other Estates, to be limited to the same Uses as the Estates in sold. 536
- l. An Act for effectually separating the several Churches or Chapels of *Nesby* and *Burton* otherwise *Flax Burton* otherwise *Burton*, in the County of *Westmorland*, from the Rectory and Parish Church of *Wrasdale*, in the said County, and for uniting the several Churches or Chapels of *Nesby* and *Burton* otherwise *Flax Burton* otherwise *Burton* aforesaid, into and making the same one distinct and separate Rectory. Ibid.
- li. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Souring*, *Har*, *Worthing* and *Dungham*, in the County of *Worcest*. Ibid.
- li. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor, Lordship or Forest of *Wighard*, in the Parish of *Wighard*, in the County of *Cheshire*. Ibid.
- li. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Chilwood*, in the Parish of *Alton*, in the County of *Gloster*. Ibid.
- li. An Act for inclosing certain Tenements, or Parts of Common and Waste Grounds, called *Falwood Moor* and *Cedely Moor*, within and Parcel of the Forest of *Falwood*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. Ibid.
- lii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Lang Crayke*, in the County of *Worcest*. Ibid.
- lii. An Act for inclosing and incumbering from Tythes, Lands in the Parishes of *Great Peases* and *Tyghdale*, in the County of *Northampton*. Ibid.
- lii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Wigton*, *Wassell* and *Worwinton*, within and Parcel of the Barony of *Wigton* in the County of *Cheshire*. Ibid.
- lii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Saint John the Baptist*, *Pocklington*, in the County of *Northampton*. Ibid.
- lii. An Act for making a navigable Canal from the River *Avon*, at or near *Morgan's Mill*, in the Parish of *Edgton* in *Gordale* otherwise *Lang Gorge*, in the County of *Somerset*, to or near the River *Tone*, in the Parish of *Saint James* in *Yewston*, in the said County, and a certain navigable Cut therein described. Ibid.
- lii. An Act for paving, lighting, cleansing, widening and otherways improving the Streets of the Borough of *Deanford*, increasing the Supply of Water, creating the

- Royalty of the said Bergh; and for other Purposes therein contained relative thereto. Page 536
120. An Act for repairing so much of an Act of the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Village of *Mogor*, to the Bridge Foot in the Town of *Chelmsley*, in the County of *Gloucester*; and several other Roads in the Counties of *Gloucester*, *Cheshire*, *Hereford* and *Shropshire*, as relates to the *Non-resident* District of Roads; and for granting further and other Powers for repairing the Roads in the said District. *Ibid.*
121. An Act for rendering more effectual several Acts for repairing the Turnpike Road from *Crossed Bridge* to the Town of *Quossifery* in the County of *Lancashire*; and for altering and repairing the High Road leading from the West End of the Town of *Quossifery* to the Town of *Lidlington*. *Ibid.*
122. An Act for providing a Work-house for the Use of the Parish of *Saint Mary le Strand*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and Liberty of *Whitechapel*; and for better paving, lighting, cleansing and watching the said Parish; and for other Purposes therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
123. An Act for continuing the Term and amending the Powers of an Act for repairing the Road leading from *Reddles Parishes* in *Salter Clove*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Devonshire* and *Exeter*. *Ibid.*
124. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act of His present Majesty, for maintaining and improving the Docks and Warehouses, called *The Commercial Docks*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Rookwith*, in the County of *London*; and for extending the Powers of the said Act. *Ibid.*
125. An Act for settling in the Justices of the Peace for the County of *Devon* the New Goal and Bridewell for that County, and the Grounds parcelled for the same thereof, and for continuing certain Rates and Proceedings relative thereto. 543
126. An Act to repeal certain Parts of an Act of His present Majesty for building Two Churches, and providing Burial Grounds therein, in the Town of *Strawfield*, in the County of *Bristol*; and for amending the said Act. *Ibid.*
127. An Act for building and establishing a Church or Chapel of Ease, at *Basant*, in the County of *Devon*. *Ibid.*
128. An Act for creating and maintaining a Bridge over the River *Chyd*, near *Gilnis* and *Devis*, in the County of *Worcester*. 544
129. An Act for repairing so much of an Act of His present Majesty, as relates to making a Public Way over *Faughly Water*, in the County of *Lancaster*; and for granting further Powers for building a Bridge over the said Water. *Ibid.*
130. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Bromham Bridge*, in the County of *Stafford*, to *Ugby*, and other Places, in the County of *Lancaster*. *Ibid.*
131. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Derby* to *Hawfield*, and several other Roads in the County of *Nottingham*. *Ibid.*
132. An Act for making and constructing a Road from the Gentle Pool below *Hackles*, out of the *Railroad* Turnpike Road, by *Croome Hill*, into the *Banby* and *Ashbourne* Turnpike Roads, in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
133. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Lake Heyfield*, in the County of *York*, to *Sparrow Pit* Gate, and several other Places in the County of *Derby*; and for amending and making certain other Roads to communicate therewith. Page 544
134. An Act to continue and amend an Act of His present Majesty for repairing the Road from *Fyfehead*, in the Parish of *Dilworth*, to *Chelstons*, in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*
135. An Act for continuing and amending Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Bolton* to *Ragby*, and from *Ragby* to *Swan Bridge*, in the Counties of *Hereford* and *Cornwall*. *Ibid.*
136. An Act for continuing and amending several Acts for repairing the Roads from *Sowerby*, in the County of *Hereford*, to *Bighlywoods*, in the County of *Stafford*; and other Roads therein described. *Ibid.*
137. An Act for moving, continuing and enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Manchester High* to *Blanchford Farm*, in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
138. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from or near a Place called *The Four Oaks*, in the Parish of *Stillingbury*, in the County of *Stafford*, to join the *Highway* and *Goldford Turnpike Road* as *Bradley Bridge Road*, in the said County. *Ibid.*
139. An Act for continuing and amending Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Grifford Green*, in the Parish of *Crosthwaite*, to the Turnpike Road in the Parish of *Southby*, and from the Green near *Reverend Church* to *Reverend Croft*, in the County of *Kent*. 545
140. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads to and from *Slawbury*, in the County of *Salop*. *Ibid.*
141. An Act for settling and including Lands in the Parish of *Highwood*, in the County of *Devon*. *Ibid.*
142. An Act for including Lands in the Parish of *Fyfield*, in the County of *Devon*. *Ibid.*
143. An Act for including Lands in the Parish of *Geoghegan* in the County of *Oxford*. *Ibid.*
144. An Act for enclosing, and converting from Tythes, Lands in the Parish of *Little Passen* otherwise *Little Passen*, in the County of *Lincoln*. *Ibid.*
145. An Act for including Lands in the Manors of *Llanfyllis* and *Melton Unclod*, in the County of *Montgomery*. *Ibid.*
146. An Act for including, and converting from Tythes, Lands in the Parish of *Tunbury*, in the County of *Lincoln*. *Ibid.*
147. An Act for including Lands in the Manors of *Tortrey*, in the County of *Montgomery*. *Ibid.*
148. An Act for including Lands in the Township of *Bailey*, in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
149. An Act for including, and converting from Tythes, Lands in the Parish of *Willow*, in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*
150. An Act for including Lands in the Parish of *Offley*, in the County of *Warwick*. *Ibid.*
151. An Act for including Lands in the Parishes of *Milbrey* upon *Trop*, *Milbrey* and *Conyngs Greenfield*, in the County of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
152. An Act for including Lands in the Manors and Townships of *Laytham* and *Thirsk*, in the Parish of *Great Nispen*, in the County of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
153. An Act for settling, and converting from Tythes, Lands in the Parishes of *Great Gifford* and *Little Gifford*, in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*
154. An Act for including, and converting from Tythes, Lands

- ccxvi. An Act for inclosing *Quarriers Moor* within and Parcel of the Forest of *Chewsey*, in the Parish of *Langley*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. Page 548
- ccxvii. An Act for enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for inclosing and subdividing the Marsh called *Blackland and Gusholme*, in the County of *Stafford*; and for dividing and preserving the inclosed Lowlands contiguous thereto. *Ibid.*
- ccxviii. An Act for making and maintaining a Railway Bank or new Spital in the County of *Durham*, in *Kilpe*, in the County of *Roxburgh*; and for cutting and maintaining a Bridge over the River *Tweed* from the Parish of *Northam*, in the County of *Durham*, to the Parish of *Gulfritham*, in the County of *Burrow*. *Ibid.*
- ccxix. An Act for providing a Chapel of Ease and an additional Burial Ground for the Parish of *Saint Mary Magdalen*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- ccxx. An Act for authorizing the Payment into the Bank of England, under the Direction of His Majesty's High Court of Chancery, in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, of the Portion provided for the younger Children of the Most Honourable Arthur Lee Marquis of *Downshire*, by the Most Honourable Mary now Muchdissevered Dowager of *Downshire* and Baroess *Sands*, by the Settlement made after, in pursuance of Articles executed before their Marriage, and for executing the Estates comprised in the said Articles and Settlement from the Issue. *Ibid.*
- ccxxi. An Act for enabling the Archbishop of *Canterbury* to grant Building and Repairing Licenses of Estates at *Dial and Gliff*, in the County of *Kent*, belonging to the See of *Canterbury*; and for other Purposes. *Ibid.*
- ccxxii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Stynewell, Great Ashfield, Hagles and Nervay*, in the County of *Suffolk*. 549
- ccxxiii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Hempstead*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- ccxxiv. An Act for alienating Lands in the Parishes of *Wick and the Sea, Worham All Saints, Worham Saint Mary Magdalen and Worham Saint Mary the Virgin*, in the County of *Worham*. *Ibid.*
- ccxxv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Kilby 100*, in the Parish of *Kilby Longford*, in the County of *Down*. *Ibid.*
- ccxxvi. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Tilghney*, in the County of *Berk*. *Ibid.*
- ccxxvii. An Act for inclosing several Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Pastures and other Concomitant and Waste Lands in the several Parishes of *Burton and Padworth*, in *Berk*. *Ibid.*
- ccxxviii. An Act for the Improvement of the Port and Town of *Liverpool*, and amending the several Acts relating to the Docks, Quays and other Works belonging to the said Port. *Ibid.*
- ccxxix. An Act for making a Harbour and Wet Dock, at or near *Saint Nicholas Bay*, in the Parish of *Saint Nicholas and All Saints*, in the Isle of *Flann*, in the County of *Kent*; and for making a Navigable Canal from the said Harbour to the City of *Canterbury*. *Ibid.*
- ccxxx. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the New Water Works to raise a further Sum of Money, and so alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for making the said Water Works, and to extend the Issue. *Ibid.*
- ccxxxi. An Act for paving, cleansing, lighting and washing the Streets, and otherwise regulating the Police of the Town of *Douglas*. *Ibid.*
- ccxxxii. An Act for improving the Harbour of *Douglas*, and the Navigation of the River *Nel*. Page 549
- ccxxxiii. An Act for widening the Horse Towing Path on the Banks of the River *Strover* from *Winstock* Bridge to a certain Place below the City of *Gloucester*, called the *Lower Privity*, Situate at the Corner of *Portman Street*, in the County of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
- ccxxxiv. An Act for inclosing and draining Lands in the Parish of *Langley*, in the County of *Here*. *Ibid.*
- cc. An Act for amending an Act of King *Charles the Second*, for making the Precinct of *Countess Gardens* Precinct; and for increasing the Specially of the Rector, Curate, Clerk and Sexton of the said Parish. 550
- cc. An Act to enable the Vestrymen of the Parish of *Saint Mary & Anne*, in the County of *Middlesex*, to build a new Parish Church, and Two or more Chapels; and for other Purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*
- cc. An Act for repairing the Parish Church of *Strensall*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- cc. An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty, for more equally and effectually assessing and collecting the Poor Rates, within the Parish of *Saint Pauls without Aldgate*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- cc. An Act for giving, improving and regulating the Streets and Public Places in the Borough and Parish of *Barnack*; and for the better Regulation of the several Markets, and providing others thereto. *Ibid.*
- cc. An Act for paving and improving the Streets and other Public Places and Places which are or shall be made upon a Piece of Ground belonging to the *Brewers* Company, in the Parish of *Saint Pancras*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- cc. An Act for making a Public Carriage Road from *Kings Town to Upper Holloway*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- cc. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Ipswich*, in the County of *Kent*, to the Turnpike Road leading from *Leasde to Melford*, in the said County. *Ibid.*
- cc. An Act for repairing the Road through the Parishes of *Saint Michael, Saint Alban, Saint Peter, Shewley Ridge and South Mene*, in the Counties of *Hertford and Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- cc. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of His present Majesty for repairing several Roads leading to and through the Borough of *Stalbridge*, in the County of *Worham*; and for amending certain other Roads passing through the said Borough and the Parish of *Leadbroke*, in the said County. *Ibid.*
- cc. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Wootton Bassett*, in the County of *Oxford*. *Ibid.*
- cc. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *New Radnor*, in the County of *Radnor*. *Ibid.*
- cc. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Dulgelly and Llangynys*, commonly called *Colwyn*, in the County of *Merioneth*. *Ibid.*
- cc. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Laegly otherwise Laegly*, in the Parish of *Preesle*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. 551
- cc. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Burton*, in the County of *Kent*. *Ibid.*
- cc. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Liverthorpe, Lincroft, Lincroft and Lingshanger Aldwicks*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
- cc. An Act for erecting a Bridge over the River *Tilman* Run or near the *Three Crosses*, in the Parishes of *Saint James Gerlich Hyde and Saint Martin Vintry*, in the City of *London*. *Ibid.*

of London, to the opposite Bank of the said River, in the Parish of Saint James's, in the County of Surrey; and for making proper Streets and Avenues to connect saide therewith. *Page 511*

Act. An Act for making a navigable Canal between the Rivers of Serk and Bight, and also for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the City of Bristol and its Jurisdiction. *Page 512*

Act. An Act to say and alter the Line of a Cut intended to be made by an Act of the Thirty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for making a Canal from the River Euse near Epsom, in the County of Devon, to the River Teeme near Exeter, in the County of Somerset; and to amend the said Act. *Id.*

Act. An Act for confirming certain Articles of Agreement entered into between the Company of Proprietors of the Grand Jamaica Canal and certain Persons, for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Parish of *St. Andrew's*, and the Parishes and Streets adjacent, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Id.*

Act. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Grand Surrey Canal to make a Collateral Cut, commencing at Greenwich, in the Parish of *Saint Mark's*, Rotherhithe, in the County of Surrey, and to enable the said Company to complete the said Canal; and for amending the several Acts relating thereto. *Page 513*

Act. An Act for completing and maintaining *The Royal County Canal at Rathfriland*, in the County of Surrey. *Id.*

Act. An Act for reviving a new Market Place in the Town or Borough and Manor of *Epsom*, in the County of *Surrey*. *Page 514*

Act. An Act for paving and improving the Streets and other public Pallaces and Places in the Parishes of *Saint John the Baptist* and *Saint Benet's*, in the Town of *Gloucester*, in the County of *Somerset*. *Id.*

Act. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of *Three Acts of His present Majesty*, for repairing the Road from *Doncaster* to *Royston*, in the County of *York*. *Id.*

Act. An Act to amend and revise more effectual an Act of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining a Road from the Borough of *Southwell* to the *East Road*, in the County of *Surrey*. *Id.*

Act. An Act for inclosing certain Lands called *Greathorpe and Cow Lee Lane*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary the Virgin*, in the Town of *Cambridge*. *Id.*

Act. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Tilford*, in the County of *Wilt*. *Page 515*

Act. An Act for selling certain Estates late of *George Mansel*, of *Tisbury*, in the County of *Down*, in *Ireland*, Esquire, deceased, in Trustees to be sold, for Payment of Debts and Legacies, and for paying out the Surplus of the Money arising from such sale to the Purchaser of other Estates in *Ireland*, to be sold to the same Uses as the Estates he sold. *Id.*

Act. An Act for making, under the Direction of His Majesty's High Court of Chancery in *Ireland*, a Partition of Part of the *Escheat* Estates of the Right Honourable *Edward late Earl Bessborough*, in conformity to an Award therein mentioned. *Id.*

Act. An Act for selling certain Estates in the County of *Down*, in *Ireland*, devised by the Will of our *George* fourth, Baronet, deceased, in Trustees to be sold, and for paying out the Profits of the Money arising under the Direction of the High Court of Chancery, in other Estates to be sold in like thereof, and to the same Uses. *Id.*

Act. An Act to enable the Deans of the Cathedral Church of the Holy and Undivided Trinity, *Dublin*, to accept Surrenders and grant Leases of certain Lands called *The Dean's Grounds*, in the County of *Dublin*, and to remove Doubts respecting the Validity of Leases heretofore made thereof. *Page 516*

Act. An Act for enabling the Deans of *Windsor* and *St. Asaph*, in Wales, to grant Leases and Licenses for opening and working Mines within the Lands belonging to the Monks of *Walesborough*, and for augmenting the Income of the Parson of the Collegiate Church or Royal Free Chapel of *Walesborough*. *Id.*

Act. An Act for selling in *John Thosable Dundas Esquire*, an undivided Moiety of certain Profits situate at *L. or Layton*, in the County of *Essex*, and for applying the Profits of the Money in the Purchase of other Estates to be sold to the said selling Uses of the Will of *Edward Maris* deceased. *Id.*

Act. An Act for empowering the Trustees of certain Lands Tenements and Premises in the Counties of *Warwick* and *Northampton*, called *The Darnley Lands*, to make sale of a certain Part thereof for paying off Incumbrances. *Id.*

Act. An Act for selling Part of the devised Estates of *Henry Elliot* deceased, in Trustees to be sold, and for paying out the whole Profits of the Money, under the Direction of the High Court of Chancery, in the Purchase of other Estates to be sold in like thereof, and to the same Uses. *Id.*

Act. An Act to enable the Trustees of the Will of *Thomas Peter Leigh Esquire*, deceased, to purchase Estates for the Benefit of their Trust, and to sell certain of the Estates devised by the Will of the said *Thomas Peter Leigh*, for selling Money to pay for such purchased Estates, and for reimbursing a Sum expended in the Redemption of the Land Tax, charged on other Estates of the said *Thomas Peter Leigh*. *Id.*

Act. An Act for inclosing and dividing the Common and Waste Lands in the Parishes of *Marblehead*, *Royston* and *Howling*, within the Manor and Liberty of *Needington* and *Bevington*, in the County of *Essex*. *Id.*

Act. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor or Township of *Norbury*, in the Parish of *Swadlow*, in the County of *Essex*. *Id.*

Act. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Kingsley*, in the County of *Essex*. *Id.*

Act. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Branston*, in the County of *Wilt*. *Page 517*

Act. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Ming*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. *Id.*

Act. An Act for inclosing, and converting from Tithes, Lands in the Parishes of *Lower Dymondley*, *Little Dymondley*, and *Spadbury*, in the County of *Essex*. *Id.*

Act. An Act to enable the *Great Western Railway and Canal Company* to raise a further Sum of Money for the Completion of their Works, and for buying a Tollage Rate on certain Vessels and Goods now exempted, and further to extend the Powers granted to the said Company. *Id.*

Act. An Act for selling Five different Residues and Profits within the Rectory and Parish of *Stonewich*, in the County of *Northampton* and Parish Church of *Stonewich*, and for providing Parish Churches, Church Yards and Parsonage Houses for the same; and for transferring the Commissioners and Governors of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at *Greenwich*, in the County of *Kent*, from preferring

- to the Rectory of *Hemsworth*, or the said new Rectory, any other Persons than Chaplains in the Royal Navy. *Act*
Page 607
 1795. An Act for constructing a Harbour at *Pembroke* in *Monmouth* Bay, in the County of *Cardewell*. *Act*
 1796. An Act for the Improvement of the Harbour of *Salmon Pools* in the Port of *Flymouth*, in the County of *Devon*. *Act*
 1797. An Act for regulating and converting the Statute Services in the County of *Perth*, and for more effectually making and repairing the Highways, Bridges and Ferries within the said County. *Act*
 1798. An Act for more effectually repairing and maintaining certain Roads and Bridges in the County of *Perth*. *Act*
 1799. An Act for establishing a Ferry across the River *Trent* at *Walsingham*, in the County of *Kent*. *Act*
 1800. An Act for building a Church in and for the Parish of *Nevers*, in the Counties of *Gloucester* and *Worcester*. *Act*
 1801. An Act to amend an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for creating a new Canal and Head of Correction and new Coast Roads, for the County Palatine of *Durham*, and making an equal County Rate for these Purposes. *Act*
 1802. An Act for increasing the Rates on Coals conveyed on the River *Avon*, in the County of *Warwickshire*, and for amending and making more efficient the several Acts relating thereto. *Act*
 1803. An Act for raising an additional Sum of Money for carrying into Execution the several Acts for widening the Entrance into the City of *London*, and *Temple-Bar*, for making a more convenient Street at *Seven Dials*, and for raising Money on the Credit of the Orphanage Fund for these Purposes, and for extending the Powers of the said Acts. *Act*
 1804. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Swanley* to *Selly*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Act*
 1805. An Act for repealing an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing and maintaining the Road from the *Spencerford Turnpike Road*, in the Parish of *Shrewsbury*, in the County of *Kent*, to the Turnpike Road in the Parish of *Forsyth*, leading from *Stowood* to *Swanley*, in the said County. *Act*
 1806. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Brick Kiln on *East Melton Heath* to *Powder Green*, and from *Swanley* to the *Four Ways*, in the County of *Kent*; and for making a Road therefrom into the *Affrentwell and Hollow Road*, in the same County. *Act*
 1807. An Act to confirm certain Articles of Agreement between the Most Noble *Johannes Duke of Arundel*, the Right Honourable *Edmund Earl of Derby*, the Right Reverend *Charles Lord Bishop of Exeter* and *Messrs. the Honourable Edward Sturges* commonly called *Lord Sturges*, the Reverend *Samuel Myles*, *William East*, *Johannes Cyprian*, and the Clergy of the *Isle of Man*; and for other Purposes. *Act*
 1808. An Act for extinguishing all Rights of Common and other Rights in respect to the Globe Land belonging to the Church of *Harrold*, in the County of *Gloucester*, in, upon or under the annexed Waste Lands in the Township of *Harrold*, in the same County; and such other Lands in the same Township as have been heretofore inclosed, and taken from the Waste Lands in the same Township; and

for selling a Piece or Parcel of Land, called *Head East*, situate in the same Township (whilst at three times mentioned) in the very Reverend *Abbot Chelmsford*, and to Successors, perpetual Curator of *Harrold* church, in like and Satisfaction of such Rights. *Page 608*

1809. An Act for confirming certain Building Leases of Lands in *Newington*, in the County of *Surrey*, granted by the Dean and Chapter of *Canterbury*, jointly with their Lessor, *Thomas Grenville Esquire*, not warranted by the Provisions of an Act made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty; and for empowering the said Dean and Chapter, and their Lessor for the Time being of their Estates in *Newington*, to grant Building Leases of Parts of the said Premises; and for other the Purposes therein mentioned. *Act*

1810. An Act for selling to the Trustees of the Charity Schools of the Parish of *St. Mary Magdalen otherwise Whitechapel*, in the County of *Middlesex*, the legal Estate of Two undivided Third Parts belonging to the said Charity Schools in a Farm and Lands at *Southall* and *Afford* in the County of *Essex*, and to enable the said Trustees to sell, or a Particular of the said Farm and Lands, and for other Purposes. *Act*

1811. An Act for selling certain Parts of the entailed Estates of *Thomas Graham Esquire* in Trust, in Trust, to sell the same, and to apply the Money to wife by such Sale in paying the Debts and Incumbrances affecting certain Lands belonging to the said *Thomas Graham* in Fee Simple, and thereafter to cancel such Lands, freed from Incumbrances, in favour of these Parts of the entailed Estates hereby directed to be sold. *Act*

1812. An Act for selling to the surviving Trustees of the Will of *Johannes Wallinger Ansell Wallinger Esquire*, deceased, in ancient Deceased, to be holder of the Liberty, Messuages, or Manor of *Hevening* and *Swan*, in the County of *Essex*, a certain Estate called *Ware Hill*, in Trust to SE. *Act*

1813. An Act for selling in Trust the Two undivided Sixteenth Parts, and One thirty second Part, late of *Johannes Utric Collier Esquire*, deceased, of a certain Messuage, Farm and Lands, in the Parishes of *Tottenham* and *St. Martin*, in the County of *Middlesex*, in Trust, to convey the same, respectively, unto *William Hutton Esquire*, as to certain Parts thereof; and as to the remaining Parts to *Johannes Clark Esquire*, upon Payment by them, respectively, of a certain Sum of Money for the Purchase of the same, and for investing such Monies in the Purchase of Lands and Hereditaments in the Name of the Trustees, for the Benefit of *Charlotte Collier*, the Widow, and of the infant Children of the said *Johannes Utric Collier*, the Deceased in his Will. *Act*

1814. An Act for exchanging an Estate belonging to *Richard North Esquire*, in Fee, for Part of the Estate under Settlement. *Act*

1815. An Act for effectuating an Exchange between *William Sparre Esquire*, and *William Thomas Sparre*, as before, of a Fee Simple Estate, belonging to the said *William Sparre*, and situate in the Parish of *Yaxley*, in the County of *Northampton*, for an undivided Moiety belonging to the said *William Thomas Sparre*, in certain Public Houses and Lands situate in the several Counties of *Northampton*, *Leicester*, *Northampton*, and the *Isle of Ely* in *Cambridgeshire*. *Act*

1816. An Act to enable the Trustees of certain Lands, called *The Deer Fields*, situate in the Parish of *St. Mary Magdalen*, in the County of *Middlesex*, to grant Building Leases thereof. *Act*

2257. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Droghda*, in the County of *Droghda*. Page 607
 2258. An Act for inclosing Lands in the United Parishes of *St. Andrew's Church* and *St. Andrew's Church* otherwise called *St. Andrew's*, in the County of *St. Andrew's*. *Ibid.*
 2259. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Great Widdowfield*, *Glades* and *Great Coward*, in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*

2260. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the *Knot Road*, in the County of *Surrey*, to *Dryfield*, in the County of *Kent*, and a Branch therefrom to *St. Andrew's*, in the East County of *Surrey*. Page 707
 2261. An Act for draining, and excavating from Tyke certain Lands in the Parishes of *Eastfield*, and *Westfield*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS,

NOT PRINTED.

1. AN Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Beckley*, *Lowley* and *Weston*, in the County of *Hertford*.
 2. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Marshall* *Borough*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
 3. An Act for inclosing the Common and Waste Lands in the Townships or Hamlets of *Over Stannell* and *Lynn*, *Lower Stannell* and *Thruson*, *Stifford*, *Wooden*, and *Wetherby*, *Little Hay*, *Claydon*, and *Little Aston*, in the Manors of *Stifford* and *Little Aston*, in the Parish of *Stifford*, in the County of *Stafford*.
 4. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Calow*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
 [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
 5. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Overbury*, in the County of *Worcester*.
 [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
 6. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Tynally*, and Parish of *Alford*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
 7. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stratford*, in the County of *Stafford*.
 8. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stoddy* otherwise called *Stoddy*, in the County of *Northampton*.
 9. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Boray*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
 10. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Alnby*, in the County of *Northampton*.
 11. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Thrythel* and *Haselton* in the County of *Lincoln*.
 [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
 12. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Griffiths*, *East Blyth* and *Great Blyth*, in the County of *Northampton*.
 13. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Hail*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*.
 [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
 14. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Thrapston*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*.
 [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
 15. An Act to amend an Act (c. 1.) of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in *Chapel Althorpe*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
 16. An Act for dividing Lands in the Parish of *Pennyford*, in the County of *Derby*.
 17. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Widemarsh*, in the County of *Northampton*.
 18. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Braun*, in the County of *Northampton*.
 19. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Great Searby*, in the County of *Northampton*.
 (a) [48 G. 3. c. vi.]
 20. An Act for inclosing *Billy Hope* *Parsonage*, in the Parish of *Beckley*, in the County of *Hertford*.
 21. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Wylton*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.
 [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
 22. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stapleton*, in the County of *Derby*.
 23. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Eastby* and *Thorncliffe*, in the County of *Northampton*.
 24. An Act for inclosing a certain Open Field called *Blair Field*, in the Parish of *Stoddy*, in the County of *Northampton*.
 25. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *William Dodge* Trustee with *Marionne Tamson* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
 26. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Althorpe*, in the County of *Northampton*.
 27. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Althorpe* *Bryan*, in the County of the City of *York*.
 [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
 28. An Act for inclosing, and excavating from Tithes, Lands in the Parish of *Croston*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*.
 29. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Fardesborough*, in the County of *Northampton*.
 [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
 30. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Blackwell*, *Peacock* *Manors* and *Wood Norton*, in the County of *Northampton*.
 31. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Wylton*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
 32. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Great Brington*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
 33. An Act for inclosing, and excavating from Tithes, Lands in the Parish of *Abbyjones Parsonage*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
 34. An Act for inclosing *Stoddy Common*, in the County of *Northampton*.
 35. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *North* and *Middle Linton*, and *South Linton*, in the County of *Northampton*.
 [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
 36. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Longthorpe* *Manors*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*.
 37. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Wymington*, in the County of *Bedford*.
 [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
 38. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Chobley*, *Priddy* and *Ashby Stoke*, in the County of *Northampton*.

STATUTES at Large, &c.

Anno Regni GEORGE II. Britanniarum Regis,
Quinquagesimo Primo.

AT the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the Twenty second Day of June, Anno Domini 1707; in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith; and from thence continued, by several Prorogations and Adjournments, to the Fifth Day of January 1711, being the Fifth Session of the Fourth Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

C A P. I.

An Act to provide for the Administration of the Royal Authority, and for the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Illness; and for the Resumption of the Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty. [5th February 1711.]

WHEREAS by reason of the severe Indisposition with which it hath pleased God to afflict the King's Most Excellent Majesty, the Personal Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty is, for the present, so interrupted, that it becomes necessary to make Provision for assisting His Majesty in the Administration and Exercise of the Royal Authority, and also for the Care of his Royal Person during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition, and for the Resumption of the Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That His Royal Highness George Augustus Frederick Prince of Wales shall have full Power and Authority, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, and under the Style and Title of "Regent of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland," to exercise and administer the Royal Power and Authority in the Course of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland belonging, and to use, execute and perform all Authorities, Prerogatives, Acts of Government and Administration of the same, which lawfully belong to the King of the said United Kingdom as aforesaid; subject to such Licences, Exceptions, Reparations and Restrictions, as are hereinafter specified and contained; and also and every Act and Acts which shall be done by the said Regent, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, by virtue and in pursuance of this Act, and according to the Powers and Authorities hereby vested in him, shall have the same Force and Effect to all Intents and Purposes as the like Acts would have if done by His Majesty himself, and shall to all Intents and Purposes be full and sufficient Warrant to and carry into Effect the same manner and for the same Purposes as the same Person ought to yield Obedience to and carry into Effect the like Acts done by His Majesty himself; any Law, Custom or Office, or other Matter or Thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

Prince of Wales
represented
Regent.

II And be it further enacted, That as to all Authorities given and Appointments made in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, and all other Acts, Matters and Things usually done under the Authority of the Royal Sign Manual, the Signatures of the Regent in the Form following; that is to say, *George P. R.* or in cases where the Royal Signatures have usually been affixed in Joins only, then in the Form *G. P. R.*, shall be as valid and effectual, and have the same Force and Effect as His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, and shall be deemed and taken to be to all Intents and Purposes His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, and be obeyed as such.

Form of Signa-
ture of Regent.

When Powers
of Act remain.

III. And he it further enacted, That when His Majesty shall by the Blessing of God be refused to such a State of Health as to be capable of retaining the Personal Exercise of his Royal Authority, and shall have declared his Royal Will and Pleasure thereupon, as hereinafter provided, and all every the Powers and Authorities given by this Act, for the Exercise and Administration of His Royal Power and Authority, or for the using, exercising and performing the Authorities, Prerogatives, Acts of Government and Administration of the same, which belong to the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland to use, execute and perform, or for the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, shall cease and determine; and so Act, Matter or Thing, which, under this Act, and previous to such Declaration might be done in the Administration of His Majesty's Royal Power and Authority, or in the using, exercising or performing any such Authorities, Prerogatives, Acts of Government or Administration as aforesaid, or in the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, by virtue and performance of the said Act, shall if done after such Declaration of His Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure, be therefore void or of no effect.

Acts of Exe-
cution to remain,
which were con-
tinued by this
Majesty.

IV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That all Persons holding any Office or Place, or Positions during His Majesty's Pleasure, at the time of such Declaration, under any Appointment or Authority of the Regent, or Her Majesty, under the Provisions of this Act, shall continue to hold the same, and to use, exercise and enjoy all the Powers, Privileges and Emoluments thereof, notwithstanding such Declaration of the Refusalness of the Royal Authority by His Majesty, and so His Majesty shall declare his Royal Will and Pleasure to the contrary; and all Orders, Acts of Government or Administration of His Majesty's Royal Authority, made, issued or done by the said Regent, before such Declaration, shall be and remain in full Force and Effect, until the same shall be countermanded by His Majesty.

In what only
only Acts of Re-
quest valid.

V. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That no Acts of Royal Power, Prerogative, Government or Administration of Government, of what Kind or Nature Soever, which might lawfully be done or executed by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, personally exercising his Royal Authority, shall, during the Continuance of the Regency by the said Act established, be valid and efficient, unless done and executed in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, by the Authority of the said Regent, according to the Provisions of this Act, and subject to the Limitations, Exceptions, Regulations and Restrictions hereinafter contained.

Regent to take
the following
Oaths.

VI. And he it further enacted, That the said Regent, before he shall act or enter upon his said Office of Regent, shall take the following Oaths:

- I DO sincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty
the King George.
- I DO solemnly promise and swear, That I will truly and faithfully execute the Office of Regent of the
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, according to an Act of Parliament passed in the Fifty first
Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, entitled, An Act for better regulating the Title of this Act;
- and that I will administer, according to Law, the Power and Authority vested in me by virtue of the said
Act; and that I will in all Things, to the utmost of my Power and Ability, assist and maintain the Sobriety
Honour and Dignity of His Majesty and the Welfare of his People.
- I DO faithfully promise and swear, That I shall assiduously maintain and preserve the Settlement of the true
Protestant Religion, with the Government, Liberties, Rights and Privileges of the Church
of England, established by the Laws made there in Protection of the same of Right, and particularly by
an Act, entitled, An Act for securing the Protestant Religion, and Protestant Church Government, and by
the Acts passed in the Parliaments of both Kingdoms, for Union of the Two Kingdoms.

So help me GOD.

Which Oaths shall be taken before His Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council; who are hereby required and empowered to administer the same, and to enter the same in the Books of the said Privy Council.

Regent to take
Oaths, to sub-
scribe the Decla-
ration, &c. &c.
Sec. 2 and
produce Certifi-
cate of taking
before the Secre-
tary.

VII. And he it further enacted, That the said Regent shall, at the time of his taking such Oaths as aforesaid, and before the Members of the Privy Council administering the same, make, subscribe, and solemnly repeat the Declaration contained in an Act made in the Thirtieth Year of King George the second, entitled, An Act for the more effectual preserving the King's Person and Government, by obliging Persons from serving in either House of Parliament; and shall produce a Certificate of his having received the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper in any of the said Churches, signed by the Parson administering the same; which Certificate shall be sufficient Evidence of the said Regent's having received the Sacrament; and such Declaration and Certificate shall respectively be registered in the Books of the Privy Council.

Periods of sit-
ting in Parli-
ment, &c.

VIII. Provided also, and he it enacted, That until after the First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, if Parliament shall be then assembled, and shall have been sitting for Six Weeks continuously previous to the said First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, or if Parliament shall be then assembled, but shall not have been so sitting for Six Weeks, then until the Expiration of Six Weeks after Parliament shall so be assembled and sitting, next after the said First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the Regent shall not have or exercise any Power or Authority whatsoever, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, say Rank, Title or Dignity of the Peerage, by Letters Patent, Writ of Privilege, or any other manner whatsoever, or to summon any Person to the House of Lords by any Title to which such Person shall be the Her Apparent, or to do any the Alike-ness of any Rank, Title or Dignity of Peerage, which now is or hereafter shall be in Abeyance, in favour of any of the Coheirs thereof by Writ of Succession, or otherwise.

As to Regent
promise Oaths in
Scotland, &c.
Regent.

IX. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That the said Regent shall not, until after the said First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, or the Expiration of such Six Weeks as aforesaid, have

Power

Power or Authority to grant, in the Name or on the Behalf of His Majesty, any Office or Employment at what ever, in Rewards, or to grant for any longer Term than during His Majesty's Pleasure, any Office, Employment, Salary or Pension whatsoever, except such Office and Employment as is Publick for the Term of the natural Life, or during the good Behaviour of the Grantee or Grantees thereof respectively, as by Law shall be provided: Provided always, that nothing is now contained, shall in any manner direct or extend to prevent or restrain the granting of any Pension under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the Augmentation of the Salaries of the Judges of the Courts in Westminster Hall, and of the Lords of Session, Lords Commissioners of Admiralty, and Barons of Exchequer as Scotland; and for enabling His Majesty to grant Annuities to Persons in certain Offices in the said Courts in Westminster Hall, as their Resignations of their respective Offices; and of another Act passed in the said Twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for enabling His Majesty to grant Annuities to the Judges of the Courts of Session, Admiralty and Exchequer in Scotland, upon the Resignation of their Offices; and of another Act passed in Ireland, in the Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to enable His Majesty to grant Annuities to the Lord High Chancellor, and to the Judges of the Courts of King's Bench, High of the Bed, Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Exchequer, Judges or Commissioners of the Courts of Prerogative, the Judges of the Courts of Admiralty, the Sheriffs of the several Shires of the County of Dublin, and Assistant Burgesses of the several other Counties, on the Resignation of their respective Offices; and to extend an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for enabling the Salaries of the Chief and other Judges of the Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas, and of the Chief Baron and other Barons of the Court of Exchequer in this Kingdom; or to prevent or restrain the granting of any Pensions out of the Revenues of the British Territories in the East Indies, to the Provisionals of a Fort, Fort or Acts of Parliament now in force, to such Persons as may have held the Office of Chief Justice or other Judge in the Supreme Courts of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal and at Madras, and the Office of Recorder of Madras. X. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained, shall in any manner extend or extend to prevent or restrain the granting of any Pension under the Provisions of an Act passed in the forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the better Regulation of the Majesty's Prerogative Courts in the West Indies and America, and for giving a new Style and official Existence to the Deputies of the Lords Commissioners of Appeals, and of another Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen, and for the better and more effectual managing His Majesty's Navy; for regulating the Payment of Prize Money, and for making Provisions for the Salaries of the Judges of the Vice Admiralty Courts in the Island of Malta, and in the Territories of Barbary, Malta; and also of another Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen, and for the better and more effectually managing His Majesty's Navy.*******

XI. And be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to empower the said King, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, to give the Royal Assent to any Bill or Bills in Parliament, for repealing, amending, or in any respect varying the Order and Course of Succession to the Crown of this Realm, as the same is now established by an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King William the Third, intituled, *An Act for the further Extension of the Crown, and better securing the Rights and Liberties of the Subject, or to any Act for repealing or altering the Act made in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, *An Act for the Uniformity of Publick Prayers and Administration of Sacraments, and other Rites and Ceremonies, and for settling the Form of saying, reading and expounding Bibles, Prayers and Devotions in the Church of England; or the Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of Queen Anne, made in Scotland, intituled, *An Act for securing the Protestant Religion and Presbyterian Church Government.***

XII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That if His said Royal Highness George Augustus Frederick Prince of Wales shall not continue to be subject to the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in full at any Time more a Papist, then and in either of such Cases, all the Powers and Authorities vested in His said Royal Highness by this Act, shall cease and determine.

XIII. And whereas it is expedient that the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person should be committed to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, together with the sole Direction of such Person of His Majesty's Household as shall be deemed requisite and suitable for the due Attendance on His Majesty's Royal Person, and the Management of his Royal Duty; Be it therefore enacted, That the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, and the disposing, ordering and managing of all Matters and Things relating thereto, shall be, and the same are hereby vested in the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition; and that the sole Direction of His Majesty's Household, except the Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household, the Captain of his Yeomen of His Majesty's Guard, and the Captain of the Honourable Band of Gentlemen Pensioners, shall be and remain vested in His Majesty; and Her said Majesty shall have the full sole Power and Authority, by any Letters or Instructions in Writing signed and sealed by Her Majesty, to nominate and appoint, or to remove or discharge by Resignation or Death, all the Officers and Persons belonging to His Majesty's Household, or the respective Departments thereof, whose Appointment, Nomination or Removal have hitherto been made by His Majesty; except the Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household, and the Gentlemen and Grooms of His Majesty's Bedchamber, His Majesty's Equerries, the Captain of the Yeomen of His Majesty's Guard, and the Captain of the Honourable Band of Gentlemen Pensioners; and the Nomination and Appointment by Her Majesty, in Matters and Persons aforesaid, shall be void and ineffectual in all Issues and Purposes as if the same had been made or done by His Majesty in the accustomed manner; and the several Persons so appointed shall be entitled to the like Precedence, Privileges, Salaries, Wages, Profits and all other Emoluments, as the several Persons now holding and enjoying the

P. 303

29 G. 3 c. 26

48 G. 3 c. 145

49 G. 3 c. 114

Proviso as to granting of Pensions under 41 G. 3. (10. 41) c. 1.

43 G. 3 c. 16.

45 G. 3 c. 74

As to successions before the Royal Act c. 12 W. 3 c. 1.

23 Car. 2 c. 4.

Scotch Act.

Regent residing in the Kingdom; Marrying a Papist.

Care of His Majesty's Person, and Direction and Management of his Person of His Majesty's Household, with all His Majesty's

c. 125.

Fourth.

same Office are respectively enabled to be Provided always, that the Power and Authority given by this Act to Her Majesty, to nominate and appoint each Person of His Majesty's Household as one or several of them excepted, shall continue in force until the said full Day of February, or the Expiration of such Six Weeks, as aforesaid, and so longer: Provided also, that Her said Majesty shall not have any Power or Authority to nominate any Officer in any Department of His Majesty's Household, by this Act made subject to the Nineteenth Appointment of Her Majesty, who shall first have consented and appointed by His Majesty: Provided also, That until the Expiration of such Period as aforesaid, no Appointment shall be made to the Office of Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household, nor vacant, but that all the Duties of the said Office shall be performed by the Vice Chamberlain; and that during such Period as aforesaid, no Person holding the Office of Gentleman or Groom of His Majesty's Bedchamber, or being One of His Majesty's Equerries, shall be subject to be removed; and no Vacancy which shall arise by Death or Relinquishment of any of the Grooms or Gentlemen of His Majesty's Bedchamber, or of His Majesty's Equerries, shall be supplied or filled up, or any Appointment or Nomination made to supply any such Vacancy.

Officers of Household shall be appointed.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Officer in His Majesty's Household who is by this Act put under the Direction of Her Majesty, to make any Appointment to any Office in which such Officer may have the Power of Appointment for any longer Period than during His Majesty's Pleasure.

Council appointed to assist Her Majesty.

XV. And whereas the Execution of the rights and duties of Treasurers by this Act committed to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, may require the Assistance of a Council, with whom Her Majesty may consult and advise: Be it therefore enacted, That in order to assist and advise Her said Most Excellent Majesty in the several Matters aforesaid, there shall be, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Health, a Council, consisting of Charles Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, Edward Lord Archbishop of York, James Duke of Meath, George Earl of Wexford and Newcastle, Henry Earl of Aylesford, John Lord Eldon, Edward Lord Eldon, and the Right Honourable Sir William Grant, which Council shall from time to time meet as Her Majesty shall be pleased to direct, and shall also have Power to meet in manner by this Act directed; and if it should happen that any of them the said Charles Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, Edward Lord Archbishop of York, James Duke of Meath, George Earl of Wexford and Newcastle, Henry Earl of Aylesford, John Lord Eldon, Edward Lord Eldon, or the Right Honourable Sir William Grant, should depart this Life, or by Instrument in Writing communicated to Her Majesty, signify their Intention to decline to act, then and in such Case it shall be lawful for the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, from time to time, by an Instrument in Writing signed and sealed by Her Majesty, or made at her Will and Pleasure, to nominate and appoint some one Person, being or having been a Member of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, to be a Member of the said Council, to advise and assist Her Majesty as aforesaid, in the Room and Place of each and every of the said Councilors so departing this Life, or declining to act as aforesaid; which Nomination and Appointment shall be forthwith certified by an Instrument in Writing, signed and sealed by Her Majesty, to the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and shall be entered in the Books of the said Privy Council.

Members of Her Majesty's Council to take Oath.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That each and every Member of Her Majesty's Council shall, within the Space of Five Days after his Appointment by virtue of this Act, or by virtue of Her Majesty's Nomination and Appointment in manner aforesaid, take an Oath before the Lord High Chancellor or Keeper of the Great Seal, or Commissioners for keeping the Great Seal of Great Britain, or the Lord President of His Majesty's Privy Council, or the Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench, for the time being respectively, or either of them, who are hereby severally and respectively required and empowered to administer the same, when required so to do by any Person so appointed a Member of His Majesty's Council as aforesaid; and the Person administering such Oath shall give to the Member of Her Majesty's Council taking the same, a Certificate of the same having been so taken, signed with his Hand; which Certificate shall be forthwith transmitted to His Majesty's Privy Council, and entered in the Books of the said Privy Council; and such Oath shall be to the Form following; that is to say,

Oath.

I, A. B. do solemnly swear and swear, That I will truly and faithfully execute and advise the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, according to the best of my Judgment, in all Matters and Things relating to the Affairs committed to Her Majesty, touching the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, and the Reformation of the Personal Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty.

Her Majesty's Council to examine the Physicians and advise upon Oath.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That Her Majesty's Council, or any Three or more of them, shall have Power and Authority at all times, when they shall judge it necessary, to meet, and call before them, and examine upon Oath, the Physicians and all other Persons attendant on His Majesty, during the Continuance of His Health, touching the State of His Majesty's Health; and all Matters relating thereto [which Oath any Member of the said Council is hereby authorized and empowered to administer]; and to transmit the State of His Majesty's Health by all such other ways and means as shall appear to them to be necessary for that Purpose.

Council to meet, and to take Oath of His Majesty's Health, Copy of the same transmitted to President of Privy Council.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That Three or more of the Members of the Council appointed to assist Her Majesty in the Execution of the Trusts committed to Her Majesty by this Act, shall, in case such Trusts shall then be in force, meet on some Day in the said Week in April or in October next ensuing, and there, and on some Day in the said Week of every Third Month thereafter; and forthwith the said Trusts shall continue in force in every such Meeting, declare the State of His Majesty's Health; or in case of each of such Meetings respectively, and shall forthwith transmit a Copy of such Declaration to the President of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, or in his Absence to one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, who shall thereupon cause the same to be entered in the Books of the said Privy Council.

*XIX. And

XIX. And whereas it is necessary that effectual Provision should be made that His Majesty may refuse the Personal Exercise of his Royal Authority, as far as His Majesty is referred to such a State of Health as to be capable of releasing the same: Be it therefore enacted, That when it shall appear to Her Majesty the Queen, and to any Five or more of the Council, appointed by this Act to advise Her Majesty in the Execution of the Trust committed to Her Majesty by this Act, assembled at any Meeting held in pursuance of Her Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure signified for that Purpose, or assembled under the Direction of this Act, or in pursuance of His Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure signified to Her Majesty and her Council for that Purpose; which Council of Her Majesty is hereby required to assemble in the Presence of Her Majesty, upon His Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure being signified for that Purpose, that His Majesty is referred to such a State of Health as to be capable of releasing the Personal Exercise of the Royal Authority, it shall and may be lawful for Her said Majesty, by the Advice of any Five or more of her said Council, to signify the same, by an Instrument under Her Majesty's Hand, and signed also by the said Five or more of Her Majesty's said Council, and addressed to the Lord President of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council for the time being, or in his Absence to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; and the said Lord President or Secretary of State shall and is hereby required, on the Receipt thereof, to communicate the same to the said Regent, and to furnish forthwith a Privy Council, and the Members of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council are hereby required to assemble in consequence of such Summons; and the said Lord President, or in his Absence the said Secretary of State as aforesaid, in the Presence of any Six or more Privy Counsellors is authorised, to cause the said Instrument to be entered on the Books of the said Privy Council.

Her Majesty and One of us advise His Majesty's Relations to Health.

To be entered in Books of Privy Council.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if at any time after the said Instrument under the Hand of Her Majesty, and of five or more of her said Council, shall have been received and entered as aforesaid, His Majesty shall think proper, by an Instrument under his Sign Manual, to require the Lord President of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council for the time being, or, in his Absence, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, to nominate a Council in His Majesty's Presence, consisting of any Number of Persons not less than nine, whom His Majesty shall name, and who shall be or shall have been Members of His Majesty's Most Honourable Council, not being Members of Her Majesty's Council, the said Lord President or Secretary of State shall and is hereby required to furnish such Persons accordingly; and as well the said Lord President or Secretary of State, as the other Persons so nominated, shall and they are hereby required to attend at the Time and Place appointed by His Majesty; and such Persons so assembled shall and be deemed to be a Privy Council for the Purpose hereinafter mentioned.

After His Majesty's Will, His Majesty's Privy Council may, by Sign Manual, require any Council to be assembled.

When Persons so called to attend.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if His Majesty, by the Advice of Six or more of such Privy Council so assembled, shall signify his Royal Pleasure to refuse the Personal Exercise of his Royal Authority, and to issue a Proclamation declaring the same, such Proclamation shall be issued accordingly, countersigned by the said Six or more of the said Privy Council, and all the Powers and Authorities given by this Act shall from thenceforth cease and determine, and the Personal Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty shall be and be deemed to be refused by His Majesty, and shall be exercised by His Majesty, to all intents and purposes, as if this Act had never been made.

Death of Regent or of a Privy Council.

Relinquishment of the Royal Authority by the Privy Council to Regent.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if His Royal Highness George Augustus Frederick Prince of Wales shall depart this Life during the Continuance of the Regency by this Act established, or shall be Regent under any of the Provisions thereof, the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council shall forthwith cause a Proclamation to be issued, in His Majesty's Name, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, declaring the same: And if Her Majesty the Queen shall depart this Life during the time that the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person shall be committed to Her Majesty according to the Provisions of this Act, the Regent shall forthwith under and under a Proclamation, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to be issued and published, declaring the same: And in case the Parliament is being at the time of the issuing of any Proclamation declaring the Death of the Regent or of Her Majesty, or at the time of the issuing of any Proclamation for the Relinquishment of the Personal Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty, shall then be separated, by any Adjournment or Prorogation, such Parliament shall forthwith meet and sit.

Provision for the Continuance of the Executive Power of Parliament.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any such Proclamation as aforesaid shall issue in any or either of such cases as aforesaid, at any time when there is the Dissolution or Expulsion of a Parliament, and before the Day appointed by any Writ of Summons then issued for assembling a new Parliament, then and in such case the said proceeding Parliament shall immediately continue and sit at Westminster, and be a Parliament to continue during the Space of Six Months and no longer, to all intents and purposes, as if the same Parliament had not been dissolved or expired, but subject to be sooner prorogued or dissolved: Provided also, that if any such Proclamation as aforesaid shall issue on any or either of such cases as aforesaid, upon or at any time after the Day appointed by any Writ of Summons then issued for calling and assembling a new Parliament, and before such new Parliament shall have met and sat as a Parliament, such new Parliament shall immediately after such Proclamation continue and sit at Westminster, and be and be deemed to be a Parliament in being, to all intents and purposes, under the Provisions of this Act.

In case of Death of Her Majesty, or in case of the Death of His Majesty's Privy Council.

XXIV. And be it also enacted, That in case of the Death of His Majesty the Queen, the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, and all and every the Powers and Authorities in and by this Act vested in Her Majesty, touching the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, and the disposing, ordering and managing all matters and things relating thereto, shall be and be deemed to be referred to Her Majesty's Council, until the Provision shall have been made in relation thereto by Parliament: Provided nevertheless, That in such case nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to empower the Regent, or the said Council,

to

to appoint, appoint or remove any of the Officers or Professors of His Majesty's Household, by this Act made subject to the Nomination, Appointment or Removal of His Majesty, until such Provision shall have been made by Parliament in that behalf.

In what Case
Electors of
Members shall

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person, being a Member of the House of Commons, shall accept of any Office or Profit from the Crown, or by the Nomination and Appointment of the Ruler in the Name and on behalf of His Majesty, or of Her Majesty the Queen, during the Continuance of the Regency hereby established, the Election of such Member shall be and is hereby declared to be void, and a new writ shall issue for a new Election, in such and the like manner as if such Person had been appointed to such Office by His Majesty.

Several Money
from Civil List
to Her Majesty
and the Royal
Family.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the several Letters Patent, Letters of Privy Seal, and all other lawful Authorities, of what Nature or Kind soever, which have been granted or issued by His Majesty, by virtue whereof any Payments of any Sum or Sums of Money are directed to be paid out of the Moneys applicable to the Use of His Majesty's Civil Government, for the Use of the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, or for the Use of any of the Branches of His Majesty's Royal Family, shall continue, to be, and the same are hereby enacted to continue and be of full force and effect respectively, during the Continuance of the Regency by this Act established; and that Warrants shall be issued by the Lord High Treasurer, or Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, for the Payment of the several Sums therein respectively contained; which Warrants the said Lord High Treasurer, or Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, are hereby respectively required to issue at the usual and accustomed Times, and in the usual and accustomed Manner.

Several other
annual sums
of Civil List to His
Majesty's Privy
Purse.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Lord High Treasurer or Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, shall direct, and they are hereby required annually to direct the Sum of Sixty thousand Pounds to be issued out of the Moneys of the Civil List, Revenues to the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse for the time being, in like manner, and at such Times and in such Proportions as hea heretofore been used and accustomed in respect to the Issue of the Sum of Sixty thousand Pounds as aforesaid; and that the said Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse shall, and he is hereby authorized and directed, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition, out of the Moneys so issued to him, to make such Payments, and issue and apply such Sums, not exceeding the Sum of fifteen thousand four hundred and sixty one Pounds in the Whole in the Year, to such Persons, to such Payments, and at such Times, for such Purposes, and on such Accounts and in such manner as he hath heretofore usually used, issued and applied the same by the Authority and Direction of His Majesty; and the said Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse shall, and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw and pay to such Person as Her Majesty may think proper to appoint for this Purpose, out of such Sixty thousand Pounds as aforesaid, such Sums of Money, not exceeding Yearly the sum of a hundred and fifteen Pounds in each Quarter of the Year in the Whole, the first Payment whereof shall be made for the current Quarter as soon as may be after the passing of this Act, as Her Majesty shall, by any Order or Orders in Writing made for that purpose, direct, to be by such Person to be so appointed as aforesaid, paid and applied in such Sums and Proportions, and at such Times and for such Purposes, and upon such Accounts, and in such Manner, as the same have been heretofore accustomed to be paid and applied, unto the respective Directors and Authority of His Majesty; and such Person, so appointed as aforesaid, shall, before any such Money shall be issued to him after the passing of this Act, take as Oath before some one of Her Majesty's Council (which Oath each of Her Majesty's said Council is hereby authorized and directed), that he will faithfully apply and will justly account to Her Majesty for the faithful Application of such Sums of Money as issued to him as aforesaid; and such Person, so appointed as aforesaid, shall, from time to time, within One Month after the Receipt of every such Sum as aforesaid, render to His Majesty a just and true Account of the Application thereof. Provided also, that the Remainder of the aforesaid Sum of Sixty thousand Pounds shall be received by the said Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse in Sums of the Public Funds or Government Securities, in the Name of the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse for the time being, in Trust for His Majesty; and that the net Surplus of the Revenues of the Duchy and County Palatine of Lancaster shall be from time to time paid under the Order of the Chancellor and Council of the said Duchy, unto the Hands of the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse, whose Receipt shall be a sufficient Discharge for the same, and shall by him be deposited in favor of the Public Fund or Government Securities, in Manner aforesaid; and that the Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall place the said several Sums as an Account to be raised in the Books of the said Governor and Company, entitled, "The Account of the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse;" and that upon the Death or Resignation of the present and every other Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse hereafter to be appointed, all and every the said Stock or Stocks and Sums or Sums of Money owing from the Dividend which shall accrue thereon, shall respectively vest in the Successor of the present or any future Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse respectively, and the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse for the time being is hereby required to lay out and sell the

Application
thereof.

For the use of
the Civil List
of His Majesty.

Dividends of
any such Stock, from time to time, in the Purchase of other Stocks and Securities in the like Account, and that the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse for the time being, shall from time to time cause the Dividends of the said all of all such Fund and Securities, declaring that the same are held in Trust for His Majesty, by Instruments to be executed under his Hand and Seal, to be deposited with Her Majesty.

Trust.

Application of
Revenues of
Duchy of Lan-
caster.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the said Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse, and such Person to be appointed as aforesaid by Her Majesty, shall, on or before the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and on or before the First Day of January in every succeeding Year during the Continuance of this Act, respectively take as Oath before the Deans of the Court of Exchequer, or one of them, in the Form following:

Witness of Privy
Purse and Pro-
cess appointed
by Her Majesty
in this Oath.

• I, A. B.

* I. *A. N. do fecerit.* That according to the best of my Knowledge, Belief or Information, no Part of the
 * Money which has been issued to me for the Service of His Majesty's Privy Purse, by virtue of an Act,
 * intituled, *As Act for the better Regulation of the Privy Purse*, between the First Day of January
 * and the First Day of January has been applied directly or
 * indelicately for the Benefit, Use or Relief of any Member of the House of Commons, or, so far as I am
 * concerned, applicable directly or indirectly, to the Purpose of supporting or procuring an Interest in any
 * Place returning Members to Parliament. be help me GOD'

* XXIX. And whereas an Act passed in the Thirty sixth and Thirtieth Years of the Reign of His present
 * Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the better Regulation of the Privy Purse*, and the said Act, in so far as it
 * doth extend to the said Privy Purse, and the said Act, in so far as it doth extend to the said Privy Purse,
 * for the Time being: And whereas it was declared by the said Act, that Provision should be made for the Care of the Real and
 * Personal Estate and Property of His Majesty, during his Majesty's Life, and for the Performance thereof for
 * the Life and future Disposal of His Majesty's Heir: Be it therefore enacted, That all Persons having the Care or
 * Management of His Majesty's Real or Personal Estate or Property, as any Part thereof, now vested in any
 * Trustee for the Use of His Majesty, shall be and are hereby made and declared to be subject to the Control,
 * Order, Direction, Appointment and Removal of the several and respective Trustees of the Real and Personal
 * Estate and Property at which they are respectively in the Care and Management; and shall from time to
 * time, and whenever required, be to do, account to the respective Trustees of the several and respective Parts of
 * the Real and Personal Estate and Property of which they do have the Care and Management, for all the
 * Receipts, Profits, Dividends, Interest and Issue of Money arising or accruing therefrom respectively; and shall
 * make up, pay over, lay out, sell, or otherwise dispose of the Issue, for the Use of His Majesty, in such manner as shall
 * be from time to time ordered and directed by such Trustees respectively; and as to such
 * Trustees shall appear and be liable and answerable for the Care and Improvement of such Real and Personal
 * Estate and Property, and the Performance thereof, for His Majesty's Use and future Disposal; and all the
 * Real and Personal Estate and Property of His Majesty, in relation to which no Disposition shall have been
 * made by His Majesty before his Majesty's Death, and which shall not now be vested in any Trustee or Trustees for
 * His Majesty's Use, shall immediately from and after the passing of this Act vest in the Queen's Most Excellent
 * Majesty, His Royal Highness the Regent, and the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse for the Time
 * being, as Trustees thereof for the Use of His Majesty, and for the Protection and Care thereof during His
 * Majesty's Health, and the Performance thereof for His Majesty's Use and future Disposal; and Her said
 * Majesty, and His said Royal Highness the Regent, and the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse, may appoint
 * a Secretary and such other Persons as may appear to them to be necessary for the Management of and
 * keeping the Accounts of the said Trust, with such Salaries, to be paid out of the Proceeds of the Trust
 * Property, as may appear to the said Trustees to be proper; and all Persons in the Care and Management of
 * any Real or Personal Estate or Property, be called as such Trustees as shall be called, under the Act, shall in
 * like manner as aforesaid be subject to the Control, Direction, Appointment or Removal of such
 * Trustees as shall be called, and shall account to such Trustees in like manner as aforesaid directed, in relation
 * to such Real and Personal Estate and Property as was vested in Trustees before the passing of this Act;
 * and shall in like manner as aforesaid pay over, lay out, sell or otherwise dispose of the Receipts, Profits,
 * Dividends, Interest and Issue of Money arising or accruing therefrom respectively, according to the
 * Order and Direction of such Trustees as aforesaid: Provided always, That all Dispositions arising from any Public
 * Loans or Securities shall be from time to time created and laid out in the Purchase of other like Loans or
 * Public Securities, in such any other Order or Direction as shall be given by the Trustees as aforesaid respectively;
 * and all Trustees in whom any Real or Personal Estate or Property was vested, before the passing of this Act,
 * as in whom the same is called by the Provisions of this Act, shall hold all such Estates and Property for the
 * Use and Benefit of His Majesty, and perform the Duties thereof, and of all Receipts, Profits, Dividends,
 * Interest and Issue of Money arising and accruing therefrom, for His Majesty's Use and Benefit, and for the
 * future Disposal of His Majesty, in such no Dispositions shall have been made, either by His Majesty, before his
 * Majesty's Death; and all such Real and Personal Estate and Property, and Receipts, Profits, Dividends,
 * Dividends, Interest and Issue of Money aforesaid, arising and accruing therefrom, whereas no Dispositions shall
 * have been made by His Majesty before his Majesty's Death, shall, from the passing of this Act, be subject to be
 * by His Majesty, so and be disposed of according to Law: Provided always, That if any such Estate or Property
 * shall be conveyed to or made in or by any means to affect any Limitation which shall hereafter be made, or
 * which shall hereafter be made, by His Majesty, by Deed, Will or otherwise, in any such Property or
 * Securities thereof as aforesaid, either before or after His Majesty's Death, which would have been or would be a
 * good and valid Disposition of such Property, if this Act had not passed.

* XXX. And whereas His Majesty hath been accustomed from time to time, by the Advice and
 * Recommendation of the Commissioners of the Treasury, to make Grants of the Drivots of the Crown and of
 * the A. 1. 1. 1. by the Persons concerned or interested in the Capture of any Vessel and Cargo, or other Property
 * condemned to or becoming vested in His Majesty, the Drivots of the Crown or of the Admiralty, or to Persons
 * paying for Relief of His Majesty's Bounty in any cases of Damage or Injury sustained by them on account
 * of or in any manner connected with any Capture or Prize, or occasioned by any Engagement with Ships of the
 * Enemy: Be it therefore enacted, That the said Regent shall have full Power and Authority, by the Advice
 * and on the Recommendation of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, or any Three or
 * more of them, out of the Drivots of the Crown or the Drivots of the Admiralty, or any Port or Ports thereof,
 * from time to time, to make any such Grants to Persons concerned or interested in the Capture of any Vessel
 * or Cargo, or other Property, which have been or may hereafter be taken to or become vested in His
 * Majesty

Majesty or Droits of his Crowns, or of the Admiralty, or to any Person or Persons praying for Relief in any Cases of Damage or Injury sustained by or on account of any Matter or Thing arising out of or in any manner connected with Captures or Prizes, or occasioned by any Engagement with Ships or Vessels of the Enemy, in such manner as His Majesty hath heretofore by the Advice of the said Commissioners been accustomed to make any Grants of the same.

C A P. II.

An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco and Stuffs, in Great Britain; and on Potatoes, Oysters and Periwinkle Shells in England; for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. [8th March 1811.]

XLV. AND it is hereby also created and declared, That the said Exchequer Bills in the Hands of the said Tellers shall be locked up, and secured as Cash, according to the Course of the Exchequer, and shall be taken and advanced as so much in part of the Revenue, in real Money, whereof each of the said Tellers shall from time to time stand charged, in common with other the Moneys in the said Exchequer; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding; and that it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury to issue and apply the same from time to time to such Services as shall then have been voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in this present Session of Parliament.

[This Act, except the Clause above inserted, is similar to 50 G. 3. c. 1.]

C A P. III.

An Act for raising the Sum of Ten millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. [8th March 1811.]

- Treasury empowered to raise £10,500,000 by Exchequer Bills, in manner prescribed by 48 G. 3. c. 1. § 1, 2.
- Treasury to apply the Money raised. § 3. Principal of said Bills charged on first Supplies of next Session.
- § 4. Interest thereof to pld. per Cent. per Annum. § 5. Said Bills to be current at the Exchequer, &c. after April 5, 1812. § 6. Bank of England empowered to advance £5,000,000 on the Credit of this Act, notwithstanding § 48 W. & M. c. 20. § 7. Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 8.

C A P. IV.

An Act for raising the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. [8th March 1811.]

[On the like Terms as under c. 3 of this Session.]

C A P. V.

An Act for raising the Sum of One million, by Treasury Bills, for the Service of Ireland for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. [8th March 1811.]

- Irish Treasury may issue Bills to a certain Extent to bear Interest. § 1. Bills issued not to exceed £1,000,000. Bills, if not paid off, shall be taken in Payment of the Revenue in Ireland, after each Term at the Treasury shall appoint, and Interest shall cease. § 2, 3. Money to be earned to the Irish Cashiers dated Fund. § 4. Said Bills to be chargeable thereon. § 5. Bank of Ireland empowered to advance £1,000,000 on the Credit of this Act. § 6.

C A P. VI.

An Act for taking an Account of the Population of Great Britain, and of the Increase or Diminution thereof. [22d March 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to take an Account of the total Number of Persons now within the Kingdom of Great Britain, together with the progressive Increase or Diminution thereof from the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within that Part of Great Britain called England the respective Overseers of the Poor, or some fit Person or Persons to be appointed as hereinafter mentioned, and within that Part of Great Britain called Ireland, such Persons as shall be for that Purpose appointed on the manner hereinafter mentioned, do act in and for every Parish and Place, shall, at the Time and in the Manner hereinafter directed, severally take an Account of the Number of Persons who shall be actually found at the time of taking such Accounts to be within the Limits of such Parishes, Townships and Places respectively, and shall set down the several Particulars respecting the same, according to the Form prescribed in the Schedule annexed to this Act.

II. And, for the more speedy and efficient obtaining of such Accounts, be it further enacted, That a sufficient Number of printed Copies of this Act and of the Schedule thereto shall, as soon as conveniently may

Bills placed in Exchequer Office for issue on 10th March 1811.

Printed Copy of this Act, as received by King's

Printed Copy of this Act, as received by King's

be after the passing of this Act, be transmitted by His Majesty's Printer to the Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks of the several and respective Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Hundreds, Soke, Parishes, Liberties, Cities, Boroughs, Towns and Corporate Companies in that Part of Great Britain called England; and that the said several Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks shall and they are hereby required, with all convenient Speed, to cause the said Act to be distributed amongst the Clerks of the Divisional Meetings within their respective Limits; and also to cause a sufficient Number of the Schedule to this Act annexed to be delivered to the High Constables, or where there are no High Constables to such other proper Officers who have the Execution of Precepts from Justices of the Peace to enforce Officers within their respective Limits, at the Exchequer-Quarter-Sessions of the Peace in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and within that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, a sufficient Number of printed Copies of this Act and of the Schedule thereto, shall likewise be transmitted to the Sheriff Deputes, Coroner Deputes and Proctors of the Royal Burghs of Edinburgh and Glasgow, who shall cause a sufficient Number of the said Schedule to be delivered to such Persons and at such Times as are therein respectively mentioned.

III. And be it further enacted, That within that Part of Great Britain called England, the High Constables or other proper Officers as aforesaid, within their respective Jurisdictions aforesaid, shall, in the said Exchequer-Sessions of the Peace in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, pursuant to the Directions aforesaid, receive from the Clerks of the Peace or Town Clerks, the said printed Schedules, and forthwith deliver or cause to be delivered One such Schedule to the Justice, Vicar, Curate or other officiating Minister, and One other such Schedule to One of the Overseers of the Poor of every Parish, Township or Place, as well within Towns Corporate as without, in their respective Limits, and also One such Schedule to the Overseer or Overseers of every Extra-parochial Place as also the said Limits, or in such other Place as the said substantial Householder residing within the said Parish, Township or Extra-parochial Place, and well acquainted therewith, if he shall be directed in so doing by any Justice of the Peace within the said District, and thereupon the said Overseers or substantial Householders as aforesaid, taking to their Assistance the Churchwarden or Churchwardens, Sextons, Parish Clerk and Vestry Clerk (if any) and employing, if they shall think fit, the Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs, or other Peace Officers, for each Parish, Township or Place (such several Persons being hereby required to be aiding and assisting therein for that Purpose) shall, upon the Twenty fourth Day of May in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, proceed to take an Account in Writing of the Number of Persons at that time being within the Limits of such Parishes, Townships and Places respectively, and inform themselves of the several Particulars relating to the Matters specified in the first Question in the said Schedule, by proceeding together or separately from House to House, or otherwise, as they shall judge expedient for the better Execution of this Act; and from such Informations shall prepare an Answer or Return to the said Questions, according to the Form prescribed in the said Schedule, and shall sign the same with their Names and respective Additions, as such Overseers or substantial Householders as aforesaid; and the better to enable the said Overseers or substantial Householders as aforesaid, to enter such Answers and Returns, they, and the Persons so assisting them as aforesaid, are hereby authorized and empowered to ask all such Questions of the Persons within the said Parish, Township or Place respecting themselves and the Number and Quality of the Persons constituting their respective Families, as shall be necessary for forming the Particulars required to be stated concerning them, as the said Answers and Returns; and every such Person refusing to answer, or wilfully giving a false Answer to such Questions, or any of them, shall, for every such Refusal or false Answer, forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices before whom Complaint thereof shall be made.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every Justice, Vicar, Curate or other officiating Minister of every Parish, Township or Place (Extra-parochial or otherwise) in England, including Free Chapels, Dissensions and Peculiars, to whom such Schedules shall have been delivered as aforesaid, shall forthwith prepare an Answer or Return to the Questions relative to Baptisms, Births and Marriages in the said Schedule set forth, and shall, on or before the Twenty sixth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, duly transmit such Answer or Return to the Bishop, within the Limits of whose Diocese the said Parish, Township or Place is situate; and the several Bishops shall, on or before the Twelfth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, transmit the same to the Archbishops of their respective Provinces, and thereupon the said Archbishops shall, on or before the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, cause the same to be laid before His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, who shall cause an Abstract thereof to be prepared and laid before both Houses of Parliament, within Three Months after the said First Day of August, or if Parliament shall not be then sitting, within the first Fourteen Days of the Session next ensuing.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace, or any Two or more of them, within their respective Jurisdictions in England, shall, at or so soon as conveniently may be after the said Exchequer-Sessions in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, appoint a Time and Place, or Times and Places, (which Time shall be not sooner than the Twenty fourth Day of June, nor later than the Twenty sixth Day of July, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and may be at the Midsummer Quarter-Sessions if they shall think fit), for the Overseers of the Poor of the several Parishes, Townships and Places, within their respective Divisions or Limits, or for such substantial Householders as aforesaid, as the same may be, to attend them for the Purposes of this Act, with Returns and Answers to the said six first Questions fixed in the Schedule to this Act annexed, and cause Notice of such Time and Place to be given to such Overseers and Householders respectively, according to the Form in the Schedule to this Act, and also to the High Constables, or where there are no High Constables, to such other proper Officers as aforesaid; and thereupon

Printed Copies
of the Peace Act
and Schedules
shall also be del-
ivered.

High Constables
to deliver the
Schedules to
officiating
Ministers.

Overseers, &c.

and to take an
Account of
Number of
Persons therein,

and prepare An-
swers in Quali-
fication.

Parish.

Officiating Mi-
nisters to trans-
mit Answers to
Questions relative
to Baptisms,
Births & Mar-
riages.

Transmitted to
Archbishops
and before
Privy Council
Abstract laid
before Parlia-
ment.

Justices to ap-
point a Time
and Place for
Overseers to
attend at the
Midsummer
Sessions.

Notice.

Overseers, &
Jury or Re-
turns of a Jury

the said Overseers or substantial Householders as aforesaid, or some One of them, in and for every such Parish, Township or Place, shall and they are hereby required to attend the Justices of the Peace at such Meeting or Meetings respectively, and also and these deliver to the said Justices in Writing, signed by himself or themselves, a full and true Answer and Return to the said Questions upon Oath, (or being of the People called Quakers, or Affirmations), as hereinafter directed; and the said High Constables, or other proper Officers as aforesaid, shall, and they are hereby required to attend the said respective Meetings for the People, as aforesaid directed.

VI. And he it further enacted, That the said Justices of the Peace shall and they are hereby required to receive and take, at such Meetings as is by aforesaid by them so aforesaid, the Answers and Returns to be made pursuant to the Directions aforesaid, read then and there to themselves to the said Overseers or substantial Householders respectively, the Oath or Affirmation contained in the said Schedule; and, if they be Caste, to examine such Overseers and Householders upon Oath or Affirmation, touching any of the Matters contained in such Questions and Answers, and, if necessary, to adjourn the said Meetings to any Time or Times, not later than the first Twentieth Day of July, and to any Place or Places, in order that the said Returns may be rendered more complete or satisfactory; and shall then deliver such Answers and Returns to the respective High Constables or other proper Officers as aforesaid, who shall thereupon indorse as each of such Returns the Name of the County, and also of the Riding, Division, Rape, Wapentake, Lath, Precinct, Soke, Franchise, Liberty, City, Borough, Town or County Corporate, wherein the Parish, Township or Place therein mentioned, is situate, and shall deliver or transmit such Returns, together with a true and perfect List of every Parish, Township and Place, and also of the Overseers and Householders aforesaid, to whom such Schedule shall have been delivered as aforesaid, to the several Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks for the Jurisdiction in which the said Justices are authorized to act, at their respective Offices, on or before the Twenty seventh Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

VII. And he it further enacted, That within that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, the Sheriff Deputes and Stewart Deputes, or their Substitutes, in their respective Counties and Stewartries, and the Provost of the Royal Burgh of Edinburgh and Glasgow within the said Burghs, shall indorse and sign, in Writing under the Hand of their respective Clerks, the Schoolmaster, or other in Person or Persons, in each Parish or Place, to take account of the several Matters required by this Act; and the Sheriff's Officers, Stewart's Officers and Town Officers respectively, are required forthwith to deliver the said Schedule to the Schoolmaster, Person or Persons so appointed; and on the first Twenty seventh Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Schoolmaster, Person or Persons is appointed, shall proceed to take Account of the Number of Persons at that time within the Limits of their respective Parishes and Places, and return themselves of the several Particulars relating to all the Matters specified in the said Schedule, by proceeding from House to House, or otherwise as they shall judge expedient, for the better Execution of this Act, and from such Information as aforesaid, shall prepare an Answer or Return to all the said Questions, according to the Form preferred in the said Schedule, and shall then exhibit the same to the Sheriff of the Parish for his Correction and Approbation; and for any Observations which he may think fit to write thereupon; and the several Schoolmasters and other Persons appointed shall themselves sign the same with their Names and ordinary Designations; and the better to enable them so make such Answers or Returns as aforesaid, they are hereby authorized and empowered to visit all such Questions of the Persons within their respective Parishes, respecting themselves and the Number and Quality of the Persons constituting their respective Families, as shall be necessary for stating the Particulars required to be filled concerning them in the said Answers and Returns; and every such Person relating to answer, or unlawfully giving a false Answer to such Questions, or any of them, shall, for every such Offence or false Answer, forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings, at the Discretion of any Justice of the Peace before whom the Complaint thereof shall be made.

VIII. And he it further enacted, That the Sheriff Deputes and Stewart Deputes, or their Substitutes, for Scotland, and the Provost of the Royal Burgh of Edinburgh and Glasgow, within their respective Jurisdictions, shall appoint a Time or Times, which shall not be sooner than the First Day of June, nor later than the 10th Day of June, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, for the Schoolmaster, Person or Persons appointed by them as aforesaid, to attend at their Offices, or at such other Places as they shall appoint, with the Returns and Answers to all the Questions stated in the Schedule to this Act; and the said Sheriff Deputes, Stewart Deputes or their Substitutes, and Provosts, shall cause Notice to be given to them respectively for that Purpose accordingly; and shall then and there receive the Answers and Returns to be made as aforesaid, and administer the Oath contained in the said Schedule to the Schoolmaster, Person or Persons appointed to make such Returns as aforesaid; and such Sheriff Deputes, Stewart Deputes or their Substitutes, and Provosts aforesaid, if they be Caste, may examine the said Schoolmaster, Person or Persons upon Oath, touching any of the Matters contained in such Questions and Answers, and shall thereupon direct their respective Clerks to indorse the same with the Name of the County or Stewartry, or District aforesaid, wherein the Parish or Place therein mentioned is situate; or otherwise, in Cases where the said Sheriff Deputes, Stewart Deputes or their Substitutes shall think proper, they shall direct the Schoolmaster and other Persons aforesaid, to notify the said Returns and Answers upon Oath, before any Justice of the Peace within the County or Stewartry, and thereafter to transmit the Schedule, previous to the said 10th Day of June, in any convenient manner to the said Sheriff Deputes, Stewart Deputes, or their Substitutes, who shall direct the same to be indorsed as aforesaid.

IX. And he it further enacted, That the several Accounts to be taken in Writing by the Overseers and Schoolmasters, or other Persons as appointed as aforesaid, in every Parish, Township or Place within Great Britain,

On the Purpose of presenting the aforesaid Answers and Returns, shall be *liberally kept and suffered by* the Churchwardens or Chapelwardens in England, and by the Schoolmasters or other Persons appointed or allowed in Scotland for the time being, of the several Parishes, Townships or Places to which the same relate; and shall be delivered over by them to their Successors in Office respectively; and that the said Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks throughout that Part of Great Britain called England, and the Sheriff Deputes, Stewart Deputes or their Substitutes, and Proctors, *herein called the Clerks of the Peace*, shall on or before the Fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, transmit, with all convenient speed, to the Justices and Returns as they shall hereinafter be named aforesaid (together with a List of the Names of Townships and Places within their respective Counties, Hundreds, Ridings or Divisions, from where the Returns have been made to them) to the Office of His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department; and that the same shall be deposited and retained in the Office of such Secretary of State till appointed for the Purpose; and that as aforesaid thereof the List before each House of Parliament, within Three Months after the said Tenth Day of August, or if Parliament shall not sit in the Spring, within the First Twentieth Days of the Session next ensuing.

X. And be it further enacted, That there shall be paid and allowed for the Trouble and Expenses of the several Persons employed in the Transmissions aforesaid, for every Return which shall be in manner aforesaid sent to the Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks respectively, pursuant to the Directions hereinbefore given following; *to wit*, To the Clerk of the Peace or Town Clerk, for the Sum of One Shilling; to the High Constable or other proper Officer in England, for the like, the Sum of One Shilling and Six Pence; to the Clerk of the Justices of the Peace throughout England, for the like, the Sum of One Shilling; and that the Justices of the Peace in England, at their respective Assizes, Quarter-Sessions, or at the *Middleshire* Quarter-Sessions following, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and also they are hereby required to make an Order upon their respective Treasurers, to pay the same out of the Rates to be assessed and collected for the respective Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Hundreds, Seigns, Townships, Liberties, and Urban Counties Corporate, or shall cause the same to be paid out of the Poor Rates of and for each Common Corporate, or Places as have no County Rates; and also, that the said Justices in England, at their said Assizes, Quarter-Sessions or at the *Middleshire* Quarter-Sessions following, may and they are hereby required to allow to the several Overseers, Householders, Parish Clerks, Vestry Clerks, and others, a reasonable Compensation for the Trouble necessarily taken, and also for the Expenses (if any) by them necessarily incurred in the Execution of this Act, and shall order Payment thereof to be made out of the Poor Rate of the several Parishes, Townships or Places respectively, and shall thereafter allow the same in the Annual Accounts of the several Overseers of the Poor.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Sheriff Deputes, Stewart Deputes or their Substitutes, and Proctors of the Royal Boroughs of *Salisbury and Gloucester* in Scotland, may and they are hereby required to allow to the Sheriff Clerks or Town Clerks respectively, for the Returns which shall be made and transmitted from every Parish or Place in Scotland, the Sum of One Shilling; and to the Sheriff's Officer or Town Officer, who shall subscribe the Schedule to the Schoolmasters and others, for the like, the Sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence; and the said Sheriff Deputes, Stewart Deputes or their Substitutes, and Proctors, may and they are hereby required to allow to the Schoolmasters and others a reasonable Compensation for the Trouble by them necessarily taken, and also for the Expenses (if any) by them necessarily incurred in the Execution of this Act; and to order Payment thereof, and also of the Sums respectively payable to the Sheriff's Clerk, Stewart's Clerk or Town Clerk, and to the Sheriff's Officer or Town Officer, to be made by the Collector of the Land Tax of and for the Shire, Stewartry or other Place, (as the case shall require) out of any Money in his Hands; and such Collector shall and is hereby authorized to pay the same accordingly.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk, High Constable, Constable, Tythingman, Headborough or other such Officer as aforesaid, and also every such Churchwarden, Chapelwarden, Seafman, Parish Clerk, Vestry Clerk, Overseer of the Poor, Household, Schoolmaster or other Person to be appointed or aforesaid, making wilful Default in any of the Matters required of them respectively by this Act, shall, for every such wilful Default, forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices before whom Committed, thereof shall be made; And in case any of the before mentioned Officers and other Persons shall have made Default, or shall have omitted to attend with or respecting the Answers and Returns at the appointed Time, the said Justice in England, and Sheriff Deputes, Stewart Deputes or their Substitutes, and Proctors, in Scotland, may, and they are hereby required forthwith to nominate and appoint some other Person or Persons in their Stead, to execute the Provisions of this Act; and the Person or Persons so nominated and appointed shall, instead of the Officer or Person so making Default, or omitting to attend as aforesaid, be entitled to receive the Fees or Compensation hereinbefore mentioned; and shall also be liable to the same Penalty in case of making wilful Default.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Forfeitures and Penalties inflicted by this Act, shall, if not immediately paid, be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by virtue of a Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Justice of the Peace, having Jurisdiction where such Offender shall dwell, residing to the said Offender or the Overplus (if any) after the Charge of such Distress and sale shall be debited; and in case sufficient Delrahs shall not be found, then it shall be lawful for such Justice to commit such Offender to the Common Goal, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for a Term not exceeding Three Calendar Months, unless the said Forfeitures and Charges shall be sooner paid; and the said Forfeitures, when recovered to England, shall be paid, One Half to the Informer, and the other Half to the

being as aforesaid, to be paid by the Churchwarden or Chapelwarden or other Person or Persons to whom the same relate, or to the Clerk of the Peace or Town Clerk of the Parish or Place in which the said Offender shall dwell, or to the Collector of the Land Tax of and for the Shire, Stewartry or other Place, (as the case shall require) out of any Money in his Hands; and such Collector shall and is hereby authorized to pay the same accordingly.

Allow to be made for the Trouble and Expenses

To be received from the Land Tax

Clerks of the Peace, etc. making Default

Penalty

Other Persons appointed

Recovery and Application of Penalties

said respective Transfers, to be applied in Aid of the Rates aforesaid; and any Person shall be deemed a competent Witness for the Execution of any of the Purposes of this Act, notwithstanding his paying or being liable to pay towards such Poor Rates or County Rates; and in case the said Forfeitures shall be recovered in Scotland, they shall be paid, One Half to the Inference, and the other Half to the Collector of the Land Tax of such County or Stewartry, whereas the said Defect shall be committed, to be by him applied in Aid of the Expenditure incurred by reason of this Act.

SCHEDULE.

QUESTIONS to which, by Direction of an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, entitled, *An Act for taking an Account of the Population of Great Britain, and of the Increase or Diminution thereof*, written Answers are to be returned by the Rector, Vicar, Curate or Officiating Minister, and Overseers of the Poor, or by some other substantial Householder of every Parish, Township and Place (including those Places also which are Extra-parochial) in England; and by the Schoolmasters or other Persons to be appointed under the said Act for every Parish and Place in Scotland; signed by them respectively, and attested upon Oath or Affirmation by the said Overseers, or by such other substantial Householdiers as aforesaid, in England; and by the Schoolmasters or other such Persons as aforesaid in Scotland.

QUESTIONS addressed to the Overseers in England, and to the Schoolmasters in Scotland: Who are respectively required to take an Account of the Resident Population by proceeding from House to House on the Twenty fourth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and on the Days immediately subsequent thereto, if one Day shall not be sufficient; and they are also required to specify in Writing the Name of the Parish or Place in the Schedule, and whether it be usually called a Parish, Township, Tithing, Quarter, or by what other Denomination.

18. How many Inhabited Houses are there in your Parish, Township or Place; and by how many Families are they occupied?
20. How many Houses are now building, and therefore not yet inhabited?
21. How many other Houses are unoccupied?
22. What Number of Families in your Parish, Township or Place, are chiefly employed in and maintained by Agriculture; how many Families are chiefly employed in and maintained by Trade, Manufactory or Handicraft; and how many Families are not employed in either of the Two preceding Classes?

N. B. The total Number of Families in answer to this Question must correspond with the Number of Families in answer to the 18th Question.

23. How many Persons (including Children of whatever Age) are there actually found within the Limits of your Parish, Township or Place, at the time of taking this Account, distinguishing Males and Females, and exclusive of Men actually serving in His Majesty's Regular Forces, in the Old Militia, or in any Enrolled Local Militia, and exclusive of Soldiers either in His Majesty's Service, or belonging to Regular Vols?.
24. Referring to the Number of Persons in 1800, To what Cause do you attribute any remarkable Difference in the Number at present?
25. Are there any other Matters, which you may think it necessary to remark, in Explanation of your Answers to any of the preceding Questions?

QUESTIONS addressed to the OFFICIATING MINISTER in England, by whom a Return is to be made to the Bishop on or before the Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

26. What was the Number of Baptisms and Burials in your Parish, Township or Place, in the several Years 1801, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10; distinguishing Males from Females?
27. What was here the Number of Marriages in your Parish, Township or Place, in the several Years 1801, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10?
28. Are there any Matters, which you think it necessary to remark, in Explanation of your Answers to either of the preceding Questions? Especially whether any and what annual Average Number of Baptisms, Burials and Marriages, may, in your Opinion, take place in your Parish, without being entered in the Parish Register?

FORM of Answer, by the OVERSEERS, &c. in England, and SCHOOLMASTERS, &c. in Scotland, to the Questions contained in the Schedule to an Act, 21 Geo. III. intitled, *An Act for taking an Account of the Population of Great Britain, and of the Increase or Diminution thereof.*

Place and Description of Parish, &c.	Question 1st.		Question 2d.	Question 3d.	Question 4th. OCCUPATIONS.			Question 5th. Profess, including Orphans, of whatever Age.		
	Inhabited Houses.	Do. in so many Families occupied.	Houses now building.	Other Houses unoccupied.	Families chiefly employed in Agriculture.	Families chiefly employed in Trade, Manufactures and Handicraft.	All other Families not comprised in the Two preceding Clauses.	Males.	Females.	Total of Profess.

Note. If any Family occupies Two or more Houses in different Parishes, Townships or Places, the Individuals belonging to such Family are to be numbered only in that Parish, Township or Place, where they severally happen to be at the Time of taking the Account.

6th Question. Referring to the Number of Profess in 1801, To what Cause do you ascribe any remarkable Difference in the Number at present?

7th Question. Are there any other Matters, which you may think it necessary to remark, in Explanation of your Answers to any of the preceding Questions?

ATTESTATION on Oath [or, Affirmation] by the Overseers or Inhabited Householders in England, and by the Schoolmasters in Scotland.

I, A. B. One of the Overseers, Schoolmaster [or, a Inhabited Householder] of the Parish, Township, &c. of _____ in the County of _____ do hereby [so affirm] That the above Return contains, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, a full and true Answer to the Questions contained in the Schedule to an Act, intitled, *An Act for taking an Account of the Population of Great Britain, and of the Increase or Diminution thereof.*

The above-mentioned A. B. was sworn [or affirmed] (in England) before me the Justice of the Peace on and for the _____ of _____

_____ Day of _____ (in Scotland) before me the Sheriff Depute of the _____ of _____ this _____ C. D. and E. F.

Day of

C. H.

FORM of Answers by the CLERGYMEN in ENGLAND to the Questions contained in the Schedule to an Act, 51ST GEO. III. intitled, *An Act for taking an Account of the Population of Great Britain, and of the Increase or Diminution thereof.*

Diocese of		and County, &c.		Diocese, or Jurisdiction, &c.		City, Town, &c.		Parish or Chapelry, &c.	
QUESTION 18.						QUESTION 19.			
YEARS		BAPTISMS.		BURIALS.		YEARS.		NUMBER OF MARRIAGES.	
		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.				
1801	-					1801	-		
1802	-					1802	-		
1803	-					1803	-		
1804	-					1804	-		
1805	-					1805	-		
1806	-					1806	-		
1807	-					1807	-		
1808	-					1808	-		
1809	-					1809	-		
1810	-					1810	-		

REMARKS in Explanation of the Matters stated in Answer to the several Questions.

18th Question.

19th Question.

20th Question.—Annual Average Number of unsexed Baptisms—Burials—Marriages.—
(Here specify Reason of Non-entry.)

CERTIFICATE of the CLERGYMAN.

I, *A. B.* [Rector, Vicar, Curate, or Officiating Minister] of the Parish, Chapelry, &c. of _____ in the County of _____ do certify, That the above Returns contain, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, a full and true Answer to the several Questions contained in the Schedule to an Act, intitled, *An Act for taking an Account of the Population of Great Britain, and of the Increase or Diminution thereof.*

Witness C. D. One of the Overseers (or Substantial Householders) of the Parish of _____ this _____ Day of _____ A. D.

II.

FORM of the PRECEPT for giving Notice to High Constables and Headholders, in England, of the Time and Place appointed by Justices of the Peace for taking the Answers and Returns under this Act.

The County, &c. } To the Constable [Tythingness, or Headborough] of _____ in the said
County.

YOU are hereby required, with all convenient Speed, to give or cause to be given Notice to the High Constable of the Hundred of _____ and to the Overseers of the Pace of every Parish, Town, Hamlet or Place, within the said Hundred; and if there is no Overseer therein, then to some substantial Headholder therein; that they are severally required to appear at _____ on the _____ Day of _____ next, at the Hour of _____ in the Forenoon, before each of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace as shall be then and there assembled, and that the said Overseers or Headholders be assisted, or some One of them, for every such Parish, Township or Place, are then and there to deliver upon Oath or Affirmation, a just and true Account, in Writing, signed by themselves, containing as Answer to the several Questions propounded in the Schedule to an Act, 51^o Geo. III. intitled, *An Act for taking an Account of the Population of Great Britain, and of the Increase or Diminution thereof, from under any Head, [or, our Heads] this _____ Day of _____ in the Year One thousand eight hundred and _____*

III.

FORM of the OATH or AFFIRMATION to the Return.

YOU shall swear [or, affirm] that the Answers and Returns now made by you to the several Questions contained in the Schedule annexed to an Act, 51^o Geo. III. intitled, *An Act for taking an Account of the Population of Great Britain, and of the Increase or Diminution thereof, is a full and true Answer to the said Questions, to the best of your Knowledge and Belief.*

IV.

FORM of INDORSEMENT by the High Constables in England, and by the Sheriff's Clerk or Town Clerk in Scotland.

County, or Shire, or City of _____
Riding, Division or District of _____
Hundred, Rape, Wapentake, Lath, Precinct, Soken, Franchise or Liberty of _____
City, Borough, Town or County Corporate of _____
Parish, Township, &c. of _____

C A P. VII.

An Act to amend Two Acts of the Thirteenth and Thirty second Years of His present Majesty, relating to the Wages of Persons employed in the Silk Manufacture. [22d March 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirteenth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to empower the Magistrates therein mentioned to settle and regulate the Wages of Persons employed in the Silk Manufacture within their respective Jurisdictions*; and by an Act passed in the Thirty second Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for extending the Provisions of an Act made in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, An Act to empower the Magistrates therein mentioned, to settle and regulate the Wages of Persons employed in the Silk Manufacture within their respective Jurisdictions, in Manufactures of Silk mixed with other Materials*; and for the more effectual Fulfillment of the said Acts, and for settling and settling the Wages and Prices of Work of the Journeyman Weavers in the Manufacture of Silk, and in the Manufacture of Silk mixed or wrought up with any other Materials, within the Cities of London and Westminster, and County of Middlesex. And whereas it is expedient that the Provisions therein made should be applied to the Wages and Prices of Work of the Journeyman Weavers employed in the said Manufactures: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all Power and Authority, and every Regulation and Provision, as, by and under the said Acts respectively given and made, created and enforced, for settling, regulating, ordering and declaring the Wages and Prices of Work of the Journeyman Weavers in the said Manufactures of Silk, or of Silk mixed or wrought up with any other Materials, shall be deemed and taken to be given and made, and shall and may be exercised and enforced within the several and respective Districts of the Cities of London and Westminster, and the County of Middlesex, in the said Acts mentioned, for settling, regulating, ordering and declaring the Wages and Prices of Work of the Journeyman Weavers employed in the said Manufactures of Silk, or of Silk mixed or wrought up with any other Materials, as if full and ample a manner as the said Power and Authority, Regulations and Provisions, with all Power, Privileges and Faculties for the Breach thereof, are granted by the said Acts respectively, for settling the Wages and Prices of the Work of Journeyman Weavers in the said Manufactures respectively.

1 J. O. 2. 6. 11.

2 J. O. 2. 6. 11.

Passes of the
said Acts the
said Wages in
the said Cities
and Towns
shall be deemed
to be given
in the said
Manufactures
within London
and West-
minster, &c.

C A P.

C A P. VIII.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

[23d March 1811.]

•• NUMBER of Forces &c. &c. § 1.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Court Martial, before which any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier shall be tried and convicted of Desertion, to direct, if it shall be think fit, in addition to any other Punishment such Court may award for any such Desertion, that such Delinquent be marked on the left Side, Two Inches below the Arm-pit, with the Letter (D.) such Letter not to be less than half an Inch long, and to be marked upon the Skin with some Ink or Gunpowder, or other Preparation so as to be visible, and conspicuous, and not liable to be obliterated.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That, whenever any Sentence of Transportation passed by any Court Martial holds in the *East Indies*, or in His Majesty's Settlements of the *Cape of Good Hope*, or in any other Settlements occupied by His Majesty's Forces beyond the *Cape of Good Hope*, it is to be carried into Execution, or Mercy shall be extended to any Offender liable to the Punishment of Death by the Sentence of any Court Martial in the *East Indies*, upon Condition of Transportation; the same shall be notified by Writing by the Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Forces in *India*, or, in the Absence of the Commander in Chief, then by the Adjutant General for the time being to some Judge of One of the Supreme Courts of Judicature of the Provinces of *Fort William*, *Fort Saint George* or *Bombay*, or the Chief Justice or other Judge at the Island of *Ceylon* or the *Cape of Good Hope*, or any such other Settlement as aforesaid; and the said Judge shall make an Order for the Transportation of such Offender, upon the Terms and for the Time which shall be specified in such Notification, and shall also make such other Order or Orders, and do all such other Acts consequent upon the same as any such Judge is authorized to make or do under an Act passed in a Parliament holden in the Tenth year and Fourteenth Years of His Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for establishing further Regulations for the Government of the British Territories in India, and the better Administration of Justice within the same*, with respect to Offenders ordered to be transported by Sentence of the Criminal Courts in *India*, and the Governor and Council of each Presidency respectively shall and they are hereby required to take Order for the Transportation of all such Offenders accordingly.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That no Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier who shall be sentenced and committed to Prison upon a Charge of any Criminal Offence, shall receive any Part of his Pay from the Day of such Commitment till the Day of his Return to the Regiment, Troop or Company to which he shall belong, provided that if he shall be acquitted of the Offence for which he was committed, he shall upon his Return to his Corps be entitled to receive all Arrears of Pay which were growing due during the Time of his Confinement; but if he shall be convicted, he shall forfeit all Rights to any Pay from the Day of his Commitment during the Time of his Confinement, as well under the original Commitment as voluntary Commitment consequent upon such Conviction, and until the Day of his Return to the Regiment, Troop or Company to which he shall belong: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War for the time being, to order the Issue and Payment to any such Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, during any such Commitment or Imprisonment, or either of them, or any Part thereof, of the Pay of any such Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, or of any Proportion of such Pay, or of any Arrears thereof, either during such Commitment or Imprisonment, or after the Discharge of such Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, after Conviction or otherwise, as shall appear to the Secretary at War to be proper, and the Order of the Secretary at War for the Payment of such Pay or Arrears, shall be a sufficient Discharge for such Payment.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any such General Courts-Martial, by their Sentence or Judgment to inflict corporal Punishment, not extending to Life or Limb, or Imprisonment, as such Court shall think fit, on any Soldier for Immorality, Misdemeanour or Neglect of Duty;

XXVII. And where also may also be expedient that Officers of His Majesty's Land Forces when employed in conjunction with Officers in the Service of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*, should, in certain Cases, be sentenced for the Purpose of holding Courts-Martial by a martial and delinquent, That when and as often as there may be Occasion, it shall and may be lawful for Officers of His Majesty's Land Forces, and of the Forces in the Service of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*, to sit in conjunction at Courts-Martial, and to prosecute the Trial of any Officer or Soldier, in like manner to all intents and purposes, as if such Courts-Martial were composed of Officers of His Majesty's Land Forces, or of Officers in the Service of the said United Company only; with this Difference, that upon the Trial of any Officer or Soldier of His Majesty's Land Forces, Regard shall be had to the Regulations and Provisions made by or in pursuance of this Act; and the Oaths administered to the several Members of the Court-Martial shall be in the Terms by this Act preferred; and upon the Trial of any Officer or Soldier in the Service of the said United Company, Regard shall be had to the Regulations and Provisions made by or in pursuance of an Act passed in the Twenty-seventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled, *An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion of Officers and Soldiers in the Service of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and for the Punishment of Offences committed in the East Indies, or in the Island of Saint Helena; and the Oaths administered to the several Members of the Court-Martial shall be in the Terms prescribed by the same Act.*

LXXV. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Twentieth fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, where and as often as any Person or Persons shall be called as a Soldier or Soldiers in His Majesty's Land Service, he or

they

they shall, within Four Days, but not fewer than Twenty four Hours, after such holding respectively, be returned or go with such Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Private Soldier belonging to the Recruiting Party by which he shall be seized, or with the Person employed on the Recruit, to the nearest Jail or Goal, to be kept there, before some Justice of the Peace, or Justice of the Peace, or Chief Magistrate of any City or Town Corporate, or Justice of the Peace, or in the Vicinity of the Place and sitting for the Division or District where such Person or Persons shall have been seized, and not being an Officer in the Army, and before such Justice or Chief Magistrate, he or they shall be at Liberty to declare his or their Defence to such Justice; and upon such Declaration, and returning the said Money, and after such Person is discharged paying the Sum of Twenty Shillings for the Charges expended or had out upon him, together with such full Rate allowed by Law for the Subsidies or Diet and Small Beer provided to such Recruit subsequent to the Period of his being seized, such Person or Persons being held shall be lawfully detained, and not let at Liberty, in the Presence of such Justice or Chief Magistrate; and if such Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect, within the Space of Twenty four Hours, to return and pay such Sum as aforesaid, he or they shall be deemed and taken to be seized, as if he or they had given his or their Assent thereto before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate; and if such Person or Persons shall declare his or their Assent voluntarily before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate, then such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall, and he is hereby required forthwith to read over, or in his own Presence to cause to be read over, to such Person or Persons the Third and Fourth Articles of the Second Section, and the First Article of the Sixth Section of the Act in and by which aforesaid Statute and Defence, and to tender and administer to such Person or Persons respectively, not with the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the said Articles of War, but also the Oath next set in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A.), or if the Person shall be desirous of taking without any Limitation of Period of Service, the Oath in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (B.), and if such Person or Person shall take the said Oath, then such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall, and he is hereby required forthwith to certify under his Hand the said Oath and foregoing, together with the Place of the birth, Age and Calling, if known, of such Person or Persons, in the Form contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (C.), or if the Oath in the Form marked (A.) shall have been taken, and in the Form marked (D.) if the Oath in the Form marked (B.) shall have been taken, except in the case of Recruits enlisted for service in His Majesty's Troops, or in the Forces of the East India Company, according as His Majesty shall think fit, in pursuance of an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, entitled, *An Act for Amending the Statute in that behalf made, in which case every such Recruit shall, instead of the said Oath of Fidelity, and of the Oath contained in the Schedule (A.) or (B.) to this Act annexed, take the Oath of Allegiance directed by the said Act of the Thirty sixth of His Majesty, and contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (E.); and the Justice or Chief Magistrate shall certify such enlistment and swearing accordingly in the Form mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (F.); and except also in the case of Recruits enlisted for the special Purpose of serving in the East India, or in the Forces of the East India Company only, in pursuance of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, entitled, *An Act in amendment of the Statute in that behalf made, in which case every such Recruit shall, instead of the said Oath of Fidelity, take the Oath directed to be taken by the said Act of the Fifth Year of His said Majesty aforesaid, and contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (G.); and if not of the Oath of Service contained in the Schedule (A.) or (B.) to this Act annexed, shall take the Oath directed to be taken by the said annexed Act of the Fifth Year aforesaid, and contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (H.); and the Justice or Magistrate shall certify such enlistment and swearing accordingly in the Form mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (I.); and if any such Person or Persons to be certified, shall wilfully refuse to take the said Oath of Fidelity before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer, from whom he has received such Money as aforesaid, to detain and confine such Person or Persons until he or they shall take the said Oath of Fidelity; and every Military Officer that shall at any time hereafter, or making hereof, shall incur the like Penalty and Forfeiture as is by this Act to be inflicted upon any Officer for making a false and untrue Muster; and the Penalty and Forfeiture shall be proved and recovered in the same manner as any Penalties or Forfeitures are by this Act to be proved and recovered: Provided always, that every Non-commissioned Officer or Private Soldier, who shall send any Recruit, shall, at the Time of such sending, engage the Christian and Servants, and Place of Abode of such Recruit, and other things to be taken down in Writing, or give the same to the Non-commissioned Officer commanding the Recruiting Party to be taken down: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace to discharge any Person who shall have been seized, and who shall apply to him to declare his Defence within such Four Days as aforesaid, upon Payment of the Sum of Money required to be paid by any Recruit declaring his Defence under this Act, notwithstanding an Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Private Soldier, belonging to the Recruiting Party shall be with the Recruit, if it shall appear to such Magistrate upon the Examination of such Recruit or of any other Person that the Recruiting Party has left the Place where such Recruit was seized, or if at such Recruit could not procure any Non-commissioned Officer belonging to such Party to go with such Recruit before the Justice of the Peace; and the Sum paid by such Recruit upon his Discharge shall be kept by the Justice of the Peace, and paid when demanded to any Person belonging to the Recruiting Party entitled thereto demanding the same.**

LXXIX. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall voluntarily surrender or deliver himself up as a Delinquent, from any Regiment or Corps of His Majesty's Troops, or into any being apprehended for Delinquency or any other Offence shall in the Presence of the Magistrate certify himself to be a Delinquent from any such Regiment or Corps, shall be deemed to have been duly admitted to be a Soldier, and shall be liable to serve in any such Regiment or Battalion or Corps of His Majesty's Troops, as His Majesty shall think fit to appoint, whether such Person shall have been ever actually enlisted as a Soldier or not.

Justice may
likewise be done.

XCVI. And whereas several Soldiers, being duly listed, do afterwards desert, and are often found wandering in the Kingdom, and other parts thereof, to the great Detriment of His Majesty's Service; It is hereby further enacted, That if any such Soldier shall be brought for the Constable, Headborough or Tithingman, of the Town or Place, where he is found, who may be voluntarily returned to His Majesty's Service, shall be bound, or for any Officer or Soldier in His Majesty's Service, to apprehend, or cause him to be apprehended, and to bring or cause him to be brought before some Justice of the Peace, living in or near such Town or Place, who hath hereby Power to examine such Suspected Person; and if, by his Constable, or the Testimony of One or more Witnesses upon Oath, or by the Knowledge of such Justice of the Peace, it shall appear or be found that such Suspected Person is a listed Soldier, and ought to be with the Troop or Company to which he belongs, such Justice of the Peace shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed in the Goal of the City or Place where he shall be found; or the House of Correction, or other public Prison in such Town or Place where he is a Delinquent shall be apprehended; or to the Army, in case such Delinquent shall be apprehended within the City of London or Westminster, or Places adjacent; or to the Fleet or Prison in any such Delinquent shall be apprehended within the City or Liberties of Dublin, or Places adjacent; and in default as aforesaid, to the Chief Secretary to the Chief Governor or Government thereof, to the End that such Person may be removed by an Order from the Office of the said Secretary at War, or Chief Governor or Government, and proceeded against according to Law: And the Keeper of every Goal, House of Correction or Prison, in which such Delinquent shall at any time be confined, shall receive such Soldiers for the Maintenance of such Delinquent during the time that he shall continue in his Custody, as by His Majesty's Regulations in or shall from time to time be directed in that behalf, and the Keeper of every Goal, House of Correction, or other public Prison of the City, Town or Place at or in which the Party or Person conveying such Delinquent shall halt on the March, shall and he is hereby required to receive and confine every such Delinquent who shall be delivered into his Charge and Custody by any Law commissioned Officer or Soldier, who shall be conveying such Delinquent under any lawful Order, Warrant or Authority, while on the Road from the Place where he was apprehended to the Place to which he is to be conveyed, without any other Warrant or Authority for so doing than the Production of the Warrant of the Justice of the Peace on which such Delinquent shall have been taken, or some Order from the Office of the Secretary at War, or of the Chief Governor or Government of Ireland, and shall be entitled to One Shilling for the safe Custody of the said Delinquent, while the Party or Person conveying him shall halt on the March; say Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Officers, &c.
retaining, &c.
Military Stores,
As may be used
by a Court
Martial.

Penalty.

CIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Commission Officer, Storekeeper or Commissary, or Deputy or Assistant Commissary, or other Person employed in the Commission of Depannage, or in any manner in the Care or Disposition of any Money, Provision, Fungus or Goods, belonging to His Majesty's Forces, or for their Use, that shall embezzle or fraudulently misapply, or cause to be embezzled or fraudulently misapplied, or shall knowingly or wilfully permit or suffer any Money, Provisions, Fungus, Arms, Clothing, Ammunition or other Military Stores to be embezzled or fraudulently misapplied or to be issued or damaged, shall be liable to be tried for the same by and before a General Court Martial, and it shall be lawful for such Court Martial to adjudge any such Person to be transported as a Slave for Life, or for any certain Term of Years, or to suffer such Person to be imprisoned, banished from His Majesty's Service, and Incapacity of serving His Majesty as any Officer Civil or Military as any such Court shall think fit according to the Nature and Degree of the Offence, or that such Person shall forfeit Two hundred Pounds, and that such Person shall, in addition to any other Punishment, make good, at his own Expence, the Loss and Damage thereby sustained, to be ascertained by such Court Martial; which shall have Power to seize the Goods and Chattels of the Person so offending, and sell them for the Payment of the said Two hundred Pounds, and such Damage: And if sufficient Goods and Chattels cannot be found and seized, then the Person so offending shall be committed to Prison or the Common Goal, there to remain (so addition to any other Punishment or Imprisonment) for Six Months without Bail or Mainprize, and until he shall pay such Detriment; and after the said Term shall be recovered and levied, the same shall be applied and disposed of as His Majesty shall direct and appoint.

For want of
Directions under
enacted.
Application of
Enforcement.

Treasury may
use the Money
for Charging.

Paymaster Gen-
eral as per
Charging
Money.

CIV. And, for the Encouragement of the due and well clothing of the Troops, be it hereby further enacted, That the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, may, if he or they for convenience, at the End of every Six Months, give the Money due for the Clothing of the several Regiments, Troops and Companies: And the Paymaster General for the time being is hereby directed to pay the same to such Person or Persons only as have a regular Assignment from the Colonel or Commandant or Person authorized by Law to make such Assignments, and the Receipt of the Person or Persons having so being lawfully entitled to such Assignments, shall be from time to time taken for the same.

SCHEDULE (A.)

Form of Oath.

I, do make Oath, That I am or have been (as the case may be) [Enter Description if any, or State if of none] and to the best of my Knowledge and Belief was born in [Enter County, Parish, Place, &c.] and that I am of the Age of _____ Years; that I do not belong to the Militia, or to any other Regiment, or to His Majesty's Navy or Marines, and that I will serve His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for the Period of [This Blank is to be filled up by the Magistrate with Seven Years for Infantry, Ten Years for Cavalry, and Twelve Years for the Artillery, if the Person exhibiting is of the Age of Eighteen Years or upwards; but if under Eighteen Years, then the Difference between his Age and Eighteen is to be added to such Term, Ten or Twelve Years, or the case may be] Years, provided His Majesty should for long require my Service; and also for each further Term, not exceeding Six Months, as shall be directed by

the Commanding Officer on any Foreign Station, and not exceeding Three Years, as shall be directed by any Proclamation of His Majesty: Provided always, that in the latter case the said additional Period shall decrease whenever Six Months of continued Peace, to be reckoned from the Ratification of any definitive Treaty, shall have elapsed subsequent to the Expiration of the said [Seven, Ten or Twelve, as the case may be] Years.

SCHEDULE (B.)

Form of Oath.

I *do make Oath*, that I am, or have been, [as the case may be] *of the County of* _____ *of the County of* _____ *and that I am of the Age of* _____ *Years; that I do not belong to the Militia or any other Regiment, or to His Majesty's Navy or Marines; and that I will serve His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, until I shall be legally discharged.*

SCHEDULE (C.)

Form of Soldier's Certificate.

I *A. B.* One of His Majesty's Soldiers of the Peace of _____ *(or Chief Magistrate of _____)* do hereby certify, That *C. D.* appearing to be _____ *Years old,* _____ *Feet* _____ *Inches high,* _____ *Complexion,* _____ *Eyes,* _____ *Hair,* came before me at _____ *on the* _____ *Day of* _____ *One thousand eight hundred and* _____ *and stated himself to be of the Age of* _____ *Years, and that he had no Rupture, and was not troubled with Fits, and was so ways disabled by Lameness, Deafness or otherwise, but had the perfect Use of his Limbs and Hearing, and was not an Apprentice; and acknowledged that he had voluntarily enlisted himself for the Beauty of _____ to serve His Majesty King George the Third, his Heirs and Successors, in the _____ Regiment of _____ and did engage to serve for the Period of _____ *[This Blank is to be filled up by the Magistrate with Seven Years for Infantry, Ten Years for Cavalry, and Twelve Years for the Artillery; after Paying nothing is of the Age of Eighteen Years or upwards; but if under Eighteen Years, then the Difference between his Age and Eighteen is to be added to each Seven, Ten or Twelve Years, as the case may be.]* Years, provided His Majesty should for so long require his Service; and also for each further Period as His Majesty shall please to direct, not to exceed in any case Three Years, and to determine whenever Six Months shall have elapsed of continued Peace subsequent to the Expiration of the Term of [Seven, or Ten, or Twelve] Years. And I do hereby certify, That in my Presence the Third and Fourth Articles of the Second Section, and the First Article of the Sixth Section of the Articles of War against Mutiny and Desertion were read over to him, and that he took the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the said Articles of War, and also the Oath above set forth, and that he received the Sum of _____ as being attested; and that I have given to the said *C. D.* a Duplicate of this Certificate, signed with my Name.*

SCHEDULE (D.)

Form of Soldier's Certificate.

I *A. B.* One of His Majesty's Soldiers of the Peace of _____ *(or Chief Magistrate of _____)* do hereby certify, That *C. D.* appearing to be _____ *Years old,* _____ *Feet* _____ *Inches high,* _____ *Complexion,* _____ *Eyes,* _____ *Hair,* came before me at _____ *on the* _____ *Day of* _____ *One thousand eight hundred and* _____ *and stated himself to be of the Age of* _____ *Years, and that he had no Rupture, and was not troubled with Fits, and was so ways disabled by Lameness, Deafness or otherwise, but had the perfect Use of his Limbs and Hearing, and was not an Apprentice; and acknowledged that he had voluntarily enlisted himself for the Beauty of _____ to serve His Majesty King George the Third, his Heirs and Successors, in the _____ Regiment of _____ until he should be legally discharged; And I do hereby certify, that in my Presence the Third and Fourth Articles of the Second Section, and the First Article of the Sixth Section, of the Articles of War against Mutiny and Desertion, were read over to him, and that he took the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the said Articles of War, and also the Oath to the Effect above set forth, and that he received the Sum of _____ as being attested, and that I have given to the said *C. D.* a Duplicate of this Certificate signed with my Name.*

SCHEDULE (E.) [39 G. 3. c. 109. the same as Schedule (C.) of 47 G. 3. 25f. 2. c. 32.]

SCHEDULE (F.) [Form of Soldier's Certificate, the same as Schedule (D.) of 47 G. 3. 25f. 1. c. 32.]

SCHEDULE (G.)

Oath of Allegiance.

I *A. B.* being enlisted to serve in the [Infantry or Artillery, as the case may be] of the *Eightieth* _____ *Company, do swear, That I will bear true Allegiance to our Sovereign Lord King George, and that I will, as in Duty bound, defend him in his Person, Crown and Dignity, against all his Enemies; and I swear that I will abide by the laws of the said United Company, and will duly observe and obey all their Orders, and the Orders of their Generals and Officers who shall be lawfully set over me.*

T : 2

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE (H.)

I, *A. B.*, do make Oath, That I am (or have been, as the case may be) [Name the name of any, or state if of no name], and to support as my Knowledge and Belief are borne in [See General Orders or Plans, &c.] and that I am of the Age of _____ Years, and that I do not belong to the Mercantile or Army Regiment in His Majesty's Service, under His Majesty's Navy or Marines; and that I will in the United Company of Merchants of England, trading to the East Indies, until I shall be duly and legally engaged [or if the Recruit of the United Company, then here use the Words joined under and subject] for its Period of Twelve Years [if the Party is willing to serve the Age of Fifteen Years or upwards, but of under Eighteen Years, then the Difference between the said Age and Eighteen to be a Part of such Twelve Years, as the case may be, and such Period to be computed instead of Twelve Years] proceed the said United Company should to long require my Service.

SCHEDULE (I.)

I, _____ of _____ One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of _____ [or Chief Magistrate] do hereby certify, that _____ approved to be _____ of _____ Years of Age, _____ Years, and that he had as Registrar, and was not troubled with Fits, and was on ways disabled _____ on the _____ day of _____ and dated himself to be of the Age of _____ Months, Months or otherwise, but had the perfect Use of his Limbs and Hearing, and was not an Apprentice, and acknowledged that he had distinctly obliged himself for the Term of _____ to serve the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and did engage to serve for _____ [See Blank to be filled up by the Magistrate under and followed as for Years, or as the particular Term of Apprenticeship] and I do hereby certify, that in my Presence the Third and Fourth Articles of the General Statute and the First Article of the Sixth Section of the Statute of War against Mutiny and Desertion, were read over to him, and he took the Oath of Fidelity contained in the Act of the Fifteenth Year of His present Majesty, and also the Oath above first set forth, and that he received the Sum of _____ as being entitled, and that I have given to the said _____ a Duplicate of this Certificate, signed with my Name.

SCHEDULE (K.) [Form of Master's Oath, the same as Schedule (E) of 47 G. 3. Stat. 1. c. 34.]

SCHEDULE (L.) [Form of Justice's Certificate, the same as Schedule (F) of 47 G. 3. Stat. 1. c. 34.]

SCHEDULE (M.)

Form of Oath.

I, _____ do hereby make Oath, That I have not applied any Money or Stems, or Supplies, under my Care or Discretion, to my own Use, or to the private Use of any other Person by way of Loan to such Person, or otherwise, or in any Manner applied them, or knowingly permitted them to be applied to any other than public Purposes, and according to the Duty of my Office.

Sworn before me by the within named }
this _____ Day of _____ }

A. B.
[Justice of the Peace for the County of _____
or Comptroller in Chief, or Second in Command, &c.
the Army being in _____
Use, as the Case may be.]

C A P. IX.

An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore.

[22d March 1811.]

WHEREAS it may be necessary, for the Safety of the United Kingdom and the Defence of the Possessions of the Crown of Great Britain and Ireland, that a Body of Royal Marine Forces should be employed in His Majesty's Fleet and Naval Service, under the Direction of the Lord High Admiral or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland: And whereas the said Royal Marine Forces may frequently be quartered on Shore, where they will not be subject to the Laws relating to the Government of His Majesty's Forces by Sea; yet notwithstanding it being requisite, for the returning of such Forces to their Duty, that an exact Discipline be observed; and that Measures be used to prevent any Desertion, or that desert His Majesty's Service, be brought to a more exemplary and speedy Punishment than the Law will allow: Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, if any Person being entered or in Pay as an Officer of Royal Marines, or who is or shall be killed or in Pay as a Non-commissioned Officer or Private Man, or any Division of Royal Marines on His Majesty's Service, and on the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven shall remain in such Service, or during the Continuance of this Act, shall be voluntarily entered and in Pay, as a Marine Officer or Private Man in His Majesty's Service; and being ordered or employed in such Service, at any Time during the Continuance of this Act, on Shore in any Place within the said Kingdom, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts, shall begin, &c.

vacant, enlists or joins to any Majesty or Sovereign of the Company to which he doth, or shall belong, or in any other Company, Troop or Regiment, either of Horse or Foot Forces, in His Majesty's Service; or shall not do his utmost Endeavour to suppress the same, or coming to the Knowledge of any such Mutiny, or insubordination, shall not, without Delay, give Information thereof to his Commanding Officer; or shall desert His Majesty's Service, or bring actively or passively as a Marine in any Company, shall be lawful in any other Company, Troop or Regiment, or enter as a Seaman in His Majesty's Service, without first having a Discharge in Writing from the Officer commanding in Chief the Company in which he hath served as a Marine, in which case he shall be reputed a Defector; or shall be found sleeping upon his Post; or shall leave it before relieved; or shall hold Correspondence with any Rebel or Enemy of His Majesty, or give them Advice or Intelligence of any Kind, by any ways or means, or in any manner whatsoever; or shall treat with such Rebels or Enemies, or enter in to any Confidance with them, without His Majesty's Licence, or Licence of the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being; or shall strike or strike any Vessel against his Superior Officer being in the Execution of his Office; or shall do any unlawful Command of his Superior Officer; all and every Person and Persons in any way or other of the Matters before mentioned, on Shore, in any Part of this Kingdom, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts, shall be for Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court Martial shall be inflicted.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Lord High Admiral, or Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, at any Time during the Continuance of this Act, to make and establish Rules and Articles in Writing, under his or their respective Hand or Hands, for the Punishment of Mutiny and Disobedience, Insolency, Mischivance and Neglect of Duty, in any of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore, in any Part of this Kingdom, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts, and for bringing Offences against the same to Justice; and to enquire and constitute Courts Martial, with Power to try, hear and determine any Causes or Offences specified in such Rules and Articles, and inflict Punishments, by Sentence or Judgment for the same, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and all such Articles of War shall from time to time, as soon after the same shall have been established as the same can be done, be transmitted by the Secretary of the Admiralty for the time being to the Judges of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster and Dublin and into Scotland respectively.

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in all Trials by any Divisional or Detachment Courts Martial which shall be held by virtue of this Act, or of any Articles of War established in pursuance thereof, every Member sitting at such Trial, before any Proceedings be had thereupon, shall take the Oath hereinafter mentioned upon the Holy Evangelists (which Oath shall and may be administered by the President of the Court to the other Members thereof, and to the President by any Member having first taken the said Oath); that is to say,

• YOU shall well and truly try and determine according to your Evidence in the Manner now before you, • So help you GOD.

• I, A. B. do swear, That I will duly administer Justice according to the Rules and Articles for the better Government of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces when on Shore, and according to an Act of Parliament now in force for the Punishment of Mutiny and Disobedience, and of other Causes therein mentioned, without Partiality, Fear or Affection; and if any Doubt shall arise (which is not explained by the said Articles or Act of Parliament) according to my Conscience and the best of my Understanding, and the Custom of War. • So help me GOD.

And the President of every such Court Martial (such being under the Rank of a Captain) shall be appointed by the Commanding Officer of the Division or Detachment serving such Court Martial; and every such Divisional or Detachment Court Martial is hereby authorized and directed to administer the Oath to every Witness who shall appear before them.

[This Act, except the Oaths above inserted, is similar to 50 G. 3. c. 14.]

C A P. X.

An Act to continue, until the Twentieth fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirty three, certain Acts of the Parliament of Ireland, so far as the same relate to the Improvement of the City of Dublin, by making wide and convenient Passages through the same.

[13th March 1811.]

• WHEREAS an Act was made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Twenty fifth and Twenty second Years of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the Improvement of the City of Dublin, by making wide and convenient Passages through the same, and for regulating the Coal Trade therein; which Act was to continue in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and eighty eight; which said recited Act, by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Twenty third and Twenty fourth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, was amended and continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten; and by another Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reign, was further amended; and by another Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign was further continued; And whereas it is expedient that the said recited Acts should be further continued, so far as the same relate to the Improvement of the City

Be, he or they
relates to the
Importation of
Duties,

continued till
1812 & 13,
(181)
Acts may be
inserted, or.

* City of Dublin; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said several recited Acts, and every of them, so far as the same relate to the Improvement of the City of Dublin, by making wide and convenient Passages through the same, and all Chaises, Provisions and Regulations in the said recited Acts, or any of them contained, and all Powers and Authorities whatsoever given or created by the said recited Acts, or any of them, for the Purpose of carrying into Effect such Improvement of the said City of Dublin, and for the making fresh wide and convenient Passages through the same, shall be and the same are hereby further continued, and shall remain and be in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirty three, and no longer.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said, and the said several recited Acts hereby continued, or any of them, may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XI.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirty two, certain Acts of the Parliament of Ireland, so far as the same relate to the Duty on Coals imported into the Harbour of Dublin, and to the regulating the Coal Trade thereof.

[25th March 1811.]

21 & 22 G. 3.
(11) 4.

* WHEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, holden in the Twenty sixth and Twenty seventh Years of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for the Improvement of the City of Dublin, by making wide and convenient Passages through the same, and for regulating the Coal Trade thereof*; it was, among other Things, enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of May One thousand seven hundred and eighty two, until the Twenty fifth Day of March which should be in the Year One thousand seven hundred and eighty eight, there should be granted, raised, levied and paid to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, a net Additional Duty of One Shilling for and upon every Trea of Coals, not being the Produce of Ireland, which should be imported or brought into the Harbour of Dublin during the Time aforesaid, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity; the said Duty to be paid over and above all Duties then payable on the same: And whereas by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the

21 & 24 G. 3.
(11) 4.
20 G. 3. (11) 4.

Twenty third and Twenty fourth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, for continuing and amending the said recited Act of the Twenty sixth and Twenty seventh Years, the said Duty was further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and two; and by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reign, the said recited Act of the Twenty sixth and Twenty seventh Years was further amended; and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, all the said recited Acts were further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven: And whereas it is expedient that the said Duty should be further continued; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirty two, and no longer, the said additional Duty of One Shilling for and upon every Trea of Coals not being the Produce of Ireland, which shall be imported or brought into the Harbour of Dublin during the Time aforesaid, shall continue to be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and that the said Duty shall be raised, levied and applied in such Manner, and by such Ways and Means, and for such Purposes and with such Exceptions, Limitations and Restrictions, and subject to such Account, as is mentioned and provided by the said heretofore recited Acts, or any of them, with respect to the Duty granted or continued by the said recited Acts, or any of them.

49 G. 3. 4. 71.

Additional Duty
of 1s. per Trea of
Coals, on the
Importation of
Coal, continued
till March 25,
1812.

22 & 23 G. 3.
(11) 4. according
to such of the
Acts 6 G. 3. as
relates to the
Importation of
Coal, and 11 G.
3. of Coals,

* II. And whereas by the said recited Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty sixth and Twenty seventh Years of His present Majesty's Reign, so much of an Act made in Ireland in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intitled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing the exporting and reimporting of Coals in the Kingdom*, and of every other Act or Acts of Parliament theretore made in the said Kingdom, was repealed and made null and void, as tended in any Degree to prevent any Person or Persons, Bodies Public or Corporate, from buying or having up in One Year more than a certain Quantity of Coals, or to give the Lord Mayor or any Magistrate, Minister or Churchwarden, a Power to enter the Cellars, Houses or Yards, or any Persons buying Coals, and to search the Coals therein to be sold, or to give the Lord Mayor of the City of Dublin, a Power to compel to be brought up to the Quay and sold, any Coals on board any Ship or Galliard, which Coals should have been previously sold to any Person resident in the said City of Dublin, or to any Person or Persons trading or dealing in Coals, or to limit the Number of Passes, Barrels or Agents, for buying and selling of Coals in the City of Dublin, or to require them, or any Person purchasing Coals for Sale, or keeping any Yard therefor for selling Coals, to take out any License on account of the same, or give Security, or take any Oath as a Factor, Barrow or Agent, or to prevent any Person keeping a Galliard, Lighter or Boat, for the Purpose of carrying Coals; and it was also by the said recited Act of the Twenty sixth and Twenty seventh Years aforesaid enacted, that every Person or Persons, Bodies Public or Corporate, should be, as full Liberty to buy and sell Coals at such Prices and Times, in such Manner and Quantities and Forms, and to such Persons as he, she or they should choose, any Law to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding: Be it further enacted, That so much and such Parts of the said recited Act of the Twenty sixth and Twenty seventh Years aforesaid,

continued till
March 25,
1812.

assented, as it and are heretofore last recited and set forth, shall be and the same are hereby continued, and shall be and remain in full Force and Effect until the Fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirty two, and so longer.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act and the said several recited Acts, or any thereof, may be amended, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XII.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, an Act for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland.

[25th March 1811.]

WHEREAS the Act heretofore mentioned has by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be further continued in manner heretofore mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to provide more effectually for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland, and for allowing British West India Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland, and the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight*; and which, by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, was continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall be and the same is hereby further continued from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, until and upon the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, except only so much of the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year as relates to the allowing British West India Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland, and which, under the Provision of an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for continuing the said Act of the Forty seventh Year, is directed to be warehoused, under the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for permitting Goods imported into Ireland to be warehoused or cleared without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and the Act hereby continued, may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act passed in the Session of Parliament.

C A P. XIII.

An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain; and for suspending the Countervailing Duties and Bounties on Sugar, when the Duties imposed by an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty shall be suspended; and for continuing so much of an Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His present Majesty as allows a Bounty upon Double Refined Sugar exported, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and in such of the same Act as allows a Bounty on Raw Sugar exported, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

[25th March 1811.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for continuing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain, and for allowing other Drawbacks and Bounties in lieu thereof, until the Fifteenth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and four*; and whereas an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to amend Two Acts passed in the Forty third and Forty fifth Years of His present Majesty, for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain*; and whereas Three other Acts passed in the Forty sixth, Forty seventh and Forty eighth Years of His present Majesty, for further continuing the said Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty; and whereas another Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for further continuing until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain; and for suspending the Countervailing Duties and Bounties on Sugar when the Duties imposed by an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty shall be suspended*; and whereas an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable on Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*; and whereas by another Act passed in the Fifteenth Year of His Majesty, intitled, *An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain; and for suspending the Countervailing Duties and Bounties on Sugar when the Duties imposed by an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty shall be suspended*; the Drawbacks allowed by the said recited Act passed in the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, and the Bounties allowed by the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, were further continued; and it is expedient that the said Drawbacks and Bounties be continued by the said last recited Act should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Drawbacks in the Schedule to the said last recited Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, and the Bounties in the Schedule to the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty aforesaid, shall be respectively paid and allowed in like manner as every respect,

Drawbacks in Schedule of 43 G. 3. c. 12. and Bounties in Schedule to

41. 1. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42.

and subject to and under, and according to the like Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Privileges and Favourites, (except where any Alterations shall be made) as if the said Drawbacks and Bounties were respectively paid

And if it hereafter shall appear by Notice in the London Gazette published on the Saturday which shall happen within the said Weekdays in or after the said Proclamation or thereunto directed eight hundred and twelve, or the said Proclamation in January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, that the Average Price of British Manufactures exported in a manner directed by an Act made in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for regulating the Allowance of the Drawback and Bounty on the Exportation of Goods and for granting the Importation of Sugar and Coffee into Great Britain and the Islands thereof in certain Cases*, for the Four preceding Months computed to the immediately immediately preceding such Saturday as aforesaid, shall not have exceeded the Average Price of a Hundred Weight exclusive of the Duties of Customs paid or payable thereon as the Importation into Great Britain, then and in every such case, the Drawback or Bounty in the Schedule to the said recited Act passed in the Forty sixth and Forty seventh Years of His present Majesty aforesaid respectively mentioned, or corresponding to or with the Price of which such Notice in the London Gazette shall have been given as aforesaid, shall be paid or allowed until Notice of any other Average shall in like manner appear in the London Gazette on any other of such Saturdays as before mentioned, and such Drawback or Bounty shall be paid or allowed in like manner in every respect, and subject to and under and according to the like Rules and Regulations, Restrictions, Privileges and Favourites as any Drawback or Bounties were paid or allowed before the passing of the said first recited Act (except as to such Rules or Regulations as are altered by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth and Forty seventh Years aforesaid) and the whole of the Duty granted by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Duties of Customs on Fishes, Sugars, Resins and Paper imported into and on Goods exported from Great Britain, and on Sugar imported into Great Britain by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and warehoused according to Law, and sold at the Sales of the said Company after the Thirtieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and one, shall, upon Delivery thereof out of Warehouse for Exportation during the Time of any Drawbacks or Bounties being paid or allowed under this Act in respect of British Manufactures, be wholly drawn back under such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Privileges and Favourites, as any former Drawbacks are paid or allowed; any thing in an Act passed in the Thirtieth sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty contained to the contrary notwithstanding.*

III. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for regulating the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, the Lord High Treasurer or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, are authorized to suspend the Payment of the additional Duties of Customs on Sugar, granted by the said last recited Act, either in the Whole or in Part, whenever the Average Price of Sugar ascertained as directed by the said recited Act, and by another Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty, intituled, *An Act for regulating the Manner in which the Average Price of Bounties on Manufactures exclusive of the Duty thereon, is to be ascertained under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty*, shall be below the Prices mentioned in the said last recited Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid: And whereas it is expedient, that, during the Period of such Suspension, the Countervailing Duties on Refined Sugar imported from Ireland into Great Britain, and the equivalent Drawback or Bounty on the Exportation to Ireland of Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Great Britain, and also the additional Bounty on the Exportation of Refined Sugar from Great Britain, other than to Ireland, imposed and allowed by the said last recited Act, should in like Manner be suspended; It is therefore further enacted, That whenever the Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, shall exercise the Power vested in them, and shall, according to the Direction of the said Act, suspend the Payment of the Whole or Part of the Duty on Sugar then by implied, it shall be lawful for them and they are hereby authorized and required in like Manner to suspend, in respect of the Whole of the additional Countervailing Duties of Customs on Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Ireland, imported from thence into Great Britain, and of the additional Drawback or Bounty on the Exportation to Ireland of Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Great Britain, and of the additional Bounty on the Exportation of Refined Sugar from Great Britain other than to Ireland, imposed and allowed by the said last recited Act, or such Part thereof respectively as shall bear a just Proportion to the Amount of Duty so suspended.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, and all the Powers, Privileges, Authorities, Rights, Bounties, Clauses, Matters, and Things in the said Act contained, except as the same are varied or altered by this Act, shall be and the same are hereby further continued from the Twenty sixth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and shall be and remain in full Force until the Fifthteenth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, for the Port of London, and until the Twenty sixth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, for other Ports of Great Britain.

V. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to allow for Two Years, from and after the passing of this Act, an additional Bounty on Double Refined Sugar, and to extend former Bounties on other Refined Sugars in such as shall be granted, created or revised, and to allow for One Year certain Bounties on British Manufactured Raw Sugar exported*, a certain Bounty was allowed upon the Exportation of Double Refined Sugar, and also a Bounty was allowed upon the Exportation of nine of Raw Sugar; and it was enacted, that so much of the said recited Act as related to the allowing of a Bounty upon Double Refined Sugar, should continue in Force for Two Years from the passing of the

40 C. 1. 1. 2. 3. 4.

35 C. 1. 1. 2. 3. 4.

49 C. 1. 1. 2. 3. 4.

40 C. 1. 1. 2. 3. 4.

When Treasury
Board present
of Duty on
Sugar granted
by Act of 1811
there shall be
imported into
any other Port
of Great Britain.

41 C. 1. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42.

41 C. 1. 1. 2. 3. 4.

§ 1.

§ 2.

§ 3.

§ 4.

• *Said Act, and so much thereof as related to the allowing of a Bounty upon Raw Sugars, should continue in force for One Year from the passing of that Act: And whereas by another Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *As it is enacted and continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, so much of an Act of the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty as relates to the said Bounties upon Raw Sugars, was further continued with certain Alterations until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine: And whereas in each of the said Acts as related to the said Bounties upon Raw Sugars, was further continued with certain Alterations, and the said Acts of the Forty seventh Year aforesaid, as relates to the Bounties upon Double Refined Sugars, and so much thereof as relates to the Bounties upon Raw Sugars, as aforesaid and contained by the said last recited Act, and also the said last recited Act altering and continuing the same, have been by subsequent Acts continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and it is expedient that the said Bounties should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted, That so much of the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year aforesaid, as relates to the Bounties upon Double Refined Sugars shall be further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and so much of the said last recited Act as relates to the Bounties upon Raw Sugars, as aforesaid and contained by the said recited Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid, and also the said last recited Act altering and continuing the same, shall be further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve.**

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fourth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Allowance of the Bounty granted upon the Exportation from Great Britain (except to Ireland) of British Plantation Raw Sugars by the said last recited Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, shall be governed by the Average Prices of Brown or Muscovado Sugar, computed and published in the London Gazette, for the Periods, at the times, and in the manner hereinafter directed.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XIV.

AN ACT to continue several Laws relating to the granting a Bounty upon certain Species of British and Irish Linnens exported from Great Britain, and taking off the Duties on the Importation of Foreign Raw Linnen Yarns made of Flax into Great Britain, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty one; to the prohibiting the Exportation from and purchasing the Importation into Great Britain of Corn, and for allowing the Importation of other Articles of Provision without Payment of Duty during the Continuance of the War, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace; and to the permitting the Importation of Tobacco into Great Britain from any Place whatsoever until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve. (25th March 1811.)

WHEREAS the Laws heretofore mentioned have by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, intitled, *As it is enacted, so much of an Act of the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, as relates to the granting a Bounty upon certain Species of British and Irish Linnens exported, and taking off the Duties on the Importation of Foreign Raw Linnen Yarns made of Flax; which said Act was by Two other Acts of the Tenth and Nineteenth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty extended and continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and eighty six, and from thence to the End of the three next Sessons of Parliament, and which by several subsequent Acts was further continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and one, and revised and further continued by an Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and further continued by Two Acts of the Forty sixth and Forty eighth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall, from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, be and the same be hereby further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty one.*

II. And be it further enacted, That an Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for enabling His Majesty to prohibit the Exportation and prevent the Importation of Corn, and for allowing the Importation of other Articles of Provision without Payment of Duty, as contains in force until Six Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, which was continued by an Act of the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years of His present Majesty, and amended and further continued by several subsequent Acts until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall, from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, be and the same be hereby further continued during the Continuance of the War, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.*

III. And be it further enacted, That an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to permit until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Importation of Tobacco into Great Britain from any Place whatsoever, shall, from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, be and the same be hereby continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve.*

31 Geo. III.

U S

C A P.

48 G. 3. 14.

47 G. 3. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100.

Bounty on Raw Linnen Yarns granted by Average Prices of Brown Sugar.

Act may be altered, &c.

48 G. 3. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100.

25 G. 3. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100.

25 G. 3. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100.

C A P. XV.

An Act for amending His Majesty's direction the Effect of Exchequer Bills as a Limited Annuity, for the Purpose thereof in Manner therein mentioned. [24 April 1811.]

WHEREAS from the present State of Commercial Credit, and other Causes, great Inconvenience and Prejudice are experienced by the Manufacturers of Cotton Goods, and by the Importers or Producers from the Foreign Reg'd India Goods and South America, and also by Tailors engaged in some other Branches of Trade, which have been subject to peculiar Difficulty and Inconvenience, and it is expedient that Your Majesty be enabled to direct Exchequer Bills, to the Amount of Six Millions, to be issued to Commissioners, to be by them advanced under certain Regulations and Restrictions, for the Advancement and Accommodation of such Manufacturers and other Persons as might be the Subjects of such Commissioners to receive the same, as due Security being given for the Repayment of the same to be enacted within a Time to be limited: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by Warrant or Warrants under his Royal Sign Manual, to authorize and empower the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury now or for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, to create or direct any Number of Exchequer Bills to be made out at His Majesty's Exchequer, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Six Millions; in the same or like Manner, Form and Order, and according to the same or like Rules and Directions (except where other Directions for making out the same are contained and particularly expressed in the Act) as in and by an Act made in the Forty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for regulating the issuing and paying off of Exchequer Bills*, are enacted and prescribed.

II. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Privileges, Advantages, Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, contained in the said last mentioned Act, shall be applied and extended to the Exchequer Bills to be made in pursuance of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said several Clauses or Provisions had been particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act shall and may bear an Interest not exceeding the Rate of Two Pence Halfpenny per Centum per Diem, upon or in respect of the whole of the Moneys respectively advanced thereby; and that One-fourth Part of such Clauses or Denominations of such Bills shall be made payable on the First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve; One other Fourth Part thereof, on the Third Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twelve; One other Fourth Part thereof, on the Fourth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and the Residue thereof as the Second Day of November One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and that the Principal Sum contained in every such Bill, together with such Interest as aforesaid to be computed from the Day of the Date thereof until the Time by this Act appointed for Payment thereof, shall be paid off and discharged upon the Days and Times respectively appointed for the Payment thereof.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all and every the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, or in any of them as shall from Time to Time remain undischarged and unacredited, after the respective Days on which they shall become due and payable, shall and may after that Time pass and be current as all and every the Receipts and Collections in Great Britain, from the said Revenue or Customs, Excise, or any Revenue, Supply, Aid or Tax which may, or may be possible to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and also at the Receipt of Exchequer of Great Britain, from the said Revenue or Customs, but so such Revenue or Customs shall exchange at any Time before the said Day of Payment thereof, for any Money of the said Revenue, Aids, Taxes or Supplies, in His Majesty's Exchequer, which shall have been first as aforesaid by virtue of this Act: nor shall any Lien be maintained against such Receiver or Collector for withholding or refusing to exchange any such Exchequer Bill for ready Money before the said Day of Payment thereof; any thing in this Act to the contrary contained in any such unaccrediting; and that such of the said Bills as shall be received at the Exchequer, shall and may be taken up and paid as Cash, according to the Course of the Exchequer, issued and established by Law, for locking up and having Moneys received in Specie there.

V. And be it further enacted, That Three Members Esquire, to-wit, called Lord Bunsing, the Honorable William Lamb, the Honorable William Bonchamps Esquire, John Jonathan Smith Esquire, Sir James Howe Barronet, Sir John Perring Barronet, Harvey Chryslor Cooke Esquire, Charles Grant Esquire, John South Esquire, Thomas Hughes Esquire, John Chiffins Curwen Esquire, George Bellin Greenwood Esquire, James Reynolds Esquire, Charles Bannister Esquire, John Thurston Esquire, John Matthew Rankin Esquire, Charles Pitt Esquire, John Taylor Esquire, Thomas Pennington Esquire, John Joseph Mayfield Esquire and Benjamin Harrison Esquire, shall be, and we besides us named Commissioners for advising and leading to any Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, or to the Merchants, Bankers and Traders, resident within the Kingdom of Great Britain, upon the Deposits and Surrenders, and under the Terms and Conditions, and Subject to the Regulations herein mentioned, the Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act; and the said Commissioners are hereby respectively required to execute the Powers and Authorities given to them by this Act, without any Fee, Reward, Emolument or Gratitude whatsoever.

VI. And

VI. And be it further enacted, That any Two of the said Commissioners in this Act named, before the Execution of the Statute of the same, shall take an Oath before the Chancellor of the Exchequer or the Master of the Rolls for the Time being, which they or either of them are and is hereby authorized and required to administer: the Tenor whereof shall be as followeth; that is to say,

' I, A. B. do swear, That according to the best of my Judgment I will faithfully and impartially execute the several Powers and Trusts vested in me by an Act, intitled, &c. &c. [see *in fine* the Title of this Act] according to the Tenor and Purport of the said Act.'

And every other of the said Commissioners in this Act named, shall likewise take the same Oath before the said Two Commissioners, who are hereby authorized and required to administer the same, after they shall themselves have taken the said Oath as aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners appointed by this Act shall have Power to hire and fit, from Time to Time, in such Place or Places as they shall find most convenient, with or without Adjournment; and they or any Seven or more of them, shall and may appoint and employ a Secretary, and so many Clerks, Brokers, Messengers and Officers as they shall think meet, and allow to such Secretary, Clerks, Brokers, Messengers and Officers, with the Costs and Appraisement of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, in Writing, under their Hands, such reasonable Salaries as the said Commissioners appointed by this Act shall think meet; and shall and may also employ a Solicitor, and allow to such Solicitor such Salary or Reward as the said Commissioners shall think requisite for his Care and Labour; and shall and may give and administer to such Solicitor, Secretary, Clerks, Brokers and Officers respectively an Oath for their faithful Discharge in all things relating to the due Performance of the Trusts imposed on them by the said Commissioners, and in all other Things touching the Premises: and from Time to Time at their Discretion appoint and discharge such Solicitor, Secretary, Clerks, Brokers, Messengers and other Officers, and appoint others in their Places; and the said Solicitor, Secretary, Clerks, Brokers and Officers are hereby required faithfully to execute and perform the said Trusts, in them severally and respectively required, without taking any Thing for such Service, other than such Salaries or Reward as the said Commissioners shall direct and appoint in Manner aforesaid.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Officer or other Person or Persons whatsoever, employed in and about the Execution of this Act, as the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, shall demand, take or accept any Fee or Gratuity whatsoever, for their Care and Labour, other than such Allowances or Rewards as shall or may be granted to them under the Authority of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Two or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to examine upon Oath or Affirmation (which Oath or Affirmation they or any One or more of them, are and is hereby authorized to administer) all Persons who shall be willing to be examined touching all such Matters and Things as shall be necessary for the Execution of the Powers vested in the said Commissioners by this Act; and also to receive any Affidavits or Depositions in Writing upon Oath or Affirmation, touching such Matters or Things as aforesaid, which shall be made before any Justice of the Peace of any County or Shire, or any Magistrate of any City, Borough, or Town Corporate in Great Britain or Ireland, where or near to which the Person making such Affidavit or Deposition shall reside, and certified and transmitted to the said Commissioners appointed by this Act, under the Hand and Seal of such Justice or Magistrate (which Oath or Affirmation every such Justice or Magistrate shall be and is hereby authorized and empowered to administer): Provided that in every such Affidavit or Deposition there shall be expressed, the Addition of the Party making such Affidavit or Deposition, and the particular Place of his or her Abode.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, upon Examination upon Oath or Affirmation before the said Commissioners respectively, or if any Person or Persons making any such Affidavit or Deposition as before mentioned, shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, or shall in such Affidavit or Deposition wilfully and corruptly swear, affirm or sledge any Matter or Thing which shall be false or untrue, every such Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be and is and is hereby declared to be subject and liable to such Fines and Penalties as by any Law now in being Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, are hereby specially authorized and required to stir and cause to be advanced all such Sums of Money to such Person or Persons, in such Manner and in such Proportions, as the said Commissioners appointed by this Act, or any Seven or more of them, shall, by Writing under their Hands from Time to Time, direct, out of any Part of the Public Money remaining in His Majesty's Exchequer, so be repaid in the Manner hereafter mentioned; which Sums so to be paid and advanced shall be employed for the Payment of Allowances, and other necessary Charges and Expenses in and about the Execution of this Act, without other Account than before the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and which Money so to be used shall not be subject to any Tax, Duty, Rate or Assessment whatsoever, imposed by Authority of Parliament; but that as Account of the said Charges and Expenses shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within Two Months after the Expiration of the Commission, if Parliament shall be then sitting, and if Parliament shall not be sitting, then within Fourteen Days after the Commencement of the third next Session of Parliament.

XII. And be it further enacted, That on the Day next after this Act shall have received the Royal Assent, or so soon after as the said Commissioners or any Seven or more of them, who shall have taken the said Oath as

Commissioners
may swear, ap-
point Officers,
and administer
Oaths, &c.

Commissioners
may swear, ap-
point Officers,
and administer
Oaths, &c.

Sh of a Pe-
rson shall be
liable.

Officers in Ex-
chequer not to
receive Fees.

Commissioners
may examine
upon Oath, and
receive Deposi-
tions made by
other Magistrates.

Fines.

Perjury.

Treasury or
the Master for
Execution of
Act.

Account laid
before Parlia-
ment.

Commissioners
to receive a
Parliament.

Writings
List of Names
List of Bills, and
to certify
Same to record.

Treasurer to draw
up Bills
specimens of Cer-
tificates of Com-
missioners.

Commissioners
to make Applica-
tions to be
made, and to
obtain Regula-
tions for ap-
portioning Sums ad-
vanced, &c.

Commissioners
to give to Pro-
curer to whom
Bills are ap-
portioned, Certifi-
cates, which
shall be return-
ed to the
Treasurer
Bills to bear
Date when
made.

Commissioners
may draw Re-
gulations.

Commissioners
to appoint
Deputies to at-
tend to their
Applications.
Treasurer may
draw Order
for the Issue
&c.

afforded, shall meet on the Day next after the passing of this Act, or as soon after as any Seven of the said Commissioners can assemble, and receive or appoint a proper Person for receiving all such Applications in Writing as shall be made to them from any Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, or from any Merchants, Bankers or Traders in Great Britain, for the Loan and Advance of Money by Exchequer Bills as aforesaid; and shall also then sit and appoint a Day not later than the Fourth Day from the Day of their first Meeting as aforesaid, for taking into their Consideration all such Applications, and shall meet together for that Purpose, and shall proceed with all convenient Dispatch to ascertain the Amount of the Sums in Exchequer Bills, which in their Judgment shall be loaned and advanced, require to be advanced under this Act, in performance of Applications then delivered, and shall forthwith certify such Amount to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, by One or more Certificate or Certificates under the Hands and Seals of the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them; and the said Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, shall, on Receipt of such Certificate or Certificates, direct the proper Officer or Officers at the said Exchequer, to deliver out, in the Manner and under the Regulation hereinafter mentioned, Exchequer Bills, in equal Proportions as nearly as may be, of Bills payable at the different Periods specified in this Act, to the Amount specified in such Certificate or Certificates, in such the same shall not exceed the Value of One Fourth Part of the Exchequer Bills to be issued in performance of this Act; and in such the Amount specified therein as aforesaid shall exceed such Fourth Part, then to such Amount as the said Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or Lord High Treasurer for the time being, shall, on a Statement of the Cases to him or them to be made by the said Commissioners appointed by this Act, deem expedient and shall direct.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners appointed by this Act shall, and they are lawfully required, before any Apportionment of such Exchequer Bills shall be made, to cause all the Applications then delivered to be classed according to the Amount of the Sums respectively applied for, and the Nature of the Securities required, and the Certificates, Statutes and Constitutions of the Powers applying, as far as the same shall appear upon the said Applications; and thereupon to draw up and establish such general Rules and Regulations for their own Government, in the apportioning and distributing the Sums to be advanced and loaned in Exchequer Bills under this Act, to the several Periods applying for the same, as they in their Discretion shall deem equitable and just, all which Rules and Regulations shall, within a convenient time, be entered in a Book or Books to be prepared and kept by such Commissioners for that Purpose; and the said Commissioners appointed by this Act according to the true Purport and Meaning of such general Rules and Regulations as aforesaid, shall proceed to take into their Consideration all such Applications, to look full specially the Particulars of the Sums required to be advanced as aforesaid, not being in any case less than the Sum of Four thousand Pounds, and which shall tender any Security which the said Commissioners are authorized by this Act to take for the Payment of the Sums to be advanced, and which shall also specify the Nature and Amount thereof; and from time to time Enquire into the same respectively, shall determine when Persons shall in their Judgment be entitled to any Part of the Exchequer Bills to be advanced or loaned under this Act, and to what Amount, and shall ascertain the Nature and Amount of the Securities to be required from them for the same respectively; and that all such Exchequer Bills shall be delivered in such Proportions, according to the respective Sums and Periods of Payment expressed therein, that the Repayment thereof to be made on each Loan may be made as nearly as may be by equal Installments.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners appointed by this Act shall deliver to all Persons to whom any of the said Exchequer Bills shall be apportioned as aforesaid by the said Commissioners, Certificate or Certificates, under the Hands and Seals of Three or more of such Commissioners, specifying the Amount of the Sums to be advanced and lent, to be respectively considered and marked, in the Courts and Orders which the same shall be delivered; which Certificates or Certificates being deposited with the proper Officer or Officers, shall be a sufficient Authority, without other Warrant, to such Officer or Officers, to deliver such Exchequer Bills to the like Amount and Value, as shall be described in and by such Certificate or Certificates of such Commissioners; provided that the total Amount to be issued by virtue of such Certificates shall not at any one time exceed the Amount of Exchequer Bills directed to be issued by the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or Lords mentioned, and every such Exchequer Bill shall bear Date on the Day on which the said Certificates shall appear and date, and shall and may be signed by the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, or, in his Name, by any Person duly authorized by the said Auditor to sign the same, with the Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or in Writing under their Hands, or by any Three or more of them; and the said Commissioners appointed by this Act shall have Power and Authority from time to time to revise and alter such Rules and Regulations as aforesaid, as they shall be occasioned; but that no such Revision or Alteration shall be valid, unless made by a Majority of the said Commissioners, consisting of Eleven or more of them, conceived upon their being a Notice for that Purpose.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall and are required to meet upon proper and convenient Days for taking into Consideration such further Applications as shall from Time to Time be made to them, and shall ascertain the Amount of such Exchequer Bills as shall be required to be then Time to Time issued for the Purposes of this Act, and by like Certificate or Certificates as aforesaid, certify the same to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, who shall and may, on Receipt thereof, direct further Exchequer Bills to be issued to such Amount, from Time to Time, in the Exchequer of the said Cash as they or his Judgment require to be issued, in equal Proportions, as nearly as may be, of Bills payable at each of the different Periods specified in this Act, as shall be fit and proper to the Time when such Bills shall be to be made respectively; and the whole of the Bills to be made out in performance of this Act shall have been issued for the Purposes aforesaid; and the said

Commissioners

Commissioners by this Act appointed shall from Time to Time proceed to determine to what Amount such Exchequer Bills shall be advanced to the Parties respectively applying for the same under this Act, and shall grant Certificates thereof to the proper Officer or Officers at the said Receipt of the Exchequer, in such Form and under the like Rules and Regulations as are heretofore mentioned, concerning the Exchequer Bills to be first issued as aforesaid; and such Officers shall from Time to Time deliver such Exchequer Bills in the Form and in the Manner before directed.

XVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in case all the Exchequer Bills authorized by this Act to be issued and directed to be respectively made payable either on the Fifth Day of January next next ensuing, the Third Day of May then next ensuing, or the Fourth Day of August, shall not be issued from the said Exchequer, in pursuance of this Act, before such Day respectively, the proper Officer or Officers of the said Exchequer shall from Time to Time deliver an Account of the sum to the Lord Commissioners of the Treasury, or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being; and it shall be lawful for the said Lord Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, to direct a like Number of Exchequer Bills to the same Amount to be made out at the said Exchequer, in lieu of the Bills not issued there as aforesaid, and that the same shall be made payable in equal Proportions, as near as may be, upon the several Days then to come on which Exchequer Bills are by this Act directed to be made payable, and shall be issued and applied to the same use and to the like Purposes as the Exchequer Bills, in lieu whereof the same are to be made, are by this Act directed to be issued and applied.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That such Officers by whom such Exchequer Bills shall be delivered, shall from time to time, upon the Requisition of the said Commissioners hereby appointed, deliver to them at their Office complete Lists of all the Exchequer Bills made out by them, specifying therein the respective Dates and Sums expressed therein, and the Persons appointed for the Payment of the same; and distinguishing therein the Parties to whom and the Numbers of the Certificates by virtue whereof the same were issued respectively.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons to whom such Exchequer Bills shall be advanced or lent, shall possibly enter into such Security, as such Sum or Sums of Money, and with such Sureties or such Deposits of Goods as the said Officers require, and the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall deem necessary; which Security the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall by their Direction have full Power and Authority to craft to be taken as hereinafter is mentioned; and that every Security to be taken in pursuance of this Act, as well of the Principal Party as of such Sureties respectively, shall be by Writing obligatory to our Sovereign Lord the King, in such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be directed by such Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, by virtue of this Act, to be paid to our said Lord the King, by such Form of Wards as Obligations to the King's Majesty have been used to be made, and with such Conditions to be there indorsed thereon, as by such Commissioners shall be deemed proper; and that all such Obligations to be so made shall be good and effectual to the Law, and shall be of the same Quality, Force and Effect, to all intents and purposes, as any Obligations made to our Sovereign Lord the King, or his Privy Council, or any of them, hath of them, both in any Thing heretofore been or now is adjudged, required or taken to be, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all Securities which shall be entered into by the Parties or Persons to whom or to whose Account any such Exchequer Bills shall be advanced, shall be made in such Form, not less than Double the Amount of the Principal Sums contained in such Exchequer Bills, as the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall in their Discretion direct; and that in every such case, if the Party or Parties shall enter into such Security, without any Surety or Sureties, then such Party or Parties shall, our and above such Security, deposit or cause to be deposited in the Custody of the said Commissioners, or of such Persons as they shall appoint, by Writing under the Hands of the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, Warrant or Mandate of the proper Council of such Party or Parties, or in his or their Possession and Disposal, and whosoever he or they shall incur a special Interest to a certain Amount, which shall be proved to the Satisfaction of such Commissioners, full Dates of Collens and Escote payable upon the same, in case any such Dates shall by Law be payable upon such Goods, being first duly satisfied, and which shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, or such Party or Persons as they shall appoint, bearing a Proportion not less than six pence for hundred, to the Value of the Principal Sums to be so advanced, and which Warrant or Mandate shall be delivered to the said Commissioners, or to such Persons as they shall appoint as aforesaid, at such Place or Places hereinafter mentioned, as the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them shall appoint; and shall be framed and kept in proper Warehouse, at such Place or Places respectively, to be approved of by the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, under such Regulations as the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall prescribe; and such Warrant or Mandate shall not be liable to be attached or seized, or removed or taken from or out of the Custody of the said Commissioners, by any Process, either in Law or Equity, or by the Custom of the City of London, or other Place in this Kingdom, or by or under any Commission of Bankruptcy not actually issued at the Time when such Deposit shall be made, unless the Principal Sums contained in such Exchequer Bills shall be advanced or lent on the Security of the said Warrant or Mandate, together with such Escote as shall be directed to be paid by this Act, shall be first paid or satisfied, at the Time or at the Manner hereinafter mentioned; or without having obtained the previous Consent of the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, under their Hand, for such Attachment or Seizure, or for the Removal of the same, according to the Direction of this Act, or by the Order of the Court of Exchequer at Westminster, or the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, or the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, as hereinafter is mentioned.

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners appointed by this Act to advance and lend such Exchequer Bills to any Person or Persons on the Security of any Warrant

Account of Bills
made out on 12
Feb. 20 May or
20 Jul or 1 Oct
1811, & to send
to the said
Bills made out on
15 October, &c

Lists of Exchequer
Bills made out to
and sent to the
Commissioners.

Persons to whom
Bills are made to
enter into Security, &c

How Securities
shall be made.

Commissioners
may lend Exchequer
Bills to

wrought or taken on Account of, in such Manner and from Time to Time, as shall be ordered by the said Commissioners full three several Weeks, so as to avoid any Damage or Loss to the said Goods, and to be removed thereof by means of such Deposits; and it shall be in the Discretion and Power of the said Commissioners, or any seven or more of them, to make all necessary Regulations from Time to Time for the Receipt, use, Delivery, and Delivery out of such Ware and Merchandise deposited in such Warehouse or Warehouses, in other Places, and from Time to Time to permit the Proprietor or Proprietors thereof, or their respective Agents or Factors, or other Persons duly authorized in that behalf, to receive, and take suitable Samples of the same; provided, that upon the Application of the Proprietor or Proprietors of any Ware or Merchandise deposited under this Act, and upon Proof made before the Commissioners or any seven or more of them, or before such Person or Persons as they shall appoint; but notwithstanding to the Satisfaction of such Commissioners, of the Inappropriateness of reflecting the same to such Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Assignee or Assigns, for the Purpose of Trade, before the same advanced or lost thereon shall be paid or satisfied; and upon a Trial of such Goods for the due Payment thereof, as it bears in value to, or of other Goods of equal Value to be deposited in like Manner, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any seven or more of them, in their Discretion, to charge the Society for such Loss, and to direct and order such Ware and Merchandise to be sold under the said Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Assignee or Assigns, or depositing other Goods as aforesaid, or giving such Security as by this Act is directed to be taken for the Payment of all the Principal Sums advanced and lost on the said Ware and Merchandise, and which shall be then unpaid, together with such Interest for the same, as by this Act is limited, at the respective Days or Times appointed for Payment of the same; and further, that where any Payment of the said Principal Sums with Interest shall have been duly made on or before the Day appointed for Payment thereof, the said Commissioners or any seven or more of them, upon the Application of the Proprietor or Proprietors of any Ware or Merchandise deposited as aforesaid, his or their Assignee or Assigns, shall direct and order a Part of such Ware and Merchandise, the estimated Value whereof shall be as near as conveniently may be in the Judgment of such Commissioners bear the same Proportion to the estimated Value of the Whole which such Principal Sum so repaid shall bear to the whole of the Principal Sums advanced and lost on any such Ware and Merchandise, to be advanced to such Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Assignee or Assigns, and from Time to Time on every such respective Installment being so paid and satisfied, on or before the Day when the same shall respectively become payable; and in like Manner shall deliver the whole of such Ware or Merchandise on Payment of all the Principal Sums advanced and lost thereon, together with Interest; and that upon producing the Certificate or Certificates of the said Commissioners, or any seven or more of them, with the Receipt of the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England thereto assented, signifying the Payment thereof as aforesaid, the Officer or Officers having the Care of such Ware or Merchandise, shall deliver out of the Warehouse or Warehouses or other Places where the same shall be so deposited, the whole or so much of the said Ware or Merchandise as shall be mentioned or expressed in such Certificate or Certificates of such Commissioners.

XXVIII. Provided always, and to be further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required to provide from Time to Time such Warehouse or Places as they shall deem requisite for lodging and storing Ware or Merchandise deposited with them, and on which the said Duties of Customs and Excise shall have been paid, at any Place not more than Ten Miles distant from the Standard in Cornwall, in the City of London; and that such Colliery shall be so valid and effectual as if the same were deposited in London, in performance of this Act.

XXIX. And to be further enacted and declared, That all Ware and Merchandise which are or shall be placed under the Custody of any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise, or in any Rooms, Warehouse or Place belonging to any Owner or Owners of such Ware or Merchandise, in any of the Places mentioned in this Act for the Deposit of Ware and Merchandise, and which shall be approved by the said Commissioners as a Security for any Loan under this Act, shall be deemed a Deposit of Ware and Merchandise within the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and shall and may be kept and retained in the Custody of such Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise, in such Warehouse, Rooms or Place of such Owner or Owners respectively, as a Security for such Loan and until Payment thereof, under such Rules and Regulations as shall be from time to time prescribed by the said Commissioners, and under the several Regulations, Ordinances, Exemptions, Privileges and Advantages, and as fully and effectually in all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Ware and Merchandise were deposited as such Security in the Custody of the said Commissioners under this Act.

XXX. Provided also, and to be further enacted, That in all Cases where a Permit shall be required by Law for the Removal of any Ware or Merchandise from Place to Place within this Kingdom, such Permit shall be required in all Cases for the Removal of the like Ware or Merchandise to or from any Warehouse or Warehouse as to be provided or used under the Authority of this Act.

XXXI. Provided always, and to be further enacted, That the Person or Persons depositing or sending to be deposited any Ware or Merchandise under this Act, shall at his and their proper Charge, if required to do so by the said Commissioners appointed by this Act, cause the same to be insured from any Loss by Fire, for and during such time as the said Ware or Merchandise shall be deposited in any Warehouse or Warehouse or other Place in pursuance of this Act, for such Sum or Sums of Money, and with such Person or Persons as the said Commissioners shall direct or approve.

XXXII. And to be further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, in all Cases where they shall be so enabled, to accept and take as a further and additional Security for any Loan to be made of any Loan Exchanges Bills, or any Part of such Loan, now and above the Security required by this Act, any Exchange Bills, Bank Bills, Bills of Exchange, or other negotiable Securities for Money whatsoever, which shall be deposited for that Purpose, as the said Commissioners, or any seven or more of them, shall direct; and all such

Commissioners
to provide the
Wares of the
The Mint of
London

Deposits in
Warehouse
of Owners,
Custody of
Commissioners
Deposits by
this Act.

Permits.

Person depositing
Ware or
Merchandise.

Commissioners
appointed to
take, in addition
to the Security,
Exchange Bills
of Exchange, &c.

such Exchequer Bills, *And* Bonds, Bills of Exchange, or other negotiable Securities for Money so Deposited shall, in Default of Payment of such Loans, in the manner directed by this Act, become and be sold as the said Commissioners, and shall and may be sold and disposed of, or the Moneys due and payable by virtue thereof shall and may be paid for at the Office of Law, in the Name of their Secretary for the time being, for the Use of the said Commissioners under this Act.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, in all Cases where they shall see Occasion, to accept and take as a further and additional Security for any Loans to be made of any Sum in such Exchequer Bills as aforesaid, or Part of such Loan, from any Principal or Surety in such Loan, or other Person or Persons having Lands, Heritages, or other Real Estates in Scotland, any Heritable Security whatever, which may affect, constitute, or charge the said Real Estates of such Principal or Surety, or such other Person as aforesaid, by the Laws of Scotland; and also to accept and take as a like further and additional Security, from any such Principal or Surety, or other Person or Persons possessed of any Heritable Security affecting, constituting or charging any Real Estates in Scotland, any Assignment of such Heritable Security, provided according to the Forms prescribed by the Laws of Scotland; and that every such Heritable Security which shall be so granted or constituted, and every Assignment of any Heritable Security which shall be so made, as any such further and additional Security for such Loan as aforesaid, shall respectively be granted, constituted, and made to and in the Name of the Secretary to the said Commissioners for the time being, in Trust for the said Commissioners, in Terms of the Loan for which the same shall be a Security; and the said Secretary for the time being shall, under the Directions of the said Commissioners, have full Power and Authority to perform, execute and carry into Effect any Acts, Matters and Things whatsoever, which shall be requisite for the further and better offering and realizing any such Heritable Security or Assignment thereof as aforesaid, and for enforcing, protecting and perfecting the same, for the Recovery of the Sums for which such Securities were respectively granted, constituted and made in all Courts of competent Jurisdiction in Scotland, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Securities respectively were granted, constituted and made to the Secretary for the time being, as a Security for his own proper Debt in Scotland; and that as Payment or Satisfaction of the Principal Sums for which such Security shall be given, with Interest for the same, and all Costs incurred in recovering the same; and the said Secretary for the time being shall, and he is hereby authorized, under the Direction of the said Commissioners, to execute, on Behalf of the said Commissioners, a Discharge and Release of the said Money so paid or furnished, to be prepared at the Costs of the Party or Parties making such Payment or Satisfaction, according to the Forms prescribed by Law for discharging and releasing any Heritable Debt or Incumbrance upon a Real Estate in Scotland; and that such Discharge and Release shall be good and valid in Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons carrying on Trade in a Partnership or Firm with any other Person or Persons, shall apply for any Exchequer Bills to be advanced by virtue of this Act, or any of the Securities therein mentioned, and shall draw to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, that such Exchequer Bills are to be advanced to such Person or Persons, for the Use of the said Partnership, it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons so applying for such Advance, to give to the said Commissioners, over and above the Security required by this Act, a Promissory Note or Promissory Notes, in the Partnership Firm, in such Sum or Sums of Money respectively, not exceeding in the whole the Amount of the Sums to be advanced to such Person or Persons, with Interest for the same, according to this Act, as the said Commissioners shall direct; which Promissory Notes as aforesaid shall respectively be made payable to the Secretary of the said Commissioners for the time being, at such times and in such Proportions as the Advance to be made to the Person or Persons so applying shall be repaid to be paid, by the Obligation or Obligations, to be entered into by such Person or Persons pursuant to this Act; which Notes shall be respectively made in the Form following; that is to say,

WE, *promise to pay* to the Secretary of the Commissioners for the Use of certain Exchequer Bills for the time being, the Sum of _____ with Interest for the same, at the Rate of Five Percent *per Centum* by the Year, from the Date hereof, on _____ Day of _____ now next ensuing;

Provided that separate and distinct Notes shall be made and given by each Person or Persons as aforesaid, in respect of each Indebtedness to be paid of the Sum advanced pursuant to this Act; and it shall be lawful for the Secretary to the said Commissioners for the time being to be upon every such Note.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Advance in Exchequer Bills shall be made to any Person or Persons concerned in any Partnership, upon the Application of any Person or Persons to the said Commissioners to make such Advance to the Use of the said Partnership, and such Advance, or any Part thereof, shall have been actually applied to the Use of the said Partnership, then the Estate and Estates of such Partnership shall be liable and subject to, and are hereby made chargeable with the Payment of the Sums advanced and actually applied as aforesaid, with Interest for the same, and all Costs attending the Recovery thereof, as in case of Debt found on Record to the King's Majesty, notwithstanding the said Commissioners shall have taken Security for the same Debt in the Name or Names of any other Person or Persons than the Persons concerned in such Partnership, or in the Name or Names of any One or more of such Partners; and in case it shall be made appear by Affidavit to any Baron of the respective Courts of Exchequer in England, Scotland and Ireland, that such Advance, or such Part thereof as aforesaid, was actually applied to the Use of the said Partnership, and the same being found on Record, it shall be lawful for such Baron to cause an Execr. to be issued against the Estate and Estates of such Partnership, to the Amount of the Sums so actually applied, with Interest thereupon and Costs as aforesaid, in the same manner as if the Advance so actually applied was an antecedent Debt from all the Parties concerned in such Partnership to the King's Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.

XXXVI. And We do further enact, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to advance and lend to the respective Companies of the incorporated Banks in Scotland, called *The Bank of Scotland*, and *The Royal Bank*, and for the said Banks respectively to borrow from the said Commissioners, any Sum of Money in Exchangeable Bills, or any of the Securities aforesaid, in the like Manner as if such Sums respectively were lent and borrowed in England; any Charter, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding; and their said Obligations to the King's Majesty in the Form intended in this Act, being under the Seal of such Corporations respectively, and every other Security made in the said Form of such Securities for Money borrowed by such Companies respectively in Scotland, which shall be entered into as given to be deposited with the said Commissioners as a Security for such Loans respectively, shall be good and valid as Law, and shall be respectively proceeded upon for the Recovery of such Loans, with Interest relieved therein, and Constituting the Recovery of the same, in the Manner directed, as fully and effectually as if such Money had been borrowed in England, under the Powers, Limitations and Privileges contained in any Charter or Charters relating to the said Companies respectively.

XXXVII. And he it further enacted, That the Principal Sums contained in the Exchangeable Bills which shall be advanced or lent by the said Commissioners under the Authority of this Act, shall be repaid without Deductions or Abatement, together with Interest for the same, by Installments as hereinafter is mentioned; that to wit, the Principal Sum of each and every Exchangeable Bill shall be repaid to the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England, at their Office, together with Interest for the same, at and after the Rate of Five Pence per Centum per Annum, by the Space of Fifteen Days at least before the Time when such such Exchangeable Bill shall become payable, according to the Provisions of this Act, each Installment to be computed on the said Principal Sum from the Date of such Exchangeable Bill to the Time of Payment thereof; and if any Default shall be made by any Person or Persons in the Payment of any such Sum or Sums of Money within the respective Times herebefore limited for Payment thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners hereby appointed, or any Seven or more of them, by Warrant or Warrants under their Hands and Seals, to cause in each such case as they shall think necessary, by or on account of such Defaulter or Defaulters, as a Security for such Payment, such Warrant and Merchandise not bearing a greater Proportion to the estimated Value of the whole, than the Sum so due and in Arrear shall bear to the whole Sum advanced on the Credit of such Warrant or Merchandise, to be appraised and sold at public Auction to the highest Bidder, under such Terms and Conditions of Sale as such Commissioners shall direct, for and towards satisfying such Part of the Sums advanced on such Warrants and Merchandise as shall be then due, together with Interest as aforesaid, and with such Costs and Charges attending such Sale as shall be allowed by the said Commissioners; and the Money arising from such Sale shall be forthwith paid to the said Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England, towards satisfying the Sum or Sums directed by such Commissioners to be raised thereby; and the Residue thereof shall be relieved at the said Bank of England, and carried to the Account of future Payments to be made by such Defaulter or Defaulters, if any shall remain to be made; and the Overplus (if any be after satisfying all Sums advanced on such Warrants or Merchandise, with the Interest, Costs and Charges as aforesaid) shall be paid to such Defaulter or Defaulters, or such other Person or Persons as shall appear to such Commissioners to be entitled to the same, or such Person or Persons as he or they shall respectively appoint to receive the same; and further, that in case any such Default shall be made, and no Warrant or Merchandise shall be deposited with the said Commissioners, or that the same shall be found or shall become insufficient in Value to satisfy the whole of the Demand upon such Defaulter or Defaulters, it shall also be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby required, without further Delay, to give their Warrant or Warrants from Time to Time to the proper Officer or Officers of the Crown having the Direction or Management of Proceedings upon Obligations to His Majesty, requesting such Officer or Officers precisely to proceed against all or any of the Persons who shall have entered into any Security for the Sums advanced, he, her and their Heirs, Executors and Administrators, for the Recovery of such Parts of the Sums advanced on such Securities as shall be then due, together with Interest as aforesaid, and such Costs and Charges attending such Proceeding as shall be by Law payable for the same, the Amount of which Principal Sums so to be levied, the said Commissioners shall cause from Time to Time to be notified by their Note in Writing under the Hands of any Two or more of them to such Officer or Officers, and which Note shall be inserted in the Writ of Process, and the like Process shall and may from Time to Time issue as aforesaid, as Occasions shall require; and the Sums so recovered (the Costs and Charges aforesaid excepted) shall be paid to the said Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England, without Abatement, Deduction or Delay, in Satisfaction of such Demands; and it shall be in the Discretion of the said Commissioners to direct against which of the Obligors in such Security such Proceedings shall be from Time to Time commenced or prosecuted; and the said Commissioners shall have the Control and Superintendance of such Proceedings, and the same shall not be discontinued, quashed or stayed upon any Petition whatsoever, without the Authority of the said Commissioners, notified under the Hands and Seals of any Two or more of them, and established to the Honour of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer at Westminster, or to the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, as the Case may require.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That where any Proceeding shall be directed by the said Commissioners, as aforesaid, against any of the Obligors or Obligor named in any such Obligation, so Writ or Writs of *Scire Facias* shall be required to be issued; but that upon the Production of the Warrant or Warrants of the said Commissioners as before mentioned, before any of the Justices of the said respective Courts of Exchequer; and in case any such intended Proceeding shall be against any Sureties or surety, then upon Proof of Notice having been served upon such Party or Parties, or left at his or their usual

Commissioners may advance Exchangeable Bills in the same Manner as if such Sums respectively were lent and borrowed in England.

Principal Sums of each such Bill, shall be repaid to the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England.

Sum to be paid Commissioners may order Part of Deposit to be laid.

In Proceedings against Obligors, no Writ of Scire Facias requisite.

Five or Five and a half Months, Two Days at least before each Approach shall be made, on each Barge, as the Master shall see fit for the said Payment upon the Tins of each Barge, without any Affidavit or other Instrument, and of the Cash of each Proceeding thus each Warrant or Warranties as aforesaid.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That after the due Payment of the Sums advanced with Force as aforesaid at the Times and in such Manner herein specified, every such Obligation entered into in pursuance of this Act, being first submitted according to the Intent and Meaning of this Act, shall be by the Court delivered up to be cancelled, and in case any such Obligation shall have been protested according to the Direction of this Act, the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, shall by their Warrants or Warranties direct the proper Officer or Officers of the said respective Courts of each County, to cover up and discharge every such Obligation or Obligations, to be being intimated as aforesaid, upon the Record or otherwise, to discharge the same to be cancelled, or the Court may require.

XL. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Payment of any of the Sums herein as aforesaid advanced by virtue of this Act, may be made either in Money, or in any of the Exchangeable Bills in Circulation at the Time of this Act, which shall have become due at the Time of such Payment, or which shall be payable in a Period not later than Fifteen Days next after the Day appointed by this Act for the Payment of such Installments, as Discharge of which each Exchangeable Bill shall be paid.

XLI. And whereas the Parties to whom Exchangeable Bills may be issued by virtue of this Act, may not have Occasion to make use of all their Bills: Be it further enacted, That such Exchangeable Bills may be tendered in Payment or Part of Payment of any of the Sums advanced by virtue of this Act, shall be returned to the Office or the Exchequer from which they were issued, and forthwith cancelled by the proper Officer or Officers by whom the said Bills were issued, he or they giving a Certificate to the Person returning such Exchangeable Bills, for the Information of the Commissioners for carrying this Act into Execution.

XLII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners appointed by this Act, by Writing under the Hands and Seals of any Seven or more of them, to authorize the Clerk or Cashier of the Bank of England, to employ any Names which shall be paid as aforesaid, in the Presentation of any Exchangeable Bills which shall be payable in the Period then next ensuing, and shall not be returned as Worn at Length, the Day of the Month and Year in which he or they to be presented such Bills; to which respective Days the said Cashier or Cashiers shall be allowed the Interest, upon his or their paying the same into the Receipt of Exchequer as aforesaid: Provided that no Interest shall run or be paid upon or for any such Bills during the Time they shall remain in the Hands of such Cashier or Cashiers, but for each Time the Interest on every such Bill shall cease.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That every Obligation with any Sureties or Surety to be taken according to this Act, after Payment or Recovery thereupon by the said Commissioners of the Sums advanced or loaned, with all Interest and Costs, in the Manner required by this Act, shall stand and remain as a further Security for the Purposes, and in the Manner likewise mentioned, that is to say, if any Surety or Sureties upon such Obligations, his, his or their Executors or Administrators, shall knowingly or negligently pay any Part of such Sums, Interest or Costs, then such Obligation, as against the principal Obligee or Obligees, his or their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, shall stand as a Security as aforesaid for the Reimbursement of all such Sums respectively, their Executors or Administrators, of the whole of the Sums by him or her paid or finished, and if from Time to Time until such Reimbursement shall be fully made, according to the Intent of this Act: and if any such Sureties or Sureties, their or his Executors or Administrators, shall have paid or tendered a Sum which shall bear a greater Proportion to the whole of the Sums recovered upon such Obligations than the Sum for which such Surety respectively shall have been bound, shall give with the said Account of the several Sums of Money for which all the several Sureties shall have been bound by such Obligations, two such Obligations, as aforesaid, and every of the Sureties who shall not have paid or tendered a Sum of Proportion to the whole Sums recovered, according to the Sum for which he shall have been respectively bound, that is to say, of their Heirs, Executors and Administrators respectively, shall stand as a Security for the Benefit of such Sureties or Surety, their Executors or Administrators respectively, who shall have paid or tendered any such Sums aforesaid, for the Purpose of enforcing a Contribution amongst such Sureties as are respectively answerable to the several Sums for which they shall have been respectively bound, and if from Time to Time such Contribution shall be fully made according to the Intent of this Act; and that in every such Case, upon the Appointment of any Sureties or Surety to the said Commissioners for any of the Purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners shall cause the respective Claims of such Sureties or Surety respectively, and the Sums to be recovered from such Principals or Sureties respectively, their and every of their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, to be adjusted and settled in herein as aforesaid, first on the whole Sums recovered shall be distributed in an equal Proportion, according to the Sums for which each Surety respectively shall have been bound in the said Obligations, and so from Time to Time as the Case shall require; and afterwards the said Commissioners or any Seven or more of them, by Warrant or Warranties in Writing under their Hands shall cause Time to Time docket Warrants to issue for the Recovery of such Sums as they shall have so adjusted and settled, to be respectively recovered from and paid to such Principals respectively, as they shall by duty in such Warrant or Warranties, under and subject to the several Regulations and Directions in this Act contained as aforesaid.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That each Proceed as aforesaid shall and may lawfully issue on any such Obligations as aforesaid, against any such Principals or Principals, their or his Heirs, Executors or Administrators, for the Benefit of any such Sureties or Surety, their or his Executors or Administrators,

After Payment of Sums advanced, with Force, by Commissioners, Obligations with Sureties to stand as further Security.

If the Obligations be not.

If the Obligations be not.

Commissioners appointed by this Act, by Writing under the Hands and Seals of any Seven or more of them, to authorize the Clerk or Cashier of the Bank of England, to employ any Names which shall be paid as aforesaid.

Proviso.

After Payment of Sums advanced, with Force, by Commissioners, Obligations with Sureties to stand as further Security.

Proviso.

having Justification of the Matter of such Commission of Bankruptcy, to enter due Order accordingly; which such Courts respectively are hereby authorized and required to make.

In Ireland, &c.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That every Obligation or other Security entered into or given from and after the passing of this Act, by any Person or Persons, either as Principal or Surety, who shall afterwards become Bankrupt, and against whose Estate Sequestration shall be awarded in Ireland, shall by reason and force of such Bankruptcy, and from the Time of the Date of the said Decree or the Petition to the Court of Justice for awarding the Sequestration, become and be deemed payable as against such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, and they all the Estate and Effects, Real and Personal, of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, which would be liable to satisfy the Demands of the Creditors seeking Relief under such Sequestration, shall be liable and subject, and are hereby made chargeable with the Payment of the Principal and Interest due upon such Obligation or other Security, and all Costs attending the Recovery of the same; and that the Claims of the said Commissioners shall be first paid and satisfied out of the Estate and Effects of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, and in Preference to the Claims of any other Creditor or Creditors, nevertheless without Prejudice to Privileges duly obtained according to the Law of Scotland upon the Real Estate of Persons who shall become Bankrupts, and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, in the Name of their Secretary for the time being, to apply by Petition in a Summary way to the proper Courts in Ireland having Jurisdiction of the Matters of such Bankruptcy, for making effectual the Payment of the Claims of the said Commissioners accordingly, and the said Courts are hereby authorized and required to make the same effectual accordingly.

Commissioners may accept Securities for Debts due from Bankrupts.

L. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to accept from the Assignees under any Commission of Bankruptcy issued, or from the Factor or Factors, or either or Trustees, under any Sequestration awarded against any principal Debtor or Debtors in any such Loan under this Act, such Security for the Payment of the Sum due from such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, out of his or their Estate or Estates, as the said Commissioners shall approve; and that the Acceptance of such Security by the said Commissioners shall operate as a Release of the Estate of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, for the Benefit of the Creditors under the said Commission of Bankruptcy in England or Ireland, or Sequestration in Scotland, from all Claims whatsoever by the said Commissioners, other than and except such Part of the said Estate as shall be specified in Writing between the said Commissioners and the said Assignees under the said Commission of Bankruptcy in England or Ireland, or between the said Commissioners and the said Factor or Factors, Trustee or Trustees, under the said Sequestration in Scotland, to be referred by the said Commissioners for such Security as aforesaid, in case the said Commissioners shall require such Security.

Commissioners may accept provision Security from Assignees of Debtors, to be used as Payment of Money due by principal Debtor, &c.

LI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in case such Debt shall grow due to the said Commissioners from any such Bankrupt or Bankrupts as a Surety or Sureties upon any such Loan as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to accept from the Assignees under such Commission of Bankruptcy in England, or from the Factor or Factors, Trustee or Trustees under such Sequestration in Ireland, all such provision Security for the Payment of the Sum due from such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, out of his or their Estate or Estates, as the said Commissioners shall approve, such Provision Security to be void on the Payment or Satisfaction of the Sum so due by the principal Debtor or Debtors, or by the Acceptance of other Surety or Sureties in lieu thereof, in the manner hereinafter mentioned; provided that such Acceptance of such provision Security by the said Commissioners shall operate as a Release of the Estate of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, for the Benefit of the Creditors under the said Commission of Bankruptcy in England or Sequestration in Scotland, from all Claims whatsoever by the said Commissioners, other than and except such Part of the said Estate as shall be specified in Writing between the said Commissioners and the said Assignees under the said Commission of Bankruptcy in England, or between the said Commissioners and the said Factor or Factors, Trustee or Trustees, under the said Sequestration in Scotland, to be referred by the said Commissioners for such provision Security as aforesaid, in case the said Commissioners shall require such Security.

Release of Estate or Effects of Bankrupt not to discharge other Securities.

LII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That any such Release of the Estate or Effects of any such Bankrupt or Bankrupts as aforesaid, whether Principals or Sureties, upon any such Loan as aforesaid, shall not be deemed or taken either in Law or Equity to discharge any other Person or Persons, or the Estate or Effects of any other Person or Persons, or to affect any other Security for the same Debt, or in any manner to prevent any Contribution amongst Sureties, or any Demand of Services against their Principals provided for by this Act.

If principal Debtor do not provide other Security, or pay half the Sum, See which Bankrupt Securities were bound, Proceed thereon against them for &c.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That if any such Surety or Sureties upon any such Loan by the said Commissioners under this Act shall be declared Bankrupt as aforesaid, and the principal Debtor or Debtors therein shall not, within Fourteen Days after Notice thereof, and Requisition made for that Purpose by the said Commissioners, produce another Surety or other Sureties, to be approved of by the said Commissioners, to become bound, and who shall accordingly become bound in the said Sum, by the like Surety or Sureties in lieu of the Surety or Sureties to become Bankrupt as aforesaid, or pay to the said Commissioners One Half of the Sum for which such Surety or Sureties were bound by such Surety or Sureties, then the Security and Securities, given or entered into by such principal Debtor or Debtors, shall be deemed forfeited, as far as to the Amount of One Half of the Sum or Sums in which such Surety or Sureties were bound respectively; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to cause Proceeds to be issued in the manner proposed by this Act against the principal Debtor or Debtors, and their Heirs, Executors, and Administrators, for the Recovery of One Half Part of all and every the Sum and Sums in which such Surety or Sureties were bound respectively, together with Interest and Costs, to be directed by the said Commissioners in pursuance of this Act.

LIV. And

LIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, in the Name of their Secretary for the time being, to apply, by Petition or otherwise, to the proper Courts in England, or Ireland or Scotland respectively, for any Commission of Bankruptcy or Sequestration against the Estate or Effects of any Bankrupt or Bankrupts, and so far as and otherwise perform the same respectively, in like Manner as any other Creditor or Creditors is or are by Law entitled to do in England and Scotland respectively.

LV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners under any Commission of Bankruptcy, which shall at any time hereafter be awarded and issued out in England or Ireland, and the Court of Session or Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills for the same, and every Officer or other Person concerned in the Management of the sequestrated Estate of any Bankrupt in Scotland, shall admit the Proof of any Debt or Grounds of Debt under this Act, on the Oath, Affirmation or Affidavit of any Person appointed by the said Commissioners to act in the Execution of this Act; which Oath, Affirmation and Affidavit respectively, shall be taken and administered before any of the proper Officers having Authority by Law to administer Oaths or Affirmations, or to take Affidavits in cases of Bankruptcy, and shall permit such Person to be authorized by the said Commissioners to vote in the Choice of an Assignee or Assignees, Factor or Factors, Trustee or Trustees, in the case may require, of such Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, and do and execute every other Act, Matter and Thing relating to such Bankruptcy, as fully and effectually as if such Person be authorized was the lawful Creditor of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts.

LVI. Provided always and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to prevent, hinder or delay the Execution of any Commission of Bankruptcy, by the Commissioners therein named, according to the Laws now in force in those Parts of the United Kingdom called England and Ireland, or on the Proceeding there or under Regulations in Scotland, provided that every Assignment of the Estate or Effects of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, under the said Commission in England and Ireland, and every Act of Sequestration of the Estate or Effects of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts in Scotland, shall be subject to the Claims of the said Commissioners appointed by this Act, and until the same shall be fully paid or secured to be paid.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That every Provision in this Act, made with Application to any Commission or Commissions of Bankruptcy, shall be deemed and construed to extend to any Sequestration awarded or to be awarded against the Estate or Effects of any Bankrupt or Bankrupts in Scotland, as fully and effectually as if such Provision had been expressly applied thereto by this Act.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Acts, Matters and Things which the said Commissioners appointed by this Act are hereby required or authorized to do or execute, shall and may be done and executed by any Seven or more of them, unless the same shall be otherwise specially provided by this Act.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That the Governors and Directors of the Bank of England, shall and they are hereby required to open an Account in their Books with the Commissioners hereby appointed, under the Titles of *Commissioners for the Use of certain Exchange Bills*, and carry to the Credit of such Account, the several Monies by this Act directed to be paid to the Cashiers of the Bank; and whatsoever the said Commissioners shall have advanced or lent any of the Exchange Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act to any Person or Persons, the said Commissioners shall at some Time before the same contained therein shall be to be repaid, deliver to such Person or Persons at his or their Request, One or more Certificate or Certificates under their Hands, specifying the Value of every such Exchange Bill, the respective Dates thereof, and the Times when they will respectively become payable by virtue of this Act; and the said Cashiers of the Bank, or One of them, shall, upon the Production of such last mentioned Certificate or Certificates, by the Space of Fifteen Days or more before such Exchange Bills shall become payable, accept and receive from the Person or Persons producing the same the Amount of the Principal Sums contained therein, together with such Interest, to be computed from the Date thereof to the Time of Payment as aforesaid; and that whenever the said Commissioners shall by their Warrant or Order have directed such Monies to be raised or levied by Sale of any Wares or Merchandise deposited by virtue of this Act, or by any Proceedings on any Securities taken by virtue thereof, in default of such Payment as aforesaid, the said Commissioners shall deliver to the Officer or Officers executing the same respectively, a like Certificate as aforesaid, and further specifying therein the Amount of the Monies to be raised or levied, and the Substance of such Warrant or Order or sale or levy the same; and the said Cashiers of the Bank, or any One of them, shall, upon the Production of such last mentioned Certificate, accept and receive from such Officer or Officers the Monies to be raised or levied, in Satisfaction of the Payments whereof Default shall be made as aforesaid; and in the Face of such Certificate acknowledge the Receipt of the said Monies, without Fee or Reward; and every such Receipt shall be afterwards brought to the Office of the said Commissioners hereby appointed, and by them entered in proper Books to be provided and kept for that Purpose; and the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall attest the same under their Hands, and return the same to the Person or Persons producing the same at the said Office; and every such Receipt so attested, and every such Entry in any of the said Books, shall respectively from thenceforth be an Acquittance and Discharge for the Sums expressed therein to have been received as aforesaid the said Commissioners and every of them, their and every of their Executors and Administrators, as well to the Person or Persons to whom such Receipts shall be given, as to all and every the Persons who shall have entered into any Security in respect of the Exchange Bills mentioned in such Certificate to which such Receipt shall be subscribed, their and every of their Heirs, Executors and Administrators respectively.

Commissioners may apply for the Commission of Bankruptcy or Sequestration.

Commissioners of Bankruptcy, do to admit Proof of Debt upon Oath of Persons appointed by Commissioners under this Act.

All not to delay Execution of Commissions of Bankruptcy.

All extended to Sequestrations against Estate of Bankrupts in Scotland.

Each to open Account with Commissioners.

Money paid into
Bank to be from
Time to Time
and into Exche-
quer, and kept
as follows.

LX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Sum and Sum of Money which shall be paid into the Bank of England, and any other Bank, shall from Time to Time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, lawfully and apart from all other Money; and that there shall be provided and kept in the Office of the Auditor of the said Receipt of Exchequer, a Book or Books in which all the Money paid into the said Receipt by virtue of this Act, shall be entered separate and apart from all other Money paid into the said Receipt upon any other Account whatsoever; and that all the Money so paid into the said Receipt, by virtue of this Act, shall be subject and liable to the Uses and Purposes hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, in the first Place, for paying off and discharging all the Exchequer Bills to be made out by virtue of this Act, with such Interest as shall be payable thereon at the respective Days and Times, and in the Order and Course to which the same are hereby directed to be directed; and all such Exchequer Bills and Interest thereon as aforesaid, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon, and shall be repaid and borne by and out of the first Money that shall come to the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer accordingly; and after paying off and discharging the same, in the next Place to pay off all the Charges and Expenses which shall be incurred by the said Commissioners hereby appointed in carrying this Act into Execution, and to make good all such Sums as shall have been issued to the said Commissioners out of the Publick Money to defray the said Charges and Expenses, in pursuance of the Orders of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, according to the Directions of this Act, and also to pay and satisfy all Charges and Expenses incident to or attending the making out such Exchequer Bills; and if any Surplus shall remain of the Money paid into the said Receipt, by virtue of this Act, after satisfying the several Sums hereby charged thereon as aforesaid, such Surplus shall be referred for the Disposition of Parliament.

Transfer to
credit of
Exchequer Bills
to be payable
out of Money in
Exchequer in
discharge thereon.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That on the several Days and Times on which such Exchequer Bills are hereby directed to be discharged; that is to say, on the First Day of February next ensuing the passing of this Act, the Third Day of May then next ensuing, the Fourth Day of August, and the Second Day of November then next ensuing, or within Ten Days after each Day respectively, the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, shall make a true and perfect Account in Writing to be taken and attested by the proper Officers, of all the Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act, which shall become payable on the respective Days and Times before specified, and of the Money which shall have arisen in the said Exchequer for or on account of the Payment to be made by the Bank of England by virtue of this Act, on the respective Periods before mentioned, and shall not be allowed to discharge the whole Principal and Interest due as aforesaid, as the several Exchequer Bills to be issued in pursuance of this Act, then such Deficiency shall and may be supplied and made good by and out of the Aids or Supplies which shall have been or shall be granted in this or any subsequent Session of Parliament; and in case the Money arising from such Aids or Supplies shall not at the Time be sufficient for that Purpose, then all the said Exchequer Bills remaining undischarged, with the Interest and Charges incident to or attending the same, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon such Money as at any Time or Times after any such Deficiency shall happen, shall be or remain in the Receipt of the Exchequer of the Year called *The Consolidated Fund of Great Britain*, except such Money of the said Consolidated Fund as are appropriated to any particular Use or Uses, by any Act or Acts of Parliament in that behalf; and such Money of the said Consolidated Fund shall and may be issued and applied from Time to Time, as soon as the same can be regularly voted and allowed, for and towards paying off, answering and discharging such remaining Exchequer Bills, Interest and Charge, and the whole of them shall be paid off, cancelled and discharged, or Money sufficient for that Purpose be kept and reserved in the Exchequer, to be payable on Demand to the respective Proprietors thereof.

All such Bills
out of Consolidated
Fund, shall be
issued as of
Right only.

LXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever Money shall be issued out of the said Consolidated Fund, shall from Time to Time be replaced by and out of the said Supplies to be hereafter granted in Parliament; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided also, that whenever Money shall be afterwards paid by the Bank of England into the said Receipt in pursuance of this Act, shall be applied towards repaying the Money lawfully issued of the said Aids or Supplies, or out of the said Consolidated Fund, as the case may be; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Bank to be
used as of
Right only.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, to advance or lend to His Majesty or His Majesty, at the Receipt of the Exchequer, upon the Credit of any Loan granted by this Act, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Six Millions, any Thing in an Act made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, intituled, *An Act for granting to Their Majesties several Rates and Duties upon Treasures of Silver and Gold, and upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, for raising certain Revenues and Advantages to the said Majesty*, and in such Proportion shall voluntarily advance the Sum of One Million five hundred thousand Pound, towards carrying on the War against France; to the contrary thereof in any Act notwithstanding.

Commissioners
to be appointed
to enquire into
the State of
the Treasury.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners hereby appointed shall from Time to Time at their Discretion, or as often as they shall be thereunto required, during their carrying on any Proceedings by virtue of this Act, and as soon as possible after the Determination of such Proceedings, without any further Request, give an Account of their Proceedings in Writing to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being.

Major Part of
Commissioners
may sit by Proxy.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That if any of the said Commissioners appointed by this Act, shall decline to sit in the Execution of the Powers and Trusts hereof, or having taken to sit shall decline to sit

any

any further terms, or full Part of his Life during the Continuance of this Act, shall be lawful for the said several Courts, Barons, or the major Part of them sitting as aforesaid, by any Writing under their Hands and Seals, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, so confidential and approved such Persons or Parties to be a Commissioner or Commissioners for the Purpose aforesaid, in the Place of the Commissioner or Commissioners so retiring to act, or declining further to act, or dying as aforesaid, as the said several Commissioners, or the major Part of them, with such Consent and Approbation as aforesaid, shall think fit, and so often as such Case shall happen; and the Person or Persons so constituted and appointed by the said Commissioners, with such Consent and Approbation as aforesaid, having first qualified to act by taking and subscribing the Oath herebefore provided and directed, shall be lawfully with the same Powers and Authorities as are given or delegated by this Act unto the said Commissioner or Commissioners constituted by this Act respectively.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, advancing any of the Exchequer Bills to be issued by virtue of this Act, by way of Loan, to any Person who may be willing to accept such Exchequer Bills, relating the same at the Rate which shall be expressed therein respectively, together with such Interest as may lawfully be received thereon at the Time of advancing such Loans, to charge and receive Interest for such Loans at the Rate of Five Pence per Centum per Annum; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and may receive and send all their Letters and Packets free from the Duty of Postage; provided that such Letters and Packets so shall be sent to the said Commissioners, be directed to "The Commissioners for the Office of Exchequer Bills at their Office;" and that all such Letters and Packets so shall be sent by them be directed from their said Office, and shall be kept in or out of the Custody of such Letters and Packets by such Person or Persons as the said Commissioners, with the Consent of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall appoint, and under such Privileges and Regulations as the said Commissioners of the Treasury shall think proper and direct.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That any Wares or Merchandise sold by Public Sale by any of Auction under the Authority of this Act, shall and may be sold free of the Duty imposed upon Sales by Auction.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Obligation to His Majesty takes by the said Commissioners, nor any Honorable Secretary, nor any Assignment of any Honorable Secretaries taken by the said Commissioners, or any Provisional Note to be given to the Secretary to the said Commissioners under this Act as a Security for the Loans of Money on such Exchequer Bills as aforesaid, nor any Affidavit, Deposition or Receipt taken or to be taken or made under and by virtue of this Act, shall be liable to any Stamp Duty whatever.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done by virtue of or in pursuance of this Act, until fourteen Days Notice thereof in Writing shall have been given to the Secretary for the Time being of the said Commissioners; nor after a sufficient Satisfaction or Tender thereof hath been made to the Parties Parties aforesaid; nor after Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed; and every such Action shall be brought in the said respective Courts of Exchequer, and shall be laid in the County of Middlesex or the City of London respectively, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants of such Action or Suit shall may plead the General Issue, and give this Act, and the special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same may give in evidence and by the Authority of the Act; and if the same shall appear to be due, or if such Action or Suit shall be brought after the Time herebefore limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought without Five calendar Days Notice thereof, or shall be brought in any other County or Place, or after a sufficient Sum Infringe made or tendered as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall sue or sue or suffer a Discontinuance of his, her or their Action or Actions, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Twelve Casks, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant or Defendants shall or have the Casks of Suit in any other Cases by Law.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge, counterfeit or alter, or make or procure to be forged, counterfeited or altered, or knowingly or willingly sell or sell in the forging, counterfeiting or altering any Certificate or Certificate of the said Commissioners by this Act appointed as aforesaid, or any of them, or any Receipt or Receipts to be given by the Cashiers or Officers of the Bank of England, in pursuance of this Act, or shall wilfully deliver to the Auditor of the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer for the Time being, or to any Officer appointed by him, or to the said Commissioners by this Act appointed, or any of them, or to any Clerks or Officers appointed by them, or any of them, or the Execution of the Powers of the Act; or shall utter any such forged, counterfeited or altered Certificate or Certificate, Receipt or Receipts, knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited or altered, with intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or any Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, or any Person whatsoever, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death with Cords of Yellow without Benefit of Clergy.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where an Oath may be administered by this Act, it shall be lawful to administer an Affidavit in lieu thereof, as the case may require.

LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act, or any of the Provisions thereof, may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XVI.

An Act for *amending* *and* *discharge* certain Exchequer Bills. [16th April 1811.]

• *Ed. Grace - Rowan* •

• **W**HEREAS Your Majesty's most Excellent and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom, in Parliament assembled, being desirous of making Provisions to satisfy the Principal Sums contained in certain Exchequer Bills, now outstanding, to the Amount of Twelve Millions Sterling, have advised, that the said Sums intended to be satisfied by certain Exchequer Bills should be issued, in respect of the Principal Sums contained therein, to such Capital Stock as Amounts to or becomes so mentioned, subject to the Provisions of the said Act: And Your Majesty's most Excellent Commons, do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person interested in or entitled unto any Exchequer Bill or Bills dated between the First Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten, and the Sixth day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, who shall between the Twenty first Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and the Twenty seventh Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, both inclusive, have earned the Sum to the Office of the Paymaster of Exchequer Bills, unless the said Principal Sum of Twelve Millions Sterling shall have been sooner satisfied at the said Office, in such Exchequer Bills, shall be paid the Interest that shall have become due thereon to the Sixth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eleven, in Money, as soon after the said Sixth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eleven, as conveniently may be done, and shall have an Exchange for such Exchequer Bills from such Paymaster Certificate to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, expressing the Principal Sum contained in such Bill or Bills, settling the Holders of such Exchequer Bills, in respect of the Amount of the Principal Sums contained therein, to the Sum of One hundred and Three Pounds Fourteen Shillings Capital Stock in Amount after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, to commence from the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eleven, for each One hundred Pounds contained in such last mentioned Certificate, and to be in Preparation for any greater Sum; and that all Persons interested in or entitled unto such Exchequer Bills as aforesaid, shall, by having delivered the same between the respective Days aforesaid, into the said Office of Paymaster of Exchequer Bills, be deemed to have accepted of the aforesaid Terms; which said Annuities shall be paid and payable at the Bank of England, at the Times and in the Manner herein mentioned: Provided always, that the Amount of the Principal Sums contained in such Exchequer Bills to be exchanged for Certificates in pursuance of this Act, shall not exceed the Sum of Twelve Millions Sterling.

• Exchequer Office to receive and cancel such Exchequer Bills, on granting such Certificates. § 1.
 • Certificates to entitle to certain Annuities, payable at the Times herein mentioned. *Foreign Attach- ment*. § 2. Annuities payable out of Consolidated Fund. § 3. Certificates assignable before April 1, 1811. § 5. Bank, on receiving Certificates, to give Credit in Books for the Capital Stock therein mentioned; which Stock may be transferred. § 6. Exchequer to issue Money to the Bank for Payment of the Annuities. § 7. Accountant General to examine the Cashiers Accounts. § 8. Money converted into Five per Cent. Annuities to be added to the Joint Stock of Five per Cent. already established. § 9. Mode of transferring Stock. § 10. Penalty of counterfeiting Certificates, &c. § 11. Bank to continue a Company for the Purpose of this Act. § 12. No Fee to be taken on Penalty of 20*l*. § 13. Bank to receive a Compensation for their Services. § 14.

• **General Use.** XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any Time or Times be seized, arrested or prosecuted, for any Thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this Act, or of any Matter or Thing therein contained, such Person or Persons shall and may plead the General Issue, and give the special Matter in Evidence for his or their Defence; and if a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall discontinue his or their Action, or be acquitted, or Judgment shall be given against him or them upon Demurrer or otherwise, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs to him or them awarded against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

[This Act, except as to Duties and Fees, is in the same Words as 50 G. 3. c. 23.]

C A P. XVII.

An Act to render valid certain Acts done for completing the Regular Militia, and to indemnify the Persons concerned therein. [16th April 1811.]

• *Ed. G. 3 - 52* •

§ 14.

§ 19.

• **W**HEREAS an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for completing the Militia of Great Britain*: And whereas by the said Act, every County, Hundred and Parish, for which the full Number of Men required shall not be enrolled, is made subject to a Fine of Forty Pounds for every Man deficient; and it is by the said Act also enacted, that when and so far as all the Men required to be raised for the Militia of any County shall have been raised and enrolled, or at the Expiration of the Period allowed for raising Men, all further Builist and Enrolment should be suspended for a limited Time: And whereas in some of the Counties in which the full Number required had not been raised and enrolled before the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and ten, Men have been builisted, raised and enrolled, under the said last mentioned Provisions, although an Order for continuing

• the Ballot had then been made by His Majesty: And whereas all the Counties in which the full Number required have not been raised, are now directed, by an Order of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty in Council, under the Provisions of the said Act, to raise the Number of Men delinquent; and it is therefore expedient, that all Doubts should be removed as to the Men raised after the Fifth Day of October and before the issuing of such Order: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Enlistments of Men, raised in any County, Riding, Shire, Stewary, City, Town or Place, for completing the Militia under the said Act, after the Thirtieth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and ten, before the issuing of any such Order of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, and all Acts, Matters and Things done for the raising or enrolling of any such Men, or in any manner relating thereto, under any of the Provisions of the said Act, or of any Act relating to the Militia, for the Purpose of raising such Men, shall be as good, valid and effectual as if the same had been done after the issuing of such Order of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty in Council; and all Persons who have acted as the Executive of the said Act, or any of the Provisions thereof, for the raising, raising or enrolling of such Men, or in any matter or thing relating thereto, shall be, and they are hereby acknowledged for and on account of the same, and shall be and are hereby released from all Actions, Suits, Penalties and Forfeitures whatever, incurred by them, or any of them, in relation thereto.

Enlistments of Men for completing Militia after Sept. 30, 1810, within thirty days of any such Order of the Prince Regent, valid, &c.

C A P. XVIII.

An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments; and for extending the time limited for those Purposes respectively, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and to permit such Persons as Great Britains as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attorneys and Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the First Day of Hilary Term One thousand eight hundred and twelve. [4th April 1811.]

C A P. XIX.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the Public Expenditure and the Conduct of Public Business in the Military Departments therein mentioned, and to extend the same to Public Works executed by the Office of Works and others. [4th April 1811.]

• **W**H^{EREAS} an Act was passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, • intitled, *An Act to appoint Commissioners to enquire and examine into the Public Expenditure, and the Conduct of Public Business in the Military Departments therein mentioned, and to report such Observations as shall occur to them, for correcting or preventing any Abuses and Irregularities, and for the better conducting and managing the Business of the said Department, in relation to force for Two Years, and from thence until the Expire of Six Weeks after the Commencement of the then next Session of Parliament;* which said Act was continued by subsequent Acts until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven: And whereas it is expedient that the said Act and the Powers of the said Commissioners should be revived and further continued for a limited Period, and should be extended to an Enquiry into the Expenditure and Conduct of the Subjects in the Office of Works, and into the Execution of other Public Works hereafter mentioned: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said intitled Act and all the Powers and Provisions therein contained, as extended by this Act, shall be and the same are hereby revived and further continued in full force from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

47 G. 3 c. 49.

Continued to March 25th, 1812.

• II. And be it further enacted, That in addition to the several Offices which the said Commissioners are directed to enquire into by the said intitled Act, such Commissioners shall also enquire and examine into the Public Expenditure and Conduct of Business in the Office of Works, and also into the Mode and System pursued in the Conduct and Execution of Public Works, the Expenses of which are specially noted by Parliament, and are not included in the Estimate of any Public Department, and which may not come under the immediate Control and Direction of the Office of Works; and whether any and what Abuses or Irregularities exist, and in any such Cases as appear to them to require it, whether any or what Abuses or Irregularities have existed in such Office or Department, or in the Execution of such other Works, or have been practised or committed by any Person or Persons that now are or have been concerned in managing, conducting or transacting the Business of the said Office or Department, or other Works, or born in any Manner employed therein; and shall report upon and state the same to His Majesty and to both Houses of Parliament, and also report on the most effectual Means of remedying the same, and presently shall report on the State and Management of the said Office and Department and other Works, and suggest any such Regulations for

Commissioners to enquire into Public Expenditure and Conduct of Business in Office of Works, &c.

the better carrying on the Public Service in regard thereto as may appear to them most conducive to the Public Interest.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Powers, Privileges, Penalties and Monies accruing to the said Clerks, Masters and Writers contained in the said recited Act relative to the Inquiry into the Officers and Departments therein mentioned, shall be in force and be applied as far as the same are applicable to the crediting the legacy hereby authorized to be made into the Office of Works, and into the Execution of such other Works as aforesaid, in the same Manner as if the said Office of Works and other Works had been originally included in the said recited Act.

C A P. XX.

An Act to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia of Great Britain to exist actually into the Regular Forces; and to provide for the gradual Reduction of the said Militia.

[15th April 1811.]

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide a permanent Supply of Men for His Majesty's Regular Forces; and it is therefore expedient to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia of Great Britain actually to exist into His Majesty's Regular Forces, under certain Restrictions; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty's Secretary of State to accept the Services of such Men of the Militia of England not exceeding Five thousand seven hundred and fourscore, and of the Militia of Scotland not exceeding One thousand one hundred and forty two, as shall respectively be willing to exist into His Majesty's Regular Forces, and for such Numbers of Men from the Militia of England and Scotland respectively to exist into His Majesty's Regular Forces, under the Regulations, and subject to the Restrictions hereafter mentioned.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order or Orders signed by His Majesty's Secretary of State, to name and appoint such and so many of the Regiments of His Majesty's Regular Forces as His Majesty shall think fit, to receive Volunteers from the Militia in Great Britain under this Act, out of any Regiment or Regiments of Militia named in any such Order; and it shall be lawful for any Number of Private Men of any such Regiment of Militia, not exceeding the Proportion hereafter mentioned, to exist in the Militia and under the Regulations herein mentioned, into any Regiment as aforesaid, which in any such Order of His Majesty shall be named to receive Volunteers from such Regiment of Militia.

III. And be it further enacted, That His Majesty's Secretary of State shall annually ascertain the Number of Private Men that may be allowed to exist out of each Regiment of the Militia of Great Britain, so that the whole Number do not exceed Five thousand seven hundred and fourscore Men from the Militia of England, and One thousand one hundred and forty two Men from the Militia of Scotland; and that the Number taken from the Militia of each County shall be in the same relative Proportion to, and not exceed One Seventh Part of the Quota fixed for each County respectively, by Two several Acts passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, relating to the Militia of England and Scotland, and by an Act passed in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, relating to the Militia of the Tower Hamlets; and His Majesty's Secretary of State shall annually, on or before the First Day of February, signify to the Commanding Officers of every Regiment of Militia, the Number of Private Men that shall be allowed to exist under this Provision of this Act; and in each the Militia of any County shall consist of more than One Battalion, His Majesty's Secretary of State shall ascertain the Number of Private Men that may be allowed to exist out of each of such Battalions, by the Proportion which the Private Men forming in each such Battalion bear to the whole Number of Private Men actually serving in the Militia of each County.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty by any Order signed by His Majesty's Secretary of State, to allow of the existing into the Regular Forces of any greater Number of Men in Addition to such Proportion as aforesaid, out of the Militia of any County, in which by reason of the full Number of Men not having existed under any former Act or Acts of Parliament, the whole Number of Men forming said County's Quota, and such Proportion of Superannuation as may by this Act specified for such County, until the Militia of such County shall be reduced to such Quota and Number of Superannuation under this Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to appoint such General or Field Officers, specially authorized by His Majesty, or by the Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Forces, for that Purpose, to select, approve or reject the Private Men who shall be desired to exist under this Act; and such Officers may approve of or reject such Private Men accordingly: Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to authorize any such Officers to reject any Private Men desirous of existing as aforesaid, who shall be of the Height of Five Feet and Four Inches or upwards, and under the Age of Thirty five Years, and not disabled by Lameness or other Bady Infirmary.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Commanding Officer of a Regiment of Militia shall, within Two Days after the Receipt of the Order as to Men existing, cause his Regiment to be drawn out, and such Commanding Officer shall read or cause to be read by some Commissioned Officer to the Regiment of Men to draw out, His Majesty's Orders as relative to existing under this Act, and shall cause the same to be given out in Orders, and shall, in such Manner as His Majesty shall direct, explain to the Men the Terms upon which any Men forming in the Militia may exist into His Majesty's Regular Forces under this Act; and

Ar. 2. s. 4. 17.
enacted in
1791 and 1801
in Wales.

What Proportion
of Militia of G. B.
allowed to exist.

His Majesty
may appoint Regiments
in which
Militia Men
may exist.

Number of Men
to exist.

46 G. 2. c. 90.
37 G. 3. c. 90.
37 G. 3. c. 91.

In what case
His Majesty
may allow a
greater Number
to be selected.

Appointment of
Officers to ap-
prove or reject
Militia.

Height
Age.

His Majesty's
Orders, and
Terms of exist-
ing in his Reg-
iment explained.
Names of Men
existing, taken
Ar. 2.

shall as the Day next following each his Regiment as he draws out, and the Number of the Men who shall then voluntarily declare their Intention of enlisting to be written down, and if the Number of Men shall exceed the Proportion allowed to enlist, such Excess shall be reduced by Ballot to the Number authorized to enlist.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the Number of Private Men in any Regiment of Militia, who shall (when he draws out as aforesaid) voluntarily declare their Intention to enlist, shall not amount to the Proport on authorized to enlist, then and in such Case a Book shall be opened by the Commanding Officer, and it shall be lawful for any other of such Men, not exceeding the Number necessary to complete the Number allowed to enlist under this Act, at any Time within Seven Days after the Last Day of such Two Days on which such Regiment of Militia shall have been drawn out, to enter their Names in such Book as willing to enlist as aforesaid.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the whole Number of Men allowed to enlist in any one Year under the Provisions of this Act, from any Regiment of Militia, shall not have enlisted into His Majesty's Regular Forces within the said Seven Days as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order of the Secretary of State, signed by the Commanding Officer of such Regiment, at any time, from time to time, further Periods of Three Days each for enlisting into His Majesty's Regular Forces, until the whole Number allowed to enlist shall have declared their Intention of enlisting, and during any such Periods it shall be lawful for any Man to enlist under this Act from such Regiment in manner aforesaid: Provided always, that Two Days' Notice shall from time to time be given to such Commanding Officer, and by him to his Regiment, of the several Days or Periods to be appointed for enlisting, previous to each such Period, and that there shall be an Interval of Fourteen Days at least between each such Period of Three Days.

IX. And be it further enacted, That as soon as the Number of Private Men to be enlisted from any Regiment shall have been determined in Manner by this Act directed, as each of such respective Periods as aforesaid, the Commanding Officer of such Regiment is hereby required to discharge all such Private Men to be enlisted from the Militia; and every such Private Man is discharged as aforesaid, that, if approved by the Officer appointed for that Purpose, immediately thereupon belong to the Regiment into which he shall have declared or shall declare his Intention to enlist, if he shall have enlisted into any Regiment of His Majesty's Regular Forces, specified in His Majesty's Orders, or shall belong, if he shall not have enlisted into any such Regiment, as an enlisted Soldier to His Majesty's Regular Forces; and every such Man shall be thereupon immediately attested for such Service in His Majesty's Regular Forces, and shall, as soon as conveniently may be, be transferred in some Officer of the Regiment into which he shall have enlisted, or such Officer of His Majesty's Regular Forces as His Majesty may have appointed to receive Men enlisted under this Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Lieutenant, or in his Absence the Vice Lieutenant, or any Three Deputy Lieutenants authorized by His Majesty to sit as Lieutenants of any County aforesaid, shall, within Ten Days after the receiving of any Order for that Purpose, from His Majesty, signed by His Majesty's Secretary of State, transmit to His Majesty's Privy Council, an accurate Account in Writing of the Number of Persons that shall have been discharged from the Militia of their respective Counties, and enlisted as aforesaid under this Act, which Account shall, in all Cases where the same may be necessary, be transmitted by the Commanding Officers of such Militia, to such Lieutenants, Vice Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid for that Purpose.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Private Militia Man shall be entitled to milit under this Act, who shall be in Confinement under any Sentence of any Court Martial, or with a View to being tried by any Court Martial, until he shall have suffered the Sentence of such Court Martial, or shall have been acquitted, or until such Sentence shall have been remitted; and that no Private Militia Man shall be entitled to his Discharge, or to enlist under this Act, who shall have been sentenced to any Punishment by any Court Martial for any Offence committed within the Space of Three Calendar Months before the time of his so offering to enlist, unless he shall obtain the Consent of the Commanding Officer of the Regiment of Militia in which he shall be serving at the time of his being desirous of enlisting as aforesaid.

XII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Person serving in the Militia, who shall be usually employed as Adjutant's Clerk or Regimental Clerk, or as a Drummer or as a Musician in the Band of the Regiment of Militia in which he shall belong, or shall be usually employed as an Artificer in any such Regiment, or who shall have been trained as an Artilleryman or Mitrailier, and as such shall be attached to any Artillery belonging to any Regiment of Militia, not exceeding Twenty Men in each Battalion, shall be entitled to his Discharge, or to enlist as aforesaid under this Act, unless he shall obtain the Consent for that Purpose of the Commanding Officer of the Regiment of Militia in which he shall be then serving.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful, with the Consent of the Officer commanding any Regiment of Militia, for any Number of Sergeants and Corporals, not exceeding the Proportion of One Sergeant and One Corporal for every Twenty Men enlisting from any Regiment of Militia, to enlist in like manner and at such Periods, as a Part of the said Quota, into His Majesty's Regular Forces; and if any greater Number of Sergeants and Corporals than such Proportion as aforesaid shall be desirous of enlisting as aforesaid, such Number shall be reduced by Ballot to the Number authorized to enlist.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commanding Officer of any Regiment of Militia to discharge any Private Militia Man, who shall desire his Discharge for the Purpose of being enlisted under this Act, upon signing in Writing to the General Officer commanding in the District within which

If March enlists, he shall not be the first to enlist, unless he be the first.

Where Number allowed not to be enlisted, His Majesty may direct the whole to be enlisted.

As if a private man or soldier, he shall not be discharged, until he is approved, as aforesaid.

Lord Lieutenant is to send to Privy Council Member of the Militia.

In what case Persons in Confinement are entitled to enlist.

Certain Persons are to enlist, without Consent of Commanding Officers.

Sergeants and Corporals may enlist.

Commanding Officers may release enlisting Men.

such Regiment of Militia shall be quartered, or to the Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces, where the same shall not be such General Officer as aforesaid, such Order for his Relief as shall be deemed sufficient by such General Officer or Adjutant General, as the case may be.

XV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That if any Person discharged from the Militia, for the Purpose of being enlisted into any Regiment as aforesaid, or into His Majesty's Regular Forces, under this Act, shall notwithstanding violate to enlist pursuant to any Declaration of being desirous to enlist to make by him as aforesaid, or shall not be approved of by the Officer appointed by His Majesty for that Purpose, then and in every such case, such Person shall continue to belong to the Regiment of Militia from which he shall have been so discharged for the Purpose of enlisting as aforesaid, notwithstanding any such Discharge.

XVI. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall authorise any Officers appointed by His Majesty to enlist and receive Militia Men under this Act, or any Commissioned Officer, or other Officers, or Non-commissioned Officer of any Regiment as aforesaid, or other Person, to enlist or persuade to enlist or receive any Militia Men, other than such as shall have been duly discharged by the Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Regiment of Militia to which the Persons desirous of enlisting shall belong; and if any Officers shall enlist or attempt to enlist any Militia Men, such Men shall not be permitted to enter into the Regiment to which the Officer persuading him to enlist may belong.

XVII. And he it further enacted, That every Person who shall be enlisted to serve in any Regiment so named and appointed as aforesaid, shall serve in the Regiment to which he shall have originally enlisted to serve, and in no other Regiment whatever; and no Person enlisting in any such Regiment shall, on any Account or Pretence whatsoever, be drafted into or serve in any other Regiment without his Consent, except in some Garrison or Veteran Battalion, in case it shall be necessary or expedient to transfer such Person into any Garrison or Veteran Battalion on account of his being disabled, or for any other sufficient Cause; and every such Person may be also transferred from one Battalion to another of any Regiment in which he may be serving.

XVIII. And he it further enacted, That upon the Production to the Colonel or Commanding Officer of any Regiment of Militia, of a Certificate under the Hand of any Justice of the Peace of any County or Great Britain, or any Magistrate of any City, Borough, Town or Place therein, of any Private Man belonging to the Militia having voluntarily enlisted, and been attested for His Majesty's Regular Forces as aforesaid (which Certificate every such Justice or Magistrate respectively is hereby required to give gratis) such Colonel or Commanding Officer is hereby required to cause the Person named in such Certificate to be discharged from the List of Militia Men serving for such County.

XIX. And he it further enacted, That the Adjutant of every Regiment of Militia shall, after the Commencement of the enlisting of Men under this Act, and until the whole Number of Men allowed to enlist from his Regiment shall have enlisted, at the End of every Week after each Period of enlisting in each Year, transmit to the respective Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings for the County to which the Regiment belongs, or where the Men of more than one County shall be so serving, then to the Clerks of such respective Counties, as accurate Returns of all the Private Men serving for their respective Subdivisions who shall have enlisted under this Act, specifying therein the Christian and Surname of each Private Man; and in every case of a Private Man, shall state in such Returns whether such Man was a bachelored Man, Soldier, hired Man or Volunteer, and the Parish or Place for which he was serving at the time of such enlisting; and the said Clerks shall immediately upon the Receipt of such Returns, insert in the List of Militia Men serving for their respective Subdivisions, the Words, "*Voluntarily into the Line*," after the Name of each Man so returned to them as aforesaid; and all Allowances payable to the Wives and Families of such Private Men so enlisting shall accrue from the Days specified in such Returns to such Men respectively, as the Days upon which they were respectively enlisted for Service in His Majesty's Regular Forces; and the said Clerks shall forthwith transmit to the respective Overseers of the Poor, or Governors or Managers thereof, if in England, and to the respective Clerks of Supply, and also to the Treasurers of the Kirk Session, if in Scotland, an Account of the Men serving for their respective Parishes or Places who shall have enlisted under this Act; and all Allowances payable to the Wives and Families of any such Private Men by virtue of any Acts of Parliament for providing Relief for the Wives and Families of Militia Men in England and Scotland respectively, in respect whereof any Re-embursement shall be directed by the said Act, shall be re-imbursed according to the Directions of the said Acts, up to the true time such enlisting shall have taken place.

XX. And he it further enacted, That no Allowance under an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His Majesty, intitled, *An Act for establishing and amending the several Laws for providing Relief for the Families of Militia Men in England, whose called out into actual service, or under an Act passed in the same Year, intitled, An Act for providing Relief for the Families of Militia Men in Scotland, whose called out into actual Service, or under any other Act for granting Allowances to the Wives and Families of Militia Men in England or Scotland, shall be granted to the Wife or Family of any Man, who after the passing of this Act shall be raised to serve in the Militia either of England or Scotland, as a Soldier, hired Man or Volunteer; but all Allowances to be granted under any of the said Acts, to the Wives or Families of any Men raised after the passing of this Act, for the Militia of England or Scotland, shall be confined to the Wives or Families of bachelored Men only.*

XXI. And he it further enacted, That every Parish or Place which has incurred any Fine for Men deficient on the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and ten as aforesaid, shall, for every Man who shall be called for such Parish or Place by Ballot or otherwise after the said First Day of October and before the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, be entitled to deduct or have a Return of Three fourth Parts of such Fine; and for every Man who shall be so called before the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred

Persons discharged from Militia, are to belong to Regiment from which discharged.

Officers not to enlist, or induce that they do shall have been duly discharged.

No Person drafted from Regiment to which enlisted.

Upon Production of Certificate, Men voluntarily enlisted, discharged from List of Militia Men for the County Returns of Men enlisted.

41 G. 3. c. 40. Allowances to Families.

41 G. 3. c. 39.

For Men who Procure an Act from Scotland.

hundred and eleven, shall be entitled to draft or have a Return of One Half of such Five; and for every Man who shall be so raised before the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall be entitled to draft or have in return One Fourth Part of such Five.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when and so soon as all the Men required to be raised for the Militia of any County, under an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *As to the completing the Affairs of Great Britain*, shall have been raised or enrolled, or at the Expiration of the Periods specified in this Act, during which any Parish is entitled to have a Return of Part of any Five which such Parish may have incurred for any Deficiency in the Militia, all further Returns of Men in such County shall be suspended, and shall remain so suspended until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, when it shall appear to His Majesty to be necessary, for the more speedily completing the Number of Men to be raised for the Militia, from time to time under the Provisions of this Act, to order and direct, under an Order of His Majesty in Council, that the Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants in any County, or the Colonels or Commanding Officers of the Regiments of Regular Militia in Great Britain, and the Commissioned Officers and Non-commissioned Officers of the Regiments of Regular Militia, and the Adjutants, Quarter Masters, Staff Sergeants to Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers of the Local Militia, remaining on permanent Pay and established, and when not assembled for Training and Exercise, duly authorized by their Commanding Officers for the time being, or by other proper Order or Warrant, by Beat of Drum or otherwise, in their respective Counties or the adjoining Counties, to raise Volunteers for the Regiments of Regular Militia of the Counties to which they respectively belong, for the completing the Number of Men required to be raised and enrolled under the Provisions of this Act, and to direct that the Bishops shall either come or proceed together with such raising or enrolling of Men by Beat of Drum or otherwise as aforesaid; and every Volunteer so raised as aforesaid shall take the Oath required to be taken by Subscribers in the Militia, which Oath shall and may be administered by any Person respectively authorized to administer Oaths in Parishes enrolled in the Militia, or by any Justice of the Peace or Deputy Lieutenant for the County in which such Volunteers shall have been raised, or in which the Regiment for which he shall have been raised shall be at the time of his joining such Regiment.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Colonels or Commanding Officers for the time being, of the several Regiments of Militia for which any Men shall be so raised as aforesaid, shall, at the Expiration of every Month from the Commencement of enrolling such Volunteers as aforesaid, transmit to the Clerks of General Meetings of their respective Counties Constables, and where the Men of every County then are not raised to form any Regiment of Militia, then a Certificate to each of such Clerks, of the Number of Men raised for their respective Regiments, according to the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked [A.]

XXV. And be it further enacted, That a Sum not exceeding Twelve Guineas shall be allowed and paid in respect of every Man who shall be provided or raised for the Militia as a Volunteer, by Beat of Drum or otherwise, under the Provisions of this Act as aforesaid, and each Part of such Sum shall be applied towards the Expenses of procuring the Volunteer, and the remaining Part as a Bounty to the Volunteer, and such Bounty shall be paid or applied to the Use of every such Man, at such Times and Places and in such Proportions as to any Advance of any Part thereof, and in such manner and under and subject to such Regulations and Restrictions as His Majesty shall by any Order of his Principal Secretary of State, by any Regulation from time to time made in that behalf, be pleased to order and direct; and it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, to order any Receiver General in England, or Collector of the Cask in Scotland, to advance and pay any Sum or Sums of Money for or in respect of any such Bounties or any Advances in respect thereof, as may be necessary, out of any publick Moneys in their Hands, or received or receivable by them out of any Rates and Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes; and all Moneys paid under any such Orders as aforesaid, shall be good and valid, and be allowed to all such Receivers General or Collectors of Casks in their Accounts.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That of the Number of Persons to be raised annually for the Militia under this Act, for any County, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to direct that such Proportion as he shall think fit, not exceeding One-fourth Part of the whole Number of Persons to be raised within the Year for such County, shall consist of Boys of the Age of Fourteen Years and upwards, and of such Height as His Majesty may direct; who shall be raised by Beat of Drum.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Provisions contained in an Act of Parliament in force for the Payment of Money and Detention; and the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, in relation to the raising any Men for His Majesty's Army, shall, in far as the same can be made applicable to the Men raised for the Regular Militia, be applied and used and put in force by all Justices of the Peace and others, and all Persons authorized to raise Men by Beat of Drum for the Militia, and the preceding Friends and attending by Persons aforesaid, and for the Provision of Persons having lastly aforesaid, as fully and effectually as if all such Provisions were repeated and re-enacted as to the raising of Men by Beat of Drum for the Regular Militia.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Provisions contained in an Act in force for the Payment of Money and Detention, and the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, in relation to the raising of Apprentices and the clearing of Apprentices by their Masters, and the Payment of any Apprentices, and the Liability to Service after the Expiration of the Indentures, and all other Provisions in any such Act in relation to Apprentices or their Masters, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, extend to all Apprentices who shall exist or erect themselves as Subscribers or Volunteers in the Regular Militia,

When Men required by Act of 50 G. 3. c. 13. to be raised before enrolled, see further Statute 51 Geo. 3.

His Majesty may order Men to be raised by Beat of Drum in Militia.

Commanding Officers to enroll and transmit to Clerks of General Meetings.

Bounty paid under this Regulation in His Majesty's Militia.

His Majesty may direct Boys to be raised for Militia.

Money Act, as to enrolling, extended to Men raised by Beat of Drum for Militia.

Money Act in relation to Apprentices, extended to Militia.

and the Masters of each *Apprentice*, as fully and effectually as if the same were severally and separately re-
pealed and re-enacted in this Act.

Militia to be
gradually reduced,
as in and by s. 4
of this Act.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That after the passing of this Act, the Militia of Great Britain shall be
gradually reduced to the Quotas respectively specified in an Act, passed in the Tenth second Year of the Reign
of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for amending the Laws relating to the Militia in England, and for*
amending the Militia; and in another Act, passed in the Tenth second Year of the Reign of His present Ma-
gesty, intituled, An Act to amend and clarify a Militia Bill; and in another Act, passed in the
Thirtieth fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for the better raising and ordering
the Militia Forces of the Town of Reading, in the County of Middlesex.

Provision for
supplying vacancies
in Regiments, &c.
in the Militia.

XXX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty severally to al-
low and order the raising of a Number of Private Men or Supernumeraries for the Militia of each County ever and above
the Quotas to which the Militia is to be reduced under this Act, a Number of Men equal to the Number al-
lowed to exist in *Regiments* in each County.

Provision for
supplying vacancies
in Regiments, &c.
in the Militia.

XXXI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That such Supernumeraries shall belong to and make Part
of the Militia of each County, but shall not be counted as *Private Men* or *Supernumeraries* which may arise in each
County, than such as shall occur from the raising into the *Regular Forces* under this Act, and such Number
of Supernumeraries shall, when so ordered by His Majesty, be kept up over and above the Number necessary
from time to time to supply the Vacancies which may arise in any such Militia from Death, Discharge,
or Dismissure, or Expulsion of Service, or Appointment of any *Private Men* to be Sergeant or Corporal.

Provision for
supplying vacancies
in Regiments, &c.
in the Militia.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Lieutenant and Deputy Lieutenants of each County shall,
from time to time by Ballot or otherwise, as to them shall seem most fair and equitable, direct the Order in
which such Supernumeraries shall be applied to supply any Vacancies arising in any Particular by the falling of
any of the Men serving for such Particular in His Majesty's *Regular Forces* under this Act.

Provision for
supplying vacancies
in Regiments, &c.
in the Militia.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order signed by His
Majesty's Secretary of State, to direct any Number of Officers, Non-commissioned Officers and Corporals ac-
tually serving in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia, at the time that any Reduction of the Number
of the *Private Men* of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall take place by the Discharge of Men, for the
Purpose of substituting into the said *Regular Forces* thereof, to be retained during the Continuance of the pre-
sent War, or for so long time during the Continuance thereof as His Majesty shall think fit, as Officers, Non-
commissioned Officers and Corporals respectively of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, although by reason
thereof the Number of Officers, Non-commissioned Officers and Corporals respectively of any such Regiment,
Battalion or Corps, shall be less than the Number of *Private Men* therein as aforesaid, except the Pro-
portion of Officers, Non-commissioned Officers and Corporals respectively prescribed for any Regiment,
Battalion, or Corps of Militia, by any Act or Acts now in force; and all such Officers, Non-commissioned
Officers and Corporals so retained as aforesaid, shall be entitled to such Pay, Emoluments and Advantages as
other Officers, Non-commissioned Officers and Corporals respectively are by Law entitled unto; any thing in
any Law or Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Provision for
supplying vacancies
in Regiments, &c.
in the Militia.

XXXIV. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That the Officers so retained, who shall exceed the
Proportion of Officers respectively prescribed for any Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall, being duly qualifi-
ed according to any Act or Acts relating to the Militia of England and Scotland in that behalf, succeed to
Vacancies which may occur in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps respectively, in their respective Ranks, and
beginning with the said Officers of each Rank respectively.

Provision for
supplying vacancies
in Regiments, &c.
in the Militia.

XXXV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where the Establishment of Field Officers of any such
Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall, pursuant to such Reduction thereof as aforesaid, have consisted of One
Colonel, Two Lieutenant Colonels and Two Majors, and by reason of such Reduction One Colonel and One
Lieutenant Colonel only, and Two Majors shall be allowed on the Establishment thereof, and One of such
Majors shall at any time after such Reduction have died or resigned, then and in such case it shall be lawful for His
Majesty, by any Order signed as aforesaid, to direct that the Lieutenant Colonel, who, in consequence
of such Reduction, would have been retained as a Supplementary Lieutenant Colonel under the Provisions
of this Act, shall remain and continue upon the Establishment of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, with the
full Rank of Lieutenant Colonel, but nevertheless with the Pay, Emoluments, and Advantages of Major;
any thing heretofore contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Provision for
supplying vacancies
in Regiments, &c.
in the Militia.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Period of the Reduction of the Militia to
such Quotas as aforesaid, under the Provisions of this Act, by reducing into His Majesty's *Regular Forces* or
otherwise, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to order and direct, that a Number of Men shall be raised for the
Militia of each County by Ballot or otherwise in each Year equal to the Number of Men allowed in such Year
to exist in the *Regular Forces* under this Act from the Militia of each County, whether such Number shall
actually have existed or not; and such Men, and all Men required to supply any Vacancies that shall have arisen
by Death, Discharge, or Dismissure, Expiration of Service, or otherwise, shall (if a Ballot shall have been ordered
by His Majesty) be raised and supplied under the Provisions of the several Acts in force for raising the Militia;
and all Rules, Regulations and Provisions, Penalties and Means of recovering the same, Clauses, Matters and
Things contained in any Acts relating to the Militia of England and Scotland respectively, shall be in force and
be applied, as far as the same are applicable, to the Purpose of this Act, as fully as if they were heretofore
repealed and separately re-enacted, repeated and contained.

Provision for
supplying vacancies
in Regiments, &c.
in the Militia.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That a Sum of Two Millions shall be allowed to every Person sub-
scribed and enrolled under this Act, or if any Person believed shall provide a Substitute, or shall have a Sub-
stitute

Provision for
supplying vacancies
in Regiments, &c.
in the Militia.

Provision for
supplying vacancies
in Regiments, &c.
in the Militia.

Provision for
supplying vacancies
in Regiments, &c.
in the Militia.

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in Regiments, &c.
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Provision for
supplying vacancies
in Regiments, &c.
in the Militia.

Sume provided for him, who shall be enrolled, then to the Substitutes; and each County shall be paid in such Proportions, and at such Times and Places, and in such Proportions as to each County, and in such Proportions as to each Part thereof, as shall be specified in any Regulations made in that Behalf as aforesaid.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no Person be ballotted and receiving such Sum of Two Guineas as aforesaid, shall be entitled to have or receive the Allowance of One Half of the Current Price of a Volunteer, or any other Allowance under any Act of Parliament relating to the Militia, by reason of his not being possessed of any Estate in Lands, Goods or Money of the clear Value of Five hundred Pounds; nor shall he be any Act of Parliament relating to the Militia to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIX. And he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Deputy Lieutenants of the several Counties, Ridings, Cities, Burrows, Towns, Castles and Places in England and Scotland respectively, and they are hereby required at some General Meeting which shall be held for that Purpose, on or before the First Day of May in every Year, to appoint and distribute the Men raised by Best of Deans under this Act, in the full place or fill up any Vacancies which may have been occasioned in any Parish, by calling into the Line or otherwise, and in like manner to appoint and distribute any Excess of Men raised by Best of Deans and above the Number of such Vacancies; and it shall be lawful for the Deputy Lieutenants at any General Meetings to be held for that Purpose, to alter from time to time any such Appointments, and make any new and further Appointments or Distributions, and place any Men so appointed or distributed or applied to as aforesaid to any other Parishes, in case it shall appear to be necessary, for the making a just Distribution of the Men raised by Best of Deans as aforesaid; and all such Appointments and Distributions shall be made among the several Parishes, either by Ballot and entering upon Lists of the Names of the Parishes or otherwise, and in such manner as shall appear to the Deputy Lieutenants at any such Meeting most effectually to produce an equal and just Distribution of the Men raised by Best of Deans among the Parishes; and the Men entered and placed to any Parishes under any such Distribution or Appointment, shall nevertheless be deemed to belong to such Parishes, for the supplying of any Vacancies thereafter, in like manner as if such Men had been provided as Substitutes or Volunteers for such Parishes respectively.

XL. And he it further enacted, That when the Number of Men to be raised in any County for the Militia by Ballot in any Year shall be more than sufficient to fill up the Deficiencies then existing in the Militia, and to complete the full or reduced Quota for such County, established by this Act, the Lieutenants and Deputy Lieutenants before any such Ballot shall take place, shall proceed to appoint the Surplus among the several Hundreds and Parishes respectively, by Ballot or otherwise, in such Manner as shall appear to them most fair and equitable, and so as the Burden of raising such additional Men above the Quota may be borne as equally as may be by the several Parishes of the County, according to their respective Population, and the Numbers appointed to the respective Parishes as aforesaid shall be raised for such Parishes accordingly.

XLI. And he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Men ballotted or enrolled for the Local Militia of any County to enlist into the Regular Militia of the same or any adjoining County, under this Act, when not obliged for Training and Exercise: Provided always, that if any Man ballotted or enrolled for the Local Militia of one County shall enlist into the Regular Militia of another County, not being an adjoining County, he shall be held to be duly called, and continue to serve in such Militia until he shall be released by the Commanding Officer of the Local Militia to which he belonged previous to such Enlistment, and upon being so released shall not be returned to such Local Militia, but shall be transferred to the Regular Militia of that County to the Local Militia of which he is released, and be bound to serve for the full Period therein, as if he had originally enlisted in the Militia of such County.

XLII. And he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order signified by His Majesty's Secretary of State, at any time, from time to time during the Execution of this Act, or of any Part thereof, to give such Orders and Directions to the Lieutenants, or, in the Vacancy of the Office or Absence of any Lord Lieutenant to the Vice-Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenants authorized to sit as Lieutenants, or to the respective Colonels or Commanding Officers of any Regiment of Militia, as His Majesty shall from time to time think expedient and necessary for the Execution of this Act; and the several Lieutenants, Vice-Lieutenants and Deputy Lieutenants, and Colonels and Commanding Officers aforesaid, shall proceed forthwith in pursuance of His Majesty's Orders, to do all such Acts as shall be necessary for the Purpose of carrying such Orders into Execution, and for the due Execution of the Provisions of this Act.

XLIII. And he it further enacted, That all Provisions, Directions, Orders, Statutes and Things in this Act contained, relating to Counties and to Regiments respectively, shall extend to all Sherwicks, Ridings, Divisions, Cities and Places, and to all Battalions, Companies and Companies respectively, as fully and amply as if they were respectively and separately repeated in every such Provision, Direction and Clause of this Act.

XLIV. And he it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

Not to enroll in other Militias.

Deputy Lieutenants to appoint Men raised by Best of Deans, and Men called by Ballot among Parishes.

Where Numbers ballotted shall exceed Deficiencies, Surplus to be provided among Parishes.

Local Militia Men may en- list in Regular Militia of same County.

His Majesty may give Orders to Lord Lieutenants and Colonels of Reg. Militia for executing Act.

Extending Act.

Act may be altered, &c.

SCHEDULE (A.)

LIST of Persons called for MILITIA, between
and a Day of

| NAMES of MEN. | When enrolled. | When joined. | Place of Residence when called. |
|---------------|----------------|--------------|---------------------------------|
| | | | |

C A P. XXI.

An Act to explain and amend an Act, passed in the Fifteenth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to direct that Accounts of Receipts and Disbursements of Public Salaries, Pensions and Allowances, shall be annually laid before Parliament; and to regulate and control the Granting and Paying of such Salaries, Pensions and Allowances; so far as respects the Grant of Pensions or Allowances by His Majesty, to Persons who, previously to the passing of the said Act, had served the Crown in Foreign Courts.* [6th May 1811.]

20 G. 3. c. 127

21 G. 3. c. 28.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of the present Parliament, intitled, *An Act to direct what Accounts of Receipts and Disbursements of Public Salaries, Pensions and Allowances, shall be annually laid before Parliament; and to regulate and control the granting and paying of such Salaries, Pensions and Allowances; And whereas in and by the Thirtieth Section of the said Act, after reciting that an Act was passed in the Twenty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for enabling His Majesty to discharge the Debt contracted upon his Civil List Revenue, and for providing the same from being a charge for the future, by regulating the Mode of Payments out of the said Revenue, and by suppressing or expunging certain Offices therein mentioned, which are now part of the Revenue of the Civil List; and further reciting, that it was expedient that the said Act should be amended, so far as respects Persons to Persons who should have served the Crown in Foreign Courts, after the Expiration of their Services, it was enacted, That no Pension or Allowance should be granted to any Person, for or on account of having served the Crown in Foreign Courts, within less than Ten Years from the Date of his first Appointment in such Service, during which time he had been served, set less than Three Years, and on such Allowance should exceed Two thousand Pounds per Annum, and every such Allowance should abate, if such Person should be appointed to any Civil Office or Employment under the Crown, of equal or greater Amount, and should also be subject to a proportionable Abatement if the Value of any such Office or Employment should be less than the Amount of such Allowance as aforesaid: And whereas by the Fourteenth Section of the said Act, hereby amended, it was provided and further enacted, That before any such Pension or Allowance should be granted, the Person to whose Favour the same should be granted should not be less than Thirty five Years of Age; and His Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs should transmit to the Treasury a Certificate under his Hand, that such Person has not within such Ten Years declared serving as a Foreign Minister, except for sufficient Cause, in any Rank or Station equal or superior to that in which he had last served, which Certificate should be recited in the Grant of such Pension or Allowance; And whereas the said Provisions of the said Act, hereby amended, do in Terms extend as well to Persons who, previously to the passing of the said Act, had served the Crown in Foreign Courts, as to those who might serve after the passing of the said Act; And whereas such Persons who, previously to the passing of the said Act, had served the Crown in Foreign Courts, may have engaged in such Employment upon the Faith of the Usage with respect to the Grant of Allowances by His Majesty after the Expiration of their Services, which is recited and confirmed in the said Act of the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Provisions of the said Act hereby amended, shall have an Application to Persons who, previously to the passing of the said Act, had served the Crown in Foreign Courts; and that nothing in the said amended Act contained shall be construed in any wise to alter or diminish the said Act of the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty, so far as respects the Grant of Allowances by His Majesty to Persons who, previously to the passing of the said Act, had served the Crown in Foreign Courts.**

Printed for
T. Cadell who has
Printed the
Crown of Great
Britain
Printed for
T. Cadell
Printed for
T. Cadell

C A P. XXII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by way of Annuities and Treasury Bills, for the Service of Ireland. [14th May 1811.]

C A P. XXIII.

An Act for rendering more effectual an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for the Abolition of the Slave Trade.* [14th May 1811.]

WHEREAS the Two Houses of Parliament did, by their Resolutions of the Tenth and Twenty fourth Days of June One thousand eight hundred and six, severally intitle, That the African Slave Trade being contrary to the Principles of Justice, Humanity and Good Policy, they would, with all practicable Expedition, take effectual Measures for the Abolition of the same: And whereas, in conformity with the said Resolutions, and for all and each of the Reasons therein stated, the said Trade was by an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, declared to be unlawful: And whereas it hath been found that Slaves Persons, not deemed by the Provisions and Penalties of the said Act, do still continue to deal and trade in Slaves upon the Coast of Africa and elsewhere, and to carry them for Sale by Sea: And whereas the Commons House of Parliament, by its Resolutions of the Fifteenth of June One thousand eight hundred and six, did express its Indignation at such Practices, and did resolve speedily to take into Consideration such Measures as might tend effectually to prevent such daring Violations of the Law: And whereas it is that such Measures should be extended also to the effectual Abolition of the Slave Trade wherever it may be attempted to practise it: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Subject or Subjects of His Majesty, or if any Person or Persons residing or being within this United Kingdom, or in any of the Islands, Colonies, Dominions, Parts, Settlements, Factories or Territories now or hereafter belonging thereto, or being in His Majesty's Occupation or Possession, or under the Government of the United Company of Merchants trading to the East Indies, shall, from and after the First Day of June next, by his or themselves, or by his or their Factors or Agents, or otherwise lawfully, carry away or remove, or aid or assist in the carrying away or removing, as a Slave or Slaves, or for the Purpose of being sold, transferred, used or dealt with as a Slave or Slaves, any Person or Persons whatsoever, from any Part of Africa, or from any other Country, Territory or Place whatsoever, either immediately, or by Transshipment at Sea or otherwise, directly or indirectly; or shall import or bring, or aid or assist in the importing or bringing into any Island, Colony, Country, Territory or Place whatsoever, any such Person or Persons as aforesaid, for the Purpose aforesaid; or shall knowingly and wilfully embark, receive, detain or confine on board any Ship, Vessel or Boat, any such Person or Persons as aforesaid, for the Purpose of his, her or their being so carried away or removed, imported or brought as aforesaid, or of being sold, transferred, used or dealt with as a Slave or Slaves; or shall knowingly and wilfully use or employ, or permit to be used or employed, or let or take to Hire any Ship or Vessel to be used or employed in carrying away or removing, importing or bringing, or for the Purpose of carrying away or removing, importing or bringing as aforesaid, any such Person or Persons, as a Slave or Slaves, or for the Purpose of his, her or their being sold, transferred, used or dealt with as a Slave or Slaves; or shall let out or charter to be fitted out, or shall take the Charge or Command of, or navigate, or enter and embark on board any such Ship or Vessel, as Master or Captain, Mate, Surgeon or Seaman, knowing that such Ship or Vessel is actually employed, or is, in the same Voyage for which he or they shall so enter and embark on board, intended to be employed in carrying or removing, importing or bringing as aforesaid any such Person or Persons, as or for the Purpose of his, her or their being sold, transferred, used or dealt with as a Slave or Slaves; then and in every such case, the Person or Persons so offending, and their Counselors, Aiders and Abettors, shall be and are hereby declared to be Felons, and shall be transported beyond Seas for a Term not exceeding Fourteen Years, or shall be detained and kept to hard Labour for a Term not exceeding Five Years, nor less than Three Years, at the Discretion of the Court before whose Fact Officers or Officers shall be tried and convicted.

II. Provided always, and when it shall further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall, from and after the First Day of June next, enter or navigate, or embark on board any such Ship or Vessel used and employed, or meant and intended to be used and employed as aforesaid, as a Petty Officer, Servant or Seaman, or Petty Officers, Servants or Seamen, knowing that such is or shall be the Purpose or one of the Purposes of the Voyage, as if any Person or Persons shall underwrite, or procure to be underwritten, any Policy of Assurance upon any Ship or Vessel, or Goods, or the Freight of any Ship or Vessel employed or intended to be employed in any such Voyage, knowing that such is or shall be the Purpose or one of the Purposes of the said Voyage, he or they nevertheless shall not be deemed guilty of a Felony within the meaning of this Act, but shall be and they are hereby declared to be guilty of a Misdemeanour only, and shall be punished by Imprisonment for a Term not exceeding Two Years.

III. And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That such Persons shall not be deemed to be nor shall be punished as Accessories to Felony; any thing in this present Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to subject any Person or Persons to the Fines and Penalties hereby imposed for exporting, removing or carrying from any present or future British Island, Colony or Settlement to the West Indies, to any other present or future British Island, Colony or Settlement in the West Indies,

43 C 2, 26, 2, 25

Carrying on the Slave Trade, or any way or means thereof, in the West Indies.

Fugitives.

Fines on board Ships, or underwriting Policy thereon.

Fugitives.

Accessories.

Penalty for removing Slaves from the British Colonies to be another, &c.

or from one Part of such British Island, Colony or Settlement in the *West Indies*, to any other Part of the said Island, Colony or Settlement, or for imparting or transporting into or landing in any such Island, Colony or Settlement, any Slave or Slaves, which have been or shall be born within both Islands, Colonies or Settlements, or any Slave or Slaves which shall have been or may be lawfully imported or brought into the said Islands, Colonies or Settlements, or for conveying or carrying any Slave or Slaves from one Part of any foreign Island, Colony or Settlement, to another Part of the same foreign Island, Colony or Settlement, or for transporting and sailing at Sea any Slave or Slaves which shall be on any Ship or Vessel in *India*: Provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend to prevent the Transportation to any foreign Colony or Place, of any Slave or Slaves that shall have been conveyed by due course of Law in any present or future British Island or Colony, of any Crime in which the Punishment of Transportation is or shall be imposed by the Law of such Island or Colony, but in every such case a Copy of the Judgment or Sentence certified by the Court before which the Offender was convicted, shall be put on board in the Ship or Vessel in which any such Convict shall be transported.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing heretofore contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to subject any Person or Persons to the Penal or Penalities hereby imposed for any thing done or to be done in *Africa*, West of the *Cape of Good Hope*, or in the *West Indies* or *America*, to the East of *Cape Horn*, or on or before the First Day of September next; nor for any thing done or to be done in the *East Indies*, the *Island of Madagascar*, the *Forts and Places of Africa* to the East of the *Cape of Good Hope*, the *Islands of Mauritius and Bourbon*, and the *Islands in the East Indian Seas*, on or before the First Day of January next; nor for any thing done or to be done in *New Holland*, the *Islands in the South Seas*, or the *Coast of America* to the West of *Cape Horn*, on or before the First Day of May, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve; nor for any thing done or to be done in the High Seas, on board of any Ship or Vessel which hath or shall have been taken from any Port in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* on or before the First Day of June next, or from any other Port or Place in *Europe*, on or before the First Day of July next; or from any Port or Place in *Africa* West of the *Cape of Good Hope*, or in the *West Indies*, or *America* to the East of *Cape Horn*, on or before the First Day of August next; or from any Port or Place in the *East Indies*, *Madagascar*, the *Islands of Mauritius and Bourbon*, the *Coast of Africa* to the East of the *Cape of Good Hope*, and the *Islands in the East Indian Seas*, on or before the First Day of January next; or from any Port or Place in *New Holland*, the *Islands in the South Seas*, or the *Coast of America* to the West of *Cape Horn*, on or before the First Day of May in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

VI. And be it further enacted and declared, That all Offences heretofore declared to be Felonies or Misdemeanors, which shall be committed in *Africa*, or in any Country, Territory or Place, other than the United Kingdom, or on the High Seas, or in any Port, Bay, Creek or Place, where the Admiral has Jurisdiction, shall and may be punished either according to the ordinary Course of Law, and the Provisions of an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth entitled, *An Act for Pirates*, or according to the Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, intitled, *An Act in regard to Convoying of Ogres and Turcomans, against such Pirates as shall assault Traders and Fishers*, without extending the same to be used in the Shore where the Offence was committed, so far as the same Act is now repealed; or according to the Provisions of an Act passed in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Third, intitled, *An Act passed for the more effectual suppression of Piracy*.

VII. Provided always, and be it hereby further enacted and declared, That nothing heretofore contained shall be construed to extend, amend or alter the said Act of the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, or an Act made in the Tenth sixth Year of His present Majesty, for preventing the Importation of Slaves by any of His Majesty's Subjects, into any Island, Colony, Plantation or Territory belonging to any Foreign State or Power, or in behalf of any Possession of Ships or Vessels, Carriages, Goods or Effects, thereby respectively imposed for any Offence against the said Acts, or either of them, or the Remedies thereby given for the Recovery thereof, or in respect of any pecuniary Penalties thereby imposed; but that the said Acts shall, in all other Respects, be deemed and taken to be in full Force, except in far as the said Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty is altered or extended by the said Act of the Forty seventh Year of His late Majesty.

VIII. And whereas it is enacted by the said Acts respectively enacted, that all Ships and Vessels, Slaves or Nations of *Africa*, armed, covered or deckt with an Arm, and all other Goods and Effects; that shall or may become forfeited for any Offence committed against the said Acts respectively, shall and may be seized by any Officer of His Majesty's Customs or Excise, or by the Commanders or Officers of any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War: And whereas Ships and Vessels, Slaves, Goods and Effects, or liable as Seizures and Forfeitures under the said Acts, for Offences committed on the Coast of *Africa*, may be fully navigated, armed or kept upon or near to the said Coast, or in the Ports, Harbours or Rivers thereof, in contempt of the said Acts, by means of the want of Officers of the Customs or Excise, or of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War stationed on the said Coast, or on such Parts thereof as may be visited by such Officers; Be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for all Governors or Persons having the Chief Command, Civil or Military, of any of the Colonies, Settlements, Ports or Factories belonging to His Majesty, or to the *African Company* in *Africa*, or any *African* Island, and for all Persons deputed and authorized by any such Governor or Commander in Chief, to issue and prosecute all Ships and Vessels, Slaves or Nations of *Africa*, armed, covered or deckt with an Arm, and all Goods and Effects whatsoever that shall or may become forfeited for any Offence committed against the said Acts of Parliament, or either of them, and which shall be issued upon, or seen to

the said Coast, or in any Port, Haven or River thereof, or within the Limits of any of the said Colonies, Settlements, Ports or Fisheries, which Governor or Commander in Chief, and all Persons by them so deputed and authorized, shall, in making and prosecuting any such Seizures, have the Benefits of all the Provisions made by the said Acts of Parliament, or by an Act of the Fourth Year of His present Majesty therein written, or by any other Act of Parliament for the Protection of Officers seizing and prosecuting for any Offence against the said last mentioned Act, or any other Act of Parliament relating to the Trade and Revenues of the said Colonies or Plantations in America.

IX. Provided also, and he it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons, being or being in the Capacity of a Petty Officer, or Petty Officer's Servant or Servants, Steward or Stewards, go aboard of any Ship or Vessel fitted out for or engaged in the lawfully carrying, removing, trading or dealing in Slaves, shall, within Three Months after the Arrival of the said Vessel at any Port belonging to His Majesty, give Information on Oath, before any competent Magistrate, against any Owner or Port Owner, or any Captain, Mate, Surgeon or Supercargo of such Ship or Vessel, who shall have committed any Offence against this Act, and shall give Evidence on Oath against such Owner or Port Owner, Captain, Mate, Surgeon and Supercargo, before any Magistrate or Court before whom such Offender may be tried; or if such Person or Persons in hiding as aforesaid, in the Capacity of a Petty Officer or Petty Officers, Master or Masters, Servant or Servants, shall, within Three Months after his or their Arrival at any Port or Place set within His Majesty's Dominions, give Information to any of His Majesty's Ambassadors, Ministers Plenipotentiary, Consuls, Charges d'Affaires, Consuls, Residents or other Agents, so that any Person or Persons owning such Ship or Vessel, or navigating or taking charge of the same, as Captain, Mate, Surgeon or Supercargo, may be apprehended, such Person or Persons so giving such Information and Evidence, shall not be liable to any of the Pains or Penalties of this Act, or any Fine or other Punishment under the said Acts of the Forty Sixth and Forty seventh Years of His present Majesty, or either of them; but shall be wholly discharged thereof, and His Majesty's Ambassadors, Ministers Plenipotentiary, Consuls, Charges d'Affaires, Consuls, Residents or other Agents, are hereby required to receive any such Information as aforesaid, and to transmit the Particulars thereof, without Delay, to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and to transmit Copies of the same to the Commanders of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels then being in the said Port or Place.

Proviso 6th. -
ing in Vessels
going to America
from all Colonies
mentioned and
liable to Penalty
therein.

48 G. 3. c. 25.
47 G. 3. c. 28. s.
20.

C A P. XXIV.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act of the Nineteenth Year of His present Majesty, as prevents Masters of Ships removing their Vessels out of the Stream, except to the lawful Quays in the Port of London, before the Goods are discharged or their Vessels are cleared by the proper Officers inwards or outwards, so far as relates to any Ship or Vessel entered inwards or outwards from or to any Port in Ireland.

[14th May 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Master of any Ship or Vessel arriving from Ireland at the Port of London, or going from thence to Ireland, should not be liable to a Penalty on account of such Ship or Vessel being removed out of the Stream before the Cargo thereof is discharged inwards, or before any such Ship or Vessel shall be cleared outwards by the proper Officers of the Customs; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, so much of an Act passed in the Nineteenth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to explain so much of an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for the encouraging and carrying of Shipping and Navigation, as relates to the Importation into this Kingdom and other His Majesty's Dominions, of Goods and Commodities of the Growth or Production of Africa, Asia or America, which are manufactured in foreign Parts; for preventing Masters of Ships removing their Vessels out of the Stream, except to the lawful Quays in the Port of London, before the Goods are discharged or their Vessels are cleared by the proper Officers inwards or outwards; and for allowing the Officers of the Customs and Excise to make use of Lights on board Ships in the Haven, Dock or Basin at the Port of Kingston upon Hull; by which the Master, Purser or other Person taking charge of any Ship or Vessel coming or arriving from foreign Parts within the Limits of the Port of London, or being returned there from the said Port to foreign Parts, is subject and liable to a Penalty on account of such Ship or Vessel being removed out of the Stream, except as in the said Act is provided; shall be and the same is hereby repealed, so far as the said Act relates to any Ship or Vessel entered inwards or outwards in the said Port of London from or to any Port in Ireland.*

19 G. 2. c. 48.
13.

repeal

C A P. XXV.

An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, an Act made in the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty, for rendering the Payment of Creditors more equal and expeditious in Scotland.

[14th May 1811.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty's Reiga, intituled, *An Act for rendering the Payments of Creditors more equal and expeditious in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, which said Act was to continue for Five Years, from the Seventeenth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and sixty three, and from thence to the End of the then next Session*

23 G. 3. c. 12

of Parliament, and was further enacted by Five Acts of the Thirty sixth, Forty fourth, Forty sixth, Forty eighth and Forty ninth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the Twenty fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven; And whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be continued for a further Term: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act of the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for restoring the Payment of Creditors more equal and expeditious in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be and the same is hereby further continued from the Expirence thereof, until the twenty fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

C A P. XXVI.

An Act for raising the Sum of Four millions nine hundred eighty one thousand three hundred Pounds by way of Annuities. [21st May 1811.]

C A P. XXVII.

An Act to explain and amend Two Acts of the Fiftieth and Fifty first Years of His present Majesty, for enacting certain Duties on Malts, Sugar, Tobacco and Snuff, and other Especies mentioned in the said Acts. [21st May 1811.]

49 G. 3. c. 98.

43 G. 3. c. 48.

30 G. 3. c. 1.

21 G. 3. c. 10.

How Duties
assessed by
41 G. 3. c. 28.
pp. 466.

Intending.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for regulating the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, the several Duties on Sugar granted by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His said present Majesty, intitled *An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*, and other Acts, were repealed, and other Duties granted in lieu thereof: And whereas by Two several Acts passed in the Fiftieth and Fifty first Years of the Reign of His said present Majesty, for continuing, amongst other things, certain Duties on Sugar, Reference by Mistake was only had to the said recited Act passed in the said Forty third Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, and in order to rectify the same, and to obviate any Doubt which may arise whether the Duties granted by the said Act is passed in the said Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, have been or are now payable under the said Acts of the Fiftieth and Fifty first Years of the Reign of His said present Majesty: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Duties imposed by the said recited Act is passed in the said Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, and in the Schedule and Tables therein annexed, shall be payable and paid, and applied and appropriated in such and the like Manner as if the said Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, had been referred to in the said Acts of the Fiftieth and Fifty first Years of the Reign of His said Majesty, and the several Regulations, Authorities and Powers therein, or in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in respect thereof, or in relation thereto, shall be deemed and taken to apply, and shall be put in force in respect of the said recited Acts is passed in the Fiftieth and Fifty first Years of the Reign of His said present Majesty, and the Penalties and Forfeitures attached thereto, in as full and ample a manner as if the same had been recited in those Acts.

II. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons, who at or before the passing of this Act shall have collected or received the Duty or Duties of Customs granted upon Sugar by the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, shall be and he and they it and are hereby indemnified, freed and discharged from and against all Actions, Suits, Informations or other Proceedings at Law on account thereof, and from and against all Penalties, Forfeitures, Incapacities or Disabilities incurred for or by reason of the demanding, taking or receiving any such Duties.

C A P. XXVIII.

An Act for increasing the Rates of Subsistence to be paid to Innkeepers and others on quartering Soldiers. [21st May 1811.]

Cap. 5. sec. 11.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, for granting Money and Defensions; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, certain Rates are established in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, the Duchies of Wales; and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, for the Payment of Innholders and others on whom Non-commissioned Officers and Private Soldiers are quartered and lodged, who shall be furnished with Diet and Small Beer at their Quarters; and as Optios is given to such Innholders and others, in several certain Articles, goods, in lieu of Diet and Small Beer, at the Rates prescribed: And whereas the Rates prescribed for lodging Soldiers with Necessaries are, in many Instances, become, from the high Price of Provision, Inadequate, and are productive of Distress to such Innholders and others: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Non-commissioned Officer and Private Soldier who shall be furnished with Diet

Alleviated by
New contract.

and Small Beer within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom, by the Inhabitants or other Persons on whom such Non-commissioned Officers or Private Soldiers shall be quartered and billeted by virtue of the said Act, shall pay and allow for the same the Sum of Eight Pence per Diem; and that for each Allowance of Eight Pence, the Inhabitant or other Person shall furnish one Meal; or, when a hot Dinner if required in each Day, to each Non-commissioned Officer, Trumpeter, Drummer and Private Soldier quartered and billeted on him, to consist of such Quantities of Diet and Small Beer as shall be specified and fixed in and by any Regulations made or to be made from time to time by His Majesty in that behalf; but not to exceed One Pound and a Quarter of Meat previous to being dressed, One Pound of Bread, One Pound of Potatoes or other Vegetables previous to being cooked, and Two Pints of Small Beer, and Vinegar, Salt and Pepper; and that the Accounts of the same shall be rendered, and Payment thereof made, in like manner as is directed in the said Act now in force touching the former Rates of Seven Pence per Diem for the Cavalry, and Five Pence per Diem for the Infantry.

And for Diet, &c. for Detachments of Cavalry in England;

II. And be it further enacted, That in case any Inhabitants or other Persons on whom any Non-commissioned Officers or Private Men shall be quartered within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom, shall, by virtue of the said Statute in the said Act, furnish such Non-commissioned Officers or Soldiers with the Articles therein mentioned, in lieu of furnishing Diet and Small Beer, at the Rates prescribed by this Act, such Inhabitants or other Persons on whom such Non-commissioned Officers or Soldiers are quartered, and by whom the said Articles shall have been so supplied, shall receive, in consideration thereof, One Halfpenny per Diem for each Non-commissioned Officer and Soldier, instead of furnishing the same goods, as required by the said Act; which Sum of One Halfpenny per Diem shall be accented for and paid in like manner as is directed touching the Rates aforesaid.

And for Articles which shall be here furnished gratis in lieu thereof;

III. And be it further enacted, That the Sum to be paid to the Inhabitant or other Person within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom, on whom any of the Horses belonging to His Majesty's Forces shall be quartered by virtue of the said Act, for Hay and Straw, shall be One Shilling and Two Pence per Diem for each Horse, instead of Six Pence per Diem as directed in the said Act.

For Hay and Straw.

IV. And whereas the Provisions contained in the said recited Act, with respect to the Manner of dining within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers on a March or employed in Recruiting, and likewise the Recruits by them raised, have been productive of much Inconvenience, as well to the Troops, as the Inhabitants; Be it further enacted, That for so much of the said recited Act as relates to the Manner of furnishing Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers on a March, or employed in Recruiting, and likewise the Recruits by them raised, with Diet or other Provisions, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Cap. I. sect.

as may appear.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from the Inhabitants or other Persons on whom they may be billeted, within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom, at the Rates heretofore prescribed while on the March, as aforesaid; and for the Day of their Arrival at the Place of their final Destination, and on the Two subsequent Days, unless either of the Two subsequent Days shall be a Market Day; and for the Town or Place where such Officers or Soldiers shall be billeted, or within the Distance of Two Miles thereof; in which case it shall be lawful for the Inhabitant, or other Person as aforesaid, to discountance so and from each Market Day the Supply of Diet and Small Beer, and to furnish in lieu thereof the Articles in the said recited Act specified; and at the Rates heretofore prescribed.

During Non-commissioned Officers, on the March.

VI. Provided always, That if any Victualler or other Person liable by the said recited Act to have Soldiers billeted or quartered on him or her, shall pay any Sum or Sums of Money to any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier on the March, in lieu of furnishing in kind the Diet and Small Beer to which such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier is entitled under the said Act, every such Victualler or other Person may be proceeded against and sued in like manner as if he or she had refused to furnish or allow according to the Direction of the said recited Act, the several things respectively directed to be furnished to Non-commissioned Officers or Soldiers so quartered or billeted on him or her as aforesaid.

Paying Money to Non-commissioned Officers, &c. in lieu of Diet, &c. Proviso.

VII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment, when on the March, shall be halted, either for a limited or indefinite time, at any intermediate Place, the Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers belonging thereto shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from the Persons on whom they shall be billeted at such intermediate Place, for such time only; for which they would be entitled to receive the same after arriving at the Place of their final Destination, according to this Act.

Halting, entitled to Diet, &c.

VIII. Provided nevertheless, That whereas it shall happen that any Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment, when on their March shall be halted, and it shall appear by the Marching Orders, that it is not intended that such Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment, shall halt for any longer time than One entire Day after the Day of their Arrival at the Place of halting, and the Day after such Arrival shall be such Market Day as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for the Inhabitants or other Persons on whom the Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers shall be billeted, to discountance on such Market Day, the Supply of Diet and Small Beer to any such Officers or Soldiers; but that all such Officers and Soldiers shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from such Inhabitants and other Persons aforesaid, upon each Market Day as aforesaid at the Rates heretofore prescribed, in like manner as they would have been entitled thereto, if such Day had not been a Market Day; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary hereof notwithstanding.

Halting after Arrival on a Market Day, &c. not discountance.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Non-commissioned Officers and Private Men employed in recruiting, and the Recruits by them raised, shall, while on the March, and for Two Days after the Day of their Arrival at any Recruiting Station, be entitled to the same Benefits as are heretofore provided in regard to Troops

Regiments employing Recruiting Parties and Recruits on March.

upon the March; but no Remark ensued after the Two Days subsequent to the Arrival of the Party at their Recruiting Station, shall be entitled to be supplied with Diet and Small Beer at the Rate heretofore prescribed, except at the Option of the Person on whom he shall be quartered: Provided also heretofore, that in case any such Recruiting Party, with the Recruits by them raised, shall remove from their Station, and after a time shall return to the same Place, they and the Recruits by them raised, in returning, shall not be again entitled to the Supply of Diet and Small Beer for each Two Days as aforesaid, unless the Period between the time of their Removal from such Place, and their Return thereto, shall have exceeded Twenty eight Days.

X. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall have Continuance from the Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and that all Payments which have been made, and all Acts, Matters and Things done in pursuance of or in conformity with the Provisions thereof, shall be as good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if the Act had passed before the said Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered and varied by any Act to be made in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. XXX.

An Act for continuing, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, Two Acts of the Forty fifth and Fifth Year, of His present Majesty, allowing the bringing of Coals, Calk and Cinders to London and Weymouth, by Island Navigation.

[18th May 1811.]

42 G. 3. c. 128.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for allowing under certain Restrictions until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the bringing a limited Quantity of Coals, Calk or Cinders to London and Weymouth, by Island Navigation, certain Duties were imposed on all Coals, Calk or Cinders, brought along the Great Junction or Padstowne Canals severally to London than the Stave or Full thereby required to be moved and unloaded in or near to the Tooting Path of the said Great Junction Canal, at or near the North East Point of Grove Park, and contiguous to the Wharf then in the Possession and Occupation of the East of Gloucester; And whereas the Amount of the said Duties was altered by Three Acts of the Forty sixth, Forty seventh and Forty eighth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the said last recited Act was extended until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven; And whereas by Schedule (A.) annexed to an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for regulating the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and other Duties are imposed on like terms upon the said limited Quantity of Coals, Calk and Cinders, under the Conditions, Restrictions and Restrictions of the said last recited Act (a); And whereas it is expedient that the said Acts should be further continued;**

40 G. 3. c. 26.

Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said last recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, so far as the same relates to the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions, under which the said limited Quantity of Coals, Calk and Cinders, may be brought within One Year by the said Great Junction and Padstowne Canals severally to London than the said Stave or Full; and the said last recited Act regarding the Amount of the Duties chargeable thereon, and the Appropriation thereof, shall be, and the same are hereby further continued until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

—amended
1812, c. 1813.

29 G. 3. c. 180.

(a) [29 G. 3. c. 98. *See* *infra*, *Coal*—]
 "11. And whereas an Act was passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to allow until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the bringing of Coals, Calk and Cinders, to London and Weymouth by Island Navigation; and it is expedient that the Act should be further continued;* Be it therefore enacted, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby continued from the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

enacted 1813, Aug. 4.

C A P. XXXI.

An Act to amend the several Acts for enabling His Majesty to accept the Services of Volunteers from the Militia of Ireland.

[15th May 1811.]

40 G. 3. c. 124.

48 G. 3. c. 56.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to enable His Majesty to accept the Services of Volunteers from the Militia of Ireland, under certain Restrictions; and whereas the said Act was amended by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign; and whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made for the more effectually carrying the said Acts into Execution from time to time;* Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, in each and such Parts of the said recited Acts as contain the same which it shall be lawful for His Majesty to direct Regiments of the Line, or of the Royal Marines, to receive Volunteers from the Militia Forces of Ire-

So much of recited Acts as contain nothing to contrary thereto.

land.

And, to the Period of Twelve Calendar Months after the Twenty fourth Day of July in every Year; and also to each and each Part of the said recited Acts; or either of them, as concerns the time of enrolling under the said recited Acts to certain Periods between the Twenty fourth Day of August in each Year and the Twenty fourth Day of February in the Year following. Shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That at any time after the passing of this Act, and before the First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and also at any time whatever, within Twelve Calendar Months after the First Day of July any One thousand eight hundred and twelve, or in any subsequent Year, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order signed by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or his or their Chief Secretary, from time to time to order and direct any such Regiments of the Line as His Majesty shall see and appoint, to receive Volunteers from the Militia Forces of Ireland for General Service, out of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the said Militia, named in any such Order; and that it shall be lawful for any Private Militia Man in the said Militia to enlist for General Service, under and subject to the Regulations in the said recited Acts contained, into any such Regiment of the Line of His Majesty's Regular Forces as His Majesty shall, by such Order as aforesaid, from time to time name and appoint to receive Volunteers from the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia to which any such Militia Man shall at the time of such enrolling belong.

III. And be it further enacted, That whenever at any time after the passing of this Act, the Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the Militia of Ireland, shall have received His Majesty's Direction with respect to such volunteering as aforesaid, such Commanding Officer shall so far as his Regiment to be drawn out, and shall explain to the Private Men of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, the Form of enrolling, in such manner as by the said recited Acts or either of them is ordered and directed, it shall be lawful for the said Commanding Officer, and he is hereby authorized, empowered and required within One Calendar Month after receiving such Directions, to appoint a Period of Three successive Days, during which such Enlistment shall take place; and in case the whole Number of Men allowed to enlist from such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in any one Year, in pursuance of the Provisions of the said recited Acts, shall not voluntarily declare their Intention of enrolling within such Space of Three Days, then it shall be lawful for such Commanding Officer, and he is hereby authorized, empowered and required, within One Calendar Month after the last of such Three Days, to appoint a further Period of Three Days for such enrolling, and so in like manner within One Calendar Month after the last Day of every such Period of Three Days, to appoint from time to time further Periods of Three Days each, if necessary, during which such Enlistment shall take place under the said recited Acts, until the whole Number allowed to enlist shall have declared their Intention of enrolling; and during any such Periods, it shall be lawful for any Private Man to enlist from such Regiment, and it shall be lawful for the Commanding Officer, and he is hereby required to discharge all Men so enlisted accordingly, in manner and under the Regulations of the said recited Acts and this Act contained; provided always, that Ten Days Notice shall from time to time be given by the Commanding Officer, to the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the several Days or Periods to be appointed for enrolling, previous to each such Period, and that there shall be an Interval of Fourteen Days at least between each such Period of Three Days.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall authorize any Colonel or Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the said Militia to discharge or cause to be discharged, under the Provisions of the said recited Acts and this Act, any greater Number of Private Militia Men of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps under his Command, than is the Proportion of Fifteen Men for every Company in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, before the said First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve; nor at any time after the said First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, to discharge any greater Number than is the Proportion of Fifteen Men for every Company in any one Year, reckoning from the said First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case it shall happen that the full Number allowed to enlist from any Regiment, Battalion or Corps in any one Year, shall not have enlisted, or shall not enlist into the Regular Forces under the said recited Acts and this Act, it shall be lawful for His Majesty at any time before the said First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and so at any time within Twelve Calendar Months after the First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, in any Year, by any Order signed as aforesaid, to allow of the enrolling out of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the said Militia, into the Regular Forces, of such greater Number of Private Militia Men in addition to such Proportion as aforesaid, as shall, together with the Number who shall have already enlisted in the Year immediately preceding, under the Provisions of the said recited Acts and this Act, be equal to the whole Number allowed to enlist in any such Year, according to the said Provisions of Fifteen Men for every Company in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps.

VI. And, for the supplying of Vacancies and Deficiencies in the several Regiments of Militia, the Establishment of which have been, or may be augmented under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, be it enacted, That whenever the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, shall issue his Orders under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, to all or any of the several Colonels or Commanding Officers of the respective Regiments or Battalions of Militia in Ireland, which have been or shall be augmented as aforesaid, to enrol Volunteers for the completing or supplying of any Vacancies in any such augmented Regiment or Battalion, it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor of Ireland for the time being, to issue his Order or Orders to the Lords Commanders of the

His Majesty may direct Regiments of the L. or to receive Volunteers from such Militia of Ireland.

Commanding Officer of the Company of Private Men of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to enroll.

Proportion of Militia to enlist.

If Number allowed to enlist, shall be not enrolled, or shall be not enrolled, according to the said recited Acts and this Act.

When Lord Lieutenant shall issue Orders to enrol Volunteers in augmented Militia, he shall direct Treasurers to advance Money for Payment of Bounties.

*Treasury of Ireland, requiring them to advance from time to time any such Sum or Sums of Money as may be directed by such Order or Orders, and to pay to the several Collectors or Commanding Officers for every Private Man who may be from time to time enrolled, any Sum of Money not exceeding such Sum as shall be so fixed and declared as the Average Price of a Subscription in the Militia, in manner required by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for amending and reducing into one Act of Parliament, the several Laws for raising and training the Militia of Ireland*; and it shall throughout be lawful for such Collectors or Commanding Officers to give such Bounty accordingly to Volunteers enrolling themselves in such augmented Regiments or Battalions; any thing in an Act made in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for empowering His Majesty to direct the Appointment of his Militia Forces in Ireland to an Extraordinary Service, or in any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.**

C A P. XXXI.

An Act to continue, during the present War and until the Expiration of Six Calendar Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, and amend an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an additional Duty on Copper imported into Great Britain.

[25th May 1811.]

WHEREAS the Law hereinafter mentioned has by Experience been found useful and beneficial; and it is expedient that the same should be continued and amended; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting an additional Duty on Copper imported into Great Britain, until the First Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, shall be and the same is hereby further continued during the Continuance of the present War, and until the Expiration of Six Calendar Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.*

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That, from and after the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Drawbacks allowed by the said Act on the Expiration of any such Copper on which the said Duty shall have been paid, do cease and determine, and that in lieu thereof there shall be paid and allowed a Drawback of One Half of the Duties which shall have been paid under the said recited Act or this Act.

[The above Duty, with all other Custom Duties, appears to be repealed by 43 G. 3. c. 98. s. 1. but appears to be re-granted by s. 2. and see Schedule (A) *Annals, &c.* 1811.]

C A P. XXXII.

An Act for the better securing Exchangeable Goods on board Vessels in the Port of Bristol.

[25th May 1811.]

WHEREAS the Provisions hereinafter mentioned will greatly tend both to the Security of the Merchant's Property, and to that of His Majesty's Revenue, on Goods, Wares and Merchandize imported into the Port of Bristol; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, upon the Arrival of any Ship or Vessel importing or having in or on board the same, any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, for or in respect whereof any Duty or Duties of Excise be, are, or shall be imposed by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force or hereafter to be made, at the Entrance of either of the Two Buoys called *Comberland Buoy or Buoys*, or *Ballin's Buoy* respectively, of and belonging to the Floating Harbour at Bristol, the Master or Commsander of such Ship or Vessel shall on each Arrival of such Ship or Vessel, and before his Entrance into either of the said Buoys, leave in Readiness, and fix, place and apply, in such manner as the proper Officer or Officers of Excise shall direct or require, such fix, proper and convenient Bars, Bolts, Helves, Staples and all other Followings every Door Locks, which shall be secretory or useful for the locking down, fastening or securing of all and every the Hatches, Scuttles and other Approaches (if any) leading to or connected with the Hold or other Part of such Ship or Vessel where any such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, in or on board such Ship or Vessel, shall be stowed or deposited; and such Master or Commsander shall also on each Arrival, and before the Entrance of such Ship or Vessel into either of the said Buoys, to the strand of his Power, and with a sufficient Number of the Crew of or Persons employed in or on board such Ship or Vessel, assist such Officer or Officers of Excise in the locking of such Bars, Bolts, Helves, Staples and other Followings respectively, in such Manner as such Officer or Officers shall think fit, with One or more Lock or Locks to be provided by such Officer or Officers, for the lock and most effectual fastening and securing all and every such Hatches, Scuttles and other Approaches respectively; and the proper Officer or Officers of Excise shall, and be so directed, and be hereby required immediately to lock such Bars, Bolts and Followings respectively, in such manner as to lock, fasten and secure all such Hatches, Scuttles and other Approaches; and the same respectively shall remain and continue so locked, fastened and secured at all times, save and except on such Bars as the Cargo on such Ship or Vessel shall be unloading or discharging, and that only between the Hours of Six in the Morning and Six in the Evening, from the Twentieth Day of April to the Tenth Day of October, and between the Hours of Seven in the Morning and Four in the Afternoon, from the Twentieth Day of September to the Tenth Day of May

43 G. 3. c. 95.
Duties con-
tinued.Drawback of
One Half of
Duty imp.Masters of Vel-
els before en-
tering Comber-
land or Ballin's
Buoys having
Exchangeable
Goods on board,
shall provide
Bars, Bolts or
Helves, and
all other things
necessary for
locking, them,
&c.Hours of un-
loading.

in every Year; and if the Master or Commander of any such Ship or Vessel shall refuse or neglect so here in readiness, or to do, place or apply a such message as the proper Officer or Officers of Excise shall direct or require, such Bars, Bolts, Halps, Staples or other Fastenings, or any or either of them (other than Locks) or shall neglect or refuse to do as if any such Officer or Officers of Excise in the locking of any such Bars, Bolts, Halps, Staples or other Fastenings, or any or either of them, with any Lock or Locks provided by such Officer or Officers, or in such manner as such Officer or Officers shall think fit, for the best and most effectual fastening or securing such Hatches, Scuttles or other Approaches, or any or either of them, the Master or Commander in offending, or the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Master or Commander of every Ship or Vessel in or on board which any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, shall be laden or shipped within the Port of England for Exportation, or in order to obtain any Drawback or Allowance of any Duty or Duties of Excise granted or allowed by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force or hereafter to be made, shall, before the lading or shipping of any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, have in readiness, and when and so soon as thereunto required by the Officer or Officers of Excise attending the Shipping of any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or by the Officer or Officers of Excise, who shall after such Shipping come into or on board the said Ship or Vessel, to go, examine or inspect any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or the Packages or Packages containing the same, shall fit, place and apply such fit, proper and convenient Bars, Bolts, Halps, Staples and all other Fastenings (other than Locks) which shall be necessary or useful for the locking down, fastening or securing of all and every the Hatches, Scuttles and other Approaches (if any) leading to or connected with the Hold or other Part of such Ship or Vessel, where any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, shall be stored or deposited; and such Master or Commander shall also forthwith, to the utmost of his Power, and with a sufficient Number of the Crew of, or Persons employed in or on board such Ship or Vessel, assist such Officer or Officers in the locking of such Bars, Bolts, Halps, Staples and other Fastenings respectively, with One or more Lock or Locks to be provided by such Officer or Officers, and in such manner as such Officer or Officers shall think fit, for the best and most effectual fastening and securing all and every such Hatches, Scuttles and other Approaches respectively, and such Officer or Officers of Excise shall, and he and they in and with him being required immediately to lock such Bars, Bolts, Halps, and other Fastenings, in such manner as to lock, fasten and secure all such Hatches, Scuttles and other Approaches respectively; and the same respectively shall remain and continue to be locked, fastened and secured at all times while the said Ship or Vessel shall be or remain within the said Port, save and except at such time as the Cargo of such Ship or Vessel shall be lading or taking on board, or unloading or discharging respectively, and that only between the Hours of Six in the Morning and Six in the Evening, from the Thirtieth Day of April till the First Day of October, and between the Hours of Seven in the Morning and Four in the Afternoon from the Thirtieth Day of September to the First Day of May in every Year; And if the Master or Commander of any such Ship or Vessel shall refuse or neglect so here in readiness, or to do, place or apply, in such manner as such Officer or Officers shall direct or require, such Bars, Bolts, Halps, Staples or other Fastenings, or any or either of them (other than Locks), or shall neglect or refuse to do as if any such Officer or Officers in the locking of such Bars, Bolts, Halps, Staples or other Fastenings, or any or either of them, with any Lock or Locks provided by such Officer or Officers, or in such manner as such Officer or Officers shall think fit, for the best and most effectual fastening or securing such Hatches, Scuttles or other Approaches, or any or either of them, the Master or Commander in offending, or the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise, or any Person or Persons by him or them employed in the locking of any such Bars, Bolts, Halps, Staples or other Fastenings respectively, or any or either of them, for the fastening or securing any such Hatches, Scuttles or other Approaches, or any or either of them as aforesaid; or if any Person or Persons shall wilfully delay, damage or injure any such Lock, Bar, Bolt, Halp, Staple or other Fastening, or shall by any Act, Device or Contrivance, open, take off or remove any such Lock, Bar, Bolt, Halp, Staple or other Fastening, or shall open or make any Entrance or Access to the Hold, or any other Part or Place where any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, shall be stored or deposited in or on board any such Ship or Vessel; then and in every such case the Person or Persons so offending shall be liable, for each and every such Offence, to forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

C A P. XXXIII.

An Act for repealing so much of Two Acts of the Fourteenth and Twenty fifth Years of His present Majesty as relate to weaving Blue Stripes in British Calicoes. [25th May 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, entitled, *An Act for prohibiting the Duty on printed, painted, stained or dyed Straps, chiefly made of Cotton, and woven entirely in Great Britain, and for allowing the Duty on Blue Stripes of similar or similar Regulation*; it was enacted, that in such Part of the said new manufactured Straps in the said Act mentioned, which made of Cotton Wool by a *Warp Straps*, there should be woven in the Warp in both Sides through the whole Length thereof, Three Blue Stripes, each Stripe of one Thread only, in manner as the said Act particularly mentioned: And whereas it is also by the said recited Act, among other things enacted, that if any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Corporate, should open or take to be exported to Sale, or have in his, her or their Custody or Possession in Great Britain, any such Straps by which Cotton, and printed, painted, stained or dyed (Woolen, Silk and Neapolitan) Straps, which shall

* not be worn in the Warp in both Selvages, only through the whole Length of each Piece, These Blue
 * Stripes [such for Exportation], then such Piece or Pieces, Body or Bodies Corporate so offending
 * should not only forfeit all and every such last mentioned Stuffs so exported or caused to be exported to Sea,
 * or which should be in, her or their Custody or Possession, but should also forfeit for every Piece thereof
 19 * the Sum of Fifty Pounds: And whereas by the said Act it is also enacted, that if any Piece or Pieces,
 * Body or Bodies Corporate, should import or bring into Great Britain, or into any Port, Harbour, Haven
 * or Creek thereof any Calicoes or Mullins, or any other Goods or Stuffs whatsoever made of Loose Yarn only,
 * or of Loose Yarn and Cotton Wool mixed, or made wholly of Cotton Wool, whereas should be worn in
 * the Warp, in either or both Selvages only, through the Whole or any Part of the Length of each Piece, One
 * or more Blue Stripes or Stripes of One or more Thread or Threads, such Piece or Pieces, Body or Bodies
 * Corporate, should not only forfeit and lose all and every such Calicoes, Mullins, Goods or Stuffs which should
 21 G. 3. c. 74 * be imported or brought, but should also forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds for each Piece thereof: And
 * whereas by another Act, made in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated, *As*
 * *Act for repealing the Duties on Linens, as is printed, passed, passed or dyed in Great Britain, imported by us*
 * *As made in the last Session of Parliament, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof; and as Cotton Stuffs,*
 * *Mullins, Fustians, Felts and Velvets were in Great Britain, as is printed, passed, passed or dyed, and upon*
 22 * *the Importation of Linens, Cotton Stuffs, Mullins, Fustians, Felts and Velvets, printed, passed, printed or*
 * *dyed in foreign Parts it was enacted, that all Stuffs wholly made of Cotton Wool, commonly called or known*
 23 * *by the Name of Calicoes, that had not Three Blue Threads in each Selvage, as directed by the said Act*
 * *made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign aforesaid, should be deemed to be Foreign Calicoes, and on their*
 * *being printed, stained, painted or dyed in Great Britain, should be stamped, marked or sealed in both Ends*
 * *of each Piece or Remnant with a Stamp, Mark or Seal, containing the following Words, to-wit, "Foreign*
 * *Calicoes for Exportation;" and every Draper, Trader, or Dealer for Sale, having in his, her or their Custody*
 * *or Possession such Foreign Calicoes, printed, stained, painted or dyed, (except dyed throughout of one Colour*
 * *only) and not being stamped or sealed in both Ends, as directed by the said Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His*
 * *present Majesty, (except as therein excepted) or having in his, her or their Custody or Possession any Piece of*
 * *Stuffs wholly made of Cotton Wool, worn in Great Britain, commonly called British Manufacture, (Mullins,*
 * *Neckcloths and Fustians excepted) not having the Three Blue Threads in the Selvages, as required by the*
 * *said Act of the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, should not only forfeit and lose the said*
 * *Goods or the Value thereof, but should likewise forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds for every*
 * *Piece of such Goods found in his Custody or Possession as aforesaid: And whereas it is expedient to fix the*
 * *Colour of any such Blue Stripes or Threads so prominently that by the Process of bleaching now in use such*
 * *Colour will not be in Danger of being discharged, and from the present improved State of Manufacture in this*
 * *Kingdom there is no longer any Danger of Foreign Calicoes being imported and disposed as the Officers of*
 * *Excise so or for such new manufactured Stuffs, as to so escape the Charge of the High Duty of Excise by*
 * *Law imposed for or in respect of Foreign Calicoes, printed, stained, painted or dyed in Great Britain, and*
 * *it is therefore expedient to repeal the said several Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures: Be it therefore*
 * *enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual*
 * *and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That*
 * *the said several Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures, shall be and the same respectively be hereby repealed.*

70p. 26.

C A P. XXXIV.

An Act for continuing the Premiums allowed to Ships employ'd in the Southern Whale Fishery.

[25th May 1811.]

WHEREAS it is proper to encourage the Fishery carried on by His Majesty's European Subjects in
 * the Seas to the Southward of the Greenland Sea and Davis's Straights, for the Purpose of taking
 25 G. 3. c. 25 * Whales and other Creatures being in those Seas, by continuing certain Premiums granted in an Act passed
 * in the Twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intimated, *As Act for further encouraging the*
 * *Southern Whale Fishery &c* Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the
 * Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assem-
 * bled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Premiums hereinafter mentioned, shall be paid and
 * allowed to Sixteen Ships or Vessels employ'd in the said Fishery, under the Limitations, Restrictions and Re-
 * gulations contained in the said Act, and also in an Act passed in the Thirty fifth Year of His present
 * Majesty's Reign, and mentioned in the said Act, and under the Limitations, Restrictions and Regulations,
 * expressed in this present Act.

Premiums to
 certain Ships
 employ'd in
 the Fishery.
 25 G. 3. c. 25.

Provisions and
 Conditions for
 Right 20 p.

II. And be it further enacted, That for Eight of such Ships or Vessels which shall be so fitted and cleared
 out between the First Day of January and the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and
 twelve, and between the First Day of January and the Thirty first Day of December in each of the two suc-
 ceeding Years, and shall sail to the Southward of the Equator, and there carry on the Fishery, and shall return
 before the First Day of December in the Year following: so that in which they cleared out, to form Part in
 Great Britain, there shall be paid and allowed Three hundred Pounds to each of the Eight such Ships which
 shall be so fitted and so cleared, within the times hereinafter mentioned, with the greatest Quantity of Oil or
 Hind Mixture taken together, being not less in the Whole than Twenty Tons, in each of such Ships or
 Vessels, and being the Produce of One or more Whale or Whales or other Creatures being in those Seas, taken
 and killed by the Crews of every such Ship or Vessel respectively.

Premiums and
 Conditions for
 Ten other Ships.

III. And be it further enacted, That for Four other such Ships or Vessels which shall be so fitted and cleared
 out, and shall sail within the time hereinafter mentioned, and proceed to the Southward of Thirty six De-
 grees

gress of South Latitude, and shall then *lose safe* carry on the said Fishery, and shall not return until after the Expiration of Fourteen Calendar Months from the Day on which they cleared out, but before the Thirty first Day of December in the Second Year after their clearing out, so four Part in Great Britain, three shall be paid and allowed Four hundred Pounds to each of such Ships or Vessels which shall so fail and arrive within the time hereinbefore last mentioned, with the greatest Quantity of Oil and Head Matter taken together, being not less than the Whole than Thirty Tons, and being the Produce of any Whale or Whales or other Creatures being in those Seas, and taken and killed by the Crew of such Ship or Vessel.

IV. And be it further enacted, That for Ten other Ships or Vessels which shall be so fitted and cleared out between the First Day of January and the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve and between the First Day of January and the Thirty first Day of December in each of the Two succeeding Years, and shall double Cape Horn, or pass through the Straights of Magellan into the South Sea, and carry on the said Fishery during the Space of Four Months to the Westward of Cape Horn in those Seas, or shall double The Cape of Good Hope, and carry on the said Fishery during the Space of Four Months to the Eastward of One hundred and five Degrees of East Longitude from London, and shall not return to some Port of Great Britain till after the Expiration of Sixteen Calendar Months from the Day on which they cleared out, but before the Thirty first Day of December in the Second Year after their clearing out, these shall be paid and allowed Six Hundred Pounds to any One of such Ships or Vessels which shall so fail and arrive within the times herein last mentioned with the greatest Quantity of Oil and Head Matter taken together, being not less than the Whole than Thirty Tons, and being the Produce of any Whale or Whales or other Creatures being in those Seas, and taken and killed by the Crew of such Ship or Vessel in the said Voyage, either Outward or Homeward; and these shall be paid and allowed Five hundred Pounds to each of Nine of such Ships and Vessels last before mentioned, which shall so fail and arrive within the times herein last before mentioned, with the next greatest Quantity of Oil and Head Matter taken together, being not less than the Whole than Thirty Tons, and being the Produce of any Whale or Whales or other Creatures being in those Seas, and taken and killed by the Crew of such Ship or Vessel in the said Voyage, either Outward or Homeward.

V. And whereas it is expedient to encourage the said Fishery by extending the Limits prescribed for the time in an Act passed in the Forty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for extending the Privileges allowed in Ships employed in and for enlarging the Limits of the Southern Whale Fishery*; Be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Ship or Vessel fitting and clearing out, and loaded conformably to the said Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and sailing to the Eastward of The Cape of Good Hope for the Purpose aforesaid, and having passed beyond One hundred and fifteen Degrees of East Longitude from London, to fail or pass to the Northward as far as Ten Degrees of Northern Latitude, but no further to the Northward until such Ship or Vessel shall have failed or passed to the Eastward of One hundred and eighty Degrees of East Longitude from London; any thing in the said Act passed in the Forty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted, That any Apprentice belonging to any Ship or Vessel fitted out on the said Fishery, who shall not have completed Two Voyages, and whose Age shall not exceed Twenty one Years, shall not be impelled from the said Service; and Special Provisions shall be made by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty to prevent such Apprentices from being impressed into His Majesty's Service.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Ships which shall clear out for the Southern Whale Fishery, and shall return to any Port in Ireland with a Cargo of Oil, the Produce of the said Fishery, within the Period limited by this Act, shall be entitled to all the Benefits and Advantages arising from Bounties, Remissions of Duties, or otherwise, granted by the said recited Acts of the Thirtieth and Thirty eighth Years of His present Majesty, in the like manner and to the same Extent as if such Ships had returned to any Port in Great Britain.

VIII. And whereas it may have happened that in some Instances the Provision in an Act of the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for further encouraging and regulating the Southern Whale Fishery*, requiring that such of the Foreigners as have formed or may form a Part of the Crews of Ships employed in the Southern Whale Fishery may not have taken the Oath of Allegiance, and made the Declarations thereby required; Be it therefore enacted, That no Ship or Vessel that has already sailed on the said Fishery, the Master of which has taken the Oath or made the Declarations required by the said Act, shall lose the Benefit of such Voyage by reason that all or any of the other Persons employed in navigating the said Ship or Vessel shall not have taken the said Oath or made the said Declarations.

C A P. XXXV.

An Act to secure to the Bank of Ireland the Repayment of all Monies advanced by them for the Purposes and in the Manner therein mentioned. [15th May 1811.]

WHEREAS His Grace the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, at the Recommendation of His Majesty's Privy Council for Ireland, did, in the Month of July One thousand eight hundred and ten, send unto John Pascoe, Alexander Jeffrey, Randall Mac Donnell, Francis Boyce, Richard Livers, John Ludlow, John Carbone, Richard Der-Cog, John Orr, Joseph Bone and William Alexander Stone, Esquires, to receive Applications from and look into the Securities of such Prisoners in Trade, pawns, pawnshop of Frods ultimately more than sufficient to answer all Demands on them, who had not the means of converting Cash Funds into Money as sufficient Securities in sufficient time to answer their Engagements, and were thereby incapacitated to carry on their Trade; and the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland agreed to advance to the said Persons, in some cases, such Sums, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds, as might enable them to give Relief to such Persons in Trade as aforesaid, and accordingly ad-

Provisions and
Conditions of
Trade, see c. 1.
See also c. 11, 12.

At G. 2. c. 18.
s. 2.
Limits of Fish-
ery extended.

Article Appren-
tices provided.

Benefits ex-
tended to Ships
returning to
Ports in Ireland.

Proviso for Vef-
els, the Masters
of which shall
have taken the
Oath, &c. re-
quired by
20 G. 2. c. 22.

• voted to them several Sums; and the said Petition is exhibited, or the Majority of them, did, out of the
 • said Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds, lend various Sums in several Petitions circumstances as above
 • described, who secured the Repayment thereof by Bonds or Obligations with Sureties, payable to the Go-
 • vernor and Company of the Bank of Ireland by virtue of a Statute, with Interest at the Rate of Six Pounds
 • per Centum per Annum, with Warrants of Attorney to execute Judgments thereon, or by Bills of Exchange
 • or Promissory Notes drawn on that Council, and for that Purpose, advanced the Petition to whom the said
 • Sums were lent were Drawers, Acceptors or Indorsers respectively; and some of the said Petition de-
 • posed Goods, Wares and Merchandises with the said Petition is contained, which by Instruments in Writing
 • executed by the Petitioners or whose full Names were set, are to be sold for Payment and Satisfaction of the
 • Money lent, with the Interest thereof as aforesaid, in such Default shall be made in the Payment thereof at
 • the time therein expressed, and for all Costs and Charges attending such Sale; and other special Custodians
 • and Agreements in Writing have been made, in respect of some Part of such Goods, by the Parties who de-
 • posited the same with the said Petition as aforesaid, or with their Secretary; And whereas the Commissions
 • of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, having taken the said Petition
 • readings into Consideration, have resolved, that whatsoever Sums or Sums have been or may be advanced by
 • the Bank of Ireland in the Petition hereafter recited, not exceeding Two hundred thousand Pounds, shall
 • be made good by that House, together with Interest, from the Date at which such Sums have been or may
 • be advanced respectively: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and it is enacted by
 • the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Tempo-
 • rary, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said
 • John Patrick, Alexander Jeffrey, Randall Mac Donnell, Francis Begg, Richard Lyons, John Lawley, John
 • Corbett, Richard Daving, John Orr, Joseph Stone and William Alexander Stone, Esquires, shall be, and they
 • are hereby constituted Commissioners for the Purpose of carrying the Provisions of this Act into Execution
 • and Effect; and the said Commissioners are hereby respectively required to execute the Powers and Authorities
 • given to them by this Act without any Fee, Reward, Emolument or Gratuity whatsoever.

Commissioners

Acts of Com-
missioners before
passing Act read.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Acts done by the said Petitioners in execution as aforesaid, and hereby
 approved to be Commissioners as aforesaid, or by the Majority of them, in Execution of the Trusts reposed in
 them by the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, in manner and for the Purposes herebefore mentioned, at any
 time before the passing of this Act; and all Bonds or Obligations, Commissions, Agreements, Warrants of At-
 torney, Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes or other Securities, taken by the said Petitioners for such Sums as
 have been advanced by the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, under the Orders of the said
 Petitioners, for the Purposes and in manner aforesaid, or for the Purpose of securing, declaring or confirming any
 Contract or Agreement made with the said Petitioners, shall be, and the same are hereby declared to be good,
 valid and effectual in the Law, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and that the Appointment of any Sec-
 retary, Solicitor, Clerks, Brokers, Messengers or Officers, heretofore made by the said Petitioners, and all Acts
 and Matters done by such Secretary, Solicitor, Clerks, Brokers, Messengers or Officers in the Service of the
 said Petitioners, or the necessary Execution of the Purposes aforesaid, shall be, and the same are hereby declared
 to be good, valid and effectual in all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Commissioners
to be sworn.

III. And be it further enacted, That any Two of the said Commissioners in this Act named, shall forth-
 with after the passing of this Act, and in pursuance or performance of the same, take an Oath before the
 Chancellor, or One of the Barons of the Exchequer of Ireland, which they or any of them are and is hereby
 authorized and required to administer, the Tenor whereof shall be as follows; that is to say,

Oath.

‘ I, A. B. do swear, That, according to the best of my Judgment, I will faithfully and impartially execute
 the several Powers and Trusts reposed in me by an Act of the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty’s
 Reign, intituled, [here set forth the Title of this Act] according to the Tenor and Purport of the said Act.’

And every other of the said Commissioners in this Act named shall likewise take the same Oath before
 the said Two Commissioners, who are hereby authorized and required to administer the same, after they shall them-
 selves have taken the said Oath as aforesaid.

Commissioners
may appoint
Officers.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners appointed by this Act shall have Power to
 meet and sit from time to time, in such Place and Places as they shall find most convenient, with or without
 Adjournment, to proceed in the Execution of this Act; and they, or the Majority of them, shall and may
 appoint and employ a Secretary and a Solicitor, and as many Clerks, Brokers, Messengers and Officers, as
 they shall find necessary; and shall and may, with the Cooks and Apparitors of the Lord Lieutenant or
 other Chief Governor or Governor of Ireland for the time being, pay to such Secretary, Solicitor, Clerks,
 Brokers, Messengers and Officers, and also to all such Persons who may have been or shall be employed in any
 of the said Offices, such reasonable Compositions or Rewards as the said Commissioners shall think meet,
 and shall and may give and tender to such Secretary, Solicitor, Clerks, Brokers and Officers respectively,
 an Oath for their faithful Devotion to all things relating to the due Performance of the Trusts reposed in
 them by the said Commissioners; and in all other things touching the Premises; and from time to time, at
 their Direction, disburse and discharge such Secretary, Solicitor, Clerks, Brokers, Messengers and other
 Officers, and appoint others in their Places; and such Secretary, Solicitor, Clerks, Brokers and Officers, are
 hereby required faithfully to execute and perform the said Trusts in them severally and respectively imposed,
 without taking any Reward or Gratuity whatsoever for such Service, other than such Salaries or Rewards as
 the said Commissioners shall direct and appoint in manner aforesaid.

Commissioners
to examine upon
Oath.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any
 Three or more of them, and they or as many as they shall think fit, to examine upon Oath, or on Affir-
 mation, if the Petition to be examined be a Quaker, which Oath or Affirmation they or any One or more of three

are and is hereby authorized to administer, to all Persons who shall be willing to be examined, touching all such Matters and Things as shall be necessary for the Execution of the Powers vested in the said Commissioners by this Act; and also to receive any Affidavits or Depositions in Writing upon Oath or Affirmation, touching such Matters or Things as aforesaid, which shall be made before any Justice of the Peace of any County, or any Magistrate of any City, Borough or Town Corporate in England, where or near to which the Person making such Affidavit or Deposition shall reside, and certified and transmitted to the said Commissioners, under the Hand and Seal of such Justice or Magistrate, which Oath or Affirmation every such Justice or Magistrate shall be and is hereby authorized and empowered to administer; provided that in every such Affidavit or Deposition there shall be expressed the Address of the Party making such Affidavit or Deposition, and the particular Place of his or her Abode.

VI. Provided always, That all such Oaths to be taken by any Person resident in the Cities of *London*, *Windsor*, *Leicester* and *Leamington*, or in the Towns of *Canby*, *Aspley*, *Drughda* and *Weymouth*, shall be taken before and certified by some Magistrate, named and approved for the Purpose by the said Commissioners to the Majesty of Great Britain.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, upon Examination upon Oath or Affirmation before the said Commissioners respectively, or if any Person or Persons making any such Affidavit or Deposition as before mentioned, shall wilfully or corruptly give false Evidence, or shall in such Affidavit or Deposition wilfully and corruptly swear, affirm or sledge any Matter or Thing which shall be false or untrue, every such Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be, and is hereby declared to be felony and liable in such Parts and Penalties as by any Law now in being, Persons convicted of a mortal and corrupt Felony are felony and liable to.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Bonds or Obligations, and all Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes, and Contracts whatsoever, taken or made either in the Name of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, or in the Name of the Secretary of the Bank so constituted, and hereby appointed to be Commissioners, shall have the same Force, Authority and Effect in every respect, as Obligations made to our Sovereign Lord the King; and such Process as is hereinafter directed to be issued, and all Proceedings thereon, shall be in the Name of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in like manner as to any Obligations made to His Majesty.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Proceedings shall be directed by the said Commissioners against any Obligor or Oblige named in any such Bond or Obligation, or against any Debtor, Acceptor or Indorser of any such Bill of Exchange, or Promissory Note, or Party to any such Contract in Writing as aforesaid, no Writ or Writs of *Juris Fidis* shall be required to be issued; but that upon the Production of a Certificate or Warrant under the Hands and Seals of the said Commissioners, bearing the Amount of the Money due from such Obligor or Oblige, Debtor, Acceptor or Indorser respectively, before any of the Barons of the said Court of Exchequer, and in case such intended Proceedings shall be against any Baron or Society, as any Person or Persons so liable either than the Person or Persons so above or for whose Use the Money was actually lent or advanced, then upon Proof of Notice having been served upon such Party or Parties, or left as his, her or their usual Place or Places of Abode respectively, Ten Days at least before such Application shall be made to such Baron, as Extent, in the Name of His Majesty, shall and may issue in the said Process upon the Part of such Baron, without any Affidavit or other Vindication or Proof of the Cause of such Proceeding than such Certificate or Warrant as aforesaid.

X. And be it further enacted, That after the due Payment of the Sums so advanced, with the Interest as aforesaid, as the same and in the manner specified in the Bond or Obligation, Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note or other Security taken for the same, every such Obligation, Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note or other Security, being fully satisfied according to the true Intent or Meaning of this Act, shall be forthwith delivered up to be cancelled; and in case any such Obligation, Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note or other Security, shall have been preferred according to the Direction of this Act, the said Commissioners or any Two or more of them shall, by a Warrant or Warrants under their Hands and Seals, send the proper Officer or Officers of the said Court of Exchequer as enter up Satisfaction on such Obligation, Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note or other Security, to being issued as aforesaid, upon the Record, or otherwise to deliver up the same to be cancelled, as the Case may require.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Obligation, Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, which has been or may be taken as aforesaid, and whereby any Person or Persons shall have engaged for the Reimbursement of any Sum of Money, other than the Person or Persons to whom or for whose Use such Sums has been or may be advanced, after Payment or Recovery thereupon by the said Commissioners of the same advanced or lent, with all Interest and Costs, in the manner required by this Act, shall stand and remain as a further Security, for the Purpose and in the manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, if any such Person or Persons is being merely a Surety or Sureties therein, his, her or their Executors or Administrators, shall have paid or satisfied any Part of such Sums, Interest or Costs, then such Obligation, Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, as against the Principal, his or their Executors or Administrators, shall stand as a Security as aforesaid for the Re-emburment of such Sums respectively, their Executors or Administrators, of the whole of the Sums so paid or satisfied, and so from time to time until such Re-emburments shall be fully made according to the Intent of this Act; and if any such Sureties or Surety, their or his Executors or Administrators, shall have paid or satisfied any Sum which shall bear a greater Proportion to the whole of the Sums recovered upon such Obligation, Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, than the Sum for which such Surety respectively shall have been engaged shall bear to the total Amount of all the several Sums of Money for which all the several Sureties shall have been engaged by such Obligation, Bill of Exchange

Of the above
provisions, the
said Act shall
be in force
from the
first day of
January, 1811.

Printed.

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or Promissory Note, then such Obligations as against every of the Sureties who shall not have paid or fulfilled an equal Proportion of the whole Sum recovered, according to the Sum for which he shall have been respectively engaged, their and every of their Heirs, Executors and Administrators respectively, shall stand as a Security for the Benefit of such Sureties or Surety, their Executors or Administrators respectively, who shall have paid or satisfied any such Sums as aforesaid, for the Purpose of enforcing a Contribution amongst such Sureties in an equal Proportion to the several Sums for which they shall have been respectively engaged, and so from time to time until such Contribution shall be fully made, according to the Intent of this Act; and that in every such case, upon the Application of any Sureties or Surety to the said Commissioners for any of the Purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners shall satisfy the respective Claims of such Sureties or Surety respectively, and the Sums to be recovered from such Principals or Sureties respectively, their and every of their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, to be adjusted and settled as herein is contained, so that the whole Sum recovered shall be distributed in an equal Proportion according to the Sums for which each Surety respectively hath been engaged in the same Obligation, Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, and so from time to time as the Case shall require; and thereupon the said Commissioners, or the Majority of them, by Warrant or Warrants in Writing under their Hands, shall from time to time direct Procees to issue for the Recovery of such Sums as they shall have so adjusted and settled, to be respectively recovered from and paid to such Parties respectively as they shall specify in such Warrant or Warrants, under and subject to the several Regulations and Directions in this Act contained as aforesaid.

XII. And he it further enacted, That such Procees as aforesaid shall and may lawfully issue on any such Obligation, Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note as aforesaid, against any such Principal or Principal, their or his Heirs, Executors or Administrators for the Benefit of any such Sureties or Surety, their or his Executors or Administrators as aforesaid, for the Benefit of any Co-Sureties or Co-Surety, their or his Executors or Administrators, notwithstanding the whole Sum which has been advanced to such Principals or Principal shall have been repaid; and in case Two or more Sureties shall have become bound by default Instruments for the same Period or Periods, and for or on account of the same Advance, all and every the Provisions aforesaid shall be applied in like manner, as well for the Benefit of an against such Sureties or Surety, and against such Principals or Principal, as if all such Sureties and Principals respectively were named in the same Instrument.

XIII. And he it further enacted, That all Goods, Wares and Merchandizes, which at any time before or after the passing of this Act, shall have been or shall be deposited with the Commissioners appointed by this Act for the Purposes aforesaid, shall be for such Purposes vested in the said Commissioners, by the Name of *The Commissioners for distributing the Sums advanced by the Bank of Ireland*, and shall and may be sold, applied and disposed of for Payment and Satisfaction of the Sums lent thereon, with the Interest thereof, and all Costs and Charges attending such Sale, whenever Default shall be made in Payment of such Sums, in such manner and at such times as shall here or shall be specified in the Instruments made and entered into at the time of the depositing of such Goods, Wares and Merchandizes respectively; and that the said Commissioners shall and may sue and be sued in the Name of their Secretary for the time being; and that an Action or Suit in Law or Equity, to be brought or commenced by or against the said Commissioners on account of this Act, in the Name of their Secretary for the time being, shall stand or be discontinued by the Death or Removal of such Secretary, or by the Act of such Secretary, without the Consent of the said Commissioners, but the Secretary to the said Commissioners for the time being shall always be deemed the Plaintiff or Defendant in such Action or Suit, as the case may be; and no Action or Suit shall be brought against the said Commissioners collectively or individually, or against their Secretary, except in the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, and with the Leave of such Court first had and obtained, and upon such Terms and Conditions as the said Court shall direct.

XIV. And he it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall from time to time, at their Discretion, or as often as they shall be thereunto required during their carrying on any Proceedings by virtue of this Act, and as far as possible after the Determination of such Proceedings, without any further Application, give an Account of their Proceedings in Writing to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, and also to the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being.

XV. And he it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall, whenever the Sums advanced or lent by them to any Person or Persons, or any Proprietor or Interestee thereof shall be repaid, deliver to the Person or Persons to whom the same shall have been advanced or lent, at his or their Request, a Receipt or Receipts under the Hands of the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, specifying the Amount of the Sum or Sums so received, and the Sum or Sums originally advanced or lent, and the times of paying thereof, and the times appointed for the Repayment thereof, and the Amount of the Principal then due, together with Interest, to be computed at the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, from the time of the Advance to the time of Payment as aforesaid; and that whenever the said Commissioners shall by their Warrant or Order direct any such Money to be raised or levied by Sale of any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes deposited as a Security for such Sums so lent and advanced, or by any Proceedings as any Securities taken as aforesaid, the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall deliver to the Officer or Officers executing the same respectively a true Receipt as aforesaid, and further specifying therein the Amount of the Money so raised or levied, and the Substance of the Warrant or Order of the Commissioners to raise or levy the same; and the Particulars of every such Receipt shall by the Secretary or Clerks to the said Commissioners, be entered in proper Books to be provided and kept for that Purpose at the Office of the said Commissioners; and the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, shall at the Foot of each Receipt stich such Entry under their Hands, and

direct

On Application of Sureties, Commissioners to make their Claims to be adjusted and settled, &c.

Procees shall issue for Recovery of the Sums so advanced, and against Sureties for Benefit of Co-Sureties.

Goods deposited with Commissioners, and to be sold in default of Payment of Sums advanced.

The said Commissioners sue and be sued.

Commissioners to give Account of Proceedings to Lord Lieutenant and Treasurers.

Receipts to be given by Commissioners.

deliver the said Receipts or Receipts to the Parties or Parties requiring the same; and every such Receipt to be attested, and every such Entry in any of the said Books, shall respectively from thenceforth be an Acquittance and Discharge for the Sums expressed therein to have been received, as aforesaid the said Commissioners and every of them, their and every of their Executors and Administrators, as well as the Parties or Parties to whom such Receipts shall be given, as to all and every Parties and Parties who shall have entered into any Security in respect of the Money mentioned in such Receipts, their and every of their Executors and Administrators respectively; and the said Commissioners shall, within Ten Days after the Receipt of any such Sums and Sums of Money, pay over to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, so much of every Sum so received by the said Commissioners, as shall be equal to the Principal Sum received, with Interest after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum on such Sums, from the time when the same was advanced by the said Governor and Company to the said Commissioners, up to the time of the Payment thereof; and the Cashier of the said Bank shall from time to time accept and receive such Sums from the said Commissioners, and give to the said Commissioners Receipts and Acquittances for the same, if required, which Receipts and Acquittances shall be entered in the proper Books of the said Commissioners, and shall be as Accipitales to the said Commissioners for so much and such Sums as shall be specified therein; and all the Expense of Interest which shall be received by the said Commissioners on such Sums or Sums as shall be repaid to them, exceeding the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, to be paid by them to the Governor and Company of the said Bank, shall by the said Commissioners be retained and employed as a Fund to defray all Costs and Expenses which shall here be, or may be incurred under the Direction of the said Commissioners, in the Execution of the Trusts to be imposed in them as aforesaid, and which shall be approved of by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, and the Surplus of such Excess of Interest (if any) shall be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, by the said Commissioners, and be applied in the first place, to make good any Loss which may accrue by the Insolvency of any Security taken by the said Commissioners, and the Remainder be made a Part of the Consolidated Fund.

Applied to Commissioners.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in case it shall happen that any Part of the said Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds, lent and advanced by the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland to the said Commissioners, shall not be fully paid and satisfied to the said Governor and Company, on or before the Eleventh Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, with Interest, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, from the time when the same shall have been respectively advanced to the said Commissioners, then and in such case such Deficiency shall and may be supplied and made good in manner hereafter mentioned, that is to say, that the Commissioners under this Act shall certify, by Writing under their Hands and Seals, or the Hands and Seals of any Six of them, to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, the Amount of the Principal and Interest so remaining unpaid by them, to the said Governor and Company, after the time when the same ought to have been paid and satisfied as aforesaid; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, in such the Lord High Treasurer as the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer, to issue One or more Treasury Bills or Bills to the Amount of such Deficiency, to pass current at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland, at the End of One Year after the Date thereof payable to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, with Interest from the Date thereof at Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, and that it shall be lawful for the said Governor and Company to receive the same: Provided always, that whatever Monies shall be afterwards received by the said Commissioners from the Parties liable, on account of the Sums or Sums so deficient, shall be paid by the said Commissioners into the Receipt of the Exchequer of Ireland, and shall be carried to and make Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

Making good Money lent by the Bank.

Provided.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any of the said Commissioners appointed by this Act shall decline to sit in the Execution of the Powers and Trusts hereof, or having begun to sit shall decline to sit any further therein, or shall die during the Continuance of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the remaining Commissioners, or the major Part of them acting as aforesaid, by any Writing under their Hands and Seals, and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to constitute and appoint such Person or Persons to be a Commissioner or Commissioners for the Purposes aforesaid, in the place of the Commissioner or Commissioners so refusing to sit, or dying as aforesaid, as the said sitting Commissioners or the major Part of them, with such Consent and Approbation as aforesaid, shall think fit; and so often as such Case shall happen, and the Person or Persons so constituted and appointed by the said Commissioners, with such Consent and Approbation as aforesaid, having first qualified to sit by taking and subscribing the Oath hereinbefore prescribed and directed, shall be invested with the same Powers and Authorities as are given or delegated by this Act unto the said Commissioners or Commissioners constituted by this Act respectively.

Commissioners refusing to sit.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done by virtue of or in pursuance of this Act, or in the Performance of any Matter authorized by this Act, until Fourteen Days Notice thereof in Writing shall have been given to the Secretary for the time being of the said Commissioners, nor after Six Calendar Months next after the Fast commencing, or ending of Adverses occurred, and every such Action shall be brought in the said Court of Exchequer, and shall be had in the County of the City of Dublin, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence on any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same be done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act, or the performance of any Matter authorized by this Act, and if the same shall appear to have been so done, or if such Action or Suit shall be brought after the time hereinbefore limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought

Notice of Actions and Trials of Actions.

General Issue.

brought without Fourteen Days Notice thereof, or shall be brought in any other County or Place, or after a sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become satisfied, or desire a Discontinuance of his, her or their Action or Actions, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Trouble Costs, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant or Defendants shall or have for Costs of Suit in any other cause by Law.

Treble Costs.

C A P. XXXVI.

An Act to facilitate the Execution of Justice within The Cinque Ports.

[25th May 1811.]

WHEREAS different Parishes, Hamlets, Districts or Villi, form Part of the Liberties of the Cinque Ports, some whereof are situate at a considerable Distance from the Port or Town of the Liberty wherof they respectively form Part: And whereas the Mayor or Bailiff, and Jurats, or by whatsoever Name or Names they are or have been called, of each of the said Cinque Ports, have from the time whereof the Memory of Man goeth to the contrary, held, exercised and enjoyed Jurisdiction in all Matters relating to the Office and Duty of Justice of the Peace within and throughout the Liberties of the respective Port or Town wherof they are or have been Mayor, Bailiff or Jurat, or by whatsoever Name or Names they are or have been called: And whereas such Mayors, Bailiffs and Jurats, or by whatsoever Name or Names they are or may have been called, are and have been generally resident in the adjacent Town or Port wherof they are or have been Mayors, Bailiffs or Jurats respectively, and some, or an insufficient Number of them, within or out unto the Parishes, Hamlets, Districts or Villi, forming Part of the Liberties of such Port: And whereas the Number of Jurats, or by whatever Name or Names they are or may have been called, is in each of the said Towns and Ports limited and insufficient to afford a constant Number of them to be resident at various Places within and throughout the Whole of the Liberties of their respective Ports, to act as Justices of the Peace therein, by reason whereof great Inconveniences, and many Defaults of Justice have frequently arisen, and are likely hereafter to arise in His Majesty's Subjells residing within and frequenting such Parishes, Hamlets, Districts or Villi, unless Provision be made for Remedy thereof: And whereas it would tend to the Relief of such Inconveniences and Defaults, and would greatly conduce to the due, prompt and effectual Administration of Justice, and Execution of divers Acts of Parliament passed and hereafter to be passed, and to the better Preservation of the Peace within and throughout the said Parishes, Hamlets, Districts and Villi, if proper Persons resident within or near unto the said Parishes, Hamlets, Districts and Villi, were constituted Justices of the Peace within and throughout the same, and invested with the same Power and Authority within the same as doth now or in any case did appertain or belong to any Mayors, Bailiffs or Jurats, or by whatsoever other Name or Names they are or may have been called, of any Cinque Port, to exercise within the same: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty and His Successors, Kings and Queens of this Realm, from time to time, and as often as Occasion shall require, to dress a Commission or Commissions to be prepared and used under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to be directed to certain Persons to be named in such Commission or Commissions, constituting them to be Justices of the Peace, and each of them to be a Justice of the Peace within and throughout the Liberties of the Cinque Ports, and investing them and each of them with the same Power and Authority as doth now or at any Time did appertain or belong to any Mayor, Bailiff or Jurat, or by whatsoever other Name or Names they are or may have been called, to exercise within the Liberties of the Port or Town wherof they were or are Mayor, Bailiff or Jurat, or by whatsoever other Name or Names they are or may have been called; and that from and after such Commission or Commissions shall have so issued, all Persons and every Person named in any such Commission or Commissions, shall be, and they and each of them are and is hereby declared to be Justices and a Justice of the Peace within and throughout the Liberties of the Cinque Ports, and invested with the same Power and Authority within and throughout the same, as doth now or at any Time did appertain or belong to any Mayor, Bailiff or Jurat, or by whatsoever other Name or Names they are or may have been called, to exercise within the Liberties of the Port or Town wherof they are or were Mayor, Bailiff or Jurat, or by whatsoever other Name or Names they are or may have been called; any Prescription, Usage, Custom or Charter, Law or Laws to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

His Majesty may appoint Justices of the Peace within the Liberties of the Cinque Ports.

Facilitation of such Justices.

II. Provided always, and be it hereby further enacted, That no Person or Persons to be named in any such Commission or Commissions, shall be thereby or by the Act authorized or empowered to grant Licenses or Certificates for Licenses to any Victualler resident within any Liberty belonging to any Cinque Port, Ancient Town or Corporate Town, or to act as or be any General or Adjoined Justice to be holden in or for any of the Cinque Ports, Two Ancient Towns or the Corporate Towns hereafter mentioned, or to sit, hear or determine or vote upon any matter or thing which shall or may be brought before any General or Adjoined Session to be holden in or for any of the Cinque Ports, Two Ancient Towns or the Corporate Towns hereafter mentioned, or to sit, hear or determine any matter or thing, or do any Act as Justice or Justice of Peace within or with regard to any matter or thing which shall happen, arise or fall out within the Towns of *Hastings*, *Eastwich*, *Dover*, *New Romney* or *Rye*, or any or either of them, or within the ancient Towns of *Rye* or *Winchester*, or either of them, or within the Corporate Towns of *Prothery*, *Seaford*, *Liph*, *Falsham*, *Fringsham*, *Firdwich*, *Tonbridge* or *Deal*, or any or either of them, or to elect or challenge, or have any Power, Pre-eminence or Authority, within any of the said Towns, Ancient Towns

or Corporate Towns, or any Right, Privilege, Franchise or Immunity, belonging or appertaining to any Member of the Corporation of the said Towns, Ancient Towns or Corporate Towns, any or One of them.

III. Provided always, and be it hereby further enacted, That no Person or Persons to be named in such Commission or Commissions shall be thereby, or by this Act authorized to act as a Justice or Justices of the Peace, unless he and they shall have such Qualifications respectively, as would entitle him and them respectively to act as a Justice or Justices of the Peace for any County in England, and unless he and they shall respectively have taken and subscribed the Oaths, and delivered in at some General Sessions, to be holden in and for some one of the Cinque Ports, the Certificate respectively required to be taken and subscribed, and delivered in by Persons qualifying themselves to act for Counties in England.

IV. Provided also, and be it hereby enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for all Justices named in such Commission or Commissions, who shall have duly qualified themselves as herebefore directed, in all as Justices of the Peace within their own Houses or Places of Residence, although the same may not be situated within the Liberties of the Cinque Ports, and that all Acts which shall be in force by such Justices within their own Houses or Places of Residence, shall be good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, as the same would have been if the same had been done by such Justices within the Liberties of the Cinque Ports.

V. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, all and every the Justice and Justice of the Peace for the County of Essex shall have full Power and Authority to do all and every Act, and to hear and determine all Matters and Things competent for a Justice or Justices of the Peace to do, hear or determine, in respect of any Matter or Thing arising within, or relating to the Parish of Brighthelmston, in the said County of Essex, and also to grant Licences or Commissions for Licences to all Villagers resident within the said Parish of Brighthelmston, as he or they would or might have in case the said Parish of Brighthelmston was to all Intents and Purposes Part of the said County of Essex, and was out or had not been annexed to, or did not form, or had not formed Part of the Liberty of the Town and Port of Southwold aforesaid.

VI. And be it hereby further enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Coroners for the County of Essex shall have Cognizance of all Matters and Things whereof it appertaineth to the Office of Coroner to have Cognizance, which shall happen or fall out within the said Parish of Brighthelmston, and shall do and execute all Matters and Things appertaining to the Office of Coroner to do and execute within the said Parish of Brighthelmston, and be paid for the same in such and the same manner as they ought and should have done and been paid in case the said Parish of Brighthelmston was to all Intents and Purposes Part of the said County of Essex, and was out or had not been annexed to, or did not form, or had not formed Part of the Liberties of the Town and Port of Southwold aforesaid.

VII. And be it hereby further enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, all Offenders to be committed or imprisoned for any Offence committed within the said Parish of Brighthelmston, shall be committed to, and imprisoned and delivered at, such Place and Places, Time and Times, as they would have been committed to, imprisoned in, and delivered at, in case the said Parish of Brighthelmston was Part of the said County of Essex, and that such Offenders shall be maintained and kept in such Place or Places, and conveyed to and from Trial at the Expence of the said County of Essex; and that the Treasurer or Treasurers of the said County of Essex shall, he and they in and see hereby respectively authorized to demand and receive of the Overseers of the Poor of the said Parish of Brighthelmston, such Sum and Sums as they shall respectively pay to any Coroner of the said County of Essex, for an Matter or Thing done by such Coroner within the said Parish of Brighthelmston, and such further Sum and Sums as the Justices of the said County of Essex shall, at the Sessions to be holden by them next after the Close of Exchequer in each Year, determine to be double the average Amount of the Expence per Day of feeding and cloathing a Prisoner in their County Gaol, for each Day any Offender shall be confined or imprisoned in any Place of Confinement within their County, in lieu and Satisfaction of all Contributions from the said Parish of Brighthelmston to the Rate of the said County; and the Treasurer or Treasurers of the said County of Essex shall have the due Receipts and Receipts for receiving and recovering the Payment of such Sum and Sums, as he or they may have for receiving or recovering the Payment of the County Rate from any Parish of the said County; and the said Overseers are hereby required to pay the same accordingly, out of the Rates to be made and collected within the said Parish for the Relief of the Poor thereof; Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to be construed to extend to deprive the Mayor and Jurors of Southwold to make or levy any Rate, Cota or Impost, they are now authorized to make or levy within the said Parish of Brighthelmston, or on the Inhabitants thereof, other than and except for any Expence to be incurred for the Raising, Satisfaying or Repair, of any Gaol or Place of Confinement of Offenders within the said Town and Port of Southwold, or the Liberties thereof, or in the Maintenance, Clothing or Keeping of any Offenders there, or the Trials of any such Offenders.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, all and every the Justice and Justice of the Peace for the County of Kent shall have full Power and Authority to do all and every Act, and to hear and determine all Matters and Things competent for a Justice or Justices of the Peace to do, hear or determine, in respect of any Matter or Thing arising within or relating to the Parish of Stoughton, and the Hamlet of Grange otherwise Grange, in the said County of Kent, and also to grant Licences or Commissions for Licences to all Villagers resident within the said Parish of Stoughton, or Hamlet of Grange otherwise Grange, as he or they would or might have in

Qualification of Justices.

May act as Justices in their own Houses, though not within the Liberties.

Justice of the County of Essex to act in Brighthelmston.

Coroner of Essex County in the Parish of Brighthelmston.

How Malefactors, &c. of Offenders committed to or imprisoned in the County Gaol of Essex, from Brighthelmston, Acted.

Powers.

Justice of the County of Kent to act in Southwold and Grange.

case the said Parish of *Bealshayre* or Hamlet of *Grange* otherwise *Green*, were or are Inquests and Parishes Part of the said County of *Kent*, and were not and had not been annexed to, or did not form, or had not formed Part of the Liberties of the Town and Port of *Hajlage* aforesaid.

X. And be it hereby further enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Coroners for the County of *Kent* shall have Cognizance of all Matters and Things whatsoever it appertaineth to the Office of Coroner to have Cognizance, which shall happen or fall out within the said Parish of *Bealshayre*, or Hamlet of *Grange* otherwise *Green*, and shall do and execute all things appertaining to the Office of Coroner to do and execute within the said Parish of *Bealshayre*, and Hamlet of *Grange* otherwise *Green*, and be paid for the same in such and the same manner as they ought and should have done and been paid, in case the said Parish of *Bealshayre* and Hamlet of *Grange* otherwise *Green* was to all Inquests and Parishes Part of the said County of *Kent*, and was not and had not been annexed to, and did not form, and had not formed Part of the Liberties of the Town and Port of *Hajlage*.

XI. And be it hereby enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, all Offences to be committed or imprisoned for any Offence committed within the Parish of *Bealshayre*, or the Hamlet of *Grange* otherwise *Green*, shall be committed or imprisoned in such Place or Places, and delivered at such Town or Towns, Place or Places as they would have been committed to, imprisoned in and delivered at, in case the said Parish of *Bealshayre*, and Hamlet of *Grange* otherwise *Green*, were respectively Part of the said County of *Kent*, and that such Offenders shall be maintained and kept in such Place or Places, and conveyed to and from Trial at the Expence of the said County of *Kent*, and that the Treasurers of the said County of *Kent*, or the Treasurers of the Divisions of the said County of *Kent*, shall, and he they or it are hereby respectively authorized to demand and receive of the Overlives or Overlives of the Poor of the said Parish of *Bealshayre*, or Hamlet of *Grange* otherwise *Green* respectively, such Sums or Sums as they shall respectively pay to any Coroner of the said County of *Kent*, for any Misdemeanor or Thing done by such Coroner within the said Parish of *Bealshayre*, or the Hamlet of *Grange* otherwise *Green*, and such further Sums and Sums as the Justices of the Divisions of which such Treasurers shall be the Treasurers, shall, at the Discretion to be by them holden next after the Close of *Assize* in each Year, determine to be double the average Amount of the Expence per Day of feeding and cloathing a Prisoner in the Goal of their respective Divisions, for each Day any Offender shall be so confined or imprisoned in any Place of Confinement within such respective Divisions, in lieu and Satisfaction of all Contribution from the said Parish of *Bealshayre*, or Hamlet of *Grange* otherwise *Green*, to the Rate of the said County; and the said Treasurers or Treasurers shall have the same Remedy and Remedies for recovering and enforcing the Payment of such Sums or Sums, as he or they now have respectively for recovering and enforcing the Payment of the County Rate from any Parish of the said County; and the said Overlives and Overlives aforesaid are hereby required to pay the same accordingly out of the Rates to be respectively made and collected within the said Parish and Hamlet for the Relief of the respective Poor thereof accordingly: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to deprive the Mayor and Jurats of *Hajlage* of any Power to seize or keep any Rate, Toll or Deposit, they are now authorized to seize or keep within the said Parish of *Bealshayre*, or the Hamlet of *Grange* otherwise *Green*, or either of them, or as the Inhabitants of them or either of them, other than and except for any Expence to be incurred for the Rebuilding, Substantiation or Repair of any Goal or Place of Confinement of Offenders within the said Town and Port of *Hajlage*, or the Liberties thereof, or in the Maintenance, Clothing and Keeping of any Offenders therein, as in regard to the Trial of any such Offenders.

C A P. XXXVII.

An Act further to prevent the Marriage of Lunatics.

[31st May 1811.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Parliament of Great Britain, in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, to prevent the Marriage of Lunatics: And whereas it is expedient that the Provision of the said Act should be extended to *Ireland*: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Expence of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, in case any Person who has been, or at any time hereafter shall be found a Lunatic by any Inquisition taken or to be taken by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal of Great Britain, or the Great Seal of *Ireland* respectively, or any Justice or Justice under a Pharmacy, whole Parish and Estate by virtue of any Act of Parliament now or hereafter shall be committed to the Care and Custody of particular Trustees, shall marry before he or she shall be detached of Law Mmad by the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain or *Ireland*, or the Lord Justice or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal of Great Britain or *Ireland* for the time being, or such Trustees as aforesaid, or the major Part of them respectively, as the Nature of the Case shall require, every such Marriage shall be and is hereby declared to be null and void so all Inquests and Parishes whatsoever.

C A P. XXXVIII.

An Act to protect Masters against Embezzlements by their Clerks and Servants, in *Ireland*.

[31st May 1811.]

WHEREAS Barbers, Merchants and others, in *Ireland*, are in the Course of their Dealings and Transactions, frequently obliged to entrust their Servants, Clerks and Persons employed by them in the like Capacity, with receiving, paying, negotiating, exchanging or transferring Money,

• Goods, Bonds, Bills, Notes, Bankers' Drafts and other valuable Effects and Securities: And whereas it is expedient that the embarking of the same by such Servants, Clerks and others so employed by their Masters, should be punishable as a Misdemeanor, by the Law in that Part of the United Kingdom called 'Ireland': Be it enacted and declared by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Servant or Clerk, or any Person employed for the Purpose or in the Capacity of a Servant or Clerk, to any Person or Persons whatsoever, or to any Body Corporate or Politick, in that Part of the United Kingdom called 'Ireland', shall by virtue of such Employment, receive or take into his Possession, any Money, Goods, Bond, Bill, Note, Banker's Draft or other valuable Security or Effects, for or in the Name or on the Account of his Master or Mistress, or Employer or Employers, and shall fraudulently receive or take away with the same or any Part thereof, every such Offender shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and to have committed the same upon his Master or Mistress, Employer or Employers, for whose Use or in whose Name or on whose Account, the same was or were delivered to or taken into the Possession of such Servant, Clerk or other Person so employed, although such Money, Goods, Bond, Bill, Note, Banker's Draft or other valuable Security, was or were so otherwise received into the Possession of such Master or Mistress, Employer or Employers, than by Delivery into the actual Possession of his or their Servant, Clerk or other Person so employed, for the Use or Benefit of his Master; and every such Offender, his Procurer, Aid or Abettor, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be liable to be transported to such Parts beyond the Seas, as His Majesty, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, shall appoint, for any Term not exceeding Fourteen Years, in the Discretion of the Court before whom such Offender shall be convicted or adjudged.

Restoration of
Clerks taking
into their Possession
Money, Goods,
Bills, Notes,
Bankers' Drafts,
or other valuable
Effects or Securities
Misdemeanor

Transportation.

C A P. XXXIX.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act, passed in the Parliament of 'Ireland', in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the better Regulation of the Linnen and Hemp Manufactures*, as takes away the Benefit of Clergy from Felons convicted of Stealing Cloth from Bleaching Grounds; and for more effectually preventing such Felonies.

[31st May 1811.]

• WHEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of 'Ireland', in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the better Regulation of the Linnen and Hemp Manufactures*, it is, amongst other things, enacted, That no Felon convicted, according to the Course of the Law and Statutes of that Kingdom, of Stealing of Linnen, Hempen or Cotton Yarn, or Linnen or Hempen Cloth, or Cloth made of Linnen and Cotton Yarn, or any Materials or Utensils used in bleaching the same, above the Value of Five Shillings, from or out of any Bleachyard, Backhouse or Workhouse thereto belonging, whether the Fact be committed by Day or Night, shall be allowed the Benefit of Clergy: And whereas the said Act has not been found sufficient for the Prevention of the Crimes therein mentioned, and it is therefore expedient that so much of the said Act as is herebefore recited should be repealed: And whereas it is expedient that more effectually to prevent the aforesaid Crimes, if the same were punishable more severely than Single Larceny: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said recited Act as is herebefore recited shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be and the same is hereby repealed.

30 p. 310. a. 4
517.

repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, every Person who shall be convicted in 'Ireland', according to the Course of the Law and Statutes of that Part of the United Kingdom, of feloniously Stealing Linnen, Hempen or Cotton Yarn, or Linnen or Hempen Cloth, or Cloth made of Linnen and Cotton Yarn, or any Materials or Utensils used in bleaching the same, above the Value of Five Shillings, from or out of any Bleachyard, Backhouse or Workhouse thereto belonging, whether the Fact be committed by Day or Night, shall be liable to be transported beyond the Seas for Life, or for such Term, not less than Seven Years, as the Judge before whom any such Person shall be convicted shall adjudge; or shall be liable, in case the said Judge shall think fit, to be imprisoned only, or to be imprisoned and kept to hard Labour to the Common Goal, House of Correction or Penitentiary House, for any Term not exceeding Seven Years.

Stealing Linnen
from Bleach-
yards, &c.
Transportation,
&c.

C A P. XL.

An Act to explain and amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for repealing certain Parts of several Acts relating to the limiting the Number of Persons to be carried by Stage Coaches in 'Ireland'.

[31st May 1811.]

• WHEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of 'Ireland', passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to explain and reduce into One Act, the Laws for the better regulating and amending the Turnpike Roads leading from the Town of Nunn, in the Town of Maryborough and Bellinany, from the said Town of Maryborough to the City of Limerick, and from the Town of Nough to O'Brien's Bridge*; the Tolls granted by the said Act are varied in certain Partes in the said Act mentioned, and the Barrower of them, and the Executors and Administrators of such Barrower, upon the Conditions and for the Purpose in the said Act specified, for the Term of Thirty Years from the passing of the said Act: And whereas by an Act of the Parliament of 'Ireland', passed in the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain and amend an Act of the Twenty fourth of George*

210. 1. c. 1.

210. 1. c. 1.

* the Third, for improving and repairing the Road from Dublin to Kilsheen Bridge, and the Twenty one Mile
 * Road, Stage Coaches, Stage Landau, Stage Chaises or Chaises, carrying Passengers paying for their
 * Passage respectively, are subjected to the Payment of Double the Tolls on the said Roads than any Coaches,
 * 38 G. 3 (1) 12.
 * Landau, Chaises or Chaises, were then respectively subject to by former Acts than; and
 * whereas by an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His pre-
 * sent Majesty, entitled, *An Act to explain and reduce into One All the several Laws for making, improving,
 * and repairing the Turnpike Road leading from the City of Dublin to Kilsheen Bridge, in the County of Kildare,
 * and to the Twenty one Mile Street Westward of the said Bridge, and for prolonging the Duration of the Act for
 * repairing the Road from Nass to Louisa, and for the further Improvement of the Road from Edgeworth Mount-
 * tain to the City of Cork;* by the said Act appointed and granted to be valid and collected as the
 * said Road from Dublin to Kilsheen Bridge are voted in certain Provisions, their Executors and Administrators,
 * for the Term of Fifty Years, for the Purpose of repairing, improving and keeping in Repair the said Road,
 * subject nevertheless to the several Debts, Charges and Conditions therein mentioned, and amongst others,
 * subject to the Payment of a Debt of Four thousand five hundred Pounds, bearing Interest at the Rate of
 * Six per Centum per Annum, and subject also to the Payment of the Interest of a further Debt of Nine thou-
 * sand Pounds affecting the said Tolls, bearing Interest at the Rate of Five per Centum; and the Provisions in
 * which the said Tolls are respectively voted for the Purposes aforesaid, are bound to certain Provisions for the
 * due and faithful Performance of the several Matters and Things by the said several Acts required to be done,
 * executed and performed; and by the said recited Act of the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty,
 * the Term of Thirty Years, mentioned in the said Act recited Act of the Thirty third Year, is extended to
 * the like Term of Fifty Years; and whereas by the said Two recited Acts of the Thirty third and Thirty
 * eighth Years of His present Majesty, Stage Coaches and other Carriages, carrying Passengers for Hire upon
 * both the said Roads are subjected to as higher Rate of Toll than other Carriages drawn by the same Number
 * of Horses; and the Number of Passengers, both Inside and Outside, are by the said Two Acts of the
 * Thirty third and Thirty eighth Years of His present Majesty limited, and the Tolls accordingly increased,
 * so that each Stage Coach and other Carriages carrying Passengers for Hire shall carry more Inside or
 * Outside Passengers than specified in the said Acts: And whereas, upon the Faith of the said Acts of the
 * Thirty seventh and Thirty eighth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, and on the Credit of the Tolls
 * thereby voted in the Provisions in the said Act mentioned, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns,
 * large Sums have been advanced by each Person in paying off the said Debt of Four thousand five hundred
 * Pounds, and the Interest thereof, to be chargeable on the said Roads from Dublin to Kilsheen Bridge, and in
 * paying and keeping down the Interest on the said Sum of Nine thousand Pounds, also chargeable thereon,
 * and which said last mentioned Sum of Money still remains due and owing, and other large Sums have also
 * been advanced and expended in the Improvement of the said Roads, which are brought to a high State of
 * Perfection; and upon the Faith of the said Act of the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty, and of
 * the said Act of the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty, large Sums of Money have been advanced
 * and expended in the Improvement of the said Turnpike Roads: And whereas by an Act made in the last
 * Session of Parliament, entitled, *An Act to repeal certain Parts of several Acts of the Parliament of Ireland,
 * in so far as relates to the limiting the Number of Passes to be carried by Stage Coaches or other Carriages, and
 * for making other Limitations in law thereof, and for other Purposes relating therein,* it is, among other things,
 * 39.
 * enacted, that so much of the several Acts of the Parliament of Ireland as relates to the Limitation of Pas-
 * sengers to be conveyed by Stage Coaches, and other Four-wheeled Carriages; also so much of the said
 * Acts as relates to the additional Tolls and Provisions which are thereby demanded and imposed in case of a
 * greater Number being conveyed by Stage Coaches and other Four-wheeled Carriages than is specified by
 * the aforesaid Acts, shall be and the same are repealed; and it is also by the said recited Act of the last Ses-
 * sion of Parliament further enacted, that no Coach or other Carriage described in the said Act, conveying
 * Persons for Hire, shall be charged or compelled to pay at any Toll or Turnpike Gate any greater Toll than
 * is paid by other Coaches or Carriages drawn by an equal Number of Horses; any thing in any Act to the
 * contrary in any wise notwithstanding; by which Provisions in the said last recited Act mentioned, if the
 * same were applied to the Roads in the said Acts of the Thirty third, Thirty seventh and Thirty eighth
 * Years mentioned, the Toll payable by Stage Coaches and other Carriages carrying Passengers for Hire on
 * the said Roads would be so reduced that the Fees applicable to the Purposes of the said recited Acts of the
 * Thirty third and Thirty eighth Years aforesaid, would be considerably diminished, and the Roads in the
 * said Act mentioned would be thereby materially injured, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the
 * said Acts: Be it therefore declared and enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the
 * Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament
 * assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the heretofore recited Clauses and Provisions in the said
 * recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, or any Clauses or Provisions whatsoever in the said recited Act
 * contained, whereby the Limitation of Passengers to be conveyed by Stage Coaches, or the additional Tolls or
 * Provisions relating to Carriages conveying Persons for Hire are repealed, shall not extend nor be construed to
 * extend to the said Turnpike Road, leading from the City of Dublin to Kilsheen Bridge, and from Nass to
 * Louisa, or either of them, nor to repeal or alter any of the Provisions, Clauses or Regulations contained in
 * the said recited Acts of the Thirty third, Thirty seventh and Thirty eighth Years of the Reign of His pre-
 * sent Majesty, or either of them, with regard to Stage Coaches or other Carriages carrying Passengers for
 * Hire on the said Roads, or either of them.

39 G. 3 c. 12.
 not to extend to
 Roads only.
 Acts 21, 22 and
 37 G. 3 (1)

former Tolls
 taken on Roads

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to
 and for all and every Person and Persons in whom the Tolls are voted under the said recited Act of the Thirty

third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, that and each and every of their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, to have, demand, receive and take upon the said Road leading from *New to Margherough* and *Blyssan*, and from *Margherough to Lonskov*, and from *Newagh to O'Brien's Bridge*, within the Limits for that Purpose specified by the said Act of the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty, and during the Continuance of the said Act of the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty, by such Person or Persons as they shall authorize thereto, such Tolls and Penalties, and in such cases respectively as by the said last recited Act they are authorized and empowered to have, demand, receive and take; any thing in the said Act of the said Session of Parliament to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding; and that, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every Person and Persons in whose the Tolls are vested under the said second Act of the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and for their and each and every of their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, to have, demand, receive and take upon the said Road leading from *Duflin to Kilsbha Bridges*, and to the Twenty one Mile Stone Westward of the said Bridge, within the Limits for that Purpose specified by the said Act of the Thirty eighth Year of his present Majesty, and during the Continuance thereof, by such Person or Persons as they shall authorize thereto, such Tolls and Penalties, and in such cases respectively, as by the said Act of the Thirty seventh and Thirty eighth Years they are authorized and empowered to have, demand, levy, receive and take; any thing in the said second Act of the last Session of Parliament to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

III. And he it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, such and the like Tolls and Penalties as under the said heretofore recited Acts of the Parliament of Ireland of the Thirty third, Thirty seventh and Thirty eighth Years of His present Majesty, or either of them, could or might be demanded, raised, levied and taken before the passing of the last recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, upon the Roads in the said Acts mentioned, shall and may be hereafter from time to time demanded, raised, levied and taken in such manner and under such Rules and Regulations, as all reports, as by the said recited Acts, or any of them, are specially enacted and provided; any thing in the last recited Act of the last Session of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And he it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied and amended by any Act during this Session of Parliament.

C A P. XII.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act, passed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for the more effectually preventing the Printing of Lies, Fables and Contumacious News, in Buildings, Fields, Grounds and other Places used for printing, whitening, bleaching or drying the fens*, as takes away the Benefit of Clergy from Persons stealing Cloth in Places therein mentioned; and for more effectually preventing such Felonies.

[31st May 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for the more effectually preventing the Printing of Lies, Fables and Contumacious News, in Buildings, Fields, Grounds and other Places used for printing, whitening, bleaching or drying the fens*, it is, amongst other things, enacted, That every Person who at any time after the First Day of June One thousand seven hundred and forty for sooth, by Day or Night, feloniously had any Laces, Fustian, Calico, Cotton Cloth, or Cloth worked, wove, or made of any Cotton or Linen Yarn mixed, or any Thread, Laces or Cotton Yarn, Laces or Cotton Tapes, laces, Filletings, Laces, or any other Laces, Fustians, or Cotton Goods or Wares whatsoever, hid, placed or exposed to be printed, whitened, bleached or dyed, in any whiting, or bleaching Cress, Leads, Fields or Grounds, Bookings, Heaps, Drying Heaps, Printing Houles, or other Building, Ground or Place made use of by any Calico Printer, Whiten, Cresser, Booker or Bleacher, for printing, whitening, bleaching, or drying of the fens, to the Value of Ten Shillings, or who shall aid or assist, or shall wilfully or maliciously hire or procure any Person or Persons to commit any such Offence, or who shall buy or receive any such Goods or Wares so taken, knowing the same to be stolen as aforesaid, being lawfully convicted thereof, shall be guilty of Felony; and that every such Offender shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy: And whereas the said Act has not been found effectual for the Prevention of the Crimes therein mentioned, and it is therefore expedient that so much of the said Act as is herein before recited should be repealed: And whereas it might tend more effectually to prevent the aforesaid Crimes if the same were punishable more severely than simple Felony: So it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said Act as is herein before recited shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. And he it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, every Person who shall feloniously steal any Laces, Fustian, Calico, Cotton Cloth, or Cloth worked, wove or made of any Cotton or Linen Yarn mixed, or any Thread, Laces or Cotton Yarn, Laces or Cotton Tapes, laces, Filletings, Laces or any other Laces, Fustians, or Cotton Goods or Wares whatsoever, hid, placed or exposed to be printed, whitened, bleached or dyed in any whiting or bleaching Cress, Leads, Fields or Grounds, Booking Heaps, Drying Heaps, Printing Heaps or other Building, Ground or Place made use of by any Calico Printer, Whiten, Cresser, Booker or Bleacher, for printing, whitening, bleaching, or drying of the fens, to the Value of Ten Shillings, or who shall aid or assist, or who shall wilfully or maliciously hire or procure any other Person or Persons to commit any such Offence, or who shall buy or receive any such Goods or Wares so taken, knowing the same to be stolen as aforesaid, being lawfully convicted thereof, shall be liable to be transported beyond the Seas for Life, or for such Term not less than Seven Years, as the Judge before whom

when any such Privilege shall be considered shall adjudge; or shall be liable, in case the said Judge shall think fit, to be imprisoned and kept to hard Labour in the Common Gaol, House of Correction or Penitentiary House, for any Term not exceeding three Years.

C A P. XLII.

An Act to empower the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to exonerate Distillers of Spirits from Suggs, from the Excess of the Duties to which they were liable in consequence of the Expiration of an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, about the Duties imposed by the said Act. [21st May 1811.]

45 G. 3. c. 17.
42 G. 3. c. 49.
42 G. 3. c. 51.

WHEREAS an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for granting Duties on Worts or Wash made from Suggs, during the Prohibition of Distillation from Cereals or Grass in Great Britain*, expired on the Thirtieth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ten; and by the Expiration thereof, the former High Duties imposed by Two several Acts of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, the one thereof, intitled, *An Act to repeal the Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*; and the other thereof, intitled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty, until Twelve Months, after the Repeal of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain*, for and in respect of Wort or Wash brewed or made in that Part of Great Britain called England, from Suggs or any Mixture therewith for distilling or Spirts for House Consumption, and also the High Duties imposed by Two several Acts of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for and in respect of Spirits made or distilled in any Part or Place in Scotland, for Consumption in Scotland, from Suggs or any Mixture therewith, and the High Duties by the said Acts mentioned Acts imposed, for or in respect of the Cubical Content or Capacity of Stillts used or employed in Scotland, for the Purpose of making or Stillling of Low Wines or Spirts for Consumption in Scotland from Malts or Suggs, or any Mixture therewith, and also the High Duties for or in respect of Spirts made or distilled in that Part of Great Britain called England, and imported or brought from thence into Scotland, and for or in respect of Spirts manufactured in Scotland, and brought from thence into that Part of Great Britain called England, is revived: And whereas some Distillers in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland have, from the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eleven, made Entry for the Distillation of Spirts for Exportation to that Part of Great Britain called England from Cereals or Grass: And whereas every Distiller and Maker of Spirts have, with the Concurrence of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, obtained from making or brewing Worts or Wash for Distillation from Oats, Barley, or any other Cereals or Grass, or from Malt, Flour or Bran, or any Mixture with the same, and have caused themselves to the Use of Worts or Wash brewed and made from Suggs for extracting Spirts for House Consumption; and although some Distillers in Scotland have, from the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eleven, made Entry for the Distillation of Spirts from Cereals or Grass for Exportation from thence to that Part of Great Britain called England, yet such last mentioned Distillers have, with the Concurrence of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, forborne to make any Spirts or such Exportation as aforesaid under such Entries as last aforesaid: So it therefore ordered by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall be at Liberty to exonerate and discharge all and every such Distiller and Distiller and Maker and Maker of Spirts in England and Scotland respectively, from and to exempt to them respectively, such and so much of the said High Duties for or in respect of any such Wort or Wash brewed or made from Suggs and distilled as aforesaid from the said Thirtieth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ten, and also from such of the said High Duties for or in respect of any such Wort or Wash which shall be actually distilled into Spirts before the Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, as shall exceed the Amount of the Duties which would have become due and payable under or by virtue of the said Act of the Thirtieth [sic] Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, had the same remained and continued in Force to the time of paying, [sic] &c. &c. and also to exonerate and discharge all and every Distiller and Distiller in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, from so much of the said High Duties for or in respect of the Cubical Content or Capacity of such Stillts as aforesaid as shall exceed the Rate of Duty which would have accrued or become payable under or by virtue of an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for granting certain Duties on Worts or Wash made from Suggs, during the Prohibition of Distillation from Cereals or Grass in Great Britain*, and from any of the said respective Charges, as to such Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall, on any Certificate or Certificates of such and every such Case, appear to them to be just and reasonable: any thing in any Act of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding. [21st May 1811. c. 55. 256.]

Treasury may
exone. Exemption
of High
Duties on Wash
made from Suggs,
and distilled from
the 31. Decem.
and before
June 20. 1811.
intended.

Proviso for
Distillers distil-
ling or exone.
Worts made
from Suggs.

II. Provided always, and he it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend, to prevent or hinder any Distiller or Distillers from distilling into Spirts any Worts or Wash which shall have been actually brewed or made from Suggs, and of which an Account shall have been taken by the Officers or Officers of Excise on or before the Fifteenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and also subject to such Rate of Duty as would or might have been payable if the said worded Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign had not expired: And provided further, That every such Distiller in distilling into Spirts any Wort or Wash on or after the Twentieth Day of June aforesaid shall not, from and after the Twentieth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, sell or have melted any Suggs in the making or preparing of any Wort or Wash for Distillation, and shall, on or before

before the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, lawfully distilled and each West or Walk into Spain.

C A P. XIII.

An Act for altering the time at which the additional Duties of Customs imposed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament on certain Species of Wool were to be paid, and for granting a Drawback upon Deals and Timber used in the Mines of Iron, Copper and Lead, in the Counties of Cornwall and Devon. [1811 May 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the time at which the Duties imposed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act for imposing additional Duties of Customs on certain Species of Wool imported into Great Britain*, were to have commenced and taken Effect, should be altered; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several additional Duties of Customs imposed by the said recited Act, which were to have commenced and taken Effect from and after the Thirty fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall commence, take Effect, and be charged and payable from and after the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven; any thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And whereas it is expedient that so much of the said recited Act, as relates to the last Session of Parliament in respect to Deals, not being imported directly from any British Colony, Plantation or Settlement in Africa or America, or not being imported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, whose Seven Inches in Width, being Eight Feet in Length and not above Ten Feet in Length, and not exceeding One Inch and a Half in Thickness, and as respects Fir Timber being Eight Lashes square and not exceeding Ten Lashes square, being the Growth of Norway, and imported directly from thence, from the additional Duties hereby imposed, should be repealed; and that a Drawback should be allowed, under the Regulations of the said Act, upon such of the said Deals and Timbers as shall be used and employed in any of the Mines of Tin, Copper and Lead, in the Counties of Cornwall and Devon; Be it therefore further enacted, That, from and after the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, in respect of the said recited Act, as respects any such Deals and Fir Timber from the additional Duties thereby imposed, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and the said Articles shall, from and after the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, be subject and liable to the said additional Duties imposed by the said recited Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That there shall be paid and allowed for and in respect of such of the said Deals and Timber to which the said Duties due by Law on the Importation thereof shall have been paid, and which Deals and Timber shall have been used and employed in any of the Mines of Tin, Lead or Copper, in the Counties of Devon or Cornwall, a Drawback of so much of the Duties of Customs as paid on any such Deals above Seven Inches in Width, being Eight Feet in Length and not above Ten Feet in Length, and not exceeding One Inch and a Half in Thickness, and on any Fir Timber being Eight Lashes square and not exceeding Ten Lashes square, being of the Growth of Norway, and imported directly from thence, as shall exceed the Amount of the Permanent and Temporary Duties of Customs that were charged and payable on such Deals and Timber respectively by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for imposing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in less thereof*; which Drawback shall be paid to the Owner of any such Mine, and for granting the following Regulations: that is to say, the Partner, Agent or Captain of any such Mine in the said Counties of Cornwall and Devon respectively intending to claim the Drawback under this Act, shall enter or cause to be entered in a Book, to be kept for that Purpose, an Account of the Quantity of such Deals and Timber used and employed in such Mine, setting of whom such Deals and Timber were purchased, at what Price the same were sold by the Vendor to have been imported, and at the End of each Year he shall deliver an Account thereof to the Collector of the Customs of the Port where the Duty upon such Deals and Timber shall have been paid to have been paid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Partner, Agent or Captain of any such Mine shall make Oath or Affirmation to the Truth of the Account so delivered to the Collector of the Customs, and shall also, if required by the said Collector or Collector, produce the Coll Book of any such Mine; and the Partner or Proprietor, or his or their Agent or Agents, who shall have supplied the said Deals and Timber shall also make Oath or Affirmation to the Truth of his or their Accounts, and that the said Duties on such Deals and Timber were paid thereon; and the proper Officer of the Customs being furnished that the Deals and Timber referred to in such Account were supplied for the Use of such Mine, and the said Duties paid thereon, then and in every such Case a Debenture shall be issued for the Amount of the Drawback allowed by this Act, and the same shall be paid by the Collector of the Customs who shall have received such Account, out of any Moneys remaining in his Hands on Account of the Duties of Customs.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Partner, Agent or Captain of such Mine shall deliver any false Account of the Quantity of Deals and Timber used and employed, with an Intention to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, his Partner, Agent or Captain shall, on being convicted of any such Offence, for the First Offence forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and for every Second or further Offence the Sum of Four hundred Pounds, to be paid for within Three Months after the Delivery of the Account, and received in any of the Courts of Record at Westminster; and One Moiety of such Penalty shall go and be applied to the

25 G. 3. c. 27.

14.

Duties to com-
mence from
July 1. 1811.20 G. 3. c. 37.
14.

In part repealed.

Such Articles
subject to DutyDrawback on
certain distilled
Timber used
in the Mines of
Devon or Corn-
wall.

40 G. 3. c. 58.

Amount of such
Duties and Timber
delivered to
Collector of
Customs.Account sent
with Coll Book.Delivered in a
Coll Account.First Offence,
Second Offence
Offence.

the UK of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Majesty to his Majesty who shall see or procure for the same.

20 G. 3. r. 77.
15.

Application of
Duties under
this continued
Act.

All may be
revoked, &c.

VI. And whereas the Duties granted by the said second Act were directed to be paid into the Exchequer of Great Britain, and appropriated to the same Use as the Temporary or War Duties imposed by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty are directed to be applied: And whereas it is expedient that the Temporary or War Duties granted by the said Act of the last Session of Parliament, and by this Act, should be applied towards defraying any Services voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom in Parliament assembled; Be it therefore enacted, That the said last mentioned Temporary or War Duties shall be appropriated and applied, from year to year, to such Services as shall be voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom in Parliament assembled, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or shall be voted by the said Commons for the Service of any subsequent Year; and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury or any of them being, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, or any Two or more of them, are hereby authorized and empowered to issue and apply the same accordingly.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be varied, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XLIV.

An Act for imposing an additional Duty on Linn imported into Great Britain during the Continuance of the present War, and for Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace. [31st May 1811.]

Additional Duty
on Linn
imported.

40 G. 3. r. 98.

Proviso for
Linn landed
in Warehouses.

Duties under
Commissioners
of Customs.

22 r. 10. 1st.

27. 2. 10. 1st
of
Duties.

40 G. 3. r. 98.

All may be re-
pealed, &c.

Commissio-
ners, &c.

WHEREAS it is expedient that an additional Duty of Customs should be imposed on foreign Linn imported into Great Britain; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Thirtieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid into His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, an additional Duty of Customs on all Linn imported or brought into Great Britain from Ports beyond the Seas, of whatever Description the same may be, equal in Amount to the Temporary or War Duty already charged and payable on the like Articles, according as the said Duties are severally and respectively described and set forth in Figures as Temporary or War Duties in the Schedule marked (A) annexed to an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*: Provided always, that the said additional Duties shall not be charged or payable on any Linn which, having been imported into Great Britain on or before the said Thirtieth Day of June, shall have been as may be landed in Warehouses under the Authority of any Act of Parliament without Payment of Duty, notwithstanding such Linn may not be taken out of any such Warehouse, either to be sold or consumed in Great Britain, or for the Purpose of being exported, until after the said Thirtieth Day of June.

II. And be it further enacted, That each of the said Duties as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being; and each thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland for the time being.

III. And be it further enacted, That the additional Duty of Customs hereby imposed shall be managed, administered, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered in such and the like manner as any Duties of Customs of the like Nature are managed, administered, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Provisions now in force in relation to or made for levying the Revenue of Customs in Great Britain; and all Powers, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures for any Offence whatsoever committed against, or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, made for levying the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall be in full Force and Effect as to the said Duties, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if they were at large repeated and recited in this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys from time to time arising from the said Duties, the auxiliary Charge of entry and accounting for the same respectively excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied in the like manner as the Duties called Temporary or War Duties imposed by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, are directed to be appropriated and applied.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be varied, altered or repealed during the present Session of Parliament.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the additional Duty charged by this Act shall commence from and after the Thirtieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and shall continue to be levied, collected and paid during the Continuance of the present War, and for Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.

C A P. XLV.

An Act for taking away the public Use of certain Ships Rooms in the Town of *St. John's*, in the Island of *Newfoundland*, and for instituting Surrogate Courts on the Coast of *Labrador*, and in certain Islands adjacent thereto. [31st May 1811.]

WHEREAS certain Spaces of Ground in the Town of *St. John's*, in the Island of *Newfoundland*, called *Ships Rooms*, are taken, according to the ancient Custom there used, and lawfully with the Privilege of an Act passed in the Tenth and Eleventh Years of His Majesty King William the Third, intituled, *An Act to encourage the Trade in Newfoundland*, to be cleared by the Masters of fishing Ships, for the Use of their Ships and Boats during the common fishing Season, which said Spaces of Ground have not of late been employed for the Purposes of the Fishery; And whereas it would be more beneficial to the general Interests of the Trade and Fishery, if the said Spaces of Ground were wholly exempted from such Claim, and were let out for building Dwelling Houses and Stone Houses, and for other Uses necessary to the Trade and Fishery; And whereas it has been proved, upon the Survey of Persons resident in the Town of *St. John's*, and well skilled in the Affairs of the Fishery, that there is Land in the Western Extremity of the Harbour better suited for drying, curing and beheading of Fish than any of the Ships Rooms above mentioned; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the following Ships Rooms, situated in the Town of *St. John's*; that is to say, the Ships Room, No. I. *James Row*, or *St. George's* Ships Room, No. II. *Barth's* Ships Room, No. III. *Lady's* Ships Room, No. II.; *Galloway's* Ships Room, No. III.; *Bartholomew's* Ships Room, No. III.; *Claremont's* Ships Room, No. IV.; *Madison's* Ships Room, No. V.; *Admiral's* Ships Room, No. VI.; and the same are laid down, delineated and numbered in a Plan of the Town and Harbour of *St. John's*, in *Newfoundland*, dated October One thousand eight hundred and four, and deposited in the Government House there, shall no longer be deemed and taken to be Ships Rooms and occupied during the fishing Season as such, but it shall be lawful for the same to be granted, let and possessed as private Property, in like manner as any other Portices of Land in *Newfoundland* may be; any thing in the said Act or the said ancient Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And whereas it is expedient to provide for the better Administration of Justice in such Parts of the Coast of *Labrador* from the River *St. John's* to *Madison's* Straights, and in the Island of *Antigonish*, and in all other smaller Islands as are mentioned to the Government of *Newfoundland* by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for establishing Courts of Judicature in the Island of Newfoundland and the Islands adjacent; and for re-annexing Part of the Coast of Labrador and the Islands lying on the said Coast to the Government of Newfoundland*; Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor of *Newfoundland* from time to time to institute Surrogate Courts in the said Parts and Places, with Power and Authority to proceed in and to hear and determine Civil Suits arising within the the said Parts and Places, and all other Suits and Complaints, in like manner as Surrogate Courts instituted by virtue of the said Act in the Island of *Newfoundland*.

C A P. XLVI.

An Act to authorise the Officers of the Customs to act for the Superintendent of Quarantine, and his Assistant. [31st May 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to make further Provision for the actual Performances of Quarantine, certain Duties are required to be performed by the Superintendent of Quarantine, or his Deputy, but no Provision is made for the Execution of the same in the Event of the Absence of those Officers*; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every thing required in the said Act to be done and performed by the Superintendent of Quarantine, or his Assistant, may, in case of the Absence or Sickness of such Superintendent or Assistant, be done and performed by the principal Officer of the Customs at the Port or Place, or by such Officers of the Customs as shall be authorized by the Commissioners of the Customs, or any Four or more of them, to act in that behalf.

C A P. XLVII.

An Act for carrying into Effect the Provisions of a Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation, concluded between His Majesty and His Royal Highness the Prince Regent of Portugal. [31st May 1811.]

WHEREAS according to an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, *An Act for the passage and carrying of Shipping and Navigation, and other Business, to Goods or Commodities whatsoever, of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of America, not before imported into this Kingdom or the Islands of Georgia and Jersey, in any other than British built Ships, owned by His Majesty's Subjects, navigated with a Master and Three Fourth of the Mariners British Subjects, and registered according to Law, on Vessels of all such Goods or Commodities, and of the Ship*

51 Geo. III.

3 C

10

of Vessels, and other Commodities: And whereas the following Goods and Commodities; that is to say, Males, Iron, Lead, Tin, Copper, Tin, Tin, Refin'd Hemp, Flax, Kailas, Figs, Prunes, Olive Oil, Corn or Grain, Sugar, The Ashes, Wine, Yungers, *Apocose* or Brandy, being the Growth, Production or Manufacture of Foreign Parts, are, by the said recited Act of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King Charles the Second, and by subsequent Acts, required to be imported into Great Britain in Ships or Vessels, which, before the First Day of May One thousand seven hundred and eighty six, did truly and without Fraud wholly belong to His Majesty's Dominions, or which are the Built of His Majesty's Dominions, and required respectively according to Law; or in Ships or Vessels the Built of any Countries or Places in Europe, belonging to or under the Dominion of the Sovereign or State in Foreign Parts, of which the said Goods or Commodities is enumerated or described as aforesaid, are the Growth, Production or Manufacture respectively, or of such Parts where the said Goods can only be or are most usually first shipped for Transports, such Ships or Vessels being navigated with a Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at the least belonging to such Countries or Places or Parts respectively, and in case other Ships or Vessels whatsoever, under the like Penalty of the Forfeiture of any such Goods or Commodities as shall be imported contrary thereto, together with the Ship or Vessel in which the said Goods are imported: And whereas it is expedient, in order to carry into Effect the Provisions of a Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation, concluded between His Majesty and His Royal Highness the Prince Regent of Portugal, signed at Rio de Janeiro the Nineteenth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and ten, that in each of the said recited Acts passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King Charles the Second, and any other Act or Acts of Parliament as may prohibit Goods, Wares and Merchandises of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any of the Territories or Dominions belonging to the Crown of Portugal, which are not prohibited by Law to be imported from other Foreign Countries, from being imported from the said Territories or Dominions in Ships or Vessels the Built of the said Territories or Dominions, or captured by any Ship or Vessel of War of the Portuguese Government, or by any Ship or Vessel having Letters of Marque and Reprisal from the said Government, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty of the said Government, such Ship or Vessel being owned by Subjects of the said Government, and navigated with a Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at the least, belonging to the Territories or Dominions of the said Government, as Forfeiture of such Goods, and of the Ships and Vessels in which the same may be imported, should be repealed; and that such Goods, Wares and Merchandises, and the Vessels in importing the same, should not be subject to Forfeiture on account of such Importation: Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty His Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of the said Act, in each of the said recited Acts passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King Charles the Second, and any other Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, in any prohibitions any Goods, Wares and Merchandises of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any of the Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal, which are not prohibited by Law to be imported from other Foreign Countries to be imported into this Kingdom, or the Islands of Guernsey or Jersey, in Ships or Vessels the Built of the said Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal, as taken by any Ship or Vessel of War belonging to the Portuguese Government, or by any Ship or Vessel having Letters of Marque and Reprisal from the said Government, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty of the said Government, such Ship or Vessel in importing being owned by Subjects of the said Government, and navigated with a Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at the least, Subjects of the said Government, or Forfeiture of the said Goods, Wares and Merchandise, and also of the Ship or Vessel in which the same may be imported; shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

In each of the recited Acts as may be repealed in this Act as may prohibit Goods of the Growth of Portugal, to be imported as aforesaid.

Goods of the Territories of Portugal, may be imported in Ships or Vessels, the Built of the said Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal, as taken by any Ship or Vessel of War belonging to the Portuguese Government, or by any Ship or Vessel having Letters of Marque and Reprisal from the said Government, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty of the said Government, and owned by Subjects of the said Government, and navigated with a Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at the least, Subjects of the said Government, or Forfeiture of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise shall and may be repealed and repealed on account of such Importation as may be or are most usually first shipped for Transports, such Ships or Vessels being navigated with a Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at the least, belonging to the Territories or Dominions of the said Government, as Forfeiture of such Goods, and of the Ships and Vessels in which the same may be imported, should be repealed; and that such Goods, Wares and Merchandises, and the Vessels in importing the same, should not be subject to Forfeiture on account of such Importation: Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty His Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of the said Act, in each of the said recited Acts passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King Charles the Second, and any other Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, in any prohibitions any Goods, Wares and Merchandises of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any of the Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal, which are not prohibited by Law to be imported from other Foreign Countries, from being imported from the said Territories or Dominions in Ships or Vessels the Built of the said Territories or Dominions, or captured by any Ship or Vessel of War of the Portuguese Government, or by any Ship or Vessel having Letters of Marque and Reprisal from the said Government, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty of the said Government, such Ship or Vessel in importing being owned by Subjects of the said Government, and navigated with a Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at the least, Subjects of the said Government, or Forfeiture of the said Goods, Wares and Merchandise, and also of the Ship or Vessel in which the same may be imported; shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

Such Goods may be landed on account of the said Act.

11. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, any Goods, Wares and Merchandises, being of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any of the Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal, which are not prohibited by Law to be imported into this Kingdom, or the Islands of Guernsey and Jersey, from other Foreign Countries, shall and may be imported into this Kingdom, and the Islands of Guernsey and Jersey direct from any such Territories or Dominions, in any Ship or Vessel built in any of the said Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal, or taken by any Ship or Vessel of War belonging to the Portuguese Government, or by any Ship or Vessel belonging to any of the Subjects of the Territories or Dominions aforesaid, or having Commissions or Letters of Marque and Reprisal from the said Government, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty of the said Government, and owned by the Subjects of such Government or any of them, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at least are Subjects of such Government, and such Goods, Wares and Merchandises shall and may be returned and landed upon Payment of the Duties, and subject to the Conditions and Regulations hereinafter mentioned; see Law, Customs or Offices to the contrary in any acts notwithstanding.

12. And be it further enacted, That all such Goods, Wares and Merchandises so imported directly into this Kingdom from any of the said Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal in such Portuguese Ships or Vessels, be owned and navigated as are heretofore particularly mentioned and described, shall and may be entered and landed on Payment of such Duties of Customs and Excise, and no higher, as are payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandises of the like Description or Description upon their Importation into this Kingdom from any other foreign Country in British-built Ships or Vessels, owned, navigated and registered according to Law; and in Cases where different Duties are imposed upon any Goods, Wares or Merchandise as of the like Description or Description is imported from different foreign Countries, then upon Payment of

the lowest Duties which by Law are required to be paid on the Importation or Re-Exportation of Goods or Vessels of any such Goods, Wares or Merchandises from any foreign Country.

• IV. And whereas it is expedient to prevent the Importation of Slaves' Teeth and Ivory into this Kingdom from any of the Dominions of the Crown of Portugal: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to import into this Kingdom Slaves' Teeth and Ivory from any of the said Dominions, either in British-built Ships or Vessels, owned, navigated and registered according to Law, or in such Portuguese Ships or Vessels as are in this Act before mentioned and defined, and no vessel or vessel in the manner hereinbefore also mentioned and defined, notwithstanding such Slaves' Teeth or Ivory may not be the Produce of any of the Dominions of the Crown of Portugal; and such Slaves' Teeth or Ivory so imported may be entered and landed on Payment of such Duties only as are due and payable as such Articles when imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel, owned, navigated and registered according to Law; any Thing contained in an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of King Charles the Second, entitled, *An Act for the encouraging and increasing of Shipping and Navigation, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.*

• V. And be it further enacted, That in such of an Act passed in the Eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act made in the Twelfth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for regulating the Trade between the Subjects of His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in North America, and in the West India Islands, and the Colonies belonging to the United States of America, and between His Majesty's said Subjects and the Foreign Goods in the West Indies, and also in all made in the Twenty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandises in the Ports of Kingston, Savannah's Bay, Mosquito Bay and Santa Lucia in the Island of Jamaica; in the Port of Saint George in the Island of Grenada; in the Port of Bahia in the Island of Demerara; and in the Port of St. Paul in the Island of New Providence, one of the Bahama Islands, under certain Regulations and Restrictions, as prohibits the Importation of Tobacco, Fruits, Tea, Turpentine, Hemp, Flax, Malt, Tallow, Sausages, Serrans, Herring Biscuits, Trenches, Stewages and Larders of any Sort, Bread, Biscuits, Cheese, Pease, Beans, Peas, Wheat, Rye, Oats, Barley and Grain of any Sort, being of the Growth or Production of any of the Territories or Dominions belonging to the Crown of Portugal, from being imported directly from any such Territories or Dominions into any Island under the Dominion of His Majesty in the West Indies (in which Description the Bahama Islands and the Somerses or Sauer Islands are excluded) in British-built Ships or Vessels, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.*

• VI. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons to import or bring into any of the said West India Islands any of the said Goods in British-built Ships or Vessels, owned, navigated and registered according to Law, and in no other Ships or Vessels whatever, such Goods being of the Growth or Production of any of the Territories or Dominions belonging to the Crown of Portugal in South America, and imported into the said Islands directly from the said Territories or Dominions; in the said recited Act or any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

• VII. And whereas by the Twentieth Article of the said Treaty, it is stipulated, that all Articles the Growth and Produce of Brazil and all other Parts of the Portuguese Dominions, may be received and warehoused in all the Ports of His Majesty's Dominions which shall be by Law appointed to be warehousing Ports for those Articles: Be it therefore enacted, That Sugar, Coffee, Cotton, Wool, the Growth or Produce of any of the Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal, or any other Goods the Growth or Produce of the said Territories or Dominions which are enumerated or described in the Table marked (A) annexed to an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into this Kingdom to be stored in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, and which shall be legally imported according to the Provisions of this Act directly from the said Territories or Dominions, shall and may be received in the Warehouses belonging to the West India Dock Company, or in the Warehouses belonging to the London Dock Company in the Port of London, or in such Warehouses at any of the other Ports of this Kingdom, as shall here be or shall be approved for the Reception of Goods of the like Description or Description when legally imported from the West Indies, without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid, Application being made for that Purpose in the usual and accustomed manner to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, Ireland and Scotland respectively by the Owners, Proprietors or Consignees of such Goods; and all such Goods so stored in any of the said Warehouses respectively shall have the same Benefits, and shall be subject and liable to the same Rules, Regulations, Conditions, Securities and Restrictions, Provisions and Fines respectively to which Goods of the like Description or Description when so exported and warehoused are now subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in Force at the time of passing this Act.*

• VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Goods, Wares or Merchandises so imported into this Kingdom from any of the Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal, shall, upon the Exportation thereof from this Kingdom, be entitled to the same Drawbacks as are allowed by Law upon the Exportation of Goods, Wares and Merchandises of the like Description or Description when exported from this Kingdom; and that there shall be allowed and paid the same Drawbacks and Bounties as Goods, Wares and Merchandises exported from this Kingdom to the said Territories or Dominions, as are allowed by Law upon the Exportation of Goods, Wares and Merchandises of the like Description or Description to any of the Islands, Plantations or Colonies belonging to the Crown of Great Britain in America.

• IX. And be it further enacted, That no higher or greater Duties or Imposts under the Denomination of Port Charges, Tonnage and Anchorage Duties, shall be paid or demanded on Behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in any of the Ports of the United Kingdom, for Ships or Vessels owned by the Subjects

Slaves' Teeth and Ivory to be imported.

12 Geo. 2. c. 11.

25 G. 3. c. 25. § 1.

in part repealed. Importation of Goods of the Growth or Production of the West Indies.

20th Art. Treaty.

Goods of Portuguese imported in Table (A) of 43 G. 3. c. 13, to be stored in Warehouses before Payment of Duty.

17 Geo. 3. c. 17. § 1. The same Regulation.

Charge for Ports, Tonnage and Anchorage Duties.

Proth for the
Cure of London,
&c.

Books for Pay-
ment of Differ-
ences between
High and Low
Duty raised.

§ 1, 2, 3, & 11.

§ 1, 2, 3, & 11
repealed.

Continued, &c.

of the Crown of Portugal, then and by Law due and payable for Ships and Vessels owned by His Majesty's Subjects; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: Provided always, that no thing in this Act shall extend, or be construed to extend, to repeal or in any way alter the Duties of Passage, Scavage, Ballage or Portage, or any other Duties payable to the Mayor and Community and Citizens of the City of London, or to the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, or to any other City or Town Corporate within this Kingdom, or to any Bishop or Bishops of His Majesty, or to any other, or in any way alter any special Privilege or Exemption to which any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, is or are now entitled by Law, but the same shall be construed as heretofore.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Books to His Majesty from the Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, Consignor or Consignees of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, the Growth, Production or Manufacture of any of the Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal, entered into since the Ratification of the said Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation, for Payment of the Difference between the High Duty on any such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, and the Low Duty chargeable thereon, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be voided and discharged, and no further Duty shall be demanded or paid upon the Articles for which any such Book may have been given to His Majesty.

XI. And be it further enacted, That Two Acts passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, viz. *An Act for permitting the Importation of Goods from the Portuguese Territories as in the Contents of such Act*; and *Portuguese Ships*; and the other, *An Act to regulate the Trade between Great Britain and the Portuguese Territories as the Contents of such Act*; shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

XII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be in force during the Continuance of the said Treaty with His Royal Highness the Prince Regent of Portugal; and shall and may, if necessary, be altered and varied during the present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XLVIII.

An Act to permit Rum and other Spirits, the Produce of the British Colonies in the *West Indies*, to be imported into *Lower Canada* from *New Scotia* and *New Brunswick*, and the Islands of *Cape Breton*, *Prince Edward* and *Newfoundland*. [31st May 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient under certain Regulations to permit Rum and other Spirits, the Produce or Manufacture of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in the *West Indies* to be imported into *Lower Canada*, from any of the Provinces of *New Scotia* and *New Brunswick*, the Island of *Cape Breton*, *Prince Edward's* Island, and the Island of *Newfoundland*, on Payment of the same Rate of Duty as if the same had been imported directly from any of His Majesty's said Sugar Colonies in the *West Indies*; Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, any Rum or other Spirits, being the Produce or Manufacture of any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in the *West Indies*, legally and directly imported into any or either of the said Provinces or Islands in *North America*, from the said Sugar Colonies, or from the Island of *Serrenade*, may be exported from any or either of the said Provinces or Islands to the Province of *Lower Canada*, and landed and admitted as an Entry upon the Payment of the same Rate of Duty as if the same had been imported directly from any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies.

Importation of
Rum into Ca-
nada.

Regulations.

II. And, to prevent the Importation of Foreign Rum and Spirits into *Lower Canada*, under Pretence that the same are the Produce or Manufacture of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies, be it enacted, That every Person or Persons landing on board any Ship or Vessel in any of the said Provinces of *New Scotia*, *New Brunswick*, the Island of *Cape Breton*, or *Prince Edward's* Island, or the Island of *Newfoundland*, any Rum or Spirits as of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies, is or she is to be exported from thence to *Lower Canada*, shall, before the clearing out of the said Ship or Vessel, produce and deliver to the Collector or other Principal Officer of the Customs at the Landing Port, his or their Affidavit, or that of his or their Agent or Factor, subscribed sworn to before some Justice of the Peace in the Province or Island where the same shall be shipped, expressing in Words at Length and not in Figures, the Number and Content or Contents of the Casks or other Packages containing the Rum or other Spirit; also from what Colony or Colonies the same were reported, by whom, and the time when such Importation took place, which Affidavit shall be attested by the Hand of the said Justice of the Peace to have been sworn to in his Presence, who is hereby required to do the same without Fee or Reward; and the Collector or other Principal Officer of the Customs to whom such Affidavit shall be delivered shall then upon oath to the Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel in which the same shall be laden, a Certificate made by Hand and Seal of Office (without Fee or Reward); of his having received such Affidavit pursuant to the Direction of this Act, and that it thereby appeared that such Rum or other Spirits was or were legally imported into the said Province or Island, as the case may be, as of the Produce or Manufacture of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies, and such Certificate shall express the Number and Content or Contents of the Casks or other Packages containing the Rum or other Spirits so shipped on board such Ship or Vessel.

Con-
ditions of
Affidavit made
to certain Prin-
cipal Officers
of Customs, &c.

III. And be it further enacted, That upon the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel at the Port of her Discharge in the Province of *Lower Canada*, the Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of the said Ship or Vessel, shall, at the time of making the Report of his Cargo, deliver the said Certificate to the Collector or other Principal Officer of the Customs of such Port, and make Oath before him, which Oath such Officer is hereby authorized and required to administer, that the Rum or other Spirits so reported, are the same that are

mentioned and referred to in the said Certificate; and if any Rum or other Spirits shall be imported or found on board any such Ship or Vessel for which no such Certificate shall be produced, or which shall not agree therewith, the same shall be deemed and taken to be foreign Rum and Spirits, and shall be subject and liable to the same Duties, Excises, Regalia, Penalties and Forfeitures in all respects as Rum or other Spirits of the Produce or Manufacture of any foreign Colony or Plantation is or are subject and liable to by Law.

C A P. XLIX.

An Act for raising the Sum of Twelve Millions by way of Annuities.

[31st May 1811.]

C A P. L.

An Act to allow a greater Number of Sheep to be carried from England to the Isle of Man, than are now permitted by Law.

[31st May 1811.]

WHEREAS it has been found by Experience that the limited Number of Live Sheep allowed by an Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the further Encouragement of the Trade and Manufactures of the West of Man; for improving the Revenue thereof; and for the more effectual Provisions of Shipping to and from the said Island, to be exported from England to the Isle of Man, under Licence from the Commissioners of the Customs, is not sufficient for the Use of the said Isle; Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, or any Three of them, to grant Licence in the manner in the said recited Act prescribed, to receive in three or four Months from the Date thereof, for the Exportation from the Port of Liverpool, or the Port of Whitehaven, into the Port of Douglas or Ramsey in the Isle of Man, any Number of Live Sheep, not exceeding Three hundred in the whole, from the said Ports of Liverpool and Whitehaven in any One Year; which Exportation shall in every respect be subject and liable to the Provisions and Regulations of the said Act, and also of the Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act in relation, amend and reduce into One Act of Parliament, several Laws now in being for promoting the Exports of live Sheep, Hens and Lambs, Wax, Wainoil, Butter, Herring, Herrings, Tern and Wainoil Grease, Curriers, Washings and other Manufactures or potential Manufactures made of Wax, Herring, Herring, and other Fish, together, so as the same may be reduced or made up of as Wax again, Mattresses or Beds stuffed with Combed Wool, or Wax fit for combing, Felted Cloth, Felting, Clay and Tobacco Pipe Clay, from the Kingdom, and from the Isle of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark and Man, into foreign Parts; and for rendering more effectual an Act passed in the Twenty third Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, intituled, *An Act for the Winding of Wax.***

C A P. LI.

An Act for abolishing the Duties of the Prizage and Buttrage of Wines in Ireland.

[31st May 1811.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for conferring on the Agreement for the Purchase of the Prizage and Buttrage of Wines in Ireland; entered into by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, and the Right Honourable Walter Earl of Ormonde and Offaly, and his Trustees, in pursuance of an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's King; And whereas, under and by virtue of the said Act and of the Provisions thereof, the said Duty of Prizage and Buttrage of Wines in Ireland, hath become and now is fully and absolutely vested in His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and it is expedient that the same should be abolished; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after One Calendar Month from the passing of this Act, the said Duty of Prizage and Buttrage of Wines brought into all or any Port, Haven, Creek, River or other Place in Ireland, and all Compositions, Duties and other Payments in law or on account of such Prizage and Buttrage of Wines in Ireland, or in any Part thereof, shall cease, determine and be no longer payable; any Law, Usage, Custom, Contract or other Matter to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.*

II. Provided nevertheless, and so it is enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be in anywise deemed, taken or construed to extend, to prevent the receiving or levying all and every such Duty which shall have become due at any time prior to the last Feast of One Calendar Month from the passing of this Act; but that as to all such Duties as shall become due, it shall and may be lawful to receive and apply the same, and in case of Nonpayment thereof to make, levy and enforce the Payment thereof, and to sue all such as &c the same Remedy and Proceedings for that Purpose in the same manner and in all respects as if this Act had not passed.

C A P.

C A P. LII.

An Act for explaining and amending an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for consolidating the Duties of Customs for the *Isle of Man*, and for placing the same under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs in *England*. [31st May 1811.]

17 G. 3. c. 42.
18

Collectors of
Customs in the
Isle of Man for
defraying Ex-
penses attend-
ing Government,
and for the
Isle of Man, and great
Barracks in Ire-
land, &c.

Consolidated Fund.

25 G. 3. c. 42.
18 A.

Duty of 15s.
on 1000
lbs of wool.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for consolidating the Duties of Customs for the Isle of Man, and for placing the same under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs in England*, all Sums of Money received under the Authority of that Act, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted, are required to be remitted to the Receiver General and Collector of the Customs in *England*, to be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and such Part thereof as shall remain after the necessary Expenses attending the Government of the said *Isle of Man*, and the Administration of Justice there, and all other Charges are bound to be defrayed, are directed to go to and make Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*: And whereas great Inconvenience and Delay will attend this Mode of obtaining the requisite Sums of Money for defraying the said Expenses and Charges: in Remedy thereof, Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That any of the Collectors of the Customs in the *Isle of Man* appointed to receive the Duties imposed by the said recited Act shall, and he and they is and are hereby authorized and required, agreeably to such Directions as shall from time to time be given for that Purpose by the Council of His Majesty's Customs in *England*, or any Four or more of them, to retain such Sums or Sums of Money in his or their Hands as may be sufficient to defray the necessary Expenses attending the Government of the said *Isle of Man*, and the Administration of Justice there, and other Charges incurred in the said *Isle*, which have heretofore been or may hereafter be derived it and proper Charges to be defrayed from and paid out of the Duties of Customs collected in the said *Isle of Man*, and also for the Purpose of defraying any Summies that may be due by Law upon Her Majesty's right by the Inhabitants of the said *Isle of Man*, and upon the Amount of the said Expenses, Charges and Summies, being ascertained, the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in *England* or any Four or more of them, are hereby authorized to direct the same to be paid out of the said *Isle* to be retained to such Person or Persons as may be entitled to receive the same; and the Receiver of the said Money arising from Duties of Customs in the Hands of the said Collectors, after paying such Expenses, Charges and Summies, shall be required to the Receiver General of the Customs in *England*, to be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer for the Purpose of being carried to the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*; any thing in the said recited Act of the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, or any other Act or Acts to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

II. And whereas in the Schedule marked (A.) annexed to the said recited Act, Goods, Wares and Merchandises, are theretofore charged with Duty, imposed from any Port or Place from whence such Goods may lawfully be imported into the *Isle of Man*, are charged with a Duty of Fifteen Pence, and which said Fifteen Pence was intended to be repeated for every One hundred Pounds of the Value thereof, but the Word *for* every One hundred Pounds of the Value thereof are omitted; Be it enacted, That the said Duty of Fifteen Pence shall be deemed to have been chargeable and shall be charged upon every One hundred Pounds of the Value of Goods, Wares and Merchandises, not theretofore charged with Duty, being imported from any Port or Place from whence such Goods may lawfully be imported into the said *Isle of Man*; which shall have been to be repeated from the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ten, or shall hereafter be repeated, notwithstanding the Words *for* every One hundred Pounds of the Value thereof were omitted in the said Schedule.

C A P. LIII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Six Millions, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of *Great Britain*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. [31st May 1811.]

TREASURY empowered to raise 6,000,000, by Exchequer Bills, in manner prescribed by 25 G. 3. c. 1.—§ 1. 2. Treasury to apply the Money raised § 3. Principal of said Bills charged on 1000 supplies of 2000000. § 4. Interest thereon of 3rd per Cent per Annum. § 5. Said Bills to be current at the Exchequer after April 5, 1811.—§ 6. Bank of *England* empowered to advance 6,000,000, as the Credit of this Act, notwithstanding 5 of 6 W. 3. M. c. 20—§ 7.

C A P. LIV.

An Act for raising the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of *Great Britain*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. [31st May 1811.]

(On the 11th of June 1811.)

C A P. LV.

An Act for abolishing the Superannuation Fund in the Department of the Customs, and for transferring the same to the Head of Consolidated Customs, and for authorizing the Payment of all retired Allowances on that Department out of Consolidated Customs. [10th June 1811.]

WHEREAS a Fund has long been established under the Management of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, for the Benefit of aged and infirm or disabled Officers, called the Superannuation Fund, which has been partly supported by the Contributions of the Officers of the said Revenue, and partly by the Application of the Fees paid in respect of Offices in the Customs vacant or abolished to that Purpose: And whereas the granting and paying Allowances or Compensation in the nature of Superannuation or retired Allowance, or Reward to Persons in respect of their having held any Public Office or Employment, or been engaged in any Public Service, is regulated and controlled by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act to direct that Accounts of Savings and Disbursements of Public Revenue, Profits and Allowances, shall be annually laid before Parliament, and to regulate and amend the manner of and paying of such Salaries, Profits and Allowances*; and it being expressed that the said Fund shall be abolished, and that the Monies constituting the same whether awarded in the Public Funds, or residing in the Hands of any Person whatsoever as Monies received on account of Fees and Emoluments of Offices in the Customs vacant or abolished, or from Contributions to the said Fund, should be carried to the Account of Consolidated Customs, and be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer under that Head, and that all Payments, Profits and Superannuation, or retired Allowance, to Persons in respect of their having held any Office or Employment in the Customs, should in future be paid out of Consolidated Customs, and be charged to the Account of Incidents of that Department: It is therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, no Contribution or Subscription shall be taken or received from any Officer or Person in the Service of His Majesty's Customs, on account or towards the Support of the said Fund; and that, from and after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the said Fund shall be abolished, and that all Monies that have been received either as Contributions to the said Fund, or as Fees or Emoluments of Offices in the Customs abolished and vacant, and which Monies have been either vested in the Purchase of Stock standing in the Books of the Bank of England, in the Names of Richard Francis, William Rae and Francis Frances Luttrell, Esquires, Trustees of the said Fund, or in the Names of Richard Francis, William Rae and Augustus Perrell, Esquires, or remain in the Hands of any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall be paid over to the Receiver General of His Majesty's Customs in England, and by him paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer under the Head of Consolidated Customs, for which Purpose the said Trustees are hereby authorized and required to sell the said Stock, and that all Monies that shall or may have been received or may hereafter be received by any Person or Persons whatsoever, as such Contributions and as Fees or Emoluments of Offices in the Customs abolished and vacant, and which shall remain in the Hands or may come into the Hands of any such Person or Persons, shall be paid to the Receiver General of His Majesty's Customs in England, and by him paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer under the Head of Consolidated Customs; and that all Payments, Profits and Superannuation, or retired Allowance to Persons, in respect of their having held any Office or Offices, or Employment or Employments in the Customs, heretofore paid out of the said Fund, or charged on the King's Share of Revenue, shall be paid out of Consolidated Customs, and be charged to the Account of the Incidents of the Customs; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be varied, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LVI.

An Act to grant additional Duties of Excise on Tobacco manufactured in Ireland.

[10th June 1811.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, ever ready to supply the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty's public Expenses in Ireland, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty, the Dukes of Exeter heretofore mentioned, and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and upon every Pound Weight of Tobacco shewn, at any time from and after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall be manufactured in Ireland in any manner, to be charged on the Person manufacturing the same or taking any Part thereof out of the original Package, for the whole Quantity contained in such Package (as expressed in the Permit by virtue of which the Package was conveyed to the Manufacturer) at the time when the same shall be opened, an Excise Duty of Eight Pence British Currency,

30th June 1811.

Superannuation Fund abolished.

Monies of stock in Receipt of Receiver Genl of Customs who had been in possession of same having etc.

Profits and Allowances paid into Receipt of Consolidated Customs.

Act may be repealed, &c.

Additional Duty on Tobacco manufactured in Ireland.

in addition to all other Duties of Customs or Excise now payable on any such Tobacco, wine or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*.

Duty payable on Tobacco not taken out of original Packages.

Revenue of such Tobacco made and duty paid.

Penalty.

Duty payable on Consignments of Food or Fuel.

Duties and Penalties hereinafter mentioned.

14 & 15 Geo. 3.
(1780, 1-8)

48 G. 3. c. 108.

All may be repealed, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Island or Excise Duty on Tobacco imposed by this Act shall be payable on all Tobacco not taken out of the original Packages which shall be in the Hands of any Manufacturer or Manufacturers or other Persons in *Ireland* as at any time as or after the said First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and shall be a Charge on such Manufacturer or Manufacturers, or on the Person or Persons taking such Tobacco out of the original Packages, at the time when such Tobacco or any Part thereof shall be so taken out; and the Surveyors, Gaugers or other Officers of the Revenue, shall, within Ten Days after the passing of this Act, make Returns or Reports in Writing to the Collectors in their respective Districts of such Duty as shall have then become due and payable by virtue of this Act, and of the Persons chargeable therewith in such Districts respectively; and that such Returns or Reports shall be a Charge on all such Persons, and shall be paid by such Persons to the Collector of the District within Seven Days after any such Return or Report, or in Default thereof all such Tobacco shall be forfeited and seized, and every Manufacturer or Person who shall violate the said Statute shall, for every such Default, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and also One Shilling for every Pound Weight of Tobacco contained in such original Package.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys arising from the Duties by this Act granted, the necessary Charges of collecting and paying the same being deducted, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties by this Act granted and made payable, and all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act, shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, had in, assessed and applied in such manner, and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such ways and methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, paying, levying, allowing and managing any Duties, or for the Recovery of any Penalties or Forfeitures, as and by an Act made in *Ireland* in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, *An Act for settling the Excise or new Imposts upon His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein intitled*; or as and by an Act made in the Forty Sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Tolls in Ireland*; or as and by any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were herein expressed and recited, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said recited Act made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid are provided.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LVIII.

An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for encouraging the Export of Salted Beef and Pork from *Ireland*. [10th June 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for encouraging the Export of Salted Beef and Pork from Ireland*, it is enacted, that no Duty whatsoever shall be paid or payable on the Export from *Ireland* to any Place whatever of any Salted Beef or Pork fitted in *Ireland*, but that all Beef and Pork fitted in *Ireland* shall and may be exported free to any Place whatever, and without Payment of any Customs, Subsidy or Duty whatsoever; and that upon the Exportation from *Ireland* to any Place except Great Britain, of any Beef or Pork fitted in *Ireland*, there shall be paid and allowed to the Exporters of such Beef or Pork an Allowance or Bounty in the Nature of a Drawback for and in respect of the Duties charged upon the Salt used in salting of such Beef or Pork; and after the Rate of Ten Pence for each and every One hundred Pounds Weight thereof; and it is expounded that the Provisions of the said Act should extend to Tongues, Hams and Bacon fitted in *Ireland*; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, all the Clauses, Provisions, Rules and Regulations in the said recited Act contained, shall extend and be construed to extend to all Tongues, Hams and Bacon fitted in *Ireland*, and exported from thence, and that such Tongues, Hams and Bacon shall and may be exported free to any Place whatever; and that on the Exportation of any such Tongues, Hams or Bacon from *Ireland*, to any Place except Great Britain, such and the like Amount of Allowance or Bounty in the Nature of Drawback, shall be paid and allowed to the Exporter thereof, and as the manner and under the like Rules, Regulations and Provisions, as by the said recited Act is provided with respect to Beef and Pork fitted in *Ireland*; and as if Tongues, Hams and Bacon had been mentioned in the said recited Act.

48 G. 3. c. 108. s. 1.

§ 1.

extended to Tongues, Hams and Bacon fitted in *Ireland*, &c.

C A P. LVIII.

An Act to allow the free Importation between Great Britain and Ireland of Home-made Chocolates; to prohibit the Importation of Foreign Chocolates into Ireland so long as the same shall be prohibited in Great Britain; and to grant certain Duties on Cocoa Nuts imported into Ireland.

[10th June 1811.]

WHEREAS a Duty of Two Shillings is imposed by Law in Great Britain, for every Pound Weight Avoidupois of Irish Cocoa, Cocoa Paste or Chocolate imported into Great Britain, and an equal and similar Drawback of Two Shillings is allowed on Chocolate of the Manufacture of Great Britain exported to Ireland, but no Duty or Drawback whatever is imposed or allowed in Ireland on the Importation of Chocolate of the Manufacture of Great Britain, or on the Exportation to Great Britain of Chocolate of the Manufacture of Ireland: And whereas by the Laws in Force in Great Britain the Importation of Chocolate from foreign Parts is prohibited in Great Britain: And whereas it is desirable to alter a free Inter-
course between Great Britain and Ireland of Chocolate made in either Country, without Duty or Drawback on the Import and Export thereof from the one Country to the other, and to prohibit the Import of Chocolate into Ireland from foreign Parts beyond the Sea, and that the Duties on Cocoa Nuts imported into Ireland should be affixed to those in Great Britain: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all Duties imposed and payable by virtue of any Act or Acts in force at the time of the passing of this Act upon Chocolate of the Manufacture of Ireland, or upon Irish Cocoa, Cocoa Paste, or Chocolate imported into Great Britain, and all Drawbacks payable or allowable by virtue of any such Act or Acts on Chocolate of the Manufacture of Great Britain exported to Ireland, shall cease and determine and be no longer paid or payable or allowed or allowable respectively; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

II And whereas Chocolate not being of the Manufacture of Ireland is prohibited by Law from being imported into Great Britain: Be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, and during such time as the Importation of Foreign Chocolate shall be prohibited in Great Britain, it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to import into Ireland any Chocolate whatever, except of the Manufacture of Great Britain; and that if any Person shall import or bring into any Part of Ireland any Chocolate not being of the Manufacture of Great Britain, all such Chocolate shall be forfeited and may be seized; any Act or Acts in force at the time of the passing of this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

III And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto and to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for, upon and in respect of every Pound Weight Avoidupois of Cocoa Nuts imported into Ireland, the several and respective Sums and Duties of Customs following; that is to say,

Of Cocoa Nuts of the Growth or Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in America, imported into Ireland, the Sum of Two Shillings and Two Pence British Currency;

Of Cocoa Nuts imported into Great Britain by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and imported into Ireland according to Law, the Sum of Two Shillings and Four Pence British Currency;

Of all other Cocoa Nuts imported into Ireland, the Sum of Three Shillings and Four Pence British Currency:

And so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity.

Which Duties shall be in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties payable in Ireland upon the Importation of Cocoa Nuts under any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act; and that, from and after the passing of this Act, upon the Exportation of Cocoa Nuts from Ireland a Drawback after the Rate of Two Shillings and Two Pence for every Pound Weight Avoidupois thereof shall be paid and allowed, in like manner and under such Rules and Regulations as Drawbacks are payable in other cases; and that upon the Exportation from Ireland (except to Great Britain) of any Chocolate made in Ireland of Cocoa Nuts which shall have been imported into Ireland, and for which the above Duties shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported as Merchandise to foreign Parts, there shall be paid and allowed a Bounty, in the nature of a Drawback, of Two Shillings British Currency for every Pound Weight Avoidupois of any such Chocolate.

IV And be it further enacted, That the several Rates and Duties and Drawbacks hereby granted and allowed, and all Forfeitures by this Act imposed, shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, allowed and applied, and be recovered and recoverable in the same manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such ways and methods, and under such Rules and Directions as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, levying, paying, allowing and applying or recovering of Duties and Drawbacks payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandises imported into and exported from Ireland respectively, and of all Forfeitures in respect thereof to and by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Powers and Authorities, Rules and Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures were herein expressed and enacted, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and from the Party or Parties aggrieved as is and by any such Act or Acts as aforesaid is given and granted.

Duties and Drawbacks on Chocolate or Cocoa Paste
1811, Act 52
10th

Section 15
of 52 Geo III
Act 52
1811
to be interpreted
Ireland.

Duties on Importation of Cocoa Nuts into Ireland.

Duties.

Drawbacks.

Duties and Drawbacks and Forfeitures to be raised and paid.

C A P. LIX.

An Act for granting to His Majesty additional Duties of Excise on Wath and other Liquors used in the Distillation of Spirits; and on foreign Spirits imported. [16th Janv 1811.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects: the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, towards raising the Supplies to defray Your Majesty's necessary Expenses, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the several additional Rates and Duties of Excise hereinafter mentioned, and do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, to and to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, over and above all Duties already imposed for or in respect thereof by any Act or Acts of Parliament, the several additional Duties of Excise hereinafter mentioned; that is to say,

For every Gallon of Wort or Wath brewed or made in England, for extracting Spirits for Home Consumption from any Malt, Cere, Grain or Tiths, or any Mixture with the same, which shall not be actually distilled into Spirits on or before the Tenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or brewed or made after that Day, an additional Duty of Four Pence Halfpenny:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of Spirits of a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, made or distilled from Corn or Grain in Scotland, and brought from thence into England, an additional Duty of Two Shillings:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of all such Spirits as last aforesaid, of a greater Strength than One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and not exceeding Three per Centum, over and above One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, an additional Duty of Two Shillings; and also a further additional Duty, proportioned to the Degree of Strength in which such Spirits shall exceed the said Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of all Wort or Wath brewed or made in any Part or Place in Scotland, other than the Highland District, for extracting Spirits for Consumption in Scotland, from any Malt, Cere or Grains, which shall not be actually distilled into Spirits on or before the said Tenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or brewed or made after that Day, an additional Duty of Four Pence:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of all Wort or Wath brewed or made in the Highland District of Scotland, from Barley, Beer or Rye, the Growth of the said Highland District, or from Malt made from Oats or Barley, Beer or Rye, the Growth of the said Highlands, for extracting Spirits for Consumption in the said District, which shall not be actually distilled into Spirits on or before the said Tenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or brewed or made after that Day, an additional Duty of Three Pence Halfpenny:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of Spirits of a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and so in Proportion for any higher Degree of Strength made or distilled from Corn or Grain in England, and imported or brought from thence into Scotland, an additional Conserving Duty of Two Shillings and Three Pence Farthing:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of Spirits, *Apud Fines* or Strong Waters, which shall be distilled or made in Scotland and imported into Great Britain, at a Strength not exceeding One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, an additional Conserving Duty of One Shilling and Eleven Pence Three Farthings:

For and upon all such Spirits as last aforesaid, above the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, a Duty as proportioned to the last mentioned Duty; and for and upon all such of the said Spirits as shall be imported or compounded a like Duty, computed upon the highest Degree of Strength at which such Spirits may be made:

For all Kinds, Brandy, Spirits, *Apud Fines* or Strong Waters (except Rum the Produce of the British Plantations) imported into Great Britain, and for which the Duties chargeable thereto shall not have been paid on the Tenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or imported after that Day, an additional Duty of Twelve Pence Ten Shillings per Centum upon the Produce and Amount of the several Duties of Excise imposed for or imposed thereon by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act.

II. Provided always nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That on Wort or Wath which shall be brewed or made in that Part of Great Britain called England, under and according to the Rules, Regulations and Provisions of Two Acts, the one thereof made in the Twenty eighth, and the other thereof made, in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for extending Low Wines or Spirits for Exports from thence to that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, or which shall be brewed or made in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, under and according to the Rules, Regulations and Provisions of the said last mentioned Acts for extending Low Wines or Spirits for Exports from thence to England, shall be charged or chargeable with any Duty or Duties by this Act imposed; nor shall any Rum, Brandy, Spirit, *Apud Fines* or Strong Waters imported into Great Britain, and lodged and stored under the joint Locks of the Customs and the Merchant, or any Warehouse or Warehouses under the Rules, Regulations and Restrictions required and provided by an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for permitting*

Proof of the
Wath or
and a Spirit
from of 18 C. 5
and of 45 C. 5
of 18 C. 1 and
for Spirits.
to used in Wath
house of det
41 C. 5. s. 49.

continue

every such Still regulated into Great Britain, to be forced in Execution without Payment of Duty, and which shall be taken out for Exemption according to the Rules, Regulations and Instructions of the said last mentioned Act, without Payment of Duty, be charged or chargeable with any Duty or Duties by this Act imposed; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary in any Act notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That, during the Continuance of this Act, no Person or Persons shall, as that Part of Great Britain called England, make use of any Still of less Capacity or Content than Three thousand Gallons for the Extraction or Distillation of Low Wines or Spirits from Wort or Wash brewed or made from Malt, Corn or Grass, or from Melasses or Sugar, or Pan of Performance for every such Offence the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always nevertheless, that no Person or Persons shall be subject or liable to the said Penalty of Two hundred Pounds, for or by reason of his, her or their making or distilling Spirits in any Still of a Capacity or Content less than Three thousand Gallons, and which be, he or they shall, within Three Years immediately preceding the passing of this Act, have had in his, her or their entered Inhibition, and which said mentioned Still shall have been by him, her or them, within said Three Years, used, employed and duly entered for the Distillation of Spirits from Sugar; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary in any Act notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every Wash Still after the working thereof shall be commenced and been begun for or in the Extraction or Distillation of Low Wines or Spirits from Wort or Wash brewed or made from Malt, Corn or Grass, or from Melasses or Sugar, shall be preferred to be kept regularly in work for and in the Extraction or Distillation of Spirits, either from such Wort or Wash brewed or made from Malt, Corn or Grass, or from Melasses or Sugar, as the case may require, for the Space of Three Calendar Months successively at the least, to be computed from the Day of the actual Commencement of such Working thereof; and no Person or Persons who shall have begun to work any Wash Still for or in the Extraction or Distillation of Low Wines or Spirits, either from Wort or Wash brewed or made from Malt, Corn or Grass, or from Wort or Wash brewed or made from Melasses or Sugar, shall be at Liberty to discontinue or withdraw the Entry of any such Still after the working thereof shall have commenced and been begun, until the Expiration of the said Term of Three Calendar Months, to be computed as aforesaid.

V. And be it further enacted, That every entered Wash Still, belonging to any Distiller or Distillers, or Maker or Makers of Spirits in that Part of Great Britain called England, for Home Consumption, from Wort or Wash brewed or made from Malt, Corn or Grass, or from Melasses or Sugar, as the case may require, during the time the same shall be worked, shall be preferred to have been charged with Wash, brewed or made either from Malt, Corn or Grass, or from Melasses or Sugar, as the case may require, in the Proportion of Three Parts in Four of the Content or Capacity of such Still, including the Head thereof, according to the average Rates hereafter expressed and specified: that is to say, For each time or times at such Wash Still shall be worked between the Fifteenth Day of November inclusive in any one Year, and the Fifteenth Day of May exclusive, in the next succeeding Year, every such Wash Still shall be preferred to have been charged with Wash, brewed or made from Malt, Corn or Grass, or from Melasses or Sugar, as the case may require, at the average Rate of Five Times to every Work at the least; and for each time or times as the same shall be worked between the said Fifteenth Day of May inclusive in any one Year, and the Fifteenth Day of November exclusive in the same Year, every such Wash Still shall be preferred to have been charged with such Wash, as the case may require, at the average Rate of Four Times in every Work at the least; and that every entered Wash Still belonging to any Distiller or Distillers, or Maker or Makers of Spirits in that Part of Great Britain called England, for Home Consumption, from Wort or Wash brewed or made from Malt, Corn or Grass, or from Melasses or Sugar; during the time the same shall be worked, shall be preferred to have been charged with such Wash as the case may require, in the Proportion of Three Parts in Four, of the Content or Capacity of such Still, including the Head thereof, according to the respective average Rates aforesaid: Provided always nevertheless, that if a Still at any time be made appear by sufficient Proof upon Oath, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Excise, or any Three or more of them in England, (the Sufficiency of such Proof being left to the Judgment of the said Commissioners) that the Difference or Excess in the Amount of the presumptive Charges of the Still, beyond the Quantity of Wort, Wash or other Liquor actually produced in the Sight of the Officers, was occasioned or shall have arisen by unavoidable Necessity, and that all the Wort, Wash and other Liquor worked at such Wash Still was bona fide produced in the Sight of the Officers, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Excise, and they are hereby required to grant to the Owner or Owners of such Wash Still, such Relief as shall in their Judgment be reasonable and just.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the several and respective Duties by this or any former Act imposed, for or in respect of Spirits made or distilled in Scotland for Home Consumption, whether the said Duties be imposed upon the Content or Capacity of the Still or upon the Quantity of Wash, brewed or made for the Extraction of Spirits or upon the Spirits distilled or composed to be distilled, shall be payable and paid by each and every Distiller at and after the following Rates: that is to say, Every Distiller in the Lowlands of Scotland shall be charged with and pay at and after the Rate of Sixteen Gallons and a Half of Spirits of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof for every One Hundred Gallons of Wort or Wash, by such Distiller brewed or made in the said Lowlands, from Malt, Corn or Grass, for Consumption in Scotland; and every Distiller in the Highlands of Scotland shall be charged with and pay at and after the Rate of Fifteen Gallons of Spirits of the Strength aforesaid for every One hundred Gallons of such Wort or Wash, by such Distiller brewed or made in the said Highlands, from Malt, Corn or Grass, for Consumption in the said Highlands; and every such Distiller shall have Credit, and be allowed Permits in manner following: that is to

Cost of stills
due to the
Land a Distiller
of such
strength.

Stills preferred
to be kept regu-
larly in work
for three
Calendar Months.

Stills preferred
to have been
charged with
Wash after the
Rates herein
expressed.

If such an
Amount of pro-
cessed
Quantity of
Spirits actually
produced in
view to a com-
pensation of the
Duty.

Rates for stills
in Scotland
for Home C. in
Scotland.

for Sixteen Gallons and a Half of Spirits of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, for every One hundred Gallons of such Wain, or their Wort or Wash, from Malt, Corn or Grains, distilled in the said Highlands; and for Fifteen Gallons of Spirits of the Strength aforesaid, for every One hundred Gallons of such Wain, or their Wort or Wash, from Malt, Corn or Grains distilled in the said Highlands; any thing in this or in any other Act of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

In what case
Distillers in the
Highlands to
excise.

VII. And be it further enacted, That when and so far as any Distiller in the Highlands of Scotland shall have brewed or made and distilled into Spirit, a Quantity of Wort or Wash from Malt, Barley, Beer or Bugg sufficient to produce Seventy five Gallons of Spirits of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, for each and every Gallon of the full Content or Capacity of the Still or Stills specified or mentioned in the License in that behalf granted to such Distiller in the said Highlands, computing Fifteen Gallons of such Spirits of the Strength aforesaid for every One hundred Gallons of such Wort or Wash, then and in every such Case, the License of such Distiller to make or distil Spirit from Malt, Barley, Beer or Bugg, in the said Highlands, shall cease and determine and be no longer in force.

Dealer in Scotch
whisky to receive
Spirits.

VIII. And be it enacted, That no Dealer in Spirits, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall feed out or remove from his or her Stock or Caskody, nor shall any such Dealer or other Person as aforesaid, receive into his or her Stock or Caskody for Home Consumption, any Scotch Spirits, unless the Permit or Permission accompanying the same shall truly express the Strength of all such Spirits at the time of the Removal thereof; and all Spirits so removed, first cut or received, mixed, compounded with a true and lawful Permit or Permit, expressing the Strength thereof, shall and may be sold by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and each and every Person so feeding out or receiving the same, shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds, over and above all other Penalties and Forfeitures, to which he or she is or may be liable in or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the time of making this Act, for or in respect of the feeding out or removing of any Spirits whatsoever without a true and lawful Permit; any thing in this or in any other Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

How often
Officers of Excise
in Scotland
to take Account
of Stock of
Dealers,
Kinds.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Officer of Excise in Scotland, having under his Survey the Stock or Stocks of any entered Dealer or Dealers in Spirits, shall, once in every Thirty Days at the least, or oftener if necessary, take an accurate and true Account of the Quantity and Strength of all Scotch Spirits in the Stock, Caskody or Cellar of every such Dealer, and shall compute the same to the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof; and after making Allowance for the Spirits for which Permits shall have been granted since the last reckoning of the Stock of such Dealer, computing the same as the Strength aforesaid, it shall be found that the Quantity of Spirits remaining in the Possession of such Dealer shall exceed the Quantity for which he shall have Credit in the Books of the proper Officer, whether such Credit shall have arisen from what was on hand at the last preceding Reckoning, or from what may have been lawfully received subsequent thereto, each and every such Excess shall be deemed and taken to be Spirits received without Permit, and a Quantity of Spirits equal thereto shall and may be found out of any Part of the Stock of such Dealer by any Officer or Officers of Excise, and the Dealer in whose Stock such Excess shall be found shall in respect thereof be seized and liable to all the Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, to which Persons receiving Spirits unaccompanied with a true and lawful Permit are or may be liable in or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament.

Penalty.

Duties under
Commissioners
of Excise.

X. And be it further enacted, That each of the additional Duties by this Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being; and each thereof as shall arise in that Part of Britain called Scotland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being.

How Duties
levied, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the said several additional Duties by this Act imposed shall and may be respectively levied, levied, collected and paid in such and the like manner, and in or by any or either of the General or Special Means, Ways or Methods by which the former Duties of Excise, for or in respect of Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities of the same Sorts or Kinds respectively, were or might be raised, levied, collected and paid, and the Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities, for or in respect whereof the said additional Duties respectively are by this Act imposed, shall be, and the same are hereby made subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Forfeitures, to which Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities were generally or specially subject or liable by any Act or Act of Parliament relating to the Duties of Excise at force immediately before the passing of this Act; and all and every Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture of any Nature or Kind whatever, consumed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament for levying the Duties of Excise, or any of them, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, in force immediately before the passing of this Act, and the several Clauses, Powers and Provisions, therein contained, shall and the same respectively are hereby dissolved and declared to extend in, and shall be respectively applied, practised and put in Execution, for and in respect of the several additional Duties of Excise by this Act imposed, in as full and ample manner, to all Goods and Persons whatsoever, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

Duty added to
Spirits distilled
under Com-
missioners
May 25, 1811.

XII. And whereas several Contracts may have been made before the said Twentieth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, by licensed Distillers and Makers of Spirits, for Scotch Spirits to be delivered after that Day; and several Contracts may have been also made before that Day, by licensed Dealers in Spirits for foreign Spirits, for or in respect whereof an additional Duty is by this Act imposed, to be sold or used after that Day; Be it therefore enacted, That all and every such licensed Distiller and Maker of Spirits, delivering such Scotch Spirits after the said Twentieth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall be allowed to add so much Money as will be equivalent to the additional Duties by this Act imposed, for or in respect of the Wort or Wash from whence such Scotch Spirits were extracted or made, to the

the Price thereof, and shall be entitled by virtue of this Act to demand, receive and be paid the same accordingly; and all and every such licensed Dealer in Spirits, delivering such foreign Spirits after that Day, in pursuance of any such Contract, shall be allowed to add to such Money as well be equivalent to the additional Duties by this Act imposed, and which such Dealer or Dealer shall actually have paid for or in respect of such foreign Spirits, to the Price thereof, and shall be entitled by virtue of this Act to demand, receive and be paid the same accordingly.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising by the said additional Duties (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted), shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, definitely and apart from all other Branches of the publick Revenue; and that those shall be provided and kept, in the Office of the Auditor of the said Receipt of Exchequer, a Book or Books, in which all the Monies arising from the said respective additional Duties and paid into the said Receipt of Exchequer, shall be entered separately and apart from all other Monies paid or payable to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, upon any Account whatever, and the said Monies shall be deemed a permanent Increase to the publick Revenue of Great Britain, for the Purpose of defraying any increased Charge occasioned by any new or Stock created by Authority of any Act passed or to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

Appendix of
Duties.

C A P. LX.

An Act to repeal the Duties of Stamps on Hats made in Ireland, and on Licences to Perfume to manufacture Hats, or to utter or vend Hats in Ireland, and all Regulations for securing the said Duties. [10th June 1811.]

WHEREAS certain Duties of Stamps are payable on Hats made in Ireland, and on Licences to Perfume to manufacture Hats, and on Licences to Perfume to utter or vend Hats in Ireland; and the Collection of such Duties is regulated by certain Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland, and it is expedient that the said Duties and Regulations should be repealed: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Duties on Licences to Perfume selling Hats, and on Hats sold by Retail in Ireland*, and also to each of the Acts made in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to equal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof*, and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland, so imposes any Duty on any Licence to any Person to manufacture any Hats or to utter or vend any Hats in any Place in Ireland, and also to each of the Acts made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to equal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon Stamped Papers, Parchments and Paper in Ireland, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof*, and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland, so authorises the granting Licences to any Persons to manufacture Hats or to sell Hats by Retail, or the receiving any Statements or the granting any Permits for removing Hats, and also to each of the Acts made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to repeal certain Duties of Excise, and also certain Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant certain new Stamp Duties in lieu thereof*, and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland, so imposes any Duty on any Hats stored, vended or sold, by any Person or Persons in Ireland, or authorises the granting of any Licence to sell Hats by Wholesale, or requires any Bond to be given by Persons licensed to manufacture or sell Hats, or by Persons importing Hats for Sale, or imposes any Penalty on Persons importing or bringing to enter into such Bond, or so requires any Permit or Permits for the Removal of Hats, shall be and they have been hereby repealed; and all such Duties shall from and after the passing of this Act, cease and determine, and shall be no longer paid or payable; and the said Regulations, or any Regulations for the like Purpose in any other Act or Acts for the Purpose of collecting or regulating the said Duties, shall be no longer put in Execution; the said recited Acts, or any thing therein or any of them, or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, contained in the contrary to anywise notwithstanding.

43 G. 3. c. 12.
1799 Act.

47 G. 3. c. 66. s.
1. 12. in part.

46 G. 3. c. 66.
in part.

47 G. 3. c. 67. s.
1. 14. in part
1799 Act.

C A P. LXI.

An Act for charging the Sum of Seven millions five hundred thousand Pounds, raised for the Service of Great Britain, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, upon the Duties granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace. [10th June 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Loans raised for the Service of Great Britain for the present Year, should be charged upon the several Duties granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and until certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, except the Duties granted by an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Revenue and Duties in Great Britain, on the Rates and Duties on* Profits

46 G. 3. c. 65.

- Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices; and for repaying an Act passed in the Forty
6th Year of His present Majesty, for repaying certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His
present Majesty, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and
Offices; and to reimburse and render more effectual the Provision for collecting the said Duties; And whereas
the several Duties of Excise granted to His Majesty by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His
present Majesty's Reign, intitled, An Act for granting to His Majesty, until Twelve Months after the Ratifica-
tion of the Defensive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain; and by another
Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, An Act for granting to His Majesty,
and Twelve Months after the Ratification of a Defensive Treaty of Peace, additional Duties of Excise on
Tobacco and Snuff, were, by an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled,
An Act for charging the Sum of Twelve millions, Part of the Loan of Twelve millions, was hundred thousand
Pounds, raised for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, upon the
Duties of Customs and Excise granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for
certain Periods after the Ratification of a Defensive Treaty of Peace, and for providing a Sinking Fund for
the Redemption of the Stocks or Funds thereby created, and by another Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of
His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, An Act for charging the Sum of Eleven millions raised for the Service
of Great Britain, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, and the Sum of Seven millions nine hun-
dred and thirty two thousand five hundred Pounds in Exchange Bills, issued pursuant to an Act of this Session
of Parliament, upon the Duties granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for
certain Periods after the Ratification of a Defensive Treaty of Peace, further granted and continued for such
further Term or Terms, and in such Proportions, after the Expiration of the said Period, as are directed
in the said recited Acts: And whereas an Act was made in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His
present Majesty, intitled, An Act for granting to His Majesty, until Twelve Months after the Ratification
of a Defensive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise on Brandy in Great Britain: And whereas
for making an effectual Provision for defraying the Charge occasioned by the said Loan of Seven millions
the hundred thousand Pounds, it is expedient that the Duties of Excise granted by the said Acts of the
Forty third, Forty fifth and Forty seventh Years of His present Majesty's Reign, should be further con-
tinued for such limited Term, and in such Proportions and Manner as in this Act is directed: It is there-
fore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of all Lords
Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the
same, That the said several Duties of Excise shall be and the same are hereby further continued, and shall be
payable to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for each further Term or Terms, and
in such Proportions after the Expiration of the said Period, and in such manner as hereinafter is directed
concerning the Loan.*
- II. And be it further enacted, That, in order to defray the Charge occasioned by the Sum of Seven
millions five hundred thousand Pounds, Part of the Loan of Twelve millions, contracted to be raised for the
Service of the present Year, then made, during the Continuance of the present War, and until Six Months
after the Ratification of a Defensive Treaty of Peace, he let apart at the Receipt of Exchequer to
Expound, and appropriated to the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, quarterly or otherwise, as the said
Charge may from time to time be incurred or become due, out of the Produce of any of the Duties granted
to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and until certain Periods after the Ratification
of a Defensive Treaty of Peace, which may from time to time be remaining in the Exchequer, except the
Duties granted by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, An Act
for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification
of a Defensive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain, as the Rates and Duties
as Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices; and for repaying an Act passed in the Forty
sixth Year of His present Majesty, for repaying certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His pre-
sent Majesty, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices;
and to reimburse and render more effectual the Provision for collecting the said Duties; notwithstanding any
other Appropriation of the said Duties by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, but subject
to the Charge created thereby by the said recited Acts passed in the Forty fifth and Forty sixth Years of
His present Majesty, the clear annual Sum of Four hundred and Sixty six thousand Pounds, which annual
Sum shall be deemed an Addition made to the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain for the Purpose of de-
fraying the aforesaid Charge occasioned by the said Sum of Seven millions five hundred thousand Pounds, Part of the said Loan
of Twelve millions granted for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven.
- III. And be it further enacted, That if no other Provision shall have been made by Parliament for defraying
the several Charge occasioned by the said Sum of Seven millions five hundred thousand Pounds, then and
after the Expiration of the said Period of Six Months soon after the Ratification of a Defensive
Treaty of Peace, the Duties of Excise granted or continued to His Majesty by the above recited Acts, or in such
and such Part or Parts or Proportions thereof respectively, as shall not previously have been repealed or dis-
continued by any Act or Acts of Parliament, shall nevertheless be further continued, and be payable to and
for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and so much thereof as shall amount to the Sum of
Four hundred and Sixty six thousand Pounds, shall be deemed an Addition made to the Revenue, for the
Purpose of defraying the aforesaid Charge occasioned by the said Sum of Seven millions five hundred thousand
Pounds, until some other Provision shall be made by Parliament for defraying the said Charge; and in
case there shall be any Remainder of the Moneys arising by the said Duties, after defraying the said Charge, such
Remainder

Remainder or Surplus shall, until the same shall be discontinued, or specially appropriated by Parliament, be applicable, and may be applied to such Uses and Purposes as the Houses composing the Confederate Fund may by Law be applied.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the several Clauses, Powers, Privileges, Directions, Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures and Restraints, in any Act or Acts of Parliament contained, in relation to the said several Duties of Excise thereby respectively granted, and the Drawbacks and Bounties of Excise allowed thereon respectively, shall remain and continue in force, and be respectively applied, gratified and put in Execution, in respect of the said several Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties respectively, or such Parts or Proportions thereof respectively, as shall from time to time be continued by virtue of this Act, in as full and ample a manner, to all Inhabitants and Purposes whatsoever, as if the said Clauses, Powers, Privileges, Directions, Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures and Restraints were respectively repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Petition or Petitions shall be presented, or made or produced to be argued or counterargued, or shall wilfully and or still in the forging or counterfeiting any Certificate or Certificates, Order or Orders, made forth by virtue of this Act, or after any Number, Figure or Word thereof, or printed for Payment, utter, send, bring or dispose of any such forged, counterfeited or altered Certificate or Certificates, Order or Orders, knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited or altered, then and in every such case, all and every such Petition and Petitions being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, shall be adjudged a Felony, and shall suffer Death as in cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

Certifics Power of Act to be continued in force

Forging Certificate or Orders

D. 11

C A P. LXII.

An Act to permit Rum and other Spirits, the Produce of the *British Colonies* in the *West Indies*, to be imported into *New Scotia* and *New Brunswick*, and the *Islands of Cape Breton*, *Prince Edward* and *Newfoundland*, from the *Island of Bermuda*. [20th June 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to extend to the Provinces of *New Scotia* and *New Brunswick*, the *Island of Cape Breton*, *Prince Edward's Island* and the *Island of Newfoundland*, the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to alter the Importations of Rum and other Spirits from the Island of Bermuda into the Provinces of Lower Canada without Payment of Duty, as the said Terms and Conditions as such Importations may be made directly from His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in the West Indies*; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, any Rum or other Spirits being the Produce or Manufacture of any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in the *West Indies*, legally and directly imported into the *Island of Bermuda* from His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in the *West Indies*, may be exported from thence into the Provinces of *New Scotia* and *New Brunswick*, the *Island of Cape Breton*, *Prince Edward's Island* and the *Island of Newfoundland* and landed and admitted in an Entry upon Payment of the same Rate of Duty as if the same had been imported directly from any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in the *West Indies*.

42 G. 3 c. 25.

As when Duty was exacted from Bermuda into Nova Scotia, &c.

Under Constitution of 22 G. 3 c. 26. 1800. and 42 G. 3 c. 25. 1811. no Duty.

II. And be it further enacted, That under the Conditions and Restrictions contained in an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to alter the Importations of Rum and other Spirits from His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in the West Indies into the Province of Quebec without Payment of Duty, under certain Conditions and Restrictions*, Rum and other Spirits, imported as before mentioned in *Bermuda*, may be imported into the said Provinces and *Islands*, without Payment of Duty, in the same manner as if such Rum or other Spirits had been imported directly from any of the said Sugar Colonies.

Fined in Importation, Affidavit to be made and delivered to Collector, who shall give Certificate of Contents and Packages.

III. And, to prevent the Importation of foreign Rum and Spirits into any of the *British Colonies* in *North America*, under Pretence that the same are the Produce or Manufacture of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies, be it enacted, That every Petition or Petitions lodged on board any Ship or Vessel in the said *Island of Bermuda* any Rum or Spirits as of the Produce or Manufacture of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies legally imported into that *Island*, shall, before the clearing out of the said Ship or Vessel, produce and deliver to the Collector or other Principal Officer of the Customs at the loading Port in or near the Affidavit, or that of his or their Agent or Factors, signed and sworn to before some Justice of the Peace in the said *Island of Bermuda*, expounding its Words at Length, and not in Figures, the Number and Content or Contents of the Cask or other Packages containing the Rum or other Spirits, from what Colony or Plantation the same were imported, by whom, and the time when such Importations took place, which Affidavit shall be attested by the Head of the said Justice of the Peace to have been sworn to in his Presence, who is hereby required to do so: And without Fee or Reward; and the Collector or other Principal Officer of the Customs to whom such Affidavit shall be delivered, shall thereupon grant to the Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel in which the same shall be lodged, a Certificate under his Hand and Seal of Office (without Fee or Reward) of his having received such Affidavit pursuant to the Direction of this Act; and that it is thereby appointed that such Rum or other Spirits was or was legally imported into the said *Island* as of the Produce or Manufacture of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies, and such Certificate shall also expound the Number and Content or Contents of the Cask or other Packages containing the Rum or other Spirits so shipped on board such Ship or Vessel.

IV. And be it further enacted, That upon the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel at the Port of her Discharge in any of the said Provinces or *Islands*, the Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of the said Ship or Vessel shall, at the time of making the Report of his Cargo, deliver the said Certificate to the Collector

Such Certificate to be delivered to Collector at Port of Importation, &c.

Indie or other Principal Officer of the Customs of such Port, and make Oath before him (and which he is hereby authorized and required to administer) that the Run or other Spiels so supposed are the same that are mentioned and referred to in the said Certificate; and if any Run or other Spiels shall be imported or found on board any such Ship or Vessel for which no Certificate shall be produced, or which shall not agree therewith, the same shall be deemed and taken to be Foreign Run and Spiels, and shall be subject and liable to the same Duties, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures in all respects, as Run or other Spiels of the Produce or Manufacture of any foreign Colony or Plantation would be subject and liable to by Law.

C A P. LXIII.

An Act to authorize the Punishment, by Confinement and hard Labour, of Persons in Ireland liable to Transportation; and to repeal so much of a former Act as relates to that Subject.

[10th June 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, passed in Ireland in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of His Majesty's Kings, entitled, *An Act to authorize for a limited Time the Penalties by hard Labour of Offenders who for certain Crimes are or shall become liable to be transported in any of His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations*, it was, amongst other things, enacted, that where any Person should be convicted of any Offence for which he or she should be liable by Law to Transportation, it should be lawful for the Court in place of Transportation to order that such Person should be sent to some Place of Confinement, to be there kept to hard Labour in manner as in said Act provided: And whereas the said Act has been since amended: And whereas the Provisions of the said Act in that respect have been found insufficient, so it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, in so much of the said Act as relates to the ordering or adjudging any such Convict or any Convict to labour in any such Place of Confinement, and all and every Clause and Provision in said Act relating thereto, he and the same are hereby repealed, save only so far as relates to any Sentence, Order or Adjudication passed or made before the passing of this Act, or the Penalties necessary for carrying the same into Execution.

II. And be it further enacted, That where any Person shall at any Session of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, or at any Quarter or other General Session of the Peace for any County, City, Town or Place in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, be lawfully convicted of any Crime for which he or she shall be liable by Law to Transportation, it shall be lawful for the Court before which such Offender shall be so convicted, or any Court held for the same Place, and with like Authority, if such Court shall think fit, in the Place of such Punishment by Transportation, to order and adjudge that such Person shall be sent to some House of Correction or Penitentiary within the said County, City, Town or Place to be appointed in and by such Order, there to be kept to hard Labour for such term or for such Term or Number of Years as such Court shall appoint, provided that the same shall be no more than Seven Years: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Court before which any Offender or Offenders shall be so convicted, to order such Offender to be whipped or imprisoned for any time less than One Year, or to suffer such other Corporal Punishment as such Offenders are liable to, and so may be inflicted on such Offenders by Law; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That when any Offender shall be ordered to be kept to hard Labour in manner aforesaid, the Clerk of the Peace, or other Clerk of the Court, by whom such Order shall be made, shall give to the Sheriff or Gaoler, having the Custody of such Offender, a Certificate in Writing under his Hand, containing an Account of the Christian Name, Surname, and Age of such Offender, of his or her Offence, of the Court before whom he or she was convicted, and of the Term for which he or she shall have been so ordered to hard Labour; and the Sheriff or Gaoler shall, with all convenient Speed after the making of any such Order, and receiving of such Certificate, convey such Offender, or cause him or her to be conveyed to the gaol or House of Correction or Penitentiary, and deliver such Offender, or cause him or her to be delivered, together with the said Certificate, into the Custody of the Master or Keeper of such House of Correction; and the Prison and Persons to whom such Offender shall be so delivered, shall give a proper Receipt in Writing under his or their Hand or Hands, which shall be a sufficient Discharge to the Sheriff, Gaoler or other Person so delivering any such Offender.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Expenses incurred by any Sheriff or Gaoler, in the Conveyance of any such Offender as aforesaid, shall be paid by the County, City, Town or Place for which the Court ordering such Punishment by hard Labour instead of Transportation shall be held, and the Sheriff or Gaoler shall receive the Money due for such Expenses from the Treasurer of such County, City, Town or Place, by Order of the Justices of the Peace thereof at their Quarterly or other General Sessions, who are hereby required to make such Order accordingly, and the same shall be paid by the Grand Jury of such County, City or Town, at the next Assizes or next Term thereof.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall in any manner escape who by force of this Act shall be ordered to hard Labour in any House of Correction or Penitentiary as aforesaid, either in his own name or in the Name of any other Person, or shall such Offender under this Act shall be in the Custody of the Prison or Persons appointed in this Purpose, or if any Person shall be aiding or assisting in such Release, or if any Person shall be aiding or assisting of any such Offender shall be aiding or assisting in any Escape, or shall be supplying Arms or Instruments of Disguise or Escape, or otherwise in any manner be aiding or assisting in the Attempt to make any such Escape, though no such Escape shall be made, every such Person so being convicted

of such Offence by Judgment before any Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery held in and for the Place where such Offence shall be committed, shall be by such Court adjudged and ordered to the same Punishment as hard Labour in some House of Correction as the Petitioner selected or assigned, or attempted to be aided in any Escape, had to serve or suffer at the time of such Release, Escape or Attempt of an Escape.

Punishment.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall be so ordered to hard Labour as aforesaid, shall at any time during the Term for which he or she shall be so ordered to hard Labour break Prison, or escape from the Place of his or her Confinement, or from the Prison or Persons having the lawful Custody of such Offender, he or she is breaking Prison, or escaping, shall on Conviction for the first Escape be punished by doubling the Term of the Service and hard Labour to which he or she was liable at the time of such Escape, and on Conviction for a Second Escape be adjudged guilty of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy, and suffer Death accordingly.

Offences during hard Labour from the Prisoners.

VII. And, to the intent that such Cognitions or Convictions may be had with as little Trouble and Expence as possible, be it further enacted, That every Offender or Offenders escaping in manner aforesaid may and shall be tried before the Justices of Assize, Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery for the County, City or Place, where he, she or they shall be apprehended and taken, and that the Clerk of the Peace where such Order of Confinement and hard Labour shall be made, and his Successor for the time being shall, at the Request of the Prosecutor or any other in His Majesty's Behalf, certify a Transcript hereof, and in few Words, containing the Effect of every Indictment and Conviction of such Person, and of the Order made for his or her Confinement and hard Labour to the Justices of Assize, Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, where such Person shall be indicted for any such Escape, not taking for the same above the Sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence, which Certificate being produced in Court, shall be a sufficient Proof that such Person or Persons have before been committed and ordered to such Place of Confinement and hard Labour.

Mode of proving by Certificates as such Cert.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That such Clerk of the Peace and the Sheriff or Gaoler be paid by the Treasurer of the County, City, Town or Place, the like Satisfaction as hath been usually paid for the Order of Transportation of any Offender.

Fines.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Offender or Offenders who shall by virtue of this Act be directed to be confined and kept to hard Labour, shall in such House of Correction be kept separate from, and shall not be permitted or suffered to intermix with any Person or Persons confined for any Offence not making the Prison or Persons having committed the same subject to a Sentence of Transportation.

Offenders kept separate.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Overseers or Keepers of the several Houses of Correction, or Penitentiaries in which any Person or Persons to be confined to hard Labour shall be confined, shall from time to time make Returns, specifying the Names of all and every the Person or Persons who shall be so committed to their Custody, the Offences of which they shall have been guilty, the Court before which such Person was convicted, the Sentence of the Court, the Age, bodily State and Behaviour of every such Person, whether as aforesaid, and also the Names of all and every the Person or Persons who shall have had under such Custody, or shall have escaped from such Place of Confinement, or shall have been released from thence, (specifying the Mode of such Release), such Returns to be made to the Justices of Assize at each Assize, and to the Justices of Peace at each Quarter or other General Session of the Peace for the County, City or Place within which such Place of Confinement shall be situate, and that every such Return shall be verified on the Oath of the Person making the same, such Oath to be made before the Court into which the Return shall be delivered.

Returns of Offenders on Prison or Penitentiaries.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Offender who shall be directed to be kept to hard Labour in manner aforesaid, shall at the End of the Term of such Service, and upon being released to Liberty, receive from the Keeper of such House of Correction such Sum of Money not being less than Five Shillings, nor more than Five Pounds, together with such decent Clothing as the Court into which such Return shall be made as aforesaid shall appoint; and if any such Offender, whilst confined to hard Labour in manner aforesaid, shall by industry and other good Behaviour, merit such Sum of Money as shall exceed the said Court so recommended him as an Object of Mercy to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being; and it shall be thenceforth signified by a Letter from such Secretary to the Keeper of such House of Correction or Penitentiary, that the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being or their fit, in consideration of such good Behaviour, doth authorize the Director of such Offender's Term, such Offender shall be accordingly set at Liberty at the time appointed in such Letter, and shall receive a Sum of Money from such Keeper, and Clothing, in the same manner as if he or she had served the whole of the Term for which he or she was adjudged to be kept to hard Labour.

Offenders on being ordered to Liberty to receive a Sum and Clothing.

XII. And be it further enacted, That such Keeper shall receive such Sum of Money, and the reasonable Price of such Clothing so given by him as aforesaid from the Treasurer of the County, City or Town, by Order of the Justices of the Peace thereof, at their Quarterly or other General Sessions, who are hereby required to make such Order accordingly, and the same shall be protested by the Grand Jury of such County, City or Town, at the next Assize or preceding Term.

Time of Cash received may be ascertained.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Suit or Action shall be prosecuted against any Person or Persons for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and give the Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done by the Authority of this Act; and if a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become Nonsuit, or discontinuance has, for or their Actions after this year, or the next December or otherwise, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants.

General Issue.

Tolls-Cut.

Indebted shall recover Tolls-Cuts, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Debtor hath by Law in other cases; and though a Verdict shall be given in any Pleasiff in any such Action or Suit as aforesaid, such Pleasiff shall not have Costs against the Defendant, unless the Judge before whom the Trial shall be shall certify his Approbation of the Verdict.

Liabilities of
Admirals.

XIV And it is further enacted, That all Admissions, Suits and Proceedings to be commenced against the Parties or Persons for any thing done in performance of this Act, shall be laid and tried in the County or Place where the Fact was committed, and shall be commenced within Six Months after the Fact committed and not otherwise.

Offenders may
be removed
from One Month
of Correction to
another.

XV Provided always, and he it enacted, That it shall be lawful to send for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to order that any such Offender be removed to any other House of Correction or Penitentiary in Ireland, and thence kept to any hard Labour for any Term not exceeding the Term of Confinement which shall then remain unexpired, under the Order by virtue of which such Offender shall be then confined, and also to order as any time during the said Term, that such Offender shall be sent back to such former House of Correction or Penitentiary for the Residue of such term; any thing in this or any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. LXIV.

An Act to enable the East India Company to raise a further Sum of Money upon Bonds, instead of increasing their Capital Stock; and to alter and amend an Act, passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, relative thereto. [10th June 1811.]

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WHEREAS by an Act made in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it was enacted, *As Act to enable the East India Company to raise Money for further increasing their Capital Stock, and to amend the Provisions now existing respecting the present Stock of the Company in the said recited Act, after ratifying, that the Affairs of the United Company of Merchants of England required a permanent Addition of a considerable Sum of Money beyond what the said Company could raise under the Powers then vested in them by Law, the said United Company are authorized and empowered to raise Money for enlarging their then Capital Stock or Fund of Six Millions of Pounds, to say Six or Seven not exceeding the further Sum of Two Millions Capital Stock, so that their whole Capital Stock should not exceed the Capital Sum of Eight Millions: And whereas by an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intituled, *As Act to enable the East India Company to raise Money upon Bond, instead of increasing their Capital Stock, the said Company are authorized to borrow, upon Bonds to be issued under their Common Seal, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Two Millions Sterling, over and above such Sum and Sums of Money as the said Company could then lawfully raise on their Bonds, and to apply the Money so to be borrowed and raised, for such Purposes as under and by virtue of the said Act of the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, the Money to be raised by enlarging the Capital Stock of the said Company was applicable; and by the said Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, it is provided, that when the said Company should have raised any Part of the Money which they were thereby authorized to raise by Bond, then and so long as such further Bond Debt, or any Part thereof, should continue, all the Money thereafter to be raised by enlarging the Capital Stock of the said United Company, under and by virtue of the said Act passed in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, should be applied towards the Reduction of the Bond Debt of the said United Company, until it should be reduced to the Sum which the said Company might then lawfully raise by Bond; and in case the said Company should enlarge their Capital Stock, under and by virtue of the said Act passed in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, before they should have increased their Bond Debt under the Authority of the said Act now in recital, that then the Sum which they were thereby empowered to raise on Bond, should be reduced by the Sum of Two hundred Pounds Sterling in respect of every One hundred Pounds Capital Stock so enlarged, and so in Proportion for a greater or less Amount of Capital Stock which should have been created: And whereas a considerable Part of the Debt incurred by the Engagement of the said Company in the East Indies, and which was incurred by means of territorial and political Expenses in that Country, has lately been discharged in India, by means of Bills drawn by the Governments of the said Company in the East Indies upon their Court of Directors in London; and thereby it has become necessary for the said Company to provide in this Country a much greater Sum of Money than in the ordinary Course of these Transactions was wont from the Sales of their Goods and the ordinary Receipts and Means of the said Company: And whereas the said United Company have not yet received their Capital Stock, under and by virtue of the Powers contained in the said Act mentioned Act; and it is expedient that the Power of the said United Company to raise Money upon their Bonds should be enlarged, so that they may be enabled either to raise a further Sum by Bond, or by Increase of their Capital Stock; therefore, that the Provisions in the said last recited Act, as to the Application of the Money to be raised by increasing the Capital Stock of the said Company, and as to the Reduction of the Power of the said Company to increase their Bond Debt in a certain m^o, should be repealed, and that other Provisions should be made in respect thereof: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and he it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and he it lawful so and for the said Company, by and with the Approbation and Consent of the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India for the time being, at any time or times hereafter, to borrow upon Bonds to be issued under their Common Seal, any further Sum or Sums of Money**

Company
may borrow a
further Sum of
Money upon
Bonds.

an exceeding in the whole the Sum of Two Millions Sterling, over and above the Sums and Sums to the said Company are now lawfully due on their Bonds, and to apply the Monies so to be raised and raised for such Purpose, as aforesaid, and by virtue of the said Act of the Thirty-sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, the Money to be raised by enlarging the Capital Stock of the said Company as applicable; any thing contained in the said recited Act or any other Act notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That inasmuch as the said Act of the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His Majesty, as aforesaid, provides that all the Money to be raised by enlarging the Capital Stock of the said Company as therein mentioned, should be applied towards the Redemption of the Bond Debts of the said United Company, and it should be so intended in the said Act, that the said Company might have lawfully raised the said Money, and as provided that in case the said Company should enlarge their Capital Stock, that the Sum which they were thereby empowered to raise by Bond should be reduced, still be so to be lawfully raised.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That when the said United Company shall be so enlarged under and by virtue of the said Act of the Thirty-seventh Year of the Reign of His Majesty, and of the said Act of the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His Majesty, and of five A. C. in the said Acts of Money as together shall amount to the Sum of Four millions Sterling, then and from thenceforth it shall not be lawful for the said Company to raise any further Sum of Money upon Bond; and all Money which from thenceforth shall be raised by Increase of Capital Stock, under and by virtue of the said recited Act, shall be applied in Discharge of the said Bond Debt, until the said Bond Debt, created in virtue of the said Act of the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His Majesty, or this Act, together with the Money to be raised by Increase of Capital as aforesaid, shall be reduced to the Sum of Four millions Sterling.

IV. And whereas Bonds issued under the Common Seal of the said United Company, for Money borrowed by them by virtue of the Power enabling them to borrow Money upon Bond, have actually been entered into, and have been expressed to have been made payable to the Person who for the time being has been the Treasurer of the said United Company, or his Assigns, and upon his Indorsement thereof, they have been sold and passed from one Person to another, by Delivery of the Possession thereof, and it is intended that a legal Effect should be given to such Mode of Transfer of the Property in the said Bonds, and the Money lent thereby: Be it therefore further enacted, That all Bonds (Bonds, as to be deemed, as for the Common Seal of the said United Company, by virtue of any Power by which they have been, any, or hereafter may be authorized to borrow Money upon their Bonds, shall be assignable and transmissible by Delivery of the Possession thereof; and upon every such Assignment or Transfer, the Money furnished by the Bond is assigned or transferred, and due, and to become due thereon, and the Property in such Bond, shall be absolutely vested as well in Law as in Equity, in the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick and Corporate, to whom the same shall be so assigned or transferred, and the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick and Corporate, to whom any such Bond shall be so assigned or transferred, and his, her or their Executors, Administrators and Successors respectively, shall and may maintain his, her or their Action for the Principal and Interest secured thereby, and due thereon, or otherwise relating thereto, in like manner as the Obligor or Obligors named in any such Bond, or his, her or their Executors, Administrators or Successors, may now maintain any Action thereon; and in every such Action the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover his, her or their Debt, Damages and Costs of Suit; and if any such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be convicted, or a Verdict be given against him, her or them, the Defendant or Defendants shall recover his, her or their Costs against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, and every such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Defendant or Defendants respectively recovering, may for our Execution for such Debt, Damages and Costs by Capias, Fieri facias or Execi.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judiciously taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

C A P. LXV.

An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Thirty-ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for the more effectual Suppression of Societies established for seditious and treasonable Purposes; and for better preventing treasonable and seditious Practices, in so far as respects certain Penalties on Printers and Publishers.* [1798 June 1811.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Thirty-ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for the more effectual Suppression of Societies established for seditious and treasonable Purposes, and for better preventing treasonable and seditious Practices:* And whereas, it is by the Twenty-ninth and Thirty-fifth Sections of the said Act, certain Penalties were made, that every Person who should print any Paper or Book, or publish or dispense, or assist in publishing or dispensing, any printed Paper or Book, without the Name and Place of Abode of the Printer being printed on such Paper or Book, in such manner as by the said Act is specified, should forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every Copy of such Paper so published or dispensed by him; to be recovered before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or for the County, Stewartry, Riding, City, Town or Place, in which such Penalty should be recovered: And when or there is set in the said Act any Provision authorizing such Justice or Justices to mitigate the Penalties thereby incurred, or enabling the Party to appeal from any Conviction by or Judgment of such Justice or Justices: And whereas divers Books and Papers have since been printed by several Persons, who, through Inadvertency or Mistake, have neglected to comply with the Provisions of the said Act, and such Persons have thereby become liable to be fined and prosecuted for Penalties to a vast Amount, although such Books and Papers were not of an evil or seditious Tenor: And whereas it is expedient to limit the Amount of Penalties imposed by the said Act, and to enable Magistrates to mitigate the Penalties in such cases

and for and in respect of every time of passing any and every such Light House or Light House, whether the said Ship or Vessel shall be outward or homeward bound, or on a foreign Voyage, or being Coastwise, the Sum of One Penny for every Ton Burthen of such Ship or Vessel for and in respect of every such Light House, and every time of passing the same:

And for every Foreign Ship or Decked Vessel passing as aforesaid the Sum of Two Pence for every Ton Burthen, for and in respect of every such Light House, and every time of passing the same.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the time when a Floating Light shall be established on the *Agulhas* or the South Side of *DuRoi's Bay*, there shall be paid to the said Corporation for preserving and improving the Port of *DuRoi*, by the Owners or Masters of every Ship or Decked Vessel which shall pass each Floating Light on the *Agulhas* Bank, the Sums, Rates and Duties following; that is to say,

Vessels passing Floating Light on the *Agulhas* Bank.

For every Foreign or *Agulhas* Ship or Decked Vessel navigating according to Law, which shall pass each Floating Light; and for and in respect of every time such Ship or Vessel shall pass each Floating Light, whether the said Ship or Vessel shall be outward or homeward bound, or on a foreign Voyage, or being Coastwise, the Sum of One Halfpenny for every Ton Burthen of such Ship or Vessel, for and in respect of every time of passing the said Floating Light:

Rates.

And so on a Boat's Ship or Decked Vessel passing such Floating Light as aforesaid, the Sum of One Penny for every Ton Burthen of such Ship or Vessel, for and in respect of every time of passing the said Floating Light.

And the Produce of the said last mentioned Duties shall by the said Corporation be appropriated and applied to the Maintenance of the said Floating Light, and a separate Account shall be kept by the said Corporation of the Receipt and Expensiture thereof, and the same shall be regularly accounted for by the said Corporation.

III. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of the passing this Act, there shall be payable and paid to the said Corporation for preserving and improving the Port of *DuRoi*, the Rates and Duties following; that is to say, upon every Entry, Receipt or Warrant, in any such Port for shipping any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, upwards or outwards, or from any Port is *Imported* to any other Port therein, when the Value of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall exceed the Sum of Five Pounds, the Sum of One Shilling and Six Pence.

Rates of the Importation of Goods.

IV. And whereas the Rates and Charges as aforesaid payable by Law for Ballast delivered or taken on board Ships in the Harbour of *DuRoi* are insufficient to defray the perfect Expenses of obtaining and delivering the same: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of the passing of this Act, the Master, Commander, or Owner of every Ship or Vessel belonging to Great Britain or *Irishland*, or the *British* Plantations, and every Foreign Ship or Vessel who shall take in Ballast from the Office of the said Corporation, for preserving and improving the Port of *DuRoi*, within the Port of *DuRoi*, or in the several Creeks or Harbours thereto belonging, or in any Place whatsoever within the Jurisdiction or which is subject to the Power or Authority of the said Corporation, shall pay or make to be paid to the Ballast Master or other Officer who shall be appointed by the said Corporation to receive the same, in addition to the several Sums of Money, Rates and Charges now payable by Law, the several and respective further and additional Sums of Money, Rates and Charges following; that is to say,

Additional Ballast Rates.

For every Ton of Ballast which shall be delivered or taken on board any Ship, Boat or Vessel belonging to Great Britain or *Irishland*, or any Part of the United Kingdom, or to the *British* Plantations, within the Harbour of *DuRoi*, or any of the Creeks or Harbours thereto belonging, in addition to all former Rates and Duties, the further Sum of Two Pence:

Rates of Ballast.

For every Ton of Ballast which shall be delivered or taken on board any Foreign Ship, Boat or Vessel in addition to all former Rates and Duties, the further Sum of Six Pence:

Which said last mentioned Duties shall be applied by the said Corporation, in so far as the same shall be sufficient, towards defraying the Expenses of obtaining and delivering such Ballast, and the Surplus thereof in manner directed by this Act.

V. And whereas the Tonnage Duty now payable by Law on Ships and Vessels arriving in the said Harbour of *DuRoi* is insufficient to support the Expenses of improving the said Harbour: Be it further enacted, That, from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, the Master, Commander or Owner of every Ship or Vessel coming into the said Harbour of *DuRoi*, shall pay or make to be paid to the Use of the said Corporation to the said Ballast Master of the Ballast Office of the Port of *DuRoi*, or other Officer who shall be appointed by the said Corporation to receive the same, in addition to the several Rates of Tonnage now payable by Law, the several further Sums, Rates and Duties following; that is to say,

An additional Tonnage Rate.

For every Foreign Ship or Vessel (or such as shall not belong to any of His Majesty's Subjects of the United Kingdom or the *British* Plantations) arriving or coming into the Harbour of *DuRoi*; for every Ton of the Burthen of such Ship or Vessel on every Voyage which such Ship or Vessel shall make to the said Harbour of *DuRoi*, in addition to all former Tonnage Rates and Duties, the further Sum of Six Pence.

Rates of Tonnage.

For every Ship or Vessel which shall belong to any of His Majesty's Subjects arriving or coming into the said Harbour of *DuRoi* (except Vessels arriving in the said Harbour entirely laden with Coals, and coasting Vessels coming and trading from any Part of *Irishland*, to the said Harbour); for every Ton of the Burthen

of such Ship or Vessel on every Voyage which such Ship or Vessel shall make to the said Harbour of Dublin, in addition to all former Tonnage Rates and Duties, the further Sum of Three Pence :

For every Ship or Vessel arriving in the said Harbour laden with Coal, and every Coaster; that is to say, every Ship or Vessel coming and trading from any Part of Ireland to Dublin, or the Creeks or Harbours thereof, for every Ton of the Burthen of such Ship or Vessel on every Voyage which such Ship or Vessel shall make to the said Harbour of Dublin, in addition to all former Rates and Duties, the further Sum of Two Pence.

There is to be in a Month to be given to the Collector.

How Duties collected and deposited.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said respective Duties heretofore granted and made payable, shall be in addition to and over and above all other Tonnage Duties, and all other Duties in respect of the passing of any Light House, and all other Duties upon any Entry, Coaster or Warrant payable in Ireland under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force at the time of the passing of this Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties by this Act granted on Ships and Vessels passing any Light House on the Coast of Ireland, or passing the said Floating Light on the Rock near the South Side of the Bay of Dublin, shall be paid and collected by the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs, or to some Person to be appointed by the said Corporation, for the Purpose of receiving the same in such Port of the United Kingdom into which any Ship or Vessel passing any such Light House or Light Houses shall arrive next after the passing of such Light House or Light Houses respectively; and that the Collectors of His Majesty's Customs, Comptrollers, Receivers of Excises, Surveyors or Searchers, Writers, and all other Officers of the Customs whatsoever, or their respective Deputies or Clerks at any of the Ports, Harbours or Places of the United Kingdom, shall not, after the Commencement of the said Duties, take or receive any Entry or Coaster or other Discharge or Clearance, or take any Report outward, for any Ship or Vessel laden or subject to the said Duties, until the said Duties shall be paid pursuant to the Direction of this Act to the respective Collectors of Customs, or to the Persons appointed by the said Corporation to collect the said Duties, nor until the Master or Owner of any Ship or Vessel shall give to the Payment of the said Duties full and proper Receipt for such Duties according to the Officers required to take or receive any such Entry, Coaster, Discharge, Clearance or Report outward aforesaid; and that the said Duties in respect of Light Houses shall from time to time be accounted for by the Collectors and Receivers thereof, and shall be by such Collectors paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, for the Use of the said Corporation, in preserving and improving the Port of Dublin, and shall be issued from time to time by the said Commissioners for receiving the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, to the said Corporation under the Authority of this Act; and the said Duties when so paid over to the said Corporation (except the Duty in respect of a Floating Light on the Rock in Dublin Bay, which shall be applied to the Maintenance of such Light when the same shall be extinguished) shall by the said Corporation be applied to the Purpose of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intimated, *As Act to enable the Corporation for preserving and improving the Port of Dublin, in erect, maintain and repair Light Houses round the Coast of Ireland, and to raise a Fund for defraying the Charge thereof, in manner and under the Regulations in the said recited Act mentioned and contained, and that the Duty by this Act imposed on every Entry, Coaster or Warrant in any Port in Ireland, shall be levied, collected and received by the Officers of Customs, and paid over to the said Corporation in 5 sh. and the like manner as the Duties granted on such Entries by the said recited Act, made in the last Session of Parliament, are directed to be levied, collected and received by such Officers and paid over to the said Corporation; and that the additional Duties or Charges by this Act granted for Ballast delivered or taken on board Ships, and the additional Duties by this Act imposed in respect of Ships coming into the Harbour of Dublin, shall be collected and levied in like manner, and under the like Powers and Authorities as other Duties of the like Nature may by Law be collected and levied by the said Corporation; and that the said additional Duties and Charges in respect of Ballast shall be applied towards defraying the Expenses of obtaining and delivering the same, and that the Surplus of the said Duties and Charges after such Expenses shall be delivered, and also the additional Duties by this Act imposed in respect of the Tonnage of Ships coming into the Harbour of Dublin; and also so much of the said Duty of One Shilling and Six Pence on every Entry, Coaster or Warrant as shall be payable or paid within the Port of Dublin, shall, by the said Corporation for preserving and improving the Port of Dublin, be applied towards the erecting a Light on the Rock near the South Side of Dublin Bay, for the better Preference of the Ships and Vessels against the Danger resulting from the said Rock to Ships and Vessels coming into, going out of or passing by the said Harbour, and passing up and down Saint George's Channel, and towards erecting a Light House on the Hill of Howth in a more convenient and useful Situation for Mariners than the one now erected in place thereof.*

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act shall not extend to charge upon the Rate or Duty hereby imposed on the Tonnage of Ships and Vessels passing Light Houses, any of His Majesty's Ships of War, or any Ship or Vessel whatsoever being the Property of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or of the Royal Family, nor any Fishing Vessels, Schooners or Buoys, and that all coasting Vessels sailing in Ballast only, from any Port in Ireland to any other Port therein, shall pay only One Half of the said Rates and Duties; any thing heretofore mentioned and contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

IX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Light House, which shall not, at the time of the passing of this Act, be completed in such Manner as to have the Lights or Signals put up thereon, shall, at any time after the passing of this Act, be built, erected or repaired on any Parts of the Coasts of Ireland, then and in such case a Notice of the time when such Light House has been or will be completed, as to have the Lights or Signals put up thereon, shall be given by the said Corporation for preserving and improving the

Part

There is to be in a Month to be given to the Collector.

How Duties collected and deposited.

Port of Dublin, These several Things in the *Landing and Dublin Gazette*; and the Duties by this Act granted on the Tonnage of Ships and Vessels passing any such Light House shall not commence or be payable until after the time mentioned in such Notice, nor shall such Lights or Signals shall be put up at such Light House at the time mentioned in such Notice.

They that receive the Light and so.

X. And whereas the several Acts passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the Twenty sixth, Thirty second, Thirty third and Fortieth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, in promoting the Trade of Dublin, by rendering the Port and Harbour more commodious, and for repairing and improving the Walls of the River *St. Anne Liffey*, in the City of Dublin, require to be further amended: Be it therefore enacted, That the Care, Management and Superintendance of the whole of the said River *St. Anne Liffey*, and of the Quays and Walls bounding the same on both Sides of the said River, and also of the Harbour of Dublin, and of the Quays thereof, and of the Bays, Creeks and Harbours within the said Harbour of Dublin, on the North and South Sides of the said Harbour of Dublin, commencing on the North Side of the said River, Strand, Harbour and Bay, from and including *Navarro's Bridge*, otherwise called *St. Andrew's Bridge*, in the County of the City of Dublin, and extending to and including the Harbour of *James*, in the County of Dublin; and on the South Side River, Strand, Harbour and Bay, commencing from and including the lower Bridge, and extending to and including the Harbour of Dublin, in the County of Dublin, and the Quays and Walls called the North, South, and East Walls, and all the Bridges now over the said River *St. Anne Liffey*, or which hereafter may be built or erected within the said Limits over the same, and the building and repairing of the said Walls; and the Care and Superintendance of the said Bridges shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be, and the same are hereby vested in the Corporation for repairing the Port of Dublin, and their Successors for ever, with all such Power and Authorities as by the said Act, or any other Act or Acts are given or vested in the said Corporation, or all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

1811 c. 66. s. 10. The River Anne Liffey and the Harbour, &c. to be under Corporation for repairing Port of Dublin.

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend any way to abate or diminish the Power of any Grand Jury or Grand Jurors in the County or County of the City of Dublin to appoint Overseers for any Works in respect of any Bridge or Bridges over the said River *St. Anne Liffey*, for the Execution whereof any Provisions or Provisions shall be made by any such Grand Jury or Grand Jurors, nor in any way to controul or interfere with any Provisions whatsoever relating to the building, re-building or repairing any such Bridge or Bridges made or to be made by any such Grand Jury or Grand Jurors, nor to controul or interfere with any Power vested by Law in such Grand Jury or Grand Jurors respecting the same, nor any Proceedings towards the carrying into Effect any such Provisions under the Authority of any Act or Acts in force at the time of the passing of this Act.

Providence Grand Jurors appointing Overseers in respect of Bridges.

XII. And whereas the said Corporation may find it necessary, in order to enable them the more effectually to carry into Execution the purposes of the said recited Acts and of this present Act, to borrow a Sum or Sums of Money upon the Credit of the Taxes, Payments, Rates, Duties and Revenues arising under the said recited Acts and this present Act: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and lawfully be lawful to and for the said Corporation to take up and borrow upon the Credit of all or any of the said Taxes, Payments, Rates, Duties and Revenues in the said former Acts or in this Act contained, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, and of the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or any Three of them, any Sum or Sums of Money which the said Corporation shall think necessary, at any Rate of Interest not exceeding Five Pence per Centum per Annum, and for that Purpose to issue Debentures of One hundred Pounds each under their Common Seal for the Sum or Sums of Money to be borrowed, in such Manner and Form as the said Corporation by any Bye Laws to be made here by them pursuant to the Direction of the said recited Acts, or any of them, shall appoint; and the said Debentures and the Sums therein respectively contained, together with the Interest thereon, and the Sinking Fund applicable to the Redemptions thereof in manner hereafter mentioned, shall be actual Charges and Liens upon the said Taxes, Payments, Rates, Duties and Revenues, or so much thereof as shall be specified in such Debentures respectively: Provided always, that the Money to be borrowed at any time after the passing of this Act, shall not exceed in the whole the Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds; any thing in the said recited Acts or this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Corporation may borrow Money on Credit of Rates.

Provision

XIII. And be it further enacted, That a yearly Sum equal to the Amount of One Pound for every One hundred Pounds, of all Sums which at any time after the passing of this Act shall be borrowed by the said Corporation on the Credit of the said Taxes, Rates, Duties and Revenues, or any Part of them, under the Authority of this Act, shall yearly and every Year, from and immediately after the Twenty fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and eleven, be taken by the said Corporation from the Proceeds of the said Taxes, Payments, Rates, Duties and Revenues, and shall be laid out by Four equal quarterly Sums on the Twenty sixth Day of *September*, the Twenty fifth Day of *December*, the Twenty fifth Day of *March* and the Twenty fourth Day of *June*, or within Thirty Days thereof in each and every Year, in the Name of the said Corporation in the Purchase of Three Pounds Ten Shillings Ten Pence Annuities transferable at the Bank of Ireland, or in such other Stock in the Public Funds at the Bank of Ireland as the said Corporation shall in their Discretion think fit; and also that all Dividends which shall accrue and become payable, for and on account of such Stock as the said Public Funds as shall be so purchased as aforesaid, and also all Dividends which shall accrue and be payable from such Accumulations of the said Stock as it hereafter directed to be used, shall Half-yearly, or as often as such Dividends shall from time to time accrue and become payable, be laid out in the Name of the said Corporation, in the Purchase of such Stock or Funds as aforesaid, and fit from time to time during the Continuance of the said former Acts and this Act, and such Stock to be so purchased as aforesaid shall be worth to be laid a Sum of One hundred Pounds, and three and not below the

Fund of 1000 £ to be paying off Debt.

and Associates or other Stock to be purchased in the Public Funds as aforesaid shall be sold, and the Money arising therefrom shall be so applied in the purchasing such Debentures when the same can be purchased at or under Par, and every Debenture so purchased shall be immediately cancelled, and so from time to time a yearly Sum equal to the Amount of One Pound for every One hundred Pounds of all Money borrowed by and due from the said Corporation under the Authority of this Act, shall continue to be applied in such Funds and Associates, and shall accumulate and shall be applied whenever the same shall amount to the Sum of One hundred Pounds as aforesaid, until the whole of all Sums borrowed and to be borrowed by the said Corporation under the Authority of this Act shall be fully paid off and discharged.

Members of
Corporation not
eligible to hold
Officers under it.

Perfess Officers.

Officers to take
Oath.

Oath.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, no Person or Persons being a Member or Members of the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of Dublin, shall be elected or be capable of being elected, or shall hold or be capable of holding any Office, Place or Employment under the said Corporation; and that no Person holding any Office, Place or Employment under the said Corporation shall be elected or be capable of being a Member of the said Corporation so long as he shall hold any such Office, Place or Employment; Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Person or Persons being at present Members of the said Corporation, and also at present holding any Office or Employment under the same; and that all Officers and Persons who at any time before the passing of this Act have been elected and appointed by the said Corporation to do or perform any Office, Duties, or other Matters in Execution of the said Acts, or any of them, and who are now in the Service and Employment of the said Corporation; and also all and every Person and Persons who shall or may hereafter from time to time be elected, intrusted or appointed by the said Corporation to do, execute or perform any such Office, Duties, or other Matters under and by virtue of the said Acts or any of them, or the present Act, shall take and subscribe the following Oath or Affirmation; that is to say,

' I, A. B. do solemnly swear and swear, [or, being a Quaker, do solemnly affirm] That I will faithfully, and diligently and impartially, according to the best of my Skill and Knowledge, perform and execute the several Offices, Duties, Powers, Matters and Trusts committed to me by the Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of Dublin, without Favour or Affection, Prejudice or Malice. So help me GOD.'

Which Oath or Affirmation any Three or more of the said Corporation are hereby empowered to administer.

Treasurer may
demand the
Accounts of
the Corporation
for the
Year ending on
the 31st of
December
next.

Conceded.

XV. And whereas in the Accounts of the said Corporation which have been heretofore settled by the Commissioners of Impaired Accounts, certain Items remain to be charge against them for Indebted or Charges formerly defrayed by the said Corporation, and also certain Sums which appear to be due to the said Corporation, but which from the Nature of them cannot now be recovered, And whereas it would render the Accounts of the said Corporation more plain and simple if the Commissioners of Impaired Accounts were authorized to strike out of such Accounts, such Sums consolidated as aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being, to direct the Commissioners of Impaired Accounts, and the said Commissioners of Impaired Accounts are hereby required, in obedience to such Direction, to strike out and deduct from the said Accounts the said Indebted, or each of them as they shall think proper; and also any Sums or Sums, which if it appears to the said Accounts to be due to the said Corporation, but which shall be certified by the said Corporation, or any Three or more of the Members of the said Corporation, to be in their Opinion irrecoverable.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Corporation or any Member or Officer thereof, or any Person acting by the Direction or Authority thereof, shall be sued for any matter or thing done by him or them by virtue of or in pursuance of this Act, or of the said recited Acts, or any of them, it shall and may be lawful for him or them to plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special matter in Evidence.

C A P. LXVII.

An Act for repealing the Duties of Customs now payable on the Importation of Hides in the Hair, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof. [15th Jan 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Duties of Customs payable on the Importation into Great Britain of Beefe, Bull, Ox and Cow Hides, in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, curried, or in any way dressed and imported into any British Colony or Settlement in Africa, do cease and determine; and that other Duties should be imposed in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Duties of Customs payable by Law upon Beefe, Bull, Ox and Cow Hides, in the Hair, not being tanned, tawed, curried, or in any way dressed, and being imported into Great Britain from any British Colony or Settlement in Africa, do cease and determine; and in all cases relating to the recovering or paying any Arrears thereof, which may remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture relating thereto, which shall have been incurred at any time before the said Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and that, from and after the said Day, in lieu and instead of the Duties hereby repealed, there shall be levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon every such Hide so imported as aforesaid, a permanent Duty of Customs of Three Pence, and also a temporary or War Duty of Customs of One Penny. [s] (See 49 G. 3. c. 98. 36. A. secondly, no. 2566.)

This Act
received the
Royal Assent
on the 15th
of January
1811.

Printed and
sold by Wm
Clayton, at
the Office of
the House of
Commons.

II. And

II. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said Duties of Customs hereby imposed, as fall under the Title and Designation of Temporary or War Duties, shall be paid and payable during the Continuance of the present War, and for Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Duties hereby imposed upon the Importations of the said Hides shall and may be secured by Bond under the Regulations of an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain to be secured in Warehouse without Payment of Duty*; Provided always, that the said Duties, and no other, shall be charged and payable on any of the said Hides, which having been warehoused or otherwise secured under the Authority of any Act of Parliament, without Payment of Duty, shall be taken out of any such Warehouse or Place where the same shall have been lodged or incurred, for the Purpose of being sold or consigned in Great Britain, after the said Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, notwithstanding the same may have been imported into Great Britain, or before the said Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

IV. And be it further enacted, That such of the said Duties as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland for the time being.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties shall be managed, shortened, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, in such and the like manner as any Duties or Customs of a like Nature are managed, shortened, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures now in Force, or to be made for securing the Revenue of Customs in Great Britain; and all Powers, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures for any Offence whatsoever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force or to be made before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Charters, Powers and Privileges therein contained, shall be in full Force and Effect as to the said Duties, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if they were at large repeated and so enacted in this Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all Monies from time to time arising from the said Duties, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties imposed by the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty are directed to be appropriated and applied.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be varied, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXVIII.

An Act for charging an additional Duty on Verdigris imported.

[15th June 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that an additional Duty of Customs should be imposed on Verdigris imported into Great Britain; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, an additional Duty of Customs of Two Shillings per Pound on all Verdigris imported or brought into Great Britain from Parts beyond the Seas.

II. And be it further enacted, That the additional Duty of Customs hereby imposed shall be managed, shortened, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered in such and the like manner as any Duties of Customs of a like Nature are managed, shortened, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures now in force in relation to or made for securing the Revenue of Customs in Great Britain; and all Powers, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures for any Offence whatsoever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force or to be made before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Charters, Powers and Privileges therein contained, shall be in full Force and Effect as to the said Duty, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if they were at large repeated and so enacted in this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Monies from time to time arising from the said Duty, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties called Permanent Duties, imposed by an Act passed in the Fourth year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for repealing the several Duties of C. Stone-weighable in Great Britain, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof*, are directed to be appropriated and applied.

C A P. LXIX.

An Act for repealing the Duty on the Materials used in making Flint and Flint Glass, and for granting, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, other Duties on the same; and for continuing and amending an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of His Majesty's

Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for repealing the Duties on the Materials used in making Great Wines of Glass and Crown Glass, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and for the better Collection of the said Duties.* [15th June 1811.]

WHEREAS by certain Acts of Parliament in force at and immediately before the passing of this Act, certain Duties of Excise are chargeable on the Materials, Metals or other Preparations, made use of, in Great Britain, in the making of Flint Glass, or Crown, Stained or Plate Glass, or Plate Glass, and certain Drawbacks are allowed on the Exportation of such Glass as Merchandise; and certain Drawbacks are also chargeable on all such Glass as aforesaid made in Scotland, and imported into Great Britain; and whereas it is expedient to repeal the said Duties and Drawbacks, and to impose other Duties and to grant other Drawbacks in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and one, all and singular the said Duties and Drawbacks shall cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable, save and except in all cases relating to the mooring, allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Tax, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fine, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time before or on the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

II. And be it further enacted, That, inasmuch after the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, in and under the Duties by this Act imposed, there shall be rated, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several Rates and Duties of Excise hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, for every Hundred Weight of Flint Glass, and of Plate Glass respectively, which shall be made in Great Britain, Two Pounds Nine Shillings, and five Proportions for any greater or less Quantity; and for every Hundred Weight of Flint Glass and of Plate Glass respectively which shall be made in Scotland, and imported from thence into Great Britain, a corresponding Duty of Two Pounds Nine Shillings, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity.

III. And be it further enacted, That the following Drawbacks shall be allowed; that is to say, for every Hundred Weight of Flint Glass or of Plate Glass respectively made in Great Britain, and for which all the Duties imposed for and in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported to foreign Parts or to Scotland, as Merchandise, a Drawback of Two Pounds Nine Shillings, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity.

IV. And be it further enacted, That each of the Duties by this Act imposed, as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being, and each thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being.

V. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Glass before he, she or they shall begin to assay any Glass or Glass Wares whatsoever, shall make true and particular Entry in Writing of all and every Year and Years by law, her or them respectively intended to be made use of, for the assaying of Glass, at the Office of Excise within the County or Towns whereof such Year or Years respectively shall be Assays, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Two hundred Pounds for every Year which he, she or they shall make use of for the assaying of any Glass or Glass Wares whatsoever, without having made such Entry thereof as aforesaid.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Flint Glass or of Plate Glass, before he, she or they shall presume to make use of any Year or for the assaying of Flint Glass or Plate Glass, shall, ever and besides the License for each and every his, her or their Glassworks, to take out such License or Licenses hereinafter mentioned, as the case may require, ashering him, her or them to make use of such Year for the assaying of Flint Glass and Plate Glass, or either of them, which Licenses respectively shall be granted in manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, if any such License shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted, to make use of any such Year for the assaying of Flint Glass and Plate Glass, or either of them, within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, the same shall be granted under the Hands and Seals of Two or more of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being, or of such Persons as they the said Commissioners of Excise, or the major Part of them for the time being, shall from time to time appoint for that Purpose; but if any such License shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted, to make use of any such Year for the assaying of Flint Glass and Plate Glass, or either of them, in that Part of Great Britain called England, out of the Limits of the said Chief Office of Excise, the same shall be granted under the respective Hands and Seals of the Collectors and Supervisors of Excise within their respective Collectors and Divisions; and in case any such License shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted, to make use of any Year for the assaying of Flint Glass and Plate Glass, or either of them, within the Limits of the City of London, the same shall be granted under the Hands and Seal of Two or more of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being, or if any such License shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted, to make use of any such Year for the assaying of Flint Glass and Plate Glass, or either of them, in any Part of Scotland, out of the Limits of the City of Edinburgh, the same shall be granted under the respective Hands and Seals of the Collectors and Supervisors of Excise in Scotland; within their respective Collectors and Divisions, and each respective Commissioner of Excise, or Two or more of them respectively, and the Persons to be appointed by the said Commissioners of Excise in England, or the major Part of them, and also all such Collectors and Supervisors, are hereby respectively re-

desired and required to grant such Licences to the Persons who shall apply for the same, by the Petition or Petitions applying for the same first paying the Sum of Twenty five Pounds for each such Licence which shall be granted previous to the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eleven, to authorize the Petition or Petition to whom the same shall be granted to make use of any Lead in or for the assaying of Flat Glass and Pinal Glass, or either of them, until the said Tenth Day of October; and the Sum of One hundred Pounds for each such Licence which shall be granted to authorize the Petition or Petition to whom the same shall be granted to make use of any Lead for the assaying of Flat Glass and Pinal Glass, or either of them, after the said Tenth Day of October: Provided always, nevertheless, that it shall not and may be lawful to include in any one Licence, any Number of such Leads belonging to the same Petition or Petition who shall take out any such Licence, or such Petition or Petition paying in manner aforesaid for each such Lead the Sum of Twenty five Pounds or One hundred Pounds as the case may require, for each and every such Lead included in any such Licence; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any public Act notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to prevent any Maker or Makers of Flat or Pinal Glass from using a Licence in respect of which no Licence has been taken out, for the Purpose of assaying Flat Glass of the Sort or Description which is made for cutting; provided such Lead in respect of which no Licence has been taken out, be immediately contiguous to a Lead in respect of which a Licence has been taken out, and the Entrance of which shall be in the full View of any Officer or Officers of Excise, who shall at the time then observed and upon the Entrance of such contiguous Lead, in respect of which a Licence shall have been taken out, and the Discharge Hole of which shall be in the Weighing Room hereinafter more named, and not more than Twelve Feet from the Discharge Hole of such contiguous Lead, in respect of which a Licence shall have been taken out; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Petition or Petition shall make use of any Lead in or for the assaying of Flat Glass and Pinal Glass, or either of them, after the Expiration of such Act, but so clear Licence for or in respect of such Lead, unless such Petition or Petition shall take out a fresh Licence for the like Purpose in the manner herebefore directed, Ten Days at the least before the Expiration of such former Licence, and so in like manner renew every such Licence from Year to Year; and if any Petition or Petition shall presume to make use of any Lead in or for the assaying of Flat Glass and Pinal Glass, or either of them, without first taking out a Licence authorizing him, her or them, to do so, and receiving the same as herebefore in that Behalf directed, he, she or they shall for each such Lead made use of as aforesaid, without such Licence as aforesaid, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said several Sums of Money by this Act directed to be paid for such Licences respectively, shall be paid for each respective Licence to such Petition or Petition as are hereinafter in that Behalf respectively mentioned; that so to wit, such thereof as shall be paid for any Licence which shall be taken out within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, shall be paid at the Chief Office of Excise in London; and such thereof as shall be paid for any Licence which shall be taken out within the Limits of the City of Edinburgh, shall be paid at the Chief Office of Excise in Edinburgh; and such thereof as shall be paid for any Licence which shall be taken out in any Part of Great Britain, not within the said respective Limits, shall be paid to the Collector of Excise granting such Licence.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Licence to be granted under or by virtue of this Act, shall remain and continue in force until and upon the Tenth Day of October next ensuing the granting thereof, and no longer.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every the Officers of Excise, from time to time and at all times, to mark and number in such manner as he or they shall think fit, all and every the Workhouses, Pot-houses, Leas, Warehouses, Rooms and other Places whatsoever, covered or made use of by any Maker or Makers of Flat Glass or of Pinal Glass, for the making or keeping of Flat Glass or Pinal Glass, or for the preparing or assaying any Material or Preparation for the making of Flat Glass or Pinal Glass; and if any Petition or Petition whatsoever shall hinder or obstruct any such Officer or Officers in so marking or numbering any such Workhouses, Pot-houses, Pot-holes, Leas, Warehouses, Rooms or other Place, or shall wilfully alter, deface or obliterate any such Mark, or make or procure any such Mark to be defaced or obliterated, or shall concur in any such Mark being so defaced or obliterated, the Petition or Petition so offending shall, for each and every Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Flat Glass or of Pinal Glass shall, and he, she and they do and are hereby required to erect, build, make and maintain every Lead by him, her or them, intended to be made use of for the assaying of Flat Glass, or of Pinal Glass, in a rectangular Form, with the Sides and Ends thereof perpendicular and parallel to each other respectively, and the Bottom thereof level, and with only One Mouth or Entrance into the same respectively, and only One Discharge Hole out of the same, and which said Discharge Hole shall open into and communicate with the Weighing Room hereinafter mentioned, and no other Room or Place whatsoever; and all and every such Maker and Makers shall number all such Leads respectively with a durable Mark, and shall keep and maintain the same respectively numbered in manner aforesaid, for so long time as the same respectively shall be made use of as aforesaid; and if any such Maker or Makers shall erect, build, make or maintain any Lead contrary to the Directions of this Act, or shall neglect or refuse to number the same in manner aforesaid, or to keep or maintain the same numbered as aforesaid, according to the Directions of this Act, or shall make use of any Lead not numbered in the manner in that Behalf herebefore directed, all and every such Maker or Makers so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

vide, or erect, build, make and construct a good, sufficient and secure Weighing Room in each and every Fleet Glasshouse or Fleet Glasshouse to him, her or them belonging, which Room shall be near to and communicate with the Linn or Linn of each Glasshouse; and first and excepting the Discharging Hole or Hole of the said Linn or Linn, no such Room shall here more than one Door or Entrance into the same, and the said Door or Entrance shall open directly into and afford and form an immediate Communication with the Re-weighing Room hereinafter mentioned and required, and no Discharging Hole of any such Linn shall open into any Room or Place other than such Weighing Room; and such Weighing Room and the Door or Entrance thereof shall be heavily locked, fastened and sealed by the Officer or Officers of Excise, under whose Survey such Maker or Makers shall from time to time be, at all times when there shall be any Fleet Glass or Fleet Glass therein, or in the Linn or Linn communicating therewith, save and except when the same shall be opened by such Officer or Officers for the Purpose of weighing and taking an Account of the Articles, Vessels and Utensils respectively of Fleet Glass or of Fleet Glass therein, and charging the Duty thereon as in and to the Statute in that behalf made, or for the Purpose of such Maker or Makers, or his, her or their Servants managing or regulating the Positions of the Pass or Trays of Articles, Vessels or Utensils hereinafter mentioned, which shall have been drawn, rolled, conveyed or conducted, through the Linn or Linn communicating with the said Weighing Room, into the said Weighing Room; and when any such Maker or Makers shall be desirous of having the Door or Entrance of any such Weighing Room unlocked or opened for the Purpose aforesaid, such Maker or Makers shall give to the Officer of Excise under whose Survey he, she or they shall then be, One Hour's previous Notice in Writing of his, her or their being so desirous, and specifying in such Notice the particular Weighing Room which he, she or they are or are so desirous to have unlocked or opened for the Purpose aforesaid, and the particular Time and Hour when he, she or they is or are so desirous to have the same so unlocked or opened, whereupon such Officer shall attend pursuant to such Notice, and shall unlock and open the said Door or Entrance, and shall keep and maintain the same so unlocked or opened for the Space of Half an Hour, during which Time such Maker or Makers, or one of his, her or their Servants, shall be at Liberty as aforesaid to regulate the Position of the said Pass or Trays in the said Weighing Room, in the Presence and under the Inspection of the said Officer; and when the Arrangement or Regulation of the said Pass or Trays shall be finished, or at the End of the said Half an Hour (whichever of them shall first happen), such Officer shall again lock, fasten, and secure the said Door or Entrance; and if any Maker or Makers of Fleet Glass or of Fleet Glass shall neglect or refuse to find and provide or erect, build, make or construct such Weighing Room as aforesaid in any such Glasshouse, to him, her or them belonging, the Maker or Makers so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always notwithstanding, that no such Maker or Makers shall be at Liberty to give, or shall give any such Notice or Notice as aforesaid, for having the Door or Entrance of any Weighing Room open and more than Once within the Space of any Twelve Hours, nor shall any Officer or Officers of Excise, in performance or under Pretence of any such Notice or Notices, unlock or open any such Door or Entrance more than Once within the Space of any Twelve Hours; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary in any writ notwithstanding.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Maker of Fleet Glass or of Fleet Glass shall also at his, her or their own Expence, make and construct a proper and sufficient Number of Iron Pass or Trays to receive and contain, during the ascending thereof, in the Linn or Linn of or belonging to each Fleet Glasshouse or Fleet Glasshouse to him, her or them belonging respectively, all the Articles, Vessels and Utensils of Fleet Glass or of Fleet Glass respectively, which shall from time to time be made or blown, at or in each respective Glasshouse, and shall also find, provide and apply to such Iron Pass or Trays, good and sufficient Chains, Rollers, Instruments, Apparatus and Machinery, fit and proper for working the said Iron Pass or Trays, and conveying and conducting the same respectively, with such Articles, Vessels and Utensils of Fleet Glass or of Fleet Glass respectively therein or thereon, immediately from the Mouth or Mouth of each Linn or Linn, into the said Linn or Linn, for the Purpose of ascending the same therein, and shall also, at his, her or their own Expence, find, provide and erect, in the most convenient Part of every such Glasshouse for aforesaid, a fit, proper and convenient Woodfall, for the Purpose of drawing, rolling, conveying and conducting all and every such Pass or Trays, with the said Articles, Vessels and Utensils of Fleet Glass or of Fleet Glass therein or thereon, from the Mouth or Mouths of the said Linn or Linn, into the said Linn or Linn, and also for drawing, rolling, conveying and conducting all and every such Pass or Trays, with the said Articles, Vessels and Utensils of Fleet Glass or of Fleet Glass therein or thereon, through the said Linn or Linn, and for drawing, rolling, conveying and conducting the said Pass or Trays, with the said Articles, Vessels and Utensils respectively therein or thereon, from and out of the said Linn or Linn into the said Weighing Room, when such Articles, Vessels and Utensils respectively shall have been sufficiently ascended in the said Linn or Linn, for the Purpose of the Officer or Officers of Excise, under whose Survey such Maker or Makers shall from time to time be weighing and taking an Account of such Articles, Vessels and Utensils respectively, in the said Weighing Room, and charging the Duty for or in respect thereof respectively; and if any such Maker or Makers of Fleet Glass or of Fleet Glass shall neglect or refuse to make or construct a proper and sufficient Number of Iron Pass or Trays to contain and convey into and out of each Linn or Linn for the Purpose of ascending all such Articles, Vessels and Utensils as aforesaid, which shall from time to time be made or blown at or in any such Glasshouse, or to find, provide or apply to such Iron Pass or Trays, or any or either of them, such good and sufficient Chains, Rollers, Instruments, Apparatus and Machinery, fit and proper for working the said Iron Pass or Trays, or any or either of them, for any or either of the Purposes in that behalf aforesaid, or shall neglect or refuse to find, provide or erect, in manner in that behalf aforesaid,

ing Room, which is to be kept locked by the Officer.

Notice of opening Weighing Room.

Regulating or locking Weighing Room.

Fleet and Fleet Glass Vessels are provided Account, as Pass or Trays, with a Number and Markings for carrying thereby with the Glass when therein, through the Linn, into the Weighing Room.

Regulating or erecting Iron Pass or Trays.

any such *Pa*, *pan*, or *renewer* *Wield* as is in that behalf *steward*, all and every such *Ma* or *Makers* of *Flat Glass* or of *Plate Glass* respectively in *offending*, shall, for each and every such *Officer*, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all and every *Maker* and *Makers* of *Flat Glass* or of *Plate Glass* shall from time to time, and at all times when and so soon as any *Article*, *Vessel* or *Utensil* of *Flat Glass* or of *Plate Glass* shall be made or blown, put, lay and deposit the same on or in one of such *Pan* or *Tray* which shall be first used to be placed within the Mouth or Entrance of the *Lear* for the Purpose of annealing the *Articles*, *Vessels* and *Utensils* of *Flat Glass* or of *Plate Glass* to be made or blown, and shall in like manner proceed and continue to put, lay and deposit so on or in the said *Pan* or *Tray* to be placed as aforesaid, such *Articles*, *Vessels* or *Utensils* as aforesaid, until the Bottom or Surface of the said *Pan* or *Tray* shall be filled or covered, and shall keep and continue all and every such *Articles*, *Vessels* and *Utensils* respectively on or in such *Pan* or *Tray*, until the said *Articles*, *Vessels* and *Utensils* shall be drawn, rolled, removed, conveyed or deposited on or in such *Pan* or *Tray* until the *Lear* of the said *Glas* be so or become *unannealed*; and when and so soon as the Bottom or Surface of such *Pan* or *Tray* shall be filled or covered by or with such *Articles*, *Vessels* or *Utensils* as aforesaid, such *Maker* or *Makers* shall by means of such *Ch*, *Rollers*, *Inf*, *Wield* and *Machinery* as aforesaid, draw, roll, remove, convey and conduct the same with the whole of the said *Articles*, *Vessels* and *Utensils* thereon or thereon into the said *Lear*, for the Purpose of annealing the said *Articles*, *Vessels* and *Utensils* respectively thereon; and each *Maker* or *Makers* shall keep and continue such *Pan* or *Tray* with the said *Articles*, *Vessels* and *Utensils* respectively thereon or thereon in such *Lear*, until the said *Articles*, *Vessels* and *Utensils* shall be sufficiently annealed; and when the same shall be annealed, shall in like manner draw, roll, remove, convey and conduct the said *Pan* or *Tray* with the said *Articles*, *Vessels* and *Utensils* thereon or thereon out of such *Lear* directly into and into the said *Weighting* Room, and shall, without altering or disturbing the Position of such *Articles*, *Vessels* and *Utensils*, or any or either of them, so as in such *Pan* or *Tray*, keep and continue the same in the said *Weighting* Room, until the *Officer* or *Officers* of Excise under whose Survey such *Maker* or *Makers* of *Flat Glass* or of *Plate Glass* shall then be, shall have taken an Account of and weighed the said *Articles*, *Vessels* and *Utensils* respectively, and charged the Duty for or in respect thereof respectively; and if any *Maker* or *Makers* of *Flat Glass* or of *Plate Glass* shall neglect or refuse to put, lay or deposit any *Article*, *Vessel* or *Utensil* of *Flat Glass* or of *Plate Glass* on or in one of such *Pan* or *Trays* to be placed as aforesaid, when and so soon as such *Article*, *Vessel* or *Utensil* shall be blown or made, or shall neglect or refuse to proceed or so to continue to put, lay or deposit so on or in the said *Pan* or *Tray* to be placed as aforesaid, such *Articles*, *Vessels* or *Utensils* as aforesaid, until the Bottom or Surface of the said *Pan* or *Tray* shall be filled or covered, or shall neglect or refuse to keep or continue any such *Articles*, *Vessels* or *Utensils* respectively on or in such *Pan* or *Tray* with the whole of the said *Articles*, *Vessels* and *Utensils* thereon, or thereon into the said *Lear*, for the Purpose of annealing the said *Articles*, *Vessels* and *Utensils* respectively thereon; or if any such *Maker* or *Makers* shall neglect or refuse to keep or continue any such *Pan* or *Tray* with the said *Articles*, *Vessels* and *Utensils* respectively thereon or thereon in any such *Lear*, until the said *Articles*, *Vessels* and *Utensils* shall be so annealed, or shall neglect or refuse to draw, roll, remove, convey or conduct in manner as that behalf aforesaid, any such *Pan* or *Tray* with such *Articles*, *Vessels* and *Utensils* as in that behalf aforesaid, directly or thereon, from or out of such *Lear* directly into and into the said *Weighting* Room, or shall neglect or refuse to keep or continue any such *Articles*, *Vessels* or *Utensils* as in that behalf aforesaid, without altering or disturbing the Position thereof, or the Position of any or either of them, so as in any such *Pan* or *Tray* as in that behalf aforesaid, or to keep or continue the same in the said *Weighting* Room until the *Officer* or *Officers* of Excise under whose Survey such *Maker* or *Makers* of *Flat Glass* or of *Plate Glass* shall then be, shall have taken an Account of, and weighed the said *Articles*, *Vessels* and *Utensils* respectively, and charged the Duty for and in respect thereof respectively, all and every such *Maker* and *Makers* of *Flat Glass* or of *Plate Glass*, in *offending*, shall, for each and every such *Officer*, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all and every *Maker* and *Makers* of *Flat Glass* or of *Plate Glass* shall, when and so soon as any *Journey* or *Making* of *Flat Glass* or of *Plate Glass* shall be finished, and before the Mouth, Entrance or Iron Casting of the *Lear* or *Lears*, or any or either of them, into which the *Article*, *Vessel* or *Utensil* of *Flat Glass* or of *Plate Glass* respectively of that *Journey* or *Making* shall have been put, shall be locked, fastened or secured by the proper *Officer* or *Officers* of Excise, deliver to the proper *Officer* of Excise a Declaration in Writing, specifying the true Number of such *Iron Pans* or *Trays* as aforesaid, into or on which such *Articles*, *Vessels* or *Utensils* of *Flat Glass* or of *Plate Glass*, or the case may be, of that particular *Journey* or *Making* shall have been put, and which shall have been so filled with such *Articles*, *Vessels* or *Utensils*, and put or deposited in each such *Lear*; and if any such *Maker* or *Makers* shall neglect or refuse to deliver such Declaration in Writing, such *Maker* or *Makers* in *offending* shall, for each and every such *Officer*, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all and every *Maker* or *Makers* of *Flat Glass* or of *Plate Glass* shall, and he, she and they as and severally required to keep sufficient and just Scales and Weights, at the Place or Places where he, she or they shall make or manufacture any *Flat Glass* or *Plate Glass*, and shall, at his, her or their own Expence, feed, provide and affix within his, her or their *Weighting* Room and *Receiving* Room respectively, fit and proper Hooks or Staples, and also permit and suffer any *Officer* or *Officers* of Excise to affix the same, for the Purpose of weighing and taking an Account of and re-weighing the *Flat Glass* and *Plate Glass* respectively, which shall at any time be in the Possession of such *Maker* and *Makers*; and if any such *Maker* or *Makers* shall neglect to keep such Scales and Weights, or either of them,

or shall not at his, her or their own Expence first, provide and affix in manner aforesaid, such fit and proper Hooks or Staples as aforesaid, or shall not permit or suffer any Officer or Officers of Excise to use the same, such Maker or Makers shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any such Maker or Makers shall, in the weighing or re-weighing of any Trestle Glass or Pinal Glass, make use of, or make, or procure, or suffer to be made use of, any false, length or insufficient Scales or Weights, or shall practise any Art, Device or Contrivance, by which any such Officer or Officers may be hindered or prevented from taking the just and true Weight of any such Trestle Glass or Pinal Glass respectively, then and in every such case such Maker or Makers shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, with all such false, weight or insufficient Scales and Weights respectively, and the same shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Trestle Glass or of Pinal Glass, being desirous to have any Weighing Room taken, lay or to be belonging, unlocked and opened, for the Purpose of weighing and charging with the Duty any Trestle Glass or Pinal Glass thereon, shall give to the Officer of Excise under whose Service he, she or they shall then be, Six Hours previous Notice in Writing of his, her or their being so desirous, and specifying in such Notice each particular Weighing Room which he, she or they is or are so desirous to have unlocked or opened for the Purpose aforesaid, and the particular Time and Hour at which he, she or they is, or any desirous to have the same so unlocked or opened; and upon such Notice being given, such Officer shall attend at the time mentioned in such Notice, and shall unlock and open such Weighing Room for the Purpose aforesaid, and such Officer shall proceed to weigh, and shall weigh the whole of the Trestle Glass and Pinal Glass respectively, (whether whole or broken) with such Scales and Weights as aforesaid in the said Weighing Room, and shall charge such Maker or Makers with the Duty for and in respect of such Trestle Glass and Pinal Glass respectively, according to such Weight: Provided always nevertheless, that no such Maker or Makers shall be at Liberty to give any such Notice for having any such Weighing Room, or the Door or Entrance thereof opened, for the Purpose aforesaid, at any other time than between the Hours of Six in the Morning, and Six in the Afternoon; and every Notice given for having any such Weighing Room, or the Door or Entrance thereof opened, at any other Time or Hour than between the Hours so therein aforesaid, shall, and the same is hereby declared to be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer or Officers of Excise shall have cause to suspect that any Trestle Glass, or Pinal Glass, which hath, contrary to the Directions of this Act, have been fraudulently removed or conveyed away before the same shall have been weighed by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, according to the Directions of this Act, shall be deposited, lodged, hid or concealed in any Place or Places whatsoever, then and in such case, if such Place or Places shall be within the Cities of London or Westminster, or within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, upon Oath made by such Officer or Officers before the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being, or any Two or more of them, or in any other Place that be in any other Part of Great Britain, upon Oath, made by such Officer or Officers before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division or Place, where such Officer or Officers shall suspect the same to be deposited, lodged, hid or concealed (which respective Oaths they the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Two or more of them, and Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively, are hereby authorized and empowered to administer), setting forth the Ground of his or their Suspicion, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Two or more of them, or the Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively (as the case may require) before whom such Oath shall be made, if they or he shall judge it reasonable, by Special Warrant or Warrants under his and their respective Hands and Seals, to authorize and empower such Officer or Officers by Day or by Night, but if in the Night, then in the Presence of a Constable or other lawful Officer of the Peace, to enter into all and every such Place or Places where he or they shall be disposed of such Trestle Glass or Pinal Glass to be deposited, lodged, hid or concealed, and to search and seize upon all such Trestle Glass and Pinal Glass which he or they shall then and there find to be deposited, lodged, hid or concealed as aforesaid; and if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall be, obstruct or hinder any such Officer or Officers so authorized or empowered, or any other Person or Persons acting as he or they shall be authorized in the Execution of such Warrant, from entering any such Place or Places where such Officer or Officers shall be suspected such Trestle Glass or Pinal Glass to be so deposited, lodged, hid or concealed, by force or violence, or carrying away the same, or in the Execution of any such Warrant, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, severally forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That all Excise, Steward or Pinal Glass, which shall be made in Great Britain shall be secured and taken to the Chief Office within the meaning of this Act.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That in every such Weighing of any such Trestle Glass or Pinal Glass, the Turn of the Scale shall be given in favour of the Crown, and in case thereof there shall be allowed to such Maker or Makers of such Trestle Glass or Pinal Glass respectively, One Pound Weight upon each and every One hundred Pounds of such Trestle Glass or Pinal Glass weighed.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Trestle Glass, shall, and he, she and they is and are hereby required, at his, her and their own Expence, to find and provide, or erect, build, make and maintain a good, sufficient and lawful Weighing Room, or or adjoining to each and every such Glass-house or Pinal Glass-house, as the Case may require, to lay, lay or there belong to, which Room shall be contrived and best adapted to the said Weighing Room, and shall be separated or divided therefrom only by a Wall not more than Two Feet in Thickness, and the Door of Communication shall be in such Wall between the said Weighing Room and Re-weighing Room; and no such Re-weighing Room shall have

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Penalty

For and Pinal
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In the case
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of the
Weighing
Room

Warrant to
Search for
Trestle
Glass
or Pinal
Glass

Obstructing
the
Execution
of the
Warrant

Penalty

Excise
Account
Pinal
Glass

Turn of Scale in
Favour of the
Crown

Excise
Makers to
provide a
Weighing
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more than Two Doors or Entrances to the same, One thereof being the said Door of Communication between the said Weighing Rooms and Re-weighing Rooms, and the other thereof opening into or communicating with any Part of the Precincts adjoining to the Glass-halls to which such Re-weighing Rooms may belong; and each and every such Re-weighing Room, and the Doors or Entrances thereof, shall be securely locked, fastened and sealed by the Officer or Officers of Excise under whose Survey such Makers or Makers of Flint Glass or of Plat Glass respectively shall from time to time be, whenever any Glass which shall have been weighed and charged by such Officer or Officers shall be or remain, yet placed or deposited therein, for and during the Space of Six Hours after the same shall have been weighed, until the same shall have been sooner re-weighed by the Surveyor or Supervisor of Excise, according to the Direction of this Act; and when and in case as any Flint Glass or Plat Glass shall be weighed by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, the Maker or Makers thereof shall, with a sufficient Number of his, her or their Workmen or Servants, without Delay or Interruption, and with all due Diligence and Dispatch, remove and convey the same and every Part thereof from and out of the said Weighing Rooms into and into the said Re-weighing Rooms, and shall there place and deposit the same in the said Re-weighing Rooms separate and apart from all other Glass or Glass Wares whatsoever; and each Flint Glass or Plat Glass respectively shall remain in such Re-weighing Room where it is placed or deposited for the full Space of Six Hours after the same shall have been weighed as aforesaid, until the same shall have been sooner re-weighed by the respective Surveyors or Supervisors of Excise, to the end that the said Surveyors or Supervisors respectively may have an Opportunity to weigh or re-weigh the same; and the said respective Surveyors or Supervisors are hereby authorized and empowered to weigh or re-weigh all such Flint Glass and Plat Glass respectively according; and if upon the re-weighing thereof any additional Weight shall be discovered or found, such additional Weight of Flint Glass and Plat Glass respectively shall be charged and charged with the respective Duties by Law payable for or in respect of such Flint Glass or Plat Glass respectively; and in case any such Flint Glass or Plat Glass is removed and conveyed into any such Re-weighing Room, shall not be weighed by any Surveyor or Supervisor of Excise within the said Space of Six Hours, then and in every such case the Officer of Excise, under whose Survey such Maker or Makers of Glass shall then be, shall lock, seal and fasten the said Weighing Room, and the said Door or Entrance into the said Re-weighing Room; and if any such Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or of Plat Glass shall attempt or refuse to lock and seal, or to lock, seal, make or unfasten such Re-weighing Room as aforesaid, or shall neglect or refuse, when and in case as any Flint Glass or Plat Glass shall be weighed by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, with a sufficient Number of his, her or their Workmen or Servants, to remove or convey any such Flint Glass or Plat Glass without Delay or Interruption, and with all due Diligence and Dispatch from and out of the said Weighing Room, and into the said Re-weighing Room, or shall neglect or refuse to place or deposit the same or any Part thereof in the said Re-weighing Room as aforesaid, separate and apart from all other Glass or Glass Wares whatsoever, or shall remove or convey, or cause, procure or suffer to be removed or conveyed from or out of such Re-weighing Room, any Flint Glass or Plat Glass before the End or Expiration of Six Hours next after the same shall have been weighed as aforesaid by the proper Officer of Excise, until the same shall have been sooner weighed or re-weighed by the respective Surveyors or Supervisors of Excise, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always nevertheless, that no Iron Grating, Weighing Room or Re-weighing Room, shall be deemed or taken to be a good, sufficient or secure Iron Grating, Weighing Room or Re-weighing Room, until the same shall be approved of by the respective Surveyors or Supervisors of Excise at the Division or District where such the Lear to the Mouth or Entrance of which such Iron Grating shall belong, or for which the same is intended, shall be granted, or within which such Weighing Room or Re-weighing Room, as the case may be, shall be situated.

Weight not to
be taken in
any Room.
Act.

Penalty.
Iron Grating not
to be approved
of by Officers.

Penalty for
breaking Locks
and fastenings
without Maker's
consent.
Act.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That proper Locks, Keys and all other necessary Fittings for locking and fastening every such Lear, and the Mouth or Entrance and Iron Grating thereof, and for locking and sealing every such Weighing Room and Re-weighing Room respectively, and the Doors or Entrances thereof respectively, shall be provided by the respective Surveyors and Supervisors of Excise at each Division or District, at the Expence of each Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or of Plat Glass respectively, as the case may require; and if any such Maker or Makers shall neglect or refuse to pay for any Lock, Key or other necessary Fittings, which shall be provided by any Surveyor or Supervisor of Excise, according to the Direction of this Act, or if any Person or Persons shall obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise, or any Person or Persons by him or them employed in that behalf, in the locking or placing any such Fittings in such manner as such Officer or Officers shall direct, or shall neglect to enforce any of the Provisions by this Act, in that behalf intended, or in the locking, sealing or fastening any such Lear, or the Mouth or Entrance or Iron Grating thereof, or in the locking, sealing or securing any such Weighing Room or Re-weighing Room, or the Door or Entrance of the same respectively, or any such Fittings as aforesaid, or by any Means, Art, Device or Contrivance whatsoever, shall open any such Lock or Lear, or the Mouth, Entrance or Iron Grating thereof, or any such Weighing Room or Re-weighing Room, or the Door or Entrance of the same respectively, or shall clandestinely enter or gain Admission, or make any Hole or Opening into any such Lear, after the same or the Mouth or Entrance or Iron Grating thereof shall have been locked, sealed, fastened or secured as aforesaid, or into any such Weighing Room or Re-weighing Room after the same, or the Door or Entrance of the same respectively shall have been locked, sealed, fastened or secured as aforesaid, before the same respectively shall have been unlocked and opened by the proper Officer of Excise, or shall wilfully break or damage any such Door, Lock, Seal, Iron Grating

or following, every such Maker or Makers, or other Person or Persons so offending, shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXX. And he is further enacted, That where any Locks, Keys or Fastenings shall be provided in pursuance of this Act, and every Maker and Makers of Glahs, to whom such Locks, Keys and Fastenings respectively shall then belong, shall at his, her or their own Expence from time to time and at all times, as shall be required, be to do by the respective Surveyors or Supervisors of Excise, of the Division or Divisions, in which such his, her or their Glahs shall be situate, immediately let about shoring, repairing and mending, and shall also, within a reasonable time then next following, alter, repair and amend the same, respectively according to such Regulations; and if any such Maker or Makers of Glahs to whom any such Locks, Keys and Fastenings, or any or either of them shall belong, shall neglect or refuse immediately so to do about shoring, repairing or amending the same, or to alter, repair or amend the same, who thereto is required, according to the Directions of this Act, he, she or they shall, for each and every such Neglect or Refusal, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXXI. And he is further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Flat Glahs or of Pinal Glahs, shall, when and so often as he, she or they shall be thereto required by the Officer or Officers of Excise under whose Survey he, she or they shall then be, with a sufficient Number of his, her or their Workmen or Servants, aid and assist to the amount of his, her or their Power, such Officer or Officers, or Surveyor or Supervisors, in weighing and taking an Account, or in so weighing all Flat Glahs or Pinal Glahs of such Maker or Makers or Pans of finishing for every Neglect or Refusal the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXXII. And he is further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Flat Glahs or of Pinal Glahs shall, from time to time and at all times, keep all Flat Glahs and Pinal Glahs respectively in his, her or their Custody or Possession, and which shall not have been weighed by the Officer of Excise according to the Directions of this Act, separate and apart from all Flat Glahs and Pinal Glahs respectively which shall have been weighed, and from all other Glahs Wares whatsoever, on pain of forfeiting, for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXXIII. And he is further enacted, That if any Maker or Makers of Flat Glahs or Pinal Glahs shall fraudulently remove or convey away any Flat Glahs or Pinal Glahs from any Linn or other Place before the proper Officer of Excise shall have weighed the same, or shall neglect or refuse to produce any such Flat Glahs or Pinal Glahs to such Officer that he may weigh the same, and every Maker and Makers shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, together with all such Flat Glahs or Pinal Glahs respectively; and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

XXXIII. And he is further enacted, That if any Maker or Makers of Flat Glahs or of Pinal Glahs shall, for the amending of any Flat Glahs or Pinal Glahs, make use of any private or concealed Linn, smelting Arch, Oven, Utensil or Place whatsoever, other than his, her or their known Linn or Linn entered for that Purpose, or shall practise any Art, Device or Contrivance for answering the Purpose of a Linn or smelting Arch or Oven, for the Purpose of amending any Flat Glahs or Pinal Glahs; or if any such Maker or Makers shall make use of any Art, Device or Contrivance, other than as entered Linn, to answer the Purpose of a Linn for the amending of any Flat or Pinal Glahs; each and every such Maker or Makers so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXXIV. And he is further enacted, That all and every Maker or Makers of Flat Glahs or of Pinal Glahs, shall, and he, she and they is and are hereby required, at or before the Hour of Six in the Evening of Saturday in each and every Week, to work out one Wain, or to create and procure to be worked out, one Wain, the whole of the Metal or Preparation which shall at any time during that Week have been founded or melted in any Pot or Pots to be, her or their belonging, for the making of Flat Glahs or Pinal Glahs, on pain to forfeit, for every Neglect or Refusal thereof, the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always nevertheless, that nothing hereinbefore contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to subject any Maker or Makers of Flat Glahs or of Pinal Glahs to the said last mentioned Penalty, for or by reason of his, her or their not working out the Allowance of one such deep malle in such Maker or Makers, by an Act passed in the Seventheenth Year of His present Majesty King George the Third, at the Bottom of any such Pot; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary in any, with notwithstanding.

XXXV. And he is further enacted, That all and every Maker or Makers of Flat Glahs or of Pinal Glahs, when and so soon as any Journey shall be finished at the same shall be finished at or before the Hour of Six in the Evening of Saturday in any Week, or if the same shall not be finished at or before such Hour, then all and every such Maker and Makers shall at such Hour in the Presence of the Officer of Excise under whose Survey such Maker or Makers shall then be again charged, each and every Pot soon or out of which any Glahs Wain shall have been worked in such Journey with such Materials or Preparations (other than Cast or broken Glahs), not less in Quantity than Fifty Pounds Weight; and if any Maker or Makers of Flat Glahs or Pinal Glahs shall not in the Presence of such Officer when and so soon as any Journey shall be finished, if the same shall be finished before the Hour of Six in the Evening of Saturday in any Week, or if the same shall not be finished at or before such Hour, then if such Maker or Makers shall not at such Hour in the Presence of such Officer again charge each and every such Pot or Pots with such Materials or Preparations as aforesaid, then and in every such case the Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always nevertheless, that nothing hereinbefore contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend, to subject any Maker or Makers of Flat Glahs or of Pinal Glahs, to the said last mentioned or any other Penalty for or by reason of his, her

or their not charging with such such Materials or Preparations as aforesaid, any such Pot from or out of which such Maker or Makers shall, or the Presence of such Officer, and under a special Notice or Writing given by such Maker or Makers of Glass to such Officer, by the Space of Two Hours have kindled and set on Fire the whole of the Metal consisting in any such Pot or Pots at the time of such kindling as aforesaid.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Maker or Makers of Flat Glass or of Plate Glass shall make or manufacture within the same Glasshouse or Building, by him, her or them covered or aired for the making or manufacturing of Flat Glass or Plate Glass, or in any Glasshouse or Building adjoining thereto, any Sort or Species of Glass or Glass Ware whatsoever, other than Flat Glass and Plate Glass; and if any such Maker or Makers shall make or manufacture within the same Glasshouse or Building by him, her or them entered or aired for the making or manufacturing of Flat Glass or Plate Glass, or in any Glasshouse or Building adjoining thereto, any Species of Glass or Glass Ware other than Flat Glass and Plate Glass, all and every such Maker or Makers respectively offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Maker or Makers of Glass shall make of common People Metal, any Bottle or Bottle or Bottle or of any Size or Content than what is commonly known and reported as Half Pint Bottle; and if any Maker or Makers of Glass shall make of common Bottle Metal, any Bottle or Bottle or Bottle or of any Size or Content than aforesaid, the Maker or Makers of Glass so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall offend or violate any Officer or Officers of Excise in the Execution of any of the Powers or Authorities to him or them given or granted by this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Flat Glass or Plate Glass, the Person or Persons so offending therein, shall, for each and every such Offence, (other than those for which any Penalty is hereinbefore specially imposed or provided) severally and for the Sum of Three hundred Pounds: Provided always nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to make it unlawful to or for any Officer or Officers of Excise, from time to time and at all times, to inspect, examine, gauge or otherwise to take an Account of the Metal and Materials mixed and prepared, or heated or softened for the making of Glass in any such Glasshouse or Building as aforesaid, as well before such Metal or Materials shall be put into any Pot or Pots, as after the same shall be put into any Pot or Pots, or to take a Sample or Samples, not exceeding Eight Ounces in the whole, out of each such Pot, or any other Vessel or Utensil, containing such Preparation for making Glass.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Drawbacks by this Act allowed shall be paid and allowed out of the Duties of Excise by this Act imposed, and in full and according to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, contained and provided in and by an Act made in the Twenty Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, among other things, for the Amendment of several Laws relating to the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise; or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, relating to the Exportation of Glass or Drawback: Provided always nevertheless, that, from and after the first First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, no Drawback shall be paid or allowed for or upon the Exportation of any Flat Glass or Plate Glass (whether made before or after the passing of this Act) save and except the Drawback of Two Pounds Nine Shillings for every Hundred Weight of such Flat Glass or Plate Glass respectively.

XL. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, the proper Officers of Excise shall take an Account of each of the Articles, Vessels and Utensils of Flat Glass and of Plate Glass in the Stock, Custody or Possession of all and every Maker and Makers of Flat Glass or of Plate Glass respectively, which shall at one and the same time be produced and shown by any such Maker or Makers to such Officer or Officers for the Purpose of being taken an Account of for Exportation, to certify such Maker or Makers to the Drawback hereunto mentioned, and thereupon all and every such Maker and Makers that forthwith declare to such Officer or Officers the Particulars and Quantity of such Articles, Vessels and Utensils by him, her or them intended for such Exportation, and such Maker or Makers shall forthwith separate and divide all such Articles, Vessels and Utensils so declared for such Exportation from all other Articles, Vessels and Utensils of Glass in his, her or their Stock, Custody or Possession, and shall make Oath before such Officer or Officers, (and which Oath such Officer and Officers as and are hereby authorized and empowered to administer) that the said Articles, Vessels and Utensils, and every Part thereof so declared for Exportation, were truly and lawfully made before the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and that the Duties for or in respect of the Materials or Metals from whence the same and every Part thereof, were made, made or manufactured, were duly charged by the Officer or Officers of Excise, and such Maker or Makers shall also forthwith in the Presence of such Officer or Officer, remove, carry and convey the said Articles, Vessels and Utensils so declared for Exportation, into some one, certain and convenient Room to be approved of by such Officer or Officers, where and in which the same shall be fully and securely locked up by such Officer or Officers, and shall remain and continue so locked up, and without such Maker or Makers or any other Person or Persons other than the proper Officers of Excise having any Entrance into the said Room, or any Access to the said Glass until the packing up thereof for Exportation, unless, subject and according to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions contained and provided for packing up Glass for Exportation in and by an Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act in full a time for the Regulation of the Duties on Male Servants and Domestic, by the Commissioners of Excise; and also on Hops, Malt, Wine and Cider by the Commissioners of Excise; and for the Amendment of several Laws relating to the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise;* and each Package of the said Glass shall also be marked or distinguished in such manner as the

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Commissioners of Excise in England and Wales respectively, or any Three or more of them respectively, shall direct, and upon the said Articles, Vessels and Utensils so prepared, declared and made Oath to having been so taken an Account of, locked up and packed up as aforesaid, and being also stamped and reported under, signed and according to the said Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions relating to the Exportation of Glass or Drunken, a Drawback of Three Pence For Shillings and Four Pence For Pence shall be allowed, under, signed and according to the said Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions for or by One hundred Weights, and this in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity of such Glass; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary in any writ notwithstanding.

XLI. And whereas by an Act made in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty King George the Third, among other Things, for the better collecting the Duties upon Glass, &c. among other Things, enacting, that every Person and Persons who shall knowingly carry, or cause to be carried, any broken or waste Glass for Exportation, with Intent that any Drawback or Allowance should be claimed, shall, once and above all other Penalties and Forfeitures, for every such Offence forfeit and forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds: And whereas it is expedient to further all such broken and waste Glass, Be it therefore enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall knowingly carry, or cause or suffer to be carried any broken or waste Glass for Exportation, with Intent that any Drawback or Allowance shall be obtained, such broken or waste Glass respectively shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act imposed, shall be levied, recovered, levied or mitigated, by such ways, means and methods, as will, Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture is or may be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated, by any Law or Law of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in London; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her or them who shall discover, inform or sue for the same.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Regulations, Penalties, Forfeitures, Provisions, Classes, Matters and Things, which by any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Duties on Glass, or on the Materials or Metal, or on the Preparation made use of in Great Britain in the making of Glass, or to the paying or allowing of any Drawback on the Exportation of Glass, in force immediately before the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, are continued, provided, fortified or established, for managing, selling, raising, levying, collecting, recovering, adjusting, respecting, storing, warehousing, and loading the said Duties, or for paying or allowing any Drawback of the said Duties, and for preventing, detecting and punishing Frauds relating thereto, except where the same are expressly repealed or altered by this Act, shall be and remain in full Force and Effect, to all intents and purposes; and the said Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Regulations, Penalties, Provisions, Classes, Matters and Things, except as before excepted, shall continue and be duly observed, professed, applied, used and put in Execution, throughout the whole Kingdom of Great Britain, so fully and effectually in all intents and purposes, except as before excepted, as if the said Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Regulations, Penalties, Forfeitures, Provisions, Classes, Matters and Things had been expressly inserted and re-enacted in this present Act.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys arising by the Duties by this Act imposed (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be carried in and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

XLV. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, An Act for granting unto His Majesty several additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain, it is provided, that the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, shall for the Period of Ten Years from the Commencement of the said Act, make a separate and distinct Account of the Additional Duties by the said Act granted, to be prepared and annually laid before Parliament pursuant to an Act passed in the First second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, An Act for settling certain Public Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, and for determining certain other Forms of Account now in use: And whereas One third Part of the Duties by this Act imposed, and is less of which other Duties are by this Act imposed, continued and made Part of the additional Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and it is therefore expedient that Provision should be made for allowing the Proportion of One third Part of the Duties by this Act imposed: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the whole of the Duties granted by this Act shall be entered together in one Account, but that the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, or Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, for the time being, shall, for and during the Remainder of the said Period of Ten Years, to be computed from the Commencement of the said Act, passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, make a separate and distinct Account of One third Part of the Duties by this Act granted, to be made out in such Manner and Form as shall appear to the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, or the Lord Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, as hereby required to cause to be laid before Parliament, together with the Public Accounts directed to be laid before

17 G. 3. c. 33.

Act 17 G. 3. c. 33. s. 1. An account to be prepared and laid before Parliament.

James Act. c. 18. s. 1. An Act.

Consolidated Fund.

41 G. 3. c. 33. s. 1.

45 G. 3. c. 33.

Manner of laying Account of Duties.

Provisione pursuant to the Provisions of the said Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.

49 G. 2. c. 43

* XLVI. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intitled, *An Act for regulating the Duties on the Materials used in making Spread Window Glass and Crown Glass, and for granting other Duties on Iron, Steel, and for the better Collection of the said Duties*; it is enacted, that the same should continue and be in force from the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nine, for the Space of Two Years, to be computed from that Day; and it is enacted that the same should be further continued: Be it enacted, That the said recited Act shall continue and remain in force from the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve; save and except as the Provisions thereof are altered by this Act.

49 G. 2. c. 43
§ 10.

* XLVII. And whereas by a Clause in the said last recited Act, it is enacted, that before any Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass as in this Act mentioned, shall begin to melt or stop up any smelting Arch or Oven containing any Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass, he, she or they shall deliver to the proper Office of Excise, a Declaration in Writing, specifying the true Number of Tables of Spread Glass or Crown Glass respectively put or deposited and contained in each and every such smelting Arch respectively; and if any such Maker or Makers as in that Act mentioned shall neglect or refuse to deliver such Declaration in Writing as is last aforesaid, every such Maker or Makers in offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Twenty Pounds: And whereas it may sometimes happen that, from Errors in counting and otherwise, the true Number of Tables of Spread Glass or Crown Glass respectively put or deposited and contained in any such smelting Arch may be mistaken, and it is therefore expedient to make such Provision as is hereafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, no Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass shall incur or be liable to the said Penalty of Twenty Pounds, for or by reason of any Declaration by him, her or them, delivered as or for the Declaration required by the said recited Clause, not specifying the true Number of Tables of Spread Glass or Crown Glass respectively put or deposited and contained in any such smelting Arch, provided the Number of Tables of Spread Glass or Crown Glass respectively specified in such Declaration is delivered (shall not) vary more than at and after the Rate of Four per Centum from the true Number of Tables of Spread Glass or Crown Glass respectively put or deposited and contained in such smelting Arch; any thing in the said Act contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

That in the
Makers of
Spread Window
Glass or Crown
Glass to Pro-
vide of such
by 49 G. 2. c. 43
§ 10.Restriction of
Duties on
49 G. 2. c. 51.
§ 2.

* XLVIII. And whereas in and by the aforesaid Act certain Drawbacks are allowed for Spread Window Glass, commonly called or known by the Name of *Broad Glass*, and for all other Window Glass not being Spread Glass, whether fished or otherwise manufactured, and commonly called or known either by the Name of *Crown Glass* or *Crown Sheet Glass*, made in *Groves Britain*, and exported to Foreign Parts or to *Ireland*: And whereas it is expedient that no Drawback should be allowed on the Exportation of any such Glass, unless the same shall be exported in Tables or regular Figures of certain Dimensions: Be it therefore enacted, That no Drawbacks shall be allowed for or in respect of any such Glass exported, unless the same shall be shipped and exported in Whole Tables, Half Tables, or Quarter Tables, or in regular Panes, Squares or Rectangular Figures, the Four Sides of which together shall measure at least Fourteen Inches, and of which no Side shall measure less than Three Inches, or Lengths of which the Four Sides together shall measure at least Fourteen Inches, and no Side of which shall measure less than Three Inches and an Half, and all Window Glass of other Shape or less Dimensions than as aforesaid shall be dressed and taken to be Waste Glass within the Meaning of the said Act passed in the Seventeenth Year of His Majesty's Reign; and if any Person or Persons shall knowingly move or ship, or cause or procure to be entered or shipped for Exportation, in order to obtain any Drawback by the said Act granted or allowed, any Spread Window Glass, commonly called or known by the Name of *Broad Glass* or other Window Glass, not being Spread Glass as aforesaid, and being in Whole Tables, Half Tables, Quarter Tables, or in regular Panes, Squares, or Rectangular Figures or Lengths of the Dimensions aforesaid, such Person or Persons shall for every Coat, Parcel, Box or Package of such Glass so entered or shipped, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

That Crown
Glass, &c. as he
exported.Penalty.
Commence-
ment.

* XLIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect, as to all such Matters and Things therein contained, in respect whereof no Special Commencement is hereby directed or provided, from and immediately after the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and shall remain and continue in force for the Space of One Year, to be computed from that Day.

C A P. LXX.

An Act for regulating the Hat Duty in Great Britain.

[17th June 1711.]

49 G. 2. c. 48

* WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to amend the several Duties under the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon Stamp, Pellets, Parchment and Paper, in Great Britain, and to grant new and additional Duties on Iron, Steel, &c.* certain Stamp Duties were imposed upon Hats and upon Licences for wearing Hats by Retail, which it is expedient should now be repealed: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the said Duties on Hats and on

That in the Hats
and Licences for
wearing Hats be
taken.

Licences

Patent did not pass the Great Seal, but the Profits and Emoluments of the said Office have been ever since enjoyed by the said George late Duke of Newcastle and his Family, in the same manner as if such Letters Patent had been completed, it was by the said recited Act of the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His Majesty enacted, that during the Lives of the said William Duke of Newcastle and Frederick Marquis, commonly called Lord Frederick Newcastle, the Salary, Fees and Emoluments due to the Collector of Customs in the Port of London, should continue to be received and taken in full and the like masses, and to the like Amount, and that the same Persons should be entitled to the Profits of the said Office, as if Letters Patent for granting the said Office had been perfected: Be it therefore enacted, That the Composition or Allowance authorized to be made and granted by the Lords of the Treasury upon the Abolition of the said Office of Collector of Customs in the Port of London shall be paid to and for the Use of such Person or Persons as at the time of passing of this Act shall be, or shall hereafter be, from time to time, legally entitled to demand and receive the Profits and Emoluments of the said Office of Collector of Customs in the said Port of London, in pursuance of the said recited Act of the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, if such Office had not been abolished by this Act, and to no other Person or Persons whatsoever.

VIII. And whereas the Office of Comptroller of the Customs in the Port of London was, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain bearing date the fourth and seventh days of January, granted to Francis third Earl of Gainsford, and his Heirs, during the Lives of Francis North and Frederick North, and Sons of the said Frederick North commonly called Lord North, and the Life of the longest Liver of them; and the said Francis Earl of Gainsford, by Will dated the Twelfth Day of April One thousand seven hundred and eighty two, gave and bequeathed the Reversionary Grant of the said Office to Sir Frederick North, commonly called Lord North, afterwards Earl of Gainsford, his Executors, Administrators and Assigns, who devised and bequeathed his Reversionary Grant thereof unto his Sons Francis and Frederick North, and unto his Daughters Lady Katherine Anne Douglas, Lady Anne North and Lady Charlotte North, their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, equally amongst them. And whereas the Profits and Emoluments of the said Office have been divided equally amongst the said Persons accordingly: Be it therefore enacted, That the Composition or Allowance heretofore authorized to be made and granted by the Lords of the Treasury, upon the Abolition of the said Office of Comptroller in the Port of London, shall be paid to and for the Use of the Person who are at the time of the passing of this Act, or shall hereafter be legally entitled to demand and receive the Profits and Emoluments of the said Office under the Will of the aforesaid Francis Earl of Gainsford, if the said Office had not been abolished under the Provisions of that Act, and to no other Person or Persons whatsoever.

IX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever it shall be found necessary to make a new Appointment under the Authority of this Act, for the Execution of any of the Duties of either of the Offices mentioned in the Tables hereto annexed, marked (B) and (C) which may be deemed requisite to be performed, although the Patents for the Offices may be abolished, the Commissioners of the Customs shall in all such cases by an Account of the same before both Houses of Parliament, within Fourteen Days of the Beginning of the Session next after such Appointment, describing the Office, and the Amount of the Salary which shall be appointed for the same.

X. And whereas it is expedient that the Benefits intended to be afforded to Trade and Commerce by the said recited Acts should, without Delay, be extended as much and as generally as possible, and that Merchants and Traders should be exempted from the Payment of any Fee, Penalties, Gratuity or Reward, to any Officers, Clerk or other Person employed in the Service of the Customs, except as hereinafter is provided: Be it therefore further enacted, That, from and after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, no Fee, Penalties, Gratuity or Reward, whether necessary or of any other Sort or Description whatever, shall be required, taken or received, by any Officers, Clerk or other Person executing or performing or sitting in the Execution or Performance of any of the Duties, or sitting in any of the Offices or Employments in or belonging to His Majesty's Customs in the Port of London, for any Service, Act, Duty, Matter or Thing done or performed, or to be done or performed by any or either of such Officers, Clerks or other Persons, on account of or relating to any such Office or Employment, except as hereinafter is provided; and all such Officers, Clerks and other Persons respectively, shall, from and after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, receive each annual Salaries or other Allowances as the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, shall deem to be reasonable for the Labour and Trouble of executing the Duties of their respective Offices or Employments; and if any such Officers, Clerks or other Persons, shall, at any time after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, require, take or receive any Fee, Penalties, Gratuity or Reward, whether necessary or of any other Sort or Description whatever, either directly or indirectly, except as hereinafter is provided, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Act, on account of or relating to any such Office or Employment, or for any Service, Act, Duty, Matter or Thing, done or performed, or to be done or performed, either therein or in the Performance or Execution of any Orders or Directions he may have received from the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, though the same shall be lawfully offered or given, every such Officer, Clerk or other Person so offending, shall, as Proof thereof to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, as any Four or more of them, be, for the First Offence, forever disqualified from his Office or Employment, and be rendered incapable of ever again holding or executing, or sitting in any Office or Employment in the Service of His Majesty's Customs or Excise.

XI. Provided.

Printed by
G. G. & J. S. S. S.
Printers in
St. Paul's Church
Yard.

XI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent any of the Solicitors of His Majesty's Customs from charging and receiving any Fees which they have lawfully accustomed to charge and receive as assessors of the professional Business which they transact in their respective Offices.

XII. And whereas it has long been the Practice for Merchants and others concerned in the Importation and Exportation of Goods, to hire and employ such of the Officers or Clerks in the Long Room of the Custom House as, in preparing, free and passing Entries of Goods Inwards and Outwards as they thought proper: And whereas it is expedient and necessary, for the Accommodation of Trade, that Merchants and others should not be prevented from availing themselves of the Assistance afforded by such Officers and Clerks, when they may require it, but that the Fee or Reward for such Assistance should be regulated and ascertained: Be it therefore further enacted, That, from and after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, it shall be lawful for any Officer or Clerk employed in the Service of the Customs in the Long Room of the Custom House London, to receive such Assistance as aforesaid to Merchants and others making Entries Inwards and Outwards, and to take or receive for the same such Fee or Reward only as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, or any Four or more of them with the Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall from time to time think proper and just, and any such Officer or Clerk who shall take or receive any greater Fee or Reward for such Service than shall be so allowed and directed, shall be subject to the Penalties of this Act, and be punishable as a Person receiving illegal Fees, contrary to the Provisions thereof.

XIII. And whereas Inconvenience might arise to Merchants and others making Entries at the Custom House in the Port of London if the several Collectors and Receivers of the Duties of Customs in the said Port were to be obliged and liable to the Penalties of this Act, in case they were to receive more than the proper lawful Amount of the Duties of Customs due on any such Entry not according to Six Pence, or according to a Practice which has long prevailed: Be it therefore enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to prevent any Receiver or Collector of any of the Duties of Customs in the Port of London, from receiving and applying to his own Use in such beyond the proper lawful Amount of the Duties legally due on any Entry as shall not in any Instance amount to the Sum of Six Pence beyond such proper Amount of Duty; that it is hereby, in the total Sum of the Duties upon an Entry produces a Pension under Six Pence, he may receive the Six Pence, and where it produces a Fraction between Six Pence and One Shilling, he may receive the Shilling, provided that the Merchant or other Person making such Entry shall be desirous and willing to pay the same, but not otherwise.

XIV. And whereas it is necessary, for the Accommodation of Merchants and Traders, that Warrants of Entries Inwards in the Port of London should, in certain Cases, be issued by the several Receivers and Collectors of the Duties of Customs, and exported and delivered to the proper Officers appointed to discharge or deliver the Goods imported on any such Entry, without waiting the usual Course of daily Business: And whereas the Practice of granting such Accommodations to Merchants and others has long prevailed, and would, if discontinued, be attended with much Inconvenience to Trade: And whereas it is just and reasonable that the Officers of the Customs, by whom such Warrants are to be issued and exported, should receive a modest and reasonable Recompense for the extraordinary Trouble occasioned thereby: Be it therefore enacted, That in case any Merchant or other Person making any Entry issued in the Custom House in the Port of London shall be desirous of having the Warrant of such Entry dispatched before the usual Hour of delivering the Goods to enter, it shall be lawful for the Receiver or Collector of the Customs in the Port of London, whose Duty it may be to issue such Warrant, and for the Officer commonly called the Clerk of the Warrants in the Long Room of the Custom House London, to export and pass the same through the proper Officers, provided the Merchant or other Person making any such Entry shall request to be so accommodated; and in such case the following Gratuity shall be paid to the said Officers, *viz.* to the Receiver or Collector whose Duty it may be to issue such Warrants, the Sum of Six Pence for each Warrant so issued, and so much to the Officer commonly called the Clerk of the Warrants, the Sum of One Shilling for each Warrant so exported, and so more; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XV. And whereas every Person in the Office of the Collector of the Customs outwards in the Port of London, are directed and employed (especially to write Cockets for the Shipping of Goods for the Purpose of Exportation: And whereas it has been customary for the Merchants and other Persons exporting Goods for Exportation, to hire and employ such of the said Cocket Writers as they shall think fit to write such Cockets: And whereas it is necessary for the Accommodation of the Merchants, and to facilitate the regular Shipping of Goods intended to be exported, particularly during a Period of Business, that such Practice should be allowed: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, it shall be lawful for any Merchant or other Person making an Entry in the Custom House in the Port of London, of Goods intended to be shipped for Exportation to Foreign Parts, and for which it is necessary a Cocket should be set, provided, to hire and employ any or either of the Persons holding the Office of Cocket Writer writing such Cocket; and it shall not be lawful for any such Cocket Writer so employed as aforesaid to receive from the Merchant or other Person making any such Entry, such Fee or Gratuity according to the Trouble occasioned by writing the same, as shall be agreed on between the Person making the Entry, and such Cocket Writer; any thing contained in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that such Fee or Gratuity shall not in any case whatever exceed the Sum of Five Shillings, including the Expense of the Parchment on which such Cocket shall be written, which

Parliament

Perceive the said Cocket Writer shall provide at his own Expence; and any such Cocket Writer who shall take or receive any greater Fee or Reward for writing any such Cocket than is heretofore allowed, shall be subject to the Penalty of this Act, and be punishable as a Person receiving illegit. Fees contrary to the Provision thereof.

XVI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prevent any Officer or other Person holding, exercising, or acting in, or performing the Duties of any Office or Employment in the Customs in the Port of London, from receiving such Reward or Satisfaction, for or on account of any Detention, Seizure or Forfeiture, of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or any Penalty or Share of Penalty or Compulsion, which, under any Law now in force, or hereafter to be made in relation to the Duties of Customs, he is or may be legally entitled to; or to prevent any such Officer, Clerk or other Person, from receiving any Allowance, Gratuity or Reward, which the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, or any Four or more of them, may think fit to direct.

XVII. And he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to alter the Hours during which Officers, Clerks and other Persons, employed in the Service of the Customs in the Port of London, are required to attend for the Execution and Discharge of their respective Duties, by the before recited Act, passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for abolishing Fees received by certain Officers and other Persons employed in the Service of the Customs in the Port of London, and for regulating the Attendance of Officers and others so employed.*

XVIII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, or any Four or more of them, shall and may direct and enforce the Attendance of any Officer, Clerk or other Person, employed in the Service of His Majesty's Customs in the Port of London, at any Time and at any Place, when on any particular Emergency the Public Service shall so require, and also direct and enforce the Attendance of any Clerk whatever, or of any Officer or other Person so employed in the Service of the Customs receiving duty Pay, or of any Officer or other Person employed in the Water Guard, at such Hours and Times, and at such Places as the said Commissioners shall think fit and requisite for the proper Discharge of the official Duties of any such Officer, Clerk or other Person.

XIX. And he it further enacted, That every Person who from and after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve shall be appointed to any Office or Employment in or belonging to His Majesty's Customs in the Port of London, shall at their respective Admissions thereto, or who, having been so appointed and admitted, shall not have taken the Oath of Office required by Law before the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve shall, instead of the Oath prescribed by an Act passed in the Sixth and Seventh Years of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, take the following Oath: that is to say,

I A. B. do swear to be true and faithful in the Execution, to the best of my Knowledge and Power, of the Trust committed to my Charge and Inspection in the Service of His Majesty's Customs, and that I will not receive, take or receive, any Fee, Prodigit, Gratuity or Reward, whether necessary or of any Sort or Description whatever, either directly or indirectly, for any Service, Act, Duty, Matter or Thing, done or performed, or to be done or performed, in the Execution or Discharge of any of the Duties of my Office or Employment, on any account whatever, other than my Salary, and what is or shall be allowed me by Law or by any Special Order of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs for the time being. So help me GOD.

XX. And, in order that proper Compensation may be made to any Officer, Clerk or other Person employed in the Service of the Customs in the Port of London, who may sustain Loss by the Abolition of Fees directed by this Act, he it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, in cases where, on the Extinction and Empting, it shall be made appear to them, that the Salaries or Allowances to be paid to Officers, Clerks or other Persons, employed in the Service of the Customs in the Port of London, as a Reward for their Labour (in future) in the Execution of the Duty of their respective Offices or Employments, may not amount to so much as it might be just and reasonable to allow to the present Possessors of such Office or Employments by way of Compensation for the Loss of Fees formerly received by them respectively, to order such further annual Allowances as they the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall deem just and reasonable to be paid to any such Officer, Clerk or other Person; such further Allowance to commence from and after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and to continue during the time any such Officer, Clerk or other Person, shall hold any such Office or Employment: Provided always, that in case any such Officer, Clerk or other Person, shall be removed to any other Office or Employment in the Service of the Customs, the annual Salary or other Emolument of which shall not amount to more than the Salary and the further Allowance by way of Compensation hereby directed to be made to any such Officer, Clerk or other Person, would have amounted to, then and in such case the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury may continue to any such Officer, Clerk or other Person, the Allowance they may have granted by way of Compensation for Loss of Fees, or any Part thereof, notwithstanding such Removal as aforesaid.

XXI. And whereas certain Officers, Clerks and other Persons employed in the Service of the Customs in the Port of London, have been in the Practice of receiving Fees not authorized by Law: And whereas it is necessary and proper that such Persons should be indemnified from any Prosecutors to which they might be liable in consequence thereof: Be it therefore enacted, That every Officer, Clerk or other Person employed

Officers and
C. 71. 175 of
Statutes.

Provis. for pro-
cess. Ports of
Attendance.
45 G. 2. c. 41.

Commissioners
of Customs may
require Attend-
ance of Officers
and others.

Oath of Office.

6 & 7 W. & M.
c. 1. § 5.

Compensation to
be made Officers
for Lost Fees.

Provis.

Indemnity in
Officers for

having taken
Pursuant to the
Statute in 1786.

in the Service of the Customs in the Port of London, shall be and he and they is and are hereby indemnified, freed and discharged, from and against all Penalties, Forfeitures, Incapacities and Disabilities incurred for or by reason of the demanding, taking or receiving any Fee, Perquisite, Gratuity or Reward whatsoever, (not authorized by the Laws in force as and immediately before the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, provided that nothing herein contained shall extend to indemnify or discharge any such Officer, Clerk or other Person from any Action, Suit, Information or other Proceeding at Law which shall have been instituted or commenced against any such Officer, Clerk or other Person as or before the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, nor extend to indemnify, free or discharge any Officer, Clerk or other Person holding or sitting in any of the Offices or Employments enumerated or described in the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth and Forty seventh Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, from any Penalty, Forfeiture, Incapacity or Disability, incurred by any such Officer, Clerk or other Person, by reason of his or their requiring, taking or receiving, or having required, taken or received, any Fee, Perquisite, Gratuity or Reward, contrary to the Directions of the said Acts or either of them; but that all the Clauses, Matters and Things, contained in the said Acts to prevent Officers, Clerks or other Persons, from demanding or receiving any Fee, Perquisite, Gratuity or Reward, other than as a therein excepted in the said Acts respectively, shall be and remain in full Force and Effect; any thing contained in this present Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

48 G. 3 c. 78
47 G. 3 c. 56 &c.
c. 51.

Salaries, &c. to be paid without Deduction, except Property Tax.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all Salaries, Allowances or Compensation, hitherto granted or allowed, or which may hereafter be granted or allowed, to any Officer or Officers, Clerk or Clerks, or any Person or Persons employed in the Service of the Customs in the Port of London, or by way of Compensation or Allowance to any Officer, Clerk or other Person, who may have laboured Lett by the Abolition of any Office or Employment, or by the Abolition of Fees, shall be paid to the Person or Persons entitled to receive the same, without any Abatement or Deduction on account of any Rates or Duties imposed by any Act of Parliament, except the Duty granted by an Act, passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of August next, after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Duties in Great Britain, on the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices; and for repealing an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and to revise and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the said Duties.*

48 G. 3 c. 46.

Twenty may extend Act to the said Ports as the said Ports as London, &c.

XXIII. And whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made for extending the Provisions of this Act to the Out Ports in Great Britain, as soon as the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall think the same should be so extended; Be it further enacted, That, from and after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, whenever it shall appear to them to be expedient and proper, to extend the Provisions of this Act to any of the other Ports in Great Britain, and to the Officers, Clerks and other Persons, employed in the Service of the Customs at any such Ports, and that the same be so conveniently be done; and the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, are hereby authorized, from time to time as they shall think fit, to put in Execution the Powers and Provisions of this Act, as to any Out Port or Out Ports in Great Britain, by extending the Provisions of this Act to any such Port or Ports in Great Britain, and to the Officers, Clerks and other Persons, employed in the Service of the Customs therein; and in each case the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall give Notice of such Extension, in the London Gazette, Three several Times.

From Time of 3. 1786, &c. of Act to be so made to the said Ports.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Expiration of Fourteen Days from the Publication of any such Notice, or any such longer Period from such Publication as the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall direct to be inferred therein, all the Powers, Authorities, Privileges, on, Duties, Charges, Penalties and Forfeitures, contained in this Act, shall, in far as the same be applicable, be deemed and construed to extend to any such Port or Ports, and to the Abolition of any of the Offices enumerated or described in any such Notice or Notices, and to any Officer, Clerk or other Person, holding any Office or Employment in His Majesty's Customs at such Port or Ports, who shall be enumerated or described in any such Notice, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if such Officer, Clerk or Person, had been enumerated or described in the Tables annexed to this Act, and as if all the said Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Duties, Charges, Penalties and Forfeitures, in so far as the same are applicable, had been repeated and particularly enacted in the Body of this Act.

Act may be extended, &c.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be varied, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

Table (A.)

A LIST of OFFICES which, from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, are to be wholly abolished.

Inspector of Professions
Register of Goods served, and of Informations and Sales,
Inspector and Examiner of the Books of the Patent and other Officers of the Patents.
Keeper of the Books of Entries for the Port or London.

Collector

Collector of the Petty Customs in the Port of London, and Keeper of the Cocket Seal to the said Office belonging
Customs at the Out Ports.

[See the Act to which this Table is annexed.]

Table (B.)

A LIST of OFFICES which, from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, are to be abolished; the Duties whereof, being useful and necessary, are to continue to be exacted.

Patent Inspector of the Out Port Collectors' Accounts and Vouchers.

Patent Comptroller of the Customs in the Port of London, excepting the Duties on Cloth, Wool and Leather, exported.

Patent Surveyor of Subsidies and Petty Customs in the Port of London.

Patent Collector of the Customs of Tonnage and Passage, outwards, in the Port of London, and Keeper of the Cocket Seal.

Chief Patent Searcher of the Customs in the Port of London.

All other Patent Secretaries in London, or the Out Ports.

Writers, commonly called Patent King's Writers, in the Ports of London and Bristol.

Patent Comptrollers at the Out Ports.

[See the Act to which this Table is annexed.]

Table (C.)

A LIST of OFFICES which, from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, are to be abolished; the Duties whereof, being useful and necessary, are to be transferred to other OFFICES.

Receiver of His Majesty's Share of condemned Goods, Fines and Forfeitures, remitted from the Out Ports.

Excise of the Out Port Books in the Port of London.

Comptroller of the presterred Customs in the Port of London.

Collector of the Customs of Hides, Woolhills, Lead and Tin, in the Port of London, and Keeper of the Seal called the *Garter*, in the Port aforesaid.

[See the Act to which this Table is annexed.]

C A P. LXXII.

An Act for granting Exemptions in certain Cases from the Payment of the Duties charged in respect of Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, kept in Great Britain and Ireland respectively.

[15th Jan 1811.]

WHEREAS by certain Acts passed in the Forty eighth and Fiftieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, certain Duties are granted to His Majesty on Male Servants, Carriages, Horses for riding or drawing the said Carriages, and on Dogs, to be annually assessed and paid throughout Great Britain; and which Duties are placed under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes in Great Britain; And whereas by a certain Act passed in the same Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, certain Duties are also granted to His Majesty on Male Servants, Carriages, Horses for riding or drawing the said Carriages, and on Dogs, to be annually levied and paid throughout Ireland, which last mentioned Duties are placed under the Management of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland; And whereas it is just and reasonable that Persons residing partly in Great Britain and partly in Ireland should not pay the Duties granted by the said several Acts for the same Establishment of Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, in the same Year in both Parts of the United Kingdom: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person who shall have paid the said Duties in payable in Great Britain, in respect of any such Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, for the Period of One whole Year, who shall also at any time within the same Year, as hereinafter is provided, be charged to the said Duties in Ireland, for his or her Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, kept in Ireland (the said Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, so kept in Ireland, being either the same Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, which are so charged in Great Britain in such Year, or Servants in the same Capacity, or Carriages, Horses or Dogs of the same Description, chargeable in Great Britain with the like Duties, and kept in lieu of such of the said Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, as have been *assest* (parted with) shall be wholly exempted from Payment in Ireland for One Year of the Duties so charged therein, in respect of each and every of the said Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, kept in Ireland; and every Person who shall have paid the said Duties in Ireland, in respect of any such Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, for One Year, who shall at any time within the same Year, as hereinafter is provided, be charged to

act G. 3. c. 25.
20 G. 3. c. 104.

act G. 3. c. 13

Persons paying the Duties for Servants, &c. in G. B. are liable to pay for same Establishments in Ireland.

Persons paying in Ireland shall only be liable for Amount of Duty in G. B.

the said Duties to be payable in Great Britain, for his or her Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, kept in Great Britain, the said Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, is kept in Great Britain, being either the same Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, which are so charged in Ireland in each Year, or Servants in the same Capacities, or Carriages, Horses or Dogs, of the same Descriptions, chargeable in Ireland with the like Duties, and kept in any of each of the servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, as have been hereunto parted with, shall be exempted from Payment in Great Britain for One Year, of so much of the said Duties is charged thereon as the Duty paid in Ireland, in respect of each and every of the same Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, or Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, kept in any thereof respectively as aforesaid shall amount unto, provided that due Proof shall be made of such Payments in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, in the manner hereinafter directed.

II. And whereas the said Duties payable in Great Britain are chargeable yearly, from the Fifth Day of April in each Year, and the said Duties payable in Ireland, are chargeable yearly from the Fifth Day of January in each Year: Be it declared and further enacted, That Proof of Payment in Ireland in the manner herein directed, within any Year, commencing on the Fifth Day of January in each Year, shall entitle the Claimant to the Exemption hereby granted in Great Britain, for the Year commencing on the Fifth Day of April following, and Proof of Payment in Great Britain in the manner herein directed, for One Year, from the Fifth Day of April in any Year, shall entitle the Claimant to the Exemption hereby granted in Ireland, within the Year commencing on the Fifth Day of January preceding.

III. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That every Person claiming to be exempted from any of the said Duties in Great Britain, by virtue of this Act, shall produce and deliver to the Surveyor or Inspector of the District where such Claimant shall reside, a Certificate under the Hand of the proper Officer of the Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, containing a true Copy of the Receipts and Receipts given to such Claimant as all such Payments as aforesaid for the last Year whereas such Claimant was charged to the said Duties in Ireland, which Certificates shall either contain, or there shall be annexed thereto, a Return containing the Number of Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, paid for in Ireland by such Claimant in the last Year and the Names and Capacities of the said Servants, and the Descriptions of the said Carriages, Horses and Dogs, as required by the said sixth section of this Act, distinguishing which of the said Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, are the same with those so charged in Ireland, and which of them are kept in any of each of the said Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, which have been parted with, and every such Claim being first signed by the Claimant in his or her own proper Name, and in his or her usual manner of Writing, the same shall be transmitted to the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes in England, and the said Commissioners shall enquire and examine into the Truth of every such Claim in such manner as they shall think necessary; and the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland shall and they are hereby required to aid and assist the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes in their Enquiries and Examinations into such Claims, and whenever any such Claims shall be duly proved to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes in England, they shall certify the same to the Commissioners of the Inland Excise where such Claims respectively shall be made, and shall give such Evidence for procuring the required Exemption, either before or after Adjudgment, as to them shall seem necessary, in order to give the Relief granted by this Act, and the Adjudgment on every such Claimant shall be made, discharged, altered or amended accordingly.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the several Amounts of Duty to be exempted in Great Britain shall be retained and set down in Figures in the several Books and Registers of Adjudgment of the respective Commissioners, under the Head of an Exemption as Account of Ireland, and shall respectively be deducted from the whole Duty chargeable on each Claimant by virtue of the said sixth section of this Act, and the Difference between the Duty so chargeable and the Amount of the Sum to be exempted shall be set down as the net Duty to be paid by each such Claimant, and the Duplicate thereof to be delivered to the Collector of the Parish, Ward or Place where each such Claim shall have been allowed, shall be made or amended in such Manner that the net Duty only shall be demanded of or paid by each such Claimant.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Person claiming to be exempted from any of the said Duties in Ireland, by virtue of this Act, shall produce and deliver to the proper Officer of Inland Excise or Taxes in Ireland, a Certificate under the Hand of the said Claimant containing the Number of Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs allowed on such Claimant as Great Britain for the last Year of such Adjudgment, together with the Names and Capacities of the Servants, and the Descriptions of the Carriages, Horses and Dogs charged therein, distinguishing which of the said Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, are the same with those so charged in Great Britain, and which of them are kept in any of each of the said Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, which have been parted with, and also a true Copy of the Receipts and Receipts given to such Claimant on all such Payments as aforesaid, for that Year, containing the District or County, and the Parish, Ward or Place where such Payments were made, and every such Claim being first signed by the Claimant, in his or her own proper Name, and in his or her usual manner of Writing, the same shall be transmitted to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, who shall enquire and examine into the Truth of every such Claim in such manner as they shall think necessary, and the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes in England shall and they are hereby required to aid and assist the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in their Enquiries and Examinations into such Claims, and whenever any such Claims shall be duly proved to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, it shall be lawful for them to grant the said Exemptions in such manner as they are authorized to grant other Exemptions by any Act or Acts in force relating to the said Duties.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall make any such Claim in Great Britain, without having first paid the Duties in Ireland for the same Articles respectively, as for Articles of the

the same Delinquencies respectively with the Articles for which such Exemption is claimed, or if any Person or Persons shall make any such Claim in *Ireland*, without having first paid the Duties in *Great Britain* for the same Articles respectively, or for Articles of the same Delinquencies respectively with the Articles for which such Exemption is claimed; or if any Person or Persons shall be guilty of any Fraud or Continuance with Intent to evade the Payment of any of the said Duties, Taxes, Impositions, or Sums or Sums of Money granted or made payable in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* by virtue of the said recited Acts, or any of them, either in making any such Claim, or in obtaining any such Exemption, or shall deliver any false or fraudulent Certificate, with Intent to obtain any such Exemption, or shall make a Secret Claim for the same Cause, every such Person so offending shall forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in every case where the said Penalty shall be incurred in *Great Britain*, the same may be fined for, recovered and applied, as any Penalty for any Offence committed against the said Act recited Acts, or either of them, relating to the said Duties payable in *Great Britain*, may be fined for, recovered or applied in that Part of *Great Britain* where the said Offence shall be committed, and in every case where the said Penalty shall be incurred in *Ireland*, the same may be fined for, recovered and applied as any Penalty for any Offence committed against the last recited Act, or any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* respecting the same, may be fined for, recovered or applied in *Ireland*.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to or in any way to affect any of the Exemptions from the Payment of the said Duties granted and allowed by any Act or Acts of Parliament, to Members of Parliament ordinarily resident in *Ireland*, or Persons holding Offices or public Employments in *Ireland*, and being resident in *Great Britain*, for the Purposes of sitting to the Exchequer of the publick Revenues, or to alter the manner of claiming such Exemptions as granted and allowed by the said Act or Acts last mentioned.

C A P. LXXIII.

An Act for the better Security of His Majesty's Naval Arsenals in the River *Medway*, and *Portsmouth* and *Hammers* Harbours, and of His Majesty's Ships and Vessels lying at and referring to the same. [15th June 1811.]

WHEREAS it is necessary for the Preservation and Security of His Majesty's Ships and Vessels, and Naval Arsenals in the River *Medway*, and in the Great Harbours of *Portsmouth* and *Hammers*, that all Ships and Vessels, not belonging to the Royal Navy, entering the said River and Harbours should be placed under proper Regulations with respect to the Disposal of any Gunpowder which may be on board the same; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Master or Commander of every Ship or Vessel, not belonging to His Majesty, which shall be intended to proceed into or enter the said River or Harbours shall, previous to such Ship or Vessel entering the same, land or deposit all the Gunpowder which may be on board such Ship or Vessel on and above the Quantity of Five Pounds Weight at such Warehouse or Warehouses, Place or Places, as shall from time to time be appointed for the Purpose of receiving the same by the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, or the Lords Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, or any Three or more of them (which Appointment of such Warehouse or Places shall be notified in the *London Gazette*) and the Master or Owner of every such Ship or Vessel shall pay Warehouse Rent for such Powder, at the Rate of One Shilling per Barrel, to the Officer, Keeper or other Person appointed by the Master General and Officers of His Majesty's Ordnance, (who are hereby required and directed to make such Appointment as soon as they shall be notified of the Appointment by the said Lord High Admiral or Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty of such Warehouse or Places) for the Custody of such Gunpowder, and the Care and Superintendance of such Warehouse or Places, and which Rent the said Officer, Keeper or Person so appointed is lawfully authorized and required to demand and receive; and if any such Master or Owner shall neglect or refuse to land or deposit such Gunpowder as aforesaid without reasonable Excuse to be allowed by Certificate in Writing of the Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, or the Resident Commissioner of the Navy at *Sheerness*, *Portsmouth* or *Plymouth*, for the time being respectively, or in his or their Absence by the Senior Master Attendant of His Majesty's Dock Yard at either of the said Places, or shall refuse to pay such Warehouse Rent as aforesaid, he shall respectively, for every such Offence or Default, forfeit and pay one Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds, together with all the Gunpowder on board such Ship or Vessel: Provided always, that in case any Ship or Vessel shall be drawn within the said River or Harbours by Storm or Witches, so that it shall not have been possible to have previously landed or deposited at the Warehouse or Place appointed, the Gunpowder on board the same, the Officer of the Colours that shall first go on board such Ship or Vessel shall make a Report to the Collector and Comptroller of the Colours of the Port of the Quantity of Gunpowder (if any) on board such Ship or Vessel; and such Collector or Comptroller shall, without Delay, transmit a Copy thereof to the Resident Commissioner of the Navy at *Sheerness*, *Portsmouth* or *Plymouth*, or, in his Absence, to the Senior Master Attendant of His Majesty's Dock Yards at either of those Places; and the Master or Commander of every Ship or Vessel so drawn in as aforesaid shall, within Twenty four Hours after such Ship or Vessel shall have entered the said River or Harbours, land and deposit all the Gunpowder on and above the Quantity of Five Pounds Weight which may be on board the same, at the Warehouse or Place and in the manner hereinafore provided for, on pain of forfeiting a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds, together with all the Gunpowder on board such Ship or Vessel:

Penalty.

How Duties recovered and applied.

Exemptions to which Act of Parliament not Public Officers are entitled.

Regulations for Ships or Vessels entering the Harbour, &c. as to depositing Gunpowder.

Warehouses where to be kept, appointed by Order of the Ordnance.

Forfeiting to land Gunpowder.

Penalty.

Proviso for being drawn within the River, &c. by Storm or Witches.

Penalty.

Wells; Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Lord High Admiral, or Lords Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, or any Three or more of them for the time being, or for the Resident Commissioner at *Storoway*, *Perthmouth* or *Physwick*, to order such Compendier to be referred to the Owner or Owners thereof, in such cases where it may be deemed proper so to do.

That no sailing
Ship, or
Vessel, be
detain'd.

II. And be it further enacted, That before any armed Ship or Vessel, not belonging to His Majesty, shall enter the said River or either of the said Harbours, the Guns on board the same shall be cleared or unloaded; and if any such Ship or Vessel shall come into or enter the said River or Harbours with any of her Guns loaded, either with Powder and Ball, or with Powder only (except in case of Distress as aforesaid), the Master or Person having the Charge or Command of every such Ship or Vessel shall, for every such Offence or Default, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds.

Penalty
Provision here
Sec. 4 and 5
of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Possibles or Forfeitures by this Act imposed shall be paid for within One Month after the Offence or Offences committed, and all such Possibles and Forfeitures shall be levied and recovered before any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County or in adjoining to which the Offence shall be committed, and such Justices are hereby empowered and required, upon Information or Complaint to them made, to grant a Summons or Warrant to bring before them such Offender or Offenders at such Time or Place as shall be in such Warrant specified; and if on the Conviction of the Offenders respectively, either on his, her or their Confession, or on the Evidence of any One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath (which Oath such Justices are hereby empowered to administer), such Penalty or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, the same shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders by Warrants under the Hands and Seals of such Justices, and the Overplus (if any) of the Money raised by such Distress and Sale, after deducting the Linn, Penalty or Forfeiture, and the Costs and Charges of making such Distress and Sale, shall be rendered to the Owner of the Goods and Chattels so distrained, and for want of Distress, and in case the Penalty or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justices to commit every such Offender to any Goal or House of Correction within the County, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any term not exceeding One Month, unless such Penalty or Forfeiture, and all reasonable Charges attending the Recovery thereof, shall be sooner paid; and all such Penalties and Forfeitures when paid, and all the Warehouse Rent for Compendier deposited as aforesaid provided, shall be applied towards carrying this Act into Execution, in such Manner, and under such Checks and Regulations as the said Lord High Admiral, or the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, for the time being, or any Three or more of them, shall direct.

That no one
shall be
detain'd for want
of Fees.

IV. And be it further enacted, That when any Distress shall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor shall the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers on account of any Default or want of Fees in the Summons, Conviction, Warrant of Distress, or the Proceedings relating thereto, nor shall the Party or Parties be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers on account of any Irregularity which shall be afterwards committed by the Party or Parties distraining; but the Parties or Parties aggrieved by such Irregularity shall and may recover full Satisfaction for the special Damage sustained in an Action on the Case.

That no Justice
shall be
detain'd for want
of Fees.

V. And, for the more quick and speedy Conviction of Offenders against this Act, be it further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace before whom any Person shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up according to the following Form; *videlicet*,

" **BE** it remembered, that on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our
" Lord _____ A. D. is certified before us [*here insert the Offices*
" and the Time and Place when and where committed, as the Case may be] contrary to an Act of Parliament
" made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intitled, [*here insert the Title of the*
" Act.] Given under our Hands and Seals the Day and Year first above written.

" C. D.
" E. F'

Appeal

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, so convicted of any Offence or Offences against this Act, to appeal to the Justices of the Peace assembled at the next General Quarter-Sessions or General Sessions to be holden for the County or Place in which such Conviction shall be made, on giving Previous Days Notice of such Appeal, and giving sufficient Security, to the Satisfaction of such Justices, for being personally present at such General Quarter-Sessions or General Sessions, and for prosecuting the said Appeal with Effect, and showing the Injustice of the Court therein; and such Justices, in such General Quarter-Sessions, or General Sessions, shall hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal, and may either confirm or quash and award the said Conviction and award such Costs to either Party as to them the said Justices seem just and reasonable; and the Decision of the said Justices therein shall be final, binding and conclusive; and no Proceedings to be had or taken in pursuance of this Act shall be quashed or vacated for want of Form only, or be removed by *Certiorari* or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster* or elsewhere, any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof or any writ notwithstanding.

That no Justice
shall be
detain'd for want
of Fees.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover in any Action to be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, unless Notice in Writing shall have been given to the Defendant or Defendants Fourteen Days before such Action, signed by the Attorney for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, specifying the Cause of such Action; nor shall the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs recover in any such Action if Tender of sufficient Amends hath been made to him, her or them, or to his, her or their Attorney,

lawyer, or on the Behalf of the Defendant or Defendants before such Action brought; such writs on such Tender shall have been made, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Plaintiff or Defendants in any such Action, by Leave of the Court, after such Action shall have been brought, at any time before Issue joined, to pay into Court such Sum of Money as he, she or they shall think fit; whereupon such Proceedings, Order and Judgment shall be made and given, as and by such Court, as in or by such Actions where the Defendant is allowed to give Money into Court.

VIII. Provided always, and he it enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, after Three Months next after the Fact committed; and every such Action or Suit shall be brought, and tried in the County or Place where or adjoining to which the Cause of Action shall arise; and if any such Action or Suit shall be brought before Fourteen Days' Notice shall have been given, or after a sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, or after the time limited for bringing the same as aforesaid, or shall be brought in any other County or Place than as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be convicted or dismissed his, her or their Action or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant hath for Costs of Suit in other cases of Law.

Lothian's
Action.

Treble Cost.

C A P. LXXIV.

An Act for authorizing the Sale of Prize Goods lodged in Warehouses after a certain Period.

[15th Jan 1811.]

* WHEREAS it is expedient that Prize Goods landed and entered in Warehouses within Great Britain should be cleared from them within a limited time; Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Owers or Proprietors of all such Goods, Wares and Merchandises, which from and after the passing of this Act may be secured in Warehouses under the Regulation of an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Kings of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of the Captains of Prizes with respect to the bringing and landing certain Prize Goods in Great Britain during Hostilities*, shall, within Three Years, as is computed from the Day on which such Goods, Wares and Merchandises shall be respectively received with the proper Officers of the Customs and of the Excise where that Revenue is concerned, clear and take from and out of such Warehouses, either for Exportation according to the Directions of the said recited Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or for Consumption in Great Britain, all such Goods, Wares and Merchandises; and in case such Owers or Proprietors shall fail or neglect to do, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England and Scotland respectively to cause all such Goods, Wares and Merchandises to be publicly sold, and after such Sale, the Produce thereof in full to be applied to or towards the Charges of Warehouse Rent and other Charges that shall arise thereon, next the Duties of Customs and Excise, and the Overplus, if any, to be paid to the Ower or Proprietor, or such other Person or Persons as may be authorized to receive the same: Provided always, that no Goods, Wares or Merchandises, prohibited to be imported into this Kingdom and warehoused under the Authority of the said recited Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, shall be permitted to be cleared from the Warehouses for Home Consumption.

Goods landed in
Warehouses
under 43 G. 3.
c. 1. s. 10. to be
clear'd within
Three Years
from the Entry,
See Act 43.

Prizes.

* II. And whereas it is expedient that Goods, Wares and Merchandises brought in as Prize, now remaining in Warehouses, shall be cleared from them within a limited time; Be it therefore enacted, That all Goods, Wares and Merchandises brought in as Prize, and which are now remaining in Warehouses within Great Britain shall, and the same are hereby required to be cleared from them within Two Years, to be computed from the passing of this Act, or on Failure thereof such Goods, Wares and Merchandises shall and may be disposed of in the same manner as Prize Goods warehoused after the passing of this Act, which are not cleared from the Warehouses within Three Years from the time of Entry, are hereby directed to be disposed of.

Prize Goods now
in Warehouses
to be cleared
within Two
Years.

* III. And whereas Goods, Wares and Merchandises may, under particular Circumstances, be allowed to be warehoused without Payment of Duty, although not included in the Tables annexed to the Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for permitting certain Goods to be sent into Great Britain to be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty*, and it is expedient that such Provision should be made for clearing such Goods, Wares and Merchandises from the Warehouses within a limited time; Be it therefore enacted, That no Goods, Wares and Merchandises, which from and after the passing of this Act may be allowed to be landed and warehoused by the Authority of any Order in Council, or by Warrant of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, shall remain warehoused beyond the Period of Fifteen Months, to be computed from the Day on which such Goods shall be entered with the proper Officers of the Customs and Excise where that Revenue is concerned, unless any other Period shall be limited by such Order in Council or Warrant respectively, and in case any Goods, Wares or Merchandises, warehoused under such Authority as aforesaid, shall not be cleared and taken out of such Warehouses in order to be exported within the said Period of Fifteen Months, except as aforesaid, the same shall and may be disposed of in the same manner as is herein directed with respect to Goods, Wares and Merchandises brought in as Prize, and which are not cleared within Three Years from the Day on which the same shall have been secured in Warehouses.

Goods landed
and warehoused
under an Order
in Council or
Warrant of
Treasury to be
to be cleared.

* IV. And

Goods in Ware-
houses under
Special Authority
not to be cleared
Period of Ware-
housing, when
to be cleared.
Proviso.

IV. And whereas it is expedient that Goods, Wares and Merchandise now remaining in Warehouses under and in possession of any Special Authority, not having the Period of such Warehousing, should be cleared from thence within a limited time: Be it therefore enacted, That all such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, now remaining in Warehouses, Sheds, and the like, are hereby required to be cleared from thence within Fifteen Months from the passing of this Act, or on Failure thereof the same shall and may be disposed of in the same manner as Goods, Wares and Merchandise warehoused by any Special Authority after the passing of this Act, which are not cleared from the Warehouses within Fifteen Months from the time of the Entry, are hereby directed to be disposed of.

V. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall prevent any Goods, Wares and Merchandise from remaining in Warehouses beyond the Period by this Act limited, without being sold as aforesaid: provided such Period shall be prolonged by the Authority of any Order in Council, or any Warrant of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them.

C A P. LXXV.

An Act for making further Provision for the Payment of Salaries and other Charges in the Office of the Commissioners for the Affairs of India; and for enabling the East India Company to reimburse to the Service of the said Company, Military Officers removed therefrom by Sentences of Courts Martial; and to authorize the said Company, in Cases of unforeseen Emergency, to take up Ships by private Contract. [15th June 1811.]

§ 1. G. 3. c. 75.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for continuing in the East India Company, for a further Term, the Privileges of the British Territories in India, together with their exclusive Trade, under certain Limitations; for consolidating further Regulations for the Government of the said Territories, and the better Administration of Justice within the same; for appropriating in certain Offices the Revenues and Profits of the said Company; and for making Provisions for the good Order and Government of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, it was, among other things, enacted, That it should be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, by any Letters Patent, or by any Commissions or Commissions to be issued under the Great Seal of Great Britain, from time to time, to nominate, constitute and appoint, during his or their Pleasures, such Members of the Privy Council (of whom the Two Principal Secretaries of State and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being should always be Three), and such other Two Persons as His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, should think fit, as he and they should accordingly be and be called *Commissioners for the Affairs of India*; and it was so and by the said Act also enacted, that the said Board of Commissioners should and might nominate and appoint such Secretaries and Officers as should be necessary to attend upon the said Board, who should be (subject to Discretion at the Pleasure of the said Board; and that as well the said Commissioners, or such and so many of them as His Majesty should think fit, as likewise their Secretaries and other Officers, should be paid such fixed Salaries as His Majesty should by any Warrant or Warrants under his Sign Manual, counter-signed by the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being, direct; all which Salaries, together with all other contingent Charges and Expenses to be incurred by the said Board, should be paid and defrayed Quarterly by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and be deemed and taken as Part of their Commercial Charges, the quarterly Amount thereof being first settled and allowed by the said Board, and certified by the President or Acting President of the said Board for the time being, to the Court of Directors of the said Company; provided that the whole of the Salaries to be paid to the Members of the said Board should not exceed the Sum of Five thousand Pounds in any One Year; and that the whole of the Salaries, Charges and Expenses of the said Board, exclusive of the Salaries of the Members of the said Board, should not exceed the Sum of Eleven thousand Pounds in any One Year; And whereas it is reasonable that a more ample Allowance should be made for the said Salaries, Charges and Expenses of the said Board, than the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, has made in the said Act as respects the whole of the Salaries to be paid to the Members of the said Board, to the Sum of Five thousand Pounds in any One Year, and the whole of the Salaries, Charges and Expenses of the said Board, exclusive of the Salaries of the Members thereof to the Sum of Eleven thousand Pounds in any One Year, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.*

repealed.

Officers and Ex-
penditures to be
allowed in the
said Board.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ten, the whole of the Salaries to be paid to the Members of the said Board, and to the Secretaries and Officers of the same, together with all other contingent Charges and Expenses of the said Board, to be defrayed by the said United Company as aforesaid, shall not exceed the Sum of Twenty two thousand Pounds in any One Year.

§ 2. G. 3. c. 75.
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III. And be it further enacted, That so much of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act in which the Accounts of Interest and Distribution of Publick Salaries, Pensions and Allowances shall be usually laid by or for Parliament; and to regulate and control the granting and paying of such Salaries, Pensions and Allowances, as respects that between the Fifth Day of February and the Twenty fifth Day of March in every Year, if Parliament shall be sitting during any Part of such Period; or if Parliament shall not be sitting during any Part of such Period, then within Forty Days after the Commencement of the Session of Parliament in such Year, there shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament, an Account of every Increase and Diminution which shall have taken place within the preceding Year, either*

on

on the Fifth Day of January, in the Number of Persons employed in all public Offices or Departments, or in the Salaries, Emoluments, Allowances and Expenses which may have taken place, or been paid, granted, received or incurred for and in respect of all Officers and Persons belonging to or employed in or by, or in the Service of all public Offices or Departments, specifying the Amount and Nature thereof, and stating whether in each Account every Increase and Diminution in the Amount of all Allowances or Compensation granted or allowed, as retired Allowances or Superannuations, to any Person or Persons having held any Office, Place or Employment in any such public Office or Department, or having been employed in any manner in any public Service under any such Office or Department; and specifying in every such Account the Time and length of Service of every such Person, and the Amount of the Salary or Allowance received by such Person immediately preceding such Superannuation, and the Nature of his Services; and specifying in every such Account the Grounds upon which every such Increase or Diminution in the Establishment of any such public Office or Department, or of any such Salary, Emolument, Allowance or Compensation, or Superannuation as aforesaid, shall have been made, granted or allowed, shall extend and be confined to extend to the Office of the Commissioners for the Affairs of India.

IV. And whereas it was by the said Act of the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign aforesaid, that after Sentence or Judgment of any Court, having competent Jurisdiction, whether in Great Britain or in India, against any Governor, General, Governor, President, Comptroller or Comptroller in Chief, or against any of the said United Company's Servants, Civil or Military, for any Debts or Privity due or belonging to the said United Company, or for any Extortion or other Misdemeanor, it should not be lawful for the said United Company, in any case whatever, to release or compound such Sentence or Judgment, or to release any Servant or Servants of the said Company who should have been removed or dismissed from his or their Office or Employment, for or on account of Misdemeanor, by the Sentence of any of the said Courts: And whereas Doubts have arisen whether Military Officers may be referred to the Service of the said United Company, who may have been removed therefrom by Sentence of Courts Martial: Be it therefore enacted and declared, That it was and is lawful for the Court of Directors of the said United Company, to refer to the Service of the said Company any Military Officer who shall have been or shall be dismissed or suspended therefrom by the Sentence of a Court Martial.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, no such Referral shall be in any way valid or official without the Approbation and Consent of the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India. So that Purpale had and claimed.

VI. And whereas by an Act, passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it was enacted, *An Act for regulating the manner in which the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, shall hire and take up Ships for their Regular Service*, it is enacted, amongst other things, that it should be lawful for the Court of Directors of the said Company, or their Servants abroad, in case of an unforeseen Emergency to hire Ships for any particular Service, and that, in case of Ships to be hired, public Notice should be given by Advertisement of the Ships or Tonnage wanted, and the Service required, and fourteen Days at least previous to the time appointed for taking up the same: And whereas in many cases of unforeseen Emergency, it is impracticable or highly inconvenient to comply with the Requirement of the said Act: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Court of Directors of the said United Company, or their Servants abroad, in all cases of unforeseen and pressing Emergency, to hire and take up by private Contract, with or without advertising, any Ship or Ships whatsoever, for any particular Purpose, so long as no such Ship shall be hired or taken up for more than one Voyage; and that the Reasons for taking up any such Ship in less time than fourteen Days as aforesaid after the Publication of an Advertisement, be stated in the Minutes of the said Court of Directors, and reported to the Court of Proprietors that shall be next holden after such hiring and taking up.

C A P. LXXVI.

AN Act for letting to farm the Duties on Horses hired by the Mile or Seige, to be used in travelling, and on Horses hired for a less Period of Time than Twenty eight Days, for drawing Carriages used in travelling Post or otherwise, in Great Britain; and for facilitating the Recovery of the said Duties. [15th June 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to enable the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, to let to farm the Duties granted by an Act made in the Twenty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, on Horses let to hire for travelling Post, and to any, in such Persons as should be willing to contract for the same*; the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury were empowered to let to farm the several Duties on Horses let to hire, therein particularly set forth, and mentioned to have been granted by the said Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for any Term not exceeding Three Years, under certain Regulations and Restrictions expressed and contained in the said Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign: And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon Horses, in Fallow, Partridge and Pigeon in Great Britain, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof*, the several Duties granted by the said Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, on Horses let to hire as therein mentioned, and contained in certain cases, by an Act passed in the Forty second Year of His Majesty's Reign, for relaxing the time for which Horses might be let to hire without being subject to any Annual Duty, and other Purposes, were repealed; and in lieu thereof it was enacted, that, from and after

the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and four, there should be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several Duties following; that is to say, For and in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding bred by the Mile or Stage, to be used in travelling in Great Britain, the Sum of One Penny Halfpenny for every Mile each Horse, Mare or Gelding should be taxed to travel, and for and in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding bred for a less Period of Time than Twenty eight successive Days, for drawing as any publick Road any Coach or other Carriage used in travelling; and for and in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding bred for a less Period of Time than Twenty eight successive Days, if the Distance at the Time of being taxed be shortened, the Sum of One Penny Halfpenny for every Mile each Horse, Mare or Gelding should be taxed to travel; and for and in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding bred in any other manner, or used in any other manner, the Sum of One Shilling and Nine Pence for each Day for which such Horse, Mare or Gelding should be so taxed, with an Exception of Horses, Mares and Geldings used in licensed Hackney Coaches, where the same should be employed to go no greater Distance than Ten Miles from the City of London or Whitechapel, or the Neighbourhood thereof; Which said several Duties are now secured, raised, levied and collected by and under the Powers and Regulations of the said Acts of the Twenty fifth and forty second Years of His Majesty's Reign, relating to the said Duties to be imposed as aforesaid; and by and under the Provisions and Regulations of another Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for bettering in form the Duties on Horses bred by the Mile or Stage, to be used in travelling; and as Horses bred for a less Period of Time than Twenty eight Days, for drawing Carriages used in travelling by or otherwise in Great Britain; and for better securing the said Duties*; And whereas the said Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, in respect of Horses, Mares and Geldings bred in the manner aforesaid, are now let to farm under the Authority of the said Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for a Term of Years which will expire on the Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and it is expedient that the said Duties should be let to farm for a further Term, and that further Provisions should be made for increasing the Recovery thereof; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them at the time being, and they are hereby empowered from time to time as it shall be necessary, either by themselves or by His Majesty's Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties, or some of them, to be authorized for that Purpose under the Hands of the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, to let to farm the said several Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for and in respect of Horses, Mares and Geldings bred in the manner aforesaid, to such Person or Persons as shall be willing to farm the same after the Expiration of the present Lease thereof, in such separate and particular Districts as shall be deemed proper and convenient, and under and subject to the Regulations and Restrictions contained in the said Act of the Twenty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, with regard to the Duties thereby authorized to be let to farm, in so far as the same are applicable and not hereby altered; Provided always, that none of the said Duties shall be let to farm for any longer Term or Time than until the Twenty first Day of January inclusive, which will be in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

II. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Provisions, Clauses, Regulations and Directions contained and prescribed by the said Act of the Twenty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, shall be deemed and taken to be in full Force and Effect with respect to the said Duties hereby allowed to be let to farm, and as the letting of the same, and to the Persons thereof, and to all other Persons, Matters and Things relating thereto, as far as the same are or shall be applicable, and not altered by or repugnant to the express Provisions of this Act, as fully and effectually as if the same had been heretofore repeated and specially enacted, with reference to the said Duties hereby allowed to be farmed.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the said Commissioners of the Stamp Duties authorized as aforesaid, to prescribe the time for making a Deposit of a Sum of Money, and the Amount thereof, as a security for the Rent to be paid by the Person or Persons who shall contract to farm any of the said Duties hereby allowed to be farmed; and in case such Person or Persons should fail to make such Deposit within the time prescribed, or shall fail to execute a proper Contract in Writing, and to give Security for the due Performance of such Contract, in the manner directed by the said Act of the Twenty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, within the time to be appointed for that Purpose, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the said Commissioners of the Stamp Duties authorized as aforesaid, to declare the Contract void, and as made the Duties comprised in such Contract to be again put up to be let to farm pursuant to the Direction of this and the said Act of the Twenty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign; and in from time to time as often as such Failure shall be made.

IV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, where any Person or Persons shall be assessed for and pay any Duty or Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for and in respect of any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Gelding by him, her or them let to farm as aforesaid, shall neglect or neglect to account for and pay the same according to the Direction of the said heretofore mentioned Acts, or any of them, to the Collector appointed to receive such Duties for the County, District or Place where he, she or they shall have let to farm such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Gelding, and such Duty or Duties shall not exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds, it shall be lawful for such Collector, before obtaining a Warrant

for that Purpose, under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace sitting over the Place where any such letting to hire shall have been made, (which Justice or Justices, on Complaint made to him or them, shall summon the Party complained of, and the Witnesses on either Side, and examine into the Matter of Fact, and shall grant such Warrant on due Proof being made of the Same due and owing for such Duty or Duties as aforesaid, by the voluntary Confession of the Party, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses) to distress such Party or Parties by his, her or their Goods and Chattels for the Amount of such Duty or Duties; and the Distress so to be taken to detain and keep for the Space of Four Days, at the Costs and Charges of such Parties or Parties; and if he, she or they shall not within that time pay the Amount of such Duty or Duties, with the Costs and Charges of taking and keeping such Distress, then the Goods and Chattels so distressed shall be sold by such Collector, who shall receive the Overplus of the Money arising by it: Sole thereof, if any shall remain after deducting and retaining the Amount of such Duty or Duties, and the Costs and Charges of taking, keeping and selling such Distress, to the Parties or Parties so to be distressed as aforesaid; and it shall also be lawful for such Collector, for the Purpose of taking such Distress, to break open in the Day-time any House or Place where any Goods or Chattels of such Parties or Parties shall be, being thereunto authorized by such Warrant as aforesaid, and calling to his Assistance a Constable, Tythingman or Headborough of the County, Shire, Striety, City, Town or Place where any Refusal or Resistance shall be made, which said Officers are hereby required to aid and assist therein.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be necessary upon the Trial or Hearing of any Action, Suit or Profection already commenced, or hereafter to be commenced, for the Recovery of any of the said Duties as Horals, Mares and Geldings levied in the manner aforesaid, which are or shall be let to farm in pursuance of the said Act of the forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, or of this Act, or for the Recovery of any Penalties or Forfeitures imposed by the said laws before mentioned Acts, or any of them, in any wife relating to the said Duties, to produce the Instrument whereby the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties, or any of them, were or shall be authorized by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, to let to farm the said Duties on Horals, Mares and Geldings, or any of them, or to produce the Commission whereby the said Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties were constituted and appointed such Commissioners; or to prove the Execution of any Contract or Agreement whereby any of the said Duties on Horals, Mares and Geldings are or shall be let to farm, or of any Assignment of any such Contract or Agreement, or of any Commission, Deputation or other Authority, whereby any Parties or Parties a, are or shall be appointed a Collector or Collectors of any of the said Duties by the said Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties, or any of them: Provided always, that such Contracts, Agreements, Assignments, Commissions, Deputations or Authority shall be produced on the Trial or Hearing of such Action, Suit or Profection, and it shall be made appear that the Parties or Parties claiming under such Contract, Agreement, Assignment, Commission, Deputation or Authority, had in fact acted as the Farmer or Farmers, Collector or Collectors of the Duties therein mentioned and described, or some of them; and that in every such case such Proof shall be done and taken by the Judges or Justices before whom any such Trial or Hearing shall be had, to be good and legal Evidence of such Parties or Parties being the Farmer or Farmers, Collector or Collectors of the Duties mentioned and described in such Contract, Agreement, Assignment, Commission, Deputation or Authority, unless by other Evidence the contrary shall be made to appear; any Law or Usage to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be repealed, altered or amended by any Act or Acts to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXXVII.

An Act to amend the Laws for regulating the Election in Ireland, of Members to serve in Parliaments.

[15th June 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *As to*
All for amending an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the thirty fifth Year of His present
Majesty, for regulating the Election of Members to serve in Parliaments, so far as relates to Penalties under
the Value of Twenty Pounds, and for making further and other Regulations relating thereto, it is, among
other things, enacted, That every Person who shall register a Freehold under the yearl Value of Twenty
Pounds, not making there a Rent Charge, shall register the same Twelve Months previous to the Day of
the writ for holding the Elections at which he shall receive his Vote in Masses and Foss required by the
said Act, and for that Purpose he shall produce in open Court at a Session of the Peace, the Deed, Lease
or Instrument under which his Freehold arises, and take and subscribe the Oath, or if a Quaker, the Affi-
rmation in Form prescribed in the said Act: And whereas Doubts have arisen as to the Words to be used
in certain Parts of such Oath or Affirmation respectively: For the clearing of all such Doubts, be and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spirit-
ual and Temporal, and Commons, in the present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same:
 That every Oath or Affirmation which shall have been made at any time before the passing of this Act, or which shall be made at any time after the passing of this Act, for the Purpose of registering his Freehold as aforesaid, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be good, valid, sufficient and effectual in Law, if the Party making such Oath or Affirmation shall have stated or shall take in such Oath or Affirmation, that his Freehold arises either by virtue of a Deed, or by virtue of a Lease, or by virtue of an Instrument produced by him, or by virtue of a Deed, Lease or Instrument produced by him, whether all or any or either of the

said Terms, Dues, Rents or Infravents any word is such Oath or Affirmation; and that every such Oath or Affirmation shall be good, valid, sufficient and effectual in Law, in which either the whole Yearly Rent or the Yearly Rent per Acre, or such Yearly Rent per Acre, together with the Number of Acres, shall be stated; and whether the Amount of Rents and Duties is or is not included in the specified Amount of such Rent, or whether the same have been or shall be set forth in Figures or in Words at length; and that every such Oath or Affirmation shall be good, valid, sufficient and effectual in Law, in which the actual Occupation of such Freehold shall be stated to be either by tilling thereof, or by tilling or by grazing, or by tilling or grazing, or by both tilling and grazing, or by all or any or either of the said means, whether stated separately or jointly.

II. And whereas Doubts have arisen whether by the said recited Term of Twelve Months is meant 'Calendar or Lunar Months' Be it declared and enacted, That the said Term of Twelve Months shall be deemed and taken to mean Twelve Calendar Months.

III. And be it further enacted, That any Papist or Person professing the Roman Catholic Religion, who at any time before the passing of this Act shall have taken and subscribed, or who after the passing of this Act shall take and subscribe, at any time previous to his offering to poll at any Election, the Oaths and Declarations contained in an Act passed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for the Relief of His Majesty's Subjects of whatever Professions, to signify their Allegiance to him, and also an Act passed in the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, An Act for the Relief of His Majesty's Papist or Roman Catholic Subjects* is intitled, in some One of His Majesty's Four Courts in the City of Dublin, or at any Assizes, or at a General Sessions of the Peace or at any Adjournment thereof, or at any Adjournment of an Adjournment thereof to be holden for any County, City or Town wherein such Papist or Person professing the Roman Catholic Religion, doth or shall inhabit or dwell, in open Court, or at any Election in manner herein provided, shall be entitled to vote at such Election in like manner as if he had taken and subscribed such Oath and Declaration in manner and at the time required by an Act, made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for the further Regulation of the Election of Members to serve in Parliament.*

IV. And, in order that any Person desirous of taking and subscribing such Oaths and Declarations at any Election may have an Opportunity of so doing, be it enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, when a Poll shall be demanded at any Election of a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for any County, City, Town or Borough is intitled, the Returning Officer or Officers at any such Election, after such Poll shall be demanded, shall, at the Instance and Request of any Candidate or Candidates at such Election, order his or their Clerk or Clerks immediately after such Request, and before he or they shall proceed further in taking the Poll, return, nominate and appoint Two or more Justices of the Peace (as the case may require) to administer the Oaths and Declarations required in and by the said herebefore recited Acts, in some convenient Part of the Court or Place where such Election shall be carrying on, so as not to interrupt the Poll; and the Clerk of the Peace, or a Deputy by him appointed by Writing under his Hand for that Purpose, shall attend such Persons during the Administration of such Oaths and Declarations, and shall give to every Person so taking and subscribing such Oaths and Declarations a Certificate thereof, in manner required by the said recited Acts; and the Persons to be appointed as aforesaid shall have full Power, and they are hereby authorized and required to administer all and every such Oaths and Declarations to every Person desirous of taking and subscribing the same; and every such Person so appointed as aforesaid, shall immediately after such Appointment and before he shall take upon him to act under such Appointment, take the following Oath; that is to say,

I do swear, That I will faithfully and impartially administer the Oaths and Declarations now required to be taken and subscribed by Papists or Persons professing the Roman Catholic Religion, by an Act passed in the Thirteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to enable His Majesty's Subjects, of whatever Professions, to signify their Allegiance to him*; and also another Act, passed in the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for the Relief of His Majesty's Papist or Roman Catholic Subjects* is intitled.

And every Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy so appointed for the Purpose as aforesaid, shall at the same time take the following Oath; that is to say,

I do swear, That I will, on being thereunto requested, fairly and truly give to every Person who shall now take and subscribe the Oaths and Declarations required by Law to be taken by Persons professing the Roman Catholic Religion, in order to enable them to vote at any Election, before the Commissioners appointed by the returning Officer for that Purpose, a Certificate thereof as required by Law; and that I will not give any such Certificate to any Person before he shall have taken and subscribed such Oaths and Declarations as shall be mentioned in such Certificate, before me and in my Presence.

Which Oath, to be taken by the several Persons respectively so to be appointed, the Returning Officer or Officers, or any of them, is and are hereby authorized and required to administer.

V. And whereas by the said recited Act of the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, it is enacted, That the Names of such Persons who shall so take and subscribe the said Oaths and Declarations, with their Titles and Additions, shall be entered upon Rolls for that Purpose to be appointed by the said respective Courts; and that the said Rolls shall be transmitted to and deposited in the Rolls Office in the City of Dublin, to remain amongst the Records thereof: Be it therefore enacted, That the Officer of the Court where such Oaths and Declarations shall have been taken and subscribed, shall, on or before the First

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Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, transmit to the said Office of the Rolls all such Rolls as shall not have been duly transmitted before the passing of this Act; and that each Officer shall also, within Fourteen Days after the First Day of January in each and every subsequent Year, transmit to the said Office of the Rolls, all Rolls containing the Names, Titles and Additions of all Persons who shall have taken and subscribed such Oaths and Declarations, which shall remain in the Office of such Court previous to such First Day of January in each Year.

VI. And be it further enacted, That each Officer shall, previous to his transmitting such Rolls as aforesaid to the Rolls Office, jeffly and truly enter in a Book, in alphabetical Order, the Names, Residences and Additions of all Persons whose Names shall be entered in such Rolls, and such Book shall be open to the Inspection of any Person requiring to see the same, on paying to such Officer a Fee of Two Shillings and Six Pence; and in case any Person who shall have taken and subscribed, or who shall hereafter take and subscribe such Oaths and Declarations in such Court, shall, at any time after the passing of this Act, be desirous of obtaining a Certificate thereof, and shall demand the same from such Officer; and if upon Reference to such Book, it shall appear that the Name with the Residence of such Person is contained therein, and that such Person is demanding a Certificate shall verify on Oath that he actually did at any former time take and subscribe such Oaths and Declarations in such Court, then such Officer shall as Demanded give to such Person a Certificate thereof in manner required by the said recited Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if the Vote of any Person to whom such Certificate shall be given shall be refused on account of the Invalidity of any such Certificate, as not being in the Form required by Law, it shall and may be lawful for such Person or Persons to demand from the Clerk of the Peace, his Deputy or other proper Officer, a new and sufficient Certificate in the Form required by Law, as paying to such Officers a Fee of One Shilling; and such Person shall be permitted to poll (if in all other Respects duly qualified) upon producing such new Certificate, notwithstanding such former Refusal.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Officer of Court who shall neglect or omit to transmit in manner and within the time required as aforesaid, the said Rolls to the Rolls Office, or who shall refuse or neglect to make such Alphabetical List, or who shall omit from such Alphabetical List the Name of any Person entered on such Rolls and entitled to any such Certificate as aforesaid, or who shall omit in such Alphabetical List the Name of any Person not so entered and entitled, or who shall refuse or neglect to give any Certificate herein required to be given, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; to be recovered by Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin.

C A P. LXXVIII.

An Act to make Provision in certain Cases for the Wives and Families of Sergeants, Corporals, Drummers and Privates, serving in the Militia of Ireland. [23th June 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make some Provision in the cases hereinafter mentioned, for the Wives of Sergeants, Corporals, Drummers and Privates, serving in the Militia of Ireland, when called out to sea or abroad Service, and the Loss or absence in France are insufficient for that Purpose; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to make Provision in certain Cases for the Wives and Families of Balliant Men, Sergeants and Privates, serving in the Militia of Ireland*, shall stand and be repealed, save in far as the same respects any former Act of Parliament, or any Clause, Matter or Thing therein; and also save as to the Payment and Allowance of any Sum or Sums of Money which shall have become due before the Commencement of this Act, under or by virtue of the said Act, and the clearing of the proper and necessary Voucher for receiving or receiving any such Payment; and also save as to any Offence which shall or may be before that time have been committed against the said Act, and any Proceedings to be taken for the Punishment of the Offender or Offenders, or the recovering or leaving any Penalty for or by reason of any such Offence.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, whenever the Militia of any County, City or Place in Ireland, is or shall be embodied and called out into actual Service, and any Man serving or enrolled therein as a Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall have a Family left able in consequence of his Absence to support themselves, and shall be desirous of obtaining for such Family any Allowance payable to them under the Rules, Regulations and Restrictions in this Act expressed and contained, such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private, shall make and subscribe before the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, for the time being, to which he shall belong, a Declaration in Writing in the Form following; that is to say,

I, A. B. of the Regiment of Militia, do declare, That I am a married Man (or, a Widower, as the case may be), and that I have One Child, (or, Children,) born in Wedlock, under the Age of Ten Years, whose Name or Names and Age or Ages respectively, is or are as follows; that is to say, (the Name and Age); and that my Wife (or, my said Child or Children, or, my Wife and my said Child or Children as the case may be), resides (or, reside) at (here insert the County, and the Barony, and the Parish or Townland, or the City or Town, and Street or Place, as the case may require, in which such Family shall reside), and that my said Child or Children, (or, Wife and Child or Children, as the case may be) by reason of my Absence is (or, are) left able as aforesaid necessary Support, and that I was married to my

Persons taking Oaths, &c.

Officer to enter in a Book Names, &c. of Persons who have taken or subscribe such Rolls.

In what manner Certificate allowed.

Officer of Court neglecting to transmit Rolls or make an Alphabetical List.

Penalty.

A. B.

49 of this Act repealed.

Militia Men desirous of obtaining Relief for their Families to make the following Declaration.

Declarations

• said Wife [or, if no Wife living, to the Mother of the said Children], at _____ as the
 • Day of _____ is the Year _____

Commanding
 Officer to sign
 Certificates.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Commanding Officer before whom such Declarations shall be made, shall at the Foot of the said Declaration give and sign a Certificate in Writing in the Form following:

• I C. D. Colonel, [or, Commanding Officer, as the case may be] of the
 • Militia, do hereby certify, That A. B. a Soldier, [Corporal, Drummer or Private, halibuted Man, Sub-
 • stitute or Volunteer, as the case may be] in the said Militia, was called out into actual Service, and did so the
 • Day of _____ month from, and is now absent or Service from the said [County, Town, City
 • or Place, as the case may be], and that he hath in my Presence made a Declaration that his Family consists
 • at _____ and consists of _____ and that by his Absence they are deprived of all Support
 • themselves; And I do certify, That the said A. B. never deserted from the said Militia, and that the said
 • A. B. was enrolled on the _____ Day of _____; and that the said A. B. was married after his En-
 • rollment with the Consent of his Commanding Officer according to Law, [or, before his Enrolment, as the
 • case may be.]

Certificates and
 Certificates to be
 signed by Ad-
 junts, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every such Declaration and Certificate shall be written and countersigned by the Adjutant of the Regiment, Battalion or Company of Militia, to which the said Militia Man making such Declaration shall belong; and such Adjutant shall carefully keep and preserve all such Declarations and Certificates, and shall also keep a Book or Register containing the Names of all the Soldiers, Corporals, Drummers and Privates in such Regiments, Battalions or Companies, who shall have made such Declarations, alphabetically arranged; and shall from such Declarations and Certificates be delivered to him, enter in such Book opposite to the Name of each Man, whether he is married or a Widower, and hath any, and what Child or Children, with the Date of such Declarations, and the Name or Names and Age or Ages of such Child or Children respectively, at the time of making such Declarations, and the Residence of such Wife, Child or Children, as stated in such Declarations.

Rate of Allow-
 ances to Fam-
 ily.

V. And be it further enacted, That whenever such Declaration and Certificate shall have been made in the manner and Form herebefore contained and set forth, then and in each case the Family of every such Militia Man who shall have made such Declaration, (the Expenses hereafter mentioned to be first duly performed) shall be entitled to and shall receive during his Absence on actual Service the Monthly Allowances here following; that is to say, after the Rate of Four English Shillings in every Calendar Month for every Child born in Wedlock, and under the Age of Ten Years, not exceeding the Number hereafter mentioned respectively; and of Eight English Shillings in every Calendar Month for the Wife of any such Man who shall not be a halibuted Man; and Four English Shillings in every Calendar Month for the Wife of any such Man who shall not be a halibuted Man; the said Allowance to the Wife in either of the said cases to be paid whether such Man shall or shall not have any Child or Children, provided he does not follow the Regiment.

Enrolled as to
 Children.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Wife of any Militia Man who shall be called out on actual Service shall not be entitled to the aforesaid Allowance for each Child for more than Two Children; and in such case shall be so Wife of such Militia Man being, the Allowance to the Children of such Militia Man shall not extend to more than Four Children in the whole.

Enrolled as to
 Widows and
 Orphans.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Allowance under this Act shall be given or ordered to be given to the Family of any Man who shall be enrolled at any time after the passing of this Act in the said Militia of Ireland as a Substituted, halibuted Man or Volunteer; and that all such Allowances shall first and after the passing of this Act, be certified to the Paymaster of such halibuted Men, Substitutes and Volunteers, as are now serving in the Militia of Ireland, and to the Families of such halibuted Men only as shall hereafter be enrolled in the said Militia.

Further Enroll-
 ment in the
 Militia.

VIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Allowance under this Act shall be given or ordered to be given to the Family of any Substitute or Volunteer who shall be married at the time of the passing of this Act, and who hath married while in actual Service, and after the passing of an Act made in the Tenth third Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, *an Act to make Provision to certain Cases for the Widows and Families of halibuted Men, Substitutes and Volunteers, serving in the Militia of Ireland*; nor to the Family of any Man now in the Militia of Ireland, who shall marry at any time after the passing of this Act; nor to the Family of any halibuted Man who shall hereafter be married in the said Militia of Ireland, and shall marry after such Enrolment, which every such Marriage respectively shall have taken place, or shall take place, with the Consent of the Colonel or Commanding Officer, being a Field Officer, of the Regiment, Battalion or Company to which such Man shall belong; and in such Cases shall have been certified under the Hand of such Colonel or other Commanding Officer, being a Field Officer; and as Certificate as required by this Act shall be granted by any such Commanding Officer for the Purpose of enabling the Family of any Militia Man to any Allowance under this Act, in such case such Militia Man shall have been married while in actual Service, without such Consent and had not obtained a discharge.

Enrolled as to
 Widows and
 Orphans of
 Family of Mil-
 itia Men, and as
 to such Orphans as
 Legitimate.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the aforesaid Justice of the Peace affecting and for the Survey or Half Survey, City, Town or Place, in which the said Family shall reside, on the Production of such Certificate, to enquire into the Circumstances of the Family of the Militia Man to whom such Certificate shall have been granted, and whether they reside in the Parish or Place mentioned in the Declaration of such Militia Man, in the Oath of the Wife of such Militia Man, if there shall be One, and if not, then of such Person above the Age of Eighteen, with whom such Child or Children shall reside, and of such other Person or Persons as such Justice of the Peace shall think proper to examine thereupon; and in Enquiry

Enquiry such Justice of the Peace shall find that such Family do so reside, and if such Justice shall be of Opinion that such Family is able to support itself in consequence of the Allowance of such Militia Man, he shall indorse such his Opinion in Writing under his Hand, on the Back of the said Certificate, with the Date of the Month and Year, and shall sign the same in Order in the Form following; that is to say,

I *C. D.* do hereby certify, That I have made Enquiry on the Oath or Oaths of
 and that I am satisfied that the Family of *A. B.* within mentioned resides at the Place,
 and consists of the Persons within stated; and that I am a Justice of the Peace of the County or District of
 within which the said Family is residing, and that there is not to my Knowledge any
 other Justice of the Peace for the said County or District residing nearer to the said Family: I do therefore
 hereby order that the Sum allowed by Law in such case be paid to the said Family; that is to say, the
 Sum of _____ on the Twenty fourth Day of each Month, or at less after as the same shall be de-
 termined, not exceeding Fourteen Days from the said Day.

And such Certificate, with the Opinion and Order of such Justice aforesaid, shall be forthwith deposited by the Person or Persons having Benefit thereby, or some of them, or some Person or Persons on their, his or her Behalf, with the Collector of the Public Cuts in such Barony or Half Barony, or the Treasurer of such City or Town.

X. And be it further enacted, That at the Expiration of Three Calendar Months next after the Date of any such Order of such Justice, Application shall be made by such Baronal Collector or Treasurer, or the Justice who shall have made such Order, or to such other Justice of the Peace sitting in and for such Barony or Half Barony, City or Town, who shall reside nearest to the true Place of Residence of such Family, and so Prothonary of the original Certificate aforesaid, and of the Order so first made aforesaid, it shall be lawful for such Justice to make a new Enquiry on Oath in manner aforesaid, into the Circumstances of such Family; and if such Circumstances are not altered, such Justice shall on the Back of such original Certificate, and at the Foot of such first Order, sign his Name in Affirmance and Renewal of the same, with the Date of the Month and Year; and if it shall be made appear to such Justice that the Circumstances of such Family are any way altered, such Justice shall make a new Order for such Allowance as aforesaid, specifying the Names and Ages of each Person of such Family entitled to the same at the time of such Order, and to alter the Expiration of every Three Calendar Months like Enquiry and Order shall from time to time be made, and renewed or altered by such Justice of such Barony or Half Barony, City or Town, as shall be resident nearest to the Place of Residence of such Family, so long as any such Allowance shall be claimed on Behalf of such Family.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every such Baronal Collector or Treasurer shall from time to time within Three Days after any such Order or Order shall be made by such Justice, prepare and sign an Abstract of every such Order, and shall forthwith deliver or send such said Abstract duly dated by him, to the Collector of His Majesty's Excise for the District in which the Barony, Half Barony, City or Town shall be situate, together with such Certificate and the Order thereupon; and such Collector of Excise having compared such Abstract with such Order shall, if the same shall agree therewith, counter-sign such Order, and shall forthwith return the same to such Baronal Collector or Treasurer, or to the Person by whom the same was first, and shall then counter-sign and sign the said Abstract, and shall keep the same as a Voucher for his future Payments in manner hereafter mentioned.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every such Baronal Collector or Treasurer on obtaining any such Order counter paid by such Collector of Excise, shall from time to time pay the several Allowances mentioned in such Order to such Family, and the Expiration of Three Calendar Months next after the Date of such Order, except in the cases hereafter mentioned.

XIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Allowances under and by virtue of this Act shall be claimed and paid Monthly on the Twenty fourth Day of every Month, or on such following Day as the same shall be duly despatched, being not more than Fourteen Days after such Twenty fourth Day of each Month; and that the said Allowance under this Act shall become due on the Twenty fourth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and that no Wife of any such Militia Man, nor any other Person on behalf of such Wife or of the Family of any such Militia Man, shall be entitled to receive at any one time more than one Month's Allowance to such Wife and Family, under or by virtue of this Act.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every such Monthly Allowance to be paid under this Act by any Baronal Collector or Treasurer respectively to the Family of any Militia Man, shall be repaid quarterly to such Baronal Collector and Treasurer respectively, by the Collector of His Majesty's Excise for the District in which such Barony, Half Barony, City or Town shall be situate, out of any Public Money in his Hands, upon such Baronal Collector or Treasurer respectively presenting and delivering to such Collector of Excise an Account in Writing, verified by an Affidavit, of all Sums so paid by him, setting forth in alphabetical Order the Names of all Militia Men, to or for whose Families any such Payments shall have been paid, with the Date and Amount of such Payments, and to whom made; and the Sums so paid by such Collector of Excise shall be allowed to him in his Account upon such Collector of Excise producing such Accounts in writing, together with the Receipts of such Baronal Collector or Treasurer at the Foot thereof respectively, and also the several Debentures by this Act required to be kept by him.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if at any time such Baronal Collector or Treasurer shall not have in his Hands sufficient Money for Payment of the several Sums so directed to be paid by him as aforesaid, such Baronal Collector or Treasurer shall and may as is hereby required from time to time as Occasion shall require, to certify the same to the Collector of Excise for the District; and it shall thereupon be lawful for such Collector of Excise, and he is hereby authorized and required to remit or pay out of such Public

Order for Payment.

Form Three Months before to make Entry Copies into Collector's Office Militia Man's Book, &c. &c.

Abstracts of Orders to be kept first by Baronal Collector or Treasurer of Barony or Half Barony, City or Town.

Baronal Collector to pay the Allowances.

Allowance when payable.

Allowance paid by Baronal Collector repaid quarterly by Collector of Excise.

Collector of Excise to remit Money for Payment.

Public.

Public Money as may be in his Hands to the said Baronial Collector or Treasurer respectively, at least once in every Month if required, a Sum sufficient to satisfy and pay the Monthly Amount of the Taxes which shall then be payable under and by virtue of the several Acts, which shall then be in Possession of such Collector or Excise under the Provisions of the Act.

No Payments to
Excise.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any such Collector of Excise to pay or remit to any such Baronial Collector or Treasurer any Sum whatsoever, in advance for or towards the Payment of any Allowances under this Act, until such Collector of Excise shall have received from such Baronial Collector or Treasurer one or more Accounts or Accounts in Writing, signed and verified by an Affidavit before some Justice of the Peace by such Baronial Collector or Treasurer as aforesaid, of the Application of such and every Sum and Sums, if any, previously advanced by such Collector of Excise to such Baronial Collector or Treasurer respectively, setting forth in alphabetical Order the Names of all Miltia Men to or for whose Families say such Payments shall have been made by such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, together with the Date and Amount of each Payment, and in whose the same was made; and so soon advanced by any Collector of Excise for any of the said Purposes shall be allowed him, until such Account so verified of the Application of every former Advance made by him to the said Person, shall be produced and delivered by such Collector of Excise to the proper Officer or Officers whose Duty it shall be to audit or settle his Accounts.

Notice of the
Time, Place and
Manner of
Application.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That every such Baronial Collector shall transmit to the Clerk of the Peace of the County within which the Barony for which he is Collector shall be situate, and the Treasurer of any City or Town shall transmit to the Clerk of the Peace thereof, Three Days previous to each Quarter-Sessions, an Abstract of all Orders which he shall have received as aforesaid, since the last preceding Quarter-Sessions, to be by the said Clerk of the Peace laid before the Justices at such Sessions; and it shall be lawful for the Justices there to sit aside or alter any such Order of any such Justice as aforesaid, which upon due Request in open Court upon Oath shall appear to have been fraudulently obtained, or not to be warranted by this Act; and in any such case such Justice at such Sessions shall make an Order that such Baronial Collector or Treasurer shall bring in or cause to be brought in the Order of such Justice, and deliver the same to the Clerk of the Peace for such County, City or Town; and such Collector or Treasurer shall, within Seven Days after the Service of such Order on him, bring in and deliver, or cause to be brought in and delivered, the said Order of the said Justice accordingly, to such Clerk of the Peace, who shall then cause the said Order, if the same shall be wholly set aside, or if the same shall be altered, to be written under some a Copy of the Order for altering the same, and shall in that case return the same to such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, who shall proceed thereupon, and the same shall be counter-signed in the same manner in all respects as aforesaid directed, with respect to any such Order as aforesaid.

Application to
be made by the
Collector of Excise
to the Justice of
the Peace.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if such Baronial Collector or Treasurer respectively know or shall receive Notice from the Collector of Excise of the District that he has spoken to before, or the Clerk of any of the Family of any Militia Man, or by any other Circumstances, the Allowance to such Family ought to be stopped or limited to Amount, then and in either of such cases it shall be lawful for such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, and he is hereby required to stop or lessen such Allowance accordingly, until the Justice of the Peace residing nearest to the Residence of such Family as aforesaid shall direct him otherwise by Writing under his Hand and Seal.

Wife or Family
of Militia Man
to be served.

XIX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Allowance shall be ordered or paid under this Act, to the Wife or Family of any Person serving in the Militia for any longer Period than such Person shall continue to serve and remain embarked as actual Servant, nor in any case while the Wife is separated or by whom any such Relief is demanded, shall follow the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in which her Husband shall serve.

Statement of
Particulars to
be made by
every
Household.

XX. And be it further enacted, That every Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer and Private, to whom such Certificate shall have been given, shall on or after the Fifth and before the Sixth Day of every Month, deliver or cause to be delivered to the Adjutant of his Regiment, or to the Person sitting as such, a Return or Account in Writing, subscribed by himself, either with his Name or Mark, and stating whether since the obtaining such Certificate or since his last Return any, and if any, then how many, and which of his Family, and at what Names and Ages respectively, have or hath died, or have or hath received or become entitled to any and what Maintenance, Pension or Property, and to what Amount, and whether his Wife, if he be married, follows the Regiment; and every Change that shall hereinafter take place in any of the said respects in the Family of any such Militia Man shall be noted by such Adjutant in his Register aforesaid, according to such Returns, or according to the Truth if the same shall here come to his Knowledge, by any other means.

Adjutant to
make Returns
monthly of Lists
of Families to
Collectors of
Excise, &c.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the Adjutant of every Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the said Militia shall, within Four Days after the Sixth Day of every Month during the time the Militia to which he shall belong shall remain embarked or in actual Service, draw out a Return for each and every Collector of Excise within whose District the Family of any Militia Man in his Regiment, entitled to any of the said Allowances shall reside, and shall in every such Return set forth in alphabetical List the Names of all the Sergeants, Corporals, Drummers and Privates in his Regiment, whose Families are so entitled and reside within such District, and also a distinct Statement of such Promotions and Vacancies, and of such Deaths and Desertions, and other Casualties (if any) as may have occurred among such Militia Men of the said Regiment; and also of such Wives as may have joined the Regiment since the last Return, and of all such other Alterations as may have taken place in the Family of any of the said Militia Men, in manner aforesaid directed; and if in such Promotions, Vacancies, Death or Desertion, Casualty or Alteration, shall have happened, then such Adjutant shall by such Return certify to that Effect; and every such Adjutant shall within

the said Four Days exclude all the said Returns which he shall have to draw out to the Secretary of the Commissioners of Excise in Dublin, who shall cause the same to be forwarded to the Collector of Excise respectively as speedily as may be.

XXII. And be it enacted, That every such Collector of Excise shall, immediately on the Receipt of any such Returns, transmit to the said Secretary a written Acknowledgment of the Receipt thereof, specifying the Date thereof, and shall forthwith enter at the Foot of each Abstract to filed by him as aforesaid, all new Matters respectively, which shall be noted in such Returns as aforesaid, and shall thereupon file the said Returns, and send or deliver to each Baronial Collector or Treasurer in his District, a Copy of so much of the said Returns as relates to his Barony or Half Barony, City or Town respectively; and such Baronial Collector or Treasurer shall return the new Matters therein contained at the Foot of the Orders made by Justices of Peace he keeps by him respectively.

Copies of Returns to be sent to District Collectors, as well as Abstracts of Lists of Orders made by Justices.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Payment shall be made by any such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, to the Family of any Militia Man, until he shall have received from the Collector of Excise such Copy extracted from such Returns as aforesaid for the preceding Month; and from and after the End of every Three Calendar Months from the Date of any Order of a Justice, or of the Justices at Sessions as aforesaid, no Payment shall be made by any such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, to the Family of any Militia Man, until a new Order of a Justice of the Peace as aforesaid shall have been received by such Baronial Collector or Treasurer in manner aforesaid.

No Payment to be made to Families until Returns received.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That when any such Entry shall be duly made at the Foot of such Order or Abstract, or any Alteration shall be made in any such Order, then and from thenceforth such Monthly Sum and no other shall be paid and payable to the Family therein mentioned, as would have been payable to the said Family by the Provisions of this Act, if an Order for Payment had been made and given by a Justice according to the Circumstances of such Family at the time of making such Entry or Alteration.

Payments made according to Returns.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That in order to recompense the said Baronial Collectors and Treasurers of Cities or Towns for the Trouble and Expence which they may severally incur by virtue of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury of each County, City or Town at each Assize, and for the Grand Jurors of the County of Dublin and County of the City of Dublin, at each Prefesting Term, to select any Sums they shall think reasonable to be raised off the Coroners at large, Coroners of Cities, or Coroners of Towns, to be applied and paid as such Grand Jurors shall direct, to the said respective Collectors and Treasurers, over and above all Sums or Allowances to which they or any of them are or may be entitled by virtue of any other Law or Laws then in force, as a Reward for their Trouble and Expence in carrying the Provisions of this Act into Execution: Provided always, That such Grand Jury shall be satisfied by the Affidavits of such Collectors and Treasurers respectively, that such Collectors and Treasurers have duly paid the several Allowances to the Families of Militia Men in manner directed by this Act: And provided also, that the Sum so to be paid shall not exceed Five per Centum on the Sums paid by such Collector or Treasurer since the last preceding Assize or Prefesting Term.

Recompence to Baronial Collectors and Treasurers for their Trouble.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Collector of a Baronial City, Treasurer, Clerk of the Peace, Officer of the Peace, Collector of Excise respectively, shall wilfully neglect or refuse to carry the Provisions of this Act or any of them into Execution, and shall be thereof convicted on Pleading or Indictment at the Assize, or if in the County or City of Dublin, in the Court of King's Bench, every such Person so offending shall be fined at the Discretion of the Court any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds.

Baronial Collectors obliging Clergy.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Collector of the Baronial City, or Treasurer of a City or Town, shall, on Demand duly made, refuse or neglect to pay and satisfy any Sum or Sums of Money then payable by him to the Family of any Militia Man by virtue of this Act, every such Collector or Treasurer is refusing or neglecting to make such Payment, shall, for every such Neglect, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered upon Conviction of the said Offender before any Justice of the Peace for the County, City or Place where the Offense shall be committed; which said Justice is hereby authorized and required, upon Information exhibited or Complaint made by the Party aggrieved in that behalf, so far as the Party accused, and to examine into the Matter of Fact; and upon Proof thereof upon the Oath of One Witness, not being the Party entitled to receive such Sum or Sums of Money, to give Judgment for such Penalty, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, in case the same shall not be forthwith paid, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice, causing the Overplus (if any) after deducting the Charges of such Distress and Sale, to be rendered to the Party, and the Penalty so adjudged shall be paid to the Use of the Party so aggrieved as aforesaid.

Penalty.

And for neglecting to pay Sums due to Militia Men's Families.

Penalty.

XXVIII. And be it enacted, That every such Conviction shall be in the Form here following, or in some other Form of Words of the same Import; that is to say,

Conviction according to following Form.

* BE it remembered, That A. B. Collector of Cists in the Barony of _____ in the County of _____ (or, Treasurer of the County of the City, or Town of _____ at the City _____) is convicted before me C. D. One of the Justices of the Peace for the said County, of not having paid the Allowance on the _____ Day of _____ last paid to the Family of _____ a Soldier, [Corporal, Drummer, Private, or the rest may be] actually serving in the _____ Regiment of Militia, although the same was duly demanded of him on the _____ Day of _____ last past. * Witness my Hand and Seal this _____ Day of _____ in the Year _____.

And every such Conviction in the said Form, or any other Form of the same Import, shall be good and sufficient in Law.

Act to be read

Act to be read XXXIX. And be it enacted, That all and every Affidavits and Affidavits by this Act required to be made, taken or produced, shall and may be made before any Justice of the Peace within his proper Jurisdiction; and that every Person who shall swear falsely in any Affidavit required or authorized by this Act to be taken, shall, on being convicted thereof, be adjudged guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, and be punished accordingly.

Act to be read

XXX. And be it enacted, That a Half Brevary shall be deemed and taken to be a Brevary, to all the Purposes of this Act.

Act to be read

XXI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

Act to be read

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and all and every Clause, Matter and Thing therein contained, shall commence and take Effect, and be in force from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June: One thousand eight hundred and eleven, on all Cases where no other Period is expressly stated for the Commencement of any Clause or Provision in this Act contained.

C A P. LXXIX.

An Act to amend an Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Care and Maintenance of Lunatics, being Paupers or Criminals, in England. [17th June 1811.]

Act to be read

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reiga, intituled, *An Act for the better Care and Maintenance of Lunatics, being Paupers or Criminals*, in England, Provisions made for the Erection of Asylums for Lunatics and Insane Persons, being Paupers or Criminals, in Counties or Districts of Counties in England: And whereas it is chosen, among other things, enacted,

Act to be read

That in so far as any Lunatic Asylum so erected as aforesaid shall be declared by the Visiting Justices to be completed, and as a fit Place for the Reception of Lunatics and other Insane Persons, the Justices of the Peace acting respectively in and for any County or Counties at the Expense of which such Asylum shall have been built, are authorized and directed to issue Warrants, upon the Application of the Overseers of the Poor of any Parish situate within such County or Counties, for the Conveyance of any Lunatic, Insane Person or dangerous Idiot, who may be chargeable to such Parish, to such Asylum, there to be safely kept, until he or she shall be duly discharged: And whereas it is also therein enacted, that if any Overseer of the Poor of any Parish shall neglect or delay to give Information to such Justice of any such Lunatic or Insane Person who shall be chargeable to such Parish, or to make Application for such Warrant as aforesaid, during the Space of seven Days from the time that he shall be acquainted that such Person is so lunatic or insane, he shall be liable to a Penalty therein specified: And whereas it is expedient that the Justices of the Peace, to whom such Applications shall be made, should have a discretionary Power, as to

Act to be read

issuing or not issuing such Warrants, in several cases, and under several Restrictions, and particularly in Cases where it shall be found that the Number of Applications on the Behalf of Persons having just Claims to be admitted does at any time exceed the Number of those who can be properly accommodated in such Asylum, with a View to Care, Comfort and safe Custody: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That whenever any Application shall be made by the Overseers of the Poor of any Parish in any County or District of Counties, at the Expense of which any Lunatic Asylum shall have been erected, to any Justice of the Peace acting in and for such County or Counties, to issue his Warrant for the Conveyance of any Lunatic or Insane Person to such Asylum, it shall in no wise be lawful for such Justice to refuse to issue the Warrant so required, if he shall so think fit, such Lunatic or Insane Person not being actually dangerous: Provided nevertheless, that any Justice refusing to issue such Warrant as aforesaid shall, in the case of his refusing, deliver in Writing to the Overseers of the Poor making such Application as aforesaid the Reasons for such Refusal.

Act to be read

II. Provided also, and be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think themselves aggrieved by such Refusal of any Justice as aforesaid, such Person or Persons may appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to be holden in and for the County or Place where the Master of Appeal shall have office, the Person or Persons so appealing, having given to the Person against whom such Appeal shall be made, Ten Days Notice of his, her or their Intention to make such Appeal; and the said Justices at such Sessions are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal in a summary way, and to make such Determination as they shall think proper; and every such Determination shall be final and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Act to be read

III. Provided also, and be it enacted, That every Justice who shall have issued a Warrant or Warrants for the Conveyance of any Lunatic or Insane Person to such Asylum, or who shall have refused to issue such Warrant or Warrants, on the Application of the Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, shall make regular Returns to the next General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to be holden in and for the County in which such Parish shall be situate, of all Cases brought before him, in which he shall have granted, or refused to grant, a Warrant or Warrants for such Conveyance, stating in all such Returns the Reasons for such Refusals; and such Returns shall be regularly filed and kept among the Records of such Court of General Quarter Sessions.

Act to be read

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, on making their Application to any Justice of the Peace for the Conveyance of any Lunatic or Insane Person, or dangerous Idiot, as aforesaid, shall produce to such Justice a Certificate in Writing from some Medical Person, of the State and Degree of Lunacy of the Person on whose Behalf such Application shall be made; and that it shall be further

Act to be read

lawful

Act to be read

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Act to be read

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lawful for such Justice to cause such Lunatic, Idiot, Insane Person or dangerous Idiot, to be visited by such Medical Purviser as he shall think fit, and to examine the said Medical Purviser upon Oath as to the State and Degree of Lunacy, of such Lunatic, Insane Person or dangerous Idiot, and to order such State to be paid to such Medical Purviser for his Attendance as may seem just and reasonable, and such State shall be paid by the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish making such Application, out of the Money raised thereon for the Relief of the Poor.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Medical Superintendent of every such Asylum as aforesaid shall make regular Returns to the Justice of the Peace assembled at their General or Quarter-Sessions, at least Once in every Year, of the State and Condition of all Persons committed to his Care under the Authority of the aforesaid Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Kings, and of the Act, in order that the said Justice may be enabled, from the Inspection of such Returns, and from the Report of such Medical Superintendant, to direct the Discharge of any Persons from such Asylum who may appear from such Returns and Report to be no longer fit Objects to remain therein; and that the said Justice may, at the same time, give their Warrants (which they are hereby authorized to issue) for the Admittance of such other Persons at their Discretion, in any manner to be the direct Objects for immediate Reception therein, out of the several Parishes or whole Parishes whose Appointments may have been made to any Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, and whose Cases may have been regularly reported to the said General or Quarter-Sessions.

VI. And be it further enacted, That as the regular Discharge of any Person from any such Asylum the necessary Expenses attending the Removal of such Person shall be borne by the Parish or in which such Person shall be legally confined, and such Expenses being allowed by Two Justices of the Peace sitting in and for the County in which such Parish shall be licensed shall be paid by the Overseers of the Poor of such Parish out of the Money raised thereon for the Relief of the Poor.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Bastard Child which shall be born of any Lunatic, Insane Person or dangerous Idiot, in any such Asylum, shall thereby gain a Settlement in the Parish in which such Asylum shall be situated; but that the Place of the legal Settlement of any such Child be born as aforesaid shall be in the Parish where the Mother of such Child was last legally confined.

C A P. LXXX.

An Act to make void certain Indentures for the binding of Parish Apprentices.

[15th June 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Elizabeth, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of the Poor*, it is enacted, That the Churchwardens of every Parish, and Poor, Three or Two substantial Householdors there, as shall be thought meet, having respect to the Propriety and Greatness of the same Parishes and Poor, to be associated yearly in Easter Week, or within One Month after Easter, in the manner therein directed, shall be Overseers of the Poor of the same Parish; and that it shall be lawful for the said Churchwardens and Overseers, or the greater Part of them, by the Assent of Two Justices of the Peace, to bind the Children of such Parents as shall not be the said Churchwardens and Overseers or the greater Part of them be thought able to maintain their Children, to be Apprentices: And whereas in several Parishes Two Parishes only have been usually appointed to act in the Capacity of Churchwardens as well as Overseers of the Poor: And it has divers Indentures for the binding of Parish Apprentices, and Certificates of the Settlements of Poor Persons, have been executed and signed by such Two Parishes, purporting to be the Churchwardens and Overseers of such Parishes; but, by reason that the said Indentures and Certificates have not been signed by distinct Parishes as Churchwardens and other distinct Parishes as Overseers, such Indentures and Certificates have been or may be deemed to be void: Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Indentures for the binding of Parish Apprentices, and all Certificates of the Settlements of Poor Persons, which have been heretofore executed and signed by Two Parishes only, acting or purporting to act in the Capacity of Churchwardens as well as of Overseers of the Poor, and also all such Indentures and Certificates as shall hereafter be so signed, shall be considered as good, valid and effectual, as if the same had been executed and signed by distinct Parishes as Churchwardens and distinct Parishes as Overseers of the Poor, according to the aforesaid Act; any thing therein or in any other Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

II. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to do away or alter any Decision which may have taken place in any Court of Law, respecting the binding of any Parish Apprentice, or the Settlement of any Poor Person before the passing of this Act.

C A P. LXXXI.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, certain Acts for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the Tithes, Gravelles, Perquisites and Emoluments, received in several Public Offices in Ireland; to examine into any Abuses which may exist in the same, and into the Mode of receiving, collecting, issuing and accounting for Public Money in Ireland.

[15th June 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Kings, intituled, *An Act for appointing, until the Fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and four, Commissioners to enquire into the Tithes, Gravelles, Perquisites and Emoluments which are or have been lately received*

Mixed Revenue in the Act, which make Returns of State of Parishes directed to the Comr.

New System of Removal of Paupers

Bill of L. to amend the Act, for Settlement of Bastards.

45 Eliz. c. 2.

84

Indentures and Certificates have been signed by Two Parishes only acting as Churchwardens, &c.

Four Parishes

45 C. 4. c. 10.

41 E. 1. c. 6.
41 G. 2. Stat. 2.
41.
49 G. 3. c. 11.
50 G. 3. c. 26.

in the several Public Offices in Ireland, therein mentioned; to examine into any Acts which may exist in the said Laws, and see if proper Acts of amending, adding, taking and amending for Public Money in Ireland; and the said recited Acts has, by certain Acts made in the Forty fifth, Forty seventh, Forty ninth and Fiftieth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, been continued with Amendments with the Fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven: And whereas it is expedient that the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year, as amended by the said other Acts, should be continued in manner hereafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year thereof, as amended by the said other recited Acts, shall be and the said Acts are hereby further continued until the Fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

continued.

Treaty see
17th Sect. for
Export of
Commodities.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, or the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being, as they are hereby authorized and required to doe and cause to be done, ever and above the Sums mentioned in the said recited Acts, or any Three or more of them, fully by Writing under their Hands, deliver or direct, out of any Part of the Public Monies remaining in His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, which Sums so issued and paid shall be employed for the Payment of Clerks, Messengers and other Officers, and in defraying all other necessary Charges in or about the Execution of the Powers of the said recited Act and this Act, and in such manner and in such Proportions as shall be appointed by the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, by Writing under their Hands and Seals, in that Behalf; and that such Sums shall be accounted for by the Perfor or Persons to whom the same shall be issued or paid, according to the Course of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, without any Fees or other Charges to be taken or demanded for the issue or Payment of the same, or the passing of the said Accounts, other than such Sums as the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, shall appoint.

C A P. LXXXII.

An Act for establishing Regulations respecting Rock Salt delivered to the Refineries; for granting Relief for Salt sold at Sea by Shipwreck or Capture; and for revising, amending and continuing, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, Go much of an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty as allows the Use of Salt, Duty-free, for curing Fish in Bulk or in Barrels. [15th June 1811.]

WHEREAS notwithstanding the Provisions of the Law in that respect, the Quantities of Salt produced at several Refineries to the Officers of Excise to be weighed and charged with the Duties by Law imposed for or in respect thereof have greatly fallen short of the Quantities which ought to have been made and refined from the Quantities of Rock Salt delivered at such Refineries for the Purpose of being there refined, to the great Detriment of His Majesty's Revenue and Injury of the fair Trader; For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Officers of Excise shall, on or before the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, make a just and true Return or Report to the Commissioners of Excise, or to such Perfor or Persons as they shall appoint or employ to receive the same, of all the Rock Salt respectively then found in the Cullinary or Possilone of any Refinery of Rock Salt which shall have been shipped Coastwise on Board for the due Delivery thereof to such Refiner, and for or in respect whereof respectively the Duty shall not have been charged, and such Return or Report shall be a Charge upon such Refiner or Refiners, and he or they shall be chargeable and charged with, and within Six Weeks next following pay the Duty at and after the Rate of Fifteen Shillings per Bushel for and in respect of such Rock Salt respectively, unless such Refiner shall, within Fourteen Days next after such Return or Report, give Bond or Security, to be approved of by the said Commissioners of Excise, or the Perfor or Persons who shall be appointed or employed by them for that Purpose, in Double the Value of the Duties which shall be charged or chargeable on such Rock Salt respectively, for the due Payment of the Duties of Excise, at and after the Rate of Fifteen Shillings per Bushel for or in respect of such Rock Salt, within the Space of Six Months from the time of making such Return or Report, or else producing to the proper Officer of Excise within such Six Months, and having charged with the Duties a Quantity or Quantities of refined Salt made from such Rock Salt, in the Proportion of Fifty six Pounds of refined Salt to the bush for every Sixty five Pounds of such Rock Salt which shall from time to time be found by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise deficient of the Quantity of such Rock Salt which shall have been so found in the Cullinary or Possilone of such Refinery or Refiners, and for paying at the End of every Six Weeks from the time of making the Charge thereof, the Duties at and after the Rate of Fifteen Shillings per Bushel for or in respect of the Quantity of such Charge of such refined Salt.

Officers of Excise to make a Return of Rock Salt in Possilone of Refineries for which Duty charged.

Refiner to pay a Duty after the Rate of 15s. per Bushel.

Refineries.

Refiner on receiving Rock Salt (refined) to pay the Rate of 15s. per Bushel, or give Bond, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as any Rock Salt shall be delivered from any Salt Mine or Salt Pit, to be shipped Coastwise, or to be sent by Inland Navigation, free of Duty on Board for its being duly delivered at any entered Warehouse, set being within the Counties of Laneshire and Cheshire respectively, the Refiner or Refiners to or for whom the same shall be consigned or sent shall, within Six Weeks next after the Delivery or Receipt of such Rock Salt, pay the Duties of Excise at and after the Rate of

Fifteen Shillings per Bushel for each Rock Salt, unless such Refiner or Refiners shall, within Fourteen Days next after such Delivery or Receipt of such Rock Salt, give sufficient Bond or Security to be approved of by the Commissioners of Excise, or the Person or Persons who shall be appointed or employed by them for that Purpose, to Double the Value of the Duties of the said Rock Salt, for the Payment of the Duties of Excise, at and after the Rate of Fifteen Shillings per Bushel for or in respect of such Rock Salt, within the Space of Six Months next after such Delivery or Receipt, or else producing to the proper Officer of Excise within such Six Months, and having charged with the Duties a Quantity or Quantities of refined Salt made from such Rock Salt, in the Proportion of Fifty six Pounds of refined Salt to the bulk for every Sixty five Pounds of such Rock Salt which shall have been at any time before by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise delivered of the Quantity of such Rock Salt which shall have been so delivered or received, and for paying at the End of every Six Weeks, less the time of the Charge thereof, the Duties at and after the Rate of Fifteen Shillings per Bushel for or in respect of the Quantity of such Charge of such refined Salt.

III. And he it further enacted, That all and every Refiner and Refiners of Rock Salt, to whom any Rock Salt shall be first consigned or sent by Inland Navigation as aforesaid on Bond for the due Delivery thereof, shall keep the same and every Part thereof separate and apart from all other Rock Salt; and if any Refiner or Refiners of Rock Salt shall neglect or refuse to keep such Rock Salt and every Part thereof separate and apart from all other Rock Salt, until such Rock Salt shall be put into his, her or their Cistern or other Vessel for distilling the same, or shall mix any Rock Salt of one Delivery or Receipt with any Rock Salt of any other Delivery or Receipt, then and in every such case the Refiner or Refiners so offending, shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

IV. And he it further enacted, That all and every Refiner and Refiners of Rock Salt, to whom Rock Salt shall, after the said First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, be first consigned or by Inland Navigation as aforesaid, shall at least Six Hours before he, she or they shall put any Rock Salt into any Cistern or other Vessel to be made use of for the Purpose of distilling the same, or shall distill any such Rock Salt, or make the same into Brine, give to the Officer of Excise under whose Warranty he, her or their Refinery shall be, a Notice in Writing of his, her or their Intention so to do, specifying therein the particular Time and Hour at which he, she or they intend or intend to put such Rock Salt into such Cistern or other Vessel, or to distill the same, or to make the same into Brine, the Quantity of Rock Salt by him, her, or them to be put into such Cistern or Vessel, the particular Cistern or Vessel into which the same is to be put for the Purpose of distilling such Rock Salt therein, and the Date of the Permit or Bond under which the same was received or delivered at such Refinery, and the Quantity of Rock Salt specified in such Permit; and if any such Refiner or Refiners shall not begin to put the Rock Salt specified in any such Notice into the Cistern or other Vessel specified in such Notice, or being to be made use of for the Purpose of distilling the same within the Space of One Hour next after the particular Time or Hour specified in such Notice for that Purpose, then such Notice shall be void, and every such Refiner or Refiners shall give a fresh and like Notice before he, she or they shall begin to put any Rock Salt into any Cistern or Vessel, for the Purpose of distilling the same, or shall distill any such Rock Salt, or make the same into Brine; and if any such Refiner or Refiners shall neglect or refuse to give any such Notice, or having given any Notice which shall become void as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to give a fresh and like Notice, he, she or they shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

V. And whereas by an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His greatest Majesty, among other things, for transferring the Management of the Salt Duties to the Commissioners of Excise, and for repealing the Duties on Salt, and the Drawbacks, Allowances and Bounties paid thereon, and for granting other Duties, Drawbacks, Allowances and Bounties thereon, the Commissioners of Excise and Justices of the Peace respectively are authorized and required, under and subject to the Rules and Regulations in the said Act in that behalf provided, to grant their Warrants in the said Act in that behalf directed, for and in respect of such Salt and Rock Salt respectively as in the said Act mentioned left or destroyed through Stress of Weather or Storms at Sea, or by the accidental or unavoidable calling away, sinking or breaking of any Flut, Boat, Barge or Vessel, or on board of which any such Salt or Rock Salt shall be removing or transporting from one Place to another: And whereas by another Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign aforesaid, among other things for amending the said Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign aforesaid, the said Commissioners and Justices are authorized and required to grant the like Warrants for such Salt and Rock Salt respectively as in the said last mentioned Act in that behalf mentioned left by Capture of Enemies: And whereas by Provisions in the said Act made in the Thirty eighth Year aforesaid, any such Warrant is prohibited from being granted, unless the Proprietor or Shipper of the Salt or Rock Salt to be lost or destroyed, or some Person on his, her or their behalf, shall, within One Month after such Accident, give such Notice in Writing as is by the said last mentioned Act in that behalf directed, nor unless it shall appear upon the Face of the Application, and be proved upon Oath that the Accident by which the Loss of the Salt or Rock Salt was occasioned happened within Six Months immediately preceding: And whereas some such Losses may not become known to the Proprietors or Shippers of such Salt or Rock Salt within One Month after such Accident shall have happened, and it is therefore expedient as in any such case as is hereinafter mentioned to grant the Relief under such Notice as is hereinafter mentioned: He it therefore enacted, That in every case where any Salt or Rock Salt, or in that behalf mentioned in the said Act made in the Thirty eighth Year aforesaid, shall by accident or unavoidable calling away and sinking of the Ship or Vessel, or on board of which such Salt or Rock Salt shall be removing or transporting from one Place to another, be lost, or where any such Salt or Rock Salt as in that behalf mentioned in the said Act made in the Thirty sixth Year aforesaid, shall be lost

Rock Salt kept separate.

Penalty. Notice to Officer of Excise of putting Rock Salt into Cistern.

With Notice.

Penalty.

28 G. 3. c. 39.

§ 115.

28 G. 3. c. 39. § 44.

28 G. 3. c. 39. § 115.

Regulation into Duties of Office of Salt by Shipper, or other Person named.

by Capture of Enemies, and any such Lofs shall not have come to the Knowledge of the Proprietor or Skipper of such Salt or Rock Salt in sufficient time to enable such Proprietor or Skipper to give the Notice required by the said Act within One Month next after such Accident, or within Six Months respectively, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Proprietor or Skipper within One Month after such Accident shall hereinafter be made known to him, her or them, to give to the Commissioners of Excise at the Chief Office of Excise in London, or to the Collector of Excise of the Collection to which the Accident shall have happened Notice in Writing specifying therein the Several Matters and Things by the said Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Kings aforesaid, required to be specified in the Notice in Writing required by the said Act mentioned Act, to enable the Party in any such Warrant as aforesaid, and upon any such Notice as by the said Act prescribed having been given as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful either for His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Division or Minster, or the Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to which the Owner, Proprietor or Skipper of the Salt or Rock Salt shall relate, or for the Commissioners of Excise at the Chief Office of Excise in London, or any Three of the said Commissioners, to grant thereon, and grant the like Relief as is and by the said respective Acts is authorized, directed or required, for or in respect of Salt or Rock Salt, save and in respect whereof a Notice has been given within One Month, and Plead made upon Oath that the Accident by which the Loss was occasioned happened within Six Months respectively as that behalf mentioned in the said Act made in the Thirty eighth Year aforesaid; any thing in the said Act mentioned Act contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding; Provided always notwithstanding, that no such Application shall be followed or proceeded upon, nor shall such Relief be granted, unless sufficient Facts shall be proved to satisfy the said Commissioners and Justices respectively, that the Commissioners of the Customs and Excise were such as to have prevented and put a stop to the Payment of the Owees, Proprietor or Skipper of the said Salt or Rock Salt to have given the Notice, or to have made the Application within the respective times as that behalf required by the said Act of the Thirty eighth Year aforesaid; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

At G. 3. (17-21)
c. 82. (17-21) to
repeal and amend
the said.

VI. And whereas the Law heretofore mentioned has by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be revised and continued; Be it therefore enacted, That so much of an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of the Kings of His present Majesty, among other things for allowing until the Fifteenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and one, the Use of Salt Duty-free in the prefering of Fish in Bulk, or in Barrels, and for discounting the Bounty payable on White Herrings exported, as relates to allowing the Use of Salt Duty-free in the prefering of Fish in Bulk, or in Barrels, which was contained by Three Acts of the Forty second, Forty third and Forty fourth Years of the Kings of His present Majesty, and the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and one, shall be, and the same is hereby revised and further amended with the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

At G. 3. (22-23)
c. 82. (22-23)

VII. And whereas by the said Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Kings aforesaid, any Person or Persons receiving, taking or shipping on board any Vessel or Vessels any Quantity of Salt free of Duty for the Purpose of fishing, curing or prefering Fish, or and any, among other things, required to give such Bond or Security as is in the said Act, it that behalf prescribed, that he or they will duly account in manner in the said Act mentioned for all the Salt which he or they shall at any time ship, receive or have on board his or their Vessel or Vessels for the Purpose of fishing, curing or prefering Fish, and that such Salt, and every Part thereof, shall be lawfully and lawfully employed, spent and consumed in fishing, curing or prefering of Fish as aforesaid, or shall be returned into the Warehouse entered for the keeping or storing of such Duties free from whence the same was taken: And whereas by the said Act no time is limited or prescribed within which such Person or Persons shall so duly account for such Salt, or for such Salt being so employed, spent and consumed as aforesaid, or being returned into the Warehouse as aforesaid, and it is therefore expedient to make such Provisions in that behalf as hereinafter mentioned; Be it therefore enacted, That all such Salt which shall be so received, taken or shipped after the passing of this Act, shall be duly accounted for as may and within Twelve Months, to be computed and reckoned from the Day of such Receipt thereof; and the same and every Part thereof shall within such Twelve Months be lawfully and lawfully employed, spent and consumed in fishing, curing or prefering of Fish as aforesaid, or shall be returned into the Warehouse entered for the keeping or storing of such Duty-free from whence the same was taken, and every such Bond or Security given after the passing of the said Act shall be conditionally accordingly.

The Act's shall
be amended by
the said Act
in relation to the
Bounty thereof.

These Provisions
shall be
repealed.

VIII. And whereas, as has been enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act shall be paid to, recovered, levied or satisfied by such Ways, Means or Methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be lawfully recovered, levied or satisfied by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or otherwise, as is or may be His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer is or may be directed, and that the Oath of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty his Heirs and Successors, and the other Majesty to him or them who shall witness, discover or sue for the same.

C A P. LXXXIII.

An Act for allowing the like Drawback of Duty paid on Coals sold in certain Mines and Steeling Mills in Devonshire, as is now allowed in the County of Cornwall. [15th June 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient the Encouragement which has been given to the working of Mines in Cornwall and the Island of Jersey, by allowing a Drawback of the Duty on Coals used therein, should be extended to the working of Mines in the County of Devon: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, for all Coals that shall be sold for Five Engagee Mines of Tin, Copper or Lead, or for relieving or feeding Lead Ores within the County of Devon, and for which Duties have been fully assessed and paid, a Drawback shall be allowed and made of all such Duties, upon Proof by Oath made before the Collector of the said Duties, (which Oath he is lawfully empowered and required to administer) that such Coals have been so used and applied, and the Amount of the Duties so drawn back shall be assessed and paid by the Collector of the said Duties to the Parties so making Proof as aforesaid.

Coals sold in
Mines in
Devonshire
allowed Draw-
back of Duties.

C A P. LXXXIV.

An Act to explain an Act passed in the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty, for better securing the Election of Electors of Members to serve in Parliament, by appointing certain Officers employed in the Collection or Management of His Majesty's Revenues from selling their Votes at such Elections, to sit as relates to Coal Meters and Corn Meters of the City of London. [15th June 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty, entitled, An Act for better securing the Election of Electors of Members to serve in Parliament by appointing certain Officers employed in the Collection or Management of His Majesty's Revenues from selling their Votes at such Elections, Officers and Persons employed in charging, collecting, levying or managing the Customs are rendered incapable of voting for Members to serve in Parliament: And whereas Duties, and other Taxes, and the Right to vote for Members to serve in Parliament of the Electors Coal Meters and Ten Corn Meters of the City of London, admitted from time to time by the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners of the said City, to laws, hold, exercise and enjoy the said Places of Coal Meters and Corn Meters respectively, in trust for the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the said City; and the said Coal Meters have been considered to be within that Act, because they have a Commission from the Commissioners of Customs, and the said Corn Meters have also been considered to be within that Act, because the Duties of Customs payable to His Majesty on Corn imported into the Port of London are administered by or from the Administration of the said Corn Meters, although the said Coal and Corn Meters respectively do not receive any Fee or Salary payable out of the Customs or other public Revenues of the Crown: And whereas it is not expedient that the said Act should be held to extend to such Coal and Corn Meters respectively, it is therefore declared and enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That nothing in the said second Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to such Coal Meters or Corn Meters of the City of London as aforesaid, notwithstanding they may have a Commission from the Commissioners of Customs, or be employed in the Administration of Customs or Corn for the Purpose of administering the Duties of Customs due to His Majesty thereon, or to render such Coal Meters or Corn Meters incapable of giving their Votes for Members to serve in Parliament at other Parliaments having a Right of voting may do, provided such Coal Meters and Corn Meters shall not receive or be entitled to receive any Salary, Fee or Reward payable out of the Revenue of Customs or other Public Revenues of the Crown.

§ 1.

§ 2.

not to extend to
Coal Meters or
Corn Meters of
London.

C A P. LXXXV.

An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to issue Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of such Aids or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. [15th June 1811.]

TREASURY may issue Exchequer Bills, in manner provided by 38 G. 3. c. 1. Chargeable on Supplies of 1811, and payable at any time on Postpaid Days' Notice: § 1. Clauses, &c. in the recited Act relating to Exchequer Bills extended to this Act. § 2. Not to issue Exchequer Bills on the Credit of 31 G. 3. c. 3. in any other manner than they are authorized by that Act, &c. § 3. Interest on such Exchequer Bills not exceeding 3 per Cent. per Annum. § 4. Such Exchequer Bills may, at the Expence of Four Months after Date, be taken in Payment of the Revenue. § 5. Bank of England authorized to advance £5,000,000 on the Credit of this Act, notwithstanding § 8 G. W. & M. c. 20.—§ 6.

C A P.

C A P. LXXXVI

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and to amend several Acts for granting certain Rates and Duties, and for allowing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on Goods, Wares and Merchandize imported into and exported from Ireland; and to grant to His Majesty, until the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, certain new and additional Duties on the Importation, and to allow Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize into and from Ireland. [25th June 1811.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

- 41 G. 3. c. 18. **W**H^{EREAS} an Act was made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting unto His Majesty until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and*
- 45 G. 3. c. 64. *for certain Rates and Duties, and to allow certain Drawbacks and Bounties upon Goods, Wares and Merchandize imported into and exported from Ireland, in lieu of former Rates and Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties: And whereas an Act was made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled,*
- 40 G. 3. c. 56 & c. 6. 31. *An Act for granting unto His Majesty until the Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and six, certain Duties on the Importation, and to allow certain Drawbacks and Bounties in the Exportation of certain Sorts of Iron, Sugar and Tea into and from Ireland: And whereas an Act was made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, to repeal Part of the Duties on the Importation of unmanufactured Tobacco in Ireland: And whereas another Act was made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled,*
- 41 G. 3. c. 56 & c. 6. 14. *An Act to grant to His Majesty until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight, certain Rates and Duties on the Importation, and to allow certain Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize into and from Ireland: And whereas another Act was made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, to provide for the Decrease and Satisfaction in certain Cases of Part of the Countervailing Duty on British Refined Sugar imported into Ireland: And whereas each of the said recited Acts as were temporary have been from time to time continued by several*
- 46 G. 3. c. 12. *Acts passed in the Forty fifth and Forty seventh Years of His present Majesty's Reign, and by an Act*
- 41 G. 3. c. 56 & c. 6. 1. *passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, the said recited Acts were amended and continued, and by an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, the said recited*
- 41 G. 3. c. 74. *Acts were further continued: And whereas an Act was made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled,*
- 40 G. 3. c. 74. *An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and to amend several*
- 40 G. 3. c. 74. *Acts for granting certain Rates and Duties, and for allowing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on Goods, Wares and Merchandize imported into and exported from Ireland; and to grant to His Majesty, until the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, certain new and additional Duties on the Importation, and to allow Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize into and from Ireland; and by which said last mentioned Act the several Acts heretofore recited were continued, and are in force*
- 41 G. 3. c. 74. *until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and it is expedient that all the said recited Acts, and also the several Rates and Duties granted, and the Drawbacks and Bounties allowed by them, or any of them, should be further continued in manner hereafter mentioned: That*
- Duties and Drawbacks continued. *they, therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Rates and Duties granted, and the Drawbacks and Bounties allowed by the said recited Acts, or any of them, until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall respectively continue and be in force throughout Ireland, upon and from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, except the Rates, Duties and Drawbacks on the several Articles upon which new and other Rates, Duties and Drawbacks, are by this Act granted, imposed or allowed, and except such Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar of the British Plantations, and on Refined Sugar under the said recited Acts, or any of them, as are provided for by an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to provide more effectually for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties in the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland, and for allowing British Plantation Sugar to be manufactured in Ireland, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, and which said last recited Act is by an Act passed in this present Session of Parliament continued to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and amended, and that the said recited Acts, except as aforesaid, and except also as they are altered or repealed by each other or by this Act, or by any other Act; and all the Powers and Provisions, Articles, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the said recited Acts or any of them, shall be observed and complied with during the Term hereby granted, as fully and effectually, as if the said Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties, and the said Powers, Provisions, Articles, Clauses, Matters and Things had been by the said recited Acts or any of them, extended to the Term hereby granted, and as if the Term hereby granted had made Part of the said recited Acts, or any of them, and that the several Articles in respect whereof any Rate or Duty is granted or imposed, or continued, or any Drawback or Bounty is allowed by the said recited Acts, or any of them, until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall respectively be, and remain liable to the Rates and Duties, and shall be entitled to the Drawbacks and Bounties (except as aforesaid), allowed in respect thereof, under the Regulations and Provisions of the said recited Acts, upon, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.**

• II. And

II. And whereas the Commodore of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament affirmed, that, towards settling the necessary Supplies granted to Your Majesty, and for the Support of Your Majesty's Government, have resolved to grant to Your Majesty the several new Duties hereinafter mentioned, to wit, certain Goods, Wares and Merchandises imported into Ireland; and do wish heartily before Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and during the Continuance of this Act, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, so Regularly (except as hereinafter is provided), without any Indulgence whatsoever upon the Importation of the several Goods, Wares and Merchandises mentioned and set forth in the Schedule to this Act annexed, now and then in Ireland, the several Duties raised, levied and set forth in the said Schedule; and of all that shall be paid and allowed the several Drawbacks in respect of the said Duties, as the same are respectively related, detailed and set forth in the said Schedule; and that the said Duties in the said Schedule specified shall be in full and full Satisfaction of all Duties and Drawbacks payable on Ireland upon the Importation and Exportation of Goods, Wares and Merchandises of the like Sorts, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and during the Continuance of this Act, in lieu and instead of the several Duties payable on the Importation into Ireland of Wood and Timber, being the Growth or Production of the United States of America, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force at the time of the passing of this Act, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, &c. and upon all Wood and Timber, being the Growth or Production of the United States of America, of whatever Sort or Description such Wood or Timber shall be, the like Rates and Duties as are payable on the Importation into Ireland of Wood or Timber of the like Sort or Description, being the Growth or Production of any Foreign Country, or being the Growth or Production of any Place except the United States of America and the said Colonies; and that from and after the said First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and during the Continuance of this Act, there shall be allowed on all such Timber and Wood, being the Growth or Produce of the said United States, which shall have paid the Duties hereby imposed thereon, and which shall be exported from Ireland, such and the like Drawbacks as are payable on Timber or Wood, being the Growth or Production of any Foreign Country as aforesaid, exported from Ireland under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force at the time of the passing of this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, &c. and upon every Pound Weight of Tobacco, which at any time, from and after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall be imported into Ireland, or which having been imported into Ireland before the said Day, shall, as or after the said Day, be in His Majesty's Stores or Warehouses in Ireland, a Duty of Customs of One Penny and Thirteen Twentieths of a Penny *British Currency*, in Addition to all other Duties of Customs or Excise, payable on any such Tobacco, under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland; And that upon the Exportation of any unmanufactured Tobacco from Ireland, which shall have paid the said Duty, there shall be allowed and given to the Exporter thereof a Drawback of One Penny and Thirteen Twentieths of a Penny, in Addition to all other Drawbacks payable under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland.

V. And whereas it is expedient, pursuant to the Provisions of the Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, that in respect of the Duties by this Act imposed on Hemp, Hemp Seed and on Ireland, concerning sailing Duties should be charged on Cordage, being the Manufacture of Great Britain, and imported from thence into Ireland, in lieu and full Satisfaction of the said Duties; Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be charged on all Cordage, the Manufacture of Great Britain, and imported from thence into Ireland, the several countervailing Duties following; that is to say, Cordage to be used as Standing Rigging, or other Cordage made from Trawl Hemp, the Tons, containing Twenty Hundred Weight, the Sum of Four Pence; Two Strlings and Three pence; Cordage of any other Sort, Cable Yarn, Packthread and Twine, the Tons, containing Twenty Hundred Weight, the Sum of Four Pence Four Shillings and Four pence; and that upon the Exportation of any Cordage manufactured in Ireland from Hemp, which shall have paid the Duty by this Act imposed, and which shall be exported in Great Britain, or elsewhere, there shall be allowed and given a Drawback equal in Amount to the said Countervailing Duty.

VI. And whereas it is expedient, pursuant to the Provisions of the Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, that in respect of the additional Duties imposed on Tobacco imported into Ireland, manufactured in Ireland, increased Countervailing Duties shall be charged upon Tobacco and on the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain, and imported from thence into Ireland, in lieu and full Satisfaction of the said Duties on Tobacco imported into or manufactured in Ireland; Be it therefore enacted, That there shall be charged on all Tobacco and Seed, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain, and imported from thence into Ireland, in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Countervailing Duties whatever, payable on such Tobacco and Seed, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, immediately before the passing of this Act, the several Countervailing Duties following; that is to say,

For and upon every Pound Weight of unmanufactured Tobacco of the Growth or Produce of Great Britain, the Sum of Seven Pence Three Farthings;

For and upon every Pound Weight of *British* manufactured Short Cut Tobacco, or Tobacco manufactured into what is commonly called or known by the Name of *Spanish*, the Sum of Two Shillings and Four Pence;

New Duty, of
Customs on
Tobacco, &c.
see Act 51 Geo. III.

Amended Duty
of Customs on
Tobacco, and
Wood, in respect
of Duty on Wood
of Foreign
Growth.

Amended Duty
of Customs on
Tobacco.

Drawback.

35 s. 4 d. 3/4
10 s. 4 d. 3/4
7 s. 4 d.

Customs on
Hemp and
Cordage as
imposed upon
Ireland.

Equivalent
Drawback on
Sail Cordage.

35 s. 4 d. 3/4
10 s. 4 d. 3/4
7 s. 4 d.

Countervailing
Duties on British
Tobacco and
Seed.

For and upon every Pound Weight of *British* manufactured *Shag Tobacco* cut, the Sum of Two Shillings and One Penny Three Farthings;

For and upon every Pound Weight of *British* manufactured *Roll Tobacco*, the Sum of Two Shillings and Four Pence;

For and upon every Pound Weight of *British* manufactured *Coron Tobacco*, the Sum of Two Shillings and One Penny Halfpenny;

For and upon every Pound Weight of every other Sort of *British* manufactured *Tobacco*, set heretofore enumerated or described, the Sum of Two Shillings and Four Pence;

For and upon every Pound Weight *Avonmouth* of *British* manufactured *Rappin Beef*, the Sum of One Shilling and Eleven Pence Three Farthings;

For and upon every Pound Weight of *British* manufactured *Beef*, called *Scotch Beef*, the Sum of Two Shillings and Nine Pence;

For and upon every Pound Weight of *British* manufactured *Beef* called *Avonmouth Scotch Beef*, the Sum of One Shilling and Eleven Pence;

For and upon every Pound Weight of *British* manufactured *Stalk Flour*, the Sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence or Three Farthings;

For and upon every Pound Weight of every other Sort or Kind of *British* manufactured *Beef*, or *Beef Work*, not heretofore enumerated or described, the Sum of Two Shillings and Nine Pence.

VII. And he it further enacted, That upon all *Tobacco* and *Beef* manufactured in *Ireland* from *Tobacco* which shall have paid all Duties of Customs and Excise payable in the same according to Law, immediately after the passing of this Act, which shall be exported from *Ireland* to any Place except *Great Britain*, there shall be paid and allowed, by way of Drawback or Compensation for the Duty charged and paid on the Import of the said *Tobacco*, whereof a Part has been manufactured, and for the Excise Duty, charged thereon by Law, the like Sums of Money as are by this Act allowed and made payable on all such manufactured *Tobacco* and *Beef* exported to *Great Britain*, according to the Descriptions and Declarations heretofore mentioned and contained; Provided always, that Proof shall be made on Oath or otherwise, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Customs and Post Duties, that all such manufactured *Tobacco* and *Beef* so exported shall have been manufactured from *Tobacco* which shall have paid all Import and Excise Duties payable by Law thereon, immediately from and after the passing of this Act.

VIII. And whereas the Intercourse in Home made Spirits between *Great Britain* and *Ireland* has been suspended by Law for a limited time; and whereas the Suspension of such Intercourse hath now expired, he it therefore enacted, That there shall be called, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and upon every Gallon of Spirits, *Aqua Fite* or *Strong Waters*, made or distilled in *Great Britain*, from *Corn* or *Grain*, and which at any time after the Twentieth Day of *May* One thousand eight hundred and eleven shall have been or shall be imported into *Ireland*, the Sum of Three Shillings and Four Pence, in and full Satisfaction of all Customing Duty on such Spirits, under any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the time of the passing of this Act; and that there shall be paid and allowed for and upon every Gallon of *Aqua Fite*, *Strong Waters* or Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland* from *Corn* or *Grain*, and which at any time after the said Twentieth Day of *May* shall be exported from *Ireland* to *Great Britain*, an equivalent Drawback equal to Amount to the Customing Duty granted by this Act.

IX. Provided always, and he it enacted, That if any Person or Persons, at any time after the Suspension of such Intercourse had expired, shall have paid or shall pay any greater or higher Customing Duty on Spirits made or distilled in *Great Britain*, and imported from thence into *Ireland*, or shall have been allowed or shall have received any greater or higher Drawback on Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland*, and exported from thence to *Great Britain*, than the Duty, and Drawback granted and allowed by this Act, the Amount of the Excess of such Duty so paid by any Person shall be repaid to the Person having paid the same by the Commissioners of Customs and Post Duties in *Ireland*, and the Amount of the Excess of such Drawback, so allowed to or received by any Person, shall by such Person be repaid to the Commissioners of *Ireland* Excise and Taxes in such manner and under such Regulations as the said Commissioners of *Ireland* Excise and Taxes shall see that Purpose best to do it.

X. And he it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all Duties of Customs on *Staves*, the Growth or Production of the *British* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, imported into *Ireland* (except those, full costs and duties, and to be no longer paid or payable, and that all such *Staves* shall be imported into *Ireland* free of Duty; any thing in any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, immediately before the passing of the Act, to the contrary notwithstanding).

XI. And he it further enacted, That all the Duties and Drawbacks in this Act mentioned, and all the Duties and Drawbacks in the Schedule hereto annexed, specified, mentioned and contained, shall be paid and payable, and received and receivable in *British* Currency; and that all the said Duties shall be carried to and made Part of the *Consolidated Fund of Ireland*; and that all the said Duties, and all Drawbacks in this Act and the said Schedule specified, mentioned and contained, shall be paid and received upon the several Articles and Things in this Act and the Schedule hereto annexed, specified, mentioned and contained according to the Title, Weight, Gauge, Measure or Value of the said Articles respectively specified; and also in Proportion upon any greater or less Number, Weight, Quantity, Measure or Value of such Articles, Matters and Things respectively.

XII. And he it further enacted, That the several and respective Duties by this Act granted on the Importation into *Ireland* of the Goods, Wares and Merchandises mentioned and set forth in this Act, and the Schedule thereto annexed, shall be charged and payable on all such Goods, Wares and Merchandises, as shall

Drawback upon
Tobacco and Beef
exported to
Europe Parts.

Customing Duty
and equivalent
Drawback on
Spirits exported
to G. B.

Excess of Duty
to whom it is
repaid.

Staves imported
Duty free from
British Colonies.

Taxes payable
British Cur-
rency, and
carried to Con-
solidated Fund.

Duties payable
on Goods not
enumerated, &c.

not have been entered on or before the passing of this Act, or on which the Duties due and payable on the Importation thereof shall not have been paid, notwithstanding such Goods, Wares and Merchandises may have been imported into Ireland before the passing of this Act.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Duties granted, mentioned and set forth in this Act, and the said Schedule, shall be charged and payable on all such Goods, Wares and Merchandises therein mentioned, having been imported into Ireland, shall have been or shall be warehoused, or shall have been brought without the Duties due on the Importation thereof having been first paid, and shall remain in a warehouse or secured on the said First Day of June thereof eight hundred and eleven, or previous or by Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force for that Purpose, although such Goods, Wares or Merchandises, may have been imported before the passing of this Act: Provided always, that such Duties shall not be charged or payable on any such Goods, Wares or Merchandises, until the Duties which such Goods, Wares and Merchandises shall have been subject to before the passing of this Act shall be payable by Law.

XIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all cases where the Whole or any Part of the Duties on the Importation of any Goods, Wares and Merchandises into Ireland, are permitted to be cleared by Bond, or otherwise, by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland at the time of such Importation, the Duties by this Act, and the Schedule thereto annexed, granted or imposed, may in like manner, and in the same Manner, Regulations, Restrictions and Conditions, be permitted to be cleared by Bond or otherwise.

XV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, any Goods, the Growth or Production of any Foreign Country or Place, legally imported into Ireland, may be lodged and detained in Warehouses in Ireland, without Payment at the time of the first Entry of such Goods, of the Duties due on the Importation thereof, in like manner and under the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, as in regard to the Growth or Produce of the British Plantations in the West Indies, or of the Growth or Produce of the East Indies; any thing in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XVI. And for the better levying of the Payment of all Duties payable in the several Parts of Ireland, and applicable to the Manufacture of Light Hoofs in any Part of the United Kingdom, be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the Collectors of His Majesty's Customs, Comptrollers, Receivers of Excise, Surveyors, or Searchers, Waiters, and all other Officers of the Customs whomever, or their respective Deputies or Clerks, at any of the Ports, Harbours or Places in Ireland, shall not take or receive any Entry as Cucklet, or other Discharge or Clearance, or take any Report outward for any Ship or Vessel laden or subject to the Payment of any such Duties, until all such Duties at every such Vessel shall be liable and subject to the Payment of any such Duties, until all such Duties at every such Vessel shall have been duly paid to the respective Persons appointed or entitled to collect such Duties, nor until the Master or Owner of every such Ship or Vessel shall show and produce a Receipt for such Duties accordingly, to the Officers required to take or receive any such Entry, Cucklet, Discharge, Clearance or Report Outwards as aforesaid.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the several Rates and Duties and Drawbacks hereby mentioned and granted and allowed shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in the same manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and under such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures as are appointed, directed and expressed, for the raising, collecting, levying and paying, and managing of Duties and Drawbacks payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandises imported into and exported from Ireland, as and by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King George the Second, entitled, *An Act for setting the Excise or new Impost upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Best of Rates therein expressed*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Manners and Trade in the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the Revenue or Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said Powers and Authorities, Rules and Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, were hereby expressed and confirmed, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said Act passed in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, or in and by any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be and continue in force until and upon the Fifth Day of July next then shewed next hundred and twelve, and no longer.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

And after the
Year 1817.

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And after the
Year 1817.

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SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

| | Duties. | |
|--|---------|---------|
| | £ s. d. | £ s. d. |
| Liquorice Juice, or Root, the cut. | 3 00 0 | — |
| Liquorice Powder, the cut. | 4 12 0 | 2 6 0 |
| Liquorice Root, the cut. | 2 12 4 | 1 6 8 |
| — dried, imported in a British-built Ship, the cut. | 4 0 0 | — |
| — not imported in a British-built Ship, the cut. | 4 4 0 | — |
| — rough or undressed, or any other vegetable Substance of the Nature or Quality of undressed Hemp, and applicable to the same Purposes, imported in a British-built Ship, the cut. | 0 7 8 | 0 3 10 |
| — not imported in a British-built Ship, the cut. | 0 8 8 | 0 3 10 |
| — rough or undressed, or any other vegetable Substance of the Nature or Quality of undressed Hemp, and applicable to the same Purposes, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, or imported from Great Britain, having been imported into England by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, the Tea, containing 40 cwt. | 0 6 8 | — |
| Carriage, Tanned or retanned, not being of the Manufacture of Great Britain, whether in use or otherwise, (Standing or Running Rigging is not excepted) and all Cable Yarn, not being the Manufacture of Great Britain, the cut. | 0 18 0 | — |
| Twine, not being the Manufacture of Great Britain, the cut. | 1 6 0 | — |
| Cotton Wool, imported into Ireland in any Ship or Vessel, not being a British or Irish-built Ship or Vessel, the cut lb. | 1 5 6 | 1 5 6 |

C A P. LXXXVII.

An Act for allowing the Manufacture and Use of a Liquor prepared from Sugar for colouring Porter, and for indemnifying Persons who have manufactured or used such Colouring.

[with Force 1811.]

41 G. 3. c. 38.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, entitled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty additional Duties on Beer and Ale brewed or exported into Great Britain; on Malt made in Great Britain; on Hops grown or transported into Great Britain; and on Spirits distilled in Ireland and imported into Great Britain; for repealing certain Allowances in Brewers of Beer and Ale; and for preventing Frauds and Abuses in the Revenue of Excise on Beer, Ale and Malt*, it was enacted, That no Porter or Portion should mix, compound, fabricate, manufacture or prepare, or cause, procure, permit or suffer to be mixed, compounded, fabricated, manufactured or prepared from Beer, Groats, Stale Beer, Sugar Water, Distillers' Spirit Wash, Sugar, Melasses, Vinnel, Quills, Coculus Indis, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium or any other Material or Ingredients whatsoever (except Malt and Hops), any Liquor to imitate or resemble or to be mixed with or used as Beer or Ale brewed or made from Malt and Hops; nor should fill, dilute or, feed or deliver, or cause to be sold, disposed of, sent or delivered to any Brewer or Brewers of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Seller or Sellers or Retailer or Retailers of Beer or Ale, or to any other Person or Persons whatsoever, any such Liquor to mix, compound, fabricate, manufactured or prepared as aforesaid, on pain of forfeiting for every such Offence the sum of Two hundred Pounds; and all such Liquor so mixed, compounded, fabricated, manufactured or prepared as aforesaid, and also all the Beer, Groats, Stale Beer, Sugar Water, Distillers' Spirit Wash, Sugar, Melasses, Vinnel, Quills, Coculus Indis, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium and every other Material or Ingredient whatsoever as aforesaid (other than Malt and Hops) in the Custody or Possession of such Person or Persons, together with every Copper, Cooler, Back, Tun, Vat or other Vessel or Utensil whatsoever in which any such Liquor, Material or Ingredient should be contained, or which shall have been made use of or employed for or to the mixing, compounding, fabricating, manufacturing, preparing or keeping any such Liquor, and all such Liquor, Materials, and Ingredients, together with every such Copper, Cooler, Back, Tun, Vat or other Vessel or Utensil as aforesaid should be forfeited and might be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and that no Brewer or Brewers of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Seller or Sellers of Beer or Ale should receive or take into his, her or their Custody or Possession any Stale Beer or Beer Grounds, or should mix or mingle with any Beer or Ale any Liquor compounded, fabricated or prepared from Beer, Groats, Stale Beer, Sugar Water, Distillers' Spirit Wash, Sugar, Melasses, Vinnel, Quills, Coculus Indis, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium or other Material or Ingredients (except Malt and Hops) or in the Fabricating, Manufacturing or Preparing thereof any Beer, Groats, Stale Beer, Sugar Water, Distillers' Spirit Wash, Sugar, Melasses, Vinnel, Quills, Coculus Indis, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium or any Material or Ingredient (other than Malt and Hops) nor should

1811.

* Should be made, employed or made use of, nor should have, receive or take into his, her or their Custody or Possession any Liqueur composed, fabricated or prepared as aforesaid, on pain of forfeiting for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds: And whereas it is expedient to allow the Preparation and Use of Liqueur prepared and made from Burnt Sugar only, reduced to a Liqueur by Solution in Water, under, subject and according to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions hereinafter contained, provided, limited or established of and concerning the same: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act there shall be made, brewed, collected and paid to and for the Use of His said Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for every Gallon of Liqueur commonly called or known by the Name of Beer Coloring, prepared or made from Burnt Sugar reduced to a Liqueur by Solution in Water, to be mixed with Dye commonly called or known by the Name of *Patent*, for the Purpose of coloring the same, the Sum of Two Shillings per Barrel, to be paid by the Maker or Makers thereof.

Duty on Beer Coloring.

II. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of such Liqueur, shall once in every Week make a true Entry in Writing at the Office of Excise, within the Limits of which he, she or they shall be making any such Liqueur, of all such Liqueur by him, her or them so made within such Week, which Entry shall be verified upon Oath by the Maker or Makers of such Liqueur, or by, her or these Chief Workmen or Servant employed in making such Liqueur, and all and every such Maker or Makers who shall neglect or refuse to make any such Entry as aforesaid, shall, for each and every such Neglect or Refusal, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Entry of Liqueur weekly.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Liqueur whatsoever prepared or made by any Person or Persons who shall be licensed under or by virtue of this Act as a Maker or Makers of Liqueur, commonly called or known by the Name of *Coloring*, prepared or made as aforesaid, to be mixed as aforesaid, for the Purpose aforesaid, and which by Mixture with Beer commonly called or known by the Name of *Patent* will darken the Colour thereof, shall be liable to the said Duty.

Liqueur made by a licensed Coloring Maker, is liable to Duty.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of such Liqueur shall from time to time within One Week after he, she or they shall make or ought to have made such Entry as aforesaid, pay and clear of all the Duty for all such Liqueur by him, her or them made; and that every Maker or Makers of such Liqueur as aforesaid, who shall neglect or refuse to pay and clear off any such Duties as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay double the Amount of all such Duties so neglected or refused to be paid or cleared off: Provided always, nevertheless, that no Person shall be compelled to travel for the making of the said Entries or Payment of the said Duties further than the Market Town next to the Place where he, she or they shall be making the said Liqueur.

Not contrary to Double Duty.

Penalty. How far Maker to go to make Duty.

V. And be it further enacted, That each of the Duties by this Act imposed, as shall and is Enacted, Writen and the Taxes of *Excise* upon *Wines*, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being; and each thereof as shall and is Enacted, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being.

Duties under Commissioners of Excise.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of any Liqueur commonly called or known by the Name of Beer Coloring, before he, she or they shall begin to make any such Liqueur shall make a true and particular Entry in Writing of every House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room and Place by him, her or them respectively made use of, or intended to be made use of, in or for the brewing, evaporating, boiling, manufacturing, laying or keeping of any Sugar, or in or for the making, mixing, laying or keeping of any such Liqueur, or laying or keeping of any Sugar at the Office of Excise within the County or Liberties whereof such House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or Place respectively, shall be situate, and all and every Maker and Makers of the said Liqueur shall also make true and particular Entry in Writing of every Boiler, Kettle, Copper or other Vessel by him, her or them, kept for or made use of in or for the brewing, evaporating, boiling or manufacturing any such Sugar, or in or for the making or mixing any such Liqueur at the Office of Excise within the County or Liberties whereof such Boiler, Kettle, Copper or other Vessel shall be kept or made use of; and if any Maker or Makers of any such Liqueur shall neglect to make any such Entry, he, she or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, together with all the Sugar, and all such Liqueur and all the Preparatives for the making or manufacturing thereof, which shall at any time be found in any such House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or Place in made use of, or intended to be made use of as aforesaid, and extend no such Entry as in that behalf aforesaid shall be made; and also every such Boiler, Kettle, Copper or other Vessel whereof no such Entry as in that behalf aforesaid shall be made, and all such Sugar, Liqueur, Preparatives, and also every such Boiler, Kettle, Copper or other Vessel whereof no such Entry as in that behalf aforesaid shall be made, shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

Makers of Coloring to make Entry of Works, Houses, etc.

Penalty.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons whatsoever residing within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, shall make any Liqueur commonly called or known by the Name of Beer Coloring, unless such Person or Persons shall occupy a Tenement or Tenements of the yearly Rent or Value of Ten Pounds or upwards, and for which he, she or they shall accordingly be assessed in his, her or their own Name or Names, and shall also pay to the Parish Rates; and that no Person or Persons whatsoever residing in any other Part of the Kingdom of Great Britain, where there are Rates to Church and Poor, shall make any such Liqueur and if such Person or Persons respectively shall be assessed and pay to Church and Poor in the several Parishes and Places in which such Person or Persons shall respectively reside; and that no Entry of any House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or Place for the making of any such Liqueur shall be of any Avail to any Person or Persons not so qualified, or for any longer time than the Person or Persons so residing

In what rate only duty of Place to make Coloring within Limits of Excise Office in London to be made by Occupier of Tenement of £10 or any other Rate.

such Entry shall be qualified as aforesaid; and every Person making any such Licence and not qualified as aforesaid shall, notwithstanding any Entry by him, her or them made, be deemed and taken to be a Person making such Licence without Entry within the Meaning of this Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That where any Entry shall be made by any Maker or Makers of such Licence of any House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shop, Room or Place for the making of any such Licence, no other Entry shall be made by any other Maker or Makers of any such Licence (not being in Partnership with such Maker or Makers making such Entry therein), of the same or of any other House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shop, Room or Place whatsoever for the making of any such Licence under the same Roof, or within the same House or Tenement in which such Entry shall thus be calling, but every such Maker or Makers making such further Entry of the same House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shop, Room or Place, or of any other such House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shop, Room or other Place under the same Roof, or within the same House or Tenement, shall, notwithstanding such further Entry by him, her or them made, be deemed and taken to be a Maker or Makers of Licence commonly called or known by the Name of Beer Licensing, without Entry, and subject to the like Penalties and Forfeitures as Makers thereof without Entry are subject to by virtue of this Act.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons who shall make any such Licence shall, before he, she or they shall make any such Licence, take out a Licence and Licences, authorizing such Person or Persons to make such Licence, which Licences respectively shall be granted to master brewer or brewers mentioned; that is to say, of any such Licence shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted to make any such Licence within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, the same shall be granted under the Hands and Seals of Two or more of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being, or of such Persons as they the said Commissioners of Excise or the major Part of them for the time being shall from time to time appoint for that Purpose; but if any such Licence shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted to make any such Licence in any Part of the Kingdom of England out of the Limits of the said Chief Office, the same shall be granted under the respective Hands and Seals of the Collectors and Superintenders of Excise within their respective Collectories and Districts; and in case any such Licence shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted to make any such Licence within the Limits of the City of Edinburgh, the same shall be granted under the Hands and Seals of Two or more of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being, or of any such Persons as they the said Commissioners of Excise or the major Part of them for the time being, or of any such Persons as they the said Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being, or of any such Persons as they the said Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being, or of any such Persons as they the said Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being, shall from time to time appoint for that Purpose; and in case any such Licence shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted to make any such Licence in any Part of Scotland out of the Limits of the City of Edinburgh, the same shall be granted under the respective Hands and Seals of the Collectors and Superintenders of Excise in Scotland, or of Two or more of them, and all the said Collectors and Superintenders are hereby respectively authorized and required to grant such Licences to the Persons who shall apply for the same, on the Person or Persons applying for the same shall pay the Sum of Five Pounds for each such Licence.

X. And be it further enacted, That the full several Sums of Money by this Act directed to be paid for such Licences respectively shall be paid for such respective Licences to such Persons as are hereinafter in that behalf respectively mentioned; that is to say, such thereof as shall be paid for Licences which shall be taken out within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, shall be paid at the Chief Office of Excise in London; and such thereof as shall be paid for Licences which shall be taken out within the Limits of the City of Edinburgh, shall be paid at the Chief Office of Excise in Edinburgh; and such thereof as shall be paid for Licences which shall be taken out in any Part of Great Britain, not within the said respective Limits, shall be paid to the respective Collectors of Excise granting such respective Licences.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall make any such Licence after the Expire of such his, her or their Licence, which such Person or Persons shall take out a fresh Licence for the like Purpose in the manner herebefore directed, Two Days at least before the Expire of such former Licence, and by the like manner as were every such Licence from Year to Year; and if any Person or Persons shall make any such Licence without first taking out a Licence authorizing him, her or them to do so, and receiving the same as is herebefore in that behalf directed, he, she or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XII. Provided always, That Persons trading in Partnership and in One House or Shop only shall not be obliged to take out more than One Licence in any One Year, for making such Licence; and that no One Licence which shall be granted by virtue of this Act shall authorize or empower any Person or Persons to make any such Licence in any other House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shop, Room or other Place than such House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shop, Room or other Place whereof Entry in Writing shall be made at the Office of Excise in the Name or Names of such Person or Persons for making such Licence at the time of granting such Licence.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officers of Excise or any other of them, from time to time and at all times, to enter into and every the Houses, Workhouses, Warehouses, Shops, Rooms and other Places entered or made use of by any Maker or Makers of the said Licence as or for the brewing, evaporating, burning, manufacturing or keeping of any Sugar, or in or for the making of any such Licence, and by weighing, gauging or otherwise as to such Officers or Officers shall seem meet, to take an Account of the Quantities of Sugar fit or proper to be used or employed in the making of such Licence as aforesaid, and also of the Quantities of such Sugar which shall be boiling, evaporating, burning or in Operation of Manufacture for such Licence, and also of the Quantities of such Licence as shall be

either

Where Entry of any House, &c. for making Licences, or where Entry by them of any other House or Place shall be made.

Makers of Beer Licences to take out Licences.

To whom Money for Licences to be paid.

Licences renewed yearly.

Penalty. One Licence sufficient for a Person in one House.

Officers to enter and search Places entered by Makers of Licences.

either making or preparing, or made or prepared in the Custody or Possession of such Maker or Makers of such Liqueur from time to time, and of all such Liqueurs for or in respect whereof the Duty by this Act imposed shall be chargeable, and shall not have been disposed, make a Report or Return in Writing to the said Commissioners of Excise respectively, or to such Person as they shall respectively appoint to receive the same, and such Report or Return of the Officers or Officers shall be a Charge upon such Maker or Makers.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That no Maker or Makers of Liqueurs, subject to the Duty imposed by this Act, shall, in the Making, Manufacturing or Preparation thereof, make use of any Material or Ingredient other than Brown Sugar and Water, and if any Maker or Makers shall, in the Making, Manufacturing or Preparation of any such Liqueur, make use of any Material or Ingredient other than Brown Sugar and Water, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, together with all such Liqueur in the Making, Manufacturing or Preparation whereof any Material or Ingredient other than Brown Sugar and Water shall have been made use of, and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

XV. Provided always nevertheless, That no Brewer or Brewers of Beer or Drinker or Drinkers, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, nor any Druggist or Druggists, Vendor or Vendors of or Dealer or Dealers in Drugs, nor any Chymist or Chymists, Apothecary or Apothecaries, shall be at Liberty to take out any such Liqueur, as hereinafter mentioned; nor shall any such Liqueur, if taken out by any such Brewer or Brewers, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, or by any Druggist or Druggists, or Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in Drugs, or by any Chymist or Chymists, or by any Apothecary or Apothecaries, be of any Aunty, but the same shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; nor shall any Brewer or Brewers of Beer, or Dealer or Drinkers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, or any Druggist or Druggists, or Vendor or Vendors, or Seller or Sellers of, or Dealer or Dealers in Drugs, or any Chymist or Chymists, or any Apothecary or Apothecaries, make any such Liqueur or any other Material or Preparation for the Purpose of darkening the Colour of Beer or any Liqueur, such as has been heretofore or as shall hereafter be made use of for or in the darkening of the Colour of Beer, on pain of forfeiting, for every such Offence, the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, together with all such Liqueur and all Materials and Ingredients whatsoever, which shall be found in his, her or their Custody or Possession for making the same, together with the Casks and Vessels containing the same, and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That no Maker or Makers of any such Liqueur as aforesaid, nor any Brewer or Brewers of Beer shall receive or take into his, her or their Custody or Possession, any Melissæ, Honey, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indicus, Genuin of Paradise, Guinea Pepper or Opium, or any Extract or Preparation of Quassia, Cocculus Indicus, Genuin of Paradise or Guinea Pepper, and if any such Maker or Makers, or Brewer or Brewers shall receive into his, her or their Custody or Possession any Melissæ, Honey, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indicus, Genuin of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, or any Extract or Preparation of Quassia, Cocculus Indicus, Genuin of Paradise, or Guinea Pepper respectively, the same respectively shall be forfeited, together with the Casks, Vessels or other Packages containing the same, and all such Melissæ, Honey, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indicus, Genuin of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Extract or Preparation of Quassia, Cocculus Indicus, Genuin of Paradise or Guinea Pepper, Casks, Vessels or other Packages respectively, shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise, and such Maker or Makers, or Brewer or Brewers in whose Custody or Possession any such Melissæ, Honey, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indicus, Genuin of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, or Extract or Preparation of Quassia, Cocculus Indicus, Genuin of Paradise, or Guinea Pepper shall be found, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That no Druggist or Druggists, or Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in Drugs, nor any Chymist or Chymists, or Apothecary or Apothecaries, or other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall sell, send or deliver, or cause to be sold, sent or delivered, to any licensed Maker or Makers of Liqueur, for or in respect whereof a Duty is by this Act imposed, knowing such Maker or Makers to be, or to be reputed to be a Maker or Makers of such Liqueur, or shall sell, send or deliver, or cause or procure to be sold, sent or delivered to any other Person or Persons, for or on account of, or in trust for any such Maker or Makers, or shall sell, send or deliver, or cause or procure to be sold, sent or delivered to any licensed Brewer or Brewers of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, knowing him, her or them to be so licensed, or to be reputed to be so licensed, or shall sell, send or deliver, or cause or procure to be sold, sent or delivered, to any other Person or Persons, for or on account of, or in trust for any such Brewer or Brewers, or Dealer or Dealers, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, any Melissæ, Honey, Liqueours, or shall sell, send or deliver, or cause or procure to be sold, sent or delivered, to any other Person or Persons, for or on account of, or in trust for any such Maker or Makers, or shall sell, send or deliver, or cause or procure to be sold, sent or delivered, to any licensed Brewer or Brewers of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, knowing him, her or them to be so licensed, or to be reputed to be so licensed, or shall sell, send or deliver, or cause or procure to be sold, sent or delivered to any other Person or Persons, for or on account of, or in trust for any such Brewer or Brewers, or Dealer or Dealers, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, any Melissæ, Honey, Liqueours.

Makers of Beer
Collecting to
make use of no
Ingredients but
Brown Sugar
Ready

No Brewer, Ac.
nor take out a
Liquor for
making Beer
Liquor

Void.

Ready.

Makers of
Purcelling
or Brewers
knowing in Posses-
sion Melissæ,
Vitriol, &c.

Ready.

Ready.

Druggist or
Chymist selling
Cocculus Indicus
to Makers of
Beer Collecting

Void.

Vinick, Quaffin, Coculas India, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, or any Extract or Preparation of Medicines, Honey, Liquorice, Vinick, Quaffin, Coculas India, Grains of Paradise, or Guinea Pepper respectively; all such Medicines, Honey, Liquorice, Vinick, Quaffin, Coculas India, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Extract or Preparation of Medicines, Honey, Liquorice, Vinick, Quaffin, Coculas India, Grains of Paradise or Guinea Pepper respectively shall be forfeited, and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Druggist or Druggists, Vendor or Vendors, or Dealer or Dealers in Drugs, or Apothecary or Apothecaries, or other Person or Persons whatever, is offending, shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and pay to the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if shall and may be lawful to and for any Officer or Officers of Excise, and all such Officers are hereby authorized and empowered to take in any three towns, a Sample or Samples of any Sugar or Liquor, at any time in the Custom, or Possession of any Maker or Makers of Liquor, commonly called or known by the Name of *Beer Coloring*, or any for the time it is used the Value thereof; and to seize any Maker or Makers of such Liquor as aforesaid, shall refuse to permit any such Officer or Officers to take such Sample or Samples as aforesaid, upon his, her or their being paying for the same (if demanded), such Maker or Makers for offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That where any Maker or Makers of any Liquor commonly called or known by the Name of *Beer Coloring*, daily brewed according to the Directions of this Act, shall have Occasion to remove any such Liquor from any such Inn, Ale, or Beer-house, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room, or other Place, the Officer or Officers of Excise of the respective Division or Place where such aforesaid House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or other Place shall be situated, shall without Fee or Reward, from time to time, upon a Request Note being made and delivered according to the Direction of this Act, by such Maker or Makers, grant and give a Permit in Writing, signed by the said aforesaid Officer or Officers, expressing the Quantity of all such Liquor to be removed, and expiring the Name and Names of the Person or Persons from whom the same is intended to be removed, and to whom the same is to be removed, and that the Duty of such Liquor is intended to be removed has been paid, and all Officers of Excise granting or giving any such Permit, shall have and exercise in full Power the same within which the said Liquor is such Permit mentioned shall be removed, from and out of the Stock of the Maker or Makers taking out such Permits, and also the same within which the said Liquor shall be delivered and received into the Warehouse, House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or other Place, of the Person or Persons respectively, to whom the same is permitted to be sent.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That no such Permit for the Removal of any such Liquor shall be granted or be valid, unless such Maker or Makers requiring the same shall make and send, or deliver to the Officer or Officers of Excise hereby authorized to grant such Permit, a Request Note in Writing, specifying the Name of the Person to whom such Liquor is intended to be sent, the Quantity of such Liquor intended to be removed, and for the Removal of which such Permit is required, and also the Number and Contents of the Casks, Vessels or other Packages containing the same, and whether the same is to be conveyed by Land or by Water, and by what Mode of Conveyance such Liquor is intended to be sent.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That no such Liquor as aforesaid shall be removed or carried from one Part of this Kingdom to any other Part thereof, at any other time than between the Hours of Six in the Morning and Six in the Evening (except the same is removed or carried by a known common Stage Coach, Waggon or other Stage Conveyance which usually travel out of such Hours, or by Water by a Ship, Vessel or Boat usually navigated in the said Course of Trade out of such Hours) nor shall any such Liquor be sent by any Maker or Makers of any such Liquor, from or out of his, her or their aforesaid House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or other Place, at any other time than between the Hours of Six in the Morning and Six in the Evening, on pain of forfeiting all such Liquor, (whether the same be accompanied with a Permit or not) and all Houses, Carts, Carriages, Horses and Cattle made use of in the removing or carrying the same shall be forfeited, and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise or Excise.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That no Liquor commonly called or known by the Name of *Beer Coloring*, or for denoting the Color of Beer, shall be brought into any House, Warehouse, Storehouse, Cellar, Room, Vault or other Place made use of by any Brewer or Brewers of Beer commonly called *Pilsener*, without an authentic Permit granted and given according to the Direction of this Act; which Permit shall be produced in and left with the Officer of Excise under whose Survey such Brewery or Breweries shall be, on pain of forfeiting all such Liquor so brought in without such Permit, and all such Liquor shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Brewer or Brewers of Beer commonly called or known by the Name of *Pilsener* shall deposit, store or keep any such Liquor as aforesaid, except during the Time when the same shall be brought forth for Sale, in any House, Warehouse, Storehouse, Cellar, Room, Vault or other Place, other than One particular House, Warehouse, Storehouse, Cellar, Room, Vault or other Place whereof such Brewer or Brewers shall have made previous entry in Writing for that Purpose at the next Office of Excise, on Pain of forfeiting, for every such Offence, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and also all such Liquor found in any such House, Warehouse, Storehouse, Cellar, Room, Vault or other Place of which no such Entry as last aforesaid shall have been made.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Brewer or Brewers of Beer other than Beer commonly called or known by the Name of *Pilsener*, shall make use of or have in his, her or their Cellars or Possession any Liquor, Mineral or Preparation for coloring Beer made from Sugar under the Provisions of this Act, on

Pain of forfeiting all such Liqueur, Material or Preparation; nor shall any such Brewer or Brewers make use of any such Liqueur, Material or Preparation as last aforesaid, in or for the darkening of the Colour of any Beer other than Porter; and if any Brewer or Brewers of Beer, other than Beer commonly called or known by the Name of Porter, shall make use of or have in his, her or their Cellary or Possellion any such Liqueur, Material or Preparation; or if any Brewer or Brewers of Beer commonly called or known by the Name of Porter shall make use of any such Liqueur, Material or Preparation as last aforesaid, in or for the darkening of the Colour of any Beer other than Porter, all and every such Brewer or Brewers respectively offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officers of Excise, or any or either of them, from time to time and at all times by Day and by Night upon and at their request (but if in the Night in the Presence of a Constable or other lawful Officer of the Peace) to enter into all and every the Warehouses, Storehouses, Rooms, Cellars, Vaults and other Places made use of by any Brewer or Brewers of Beer commonly called or known by the name of Porter, and by tasting, sampling or otherwise to take an Account of the Quantity and Quality of all the Liqueurs commonly called or known by the Name of Beer Coloured which shall at any time be in the Cellary or Possellion of such Brewer or Brewers.

Penalty.

Officers authorized to enter Porter Breweries, Cellars, &c. and take an Account of Beer Coloured.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Officer or Officers of Excise shall at any time or times discover or find that the Quantity of Liqueur commonly called or known by the Name of Beer Coloured in the Stock, Cellary or Possellion of any Brewer or Brewers of Beer commonly called or known by the Name of Porter, exceeds the Quantity of such Liqueur left in the Stock, Cellary or Possellion of such Brewer or Brewers on the taking of the last Account of such Stock added to the Quantity of such Liqueur since received by Permit, the Quantity of Liqueur commonly called or known by the Name of Beer Coloured, so found in Excise, by whomsoever the same shall have been made, and whether the same shall be stored or sampled or unsampled or unsampled, shall be deemed and taken to be made by such Liqueur as last aforesaid, for which no Duty has been paid, and which had been privately bought in by such Brewer or Brewers without any Permit, and a Quantity equal to the Quantity so found in Excise shall be forfeited and lost, and shall and may be seized by the Officer or Officers of Excise who shall discover the same, from and out of the said Stock or Stocks in which such Quantity of Liqueur shall be so found in Excise, and the Brewer or Brewers of Beer commonly called or known by the Name of Porter, in whose Stock such Quantity of Liqueur so found in Excise shall be discovered or found, shall also forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty of Beer Coloured in a Porter Brewer's Stock aforesaid.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Liqueur for or in respect whereof a Duty is imposed by this Act shall be deposited, hid or concealed in any Place or Places whatsoever, with an Intent to defraud His Majesty of any of the Duties by this Act imposed, or if any Liqueur called or known either by the Name of Coliving or of New Coliving, or fit or proper to serve as a substitute for any such Liqueur for or in respect of which such Duty is imposed, or fit or proper for the darkening of the Colour of Beer, shall be deposited, hid or concealed with Intent to prevent the Discovery thereof by the Officers of Excise, all such Liqueurs respectively shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise, and the Perce or Percees in whose Custody the same shall be found shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and the better to enable such Officer or Officers to discover such Liqueur respectively so forfeited, if any such Officer or Officers shall have cause to suspect that any such Liqueur shall be so deposited, hid or concealed in any Place or Places whatsoever, then and in every such case, if such Place or Places shall be within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, upon Oath made by such Officer or Officers before the Comptroller of Excise in England for the time being, or any Two or more of them, or before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, City or Liberty where such Place or Places shall be, or in any such Place or Places shall be in any other Part of Great Britain, upon Oath made by such Officer or Officers before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Shire, Division or Place where such Officer or Officers shall suspect the same to be deposited, hid or concealed, setting forth the Ground of his or their Suspicion, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Comptroller, or any Two or more of them, or the Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively, on the oath so required, before whom such Oath shall be made if they or he shall judge it reasonable, by Special Warrant or Warrants under his and their respective Hands and Seals, to enter and search such Office or Offices by Day or by Night, but if in the Night, then in the Presence of a Constable or other Officer of the Peace, to enter into all and every such Place and Places where he or they shall be suspected such Liqueur to be so deposited, hid or concealed, and to seize and carry away all such Liqueur which he or they shall thus and there so be suspected.

Penalty.

Penalty. Coliving deposited with Intent to evade Duty.

Penalty.

Search Warrants.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Queitance shall arise, whether any Liqueur which shall be seized as and for Liqueur forfeited under or by virtue of this Act, be Liqueur of the Sort for or on which such Forfeiture is by this Act imposed, the Proof of such Liqueur not being Liqueur of the Sort for or on which such Forfeiture is by this Act imposed, shall be upon the Owner or Claimer thereof.

Onus Probandi.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Person whatsoever being a Maker of or Dealer in any such Liqueur, or who is or shall be in any wise interested or concerned in the Trade or Business of making or dealing in such Liqueur, or of brewing or distilling or reworking of Beer, shall, during such time as he, she or they shall be so interested or concerned in the Trade or Business of making or dealing in such Liqueur, or of brewing or distilling or reworking of Beer, act as a Justice of the Peace or any Magistrate or Tynge whatsoever which shall in any wise concern the Execution of the Powers or Authorities given or granted by this Act; and if any Person or Persons shall, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, presume to exercise any such Powers or Authorities, or do any Act lawfully authorized to be done by any Justice or Justices of the Peace, all such Acts so executed or done by such Person or Persons shall be utterly null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

No Person Coliving any Malt or Potatoes intended to act as a Magistrate in Execution of this Act.

For Colouring
Sugar, Spirits,
& Sables to De-
fect and Pen-
alty.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That all the Liquor for or in respect whereof any Duty is by this Act imposed, and all the Sugar and Utensils for the making thereof in the Custody or Possession of any Maker or Makers of such Liquors, or of any Person or Persons to the Use of or in Trust for any such Maker or Makers, shall be and are hereby made obnoxious with all the Duties and Duties for any such Liquor in Arrear and owing by such Maker or Makers for any such Liquor so made by him, her or them, or by his, her or their Heirs, Executors, Administrators, Assigns, or other Place, and shall also be subject and liable to satisfy all Penalties and Forfeitures incurred by such Maker or Makers, or other Person or Persons using such House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or other Place for any Offence against the Act relating to the said Duties; and it shall and may be lawful in all such cases to levy such Duties, Duties and Penalties on such Liquors, Sugars, Utensils or any of them, and to use such Proceedings as may be lawfully done in relation to any such Liquors, Sugars or Utensils respectively, in case the Debtors or Offenders were the true and lawful Owners of the same.

Offending
Officers.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall drink, retail, oppose, make, obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise in the due Execution of the Act, or of any of the Powers or Authorities therein given or granted to any such Officer or Officers, or shall by Force or Violence, after any such Officer or Officers shall have issued any Liquor Cask, Vessel or other Package, or any Barrel, Kettle, Copper or other Vessel allowed as provided by virtue of this Act, refuse or refuse to be released any such Liquor Cask, Vessel or other Package allowed, or any such Barrel, Kettle, Copper, Vat or other Vessel allowed, or shall attempt or endeavour so to do, or shall defame, swell, break or damage any such Cask, Vessel, or other Package, Barrel, Kettle, Copper, Vat or other Vessel, all and every such Person or Persons so offending, shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Revolving Officers.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall give or offer to give any Bribe, Reconciliation or Reward whatsoever to any Officer or Officers of Excise, in order to corrupt, persuade or prevail upon any such Officer or Officers, either to do or perform any Act or Acts, Thing or Things whatsoever contrary to the Duty of such Officer or Officers in the Execution of this Act, or to neglect to do or perform any Act or Acts, Thing or Things whatsoever belonging or appertaining to the Duties and Duty of such Officer or Officers in the Execution of this Act, or to connive at or conceal any Fraud or Frauds relating to any of the Regulations by this Act enacted, or not to discover the same, all and every such Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, whether such Officer or Proprietor be accepted or not, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

As to C. 3. c. 25.

XXXIII. And whereas by the said second Act of the thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, several Persons may have received Penalties and Forfeitures under and by virtue of some or One of the Clauses therein contained for having manufactured, sold or delivered, or caused to be manufactured, sold or delivered to Brewers or to Persons for the Use of Brewers, Colouring made from Sugar without any Intention of Fraud, and several Brewers may, without any Intention of Fraud, have also incurred Penalties and Forfeitures for having received such his, her or their Custody and Possession such Colouring; and it is expedient that Relief should be given in the cases before mentioned; Be it therefore enacted, That where any Person by the said second Clause of the said Act shall, without any Intention of Fraud, have incurred any Penalty or Forfeiture for having so manufactured, sold or delivered to Brewers, or to other Persons for the Use of Brewers, Colouring made from Sugar; and that where any Brewer by virtue of the said second Clause of the said Act shall, without any Intention of Fraud, have incurred any Penalty or Forfeiture for having received into his, her or their Custody and Possession Colouring made from Sugar, all and every of them shall be and is hereby intended and discharged from and against all Penalties and Forfeitures incurred by them as aforesaid, and of and from all Fines and Prosecutions for or on account thereof; any thing in this Act or the said second Act of the thirty second Year of His present Majesty to the contrary notwithstanding.

Penalty for
Offences before
June 4, 1811.

XXXIV. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to or prevent the further Prosecution of any Actions or Suits which may have been commenced before the first Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, against any Person or Persons whatsoever for any of the Offences, Penalties or Forfeitures above mentioned.

Penalty for
recovered.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, shall be paid for, recovered, levied or satisfied by such Means, Ways or Methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, may be paid for, recovered, levied or satisfied, by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively, and that one Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her or them, who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

Application
of Money raised
by Licenses.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That all the Moneys arising by the Licenses by this Act paid (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted), shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, as Part of and together with the Duties on Beer, and the said Money so paid into the said Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer as aforesaid, shall be considered to and made Part of the Fund called the Consolidated Fund.

Enforcement of
Act.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or be commenced against any Person or Persons, for any thing by him, her or them done, by virtue or in performance of this Act, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Three Months next after the Matter or Thing done, and shall be laid in the proper County, and the Defendants or Defendants to such Action or Suit shall or may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon; and if afterwards

General Issue.

afterwards a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall discontinue his, her or their Action or Suits, or be satisfied, or Judgment shall be given against him, her or them upon Demurrer, or otherwise, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs to be awarded to him, her or them, against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

Treble Costs.
Proviso of 14 Geo. 3. c. 7. and other Acts extended to Acts.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Powers, Privileges, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, which in any Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, *An Act for taking away the Courts of Wards and Liveries, and Tenures in Capite, and by Knights Service and Parsonages, and for settling a Revenue upon His Majesty in her thereof, or by any other Laws now in force relating to his Majesty's Revenue of Excise* are provided or established for managing, raising, levying, collecting, receiving, adjusting or administering the Duties thereby imposed, or any of them, shall be nullified, void and put in Execution in and for the managing, raising, levying, collecting, computing, measuring and paying, the Duties of Excise by this Act imposed, and for preventing, detecting and punishing Frauds relating thereto as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if all and every the said Powers, Rules, Privileges, Penalties, Clauses, Matters and Things were particularly repeated and re-enacted in this present Act.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect as to all such Matters and Things therein contained, in respect whereof no Special Commencement is hereby directed or provided from and immediately after the passing of this Act.

Commence-
ment of Act.

C A P. LXXXVIII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds by Treasury Bills for the Service of Ireland for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. [16th June 1811.]

" IRISH Treasury may raise Bills to a certain Extent to bear Interest. § 1. Bills shall not exceed £200,000. Bills, if not paid off, shall be taken in Payment of the Revenue in Ireland, after such time as the Treasury shall appoint, and Interest shall cease. § 2, 3. Money to be carried to the Irish Consolidated Fund. § 4. Said Bills to be chargeable thereon. § 5. Bank of Ireland empowered to advance £200,000 on the Credit of this Act. § 6.

C A P. LXXXIX.

An Act to increase the Salary of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. [16th June 1811.]

WHEREAS, in compliance with an Address of the House of Commons of Ireland, the Salary and Appointments attached to the Office of Lord Lieutenant of Ireland were in the Year One thousand seven hundred and eighty three fixed by His Majesty at Twenty thousand Pounds by the Year: And whereas the sum here before fixed of late Years quite inadequate to the Expenses necessarily incident to the Dignity and due Maintenance of that high and important Office: And whereas in consequence of His Majesty's Message to the House of Commons the Ninth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and ten, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland did by their Address humbly request His Majesty that he would be graciously pleased to direct such Increase to be made to the Salary of the said Office, not exceeding Ten thousand Pounds by the Year, as to His Majesty should seem necessary: And whereas, in compliance with the said Address, His Majesty was pleased to authorize the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland for the use here to give the necessary Orders for raising and paying out of his Treasury or Revenue in the Receipt of his Exchequer in Ireland applicable to the Civil List Establishment there, the Sum of ten thousand Pounds yearly, in Addition to the Salary of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, from the Twenty fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and nine: And whereas the said Orders were given, and the said Sum hath been heretofore paid accordingly: And whereas under the Provisions of an Act of Parliament passed in Ireland in the Thirty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the Support of the Honor and Dignity of His Majesty's Crown in Ireland, and for granting to His Majesty a Civil List Establishment under certain Provisions and Regulations, certain yearly Sums either allotted by the said Act, or capable of being increased from time to time according to certain Modes thereby established, are directed to be paid to His Majesty and his Successors for the Support of the Civil List Establishment: And whereas the Salary of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Government of Ireland for the time being, is one of the Charges payable out of the said Fund, and the said Fund may not be sufficient to pay the same because of the said Salary in Addition to the other Charges payable thereout: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, ever and above the said several Sums to be payable yearly under the Provisions of the said recited Act, there be added and paid out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland each Sum in each and every Year, not exceeding the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds Irish Currency, as, together with the said Fund so granted by the said Act, shall be necessary and sufficient to discharge the said additional Salary of Ten thousand Pounds yearly, over and above all and every the Charges and Payments to which the said Fund would from time to time lawfully be subject if this Act had not been passed and the said additional Salary had not been granted or ordered, and that the same shall be payable and paid by Warrant of the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or Lords Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being, or any Three of them.*

13 G. 3. c. 13.
c. 24.

§ 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

C A P. XC.

An Act for defraying, until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of *Ireland*; and for making Allowances in certain cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace. [26th Jan 1811.]

WHEREAS it is necessary that Provision should be made for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, for One Year, from the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eleven; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for every County, County of a City or Town in *Ireland*, where the Militia is or shall be raised, the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in *Ireland* shall draw and pay out of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland* the whole Sum required, in the manner and for the several Uses hereinafter mentioned; that it is to be paid for the Pay of the said Militia at the Rate of Six Shillings per Day for each Adjutant, Quarter-master and Sergeant respectively, where an Adjutant, Quarter-master or Sergeant is appointed; and at the Rate of Two Shillings a Day for each Quarter Master where a Quarter Master is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Six pence per Day for each Sergeant resident at the Head Quarters of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, with the Addition of Two Shillings and Six Pence per Week for each Sergeant Major and Quarter Master Sergeant, where a Sergeant Major and Quarter Master Sergeant are appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling per Day for each Drummer to reside as aforesaid, with the Addition of Six Pence per Day for each Drum Major, where a Drum Major is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling per Day for each Fifer to reside as aforesaid; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Two Pence per Day for each Corporal to reside as aforesaid, and also at the Rate of Four Pence per Month for each Private Man and Drumsman, for defraying the contingent Expenses of each Regiment and Battalion of Militia; One Penny whereof shall be applied for defraying the Hospital Expenses of each Regiment or Battalion during the time of the Men being from Home upon account of their annual Exercise; and also for the Clothing of the Militia for each County, after the Rate of Three Pounds and Ten Shillings for each Sergeant, and Two Pounds for each Drummer, with the Addition of One Pound for each Sergeant Major and each Drum Major; and at the Rate of Two Pounds for each Corporal, when such Sergeants, Drummers, Sergeant Majors, Drum Majors and Corporals have not been clothed within Two Years; and, with respect to the Private Militia Men, at the Rate of One Pound Twelve Shillings for each Private Militia Man, when such Private Militia Men have not been clothed within Four Years; Provided always, that where any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall be absent on Forfeight or Licence, such Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall, during such Absence, receive the Rates of Pay following; that is to say, every Sergeant the Sum of One Shilling, every Corporal the Sum of Eight Pence and every Drummer the Sum of Six Pence per Day respectively, and so more, and it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, to direct that any such Pay shall be from time to time issued by the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in *Ireland*, for any Period not exceeding Four Months from the time when such Advances shall be made.

III. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Governor or Government, or Deputy Governor, as a General Meeting to be held for any County, County of a City or Town in *Ireland*, shall have fixed the Days of Exercise for the Militia, the Colonel or Commanding Officer shall, as soon as may be, certify the same to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in *Ireland*, specifying the Number of Men and the Number of Days such Men are to be absent from Home on account of such Exercise, not exceeding in the whole Twenty eight Days; and the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in *Ireland* are hereby required within Fourteen Days after the Receipt of such Certificate, to issue and pay out of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*, at the Rate of Two Shillings per Day for the Captain of each Company, at the Rate of Two Shillings and Eight Pence per Day for each Lieutenant, and of Four Shillings and Eight Pence per Day for each Ensign, at the Rate of Seven Shillings and Six Pence per Day for each Assistant Sergeant, and also at the Rate of One Shilling per Day for each Private Militia Man, for any Number of Days not exceeding Twenty eight, during which such Men shall be absent from Home on account of their Attendance at such Place of annual Exercise.

XI. And whereas it is expedient to make some Addition to the Pay of certain Subaltern Officers, and to Assistant Sergeants of the Militia Forces of *Ireland* during Peace, under certain Regulations; Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the discharge of the Militia Forces in *Ireland*, certain annual Allowances, over and above the Pay to which during Peace they are now entitled, shall for the future be allowed and paid to such Subaltern Officers and Assistant Sergeants to the Amount, under the Regulations, and in the manner hereinafter expressed; that it is to be, to every Subaltern of the said Militia, who shall have in any time previous to the Expiration of Four Months from the passing of an Act of the full Session of Parliament, introduced, an Act for defraying until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of *Ireland*; and for making Allowances in certain cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace, been appointed to a Commission in the said Militia, or who, previous to the Expiration of Four Months from the passing of this Act, shall be appointed to a Commission, and who shall have continued faithfully to serve in the same Coy.; and the discharge of whom, the Sum of Twenty five Pounds per Annum shall be allowed and paid over and above the Pay to which they may be by Law entitled during Peace, and over and above any Deduction of any Kind, or for any Purpose whatsoever; and to every Assistant Sergeant a like Allowance of Twenty five Pounds per Annum, in the manner hereinafter mentioned.

XII. Provided

XII. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That no Person who is or shall at any time hereafter become possessed of such an Estate or Income, as would by Law entitle him to hold a Captain's Commission in the Militia of a County at large in *Ireland*, or who is or shall be at any time hereafter appointed Adjutant or Paymaster in any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, nor any Person deriving in any way whatsoever, otherwise than as a Subaltern or Assistant Surgeon of the said Militia, any Income, Stipend or Allowance whatsoever from the Public, nor any Office or the Full or Half Pay of the Navy, Army or Marines, who shall also hold a Subaltern's Commission in the said Militia, shall have or be in any wife entitled to the said annual Allowance, or any Part or Share thereof; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

XIII. And he is further enacted, That every Subaltern Officer and Assistant Surgeon of the Militia of *Ireland*, who shall please under the Authority of this Act to receive any such annual Allowance, shall, previous to receiving the same, and in order to enable himself thereto, annually take and subscribe on Oath before some one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, or County of a City, or County of a Town, in *Ireland*, to which the Regiment or Battalion in which he serves shall belong, in the Words or to the Effect following; *scilicet*,

“ I, *A. B.* do swear, That I am serving as a Subaltern Officer (or Assistant Surgeon, or the *case may be*) in the Regiment or Battalion of the Militia of *Ireland*; and that I am not in my own Right, or in Right of my Wife, nor have been, since disembodding of the said Regiment or Battalion, as the actual Possessor and Enjoyment or Receipt of the Rent and Profits of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, of such an annual Value above Repairs, as would qualify me to hold a Captain's Commission in the Militia of a County at large in *Ireland*; and that I am not, nor have been since the disembodding of the said Regiment or Battalion, an Adjutant or Paymaster in any Regiment or Battalion of the Militia of *Ireland*; that I do not hold or enjoy, nor have held or enjoyed, nor does nor has any Person for me hold or enjoy, or hold or enjoyed since the disembodding of the said Regiment or Battalion, any Office or Income whatsoever from the Public; and that I am not entitled either to the Full or Half Pay of the Navy, Army or Marines, nor have been since the disembodding of the said Regiment or Battalion.

“ So help me GOD.”

Which Oath to take and subscribe, shall be by the said Justice forthwith certified and transmitted, and he is hereby required to certify and transmit the same to the Collector of Excise of the District in which the County, County of a City or County of a Town shall be situate, to which such Regiment or Battalion of Militia which such Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon shall be then serving shall belong, to be by him filed and preserved for the Purposes hereafter mentioned.

XIV. And he is further enacted, That every Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon of the said Militia who shall be entitled, or claim to be entitled to the Benefits of this Act, shall regularly attend the annual Exercise and Training of the Regiment or Battalion in which he belongs, during the whole of the Twenty eight Days by Law required for that Purpose, and shall, during that time, punctually do and perform his Duty as a Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon of such Regiment or Battalion, on Pain of forfeiting the said annual Allowance, as well as the Rest of his Pay, and every Part thereof which may be due for the current Year in which he shall neglect or refuse to attend; and Certificates of his having so attended and performed his Duty, signed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Battalion to which he may belong, shall be transmitted by the said Commanding Officer to the Collector of Excise of the District in which the County, County of a City, or County of a Town is situate, to which such Regiment or Battalion in which such Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon is then serving shall belong, to be by the said Collector returned previous to any such Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon being entitled to demand or receive the said annual Allowance, or any Part thereof, and in case any such Subaltern Officer, or Assistant Surgeon, claiming to be entitled to the said annual Allowance, shall be by his Commanding Officer permitted or suffered for any special Cause or unavoidable Necessity, to be absent during the whole or any Part of such annual Exercise, (in which case it shall be lawful for such Commanding Officer to grant such Leave of Absence, and for such Subaltern Officer, or Assistant Surgeon, who may be so permitted to be absent, to demand and receive the said annual Allowance, and every Part thereof, in like manner as if he had attended during the whole of the annual Exercise, the Reasons for such Absence, as well as the Duration thereof, shall be carefully and truly specified in the Certificate before mentioned, signed by the Commanding Officer, to be by him transmitted in case as aforesaid may be to the Collector of Excise for the District in which such County, County of a City, or County of a Town, to which such Regiment or Battalion shall belong, is situate, and to the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being.

XV. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That in case any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia after the disembodding thereof, at any time shall not be called out for the annual Exercise and Training thereof, every Subaltern Officer and Assistant Surgeon belonging to any such Regiment or Battalion, and coming within the Dispositions of this Act, who shall have taken the Oath here-before mentioned, before any Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, shall be entitled to the said annual Allowance, in if such Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon had regularly attended the annual Exercise and Training of such Regiment or Battalion during the whole of the Twenty eight Days by Law required for that Purpose, and as if a Certificate of such Attendance, signed by the Commanding Officer of such Regiment or Battalion, had been transmitted to the Collector of Excise for the District in which such County, County of a City, or

Excise.

Subalterns taking Oaths to take the following Oath.

Oath.

Justice to transmit Oaths to Collector of Excise.

Subalterns entitled to attend annual Exercise.

Penalty.

Certificates of Attendance to be transmitted by Commanding Officer to Collector of Excise.

Reasons for Leave of Absence to be inserted in Certificate.

If Militia are called out to attend Exercise, and when not called out to attend Exercise.

County of a Tenth, to which each Regiment or Battalion shall belong in Feasts, according to the Direction of this Act; any thing contained in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Allowance paid
without Dis-
allowance.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That upon each Certificate as aforesaid of each Justice of the Peace and Commanding Officer as aforesaid, or where any Regiment or Battalion shall not have been called out to their annual Exercise as aforesaid, upon Certificates of any such Justice of the Peace only being produced to or received by the respective Collectors, it shall and may be lawful for such Collectors and they are hereby authorized and required to pay to the said Subaltern Officers and Assistant Surgeons the annual Allowance above mentioned, in addition to their Pay, without any Deduction whatsoever, out of any publick Money in their Hands; all which Moneys to be paid by such Collectors shall be allowed them in their Accounts; the Certificates before mentioned to be by them preserved and produced as Vouchers for the Payments from time to time made by them in pursuance of this Act.

Subalterns not
crediting when
called upon.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers and Assistant Sergeants of the said Militia, entitled or claiming to be entitled to the Benefits of this Act, shall at all times be liable to serve in the respective Regiments or Battalions to which they belong, whenever the same shall be embodied or called out upon actual Service; and in case of Neglect or Refusal to attend when called upon, or in case any Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon shall a second time neglect or refuse to attend and perform his Duty in the annual Exercise as before directed, each and every such Subaltern Officer or Assistant Sergeant shall forfeit his and their Claims to the said annual Allowance, and every Part thereof, in all times to come and shall also be considered as having resigned and vacated his and their Commission and Commissions in all Inquests and Purposes whatsoever.

Allowance paid
by Collectors on
Production of
Certificate.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said several annual Allowances shall be paid to the Parties respectively entitled thereto, by the Collectors, upon the Production of the before mentioned several Certificates as soon after the close of the annual Exercise and Training as may be convenient or practicable: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to prevent any Subaltern Officer entitled to the Benefits of this Act, from receiving the Pay allowed by Law for his Attendance at each annual Exercise as before mentioned, one and above the said annual Allowance: Provided also, that nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend, to entitle any Subaltern Officer as aforesaid to the said annual Allowance, or any Part thereof, during the time the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs shall be embodied or called out on actual Service: Provided also, that this Act and the Benefits and Allowances therein contained, shall extend, and be construed to extend, to the Assistant Sergeants of each and every Regiment or Battalion respectively, and also to the respective Numbers of Subaltern Officers in each and every Regiment and Battalion in number respectively specified and so more; that is to say, not exceeding Twenty Subaltern Officers in any Regiment consisting of Ten Companies; not exceeding Eighteen Subaltern Officers in any Regiment consisting of only Nine Companies; not exceeding Sixteen Subaltern Officers in any Regiment consisting of only Eight Companies; not exceeding Fourteen Subaltern Officers in any Regiment or Battalion consisting of only Seven Companies; and not exceeding Twelve Subaltern Officers in any Regiment or Battalion consisting of only Six Companies.

but not paid
while Militia
embodied.

Allowance to
be paid to a man
in Militia.

Continued.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and no longer.

[This Act, except the Clause above referred, is similar to 50 G. 3. c. 89.]

C A P. XCL

An Act for discharging certain Arrears of Quit, Crown and Composition Rents, which have been growing due in Ireland. [26th June 1811.]

WHEREAS several Lands, Rectories, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Foss, Tournaments and Hereditaments in Ireland, chargeable with Quit Rents, Crown Rents, Composition Rents or other Chief Rents, payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, have been for many Years past arrears; and by the Collection of His Majesty's Revenue in Ireland in which such Rents have been given in charge as not to be found, and such Rents have been constantly returned as Arrears, by means whereof such Arrears do now amount to considerable Sums of Money, and will be great Incumbrances on such Lands, Rectories, Abbey, Priory and Monastery Lands, Tithes, Foss, Tournaments and Hereditaments, in case the same should hereafter be discovered; And whereas it is apprehended that giving an Encouragement to the present Holders of such Lands, Rectories, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Foss, Tournaments and Hereditaments, to discover the same, in as that the growing Rents payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, may hereafter be punctually paid, will increase His Majesty's Revenue: Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for every Justice and Justices, Bodies Politic and Corporate, at any time before the Twenty fifth Day of March which will be in the Year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, to prefer his, her or their Petition or Petitions, to His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Ireland, thereby setting forth, that all or some of the Lands, Rectories, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Foss, Tournaments and Hereditaments in Ireland, whereof he, she or they is, or are seized, or are or are reputed or liable to have certain Quit Rent, Crown Rent, Composition or other Chief Rent, payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, which hath not been paid for the Space of Twenty Years next immediately preceding the Twenty sixth Day

The Application
to be made,
and which is
of Arrears of
Quit and other
Rents due to His
Majesty in
Ireland, must be
made previous
Sept. 26, 1811.

of *September* in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and ten, particularly deferring in such Petitions the Lands liable to the Payment thereof, as well by their names as former Names and Designations, and thereby submitting to pay all such annual Quit Rents, Crown Rents, Composition Rents or other Chief Rents, which shall become due from and after such time as the said Court of Exchequer shall think fit to order, and paying to have such Lands, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements and Hereditaments, discharged of and free from all Arrears of such Rents incurred, due to and for such time as the said Court shall think fit, which Petition shall be engrossed on Parchment and signed by the Party or Parties preferring the same, (except in case of a Minor or Lunatic, and in such case by the Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees of such Minor or Lunatic) and shall be filed on Record in the second Remembrancer's Office, and that thereupon an Order shall be made by the said Court, that the Auditor General or his Deputy or Deputies shall march into the Rent Rolls, Books and Records in his Office, and shall certify to the said Court, by a certain Day to be appointed by the Court whether any such Rent or Rents as to or are mentioned in such Petition or Petitions, hath or have been accounted for to His Majesty or his Executors, within the Space of Twenty Years next preceding the said Twentieth month Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and ten, a Copy of which Order shall be served on the said Auditor General or his Deputy, and on the Solicitor of His Majesty's Rents, Ten Days at the least before the Day appointed for his making such Certificate; and the said Auditor General or his Deputy is hereby required to make, such Search, and to certify to the said Court of Exchequer, whether it appears to him that such Rents have been paid or accounted for to His Majesty or his Executors, within the Space of Twenty Years next before the Twentieth Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and ten, and whether it appears to him that any and what Proceedings have been had by or on behalf of His Majesty, for Recovery of such Rent within the said Period; for which Search the Sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence and so more; and for which Certificate the Sum of Six Shillings and Eight Pence and so more; and for Entry of Discharge of such Arrears out of the Rent Roll, the Sum of Three Shillings and Four Pence, and so more, shall be paid to the said Auditor General; and if upon Review of such Certificate, and upon examining into the Truth of the Allegations of such Petition by the said Court of Exchequer, in a summary way, it shall appear to the said Court, that no Quit Rent, Crown Rent, Composition Rent or other Chief Rent payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, hath been paid for and out of such Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements and Hereditaments, or hath been accounted for by the Collector of His Majesty's Rents for the District where such Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements and Hereditaments are, within the Term of Twenty Years next before the Twentieth month Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and ten, and that no Proceedings have been had by or on behalf of His Majesty, for Recovery of such Rent within the said Twenty Years, then and in such case the said Court of Exchequer is hereby authorized and empowered to make an Order, that the said Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements and Hereditaments mentioned in such Petition, and the Persons who from time to time respectively held and enjoyed the same, shall be absolutely freed and discharged of and from all such Rents and Arrears due or in Arrear at any time before the said Twentieth month Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and ten; and that order the said Auditor General to give in charge to the Collector of the District where such Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements or Hereditaments lie, such growing Rents as the said Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall appear to be chargeable with, which shall become due from and after the said Twentieth month Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and ten, to the extent that the same be duly collected for the future, and that such Order shall be an official Discharge against His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, as to such Arrears; and if it shall appear to the said Court of Exchequer in manner aforesaid, that no Quit Rent, Crown Rent, Composition Rent or other Chief Rent payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, hath been paid for out of such Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements and Hereditaments, or hath been accounted for to the Collector of His Majesty's Rents, for the District where such Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements and Hereditaments lie, within the Term of Twenty Years next before the Twentieth month Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and ten, but that Proceedings have been had by or on behalf of His Majesty for Recovery of such Rent within the said Twenty Years, and before the time when any such Petition shall be preferred as aforesaid; then and in such case the said Court of Exchequer is hereby authorized and empowered to make an Order on such Person, that the said Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements or Hereditaments mentioned in such Petition, and the Person who from time to time respectively held and enjoyed the same, shall be absolutely freed and discharged of and from all such Rents and Arrears due and in Arrear at any time before the Twentieth month Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and ten; and shall order the said Auditor General to give in charge to the Collector or Collectors of the District where such Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements or Hereditaments do lie, such growing Rents as the said Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall appear to be chargeable with, which shall become due from and after the said Twentieth month Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and ten, to the extent that the same may be duly collected for the future, and that such Order shall be an official Discharge against His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, as to such Arrears.

§ 11. And whereas it may tend to the Discovery of such Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements or Hereditaments as have been returned by the said Collectors as set to be found, as aforesaid, if Persons who shall discover the same, so as to enable His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to recover the Rents payable thereon, and Arrears thereof, shall be entitled to a Reward for so doing; Whereas he it enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall officiously discover any Lands, Rectory,

Auditor General to give in Charge to the Collector Rents amounting above Sept. 25, 1810.

When Proceedings had within 20 Years Lands discharged only of Arrears to 25th Sept. 1810.

Persons are entitled to such

Revs, making
Duty of
Revenue Arise

Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be assess'd of the said
Rent, Crown Rent, Composition Rent or other Chief Rent payable thence to His Majesty as aforesaid,
and which has been retained by the said Collectors as set to be paid as aforesaid, other than the Pro-
prietor or Proprietors, or other Person or Persons, subject to the Payment of such Rent, in as that such
Rent or Rents to accrue be recovered, such Person or Persons making such Dutyfree shall be entitled to
One Month of such Arrear as shall be recovered; provided that such Month shall not exceed the Sum of
Twenty Pounds.

Revised.

C A P. XCII.

An Act to repeal certain Parts of several Acts of the Parliament of Ireland, relating to the Tolls
on Stage Coaches, carrying above a certain Number of Passengers, and to make other Provisions
in lieu thereof. [16th June 1811.]

Ch. 1 (1)
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WHEREAS by Two several Acts passed in the Parliament of Ireland, the One in the Thirty third
Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to explain and reduce into One All the several*
Laws for making, repairing or mending the Turnpike Roads leading from the Town of Naas to the Town of
Marlborough and Ballyroan, from the said Town of Marlborough to the City of Limerick, and from the
Town of Nough to O'Brien's Bridge; and the other, made in the Thirty eighth Year of His present
Majesty's Reign, intitled, An Act to explain and reduce into One All the several Laws for making, improving
and repairing the Turnpike Road leading from the City of Dublin to Kilsallen Bridge in the County of Kildare,
and to the Twenty one Mile Stone Westward of the said Bridge, and for prolonging the Duration of the Act
for repairing the Road from Naas to Limerick, and for the further Improvement of the Road from Kilsallen
to Naas in the City of Cork; it is enacted, that during the Continuance of the said Acts respectively it
shall be lawful for the Persons mentioned in the said Acts respectively to demand and take for every Stage
Coach or other Carriage plying for Hire, or conveying Persons for Hire, which shall convey at any one
time upon any Part of the Roads in the said Acts respectively mentioned, more than Six Persons with saddle,
or more than Three Persons besides the Driver and Guard upon the Outside of any such Coach or other
Carriage, a Toll or Penalty of Five Shillings for every Horse or other Beast drawing the same, in addition
to the Tolls by the said respective Acts directed to be paid: And whereas it is expedient that the said Tolls
or Penalties should be repealed, and a more moderate Toll allowed to be taken instead thereof: Be it there-
fore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords
Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the
same, That, from and after the passing of this Act the said respective Tolls or Penalties of Five Shillings,
for every Horse or other Beast drawing such Carriage as aforesaid, under the said Provisions of
the said recited Acts, shall be, and the same are hereby respectively repealed, and shall cease and determine
and be so long as may be.

Ch. 2 (1)
- 137

Revised by J.

revised.

Additional Title.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, and during the Continuance
of the said recited Acts, it shall be lawful for the several Persons in the said recited Acts severally and respec-
tively mentioned, or their Assigns, to demand and take by such Person or Persons as they shall authorize
therein at each and every Passage in the said Acts respectively mentioned, for every Stage Coach or other
Carriage plying for Hire or conveying Persons for Hire, upon any Part of the Roads in the said Acts respec-
tively mentioned, the Sum of Five Pence for every Horse or other Beast drawing such Coach or other
Carriage, in addition to the Tolls by the said Acts directed to be paid, every time such Coach or other
Carriage shall pass through any of the said Gates: Provided always, that such Additional Toll shall not
be deemed to extend to Waggoners or other Carriages with broad Wheels in the said recited Acts or either of
these mentioned and specified.

Proviso.

C A P. XCIII.

An Act for granting additional Duties of Customs on Fir Timber, of certain Dimensions, of the
Growth of Norway imported into Great Britain. [16th June 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that additional Duties of Customs should be imposed upon Fir Timber of
certain Dimensions of the Growth of Norway, and imported directly from thence into Great Britain: Be it
therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords
Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the
same, That, from and after the Fest Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, there shall
be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several additional Duties
and Temporary or War Duties of Customs on Fir Timber of the Growth of Norway, and imported
directly from thence into Great Britain, being Eight Inches Square, and not exceeding Ten Inches Square,
as the same are respectively inserted, described and set forth in Figures in the Table hereunto annexed, marked
A. and that there shall be paid or allowed on the Exportation of such Fir Timber, the several Drawbacks of
the said Duties of Customs as the same are also respectively inserted, described and set forth in Figures in the
said Table marked A.

Tables.

Drawback.

Proviso inserted
under 43 Q. 3.
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War Duties have
been payable.

II. And be it further enacted, That the additional Duties hereby imposed may be freed by Bond under
the Regulations of an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An*
Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain, to be imported in Her Majesty's subject Payment of Duty.

III. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said additional Duties of Customs hereby imposed,
as fall under the Title or Description of Temporary or War Duties, shall be paid and payable during the
Continuance of the present War, and for Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.

IV. Provided

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said additional Duties on Colours shall be charged and payable on any Timber imported or delivered in the said Table hereunto annexed, marked A, which having been so loaded or otherwise secured under the Authority of any Act of Parliament, with or without a Licence or Duty, shall be taken out of any such Warehouse or Place where the same shall have been lodged or stored, for the Purpose of being sold or consumed in Great Britain, after the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, notwithstanding such Timber may have been imported into Great Britain before the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said additional Duties on Colours and Drawbacks of Distilled Colours hereby expressed and allowed shall be managed, advanced, raised, levied, collected, enforced, paid, returned, and allowed in such and the like manner, and by the same Means, Ways and Methods as the Duties on Colours of a like nature are managed, advanced, raised, levied, collected, enforced, paid, returned, and allowed under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties, and Inclosures in that behalf contained, in and under the several Acts of Parliament in Great Britain and all Parts, Provinces, Towns or Fortifications for any Officer or Officers who are or shall be appointed by any Act or Acts of Parliament to take or to immediately take the passing of this Act, made for the better Revision of Colours, or for the Regulation and Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Provisions, Directions, Statutes, Orders, Rules, and Regulations, in and under the said Acts, and the said Duties and Drawbacks, so as and effectually as all Customs and Excises, if they were at large imposed and so created in this Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all Monies arising from time to time from each of the said Duties hereby imposed, as well under the Description of Permanent Duties, (like necessary Charges of such Duties and according to the same respectively excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Whitehall, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties called the Permanent Duties, imposed by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties, in lieu thereof, and subjectively directed to be appropriated and applied.*

VII. And whereas it is expedient that the Temporary or War Duties granted by this Act should be applied to such Services as the Services voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom in Parliament assembled: Be it therefore enacted, That the additional Temporary or War Duties granted by this Act shall be appropriated and applied from time to time to such Services as shall be voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom in Parliament assembled, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or shall be voted by the said Commons for the Service of any subsequent Year; and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury now or for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, one or more lawfully authorized and empowered to that end apply the same accordingly.

VIII. And whereas it is expedient that the Drawback allowed by an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act for altering the Time at which the additional Duties of Customs imposed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament on certain Species of Wine were to have been taken place, and for granting a Drawback upon Dials and Timber used in the Mines of Tin, Copper and Lead, in the Counties of Cornwall and Devon, or for Timber used and employed in any of the Mines of Tin, Lead or Copper in the Counties of Devon or Cornwall,* should be increased in Proportion to the additional Duties of Customs imposed by this Act on Fir Timber: Be it therefore enacted, That in Addition to the Drawback allowed by the said recited Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, of Part of the Duties of Customs paid on the Importation of Fir Timber of the Growth of Norway, and imposed thereby from thence, being Eight Inches Square, and not exceeding Ten Inches Square, and imported in the Tin, Lead or Copper Mines, in the Counties of Devon or Cornwall, there shall also be paid and allowed a Drawback of the Duties of Customs imposed by this Act on the Importation into Great Britain of any such Timber, which shall have been so used and employed as aforesaid, and on which the Duties granted by this Act shall have been paid: Provided always, that the additional Drawback so granted and allowed as aforesaid, shall be paid and allowed on the same Conditions, and shall be subject in every respect to the same Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, Securities and Penalties, as the Drawback on Fir Timber granted by the said recited Act passed in the present Session of Parliament is paid and allowed.

TABLE to which this Act refers.

Table A.

| A TABLE of ADDITIONAL DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on FIR TIMBER, of the Growth of Norway, imported into Great Britain. | CUSTOMS. | | TEMPORARY. | |
|--|----------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| | Duty. | Drawback. | Duty. | War Duty. |
| FIR TIMBER, of the Growth of Norway, and imported directly from thence, Eight Inches Square, and not exceeding Ten Inches Square, imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing Fifty Cubic Feet | 1 2 6 | — 15 | — | — 13 0 |
| Not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing Fifty Cubic Feet | 1 4 | — 15 | — | — 14 6 |

[See the Act to which this Table is annexed.]

C A P. XCIV.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirtee, an Act of the last Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act to extend and amend the Terms and Provisions of an Act of the Third, sixth and Fourth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Performance of Timber in the New Forest, and for appointing the Boundaries of the said Forest, and the Limits of the Green within the same.* [26th June 1811.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Thirtieth sixth and Fourth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the better Performance of Timber in the New Forest in the County of Southampton, and for appointing the Boundaries of the said Forest and of the Lands of the Crown within the same*; and **WHEREAS** an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to extend and amend the Terms and Provisions of an Act of the Third sixth and Fourth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Performance of Timber in the New Forest in the County of Southampton, and for appointing the Boundaries of the said Forest, and of the Lands of the Crown within the same*, will expire on the Twenty eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and it may therefore be expedient that the same be a further Period: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and every the Powers and Provisions of the last recited Act shall continue and be in force for Two Years, to be computed from the said Twenty eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

C A P. XCV.

An Act to explain and amend certain Laws of Excise respecting the Duties on Estates and Goods sold by Auction; the allowing Dealers to sell their own Coffee on certain Conditions; and to the Water Mark of the Year on Paper intended for Exportation. [26th June 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, among other things, for altering, amending and enforcing so much of an Act made in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty as relates to the collecting the Duties on Estates and Goods sold by Auction, it is enacted, That if any sale by Auction of any Estate, Goods or Chattels, shall be intended and by reason that the Person for whose Benefit the same was sold had no Title to the same, or no Right to dispose thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the Auctioneer who paid the Duty to the King to file, or for the Person for whose Benefit the same was sold, to lay his, her or their Complaint before the Commissioners of Excise or Justices of the Peace within whose Jurisdiction respectively such Sale was made; and the said Commissioners of Excise or Justices of the Peace respectively, upon such Complaint to them made, shall and are required to hear and determine all such Complaints, and upon due Proof to reduce the Party to complaining of so much of his, her or their respective Payments as shall be made out before them to have been over paid: And whereas for the more effectual Relief of the Party so complaining, it is expedient to make the Provision hereof expressed: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That such Commissioners or Justices of the Peace respectively, before whom any such Complaint shall have been so filed, and by whom the same shall have been so determined, and such Relief given or granted, shall and they the said Commissioners and Justices of the Peace respectively, are hereby authorized and required to grant their Warrants, directed to the proper Collector of Excise, authorizing and requiring him to allow and pay to the Party so complaining and relieved, out of the Duties on Sales at Auction which shall next come to the Hands of such Collector, the full Amount of such Payment as shall be so made out before them, the said Commissioners or Justices respectively, to have been overpaid.

II. And whereas Doubts have arisen whether by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intituled, *An Act allowing Dealers to sell their own Coffee* as a special Condition, the Powers and Authorities given or granted to the Commissioners for the Island of Great Britain Coffee for the same being, by an Act made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, to provide Houses for the Roasting of Coffee, and to appoint Officers for attending the same, and Persons well skilled in the roasting of Coffee to attend at each such Roasting House for that Purpose, are not repealed: Now, to obviate and remove all such Doubts, be it declared and enacted, That none of the said recited Powers and Authorities, or any other Powers or Authorities given or granted to the said Commissioners by the said Act made in the said Tenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, relating to Houses for the roasting of Coffee, or to the Money payable for the roasting of Coffee at any such Houses, are by the said Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty repealed: Provided always nevertheless, that nothing herebefore contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to repeal or alter any of the Provisions of the said Act relating to Sellers of or Dealers in Coffee being at Liberty to sell his, her or their own Coffee wares, *independently* and according to the Rules and Regulations in the said Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty in that behalf mentioned, or to forbid any Coffee roasted, burnt or dried under or according to the said Rules and Regulations of the said Act, in any Place, other than in some one of the Houses provided as in the said Act

of the Tenth Year of His said late Majesty King George the Third is continued; any thing in this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament contained to the contrary in any such Act notwithstanding.

III. And whereas by Two Clauses in an Act made in the Thirty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intitled, *An Act for repealing the Duties on Paper, Parchment, Stationery, Stationers and Glazed Papers, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*; it is, among other things, provided, that nothing in that Act contained should extend or be deemed or construed to extend, viz

§ 27

• Perfor or Perfins whatever to any such Drawback, or to in respect of any such ruled Account Books as are therein is

§ 28

• that behalf respectively mentioned, unless the Paper thereof respectively should have visible in the Substance thereof a Mark commonly called *A Water Mark*, of the Date of the then present Year of our Lord; in the following Figure, 1794, or in like manner of some Subsequent Year of our Lord: And whereas by such Clause in the said Act it was enacted, that if any Printer, Bookbinder or other Person should in any Package or Parcel of Books intended for Exportation on Drawback, put or pack up any Book or Books, the Paper whereof should not have visible in the Substance thereof such Water Mark as aforesaid, then a duty in such rate as all every such Package or Parcel, and all the Books of every Kind therein contained, should be forfeited, and the same should and might be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise: And whereas by another Clause in the said Act it is also provided, that nothing in that Act contained should extend or be deemed or construed to extend to merely any Person or Persons whatever to any such Drawback or Allowance as is in the said Act in that behalf mentioned, or to in respect of any such Paper used in the printing any such Bibles, Testaments, Psalm Books, Books of Common Prayer, Catechisms or of Faith, or the larger or shorter Catechisms as therein mentioned, unless the said Paper should have visible in the Substance thereof a Mark commonly called *A Water Mark*, of the Date of the then present Year of our Lord, in the following Figure, 1794, or of some Subsequent Year of our Lord: And whereas it is expedient to repeal the said recited Clauses of the said Act: Be it therefore enacted, That the said recited Clauses shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

11 G. 3. c. 20.

§ 27

§ 28

§ 29

§ 30

repealed.

C. A. P. XCVI.

An Act to extend the Powers vested in the Commissioners of the Customs of refusing Vessels and Goods seized, to Seizures made by virtue of any Acts relating to the Department of the Customs.

[24th June 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for making further Provisions in regard to such Vessels as are particularly described in an Act made in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Prevention of Smuggling in the Kingdom, and for extending the said Act to other Vessels and Boats not particularly described therein; for taking of the Duties on Spirits in which Wine or Oil is imported; for laying a additional Duty on foreign Goods imported; for taking of the Duty on the Growth of Africa, imported into the Kingdom; and for amending several Laws relative to the Revenue of Customs; the Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland respectively are authorized to direct, under the Circumstances and on the Terms and Conditions therein mentioned, any Goods or Commodities whatever, or any Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horles, Cattle or Carriages which shall have been seized as forfeited by virtue or in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Revenue of Customs, to be returned to the Proprietor or Proprietors: And whereas Doubts have arisen whether the Powers and Authorities so vested in the said Commissioners extend to authorize the Delivery of Goods and Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horles, Cattle or Carriages that may have been seized as forfeited by any Officer or Officers of the Customs, or other Person or Persons being duly authorized to make such Seizures by virtue and in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament: And whereas it is expedient, in order to obviate such Doubts, and to prevent the Delay, Inconvenience and Expence that would be occasioned by the Detention of Vessels or Goods seized under Circumstances whereof it would be just and reasonable that Relief should be afforded, that the Powers and Authorities so vested in the Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland respectively should extend and be construed to extend to authorize the Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland, according to their respective Jurisdictions, to order any Goods or Commodities whatever, or any Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horles, Cattle or Carriages, which shall have been seized or forfeited by any Officer or Officers of the Customs, or by any other Person or Persons who by virtue and under the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament made for the Protection of Trade, the Benefit of Commerce, or for the encouraging and increasing of Shipping and Navigation, or in any respect relating to the Department of the Customs, to be returned to the Proprietor or Proprietors as the Terms and Conditions hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all the Powers and Authorities vested in the Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland respectively by the last recited Act passed in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, by virtue of which the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being, or any four or more of them, or the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland for the time being, or any three or more of them, are authorized to direct any Goods or Commodities whatever, or any Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horles, Cattle or Carriages seized as forfeited by virtue and in pursuance of any Act or Acts relating to the Revenue of Customs, to be returned to the Proprietor or Proprietors, as the Terms and Conditions on the said Act mentioned,*

27 G. 3. c. 21

§ 29.

Comds. Powers
vested in Com-
missioners of
Customs by re-
cited Act be
extended to the
said Act.

And extend and be construed to extend to authorize the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being, or any five or more of them, or the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland for the time being, among Three or more of them, according to their respective Jurisdictions, to order any Goods or Commodities whatsoever, as Merchandise, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages that shall have been imported as aforesaid either by any Officer or Officers of the Customs, or by any other Person or Persons of and out of any City or in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament made for the Protection of Trade, the Benefit of Commerce, or the Revenue, and saving, &c. of Ships and Navigation, or by virtue of any Act in pursuance of any other Act or Acts of Parliament, and subject to their or the Department of the Customs to be bound to the Proprietor or Proprietors, in which such Goods or Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages, shall have been seized as Goods or Duties on the High Seas, or on any other of His Majesty's Dominions, Colonies, Settlements, Plantations, or in His Majesty's Colonies, shall be given to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, according to their respective Jurisdictions, that the Factors or Agents without any View of Fraud in the Proprietor or Proprietors of such Goods or Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages, and that the Seizure shall have been made by any such Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons appointed in or by His Majesty's Colonies, Settlements or Plantations, or in any other Place, and that the said Goods or Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages, or any part thereof, shall be in the Possession of them, that such Order as was occasioned by the Proprietor or Proprietors of any such Goods or Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages having acted in conformity with any Customs Laws, such as the Governor or Chief Officer of any such Colony, Settlement or Plantation shall have done in or upon any any particular Case, shall be observed.

II. And it is further enacted, That in any case where the said Commissioners of the Customs in England or in Scotland's Jurisdiction shall require the Factors hereby mentioned above, such Goods or Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages shall be ordered to the Proprietor or Proprietors in such manner and in such Order and Condition, as and in the Certificates of the said Officers shall appear to the said Commissioners in England and Scotland respectively to be reasonable, and as they shall think fit to direct; and if the said Proprietor or Proprietors shall comply with the Terms and Conditions as prescribed by such Commissioners in England and Scotland respectively, it shall not be lawful for the Officer or Officers of the Customs, or any other Person or Persons mentioned who shall have seized such Goods or Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages, or any other Person or Persons otherwise as his or their behalf, to proceed in any manner for the Good matters therein; but the said Proprietor or Proprietors shall not comply with the Terms and Conditions prescribed by the said Commissioners respectively, such Officer or Officers, Person or Persons, shall be at Liberty, so it shall not be hereby authorized to proceed for the Consideration of such Goods or Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages, so if this Law had not been made: Provided always, that if such Proprietor or Proprietors shall accept the Terms and Conditions prescribed by the said Commissioners of the Customs respectively, such Proprietor or Proprietors shall not have or be entitled to any Recompense or Damage on account of the Seizure or Detention of such Goods or Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages, or to have or maintain any Action whatsoever for the same; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. XCVII.

An Act to regulate the Trade between Places in Europe South of Cape Finisterre, and certain Ports in the British Colonies in North America. [26th June 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act to amend certain Articles of Growth, Production or Manufacture of Europe, in the Isles and Shores in Great Britain adjoining with British North American Provinces, and Fish taken by British in the British North American Colonies, at any Port of Europe, in order to be exported to the principal Ports in the British Colonies and Plantations in North America*, should be repealed, and other Provisions should be made for the Encouragement of the said Trade: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the said recited Act shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, any Fruit, Wine, Oil, Salt or Cork, the Produce of any Part of Europe South of Cape Finisterre, for Exportation, shall to any of the several Ports hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, the Port of Saint John's in the Province of New Brunswick, Saint John's in the Island of Newfoundland, Quebec in the Province of Canada, Sydney in the Island of Cape Breton, Halifax and Shelburne in the Province of Nova Scotia, and Charlotte Town in Prince Edward's Island, all in North America, on board of any British Ship or Vessel owned, managed and registered according to Law, which shall have arrived at any Port or Place in Europe South of Cape Finisterre, with Articles of the Growth or Produce of the said Colonies, or with Fish taken and cured by His Majesty's Subjects dwelling on the Fisheries from any of the said Colonies or Plantations, or from any Part of the United Kingdom, or with any of the Goods or Commodities hereinafter mentioned from the Province of Canada, whether such Goods and Merchandise shall be the Growth or Produce of the Province of Canada, or shall have been brought into the said Province by Land or Inland Navigation.

III. And

III. And be it further enacted, That the Articles aforesaid, the Produce of any Part of Europe South of Cape Good Hope, shall, before the Importation thereof into any of the several Ports before mentioned, be taken and sold, in the Payment of such Duties as Goods of the like Description or Description may be sold and liable to, upon being imported into any of the said several Ports from Great Britain, and be either or higher Duty, as may hereafter be by any Act or Acts of Parliament to be made in that behalf respectively.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Merchant or other Person exporting any Cargo from any Part of (1.) Possession of Great Britain or of New Zealand, for any Part of Europe South of Cape Good Hope, under the Act, shall make Oath at the Port of Shipment in those Possessions to the Chief Officer of the Customs at such Port, or to the Naval Officer in Command at such Port, which Oath shall be of the Contents or Effect following, to wit, I hereby certify and declare, that the Cargo so shipped is the Growth and Produce of the said Province, or of the Part thereof to which it is bound, and is a North American, really and lawfully taken and cured by His Majesty's Subjects, carrying on the said Fisheries from some of the said Colonies or Plantations, and such Officer or the Customs or Naval Officer at such Port of shipment shall certify such Oath under his Hand, which Certificate shall be produced by the Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of the said Ship or Vessel at which any such Cargo is shipped, on the Arrival at the Port in Europe within the Limits specified to which such Cargo shall be consigned, or to which such Ship or Vessel shall go for the Delivery of the Cargo; and the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel shall make Oath before the said Officer or other Person, as if there shall be no such Certificate thereunto, that he will be true to the said Oath, and that he will not export any such Goods, which Oath he or they are hereby authorized or required to administer, and the Certificate so produced was the Certificate of the Officer of the Customs or Naval Officer at which same is taken, and was duly signed by him.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Ship or Vessel bound to export from Canada, or a British-Settle Ship, really, captured and made, or taken up to be again, any Part of Europe within the Limits aforesaid, the several Articles hereunder mentioned, shall be taken up by Oath being required of their being the Growth or Produce of the said Province, or any Colonies, or any parts of the Country from whence they came; that is to say, Wheat, Tares, Peas, Beans, Oats, Barley, Indian Corn, Rice, White Oak Staves and Headings, dried or salted Fish, Herring, Pickled and Cured Fish, the Madder or other Perish having Charge of any such Freight in such Ship or Vessel before the time of the said Article, and exporting the same from Canada, to any Port of Europe, within the Limits aforesaid, shall be required to produce a Certificate from the Chief Officer of the Customs or the Naval Officer in Command at Quebec, that the said Articles were either the Growth or the Produce of any of the said Colonies conformably to the Regulation established by Law in the said Province (if any) by Land or inland Navigation, from Coastwise to foreign Ports; and which Certificate such Officer of the Customs or Naval Officer is hereby authorized and required to grant upon satisfactory Proof being made upon Oath or otherwise (which Oath he is authorized to administer) and the Authenticity of the Certificate shall be proven to the satisfaction of the Master or other Person having the Charge of such Ship or Vessel at the Port of Delivery in Europe, within the aforesaid Limits.

VI. And be it further enacted, That before the Shipment or lading any such British-Settle Ship or Vessel, of any Pickled Fish, or Dry Fish, for the Purpose of Exportation from Canada, to any Part of Europe within the Limits aforesaid, the Person or whole Particular the same has continued from the time of its being loaded from the said Ship or Vessel, employed in the taking of, until the same shall be shipped for Exportation, shall make Oath before the Chief Officer of the Customs, or the Naval Officer in Command at Quebec (who shall be authorized to administer such Oath), that the same was the Produce of the said Province, or Colonies, really and lawfully taken and cured by His Majesty's Subjects, carrying on the said Fisheries from some of the said Colonies or Plantations, and such Oath being taken at Quebec, the said Officer of the Customs or Naval Officer shall grant a Certificate thereof signed with his Hand, which Certificate only the Master or other Person having Charge of such Ship or Vessel shall be required to produce at the Port of Delivery in Europe within the Limits aforesaid, and shall make Oath of the Authenticity of such Certificate in manner aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That any Ship or Vessel, or any Goods, Wares or Merchandises, subject to Forfeiture by the Provisions of the Act, aforesaid may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs in the said Colonies or Plantations respectively, or by the Comptroller of any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War, and the same shall not only be prohibited, freed for, measured and dunn'd in the same Manner and Form, and by the same Rules and Regulations in all respects, as far as the same are applicable, as any other Forfeiture imposed by any Act or Acts made for the Security of the Revenue, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, or for the Regulation of Trade or Navigation, and which were in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, may be prosecuted, seized for, measured and dunn'd, in any British Colony or Plantation or Town.

C A P. XCVIII.

An Act to amend the several Acts in the United Kingdom as have enacted to give Securities and to regulate Memorials thereof, under an Act of the last Session of Parliament, and for extending the time limited for those Purposes respectively, until Two Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament. [16th June 1811.]

WHEREAS divers Persons who, by reason of their Appointment or holding of certain Offices or Employments, or Commission Civil or Military, in any Public Department, or of Public Trust, or who, by reason of being concerned in the Collection, Receipt, Disbursement or Expenditure of any

c. 98 & 99.

copying into
the book
to be given to
the printer
to be printed
in the
name of
the
Printer
of the
Parliament
of Great
Britain.

each Act
and Memorial
to be given
to and
registered
by the
proper
Officers.
General
Notes.

Public Money, or otherwise, or may be required or raised, under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to regulate the taking of Securities in all Cases of a Request of such Security as is given; and for extending the Grant of all such Offices, in the Event of such Security not being given within a time to be limited after the Grant of such Office, to give any such Security, or to register any such Memorial as is mentioned in that Act, or to give Notice of the Death of any Person, or on, upon the Death of any such Person, to give Security of another Person, and to register a Memorial of the Security of such new Person according to the Directions of that Act, here, through Ignorance of the Law, Advice, or some unavoidable Accident, omitted or may omit to give such Securities as aforesaid, or such Memorials thereof to be duly registered, or to give Notice of the Death of any Person as aforesaid, or within such time and in such manner as is and by the said Act is required, whereby they have incurred, or may be in Danger of incurring divers Penalties and Disabilities: For preventing any Inconvenience that might otherwise happen by means of such Omissions, be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and every Person or Persons who at or before the passing of this Act hath or have omitted, or shall have omitted, or shall after the passing of this Act omit to give such Security, and to cause such Memorial thereof to be duly registered, in such manner, as is and by the said recited Act is required, or to give Notice of the Death of any such Person as aforesaid, and who after being appointed to and accepting any such Office, Place or Employment, or undertaking any thing, on account of which such Security ought to have been or ought to be given, and such Memorial thereof registered at any time before the passing of this Act, hath or have given such Security, and registered such Memorial, or given such Notice, or who at any time before the Expiration of Two Months from the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, shall give such Security, and register such Memorial, or give such Notice as aforesaid, in such cases, in such manner, and at or in such Place or Places as are appointed in and by the said recited Act, shall be and are hereby indemnified, freed and discharged from and against all Penalties, Forfeitures, Incapacities and Disabilities incurred or to be incurred for or by reason of any Neglect or Omission of giving any such Security, or registering any such Memorial, or giving any such Notice according to the above recited Act; and such Person or Persons as are and are, and shall be fully and actually compensated and restored to the same State and Condition as he, she or they were in before such Neglect or Omission; and that all Acts done or to be done by any such Person or Persons, or by Authority derived from him, her or them, are and shall be of the same Force and Validity, as the same or any of them would have been, if such Person or Persons respectively had given such Security, and registered such Memorial, or given such Notice according to the Directions of the said Act.*

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all such Securities and Memorials shall and may be given and registered as and by the said Officers and Persons in the like manner, and under the like Rules, Regulations and Provisions, within the limited Period allowed by this Act, for the giving or registering thereof respectively, as if such Securities had been given and such Memorials registered within the respective Periods limited for their Purposes in the said recited Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case any Petition, Suit, Bill of Indemnity or Information, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be brought, carried on or prosecuted, against any Person or Persons hereby exempt or intended to be indemnified, compensated or restored, for or on account of any Forfeiture, Penalty, Injustice or Disability whatsoever, incurred or to be incurred by any such Neglect or Omission, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and upon their Defence give this Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence upon any Trial to be had thereupon.

C A P. XCIX.

An Act for removing Doubts as to the registering of certain Property purchased or sold under the Land Tax Redemption Act, in Right of which Persons may claim to vote at Elections of Members to serve in Parliament.

[26th June 1811.]

c. 98 & 99.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty second Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for consolidating the Provisions of the several Acts passed for the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax, here, One Act, and for making further Provision for the Redemption and Sale thereof; and for removing Doubts respecting the Right of Persons claiming a vote at Elections for Knights of the Shire, and other Members to serve in Parliament, in respect of Messuages, Lands or Tenements, the Land Tax upon which shall have been redeemed or purchased, Purchasers of Land Tax charged upon Messuages, Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, are by virtue of that Act adjudged, deemed and taken to be as the usual Seigns and Possessors of yearly Rents or Sums, as Free Rents, equal in Amount to the Land Tax so purchased by them, to be charged and payable out of the Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments; whereas the Land Tax so purchased was charged: And whereas no Person is allowed by Law to vote for electing any Member of Parliament, in respect of any Annuity, Free Rent or Rent Charge, without the same being first duly registered in manner directed by Law: And whereas Doubts have arisen whether any Person can vote at an Election for a Member of Parliament in respect of any Land Tax so purchased as aforesaid, without the same or some Memorial of the Contract or Certificate for such Purchase being first registered, in the same manner as other Free Rents, Rent Charges and Annuities, or Memorials of the Grant thereof, are required to be registered as aforesaid: Now, for removing such Doubts, be it enacted and declared by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, of the United Kingdom in Parliament assembled, and by the*

Authority

Authority of the Law, That it shall be lawful for any Person to vote at an Election for a Member of Parliament, in respect of Land Tax as purchased as aforesaid, it shall not be necessary to have the same or any Memorial of the County or Certificate of the Parishes thereof registered, or other Fee Farm Rents and Annuities, or a Memorial of the Grant thereof, as required by Law to be registered before any Person can vote for electing a Member of Parliament, or to sign it thereat.

Registery of
Parishes of
Land Tax not
necessary to
qualify a
Person to
vote at an
Election.

C A P. C.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for regulating the Trial of Causes, Judgments and other Proceedings which arise within the Lordship of Man, Guernsey and Jersey Corporate within this Kingdom.* [20th June 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to regulate the Trial of Causes, Judgments and other Proceedings which arise within the Lordship of Man, Guernsey and Jersey Corporate within this Kingdom,* it is amongst other things, enacted, that it shall and law, to be lawful for any Prothonotary or Prothonotary to possess, or to have in his or her Office, or any Office or Offices committed or charged to be committed within the County of any City or Town Corporate, to the Jury of the County next adjoining to the County of such City or Town Corporate, to be and charged to enquire for the King for the Body of such adjoining County, at any Sessions of Oyer and Terminer or General Gaol Delivery; and that every such Bill of Indictment made by a true Bill by such Jury should be valid and effectual in Law, as if the same had been made by a true Bill by any Jury sworn and charged to enquire for the King, for the Body of the County of such City or Town Corporate; And whereas it was further provided by the said recited Act, that if it should appear, in any manner therein mentioned, to any Court of Oyer and Terminer or General Gaol Delivery for the County of any City or Town Corporate, that any Indictment found by any Grand Jury of the County of such City or Town Corporate, or any Inquisition taken before the Coroner or Coroners of the County of such City or Town Corporate, or other Justices, was fit and proper to be tried by a Jury of any next adjoining County, that the same Proceedings and Trial should be had, and the same Judgment should be given as would and law to be had and given in cases of Indictments or Inquisitions for the like Offences committed within such next adjoining Counties; but in Power was given in cases of Convictions, in pursuance of any of the Provisions in the said recited Act, of ordering the Liberation of the Sentence in the County of the City or Town Corporate within which the Offence had been committed, and was charged to have been committed; And whereas it may be fit and expedient, that in such cases the Parliament should be satisfied, and the best way put in Execution, in the respective Counties of the Cities or Towns Corporate where such Offences had been so committed; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Court before which any Conviction shall have taken place in pursuance of the Provisions of the said recited Act, to order every such Convict to be punished according to Law, either within the County where such Conviction shall have taken place, or within the County of the City or Town Corporate wherein such Offence shall have been committed; and in cases where the Court shall order such Convict to be punished within the County of such City or Town Corporate, it shall and may be lawful for the Court after passing Sentence upon every such Convict or Convicts to order him, her or them to be delivered into the Custody of the Sheriff or Sheriffs, Gaoler or other proper Officer or Officers of the County of such City or Town Corporate, and the Sheriff or Sheriffs, Gaoler or other proper Officer or Officers of the County of such City or Town Corporate to and are hereby commanded to receive into his or their Custody every such Convict or Convicts, and to execute the Sentence so passed upon him, her and them in such adjoining County, as if he, she or they had been tried and had received such Sentence in the County of such City or Town Corporate.

And whereas it is provided by the said recited Act, that in all cases of Indictments and other Proceedings which may be tried before His Majesty's Justices of Oyer and Terminer or General Gaol Delivery, for any County in pursuance of the Provisions contained in the said Act, it should and might be lawful for such Justices to order the Expenses of the Prothonotary, and of the Witnesses, and of the several Expenses payable in pursuance of the Statutes in such cases made and provided as the Commission of Officers, to be paid by and to the same Person and in the same manner as the same would have been payable if such Indictment had been tried in the Court of Oyer and Terminer or General Gaol Delivery of the County of such City or Town Corporate; And whereas it is just and expedient that a similar Provision should be made for the Payment of all other Expenses which may be incurred by any such adjoining County in relation to any Person who may be tried or removed for Trial in such adjoining County, for any Offence committed or charged to have been committed in the County of any such City or Town Corporate; It is therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of Oyer and Terminer or General Gaol Delivery, in any Session thereof holden for such County, and they are hereby requested to order all Expenses whatsoever incurred by such County in relation to any Person who shall be tried in such County or removed thither for Trial, for any Offence committed or charged to have been committed within the County of any such City or Town Corporate, as well as maintaining and supporting such Person and carrying the Sentence into Execution in any other respect, to be repaid to the Treasurer of such County or other Person acting as Treasurer of such County, or who shall have actually paid such Expenses, by the same Person or Persons and in the same manner as the same would have been payable if such Offender or Offenders

28 G. 3. c. 25.

14

52

In what cases
Expenses may be
incurred in the
County of the
City or Town
Corporate.

28 G. 3. c. 25.

Provision for
Payment of
Expenses not
before granted
for by the
County of a
City or Town
Corporate.

Offender had remained in the County of such City or Town Corporate, shall had been tried in the Court of Oyer and Terminer or General Goal Delivery of the County of such City or Town Corporate, and in the Sentence with respect to such Offender had been carried into Execution within the County of such City or Town Corporate.

C A P. CI.

An Act for amending an Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the British White Herring Fishery. [16th June 1811.]

44 G. 3. c. 112
51.
WHEREAS it is deemed expedient that the Bounty granted by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the further Encouragement and better Regulation of the British White Herring Fishery, until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and thirtieth, and from thenceforth to the End of the first next Session of Parliament, should be extended to Vessels under the Command of Sixty Tons or Less thereof*; made by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the Bounties of Three Pence per Ton granted by the said Act to the Owner or Owners of any wholl-stocked Bait or Vessel of not less than Forty Six Tons Burthen, (a) being registered, owned or under Charter, and licensed, assigned and registered according to Law, which shall be directed out for or be actually employed in the Deep Sea British White Herring Fishery as the Costs of such Bounties provided, in the manner and subject to all the Regulations and Provisions prescribed by the said Act. (b) [The original Act is so, but the words *owner* of the *License* appears to be omitted.]

It And be it further enacted, That no such Vessel of less than Sixty Tons and not less than Forty Six Tons Burthen shall be deemed to be properly fitted out for and to be duly employed in the British White Herring Fishery, in so far as to entitle the Owner or Owners to any Bounty on the Tonnage thereof by virtue of the said Act, unless such Bait or Vessel shall be manned with Ten Men, or with Eight Men and Two Boys not under Thirteen Years of Age.

C A P. CII.

An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for discharging from the Claims of the Crown certain Real and Personal Estates belonging to General De Lacey, late Barrack Master General, and vested in Trustees for Sale; and also for vesting and settling certain Lands heretofore contracted to be purchased by the said General De Lacey in Trustees, to be sold for Payment of a Debt due to the Crown, and for other Purposes relative thereto. [16th June 1811.]

1811. c. 2.
— 51.
1811. c. 2.
— 51.
WHEREAS an Act of Parliament was passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for Discharging from the Claims of the Crown certain Real and Personal Estates belonging to General De Lacey, late Barrack Master General, and vested in Trustees for Sale*; reciting, among other things, that by Indenture of Bargain and Sale, witnessed by the Court of Chancery, and dated the Twenty seventh Day of August One thousand eight hundred and six, and made between the said Oliver De Lacey, then styled Lieutenant General of His Majesty's Forces, and first time since Separation, Lieutenant General of Barracks, and afterwards and late Barrack Master General of all the Barracks for His Majesty's Forces, of the First Part; the Right Honourable William Wyndham Baron Grosvenor, the Right Honourable Henry Pery (commonly called Lord Henry Pery), the Honourable John Charles Spencer (commonly called Viscount Althorp), the Right Honourable William Pittman and John George Esquire, being then the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, of the Second Part; and William Pittman and Joseph Alcock Esquires, of the Third Part; reciting, that divers Sums of Public Money in a very considerable Amount had been expended by the said Oliver De Lacey during his Continuance in the Office of Barrack Master General, and upon investigating his Accounts with Government, it had been found that a considerable Balance was still remaining in his Hands, but the exact Amount of such Balance had not been ascertained; be the said Oliver De Lacey, by the Direction of the said Lords Commissioners, did in the manner and by the Description therein contained, grant, bargain, sell and convey, devise, lease and appoint all the Freehold Estates of his the said Oliver De Lacey, in the County of Surrey, unto and to the Use of them the said William Pittman and Joseph Alcock, and their Heirs and Assigns, for ever, (among other Things) upon Trust to sell the same (except what had been contracted to be sold or exchanged as therein mentioned), and upon Payment into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of the Money for which the same should be sold, to the Account of the said Oliver De Lacey, to convey the same to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or as he or they should direct; and that it was by the said Indenture declared, that all the Money which should in virtue thereof be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, should be so paid to the Intent that the same might be applied towards satisfying the Balance due or that might be found due from the said Oliver De Lacey to His Majesty at his Succession, upon the final settling of the aforesaid Accounts of his the said Oliver De Lacey, and also reciting in the said Act of Parliament, that it was apprehended that Purchasers might object to the Title of the Estates conveyed or described in that Indenture for want of a Quittance or Discharge from the Crown for the Monies due and owing from the said Oliver De Lacey upon the Balance of his aforesaid Accounts, it was enacted that, from and immediately after the passing of that

Act, in the said Enrolment, which, as by the said Act, Statute, or Proclamation, or
 other, manner, granted, bargained and sold, with their Rights, Liberties, Privileges, and
 immunities, and be referred to in the said *William Mifflin* and *Joseph Alcock*,
 as in and by the Trusts, Estates and Purposes, and under and by the
 said Act, Statute, or Proclamation, or other, manner, granted, bargained and sold,
 and by the said Indenture of Bargain and Sale, and by the said
 Act, Statute, or Proclamation, or other, manner, granted, bargained and sold,
 and by the said Indenture of Bargain and Sale, which had before
 the said Act, Statute, or Proclamation, or other, manner, granted, bargained and sold,
De Leacy among his Commissioners in the Office of Supremacy, and by the
 said Act, Statute, or Proclamation, or other, manner, granted, bargained and sold,
 of *Barwick* Mayor Council as aforesaid, and of and from all Clergymen, Ministers,
 and Benefices, for and in respect of the same: And whereas Part of the said
 by the said Indenture of Bargain and Sale to the said *William Mifflin*
 and *Alfices*, to be sold as aforesaid, and also intended to be conveyed
 Act of Parliament, discharged from all Charges of the Crown as aforesaid, and
 held Land, containing Fifty Acres or thereabouts, Part of *Essex* Upper
 of *Essex* *Essex* *Essex*, in the County of *Essex*, which had been let out and
 of the Commission of an Inquisition Act passed in the Forty second Year of
 as Land to be sold to pay the Expenses incurred by that Act, and which Land
 contracted to sell to the said *Oliver De Leacy*, in consideration of the Sum of
 Pounds, which was paid by the said *Oliver De Leacy* to the said Commission, and whereas a being
 ascertained that the said Commission appointed by the said Act of the Forty second Year aforesaid, did not
 take by Oath of Qualification directed by the said Indenture Act of the Forty second Year aforesaid, prior
 to his setting out and alienating the said Two Pieces of Land, containing Fifty Acres or thereabouts, an
 Land to be sold to pay the Expenses incurred under the said Act, and he nevertheless to sell the same to
 the said *Oliver De Leacy*, as aforesaid, it was conceived that the said Contract and Act of the said
 Contract to sell were void; and accordingly he the said Commission, having first taken the Oath of Qualifi-
 cation as directed by the said Act of the Forty second Year aforesaid, did, on or before the Sixth Day of
February One thousand eight hundred and eight, in presence of the Judges and Justices given to and
 referred to in that Act, and the Act therein recited, and for the Purpose of passing and their pay the
 Charges and Expenses incurred in obtaining and passing the said Act of the Forty second Year aforesaid,
 and of all other incidental Charges and Expenses whatsoever preparatory to the said Indenture, and of con-
 veying the same unto *Essex*, sign and sell Two Pieces or Parcels of Land, containing together Fifty
 Acres Part of *Essex* Upper Common aforesaid, lying in the aforesaid Manor of *Essex* *Essex* *Essex*,
 being the same Lands as were originally let out and alienated, and contracted to be sold by the said Com-
 missioner as aforesaid: And whereas the aforesaid Sum of Six hundred and forty five Pounds, so paid to
 the said Commissioner *George Swallow* by the said *Oliver De Leacy* as aforesaid, remained in the Hands
 of him the said Commissioner, and he the said *Oliver De Leacy* being defrauded therein the said Two Pieces of
 Land containing Fifty Acres should be alienated and referred to the said *William Mifflin* and *Joseph Alcock*,
 and their Heirs and Assigns, upon the Trusts of the said Indenture of Bargain and Sale, and Act of the
 Forty second Year aforesaid; and that they the said *William Mifflin* and *Joseph Alcock* should as such
 Trustees become the Payeees thereof for the said Sum of Six hundred and forty five Pounds, the
 Money of the said *Oliver De Leacy*, to be paid by him to the said Commissioner as aforesaid, by the said Com-
 missioner *George Swallow* did, by an Instrument in Writing under his Hand, dated the Sixth Day of *Fe-*
bruary One thousand eight hundred and eight, acknowledged to have that Day received of and from the
 said *William Mifflin* and *Joseph Alcock*, Trustees of the said *Oliver De Leacy*, the Sum of Six hundred
 and forty five Pounds, to be applied by him in satisfying such Charges and Expenses as were in and by
 the said Act of the Forty second Year aforesaid directed to be paid and discharged by the Sale of such
 Land, being the best Price that could be gotten for the same Pieces or Parcels of Ground; and he the said
 Commissioner *George Swallow* did declare the same to be the full Amount of the Parolike Money for the
 Fee Simple and Inheritance of and in the same Pieces or Parcels of Land to be concluded by the said *William*
Mifflin and *Joseph Alcock*, Trustees of the said *Oliver De Leacy*: And whereas the said Commissioner
George Swallow duly made and executed his Award in Writing pursuant to the Directions of the said Act
 of the Forty second Year aforesaid, dated the Ninth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and eight,
 and did thereby first set and assign and allot the Part or Parts of the Common or Waste Leach by that Act
 directed or authorized to be divided or excluded next hereinafter particularly described, being the aforesaid
 Two Pieces or Parcels of Land, containing Fifty Acres; that is to say, One Piece or Parcel of Land,
 containing Twenty Acres One Rod and Thirty six Perches, marked on the Plan shewn annexed III.
 bounded on the East by Allotment marked VII. on the said Plan, and on the South West and North Sides
 thereof by the First, Third and Fourth described Public Roads or Highways, the Fences on the South
 West and North Sides whereof the said Commissioner did thereby order and direct to be made, and for ever
 after maintained and kept in Repair by the said *William Mifflin* and *Joseph Alcock*, Trustees as aforesaid,
 or the Owners of the said Allotment for the six being; and One other Piece or Parcel of Land containing
 Twenty one Acres Two Rods and Four Perches, marked on the said Plan, bounded on the East by
 an Allotment marked XX. on the said Plan; on the North, East, West and North by the Second, Third
 and Fifth described Public Roads or Highways, the Fences equal which said Roads the said Commissioner
 did thereby order and direct to be made, and for ever after maintained and kept in Repair by and at the
 Expense of the said *William Mifflin* and *Joseph Alcock*, Trustees as aforesaid, or the Owners of the said
 Allotment for the same being, which said Two Pieces or Parcels of Land containing together Fifty Acres,

the said Commissioners had set out, signed and attested as being in his Judgment sufficient to make a complete Sum of Money for paying the Charges and Expenses of obtaining and passing the said Act of the Forty fourth Year aforesaid, and all other incidental Charges and Expenses whatsoever, for or by reason of or in pursuance of the said Act and Indenture, and of carrying that Act into complete Execution: And whereas the said William Myford and Joseph Alford have, in Execution of the Trusts expressed in them by the said several Indentures of Bargain and Sale, and Act of the Forty seventh Year aforesaid, contracted to sell to a Purchaser a considerable Part of the said several Estates, comprising the said Two Pieces of Land, containing Fifty Acres; but no Obligation hath been made to the Title of the said Fifty Acres, upon the Ground that the same are not well settled in the said William Myford and Joseph Alford upon the Trusts aforesaid, by the Contract and Award made by the said Commissioner George Scaeville, with and to them the same Trustees as aforesaid, and also that the same Lands are not discharged from the Chimes of the Crown, for the Mortar due and owing from the said Oliver De Lacey, upon the Balance of his aforesaid Accounts: And whereas it is expedient that all such Objections be removed; And whereas it is and by the aforesaid Indenture of Bargain and Sale of the Twenty seventh Day of August One thousand eight hundred and six, recited, that the said Oliver De Lacey had entered into a Covenant dated the Twenty fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and four, with the Right Honourable Richard Briggly Sheridan, One of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, and then Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, for the Purchase of Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches of Land, situate at Effingham aforesaid, and had paid to him the said Richard Briggly Sheridan the Sum of Five hundred Pounds as the Price thereof, but no Conveyance thereof had been executed by him the said Richard Briggly Sheridan; and after such Recital, it is by the same Indenture intimated, that in consideration of all and singular the Premises, he the said Oliver De Lacey did grant, bargain, sell and assign unto the said William Myford and Joseph Alford, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, the said Contract to convey and with the said Richard Briggly Sheridan, and all Benefit and Advantage thereof, and also the said Sum of Five hundred Pounds, and all Interest due or to become due thereon, upon Trust and to the Intent that they the same Trustees should execute the said Contract to be specifically performed by a Conveyance from the said Richard Briggly Sheridan, his Heirs or Assigns, or by his or their Procurement of the said Land comprised in the said Contract, such Conveyance to be made to them the said William Myford and Joseph Alford, and their Heirs and Assigns for ever, upon and to and for such and the same Trusts, Ends, Intents and Purposes, and under and subject to such and the same Conditions, Declarations and Agreements as are therein briefly expressed and declared of and concerning the said other Hereditaments thereby directed to be sold: And whereas it is and by the said Act of Parliament of the Forty seventh Year aforesaid recited, that the Land mentioned in the said recited Indenture of Bargain and Sale, in having been contracted to be purchased by the said Oliver De Lacey of the said Richard Briggly Sheridan, from its Contiguity to the Capital Messuage or Tenement at Effingham aforesaid, comprised in the same Indenture, was extremely convenient to be enjoyed therewith, and it had not yet been ascertained that the said Richard Briggly Sheridan could make a good Title thereof, and it might happen that some Person or Persons other than the said Richard Briggly Sheridan might be capable of making such Title, and it was apprehended that, from the said Five or Parcel of Land being conveyed in the same Title with other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments of greater Value, it might be found impossible to purchase the same Piece or Parcel of Land separately and detached from such other Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, it was by the said Act thereby further enacted, That if it should be found impracticable to complete the said Contract for the Purchase of the said Piece or Parcel of Land, containing Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches, or thereabouts, of the said Richard Briggly Sheridan, then and in such case it should and might be lawful to and for the said William Myford and Joseph Alford, or the Survivor of them, or his Heirs or Assigns, to purchase the said Piece or Parcel of Land, containing Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches, or thereabouts, together with any other Freehold or Copyhold Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, situate in the said Parish of Effingham, or in any adjoining Parish or Place, so as the Purchase Money for the same should not exceed the Sum of Five thousand Pounds; and it was thereby further enacted, That all and singular the Freehold and Copyhold Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, which should be purchased by them the said William Myford and Joseph Alford, or the Survivor of them, his Heirs or Assigns as aforesaid, should be conveyed or assigned unto and to the Use of them or his, and their or his Heirs and Assigns for ever, upon and to and for the Trusts, Ends, Intents and Purposes, and under and subject to the Powers, Powers, Declarations and Agreements in and by the said therein recited Indenture of Bargain and Sale, expressed and declared of and concerning the Freehold Messor and other Hereditaments thereby bargained and sold as aforesaid: And whereas the said William Myford and Joseph Alford having found it impossible to complete the said Contract for the Purchase of the said Land containing Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches, or thereabouts, separately and detached from other Lands and Hereditaments, they the same Trustees conceived it incumbent upon them to purchase the Freehold and Copyhold Messuage or Tenement, Lands and other Hereditaments described in, and granted and related and conveyed to be forementioned by the several Indentures of Lease and Release hereinbefore mentioned, of which Freehold Messuages the said Land, containing Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches, is Parcel; And whereas, under and by virtue of certain Indentures of Lease and Release, dated respectively the Eleventh and Twelfth Days of December One thousand eight hundred, the Receipts being made between Sir William Coary Barrett, of the said Part; Charles Carpenter Esquire of the Second Part; the Right Honourable Richard Briggly Sheridan, One of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, then Richard Briggly Sheridan

Consent of Sir
Richard
Sheridan
for a Parcel of
Land.

Indentures of
17th and 18th
December 1800,
and of 17th and
22nd September
1810.

• *Shirides Esquire*, of the Third Part; *John Rolovr Colver Esquire* of the Fourth Part; and *Bernard Cross*, *Jesse Colver* Gentlemen, of the Fifth Part; by the Receipts in which said Indentures of Release it appears that the said *Richard Briggly Shirides* did previously, by himself or his Agent, contracted for the Purchase of the said last mentioned Freehold and Copyhold Messuages, Farms, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, comprising the said Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches; and also by or under and by virtue of certain Indentures of Lease and Release, dated respectively the Eleventh and Twelfth Days of September One thousand eight hundred and ten, the Release being made or expressed to be made between the said *John Rolovr Colver* of the First Part, the said *Bernard Cross* Esquire of the Second Part, and the said *William Mayford* and *Joseph Alcock* of the Third Part, several Freehold and Copyhold Messuages, Farms, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, in the same Indentures particularly described, situate, lying and being in the Parishes of *Eslington*, *Great Benildon* and *Little Benildon*, in the said County of *Surrey*, of which Freehold Hereditaments the said Piece or Parcel of Land, containing Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches in Part and Parcel, have been, for the Considerations in the same Indentures expressed, and particularly in consideration of the Sum of Five thousand six hundred Pounds paid by the said *William Mayford* and *Joseph Alcock* to the said *John Rolovr Colver*, as the Purchase Money for the same Freehold and Copyhold Premises granted and released and conveyed and consented to be forwarded unto and in the Title of them the said *William Mayford* and *Joseph Alcock*, and their Heirs and Assigns for ever: And whereas the said Piece or Parcel of Land containing Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches is Part of the said enrolled Estates contracted to be sold by the said *William Mayford* and *Joseph Alcock* to a Purchaser; but an Objection hath been made to the Title of the said Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches, for Want of a Quota or Discharge from the Crown for the Mosaic due and owing, or that may be freed due and owing from the said *Richard Briggly Shirides*, upon the Balance of his Accounts with the Crown as Treasurer of the Navy; and it is apprehended that for the better Release the Title of the said Piece or Parcel of Land heretofore particularly described, containing together Fifty Acres, with their and every of their Rights, Easements, Members and Appurtenances; and also all and singular the said Freehold and Copyhold Messuages, Farms, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, by or under and by virtue of the said several Indentures of Lease and Release granted, released and conveyed and consented to be forwarded, including the said Piece or Parcel of Land containing Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches, with all the Rights, Easements, Members and Appurtenances thereto belonging, shall be and remain and continue void in and settled upon and to the Use of them the said *William Mayford* and *Joseph Alcock*, and their Heirs and Assigns for ever, upon and to and for the Traits, Interests and Purposes, and under and subject to the Powers, Provisions, Declarations and Agreements, in and by the said Indenture of Bargain and Sale last recited, expressed and declared of and concerning the Freehold Hereditaments therein expressed, and thereby conveyed in Trust to be sold as aforesaid, freed and discharged, and absolutely released, acquitted, exempted and exonerated as to, for and concerning the said Two Pieces of Land containing Fifty Acres, with the Appurtenances, of and from all Sums of the Publick Money which have been impelled or addressed to the said *Oliver De Lancy* during his Continuance in the Office of Superintendent General of Barbecues, and in the Office of Barneck Master General as aforesaid, and of and from all Claims and Demands of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and on account of the same; and also freed and discharged of and from all Claims and Demands of the said *Oliver De Lancy*, his Heirs or Assigns, and as to, for and concerning the said Freehold and Copyhold Messuages, Farms, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments by the said several Indentures of Lease and Release granted and released, and consented to be forwarded as aforesaid, including the said Piece or Parcel of Land containing Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches, with the Appurtenances, freed and discharged, and absolutely released, acquitted, exempted and exonerated of and from all Sums of the Publick Money which have been impelled or addressed to the said *Richard Briggly Shirides* during his Continuance in the Office of Treasurer of the Navy, or for which he is or may be accountable to the Crown as that Character; and of and from all Claims and Demands of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and on account of the same, and also freed and discharged of and from all Claims and Demands of them the said *Richard Briggly Shirides* and *Oliver De Lancy* respectively, and their respective Heirs and Assigns; and that all and every Purchaser or Purchasers of the said Messuages, Lands and Hereditaments hereby sold and settled as aforesaid, who shall pay his or their Purchase Money into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in

The Trust did not alter previous to the execution of the said Indenture in Trust, and was of all Claims of the Crown, &c.

Purchase, as per the Purchase Money, &c.

is expressed in the said Indenture of Bargain and Sale, and who shall obtain a Receipt or Receipts, Tally or Tallies, or other Voucher from His Majesty's Exchequer for each respective Purchase Money, and the Heirs and Assigns of such Purchaser or Purchasers, shall and may for ever hold and enjoy the Lands and Hereditaments hereby sold and letted, which shall be by them or by their respective Purchasers as aforesaid, freed and discharged, and absolutely enjoyed, enjoyed, enjoyed, and exercised as aforesaid.

Tithes and
Tithes.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said *William, Marquis of York and Albany*, and their respective Heirs, Executors and Administrators, or any one or more of their Lands and Tenements, Goods and Chattels, are hereby and lawfully, with full power full licence, sole privilege, and authority for having made such Purchase, as aforesaid for the Line, and is or may be sold, and all, freed and discharged of and from all Claims and Demands whatsoever of His Majesty, and his Heirs and Successors, and of the said *Oliver de Laury*, and his Heirs, Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, for or in respect of the said Purchase to be made by them the said *William Marquis of York and Albany* as aforesaid; and for or in respect of the full Sum of Five thousand five hundred Pounds is paid for the said Purchase as aforesaid, or any Part of the said Sum; and for or in respect of any Costs, Charges, Damages or Expences made or occasioned to the aforesaid entailed Estate by virtue of such Purchase.

Gravel and
Gravel.

III. Being also in the King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, (other than and except in respect of the Sums of Money, Claims and Demands heretofore released and discharged); and also being to all other Estates Publick and Corporate, and other Persons whatsoever, and their respective Successors, Heirs, Executors, and Administrators, and particularly to the Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies of the Manors, whereof the said Capitalled Hereditaments lawfully sold and letted as aforesaid are respectively holden (other than and except the said *Oliver de Laury* and *Richard Evelyn Sherrin* respectively, and their respective Heirs, Executors and Administrators, and the said *William Marquis of York and Albany*, and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns), all such Estates, Rights, Tithes, Incumbents, Claims and Demands whatsoever, of, in and to the Manors, Farms, Lands and Hereditaments hereby sold and letted as aforesaid, or that, or any, or any of them had before the passing of this Act, or could or might have had, held or enjoyed in site this Act had not been made.

Public Ad.
Public Ad.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be a Public Act, and shall be taken Notice of and allowed as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without the being here specially pleaded.

C A P. CIII.

An Act to authorize the following Officers to receive on Half Pay or other Allowances, under certain Restrictions. [1810 June 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient and necessary, that better Provision should be made for the Retirement of Officers disabled by Wounds, or rendered incapable of Service by Age, Ill Health or Infirmary, and also for enabling Officers retired from the Permanent Staff of the Quarter Master General, to receive a Part of their Pay in the same manner as they may be entitled to be entitled by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by agreement with a Lieutenant Colonel of the Line, Special and Temporal, and Commissions, in the Part of the Law aforesaid, and by the Authority of the King, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to allow any Officer in His Majesty's Service who would be entitled upon the Retention of his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or of his Commission in His Majesty's Service, on Half Pay, and who shall become disabled by Wounds, other than Wounds, or Ill Health, or Infirmary, or Age, to be entitled to the Service at War in manner directed by this Act, and who shall thereupon be allowed to retire under the Provisions of this Act, to have and receive the Half Pay of the Commission which he shall have held at the time of his being so disabled to retire, although the Regiment in which he shall have served, or the Commission which he shall have held, shall not be renewed; and also to allow any Officer removed from the Permanent Staff of the Quarter Master General, to have and receive the Half Pay of the Rank in the Army which he held at the time of being so removed as aforesaid.

His Majesty
may allow Of-
ficers retired
to receive on
Half Pay.

Officers in
War or
Infirmary
may receive
on Half Pay.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to allow any Officer serving in any Veteran Battalion, or any Officer who would be entitled by Length of Service or otherwise to be considered as any Regiment of the Line to a Veteran Battalion, who shall become or be rendered incapable of serving in such Veteran Battalion, either from Wounds, Ill Health, Infirmary or Age, to be entitled to the Service at War in manner directed by this Act, and who shall thereupon be allowed to retire under the Provisions of this Act, to have and receive the full Pay of the Commission which he shall have held at the time of his being so disabled to retire as aforesaid.

Officers in War
may receive on
Half Pay.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War (the time being, and the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, from time to time to be ordained and directed the Form and Nature of the Certificates which shall be given by Medical or other Persons in relation to Officers applying to retire on Half Pay or on Full Pay from any Veteran Battalion, provided that every such Certificate shall state whether the Officer by whom the same shall be made and considered wholly incapable of serving for Life or only for a temporary Period, together with such other Particulars as shall be required in that behalf; and every such Certificate shall be registered at the War Office, and an Account of the Officers so allowed to retire in each Year shall be laid before Parliament.

C A P. CV.

An Act for extending and amending the Regulations now in force, relative to the Payment to the Royal Hospital at Chelsea of the forfeited and unclaimed Shares of Army Prize Money.

[26th June 1811.]

• WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to explain and amend in All made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the Encouragement of Seamen, and first in Part and more effectually, naming His Majesty's Navy during the present War, and for the further Encouragement of Seamen; and for the better and more effectually providing for the Interest of the Royal Hospital, as to such as are Granted, and the Royal Hospital for Soldiers or Chelsea; and in respect of the Persons of Hospital Act in other Articles in consequence of the Statutes mentioned in the passing of the said Act: And whereas it is expedient that the said recited Act should be altered and amended: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said recited Act as directs the Payment to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of Chelsea Hospital of all forfeited and unclaimed Shares of Prize or Balances accruing to Officers and Soldiers, and Troops in the Pay of His Majesty, in cases of conquest Expeditions with His Majesty's Naval Forces, shall be and extend to all cases of Prize and Capture, or any Grant upon Capture or Balances arising therefrom, not obtained by Officers, Soldiers and Troops in the Pay of His Majesty, or arising in any Service or Expeditions under the Orders of His Majesty; and all the Provisions of the said recited Act in relation to the Payment of unclaimed Shares of Prize Money, shall extend to whatever and require the Payment in like manner and under the like Restrictions and Regulations of all such forfeited and unclaimed Shares of Prize and Balances remains unpaid to any Officers or Soldiers, or Troops in the Pay of His Majesty, employed in Military Operations, and not comply with the Navy, as fully and effectually, as if all the Provisions, Regulations, Authorities Powers, Privileges, Preferences, Matters and Things relating thereto, were literally repeated and inserted in the Body of and made Part of the Act.*

• If And whereas the said recited Act gives all Shares or Balances of unclaimed Prize Money which should have been paid into Chelsea Hospital as aforesaid, and not legally demanded within Six Years from the time of its being so paid in, to the Use of the said Royal Hospital at Chelsea, but gives no Direction with respect to the Appropriation of the Money during the said Six Years, except in so far as respects the remaining and unclaimed Shares of Prize Money, and except all the Regulations of Persons employed in carrying the said recited Act into Execution, and other Expenses attending the same: And as it is expedient, under the Direction of Parliament, to apply from time to time Moneys arising from such unclaimed Shares of Prize Money to the Use of Chelsea Hospital before the Expiration of the said Six Years: Be it enacted, That so much of the said recited Act as requires or may be construed to require the said Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of Chelsea Hospital to retain in his Hands all unclaimed Prize Money in the Period of Six Years from the time the same shall have been paid into his Hands, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; the said Commissioners retaining always in their Hands such a Sum of Money as in their Judgment will be sufficient to answer any Claims which may be made by the several Persons entitled to such Shares of Prize Money, or their Heirs and Assigns.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, from time to time to cause any Sum or sums of Money of the said recited Act or of the said Shares or Balances of Prize Money to be paid in, as aforesaid, to be inserted in the Public Fund as either Government Securities, in the Name of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor and Deputy Treasurer, for the time being of the said Royal Hospital, and to direct the Deputies and Treasurers arising therefrom from time to time to be applied to the several Civil Services of the Hospital.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That all forfeitures which have been heretofore made of the unclaimed Prize Money, or Shares or Balances, so paid in as aforesaid in the Public Fund, or other Government Securities, in the Name of the Deputy Treasurer, shall be and be legal, valid and effectual, as if the same had been made under the Authority of this Act; and the same Securities shall, after the passing of this Act, be considered in the Names of the said Governor, Lieutenant Governor and Deputy Treasurer, and shall still be them for the Purpose of the said Royal Hospital, as if such forfeitures had been originally made under the Authority of this Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the said Royal Hospital at Chelsea to authorize their Deputy Treasurers to pay to any Person or Persons who shall prove here, her or themselves to the Satisfaction of such Commissioners, or of the said Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer, to be the next of Kin, or legal Representatives, or otherwise legally entitled to any Share of Prize Money belonging to any deceased Soldier, any such Share, not exceeding Twenty Pounds, although such Person shall not have regularly taken out Letters of Administration, or have procured the Probate of any Will of such deceased Soldier, Seaman or Marine.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in all cases of Claims for Prize Money to be made upon the said Royal Hospital at Chelsea, by the next of Kin of Foreign Non-commissioned Officers or Soldiers who shall have been in the Pay of His Majesty, and who shall have died mediate, and who next of Kin shall reside out of His Majesty's Dominions, it shall be lawful for the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital for the time being, to pay and discharge such Claims to such next of Kin, or any Person or Persons duly authorized by such next of Kin, to receive the same, without requiring the Production of Letters of Administration.

49 G. 3. c. 115.

528 extended to all Cases of Prize and Capture, &c.

49 G. 3. c. 115. § 18.

repealed.

528 extended to all Cases of Prize and Capture, &c.

528 extended to all Cases of Prize and Capture, &c.

528 extended to all Cases of Prize and Capture, &c.

528 extended to all Cases of Prize and Capture, &c.

Administration, to the Person appearing upon the Prize List, to be entitled to the Share or Shares which shall be claimed; and in all cases where such Foreign Non-commissioned Officers or Soldiers shall have made Wills, it shall be lawful for the said Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer, in like manner to pay and satisfy such Claims to the Person or Persons who by Testaments of the original Will, or an authenticated Copy thereof, shall appear to be entitled thereto, or to such Person or Persons as he, she or they shall duly authorize to receive the same, without requiring the Production of such Wills.

VII. And whereas it has been the Practice of Army Agents, Regimental Paymasters and others, to obtain Powers of Attorney from large Proportions of different Regiments, authorizing their Receipt of Prize Money from the Prize Agents and from *Chlois's Hospital*, and large Sums of Money have by virtue of such Powers come into the Hands of such Army Agents, Regimental Paymasters and others, for which they ought to account: So it is therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of *Chlois's Hospital* from time to time to issue such Precepts under their Hands, or the Hands of any Three or more of them, directed to such Person as they may have Reason to believe have received Money under such Powers as aforesaid, requiring them to make a Return upon Oath (which Oath may be taken of the Person, or the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital at *Chlois's*, for the time being, is authorized to administer) of all Monies which may have been received by such Person, under any such Powers as aforesaid, and directing the Person or Persons to whom such Precept shall be addressed to make Payment within Two Calendar Months after such Precept shall have been served, of all Monies which may remain to him or them *Holland*, not paid over to the Parties beneficially entitled to it, to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of *Chlois's Hospital*, and such Monies, in case the same shall not be paid over within the time limited by this Act, shall be recoverable from the Person detaining the same by Action for Money had and received, or otherwise, in the Name of such Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital at *Chlois's*; and the same when so paid in or recovered, shall be for the Use of the Parties beneficially entitled thereto; and in case no Claim shall be made thereto for the Space of Six Years from the time of the same being paid into *Chlois's Hospital* as aforesaid, the same shall be applied to the Use of the said Hospital, and in the mean time and until the Expiration of such Six Years, or till the same shall be claimed by the Person or Persons legally entitled thereto, the same shall be invested and applied as Shares of unclaimed Prize Money are hereby directed to be invested and applied.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Deputy Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital at *Chlois's*, for the time being, and he is hereby directed and required to lay annually before both Houses of Parliament an Account in the Form first set in the Schedule to this Act, or in some Form to the like Effect and Effect; and that such Accounts shall be made up to the Twenty fourth Day of December in every Year, the first of them as accounts from the Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, up to which Period Accounts have already been laid before Parliament.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

The Account of the Deputy Treasurer of the Royal Hospital at *Chlois's*, directed to be annually laid before both Houses of Parliament, by an Act of the 51st Geo. 3.

| Dr. | | Cr. | |
|---|-------|---|-------|
| Date of Year | £ s d | Date of Year | £ s d |
| To Cash arising from forfeited and unclaimed Shares of Prize Money, &c. as mentioned in the Act, &c.
<i>(Note: For the Names of the several Persons from whom the Monies have been received, see several Lists in, and from and before, and the several Captives, &c. to which such List relates.)</i>
In the ending from the Periods as last set of Monies laid in the Public Funds or other Government Securities | | By Cash received to Children
By the said in remunerating the Officers of the said Royal Hospital and other Persons, for their Fees and Travels as set out in the Proceedings of the Acts of the 45 Geo. 3. Cap. 78. 49 Geo. 3. Cap. 125. and 51 Geo. 3. c. 1. and in discharging all other necessary Expenses attending the same.
By the said in the Public Funds or other Government Securities
Balance in the Hands of the Treasurer | |
| N.B. There are now pending in the House of the Common, Government Guarantee and Deputy Treasurer of the Hospital, and they are in the Possession of the several Sums of Stock and the other Government Securities under mentioned, viz. | | | |
| <i>(See from the Parliament.)</i> | | | |

C A P. CV.

An Act to enable Persons to bequeath Lands and Tenements to the Commissioners for the Government of The Royal Naval Asylum, and to authorize the said Commissioners to hold the same for the Benefit of the said Asylum; and for amending an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty relating to the said Asylum. [16th June 1811.]

W^h HERAS His Majesty was pleased, by Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, dated the Twenty sixth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nine, to establish an Institution, called "The Royal Naval Asylum for the Management and Education of a certain Number of Orphans and other Children of the Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers of His Majesty's Fleet, and of the Royal Marine Forces;" and appointed divers Persons to be Commissioners for the Government thereof; And whereas well disposed Persons are willing and desirous of devising Freehold Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments to the said Commissioners, for the Purpose of enabling them to carry into more effectual Execution the benevolent and pious Intentions of the said Institution, if the Statutes of Non-residence did not prevent such Devise; and it would greatly tend to the Benefit of the said Asylum, and of the Public, if Power was given for any Person or Persons to devise or give, and for the said Commissioners to accept, take and hold Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments for the Use of the said Asylum; And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, "An Act for enabling His Majesty to give the Palace called The King's House, with the Appurtenances, Situate in Greenwich Park, in the County of Kent, to the Commissioners for the Government of The Royal Naval Asylum, and for enabling the said Commissioners to appoint a Chaplain in said House, it was, among other things, enacted, That it should be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, by Letters Patent, to grant the Free Simple and Inheritance of the said Hereditaments and Premises unto and to the Use of such Persons as His said Majesty had by his Royal Warrant, bearing Date on the Twenty fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and five, appointed Commissioners for the Government of the said Royal Naval Asylum, their Heirs and Assigns, in Trust, for the Use and Benefit of the said Royal Naval Asylum: And whereas His Majesty was pleased, by virtue and in pursuance of the said Act, by his Royal Letters Patent, bearing Date at Whitehall, the Eighth Day of June in the Forty seventh Year of His Majesty, to give and grant unto His Royal Highness Ernest Duke of Cumberland, and Four of the Commissioners of the said Royal Naval Asylum, all the Hereditaments and Premises mentioned and comprised in the said recited Act: to hold to them and their Heirs and Assigns for ever in Trust and for the Use and Benefit of the said Royal Naval Asylum: And whereas it hath been lately discovered, that there is by Mistake included in the said Act a Piece or Parcel of Ground containing One Acre One Rood and Sixteen Perches which did not belong to His Majesty, but which belongs to and is the Property of the Governors and Directors of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons whomsoever to give, devise or bequeath any Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to and for the Use and Benefit of The Royal Naval Asylum; and that the said Commissioners and their Successors shall be able and capable in Law, without License in Mortmain, to take, hold, receive, possess and enjoy to them and their Successors, for the Purpose of the said Asylum, any Messuages, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Annuities and Hereditaments of what Nature or Kind soever, or any Estate or Interest arising or derived out of any Messuages, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to them and their Successors, in Fee and Propriety, or for Life or Lives, or Terms of Years, or otherwise, and to let, sell, show, assign and dispose of the same Messuages, Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments at their Will and Pleasure, and in such manner as shall be most beneficial for the said Institution.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the said Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty (except such Part thereof as relates to the Appointment of a Chaplain to the said Royal Naval Asylum, and except so much thereof as concerns from Possession, on account of Non-residence, in that Part of the United Kingdom called England, any spiritual Person acting as Chaplain, Auditor, Secretary, or in any other public Office in the said Asylum), shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, at any time or times hereafter, by Letters Patent, or Indenture or Instruments, under the Great Seal of Great Britain, to grant the Free Simple and Inheritance of and in all and singular the capital Messuages or Messuages House, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Premises hereinafter mentioned and described, unto and to the Use of such Persons as His said Majesty has by his Royal Warrant bearing Date on the Twenty fifth Day of July in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and five, in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, appointed Commissioners for the Government of the said Royal Naval Asylum, their Heirs and Assigns, or to such of the said Commissioners as His Majesty may think fit, their Heirs and Assigns, in Trust, for the Use and Benefit of the said Royal Naval Asylum, and for the Purpose of the said Institution; that is to say, the Palace or Messuages House commonly called The King's House or The Queen's House, the King's Lodge, with the Gardens, The Yard, Lodges and Appurtenances belonging or appertaining thereto, Situate in Greenwich Park, in the County of Kent, which said Premises together with that One Piece or Parcel of Ground, whereas lately stood all that capital Messuages and Offices hereinafter called The King's House or The Queen's House (but now called The Royal Naval Asylum), Situate, lying and being

47 G. 3. c. 57.

c. 105.

3:

Persons may devise and Commissioners may accept and hold them.

47 G. 3. c. 57. c. 105.

repealed.

His Majesty empowered to grant the Premises mentioned to the Commissioners of the said Naval Asylum.

here, viz. the Parish of *St. George's*, in the County of *Kent*, about the middle of the said Well, on that Part of *Albion's Road* which is called *Park Row*, at the South End of the said *St. George's Hospital*, to the Part of *Twenty three Feet* upon the South West Corner of *Greenwood Hospital*, and thence running South by East and twenty three Feet upon *Park Row*, little more or less; and abutting toward the Well on a Piece of Ground belonging to *St. George's Hospital*, and also at a Grove in the Forecourt of the said *St. George's Hospital*, and thence running North and twenty three Feet upon the South End of the said *Greenwood Hospital*, and thence along and abutting toward the South End of the said *Greenwood Hospital*, and thence running North and thirty four Feet upon *Albion's Road*, and thence running North and thirty four Feet upon the South End of the said *Greenwood Hospital*, and thence running North and thirty four Feet upon *Albion's Road* which leads from *Greenwood Park* to the said *Well*, and there containing Forty one Feet Eight Inches, little more or less; thence returning Eastward, and running toward the North upon *Greenwood Park*, and there containing Forty three Feet and Five Inches, little more or less; thence returning Northward, and abutting toward the East upon the said *Greenwood Park*, and there containing Five Feet and Four Inches, little more or less; thence returning Eastward, and abutting toward the South upon the said *Greenwood Park*, and there containing One hundred and forty Feet, little more or less; thence returning Southward, and abutting toward the Well upon the said *Greenwood Park*, and there containing Seventy Feet and Eight Inches, little more or less; thence returning Eastward and abutting again toward the South upon the said *Greenwood Park*, and there containing Six hundred and sixty eight Feet and Nine Inches, little more or less; and abutting toward the East in part upon the said *Greenwood Park*, and containing in each Part Forty Feet and six Inches, little more or less; and in the other Part upon *Park Row*, and containing in each other Part Four hundred and ninety eight Feet and Four Inches, little more or less; and also all that other Piece or Parcel of Ground (whereas Bands all that Lodge and Out-buildings lately used as the Residence of the *Chancellor of the Works or Labourer's Trust*, in the said *King's Bench*, or the *Queen's Bench*), situate, lying and being within the said Parish of *St. George's*, in the said County of *Kent*, and situate to the Eastward of the said last mentioned Piece or Parcel of Ground, and abutting toward the North upon *Park Row*, and there containing Eight hundred and ten Feet, little more or less, and abutting toward the Well upon the said *Greenwood Park*, and there containing Fifty six Feet and Four Inches, little more or less; and abutting toward the South upon the said *Greenwood Park*, and there containing Eight hundred and eight Feet and Four Inches, little more or less; and abutting toward the East upon the said *Greenwood Park*, and there containing Fifty eight Feet, little more or less; and also all that other Piece or Parcel of Ground (whereas Bands all that Lodge, now or lately occupied by *Sir John Douglas Knight*, and heretofore occupied by *Admiral Boscawen*) situate, lying and being within the Parish of *St. George's*, in the said County of *Kent*, and situate to the South Eastward of the said last mentioned Piece or Parcel of Ground, and abutting as the North End thereof toward the North upon *Park Row*, and there containing Twenty three Feet and Nine Inches, little more or less; and abutting toward the Well upon the said *Greenwood Park*, and there containing Fifty two Feet and Eight Inches, little more or less; thence returning Eastward, and abutting toward the South upon the said *Greenwood Park*, and there containing Sixteen Feet, little more or less; thence returning Southward, and again abutting toward the Well upon the said *Greenwood Park*, and there containing Three hundred and ninety two Feet, little more or less; and abutting toward the South upon the said *Greenwood Park*, and there containing Sixty one Feet and six Inches, little more or less; and abutting toward the East upon *Albion's Road*, and there containing Four hundred and ten Feet, little more or less; and thence trending North Westward in an Angle of Forty four Degrees, and abutting upon and facing the South End of the Road leading from *Park Row* to *Woolwich*, and there containing Fifty one Feet and Four Inches, little more or less.

Cross of Lamb
well.

1 Ann. Stat. 3.

17

17 3 5 6

24 G. 3. c. 12

40 G. 3. Stat. 2.

4. 24. 3 2

enlighten with
regard to Confe-
ssion.

IV And be it further enacted, That such Grant of the said Premises, or any Part thereof, as shall be made by His said Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, by any such Letters Patent, Indenture or Instruments, as aforesaid, in pursuance of this Act, shall be, and it and are hereby declared and enacted to be good, valid and effectual in the Law, according to the Tenor and Purport thereof, in the said Letters Patent, Indenture or Instruments to be expressed, notwithstanding any Restrictions, Matter or Thing contained in an Act of Parliament made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, entitled, *An Act for the better Support of Her Majesty's Household, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown; or in an Act made in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, An Act for the Support of His Majesty's Household, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown of Great Britain; or in an Act made in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, An Act for the better Management of the Land Revenue of the Crown, and for the Sale of Fire Arms and other unprofitable Lands; or any other Law or Statute to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.*

V And whereas it is by the said recited Act enacted, That no Officers, Servant or other Person who should belong to or reside in the said Royal Naval Office, or Office, Servant or other Person retained or employed in the said Royal Naval Office, either by or in the Service of the Commissioners for the Purposes of the said Royal Naval Office, or by or in the Service of any Person or Persons residing in or belonging to the said Royal Naval Office, should, by reason of any such Office, Residence, Service or Employment gain or acquire any Benefit in or be entitled to Relief from the Parish of *Greenwich*; and it is expedient that in this respect the said Act should be explained and amended: Be it therefore further enacted and declared, That nothing in the said Act aforesaid shall extend, or be construed to extend, to hinder or prevent any Person or Persons attached to and residing in the said Royal Naval Office from acquiring a Settlement in the said Parish of *Greenwich*, by reason of his, her or their having occupied or been attached with an Apartment or Tenement in the said Royal Naval Office of the annual Value of Ten Pounds; but that

the Poorlaw in the said recited Act, upon the Subject of Settlements to be acquired in the said Parish of Greenwich, shall extend and be applicable only to Settlements by Hiring and Service, and by Apprenticeships.

VI. Saving always to all Bodies Politic and Corporate, and all other Persons whatsoever, and their Heirs and Executors, Heirs, Executors and Administrators (other than and except the said Lord Chancellor, His Majesty, and His Heirs and Successors), all such Estates, Rights, Titles, Interests, Claims and Demands of, or in and to the Poorlaw to be granted in and by the said Letters Patent, Indenture or Instruments, to be made in pursuance of this Act, as then, every or any of them had before the passing of this Act, or might, or could, or would have had, held or enjoyed in and by this Act, had not been made.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

C A P. CVI.

An Act for enabling the Wives and Families of Soldiers embarked for Foreign Service, to return to their Homes. [10th June 1811.]

WHEREAS great Inconvenience and Expence is incurred by Families in which Barracks are situated, and from whence Recruits embark upon Foreign Service, from the Wives and Children of the Soldiers so embarking for Foreign Service being left to return to the Place of their Residence or Settlement, and they often spend the Money given to them for the Purpose of enabling them to so return, and become burthened to the Parish; and it is therefore expedient that Provision should be made for enabling such Wives and Children to return to their Homes, or for passing them as Vagrants to their Places of Residence or Settlement in case of Misadventure: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, upon any Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detachment, being embarked for Foreign Service, the Commanding Officers thereof shall make a List or Lists to be made out of all the Wives and Children of the Soldiers belonging to such Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detachment, to be left at the Place of Embarkation, who are desirous of claiming the Allowance authorized by this Act, for the Purpose of enabling them to return to their Homes or Places of Settlement, either in One List for the Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detachment, or Separate Lists for each Company; and shall give to every such Wife a Duplicate of such Part of such List as shall apply to each Wife and her Family of Children respectively, certifying thereon under his Hand, that the Person to whose said Certificate is given is the Wife or reputed Wife of a Soldier in his Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detachment; and he shall transmit such List or Lists to the Secretary at War.

II. And be it further enacted, That each Wife to whom any such Duplicate shall have been delivered as aforesaid shall forthwith take the same to some neighbouring Justice or Magistrate, who shall make out a Receipt for her, and fill up and sign a Certificate, specifying the Place to which such Woman is going, and her Route, that she may receive such Allowances as are authorized by this Act, not exceeding Two Pence per Mile.

III. And be it further enacted, That upon Production of such Certificate to any Overseer of the Poor of any Place through which such Woman shall pass, he shall, out of any Money in his Hands applicable to the Relief of the Poor, pay her an Allowance not exceeding the Rate per Mile specified in such Certificate as aforesaid, for the Number of Miles to the next City, Town or Place to which she may be going, not exceeding Eighteen Miles, and he shall include on such Certificate the Money so paid, and take a Receipt from the Woman signed with her Hand or with her Mark, specifying the Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detachment to which her Husband belongs, in as that the Description on the Receipt may correspond with the Description in the Certificate so produced to him as aforesaid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That when soever as aforesaid by such Overseer shall, upon Production and Delivery of such Receipt to the Collector of Excise of the District within which such Overseer acts as such, or any Person officiating for such Collector, he shall pay to such Overseer for the Use of the Poor for the Relief of the Poor, by such Collector of Excise or other Person, out of any Public Money in his Hands, and the same shall be allowed in his Accounts; and such Overseer shall give a Receipt for the Money so paid to such Collector or other Person, and such Receipt of the Overseer, together with the Receipt of the Woman, shall be taken as Cash in the Payment of Duties of Excise received by such Collector, and all Sums of Money so advanced out of any Duties of Excise, shall be repaid by the Agents of the Regiments to which the Soldiers belong, whose Wives and Families have been so relieved, or by any other Person to be appointed for that Purpose by the Secretary at War, to such Person or Persons as shall be authorized by the Commissioners of Excise in England or Ireland respectively to draw for or receive the same, for or in account of the said Duties.

V. And be it further enacted, That every such Woman shall, at the last Place of her receiving any Allowance under this Act, antecedent to her Arrival at her Home or Place of Settlement, deliver up such Certificate to the Overseer of the Poor advancing such Allowance, who shall deliver the same to the Collector of Excise, and the same shall be, as such Collector of Excise, transmitted to the War Office.

VI. And be it further enacted, That Wives of Soldiers not complying with the Regulations herebefore prescribed, shall be treated as Vagrants, and may be passed as such to their Homes, either in England, Ireland or Scotland respectively, as the case may be.

General Enact.

PAIN. AB.

It is her sole Commanding Officers to make out List of Wives and Children of Soldiers to be left at Place of Embarkation.

Wives have a Duplicate certified. Duplicate shows to Magistrates, who fill up and give Certificates.

Overseer, upon Production of Certificate, to pay Wife an Allowance.

Overseer repaid by Collector of Excise.

Money advanced for the Purpose here Local repaid by War Office.

Certificate delivered up to Overseer, &c.

Wives not complying with Regulations, Vagrants.

C A P. CVII.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia and Local Militia in Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. [25th June 1811.]

WHEREAS it is necessary that Provision should be made for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Regular Militia (when detached) and Local Militia in Great Britain, for One Year from the Twenty-fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ten: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, in any County, City or Place in England, where the Regular Militia or Local Militia is or shall be raised, the Secretary at War for the time being is hereby authorized and empowered to require to cash to be paid and paid the whole Sum required for the Regular Militia (when detached) and Local Militia respectively, in the Manner and for the several Uses hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, for the Pay of the said Regular Militia or Local Militia at the Rate of Eight Shillings a Day for each Adjutant, when an Adjutant is appointed, and at the Rate of Five Shillings a Day for each Quarter Master, when a Quarter Master is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Six Pence a Day for each Sergeant resident at the Head Quarters of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, with the Addition of Two Shillings and Six Pence Week for each Sergeant Major, where a Sergeant Major is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Two Pence a Day for each Corporal to reside at a Militia, and at the Rate of One Shilling a Day for each Drummer: to reside at a Militia, with the Addition of Six Pence a Day for each Drums Major, where a Drums Major is appointed; and also at the Rate of Four Pence per Man for each Private Man and Drumsman, for defraying the contingent Expenses of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps; and also for the Clothing of the Regular Militia (when detached) or Local Militia for each Company, Riding, Scurvency, City or Place, at the Rate of Four Pounds Nine Shillings and One Penny for each Sergeant Major, Three Pounds Nine Shillings and One Penny for each Sergeant, One Pound Nineteen Shillings and One Penny for each Corporal, Four Pounds and Ten Pence for each Drums Major, Three Pounds and Ten Pence for each Drumsman, and One Pound Eighteen Shillings and Seven Pence for each Private Man; and that such Sergeant Majors, Drums Majors, Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, who may be retained on contract Pay, and resident at Head Quarters, shall be entitled to the same Pay, and that such Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers of Local Militia, beyond the regular Establishment of the Regiment shall be entitled to the same Pay, under the Provision of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Local Militia of Great Britain*, shall be entitled to new Clothing when their present Clothing shall have been actually and necessarily worn for Two Years: Provided always, that when any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer shall be absent as Furlough or Licence, such Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer shall, during such Absence, receive Pay at the following Rates (instead of those above mentioned) that is to say, every Sergeant the Sum of One Shilling a Day, every Corporal the Sum of Eight Pence per Day, and every Drummer the Sum of Six Pence per Day respectively, and so on, and it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War to make any such Pay to be from time to time used in advance, for any Period not exceeding Four Months from the time for which such Advances shall be made.

II. And be it further enacted, That there shall be granted to the Surgeon of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Regular Militia when detached, a Sum of Money in addition to his Pay, after the Rate of One Guinea for every One hundred Men of such each Regiment, Battalion or Corps, for the Expense of necessary Medicines, for the Sick Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, during the Period or Periods of Absence for usual Exercise or Training; and to the Surgeon of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, the Sum of Sixty Shillings for the same Purpose, as also to the Surgeon of Regular Militia when detached, and to the Surgeon of Local Militia respectively, an Allowance of six Pence per Month for each of the Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers of any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps on contract Pay at Head Quarters, for the Expense of necessary Medicines and Amusements given to the Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers on contract Pay at Head Quarters, while such Regiment, Battalion or Corps is not called out for annual Training and Exercise.

III. And be it further enacted, That there shall be granted to the Battalion Clerk of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, the Establishment of which does not authorize the Appointment of a Quarter Master, an Allowance of Fifty Pounds per Annum.

VII. And whereas in performance of an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, entitled, *An Act for increasing the Rate of Subsidies to be paid to Innkeepers and others in quartering Soldiers*, certain un-constituted Ranks are allowed for the Payment of Innkeepers and others as when Non-commissioned Officers and Private Soldiers may, by virtue of an Act passed also in the present Session of Parliament, for passing Money and Defences; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, to be quartered at that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, the Drumsman of Militia, and the Towns of *Armed upon Towns*: And whereas the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of the said Regular Militia, if detached, and the Local Militia, when called out to annual Exercise, are required by Law to be quartered and billeted in Inns, Levy Stables, Alehouses, and Victualling Houses, and all Houses of Perfumery, Strong Waters, Cyder, Wine or Meadgales, by Retail: Be it enacted, That the Innkeepers and others on whom the said Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of the Regular Militia (when detached), or Local Militia shall be so

granted and allotted, shall be entitled to and receive the same Rates of Allowance for each Regiment Major, Drum Major, Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer and Private Man in quarters and allotted upon them, during the time of their remaining allowed for Exercise as aforesaid, and under the same Rule and Regulations as such Inhabitants or others may now, by the above mentioned Act for the Relief of Inhabitants, demand and receive for the Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Soldiers of the Regular Infantry, in the 15th Article of the said Act, for passing Money and Defences; and the Secretary at War as he is authorized and required to (app), the necessary Funds to defray the Charge of the Allowances to be made to the said Inhabitants and others. Provided always, that each of the Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men who shall be furnished with Diet and Small Beer, as aforesaid, shall contribute towards the Expense thereof, the like Proportion of his Pay and Beer Money, as is or shall be contributed in the like case by the Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Soldiers of the Regular Infantry.

[This Act, except the Clause above inserted, is fuller so 50 G. 3. c. 9.]

C A P. CVIII.

An Act to revive and continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and amend in such an Act made in the Thirty sixth and Fourth Year of His present Majesty, a certain certain Allowances to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors of the Militia of England, dissolved under an Act of the same Session of Parliament. [25th Dec. 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that an Act, passed in the Thirty sixth and Fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for granting, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and one, certain Allowances to Adjutants, Sergeant Majors and Sergeants of Militia, dissolved under an Act of this Session of Parliament, intitled, An Act for reviving the Militia in respect of its Services as an additional Number of Volunteers from the Militia under several Regulations, which has been revised and continued by several subsequent Acts until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall be again revived and further continued, so far as the same relates to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors; To it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in the present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said second Act and the Allowances thereon granted and mentioned to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors, and all the Provisions relating thereto, shall be revived from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and be further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, so far as the same relates to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors; and that all such and the like Allowances as would have been payable and paid unto any Adjutant and Sergeant Major, if the said Act and Allowances had been continued by any Act of Parliament before the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall be payable and paid, and all Arrears thereof fully satisfied, in like manner as every respect as if the said Act had passed before the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven.*

And be it further enacted, That every such Adjutant entitled to any Allowance under the said Act may receive and take such Allowance, together with the Pay of any such Commission or Half Pay, or any such other Allowance or Emolument, as is allowed to be held or received by any Adjutant of any Militia in that Part of Great Britain called England, together with any Pay or Allowance to which he may be entitled as such Adjutant: Provided always, that no such revived Adjutant shall be entitled to receive any Allowance under the said Act during the time he shall hold any Place of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, other than such as aforesaid.

C A P. CIX.

An Act for extending Allowances in certain cases to Subaltern Officers of the Militia in Great Britain, while dissolved. [25th Dec. 1811.]

[This Act, except the Clause, is as all respects fuller so 50 G. 3. c. 9.]

C A P. CX.

An Act to prevent the counterfeiting of Silver Pieces denominated Twopence, intended to be issued and circulated by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for the expiation of Six of Far Halfpence and Six Pence, Three Shillings, and One Shilling, and Six Pence, and to prevent the bringing into the Kingdom of uttering any such counterfeit Pieces. [25th Dec. 1811.]

WHEREAS the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, with the Approbation of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, are preparing to make and bring into circulation to the use and service of the Public, a Quantity of Silver Pieces, denominated Twopence, for the respective uses of Five Shillings and Six Pence, Three Shillings, and One Shilling and Six Pence, and to take for the same of Five Shillings and Six Pence being intended to counter, with the Queen's Head thereon,

Deficiency of
Tokens to be
used by the
Bank.

* An Impression of His Majesty's Head, and the following Words and Letters (to-wit) "Georgias III.
* Dei Gratia Rex," and on the Reverse thereof the following Words and Figures, to-wit, "Bank
* Tokens, 5s. 6d." with the Addition of the Year in which the same shall be made and stamped; such Tokens
* for the Sum of Three Shillings being intended to contain the same Impression, Words and Letters on the
* Obverse Side thereof as upon the said Tokens for Five Shillings and Six Pence, and on the Reverse Side
* thereof the following Words and Figures, to-wit, "Bank Tokens, 3 Shd." with the Addition of the
* Year in which the same shall be made and stamped; and such Tokens for the Sum of One Shilling and Six
* Pence being intended to contain the same Impression, Words and Letters on the Obverse Side thereof as
* upon the said Tokens for Five Shillings and Six Pence, and on the Reverse Side thereof the following Words
* and Figures, to-wit, "Bank Tokens, 2s. 6d." with the Addition of the Year in which the same shall
* be made or stamped: And whereas, for the Security of the Publick, it is expedient to prevent the coun-
* terfeiting of the said respective Tokens: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty,
by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present
Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person or Persons shall, from and
after the passing of this Act, make, coin or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be made, coined or counter-
feited, or wilfully act or assist in the making, coining or counterfeiting any Tokens or Tokens, resembling,
or made with Intent to resemble or look like any of the said respective Tokens, in as aforesaid intended to be
made, and stamped, and issued, and circulated by the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or
with Intent to pass as such, every Person so offending, and being thereof convicted by due Course of Law,
shall be deemed and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and shall be transported for any Term of Years not
exceeding Seven Years.

Counterfeit
Tokens.

Penalties.

Persons con-
cerned in the
making of
the same.

Penalties.

Using Tokens.

First Offence.

Second Offence.

Third Offence.

Persons of
Rank or rank
to receive
Five Shillings
Proof.

Having more
than Five coun-
terfeit Tokens
in his Possession.

Penalty.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, from and after the passing of this Act,
bring into the said United Kingdom any such false or counterfeit Token or Tokens as aforesaid, resembling
or made with Intent to resemble or look like the said respective Tokens for as aforesaid intended to be made,
and stamped, and issued, and circulated by the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or with
Intent to pass as such Tokens respectively, knowing the same to be false or counterfeited, to the Intent to
ster the same within the said United Kingdom, or within any Dominions of the same, every Person so offending,
and being thereof convicted by due Course of Law, shall be deemed and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and
shall be transported for any Term of Years not exceeding Seven Years.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, from and after the passing of this Act,
steal, offer or tender in Payment or give in Exchange, or pay, or put off to any Person or Persons, any such
false or counterfeit Token or Tokens as aforesaid, resembling or made with Intent to resemble or look like
any of the said respective Tokens to as aforesaid intended to be made, and stamped, and issued, and circulated
by the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or with Intent to pass as such Tokens respec-
tively, knowing the same to be false or counterfeited, every Person so offending, and being thereof convicted
by due Course of Law, shall suffer Six Months Imprisonment, and had Service for his or her good Behaviour
for Six Months more, to be computed from the End of the said Six Months; and if the same Person
shall afterwards be convicted of the like Offence of uttering, offering or tendering in Payment,
or giving in Exchange, or paying, or putting off any such false or counterfeit Token or Tokens as aforesaid,
knowing the same to be false or counterfeit, such Person shall for such Second Offence suffer Two Years
Imprisonment, and had Service for his or her good Behaviour for Two Years more, to be computed from
the End of the said Two Years; and if the same Person shall afterwards offend a Third Time so uttering,
offering or tendering in Payment, or giving in Exchange, or paying or putting off any such false or counter-
feited Token or Tokens as aforesaid, knowing the same to be false or counterfeited, and fall by due Course
of Law be convicted of such Third Offence, he or she shall be adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and shall be
transported for the Term of Fortteen Years.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be convicted of uttering, offering or
tendering in Payment any such false or counterfeit Token or Tokens as aforesaid, and shall afterwards be
guilty of the like Offence in any other County, City, District or Place, the Clerk of the Assize, or Clerk of
the Peace for the County, City, District or Place where such former Conviction shall have been had, shall, at
the Request of the Prosecution, or any other on His Majesty's behalf, certify the same by a Transcript in
few Words, containing the Effect and Tenor of such Conviction, for which Certificate Two Shillings and
Six Pence and no more shall be paid, and such Certificate, being produced in Court, shall be sufficient Proof
of such former Conviction.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall have in his, her or their Custody, without
lawful Excuse (the Proof whereof shall lie upon the Party accused), any greater Number than Five of such
false or counterfeit Tokens as aforesaid, or resembling, or made with Intent to resemble or look like any of
the said Tokens respectively to as aforesaid intended to be made or stamped, and issued and circulated by
the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or with Intent to pass as such, every such Person
being thereof convicted upon the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses before One of His
Majesty's Justices of the Peace, shall forfeit and lose all such false and counterfeit Tokens, which shall be
cut in Pieces and destroyed by Order of such Justice, and every Offender so convicted as aforesaid shall, for
every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty
Shillings, for every such false or counterfeit Token respectively which shall be found in the Custody of such
Person, One Penny to the Informer or Informers, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish where
such Offence shall be committed, and in case any such Penalty shall not be forthwith paid, it shall be lawful
for such Justice to commit the Person who shall be adjudged to pay the same to the Common Gaol or House

of Carriage, them to be kept to hard Labour for the Space of Three Calendar Months, or until such Penalty shall be paid.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any One Justice of the Peace, or Comptroler made before law, upon the Oath of One credible Witness, that there is y^e said Case to suspect that any One or more Persons or Persons as aforesaid, or hath or have been, concerned in making or constructing such false or counterfeit Tokens or Tokens as aforesaid, referring or made with an Intent to defraud or look like any of the said Tokens respectively, & as aforesaid intended to be made or stamped, and issued and circulated by the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or with Intent so pass as such, by Whome under the Hand of such Justice, to make the Drawing, Issue, Issue, Workshop, Outhouse or other Building, Yard, Garden or other Place belonging to such supposed Person or Persons, or where any such Person or Persons shall be suspected to carry on any such making or counterfeiting, or to locate any such counterfeit Tokens respectively, or the Tools or Implements for constructing or making such false or counterfeit Tokens respectively as aforesaid, or the Materials for making or stamping the same, to be searched for such counterfeit Tokens, Materials, Tools and Instruments respectively, and if any such false or counterfeit Tokens or Tokens, or any such Tools or Instruments, or any such Materials for making or stamping any such false or counterfeit Tokens, shall be found in any Place so searched, or if any such Tools, Implements, or Materials shall be found in the Custody or Possession of any Person or Persons whatsoever, not having the same by some lawful Authority, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons whatsoever observing the same, to seize, and to and they are hereby authorized and required to seize such false or counterfeit Tokens or Tokens, Tools, Implements and Materials, and carry the same forthwith to a Justice of the Peace of the County, City, District or Place where the same shall be found, who shall cause the same to be secured and produced in Evidence against any Person or Persons who shall or may be prosecuted for any of the Offences aforesaid in some Court of Justice proper for the Determination thereof, and after such time as any such false or counterfeit Tokens or Tokens as aforesaid, or any such Tools, Implements or Materials shall have been produced in Evidence as aforesaid, as well in such and such Parts thereof as shall have been so produced, as every other Part thereof is found, and not made use of in Evidence, shall forthwith by Order of the Court where such Offender or Offenders shall be tried, or by Order of some Justice of the Peace, in case there shall be no such Trial, be defaced or destroyed, or otherwise disposed of, as such Court or such Justice shall direct.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Proceedings to be had touching the Conviction of any Offender against this Act before any Justice of the Peace, shall be qualified for want of Form, or be removed by Writ of Habeas Corpus, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance or under Colour of this Act, until Fourteen Days Notice thereof shall be first given in Writing, to the Person or Persons against whom the same is intended to be brought or commenced; nor shall any such Action or Suit be brought or commenced after sufficient Satisfaction or Tender of Amends shall be made or tendered to the Party or Parties aggrieved; and every such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Three Calendar Months after the Fact committed and not afterwards, and shall be brought in the County, City or Place where the Cause of Action shall arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit to be brought may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence as any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to be so done, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced before Fourteen Days Notice shall be given thereof as aforesaid, or after sufficient Satisfaction or Amends was made or tendered as aforesaid, or after the time before aforesaid for bringing the same, or shall be brought in any other County or Place than as aforesaid, then and in every such case, the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, and of upon the Trial a Verdict shall give for the Defendant or Defendants, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become unable, or sickening, die, her or their Action, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants, shall and may recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant or Defendants shall or have for Costs of Suit in other cases by Law.

C A P. CXI.

An Act for permitting Sir William Bishop and George Bishop to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, the Manufacture of *Messellow Green*, for changing the same with certain Duties; and for relieving a Member in an Act of this Session, for empowering the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to escheat Distillers of Spirits from Begun from the Excess of Duties therein mentioned. [16th Jour 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, among other things to continue several Laws, one thereof, relating to the permitting Sir William Bishop, George Bishop, and Archa Bishop, to carry on the Manufacture of *Messellow Green* to the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and one, it was enacted, among other things, that an Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *St. 6 Geo. 3. c. 22.* should and extend so much of an Act made in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as in and under Sir William Bishop, George Bishop and Archa Bishop, is every to the Manufacture of *Messellow Green*.

Impressment, &c.
Indulged House
may be awarded,
and Disputed
Contracted
Tokens made.

Pr readings acc
qualified for
want of Form.

Limitation of
Actions.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

44 G. 3. c. 22

43

4 Geo. 1.

• *Goods which said Act of the Thirty* with Year should was to answer and take Effect from and immediately after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and one, and to be in force for the Space of Five Years, to be computed from that Day, should be and the same was thereby further made to extend until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine: And whereas the said *George* and *William* had granted the said Duties and Prerogatives at *Manchester*, mentioned in the said Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the said Sir *William* *Bishop* and *George* *Bishop* are become possessors of the said *Duties* and Prerogatives, and the said Sir *William* *Bishop* and *George* *Bishop* are desirous to carry on the Manufacture of said *Manchester* commonly called *Manchester* *Wool* in the said *Duties* and Prerogatives at *Manchester* aforesaid, as they and they respectively by the Act in that Behalf made, and order, subject and according to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, in the said Sir *William* *Bishop*, *George* *Bishop* and *George* *Bishop*, named in the Manufacture of said *Manchester* commonly called *Manchester* *Wool*: And whereas it is expedient to allow the said Sir *William* *Bishop* and *George* *Bishop* to carry on such Manufacture, and to make such Spirits for a limited time: It is therefore enacted by His Majesty King George the Third, by His Letters under the Great Seal and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this behalf fully assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That they and after the Tenth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall and may be lawful to and for the said Sir *William* *Bishop* and *George* *Bishop*, and the Survivors of them, possessed of the said *Duties* and Prerogatives, to exercise the Manufacture of said *Manchester* *Wool* commonly called *Manchester* *Wool*, in the said *Duties* and Prerogatives at *Manchester* aforesaid, and not upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, to be and to be subject to the Duties in this Act in that Behalf made, and order, subject and according to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, contained, provided, inserted or established by the said Act of Parliament in force immediately before the Expire of the said Act of the Thirty sixth Year aforesaid, for the said Sir *William* *Bishop*, *George* *Bishop* and *George* *Bishop*, carrying on the Manufacture of said *Manchester* *Wool* commonly called *Manchester* *Wool*, in the said *Duties* and Prerogatives, and the said Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, shall be and the same are hereby directed to be applied and published and put in Execution to and for the carrying on the Manufacture of said *Manchester* *Wool* commonly called *Manchester* *Wool* by the said Sir *William* *Bishop* and *George* *Bishop* in the said *Duties* and Prerogatives at *Manchester* aforesaid, and for carrying the Duties by this Act in that Behalf made, as fully and effectually, as all Intents and Purposes, as if all and singular the said Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures had been expressed and specially recited in the Body of this Act, and hereby applied to the said Sir *William* *Bishop* and *George* *Bishop*, and the carrying on the Manufacture of said *Manchester* *Wool* commonly called *Manchester* *Wool*: And that the said Sir *William* *Bishop* and *George* *Bishop* in the said *Duties* and Prerogatives at *Manchester* aforesaid, and the Duties by this Act in that Behalf made.

II. And be it further enacted, That there shall be raised, levied and collected the following Duties of Excise that is to say,

For every One hundred and twenty Gallons of *Wash*, which they the said Sir *William* *Bishop* and *George* *Bishop*, or the Survivor of them, possessed of the said *Duties* and Prerogatives in which the said *George* *Bishop* possessed (a) carried on the Manufacture of *Manchester* *Wool* in the said *Manchester* aforesaid, shall produce from a Weight of Malt or other Corn, including the Bran thereof, and not exceeding One hundred and twelve Pounds Averdupois, Two Pennies Two Shillings and Four pence: (a) [No *John* *Payler* or *George* *Bishop* *Alingford* mentioned before.]

For every Gallon of *Wash* in the Possession of the said Sir *William* *Bishop* and *George* *Bishop*, or the Survivor of them, at any time when Thirty Gallons of any *Wash* is in their Possession taken and distilled by the Office of Excise, according to the Directions and under the Authority of the said Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty, as shall be found to produce more than Two Gallons and One Eighth of a Gallon of Spirits at the Strength of One in Six under Hydrometer Proof, One Shilling and Five pence.

III. And be it further enacted, That there shall be raised and collected, and Twelve Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, the additional Duties of Excise hereinafter mentioned, and that above the Duties heretofore imposed, that is to say,

For every One hundred and twenty Gallons of *Wash* which the said Sir *William* *Bishop* and *George* *Bishop*, or the Survivor of them, possessed of the said *Duties* and Prerogatives, shall produce from a Weight of Malt or other Corn, including the Bran thereof, and not exceeding One hundred and twelve Pounds Averdupois, Fifteen Shillings:

And for every Gallon of *Wash* in the Possession of the said Sir *William* *Bishop* and *George* *Bishop*, or the Survivor of them, at any time when Thirty Gallons of any *Wash* is in their Possession taken and distilled by the Office of Excise, according to the Directions and under the Authority of the said Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, shall be found to produce more than Two Gallons and One Eighth of a Gallon of Spirits at the Strength of One in Six under Hydrometer Proof, Six pence.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Duties for or in respect of any *Wash* which they the said Sir *William* *Bishop* and *George* *Bishop*, or the Survivor of them, possessed of the said *Duties* and Prerogatives, shall be produce from such Weight of Malt or other Corn as aforesaid, and for or in respect of any *Wash* which shall be found in the Possession of the said Sir *William* *Bishop* and *George* *Bishop*, or the Survivor of them, shall be produce more than Two Gallons and One Eighth of a Gallon of Spirits as aforesaid by this Act made, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being, and shall be paid by the said Sir *William* *Bishop* and *George* *Bishop*, and the Survivor of them, at such times and

in such manner as the Duties imposed by an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to amend the Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and in great other Duties in the thereof*; and by another Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign aforesaid, intitled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty and Successors His Majesty's after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain, for or in respect of Wares which the said Sir William Pitt, Bart. George Esq. and Sir John Lubbock, or the Survivors or Successors of them, possessed of the said Duties; and Provision, should produce from each Weight of Malt or other Com, as in the said last mentioned Act respectively, as aforesaid, or for or in respect of Wares which should be found in the Possession of the said Sir William Pitt, Bart. George Esq. and Sir John Lubbock, or the Survivors or Successors of them; and should produce more than Two Gallons and One Eighth of a Gallon of Spirits as in the said last mentioned Acts respectively mentioned, were payable under and by virtue of the said Two last mentioned Acts respectively; and the said several Duties by this Act repealed as in the said several aforesaid shall respectively be appropriated and applied to the same Units and Particulars, and in the same manner as the said several Duties so repealed by the said Two Acts made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty were by Law respectively directed to be appropriated and applied.*

* V. And whereas by an Act passed in this Session of Parliament to empower the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to execute the Duties of Spirits from Sugar from the Estates of the Duties therein mentioned, &c. it is, among other things, recited, that an Act therein mentioned, made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled on the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ten, and that by the Expiration thereof the former high Duties imposed by Two several Acts therein mentioned, &c. of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and also the high Duties imposed by an Act intitled in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for or in respect of such Spirits, and the several other Matters and Things in the said Act of that Session of Parliament as that behalf specified, recited; And whereas the said last mentioned high Duties were not imposed by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, but were imposed by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and it is therefore expedient to rectify the said Mistake: Be it therefore enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall be at Liberty to execute and discharge all and every such Duties and Duties, and Makers or Makers of Spirits in England and Scotland respectively, as are in the said Act passed in this Session of Parliament as that behalf mentioned, from, and to extend to them respectively, such and so much of the high Duties imposed by the said Act aforesaid in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for or in respect of Wares or Wares brewed or made from Sugar, and distilled from the said Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ten; and also all and every such Duties and Duties in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, from so much of the said high Duties imposed by the said Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for or in respect of Spirits made or distilled in Scotland for Consumption in Scotland from Sugar or any Mixture therewith; and for and in respect of the cultural Context of any Still or Still used or employed in Scotland, for the Purpose of making or distilling Low Wines or Spirits for Consumption in Scotland from Malt or Sugar, or any Mixture therewith; and for and in respect of Spirits manufactured in Scotland, and brought from thence into that Part of Great Britain called England, as shall exceed the Amount of the Duty which would have accrued or become payable under and by virtue of the said Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, but the same mentioned and commuted so far as; and from any particular Charge as to such Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall under the Circumstances of each and every such case appear to them to be just and reasonable; any thing in any Act of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

C A P. CXII.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sum of Three Millions for the Service of Great Britain. [20th June 1811.]

* TREASURY empowered to raise £3,000,000 by Exchequer Bills, in manner prescribed by 48 G. 3. c. 1. — § 1, 2. Principal of said Bills charged on First Supplies of next Session. § 3. Interest thereof at 3½, 7 per Cent per Annum. § 4. Said Bills to be current at the Exchequer, &c. after 30th 3, 1811, 45. Book of England empowered to advance £3,000,000 on the Credit of this Act, notwithstanding § 3 & 6 W. & M. c. 20 — § 6.

C A P. CXIII.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. [20th June 1811.]

C A P. CXIV.

An Act to permit the Services of the Regiment of Miners of Cornwall and Devon to be extended to Ireland. [20th June 1811.]

* WHEREAS it would conduce to the better Defence and Security of the United Kingdom if the Services of the Regiment of Miners of the Counties of Cornwall and Devon were extended to all Parts of the United Kingdom; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Persons who may be commissioned, called and enrolled in and for the Regiment of Miners, at any time after the passing of this Act, whether by Ballot or otherwise, under any Act

43 G. 3. c. 49.
and 43 G. 3.
c. 26.

48 G. 3. c. 102.
Duties.

48 G. 3. c. 102.

48 G. 3. c. 102.

Twenty six
of the said
of the said
with 1/4 bush
Duties by
48 G. 3. c.
with brewed
from Sugar,
and
distilled from
Duties, &c.
by every such
such regulations.

Regiment of
24 men liable to
service in all Parts
of United Kingdom.
Act

As now in force, or which may hereafter be in force for raising Men for the said Regiment, shall be liable to serve in all Parts of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, any thing contained in any Act relating to the said Regiment of Miners respectively to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That after the passing of this Act, in each of the Acts passed in the Forty second Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for regulating the Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for raising a Body of Miners in the Counties of Cornwall and Devon, for the Defence of the Kingdom during the present War, and for more effectually raising and regulating a Body of Miners for the Defence of Great Britain, as preferable to the Form of Oaths to be taken by Persons enlisted, and by Subalterns and Volunteers therein in, for that Act, shall be repealed, and instead thereof every Person who shall be raised by Ballot for the said Regiment under any Act in force at the passing of this Act, or under any future Act, and appearing and serving as Private, shall take the following Oath:*

‘ I, A. B. do sincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George; and that I will faithfully serve in the Regiment of Miners of Cornwall and Devon, in any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for the Defence of the same during the term of Five Years, for which I am enrolled, unless I shall be sooner discharged.’

And every Private raised under any of the said Acts, either as a Substitute, Hood Man or Volunteer, or otherwise than by Ballot, shall take the following Oath:

‘ I, A. B. do sincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George; and that I will faithfully serve in the Regiment of Miners of Cornwall and Devon, in any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for the Defence of the same during the time of Two Years, or for such further time as the said Regiment shall remain embodied, if within the Space of Five Years His Majesty shall order and direct the same to be drawn out and embodied, unless I shall be sooner discharged.’

III. And be it further enacted, That every Private who shall be appointed to serve as a Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, in the Regiment of Miners, to be established under this Act for extended Service, shall take the following Oath:

‘ I, A. B. do sincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George; and that I will faithfully serve in the Regiment of Miners of Cornwall and Devon, in any Part of the United Kingdom for the Defence of the same, and I shall be legally discharged.’

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Regiment of Miners to be raised under this Act shall be raised under the Provisions contained in the said recited Act of the Forty second Year aforesaid, and in every other Act or Acts relative to the said Regiment of Miners, in so far as the same or any of them were in force immediately before the passing of this Act, and are not hereby altered; and all Powers and Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the said several last recited Acts shall, as far as the same were in force immediately before the passing of this Act, and are applicable and are not hereby altered or repealed, be in force for the Purposes aforesaid, and shall respectively relate to the Regiment of Miners to be raised for Service in the United Kingdom, as if the same were expressly re-enacted and contained therein.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Powers, Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for consolidating and amending the several Laws for providing Relief for the Families of Militia Men of England when called out into actual Service, or in any other Acts relative to granting Relief to the Wives and Families of Persons serving in the Militia of England*, shall, as far as the same are extended and relate to Allowances to the Wives and Families of Ballotted Men of the said Regiment of Miners, be in force, and respectively relate to the Wives and Families of Persons to be hereafter ballotted to serve, and thereupon personally serving in the said Regiment, under the Provisions of this Act or any future Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Regiment of Miners to be raised in respect aforesaid for extended Service shall be entitled to the same Rank, Privileges and Exemptions, and subject to the same Rules and Regulations, as the said Regiment of Miners now are respectively entitled or subject to under any Act or Acts now in force relating to the said Regiment.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Commissioned Officers of the said Regiment of Miners whose Service shall become extended to all Parts of the United Kingdom by virtue of this Act, who shall be disabled in actual Service, shall be entitled to Half Pay according to their Ranks; and all Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of such Force as aforesaid, shall be entitled to the Benefit of *Half Pay*; and the Widows of all such Commissioned Officers killed in Service shall be entitled to receive such Pensions for Life as are given to Widows of Officers in His Majesty's Regular Forces.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Regiment, Battalion or Corps of such Miners shall continue to serve in Ireland for any longer Period than Two Years successively: Provided always, that in case of any actual Invasion or Rebellion in Ireland, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to employ or to retain as *Soldiers*, during the Continuance of such Rebellion or Invasion, any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the said Miners, although such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, may have previously to the Suppression of such Rebellion or Invasion served as full Period of Two Years; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that so soon as any such Invasion or Rebellion shall have been defeated or suppressed (the same to be signified by His Majesty's Proclamation), every such Regiment, Battalion or Corps which shall thus have served its full Period of Two Years shall return to Great Britain.

IX. And be it further enacted, That no Regiment, Battalion or Corps of such Miners, shall be called upon to serve in *Ireland*, until His Majesty's Pleasure shall have been signified by the Secretary of State.

X. And whereas it is expedient that His Majesty should be empowered in the main issue and with a Regu-
ment of Miners for Service in the United Kingdom shall have been raised and enrolled by virtue of this Act,
to avail himself of such voluntary Offers as may from time to time be made by the several Regiments of
Miners, or by any Part or Parts of the same, to extend their Services into all Parts of the United Kingdom,
for the better Protection and Defence thereof: Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His
Majesty to employ in any Part of the United Kingdom, under the Regulations and Restrictions and in the
Propositions (specified in this Act, each Part of the several Regiments of Miners may make a voluntary Offer,
duly certified by their Commanding Officer, of extending their Services to all Parts of the United Kingdom
and as His Majesty may think proper to permit to extend their Services in consequence of such voluntary
Offers as aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order signed by the Principal Secretary of
State directed to the Commanding Officer of such Regiment, or propose to such Regiment, or any Part or
Parts thereof, to extend their Services to all Parts of the United Kingdom, under such Rules and Regula-
tions as His Majesty may think fit to appoint.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to death that a
Bounty, not exceeding Two Guineas, shall be allowed to every Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer and
Private Man, who shall make such voluntary Offer as aforesaid; and that every Private Man making such
voluntary Offer as aforesaid, shall, if he shall have been originally chosen by Ballot to serve in the said Regi-
ment, take the following Oath; *videlicet*,

I, A. B. do solemnly promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty
King George; and that I will faithfully serve in the Regiment of Miners of Cornwall and Devon, in any
Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for the Defence of the same, during the Re-
minder of the Term for which I was enrolled to serve in the said Regiment within Great Britain, which I
shall be sooner discharged.

And every such Man shall be then and there enrolled to serve in the said Regiment in any Part of the United
Kingdom as a Private Militia Man, and the Expulsion of the Period for which he was originally enrolled as
serve in Great Britain; and every Private Man making such voluntary Offer as aforesaid, who shall have been
originally enrolled to serve as a Soldier, Hired Man or Volunteer, shall be enrolled to serve in the United
Kingdom for the Remainder of the Term for which he was originally enrolled to serve in Great Britain,
or for such further time as the said Regiment may remain embodied; and shall take the following Oath;
videlicet,

I, A. B. do solemnly promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty
King George; and that I will faithfully serve in the Regiment of Miners of Cornwall and Devon, in any
Part of the United Kingdom, for the Defence of the same, during the Remainder of the Term for which I
have been enrolled to serve in the said Regiment within Great Britain, or for such further time as the said
Regiment may remain embodied, which I shall be sooner discharged.

And every Non-commissioned Officer and Drummer making such voluntary Offer as aforesaid, shall also be
enrolled to serve in the said Regiment in any Part of the United Kingdom, and shall take the Oath here-
before directed to be taken by all Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers who may hereafter be enrolled to
serve in the Regiment of Miners in any Part of the United Kingdom by virtue of this Act, and such several
Envoies shall take place, and such Oaths shall be administered, at such times and under such Regula-
tions as His Majesty, by any Order to be signed by the Secretary of State, shall in that behalf direct
or appoint.

XII. And be it further enacted, That previous to the certifying of such voluntary Offer as aforesaid, the
Commanding Officer shall have explained to the Persons making the same, that the same if made is purely
voluntary on their Part; and that no Person serving in the said Regiment can be compelled to make such
Offer, or to engage to serve out of that Part of the United Kingdom for which he is enrolled and serving,
except by his own Consent as signified as aforesaid.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Powers, Rules and Regulations contained in this Act,
relating to Persons who may hereafter be commissioned, raised and enrolled in the Regiment of Miners for
Service in the United Kingdom, shall be applicable to all Persons now serving in the Regiment of Miners
who may make a voluntary Offer of extending their Services to all Parts of the United Kingdom in manner
aforesaid.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed, by any Act or Acts
to be made in the next Session of Parliament.

C A P. CXV.

An Act for amending the Act Forty third George Third, to prevent the building, repairing, or
otherwise providing the Churches and Chapels, and of Houses for the Residence of Ministers,
and the providing of Church Yards and Glebes. [26th June 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled,
As All to prevent the building, repairing or otherwise providing of Churches and Chapels, and of Houses
for the Residence of Ministers, and the providing of Church Yards and Glebes; it was enacted, that every
51 Geo. III. 3 Q

Power to be
is directed by
of every of
shall.

The persons to
enrolled to serve
in the said Regi-
ment.

Private Man
to be allowed
to be chosen by

Oath to be
taken by

Oath to be
taken by

Offer of vol-
untary

All applica-
tions of Persons
now serving who
shall offer.

All may be al-
tered, &c.

477

48

Person and Person being in his or their own Right any Estate or Interest in Possession, Reversion or Contingency of or in any Lands or Tenements, or of any Property of or in any Goods or Chattels, should have full Power, Licence and Authority, by Deed enrolled, in such manner, and within such time as is directed in England by the Statute made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, and as directed by the Statute made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of King Charles the First, for the Sale of Burgages and Sales; or by his, her or their last Will or Testament in Writing, duly executed according to Law, such Deed or such Will or Testament being duly executed Three Calendar Months at least before the Death of such Grantor or Testator, including the Days of the Execution and Death, to give and grant and sell in any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, and their Heirs and Successors respectively, all such his, her or their Estate, Interest or Property in such Lands or Tenements not exceeding Five Acres, or Goods and Chattels, or any Part or Parts thereof, not exceeding in Value Five hundred Pounds, for or towards the erecting, rebuilding, repairing, purchasing or providing any Church or Chapel where the Liturgy and Rites of the said United Church are or shall be used or observed, or any Mission House for the Reliefment of any Minister of the said United Church, officiating or to officiate in any such Church or Chapel, or of any Outbuildings, Offices, Church Yard or Globe for the same respectively, and to be for those Purposes applied according to the Will of the said Benefactor as and by such Deed enrolled, or by such Will or Testament executed as aforesaid expressed (the Consent and Approbation of the Ordinary being first obtained), and in Discharge of such Direction, Limitation or Appointment, in such manner as shall be directed and appointed by the Patron and Ordinary, with the Consent and Approbation of the Parson, Vicar or other Incumbent; and such Person and Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, and their Heirs and Successors respectively, should have full Capacity and Ability to purchase, receive, take, hold and enjoy for the Purposes aforesaid, as well from such Persons as shall be so charitably disposed to give the same, as from all other Persons as shall be willing to sell or alien to such Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, any Lands or Tenements, Goods or Chattels, without any Licence or Writ of *Ad quod damnum*: And whereas Doubts have arisen whether the Powers and Provisions of the said Act will enable His Majesty to make any such Grant for the Purposes aforesaid: It is enacted that it is expedient that the Powers of the said Act should be extended for that Purpose: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall have full Power, Licence and Authority, by Deed or Writing under the Great Seal, or under the Seal of his Duchy and County Palatine of Lancaster, to give and grant and sell in any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, and their Heirs and Successors respectively, all such his, her or their Estate, Interest or Property in any Lands or Tenements within the Survey of the Count of Essex, or of the Duchy of Lancaster, for or towards the erecting, rebuilding, repairing, purchasing or providing any Church or Chapel where the Liturgy and Rites of the said United Church are or shall be used or observed, or any Mission House for the Residence of any Minister of the said United Church officiating or to officiate in any such Church or Chapel, or of any Outbuildings, Offices, Church Yard or Globe for the same respectively, and to be for those Purposes applied as and by such Deed as aforesaid expressed, the Consent and Approbation of the Ordinary being first obtained, and such Person and Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, and their Heirs and Successors respectively, shall have full Capacity and Ability to receive, take, hold and enjoy for the Purposes aforesaid, any Lands or Tenements notwithstanding the Statute of Mortmain, or the Act of the Tenth Year of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, entitled, *An Act for the better Support of Her Majesty's Household, and the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, or any other Act or Acts, or other Impediment or Disability whatsoever*: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to enable His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to grant more than Five Acres in any one Grant for any of the Purposes aforesaid, or to alter or amend any of the Provisions of the said Act of the Tenth Year of His present Majesty, which are not heretofore specially named and mentioned.

It. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, bound of or entitled to the curfew and abbate Fee Simple of any Manse, by Deed under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of any such Person or Persons, and under the Seal or Seals of any such Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, and enrolled in the Court of Chancery, to grant to the Rector, Vicar or other Minister of any Parish Church and his Successors, or to the Curate or Minister of any Chapel and his Successors, any Parcel or Parcels of Land not exceeding in the whole the Quantity of Five Statute Acres, Parcel of the Wake of such Manse, and lying within the Parish where such Church or Chapel shall be or shall be intended to be erected, or within any Extra-parochial District wherein any such Chapel shall be or shall be intended to be erected, for the Purpose of erecting thereon or enlarging any such Church or Chapel, or for a Church Yard or Burying Ground, or enlarging a Church Yard or Burying Ground for such Parish or Extra-parochial Place, or for a Globe for the Rector, Vicar, Curate or other Minister of any such Church or Chapel, to erect a Mission House or other Buildings thereon, or make other Concessions for the Reliefment of such Rector, Vicar, Curate or other Minister, freed and absolutely discharged of and from all Rights of Common thereon, and any Statute prohibiting any Alienation in Mortmain, or other Statute, Law or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that no Grant whatsoever shall be made of any Land whatsoever, for any of the Purposes authorized by this Act, unless the Church or Chapel for the Benefit whereof or of the Minister whereof such Grant shall be made shall be a Parochial Church or Chapel for the Service of the United Church of England and Ireland, duly authorized by Law, or a Church or Chapel duly consecrated for the Service of such Church, or erected, or

214 Mofely
and full Lands
in any Person
for building a
Church or
House for the
Residence of a
Minister.

§ II. s. 25.
1. An Act for the
better Support of
the Crown, or
any other Act or
Acts, or other
Impediment or
Disability whatsoever.

Any Person having
Five Acres of
Manse may
grant Five Acres
of Wake for
Parochial Chapel
Purposes.

Grants not to be
Parochial
Churches or
Chapels.

to be erected for such Purpose by and with the Licence and Consent of the Ordinary of the Diocese wherein the same shall be.

C A P. CXVI.

An Act to enable His Majesty to grant a Piece of Ground within the Tower of London, to be used as an additional Burial Ground for Persons dying within the said Tower.

[16th June 1811.]

WHEREAS the Cemetery or Burial Ground for the Interment of Persons dying within the Tower of London is incomplete, in point of Room, of providing for the Burial of the Dead within the said Tower, and it hath therefore been found absolutely necessary that a Piece of Ground should be obtained for the future Interment of Persons dying therein: And whereas there is a Piece of Ground situate and being at the Distance of Six Feet from the Front Wall of the Great Store Room, under the Small Armory within the said Tower, which Ground is Part of the Piece of paved Ground commonly called by the Name of *The Broad Wall*, and contains in Length from East to West One hundred and Eighty seven Feet, and is Breadth from South to North Nineteen Feet and Six Inches, and abuts North, at the Distance of Six Feet, towards the Front Wall of the said Great Store Room in Part, and in other Part, at the Distance of Six Feet, towards a Way or Passage leading to the A and Office, South in Part on the Carriage Way between the Small Armory and the White Tower, and in other Part on the Terrace and some Dwelling Houses in the Occupation of several Persons employed as Clerks in the Tower, East on an Engine House occupied by the Board of Ordnance, and West on the perfect Burial Ground; which perfect Burial Ground is a Slip of Ground Six Feet in Breadth and One hundred and eighty seven Feet in Length on the South of the Front Wall of the said Great Store Room in Part, and in the South of the said Passage to the Jewel Office in other Part, together with the said Piece of Ground before particularly described, constitutes the whole of the said Piece of paved Ground called *The Broad Wall*, and the said Piece of paved Ground called *The Broad Wall* lies open and uninclosed on the South, except where abutting on the said Dwelling Houses, and hath been hitherto used as a temporary Depository for His Majesty's Stores, and as a Parade for His Majesty's Officers and Soldiers within the said Tower: And whereas the said Piece of Ground before particularly described, and so adjoining the perfect Burial Ground of the Tower of London as aforesaid, is equally adapted for the Purpose of burying Persons dying within the said Tower as the said Piece of Ground now used as the Burial Ground of the said Tower: And whereas the said Piece of Ground before particularly described as well as the said Piece of Ground now used as the Burial Ground are the Property of His Majesty in Right of his Crowns, and are extra-parochial and exempt from all Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, and it is necessary that Authority be given for using the said Piece of Ground before particularly described as an additional Burial Ground of the said Tower, but inasmuch as by order of His Majesty's Estate and Interest thereof the same cannot be effected without the Aid and Authority of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and he it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Bishop of London for the time being to cause, with the usual Conveniences and Solemnities, the aforesaid Piece of paved Ground herebefore particularly described, consisting in Length from East to West One hundred and eighty seven Feet, and in Breadth from South to North Nineteen Feet Six Inches, and abutting upon the said Piece of paved Ground now used as a Burial Ground as aforesaid, to be taken that the same Piece of Ground be consecrated may from thenceforth for ever be used as and for a Burial Ground for the Interment of Persons dying within the said Tower of London.

It And he it is further enacted, That, from and after such Consecration, the said Piece of Ground be consecrated shall and may accordingly, for ever, be used as and for a Burial Ground for the Interment of Persons dying within the said Tower, in such and the same manner as the said Piece of open paved Ground, constituting the perfect Burial Ground of the said Tower, hath been heretofore used for the Interment of Persons dying within the said Tower.

C A P. CXVII.

An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, and for applying certain Moneys therein mentioned for the Service in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and for further appropriating the Supply granted in this Session of Parliament.

[16th June 1811.]

| | | | | | |
|------|-------------|----|----|--|---|
| § 1. | £ 5,000,000 | o | o | Out of Surplus of British Consolidated Fund | } Granted to make the Supply for service of Great Britain for 1811. |
| II. | 255,787 | 11 | 8 | Moneys of Consolidated Fund on 31 st Dec. 1811 | |
| III. | 995,027 | 18 | 41 | 1811 | |
| IV. | 5,000,000 | o | o | Part of the Sum remaining in the Exchequer to complete 10,500,000 granted out of Produce of War Taxes 1810 | |

J Q 2

V.

Entry of London in 17th column one Piece of Ground;

after Consecration and for Burial service.

| | | | | | | | |
|-------|--------------------------|-------|---|--|--|--|--|
| V. | £ 10,000,000 | o o | From the following Duties, viz. | | | | |
| | | | Additional Customs under | 43 G. 3. c. 70. | | | |
| | | | Excise on Tobacco, &c. | 45 G. 3. c. 39. | | | |
| | | | Duties on Property | c. 67. | | | |
| | | | Excise on Brandy | 47 G. 3. c. 27. | | | |
| | | | Customs | 49 G. 3. c. 98. | | | |
| | | | Additional Duties of Customs | 51 G. 3. c. 43. | | | Granted to make good the Supply for Service of Great Britain for 1811. |
| | | | Duty on Leas | c. 44. | | | |
| | | | Duty on Copper | c. 31. | | | |
| | | | New Duties on Importation of Hides to the Hair | c. 67. | | | |
| | | | Additional Duties of Customs, on | | | | |
| | | | Wine | c. 93. | | | |
| VI. | 1,604,700 | o o | Exchange Bills charged upon Supplies for 1810, substituted to be funded pursuant to the Resolution of the House of Commons of 15th March 1811 | | | | |
| VII. | 420,364 | o o | From Sale of Old Naval and Victualling Stores | | | For Naval Services hereinafter expressed. See § X. | |
| VIII. | The following Sums, viz. | | | | | | |
| | | | Produce of Malt and Peaske Act, not extending | | | | |
| | 3,000,000 | o o | | 51 G. 3. c. 2. | | | |
| | 10,500,000 | o o | Exchange Bills | c. 3. | | | |
| | 1,500,000 | o o | Ditto | c. 4. | | | |
| | 4,631,590 | o o | Annuities | c. 86. | | | |
| | 6,000,000 | o o | Exchange Bills | c. 53. | | | |
| | 1,500,000 | o o | Ditto | c. 34. | | | |
| | 12,000,000 | o o | Annuities (after creating 4,500,000 <i>l.</i> to Ireland, deducting One third for Ireland) | c. 49. | | Appropriated to the Uses after expressed. See § X, &c. | |
| | 1,000,000 | o o | Exchange Bills | c. 112. | | | |
| | 8,000,000 | o o | Part of Sum remaining to be received 15th Feb. 1811, to complete 10,500,000 <i>l.</i> granted out of Produce of War Taxes 1810. | | | | |
| | 356,787 | 11 84 | (granted above, § II.) | | | | |
| | 956,947 | 18 44 | (granted above, § III.) | | | | |
| | 480,364 | o o | (granted above, § VII.) | | | | |
| | 20,000,000 | o o | (granted above, § V.) | | | | |
| | 5,000,000 | o o | (granted above, § I.) | | | | |
| IX. | The following Sums, viz. | | | | | | |
| | 1,000,000 | o o | Treasury Bills | coming into the 51 st G. 3. c. 5. | | | Appropriated to the Uses after expressed. See § XXVI, &c. |
| | 2,500,000 | o o | Annuities and Treasury Bills | c. 42. | | | |
| | 4,500,000 | o o | Annuities | c. 49. | | | |
| | Share of Lotteries | | under the Acts, | c. 113. | | | |
| | 300,000 | o o | Treasury Bills | c. 58. | | | |
| X. | Appropriations, viz. | | | | | | |
| | 20,025,594 | 10 o | For Naval Services; that is to say, | £ s. d. | | For 13 Months. | |
| | 3,545,875 | o o | For 125,000 Men, | 1 15 6 | | | |
| | 4,453,312 | 10 o | For Victuals, | 2 7 3 | | | |
| | 3,675,720 | o o | For Wear and Tear of Ships, | 1 10 0 | | | |
| | 659,720 | o o | For Outrance for Sea Service, | 0 7 0 | | | |
| | 1,578,113 | o o | For Ordnance of Navy, including Half Pay | | | | |
| | 2,045,100 | o o | For Building and Repairs of Ships of War and Ketches | | | | |
| | 1,115,894 | o o | For Provisions for Troops in Garrisons on Foreign Stations, and Rations for Troops embarked on board Transports | | | | |
| | 2,528,662 | 6 o | For Hire of Transports | | | | |
| | 338,468 | 6 o | For Sick and Wounded Seamen at Home and Abroad | | | | |
| | 834,335 | 19 8 | For Prisoners of War in Health at Home and Abroad | | | | |
| | 90,000 | o o | Ditto Sick | | | | |
| | 38,384 | 8 4 | For Salaries, Stationary and Contingencies of Transport Office | | | | |

| | | | | |
|-------|------------|----|----|--|
| | £ 1,150 | 0 | 0 | For Superannuations in the Twoport and other Offices } For the Year 1811. |
| XI. | 3,200,000 | 0 | 0 | For Great Britain, "to enable His Majesty to take such Measures as may be necessary to disappoint or defeat any Enterprise or Design of His Majesty's Enemies, and in the Emergency of Affairs may require" |
| XII. | 500,000 | 0 | 0 | For Great Britain, "to enable His Majesty to take such Measures as the Emergency of Affairs may require for Ireland." |
| XIII. | 400,000 | 0 | 0 | For Engagements with His Majesty's Majesty. |
| XIV. | 2,600,000 | 0 | 0 | For Portugal, "to enable His Majesty in continue to maintain in his Pay a Body of Portuguese Troops, and to give such further Aid and Assistance to the Government of Portugal as the Nature of the Cause in which His Majesty is engaged may appear to him to require." |
| XV. | 41,271,004 | 10 | 8 | For Land Forces and other Services that is to be. |
| | 5,059,875 | 10 | 6 | For Land Forces at Home and Abroad (except in the East India, Foreign Corps in British Pay and embodied Militia) |
| | 34,059 | 14 | 2 | For Five Troops of Dragoons and Lighter Companies of Foot for mounting Corps serving in India |
| | 3,098,910 | 5 | 3 | For unexpired Month of Great Britain and Ireland and of the Royal Corps of Makers of Drives and Gunpowder |
| | 518,054 | 4 | 10 | For General and Staff Officers and Officers of Hospitals at Home and Abroad, and Charge of Gunboats |
| | 34,507 | 5 | 7 | For Full Pay for Superannuated Officers of Forces |
| | 281,014 | 14 | 7 | For Principal Officers of several Publick Departments in Great Britain and Ireland, their Deputies, Clerks and Contingent Expenses, and Amount of Exchange Fees to be paid by the Paymaster General |
| | 221,093 | 10 | 0 | For Half Pay to reduced Officers of Land Forces, including British American Forces, and Scotch Brigade who in the Service of the States General |
| | 13,195 | 8 | 9 | For Military Allowances to reduced Officers of Land Forces, including British American Forces |
| | 494,354 | 18 | 9 | For 12 and Out Possessions of Chaplains and Attendants on Hospitals, and Expenses of the Hospitals |
| | 61,304 | 12 | 11 | For Pensions to Widows of Officers of Land Forces and Expenses attending the same in Great Britain and Ireland |
| | 565,093 | 7 | 9 | For Volunteer Corps in Great Britain and Ireland |
| | 504,847 | 0 | 0 | For Local Militia Forces in Great Britain |
| | 965,825 | 17 | 4 | For Foreign Corps in the Service of Great Britain and Ireland |
| | 19,407 | 16 | 6 | For Allowances to retired Chaplains and Allowances to Clergymen officiating with Forces at Home and Abroad, including Allowance to retired Chaplain General and other Contingent Expenses |
| | 138,754 | 5 | 9 | For Medicines and Surgical Materials for Land Forces, and Hospital Contingents |
| | 15,376 | 6 | 8 | For Allowances on the Compassionate List to Children of deceased Officers of Land Forces, and to Widows of Officers of Land Forces not entitled to Pensions, including Allowance as of His Majesty's Royal Bounty to several Officers, and to the Relatives of certain deceased Officers |
| | 500,433 | 18 | 5 | For Barrack Department in Ireland |
| | 287,352 | 12 | 1 | For the Commissariat and Forage for the Cavalry in Ireland |
| | 12,814 | 2 | 1 | For Allowances, Commissions and Emoluments in the Nature of Superannuations or retired Allowances to Persons belonging to several Publick Departments in Great Britain and Ireland in recompence of their having held Publick Offices of a Civil Nature |

From 25th Dec. 1810,
to 25th Dec. 1811.

| | | | | |
|---------|----|---|--|---|
| 25,348 | 0 | 6 | For Royal Military College | } From 25th Dec. 1810 to
24th Dec. 1811. |
| 25,344 | 11 | 6 | For Royal Military Academy at Chelsea | |
| 30,000 | 0 | 0 | For Exchequer of Royal Military College at Sand-
hurst: <i>Kingston in Surrey</i> | |
| 3,600 | 0 | 0 | For Expenses incident to the Two Houses of Par-
liament | |
| 21,000 | 0 | 0 | For Printing for the House of Lords, and for
printing Acts of Parliament | |
| 6,000 | 0 | 0 | For printing 1,750 Copies of 63d and 64th Vols. of
Journals of House of Commons | |
| 6,000 | 0 | 0 | Towards reprinting Two Volumes of Journals and
Two Volumes of Reports of the House of
Commons | |
| 1,850 | 0 | 0 | For Salaries to certain Officers of Two Houses of
Parliament | For the Year 1811. |
| 4,000 | 0 | 0 | For extraordinary Expenses for Professions, &c.
relating to the Coin of the Kingdom | |
| 5,000 | 0 | 0 | For paying Fees on settling public Accounts | |
| 177,000 | 0 | 0 | For foreign and other foreign Services | |
| 20,000 | 0 | 0 | For Law Charges | |
| 78,700 | 0 | 0 | For providing, maintaining and employing Convicts
at Home | |
| 12,000 | 0 | 0 | For Public Office in New Street | |
| 7,000 | 12 | 0 | For Superintendance of Aliens | |
| 5,000 | 0 | 0 | For Stationary for the Two Houses of Parliament | |
| 8,800 | 0 | 0 | For printing Votes of the House of Commons during the present Session. | |
| 178,752 | 2 | 0 | For Clergy and Laity of France, Flanders, Dutch
and Spanish Ensigns, Saint Domingo, Self-
denied and American Loyalists | For the Year 1811. |
| 11,000 | 0 | 0 | For Sheriffs for Conveyance of Felons, and Over-
payments | |
| 3,625 | 0 | 0 | } To make good Defi-
ciency of Grant in
1810 | } To Sheriffs for Conveyance of Felons and Over-
payments. |
| 2,017 | 16 | 9 | | |
| 1,328 | 5 | 4 | To pay charitable and other Allowances to the
Poor of Saint Martin in the Fields, &c. | For the Year 1811. |
| 17,000 | 0 | 0 | To George Saunders Esquire, to discharge in part outstanding Demands
of Artificers for Works done at Tower's Place. | |
| 454 | 6 | 0 | To Thomas Northall Esquire, for publishing average Price of Brown
or Malcombe Sugar for One Year to 24 Dec. 1810. | |
| 177 | 0 | 0 | To Henry Dooly Esquire, as a Remuneration for his Services as Clerk
to the Commissioners for ascertaining the salable Offices in the Courts
of Law. | |
| 377 | 0 | 0 | To Charles Greedy and Francis William Reeves for lighting Lamps round
New Square in Palace Yard Westminster, from 7th September 1807 to
2d Dec. 1810. | |
| 4,430 | 6 | 0 | To William Clowery Esquire, for Deficiency of Grant for 1810, for
Expenses attending the confining, maintaining and employing Convicts
at Home. | |
| 684 | 10 | 0 | To William Clowery Esquire, to pay Bills drawn by T. Demerly and
T. Le Bross, as accounts of Allowances granted for their Trouble, &c.
in attending the Privy Council respecting the Island of Jersey. | |
| 227 | 13 | 0 | To William Clowery Esquire, to be paid over to Captain Aberdeen and
others, for Expenses attending Committee of House of Commons on
late Expedition to the Hebrides. | |
| 79 | 3 | 0 | To William Clowery Esquire to discharge Messrs. Alcock's and
Ramsay's Expenses on the Hebrides Committee in Session 1810. | |
| 489 | 17 | 0 | To John Deane Esquire, for his Attendance in forming an Index to the
Rolls of Parliament. | |
| 1,381 | 9 | 0 | To Edward Stacey Esquire for Services attending as Counsel upon
Chairman of Committees of House of Peers during Session 1810. | |
| 1,131 | 8 | 0 | To Thomas Brodie Esquire for Salaries and other incidental Expenses in
forming an Index to Journals of the House of Peers, for One Year to
5th July 1810. | |
| 333 | 14 | 0 | To Thomas Brodie Esquire, for Trouble in forming an Index to Journals
of the House of Peers for One Year to 5th July 1810. | |

21,640

| | | | | | |
|-----------|----|----|--|---|--------------------|
| 44,440 | 11 | 0 | To make good Money paid out of Civil List | To James Road Esquire for Establishment of Horse Patrols for better Security of Publick Roads leading to the Metropolis for Three Quarters of a Year to 31 ^o Jan. 1811. | |
| 807 | 7 | 0 | | To Doctor Thomas Brooke Clark for Townshead Attendance in receiving and arranging Returns to Privy Council of Non-resident Clergy for One Year and half to 31 ^o Jan. 1811. | |
| 1,782 | 8 | 6 | | To William Wajles Esquire, Sergeant at Arms to House of Lords, for Services during Session 1810. | |
| 477 | 14 | 0 | | To William Chisway Esquire, for Messrs. Garvey's Expenses on Commissions of Houses of Parliament in Session 1810. | |
| 2,631 | 4 | 6 | | To Lord Bessington for Services as Chairman of Commissions of House of Peers during Session 1810. | |
| 139 | 14 | 0 | | To John Greenock Esquire, Deputy Sergeant at Arms to House of Commons, for One Year's Rent of a House in lieu of Apartments resigned at the House of Commons. | |
| 940 | 19 | 0 | | To Magistrates of Yewen Police Office for further Expenses incurred in carrying into effect the Plan for the better Security of Shipping to the Port of London. | |
| 1,248 | 14 | 0 | | To Peter Grant Esquire, Secretary to Commissioners of Military Enquiry, for Expenses of said Commissioners in carrying the Act into Execution. | |
| 9,280 | 5 | 0 | | For Penitentiary Detending Ministers in England and Ireland, and for Relief of poor French Catholics | |
| 21,500 | 0 | 0 | | For Works already executed at the New Mint, to complete Buildings and Offices there and to furnish them with necessary Furniture | For the Year 1811. |
| 4,000 | 0 | 0 | | For additional Machinery being by Messrs. Brown, and other Works by Messrs. Solmes and Wray at the New Mint | |
| 4,700 | 0 | 0 | | For Expense of the Tonnage at the New Mint | |
| 4,800 | 0 | 0 | | For Board of Agriculture | |
| 2,600,000 | 0 | 0 | | For discharging Interest on Exchequer Bills | |
| 30,000 | 0 | 0 | | To defray probable Amount of Bills drawn from New South Wales, in the course of the Year 1811. | |
| 100,000 | 0 | 0 | For Relief of the Inhabitants of such Parts of Portugal as have suffered by the Invasion of that Country by the French. | | |
| 9,400 | 0 | 0 | For extra Charge for Costingrooms of Three Secretaries of State | For the Year 1811. | |
| 5,000 | 0 | 0 | For extra Charge for Messengers of Three Secretaries of State | | |
| 3,113 | 13 | 5 | For Bills of the Ulster of the Court of Exchequer, for supplying the Court and Officers with Stationery; for keeping in repair the said Court, and for accented Fees or Allowances to the several Officers thereof | For the Year 1810. | |
| 2,218 | 4 | 7 | Ditto | For the Year 1811. | |
| 16,000 | 0 | 0 | To pay Bills drawn for Allowances to certain retired Dutch Officers paid by General Survey | | |
| 4,400 | 0 | 0 | For Bills drawn from Jersey on account of Allowances to certain French Emigrants resident there | For the Year 1811. | |
| 6,000 | 0 | 0 | For Allowances to certain Corsican and Yankoyt Emigrants | | |
| 3,000 | 0 | 0 | For Repair of Henry the Seventh's Chapel | | |
| 20,000 | 0 | 0 | For Roads and Bridges in Highlands in Scotland under 43 G. 3. c. 80 | | |
| 40,000 | 0 | 0 | For making an Island Navigation from the English to the Western Sea by Jamaica and Port St. Louis | For the Year 1811. | |
| 7,100 | 0 | 0 | For Works in progress at the Houses of Parliament | | |
| 5,780 | 10 | 11 | For rebuilding Light House and making an Oil Light at Holyhead. | | |
| 26,500 | 0 | 0 | For Commissions to Commissioners appointed to enquire into the Publick Expenditure in certain Military Departments | For the Year 1811. | |
| 8,000 | 0 | 0 | For National Vaccine Establishment | | |
| 6,000 | 0 | 0 | For Royal Vault and Chapter House ending at Windsor | | |

| | | | | | |
|--------------|--------|----|--|--|--|
| 225,000 | 0 | 0 | For rebuilding public Offices in the Strand of
<i>Trinited, destroyed by Fire in 1808</i> | } For the Year 1811. | |
| 104 | 6 | 3 | Deficiency of Grant for defraying the Expenses of
Printing for the House of
Commons in 1810 | | |
| 16,000 | 0 | 0 | For Printing Bills, &c. by Order of House of Commons during the present
Session. | | |
| 4,000 | 0 | 0 | For Repairs and Works at the King's Bench Prison, for the Year 1811. | | |
| 5,000 | 0 | 0 | For repairing the Grises Canal, in consequence of an Inundation in the
Year 1811. | | |
| 1,000 | 0 | 0 | For Excise, &c. for taking and bringing Fish to
the Cities of London and Wylborough | } For the Year 1811. | |
| 11,000 | 0 | 0 | For rebuilding <i>Bethlem Hospital</i> , upon a Scale sufficient for the Reception of
Two hundred Patients. | | |
| 5,000 | 0 | 0 | For the Improvement of <i>Holyhead Harbour</i> | | |
| 14,545 | 2 | 10 | For Improvements near to <i>Wynhanger Hall</i> , &c.
under 46 G. 3. c. 89. | } For the Year 1811. | |
| 47,025 | 7 | 3 | For Buildings for a Naval Asylum, and Main-
tenance of Lod Inhabitation | | |
| 7,000 | 10 | 8 | For Trustees of <i>British Museum</i> . | | |
| 4,055 | 4 | 11 | To <i>Miller Samuel Davis</i> for Rent and Losses sustained on account of the
<i>Maryhallo Prison</i> . | | |
| 6,327 | 0 | 0 | For Half the Charge of erecting Bridges over the
<i>Rivers Cuse and Kree in Scotland</i> | } For the Year 1811. | |
| 5,825 | 3 | 8 | For Printing under the Recent Commission. | | |
| 4,165 | 4 | 0 | For printing 1,250 Copies of the 40th, 41st and 42d Vols. of the Journals of
the House of Peers | | |
| 100,000 | 0 | 0 | To the Governors of <i>Queen Anne's Bounty</i> for the Poor Clergy. | | |
| 4,500 | 0 | 0 | For outstanding Demands for Works done at old <i>Maryhallo Prison</i> between
1802 and 1800. | | |
| 1,000 | 0 | 0 | For <i>Procurary College</i> , for the Year 1811. | | |
| 5,856 | 5 | 0 | For Works and Repairs of Military Roads in <i>North Britain</i>
[In Ireland.] | | |
| 250 | 0 | 0 | Inspector General of Imports and Exports, preparing Accounts of <i>Ireland</i> | | |
| 200 | 0 | 0 | Fish Clerk of Ditto, preparing Accounts. | | |
| 200 | 0 | 0 | Examiner of Excise, Ditto. | | |
| 150 | 0 | 0 | Assistant Examiner of Excise, Ditto. | | |
| 200 | 0 | 0 | Examiner of Corn Bounties for keeping Accounts | | |
| 200 | 0 | 0 | Clerk to Auditor's Office, for preparing Accounts for Parliament. | | |
| XXVII. | 25,000 | 0 | 0 | For Criminal Prosecutions and other Law Expenses from 5th Jan. 1811 to
5th Jan. 1812. | |
| 1,200 | 0 | 0 | For printing, &c. 250 Copies of Public General Acts, 51 G. 3. | | |
| 2,500 | 10 | 0 | Apprehending Public Offenders | | |
| 5,484 | 9 | 0 | Non-conforming Ministers | } From 5th Jan. 1811, to
5th Jan. 1812. | |
| 1,043 | 10 | 2 | Expence of Postage in the Part of <i>Dublin</i> | | |
| 3,729 | 0 | 0 | Support of Seeding Ministers from the Synod of
<i>Ulster</i> | } From 25th March 1811,
to 25th March 1812. | |
| 4,000 | 0 | 0 | Incidents of the Treasury | } From 5th Jan. 1811, to
5th Jan. 1812. | |
| 740 | 0 | 0 | Clanking Battle Axe Guards | } From 25th Dec. 1811, to
25th Dec. 1812. | |
| 10,500 | 0 | 0 | Procurations and other Matters in the <i>Dublin</i>
Gazette, &c. | } From 5th Jan. 1811, to
5th Jan. 1812. | |
| 21,447 | 18 | 0 | Board of Works in <i>Ireland</i> | } For the Year 1811. | |
| 21,391 | 6 | 8 | Postage, &c. for Secretaries' Offices, and other
Public Offices in <i>Dublin Castle</i> . | } From 5th Jan. 1811, to
5th Jan. 1812. | |
| 2,822 | 0 | 0 | For Lottery Officers for One Year due 24th June 1812. | | |
| 40,000 | 0 | 0 | Harbour of <i>Howth</i> , Works at. | | |
| 18,000 | 0 | 0 | Drawing Eggs under 43 G. 3. c. 103. | | |
| XXVIII. | 10,000 | 0 | 0 | Board of Fish Fruits for building Churches and
Globe Houses, and purchasing Globes | } From 5th Jan. 1811, to
5th Jan. 1812. |
| 11,600 | 0 | 0 | Trustees of the Lanes and Hampden Manufac-
tury | } For One Year ending
5th Jan. 1812. | |
| 9,000 | 0 | 0 | Commissioners for making wide and convenient
Streets in <i>Dublin</i> | } From 5th Jan. 1811, to
5th Jan. 1812. | |
| 30,000 | 0 | 0 | Trustees and Commissioners of Fish Fruits, towards building, &c. Churches
and Chapels, &c. | | |
| 10,000 | 0 | 0 | <i>Dublin Society</i> for promoting Husbandry, &c. | } From 5th Jan. 1811, to
5th Jan. 1812. | |
| 5,000 | 0 | 0 | Farming Society of <i>Ireland</i> | | |
| 51 Geo. III. | | | 3 R | XXIX. | |

| | | | |
|-------|---------|-------|--|
| XXIX. | £10,557 | o. o. | For Protestant Charity Schools |
| | 38,339 | o. o. | Founding Hospital in Dublin |
| | 49,584 | o. o. | House of Indefinite, Hospitals and Asylums for Indigent Children in Dublin |
| | 25,274 | o. o. | Association Society for Soldiers' Children in Dublin |
| | 5,253 | o. o. | — — — — — Marine Society |
| | 1,508 | o. o. | Female Chapel House near Dublin |
| | 4,675 | o. o. | Roman Catholic Seminary |
| | 7,411 | o. o. | Widowhood's Luck Hospital in Dublin |
| | 5,880 | o. o. | For erecting Buildings at the East Wing of the General Dues's Hospital in Dublin |
| | 5,193 | o. o. | Lying-in Hospital in Dublin |
| | 1,000 | o. o. | For 250 Patients in House of Recovery and Fever Hospital in Dublin |
| | 550 | o. o. | Douglas Street's Hospital at Dublin |
| | 600 | o. o. | For Office of Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests |
| | 1,681 | o. o. | Allegation for disseminating Vice |
| | 2,500 | o. o. | Card Indemnities |
| | 4,000 | o. o. | For Improvements and Repairs of Saint Patrick's Hospital |

From 5th Jan. 1811, to
30th Jan. 1811.

XXX. Supplies shall be applied only to the Purposes authorized, &c.

As in former Acts.

XXXI. Rules for Application of Half Pay

XXXII. And whereas the Officers of the Royal Regiment of *Mass Fusiliers* engaged to serve in the said Corps upon a Stipulation contained in the Letter of Service under which they were raised, that they should be allowed to receive any Half Pay to which they might be entitled, notwithstanding their holding a Subaltern Commission in the said Corps, but so Previous to his being made by Parliament for Payment of such Half Pay; and it is therefore expedient that Provision should now be made for Payment of the Arrears of Half Pay to such Officers as aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted, That Officers who are entitled to Half Pay, and who accepted or held Subaltern Commissions in the Royal Regiment of *Mass Fusiliers*, shall, notwithstanding their having had the full Pay of such Commissions, be entitled to receive the Arrears of such Half Pay for any Year or Years in which they shall not have before been allowed to receive the same, upon taking an Oath before the Officer usually administering Oaths to Persons for the Purpose of their receiving Half Pay, that they had not in any Year or Year for which such Arrear is claimed, any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under his Majesty, besides their Allowance of Half Pay, save and except their Pay as such Subaltern Officer of the Royal Regiment of *Mass Fusiliers*, and taking the said Oath, shall, without taking any other Oath, be sufficient to entitle such Officer to receive his Half Pay.

XXXIII. And whereas Chaplains of Regiments, who have been placed on Half Pay, have not been allowed to receive such Half Pay in some Years, in consequence of being in Possession at the time of certain such Federal Breaches or Perforations, though the same were not in the Patronage of the Crown; and whereas it has been judged fair and reasonable that they should be allowed to receive such Half Pay, though in Possession of Ecclesiastical Preferment, provided the same was granted by the Crown, and not derived from the Crown, and that they should also be allowed to receive the Arrears of Half Pay for such former Years as aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted, That all Chaplains, who, after having been placed on Half Pay, shall have been refused or have been unable to receive such Half Pay in any Year, in consequence of holding any Ecclesiastical Benefice not derived from or in the Gift of the Crown, shall be entitled to receive the Arrears of such Half Pay for such Years, upon making Affidavit before the proper Officer for administering Oaths to Persons for entering them to receive Half Pay, that they held no Ecclesiastical Benefice or Preferment in any such Year derived from the Crown, nor any Place or Employment of Profit under His Majesty; and the taking the said Oath shall, without taking any other Oath, be sufficient to entitle such Chaplain to receive his Half Pay.

XXXIV. Application of Overplus of Sum under 20 G 5. c. 115. § 24 to be reduced. } As in former Acts.
Officers.

C A P. CXVIII.

An Act to permit the Interchange of the *British* and *Irish* Militias respectively. [11. July 1811.]

WHEREAS it would materially conduce to the better Defence and Security of the United Kingdom, of the Services of the perfect Regular Militia of *Great Britain* and the Militia Force of *Ireland* were extended to all Parts of the United Kingdom: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Persons who may be commissioned, raised and enrolled as and for the regular Militia of *Great Britain*, or in and for the Militia of *Ireland*, at any time after the passing of this Act, whether by Ballot or otherwise, under any Act now in force, or which may hereafter be in force for raising Men for the said Militia, shall be liable to serve in all Parts of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*; any thing contained in any Act relating to the said Militia respectively to the contrary notwithstanding.

H. And

II. And be it further enacted, That after the passing of this Act so much of the Act passed in the Forteenth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for amending the Laws relating to the Militia in England, and for augmenting the Militia*; so much of another Act passed in the Forty second Year, intituled, *An Act to rectify and establish a Militia Force in Scotland*; and so much of an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for amending and ordering new Acts of Parliament the several Laws for raising and training the Militia of Ireland*, respectively, as prescribe the Form of Oaths to be taken by Persons ballotted, and by Subalterns and Volunteers raised under their respective Acts, shall be repealed; and instead thereof every Person who shall be called by Ballot for the Militia in Great Britain or Ireland, under any Acts in force at the passing of this Act, or under any future Act, and appearing and being to Perform, shall take the following Oath:

I A. B. do sincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George, and that I will faithfully serve in the Militia in any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for the Defence of the same, during the time of Five Years for which I am enrolled, unless I shall be sooner discharged.

And every Person called under any of the said Acts, either as a Soldier, hired Man or Volunteer, or otherwise than by Ballot, shall take the following Oath:

I A. B. do sincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George, and that I will faithfully serve in the Militia in any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for the Defence of the same, during the time of Five Years, or for such further time as the Militia shall remain embodied, if within the Space of Five Years His Majesty shall order and direct the Militia to be drawn out and embodied, unless I shall be sooner discharged.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall be appointed to serve as a Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer in the Militia to be established under this Act for extended Service, instead of the Oath directed to be taken by any of the said recited Acts, by Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers in the Militia, shall take the following Oath:

I A. B. do sincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George, and that I will faithfully serve in the Militia in any Part of the United Kingdom, for the Defence of the same, until I shall be legally discharged.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the regular Militia to be raised under this Act in England and Scotland, and the Militia of Ireland, shall respectively be raised under the Provisions contained in the said recited Acts of the Forty second Year aforesaid, and in the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, and in every other Act or Acts relative to the Militia of England, Scotland or Ireland, in so far as the same or any of them were in force immediately before the passing of this Act, and are not hereby altered; and all Powers and Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the said several last mentioned Acts shall, as far as the same were in force, immediately before the passing of this Act, and are applicable, and are not hereby altered or repealed, be in force for the Purposes aforesaid, and shall respectively relate to the Militia to be raised in England, and Scotland, and Ireland, for Service in the United Kingdom, as if the same were expressly re-enacted and continued herein: Provided always, that nothing in this Act shall be construed to extend the Provisions of any Acts which relate only to the Militia of England or Scotland respectively, to the Militia to be raised in Ireland, nor any of the Provisions of any Act which relates to the Militia of Ireland only, to the Militia to be raised in England or Scotland.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Powers, Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for establishing and amending the several Laws for granting Relief for the Families of Militia Men of England, when called out into actual Service*; and in another Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting Relief for the Wives and Families of the Militia Men in Scotland, when called into actual Service*; and in another Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to make Provisions in certain Cases for the Wives and Families of ballotted Men, Subalterns and Volunteers serving in the Militia of Ireland, or in any other Acts relative to granting Relief to the Wives and Families of Persons serving in the Militia of England, Scotland or Ireland respectively*, shall, as far as the same relate to Allowances to the Wives and Families of ballotted Men be in force, and respectively relate to the Wives and Families of Persons to be hereafter ballotted to serve, and thenceforth personally serving in the Militia of England, Scotland and Ireland under the Provisions of this Act or any future Act: Provided always, that nothing in this Act shall be construed to extend any of the Provisions of any of the said last mentioned Acts, which relate exclusively to the Wives and Families of Persons serving in the Militia of one of the said Parts of the United Kingdom, to the Wives and Families of Persons to be hereafter raised in either of the said other Parts of the United Kingdom for Service in the United Kingdom.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Troop to be raised in England, Scotland and Ireland, in manner aforesaid, for extended Service, shall be called "The Militia of the United Kingdom;" and the Parts of it to be raised in Great Britain or Ireland shall be respectively entitled to the same Rank, Privileges and Emoluments, civil, military and religious, and subject to the same Rules and Regulations, as the said Militia now are respectively entitled or subject to under any Act or Acts now in force relating to the Militia of Great Britain or Ireland, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament whatsoever respectively.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Commissioned Officers of the said Militia whose Service shall become extended to all Parts of the United Kingdom by virtue of this Act, who shall be disabled in actual Service, shall be entitled to Half Pay according to their Ranks; and all Non Commissioned Officers, Drum-

Oaths on Enroll-
ment and ballot
1811. 2. 6. 94.
1811. 2. 6. 94.
1811. 2. 6. 94.
1811. 2. 6. 94.
1811. 2. 6. 94.
1811. 2. 6. 94.

Oath of balloted
Men

Oath of Soldiers
and Volun-
teers

43 G. 3. c. 96.
44 G. 3. c. 11.
6. 51. 1. 77.
45 G. 3. c. 123.
4. 12.
Oath.

Militia raised in
Great Britain
and
Ireland

Proviso.

Provisions in
43 G. 3. c. 97

44 G. 3. c. 96.

45 G. 3. c. 123.
reference to Relief
for Families of
Militia Men
extended to Families
of Persons to
be called out
and under this
Act.

Called "The
Militia of the
United King-
dom."

Half Pay.

Chillem, Major-General,
Without Office.

I having found
fit to send South
of the British
Army in the
East-India
Company.

Enrolled

Enrolled in each
Militia being
enrolled in
the United Kingdom
in the same
manner as in
the Militia.

Militia are to
be enrolled in
His Majesty's
Militia.

His Majesty is
empowered to
enroll in
His Majesty's
Militia.

Enrolled in
His Majesty's
Militia.

Oath

Oath

and Private Men of both Force is disabled, shall be entitled to the Benefit of *Classe Hofpita*, and the Widows of all such Commissioned Officers killed in Service, shall be entitled to receive such Pensions for Life as are given to Widows of Officers in His Majesty's Regular Forces.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of *British* or *Irish* Militia shall continue to serve in *Ireland* or *Great Britain* respectively, for any longer Period than Two Years successively; and that no greater Number than One Fourth Part of the Militia of *Ireland* shall at any one time be employed in *Ireland*, nor any greater Number than One Third Part of the Militia of *Ireland* be at one time employed in *Great Britain*: Provided always, that in Case of any actual Invasion or Rebellion of and in any Part of the United Kingdom, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to employ in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, any Number of the said Militia of either Part of the United Kingdom which he may deem necessary for deterring or suppressing any such Invasion or Rebellion, or to assist in either Part of the United Kingdom during the Continuance of such Rebellion or Invasion, any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the said Militia of either Part of the United Kingdom, although such Regiment, Battalion or Corps may have previously to the Suppression of such Rebellion or Invasion served its full Period of Two Years in the other Part of the United Kingdom; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that in Case of any such Invasion or Rebellion shall have been defeated or suppressed (the same to be signified by His Majesty's Proclamation) every Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia which shall then have served its full Period of Two Years shall return to that Part of the United Kingdom for which it was originally raised.

IX. And be it further enacted, That no Regiment, Battalion or Corps of *British* or *Irish* Militia, having once performed its Period of Service in *Ireland* or *Great Britain* respectively, shall be again liable to serve in *Ireland* or *Great Britain* respectively, until the Expiration of Six or Four Years respectively, to be calculated from the Termination of such Period of Service: Provided always, that in Case of any actual Invasion or Rebellion of or in any Part of the United Kingdom, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to employ in any Part of the United Kingdom any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of *British* or *Irish* Militia, although such Period of Six or Four Years respectively may not have elapsed: See the Termination of its full Period of Service in *Ireland* or *Great Britain* respectively.

X. And be it further enacted, That no Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the Militia of *Great Britain* shall be called upon to serve in *Ireland*, nor any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of *Irish* Militia shall be called upon to serve in *Great Britain*, until His Majesty's Pleasure shall have been signified by the Secretary of State, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Commissioners of *Ireland*, at the said time and so.

XI. And whereas it is expedient that His Majesty should be empowered, in the most ample and useful Manner of the United Kingdom shall have been raised and enrolled by virtue of this Act, to send himself or of such voluntary Officers as may from time to time be made by any Regiments, Battalions and Corps of Militia of *Great Britain* and *Ireland* respectively, or by any Part or Parts of the same, to extend their Services into all Parts of the United Kingdom, for the better Protection and Defence thereof: Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to employ in any Part of the United Kingdom, under the Regulations and Restrictions and in the Proportions specified in this Act, such Part of the present Regular Militia of *Great Britain*, and the Militia of *Ireland* respectively, as may make a voluntary Officer, who certified by their respective Commanding Officers, of extending their Services to all Parts of the United Kingdom, and as His Majesty may think proper to permit to extend their Services in consequence of such voluntary Officers as aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order signed by the Principal Secretary of State, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Commissioners of *Ireland*, or by his or their Chief Secretary, directed to the Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the said Militia Forces of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, to propose to such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or any Part or Parts thereof, to extend their Services to all Parts of the United Kingdom, under such Rules and Regulations as His Majesty may think fit to appoint.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to direct that a Bounty not exceeding Two Guineas shall be allowed to every Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer and Private Man who shall make such voluntary Offer as aforesaid; and that every Private Man making such voluntary Offer as aforesaid, shall, if he shall ever have been originally chosen by Ballot to serve in the Militia, take the following Oath; *videlicet*,

I A. B. do sincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George, and that I will faithfully serve in the Militia in any Part of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, for the Defence of the same, during the Remainder of the Term for which I was enrolled to serve in the Militia within *Great Britain* (or *Ireland*, as the case may be) which I shall be sooner discharged.

And every such Man shall be then and there enrolled to serve in the Militia of the United Kingdom as a Private Militia Man, until the Expiration of the Period for which he was originally enrolled to serve in the Militia of *Great Britain*, (or *Ireland*, as the case may be) and every Private Man making such voluntary Offer as aforesaid, who shall have been originally enrolled to serve in a Sabotage, Wood Man or Volunteer, shall be enrolled to serve in the Militia of the United Kingdom for the Remainder of the time for which he was originally enrolled to serve in the Militia of *Great Britain* (or *Ireland*, as the case may be) or for such further time as the Militia may or may not be embodied; and shall take the following Oath; *videlicet*,

I A. B. do sincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George, and that I will faithfully serve in the Militia of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, for the Defence of the same, during the Remainder of the time for which I have been enrolled to serve in the Militia within

Great Britain (or Ireland, as the case may be) or for such further time as the Militia may remain embodied, & unless I shall be sooner discharged.

And every Non-commissioned Officer and Drummer making such voluntary Offer as aforesaid, shall also be entitled to serve in the Militia of the United Kingdom, and shall take the Oaths herebefore declared to be taken by all Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers who may hereafter be entitled to serve in the Militia of the United Kingdom by virtue of this Act; and such several Enrollments shall take place, and such Oaths shall be administered, at such times and under such Regulations, as His Majesty, by any Order to be signed by the Secretary of State or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or his or their Secretary, shall at that behalf direct or appoint.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person serving in the said Militia of either Part of the United Kingdom shall be compelled to make such Offer, or be engaged to serve out of that Part of the United Kingdom for which he is enrolled and serving, except by his own Consent; and no Commissioned Officer shall contrary according to this Act any voluntary Offer previously to his having explained to every Person of the Militia offering to do so, that the Offer is to be partly voluntary on his Part.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all Privileges, Rules and Regulations contained in this Act, relating to Persons who may lawfully be commissioned, raised and enrolled in the Militia of the United Kingdom, shall be applicable to all Persons now serving in the regular Militia of Great Britain or the Militia Force of Ireland respectively, who may make a voluntary Offer of extending their Services to all Parts of the United Kingdom in manner aforesaid.

XV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

[As to this Act see following Chap. 20. ante. for Cap. 125. post.]

C A P. CXIX.

An Act for repealing Two Acts made in the Forty second and Forty seventh Years of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Administration of the Office of a Justice of the Peace, in such Parts of the Counties of Middlesex and Surrey as lie in and near the Metropolis, and for the more effectual Prevention of Felonies; and for making other Provisions in lieu thereof; to continue in force until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and from thence until the Expiration of Six Weeks from the Commencement of the then next Session of Parliament.

[18 July 1811.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for repealing Two Acts, made in the Thirty second and Thirty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Administration of the Office of a Justice of the Peace, in such Parts of the Counties of Middlesex and Surrey as lie in and near the Metropolis, and for the more effectual Prevention of Felonies; and for making other Provisions in lieu thereof; and for increasing the Salaries of the Justices of the Peace in the County of Middlesex, and the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seven, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; which was to continue in force until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seven, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and another Act, made in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, was continued until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and ten, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament: And whereas it is expedient that the said Acts should be repealed, and more effectual Provisions made in lieu thereof: May it therefore please Your Majesty that he may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Acts shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be and the same are hereby repealed.*

II. And be it enacted, That the several Public Offices now established in the following Places, namely, the Parishes of Saint Margaret Westminster, Saint James Westminster, Saint James Clerkenwell, Saint Leonard Shoreditch, Saint Mary Whitechapel and Saint Paul Shoreditch, in the County of Middlesex, and at or near Saint Margaret's Hill in the Borough of Lambeth in the County of Surrey, shall be continued, and the several Persons appointed by His Majesty to execute the Office of Justice of the Peace at each of the said Offices, by virtue of the said Act, shall continue to execute the same, together with such other Justices of the Peace for the said Counties respectively as may think proper to attend.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, from time to time, upon any Vacancy in any of the said Offices, by Death or otherwise, to appoint other fit and proper Persons, being Justices of the Peace of the said Counties of Middlesex and Surrey respectively, to execute the Duties of the said Office in his Place; and that One or more of the said Justices so appointed as aforesaid, shall diligently attend at each of the said Public Offices every Day from Ten of the Clock in the Morning until Eight of the Clock in the Evening, and at such other Times and Places as shall be found necessary; and that Two of the said Justices so to be appointed as aforesaid shall in like manner attend together at each of the said Offices from Twelve of the Clock at Noon until Three in the Afternoon, and from Six of the Clock in the Evening until Eight of the Clock in the Evening of every Day: Provided always, that the Attendance of One of the said Justices may be supplied during the Hours at which the Attendance of Two is required as aforesaid, by any other Justice of the Peace for the said Counties of Middlesex or Surrey respectively.

Commanding Officer accepts the title to be voluntary.

All to apply to Persons making a voluntary Offer of extending Service.

All altered, &c.

41 G. 2. c. 14.

47 G. 3. c. 42.

repealed. The several Public Offices continued.

His Majesty may appoint as he sees fit all or Two or more.

Provid.

IV. And

In the taking
Fees for the
Public Office.

Dist.

Fees for the Fees
for taking
Accounts, and
Fees taken at
Office in the
Suits.
16 G. 3. c. 21.

Account of Fees
taken in the
Seven Public
Offices of
County of
Middlesex
Account of Fees
paid Receivers.

Penalties (Ex-
cesses) re-
covered in Public
Office paid to
Receiver.

If not so
received but
taken from
the fee book.

IV. And be it enacted, That as Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County of Middlesex, County of Surrey, City and Liberty of Westminster, or Liberty of the Tower of London, or his or their Clerk or Clerks, or any Person for them, other than at the said Public Offices, shall demand or receive, upon any Process or under any Colour whatsoever, take or receive any Fees, Gratuities, Rewards or Remunerations, for any Act by him or them done or to be done in the Execution of his or their Office or Employment as Justice or Justices of the Peace, Clerk or Clerks as aforesaid, within the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or within the Parishes of Saint Mary le Bow, Parishes of Saint Pancras, Kingsland and Yaxley Lane in the County of Middlesex, upon Pen of forfeiting the Sum of One hundred Pounds for every such Offence; to be recovered, One Month thereof to the Receiver appointed in the manner hereinafter mentioned, to be applied to the Purposes of this Act, and the other Money thereof, with full Costs of Suit, in the Parishes or Places aforesaid shall be for the Use of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, Plea or Information, wherein no Wages, Privilege, Wage of Law or more than One Imparsonage shall be allowed: Provided always nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to extend to any Fees taken at any General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, or at any Meeting of Justices for the Purpose of hearing Affidavits, pursuant to an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled, *An Act for regulating the Manner of hearing Affidavits in the Part of Great Britain called England*; and for the more fully executing the Purpose of this Act and other Liquors within Liberties, or to any Fees taken at a certain Public Office within the Liberty of Westminster, known by the Name of *The Public Office in Bow Street*; or to any Fees taken by any Verger Clerk or his Assistant, as Clerk to any Justice or Justices of the Peace sitting within the Parish in which such Justice or Justices reside, for the Purpose of receiving the Payment of any Taxes or Assessments sitting within the same Parish, or for the Purpose of hearing and determining any Offence cognizable before a Justice or Justices of the Peace, by virtue of any Statute made and provided for the Special Regulation or Government of such Parish.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Justices so appointed to attend at the said Seven Public Offices as aforesaid, and three Clerks respectively, shall, in Books to be provided for that Purpose, keep a full, true and particular Account of all the Fees taken and received at each of the said Offices, together with all Penalties and Forfeitures which shall have been recovered, levied or received, in pursuance of any Warrant, Conviction or Order had or made, at any of the said Seven Public Offices, or any Process or Warrant being from the same, to which said Books and Accounts, the Receiver to be appointed in manner hereinafter mentioned shall at all Times have free Access; and the said Justices shall once in every Month deliver unto such Receiver, such Accounts, verified upon Oath by such Justice or Justices, or Clerk or Clerks, and such other Person or Persons as shall be appointed in keeping such Accounts respectively, or any Part thereof, before some Justice of the Peace for the said County of Middlesex or County of Surrey, in the case may be; which Oath such Justice or Clerk as aforesaid shall be sworn to and required to administer, and shall pay and give to be paid the Account of all such Fees unto such Receiver, to be applied in manner hereinafter mentioned; any Law, Statute or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all such Penalties and Forfeitures and Sums of Penalties and Forfeitures as are or shall be levied and made payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or to any Description of Persons, other than the Informer or Informers who shall sue for the same, or any Party appointed, and which shall be recoverable in a summary way before a Justice or Justices of the Peace, and which shall be recovered or adjudged before any Justice or Justices of the Peace at either of the said Seven Public Offices, shall be accounted for and paid into the Hands of the Receiver, to be appointed in manner hereinafter mentioned, by the Justice, Clerk, Constable, Officer or other Person or Persons who shall levy or receive the same, to be applied by such Receiver in manner hereinafter mentioned; any Law, Statute or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if the said Justices appointed as aforesaid, or any other Person having received any such Fees at any of the said Seven Public Offices, shall neglect to account for and pay the same in manner aforesaid; or if any Justice, Justice Clerk, Constable, Officer or other Person, who shall levy or receive such Penalties or Forfeitures, or Sums of Penalties or Forfeitures, shall neglect to pay the same into the Hands of such Receiver in manner aforesaid; or if any Person, having refused such Office of Receiver or having been removed from the same, shall neglect, within Twenty one Days after Notice for that Purpose, to account for and pay into the Hands of the said Receiver all such Sums of Money as shall remain in his Hands applicable to the Purposes of this Act, it shall be lawful for such Receiver for the recovering in his own proper Name only, or by his Name and Detention of Office, as far as and to recover the same, with Double Costs of Suit, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt or in the Case; in which Action it shall be sufficient for such Receiver to declare as far Money had and received to the Use of such Receiver for the Purposes of this Act, and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action may at the Instance of any Judge of such Court, be held to special Bail, in such competent Sum as such Judge shall order and direct; and in any such Action against any such Person liable to account as aforesaid, the said Court in which such Action shall be brought, may, if such Court shall think proper, at the Instance of either of the Parties, give the Account in Dispute, in a summary manner, to be sworn by any Officer of the said Court, or other Person at their Discretion, who may examine both Plaintiff and Defendant upon Oath (which Oath the said Parties shall have Power to administer), and upon the Report of such Person, unless either of the Parties shall have Power to administer, such Court may make such a Rule or Order, either for the Payment of such Sum as upon such Report shall appear to be due, or for staying the Proceeding in such Case, and upon such Terms and Conditions as to the said Court shall appear reasonable and

jud; or the said Court may order Judgment to be entered up by Confession for each Sum as upon such Report shall appear to be due.

VIII. Provided also, and to be further enacted, That in case of the Death of any Receiver constituted or appointed by virtue of this Act, or of any Person having resigned or been removed from such Office, or of any of the other Persons whose the said Receiver for the time being is authorized to act as aforesaid, they and in such case the Receiver for the time being may in his own proper Name only, or by his Name and Delegation of Office, for and receive such Sum of Money as shall have been remaining in the Hands of such deceased Receiver or other Person, applicable to the Purposes of this Act, or the Executors or Administrators of such Person deceased; in which Advertisements shall be sufficient for the Plaintiff to shew cause to shew that the Decedent was indebted to the Plaintiff for Money lent and received for the Purposes of this Act, or that the Decedent had possessed of Money lent and received for the Purposes of this Act, whereby an Adversity accrued to the Plaintiff to demand and have the same of such Executors or Administrators; and the like Adversity shall and may be brought against any Executors or Administrators of Executors or Administrators in all such Actions, the Defendant or Defendants may plead in like manner and avoid thereof in the like Manner and in any Action founded upon Simple Contracts of the original Testator or Testatrix; and in all Actions to be brought by such Receiver by virtue of this Act, Proof of the Plaintiff's sitting in the Execution of such Office shall be sufficient Evidence of his holding the same, which the contrary can be shown in Evidence by the Defendant or Defendants in such Actions.

IX. And to be further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by and with the Advice of his or their Privy Council, to direct the Salaries hereinafter mentioned, to be paid to the Justices he appointed to sit at each of the said Seven Public Offices, for their Time and Trouble, and such further Sums for the Expenses of the said Offices, and for the Payment of Clerks, Peace Officers and other therein employed, in such manner as to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by and with the Advice of his or their Privy Council shall seem meet: Provided always, that the yearly Salary paid to each of the Justices shall be Five hundred Pounds, clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatever; provided also, that the whole Charges attending the said Offices (the said Salaries being included), shall not exceed the annual Sum of Twenty one thousand Pounds, over and above the necessary Disbursements for hiring and repairing the Houses or Buildings wherein the said Seven Public Offices shall be held.

X. And to be further enacted, That the Receiver appointed by virtue of the Act heretofore recited and repealed, may be constituted in his Office, (s) it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by and with the Advice of his or their Privy Council, upon any Vacancy in the said Office of Receiver by Death or otherwise, to appoint any other proper Person, not being One of the Justices appointed to sit at either of the Offices aforesaid, to be the Receiver of the said Seven Public Offices; which said Receiver, or the Receiver here appointed under and by virtue of the heretofore recited Act, shall keep as exact and particular Account of all such Moneys as shall be received by him by virtue of any Provisions of this Act, and shall apply the same Quarterly in Discharge of the Salaries, Expenses and Charges attending the said Public Offices, and the carrying this Act into Execution, and shall make all such Contracts and Disbursements as shall be necessary for the hiring, fitting up and furnishing proper and sufficient Houses or Buildings, wherein the said Seven Public Offices shall be held, in such manner as His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by and with the Advice and Consent of his or their Privy Council, shall think proper to direct and appoint; of which said Provisions he is to be bound, and the Prizes and Penalties thereof, and of all other Necessary to be purchased for the Purposes of this Act, the Property or Interest in acquired thereon shall be vested in the Receiver for the time being, who shall and may in like manner sell, assign and dispose of the same or any Part thereof, under the like Directions and Appointment as Ordinaries shall receive; and such Receiver shall forthwith, after his Appointment, prepare proper Plans and Estimates of all such Contracts and Disbursements as shall be necessary for the Purposes aforesaid, and shall deliver the same to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department; and such Receiver shall further do and execute all such other lawful Matters and Things towards the Establishment of the said Seven Public Offices, and towards the carrying this Act into Execution, as His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by and with the Advice of his or their Privy Council, shall from time to time think proper to direct. (s) [So in the original Act.]

XI. Provided always, and to be further enacted, That such Receiver shall verify his Oaths, and otherwise if required, deliver to the Lord High Treasurer or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, a full and particular Account of all Moneys by him so received and paid as aforesaid, with Vouchers for the same; which Account shall be verified upon Oath before any Justice or Baron of any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; and such Receiver, for his Care and Fidelity in the Execution of such Office, shall and may retain to his own Use, out of the Moneys so received by him as aforesaid, such Fees, not exceeding Four hundred Pounds in each Year, as His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by and with the Advice of his or their Privy Council, shall direct and appoint: Provided always, that if it shall appear that the Moneys heretofore directed to be applied by the said Receiver in discharge of the Salaries, Expenses and Charges attending the said Seven Public Offices, and the carrying this Act into Execution as aforesaid, shall not be sufficient to discharge the same, the Deficiency shall be made up and supplied out of the Consolidated Fund; and if at the End of any Year there shall be any Surplus in the Hands of such Receiver, he shall pay the Amount of such Surplus into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and the same shall be carried to and made Part of the said Consolidated Fund.

XII. Provided also, and to be further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by and with the Advice of his or their Privy Council, to make such Alterations in the Powers when any of the said Seven Public Offices shall be situated, or to make such Alterations in the Hours of

Receiver may
for the Money
in Hands of de-
ceased Receiver,
and pay out there
thereof.

The Majesty as
United may
order Salaries to
Justices.

Provis

Receiver con-
stituted in Office,
and by rate of
Death, His Ma-
jesty may ap-
point another.
His Disp.

Receiver to
verify Account.

Alterations
Receiver
Disbursements pro-
vided for.

Consolidated
Fund.

His Majesty as
Council may
order Salaries of
Offices
Attended

Amoatase them, and to make all such other Regulations to be observed in conducting the same, as he or they from time to time shall think proper.

Who shall say
to have by full
the whole of
the Public
Office.

In the Municipal
Council of
London.

Not to be at
any Election.

Penalty.

In the case of
offence.

Justices to employ
Constables.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Justices to
pay Constables.

Constables may
appoint full-
period Patrols.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That where by any Law now in being or hereafter to be made, any Act is directed or authorized to be done by any Justice or Justices of the Peace sitting in or near or next the Parish or Place where any Offence, or other Matter cognizable before them shall be committed, or shall first, the same Justification shall and may be executed by a Justice or Justices sitting in fact at the said Seven Public Offices as may be intoned out or near each Parish or Place.

XIV. Provided always, and be it enacted and declared, That no Justice of the Peace appointed as aforesaid shall, during the Continuance of such Appointments, be capable of being elected or of being as Member of the House of Commons.

XV. And be it further enacted, That no Justice, Receiver or Constable, nominated and appointed as aforesaid by virtue of this Act shall, during the time he or they shall continue in their respective Offices, or within Six Months after he or they shall have quitted the same, be capable of giving his Vote for the Election of a Member to serve in Parliament for the Counties of *Middlesex* or *Surrey*, or for the City and Liberty of *Windsor*, or the Borough of *Southwark* respectively; nor shall by Word, Writing, or in any other Manner, endeavour to persuade any Elector to give, or to dissuade any Elector from giving his Vote for his Choice of any Person to be a Member to serve in Parliament for the said Counties or for the said City and Liberty of *Windsor*, or Borough of *Southwark*; and every such Justice, Receiver or Constable as aforesaid offending therein, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, One Shilling thereof to the Treasurer, and the other Moiety thereof to the Use of the Poor of the Parish or Place where such Offence shall be committed; to be recovered by any Person that shall sue for the same by Action of Debt, Bill, Pleint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Windsor*, in which an Effiagn, Prochein, Provdlog, Wager of Law or more than One Imparance shall be allowed; such Action to be brought within the Space of One Year after such Offence is committed: Provided nevertheless, that nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to subject any such Justice, Receiver or Constable as aforesaid, to any Penalty or Forfeiture for any Act or Acts done by him or them, at or concerning any of the said Elections, in the Discharge of his or their Duty or Duties in their said respective Capacities.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Justices appointed as aforesaid shall, in their respective Offices, retain and employ a sufficient Number of fit and able Men, whom they are hereby authorized and empowered to swear in to act as Constables, for performing the Peace and preventing Robberies and other Felonies, and apprehending Offenders against the Peace within the said Counties of *Middlesex* and *Surrey* respectively, as well by Night as by Day; which said Constables so appointed and sworn as aforesaid, shall have all such Powers and Authorities, Privileges and Advantages, as any Constable duly appointed now has or hereafter may have by virtue of any Law or Statute now made or hereafter to be made; and shall obey all such lawful Commands as they shall from time to time receive from the said Justices for the apprehending Offenders or otherwise conducting themselves in the Execution of their said Office or Employment; and such Justices or any Two of them shall and may at any time dismiss from his said Employment every such Constable belonging to their respective Offices, whom they shall think needs or requisite in the Execution of his Duty or otherwise as well for the same, and appoint such others in their Stead as to them shall seem meet: Provided always, that no greater Number than Twelve shall at one and the same time be so returned as aforesaid, at any one of the said Public Offices: Provided also, that if any Person be appointed a Constable as aforesaid shall be dismissed from his said Employment as aforesaid, all Powers and Authorities vested in him as a Constable under and by virtue of this Act, shall immediately cease and determine, to all Intents and Purposes whatever.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Receiver, out of the Moneys heretofore directed to be applied in discharge of the Salaries, Expenses and Charges attending the said Public Offices, shall and may pay to the Constables so appointed as aforesaid, for their Trouble and Attendance as aforesaid, any Sum not exceeding One Guinea per Week, and any extraordinary Expenses they shall appear to have been necessarily put to, in apprehending Offenders and executing the Orders of the Justices aforesaid under and by virtue of this Act; such Extraordinary Expenses being first examined and approved of by the Justices attending the Office in which such Constables shall have been respectively appointed.

XVIII. And whereas divers ill disposed and suspected Persons and reputed Thieves frequent Places of Public Resort, the Avenues leading thereto, and the Streets and Highways, with Intent to commit Felony or the Person and Property of His Majesty's Subjects these being; and although their evil Purposes are sufficiently manifest, the Power of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, to demand of them Sureties for their good Behaviour, hath not been of sufficient Effect to prevent them from carrying their evil Purposes into Execution: Be it enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Constable, Headborough, Patrol or Watchman, to apprehend every such Person, and convey him or them before any Justice of the Peace; and if it shall appear before the said Justice, upon the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Watchmen, that such Person or Persons is brought before him by such Constable, Headborough, Patrol or Watchman, or by any other Person whatever, as well within the said Counties of *Middlesex* and *Surrey* as elsewhere, he or she or any Person or Persons of evil Fame and a reputed Thief or Thieves, and such Person or Persons shall not be able to give a satisfactory Account of himself or themselves, and of his or their way of living, and it shall also appear to the Satisfaction of the said Justice that there is just Ground to believe that such Person or Persons was or were in such Public Place of Resort, Avenue, Street or Highway as aforesaid, with such Intent as aforesaid, every such Person shall be deemed a Rogue and Vagabond within the Intent and Meaning of the Statute made in the Seventheenth Year of His late

Majesty King George the Second, intimated, *As All to avoid and make more effectual the Laws relating to Rogues, Vagabonds, and other idle and disorderly Persons, and to Hoards of Corn.*

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every such Conviction shall be in the following Form of Words, as Form of Conviction
 the case may happen, or in any other Form of Words to the like Effect :

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our
 Lord _____ A. D. is brought before me C. D. Esquire, one of His
 Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the County of _____
 [or, City, Liberty or Place, as the case may be], and charged before me the said Justice with being a Rogue and Vagabond, in
 the said A. D. having been apprehended on the _____ Day of _____ in
 the said _____ called _____ in the Parish of _____ in the said County,
 [or, City, or town, as the case may be], and it appearing to me the said Justice, on the Oath of
 a credible Witness, that the said A. D. is a Person of evil Fame and a reputed Thief,
 and the said A. D. on his Examination before me not being able to give a satisfactory Account of himself
 or of his way of living, and it also appearing to the Satisfaction of me the said Justice, that there is just
 Ground to believe the said A. D. was in fact _____ and found, with Intent to commit Felony
 on the Person or Property of His Majesty's Subjects there being : I do therefore, in pursuance of an Act
 passed in the fifty first Year of the Reign of King George the Third, entitled, [How before the Title of this
 Act] do hereby find the said A. D. of the said Offence, and adjudge him to be a Rogue and Vagabond, within
 the latest and Meaning of the Statute made in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King
 George the Second, intimated, *As All to avoid and make more effectual the Laws relating to Rogues, Vaga-
 bonds, and other idle and disorderly Persons, and to Hoards of Corn;* and that he be in his said Offence
 to be committed to the House of Correction for the said County, until the next General or Quarter [or the
 next Session of the Justices of the Peace to be holden for the said County, City or Place, as the case may be],
 and there to be further dealt with according to Law. [If the Party be committed for a less time than
 one Year, then say, there to remain for the Space of _____.]

And that such Convictions shall be good and effectual in Law to all Intents and Purposes, and shall not be
 questioned or set aside, or adjudged void or inoffensive, for want of any other Form of Words whatsoever; nor
 shall the same be reversed by Certificate into His Majesty's Court of King's Bench.

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person shall think himself aggrieved by the
 Judgment of such Justice as aforesaid, such Person may appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next
 General or Quarter-Session of the Peace to be hold for the County or Place wherein the case of Conviction
 shall have arisen, such Person at the time of his Conviction entering into a Recognizance with two sufficient
 Sureties conditioned expressly to appear at the said Session to try such Appeal, and to abide the further
 Judgment of the Justices at such Session assembled; and in case such Conviction shall be affirmed at such
 Session, the said Justice may adjudge such Person to be a Rogue and Vagabond, and proceed against such
 Person in the same manner as they might have done if such Rogue and Vagabond had been committed to the
 House of Correction until such General or Quarter-Session; and in case such Person shall not appear pursuant
 to the said Recognizance, the Person so committed by such Justice shall be deemed an incorrigible Rogue within
 the latest and Meaning of an Act made and passed in the Seventeenth Year of His late Majesty's Reign,
 intimated, *As All to avoid and make more effectual the Laws relating to Rogues, Vagabonds, and other idle and
 disorderly Persons, and to Hoards of Corn;* and the said Justices at such Session, or any Two of them,
 shall issue their Warrant to apprehend and commit the Person so deemed an incorrigible Rogue to some House
 of Correction or Common Goal within their Jurisdiction, there to remain until the next General or Quarter-
 Session for the said County, [Liberty, or City, as the case may be], then and there to be further dealt with
 according to Law: Provided always, that no Person convicted under this Act, shall be deemed subject or
 liable to Punishment by whipping.

XXI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be
 construed to extend to deprive the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, of any Rights,
 Privileges or Jurisdictions which they have heretofore lawfully claimed, exercised or enjoyed, within the Town
 and Borough of Southward and the Liberties thereof, or to prevent the Mayor of the City of London for the
 time being, and such of the Aldermen of the said City who have borne the Office of Mayoralty, and the
 Recorder of the said City for the time being, from acting as Justices of the Peace within the said Town and
 Borough of Southward and the Liberties thereof, in such and the like manner as they could or might have
 done in case this Act had not been made.

XXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend
 to deprive the Dean of the Collegiate Church of *St. Peter Westminster* for the time being, or the High
 Steward of the City and Liberty of *Westminster* for the time being, or his lawful Deputy, of any Rights,
 Privileges or Jurisdictions which they have heretofore lawfully claimed, exercised or enjoyed, within the
 said City and Liberty, in such and the like manner as they could or might have done in case this Act
 had not been made.

XXIII. And whereas by the said recited Act, passed in the Forty second Year of His Majesty's Reign,
 it is amongst other things, provided, that the yearly Salary to be paid to each of the Justices who shall
 be appointed to attend the Public Office established by an Act passed in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Years
 of His Majesty's Reign, intimated, *As All for the more effectual Prevention of Depredations on the River
 Thames and in its Vicinity; and is amend on All made in the Second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty,*
 it is provided the remaining of *Tolls and Fines* by *Justices* investigating *Sea Bouts* and other *Sea* upon the
 17 Geo. 2. c. 1.
 17 Geo. 2. c. 2.
 17 Geo. 2. c. 2.

XXIII. And whereas by the said recited Act, passed in the Forty second Year of His Majesty's Reign,
 it is amongst other things, provided, that the yearly Salary to be paid to each of the Justices who shall
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 of His Majesty's Reign, intimated, *As All for the more effectual Prevention of Depredations on the River
 Thames and in its Vicinity; and is amend on All made in the Second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty,*
 it is provided the remaining of *Tolls and Fines* by *Justices* investigating *Sea Bouts* and other *Sea* upon the
 17 Geo. 2. c. 1.
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XXIII. And whereas by the said recited Act, passed in the Forty second Year of His Majesty's Reign,
 it is amongst other things, provided, that the yearly Salary to be paid to each of the Justices who shall
 be appointed to attend the Public Office established by an Act passed in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Years
 of His Majesty's Reign, intimated, *As All for the more effectual Prevention of Depredations on the River
 Thames and in its Vicinity; and is amend on All made in the Second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty,*
 it is provided the remaining of *Tolls and Fines* by *Justices* investigating *Sea Bouts* and other *Sea* upon the
 17 Geo. 2. c. 1.
 17 Geo. 2. c. 2.
 17 Geo. 2. c. 2.

47 G. 3. Ed. 2. **§** *Seven Tunnage* which by another Act made in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, was continued until the Twelfth Day of *March*: One thousand eight hundred and fourteen; **§** *And* be It further enacted, That the Yearly Salary to be paid to each of the said last mentioned Justices shall from and after the passing of this Act be Five Hundred Pounds clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever; **§** *And* be It further enacted, That the whole Expenses attending the said last mentioned public Office, the last mentioned Salaries being included, shall not exceed the annual Sum of Eight thousand three hundred Pounds; any thing in the above recited Act of the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Years of His Majesty's reign to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

XXIV. And whereas it is expedient that the Officers and Persons belonging to the said Public Office **§** in *such* *Street* should be sworn in as Constables, and be empowered to all within the Limits of the several **§** *Counties of Middlesex, Surrey, Essex and Kent*, the City and Liberty of *Windsor*, and the Liberty of **§** *the Tower of London*; **§** *Be it* therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Two Justices belonging to the said Public Office in *such* *Street* (the Chief Magistrate of each Office for the time being, being one) being Justices of the said several *Counties, City and Liberties*, to administer to each Person respectively an Oath duly to execute the Office of Constable within the Limits aforesaid; and each of such Persons being sworn shall have Power to act as a Constable for the Preservation of the Peace, and for the Security of Property aforesaid, Peaces and other useful Modes of obtaining the same within any and every of the said several *Counties, City and Liberties*, and for apprehending Offenders against the Peace, as well by Night as by Day; and within the Limits aforesaid, every such Constable shall have all such Powers and Authorities, Privileges and Advantages, as any Constable duly appointed now has or hereafter may have within his Constable-ship; Provided always, that when any such Constable shall be dismissed from his said Employment, or cease to belong to the said Public Office in *such* *Street*, all Powers and Authorities, Allowances, Emoluments, Privileges and Advantages, which in the Person so dismissed or ceasing to belong to the said Office, shall immediately cease and determine.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the Full Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and from thence until the Expiration of Six Weeks from the Commencement of the three next Session of Parliament, and so longer.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the Full Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and from thence until the Expiration of Six Weeks from the Commencement of the three next Session of Parliament, and so longer.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the Full Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and from thence until the Expiration of Six Weeks from the Commencement of the three next Session of Parliament, and so longer.

C A P. CXX.

An Act to amend an Act of the Forty seventh (a), Year of His present Majesty, for more effectually suppressing the Stealing of Doves. [11 July 1811.]

42 G. 3. c. 109. **W**HEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for more effectually suppressing the Stealing of Doves*, no Provision is made for a Mitigation of the necessary Penalties thereby imposed for committing the several Offences therein mentioned; **§** *And* from the Want whereof considerable Inconvenience has arisen; **§** *Be it* therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That on the Condition of any Offender under the said Act, for wilfully committing or having, or taking in any Ship, Nook, Tonn, or Scow, or killing, wounding or destroying or poisoning, or otherwise attempting to kill, wound or destroy, or carrying away, any Red or Yellow Dove, kept or being in the unenclosed Part of any Park, Chase, Park or ancient Wood, without the Consent of the Owner of such Dove, or without being otherwise duly authorized, or for knowingly being aiding, abetting or assisting therein or thereto; it shall and may be lawful for the Magistrate or Magistrates by and before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be convicted to mitigate the Penalty of Fifty Pounds thereby imposed for the said Offence in any Case in their Discretion not less than Twenty Pounds, to be levied in the manner specified by the said recited Act; Provided always, that every other Part and Provision in the said recited Act shall be and remain in full force and effect as if this Act had not been made or passed.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the Full Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and from thence until the Expiration of Six Weeks from the Commencement of the three next Session of Parliament, and so longer.

(*) [So in the Original Act.] (b) [So in the Original Act.]

C A P. CXXI.

An Act to suspend the Payment of all Drawbacks on Spirits made or distilled in Great Britain or Ireland, and exported from either Country to the other respectively; and to suspend the Importation into Great Britain of any Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, except such as shall have been warehoused according to Law; and for regulating the Exportation of Home-made Spirits from Great Britain to Ireland and from Ireland to Great Britain, until Three Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament. [26 July 1811.]

39 G. 3. c. 7. **W**HEREAS by the Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, it is, among other things, provided, that any Articles of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of either Country, which are or may be subject to internal Duty, or to Duty on the Materials of which they are composed, may be made subject, on their Importation into each Country respectively from the other, to such Countervailing Duty as shall appear to be just and reasonable, in respect of such internal Duty or Duties on the Materials; **§** and that upon the Export of the said Articles from each Country to the other respectively, a Drawback shall be given equal in Amount to the Countervailing Duty payable on such Articles on the Import thereof into the same Country from the other: And whereas by the said Acts, and by other Acts of Parliament now in force, certain Countervailing Duties are chargeable on Spirits made or distilled in Great Britain, and on the Importation thereof into Ireland, and on Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, on the Importation thereof

* thereof into Great Britain, and certain Drawbacks are in certain cases payable on the Export of such Spirits from either Country to the other respectively. And whereas Doubts have arisen whether certain of the said Duties and Drawbacks are just and reasonable, and how far the same are therefore consistent with the Liberty and Spirit of the said Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, For Remedy thereof and to the Intent that such Countervailing Duties should be imposed, such Drawbacks allowed, and such Provisions made as shall be judged proper for putting the Trade between Great Britain and Ireland, in respect of those made Spirits, upon a just, fair and equitable Footing according to the true Meaning and Spirit of the said Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, and also that sufficient Time may be afforded for adjusting just and reasonable Countervailing Duties and Drawbacks, and for making such necessary Provisions as aforesaid, it is enacted that the Payment of all Drawbacks upon the Export of such Spirits from each Country to the other respectively should be suspended for a limited Time: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Payment of all Drawbacks for or in respect of such Spirits, on the Exportation thereof from any Part of Great Britain to Ireland, or from Ireland to any Part of Great Britain respectively, shall be suspended during the Continuance of this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Countervailing Duty and Drawback, which shall be payable after each Period of Suspension shall be expired, in respect of any Spirits which may have been or shall be imported into and exported from each Country respectively, at any Time after the Fifteenth Day of June last, shall be such as shall be ascertained and published for that Purpose, by any Act of Parliament, to be passed in the next Session of Parliament, before the Expiration of the said Three Months.

III. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and during the Continuance of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Person to export or send, or pass for Exportation, from any Port or Place in Ireland to any Part of Great Britain, any Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, except such Spirits as shall have been or shall be received in Warehouses in Ireland, without Payment of the Duty of Excise payable in Ireland thereon, according to the several Acts in force in Ireland at the time of the passing of this Act, for regulating the making, distilling and vending of such Spirits in Ireland; and that all such Spirits shall be entered and shipped for Exportation from Ireland directly, from and out of such Warehouses only; and in case any Spirits shall be exported, or entered or shipped for Exportation, from any Port or Place in Ireland to or for any Part of Great Britain, other than such Spirits as are hereby permitted to be so exported, or in any other manner than is hereby directed, such Spirits so unlawfully exported, or entered or shipped for Exportation, together with the Casks and Packages containing the same, and also the Ships, Boats or Vessels on board which the same shall be laden or exported, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise; any Act or Acts, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the said Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and during the Continuance of this Act, no Spirits made or distilled in Ireland shall be permitted or allowed to be received into any such Warehouse or Warehouses, which on the Delivery thereof for the Removal to such Warehouse or Warehouses the Quantity and Strength of each and every Cask or other Package thereof, and the full Capacity or Content of each such Cask or other Package, shall have been taken and ascertained by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, by the Hydrometer called *Clark's Hydrometer*, at the Distillery where the same shall have been made and distilled, nor unless such Quantity, Strength, Size, and full Content or Capacity, together with the Marks and Numbers, or Mark and Number of each such Cask or other Package, shall be specified in or indorsed on the Permit, or authorize the Removal of such Spirits from the said Distillery to such Warehouse as aforesaid; and if on the Arrival or Receipt of any such Spirits at such Warehouse, any Deficiency shall be discovered or found, by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, in the Strength or Quantity of any such Spirits, below the Strength or Quantity of such Spirits specified in or indorsed on any such Permit, then and in every such case such Spirits, together with the Cask or other Package containing the same, shall be forfeited; and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise in Ireland.

V. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the said Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and during the Continuance of this Act, no such Spirits made or distilled in Ireland shall be delivered from or out of any such Warehouse for Exportation to any Part of Great Britain, unless the Strength thereof shall on such Delivery have been taken and ascertained by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, by the Hydrometer commonly called *Clark's Hydrometer*; and such Officer or Officers shall give and grant to the Exporter thereof a Certificate in Writing, in which such Officer or Officers shall certify the Strength of the Spirits contained in each and every Cask or Package thereof, together with the Size or full Content or Capacity of such Cask or Package, and the Marks and Numbers, or Mark or Number thereof, and the Quantity of such Spirits contained therein; and such Certificate shall accompany such Spirits to the Port or Place in Great Britain to which such Spirits shall be assigned or sent; and if on the Arrival or Landing of any such Spirits at such Port or Place in Great Britain, any Deficiency shall be discovered or found by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, in the Strength or Quantity of such Spirits below the Strength or Quantity thereof specified in such Certificate; or if any Spirits made or distilled in Ireland shall be imported or brought into any Port or Place in Great Britain, without being accompanied by such Certificate as aforesaid, then and in every such case such Spirits, together with the Cask or other Package containing the same, shall be forfeited, and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise in England and Ireland respectively: Provided always nevertheless that no Spirits made

Drawbacks as before expressed between G. B. and Ireland suspended.

Tempor. Countervailing Duty and Drawback.

No Duty to be imposed in G. B. except such as have been voted in Parliament.

Proviso.

Quantity and Strength of Spirits to be entered in or indorsed on the Permit.

Proviso.

Quantity and Strength of Spirits to be entered in or indorsed on G. B. Certificate.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Alcohol.

re-distilled in *Ireland*, nor any Cask or Package containing any such Spirits, shall be forfeited for or by reason of any Deficiency of Strength of such Spirits, not more than Three per Centum below the Strength of such Spirits specified in any such Permit or Certificate; any Thing heretofore contained to the contrary in any Act with respect thereto.

VI. Provided also, and be it hereby further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to forfeit any Spirits exported from *Ireland* to any Part of Great Britain under or by virtue of this Act, if it shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Excise in England or *Ireland*, (as the case may require) such Proof being left to the Judgement of them the said Commissioners respectively) that such Spirits were actually shipped for such Exportation on or before the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and without any Knowledge of the Provisions of this Act by the Person or Persons by whom such Spirits were so shipped.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall counterfeit or forge, or cause or procure to be counterfeited or forged, any Certificate by this Act authorized or required to be granted by any Officer or Officers of Excise, or any Specification by this Act authorized or required to be so or indorsed on any Permit, or if any Person or Persons shall knowingly or willingly give any false or untrue Certificate as aforesaid, or any Permit with a false or untrue Specification as aforesaid therein or indorsed thereon, or shall knowingly or willingly accept or receive any false or untrue Certificate as aforesaid, or any Permit with a false or untrue Specification therein or indorsed thereon, or if any Person or Persons shall fraudulently alter or erase any such true Certificate after the same shall have been given or granted by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, or any such true Specification as or indorsed as any Permit, or if any Person or Persons shall knowingly or willingly publish or make use of any such Certificate so counterfeited, forged, false, untrue, altered or erased, or any Permit having therein or having indorsed thereon any such Specification so counterfeited, forged, false, untrue, altered or erased, every Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, be liable to forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, all and every Distiller and Distillers in that Part of Great Britain called England, who shall be delinquent in making or distilling Spirits in that Part of the United Kingdom for Exportation, from thence to *Ireland*, shall be at Liberty so to do, under and subject to the same Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, save as is hereinafter in that behalf particularly provided, and under and subject to the like Duty and Duties, for or in respect of any Decrease or Decreases by Re-deduction, as are by Two certain Acts of Parliament, One thereof made in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, among other things, for better regulating the Exportation of British made Spirits from England to Scotland, and from Scotland to England; and the other thereof made in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, among other things, for better regulating the Exportation of Spirits in England for Exportation to Scotland, and in Scotland for Exportation to England; or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, provided, settled or established for or in respect of Distillers making or distilling Spirits in that Part of Great Britain called England, for Exportation from thence to that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; and all and singular the said Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, except as aforesaid, Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures and Duties aforesaid respectively, shall be, and the same are hereby respectively extended to, and shall be applied, practised and put in Execution, for and in respect of all and every Distiller and Distillers, who, from and after the said Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall make or distil any Spirits in that Part of Great Britain called England, for Exportation from thence to *Ireland*, as fully and effectually to all Licenses and Purposes, as if all and singular the said Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions and Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, and Duties aforesaid respectively, had been at large inserted in the Body of this Act, and been hereby re-enacted and made applicable to such Distillers in making Spirits in that Part of Great Britain called England, for Exportation from thence to *Ireland*, and to such Spirits so made or distilled in that Part of Great Britain called England, and exported from thence to *Ireland*.

IX. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, all and every Distiller and Distillers in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, who shall be delinquent in making or distilling Spirits in that Part of the United Kingdom for Exportation from thence to *Ireland*, shall be at Liberty so to do, under and subject to the same Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, save as is hereinafter particularly provided, and under and subject to the like Duty and Duties for or in respect of any Decrease or Decreases by Re-deduction as are in or by the said Acts made in the Twenty eighth and Forty fifth Years aforesaid, or in or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act contained, provided, settled, established or imposed, for or in respect of Distillers making or distilling Spirits in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, for Exportation from thence to that Part of Great Britain called England; and all and singular the said Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, except as aforesaid, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, and Duties aforesaid respectively, shall be, and the same are hereby respectively extended to, and shall be applied, practised and put in Execution for and in respect of all and every Distiller and Distillers who, from and after the said Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall make or distil any Spirits in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland for Exportation from thence to *Ireland*, as fully and effectually to all Licenses and Purposes as if all and singular the said Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, except as aforesaid, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, and Duties aforesaid respectively had been at large inserted in the Body of this Act, and been hereby re-enacted and made applicable to such Distillers in making Spirits in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland for Exportation from thence to *Ireland*, and to such

Writs for
De. non Regem
Habe. Corpus
before 14th June
1811.

Expens. Certif.
with, &c.

Penalty.

English Distillers
may distil Spirits
for Exportation to
Ireland, under
Regulations of
18 U. S. c. 26,
and 45 U. S.
c. 250, &c.

Scotch Distillers
may distil for
Exportation
Ireland under
the said Acts.

such Spirits to made or distilled in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, and exported from thence to Ireland.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in the last Act made in the Tenth Fifth Year after said, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament contained, shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend to admit any Distiller or Distillers in England or Ireland respectively, on the First Day of October, for the making Entry for distilling Spirits for Exportation to Ireland; or to admit on the First Day of October the Commencement of any Licence to be granted to any such Distiller or Distillers, for distilling Spirits for such Exportation to Ireland.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by the Act shall and may be used for, and recovered, tried and applied in such Manner and Form, and by such ways and means, and with such Powers and Authorities as are prescribed, directed and appointed in and by any Act of Parliament made in Ireland, in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for the bettering of the Excise or new Ingeit upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Best of Rates therein referred to; or by any other Law or Laws relative to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise or Customs in force in Ireland*, as fully and effectually, as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed and re-enacted in this Act, with the Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party and Parties who shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved or injured, as in and by the said Act of Excise or Customs in force in Ireland, or any Law or Laws relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise is provided.

XII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until Three Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, and no longer.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. CXXII.

An Act to continue, until the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and thirties, an Act for appointing Commissioners to enquire and examine into the Nature and Extent of the several Dags in Ireland, and the Practicability of draining and cultivating them, and the best Means of effecting the same. [2d July 1811.]

* WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to appoint Commissioners to enquire and examine, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirties, into the Nature and Extent of the several Dags in Ireland, and the Practicability of draining and cultivating them, and the best Means of effecting the same*; And whereas it is expedient that the said recited Act should be continued; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid shall be, and the same is hereby further continued until and upon the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and thirties.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, or the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and required to issue and cause to be issued, over and above the Sum mentioned in the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, a further Sum of Money not exceeding Twelve thousand Pounds, upon the Warrant or Warrants of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Government of Ireland, for the time being, out of any Part of the Public Money remaining in His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland; which Sum so issued shall be employed by the said Commissioners for the Payment of Surveyors, Engineers, Workmen, Clerks, Messengers and other Officers, and in defraying all the necessary Charges in or about the Execution of the Powers of the said recited Act, in such manner and in such Proportions as shall be appointed by the said Commissioners under the said recited Act, or any Part or Parts of the same, by Writing under their Hands and Seals or that behalf; and that such Sums shall be accounted for by the said Commissioners, or the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be issued or paid, before the Commissioners of Inquest Accounts in Ireland, in like manner as Money granted or impended for any public Work; and no Fees or other Charges shall be taken or demanded for the issuing or Payment of the same.

C A P. CXXIII.

An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in Ireland. [2d July 1811.]

* WHEREAS it may be convenient in the present Condition of the Prisons and Gaols in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, called Ireland, that some of the Prisoners who are now confined therein should be set at Liberty; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all and every Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison in any County, City, Town, Place or Liberty within that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, shall and is and are hereby required to make a true, exact and perfect List, alphabetically, of the Names or Names of all and every Prison or Prisons who, upon the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, was or were, or have since continued to be under the Terms and Conditions herein mentioned, and at the time of making out every such List shall be really or

Lisence, &c. may commence before all Distillers.

Revenue of Prisons.

22d of Geo. 2. (1) 1746. c. 11.

April.

Commencement of Act.

Act should be.

49 G. 3. c. 100.

repealed till Jan. 1, 1812.

16th Treasury 1811 also repealed in the 10th Report.

Orders to make out List of Prisoners in Coleridge.

aided Prisoner or Prisoners in the Custody of any Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers of any Prison respectively, upon any Process whatsoever for or by reason of any Debt, Damage, Costs, Rent or Sum of Money, or Contempt for Non-payment of Money, and as Account of the same when such Prisoner or Prisoners was or were respectively charged in Custody or committed to Prison, together with the Name or Names of the Prison or Prisons at which sent or Prisoners such Prisoner or Prisoners is or are detained, together with the Amount of such Debts as the said Prisoner or Prisoners are detained for, and shall deliver the same to the Justices of the Peace at their First or Second General Quarter-Sessions or General Sittings of the Peace, to be held after the passing of this Act, or at some Adjournment thereof, for each County, City, Town, Place or Liberty respectively.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Marshal of the First Courts Marshalls, and every other Keeper and Gaoler of any other Prison or Place or Liberty in England, Scotland, or elsewhere in or of any such List of Prisons in their respective Custody, take an Oath in open Court of each General Quarter-Sessions or General Sittings of the Peace, or Adjournment thereof, to the Effect following; that is to say,

I, A B upon my corporal Oath, in the Presence of Almighty God, do solemnly swear, profess and declare, That A and every Person and Person whose Name or Names is or are inserted and contained in the said Part of the List by me now delivered in and subscribed, was or were to the best of my Knowledge, and Belief, upon the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, really and truly Prisoners in actual Custody in the Prison of [insert the Name of the Prison] at the Site or Sites of the several Prison or Prisons therein respectively mentioned; and also that all and every Person and Person whose Name or Names is or are inserted or contained in the second Part of the said List, now by me delivered in and subscribed as aforesaid, have since the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven been committed or forwarded to the said Prison of [insert the Name of the Prison] at the Site or Sites of the several Prison or Prisons whose Name or Names is or are therein contained, was or were to the best of my Knowledge and Belief really and truly Prisoners in actual Custody on the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, as appears by the Returns made to me on his and their respective Commissions.

So help me GOD.

Which the said Justices, at their First or Second General Quarter-Sessions or General Sittings aforesaid, or at some Adjournment thereof, within their respective Jurisdictions, are hereby empowered and required to administer in open Court, and the Words of the said Oath herebefore directed to be taken by the said Marshal and other Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison respectively, shall be entered or written at the End or Bottom of the List which shall be delivered in by them respectively, and shall be subscribed and sworn to by them respectively in open Court; and every such List which shall be so delivered in, subscribed and sworn to in pursuance of this Act, shall be kept by the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Person writing as Clerk of the Peace of every such County, City, Town, Place or Liberty respectively, in which any such List as aforesaid shall be sworn to, for the better Satisfaction of the said Justices and Information of all or any Prisoners or Prisoners therein named, and so in the same may from time to time be seen and examined by any Creditor or Creditors, or Prisoner or Prisoners, without Fee or Reward.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every Keeper or Gaoler, Keeper or Gaolers of any such Prison or Gaol, is and are hereby required Ten Days at least before the First or Second General Quarter-Sessions or General Sittings of the Peace shall be held after the passing of this Act for the County, City, Town, Place or Liberty in which any Prison or Gaol shall be or to which the same shall belong, to fit up in some conspicuous Place or Places in every such Prison or Gaol, and at the most frequented or usual Gate, Door or Entrance into every such Prison or Gaol, Three or more true Copies of the List or Lists herebefore or intended to be delivered in by any such Keeper or Gaoler at the said General Quarter-Sessions or at some Adjournment thereof.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons who, on the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, were charged in any Prison or Gaol for the Non-payment of any Debt or Debt, Rent or Sum of Money which did not in the Whole amount to a greater Sum than One thousand five hundred Pounds, and whose Name or Names shall be inserted in any such List to be delivered in as aforesaid, taking the Oath hereby directed to be taken, and who shall perform as his or her Part what is required to be done by him or her by this Act, shall, as to his Person and Effects respectively, be free and lawful, discharged and uncommitted, as such Extort and in such manner as is hereafter provided, and no otherwise.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace of any County, City, Town, Place or Liberty within their Jurisdictions, upon the Petition of any such Prisoner or Persons, or any Justice or Justices of the Peace within his or their respective Jurisdictions, upon every such Prisoner or Prisoners in person, and at the time of his or her so petitioning, together with the Justice or Justices of the Peace so petitioned a true Copy of the Substant, containing his or her admitted Discovery of his or her said and Person's Effects, to be sworn to at the First or Second General Quarter-Sessions next ensuing after the said such Petition or some Adjournment thereof, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or under their Hands and Seals, to require the Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keepers or Gaolers of any such Prison within the Jurisdiction of any such Justice or Justices, to bring before the Justices at the First or Second next General Quarter-Sessions or General Sittings of the Peace, or any Adjournment thereof, to be held as the case shall happen to be next after the Expiration of Ten Days from the Date of such Warrant, for each respective County, City, Town, Place or Liberty, the Body of any Person being in the said Prison as aforesaid, with the Warrant or Warrants of his or her Detainers, together with a Copy or Copies of the Certificate or Certificates which he, she or they is or are charged with in any Prison or Gaol as aforesaid, at the time aforesaid, for which Copy

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or Copies of such Writs or Warrants such Prisoners shall apply to the said Keeper or Gaoler of such Prison, who shall make out and transcribe the same at least Six Days before the time of his or her Appearance, which Warrant of every such Justice or Justices every such Sheriff and Sheriffs, Keeper or Gaoler, it and we hereby command to obey.

* VI. And whereas considerable time may intervene between the passing of this Act and the next General Quarter-Session or General Session of the Peace, which would be the Means of detaining in Prison a Number of Persons, who with their Families are in the general Distress: Be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Town or more of the Justices of the Peace for any County, City, Town, Place or Liberty, upon Petition from Debtors as aforesaid, to assign their respective Cotes as soon as may be after passing this Act, for the purpose of administering the Oaths and other the Matters required by this Act, and to appoint such Day or Days for the Discharge of Prisoners as they shall see proper.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Copy of every such Schedule which shall be left or delivered in aforesaid, shall be and remain with the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace for the County, City, Town, Place or Liberty in which the same shall have been so left, these to remain and be inspected from time to time as Occasions shall require, by any Creditor of any such Prisoner who shall desire to inspect the same.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Debtor and Debtors confined in any Goal of that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, who shall intend to apply to be discharged and exonerated under this Act, shall first send public Notice to be inserted in Three several Public Gazettes, previous to such General or Quarter-Session or General Session, or the Adjournment thereof, at which such Applications shall be made; and if such Debtor shall be in Custody in any Goal out of Dublin or the County of Dublin, or shall have moved himself by *Haecio Corpus* from one Goal to another, then also in some Newspaper in or near the County, City, Town or Liberty, in the Goal where he or she shall be or have been so in Custody, containing the Name, Trade, Occupation and Description, and the Two last Places of Abode, if he or she, of every such Debtor and Debtors, and the Prison where he, she or they is or are confined, and of his, her or their Intention to take the Benefit of this Act, and mentioning such Notice in such Gazette or Newspaper respectively to be the First, Second or Third Notice, according to the time of publishing each of such Notices; for inserting each of the said Notices in the Public Gazette, or in any other Newspaper, there shall be paid each time by every Prisoner the Sum of Four pence and no more, the First of which said Notices shall be inserted in the said Gazettes respectively, and in the said other Newspapers, as the case may require, Twenty one Days at the least, and the last of the said Notices Six Days at the least, before any such First or Second General Quarter-Session or General Session or Adjournment thereof, shall be held as aforesaid, so that as well all the Creditors who have not charged the said Debtor or Debtors in Custody, as the Creditors who have charged said Debtor or Debtors in Execution or as Master Process or otherwise, may have such sufficient Notice thereof.

IX. And, to the Intent that all Creditors may have full and sufficient cause to consider the Matters and Things contained in the Schedule or Schedules intended to be delivered in by any Debtor or Debtors, be it further enacted, That every such Debtor where he or she shall according to the Directions of this Act, publish the first Notice as an Intention to take the Benefit of this Act, he or she shall in each Notice declare that the Schedule containing his or her intended Discovery of his or her Real and Personal Estate, to be shown to in manner as by this Act is directed, is lodged as the Hands of the Keeper or Gaoler, or the Deputy of such Keeper or Gaoler of the Prison wherein any such Debtor shall be confined; and every such Debtor is hereby directed and required to deliver such Schedule to such Keeper or Gaoler or Deputy, as the case may be, before he shall publish such first Notice as aforesaid, signed with his or her own Christian and Surname, to be retained by any such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy, and in case any Debtor shall neglect or refuse to deliver one such Schedule to such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy, prior to such his first Notice to be given as aforesaid, he or she upon due Proof made of such Neglect to the Satisfaction of the Court to which such Debtor shall make Application, shall be committed back to Prison, there to remain until he or she shall have complied with the Directions aforesaid; and every such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy is hereby directed and required to send the Signature of the Debtor's Name to such Schedule, and to receive the same into his Custody and Charge, giving a Duplicate thereof to every such Debtor, with an Acknowledgment of his having received the Original, and be it hereby further required to deliver a true Copy of any such Schedule, signed by himself upon Request made to him by any Creditor for that Purpose in Writing, such Copy to be delivered to the Creditor making, or to such Person as he shall appoint to receive the same, within Three Days after Demand made, and if any such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy shall neglect or refuse to conform to the Directions hereby given him respecting such Schedule, every such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy is offending shall be punished. (c) (d) [See in the Original Act.]

X. And be it further enacted, That the Notices to be given by every Debtor in manner directed by this Act shall be to the Effect following: That is to say,

I [inset the Name, Trade, Occupation and Description, and Two last Places of Abode, if he may] now confined in [inset Name of Prison and County,] and not being charged in Custody on the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, with any Debt or Debt, Sum or Sums of Money, exceeding in the Whole the Sum of One thousand five hundred Pounds, do hereby give this public Notice, that I intend to take the Benefit of an Act passed in the Fifth first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in Ireland*, and I do hereby give Notice, that a true and perfect Schedule, containing the Discovery of all my Real and Personal Estate hereafter to be shown to, is now ready to be delivered to any Creditor applying for the same to the Keeper or Gaoler, or his Deputy of the said Prison.

Special Notice.

Schedules to remain with Clerk of the Peace.

Debtors intend to apply for Discharge to give Notice in Gazette.

Debtors to deliver Schedules to Gaoler previous to first Notice.

Form of Notice.

And

And every such Notice shall be signed by the Debtor and countersigned by the Keeper or Goaler, or Deputy of such Keeper or Goaler of such Prison.

Debtors giving
such Notices have
been shown that
in every Court
debtors in certain
Schedules, and
take Oath.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every such Debtor as aforesaid, not being charged as aforesaid on the said Fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, with any Debt or Debts, than or Some of Money, in the Whole to a greater Amount than the Sum of One thousand five hundred Pounds, who shall apply to the General or Quarter-Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, shall, in case it shall be proved upon Oath, or by producing the said Three Gazettes and Newspapers respectively before mentioned, to the said Justices at any such Sessions or the Adjournment thereof, that such Notices were inserted in the Debts Gazettes and other Newspapers respectively, as were required in manner aforesaid; and that the Persons or Persons in applying was or were actually a Prisoner or Prisoners on the Fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, in the Prison or Goal in which his, her or their Name or Names is or are specified in the List delivered in at such First or Second Sessions or any Adjournment thereof, or in any other Prison or Goal as aforesaid, in pursuance of this Act; and shall in every Court at the said General Quarter-Sessions or General Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, subscribe and deliver in a true Schedule or Accounts of all his or her Real Estate in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, and of any other Nature and Kind whatsoever, and also the Whole of his or her Personal Estate which he or she or any Person or Persons in trust for him or her, or for her or her Use, Benefit or Advantage, is or are seized of, interested in or entitled to, or as or was or is in, her or their Possession, Custody or Power, or which he, she or they, or such Person or Persons had any Power of disposing of or charging for his, her or their Benefit or Advantage at any time since his or her Commitment to Prison, with the Names of his or her several Debtors, and where they respectively live or may be met with, and the several Sums of Money from them respectively owing, and how the same respectively became due and are secured, and if by Mortgage, Specialty, Contract, Note or other Writing, then the Name and Names, and Places of Abode of the several Witnesses who can prove such Debts or Contracts (if there be any such), and shall also make Oath and swear to the following Effects, according to the special Circumstances, in or as the same shall be consistent with the Provisions hereafter contained; that is to say,

Oath.

I A. B. upon my corporal Oath, in the Presence of Almighty God, do solemnly swear, protest and declare, That on the Fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, I was really and truly a Prisoner in the actual Custody of _____ in the Prison or Goal of _____ at the Seat of _____ without any Friend or Collation whatsoever, and that I have ever since my Commitment continued a Prisoner within the Prison of _____ in the actual Custody of the Keeper or Goaler of the said Prison of _____ at the Seat of _____ and without any Friend or Collation whatsoever; and that the Schedule now delivered by me and subscribed doeth contain to the best of my Knowledge, Remembrance and Belief, a full, just, true and perfect Account and Discovery of all the Goods, Effects and Estates, Real and Personal, in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, and of every other Nature and Kind whatsoever, which for any Person or Persons in trust for me or for my Benefit or Advantage are leased or possessed of, interested in or entitled to, or was or were in my Possession, Custody or Power, or in the Possession, Custody or Power of any such Person or Persons as aforesaid, or which I or such Person had any Power of disposing of or charging for my Benefit or Advantage, at any time since my Commitment to Prison, and of all Debts to me owing, or to any Person or Persons in trust for me, and of all the Securities and Contracts whereby any Money now in or will or may hereafter become payable, or any Benefit or Advantage may accrue to me or to my Use, or to any Person or Persons in trust for me, and the Names and Places of Abode of the several Persons from whom such Debts are due and owing, and of the Witnesses that can prove such Debts or Contracts [if any such there be]; and that neither I, nor any Person or Persons in trust for me or for my Use, have any Lands, Money, Stock or Estate Real or Personal, in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, or of any Nature or Kind never, or Power of disposing of or charging for any Benefit or Advantage other than what are in the said Schedule contained, except Wearing Apparel and Bedding for myself and Family, Working Tools and the necessary Implements for my Occupation and Calling, together with a Sum of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, and thereto in the Whole not exceeding the Value of Thirty Pounds; and that I have not nor any Person for me hath directly or indirectly sold, leased or otherwise conveyed, disposed of in trust, or concealed all or any Part of my Lands, Money, Goods, Chattels, Stock, Debts, Securities, Contracts or Estates, Real or Personal, whereby to favour the same or to receive or exact any Profit or Advantage therefrom, or with or without to defraud or deceive any Creditor or Creditors to whom I am or was indebted in any wife whatsoever. So help me GOD.

Schedule and
Oath subscribed
by Debtors.

And the said Schedule and Oath shall be by every such Debtor subscribed in the Presence of the Justices in every Session of the Peace as hereby directed, and shall be kept by and remain with the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace for the County, City, Liberty, Town or Place where the same shall be subscribed and taken, for the better Information of all the Creditors of such Debtors, who shall desire or may have Occasion to refer thereto, and every such Creditor shall be at Liberty at reasonable times in the Day-time to peruse and examine the same.

Every Warrant
of Creditor may
remote Debtors
on Oath.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace within their respective Jurisdictions, at any such General Quarter-Sessions or General Sessions or Adjournment thereof, at the Request of any Creditor or Creditors of any such Debtor, are hereby authorized to cause the Marshal of the Four Courts Marshalls or his Deputy, or any other Under Officer, Tapstall and Turnkey of any Prison or Goal, and any other Person within their respective Jurisdictions, to come before them and to examine them respectively on Oath, touching any of the Matters contained in any of the Oaths prescribed by this Act to be taken, and the Truth thereof; and

and if the Oath which shall here be taken is open Contempt by any Debtor or Debtors, shall not be dispensed by good Testimony of any credible Person or Persons on Oath; and such Justice, or the major Part of those, present at any such General Quarter-Session or General Session or any Adjournment thereof, shall be satisfied with the Truth of the Oath taken by each respective Debtor, then such Justice shall in such Session or any Adjournment thereof, signify such Debtor or Debtors to be committed to the Benefit of this Act, and shall order the said himself or Sheriffs, Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers of such Prison or Prisons forthwith to be taken as Liberty such Prisoner or Prisoners; and every such Order shall be sufficient Discharge to the Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers of such Prison or Prisons, and shall indemnify him or them against any Escape or Evasions, Admissions or Admissions whatsoever for Escape, which shall or may be brought, committed or professed against him or them.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Estate, Right, Title, Interest and Trust of such Debtor, or Debtors, and all the Real Estate, and so all the Personal Estate, Debts and Effects of every such Debtor, shall immediately after such Advertisements be and the same is hereby vested in the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace of and for the County, City, Town, Corporation, Liberty or Place where any Debtor shall be respectively discharged; and every such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, is hereby directed and required to make an Assignment and Conveyance of every such Debtor's Estate and Effects vested in such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid, to each Creditor or Creditors of the said Debtor, as the Justice at any General or Quarter-Session of the Peace, or at any Adjournment thereof, which shall be held by him within their respective Jurisdictions, shall order and direct, which Assignment and Conveyance shall be good and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, without being wrote on Parchment or Paper stamped, to wit the Estates thereby assigned and conveyed in the Party or Parties to whom the same shall be assigned and conveyed, his, her and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, according to the Estate and Interest the Debtor had therein; and every such Assignment and Conveyance shall be in Trust for the Benefit of the Creditor or Creditors of every such Debtor, to whom the same shall be made, and the Rest of the Creditors of every such Debtor, in respect of or in Proportion to their respective Debts; and every Person or Persons to whom any such Assignment and Conveyance as aforesaid shall be made, in and are hereby empowered to sue from time to time, as there may be Occasion in his, her or their own Name or Names, for the Recovery and securing any Estate or Effects of any such Debtor, and also to execute any Trust or Power vested in or created for the Use or Benefit of any such Debtor, but in Trust for the Benefit of him or them and the Rest of the Creditors of every such Debtor, and to give such Discharge and Discharges to any Person or Persons who shall respectively be indebted to such Debtor as may be requisite; and every such Assignee or Assignees shall with all convenient Speed, after his or their accepting such Assignment or Conveyance, do his and their best Endeavours to receive and get in the Estate and Effects of every such Debtor, and shall with all convenient Speed make Sale of all the Estates of such Debtor vested in such Assignee or Assignees; and if such Debtor shall be indebted to any Real Estate, either in Possession, Reversion or Expectancy, the same, within the Space of Two Months after such Assignment and Conveyance, shall be sold by Public Auction, in such manner and at such Place as the major Part of the Creditors of any such Debtor who shall assemble together on any Notice in Writing published in the Dublin Gazette, or in some Daily Paper printed and published at Dublin, and if elsewhere, then in some Newspaper which shall be published in or near the County, City, Town, Liberty or Place in which such Debtor dwelled before he or she was committed to Prison Thirty Days before any such Sale shall be made, shall under his Hand or their Hands agree on, and every such Assignee or Assignees, at the End of Three Months at furthest, from the time of his or their accepting any such Assignment or Conveyance as aforesaid, shall make in and just Division of all such Debtor's Estate and Effects which shall have been then recovered amongst him or her Creditors, in Proportion and as regard to each Creditor's respective Debt; but before any such Division shall be made, such Assignee or Assignees shall make up an Account of such Debtor's Estate, and make Oath in Writing before two or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, Town, Liberty or Place in which any such Debtor shall have been discharged, that every such Account contains a fair and just Account of the Estate and Effects of every such Debtor got in by or for such Assignee or Assignees, and of all Payments made in respect thereof, and that all Payments in every such Account charged were truly and lawfully made and paid; and Notice of the making of every such Division shall be published in like manner as a Meeting of the Creditors is heretofore directed to be published, Thirty Days at least before the same shall be made; and no Creditor shall be allowed to receive any Share of such Division, until he shall have made out the Affidavit and Inventory of his Debt by Oath, or due Proof in Writing before some such Justice or Justices; and if any Creditor of such Debtor shall be defrauded with the Realty or Personalty of any Debt claimed by any other Creditor, then the same at the Request of any such Creditor or Creditors so defrauded shall be examined into by the Justices of the County, City, Liberty or Place in which such Debtor shall have been adjudged to have been committed to the Benefit of this Act, at the next General or Quarter-Session, or any Adjournment thereof.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Assignee or Assignees of the Estate and Effects of any Prisoner discharged by virtue of this Act, or the Heirs, Executors or Administrators of any deceased Assignee or Assignees, shall not deliver over any Part of such Estate or Effects, or pay the Balance of the Produce of any such Estate or Effects found to be in the Hands of such Assignee or Assignees, or of such Heirs, Executors or Administrators as aforesaid, according to the Tenor of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Court before which the Prisoner was discharged, to order the Person or Persons so offending, to be arrested and committed to the next County Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprise, until such Person or Persons

shall be satisfied with the Truth of the Oath taken by each respective Debtor, then such Justice shall in such Session or any Adjournment thereof, signify such Debtor or Debtors to be committed to the Benefit of this Act, and shall order the said himself or Sheriffs, Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers of such Prison or Prisons forthwith to be taken as Liberty such Prisoner or Prisoners; and every such Order shall be sufficient Discharge to the Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers of such Prison or Prisons, and shall indemnify him or them against any Escape or Evasions, Admissions or Admissions whatsoever for Escape, which shall or may be brought, committed or professed against him or them.

Assignee to get in Debtor's Estate.

and to make Division.

Notice of the making Division.

Assignee or Heirs and Adm. to deliver over Bal. of the Produce of any such Estate or Effects.

Imprisonment.

fees shall have fulfilled the Duty required by the Acts, or until such Court shall make other Order to the contrary.

Creditor for
Amount to be
received in order
to Certificate of
Bankruptcy.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all and every Creditor and Creditors of any Debtor who shall be discharged by virtue of this Act, for any Sum or Sums of Money payable by way of Indemnity or otherwise at any future time or times, by virtue of any Bond, Contract, or other Security of any Nature whatsoever, may be and shall be entitled to be admitted a Creditor or Creditors, and may and shall be entitled to receive a Dividend or Dividends of the Estate of such Debtor, in such manner and upon such Terms and Conditions as such Creditor or Creditors would have been entitled unto by the Laws now in force, if such Debtor had become Bankrupt, and without Prejudice in future to their respective Securities, or otherwise than as the same would have been afforded by a Proviso made in respect thereof by the Court under a Commission of Bankruptcy, and a Certificate obtained by the Bankrupt under such Commission.

Estate of Debtor
to be taken account
of in Certificate
return'd to Clerk
of the Peace.

XVI. And to the intent that no Loss may arise to any Creditor or Creditors, from any Neglect or Omission in the Schedule not containing the whole of the Estate Real or Personal belonging to any Debtor who shall apply for his or her Discharge under the Authority of this Act, be it enacted, That all the Estates, whether Real or Personal, which shall belong to any Debtor or Debtors, and of which he, she or they shall be actually possessed or control'd unto at the time of making such Schedule, shall be deemed and taken to be Part of the Estate contained in such Schedule though not so inform'd therein; and shall in like manner become vested in the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer sitting as such, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been contained in such Schedule, and had been delivered unto the Court according to the Direction of this Act.

If Estate of Debtor
is not within
Certificate or
not return'd to
Clerk.

XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person holding any Security whatsoever, for which such Debtor never received any valuable Consideration, shall be entitled to receive any Benefit from the Estate of such Debtor, unless the Person holding such Security shall make it appear to the Satisfaction of the Justice at some General or Quarter-Sessions or Adjournment thereof, that he or she became possessed of the same *bona fide* and for good or valuable Consideration.

Estate is well in
Clerk of the
Peace.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case of the Death or Removal of any Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer sitting as Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid, in whom the Estate, Right, Title, Interest or Trust, of any Debtor or Debtors' Estate shall have vested by the Authority of this Act, every such Estate, Right, Title, Interest and Trust shall become vested in the Successor or Successors to every such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer sitting as Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid respectively, as the case may be, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever under the Provisions of this Act.

No Sale, &c.
without Consent
of Majesty of
Creditors.

XIX. Provided further, and be it also enacted, That no Suit in Equity shall be commenced by any Assignee or Assignees of any such Debtor or Debtors' Estate and Effects, without the Consent of the major Part in Value of the Creditors of such Debtor, who shall meet together pursuant to a Notice to be given at least Ten Days before such Meeting, in the *Diallele Gazette* or other Newspaper which shall be published in the Neighbourhood of the last Residence of such Debtor or Debtors for that Purpose.

Mortgages in
virtu place of
Clerks of the
Peace Return.

XX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act said, or to be construed to hinder or prevent any Mortgages or Mortgages, Charges or Liens upon the Estate of such Debtor or Debtors, or any Part thereof, to take place upon the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Personal Estate or Effects comprised in, or charged or affected by such Mortgage or Mortgages, Charges or Liens respectively, nor to prevent any Statute, Staple, Statute Merchant, Recognizance or Judgment, acknowledged by or obtained against any such Debtor or Debtors, to take place upon the Lands, Tenements or Real Estates of such Debtor or Debtors; and also where any Inquisition shall have been taken upon any such Statute or Recognizance, or any Writ or Execution shall have been taken out and delivered to the Sheriff or proper Officer upon any such Judgment, before such Discharge shall be given in open Session to any such Debtor as aforesaid, the Personal Estate of any such Debtor respectively shall be subject thereto, in the last Place, for so much as shall remain due upon such Mortgage, Charge, Lien, Statute, Recognizance or Judgment respectively, in like manner as such Mortgages and Profits having such Charges or Liens, and Creditors by Statute, Recognizance or Judgment, would have been preferred to others, Creditors of an inferior Nature, against the Real or Personal Estate of such Debtor or Debtors respectively if this Act had not been made: any thing heretofore contained to the contrary thereof is any way notwithstanding.

Power of Selling,
Leasing, &c.
vested in A.S.
S. 1799.

XXI. And whereas many Persons who may be entitled to and claim the Benefits of this Act, are seized and possessed of Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, to hold to such Debtors for the Term of their natural Lives, with power of granting Leases and taking Fines, referring small Rents on such Estates for One, Two or Three Lives in Possession or Reversion, or for less Number of Years determinable upon Lives, or have Powers over Real or Personal Estate, which such Debtors could execute for their own Advantage, and which said Powers ought to be executed for the Benefit of the Creditors of such Debtors: Be it therefore enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, that in every such case all and every the Powers of Selling such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and all such other Powers as aforesaid over Real or Personal Estate, which are or shall be vested in any such Professor or Professors as aforesaid, shall be and are hereby vested in the Assignee or Assignees of the Real and Personal Estate of such Professor by virtue of this Act, to be by such Assignee or Assignees executed for the Benefit of all and every the Creditors of such Professor as aforesaid.

Clerk or the
qual of Creditors
to be 1811.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the Justice at any General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, or Adjournment thereof, to which any such Professor shall be brought in performance of this Act, shall, if required by any Creditor or Creditors of any such Professor or Professors who shall oppose his or her Discharge, administer and give to the Keeper or Gaoler of any such Prison or Goal, at the time of bringing up any such Professor in order to be discharged under this Act, an Oath to the Effect following: that is to say,

do swear, That
 * I Custody in the Prison of or is Custody in some other Prison [as the oaths may be]
 * to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, at or upon the Fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and
 * eleven, and that the Copy or Copies of the Cause or Causes of his [or her] Commitment or Detainer now by
 * me brought, with the Body of the said and produced to the said
 * Court, is or are a true Copy or Copies of the Cause or Causes of such Commitment or Detainer, without any
 * Fraud or Deceit by me or any other Person whatsoever, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief.

So help me GOD.

And if any Person who was a Keeper or Gaoler, or deputed Keeper or Gaoler of any such Prison or Gaol on the said Fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or since, shall now happen to be the Keeper or Gaoler, or deputed Keeper or Gaoler of any such Prison or Gaol at the time any such List as aforesaid is hereby required to be delivered in, then the Justices at any such Sessions, or at any Adjournment thereof, may and lawfully require to admit and give to the respective Person or Persons who shall be Keeper or Gaoler, or deputed Keeper or Gaoler, of any such Prison or Gaol, and deliver to such List as aforesaid at any such General or Quarter-Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, an Oath touching the Commitments or Books of Commitment of any such Prison or Gaol, to the Effect following; that is to wit,

do swear, That I have examined the Commitments or Books kept of or con-
 * cerning the Commitments of Prisoners to the Prison of and that I do verily
 * believe that the said Commitments or Books of Commitment are really true and not fictitious, nor calculated
 * for this Purpose; and by them it doth appear that was, on the Fifth
 * Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, really and truly a Prisoner in the actual Custody of
 * the then Keeper or Gaoler, or Deputy Keeper or Gaoler of the said Prison or
 * Gaol, [or, other Prison, as the oaths may be] without Fraud or Deceit by me or any other Person or Persons
 * to my Knowledge and Belief.
 So help me GOD.

XXIII. And, in order to discover any fraudulent Entries or Commitments of Prisoners in any Prison or Gaol Books, be it further enacted, That the Justices at any General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, or any Adjournment thereof, are hereby authorized, at the Request of any Creditor or Creditors of any Prisoner, to compare before them at some certain time to be appointed by them, any Person or Persons who was or were Keeper or Gaol or deputed Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison or Gaol within their respective Jurisdictions, on the said Fifth Day of May one thousand eight hundred and eleven, or at any time since, and examine every such Keeper or Gaoler or deputed Keeper or Gaoler on Oath, touching the Commitment and Continuance in Custody of any such Prisoner, as the Justices at any such General or Quarter-Sessions or Adjournment thereof shall think fit; and if any Sheriff, Keeper or Gaoler, shall neglect or refuse to bring before any such Justices, at any Session of the Peace or Adjournment thereof, any such Prisoner as shall be directed and required by Warrant of any Justice or Justices as aforesaid, or to stand on being summoned for that Purpose, he shall on Commission suffer Six Months Imprisonment; or if any Keeper or Gaoler attending shall refuse to make Answer and Discovery in the Premises as shall be lawfully required, at such General Quarter-Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, he, he or they in offending in the Premises, shall, for every such Offence, pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, to any Person who shall recover and sue for the same, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, by Action of Debt.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison, or his Deputy or Deputies, shall without just Cause, to be approved of by the Justices at some General Quarter-Session or General Session of the Peace or Adjournment thereof, within their respective Jurisdictions, refuse or delay to bring any such Prisoner or Prisoners as aforesaid to any such General Quarter-Sessions or General Session or Adjournment thereof, it shall be lawful to his or her Discharge, or shall neglect or refuse, or negligently omit to refer in any such List the Name or Names of any such Prisoner or Prisoners who was or were actually in Custody in his or their respective Prison or Gaol, on the said Fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or since, or shall neglect or refuse to make out, fix up or deliver such Lists as aforesaid, or if any Keeper or Gaoler or deputed Keeper or Gaoler shall neglect or refuse to take any of the said Oaths before mentioned, and hereby required to be taken by him, or shall detain any such Prisoner after he or she shall be discharged as aforesaid, or if the Printer of the Dublin Gazette or other Newspaper as aforesaid shall wilfully refuse or neglect to insert therein the Notice by this Act directed to be given, on reasonable Request to him made for this Purpose, every such Keeper and Gaoler of such Prison and Prisons, his Deputy or Deputies, and every such Printer as aforesaid, shall respectively forfeit and pay to each Prisoner in every such case intoned, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, which shall and may be recovered with Treble Costs of Suit by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information in any one of the said Courts of Record at Dublin, wherein no Efflags, Penalties, or Wages of Law, or more than one Impignation shall be allowed.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolens, or any Deputy Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison shall, in taking of the afore mentioned Oaths, forbear and perjure themselves, and shall thereby be lawfully convicted, such Keeper or Gaoler or deputed Keeper or Gaoler of such Prison or Prisons shall (as well as also) be Penalties to be inflicted on Prisoners committed of Perjury upon every such Conviction, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, with full Costs, by Bill Plea or Information, or Action of Debt, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, whereas no Efflags, Penalties, or Wages of Law shall be allowed, by and in the Name of such Prisoner or Persons, his and their Executors and Administrators, to whom an Affidavit or Conveyance in pursuance of this Act shall be made of the Estate and Effects of such Prisoner or Prisoners; and if no such Allegor or Allegors shall be living, then in the Name or Names of any other Creditor or Creditors who shall sue for the said Penalties, to be applied, one

Oath.
 If Justice Ad-
 vancing in List
 is not Oath
 on the 5th Day of
 May 1811, he
 shall take the
 following Oath.

Oath.

As Request of
 Creditors
 may be received
 on Oath or Testi-
 fication touching
 Commitments

Shew'd, by 46,
 every Oath
 as Justices

Penalty.

Gaoler and
 Deputy or De-
 puty or De-
 puty may come
 dipping with Re-
 quirement of Act.

Penalty

Creditor's examine
 the Property

Penalty.

Morality to the Informers or Informers, and the other Morality towards Satisfiers of the Debts of such Creditor or Creditors.

Clerk of the Peace not giving a Copy of Adjournment of the Clerks

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy or Town Clerk, or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, shall delay or refuse to give every or any such Prisoner adjudged to be committed to his Discharge as aforesaid, within fourteen Days after such Adjournment, a Copy of the Order of such Adjournment on the Payment of Two Shillings and Six Pence, or shall take more than Two Shillings and Six Pence for such Copy, or shall take more than One Shilling for an Adjournment or Continuance of such Prisoner's Estate and Effects, any such Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, or Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, who shall so offend, and who shall be convicted in any such General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, or any Adjournment thereof, of any such Offence, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay to every such Prisoner the Sum of Twenty Pounds, as the Justices of the Peace at such General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace or Adjournment thereof shall order; and who are hereby empowered to cause the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods of any such Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy or Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace so offending.

Prisep.

Debtors liable for every Offence.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Debtor as aforesaid who shall take the Benefit of this Act, shall wilfully forfever and perjure himself, himself or themselves, in any Oath to be taken under this Act, and shall be lawfully cross-examined thereon, he, she or they so offending shall suffer such Punishment as by Law may be inflicted on Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

Debtors not allowed to be imprisoned for Debt, unless he be liable to be imprisoned for Debt prior to the 15th day of June.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Prisoner entitled to the Benefit of this Act shall at any time hereafter be imprisoned by virtue of any Judgment or Decree obtained for Non-payment of Money only, or for any Debt, Bond, Damages, Constraints for Non-payment of Money, Costs, Sums or Sums of Money contracted, incurred, occasioned, owing or growing due before the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, but that upon every Arrest upon every Judgment or such Decree, or for such Debt, Damages, Constraints, Costs, Sums and Sums of Money, it shall and may be lawful for any Judge of the Court where the Process issued, or for any Two Justices of the Peace, upon viewing the Copy of the Order of Adjournment as aforesaid, to make and discharge out of Custody such Prisoner as aforesaid, and at the same time to order the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Sum or Sums to pay such Prisoner or Prisoners the Costs he, she or they shall have incurred as such Custodian, or in so much thereof as to such Judge or Justices shall seem just and reasonable; and every such Judge is hereby empowered to do on such Prisoner's creating a Common Apprehense to be served for him on every such Arrest or Suit.

Prisoners not allowed to be charged with Interest subsequent to the 15th day of June.

XXIX. And whereas under former Acts of this Kind, Doubts have arisen what was to be done with such Prisoners who applied at any Session to be discharged, who owed and stood charged with Debts as well previous as subsequent to the Day limited by the respective Acts; To remedy which, be it therefore enacted, That no Prisoner or Prisoners shall be discharged of any Debts incurred subsequent to the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and if it shall appear to the Justices at any Session or Adjournment, that any Prisoner or Prisoners then applying to them to be discharged, shall stand charged as well with Debts previous to as subsequent to the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, that in such case it shall and may be lawful as and for the Justices to discharge the Prisoner or Prisoner on account of all Debts incurred previous to the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and to commit him or her back to the Custody of the Keeper of the Prison from whence he or she was brought, for all Debts which he or she stands charged with in his Custody incurred subsequent to the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Act, intended to be taken in respect of the

XXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Admon of Escape, or any Suit or Action be brought against any Justice or Justices of the Peace, Sheriff, Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison, for performing their Office in pursuance of this Act, they may plead the General Issue, and give this Act in Evidence, and if the Plaintiff be satisfied or dissatisfied his Action, or Verdict pass against him, or Judgment upon Demurrer, the Defendant shall have Treble Costs.

Treble Costs.

Act, intended to be taken in respect of the

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any *Sine Felix*, or Action of Debt or upon Judgment shall be brought against any Prisoner, his or her Heirs, Executors or Administrators, upon any Judgment obtained against any such Prisoner, or on any Statute or Recognizance acknowledged by him or her before the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, with respect to Prisoners in actual Custody on the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, it shall and may be lawful for any such Prisoner, his or her Heirs, Executors or Administrators, to plead generally that such Prisoner was already a Prisoner in such Prison or in some other Prison at such a Prisoner's Suit, on the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and was or were duly discharged according to the Act, at the General Quarter-Sessions or General Sessions or Adjournment thereof, held at such Town and Place for such County, Liberty, City, Town or Place (as his, or her, or their case is) without pleading any Matter specially; and in case any other Suit or Action shall be commenced against him, her or them, for any other Debt, Sum or Sums of Money due before the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, to plead in discharge of him or her Pardon from Execution (over and above such Matters as aforesaid) that such Debt or Sums of Money (as the case shall happen) was contracted or due before the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, without pleading any other Matter specially, wherein the Plaintiff shall or may reply generally, and deny the Matters pleaded as aforesaid, or reply any other Matter or Thing which may force the said Defendant not to be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, or not duly discharged according to it, in the same manner as the Plaintiff might have replied in case the Defendant had pleaded this Act, and his Discharge by virtue of this Act specially; and if the Plaintiff be satisfied, dissatisfied his Action, or Verdict pass against him, or Judgment or (s) Demurrer, the Defendant to have Treble Costs: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to release or discharge any Attorney at

Treble Costs. Act, intended to be taken in respect of the

(a) [It is the original Act.]

Law,

Law, Solicitor or any other Person or Persons acting or pretending to act as such, with regard to any Debt with which he or they shall stand charged for any Money or other Effects received and received by him or them, for the Use of any Person or Persons, Bodies Corporate or Politick, and by any Attorney, Solicitor or other Person or Persons acting as such, entrusted, entrusted or converted to his or their own Use; or to receipt or discharge any Servant or Agent, or any other Person or Persons employed or entrusted as such with regard to any Debt or Demand with which he, he or they shall stand charged for or as account of any Money, Goods or other Effects received or possessed by him, her or them, for the Use and on Account of his, her or their Master or Masters, or Employers, and by such Servant or Agent entrusted, entrusted or converted to his, her or their own Use; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof is any wise notwithstanding.

receiving
Money;

XXXII. And whereas many evil disposed Persons, to support their prodigant way of Life, have by various seditious Strategies, Threats and Devices, fraudulently obtained from Loans of Money, Goods or Wares, Merchandises, Bonds, Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes or other Securities for Money, to the great Injury of industrious Tradesmen, and to the manifest Prejudice of Trade and Credit: Be it enacted, That no Professor who, knowingly and designedly by false Pretences or Promises, shall have obtained from any Person or Persons, Money, Goods, Wares, Merchandises, Bonds, Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes or other Securities for Money, shall have or receive any Benefit or Discharge by or under this Act; but the Justices at any General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, or any Adjournment thereof, before whom any such Professor shall be brought, upon due Proof of the Matter made to their Satisfaction, shall remove such Professor to the Custody of the Gaoler or Keeper of the Prison from whence he or she shall have been brought; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Not to be
deemed as Money
or other Effects
received;

XXXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Truth of each of the Objections and Exceptions aforesaid, against the obtaining the Benefit of this Act, shall be proved by the Testimony upon Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, besides the Testimony upon Oath of the Person or Persons making such Objections, or other legal Proof or Evidence admissible in a Court of Law: Provided always, that no Professor who shall have been summoned as Prisoner under any Act heretofore passed for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, for having fraudulently obtained Money, Goods or Securities for Money on false Pretences, or for having secretly or fraudulently assessed Stock, Cattle or other Effects which were subject or liable to be distrained for Rent, or who shall have lost or foregone the Benefit of any such former Act, by having made any fraudulent Sale, Transfer, Conveyance or Assignment, Secret his or her Impersonation, to the Prejudice of the fair and honest Creditor, or who shall have obtained a Discharge under such former Act fraudulently, or shall have taken an Oath under such Act, any Part of which was not true, shall have or receive any Benefit or Discharge by or under this Act; but the Justices at any General or other Sessions of the Peace or any Adjournment thereof, before whom any such Professor shall be brought, upon due Proof of the Matter made to their Satisfaction, shall remove such Professor to the Custody of the Gaoler or Keeper of the Prison, from which he or she shall have been brought; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that such Objections or Exceptions were supported by false Proof or Evidence as is heretofore provided and directed to be made under this present Act, and not otherwise; and that no Person shall be permitted to make the Objections in this Act mentioned against any Prisoner except a detaining Creditor, or such Person or Persons as have commenced their Action or Actions against such Professor previous to the First Day of May last past, grounded on the Matters in the said Exceptions mentioned: Provided also, that no Person charged in Execution for Damages recovered in any Action for Criminal Conversation with the Wife of the Plaintiff in such Action, or in any Action for seduction or carnally knowing the Daughter or female Servant of the Plaintiff, or in any Action for malicious Prosecutions, or in any Action for any other malicious Injury, shall have any Benefit under this Act, except only in cases where the Plaintiff in such Actions respectively shall be dead, and no Person shall have obtained Probate of the Will or Letters of Administration of the Effects of such Plaintiff, within Twelve Months after the Death of such Plaintiff.

Not to be
deemed as Money
received under any
Insolvent Act,
for fraudulently
obtaining Money,
&c.

Prisons.

Not to be
deemed as
Money or other
Effects received
under any
former Act
for Criminal
Conversation,
&c.

XXXIV. And whereas many Debtors have, with a View to defraud their Creditors, sold, transferred, conveyed or assigned these Estate and Effects to some Person or Persons, subsequent to their being in Custody of Law or imprisoned under some Process for Debt: And whereas such Sale, Transfer, Conveyance or Assignment hath been fraudulently made to the infinite Prejudice of the fair and honest Creditor, though said Secret Proof could not be obtained to convict the Party of a fraudulent Design: Be it enacted, That whenever it shall be proved by one or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses to the Satisfaction of the Court to which any Professor shall be brought up in order to obtain his or her Discharge, that such Professor has sold, transferred, conveyed or assigned to any Person or Persons all or any Part of his Estate or Effects subsequent to the time of

Not to be
deemed as Money
received under
any Act
for Criminal
Conversation,
&c.

Not to be
deemed as
Money or other
Effects received
under any
former Act
for Criminal
Conversation,
&c.

his Imprisonment without just Cause he is to do, to be allowed by the Justices presiding in such Court as aforesaid, every such Debtor shall lose all the Benefits and Advantages that he might have otherwise claimed under the Authority of this Act, and shall not be entitled to his or her Discharge; and every such Sale, Transfer, Conveyance or Assignment is hereby declared null and void.

Debtors per-
mitting Prisoners
to be taken
whilst, or to try in
Books of Prison
to be taken.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That every Gaoler or Keeper of any Prison shall and is hereby required to suffer in the Day-time any Prisoner or Persons desiring the same, to go and speak, in the Lodge or some convenient Room in the said Prison, with any Prisoner or Prisoners whose Names are inserted in the before mentioned List or Lists, or the Dublin Gazette, or other Newspapers, or any of them, and also to suffer in the Treasury and Books of the said Prison the Entries made of the Names or Names of such Prisoner or Prisoners, Debtor or Debtors, together with the Name or Names of the Prisoner or Prisoners at whose Suit or Suits he, she or they are or were detained; and if any such Gaoler or Keeper shall refuse or neglect to comply with what is hereby above required, every such Gaoler or Keeper who shall be so found to offend in the Premises, shall forfeit and pay to the Prison in which he is so found the Sum of Forty Pounds, to be recovered, with Costs of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Pleaist or Information, in any of the Courts at Dublin, whereas no Effraign, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than One Imparance shall be allowed, by and in the Name or Names of the Prison at which he is so found.

Penalty.

Gaoler making
false Entries.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Gaoler or Keeper or deputed Gaoler or Keeper of any Prison or Prisons, shall make or cause to be made any false Entries in any Book or Books belonging to any Prison or Prisons under his Care, or of which he is or was Gaoler, or shall prepare or keep or cause to be prepared or kept any false Book or Books in order for any false or untrue Entry or Entries to be made therein, or shall insert in any List to be delivered as aforesaid, the Name or Names of any Prisoner or Prisoners who was not in actual Custody as aforesaid (except as in the Oath of any such Gaoler or Keeper shall be exacted); every such Gaoler or Keeper or deputed Gaoler or Keeper shall, over and above the Penalties which he shall be liable to for every such Fraud, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered with Terrible Costs of Suit, by and in the Name and for the Use of any Prisoner or Prisoners who shall be prejudiced by any such false Entry or Entries, which Penalties shall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Pleaist or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, whereas no Effraign, Protection, Wager of Law or more than One Imparance shall be allowed.

Penalty.

Debtors refusing
to answer Trials
and Abuses of
Prisoners at what
may be termed an
arbitrary Bench
of Ass.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Debtor being thereto required by any Creditors, shall refuse to answer and declare the Trade or Occupation, and Habitation or last Place of Abode of the Prisoner or Prisoners at whose Suit he or she is or was detained or charged in Custody, or if any Prisoner being called for, and desired by any Creditors or Creditors to come to the Lodge of the Prison in which any such Prisoner shall be confined, shall refuse to come, without some reasonable Cause being made appear to the contrary, every such Debtor, upon Proof being made thereof before the Justices at any General or Quarter-Session of the Peace, or any Adjournment thereof, to be held as aforesaid, shall not have or receive any Benefit or Discharge by or under this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereto in any writ or writs notwithstanding.

Debtors in
Custody for Pen-
alties not dis-
charged.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That all Debtors and others who were in Prison on or before the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven in any of the Goals of this Kingdom and ever remain for not paying their Rent or other Debts due or claimed as due to the Keeper or Keepers of any Prison respectively, or to any other Officer of such Prison, and upon no other Account, shall be discharged therefrom, he, she or they taking the Oath by the Act required to be taken by Prisoners.

All who are con-
demned to Debtors
of the Crown or
Officers.

XL. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That the said Act shall not extend or be construed to extend to discharge any Prisoner seeking the Benefit of this Act, with respect to any Debt or Penalty which he or she shall stand charged at the Suit of the Crown, or of any Prisoner for any Offence committed against any Act or Acts of Parliament relative to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs, Excise, Stamps or Salt Duties, or any of them, or any Branches of the Public Revenue, or at the Suit of any Sheriff or other Public Officer, upon any Bill made entered into for the Appearance of any Prisoner prosecuted for any Offence committed against any Act or Acts of Parliament relative to His Majesty's said Revenue of Customs, Excise, Stamps or Salt Duties, or any other Branches of Public Revenue, unless any Three of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being shall certify their Opinions under their Hands to the said Justices at their said Sessions or Adjournment thereof for the Discharge of such Prisoners as aforesaid.

Debtors who
are not to be
taken in Debtors
of the Crown
or Officers.

XLI. And whereas under former Acts, Creditors have been put to great Expence and Trouble in attending every Session and Adjournment during the whole Continuance of this Act (a), to oppose the Discharge of Debtors clearly excluded from any Benefit under the said respective Acts, but who, after having been before said Sessions and refused a Discharge, to have their Creditors continually give fresh Notices for each subsequent Session and Adjournment of their intended Application to be discharged; To remedy which, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all cases whatsoever the Determination of the Justices in Session or Adjournment shall be final to all Intents and Purposes, which otherwise ordered and commanded by His Majesty's Court of King's Bench as aforesaid, by His Majesty's Writ of Mandamus to be issued forth of said Court, unless the Debtor shall, during the Continuance of this Act, get rid of his Obedience or Objections for which they refused his Discharge; and that the same may be clear and certain, the Justices are hereby required to state the Objections why such Debtor's Discharge is refused by them; and in all cases whatsoever it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices at some one subsequent Session, within the Space of Twelve Calendar Months after he shall have been so refused, upon Application from the Prisoner, and due Proof so Oath made to them by Two or more credible Witnesses (which Oath they are hereby empowered to admin-

(a) [As in the original Act.]

ister)

viter) of such Objections or Objections being removed, and on Proof of Notice served at least Twenty Days previous to such Application on the Creditor or Creditors who before appealed his Discharge, and of Notice likewise inserted in the Public Gazette in manner before directed by this Act, to order such Person to be brought before them, and if they shall then be of Opinion the said Debtor is entitled to the Benefit of this Act, to adjudge him or her to be restored to the Benefit of this Act, and, if a Prisoner, to order him or her to be discharged, he or her taking the Oath, and in all other respects conforming to the Directions of this Act.

XLII. And whereas it may happen that several Persons who may claim and be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, are seized of an Estate Tail in some Freehold Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which Estate, with the Remainders thereon expectant, they have by Law Power to defeat said bar, either by leaving a Fine or Fees, suffering a Common Recovery or Common Recoveries, whereby such Person or Persons said Freehold Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, would be liable to the Payment of those Debts, and be delivered up according to the Terms of this Act for the Benefit of their Creditors: Be it therefore further enacted, That in every such case, such Person or Persons is first as aforesaid, and who shall be entitled to and claim the Benefit of this Act, shall, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever by Law, be deemed and taken, and it and any hereby is allowed to be seized of such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments in Fee, and the same shall be delivered up to such Creditor or Creditors of every such Person in the same manner as if such Person or Persons had actually levied a Fine, suffered a Common Recovery or Recoveries, and thereby had become seized in Fee; any Law or Construction of Law to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XLIII. And whereas every Person who may be entitled to and claim the Benefit of this Act, may have debts, Duties or otherwise engaged in large Transactions, whereby they may be entitled to Goods and great Sums and Demands of various and intricate Natures, and they may be entitled to Equities of Redemption of Estates, subject and liable to Mortgages, Judgments or other Incumbrances, or to Reversions, Remainders or other contingent Estates, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to other Trusts or Interests in Estates both Real and Personal, which may not be sufficiently defined or delivered in the Schedule or Inventory before directed to be delivered in upon Oath by the Prisoner to be discharged as aforesaid, or which may want the Aid and Assistance to adjust, make out, recover or manage, for the Benefit of his Creditors: Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the respective Assignees of the Estate and Effects of such Debtor or Debtors who shall obtain his, her or their Discharge in pursuance of this Act, or any other Person or Persons duly authorized by them for that Purpose, from time to time to apply to any Two or more of the Justices of the Peace for the County, City, Town, Place or Liberty, where such Debtor or Debtors shall be then residing, thereby desiring that such Debtor or Debtors may be farther examined as to any Matters or Things relating to his, her or their Estate or Effects, whereupon such Justices shall send for or call before them such Debtor or Debtors, by such Warrant, Summons, Ways or Means, as they shall think fit, and upon such Debtors appearing shall examine him, her or them, as well upon Oath as otherwise, as to such Matters and Things as such Assignees shall desire, relating to the Estate and Effects of such Debtor or Debtors; and if any Debtor or Debtors, on Payment or Tender of Payment of such reasonable Charges as such Justices shall judge fit, present, shall neglect or refuse so to come or appear, not having a lawful Excuse so to be made known to such Justices and b) then allowed, or being absent before them shall refuse to be sworn or to answer to all such Questions as by such Justices shall be put to him or them relating to the Disposition of his, her or their Estate or Effects in respect or intended to be related to such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace or (a) such Assignees as aforesaid, then it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justices, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to apprehend such Debtor or Debtors if offending as aforesaid, and him, her or them to commit to the Common Goal, there to remain without Bail or Mainprise until such time as he, she or they shall submit him, her or themselves to such Justices, and answer upon Oath to all such lawful Questions as shall by such Justices be put to him, her or them, for the Purposes aforesaid (a) [It is so originally Act.]

XLIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That notwithstanding the Discharge of any Debtor or Debtors by virtue of this Act, if it shall hereafter appear the same was obtained fraudulently, or that any Part of the Oath taken by any such Debtor was not true, then and in every such case every such Discharge shall be void and of none Effect.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful at all times hereafter for any Assignee or Assignees of the Estate or Effects of any Debtor or Debtors who shall be seized in possession of this Act, by and with the Consent of the major Part as Value of the Creditors of such Debtor or Debtors who shall be present at a Meeting, to be had on Twenty one Days Notice being previously given for the Purpose hereafter mentioned, if in Chancery at Dublin or in the County of Dublin, or the Public Gazette, and if any other Place in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, then also in some Newspaper which shall be published in the County, City or Place in or near which such Person or Persons shall have been in Goal, to make Competition to any Person or Persons or Accountants to such Debtor or Debtors, where the same shall appear necessary or reasonable, and to take such reasonable Part of any such Debt as can upon any such Competition be gotten, to full Discharge of such Debts and Accounts, and also to submit any Difference or Differences between such Assignee or Assignees, and any Person or Persons for or on account or by reason or means of any Money, Goods or Things relating to the Estate or Effects of such Debtor or Debtors, or to any Debt or Debts due or claimed to be due to or from such Debtor or Debtors, to the said End and Determination of Arbitrators to be chosen by the said Assignee or Assignees, and the major Part in Value of such Creditors, and the Party or Parties with whom they shall have such Differences, and to perform the Award of such Arbitrators, or of any Unpop to be chosen by them, or otherwise to settle and agree the Matters in Dis-

Persons who
shall be entitled to
be discharged as
Creditors.

Assignees may
apply for Letters
Subpoena to
Debtors in Two
Justices.

Provision to
be made.

Assignees may
appoint a
Meeting to
take the
Value of the
Creditors
and to make
a Competition
to any Person
or Persons
to take the
Part of any
such Debt.

Issues and Dispute between them, in such manner as the said Assignee or Assignees with each Creditor as aforesaid shall think fit and can agree, and the same shall be binding on all the Creditors of such Debtor or Debtors; and every such Assignee or Assignees is and are hereby authorised for what they shall lawfully do in the Premises in pursuance of this Act.

Parties concerned.
Assignee's
Estate.

XLVI. And, for the better Discovery of the Estate and Effects of any Debtor who shall be discharged by virtue of this Act, he is further enabled by the Authority aforesaid, That any Person who shall hereafter assign any Truck or Trade, and shall wilfully conceal or protect any Estate Real or Personal of any such Debtor from his Creditors, and shall not within Thirty Days after such Assignee or Assignees shall in pursuance of this Act be chosen of any such Debtor's Estate, discover and deliver to such Assignee or Assignees such Truck and Estate in Writing, and deliver up or make over the same to such Assignee or Assignees, he, she or they if offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and also Double the Value of the Estate either Real or Personal so concealed, to or for the Use of the Creditors of any such Debtor, to be recovered by Action of Debt in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, in the Name or Names of the Assignee or Assignees of such Debtor's Estate, together with Twelve Cents of Cost.

Fees.

* XLVII. And whereas Provision ought to be made as to what should become of the Estate and Effects of any Debtor or Debtors not yet so, obtained or recovered by any Assignee or Assignees hereafter mentioned to the Direction of the several Acts, at the time of his or their Death or Deaths, and while their Heirs, or Executors, Administrators and Assigns abide in life or middle thereof: To remedy which, be it enacted, That as all such acts shall and may be lawful to and for the Creditors of every such Debtor or Debtors to elect a new Assignee or Assignees in Manner and Form as hereinafter is directed, and to obtain a new Assignment from the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as a Clerk of the Peace pursuant to the Order of the Justices, and which said Order the said Justices are hereby required and empowered to direct (see the Proviso Oath being made to them of the Death of such former Assignee or Assignees, and Relief of his or their Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, to life or middle thereof), and the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, hereby conforming to all Orders and Directions made by this Act relative to them or any of them, and to be liable to all such Fines and Penalties as are inflicted on them or any of them by this Act for Disobedience in any Part thereof or Neglect of Duty whatsoever; and in case any such Assignee or Assignees shall die, and his Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns shall refuse to do, that then and in such case it shall be lawful for such Justices of the Peace to appoint a new Assignee or Assignees, such like Powers and Authorities as are given by this Act; and the said Justices shall have Power in a summary way to oblige the Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns of such Assignee or Assignees to account and deliver up all such Estate and Effects as shall remain in his or their Hands, to be applied for the Purposes of this Act.

If Assignee dies,
others may be
chosen.

Cases in which
more Assignees
may be chosen.

XLVIII. And, to the Intent and Purpose that the Estate and Effects of such Debtor or Debtors as shall be discharged by virtue of this Act may be fully and faithfully applied for the Benefit of his, her or their real Creditors, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the respective Courts at Westminster, and the Courts of limited Jurisdiction in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, from whence any Process issued upon which any such Debtor or Debtors was or were committed, or where the Process issued out of any other Court, and for the Judges of the Courts of King's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exchequer in Ireland, or any One of them, from time to time upon the Petition of any such Debtor, or the Creditor or Creditors of such Debtor, complaining of any Inefficiency, Fraud, Mismanagement or other Molestation of any Assignee or Assignees of the Estate or Effects of any such Debtor or Debtors, to summon all Parties concerned, and upon hearing the Parties concerned therein to make and give such Orders and Directions therein, either for the Removal or displacing such Assignee or Assignees, and appointing any new Assignee or Assignees in the Place or Stead of such Assignee or Assignees to be removed or displaced, and for the present, just and equitable Management or Distribution of the Estate and Effects of any such Debtor for the Benefit of the respective Creditors, as the said Courts or Judges respectively shall think fit; and in case of the Removal or displacing of any Assignee or Assignees, and the appointing of any new Assignee or Assignees, the Estate or Effects of such Debtor or Debtors shall from thenceforth be divided out of the Assignee or Assignees so removed or displaced, and be sold as and delivered over to such new Assignee or Assignees, in the same manner and for the same Intent and Purpose as the same were before sold in the Assignee or Assignees first chosen as aforesaid; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Where several
Creditors have
claims, Debtor
to be bound.

XLIX. Provided always, and he is further enabled, That in all cases where several Creditors have given between any Debtor who shall be discharged in pursuance of this Act, and any other Person or Persons, or Bodies Corporate or Politic, before the Delivery of such Schedule or Inventory of the Estate and Effects of such Debtor or Debtors upon Oath as aforesaid, the respective Assignee or Assignees of such Debtor or Debtors is and are hereby authorised and empowered to, he and their Parts to frame and allow an Account between them and the other Party or Parties concerned, and to give more full or better to be sold in such Clerk of the Peace, or Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, or such Assignee or Assignees as aforesaid, as the Estate or Effects of such Debtor or Debtors, than what shall appear to be justly due to him, her or them respectively, as and for the Balance of such Account when truly paid.

Parties to
paying Money

* L. And whereas many Persons are often committed by the Courts of Law and Equity for Contempts for not paying Money ordered or awarded to be paid, and also for not paying of Costs duly and regularly taxed and allowed by the proper Officers, after proper Demands made for this Purpose, and also upon the Writ of Execution's expense or other Process, here provided on the Non-payment of Money, Costs or Expenses, it is here enacted and provided in some Ecclesiastical Court, or for Contempt in such Court relating thereto, it is hereby declared and enacted, That all such Persons as and shall be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, or

and subject to the same Terms, Conditions and Restrictions as are herein expressed and declared with respect to Prisoners for Debt only.

LII. And whereas a great Number of poor People have been and are now imprisoned for Debt upon Process or writs issuing out of Courts of Conscience? it is hereby enacted and declared, That all such Prisoners shall be entitled to have the Benefit of this Act, and be discharged under the same, provided he, she or they conform to the Directions heretofore preferred touching other Prisoners who shall be discharged by virtue of this Act.

LIII. Provided always, and so it further enacted, That no Person who shall have taken the Benefit of any Act heretofore passed for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors within the Space of Five Years last past, shall lose or accrue any Benefit or Advantage of or under this Act, nor be deemed to be within the Intent and Meaning thereof in as to be discharged under the same; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases wherein by this Act an Oath is required, the solemn Affirmation of any Person being a Quaker shall and may be accepted and taken in lieu thereof; and every Person making such Affirmation, who shall be convicted of wilful and false Affirmation, shall incur and suffer such and the same Penalties as are inflicted and imposed by this Act upon Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases whatsoever the Insolvent, upon his receiving any Interest he or she may have in the Realities of his or her Estate, shall and may be admitted, as a good and sufficient Witness in any Action or Cause to be instituted by his or her Assignee or Assignees, for the Recovery of any Debts due to the said Insolvent, to the same manner as a Bankrupt may after obtaining his Certificate.

LV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Prisoner against whom any Commission of Bankruptcy shall have issued and shall remain in force, and who shall not have obtained a Certificate of his or her Conformity to the several Statutes concerning Bankrupts under such Commission duly allowed, shall be discharged by writ of the said Court from any Debt which shall have been or may be proved under such Commission, unless such Commission shall have issued, and such Bankrupt shall have duly succeeded himself or herself to the Commissioners or the major Part of them named in the said Commission, Two Years at the least before the passing of this Act, and that in all Things here duly considered himself or herself to the several Statutes concerning Bankrupts, and make the major Part of the Commissioners named in such Commission shall specially certify, which they are hereby authorized to do if they shall think fit, that such Bankrupt has so duly conformed, and has in their Opinion made a full and due Disclosure of all his or her Estate or Effects, and in all Things considered himself or herself properly under such Commission; and in all such cases such Bankrupt shall be capable of being discharged in respect of all Debts which cannot be proved under such Commission, in the same manner and upon the same Terms as any other Prisoner may be discharged by virtue of this Act, and shall and may be discharged as to Personal Arrest, for Debt in respect of all Debts proved or capable of being proved under such Commission; but notwithstanding such Bankrupt and his or her Effects shall in all other respects whatsoever remain subject to the Laws in force concerning Bankrupts, as he or she would have been if this Act had not been made: Provided always, that in the Notice to be given by such Bankrupt and the Oath to be taken by him or her according to the Provisions of this Act, such Bankrupt shall be described as a Person against whom a Commission of Bankruptcy has issued and is still in force, and who has not obtained a Certificate of his or her Conformity to the Statutes concerning Bankrupts duly allowed; and such Bankrupt, instead of swearing to the Truth of a schedule of his or her Estate or Effects, shall swear that he or she has made a full Disclosure of his or her Estate under the said Commission, and that he or she has no Estate or Effects which can be veiled in an Assignee under this Act, all his Estate and Effects of such Bankrupt being veiled in the Assignee or Assignees under such Commission, by virtue of such Commission, and the Assignments made in pursuance thereof: Provided always, that in case such Commission shall at any time thereafter be superseded, then and in such case the Discharge which shall be obtained by virtue of this Act, shall be null and void.

[See *in English*, c. 123, *post*.]

CAP. CXXIV.

An Act further to extend and render more effectual certain Provisions of an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intitled, *An Act to prevent fraudulent and wasteful Arrests*; and of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, to explain, amend and render more effectual the said former Act; and of Two Acts passed in the Nineteenth and Forty third Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, extending the Provisions of the said former Acts.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intitled, *An Act to prevent fraudulent and wasteful Arrests*, it was, among other things, enacted, That from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and Twenty six, no Person should be held to Special Bail upon any Process issuing out of any Superior Court, where the Cause of Action should not amount to the Sum of Ten Pounds or upwards, nor out of any inferior Court where the Cause of Action should not amount to the Sum of Forty Shillings or upwards; and that in all cases where the Cause of Action should not amount to Ten Pounds or upwards in any such Superior Court, or to Forty Shillings or upwards in any such inferior Court, and the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs should proceed by way of Process against the Person, he, she or they should not arrest or cause to be arrested the Body of the Defendant or Defendants, but should serve him, her or them personally within the Jurisdiction of the Court, with a Copy of the Process, and if such Defendant or Defendants should not appear at the Return of the Process, or within

51 Geo. III.

3 U

4 Four

sworn, Oath, &c.
Prisoners imprisoned by Process of Courts of Conscience.

Persons to be Prisoners having taken Benefit of Insolvent Act.

All oaths of Quakers taken.

Insolvent, on receiving interest in realty of Estate, a good Witness in good Causes.

Notice of Bankrupt to be registered.

Commission for preventing, &c. &c.

• Four Days after each Return, in such case it should be lawful for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs upon Affidavit being made and filed in the proper Court of the personal Service of such Process as aforesaid (which Affidavit should be filed *quod*) to enter a Common Appearance or file Common Bail as the Defendant or Defendants, and to proceed thereon as if such Defendant or Defendants had entered his, her or their Appearance or filed Common Bail; which Act was explained and amended by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, intitled, *An Act to explain, amend and render more effectual an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intitled, An Act to prevent frivolous and vexatious Suits; and for other Purposes*: And whereas by the said Act made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Second, it was enacted, that where the Cause of Action should not amount to Ten Pounds or upwards as any Superior Court, or to Forty Shillings or upwards in any inferior Court, so Special Writ or Writs, nor any Process specially therein expediting the Cause or Causes of Action, should be had forth or issued from any such Superior or inferior Court, to compel any Person or Persons to appear thereon in such Court or Courts; and all Proceedings and Judgments on any such Writ or Writs were thereby declared to be void and of none Effect: And whereas the said former Acts being temporary, the same were afterwards made perpetual by an Act passed in the Twentieth (or Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Second: And whereas by an Act passed in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for amending the Provisions of an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King George the First, intitled, An Act to prevent frivolous and vexatious Suits, and for other Purposes*, it was enacted, that, from and after the First Day of July One thousand seven hundred and seventy nine, no Process should be writ or held in Special Bail upon any Process issuing out of any inferior Court, where the Cause of Action should not amount to the Sum of Ten Pounds or upwards; but that the like Copies of Process should be served, and the like Proceedings had thereupon in such inferior Court, in all cases where the Cause of Action should not amount to Ten Pounds or upwards, as are directed to be had by the said Act of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King George the First, in such inferior Court, where the Cause of Action should not amount to the Sum of Forty Shillings; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding; and further Provisions were made touching Proceedings in such inferior Courts, in conformity to the Provisions in the said former Act; and in such of any Act or Acts of Parliament passed for the Recovery of Debts within any Districts and Jurisdictions, as authorized A writ and Imprehension of Defendants where the Cause of Action should amount to less than Ten Pounds, was thereby amended; and further Provisions were made touching Actions in inferior Courts, where the Cause of Action should not amount to Ten Pounds: And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for the more effectual Prevention of frivolous and vexatious Suits; and to enforce the laying of Penalties upon Executions in certain Cases*, it was enacted, that, from and after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and three, no Person should be arrested or held in Special Bail upon any Process issuing out of any Court within those Parts of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England and Ireland, for a Cause of Action not originally amounting to such Sum for which such Person was by the Laws then in being liable to be arrested and held to Bail, over and above and exclusive of any Costs, Charges and Expenses that may have been incurred, recovered or become chargeable in or about the suing for or recovering the same, or any Part thereof: And whereas it is expedient to extend and amend more effectual the Provisions of the said several Acts: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the First Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eleven, no Person shall be held in Special Bail upon any Process issuing out of any Court where the Cause of Action shall not have originally amounted to the Sum of Fifteen Pounds or upwards, over and above and exclusive of any Costs, Charges and Expenses that may have been incurred, recovered or become chargeable, in or about the suing for or recovering the same or any Part thereof (except where the Cause of such Action shall arise or be maintainable upon or by virtue of any Bill or Bills of Exchange, Promissory Note or Promissory Notes, in which cases the Person liable thereupon may be held in Special Bail in such manner as if this Act had not been made); and that in all cases where the Cause of Action shall not amount to Fifteen Pounds or upwards, exclusive of such Costs, Charges and Expenses as aforesaid, (except as hereinafter is excepted) and the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall proceed by the Way of Process against the Person, he, she or they shall not arrest or cease to be arrested, the Body of the Defendant or Defendants, but shall serve him, her or them personally within the Jurisdiction of the Court, with a Copy of the Process and Proceedings thereupon, in such manner as by the said Act of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, is provided in cases where the Cause of Action shall not amount to Ten Pounds or upwards in any Superior Court, or to Forty Shillings or upwards in any inferior Court; and that where the Cause of Action in any Court shall not amount to the Sum of Fifteen Pounds, exclusive of such Costs, Charges and Expenses as aforesaid, (except as hereinafter is excepted) no Special Writ or Writs, nor any Process specially therein expediting the Cause or Causes of Action, shall, from and after the said First Day of November, be had forth or issued from any Court, in order to compel any Person or Persons to appear thereon in such Court; and all Proceedings and Judgments that shall, from and after the said First Day of November, be had on any such Writ or Process, shall be, and are hereby declared to be void and of no Effect. (a) [The Twenty

11. And whereas the Provisions in the said Acts, authorizing Plaintiffs in Default of Appearance of Defendants to enter a Common Appearance or file Common Bail as therein directed, are not deemed to extend to Proceedings by Original and other Writs, whereupon no *Capias* is issued, and it is expedient to extend the Provisions of the said former Acts to such Proceedings: Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all cases where the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall proceed by Original or other Writ and

No Returns to
Bills, &c. default

**Summons, or Attachment therewith, is any Action against any Person or Persons not being Privilege of Par-
liament, or Writ of Habeas Corpus, shall issue for Default of Appearance, but the Defendant or Defendants shall
be served personally with the Summons or Attachment, at the Foot of which shall be written a Notice informing
the Defendant or Defendants of the Intent and Manner of such Service, to the Effect following.**

**C. D. (naming the Defendant) You are served with this Process at the Suit of A. B. (naming the Plaintiff
or Plaintiffs) to the Intent that you may appear by your Attorney in His Majesty's Court of
at Westminster, at the Return hereof, being the Day of is order to your De-
fence in this Address. And take Notice, that in Default of your Appearance, the said A. B. will cause an
Appearance to be entered for you, and proceed thereon, as if you had yourself appeared by your Attorney.**

But in case it shall be made appear to the Satisfaction of the Court, or, to the Venue, of any Judge of the
Court, from which such Process shall issue, or to which the same shall be returnable, that the Defendant or
Defendants could not be personally served with such Summons or Attachment, and that such Person or Persons
duly executed at the Dwelling House or Place of Abode of such Defendant or Defendants, and then it shall
and may be lawful for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, by Leave of the Court, or Order of such Judge as aforesaid,
to sue out a Writ of Habeas Corpus to compel the Appearance of such Defendant or Defendants; and that at the
Time of the Execution of such Writ of Habeas Corpus there shall be served on the Defendant or Defendants by
the Officer executing such Writ, if he, he or they can be then met with; and if he, he or they cannot then
be met with, there shall be left at his, her or their Dwelling House or other Place where such Defendant or
Defendant is then executed, a written Notice in the following Form:

**In the Court of [naming the Court in which the Suit shall be depending] between A. B. Notes.
Plaintiff, and C. D. Defendant (naming the Parties) Take Notice, that I have this Day distrained
upon your Goods and Chattels for the Sum of Forty Shillings, in consequence of your not having appeared
by your Attorney in the said Court, at the Return of a Writ of returnable there on the
Day of and that in Default of your appearing in the preface Writ of Habeas Corpus
at the Return thereof, being the Day of the said A. B. will cause an Appearance to
be entered for you, and proceed thereon, as if you had yourself appeared by your Attorney. B. P.
[The Name of the Sheriff's Officer.]**

To C. D. the above named Defendant.

And if such Defendant or Defendants shall not appear at the Return of such Original or other Writ, or of
such Habeas Corpus, as the case may be, or within Eight Days after the Return thereof, in such case it shall and
may be lawful to and for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, upon Affidavit being made and filed in the proper Court
of the Personal Service of such Summons or Attachment, and Notice written on the Foot thereof as aforesaid,
or of the due Execution of such Habeas Corpus, and of the Service of such Notice as is hereby directed on
the Execution of such Habeas Corpus, as the Case may be, to enter a Common Appraisement for the Defendant or
Defendants, and to proceed thereon, as if such Defendant or Defendants had entered his, her or their Appear-
ance; say Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding; and that such Affidavit or Affidavits may be
made before any Judge or Commissioner of the Court, out of or into which such Writ shall issue or be return-
able, authorized to take Affidavits in such Court, or else before the proper Officer for entering Common Appear-
ances in such Court, or his lawful Deputy, and which Affidavit is hereby directed to be filed gross.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Provisions contained in the said Act of the Nineteenth
Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, respecting Actions in inferior Courts, where the Cause of
Action should amount to less than Ten Pounds, shall be and the same are hereby, from and after the said First
Day of November, extended to all Actions in such Courts where the Cause of Action shall not amount to
Fifteen Pounds, exclusive of such Costs, Charges and Expenses as aforesaid (except where the Cause of such
Action shall arise or be maintainable upon or by virtue of any bill or Bills of Exchange, Promissory Note or
Promissory Note, in which case the Parties liable therewith may be held to Special Bail, in such cases as
if the said Act had not been made); and that so much of any Act or Acts of Parliament, heretofore passed for
the Recovery of Debts within certain Districts and Jurisdictions, which may have authorized the Arrest and
Imprisonment of Debtors, where the Cause of Action amounts to less than Fifteen Pounds, exclusive of
such Costs, Charges and Expenses as aforesaid, shall be and the same is hereby, from and after the First Day
of November, repealed.

IV. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to those
Parts of the United Kingdom called England and Ireland.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force until the First Day of
November, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and thenceforth until the End of the then
next Session of Parliament, and so longer.

C A P. CXXV.

An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in England. [17th July 1811.]

**WHEREAS it may be convenient in the present crowded State of the Prisons and Gaols in England
and Wales, that some of the Prisoners confined therein, truly deserving their Effects to their
Creditors, should be liberated, and enabled to pursue their different Professions and Occupations; Be it
therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords
Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the
same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all and every Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison in any
County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Place or Liberty within England or Wales, shall and is and so hereby
required**

required to make a true, exact and perfect List alphabetically of the Name or Names of all and every Person or Persons who upon the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, was or were, or have since continued to be under the Terms and Conditions herein mentioned, and at the time of making out every such List shall be really an actual Prisoner or Prisoners in the Custody of any Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers of any Prison respectively, upon any Process whatsoever, for or by reason of any Debt, Damage, Costs, Sums or Sums of Money, or Complaint for Non-payment of Money; and an Account of the true Names of such Prisoner or Prisoners was or were respectively charged as Custody or received in Prison, together with the Name or Names of the Person or Persons at whose Suit or Prosecution such Prisoner or Prisoners is or are detained, together with the Amount of such Debts as the said Prisoner or Prisoners are detained for; and shall deliver the same to the Justices of the Peace at their First or Second General Quarter-Sessions or General Session of the Peace, to be held after the passing of this Act, or at some Adjournment thereof, for each County, Riding, City, Division, Town, Place or Liberty respectively.

Keepers of Prisons to give the Oath when they deliver in Lists.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Wardens of His Majesty's Prisons of the Fleet, and Marshal of the King's Bench Prisons, and every other Keeper or Gaoler of any other Prison in any Place or Liberty in England or Wales, shall severally, on the delivering in of any such List of Prisoners in their respective Custody, take an Oath in the open Court of such General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, or Adjournment thereof, to the Effect following; that is to say,

Oath.

I, A. B. upon my corporal Oath, in the Presence of Almighty God, do solemnly swear, profess and declare, That all and every Person and Persons whose Name or Names is or are inserted and contained in the First Part of the List by me now delivered in and subscribed, was or were to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, upon the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, really and truly Prisoners in actual Custody in the Prison of [say for the Name of the Prison] at the Suit or Suits of the Person or Persons therein respectively mentioned; and also that all and every Person and Persons whose Name or Names is or are inserted or contained in the Second Part of the said List now by me delivered in and subscribed as aforesaid have since the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, been committed or surrendered to the said Prison of [say for the Name of the Prison] at the Suit or Suits of the several Person or Persons therein respectively mentioned; and that the Person or Persons whose Name or Names is or are therein contained, was or were, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, really and truly Prisoners in actual Custody on the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, as appears by the Returns made to me on this and their respective Commitments.

Each individual to be kept in open Court.

Which the said Justices, at their First or Second General Quarter-Sessions or General Session of the Peace aforesaid, or at some Adjournment thereof, within their respective Jurisdictions, are hereby empowered and required to administer in open Court; and the Words of the said Oath hereinbefore directed to be taken by the said Wardens and Marshal respectively, and other Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison respectively, shall be entered or written at the End or Bottom of the List which shall be delivered in by them respectively, and shall be subscribed and sworn to by them respectively in open Court; and every such List which shall be so delivered in, subscribed and sworn to in pursuance of this Act, shall be kept by the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, of every such County, City, Town, Place or Liberty respectively in which any such List as aforesaid shall be sworn to, for the better Satisfaction of the said Justices, and Information of all or any Prisoner or Prisoners therein named, and so as the same may from time to time be seen and examined by any Creditor or Creditors, or Prisoner or Prisoners, without Fee or Reward.

Copies of Lists to be kept in Prisons, unless directed by the Justices.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Keeper or Gaoler, Keepers or Gaolers of any such Prison or Gaol in and are hereby required, Ten Days at least before the First or Second General Quarter-Sessions or General Session of the Peace shall be held after the passing of this Act, for the County, City, Town, Place or Liberty in which any Prison or Gaol, shall be or to which the same shall belong, to fix up in some conspicuous Place or Places in every such Prison or Gaol, and at the most frequented or usual Gate, Door or Entrance into every such Prison or Gaol, Three or more true Copies of the List or Lists proposed or intended to be delivered in by any such Keeper or Gaoler at the said General Quarter-Sessions, or at some Adjournment thereof.

Prisoners for Debts not to be charged.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons who on the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, were charged in any Prison or Gaol for the Non-payment of any Debt or Debts, Sums or Sums of Money, which did not in the Whole amount to a greater Sum than Two thousand Pounds, and whose Name or Names shall be inserted in any such List to be delivered in as aforesaid, taking the Oath hereby directed to be taken, and who shall perform on his or her Part what is required to be done by him or her by this Act, shall as to his Person and Effects respectively be far ever released, discharged and acquitted to such Extent and in such manner as is hereinbefore provided, and so otherwise.

Further Extension of Relief to Debtors whose Names have been in publicly made or this Term.

V. And whereas many honest but unfortunate Persons whose Debts cannot, the Sums of Two thousand Pounds, although willing to surrender their Effects for the Benefit of their Creditors, have been excluded in Gaol many Years, and his for the Interference of the Legislature will be deemed to perpetual Imprisonment; Be it therefore enacted, That all and every the Person or Persons who on the First Day of May last was or were charged in Execution with any Debt or Debts not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Three thousand Pounds, and who shall have been confined in any Gaol of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the Space of Five Years, for such or any other Debt or Debts; and all and every Person or Persons who on the said First Day of May last was or were charged in Execution with any Debt or Debts to any Amount, and who shall have been confined in any Gaol of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for Twelve or more any other Debt or Debts for the Space of Ten Years, shall, on taking the Oath hereby

directed to be taken by other Debtors claiming their Discharge under this Act, and in all other respects performing on his or her Part what is required to be done by him or her by this Act, be respectively discharged, released and exonerated, as to his Person and Effects, to such Extent and in such manner as is hereinafter provided, and not otherwise.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace of any County, City, Town, Place or Liberty within England and Wales, upon the Petition of any such Prisoner or Prisoners to any Justice or Justices of the Peace, within his or their respective Jurisdictions, upon every such Petition or Petitions for petitioning, and at the time of his or her so petitioning, leaving with the Justice or Justices so petitioning (a), a true Copy of the Schedule containing his or her intended Discovery of his or her Real and Personal Estate, to be sworn to at the First or Second General Quarter-Sessions next ensuing after every such Petition, or some Adjournment thereof, (and at the Foot of which said Schedule the Keeper or other proper Officer shall set forth and sign the Amount of the Debt or Debts with which such Prisoner was charged on the said First Day of May) by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or under their Hands and Seals, to require the Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keepers or Guardians of any such Prison within the Jurisdiction of any such Justice or Justices, to bring before the Justices at the First or Second next General Quarter Session or General Session of the Peace, or any Adjournment thereof, to be held as the Case shall happen to be, next after the Expiration of Ten Days from the Date of such Warrant, for each respective County, City, Town, Place or Liberty, the Body of any Prisoner being in the said Prison as aforesaid, with the Warrant or Warrants of his or her Detainers, together with a Copy or Copies of the Case or Cases which he, she or they is or are charged with in any Prison or Gaol aforesaid at the next aforesaid; for which Copy or Copies of such Case or Cases such Prisoner shall apply to the said Keeper or Keeper of such Prisons, or to the Clerk of the Papers, or other proper Officer or Officers, who shall make out and transcribe the same at least Six Days before the time of his or her Appearance, which Warrant of every such Justice or Justices, every such Sheriff and Sheriffs, Keeper or Keepers, it and so lawfully commanded on oath. (a) [As in the Original Act.]

VII. And whereas considerable time may intervene between the giving of this Act and the next General Quarter-Session or General Session of the Peace, which would be the means of detaining in Prison a Number of Prisoners who wish their Ties to be the greatest Disburth: Be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Two or more of the Justices of the Peace for any County, City, Town, Place or Liberty, upon Petition from Debtors so aforesaid, to affix their respective Courts as soon as may be after passing this Act, for the Purpose of administering the Oaths and other the Matters required by this Act, and to appoint each Day or Days for the Discharge of Prisoners as they shall see proper.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Copy of every such Schedule which shall be left or delivered in as aforesaid, shall be and remain with the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer sitting as Clerk of the Peace for the County, City, Town, Place or Liberty in which the same shall have been so left, there to remain and be inspected from time to time as Occasion shall require, by any Creditor of any such Prisoner who shall desire to inspect the same.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Debtor and Debtors confined in any Gaol of that Part of the United Kingdom called England and Wales, who shall intend to apply to be discharged and exonerated under this Act, shall first cause public Notice to be inserted in Three several London Gazettes, gazetted on each General or Quarter-Session or General Session of the Peace or Adjournment thereof, at which such Application shall be made, and if such Debtor shall be in Custody in any such Gaol, out of London, or the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or shall have moved himself by *Holles Caves* from one Gaol to another, then also in some Newspaper which shall be published in or near the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Place, in the Gaol whereof he or she shall be or have been in Custody, containing the Name, Trade, Occupation and Description, and the Two last Places of Abode (if so many) of every such Debtor and Debtors, and the Prison whereof he, she or they is or are confined, and of his, her or their Intention to take the Benefit of this Act, and mentioning such Notice in each Gazette or Newspaper respectively, to be the First, Second or Third Notice, according to the time of publishing each of such Notices; and for the inserting each of the said Notices in the London Gazettes, or in any other Newspaper, there shall be paid each time by every Prisoner the Sum of Four Pence and no more; the Fee of which said Notices shall be so inserted in the said Gazettes respectively, and in the said other Newspapers, as the Case may require, Twenty one Days at the least, and the first of the said Notices Six Days at the least before any such First or Second General Quarter-Session or General Session, or Adjournment thereof, shall be held as aforesaid, in that as well all the Creditors who have not charged the said Debtor or Debtors in Custody, as their Creditors who have charged such Debtor or Debtors in Execution, or on other Proofs or otherwise, may have sufficient Notice thereof.

X. And, to the Intent that all Creditors may have full and sufficient time to consider the Matters and Things contained in the Schedule or Schedules intended to be delivered in by any Debtor or Debtors, be it further enacted, That every such Debtor, whose he or she shall, according to the Directions of this Act, publish the said Notice of an Intention to take the Benefit of this Act, he or she shall in such Notice declare that the Schedule containing his or her intended Discovery of his or her Real and Personal Estate, to be sworn to in manner as by this Act is directed, is lodged in the Hands of the Keeper or Keeper, or the Deputy of such Keeper or Keeper of the Prison whereof any such Debtor shall be confined; and every such Debtor is hereby directed and required to deliver such Schedule to such Keeper, or Keeper, or Deputy, as the case may be, before he shall publish such First Notice as aforesaid, signed with his or her own Christian Name and Surname, to be attested by any such Keeper, Keeper or Deputy; and in case any Debtor shall neglect or refuse to deliver One such Schedule to such Keeper, Keeper or Deputy, prior to such his First

Notice may, on Process and return of Writ, after Writ, need to bring them to Quarter Sessions.

Special Sittings.

Schedule to remain with Clerk of the Peace.

Debtors intend to apply for Discharge or get out of the Gaol, &c.

Debtors to deliver Schedules to their Clerks, previous to their Notice.

Notice

Notice to be given as aforesaid, he or she upon due Proof made of such Neglect or Refusal, to the Satisfaction of the Court to which such Debtor shall make Application, shall be committed back to Prison, there to remain until he or she shall have complied with the Directions aforesaid; and every such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy, is hereby directed and required to attest the Signatures of the Debtor's Name to each Schedule, and to receive the same into his Custody and Charge, giving a Duplicate thereof to every such Debtor, with an Acknowledgement on his having received the Original; and he is hereby further required to deliver a true Copy of any such Schedule, signed by himself, upon Request made to him by any Creditor for that Purpose in Writing, such Copy to be delivered to the Creditor Requested, or to such Person as he shall appoint to receive the same, within Thirty Days after Demand made; and of any such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy shall neglect or refuse to conform to the Directions hereby given him respecting such Schedules, every such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy is offending shall be punished. [a.] (c) [It is in the Original Act.]

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Notice to be given by every Debtor, in manner directed by this Act, shall be to the Effect following; that is to say,

Term of Notice.

I *[Insert the Name, Trade, Occupation and Description, and the Time last Passed of* **I** *Abode, if he were] now confined in [say of the Name of the Prison and County, and not being charged in* **I** *Custody on the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, with any Debt or Debts, Sum or Sums of Money exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Two thousand Pounds, who shall apply to the General or Quarter-Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, shall, in case it shall be proved upon Oath, or by producing the said Three Gazettees and Newspapers respectively before mentioned to the said Justices at any such Session or Adjournment thereof, that such Notices were inserted in the London Gazettee and other Newspapers respectively, as were required in manner aforesaid, and that the Person or Persons so applying was or were actually a Prisoner or Prisoners on the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, in the Prison or Gaol to which he, her or their Name or Names in or are specified in a List delivered in at such First or Second Session, or any Adjournment thereof, or in some other Prison or Gaol as aforesaid, in pursuance of this Act; and shall in open Court at the said General Quarter-Sessions or General Session, or any Adjournment thereof, subscribe or deliver in a true Schedule or Account of all his or her Real Estate in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, and of any other Nature and Kind whatsoever, and also the Whole of his or her Personal Estate which he or she, or any Person or Persons in Trust for him or her, or for her or his Use, Benefit or Advantage, in or are liable of, or entitled unto, or was or were in his, her or their Possession, Custody or Power, or which he, she or they, or such Person or Persons had any Power of disposing of, or charging for his, her or their Benefit or Advantage, at any time since his or her Commitment to Prison, with the Name of his or her several Debtors, and where they respectively live or may be met with, and the several Sums of Money from them respectively owing, and how the same respectively became due and are secured, and if by Mortgage, Specialty, Contract, Note or other Writing, then the Name and Names and Places of Abode of the several Witnesses who can prove such Debts or Contracts; and shall also make Oath and swear to the following Effect, according to the several Circumstances, so far as the same shall be consistent with the Precedent hereafter contained; that is to say,*

And every such Notice shall be signed by the Debtor, and countersigned by the Keeper or Gaoler, or Deputy of such Keeper or Gaoler of such Prison.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every such Debtor as aforesaid, not being charged as aforesaid, on the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, with any Debt or Debts, Sum or Sums of Money, in the Whole to a greater Amount than the Sum of Two thousand Pounds, who shall apply to the General or Quarter-Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, shall, in case it shall be proved upon Oath, or by producing the said Three Gazettees and Newspapers respectively before mentioned to the said Justices at any such Session or Adjournment thereof, that such Notices were inserted in the London Gazettee and other Newspapers respectively, as were required in manner aforesaid, and that the Person or Persons so applying was or were actually a Prisoner or Prisoners on the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, in the Prison or Gaol to which he, her or their Name or Names in or are specified in a List delivered in at such First or Second Session, or any Adjournment thereof, or in some other Prison or Gaol as aforesaid, in pursuance of this Act; and shall in open Court at the said General Quarter-Sessions or General Session, or any Adjournment thereof, subscribe or deliver in a true Schedule or Account of all his or her Real Estate in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, and of any other Nature and Kind whatsoever, and also the Whole of his or her Personal Estate which he or she, or any Person or Persons in Trust for him or her, or for her or his Use, Benefit or Advantage, in or are liable of, or entitled unto, or was or were in his, her or their Possession, Custody or Power, or which he, she or they, or such Person or Persons had any Power of disposing of, or charging for his, her or their Benefit or Advantage, at any time since his or her Commitment to Prison, with the Name of his or her several Debtors, and where they respectively live or may be met with, and the several Sums of Money from them respectively owing, and how the same respectively became due and are secured, and if by Mortgage, Specialty, Contract, Note or other Writing, then the Name and Names and Places of Abode of the several Witnesses who can prove such Debts or Contracts; and shall also make Oath and swear to the following Effect, according to the several Circumstances, so far as the same shall be consistent with the Precedent hereafter contained; that is to say,

Oath.

I *A. B. upon my corporal Oath, in the Presence of Almighty God, do solemnly swear, protest and declare that on the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, I was really and truly a Prisoner in the actual Custody of _____ in the Prison or Gaol of _____ at the Seat of _____ without any Fraud or Collusion whatsoever; and that I have ever since my Commitment continued a Prisoner within the Prison of _____ in the actual Custody of the Keeper or Gaoler of the said Prison of _____ [or maintaining few other Prisons, at the said Seat] or within the Liberties thereof, at the Seat of _____ with any Fraud or Collusion whatsoever; and that the Schedule now delivered by me and subscribed, doth contain, to the best of my Knowledge, Remembrance and Belief, a full, just, true and perfect Account and Discovery of all the Goods and Effects, Estates Real and Personal, in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, and of every other Nature and Kind whatsoever, which I or any Person in Trust for me or for my Benefit or Advantage am seized or possessed of, or entitled to, or was or were in my Possession, Custody or Power, or in the Possession, Custody or Power of any such Person as aforesaid, or which I or such Person had any Power of disposing of or charging for my Benefit or Advantage, at any time since my Commitment to Prison; and of all Debts to me or owing, or to any Person or Persons in Trust for me, and of all the Securities and Contracts whereby any Money now is or will or may hereafter become payable, or any Benefit or Advantage may accrue to me or to my Use, or to any Person or Persons in Trust for me, and the Names and Places of Abode of the several Persons from whom such Debts are due and owing, and of the Witnesses who can prove such Debts or Con-*

* trade,

* Treas, (if any such there be) ; and that neither I, nor any Person or Persons in Trust for me, or for my
 * Ux, here say Lands, Money, St. ck, or any Edit: Real or Personal, in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or
 * Expectancy, or of any Nature or Kind, or Power of disposing of or charging for my Benefit or Advan-
 * tage, other than what are in the said Schedule contained, except Writing, Apparel and Bedding, for myself
 * and Family, Working Tools, and the necessary Expences for my Occupation and calling, together with a
 * Sum of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, and their in the Whole not exceeding the Value of Thirty
 * Pounds; and that I have not, nor any Person for me, hath directly or indirectly sold, assigned or otherwise
 * conveyed, disposed of in Trust, or concealed all or any Part of my Lands, Money, Goods, Chattels, Stock,
 * Debts, Securities, Contracts, or Estates Real or Personal, whereby to fence the same, or to convey or
 * exempt any Profit or Advantage thereon, or with an Intent to defraud or deceive any Creditor or Creditors
 * to whom I am or was indebted in any wife whatsoever.

So help us GOD.

And the said Schedule and Oath shall be by every such Debtor subscribed in the Presence of the Justice in
 open Session of the Peace to be by directed, and shall be kept by and remain with the Clerk of the Peace,
 Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace for the County, City, Liberty, Town or Place,
 where the same shall be subscribed and taken, for the better Information of all the Creditors of such Debtors
 who shall & see or may have Occasion to refer thereto; and every such Creditor shall be at Liberty, at reason-
 able times in the Day-time, to peruse and examine the same.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace with their respective Jurisdictions at any
 such General Quarter-Sessions or General Sessions, or Adjournment thereof, at the Request of any Creditor or
 Creditors of any such Debtor, are hereby authorized to cause the Deputy Warden and Marshal of the Fleet and
 King's Bench Prisons, or any other under Officer, Tipstaff and Tinsley of any Prison or Gaol, or any other
 Person within their respective Jurisdictions, to come before them, and to examine them respectively on Oath
 touching any of the Matters contained in any of the Oaths prescribed by this Act to be taken, and the Truth
 thereof; and if the Oath which shall have been taken in open Court by any Debtor or Debtors shall not be
 disproved by good Testimony of any credible Person or Persons on Oath, and such Justices or the major Part
 of them present at any such General Quarter-Sessions or General Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, shall be
 satisfied with the Truth of the Oath taken by such respective Debtors, then such Justices or, in such Sessions
 or some Adjournment thereof, adjudge such Debtor or Debtors to be credited to the Benefit of this Act, and
 shall order the said Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers of such Prison or Prisons, forth-
 with to set at Liberty such Prisoner or Prisoners; and every such Order shall be a sufficient Discharge to the
 Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers of such Prison or Prisons, and shall indemnify him
 or them against any Escape or Elopement, Action or Actions whatsoever for Escape, which shall or may be
 brought, commenced or prosecuted against him or them.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Estates, Rights, Title, Interest,
 and Trust of such Debtor, of, in and unto all the Real Estate as well Freehold and Copyhold as Customary,
 and to all the Personal Estates, Debts and Effects of every such Debtor, shall immediately after such Adjudica-
 tion be, and the same is hereby adjudged to be in the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk, or other Officer acting as Clerk
 of the Peace of and for the County, Riding, City, Town, Corporation, Division, Liberty or Place where any
 Debtors shall be respectively discharged; and every such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer
 acting as Clerk of the Peace, is hereby directed and required to make an Assignment and Conveyance of every
 such Debtor's Estates and Effects, vested in such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as
 Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid, to such Creditor or Creditors of the said Debtor, as the Justices at any General
 or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, or any Adjournment thereof, which shall be held by them within their respec-
 tive Jurisdictions, shall order and direct; which Assignment and Conveyance shall be good and effectual in the
 Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, without being written on Parchment or Paper stamped, to vest
 the Estates thereby assigned and conveyed in the Party or Parties to whom the same shall be so assigned and con-
 veyed, his, her and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, according to the Estate and Interest
 which the Debtor had therein; and every such Assignment and Conveyance shall be in Trust for the Benefit of
 the Creditor or Creditors of every such Debtor to whom the same shall be made, and the oth of the Creditors
 of every such Debtor in respect of or in Propriety to their respective Debts; and every Person or Persons to
 whom any such Assignment and Conveyance as aforesaid shall be made, is and are hereby fully empowered from
 time to time as there may be Occasion, in his, her or their own Name or Names for the Recovery and ob-
 taining any Estate or Effects of any such Debtor, and also to execute any Trust or Power vested in or
 granted for the Use or Benefit of any such Debtor, but in Trust for the Benefit of him or them and the rest of
 the Creditors of every such Debtor, and to give such Discharge and Discharges to any Person or Persons who
 shall respectively be indebted to such Debtor as may be requisite; and every such Assignee or Assignees shall
 with all convenient Speed after his or their accepting such Assignment or Conveyance, use his and their best
 Endeavours to receive and pay in the Estates and Effects of every such Debtor, and shall, with all convenient
 Speed, make Sale of all the Estates of such Debtor vested in such Assignee or Assignees; and if such Debtor
 shall be indebted in or charged to any Real Estate, either in Possession, Reversion, or Expectancy, the same
 within the Space of Two Months after such Assignment and Conveyance shall be sold by public Auction, in
 such manner and at such Place as the major Part of the Creditors of any such Debtor, who shall assemble to-
 gether on any Notice in Writing published in the London Gazette, or in some Daily Paper printed and publish-
 ed in London, if the Debtor before his or her going to Prison resided in London, or within the Bills of
 Mortality, and if otherwise, then in some printed Newspaper which shall be published in or near the
 County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Place in which such Debtor resided before he or
 she was committed to Prison, Thirty Days before any such Sale shall be made, shall under his Hand

Subscribed and
 sealed by Debtors.

Court of Re-
 view of Credit-
 ors, may exam-
 ine Debtors on
 Oath.

Estate and Ef-
 fects of Debtors
 discharged, shall
 be in Clerk of the
 Peace, who is to
 assign the same
 such Creditors as
 Court shall di-
 rect, in Trust.

Assignee to get
 in Debtor's
 Estate;

and to make
Dividends.

or their Heirs agree on; and every such Assignor or Assignees, at the End of Three Months at the farthest from the time of his or their accepting any such Assignment or Conveyance as aforesaid, shall make a full and just Dividend of all such Debtor's Estate and Effects which shall have been then recovered amongst his or her Creditors, in Preparation and in regard to each Creditor's respective Debt; but before any such Dividend shall be made, such Assignor or Assignees shall make up an Account of each Debtor's Estate, and make Oath in Writing before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, Riding or Division, Town, Liberty or Place in which any such Debtor shall have been discharged, that every such Account contains a full and just Account of the Estate and Effects of every such Debtor got in by or for such Assignor or Assignees, and of all Payments made in respect thereof, and that all Payments in every such Account charged, were truly and lawfully made and paid; and Notice of the making of every such Dividend shall be published in like manner as a Meeting of the Creditors is heretofore directed to be published, Thirty Days at least before the same shall be made, and no Creditor shall be allowed to receive any Share of such Dividend, until he shall have made out the Justices and Clerks of his Debt, by Oath, on due Proof in Writing before some such Justice or Justices; and if any Creditor of such Debtor shall be dissatisfied with the Reality or Fairness of any Debt claimed by any other Creditor, then the same, at the Request of any such Creditor or Creditors so dissatisfied, shall be examined into by the Justices of the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Place in which such Debtor shall have been obliged to have been entitled to the Benefit of this Act at the next General or Quarter-Session, or at some Adjournment thereof.

Notice of making
Dividends.

Assignor or Assignees
shall make up an Account
of each Debtor's Estate
and Effects.

XV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Assignor or Assignees of the Estate and Effects of any Person discharged by virtue of this Act, or the Heirs, Executors or Administrators of any deceased Assignor or Assignees, shall not deliver over any Part of such Estate or Effects, or pay the Balance of the Produce of any such Estate or Effects found to be in the Hands of such Assignor or Assignees, or of such Heirs, Executors or Administrators as aforesaid, according to the Terms of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Court before which the Debtor was discharged, to order the Person or Persons so offending to be arrested and committed to the next County Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprise until such Person or Persons shall have fulfilled the Duty required by the Act, or until such Court shall make other Order to the contrary.

Imprisonment.

Creditor Creditors
may to receive
Dividends as
under Com-
mission of Bank-
ruptcy.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all and every Creditor and Creditors of any Debtor who shall be discharged by virtue of this Act, for any Sum or Sums of Money payable by way of Assay or otherwise at any future time or times, by virtue of any Bond, Covenant or other Securities of any Nature whatsoever, may be and shall be entitled to be admitted a Creditor or Creditors, and shall be entitled to receive a Dividend or Dividends of the Estate of such Debtor, in such manner and upon such Terms and Conditions as such Creditor or Creditors would have been entitled unto by the Laws now in Force if such Debtor had become Bankrupt, and without Prejudice in future to their respective Securities, otherwise than as the same would have been affected by a Pool made in respect thereof by the Creditor under a Commission of Bankruptcy, and a Certificate obtained by the Bankrupt under such Commission.

Writings of Debitors
not returned in Schedule
shall be taken in Clerk
of the Peace.

XVII. And, to the Intent that no Loss may arise to any Creditor or Creditors from any Neglect or Omission in the Schedule not containing the Whole of the Estate Real or Personal, belonging to any Debtor who shall apply for his or her Discharge under the Authority of this Act, be it enacted, That all the Estates, whether Real or Personal, which shall belong to any Debtor or Debtors, and of which he, she or they shall be actually possessed or entitled unto at the time of making such Schedule, shall be deemed and taken to be Part of the Estate contained in such Schedule, though not entered therein, and shall in like manner become valued in the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as such, to all Inquests and Possessions, as if the same had been contained in such Schedule, and had been delivered into the Court according to the Direction of this Act.

Writings of Debitors
not returned
Confidants, not
returned to
them.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person holding any Security whatsoever, for which such Debtor never received any valuable Consideration, shall be entitled to receive any Benefit from the Estate of such Debtor, unless the Person holding such Security shall make it appear to the Satisfaction of the Justices as some General or Quarter-Session or Adjournment thereof, that he or she became possessed of the same bona fide, and for good or valuable Consideration.

Debitors not to be
Clerk of the
Peace for the
time being.

XIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case of the Death or Resignation of any Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid, in whom the Estate, Rights, Title, Interest or Trust, of any Debtor or Debtors shall have vested by the Authority of this Act, every such Estate, Right, Title, Interest and Trust, shall become vested in the Successor or Successors to every such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid respectively, as the case may be, to all Inquests and Possessions whatsoever under the Provisions of this Act.

No Sale or Lease
or Equity without
the Consent of
Majority of
Creditors.

XX. Provided further, and be it also enacted, That no Sale or Lease or Equity shall be commenced by any Assignor or Assignees of any such Debtor's Estate and Effects without the Consent of the major Part in Value of the Creditors of such Debtor, who shall meet together previous to a Notice to be given at least Ten Days before such Meeting in the Lawful Gazette, or other Newspaper which shall be published in the Neighbourhood of the said Residence of such Debtor or Debtors, for that Purpose.

Mortgages to
take place at
Debitors or an
other Person.

XXI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to hinder or prevent any Mortgage or Mortgages, Charges or Liens upon the Estate of such Debtor or Debtors, or any Part thereof, to take place upon the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments or Personal Estate or Effects comprised in or charged or affected by such Mortgage or Mortgages, Charges or Liens aforesaid, nor to prevent any Statute Staple, Statute Merchant, Recognizance or Judgment, acknowledged by or obtained against any such Debtor or Debtors, to take place upon the Lands, Tenements or Real Estates of such Debtor or Debtors; and also, where any Execution shall have been taken upon any such Statute or Recognizance, or any Writ or Execution shall have been taken out and delivered to the Sheriff or proper Officer upon

any such Judgment before such Discharge shall be given in open Session to any such Debtor as aforesaid, the Personal Estate of any such Debtor respectively shall be subject thereto in the first Place for so much as shall remain due upon such Mortgage, Charge, Lien, Statute, Recognition or Judgment respectively, in like manner as such Mortgage and Pledges having such Charges or Liens, and Creditors by Statute, Recognition or Judgment respectively would have been preferred to other Creditors of an inferior Nature, against the Real or Personal Estate of such Debtor or Debtors respectively, if this Act had not been made; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXII. And whereas many Prisoners, who may be entitled to and claim the Benefit of this Act, are seized and possessed of Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, to hold to such Debtors for the Term of their several Lives, with Powers of granting Leases and taking Fees, reserving Small Rents on such Estates for One, Two or Three Lives, in Possession or Reversion, or for some Number of Years determinable upon Lives, or have Powers over Real or Personal Estate, which such Debtors could encumber for their own Advantage, and which said Powers might be exercised for the Benefit of the Creditors of such Debtor; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in every such case all and every the Powers of leasing such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and all other such Powers as aforesaid over Real or Personal Estate, which are or shall be vested in any such Prisoner or Prisoners as aforesaid, shall be and are hereby vested in the Assignee or Assignees of the Real and Personal Estate of such Prisoner by virtue of this Act, to be by such Assignee or Assignees executed for the Benefit of all and every the Creditors of such Prisoner as aforesaid.

Power of leasing Lands, as vested in Assignees.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Justices at any General or Quarter-Session or Adjourned Session of the Peace in which any such Prisoner shall be brought in pursuance of this Act shall, if required by any Creditor or Creditors of any such Prisoner or Prisoners, who shall appear before or her Deputies, admit him to the Keeper or Gaoler of any such Prison or Gaol, at the time of bringing up such Prisoner in order to be discharged under this Act, on Oath to the Effect following; that it is by,

Justice, on Request of Creditor, to be sworn.

I do swear, That _____ was really and truly a Prisoner in my Custody, is the Prisoner of _____ or in Custody, in some other Prison [as the said may be] to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, at or upon the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and that the Copy or Copies of the Cause or Causes of his [or, her] Commitment or Detention, now by me brought, with the Body of the said _____ and produced to the said Court, is or are a true Copy or Copies of the Cause or Causes of such Commitment or Detention, without my Fraud or Deceit by me or any other Person, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief. So help me GOD.

Oath.

And if any Person who was a Keeper or Gaoler, or deputed Keeper or Gaoler of any such Prison or Gaol, on the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or since, shall not happen to be the Keeper or Gaoler, or Deputy Keeper or Gaoler of any such Prison or Gaol at the time any such List as aforesaid is hereby required to be delivered in, then the Justices at any such Session or at any Adjourned Session may and are hereby required to administer to the respective Person or Persons who shall be Keeper or Gaoler of any such Prison or Gaol, or deputed Keeper thereof, and deliver in such List as aforesaid at any such General or Quarter-Session or Adjourned Session, an Oath touching the Commitments or Books of Commitment of any such Prison or Gaol, to the Effect following; that it is by,

If Person deputed in List was not Keeper or Gaoler on the 1st of May, he shall take the following Oath.

I do swear, That I have examined the Commitments or Books of _____ of or concerning the Commitments of Prisoners to the Prison of _____ [as the County, City, Riding, Division, City, Town, Place or Liberty] and that I do verily believe that the said Commitments or Books of Commitment are really true and not fictitious, nor calculated for this Purpose; and by them it doth appear that _____ was on the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, really and truly a Prisoner in the actual Custody of _____ the then Keeper or Gaoler, or Deputy Keeper or Gaoler of the said Prison or Gaol [or such Prison, or the said may be] without Fraud or Deceit by me or any other Person, to my Knowledge or Belief. So help me GOD.

Oath.

XXIV. And, in order to discover any fraudulent Entries or Commitments of Prisoners in any Prison or Gaol Books, be it further enacted, That the Justices at any General or Quarter-Session or Adjourned Session, are hereby authorized, at the Request of any Creditor or Creditors of any Prisoner, to examine before them at some certain time to be appointed by them, any Person or Persons who was or were Keeper or Gaoler, or deputed Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison or Gaol within their respective Jurisdictions, on the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or at any time since, and examine every such Keeper or Gaoler or deputed Keeper or Gaoler on Oath, touching the Commitment and Continuance in Custody of any such Prisoner, as the Justices at any such General or Quarter-Session or Adjourned Session shall think fit; and if any such Keeper, Gaoler or Keeper, or deputed Keeper or Keeper, shall neglect or refuse to bring before any such Justices, at any Session of the Peace or Adjournment thereof, any such Prisoner as shall be directed and required by Warrant of any Justice or Justices as aforesaid, or to attend on being summoned for that Purpose, he shall on Conviction suffer six Months Imprisonment; or if any Keeper or Gaoler attending shall refuse to make Affidave and Discovery in the Premises as shall be lawfully required, at such General or Quarter-Session or Adjourned Session, he, she or they so offending in the Premises shall for every such Offence pay the sum of Ten Pounds to any Person who shall sue for and recover the same in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster by Action of Debt.

At Request of Creditors, Justices may be authorized to Oath as Justices, touching Commitments.

Warrant, &c. directing Oath of Justices.

Imprisonment.

Penalty.

Clerks and
Processors of the
Peace or of the
Quartermen, or of
the Justices of the
Peace of the
County of ...

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison, or his Deputy or Deputies, shall without just Cause, to be approved of by the Justices at some General Quarter-Sessions or General Sessions or Adjourned Sessions of the Peace within their respective Jurisdictions, refuse or delay to bring any such Prisoner or Prisoners as aforesaid to any such General Quarter-Sessions or General Sessions or Adjourned Sessions of the Peace, in order to his or her Discharge; or shall neglect, refuse or designly omit to inform in any such List the Name or Names of any such Prisoner or Prisoners who was or were actually in Custody in his or their respective Prisons or Gaols on the first First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or shall neglect or refuse to make out, file up or deliver such Lists as aforesaid; or if any Keeper or Gaoler, or deputy Keeper or Gaoler shall neglect or refuse to take any of the said Oaths before mentioned, and hereby require it to be taken by him, or shall detain any such Prisoner after he or she shall be discharged as aforesaid; or if the Printer of the London Gazette or other Newspaper aforesaid shall wilfully refuse or neglect to insert therein the Names by this Act directed to be given, on reasonable Request made to him for that Purpose; every such Keeper and Gaoler of such Prison and Prisons, his Deputy or Deputies, and every such Printer as aforesaid, shall respectively forfeit and pay to such Prisoner, in every such case aforesaid, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, which shall and may be recovered with Treble Costs of Suits by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of the said Courts of Record at Westminster, whereas no Efflags, Prohibitions or Wagers of Law, or more than One Imparison shall be allowed.

Deputy.

Deputy
of the
County

Deputy

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Keeper or Keeper, Gaoler or Cooks, or any Deputy Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison, shall, in taking of the above mentioned Oaths, swear and perform truthfully, and shall thereon be lawfully examined, such Keeper or Gaoler or deputy Keeper or Gaoler of such Prison or Prisons shall (and above the Penalties to be inflicted as Penalties contained in Perjury) upon every such Conviction, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered with full Costs, by Bill, Plea or Information, or Action of Debt, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, whereas no Efflags, Prohibitions or Wagers of Law, or more than One Imparison shall be allowed, by such in the Name of such Prisoner or Persons, his and their Executors and Administrators, to whom an Assignment or Conveyance in pursuance of this Act shall be made of the Estate and Effects of such Prisoner or Prisoners; and if no such Assigner or Assigners shall be found, then in the Name or Names of any other Creditor or Creditors who shall sue for the said Penalties, to be applied, Our Majesty in the Informer or informers, and the other Ministry towards Satisfaction of the Debts of such Convicted or Convicted.

Clerk of the
Peace and giving
Copies of Ad-
judications of the
Court.

County.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, or Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, shall delay or refuse to give every or any such Prisoner adjudged to be committed in his Discharge as aforesaid, within Fourteen Days after such Adjudication, a Copy of the Order of such Adjudication, on the Payment of Two Shillings, or shall take more than Two Shillings and Six Pence for such Copy, or shall take more than One Shilling for an Assignment or Conveyance of such Prisoner's Estate or Effects, every such Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, or Town Clerk, or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, who shall be convicted, and who shall be convicted as any such General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, or as any Adjournment thereof, of any such Offence, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay to every such Prisoner the Sum of Twenty Pounds, as the Justices of the Peace at such General or Quarter-Sessions or Adjournment thereof, shall order, and who are hereby empowered to cause the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods of any such Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, or Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace so offending.

Deputy
County
Deputy

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Debtor as aforesaid, who shall come or be brought up to such General or Quarter-Sessions, or Adjournment thereof, under the Provisions of this Act, shall wilfully disobey and neglect, himself, his wife or himself, in any Oath to be taken under this Act, and shall be lawfully convicted thereof, he, she or they so offending shall suffer such Punishment as by Law may be inflicted on Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

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Deputy

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Person entitled to the Benefit of this Act shall at any time hereafter be imprisoned by order of any Judgment or Decree obtained for Payment of Money only, or for any Debt, Bond, Damages, Contempts for Non-payment of Money, Costs, Sum or Sums of Money contracted, incurred, occasioned, owing or growing due before the first First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, but that upon every Annul upon every Judgment or Decree, or for such Debt, Damages, Contempts, Costs, Sum and Sums of Money, it shall and may be lawful for any Judge of the Court where the Process issued, or for any Two Justices of the Peace, upon showing the Copy of the Order of Adjudication as aforesaid, to release and discharge out of Custody such Prisoner as aforesaid, and at the same time to order the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs to file Suit or Suits to pay such Prisoner or Prisoners the Costs which he, she or they shall have incurred on such Occasion, or so much thereof as to such Judge or Justices shall seem just and reasonable; and every such Judge is hereby empowered to do as such Prisoner's estate a Common Appraisement to be entered for him on every such Act or Suit.

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XXX. And whereas under former Acts of this kind, Debtors have sworn what was to be done with such Prisoners who applied at any Sessions to be discharged, who were and should be charged with Debts as well as previous to Judgment to the Day named by the respective Acts: To remedy which, be it therefore enacted, That no Prisoner or Prisoners shall be discharged of any Debts incurred subsequent to the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and if it shall appear to the Justices at any Sessions or Adjournment, that any Prisoner or Prisoners then applying to them to be discharged, shall have charged as well with Debts previous to an Judgment to the first First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, that in such cases it shall and may be lawful so and for the Justices to discharge the Person of such Prisoner on account of all Debts which shall appear to their Satisfaction, by the Oath of such Prisoner not

Deputy
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being disposed (or otherwise) to have been incurred previous to the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and to remove him or her back to the Custody of the Keeper of the Prison from whence he or she was brought, for all Debts which he or she stands charged with in his Custody, which shall appear to the Justices to have been incurred subsequent to the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and their Order for such Discharge shall not bind the Sheriff or Sheriff, Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers against any Escape or Escapes, Action or Actions whatsoever for Escape, which shall or may be brought, commenced or prosecuted against him or them; nor thing to the contrary herein notwithstanding.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Action of Escape, or any Suit or Action to be brought against any Justice or Justices of the Peace, Sheriff, Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison, for performing this Office in pursuance of this Act, they may plead the General Issue, and give this Act in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff be acquitted or discharged in his Action, or Verdict pass against him, or Judgment upon Demurrer, the Defendant shall have Treble Costs.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any *Sine Felice* or Abuse of Debt or upon Judgment, shall be brought against any Prisoner, his or her Heirs, Executors or Administrators, upon any Judgment obtained against any such Prisoner, or on any Statute or Recognizance acknowledged by him or her before the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, with respect to Prisoners in actual Custody on the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, it shall and may be lawful for any such Prisoner, his or her Heirs, Executors or Administrators, to plead generally that such Prisoner was actually a Prisoner in such Prison or in some other Prison, at such a Prisoner's date on the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and was or were duly discharged according to this Act, at the General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions or Adjournment thereof, held at such Time and Place for such County, Liberty, City, Town or Place (according to his, her or their case) without pleading any Matter specially; and in case any such Suit or Action shall be commenced against him, her or them, for any other Debt, Sum or Sum of Money due before the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, to plead in discharge of his or her Prison from Executions, (over and above such Matters as aforesaid) that such Debt or Sum of Money (as the case may be) was contracted or due before the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, without pleading any other Matter specially, whereas the Plaintiff shall or may reply generally, and deny the Matters pleaded as aforesaid, or reply any other Matter or Thing which may lawfully be pleaded in defence to be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, or not duly discharged according to it, in the first manner as the Plaintiff might have replied in case the Defendant had pleaded this Act, and his Discharge by virtue of this Act specially; and if the Plaintiff be acquitted or discharged in his Action, or Verdict pass against him, or Judgment or (a) Demurrer, the Defendant to have Treble Costs. (a) *(As in the Original Act.)*

XXXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Person being a Prisoner charged in Execution on the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and having before or since that Day petitioned any Court to be discharged as an insolvent Debtor, and having conform'd to the several Provisions of the Laws in being for that Purpose, shall have been brought up, and by the Court remanded back to the Prison or Goal from which such Prisoner was brought up, there is continue in Execution, or the Understanding of his or her Plaintiff or Plaintiffs to pay to him such weekly or other Allowance as by Law is directed to be paid in such case, during such time as such Prisoner should remain in Execution or in the Suit of such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, and such Prisoner is continued in Execution shall have leave or shall be discharged from such Execution by him or her Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, without law or her own Pleading or Consent subsequent to the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and before the Day whereas he or she ought otherwise have applied to make the Benefit of this Act, every such Prisoner shall be entitled, notwithstanding such Discharge, to the same Relief and Advantage to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, which he or she might or could have otherwise obtained by virtue of this Act; nor thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIV. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to release or discharge any Attorner at Law, Solicitor or any other Person or Persons sitting or pretending to sit as such, with regard to any Debt with which he or they shall stand charged, for any Money or other Effects recovered or received by him or them for the Use of any Person or Persons, Bodies Corporate or Politick, and by any Attorney, Solicitor or any other Person or Persons sitting as such, either dead, concealed or converted as his or their own Use; or to release or discharge any Servant or Agent, or any other Person or Persons employed or entrusted as such, with regard to any Debt or Demand with which he, she or they shall stand charged, for or on account of any Money, Goods or other Effects received or possessed by him, her or them, for the Use and on Account of his, her or their Master or Masters or Employers, and by such Servant or Agent either dead, concealed or converted to him, her or their own Use; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any writ notwithstanding; except where such Persons shall have been confined in Prison for the Space of Ten Years last past.

XXXV. And whereas many and diverse Persons, to support their prodigal Way of Life, by various and subtle Stratagems, Tricks and Devices, and under assumed and fictitious Names or Names for the Purpose of obtaining Credit, have fraudulently obtained diverse Sums of Money, or Securities for Money, Goods and Merchandises, to the great Injury of Trade and Credit: Be it enacted, That no Person, who knowingly and designedly, by such Practices or Pretences, or under any fictitious Name or Names assumed for the Purpose of obtaining Credit, shall have obtained from any Person or Persons Money, Goods, Wares, Merchandises, Bonds, Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes or other Securities for Money, shall have or receive any Benefit

All pleas in
Action of Escape,
&c.

Treble Costs.
Act pleaded gen-
erally by Pri-
soners.

Treble Costs,
Prisoners, who,
on Application
as Insolvent
Debtors, have
been remanded
back, and by a
discharge obtain
the Benefit of
this Act, or that be
Benefit of Act.

Act to extend
to Attor-
ners, &c.
Money.

Exemption

Not a Person
who has obtained
Credit under
fictitious Name,
&c.
Benefit

or Discharge by or under this Act; but as the Proof of such fraudulent Conduct as aforesaid, the Justice shall require such Person to the Custody of the Gaoler or Keeper of the Prison from which he or she shall have been brought up to take the Benefit of this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; except where such Person shall have been confined in Prison for the Space of Ten Years last past.

Exemption.

Evidence of Ob-
jections given.

XXXVI Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Truth of each of the Objections and Exemptions aforesaid against the obtaining the Benefit of this Act, shall be proved by the Testimony upon Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, besides the Testimony upon Oath of the Person or Persons making such Objections, or other legal Proof or Evidence admissible in a Court of Law; Provided always, that no Person, who shall have been committed to Prison under any Act heretofore passed for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, for having fraudulently obtained Money, Goods or Securities for Money as false Pretences, or for having secretly or fraudulently removed Stock, Cattle or other Effects, which were subject or liable to be detained for it, or who shall have sold or forfeited the Benefit of any such former Act, by having made any fraudulent Sale, Transfer, Conveyance or Assignment, since his or her Imprisonment, in the Pursuance of his Creditors or Creditors, or who shall have fraudulently obtained a Discharge under such former Act, or shall have taken a false Oath under such Act, shall have or receive any Benefit or Discharge under this Act, but shall be committed to Prison as aforesaid by the Justice before whom he or she shall be brought up to take the Benefit of this Act: Provided always, that such Objections or Exemptions were supported by such Proof or Evidence as is heretofore provided and specified to be made under this present Act, and not otherwise; and that no Person shall be permitted to make the Objections in this Act mentioned against any Prisoner, except a detaining Creditor, or such Person or Persons as have commenced their Action or Actions against such Prisoner previous to the First Day of May last past, grounded on the Matters in the said Exemptions mentioned: Provided also, that no Person charged in Execution for Debts due recovered in any Action for Criminal Conversation with the Wife of the Plaintiff in such Action, or in Action for seducing or carnally knowing the Daughter or Female Servant of the Plaintiff, or in any Action for a malicious Prosecution, or in any Action for any other malicious Injury, shall have any Benefit under this Act, except only in cases where the Plaintiff in such Actions respectively shall be dead, and no Person shall have obtained Probation of the Will or Letters of Administration of the Effects of such Plaintiff within Twelve Months after his Death; except where such Person shall have been confined in Prison for the Space of Ten Years last past.

Proof.

and as to Pro-
cess charged in
Execution for
Debts due in
any Action for
Criminal Con-
versation &c.
Exemption.

XXXVII And whereas many Debtors for Rents of Lands, Messuages, Houses and other Premises, have, with fraudulent Intent to dispossess the Right of their respective Lessors, owners the Stock, Cattle, Furniture, Goods or other Effects, which were subject or liable to be distrained for the Satisfaction of the said Rents; Be it therefore enacted, That no Prisoner or Prisoners who is a Servant, clerk, or other confidential manner, shall have removed or caused to be removed within Six Years, any such Stock, Cattle, Furniture, Goods or Effects of the Value of Thirty Pounds or upwards, which were subject or liable to be distrained by their respective Lessors or Landlords for or in Payment of such Rent or Rents, whereby such Lessor or Landlords shall have lost all or some Part of the Rent or Rents due to him, here or there aforesaid, shall be discharged by or under this Act, but shall be committed in manner heretofore mentioned; provided such Proof shall be made thereof as shall be satisfactory to the Justice before whom such Prisoner shall be brought up to take the Benefit of this Act, except where such Person shall have been confined in Prison for the Space of Ten Years last past.

and as to Prison-
ers charged in
Execution for
Debts due in
any Action for
Criminal Con-
versation &c.
Exemption.

Exemption.

XXXVIII And whereas many Debtors have, with a View to defraud their Creditors, sold, transferred, conveyed or assigned their Estate or Effects to some Person or Persons, subsequent to their being in Custody of Law or imprisoned under some Process of Debt: And whereas such Sale, Transfer, Conveyance or Assignment hath been fraudulently made, to the Injury of his Creditor or Creditors, though it hath been difficult to convert the Party of a fraudulent Design; Be it enacted, That whenever it shall be proved by One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, that such Prisoner has sold, transferred, conveyed or assigned to any Person or Persons all or any Part of his Estate or Effects subsequent to the time of his Imprisonment, without just Cause for so doing, to be determined by the Justice before whom such Prisoner shall be brought up to take the Benefit of this Act, every such Debtor shall lose all the Benefits and Advantages that he might have otherwise claimed under the Authority of this Act, and shall be committed in manner heretofore mentioned; and every such Sale, Transfer, Conveyance or Assignment is hereby declared null and void, except where such Person shall have been confined in Prison for the Space of Ten Years last past.

and as to Pro-
cess charged in
Execution for
Debts due in
any Action for
Criminal Con-
versation &c.
Exemption.

Exemption.

XXXIX And whereas many Prisoners squander and expend great Part of their remaining Property by playing at Cards, Dice or other idle and Games, to the great Injury of their Creditors; Be it enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to discharge or release any Prisoner who hath or shall have lost, in any one Day after the Date of his Commitment to Prison for any Debt even which be good charged on the First Day of May last, the Sum or Value of Twenty Pounds, or in the Whole five such Commitment as aforesaid, the Sum of One hundred Pounds in playing at or with Cards, Dice, Tables, Tennis, Bowls, Billiards or other Game or Games whatsoever, or in or by having a Share or Part in the Stake, Wagers or Advantages, or in or by betting on the Side or Hands of any such Game or Game as aforesaid; but on due Proof thereof, to the Satisfaction of the Justice assembled at such Quarter-Sessions or Assizes required to remove such Prisoner to Goal; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding, except where such Person shall have been confined in Prison for the Space of Ten Years last past.

and as to Pro-
cess charged in
Execution for
Debts due in
any Action for
Criminal Con-
versation &c.
Exemption.

Exemption.

Xi. And

XL. And be it further enacted, That every Gaoler or Keeper of any Prison shall and is hereby required to fill up any Process defining the same to be and taken with in the Day-time, either in the Lodge or other convenient Room in the said Prison, any Professor or Professors whose Names are inserted in the before mentioned List or Lists, or the Lodge Gazette or other Newspapers, in manner aforesaid, and also to see in the true and genuine Books of the said Prisons the Entries made of the Name or Names of such Professor or Professors, Debtor or Debtors, together with the Name or Names of the Prison or Prisons at which such or Suits be, for or they are or were demanded; and if any such Keeper or Gaoler shall refuse or neglect to comply with what is hereby above required, every such Gaoler or Keeper who shall be so found in the Premises, shall forfeit and pay to the Prison to be related and approved the Sum of Forty Pounds, to be recovered with Costs of Suit by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information, in any of the Courts at Westminster, wherein an Affidavit, Prohibition, Wager of Law or more than One Imparance shall be allowed, by and in the Name or Names of the Prison to be related and approved.

XLi. And be it further enacted, That if any Gaoler or Keeper, or deputed Gaoler or Keeper, of any Prison or Prisons shall make or cause to be made any false Entries in any Book or Books belonging to any Prison or Gaol under his Care, or of which he is or was Gaoler, or shall prepare or keep, or cause to be prepared or kept, any false Book or Books, so order for any false or untrue Entry or Entries to be made therein, or shall insert in any List to be delivered in as aforesaid, the Name or Names of any Prison or Prisons who was or were not in actual Custody as aforesaid (except as in the Oath of any such Gaoler or Keeper, or deputed Gaoler or Keeper shall be excepted) every such Gaoler or Keeper, or deputed Gaoler or Keeper shall, over and above the Penalties which he shall be liable to for every such Fraud, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered with Triple Costs of Suit, by and in the Name and for the Use of any Prison or Prisons who shall be prejudiced by any such false Entry or Entries, which Penalties shall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein an Affidavit, Prohibition, Wager of Law or more than One Imparance shall be allowed.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That if any Debtor, being the person required by any Creditor or Creditors, shall refuse to come to the Lodge of the Prison in which any such Prisoner shall be confined, or when come to such Lodge shall refuse to deliver and declare the Trade or Occupation and the last Place of Abode or Habitation, to the best of his or her Knowledge or Belief, of the Prison or Prisons at which such Debt he or she was detained or charged in Custody, without some reasonable Cause being shown for such Refusal, every such Debtor, as Person being made thereof before the Justices at any General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace or any Adjournment thereof, to be held as aforesaid, shall not have or receive any Benefit or Discharge by or under this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any writ or writs notwithstanding.

XLIII. And whereas the next General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace for the County of Surrey, which shall happen after the passing of this Act, may be in the farthest Part of the County, and extends of Twenty Miles from the Prisons where Debtors are confined; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for such Justices as shall be assembled at the General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the County of Surrey, next after the passing of this Act, and they are hereby required forthwith to adjourn the said Sessions to the Session House in Horseshoe Lane, in the Parish of Newington, in the said County of Surrey, for the Purpose of administering the Oaths required to be taken and subscribed by this Act by the several Gaolers within the said County, and for the Discharge of Prisoners or other Debtors according to the Powers, Limitations and Directions of this Act; and it shall not be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said County of Surrey, to sit in his or their Warrant or Warrants for the bringing up of any Prisoner or Prisoners in order to his, her or their Discharge under the Provisions of this Act, at any Quarter-Sessions or Adjourned Sessions of the Peace, other than such as shall be holden at the Session House in Horseshoe Lane, in the Parish of Newington aforesaid.

XLIV. And whereas there is but one Common or County Gaol for each of the respective Counties of York or Lincoln, which said Counties are each of them divided into several Ridings or Divisions, all of which have several Commissions of the Peace; and if the Gaoler of such Gaol be obliged to carry the Debtors, Prisoners therein, to the Quarter-Sessions of such Riding or Division, the same will be a very great Charge, not only to such Gaoler but also to the Prisoners in these large Counties; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for Two or more Justices of the Peace for any of the Ridings or Divisions in the respective Counties, (or any other County or Counties where the Prisoners are at a Distance from the Place where the Sessions are hold) at the Common or County Gaol thereof respectively, or at any other Gaol or Gaols within the said Counties, or at some convenient Place near thereto, and they are hereby required to assemble and meet and to hold Sessions there by Adjournment from their respective Quarter-Sessions, from time to time, for the Discharge of the respective Prisoners therein, according to the Powers, Limitations and Directions of this Act.

XLV. And whereas the District or Division of Helmsland in the said County of Lincoln, is distant near Forty Miles from the said County Gaol, and is highly inconvenient and expensive for the Justices of the Peace sitting for the said Division, to be obliged to travel to the said Gaol, for the sole Purpose of discharging the Prisoners under the Powers by this Act given; Be it therefore enacted, That for the several Purposes aforesaid, the Justices for the said Division or District of Helmsland may adjourn their several Sessions to the County Gaol, or some Place near thereto; and it shall and may be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace sitting either for the Parts of Lincoln, Yorkshire or Helmsland, to hold such adjourned Session for the sole Purpose of discharging such Prisoners, Notice of the Adjournment of such original Sessions being given by the Clerk of Sessions to such Justices, and who shall attend there in regular the Proceedings of the said

Gaoler not pro-
vided any Prison
to be opened
with, or Entry
to Books of Pri-
son to be taken.

Penalty.

Gaoler making
false Entries.

Penalty.

Debtors refusing
to Answer Oaths
and Abide of
Prisons or Lists
not returned,
or hold Sessions
of Act.

To Give Ser-
vice, and to
bring such Just-
ices to the
County Gaol.

Justices for
York or Lin-
coln may hold
a Session
near the County
Gaol.

It shall be
lawful for
Justices of Hel-
msland may hold
an Adjourned
Session.

fid Court, so far as the same relate to or affect the Discharge of any Prisoner detained for Debt in the Division of Sessions, and claiming the Benefit of this Act.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That all Debtors and others, who were in Prison on or before the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, in any of the Kingdoms of England and Wales, and every one, for not paying the said Fees, Rents or other Demands due or claimed as due to the Keeper or Keepers of any Prison respectively, or to any other Officer of such Prison, and upon any other Account, shall be discharged therefrom, he, he or they taking the Oath by this Act required to be taken by Prisoners.

XLVII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That this Act shall not extend or be construed to extend to discharge any Prisoner seeking the Benefit of this Act, with respect to any Debt or Penalty such which he or he or she shall stand charged at the Suit of the Crown, or of any Person for any Offence committed against any Act or Acts of Parliament relative to His Majesty's Revenues of Customs, Excise, Stamps or Salt Duties, or any of them, or any Branches of the Public Revenue, or at the Suit of any Sheriff or other public Officer upon any Bond returned into for the Appearance of any Person prosecuted for any Offence committed against any Act or Acts of Parliament relative to His Majesty's said Revenues of Customs, Excise, Stamps or Salt Duties, or any other Branches of Public Revenue, unless any Two or three of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being shall certify their Consent, and their Hands, in the said Justices at three full Sessions or Adjournment thereof, for the Discharge of such Prisoner as aforesaid.

XLVIII. And whereas under former Acts Creditors have been put to great Expence and Trouble in attending every Session and Adjournment, during the whole Continuance of this Act (a), to oppose the Discharge of Debtors clearly indebted from any Benefit under the said respective Acts, but who, after having been before one Justice and refused a Discharge, gave such Notices for each subsequent Session and Adjournment of their intended Application to be discharged, with the sole View of keeping and suffering to languish their Creditors: To remedy which, be it further enacted by the Act aforesaid,

That in all cases whatsoever, the Determination of the Justices in Session or Adjournment shall be final to all Intents and Purposes, unless the Debtor shall get rid of the Objections or Objections for which they refused his Discharge; and that for the same may be clear and certain, the Justices are hereby required to file the Objections why such Debtor's Discharge is refused by them; and in all cases whatsoever it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices, at some one subsequent Session within the Space of Twelve Calendar Months after he shall have been so committed, upon Application of the Prisoner, and due Proof as Oath or otherwise to the Satisfaction of the Justices in Session or Adjournment, of such Objections or Objections being removed, and on Proof of Notice served at least Twenty Days previous to such Application on the Creditor or Creditors who before applied for Discharge, and of Notice likewise inserted in the London Gazette in manner before directed by this Act, to order such Prisoner to be brought before them, and if they shall then be of Opinion that the said Debtor is entitled to the Benefit of this Act, to adjudge him or her to be entitled thereto, and, if a Prisoner, to order him or her to be discharged, he or she taking the Oath, and in all other respects conforming to the Directions of this Act. (a) [See the Original Act.]

XLIX. And whereas it may happen that several Persons who may claim and be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, are seized of an Estate that is some Freehold Land, Tenements or Hereditaments, which Estate, with the Remainder thereof expectant, they have by Law Power to defeat and bar, either by livery of a Fine or Free, livery of a Common Recovery or Common Recoveries whereby the said Freehold Land, Tenements and Hereditaments of such Person or Persons would be liable to the Payment of their Debts, and be delivered up according to the Terms of this Act, for the Benefit of their Creditors: Be it therefore further enacted, That in every such case such Person or Persons is/are to be called as aforesaid, and who shall be entitled to and claim the Benefit of this Act, shall to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever in Law be deemed and taken, and it is and are hereby declared to be seized of such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments in Fee, and the same shall be delivered up to such Creditor or Creditors of every such Prisoner in the same manner as if such Person or Persons had actually levied a Fine, livery of a Common Recovery or Common Recoveries, and thereby had become seized in Fee; any Law or Construction of Law to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

L. And whereas many Persons who may be entitled to and claim the Benefit of this Act have been great Debtors, or otherwise engaged in huge Transactions, whereby they may be entitled to thereby and great Debts and Demands of various and various Natures, and they may be entitled to Equities of Redemption of Estates subject and liable to Mortgages, Judgments or other Incumbrances, or to Reversions, Remainders, or other contingent Estates, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to other Trusts or Interests or Estates both Real and Personal, which may not be sufficiently described or discovered in the Schedule or Inventory before directed to be delivered in upon Oath by the Prisoner to be discharged as aforesaid, or which may want to be added and added to, make out, recover or manage for the Benefit of his Creditors: Be it therefore enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the respective Assignees of the Estate and Estates of such Debtor or Debtors who shall declare his, her or their Discharge in pursuance of this Act, or any other Person or Persons duly authorized by them for that Purpose, from time to time to apply to any Two or more of the Justices of the Peace for the County, City, Town, Place or Liberty where such Debtor or Debtors shall be then residing, whereby defining that such Debtor or Debtors may be further examined as to any Matters and Things relating to his, her or their Estate or Estates; whereupon such Justice shall send for or call before them such Debtor or Debtors by such Warrant, Summons, Writ or Process as they shall think fit, and upon such Debtor's appearing, shall examine him, her or them, as well upon Oath or otherwise, as to such Matters and Things as such Assignee shall define, relating to the Estate and Estates of such Debtor.

Prisoners Com-
pulsory for Prison
Fees, &c.

All who are
committed to Prison
of the Crown or
Her Majesty,
shall, Treasury
orders.

Determination
of Justices final,
unless Debtor
get rid of the
objections to Dis-
charge.

Class of which
Prisoners are
bound to file,
delivered up to
Creditors.

Assignees may
apply to Justice
to examine of
Debtors in Fee
Justices.

Debtor or Debtors; and if any Debtor or Debtors, on Payment or Tender of Payment of such reasonable Charges as such Justices or Just Judges shall think fit, shall neglect or refuse to come or appear, nor having a lawful Excuse, allowed by such Justices, or being come before them shall refuse to be sworn or to answer such Questions as by such Justices shall be put to him, her or them relating to the Discovery of his, her or their Estates or Effects in real or supposed to be vested in such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace of [s] such Allegiance as aforesaid, then it shall and may be lawful so and for such Justices by Warrant under their Hands and Seals to apprehend such Debtor or Debtors for offending as aforesaid, and him, her or them to commit to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize until such time as he, she or they shall please him, her or themselves in such Justices, and answer upon Oath to all such lawful Questions as shall by such Justices be put to him, her or them, for the Purposes aforesaid. [s] [See also Original Act.]

LII. Provided always, and he it enacted, That notwithstanding the Discharge of any Debtor or Debtors by virtue of this Act, if it shall hereafter appear that the same was obtained fraudulently, or that any Part of the Oath taken by any such Debtor was not true, then and in every such case every such Discharge shall be void and of none Effect.

LIII. And he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful at all times hereafter, for any Allegiance or Assignees of the Estate or Effects of any Debtor or Debtors, who shall be chosen in pursuance of this Act, by and with the Consent of the major Part or Value of the Creditors of such Debtor or Debtors who shall be present at a Meeting to be had on Twenty one Days' Notice being previously given for the Purposes hereafter mentioned, in the London Gazette, if the Debtor was in Chancery in London, or within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and if not, then also in some Newspaper which shall be published in the County, City or Place in or near which such Person or Persons shall have been in Gaol, to make Compulsion with any Person or Persons or Accompaniments to such Debtor or Debtors, where the same shall appear necessary or reasonable, and to take such reasonable Part of any such Debt as can upon any such Compulsion be gotten, in full Discharge of such Debtor and Assignments; and also to defeat any Difference or Dispute between such Allegiance or Assignees and any Person or Persons for or on account or by reason of any Matter, Cause or Thing relating to the Estate and Effects of such Debtor or Debtors; and every such Allegiance or Assignees is and he hereby indissolubly for what they shall fairly do in the Premises in pursuance of this Act.

LIV. And whereas Provision ought to be made as to what should become of the Estate and Effects of any Debtor or Debtors not yet in, obtained or recovered by any Allegiance or Assignees at the Time of his or their Death or Deaths, and whole Heir or Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns refuse to sell or settle therein; To remedy which, he it enacted, That in all such cases it shall and may be lawful to and for the Creditors of every such Debtor or Debtors to shew a new Allegiance or Assignees, and to obtain a new Assignment from the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace pursuant to the Order of the Justices, and which said Order the said Justices are hereby required and empowered to direct (on due Proof on Oath being made to them of the Death of such former Allegiance or Assignees, and Refusal of his or their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns to sell or settle therein; and the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, hereby conforming to all Orders and Directions made by this Act relative to them or any of them, and to be liable to all such Penalties and Forfeitures as are inflicted on them or any of them by this Act for Disobedience in any Part thereof or Neglect of Duty whatever; and in case any such Allegiance or Assignees shall die, and his Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns shall refuse to sell, that then and in such case it shall be lawful for such Justices of the Peace to appoint a new Allegiance or Assignees with like Powers and Authorities as are given by this Act; and the said Justices shall have Power in a summary way to oblige the Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns of such Allegiance or Assignees to accept for and deliver up all such Estate and Effects as shall remain in his or their Hands, or be applied for the Purposes of this Act.

LIV. And, to the Intent and Purpose that the Estate and Effects of such Debtor or Debtors as shall be discharged by virtue of this Act, may be duly and faithfully applied for the Benefit of him, her or their real Creditors, he it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful so and for the respective Courts at Westminster, and the Courts of Great Sessions in Wales, and the Consular Palace of Chgoz, Lancaster and Dublin respectively, from whence any Process issued upon which any such Debtor or Debtors was or were committed, or where the Process issued out of any other Court, to and for the Judges of the Court of King's Bench, Common Pleas and Exchequer, or of Great Sessions, or Consular Palace aforesaid, within their respective Jurisdictions, or any one of them, from time to time upon the Petitions of any such Debtor, or the Creditor or Creditors of such Debtor, complaining of any Injustice, Fraud or Misconduct of any Allegiance or Assignees of the Estate or Effects of any such Debtor or Debtors, to summon all Parties concerned, and upon hearing the Parties concerned therein to make and give such Orders and Directions therein, either for the Removal of such Allegiance or Assignees, and appointing any new Allegiance or Assignees in the Place of such Allegiance or Assignees to be removed, and for the proper, just and equitable Management or Distribution of the Estate and Effects of any such Debtor, for the Benefit of the respective Creditors, as the said Courts or Judges respectively shall think fit; and in case of the Removal of any Allegiance or Assignees, or the appointing of any new Allegiance or Assignees, the Estate and Effects of such Debtor or Debtors shall from thenceforth be divided out of the Allegiance or Assignees so removed, and be vested in and delivered over to such new Allegiance or Assignees, in the same manner and for the same Intents and Purposes as the same were before vested in the Allegiance or Assignees first chosen; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

LIV. Provided

Trustees Discharge void.

All here with Consent of Majority or Value of Creditors, may compound Debt and distribute Discharge.

Majority do, others may be chosen.

Courts on Compulsion may remove Assignees.

In order to
 be able to
 be able to

LVI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That in all Cases where mutual Credit hath been given between any Debtor who shall be discharged in pursuance of this Act and any other Person or Persons, or Bodies Corporate or Politick, before the Delivery of such Schedule or Inventory of the Estate and Effects of such Debtor or Debtors upon Oath as aforesaid, the respective Assignee or Assignees of such Debtor or Debtors and the other Party or Parties concerned; and nothing shall be deemed to be void in such Act of the Peace or Town Clerk, or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, or such Assignee or Assignees as aforesaid, as the Estate or Effects of such Debtor or Debtors than what shall appear to be justly due to him, her or them respectively, as and for the Balance of such Accounts when truly stated.

Persons employ-
 ed in the
 service of
 the Court
 shall be
 exempted
 from
 the
 said
 Act.

* **LVI.** And whereas great Numbers of poor People have been and are now imprisoned for Debt upon * *Processus Missio* out of Courts of Chancery; it is hereby enacted and declared, That all such Prisoners shall be entitled to have the Benefit of this Act, and be discharged under the same, provided he, she and they confess to the Debtors heretofore preferred, touching their Prisoners who shall be discharged by virtue of this Act; and the Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers, of all and every Goal, Prison or other Place of Confinement, in which any Person or Persons are confined, or charged in Execution with Debt upon *Processus* or *Processus* Missio out of or from such Courts of Chancery, are hereby required to make out and deliver the Justices of the Peace at the next Quarter-Session or Adjourned Sittings of the Peace, a true List or Lists of the Prisoners in their Custody so confined or charged in Execution, in like manner as the Gaolers or Keepers of other Prisons are directed by this Act.

Affirmation of
 Debtors taken.

LVII. And he it further enacted, That in all cases wherein by this Act an Oath is required, the solemn Affirmation of any Person being a Quaker shall and may be accepted and taken in lieu thereof; and every Person making such Affirmation, who shall be convicted of wilful and false Affirmation, shall incur and suffer such and the same Penalties as are inflicted and imposed by this Act upon Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

Justices may
 award Writs
 and Subpoenas
 in the
 said
 Act.

* **LVIII.** And whereas Debtors are frequently, to the Injury of themselves and their Creditors, wronged * *back to Prison* or account of mere Errors or Omissions in point of Form relating to their Notices or the * *making out* of their Schedules, or other Proceedings directed by this Act; it is hereby enacted and declared, That it shall and may be lawful and legal for the Justices aforesaid at such Quarter-Session or Adjournment thereof as aforesaid, to amend such Notices of Form or to supply such Omissions, or to correct such Errors in the said Notices, Schedules or other Proceedings directed by this Act, as shall appear to the said Justices to have arisen from Ignorance or Mistake of the Parties, without remanding back the said Prisoners or Prisoners; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Persons may
 be admitted
 as
 sureties
 for
 the
 said
 Act.

LIX. And he it further enacted, That in all cases whatsoever the said Act, upon his request any Interest he or she may have in the Realities of his or her Estate, shall and may be admitted as a good and lawful Witness in any Action or Cause to be instituted by him or her Assignee or Assignees for the Recovery of any Debt, due to the said Insolvent, in the same manner as a Bankrupt may after obtaining his Certificate.

Persons may
 be admitted
 as
 sureties
 for
 the
 said
 Act.

LX. And he it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be deemed or taken to discharge the future Estate or Effects, Real or Personal, of any Person or Persons discharged under this Act, whether such Person or Persons shall or shall not have been charged in Execution of or from the Payment of any Debts, Damages, Costs, Sums or Sums of Money due, owing or demandable from any such Person or Persons, or in respect of which any such Person or Persons was or were in Custody; and all and every Person or Persons entitled to receive or be paid any such Debt, Damages, Costs, Sums or Sums of Money, shall have all such and the like Remedies in Law or Equity against such future Estate and Effects, other than and except the ordinary Appraisal and Seizure of such Person or Persons and their Family, and the ordinary Tools for his, her or their Trade and Occupation, not exceeding the Value of Forty Pounds, but not against the Person of the Party the Payment thereof, as he, she or they might have had if this Act had not been made; and in any case in which the Payment or Recovery of such Debts or Sums of Money could, before the passing of this Act, have been enforced only by Commitment, either on the Ground of Contempt or otherwise, after the Persons liable thereto, the Party entitled therein shall be and is hereby enabled to sue the Person or Persons who ought to have paid the same for what shall remain unsatisfied thereof, in like manner as if the same remaining unsatisfied had been Money lent and advanced by or Money had and received for the Use of the Person having such Debts, but shall be entitled to execute or have Execution out of or against such future Estate and Effects only, and shall not be entitled to arrest or take in Execution the Party against whom such Debts shall be enforced.

Persons may
 be admitted
 as
 sureties
 for
 the
 said
 Act.

LXI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no Person who shall have taken the Benefit of any Act heretofore passed for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, within the Space of Five Years last past, shall have or receive any Benefit or Advantage of or under this Act, nor be deemed to be within the Intent and Meaning thereof, in so to be discharged under the same; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Persons may
 be admitted
 as
 sureties
 for
 the
 said
 Act.

LXII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no Person against whom any Commission of Bankruptcy shall have issued and shall remain in force, and who shall not have obtained a Certificate of his or her Conformity to the several Statutes concerning Bankrupts under such Commission duly allowed, shall be discharged by virtue of this Act from any Debt which shall have been or may be proved under such Commission, unless such Commission shall have issued, and such Bankrupt shall have duly surrendered himself or herself to the Commissioners, or the major Part of them named in the said Commission, Two Years at the least before the passing of this Act, and shall in all things have duly conforming himself or herself to the several Statutes

concerning Bankrupts; and unless the major Part of the Commissioners named in such Commission shall specially certify, which they are hereby authorized to do if they shall think fit, that such Bankrupt has fully confessed, and has in their Opinion made a full and fair Disclosure of all his or her Estate or Effects, and in all things conducted himself or herself properly under such Commission; and so all such orders such Bankrupt shall be capable of being discharged in respect of all Debts which cannot be proved under such Commission, in the same manner and upon the same Terms as any other Prisoner may be discharged by virtue of this Act, and shall and may be discharged as to personal Arrest for Debt in respect of all Debts proved as capable of being proved under such Commission; but nevertheless such Bankrupt, and his or her Effects, shall in all other respects whatsoever remain subject to the Laws in force concerning Bankrupts, as he or she would have been if this Act had not been made.

LXIII. Provided always, That in the Notices to be given by such Bankrupt, and the Oath to be taken by him or her according to the Provisions of this Act, such Bankrupt shall be described as a Person against whom a Commission of Bankrupt has issued and so forth in force, and who has not obtained a Certificate of his or her Conformity to the Statute concerning Bankrupts duly allowed; and such Bankrupt, instead of swearing to the Truth of a Schedule of his or her Estate or Effects, shall swear that he or she has made a full Disclosure of his or her Effects under the said Commission, and that he or she has no Estate or Effects which can be seized as an Assignee under this Act, all the Estate and Effects of such Bankrupt being seized in the Assignees or Assignees under such Commission by virtue of such Commission, and the Assignments made in pursuance thereof.

LXIV. Provided always, That in case such Commission shall at any time thereafter be superseded, then and in such case the Discharge which shall be obtained by virtue of this Act shall be null and void.

[*See Act Ireland, c. 123, ante.*]

C A P. CXXXVI.

An Act to extend an Act made in the Eighteenth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, to explain and extend the Laws touching the Elections of Knights of the Shire to serve in Parliament for England, respecting the Expenses of Holdings and Poll Clerks, so far as regards the City of *Windsor*.

[*9th July 1814.*]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled, *An Act to explain and amend the Laws, touching the Elections of Knights of the Shire to serve in Parliament for that Part of the United Kingdom called England*, it is, amongst other things, provided, that the Expenses of visiting Booths and engaging Poll Clerks, should be borne and defrayed by the respective Candidates or Candidates at such Elections, in the same and in manner as in the said Act are more particularly mentioned and provided for: And whereas the Right of Election of Citizens to serve in Parliament for the City and Liberty of *Windsor*, is, by the last Determination of the House of Commons, of the Nineteenth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and sixty five, declared to be in the Inhabitants Householders, paying Rent and Lot, of the Vestral Parishes of *Saint Margaret and Saint John*, and of the several Parishes of *Saint Paul Great Garden, Saint Anne, Saint Strand, Saint George Hanover Square, Saint Martin in the Fields, Saint Clement Danes and Saint Mary le Strand*, (including so much and such Parts of the said Parishes of *Saint Martin in the Fields, Saint Clement Danes and Saint Mary le Strand*, as are within the Liberties, Districts, Limits or Jurisdictions of the Duchy of *Lawrence*) and of the Liberty or District of *Saint Martin le Grand*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and of the Precinct of *The Savoy*: And whereas the Number of Persons entitled to vote under and by virtue of such last Determination, is very considerable, and far exceeding in Number the Voters in many of the Counties of the Kingdom; and there is no convenient public Building within the said City, wherein to hold the Election, and to take a Poll in Writing of the Electors, in the Event of the same being legally demanded: And whereas by reason of the Populousness of the said City, the taking of a Poll in Writing is attended with considerable Expence, from the Number of Clerks necessarily employed therein: And whereas Considerable Expence is also made to the Payment of the Expenses attending the building of a convenient Booth or Halls, hitherto usually erected for the holding of such Election, and of the Expences attending the Clerks employed in the taking of a Poll, when demanded, it has been deemed expedient, under the Circumstances aforesaid, to make some certain Provisions for defraying such necessary Expences by allowing the Directors and Prefects of the said Act in that Behalf to the Election of Citizens to serve in Parliament for the City and Liberty of *Windsor*: Now, in the Event that a Boy or, in future be put to such Controversy as aforesaid, and the ill Consequences of the same, and for maintaining good Order and Uniformity of Proceedings within that populous City and Borough, which is of great Consequence to the whole Kingdom: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in all times from and after the passing of this Act, upon every Election of a Citizen or Citizens to serve for the said City of *Windsor* in Parliament, the Bailiff, or in his Absence his sufficient Deputy, shall appoint, make or erect, or cause to be appointed, made or erected as the Expence of the Candidate or Candidates, a convenient Booth or Place for holding the Election; and the said Bailiff or Deputy shall, in case of a Poll being demanded by any of the Candidates, or any Two or more of the Electors, appoint a convenient Number of Clerks, not exceeding in the Whole the Number of Twenty Six, to take the Poll (which said Clerks shall be at the Expence of the Candidates aforesaid, and be paid not exceeding One Guinea per Day each Clerk); and the said Bailiff or Deputy shall also make out a List of the several Parishes, Districts or Divi-

No one of said Bankrupts excepted.

When Commission superseded, Discharge void.

18 G. 2. c. 18.

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Book entitled Expenses of Candidates. Poll Clerks appointed by Bailiff or Deputy of Candidates.

fees, (not exceeding Three pence in the Whole) into which the said Booth or Polling Places shall be appointed or situated, and shall upon Request made deliver a true Copy thereof to any of the Candidates or their Agents who shall desire the same, taking for each of the said Copies the Sum of Two Shillings, and no more.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Bailiff, or in his Absence, his sufficient Deputy, shall, at every such Election, allow a Cheque Book for every Poll Book for each Candidate, to be kept by their respective Supporters, at the Place where the Poll for such Election shall be taken or carried on.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Bailiff or his Deputy as aforesaid shall wilfully offend against or sit contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, such Bailiff or Deputy shall be liable to be prosecuted, by Information or Indictment, in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench at Westminster, in which no *Writ Prohibere* or *Quo Prohibere* shall be granted; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be sufficient for the Plaintiff, in any Action of Debt brought by this Act, to set forth in the Declaration or Bill, that the Defendant is indebted to him in the Sum of _____, and to allege the particular Office for which the Action or

Suit is brought, and that the Defendant hath acted contrary to this Act, without mentioning the Writ of Summons to Parliament, the Precept thereon, or the Return thereto; and it shall be sufficient in any Indictment or Information for any Office committed contrary to this Act, to allege the particular Office charged upon the Defendant, and that the Defendant is guilty thereof, without mentioning the Writ of Summons to Parliament, the Precept thereon, or the Return thereto; and upon Trial of any Issue in any such Action, Suit, Indictment or Information, the Plaintiff, Prosecutor or Informer shall not be obliged to prove the Writ of Summons to Parliament, the Precept thereon, or the Return thereto, or any Warrant or Authority to the Bailiff, granted upon any such Writ of Summons.

V. Provided always, That every Action, Suit, Indictment or Information given by this Act shall be commenced within the Space of Six Calendar Months after the Fall upon which the same is grounded shall have been committed.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all the Statutes of Jewells and Amendments of the Law whatsoever shall and may be construed to extend to all Proceedings in any Action, Suit, Indictment or Information, given or allowed by this Act, or which shall be brought in pursuance thereof.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That as well the Plaintiff or Informer in any Action, Suit, Indictment or Information given by this Act, shall discontinue the same or be acquitted, or Judgment be otherwise given against him, then and in any of the said cases the Defendant against whom such Action, Suit or Information shall have been brought, shall recover his Treble Costs.

VIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Powers, Directions, Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures mentioned and contained in the several Acts made and now in force, concerning Elections for Cities and Boroughs, not herein or hereby specifically altered or otherwise provided for, shall be construed as heretofore or extended to the City and Liberty of Westminster, in the same manner as if the same and every of them were severally repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

IX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force from the passing thereof until the First Day of July, next thereafter eight hundred and thirteenth.

C A P. CXXVII.

An Act for making more effectual Provision for preventing the Current Gold Coin of the Realm from being paid or accepted for a greater Value than the current Value of such Coin; for preventing any Note or Bill of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England from being received for any greater Sum than the Sum therein specified; and for staying Proceedings upon any Default by Treasurer of such Notes.

WHEREAS it is expedient to enact as hereinafter provided: Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, no Person shall receive or pay for any Gold Coins lawfully current within the Realm, any more in Value, Receipt, Debt or Advantage, than the true lawful Value of such Coins, whether such Value, Receipt or Advantage be paid, made or taken in lawful Money, or in any Note or Notes, Bill or Bills of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or in any other Tokens or Tokens issued by the said Governor and Company, or by any or all of the said means wholly or partly, or by any other means, Device, Shift or Contrivance whatsoever, and every Person who shall offend herein shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor.

II. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person shall by any Means, Device, Shift or Contrivance whatsoever, receive or pay any Note or Notes, Bill or Bills of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for less than the Amount of lawful Money expressed therein, and to be thereby made payable, except only lawful Discount on such Note or Bill as shall not be expressed to be payable on Demand; and every Person who shall offend herein shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor.

III. And be it enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Person shall proceed by Default or Fraud to receive from any Treasurer or other Person liable to such Default or Payment, any Rent or

Sum

Item of Money, due from such Tenant or other Person, it shall be lawful for such Tenant or other Person, in every such case to tender Notice to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, expressed to be payment Debited, to the Amount of such Rent or Sum so due, either alone or together with a sufficient Sum of lawful Money, to the Person on whose Behalf such Debited or Payment is made, or to the Officer or Persons making such Debited or Payment on his Behalf; and in case such Tender shall be accepted, or in case such Tender shall be made and refused, the Goods taken in such Debited or Payment shall be forthwith returned to the Party distressed upon, or against whom such Payment shall have been made, unless the Party distressing or paying and refusing to accept such Tender shall insist that a greater Sum is due to the Debtor so tendered, and in such case the Parties shall proceed as usual in such Cases; but if it shall appear that no more was due than the Sum so tendered, then the Party who tendered such Sum shall be entitled to the Costs of all subsequent Proceedings: Provided always, that the Person to whom such Rent or Sum of Money is due shall have and be entitled to all such other Remedies for the Recovery thereof, exclusive of Distress or Payment, as such Person had or was entitled to at the time of making such Debited or Payment, if such Person shall not think proper to accept such Tender so made as aforesaid: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall affect the Right of any Tenant, or other Person as aforesaid having Right to repay or recover the Goods so taken in Distress or Payment, in case, without making such Tender as aforesaid, he shall so think fit.

IV. Provided always, and he it enacted, That every Person who shall commit in England any Offence against this Act, which by the Provisions thereof is constituted a Misdemeanor, shall be liable to be punished by Fine and Imprisonment, or by one or the other of the said Punishments as the Judge or Judges before whom such Offender shall be tried and convicted may direct.

V. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to *Ireland*.

VI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force to and until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and no longer.

C A P. CXXVIII.

An Act to explain an Act passed in this present Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act to govern the Intercourse of the British and Irish Militias respectively.* [24th July 1811.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia of Great Britain to march annually into the Kingdom of Ireland, and to provide for the gradual Reduction of the said Militia, whereby it was, among other things, enacted, that the Allowance to Wives and Families of Militia Men enrolled since the said Act should be confined to the Wives and Families of ballotted Men only: And whereas an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act to govern the Intercourse of the British and Irish Militias respectively:* And whereas Docters hereafter arises as to whether Substitutes and Volunteers enrolled before the passing of the said first recited Act, and whose Wives and Families are or may be entitled to Allowances, would, after submitting to serve under the said last recited Act in *Ireland*, continue to be entitled to such such Allowances for their Wives and Families, and it is expedient that such Docters should be removed: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and he it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That nothing in the said last recited Act of this Session of Parliament contained shall extend or be construed to extend to deprive any Man enrolled in the Militia, or the Wives or Families of any Man enrolled in the Militia before the passing of the said first recited Act, of any Claims to demand, have and receive the Allowances and Privileges to which they are or may be entitled under the Acts relating to the Militia, by reason of any such Man submitting to serve in *Ireland*; any thing in the said recited Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.*

Persons interested in Militia of the Bank of England, &c.

Pro. 24.

Pro. 25.

Offices in *Ireland* laid.

Int. 24.

Continuance of Act.

24 July 1811.

100.

24 July 1811.

Persons interested in Militia of the Bank of England, &c.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED;

OR PRINTED COPIES WHEREOF ARE DECLARED TO BE EVIDENCE.

N. B.—The Continuance of each of the following Acts as are temporary, will be known (unless it is not expressly stated) by referring to the following List, according to the corresponding Letter in the Title.

(a) For 21 Years, &c. [i. e. to the End of the next Session] from a Day named in the Act.

(b) For 21 Years, &c. from the passing of the Act.

(c) For 21 Years, &c. after the End of the Term under former Acts.

All Acts in this List, not distinguished by the Letters (q. P.) are PUBLIC ACTS; in each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form following:

“ And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.”

(q. P.) Quasi Publick Acts, i. e. Acts in each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form following:

“ And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be printed by the Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, and a Copy thereof, so printed, shall be admitted as Evidence thereof by all Judges, Justices and others.”

Cap. I.

20 G. 3. c. 79. An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty for rebuilding the Parish Church of East Grinstead, in the County of Sussex. [25th March 1811.]

Cap. II.

27 G. 3. c. 43.
28 G. 3. c. 21.
28 G. 3. c. 124.
repealed. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the Sellons Heade in the Town of Burlington, to Haswell, in the County of Oxford. (a) [22d March 1811.]
[Double Tolls on Sundays.]

Cap. III.

30 G. 3. c. 13.
2 G. 4. c. 45.
29 G. 3. c. 85. An Act to continue the Term, and enlarge the Powers of Three Acts of the Twentieth Year of His late Majesty, and the Eighth and Twentieth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Seaward near the Sea to the City of Durham. (c) [22d March 1811.]
[Additional Tresses. Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. IV.

2 G. 3. c. 79.
14 G. 3. c. 117. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from Severly to the Ferry at Hylde, and from the Alsham Guide Post to the Green Pit at Cottingham, in the County of York. (c) [22d March 1811.]

Cap. V.

29 G. 3. c. 89. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Gildham, in the County of Northampton, to Fawcote, in the County of Derby. (c) [22d March 1811.]
[Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted. Additional Tolls on Sundays.]

Cap. VI.

29 G. 3. c. 81. An Act for continuing and amending an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Blisley Woodcock to Norton, in the County of Durham. (a) [22d March 1811.]

Cap. VII.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlet of Raugreaves, in the Parish of Thoresby, in the County of Gloucester. (q. P.) [22d March 1811.]

Cap.

Cap. vii.

An Act for lighting, watching and improving the Streets and other public Passages within the Town of *Winn*, in the County of *Hertford*. [4th April 1811.]

Cap. ix.

An Act for better paving, lighting, cleaning, watching and otherwise improving the Town of *Bay* 'near *Edwards'*, in the County of *Suffolk*. [4th April 1811.]

Cap. x.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Bridge on the Old River at *Swaves* to *Swaves* Bridge, in the County of *Suffolk*. (c) 20 G. 3. c. 65.
21 G. 3. c. 96.
[4th April 1811.]

[Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xi.

An Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the *Croydon Canal* to raise Money* to complete the said Canal and Works; and for amending the former Acts passed relative thereto. 21 G. 3. (UK) c. 101.
[4th April 1811.] 22 G. 3. c. 108.

* [Bancroft.]

Cap. xii.

An Act for confirming the Term,* and altering and extending the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Galdea Grove Park* to the Turnpike Road leading from the new Bridge to the *Low Kites*, and other Roads in the said Acts mentioned, in the County of *Carmarthen*; and for making Two new Branches of Road to communicate with the said Roads. (e) 20 G. 3. c. 118.
[4th April 1811.] 21 G. 3. (UK) c. 119.

[Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. xiii.

An Act for enlarging the Term* and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Hyde Park Corner* to *Covent's Bridge*, and certain other Roads in the County of *Middlesex*. 20 G. 3. c. 124.
[* For 14 Years, &c.] [4th April 1811.]

[Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted. Collectors of Sunday Tolls under 5 G. 3. c. 15, and 50 G. 3. c. 207, to cease their Collection and Surrender with the Wards "Sunday Toll" to be pointed on a Board, and hung up on Trees of Toll Heaps.]

Cap. xiv.

An Act* for altering and enlarging the Powers of so much of an Act of His late Majesty, for making a Road for the Passage of Troops and Carriages, from the City of *Wexford* to the Town of *Newburgh* 1798, as relates to the County of *Wexford*. 24 G. 2. c. 34.
[4th April 1811.]

[Additional Tolls. Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xv.

An Act for widening and improving the Street called the *Nethergate*, in the Borough of *Dondey*, in the County of *Essex*. [4th April 1811.]

Cap. xvi.

An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from the South Gate of *King's Lynn*, to the Parishes of *East Walton*, *Northburgh*, *Stoke Ferry* and *Dunston Market*, in the County of *Norfolk*. (c) 20 G. 3. c. 80.
[4th April 1811.] 21 G. 3. c. 112.

Cap. xvii.

An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from the East Gate of *King's Lynn*, to the North End of *Balsingham Lane*, and to extend the Road from thence to *Dungham*, in the County of *Norfolk*. (c) 20 G. 3. c. 85.
[4th April 1811.] 21 G. 3. c. 112.

Cap. xviii.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts for making and repairing the Roads from *Liverpool*, by the *Kirk of Stone*, to the City of *Glasgow*, and other Roads and Bridges therein mentioned. (d) 21 G. 3. c. 100.
[4th April 1811.] 22 G. 3. c. 100.

[Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xix.

An Act for repairing the Road leading from *Sheldahl* in the County of *Kilmorey*, to the City of *Waterford*. (e) [4th April 1811.]

Cap. xix.

31 G. 3. c. 200. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of Three Acts of His present Majesty, for making and repairing
32 G. 3. c. 100. the Roads from the New Bridge over the Waters of Abingdon, on the Course of the Counties of Oxford, Berkshire
33 G. 3. c. 200. and Leicestershire, by the Town of Beilgate to Beilghite, in the County of Leicestershire, and from and over Roads
mentioned in the said Acts. [4th April 1811.]

[Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted. For Tolls under former Acts.]

Cap. xx.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Widdihon, in the County of Durham. (q. P.) [4th April 1811.]

Cap. xxi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Barlow Beams, and Parish or Hamlet of Bickerton, in the County of Norfolk. (q. P.) [4th April 1811.]

Cap. xxii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Finedon, in the County of Northampton. (q. P.) [4th April 1811.]

^a Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 27.

Cap. xxiii.

An Act for inclosing and encumbering seven Tythes, Lands in the Townships of Lees, Helmsley and Rosedale, in the North Riding of the County of York. (q. P.) [4th April 1811.]

Cap. xxiv.

An Act for inclosing certain Lands in the Hamlets of Chadsgrange Wyle, Chadsgrange Eyle and Clifton, in the Parish of Clerbury, in the County of Oxford. (q. P.) [4th April 1811.]

^a Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 26. 27.

Cap. xxv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Bywell Holm Fen, in the County of Northampton. (q. P.) [4th April 1811.]

Cap. xxvi.

34 G. 3. c. 274. An Act to continue and amend an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Norwid to
Ayleson, in the County of Norfolk, and to make and maintain the Road from Ayleson to Greener, and
Part of the Road leading towards Welborne, branching off from the Greener Road, to the Eagle Inn in
Erpingham, in the said County. (c.) [4th April 1811.]

[Additional Tithes. Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xxvii.

37 G. 3. c. 201. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from
Dudley to the New Inn, Palsingham, and also the Road from St. East, to join the Watercourse Turn-
pike Road, in the Counties of Wiltshire, Bedford and Salop. (c.) [11th April 1811.]

[Additional Tithes. Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted. Death Tolls in Salop.]

Cap. xxviii.

37 G. 3. c. 202. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts for repairing the Road from Berk to Biggleswade,
in the Parish of Berkhamstead, in the County of Bedford, and the Road from Epping, through the
Parishes of Northwood, Boffin, Bockingworth, High Dagen, Clipping Out and Shoby, to the Four Wind
Way, in the Parish of St. Andrew, and from thence through the Parishes of High Dagen and Nurton Mendroth,
to the Parish of Wrotham, in the said County. (c.) [11th April 1811.]

[New Tithes. Additional Tolls.]

Cap. xxix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Heston, Thores and Fyfield, in the Manor of Heston, in the West Riding of the County of York. (q. P.) [11th April 1811.]

^a Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 26.

Cap. xxx.

An Act for amending the Road from Barnes Bridge into the Manselton and Abbeville Turnpike Road, and also a Branch therefrom, into the said Turnpike Road, all in the County of Leicestershire. (c.) [5th May 1811.]

Cap.

Cap. xxxii.

An Act for better visiting and collecting the Poor and other Rates in the Parish of *St. Mary* in the County of *Worcester*; for better regulating the Poor thereof; and for cleaning, watching, lighting and otherwise improving the Streets, Lanes and other Public Passages and Places in the said Parish; and for other Purposes relating thereto.

[5th May 1811.]

Cap. xxxiii.

An Act for visiting and maintaining a Harbour, and Works connected therewith, at *Dunro*, in the County of *Ayr*.

[5th May 1811.]

Cap. xxxiv.

An Act for paving, lighting and cleaning the City of *Perth*, and for maintaining Police and good Order within the said City.

[5th May 1811.]

Cap. xxxv.

An Act for widening, paving, improving and keeping in Repair the Streets, Lanes and other Passages in the Royal Burgh of *Kirkcaldy*, in the County of *Fife*, for the better supplying the Inhabitants thereof with Water; and for other Purposes of Utility in the said Burgh.

[5th May 1811.]

Cap. xxxvi.

An Act to amend an Act made in the Parliament of *Ireland*, in the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for making and repairing Public Roads in the County of *Dublin*, with respect to the Roads within those Parts of the Barrenies of *Duj*, *nyss* and *Newry*, which are Situate on the South East Side of the great Turnpike Road leading from *Dublin* to *Cork*, by *Kilcock* and *Near*.

[5th May 1811.]

25 G. 3. (1)
c. 54.

Cap. xxxvii.

An Act for continuing several Acts for buying a Duty of Two Pence Sixpence, or One Sixth Part of a Penny Standing, on every Pint of Ale, Beer or Porter, that shall be vended or sold within the Town of *Dunfermline* and Parishes thereof. (A)

[5th May 1811.]

17 G. 3. A.
20 G. 3. A. & B.
21 G. 3. A. 25.
27 G. 3. c. 25.

Cap. xxxviii.

An Act for building and maintaining a Bridge over the Water of *Dun*, which runs between the Parishes of *Ayr* and *Alloa*, in the County of *Ayr*.

[5th May 1811.]

" Trustees under 45 G. 3. c. xxxvii. to be Trustees for building Bridge under this Act. To continue during 45 G. 3.

Cap. xxxix.

An Act for building a Bridge over the River *North* near the Village of *Maryfield*, in the County of *Kintail*.

[5th May 1811.]

Cap. xl.

An Act for more effectually repairing certain Roads in the County of *Bornwick*, and for building a Bridge over the River *Wharfedale*, in the said County. (A)

[5th May 1811.]

24 G. 3. c. 125.
25 G. 3. c. 125.
26 G. 3. c. 125.
27 G. 3. c. 125.
28 G. 3. c. 125.

Cap. xli.

An Act to continue and enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from *Bornwick* upon *Yarrow*, by *Stanton* Bridge, to *Dunfermline* Bridge; and the Road from *Stanton* Capony to *Prother* Bridge, to join the said Road at or near *Cockburn* upon *Yarrow*, in the County of *Bornwick*. (A)

[5th May 1811.]

[Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xlii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining the Roads communicating with the *High India* and *East India* Docks, and for repairing the *Common Stone* Road, and for making and maintaining a new Road in *Berkshire*, and a Road from the *Reading* and *Whiteknights* Road to *Tilbury* Fort, in the Counties of *Middlesex* and *Essex*. (A)

[5th May 1811.]

45 G. 3. c. 20.
46 G. 3. c. 20. & 21.
47 G. 3. c. 20.
48 G. 3. c. 20.
49 G. 3. c. 20.

Cap. xliii.

An Act for improving the Navigation from the *Hyde* at *Culchley* to *Stowdon* in the County of *Essex*; and for better paving, lighting, watching, cleaning and improving the said Town at *Culchley*.

[5th May 1811.]

25 G. 3. W. 3.
c. 20.

Cap. xliiv.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the *New* and *Wharfedale* Road, to the *Reading* and *Whiteknights* Road, both in the County of *Salop*. (A)

[5th May 1811.]

25 G. 3. c. 20.
26 G. 3. c. 20.

Cap. xlv.

An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of His present Majesty for repairing several Roads leading from the *High* in *Stoke Newington*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and the Road from *Melbourn* *Newton* *Woods* to a Place called the *Devil's Ditch*, in the said County. (A)

[5th May 1811.]

[Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted.]

26 G. 3. c. 25.
27 G. 3. c. 25.

Cap.

Cap. xlii.

1 G. 3. c. 61. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from
20 G. 3. c. 105 *Abingdon to Swinford, in the County of Berks. (s)* [6th May 1811.]
[Additional Trefles.]

Cap. xliii.

31 G. 3. c. 96. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from
32 G. 3. c. 109 *Finsell, in the County of Suffolk, to Crisp's Corner, and from thence to Stopham, and from Crisp's
Corner to the Town of Rye, in the said County. (s)* [6th May 1811.]
[Additional Trefles. Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xliiii.

31 G. 3. c. 97. An Act for repairing and improving the Roads leading to and from *Trevesis, in the County of Devon. (s)*
7 G. 3. c. 82. [Additional Tolls in *Sunderly, except at Waggam.*] [6th May 1811.]
42 G. 3. (U. K.)
c. 222. repealed.

Cap. xliii.

An Act for regulating the Rates and Charges to be received by the *London Dock Company, upon Wines and
Spirits landed and warehoused in the London Docks.* [6th May 1811.]

38 & 39 G. 3.
c. 218. **W**HEREAS an Act passed in the Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *As
Act for making Wet Docks, Basins, Quays, and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security
of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London: And whereas the London Dock Company,
established by the said Act, have, under the Provisions thereof, and of divers other Acts of Parliament passed
since the said Act, for extending, enlarging, altering, and amending the Powers of the said Act, made and
enacted extensive and commodious Wet Docks, Basins, Quays and other Works and Warehouses, for the
Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London: And
43 G. 3. c. 123. whereas, under the Authority of an Act, passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present
Majesty, for granting certain Goods imported into Great Britain, to be secured in Warehouses, without
46 G. 3. c. 120. Payment of Duty, and another Act, passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty,
for warehousing Goods within the Limits of the Docks made by the London Dock Company, and for
making Regulations relating to the said Docks, very large Quantities of Wines and Spirits have been landed,
and deposited and secured, in the said Docks, for the Benefit of the Revenue, and of the Importers and Owners
of the said Goods: And whereas Disputes have from time to time arisen on the Subject of the Charges to be
made by the London Dock Company, in respect of such Wines and Spirits, for Landing, Wharfrage, Ware-
housing, Care and Custody thereof, and other incidental Charges; and it is essential to the Interests of the
London Dock Company, and of the Importers and Owners of Wines and Spirits landed and deposited in the
said Docks under the Authority of the said Acts, that further and more particular Regulations than are con-
tained in the said Acts, should be made in Relation to the receiving and Care of such Wines and Spirits, and
the Charges of the said Company thereon; but the same cannot be accomplished without the Interpositions
and Aid of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by
the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal,
and Common, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said
London Dock Company shall be allowed and authorized, and be hereby empowered and authorized in charge
and demand, and to receive, take and collect, for and upon all Wines and Spirits which first and after the
passing of this Act shall be landed and deposited in the said London Docks, such Rates and Charges as to the
Directors of the said Company, or any Thirteen or more of them, shall from time to time appear reasonable
and proper, not exceeding the several Rates and Charges in the Schedules annexed to this Act specified and set
forth; and the said Schedules, and all Rules, Regulations, Directions, Provisions, Matters and Things therein
contained, shall be deemed and taken to be, and construed as Part of this Act, as fully and effectually to all
Intent and Purposes as if the same were severally and respectively enacted and contained in the Body of this
Act.*

Company au-
thorized to take
Rates specified
in Schedules,
for landing and
receiving Wines
and Spirits.

Company au-
thorized to re-
duce and revise
Rates.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Directors of the said Company, or any
Thirteen or more of them, from time to time to reduce, alter, vary or discontinue, any of such Rates or Charges; and
also, at any time thereafter, from time to time again to revive, raise or advance, all or any of such Rates or
Charges in such manner, either in the Whole or in Part, and in such Proportion, and as to such Articles of
Charge, as to them shall seem expedient and proper, so as that the said Rates and Charges, when so advanced,
shall in no case exceed the several Rates or Charges specified or set forth in the said Schedules in this Act
annexed: Provided always, that when any of such Rates or Charges shall be so reduced, altered, varied or dis-
continued, revised, raised or advanced as aforesaid, a Table and Notice thereof shall be put up at some conspicuous
Place at and on the said Docks, so as that the same may at all times, when the said Docks are open, be
inspected by all Persons interested therein; any thing in any Act or Acts relating to the said London Dock
Company to the contrary notwithstanding; and all Rates and Charges contained in the Schedules to this Act
specified, or in any such Tables or Notices aforesaid, shall be levied and collected, and may be reviewed, and
shall be reviewed, laid out and applied in the Rates and Charges under the said recited Act, passed in the Fortieth
Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or any other of the Acts relating to the said Docks, are directed to be
levied, collected, reviewed, assessed and applied, and under such Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Clauses,
Powers and Forfeitures as are in the said Acts contained in relation to the levying, collecting, receiving,
laye g

laying out and applying the Rates and Charges contained in the said Act, as far as the same are or can be made applicable (except so far as the same are by this Act or the Schedules thereto assessed, varied, altered or repealed) as fully and effectually as if all such Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Clauses, Penalties and Provisions were in this Act or the Schedules thereto assessed, lawfully and lawfully repealed and re-enacted in this Act, and made Part thereof.

III. And he is further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded. PUBLISHED

The SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

TABLE, No. 1.

ON all Wines and Spirits which shall be landed at the London Docks in Casks not of Oak, there shall be payable the Consolidated and other Rates and Charges following, as the case may require:

| | |
|---|--------|
| 21.—In lieu of all Charges attending the Landing and Delivery of such Wines and Spirits as are removed from the London Dock Quay within Three Days after being gauged; | s. d. |
| Per Ton of a Pipe, a Hogshead, or on 252 Gallons | — 7 — |
| 22.—In lieu of all Charges attending the Landing, Hoisting for Exportation, and Delivery of all such Wines and Spirits from the Company's Steves not laid up, but taken out within Three Days, per Ton as above | — 10 — |
| 23.—In lieu of all Charges of Landing, Wharfage, Hoisting, Superintendance for One Year and Delivery, and of all other Charges, except Warehouse Rent and Coaveage, and the special Charges hereinafter enumerated; | |
| Per Ton of a Pipe, a Hogshead, or on 252 Gallons in warehouse Casks | — 12 — |
| Warehouse Rent per Week, from the Day of the Ship's beginning to work, per Ton as above | — 1 — |
| Coaveage as the Proprietor may direct agreeably to the Rates in this Schedule. | |

TABLE, No. 2.

ON all Wines and Spirits which shall be landed in Oak Casks at the London Docks, under Warehouseing Entry, there shall be payable the Consolidated Dock and other Rates and Charges as under, as the case may require:

| | |
|---|---------|
| 11.—In lieu of all Charges attending Landing and Delivery of such Wines and Spirits as are removed from the London Dock Quay within Three Days after being gauged, per Pipe or Puntion | s. d. |
| | — 5 6 |
| 12.—In lieu of all Charges attending Landing, Hoisting for Exportation without laying up in Casks, and for Delivery from the Company's Steves within Three Days, per Pipe or Puntion | — 5 — |
| 13.—In lieu of Rent for Three Calendar Months from the Day of the Ship's beginning to work, and for all other Charges whatsoever, (not as in this Schedule is hereinafter enumerated, as follows; and for which Rates as under mentioned, the Company shall make good all Deficiencies (from whatever Cause arising) which shall exceed | |
| One Gallon on each deficient Pipe or Puntion, for any Period of Caskody less than One Year | |
| Two Gallons, for any Period of Caskody above One Year and less than Two Years; and in like Proportion for succeeding Years; provided that such Deficiencies shall be cleared within Six Months of Delivery, and be established by the Excise Gauge on Landing and Delivery; | |
| 14.—On Port, Lisbon, and all other Wines hooped in a similar way, and which the London Dock Company engages to keep and deliver | — 1 — — |
| with Two Iron Hoops on each, | |
| If imported with that Number of Iron Hoops, per Pipe | — 1 1 — |
| If - - with only Eight doze | — 1 3 — |
| If - - with only Six doze | — 1 3 — |
| 15.—On Sherry, and on all Wines in like Casks, to be hooped and delivered | — 1 — — |
| with Eight Iron Hoops, | |
| If imported with that Number of Iron Hoops, per Pipe or Butt | — 1 1 — |
| If - - with only Six Iron Hoops | — 1 1 — |
| 16.—On Spanish Red Wines in freight hooped Pipes, and on all Wines in like Casks to be hooped and delivered | — 1 — — |
| with Six Iron Hoops, | |
| If imported with that Number of Iron Hoops, per Pipe | — 1 1 — |
| If - - with Four Iron Hoops | — 1 1 — |
| If - - with Two doze | — 1 2 6 |
| 17.—On Madeira, and all Wines in like Casks, per Pipe | — 19 — |
| 18.—On Wine in Hogsheads, being hooped according to the Customs of the Port of Southampton, half the Rate payable upon the same Kind of Wine in Pipes. | |

| | | |
|---|---|------|
| 6th.—On Casks, and all Wines in similar Casks which the Company engages to hoist and deliver . . . with Six Iron Hoops, | | |
| If impregnated with that Number of Iron Hoops, per Hogshead | — | 11 6 |
| If . . . with only Four Iron Hoops | — | 12 6 |
| If . . . with only Two do's | — | 13 6 |
| If . . . without Iron Hoops | — | 15 — |
| 7th.—On Spirits, the Casks to be hoisted and delivered, with Six Iron Hoops, | | |
| If impregnated with that Number of Iron Hoops, per Pipe or Passcheen | 1 | — |
| If . . . with only Four Iron Hoops | 2 | — |
| If . . . with only Two do's | 3 | — |

8th.—On Wines or Spirits in ruficable Casks, proportionally to their Contents over and above a regular Pipe of Wine, or Piece of Brandy or other Spirit.

9th.—On every Cask of Wax tilled, or tinned, under a written Order for each Tonnage 3

N. B. Tasting not to be permitted, except on the Proprietor's behalf, unless under a written Order.

Moreover there shall be payable on all Wines and Spirits, loaded under a Warehousing Key (the Company being at liberty to hoist the same, after the Expiration of Three Days from their being gauged) whether chargeable under Table No. 1. or Table No. 2. the following

SPECIAL CHARGES ON DELIVERY; viz.

1st.—In all cases where the Importer shall require his Casks to be left on the Quay beyond Three Days, after being gauged, he shall pay Quay Rent as each Pipe or Passcheen per Day, for every Day after said Three Days 6

And, WATCHING, agreeably to the Rates hereinafter mentioned; viz.

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|
| On 1 to 20 Casks, per Night | — | 1 — |
| 21 to 30 Do. Do. | — | 1 6 |
| 31 to 40 Do. Do. | — | 2 — |
| 41 to 50 Do. Do. | — | 2 6 |
| 51 to 60 Do. Do. | — | 3 — |
| 61 to 70 Do. Do. | — | 3 6 |
| 71 to 80 Do. Do. | — | 4 — |
| 81 to 90 Do. Do. | — | 4 6 |
| 91 to 100 Do. Do. | — | 5 — |

And on any larger Quantity, per Night 6

But the Charge for Watching to cease as follows; viz.

After 6 Nights, on any Quantity not exceeding 200 Pipes,

7 Do. Do. 200 Do.

8 Do. Do. 400 Do.

And after 20 Nights, on any larger Parcel, unless the Goods be kept on the Quay, by Order of the Proprietor, for more than three Days after being gauged, and in such case to continue as above.

2d.—On every Passcheen of Spirits in Vash, brought forward for Infusion or stripping 1 —

3d.—After Three Months Callody, Cellar Rent, per Week 6

On each Pipe or Passcheen 6

On each Hogshead 3 6

4th.—For racking, when necessary, per Pipe or Passcheen 3 6

5th.—For new Casks, when necessary, at the respective Market Prices thereof, deducting the Value of the rickled Casks, if not taken away by the Proprietor.

6th.—After twelve Months Callody, for all other extra Coopers in Vash, and for Cooper's Superintendance there 2

On each Pipe or Passcheen, per Week 2

7th.—Fee Surveys and Certificates thereof, as follows:

On 1 2 3 Casks, per Certificate 3 6

6 8 20 Do. 3 —

21 and upwards 7 6

on extra Cargo 1 1 —

Duplicate or Copy of Certificate 1 —

8th.—Additional Coopers on delivery, if required by the Proprietors, according to the following Rates; viz.

Pushing and taring, per Pipe or Passcheen 4

Treading 2 —

Draving 1 —

Iron-plate Hoops, each 1 —

Pieces of Lead, each 9

Risers, each 8

3d.—

90^o.—On Delivery by Water for Shipping

N. B. The consolidated Rates to be paid on all Wines and Spirits liable thereto, before the Transfer or Removal of any Part thereof, and the subsequent Charges (if any) to be paid on each Cask, at the Time of Transfer or Delivery of such Cask.

SCHEDULE (B.)

RATES chargeable on Wines and Spirits, where those in Schedule (A.) do not attach; viz.

| | For Tons or Partons. |
|--|----------------------|
| For Landing | — 1 — |
| Wareage | — 8 — |
| Proving and Tasting | — 4 — |
| Cooper's Attendance at Landing and Loading | — 1 — |
| Laying up to gauge in usual Order | — 3 — |

COOPER'S WORK, and MATERIALS supplied; viz.

| | |
|---|---------|
| Trimming | — 2 — |
| Draxing | — 1 — |
| Iron Hoops, per Hoop | — 1 — |
| Pieces of Lead, each | — 9 — |
| Keets, each | — 3 — |
| Clamps, each | — 5 — |
| Unrading, per Pipe or Paschron | — 1 — |
| Casing, Do. | — 2 — |
| Racking, Do. | — 5 — |
| Housing and Curving | — 4 — |
| Breaking out for Cooperage, and laying up again | — 5 — |
| Unhousing and Loading from the Quay | — 4 — |
| Unhousing, Wharfing and blugging | — 2 — |
| Loading from the Quay | — 2 — |
| blugging from Do. | — 3 — |
| Quay Keets, on all Wines and Spirits not landed under a Warehousing Entry, are ordered (within Five Days after beginning to load) to be landed, on each Pipe, per Day | — — — |
| Rest or Collar Rest on Wines and Spirits, (ordered to be landed at the time of loading) for the first Three Calendar Months, on each Pipe, per Week | — 5 — |
| Rest and Cooper's Attendance afterwards on Do. per Do. | — 7 — |
| Cooper's Attendance at Loading, Housing and in Vauls, for Three Months | — 1 6 — |
| Do. at Delivery from Vauls | — 1 — |

WATCHING WINE and SPIRITS on the Quay.

| | |
|-----------------------------|---------|
| On 1 to 20 Pipes, per Night | — 1 — |
| 21 to 30 - Do. | — 1 6 — |
| 31 to 40 - Do. | — 2 — |
| 41 to 50 - Do. | — 2 6 — |
| 51 to 60 - Do. | — 3 — |
| 61 to 70 - Do. | — 3 6 — |
| 71 to 80 - Do. | — 4 — |
| 81 to 90 - Do. | — 4 6 — |
| 91 to 100 - Do. | — 5 — |
| 101 and upwards - Do. | — 5 — |

N. B. If at the Time of loading, such Wines or Spirits be ordered to be landed, the Charge for Watching shall cease, as follows; viz.

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| After 6 Nights, on any Quantity not exceeding 100 Pipes. | |
| After 7 Nights - Do. | 200 |
| After 8 Nights - Do. | 400 |
| After 10 Nights - Do. | on 401 or more. |

CHARGE for SURVEYS, and CERTIFICATE thereof.

| | |
|---------------------------|---------|
| On 1 to 5 Pipes | — 2 6 — |
| 6 to 20 - Do. | — 5 — |
| 21 and upwards - Do. | — 7 6 — |
| And if on 20 entire Cargo | — 1 1 — |
| Copy of Certificate | — 1 — |

3 2 2

N. B.

N.B. Halfpence of Wine to pay Half the Rates chargeable on Pipes; and reasonable Casks to pay an increased Rate proportionably to their Contents, over and above a regular Pipe of Ware or Piece of Brandy. Landing, Wharfage and Delivery from the Quay, per Pipe or Purchase, exclusive of } at s. d.
 Coopers as Delivery as ordered; and also of Quay Rent and Watching as above, beyond } — 3 6
 the Fifth Day after beginning to land

Cap. i.

An Act for vesting certain Estates late of the Right Honourable George Lord Viscount Scarsdale deceased, situate in the Borough Town and Parish of *St. Crispian*, in the County of *Staffs.*, in Trustees, upon Trust to sell the same; and so to lay out the Money there arising in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates so sold. [4th May 1811.]

Cap. ii.

An Act for effectually separating the several Churches or Chapels of *Naibin* and *Burton otherwise Flax Burton* otherwise *Burton*, in the County of *Somerset*, from the Rectory and Parochial Church of *Woolball*, in the said County, and for annexing the several Churches or Chapels of *Naibin* and *Burton* with *Woolball Flax Burton* otherwise *Burton* aforesaid, into and making the same one distinct and separate Rectory. [4. P.] [5th May 1811.]

Cap. iii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in *Sturston, Has, Worsling and Dillington*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. [4. P.] [5th May 1811.]

Cap. iii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor, Lordship or Forest of *Wylward*, in the Parish of *Wylward*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*. [4. P.] [5th May 1811.]

Allotment and Compensation for Taxes. § 19, 20.

Cap. iv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Chilleshelm*, in the Parish of *Atton*, in the County of *Gloucester*. [4. P.] [5th May 1811.]

Cap. v.

An Act for inclosing certain Tracts, or Parcels of Common and Waste Grounds, called *Falwood Moor* and *Cashy Moor*, within and Parcel of the Forest of *Falwood*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. [4. P.] [5th May 1811.]

Allotment to His Majesty. § 28.

Cap. vi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Long Copton*, in the County of *Warwick*. [4. P.] [5th May 1811.]

Allotment and Compensation for Taxes. § 31, 32, 47.

Cap. vii.

An Act for enclosing and excepting from Tythes, Lands in the Parishes of *Great Paxton* and *Tybbald*, in the County of *Hampshire*. [4. P.] [5th May 1811.]

Cap. viii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Wigton*, *Woolfield* and *Waverton*, within and Parcel of the Manour of *Wigton* in the County of *Cambridgeshire*. [4. P.] [5th May 1811.]

Allotment and Compensation for Taxes. § 18, 19, 20.

Cap. ix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *St. John the Baptist* *Sturminster*, in the County of *Northampton*. [4. P.] [5th May 1811.]

Allotment and Compensation for Taxes. § 20, 22, 23, 24.

Cap. x.

An Act for making a navigable Canal from the River *Avon*, in or near *Morgan's Pool*, in the Parish of *Edgton* in *Gloucestershire* otherwise *Stour* *Geoghe*, in the County of *Somerset*, to or near the River *Tone*, in the Parish of *St. John* in *Tenness*, in the said County, and a certain navigable Cut thereon defined. [14th May 1811.]

[£200,000 l. and if not sufficient additional £50,000 l.]

Cap. xi.

An Act for paving, lighting, cleansing, widening and otherwise improving the Streets of the Burgh of *Dunfermline*, increasing the Supply of Water, retaining the Royalty of the said Burgh; and for other Purposes therein mentioned relative thereto. [14th May 1811.]

Cap.

Cap. lxi.

An Act for repairing so much of an Act of His Majesty's Forty and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Village of *Mogor* to the Bridge Foot in the Town of *Chagley*, in the County of *Westmoreland*; and several other Roads in the Counties of *Westmoreland*, *Gloucestershire*, *Staffordshire*, and *Derbyshire*, as relates to the Newmarket District of Roads; and for granting further and other Powers for repairing the Roads in the said District. (4)

[Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. lxi.

An Act for rendering more effectual several Acts for repairing the Turnpike Road from *Cromford* Bridge to the Town of *Quossifery* in the County of *Lincolnshire*; and for altering and repairing the High Road leading from the West End of the said Town of *Quossifery* to the Town of *Leintwardine*. (4)

[14th May 1811.]

[By the Words of this Act the whole of the Three Acts in the Margin are repealed, but it seems as though the whole of 11 G. 3. c. 79, and of 32 G. 3. c. 125, and Part only of 24 G. 2. c. 35. was meant to be repealed.]

Cap. lxx.

An Act for providing a Workhouse for the Use of the Parish of *Saint Mary le Strand*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and Liberty of *Whitechapel*; and for better paving, lighting, cleaning, and watching the said Parish; and for other Purposes therein mentioned. [14th May 1811.]

Power of making a Rate for watching under 14 G. 3. c. 50. extended.

Cap. lxx.

An Act for continuing the Term and extending the Powers of an Act for repairing the Road leading from *Ralphs* Works to *Saint Clears*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Wiltshire* and *Gloucestershire*. (4)

[Additional Tolls. Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. lxxv.

An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act of His present Majesty, for maintaining and improving the Docks and Warehouses, called *The Commercial Docks*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Rotherhithe*, in the County of *Surrey*; and for extending the Powers of the said Act. [14th May 1811.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, "An Act for maintaining and improving the Docks and Warehouses called *The Commercial Docks*, and for making and maintaining other Docks and Warehouses in connection therewith, all in the Parish of *Saint Mary Rotherhithe*, in the County of *Surrey*;" whereby the several Parties therein named, and other Parties therein defoliated, were created a Joint Stock Company by the Name of *The Commercial Dock Company*, for the Purpose of maintaining and improving a certain Dock formerly called *Greenland Dock*, and other Docks and Warehouses situate therein, and making other Docks, Ties, Piers, Steams, Quays, and other Works, necessary for the Accommodation of Vessels laden with Timber and other Articles in the said Act mentioned: And whereas by the said Act the said Company were authorized to raise and contribute among themselves, for the Purpose first aforesaid in the said Act, in Addition to the Shares then already created or taken then already subscribed for, a further Sum, not exceeding the Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds, in manner therein expressed; and which additional Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds, together with the Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds then already subscribed for, in pursuance of the said Act mentioned, it was thereby enacted, should form one joint Capital Stock of the said Company: And whereas the whole of the original Subscribers of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds has been expended towards the Purpose of the said Act in the Purchase of the said Docks, Land, and other Works: And whereas the said Company have proceeded to raise the said further Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds, by the Creation of One thousand three hundred new Shares, pursuant to the Provision in the said Act contained; and have made a Call pursuant to the Power in the said Act contained, as part of the said further Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds, thereby authorized to be raised; the Amount of which Call has been paid and expended for the Purpose of the said Act; and the said Company are proceeding to get in the whole thereof as quick as by the Provision of the said Act they are empowered to do: And also by the said Company had that they cannot make the said Dock complete and convenient to the Public for Reception and Discharge of Timber Ships, and the Admission and Storage of Timber, and other Purposes in the said Act mentioned, without purchasing divers Lands, Messuages, Tenements and Hereditaments, and other Premises near to the said *Commercial Docks*, all in the said Parish of *Saint Mary Rotherhithe*, in Addition to the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and other Premises, which by the said Act they were authorized to purchase; and without making additional Quays, Commoths and Entrances into or out of the River *Thames*, and also additional Wharfs, Quays, and other Works, and altering and varying some of the Roads, Ways and Streets, near to the said Docks, and seeking other Improvements: And whereas the same cannot be carried into Execution without the Aid of Parliament, nor unless the said Company are empowered to raise a further Sum, in Addition to the said

Sum

Company may
be made
as follows,

And the said
Shareholders
shall be entitled
to the same

And the said
Shareholders
shall be entitled
to the same

And the said
Shareholders
shall be entitled
to the same

And the said
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shall be entitled
to the same

And the said
Shareholders
shall be entitled
to the same

And whereas the said Company are willing to make, amongst themselves, whatsoever Sum may be necessary for executing the Purposes aforesaid: They do therefore please Your Majesty, That it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by and with the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the said Company to raise and contribute amongst themselves, in Addition to the Two thousand six hundred Shares already created, or some already subscribed for or authorized to be raised as aforesaid, a competent Sum of Money for the improving, completing and maintaining the Docks, Quays, Aqueducts, Embankments, Ways, Roads, Bridges, Offices, Stairs, Wharfs, Warehouses and Works already made and intended, or by the said Act and hereby authorized to be made, not exceeding in the whole, in Addition to the said Two thousand six hundred Shares already subscribed for, and the Sums by the said Act authorized to be raised, the Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds; and the same Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds shall be divided into Two thousand six hundred Shares of Fifty Pounds each; and the said Two thousand six hundred Shares shall be and are hereby vested in the several Persons who shall, pursuant to the Provisions in the said recited Act or in this Act contained or to be forth, subscribe for the same, and their several and respective Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, to their and every of their proper Use and Benefit, proportionally to the Sums they shall severally raise and contribute; and all Bodies Politic, Corporate and Collegiate, and all Persons, and their several and respective Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, who shall severally subscribe for one or more Shares or Shares, or such Sum or Sums as shall be demanded in and therefor, shall, after the Expiration of the Period hereinafter mentioned, be entitled to and receive the net and entire Distribution of an equal proportionable Part, according to the Number of Shares to be possessed by him or them, or the Money in by them respectively paid, of all the Profits and Advantages which shall or may arise and accrue to the said Company, by reason of any Sums of Money to be received by the said Company, by the Authority of this Act or otherwise, in respect of or for the Use of the Docks, Quays, Wharfs or other Premises belonging to the said Company.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the several Persons who shall subscribe for the said Two thousand six hundred new Shares hereby authorized to be raised or created, or any of them, shall not be entitled to any intangible Share or Proportion of the Profits of the said Company until after the Expiration of One Year, to be computed from the Day on which the said Two thousand six hundred new Shares shall be created; and that as the same time the several Persons who shall subscribe for new Shares as aforesaid shall be entitled to receive, and the Company shall pay to him or them respectively, Interest on the several Sums to be paid by them or him in respect of such new Shares at and after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, from the time or times on or at which such Sums or Sums of Money shall be by them or him paid.

III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That previous to the Creation or Making of the said Two thousand six hundred new Shares hereby authorized to be created or raised as aforesaid, or of any of them, Notice of the Intention to create the same shall be given in the London Gazette, and Three of the Daily News, as aforesaid, for the Space of Fourteen Days at least; and that the time when the said new Shares shall be created, and the said Call thereon shall be paid, and all other Rules and Regulations concerning the same, shall be settled and determined by Two several General Courts of Proprietors of the said Company, the first of which said General Courts shall be held not sooner than Fourteen Days after such Notice as aforesaid, and the first of which said General Courts shall be held at a Distance not less than Ten Days from each said General Court; and in case all the said new Shares shall not be subscribed for, by the several Persons hereby authorized to subscribe for the same, the said Company of Proprietors may dispose of such Shares as shall not be subscribed for by such Persons as aforesaid, in such manner as shall be determined on by Two several Courts of Proprietors to be held for such Purpose.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds, allowed to be raised as by the said Act upon Two thousand six hundred Shares, and the Shares already created, shall make one Joint Capital of Stock of the said Company.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That all or any Profits or Profits, Bodies Politic or Corporate, who at the time of the creating or making the Two thousand six hundred Shares hereby authorized to be subscribed for, shall be possessed of any of the Shares already subscribed for, shall be entitled, if they so please, to subscribe for any Number of the said Two thousand six hundred new Shares, not exceeding the Number of old Shares of which he or they shall be thus possessed.

VI. And whereas the Day appointed by the said Act for holding General Courts are not convenient: Be it therefore enacted, That in respect of the said Act as regards General Courts to be held on the Second Friday in January, and Second Friday in July in each Year, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the passing of this Act the said Company shall hold General Courts of the said Company twice at least in each and every Year, or the following Days; that is to say, on the Second Friday in January, and the Second Friday in June, in each and every Year.

VII. And whereas Maps and Plans describing the Place at which it may become necessary to make further Excavations into the said Docks, and being such as are described in the said recited Act, and such other Improvements as may still be beneficial for the effecting the Purposes of the said Act and this Act, is affecting the Accommodations authorized to be given thereby; and Books of Reference, containing a List of the Owners or reputed Owners and Occupiers of the Lands and Premises necessary to be taken for the Purposes of the said Act and this Act, have been deposited in the Office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Jersey: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company to make further

Entrances

Entrance into the River Thames, between *Leander Dock* and the *Gravel Wharf*, at or near the Place marked in the Plan deposited with the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Surrey, for the Purposes of this Act; any thing in the said recited Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding: And all and every the Powers, Charities and Privileges of the said recited Act, for enabling the said Company to purchase Lands, Tenements, Houses, Premises and other Hereditaments under the said Act, for the Purposes thereof, and for enabling Clergymen, Bishops and Incorporated Parsons to sell, and for affixing the Value of any Lands, Tenements, Houses, Premises and other Hereditaments purchased or taken under the said recited Act, by a Jury, in case of Refusal or Inopportunity of the Parties to sell, and directing the Application of Purchase Money; and for the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments purchased by the said Company, in the said Company, and all other Powers, Charities and Privileges in the said recited Act contained, as to Purchases and Conveyances, shall in and to the same be hereby extended to all such additional Works or Entrances, or Roads, Bridges or other Improvements, by this Act authorized to be made, or referred to, or marked, or defined in the Map or Plan deposited with the Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid, on the passing of this Act; as fully and effectually as if the same were in this Act severally and separately repeated, and made part of this Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Map or Plan, and Book of Reference, shall remain in the Custody of the Clerk of the Peace for the said County, to the end that all Persons may at all reasonable times have Liberty to inspect and peruse, and to take Copies or Extracts thereof at their Will and Pleasure, giving the Clerk of the Peace the Sum of One Shilling for every such Inspection, and after the Rate of Four Pence for every Sheet or two Sheets of such Copies or Extracts of the said Book of Reference; and that the said Company or Proprietors, in making the said Entrance hereby authorized to be made between *Leander Dock* and the *Gravel Wharf*, built in the Parish of *Saint Mary Rokeby*, in the County of Surrey, and in making all or any other of the Improvements hereby authorized to be made, shall not deviate from or extend beyond the Line defined in the said Map or Plan, without the Consent in Writing of the Parson or Parsons whose Lands or Premises shall be visited for their Purpose: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to authorize or empower the said Company, or any Person or Persons on their Behalf, to take or take for the Purposes of this Act, any Houses, Gardens or Orchards, without the Consent of the Owners or Proprietors thereof in Writing first had and obtained, save and except the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and other Hereditaments, mentioned and described in the Schedule hereto annexed, marked (A.)

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be deemed or taken to empower the said Company to purchase any Land belonging to the said River Thames between *Leander Dock* and the *Gravel Wharf*, exceeding Two hundred and fifty Feet in the Front thereof; nor shall any thing contained in this Act or the Schedule marked (A.) to this Act annexed, empower the said Company to purchase in the whole a greater Extent of Land than Twenty Acres.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be deemed or taken to be construed in or as any way to prejudice or derogate from the Estate, Rights, Benefits, Privileges or Incorporeal Hereditaments, which it is provided by the said recited Act shall not be prejudiced or derogated from, except inasmuch as the same may be affected by the particular Provisions of this Act.

XI. And whereas a better and more convenient Footway may be made, leading from *Green Street* to *Great Eagle Street*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Rokeby*: Be it therefore further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the said Company, by and with the Authority and Permission of Two Justices of the Peace for the County of Surrey, to be by them certified in Writing under their Hands, to borrow and make more convenient the Footway leading from *Green Street* to *Great Eagle Street* aforesaid; and for that Purpose, and in such case, and with such Authority and Permission, to stop up or make such Alterations in the present Footway as may be necessary; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall authorize the said Company to be or as any Alteration in or upon that Part of the said Footpath which run across the Hereditaments and Premises of or belonging to the East Country Dock Company, unless with the Consent of the Directors of such Company, or the Majority of them for the time being.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall have full Power and Authority, and they are hereby authorized, to make and fit up one or more Street Bridge or Bridges, in the manner and to the Direction, and subject to the Regulations hereinafter expressed, in the case first required, over any of the public Roads or other Ways, under the Consent of the Trustees of the Roadways, within the Line defined in the said Plan, deposited with the Clerk of the Peace, or less and instead of the Bridge required by the said Act; any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That each and every such Street or other Bridge or Bridge to be made, fit up or placed on or any Cut, Canal or Lock, made or to be made in any public Road, Street or other Way, shall be made with good and sound Materials, with a Road or Way over the same, and proper Approaches thereto, for the Passage of all and every Person and Vehicle, Carriages, Horses, Bells and other Cattle; and which said Canal or Way may cross any such Cut, Canal or Lock shall be of the Width of Fifteen Feet, seven Feet whereof at the least shall be set out for a Carriage Way, and Two Paths or Caisways for Foot Passengers of the Width of Four Feet each at the least, the said Footway to be raised Seven Inches above the Level of the Carriage Way, and the same shall at all times be properly fenced, guarded and covered from the Carriage Way, with Rust Iron Railing of the Height of Three Feet at the least, for the safe and convenient passing of Persons, Horses, Bells and Carriages over the same.

XV. A 4

Proviso for public use.

Proviso.

Limitation as to extent of Lands.

Proviso for the Power already to be used.

And that any such Road may be the said Road.

Proviso for the County Dock Company.

Street Bridge erected.

Manner of making Street Bridges.

To properly
insure

the said House
between the
said
Barrage
and
Barrage

Every effort at
Closures of
Bridges.

Adverse and De-
fective and In-
complete
Bridges.

Opening the said
Bridges, or pro-
hibiting the
Bridges, or the
Bridges, or the
Bridges.

Tenure.

As respects the
said

And whereas

By the
said

XV. And be it further enacted, That each Bridge or Bridges shall at all times be kept that and closed, and properly and effectually repaired for the safe passing and repassing of all Persons, Horses, Beasts and Carriages, upon or over the same, except as is hereinafter mentioned.

XVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the said Bridge or Bridges shall and may be opened for the Passage of Vessels through any Cut, Canal or Lock into or from the said Dock or Buoy, at any time between the Hours of Five of the Clock and Eight of the Clock in the Forenoon, and between the Hours of Six of the Clock and Eight of the Clock in the Afternoon, from *Lady Day* to *Michaelmas Day* yearly, and between the Hours of Seven of the Clock and Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon, and the Hours of Four of the Clock and Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, from *Michaelmas Day* to *Lady Day* yearly, so that the same shall not remain, or be continued open, or the Passage over the same prevented or hindered beyond the Space of Fifteen Minutes at any One time, and so that immediately after the Expiration of such Fifteen Minutes the said Bridge and Bridges be properly closed and secured, and not again opened when any Person or Persons shall be waiting to pass over the same, until after the Expiration of Ten Minutes from the shutting thereof.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors shall and they are hereby required, from and after any and every Bridge or Bridges shall be made, to affix and place one Glass Lamp, with proper Burners, at each Corner of every such Bridge or Bridges, and to cause the same to be properly lighted and kept in Light from the time of Sunset to the time of Sunrise every Evening and Morning throughout the Year, for the safe and convenient passing of Persons, Horses, Beasts and Carriages, over the said Bridge or Bridges.

XVIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the Adverse and Defects, or inclosed Places leading to or from any and every Bridge or Bridges, made or to be made by or under the Authority of this or the said herebefore recited Act, shall be regular and gradual and shall not be deeper than at and after the Rate of Eighteen Feet for every Foot of perpendicular Height, to be measured from the Surface of the Street, Road or Way in which any Cut, Canal or Lock, shall be made; and that (for and unto the Building any thing in the said former Act contained) all and every the said Sewer or Sewer Bridge or Bridges be made, and the Passage, Way and Ways over the same, and the Lamps to be placed and affixed as aforesaid, shall at all times be maintained and kept in repair, fenced in and secured, supported, amended, re-estimated and kept in good and safe Condition for the Accommodation of the Public, by and at the proper Costs and Charges of the said Company.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Company, or their Servants or Workmen, shall open or cause to be opened any Bridge or Bridges by or under the said former Act authorized to be made upon any Cut, Canal or Lock to be made as aforesaid, or to create any Road, Street or Way, under the Command of the Trustees of the Canal there, at any Hour or Time other than by this Act permitted, or shall at any Time when any Person or Persons shall be waiting to pass over the same, open or reopen such Bridge or Bridges before the Expiration of Ten Minutes from each shutting thereof, or in case the said Company, their Servants or Workmen, or any of them, shall at any time permit or suffer the said Bridge or Bridges to be re-opened or kept open contrary to the Provision of the Act, or shall not follow, fence or secure the same for the true, safe and convenient Passage of Persons, Horses and Carriages over the same, then, and in every such case, the said Company of Proprietors, or their Successors, shall, for every such Offence, Neglect or Default, forfeit and pay to any and every Person and Persons, who or whole Horse, Beasts or Carriage shall be stayed or hindered in passing over any Bridge so kept open or re-opened, any Sum of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Twenty Shillings, at the Discretion of any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said County of Surrey, together with the reasonable Expenses of the Informant, Summoner, Hearing and Witness, the same to be found and recovered from time to time by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender, Clerk or Agent to the said Company, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of such Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom any such Complaint shall be heard.

XX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case any Person or Persons shall at any time or times, by or through the Negligence, Carelessness or Omissions of the said Company of Proprietors, their Servants or Workmen, suffer or sustain any Damage or Injury exceeding the Sum of Five Pounds, then, and in every such case, the whole of the Damage (to be proved or allowed) shall and may be recovered from the said Company of Proprietors or their Trustees for the time being, in any of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster, by Action of Debt or on the Case, or by Bill, Plea or Information, together with Costs of Suit, and in which Action no Ejectment, Privilege or Wager of Law, or more than one Testimony, shall be allowed.

XXI. And whereas by the said recited Act, the Solicitor or Clerk to the said Company is required to cause, as therein mentioned, a Memorial of every Transfer or Sale of a Share or Shares in the Stock of the said Company: And whereas Certificates signed by Three of the Directors of the said Company for the time being, of the Number of Shares in the Stock of the said Company held by each of the Proprietors respectively, have been delivered to the said Proprietors respectively: And whereas it is expedient to regulate the Entry of such Memorials: Be it therefore enacted, That no Memorial of any Transfer and Sale of any Share or Shares of and in the Stock of the said Company shall be made or entered, unless and until the Certificates or Certificates which has or have been, or shall be given and signed by Three of the Directors of the said Company for the time being, or in or witness of such Share or Shares, or the Deed of Transfer to the Seller, which has or shall have been previously executed and entered in the Book or Books of the said Company, shall be produced to the Solicitor or Clerk of the said Company at the

Office

Office of the said Company for the time being: Provided always, that as soon as shall appear to the Satisfaction of the Directors of the said Company for the time being, or any Seven of them, that such Certificates or Certificates, or Deed of Transfer is lost or mislaid, so that the same cannot be produced, it shall be lawful for the said Directors, or any Seven of them, by Notice in Writing, signed by them, to direct the Solicitor or Clerk to make and enter such Memorial as is by the said Act directed to be made, notwithstanding such Certificates or Certificates, or Deed of Transfer, shall not be produced as aforesaid.

XXII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That the said Company shall and may make the said Dock or Docks, and the Roads and Wharfs connected therewith, and take Pledges for the Purposes of this Act of any of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, mentioned and described in the Schedule marked (A.) to this Act annexed, notwithstanding the Name or Names of any Person or Persons shall or may have been inserted or improperly mentioned or specified in the said Schedule, in case it appear to any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the said County of Surrey, and be certified by Writing under their Hands that such Error or improper Description proceeded from Mistake.

XXIII. And he it further enacted, That so much of the said recited Act as relates the said Company from demanding, taking and receiving any greater Sums of Money, for the Dockage of Ships and Vessels, and for the receiving, warehousing and Storing of Timber, Wood and Merchandise, than are mentioned and specified in the Schedule marked (B.) to the said Act annexed, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

XXIV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company, from and after the passing of this Act, to demand, take and receive for the Dockage of Ships and Vessels, and for the receiving, warehousing and Storing of Timber, Wood and other Merchandise, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding the Sums of Money mentioned and specified in the Schedule marked (B.) to this Act annexed.

XXV. And whereas no Provision is made in the said Act for the Recovery of the Dockage and other Rates and Charges upon Ships or Vessels relating to, or on Timber and other Goods, Wares and Merchandise, deposited in the said Docks and Wharfs of the said Company: Be it therefore further enacted, That in case any Owner, or Master or other Person having the Command or Rule of any Ship or Vessel, charged or chargeable with the Dockage and other Rates and Charges allowed to be demanded and taken by the said Act or this Act, shall refuse to pay the same, then, and in such case, it shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the said Company, or such Persons or Persons as they shall appoint to be their Collectors or Collectors as aforesaid, or any or either of these, from time to time to go on board each Ship or Vessel, to demand, collect and receive the same, and to sue payment thereof, to take and distress every such Ship or Vessel, and all her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture or any Part thereof, either on Board or on Shore, and the same to detain until he or they be satisfied and paid the said Rates and Charges; and in case of any Neglect or Delay in Payment thereof, that then it shall and may be lawful for the said Directors and their Executors, and such Persons or Persons as they shall appoint as aforesaid, their Collectors or Collectors, Receivers or Receivers, to cause the same to be appraised by Two or more Justices Appraisers or other Justices of the Peace, and afterwards to sell the said Dishes and Distresses, and to cause to satisfy himself or themselves, as well for and concerning the said Rates and Charges as is ought to be paid, and for which such Dishes and Distresses shall be taken as aforesaid, as also for his or their reasonable charges in taking, keeping, appraising and selling such Dishes, rendering to the Master or other Person having the Rule or Command of the said Ship or Vessel, in, to or from which such Dishes shall be so taken or taken, the Overplus (if any there shall be) on Demand; and that if any Owner, Captain, or Coaster or respectively, of any Timber, Goods, Wares or Merchandise, chargeable with any of the Rates or Charges mentioned in the Schedule to the said Act or as this Act annexed, or allowed to be taken under the Provisions of this Act, shall neglect or refuse to pay the said Rates and Charges before such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be shipped or removed from the Place where the same shall be loaded (as the case may be), then it shall and may be lawful for the said Directors, or their Collectors or Collectors, to detain the said Timber, Goods, Wares or Merchandise till the said Rates and Charges, together with the reasonable Charges of keeping the said Timber, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, shall be paid and satisfied; and in case such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall happen to be removed before the Rates and Charges payable for the same shall be fully paid, then it shall be lawful for the said Directors, or their said Collectors or Collectors, to take and distress any Goods or Chattels of the Owner, Captain or Coaster respectively, and to detain and sell the same in manner before mentioned; or the said Company shall and may prosecute any Actions or Actions at Law for Recovery of the said Rates.

XXVI. And he it further enacted, That if any Master, Commander or Owner of any Ship or Vessel shall at any time after the Rates and Charges by this Act charged shall become payable, whole or avoid the Payment thereof, by any Method whatsoever, such Master, Commander or Owner of such Ship or Vessel, shall stand charged with and be liable to the Payment of the same; and the same shall be recovered from such Master or Owner by the same Method by which Taxes and Penalties imposed by the said Act are directed to be levied and recovered, or by any Actions or Actions at Law.

XXVII. And he it further enacted, That all and every the Powers, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things in the said recited Act contained, shall (as far as the same are not hereby altered, varied or repealed) extend to and be executed, applied, used and put in Force to all Intents and Purposes as to this Act and the several Matters and Things therein contained; and all the Clauses, Powers and Provisions of the said recited Act and this Act shall be put in Force, and used and applied for carrying into Execution the Purposes of the said Act and of this Act; and the said Act and this Act shall be construed together as one Act, as fully and effectually as if all the Powers and Provisions, Matters and Things in the said Act were repeated and re-enacted in this Act and made Part thereof.

Company may take Pledges for the Purposes of this Act of any of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments mentioned in Schedule (A.)

so that it may be taken for the Dockage of Ships and Vessels, and for the receiving, warehousing and Storing of Timber, Wood and Merchandise.

Rates of Dockage and other Charges to be demanded and taken by the said Company.

Provision to be made for the Recovery of the Dockage and other Rates and Charges upon Ships or Vessels.

Repeal of the said Act in so far as it relates to the Recovery of the Rates and Charges.

Provision for the Execution of the said Act and this Act.

Expenses of Act. XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Charges and Expenses incident to and attending the passing of this Act shall be paid out of the further Monies to be raised after the passing of this Act, under the Provisions of the last recited Act or this Act.

Public Act. XXIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, a Statute being specially pleaded.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers :

SCHEDULE (A.)

| No. on PLAN. | DESCRIPTION. | OWNERS. | OCCUPIERS. |
|--------------|---|---|---|
| 1. | Messuage | Right Hon ^{ble} Lord Carteret, Rov ^o Grenville, and General Gower | Gay |
| 2. | - Do. | - Do. | Showell. |
| 3. | - Do. | - Do. | Davell Esqet. |
| 4. | - Do. | - Do. | Joseph Reed. |
| 5. | } Garden, Workshop, Yard, New-built Cottage and Dwellings | - Do. | { Barton, Watfon, Cole, Bull and others |
| 6. | | | |
| 7. | | | |
| 8. | Warehouse and Wharf | - Do. | { Messrs. Blackett, Gardner and Young |
| 9. | Do. and Do | - Do. | Nech and Company. |
| 10. | Dwelling and Garden | - Do. | Moffe Rigg. |
| 11. | Two small Dwellings and Garden | - Do. | { Henslander and Townford. |
| 12. | Wharf, Warehouse and Dwellings | - Do. | Taylor and Alloway. |
| 13. | } Small Dwellings in the Passage to Pagant's Stairs | - Do. | { Piddell, Neech, Pickett and Henslowe. |
| 14. | | | |
| 15. | Carver's Shop | - Do. | Grayfoot and Coy. |
| 16. | Passage to Stairs | - Do. | - |
| 17. | Public House and Yard | - Do. | Claret. |
| 18. | Dwelling House and Yard | - Do. | Taylor & son |
| 19. | } Sheds and Warehouses | - Do. | { Watt, and Coy and Scott. |
| 20. | | | |
| 21. | Reeve Yard | - Do. | Taylor. |
| 22. | Sheds, Dwelling and Yard | - Do. | Scott. |
| 23. | } Dwelling, Wharf, Sheds, Warehouse, Gas, dox and Stable | - Do. | Jennings. |
| 24. | | | |
| 25. | Wharf, &c. | - Do. | Rodgers. |
| 26. | Two Dwellings and Garden | - Do. | Braxham and Ledger. |
| 27. | Dwelling, Carpenter's Shop and Garden | - Do. | Hutchinson. |
| 28. | Wharf and Warehouses | - Do. | Jennings. |
| 29. | Dwelling, Outbuilds and Garden | - Do. | Stur L. |
| 30. | Yard or Court | - Do. | Showell. |

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE (B.)

Per Register Ton.

| | s. | d. | | s. | d. |
|---|----|----|---|----|----|
| Dockage on Laden Ships, with Permission of being Six Weeks | 8 | 0 | | | |
| After that time, if remaining with a Cargo on board, per Week | 0 | 2 | | | |
| Or if remaining without a Cargo on board, per Week | 0 | 1 | | | |
| Ships coming in light, for the first Six Weeks | 0 | 6 | | | |
| And if exceeding that time, per Week | 0 | 1 | | | |
| All Rugged Vessels coming to load Goods in the Dock | 0 | 9 | | | |
| All Ships to pay for docking | 10 | 6 | | | |
| And for undocking | 10 | 6 | | | |
| Ligthen, Barges and Small Craft to pay without Charge. | | | | | |
| Wharfrage of Oak and other heavy Timber per Load | 3 | 0 | Rent while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Load per Quarter | 4 | 6 |
| Wharfrage of Oak and other heavy Planks per Load | 3 | 0 | Rent while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Load per Quarter | 4 | 6 |
| Deck Plank, per Load | 4 | 6 | | | |
| Wharfrage on large Timber and Masts, per Load | 0 | 0 | Rent while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Load per Quarter | 2 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on small Timber, per Load | 0 | 0 | Rent while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Load per Quarter | 3 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on Deals from the Baltic, per reduced Standard of 120 | 5 | 0 | Rent while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Quarter per reduced Standard of 120 | 5 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on Deals from America, per reduced Standard of 120 | 5 | 0 | Rent while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Quarter per reduced Standard of 120 | 5 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on Oak Pipe and Hoghead Staves from the Baltic, per Thousand | 15 | 0 | Rent while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Quarter per Thousand | 20 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on Oak Barrel and Heading Staves from the Baltic, per Thousand | 13 | 0 | Rent while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Quarter per Thousand | 15 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on Hemp and Flax, per Ton | 8 | 6 | Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton | 1 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on Tallow, per Ton | 1 | 6 | Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton | 0 | 6 |
| Wharfrage on Pitch, Tar and Turpentine per Barrel from America or elsewhere | 0 | 3 | Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Barrel | 0 | 2 |
| Wharfrage on Oil, 122 Gallons, per Ton | 1 | 6 | Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton | 1 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on Whalebone, per Ton | 3 | 6 | Rent while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton | 1 | 0 |
| Use of the Coppers for boiling of Blubber, 122 Gallons, per Ton | 30 | 0 | | | |

Cap. lxxv.

An Act for vesting in the Justices of the Peace for the County of Rutland the New Goal and Bridewell for that County, and the Ground purchased for the Sites thereof, and for conferring certain Powers and Privileges relative thereto. [14th May 1811.]

Cap. lxxvi.

An Act to rev. & certain Parts of an Act of His present Majesty for building Two Churches, and providing several Grounds thereto, in the Town of Birmingham, in the County of Warwick, and for amending the said Act. [14th May 1811.]

Cap. lxxvii.

An Act for building and establishing a Church or Chapel of Ease, at Beeton, in the County of Dorset.

[14th May 1811.]

4 A 2

Cap.

Cap. lxx.

An Act for erecting and maintaining a Bridge over the River Opho, near Garin and Duff, in the County of Lancel.

[14th May 1811.]

Cap. lxxi.

240 J. 102. An Act for repealing so much of an Act of His present Majesty, as relates to making a Public Way over Fyche Wood, in the County of Lincoln; and for granting further Power for building a Bridge over the said Way.

[14th May 1811.]

[Double Tolls as Usual.]

Cap. lxxii.

114 An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Freedom Bridge, in the County of Bedford, to Gley, and other Places, in the County of Bucks. (c)

[14th May 1811.]

[Additional Tolls.]

Cap. lxxiii.

177 An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Dury to Hauxfield, and several other Roads in the County of Northam. (c)

[14th May 1811.]

[Additional Tolls. Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted. Double Tolls as Usual.]

Cap. lxxiv.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the Oak-Pole below Hadden, out of the Babcock Turnpike Road, by Cooney Mill, into the Bently and Ashbourne Turnpike Road, in the County of Derby. (c)

[14th May 1811.]

[Double Tolls as Usual.]

Cap. lxxv.

146 An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Little Shelfeld, in the County of York, to Sparrow Pit Gate, and several other Places in the County of Dury; and for amending and making certain other Roads to communicate therewith. (c)

[14th May 1811.]

[Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted. Double Tolls as Usual.]

Cap. lxxvi.

20 G. 2. 1. 115 An Act to continue and amend an Act of His present Majesty for repairing the Road from Fyfford, in the Parish of Dillera, to Chelms, in the County of Bedford. (c)

[14th May 1811.]

[Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. lxxvii.

9 G. 2. 1. 74. An Act for continuing and amending Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Bul-
11 G. 2. 1. 27. del to Ryfoe, and from Ryfoe to Bures Bridge, in the Counties of Bedford and Cambridge. (c)

[14th May 1811.]

[Additional Tolls. Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. lxxviii.

6 G. 2. 1. 15. An Act for continuing and amending several Acts for repairing the Roads from Swenage, in the County of
11 G. 2. 1. 15. Bedford, to Higglywood, in the County of Bedford; and other Roads therein determined. (c)

[14th May 1811.]

[Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. lxxix.

6 G. 2. 1. 48. An Act for reviving, continuing and enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for
11 G. 2. 1. 52. repairing the Road from Wiltshire Mowler to Hauxfield Farm, in the County of Bedford. (c)

[14th May 1811.]

[Additional Tolls.]

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from or near a Place called The Five Oaks, in the Parish of Bellingbusk, in the County of Suffolk, to join the Hoxton and Gailford Turnpike Road on
Broombridge Heath, in the said County. (c)

[14th May 1811.]

[Double Tolls as Usual.]

Cap.

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for enclosing and repairing Two Acre of His Majesty's freehold, for repairing the Roads from Gelford Green, in the Parish of Gwentwode, to the Turnpike Road in the Parish of Sandbury, and from the Green near Bonville Church to Rabonville Cross, in the County of Kent. (c.) [14th May 1811.]

[Former Title is null, and now Title granted.]

Cap. lxxxi.

An Act to enlarge the Terms and Powers of Two Acre of His Majesty's freehold, for repairing several Roads to and from Redbury, in the County of Kent. (c.) [14th May 1811.]

[Additional Title.]

Cap. lxxxii.

An Act for enclosing and inclosing Lands in the Parish of Brightwell, in the County of Berks. (c. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. lxxxiii.

An Act for enclosing Lands in the Parish of Fyfield, in the County of Berks. (c. P.) [14th May 1811.]

* Allowance and Compensation for Tithes. § 23.

Cap. lxxxiv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Garsington in the County of Oxford. (c. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. lxxxv.

An Act for enclosing, and exonerating from Tithes, Lands in the Parish of Little Pease otherwise Little Peasow, in the County of Lincoln. (c. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. lxxxvi.

An Act for enclosing Lands in the Manors of Littlethorpe and Molese Uthorpe, in the County of Montgomery. (c. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. lxxxvii.

An Act for enclosing, and exonerating from Tithes, Lands in the Parish of Smerridge, in the County of Lincoln. (c. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. lxxxviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manors of Tring, in the County of Montgomery. (c. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. xc.

An Act for enclosing Lands in the Township of Sotby, in the County of Derby. (c. P.) [14th May 1811.]

* Allowance and Compensation for Tithes. § 18, 19, 20.

Cap. xc.

An Act for enclosing and exonerating from Tithes, Lands in the Parish of Willow, in the County of Bedford. (c. P.) [14th May 1811.]

* Allowance and Compensation for Tithes. § 20.

Cap. xcii.

An Act for enclosing Lands in the Parish of Ashby, in the County of Warwick. (c. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. xciii.

An Act for enclosing Lands in the Parishes of Holywell upon Tryn, Hensley and Conquest Greenfield, in the County of Glamorgan. (c. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. xciv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manors and Townships of Leighton and Throton, in the Parish of Great Nofis, in the County of Bedford. (c. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. xcvi.

An Act for enclosing, and exonerating from Tithes, Lands in the Parishes of Great Glyddal and Little Glyddal, in the County of Essex. (c. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. xcvi.

An Act for enclosing, and exonerating from Tithes, Lands in the Parish of Pines, in the County of New-Jersey. (c. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. xcvi.

An Act for enclosing, and exonerating from Tithes, Lands in the Township of Gifford, and Parish of Mowbray, in the East Riding of the County of York. (c. P.) [14th May 1811.]

- Cap. xxviii.*
- An Act for including Lands in the Parishes of *Lynn, Kild, Clonsilla, Colbrige and Donacorsart*, in the County of *Kildare*. (q. P.) [14th May 1811.]
- Cap. xxix.*
- An Act for including Lands in the Parish of *Swanby*, in the County of *Buckingham*. (q. P.) [14th May 1811.]
- " Abatement and Compensation for Tithes. § 25, 26.
- Cap. i.*
- An Act for including Lands in the Parish of *Wallingham*, and other Parishes and Places therein mentioned, in the County of *Berk*. (q. P.) [14th May 1811.]
- Cap. ii.*
- An Act for more effectually repairing and improving certain Roads in the County of *Birling*, and the Road from or near from the West End of the Town of *Lislingway* to *Birling*, in the Counties of *Lislingway* and *Birling*. (f.) [11th May 1811.]
- Cap. iii.*
- An Act for improving the Town of *Plymouth*, in the County of *Devon*. [11th May 1811.]
- Cap. iv.*
- An Act to enable Doctor *Robert John Thorne* to dispose of his Collection of Palimpsests, Drawings and Engravings, together with several Copies of certain Books therein mentioned, by way of Charity. [11th May 1811.]
- Cap. v.*
- 49 G. 3. 186. 5.
4. 1811. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the Parish of *Saint Helbury*, in the Liberties of the City of *Lincoln*, and adjoining the said City, and for preventing and removing Nuisances therein. [21st May 1811.]
[Former Rate 2s. 6d. repealed, and Rate of 2s. granted.]
- Cap. vi.*
- 8 G. 3. 18.
9 G. 3. 13.
13 G. 3. 17. An Act for enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining the *Birmingham Canal Navigation*, and for further extending and improving the same. [21st May 1811.]
14 G. 3. 16. 1. 4. 24 G. 3. 17. 45 G. 3. 1811.
- Cap. vii.*
- An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Canal and a Railway or Train Road from the River *Bury*, at or near the Village of *Painfield*, in the Parish of *Lutterden*, into the Township or Borough of *Lougher*; and divers Branches thereon, all in the County of *Gloucester*. [21st May 1811.]
[120,000*l.* and 500,000*l.* additional.]
- Cap. viii.*
- 14 G. 3. 15. An Act for better settling and collecting the Poor and other Parochial Rates of the Parish of *Clapham*, in the County of *Surrey*; and to alter, enlarge, rebuild or repair the present Workhouse, and to regulate the Poor thereof, and for other Purposes relating thereto; and to amend in respect of an Act of the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty, for rebuilding a Parish Church, as relates to the settling the Church Rates by the Land Tax. [21st May 1811.]
- Cap. ix.*
- 13 G. 3. 14. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Spetchley* to the *East Sea Road*, and from *Chelvey* to the *Bury St. Edmund's Road*, and from *Yaxley Bul* to *Eyr* and *Leathwa Green*, in the County of *Bedford*. (r.) [21st May 1811.]
[New Tolls. Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]
- Cap. x.*
- An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *King's Lee upon Thames* to *Leatherhead*, in the County of *Surrey*. (f.) [21st May 1811.]
- Cap. xi.*
- 10 G. 3. 13.
10 G. 3. 130. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads leading to and through the Town of *Guodryff* in the County of *Here*. (r.) [21st May 1811.]
[Additional Tolls.]

Cap.

Cap. cxi.

An Act for making and mending a Road from *Long Poyles* to *Seewy*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (c.) [21st May 1811.]

[*Double Tolls as Seewy.*]

Cap. cxii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts, of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *St. O. S. A. to* *Ermeningus* and *Clayfield*, to several Places, all in the County of *Derby*. (a.) [21st May 1811.] *St. O. S. A. 109*

[*Additional Tolls. Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted. Double Tolls as Seewy.*]

Cap. cxiii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *St. O. S. A. 108* *Little Yarnworth* to *Hykeburgh*, and from *Branspas* to *Halghworth*, in the County of *Leicestersh.* (d.) [21st May 1811.]

[*Additional Tolls. Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.*]

Cap. cxiv.

An Act for effectuating an Agreement between the Reverend *Anthony Hamilton* Doctor of Divinity, Rector of the Rectory and Parish Church of *Great Hetham*, in the County of *Hertford*, and *James Gordon Esquire*, and for authorizing the Sale to the said *James Gordon* of certain Lands heretofore enjoyed, as Part of the said Rectory, for the Purpose of redressing the Land Tax of such Rectory. (q. P.) [21st May 1811.]

Cap. cxv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township and Parish of *Seames Rife*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*. (q. P.) [21st May 1811.]

Cap. cxvi.

An Act to enable the Master and Brethren of the Hospital of *King James*, in *Gaywood*, in the County of *Derbham*, to grant Leases of Lands therein belonging, and to enable the Lord Bishop of *Derbham* to make Statutes and Ordinances for the Government of the said Hospital. (q. P.) [21st May 1811.]

Cap. cxvii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Honnamark* and *Clon*, in the County of *Flin.* (q. P.) [21st May 1811.]

“ Allotment to His Majesty. § 18.

Cap. cxviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Lissarman*, *Lindogly* and *Bryerphra*, in the Counties of *Down* and *Flin.* (q. P.) [21st May 1811.]

“ Allotment to His Majesty. § 29.

Cap. cxix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Fundahall* and *Aghowthorpe*, in the County of *Hertford*. (q. P.) [21st May 1811.]

Cap. cxx.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Sale Talawa*, in the County of *Oxford*. (q. P.) [21st May 1811.]

“ Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 16.

Cap. cxxi.

An Act for inclosing and embanking Lands within the Township of *Worston* with *Lindoh* and *Schewdale*, in the Parish of *Worston*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. (q. P.) [21st May 1811.]

“ Allotment to His Majesty. § 29.

Cap. cxxii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Railway from or near the Public Wharf of the *Brookland* and *Abingdon* Canal, in the Parish of *St. John the Evangelist*, in the County of *Bucks*, to or near to a certain Place called *Parson Cross*, in the Parish of *Earshly*, in the County of *Hertford*. [21st May 1811.]

[50,000*l.* and if necessary 15,000*l.* additional.]

Cap. cxxiii.

An Act for making a Railway from the *Brookland* and *Abingdon* Canal, in the Parish of *Lissarman*, to or near to *Liverthorpe Greenway*, in the County of *Hampshire*. [21st May 1811.]

[50,000*l.* and if necessary 15,000*l.* additional.]

Cap. cxxiv.

An Act for inclosing, draining and embanking Lands in *Drumton*, in the County of *Down*.

[25th May 1811.]

Cap. cxxv.

An Act for more equally settling and collecting the Poor Rates, in the Parish of *Bransby Saint Leonard*, in the County of *Northampton*.

[25th May 1811.]

Cap. cxxvi.

An Act for repairing, enlarging and improving the Parish Church of *Haugheyford*, in the Counties of *Down*, and *Wick*.

[25th May 1811.]

Cap. cxxvii.

An Act for more effectually making and repairing certain Roads in the County of *Northampton*; and for rendering more effectual the Statute Labour of the said County. (A)

[25th May 1811.]

= 9 G. 3. c. 74. as to regulating the Statute Labour, and is amended by this Act, made perpetual.

Cap. cxxviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Preyton*, in the Parish of *Coleridge*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (q. P.)

[25th May 1811.]

Cap. cxxix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in, or belonging to the Parishes of *Crofton*, *North Killy*, *South Killy*, *Clisby*, *Crofton* and *Scarby cum Ovelby*, in the County of *Lincoln*. (q. P.)

[25th May 1811.]

= Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 24.

Cap. cxxx.

An Act for dividing, allotting and inclosing Lands, in the several Parishes of *Biddlow Saint Nicholas*, *Biddlow Saint Peter* and *Sloughford*, in the County of *Wilt*. (q. P.)

[25th May 1811.]

Cap. cxxxi.

An Act for inclosing *Queensmead* near within and Parcel of the Forest of *Queensmead*, in the Parish of *Lancaster*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. (q. P.)

[25th May 1811.]

= Allotment to His Majesty. § 26.

Cap. cxxxii.

An Act for enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for inclosing and embanking the Marsh called *Maldreton* and *Caythorpe*, in the County of *Nottingham*; and for dissolving and prohibiting the included Landlords contiguous thereto.

[21st May 1811.]

Cap. cxxxiii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Railway from or near *Spital*, in the County of *Derham*, to *Kilby*, in the County of *Northampton*; and for creating and maintaining a Bridge over the River *Trent* from the Parish of *Norham*, in the County of *Derham*, to the Parish of *Collymore*, in the County of *Derham*.

[21st May 1811.]

[Amended and of an extraordinary nature. See Additional.]

Cap. cxxxiv.

An Act for providing a Chapel of Ease and an additional Burial Ground for the Parish of *St. Mary* (St. Mary's), in the County of *Northampton*.

[21st May 1811.]

Cap. cxxxv.

An Act for authorizing the Payment into the Bank of *England*, under the Direction of His Majesty's High Court of Chancery, in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, of the Particulars of the Debts due for the younger Children of the Most Honourable Arthur Duke of Devonshire, by the Most Honourable Mary now Marchioness Dowager of Devonshire and Baroess of Sandby, by the Settlement made after, in pursuance of Articles executed by the said Marriage, and for commencing the Estates comprised in the said Articles and Settlement from thence. (q. P.)

[21st May 1811.]

Cap. cxxxvi.

An Act for enabling the Archbishop of *Canterbury* to grant Building and Repairing Licences of Edifices at *Dual* and *Cliffe*, in the County of *Kent*, belonging to the See of *Canterbury*; and for other Purposes. (q. P.)

[21st May 1811.]

Cap.

Cap. cxxxvi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Elghfield, Great Ashfield, Haslow and Norton*, in the County of *Suffol.* (q. P.) [31st May 1811.]

" Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 17.

Cap. cxxxvii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Hampton*, in the County of *Middlesex.* (q. P.) [31st May 1811.]

" Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 10, 23, 24. No Lease by Vicar of *Hampton* of Lands in Right of Vicarage of *Hampton* good without the Consent of the King. § 28. Allotment to the King. § 31.

Cap. cxxxix.

An Act for alienating Lands in the Parishes of *Wells* near the Sea, *Worham All Saints, Warham Saint Mary Magdalen* and *Warham Saint Mary the Virgin*, in the County of *Norfolk.* (q. P.) [31st May 1811.]

Cap. cxli.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Killingen*, in the Parish of *Kirby Laithley*, in the County of *West-riding.* (q. P.) [31st May 1811.]

" Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 25, 26.

Cap. cxlii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Tilkeby*, in the County of *Berk.* (q. P.) [31st May 1811.]

Cap. cxliii.

An Act for inclosing several Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Pastures and other Commonable and Waste Lands in the several Parishes of *Bucken* and *Padworth*, in *Berk.* (q. P.) [31st May 1811.]

" Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 22, 23, 24, 25.

Cap. cxliv.

An Act for the Improvement of the Port and Town of *Liverpool*, and according the several Acts relating to the Docks, Quays and other Works belonging to the said Port. [10th June 1811.]

Cap. cxlv.

An Act for making a Harbour and Wet Dock, at or near *Saint Nicholas Bay*, in the Parish of *Saint Nicholas and All Saints*, in the Isle of *Thames*, in the County of *Kent*; and for making a Navigable Canal from the said Harbour to the City of *Cantonbury*. [10th June 1811.]

[100,000*l.*, and if necessary 20,000*l.* additional.]

§ Ann. c. 34.
3 G. 1. c. 1. PR.
18 G. 2. c. 26.
2 G. 3. c. 24.
35 G. 3. c. 15.
39 G. 3. c. 26.

Cap. cxlv.

An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the New Water Works to raise a further Sum of Money*, and to alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for making the said Water Works, and to extend the same. [10th June 1811.]

* (100,000*l.*)
40 G. 3.
c. 100*l.*

Cap. cxlvi.

An Act for paving, cleaning, lighting and watching the Streets, and otherwise regulating the Police of the Town of *Dunfrius.* (F.) [10th June 1811.]

" 27 G. 3. c. 37. as to paving, lighting and cleaning *Dunfrius*, and regulating the Police, and raising an Allotment for those Purposes, repealed.

Cap. cxlvii.

An Act for improving the Harbour of *Dunfrius*, and the Navigation of the River *Nidd.* [10th June 1811.]

39 G. 3. c. 3.
3 G. 4. c. 33.
37 G. 3. c. 37.
30 part repealed

Cap. cxlviii.

An Act for extending the Hook Towing Path on the Banks of the River *Essex* from *Warringer Bridge* to a certain Place below the City of *Glasgow*, called the *Lower Parling*, Situate at the Corner of *Parlow Head*, in the County of *Glasgow*. [10th June 1811.]

[20,000*l.* and if necessary 5,000*l.* additional.]

Cap. cxlix.

An Act for inclosing and draining Lands in the Parish of *Llanafu*, in the County of *Fflew.* [10th June 1811.]

" Allotment to His Majesty. § 41.

§1 Geo. III.

4 B

Cap.

- Cap. d.*
- 11 C. c. 1. 27. An Act for amending an Act of King *Charles*, by making the Parishes of *Green Garden* Parochial; and for increasing the Stipends of the Rector, Curate, Clerk and Sextons of the said Parish. [10th June 1811.]
- Cap. e.*
- 20 G. 3. c. 123. An Act to enable the Vestrymen of the Parish of *Saint Mary & Bees*, in the County of *Middlesex*, to build a new Parish Church, and Two or more Chapels; and for other Purposes relating thereto. [20th June 1811.]
- 45 G. 3. c. 120. repealed.
- Cap. e.*
- 20 G. 3. c. 73. to carry Act into execution. § 2.
- Cap. e.*
- An Act for repairing the Parish Church of *Swansley*, in the County of *Kent*. [10th June 1811.]
- Cap. e.*
- 20 G. 3. c. 126. An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty, for more equally and effectually settling and collecting the Poor Rates, within the Parish of *Saint Saviour without Aldgate*, in the County of *Middlesex*. [10th June 1811.]
- Cap. e.*
- An Act for paving, improving and regulating the Streets and Public Places in the Borough and Parish of *Barnet*, and for the better Regulation of the present Markets, and providing others thereon. [20th June 1811.]
- Cap. e.*
- An Act for paving and improving the Streets and other Public Passages and Places which are or shall be made upon a Piece of Ground belonging to the *Brewers' Company*, in the Parish of *Saint Pancras*, in the County of *Middlesex*. [10th June 1811.]
- Cap. e.*
- An Act for making a Public Carriage Road from *Knights Town* to *Upper Holloway*, in the County of *Middlesex*. (S) [10th June 1811.]
- Cap. e.*
- An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Ighiteon*, in the County of *Kent*, to the Turnpike Road leading from *London* to *Maidstone*, in the said County. (S) [10th June 1811.]
- Cap. e.*
- 22 G. 3. c. 128. An Act for repairing the Road through the Parishes of *Saint Michael*, *Saint Alban*, *Saint Peter*, *Shandy Ridge* and *Smiths Lane*, in the Counties of *Hertford* and *Middlesex*. (S) [10th June 1811.]
- [Additional Tolls on Sunday.]
- Cap. e.*
- 23 G. 3. c. 124. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of His present Majesty for repairing several Roads leading to and through the Borough of *Rushden*, in the County of *Northampton*; and for amending certain other Roads passing through the said Borough and the Parish of *Leamydrick*, in the said County. (S) [10th June 1811.]
- [New Tolls. New Tolls. Double Tolls on Sunday.]
- Cap. e.*
- An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Kingslayne*, in the County of *Gloucester*. (S. P.) [10th June 1811.]
- * Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 22.
- Cap. e.*
- An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *New Radnor*, in the County of *Radnor*. (S. P.) [10th June 1811.]
- * No Lease made by Rector of *New Radnor* of his Allotment without the Consent of His Majesty. § 26.
- Cap. e.*
- An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Dolpally* and *Llanphapsin*, commonly called *Cobale*, in the County of *Merioneth*. [10th June 1811.]
- * Allotment to His Majesty; § 18, 19. Note. This Act does not contain the Public or Evidence Clause.

Cap.

Cap. cxlii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Langtothorpe* in the Parish of *Peniston*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (q. P.) [10th June 1811.]

" Abolition of His Majesty's § 14. Allowance and Compensation for Tithes. § 24.

Cap. cxlii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bardley*, in the County of *Kent*. (q. P.) [10th June 1811.]

Cap. cxliii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Llanerthney*, *Llanow*, *Llanabry* and *Llanfihangel Aberthaw*, in the County of *Garnarthen*. (q. P.) [10th June 1811.]

Cap. cxliiii.

An Act for crossing a Bridge over the River *Thames* from or near the *Three Graces*, in the Parishes of *Saint James Garlick Hyde* and *Saint Martin Vintry*, in the City of *London*, to the opposite Bank of the said River, in the Parish of *Saint Sepulchre*, in the County of *Surry*; and for making proper Streets and Avenues to communicate therewith. [15th June 1811.]

WHEREAS from the great Increase of Buildings and of Population in the Borough of *Southwark*, and the Parishes and Places contiguous thereto, and in a Long Communication therewith, great Inconvenience and Interruptions are occasioned to the Transit of Carriages of all Descriptions, and to the Passage of the River *Thames*; and it will be of Advantage to the Inhabitants of the said Borough of *Southwark*, and of the Parishes and Places lying adjacent thereto, and also to the Inhabitants of the City of *London* and the Public in general, if a Bridge be crossed over the River *Thames*, from or near a certain Wharf or Place called *The Three Graces*, situate on the North Bank of the said River, in the Parishes of *Saint James Garlick Hyde* and *Saint Martin Vintry*, in the City of *London*, to the opposite Bank on the South Side of the said River, in the Parish of *Saint Sepulchre* in the County of *Surry*, and if proper Streets and Avenues were made to communicate with the said Bridge on the North and South Ends thereof respectively: And whereas the several Parties hereinafter named are willing and desirous, at their own Costs and Charges, to erect and maintain such Bridge, and widen and make Streets communicating therewith: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and it be enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the *William Ayle* Baronet, *William Ayle*, *Daniel Adams*, *James Abney*, *Ann Abney*, *John Adams*, *Bariley*, *Perkins* and Company; *Charles Barron*, *Edmund Birchall*, the Reverend *Henry Bostwick*, *Thomas Broadbent*, *Charles Carroll*, *James Carroll*, *Thomas Shaw*, *Charles Burt*, *James Burt*, *David Caldwell*, *Robert Child*, *William Child* Solicitor, *William Child* Justice, *Ward J. Child*, *Richard Clarke*, *Richard Cox*, *Thomas Cradock*, *John Curwen*, *A. Darvill*, *John Davison*, *Frederick Dickinson*, *Michael Dodd*, *Thomas Edgar*, *G. Augustus Ebbels*, *Samuel Evans*, *William Ferriss*, *Thomas Fitzgerald*, *Sir Charles Finlay* Baronet, *G. Gogh*, *N. Graham*, *William Green*, *Robert Griffin*, *George Gresh*, *Galwin* and Company, *Gilbert Handyside*, *Gilbert Handyside*, *John Harper*, *John Harcourt*, *William Higley*, *Charles Hutton*, *James Jarvis*, *John Jackson*, *James Johnson*, *William Johnson*, *Alexander Johnson*, *George Johnson*, *Henry Knapperton*, *Thomas King*, *Benjamin King*, *H. Lamberton*, *John Lamb*, *John Leck*, *E. Leck*, *James Lucas*, *Robert Lygon*, *Robert Lygon*, *John Lydson*, *William Marshall*, *R. Marshall*, *D. Marshall*, *L. Marriam*, *John Marsh*, *James Milnes*, *William Myles*, *Charles Moxley*, *J. P. Mudge*, *Nathan Mudge*, *Andrew Nigh*, *George Nigh*, *Thomas Northrop*, *William Northrop*, *Samuel Northrop*, *John Newman*, *N. Nichols*, *M. A. Olden*, *A. G. D. Osburn*, *Samuel Papsier*, *John Papsier*, *Levett Pashley*, *Robert Peat*, *Arthur Peat*, *Charles Peat*, *James Pecker*, *John Perrell*, *George Reading*, *Benjamin Rankin*, *Richard Rankin*, *Josiah Reading*, *Ranboston* and Company, *John Ranboston*, *J. Ranboston* Junior, *Richard Ranboston*, *James Ranboston*, *William Ranbosty*, *J. P. Ripley*, *Hor. Ripley*, the Reverend *William Ripley*, *George Ripley*, *Philip Ripley*, *F. P. Ripley*, *Samuel Robinson*, *William Sals*, *Josiah Sals*, *William Sals*, *Robert Sals*, *William Sals*, *John Savinien*, *William Legh Savinien*, *Thomas Savage*, *Hugh Savage*, *John Taylor*, *Augustus Theophrast*, *Robert Faux*, *William Walker*, *J. Watson*, *Robert Watson*, *Robert Watson*, *John Washburn*, *J. B. A. Wilson*, *Josiah Wilson*, *James Wilson*, *G. Withers*, *John Withers*, *Robert Withers*, *W. Withers*, *Walter Wraymond Yates*, *Florence Young*, *Covent Zouche*, and all and every Persons and Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, who shall at any time hereafter be before or contribute to the making of the Capital hereinafter mentioned, and their respective Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, shall be and may be lawfully asked into a Company for the carrying on, making, completing, widening and maintaining the said Bridge, Streets and other Works hereby authorized to be made, according to the Rules, Orders and Directions hereinafter mentioned and expressed, and shall for that Purpose be One Body Politic and Corporate, by the Name and Style of "The Southwark Bridge Company," and by that Name shall have perpetual Succession and a Common Seal; and by that Name shall and may sue and be sued; and also shall and may have full Power and Authority to purchase Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, to them and their Successors, for the Use of the said Bridge, Streets and other Works hereby authorized to be widened and made, and for the several other Purposes herein mentioned, without incurring any of the Penalties or Forfeitures of the Statute of Mortmain; and also to sell any of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased by virtue of this Act in or near heretofore mentioned.

Provisions
Made.

Company may
sell among
themselves
from one stock
ing company.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company of Proprietors to raise and contribute among themselves any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Four hundred thousand Pounds (except as hereinafter is mentioned), which said Sum or Sums of Money shall be laid out and applied in the first Place in discharging the Expenses of obtaining and passing this Act, and of the Surveys, Plans and Estimates, and other incidental Expenses relating thereto, and then for and towards the making and completing of the said Bridge, and paying the Purchase Money for the Messuages, Lands and Hereditaments lawfully authorized to be purchased, and for the forming, widening, making and completing of the roadway Streets thereto, and otherwise for putting this Act into Execution, and that the said Sum of Four hundred thousand Pounds shall be divided into Shares of One hundred Pounds each, and that the said Shares shall be and they are lawfully sold in the said several Parishes, and Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate in subscribing, and their several and respective Executors, Administrators, Sheriffs and Assigns, to their and every of their proper Use and Benefit, proportionably to the Sums they shall severally pay and contribute; and all Bodies Politic, Corporate and Collegiate, and all other Persons, their several and respective Sheriffs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, who shall severally subscribe for One or more Shares or Shares, shall be entitled to and receive an equal proportionable Part, according to the Manner in which they respectively paid, of the Profits and Advantages that shall and may arise and accrue by the Tolls, Rates and other Sums of Money to be raised, recovered or received by the said Company of Proprietors by the Authority of this Act, as hereinafter mentioned; and every Body Politic, Corporate and Collegiate, and Parish and Parishes having such Property in the said Undertaking as aforesaid, shall bear and pay a proportionable Sum towards carrying on the same in manner herein directed and appointed.

Shareholders
shall.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Shares and Proportions of all Bodies Politic, Corporate and Collegiate, and all other Parish and Parishes of and in the said Undertaking, or the Toll, Stock or Fund of the said Company of Proprietors, shall be deemed Personal Estate and transferable as such, and not of the Nature of Real Property.

Shareholders or
have Votes ac-
cording to Num-
ber of Shares.
Who is called
Five Votes.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Body and Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or other Parish or Parishes who shall, by virtue of this Act, have subscribed or undertaken for Five Shares in the said Undertaking, his, her or their respective Sheriffs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, shall have one Vote in the several Assemblies to be holden as hereinafter appointed for carrying on the said Undertaking, for each Five Shares, and if possessed of Two or more Two Votes, if Fifteen Shares Three Votes, and if Twenty Shares Four Votes, and Twenty five Shares and upwards Five Votes, and every Question, Matter or Thing which shall be proposed, discussed or considered in any General or Special General Assembly of the said Company of Proprietors, shall be determined by the Majority of Votes then present, such Majority not being less than Two thirds of the Votes then present, computing the Votes as aforesaid, not exceeding Five Votes as the whole for each Proprietor as aforesaid; provided that the Members present be possessed of not less than One hundred and fifty Shares, which Votes or Votes may be given by them, him or her, or by their, his or her Proxies or Proxy, continued under the Seal of such Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or under the Hand of such other Person, every such Proxy being a Proprietor in the said Undertaking, and every such Vote by Proxy shall be as good and sufficient to all Intents and Purposes as if such Proprietor had voted in Person; and every Question, Matter and Thing which shall be proposed, discussed or considered in any General or Special General Assembly of the said Company, shall be determined by the Majority of Votes and Proxies then present: Provided nevertheless, that no Person shall give or deliver in Proxies for more than Five Shares, the Appointment of which Proxies may be made according to the following:

Form of Ap-
pointment of
Proxies.

I, A.B. of _____, one of the Proprietors of the aforesaid Bridge, do hereby authorize, constitute and appoint C.D. of _____ to be my Proxy in my Name, and in my Absence, to vote or give my Assent or Dissent to any Business, Matter or Thing, relating to the said Undertaking, that shall be mentioned or proposed at any Assembly of the said Company, in such manner as the said C.D. shall think proper, according to his Opinion and Judgement, for the Benefit of the said Undertaking, or any thing appertaining thereto. In Witness whereof, I have hereunto set my Hand, the _____ Day of _____

Proprietors not
entitled to vote
unless possessed
of Shares in
Share
Share.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That, from and after the first General Meeting to be held under this Act, no Proprietor or Proprietors shall be deemed to be qualified or entitled to vote, who has or have not possessed his, her or these Shares, and whose Name or Names hath or have not been entered in manner hereinafter directed, in the Books of the said Company, as the Pollbook or Pollbooks and Proprietor or Proprietors of such Shares, for the Space of Six Months then next proceeding, at any General or Special General Assembly of the Proprietors of the said Undertaking, under Pain of forfeiting his, her or their said Shares, and all Benefit, Profit and Advantage, due and to become due thereon, to the Use of the said Company, which it shall appear that it shall be owing to the Defect of the Clerk of the said Company, that the said Party claiming to vote as aforesaid, has not been entered in the Books of the said Company, as herein directed, or to the Defect of any other Person other than the Party claiming to vote as aforesaid: Provided also, that no Proprietor or Proprietors shall be or be deemed to be entitled to vote for any Shares, unless he possess the same lawfully and in his own Right, and not in the Right or as the Property of any other Person whatsoever, upon Pain of forfeiting the said Shares, and all Benefit, Profit and Advantage, due and to become due thereon, to the Use of the said Company.

Power to sell as
aforesaid.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Sum of Four hundred thousand Pounds, heretofore authorized to be raised, shall be found insufficient for the building and completing of the said Bridge, and the widening,

widening, raising and raising of the said Streets, and other Works hereby authorized to be made, and all necessary Charges and Expenses relating thereto, and such other Charges and Expenses as aforesaid, then and in such case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors, to raise and contribute among themselves in manner and form aforesaid, and in such Shares and Proportions as to them shall seem meet, or to raise by the Admission of new Subscribers, say further or other Sums of Money for perfecting the said Undertaking, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds, and of and every Part and Partes, Body or Bodies Publick, Corporate or Collegiate, Subscribers towards raising such further or other Sums of Money, shall be a Proprietor or Proprietors in the said Undertaking, and shall have a like Vote or Votes in respect of every of his, her or their Share, of the said additional Sum so to be raised, and shall also be liable to such Partes, and shall interested in all the Profits of the said Undertaking, in proportion to the Sum he, she or they shall or may subscribe thereto, and generally and extensively to all Intents and Purposes, as if such further or other Sum hereby allowed to be subscribed for, and raised as aforesaid, had originally been Part of the said Sum of Four hundred thousand Pounds; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any will notwithstanding.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case the said Company of Proprietors shall be desirous of raising the said Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds, or any Part thereof, by Mortgage of the said Undertaking, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors to borrow and take up an Interest all or any Part of the said Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds, either by way of Mortgage of the said Bridge, and the Tolls, Passage or Duties thereof, or by granting Annuities, to be payable out of the said Tolls, Passage or Duties of the said Bridge, during the natural Life of the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or of such Person or Persons as shall be accounted by and on the Behalf of such Purchaser or Purchasers; which Annuity or Annuities shall be granted and made payable either with or without Benefit of Survivorship, and in such manner as the said Company of Proprietors shall think proper; and the said Company are hereby fully authorized and empowered, under their Common Seal, to grant or assign over the said Bridge, and the Tolls, Passage or Duties thereof, as a Security for any Sum or Sums of Money to be borrowed, with Interest for the same, or for the due and regular Payment of the said Annuity or Annuities to be so granted, as to them shall seem meet.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Grant or Assignment to be given as a Security for any such Sum or Sums of Money to be borrowed by way of Mortgage, shall and may be made in the Words following, or by any other Words to the like Effect; that is to say,

BY virtue of an Act made and passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled, *An Act [here for words the Title of the Act].* We, the *Southward Bridge Company*, incorporated under and by virtue of the said Act, in consideration of the Sum of *do* to us lent and advanced by *A. B.* of *do* grant and convey unto the said *A. B.* his or her Executors, Administrators and Assigns, the said Bridge, and Toll House or Toll Houses thereto belonging, and all and singular the Tolls ending by virtue of the said Act, and all our Right, Title and Interest of, in and to the same, To hold unto the said *A. B.* (a) Successors or Executors, Administrators and Assigns, until the said Sum of *do* with Interest for the same after the Rate *per Centum per Annum*, shall be fully paid and satisfied. Given under our Common Seal, this *Day of* *do* in the Year of Our Lord *(a)* [It is Original *do.*]

And all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Publick, Corporate or Collegiate, Aggregate or Sole, to whom such Grant or Conveyance shall be made, shall be equally entitled to the respective Portions of the said Tolls and Revenues of the said Company of Proprietors, according to the respective Sums in such Act, or Agreements mentioned to be advanced, to receive the Repayment of such respective Sums, with the Interest, without any Preference by reason of Priority of any Grant or Conveyance, or any other Account whatsoever.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Grant of any such Annuity, to be made as heretofore mentioned, shall and may be made in the Words or to the Effect following; that is to say,

BY virtue of an Act made and passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled, *An Act [here for words the Title of the Act].* We, the *Southward Bridge Company*, incorporated by and under the said Act, in consideration of the Sum of *do* to us paid by *A. B.* of *do* grant unto the said *A. B.* (a) Successors or Executors, Administrators or Assigns, out of the Tolls and Passage Duties of the said Bridge and Undertaking, One Annuity or yearly Sum of *do* to be paid and payable to the said *A. B.* (a) Successors or Executors, Administrators or Assigns, for and during the natural Life of *do* or natural Lives of *(a)* [if more than One], and the Life of the Survivor of them *(as the case may be)*, and a proportionable Part of the said Annuity up to the Day of the Death of *do* or to the Day of the Death of the Survivor of them *(as the case may be)*, Given under our Common Seal, this *Day of* *do* in the Year of our Lord *do*.

And every such Grant shall entitle the Purchaser or Purchasers of every such Annuity to the Payment thereof, and to all Benefit and Advantage thereto accruing, according to the Purport, true Intent and Meaning of this Act. (a) [It is Original *do.*]

X. And be it enacted, That a Transcript or Copy of every such Grant or Conveyance, or of any Entry or Memorial thereof, containing the Dates, Names of the Parties, and Sums of Money paid, shall be made in a Book or Books to be kept for that Purpose, by the Clerk or Clerks of the said Company, which Book or Books shall be produced at all reasonable times by any of the Proprietors of the said Undertaking, without Fee or Reward.

XI. And

Power to raise
such further
Sums by Mort-
gages or Annui-
ties.

Form of Mort-
gage.

Mortgages to
be made in Breve
without Prefer-
ence.

Form of Grant
of Annuity.

Books of Mort-
gages and Annui-
ties to be kept
in Com-
pany's Books.

Mortgages and Annuities unassignable.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, to whom any such Grant or Conveyance shall be made as aforesaid, may from time to time personally, or by Attorney thereunto lawfully authorized, assign and transfer such Grant or Conveyance to any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and so iterum posterum; and that the Assignment and Transfer shall and may be made by Indentment or such Grant or Conveyance, and in the Words or to the Effect following, and be signed and sealed, or sealed (as the case may be) in the Presence of Our credible Witnesses, who shall subscribe his Name and Place of Abode thereto: that is to say,

“ I, A. B. [or W. C. and D.] in consideration of the Sum of _____ paid by E. F. of _____ do hereby assign and transfer the within Security, and all any [or our] Right, Title and Interest, in and to the same, and all Benefits and Advantages to arise thereon, unto the said E. F. Successors or Executors, Administrators and Assigns. Witness my Hand and Seal, [or our Hands and Seals, or our Common Seal] this _____ Day of _____ in the _____ Year of our Lord _____

Books of Transfers to Com- pany's Books.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every Transfer shall, within Thirty Days after the Date thereof, be produced and left with the said Clerk or Clerks, who shall within Ten Days thereafter, make an Entry or Memorial to be made thereof in like Manner as of the original Grants or Conveyances, and also such Entry made, but not till then, every Person or Persons to whom such Assignment or Transfer shall be made, his, her or their Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, shall be entitled to the Benefits of such Grant or Conveyance, and the future Payments thereon, and to all Benefits and Advantages arising therefrom, and for the Entry of every such original Grant or Conveyance, and of every such Assignment and Transfer, the said Clerk or Clerks shall be paid by the Party to whom such Grant, Conveyance or Transfer shall be made, the Sum of Five Shillings and no more.

Interest and Annuities not to be paid till 1811-1812.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Interest of the Money which shall be borrowed as Mortgage as aforesaid, and the several Annuities to be granted as aforesaid, shall from the time the respective Principal Moneys to be lent or paid shall have been advanced, be paid Half-yearly to the several Parties entitled thereto, in preference to any Dividends or Distributions in the said Proprietors of the said Company or any of them, and shall be duly provided for and set apart before each Dividend or Distribution shall be made as aforesaid.

Mortgages and Annuities not considered as Proprietors of Shares.

XIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person or Persons to whom such Annuity shall be granted, or Mortgage or Assignment shall be made or transferred as aforesaid, shall be deemed a Proprietor or Proprietors of any Share or Shares, or be capable of voting by virtue of any such Annuity, Mortgage or Assignment, at any Assembly or Meeting of the said Company of Proprietors, for or on Account of his, her or their having paid, advanced or lent any Money on the Credit of the said Undertaking, and the Tolls thereof to be paid.

Modes of paying all Mortgages, &c.

XV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Sum or Sums of Money so lent and advanced on Mortgage shall be paid off and discharged [save and except with the Consent of the Person or Persons entitled to receive such Sum or Sums of Money], until Six Calendar Months previous Notice under the Common Seal of the said Company of Proprietors shall have been given to the Person or Persons entitled to receive such Sum or Sums of Money, or left at his or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode, of such their intention to pay off and discharge the same.

Full General Assembly of Company.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Full General Assembly of the said Company of Proprietors for putting the Act into Execution shall be held at the London Tavern, or such other Place as the Committee or Court of Directors hereinafter appointed shall direct, upon the Twenty fifth Day after the passing of this Act, or within Thirty one Days from that Day, or as soon after as conveniently may be, between the Hours of Twelve and Two o'Clock, and all future General Assemblies of the said Company of Proprietors (except such Special General Assemblies as hereinafter mentioned) shall be held on the First Tuesday in the Month of May in each and every Year, between the Hours of Twelve and Two o'Clock, at such Place or Places as the Committee or Court of Directors hereinafter appointed for the time being may direct, of which future General Assemblies Ten Days previous Notice at least shall be given by Public Advertisement, to be inserted in One or more of the London Newspapers, or in such other manner as the said Company of Proprietors at their respective General Assemblies shall direct; and in case no Place or Places shall have been so appointed, then such General Assembly shall be holden where the last General Assembly was holden; and at each General Assembly it shall be the Duty of the Committee or Court of Directors of the said Company to report to the Proprietors at large the State of the said Undertaking, and their Proceedings in carrying that Act into Execution; which Report shall be fairly entered into the Book or Books of the Company kept for that Purpose by the Clerk, and a Copy of the same shall be left at the Clerk's Office for the Perusal of the Proprietors, who shall have access thereto during such Hours as the said Office is usually open.

Chairman.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors, at their respective General and Special General Assemblies, shall and may appoint a Chairman, and such Chairman shall not only vote as a Proprietor, but in case of an Equality of Votes, shall have the decisive or casting Vote.

Committee of Proprietors.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That, for the better managing and conducting the Affairs of the said Company, there shall be a Committee or Court of Directors of Fourteen Proprietors, and that John Abbott, James Brewer, John Carwood, Charles Hutton, John Jackson, Henry Perkins, Robert Pitt, John Roskell, George Rowley, John Richard Roper, William Sells, William Stroh, Robert Wells and John Wood, shall be the First Committee or Court of Directors, and called The Court of Directors, and shall continue until the Third General Meeting to be held after the passing of this Act, and until others shall be chosen in their

Strad, unless any Member of the said Committee or Court of Directors shall die or be removed, or shall die of his Stock, so as to reduce the same below Ten Shares: Provided always, that no Person or Persons holding any Place, Office, Employment or Contract under the said Company shall be capable of being elected or of sitting upon such Committee or Court of Directors during the term of his Continuance in such Place, Office, Employment, or holding such Contract, nor unless he shall possess and hold in his own Right Five Shares of the Capital Stock of the said Company.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee or Court of Directors shall and may at every Meeting holden by them during the Continuance of their said Office, the Number of the said Committee or Court of Directors not being less than Three, appoint a Chairman by and out of the said Committee or Court of Directors; and that no Member of any Committee or Court of Directors shall have more than one Vote upon any Question that may be agitated in the said Committee or Court of Directors, except in case of an Equality of Votes, and in that case the Chairman shall have the decisive or casting Vote, although he might have given one Vote before.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors shall have Power and Authority at any General Assembly or Special General Assembly convened for that Purpose, to remove and displace any Member or Members of the Committee or Court of Directors named and appointed by virtue of this Act, and thereupon elect any other Person or Persons in his or their Room or Rooms; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors, at any General or Special General Assembly convened for that Purpose, to order and dispose of the Custody of their Common Seal, and the Uts and Appointments thereof, and to make such Rules, Bye-Laws and Orders for the good Government of the said Company, of the said Committee or Court of Directors, and of their Servants, Agents or Workmen, and for the Superintendance and Management of the said Undertaking, and from time to time to alter and repeal the said Bye-Laws, Rules, Orders and Regulations, or any of them, and to impose and inflict such reasonable Fines and Penalties upon all Persons who shall offend against such Rules, Bye-Laws or Orders, as to such General or Special General Assembly shall seem most not exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds for any one Offence; and all such Rules, Bye-Laws and Orders being reduced into Writing, under the Common Seal of the said Company of Proprietors, and printed, shall be binding upon and observed by all Persons concerned in the said Undertaking, and shall be sufficient in any Court of Law or Equity to justify all Persons who shall act under the same; provided that the same be not inconsistent with, or repugnant to the Laws of that Part of the United Kingdom called England, or to the Provisions and Directions in this Act contained, or to any of them; and such Rules, Orders and Bye-Laws shall be subject to appeal in manner herein directed; and all Accounts of Money received, laid out and disbursed on account of the said Undertaking, or on any of the Works thereto belonging, by the Treasurers, Receivers, Collectors, Clerk or Clerks, and other Officers by them appointed, or by any other Person or Persons whomsoever employed by or concerned for or under them, in or about the said Undertaking, or the Works thereto belonging, shall be laid before the said General or Special General Assembly, to be audited and settled; and the said Company of Proprietors shall have Power to adjourn themselves from time to time to such Place or Places as shall at such General or Special General Assembly be thought proper and convenient.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee or Court of Directors is appointed, or the Person or Persons elected in their Room or Room by virtue of this Act, shall continue in Office until the First Twelfth in May after such Election, and on each Day Four of the said Committee or Court of Directors shall go out of Office, and shall be upon the Committee or Court of Directors of the said Company, unless re-elected as after mentioned; and in order to determine who of the said Committee or Court of Directors shall go out of Office, the Clerk of the said Company, at the General Assembly of the said Company, to be holden on that Day, or some Adjournment thereof, shall, and he is hereby required to write upon Fourteen Pieces of Paper of equal Size, the Name of One of the said Committee or Court of Directors, on each of such Papers, and all such Papers shall be rolled up in the same Form, as near as may be, and be put into a Box or Wheel, and Four of such Papers shall then be drawn out of such Box or Wheel by such Clerk, one by one, and those Four of the Committee or Court of Directors, whose Names shall be upon such Papers respectively drawn, shall go out of Office, and shall be upon the Committee or Court of Directors of the said Company, unless re-elected as after mentioned, and the said Company shall then elect by Ballot as aforesaid Four Members of the said Company, who shall severally be possessed of and entitled in their own Right to Five Shares at the least in the said Undertaking; and such Four Persons so elected shall continue in Office for the Space of three Years, except in case of Death or refusal to act, or owing to be qualified in manner by this Act directed, or being removed or displaced by the said Company of Proprietors, at any General Assembly or Special (s) Assembly convened for that Purpose, and no longer; and on the First Twelfth in the next succeeding Month of May, Five more of the Committee or Court of Directors shall be elected by virtue of this Act, as Part of the Committee or Court of Directors, or the Person or Persons elected in his or their Room or Rooms, shall go out of Office, and shall be upon the Committee or Court of Directors of the said Company, unless re-elected as after mentioned; and in order to determine who of such Five of the Committee or Court of Directors shall go out of Office, the Clerk of the said Company at the General Assembly of the said Company, to be holden on that Day, or some Adjournment thereof, shall, and he is hereby required to write upon Ten distinct Pieces of Paper of an equal Size, the Name of One of each of the Committee or Court of Directors on each of the said Papers, and all such Papers shall be rolled up in the same Form, as near as may be, and be put into a Box or Wheel by such Clerk, one by one, and Five of such Papers shall be then drawn out of such Box or Wheel by such Clerk, one by one, and those of the Committee or Court of Directors whose Names shall be upon such Papers respectively drawn shall go out of Office, unless

(s) [It is Urged &c.]

re-elected;

re-elected; and the said Company shall then elect by Ballot as aforesaid Five Members of the said Company, qualified as aforesaid, to be upon the Committee or Court of Direction of the said Company; and such Persons so elected shall continue in Office for the Space of Two Years (except in case of Death or Refusal to sit, or ceasing to be qualified in manner by this Act directed, or being removed or displaced as aforesaid); and no longer; and on the First Day of the next succeeding Month of May the Five remaining Members of the Committee or Court of Direction left appointed by virtue of this Act, or the Persons or Persons elected in his or their Room or Street shall go out of Office, which re-elected as aforesaid; and the said Company shall, at their General Assembly to be holden on that Day, or some Adjournment thereof, elect by Ballot as aforesaid Five Members of the said Company qualified as aforesaid, to be upon the Committee or Court of Direction of the said Company; and such Five Persons so elected shall continue in Office for the Space of One Year, (except in case of Death, or Refusal to sit, or ceasing to be qualified in manner by this Act directed, or being removed or displaced as aforesaid) and so longer; and on the First Day of every succeeding Month of May in each and every Year, Four or Five Persons, as the case may require, out of the Members of the said Company, qualified as aforesaid, shall be elected by Ballot as aforesaid by the said Company, to be Members of the Committee or Court of Direction of the said Company; and such Four or Five Persons as may be so elected shall continue in Office for the Space of Three Years (except in case of Death, or Refusal to sit, or ceasing to be qualified in manner by this Act directed, or being removed or displaced as aforesaid), and no longer: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors to continue and appoint any such Person or Persons so qualified as aforesaid, and going out of Office, again to be a Member or Members of the said Committee or Court of Direction.

Provid.

In case Com-
mittee not ap-
pointed on Day
mentioned,
another Meeting
for that
Purpose.

XXII. Provided also, and to be enacted, That in case on any such Day of the Month of May in any Year, no such Nominations and Appointments of such Members of the Committee or Court of Direction shall be made, then and in every such case another Meeting of the said Company shall be holden on the Day following following for the Purpose of making such Elections; and in case as such Nominations and Appointments shall be there made, then and in every such case another Meeting of the said Company shall be holden on the Day following following for the Purpose of making such Elections, and in every such case such Members of the Committee or Court of Direction shall be chosen, but such Members of the Committee or Court of Direction shall not continue in Office or be Members of the said Committee or Court of Direction for any longer Space of time than if or they had been elected as the said First Day of May as aforesaid.

Enlighten
Appointments
of Committee in
Room of their
who shall die, re-
fusal to sit, or be-
come displaced.

XXIII. And to be further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons elected by the said Company as a Member or Members of the Committee or Court of Direction of the said Company shall die or refuse to sit in the Execution of this Act, or shall cease to be entitled to Five Shares in the said Undertaking, or shall hold any Place, Office, Employment or Contract under the said Company, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the Committee or Court of Direction to elect out of the said Company of Proprietors some Person or Persons qualified as aforesaid, to be a Member or Members of the Committee or Court of Direction of the said Company in the Room or Street of the Member or Members of the Committee or Court of Direction so dying or refusing to sit, or ceasing to be qualified, or holding any Place, Office, Employment or Contract under the said Company; and every such Election of a Member of the said Committee or Court of Direction shall be submitted by the said Committee or Court of Direction to the said Company of Proprietors at their then next General or Special (s) Assembly, when the Election of such Person or Persons shall either be confirmed, or such other Person or Persons qualified as aforesaid shall be elected a Member or Members of such Committee or Court of Direction as the said Company of Proprietors at such General or Special General Assembly shall think proper; and every Person or Persons so elected shall have the like Powers and Authorities, and be subject to the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions as the Person or Persons in whose Room or Street he or they shall be so elected, and shall continue in Office as a Member or Members of the Committee or Court of Direction for such time and so long, as the Person or Persons in whose Room or Street he or they shall be so elected would have continued in Office.

(s) [Is in Original Act.]

Member of
Committee re-
garding to
attend for Three
Months another
appointed.

XXIV. Provided always, and to be enacted, That if any Member or Members of the said Committee or Court of Direction, shall for the Space of Three Months either or neglect to attend a Meeting of the said Committee or Court of Direction to be holden in pursuance of this Act, then and in every such case such Member or Members so not attending, shall cease to be of the said Committee or Court of Direction, and it shall and may be lawful to and for the remaining Members of the said Committee or Court of Direction at any of their Meetings, or a Majority of them, and they are hereby required to elect another Person or Persons qualified as aforesaid, to be a Member or Members of the said Committee or Court of Direction, in the Room or Street of the Person or Persons so not attending; and such and every Person and Persons so elected, shall have the like Powers and Authorities, and be subject to the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, and shall continue in Office as a Member or Members of the said Committee or Court of Direction, for such time and so long as the Person or Persons in whose Room or Street he or they shall be so elected would have continued in Office.

the Person con-
stituted in any
Capacity, to be
of the said Com-
pany.

XXV. And to be further enacted, That no Person who shall hold any Contract or enjoy any Place of Profit created by this Act, or be beneficially employed, or in any manner interested or concerned directly or indirectly in supplying any Articles or Materials for the Use of the said Company, shall have any Vote or be entitled to a Vote at any Meeting or Meetings of the said Committee or Court of Direction during the time that he shall be so employed, concerned or interested as aforesaid; and in case any Person being a Member of the said Committee or Court of Direction, shall hold any Contract or enjoy any Place of Profit, created by this Act, or shall be in any manner beneficially employed or concerned, directly or indirectly, in supplying any Article or Materials for the Use of the said Company, and shall vote at any such Meeting or Meetings of the

aid Committee or Court of Directors, they and in every such case every such Person residing at any such Meeting or Meetings, shall direct and pay, for every such Officers, the Fees of One hundred Pounds, together with full Costs of Suit, to any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same; to be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, or in the Cells, or by Bill, Plaint or Indenture, wherein an Effray, Protection or Wager of Law, or near that One Trial only shall be allowed; and One Moiety of such Penalty when recovered, shall be paid to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs as shall sue for the same, and the other Moiety shall be paid to the said Company, to be applied to the Purposes of this Act, and the Person or Persons so convicted shall be absolutely disqualified from acting any longer as a Member or Members of the Committee or Court of Directors of the said Company, or as Proprietor of the said Company, or any Member of the said Committee or Court of Directors of the said Company interested in any such Contract, Matter or Thing as aforesaid, shall vote in any Question touching or concerning the same.

XXVI. And he it further enacted, That if it shall at any time appear, that for the more efficiently putting this Act into Execution a Special General Assembly of the said Company of Proprietors is necessary to be holden, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Ten or more of the said Proprietors who collectively may be possessed of or entitled to One hundred Shares at the least in the said Undertaking, by a Notice under their Hands to be given to the Clerk of the said Company to require the said Clerk to give Notice of such Special General Assembly, and the said Clerk shall and he is hereby required, within seven Days from the Receipt of such Notice, to give fourteen Days Notice of such Special General Assembly in One or more of the London Newspapers, or in such other manner as the said Company of Proprietors may at any General Assembly direct and appoint, specifying in such Notice the Reason, Occasion and Intention of requiring such Special General Assembly, and the time when and Place where the same shall be holden, which Place shall be within Three Miles of the said Bridge, and the said Proprietors are hereby authorized to meet pursuant to such Notice; and each of them as shall be present at such Special General Assembly shall proceed to the Execution of the Powers by this Act given to the said Company of Proprietors, with respect to the Matters so specified in such Notice only; and all such Acts, Orders or Determinations of the said Proprietors, or the Majority of them met together at every such Special General Assembly, provided that the Proprietors present and represented by Proxy, shall be sufficient to give one Right of at least Two hundred and fifty Shares in the said Undertaking, shall be as valid with respect to the Matters specified in such Notice, as if the same had been done at any stated General Assembly: Provided always, that in case the said Clerk shall not when so required call the said General Assembly, it shall and may be lawful for the said Ten Proprietors by a further Notice to call such Special General Assembly, which said Special General Assembly shall have the same Power, Privilege and Authority, and be in all Respects considered the same as if it had been called by the Clerk of the said Company.

XXVII. And he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Committee or Court of Directors for the managing and conducting the Affairs of the said Company of Proprietors, and they are hereby authorized and required, from time to time, to nominate and appoint a Treasurer or Treasurers, Engineer or Engineers, Architect or Architects, Surveyor or Surveyors, Clerk or Clerks, Collector or Collectors, Receiver or Receivers of the Rates and Tolls herein allowed to be demanded and taken, and such other Officers as to the said Committee or Court of Directors shall from time to time be necessary to manage any such Treasurers or Treasurers, Engineer or Engineers, Architect or Architects, Surveyor or Surveyors, Clerk or Clerks, Collector or Collectors, Receiver or Receivers, or other Officers, or any of them, and to nominate and appoint another Person or Persons in and for their Room or Room in manner aforesaid, taking such Security from every such Treasurer, Engineer, Surveyor, Architect, Clerk, Collector or Receiver, or other Officer, for the due Execution of their respective Offices, and granting to them respectively such Salary and Compensation as the said Committee or Court of Directors shall think proper; and such Clerk or Clerks shall, in a proper Book or Books to be provided by the said Committee or Court of Directors for that Purpose, enter and keep a true and perfect Account of the Names and Places of Absence of the several Proprietors of the said Undertaking, and of the several Persons who shall from time to time become Owners and Proprietors of, or entitled to any Share or Shares therein, and of all Acts, Proceedings and Transfers of the said Company of Proprietors and Committee or Court of Directors respectively; and each of the said Proprietors of the said Undertaking shall and may, at all convenient times, have Recourse to and peruse and inspect the same, paying for such Perusal and Inspection the Fees of One Shilling and no more, and may demand and have Copies thereof, or of any Part thereof, paying for every One hundred Words to be copied the Sum of Nine Pence, and if a Proprietor shall require a greater or less Number of Words; and if any Clerk or Clerks to the said Company of Proprietors shall refuse to permit any Proprietor or Proprietors to attend as aforesaid, to inspect or peruse such Book or Books of Accounts and Proceedings at all convenient Times or Seasons, or refuse to make any such Copy or Copies at the Rate or Price aforesaid, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XXVIII. And he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Committee or Court of Directors to remove any Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver or other Officer or Servant of the said Company; and in case any such Treasurer, Engineer, Surveyor, Architect, Clerk, Collector, Receiver or other Officer or Servant of the said Company, shall die, be removed from, or quit the Service of the said Company of Proprietors, or of the said Committee or Court of Directors, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the Committee or Court of Directors to appoint any other fit Person or Persons to execute such Office or Offices in the Place of the Person or Persons who shall die, be removed from, or quit the Service of the said Proprietors, or of the said Committee or Court of Directors; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the Committee or Court of Directors of the said Com-

Penalty.

Application of
Proceedings to
said undertakings

Means.

Penalty.

Committee to
appoint Officers.Infringement of
Provision.Penalty
Application of
Officers to
said undertakings

pany to defend any Treasurers, Engineers, Architects, Surveyors, Clerks, Collectors, Receivers or other Officers or Servants of the said Company, and to appoint any other fit Person or Persons to execute such Office or Office in the Room and Stead of the Person or Persons so defended from the Service of the said Company, and also from time to time to appoint any new Officer or Officers as they the Committee or Court of Directors shall think necessary for the Affairs of the said Company, suchpoint upon such Resolutions.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That every such Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver or other Officer or Servant of the said Company do to be appointed as aforesaid, shall, under his or their Hand or Hands, at such time and place, and in such manner as the said Company of Proprietors or such Committee or Court of Directors shall direct, deliver to the said Company of Proprietors or to such Committee or Court of Directors, or to such Person or Persons as they respectively shall appoint, true and perfect Accounts in Writing of all Matters and Things committed to him or them Charge by virtue of the Act, and also of all the Monies which shall have been by such Treasurers, Engineers, Architects, Surveyors, Clerks, Collectors, Receivers or other Officer or Servant of the said Company and Person or Persons respectively received by virtue and for the Purposes of this Act, and how much thereof hath been paid and disbursed, and for what Purpose, together with the proper and legal Receipts or Vouchers for such Payments, and shall pay all such Monies as shall remain in or out of their respective Hand or Hands to the said Company of Proprietors, or to such Committee or Court of Directors, or to such Person or Persons as they shall respectively appoint, within Twenty Days after being thereto required by the said Company of Proprietors, or by such Committee or Court of Directors, all Books, Papers and Writings in his or their Custody or Power, relating to the Execution of the said Act, or shall refuse or neglect to pay such Monies as upon the Balance of any Account or Accounts shall appear to be in his or their respective Hands to the said Company of Proprietors, or to such Committee or Court of Directors, or as they shall respectively direct and appoint, then and in either of the cases aforesaid, the said Company of Proprietors may, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to bring or cause to be brought any Action or Actions against the said Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer or Officers, Person or Persons in neglecting or refusing to do as aforesaid, in order for the Recovery of the Monies that shall be in the Hands of such Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer or Officers, Person or Persons respectively; or if Complaint shall be made by the said Company of Proprietors, or by such Committee or Court of Directors, or by such Person or Persons as they respectively shall appoint for that Purpose, of any such Refusal or Neglect as aforesaid, to any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County, City or Place where the said Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer or Officers, Person or Persons in neglecting or refusing, without issue reasonable Excuse, shall be and abide, such Justices may and they are hereby authorized and empowered, by a Warrant or Warrants under their Hands and Seals, to cause the said Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer or Officers, Person or Persons to be brought to be heard, to hear and determine the Matter in a summary way; and if upon the Certificate of the Party or Parties, or by the Testimony of any credible Witness, or Witnesses upon Oath, it shall appear to such Justices that any of the Monies that shall have been collected, raised or received by virtue of this Act shall be in the Hands of such Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer or Officers, Person or Persons, such Justices may, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, upon Non payment thereof, by Warrant or Warrants under their Hands and Seals, to cause such Person or Person to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer or Officers, Person or Persons respectively; and if no Goods or Chattels of such Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer or Officers, Person or Persons can be found sufficient to answer and satisfy the said Money, and the Charges of making and levying the same, or if such Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer or Officers, Person or Persons, shall still persist in refusing or neglecting to deliver up all such Monies, Accounts, Receipts, Vouchers, Books, Papers and Writings as aforesaid, in or out of their respective Hands, or to such Committee or Court of Directors, or other Person or Persons as they respectively shall appoint, then and in any or either of the cases aforesaid, such Justices shall commit every such Offender to the Common Gaol for each County, City or Place, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, until he shall give and make a true and perfect Account and Payment as aforesaid, or until he shall compound with the said Company of Proprietors, or with the said Committee or Court of Directors, and shall have paid such Compositions, in such manner as they respectively shall appoint, and until he shall deliver up such Monies, Accounts, Receipts, Vouchers, Books, Papers and Writings as aforesaid, or give Satisfaction in respect thereof to the said Company of Proprietors, or to such Committee or Court of Directors; but no Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer or Person in committed for want of sufficient Distress shall be confined or detained in Prison by virtue of this Act for any longer Space of time than Three Months.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers and Authorities hereby written or directed to be exercised by the said Committee or Court of Directors, may be done and exercised by the major Part of the Persons present at their respective Meetings, the whole Number present not being less than Three, and every such Com-
mittee

justice or Court of Directors shall from time to time make Report of their Proceedings to the said General Assembly of the Proprietors, and shall obey their Orders and Directions; and the said Committee or Court of Directors shall (subject nevertheless at all times to such Orders and Directions as aforesaid) meet at such Times and Places, and shall on their respective adjournments themselves or such other Times and Places as they shall think fit; and in order to defray the Expenses of their Meetings the said Committee or Court of Directors shall from time to time receive out of the Capital Stock of the said Company of Proprietors such Sums or Sums of Money as shall be directed, adjusted and settled by the said Company of Proprietors as such General Assemblies; and the said Committee or Court of Directors shall and may contract for and agree for the Purchase of the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments that may be taken or sold for the Purpose of the said Bridge, Street or Streets, or other Works thereto belonging, and shall and may make Agreements, Contracts and Bargains with the Workmen, Agents, Undertakers and other Persons employed or concerned in making, continuing and completing the said Bridge, Street or Streets, or other Works hereby authorized, and of and every Part or Parts thereof; and the said Committee or Court of Directors shall (subject nevertheless to the Orders and Directions of such General or Special General Assembly as aforesaid), lease full Power and Authority to do and manage all and every the Affairs of the said Company of Proprietors, and the said Committee or Court of Directors shall by themselves or the Clerk or Clerks for the said Company of Proprietors keep a full, correct and true Account of all Monies disbursed and Payments made by the said Committee or Court of Directors, and by all and every Person and Persons employed by or under them, and of all and every Item and Sum of Money which they shall receive on Behalf or in respect of the said Undertaking from any Collector or Collectors of the said Rates or Tolls, or from any other Officer or Officers, or from any other Person or Persons whatsoever employed in or having any Concern, Dealings or Transactions with the said Undertaking, or in or with any Part or Parts thereof, and shall regularly by themselves or their Clerk or Clerks of (a) the said Company as aforesaid, write, insert and enter in a Book or Books to be from time to time provided at the Expense of the said Company of Proprietors, Notes, Minutes or Copies (as the case shall require), of any such Contracts, Bargains, Receipt and Disbursements, and of all their Orders and Proceedings, which Book or Books shall be deposited with and kept under the Care and Direction of the said Committee or Court of Directors, or the Clerk or Clerks of the said Company aforesaid; Provided always, that every Proprietor in the said Undertaking shall have free Access therein upon every reasonable Demand for his or her Inspection, as Payment for such Inspection of the Sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence. (c) [See Original Act.]

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That all Orders and Proceedings of the said Company of Proprietors at their several and respective General or Special General Assemblies, or of their Committee or Court of Directors, or any Three or more of them, at their several Meetings shall be entered in a Book or Books to be kept for such Purposes aforesaid, and such Orders and Proceedings so entered shall be signed respectively by the Chairman of such General or Special General Assembly, or by the Clerk of the said Company, or by the Chairman of such Committee or Court of Directors, or by their Clerk, and such Order and Proceedings respectively shall be deemed and taken to be Originals.

XXXII. And it is enacted, That the said Committee or Court of Directors, shall have Power from time to time, to make such Call or Calls of Money from the Subscribers to and Proprietors of and in the said Undertaking, to defray the Expenses of or to carry on the same, as they the said Committee or Court of Directors, from time to time shall find wanting and necessary for those Purposes, so that no such Call shall exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds for every One hundred Pounds, (except as hereinafter mentioned) and such Calls shall not be made but at the Distance of Thirty Days at least from each other, and Twenty one Days Notice at least shall be given of all such Calls as aforesaid, by Advertisement in One or more of the London Newspapers, or in such other manner as the said Company of Proprietors shall in any General Assembly do and appoint; provided that it shall not be lawful to make any further Call upon any Proprietor or Proprietors who shall have paid to the said Company as aforesaid to their said Calls or otherwise, the full Amount of the Sum which by him, her or their Subscriptions, he, she or they had undertaken to pay, for his, her or their said Share or Shares, and every Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, of any Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, shall pay his, her or their respective Proportions of the Monies to be called for as aforesaid, in such Person or Persons, and at such Time and Place as the said Committee or Court of Directors shall from time to time order and direct; and if any Person or Persons shall neglect or refuse to pay his, her or their respective or proportionable Part of the Money so called for as aforesaid, at the Time and Place appointed by their said Committee or Court of Directors, or within Twenty Days next ensuing, he, she or they by neglecting or refusing, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Share he, she or they shall have in the said Undertaking; and in case such Person or Persons shall continue to neglect or refuse to pay his, her or their said Call or Calls as aforesaid, for the Space of Three Months next after the time so appointed for Payment thereof, then and as every such Call, he, she or they by neglecting or refusing, shall forfeit his, her or their respective Share and Shares in the said Undertaking, and all the Profits and Dividends thereof, all which Shares so forfeited, shall be sold in the said Company of Proprietors, or trust in, and for the Benefit of all the rest of the said Proprietors, in proportion to their respective Interests in the said Undertaking, or shall at the Direction of any of the said General or Special General Assemblies, be publicly sold for the Use of the rest of the said Proprietors, whose names and Interests shall not have been forthwith as aforesaid: Provided nevertheless, that no Forfeiture of any Share or Shares in the said Undertaking shall be, or be deemed to be incurred, save and except personal Notice of such Call or Calls in Writing, signed by the Clerk or Clerks to the said Committee or Court of Directors, shall have been given to or left at the last or usual Place or Places of Abode, of the Owner or Owners of such Share or Shares respectively, and in case the Place or Places of Abode of any such Owner or Owners

[4] [See Original Act.]

4 C 2

Events.

Proceedings entered in Books of Company, Minutes.

Committee may make Calls.

Events.

Calls not paid.

Penalty.

Shares forfeited.

No Advantage to be taken from Loss or non-payment.

shall

full nor be known to the Clerk or Clerks of the said Committee or Court of Directors, then such Notice shall be esteemed given to the said Share or Shares, nor shall all such Share or Shares shall likewise have been declared to be forfeited as aforesaid General or Special General Assembly of the said Company of Proprietors.

Subscribed to
by 1111 and
in Cells by
Clerks etc.

XXXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the respective Persons who have subscribed, or who shall hereafter subscribe or advance any Money for and towards the said Undertaking, or shall be Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of any Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, shall, and he, she or it they in and are hereby required to pay the Sums or Sums by them respectively subscribed for such Parts and Proportions thereof as shall from time to time be called for by the Committee or Court of Directors of the said Company of Proprietors, by virtue of and agreeable to the Powers and Directions of this Act, at such Times and Places, and in such manner as shall be directed by the said Committee or Court of Directors; and in case any such Subscriber or Subscribers shall neglect or refuse to pay the same at the Time and Place and Manner so required for that Purpose, the said Company of Proprietors are hereby empowered to sue for and recover the same in any of His Majesty's Courts of Law or Equity whatsoever.

Witness.

And.

Proceedings in
Parliament
relating to this.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That in all Actions brought by the said Company of Proprietors against any Person or Persons who hath or have subscribed, or who shall hereafter subscribe or advance any Money for and towards the said Undertaking, or against any Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of any Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, to recover any Sum or Sums of Money due and payable to the said Company for or by reason of any Call or Calls made by virtue of this Act, it shall be sufficient for the said Company to declare and allege that the Defendant or Defendants, being an Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of such or of many Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, is or are indebted to the said Company in such Sum or Sums of Money as the Call or Calls in Answer shall amount to for such and so many Call or Calls of such and so many Sums and Sums of Money upon such or so many Share or Shares belonging to the said Defendant or Defendants (as the case may happen to be), whereby an Adversity hath accrued to the said Company by virtue of this Act, without joining forth the Special Matter, and on the Trial of such Actions, it shall be only necessary to prove, that the Defendant or Defendants, at the time of making such Call or Calls, was or were an Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of such Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, and that such Call or Calls was or were in Part made, and that such Notice was given thereof as is directed by this Act, and the said Company shall thereupon be entitled to recover what shall appear to be due, unless it shall appear that any such Call exceeded the Sum of Ten Pounds for every One hundred Pounds, or was made within the Distance of Thirty Days from the last preceding Call, or without Notice given as aforesaid; and after Judgment shall be given for the said Company in any such Action, Execution shall not be stayed by reason of any Writ of Error brought by the Defendant or Defendants thereon, unless such Defendant or Defendants, with Two sufficient Sureties, shall first become bound to the said Company by Recognizance, to be acknowledged in the Court in which such Judgment shall be given, in Double the Sum adjudged to the said Company by such Judgment, to prosecute the said Writ of Error with Effect, and also, if the said Judgment shall be affirmed or the said Writ of Error be suppressed, to satisfy and pay the Debt, Damages and Costs adjudged by the said Judgment, and all Costs and Damages to be awarded for Delay of Execution.

Approved by
the Committee
of the said
Company
the 11th
of June 1811.

XXXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Subscriber or Subscribers to the said Undertaking shall be minded and desirous to pay and advance immediately into the Hands of the said Committee or Court of Directors, or of the Person or Persons whom they shall appoint to receive the same, the full Amount of his, her or their Subscription or Subscriptions for such Share or Shares, for which he, she or they, may have subscribed, or any Part thereof, not being a less Sum than One hundred Pounds, without waiting for the said Call or Calls to be made, then and in such case it shall be lawful for the said Committee or Court of Directors to pay to the said Subscriber or Subscribers in paying an Advance as aforesaid, out of the Funds of the said Company, Interest upon the Sums or Sums so advanced, at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, upon the Amount which such Payment or Advance may be over and above the said Calls, and from the time of advancing the same up to the Period of each subsequent Call respectively, according to the Sum then so Advance over and above the Amount of the said Call.

Power to the
said Committee
to give Interest.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, Body or Bodies Corporate and Politic, he, her or their Executors and Administrators and Assigns, who shall have or have been subscribed, or shall pay in the Sums or Sums of Money by subscribed by him, her or them, or such Part or Parts thereof as shall or may be demanded of him, her or them, from time to time as has been directed, on Account of his, her or their respective Subscriptions or Stock, towards the carrying on and completing the Works aforesaid, shall be entitled, with the Assent of a General Court of Proprietors hold for that Purpose, to interest on every Instalment so demanded and paid, at a Rate not exceeding Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, which Interest shall commencing from the time or times that such Instalments shall have been respectively paid, or from such subsequent time or times as such General Court shall appoint.

Power to the
said Committee
to give Interest
on the said
Subscriptions
and Stock.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, of any Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, shall happen to die before such Call or Calls shall have been made for the full Sums or Sums to be advanced on any Share or Shares which he, she or they shall have been called for or entitled to, without having made Provision by Will or otherwise how and in what manner such Share or Shares shall be disposed of, and how and by what means the aforesaid Calls in respect thereof shall be paid to the said Company of Proprietors for the Purpose of the said Undertaking, then and in such case the Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators of every such Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors in being, or the Trustee or Trustees, Committee or Committees of any Lease or Leases, Guardian or Guardians of any Infant or Infants, or of any other Person or Persons entitled to the Estate and Effects of any such deceased Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, shall be indemnified against all and every such

Indebted.

Infant or Infants, and against all and every other Person or Persons whatsoever, for or an Account of his, her or their Money paid any Sum or Sums of Money, when called for as aforesaid, to complete every such Subscription; and if such deceased Owner or Owners, Proprietors or Proprietresses, shall not have left Assets sufficient, or if only the Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators, Trustee or Trustees, Comptroller or Comptrollers, Guardian or Guardians, shall refuse or neglect to answer such Calls for the Space of Six Calendar Months after Notice in Writing, Signed by the Clerk of the said Company of Proprietors, shall have been given to him, her or them, or left at his, her or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode, the said Company of Proprietors shall be, and they are hereby authorized and required to admit any other Person or Persons to be an Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, of the Share or Shares of such deceased Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, on Conditions that he, she or they, in advanced, do and shall, as or before such Admissions, pay to the Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators of such deceased Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, or to the Trustee or Trustees, Comptroller or Comptrollers, Guardian or Guardians, of the Infant or Infants, or other Person or Persons who may be entitled to her, her or their Effects, the full Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been paid by such Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, as he, her or their Life-time, by virtue of any Call or Calls, as aforesaid, upon such Share or Shares, or such other Sum or Sums of Money as the same may be paid for; and in case no Person or Persons shall be found who is or are willing to be admitted upon such Conditions as aforesaid, then and in every such case such Share or Shares shall be forfeited to and become vested in the Rest of the said Company of Proprietors of the said Undertaking, in Trust for and for the equal Benefit of all the Rest of the said Proprietors in Proportion to their respective Interests in the said Undertaking; and shall be subject to be sold and disposed of in like manner as other forfeited Shares may be sold and disposed of by virtue of this Act.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said several Proprietors of the said Undertaking, his, her or their respective Executors, Administrators and Assigns, to sell and dispose of any Share or Shares to which he, she or they may be entitled therein, pursuant to the Rules and Conditions herein mentioned, the Consignation of which Shares shall be in the Form or to the Effect following; *videlicet*,

“ I A. B. of _____ do hereby assign, sell, assign and transfer to me by C. D. of _____ Capital Stock of _____ and in the said _____ Bridge, being _____ in the said Undertaking. To hold to the said C. D. of _____ as Executor, Administrator and Assigns, subject to the same Rules, Orders and Regulations, as if he or she were the said C. D. do hereby agree to take and accept the said Capital Stock or Share of _____ in the said Rules, Orders, Regulations and Conditions. As witness my Hand and Seal, this _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and _____.”

And as every such Sale the said Deed or Conveyance (being executed by the Seller or Sellers, and the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Share or Shares) shall be kept by the said Purchaser or Purchasers for him, her or their Security, after the Clerk or Clerks to the said Company of Proprietors shall have entered in a proper Book or Books to be kept for that Purpose, a Memorial of such Transfer and Sale, for the Use of the said Company, and have testified and indorsed the Entry of such Memorial on the said Deed or Deeds or Transfers, for which no more than Two Shillings and Six pence shall be paid; and the said Clerk or Clerks is and are hereby required to make such Entry or Memorial accordingly, and until such Memorial shall have been made and entered as aforesaid, such Purchaser or Purchasers shall have no Part or Share of the Profits of the said Undertaking, nor any Interest for such Share or Shares paid to him, her or them, nor any Vote in respect thereof as a Proprietor or Proprietors of the said Undertaking.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That after any Call of such Money shall have been made by the said Committee or Court of Dividends as aforesaid, no Person or Persons shall sell or transfer any Share or Shares to which he, she or they shall be entitled in the said Undertaking as Proprietor or Proprietors, or to their respective Share or Shares therein to the said Company of Proprietors, in Trust for the Benefit of all the said Proprietors, unless at the time of such Sale or Transfer, such Person or Persons shall have paid and discharged to the Treasurer of the said Company of Proprietors, the whole and entire Sum of Money which shall have been called for upon such Share or Shares, and transferred, such Forefeiture notwithstanding to be notified and declared at a General or Special General Assembly, in manner before directed.

XL. And whereas, in Cases where the original Subscriber or Subscribers of One or more Share or Shares is the said Undertaking itself, namely, he, become Insolvent or Bankrupt, or go out of the Kingdom, or shall transfer his or her Right and Interest in same other Person, and no Register shall have been made of the Transfer thereof with the said Clerk, as directed by this Act, it may not be in the Power of the said Company of Proprietors, or their Treasurer or Clerk, to know who is the Owner or Proprietor of such Share or Shares, in order to give him, her or them Notice or Notices of Calls made on such Share or Shares, as is hereby required, and to maintain any Action or Actions against him, her or them for the Recovery of the same, or for the Purpose of likely paying to him, her or them the Interest or Dividends to which he, she or they may be entitled by virtue thereof; Be it therefore further enacted, That if any Person or Persons who shall claim any Part or Share of the Profits arising from the said Undertaking as Right of Marriage shall be entitled to receive the same, as Aforesaid, containing a Copy of the Register of such Meetings, shall be made and sworn to by some credible Person before One or the Judges of His Majesty's Court,

Page 111.

Shall say to hold.

Form of Conveyance of Shares.

Text.

No Share sold after a Call & Money paid.

Acquisition of Shares by the said Company, will be in Case of Advertisements.

S. Mordaunt.

Curia.

By Will or by
Court of Ad-
miralty.

Courts of Record at *Windsor*, or a Master or Master Extraordinary in Chancery, or any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, who are hereby authorized and empowered to swear any such Person to such Affidavit, and such Affidavit shall be transmitted to the Clerk or Clerks of the said Company for the true bearing, who shall file the same, and make an Entry thereof in the Book or Books which shall be kept by the said Clerk or Clerks for the Entry of Transfers and Sales of Shares in the said Undertaking; and that before any Person or Persons who shall claim any Part or Share of the Profits of the said Undertaking, shall be allowed any Beneficial Will, or in a Certificate of Administration, shall be entitled to receive the same, the said Will, or the Probate thereof, shall be produced and shown to the said Clerk or Clerks, or an Affidavit containing a Copy of the said Will as shall relate to the Share or Shares of the Testator, or of the Letters of Administration in each of the said Cases shall have been filed inrolled, shall be made and sworn to by any Executor or Executors of such Will, or by any Administrator or Administrators of the Estate and Effects (as the case may happen to be) before One of the Judges of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Windsor*, a Master or Master Extraordinary in Chancery, or One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, and shall also be transmitted to the said Clerk or Clerks, who shall file and enter the same in the manner herein mentioned, and that in all cases other than as hereinbefore mentioned, where the Right and Property in one or more Shares or Shares in the said Undertaking shall pass from the original Proprietor thereof to any other Person or Persons by any other legal means than by a Transfer or Conveyance thereof as herein directed, an Affidavit shall be made and sworn to by Two credible Persons, before One of the Judges at (a) His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Windsor*, or a Master or Master Extraordinary in Chancery, or One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, stating the manner in which such Shares or Shares hath or have passed to such other Person or Persons; and the said Judges, Master or Master Extraordinary in Chancery, or Justices of the Peace, are hereby authorized and empowered to swear any such Person to such Affidavit, and such Affidavit shall be transmitted to the Clerk or Clerks of the said Company of Proprietors, to the intent that he may and he is hereby required to enter and register the Name or Names of every such new Proprietor or Proprietors in the Register Book or List of Proprietors in the said Undertaking; and that in all or any of the said cases it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors, at any General or Special General Assembly, after Six Calendar Months Notice shall have been given by the said Treasurer or Clerk to the Person or Persons claiming by such Affidavit to be Owner or Owners thereof, and such Person or Persons shall not have paid his, her or their Proportion of the Money becoming payable by virtue of any Call or Calls as aforesaid, and after Notice thereof shall have been given Three times, at the Intervals of Seven Days between each Advertisement, in some One or more of the *London Newspapers*, to declare the same Shares or Shares to be forfeited, and in such case the same shall be and become forfeited and sold, and deposited in such manner as the said Company of Proprietors shall direct, or otherwise become consolidated in the General Fund of the said Company.

(c) [See in original MS.]

Names of Pro-
prietors and
Members of
Share owners,
and Certificate
of Number
Admitted.

XLII. And, for the better Security of the General Proprietors of the said Undertaking, as to their respective Shares therein, be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors shall, and they are hereby required to enter their full as at their subsequent General Assembly, or as soon as conveniently may be, to cause the Names and proper Addresses of the several Persons who shall be then entitled to any Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, with the Number of Shares which they are then respectively entitled to hold, and also the proper Number by which every Share shall be distinguished, to be fairly and distinctly entered in a Book or Book to be kept by the Clerk to the said Company of Proprietors, and after such Entry made, to cause their Common Seal to be affixed thereto, and shall also cause a Certificate or Instrument, with the Common Seal of the said Company affixed thereto, to be delivered to every such Subscriber upon Demand, specifying the Share or Shares to which he, she or they is or are entitled in the said Undertaking, or a Certificate for each separate and distinct Share, in case any Proprietor of more than One Share shall request the same, every such Proprietor paying to the Clerk Two Shillings and Six Pence, and so on, for every such Certificate or Instrument, and such Certificate or Instrument shall be admitted in all Courts whatever, as Evidence of the Title of such Subscriber, his, her or their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, to the Share or Shares therein specified, but the Want of such Certificate or Instrument shall not hinder or prevent the Owner or Proprietor of any Share or Shares from filing or disposing thereof; and in case any such Certificate or Instrument shall become defaced, worn out or damaged, or shall be stolen or have been lost or destroyed, then and in such case another Certificate shall be made out and entered by the Clerk on the same Terms and Conditions as aforesaid.

Power to Pro-
prietors to re-
ceive Money
paid on account
of Shares pro-
ceeding to selling
of A.S.

XLIII. And it is hereby further enacted, That all and every Sum and Sums of Money which shall, previous to the passing of this Act, have been paid by any Subscriber or Subscribers to the said Undertaking, for or on account of any Share or Shares therein, to any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall be accounted for by such Person or Persons, to the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee, or Court of Direction, and shall be paid to the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or to such Person or Persons, and at such time or times as they shall respectively agree; and in case of Non-payment thereof, the same shall and may be recovered by the said Company of Proprietors, from the Person or Persons to whom or to whose Account the same shall have been paid in such and the like manner, and by such ways and means, as if such Sum or Sums of Money had been advanced and paid by or received on Account of the said Company of Proprietors, after the passing of this Act.

Authority to
Company to
build Bridge.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company, and their Successors, their Deputies, Agents, Servants, Workmen and Artizans, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to dig, dig, and make and build, and cause to be built, and to complete, maintain and keep in Repair with Stone and Iron a Bridge across the River Thames, from the Bank or Shore thereof at or near a certain

a certain Wharf or Place on the North Side of the said River called the *Three Crosses*, in the Parish of *Saint James Garlick Hyke*, and *Saint Martin Parson*, in the City of *London*, to the opposite Bank on the South Side of the said River, in the Parish of *Saint Andrew*, in the County of *Surry*, and to dig and make proper Foundations in the said River, and on the Lands and Grounds lying on each Side thereof, for the Piers and Abutments of the said Bridge, and to cut and level the Banks of the said River on each side thereof as shall be necessary and proper for building the said Bridge, and to cut, remove, take and carry away all Trees, Roots of Trees, Beds of Gravel, Sand, Mud or any other Impediment whatsoever, which may in any wise tend to hinder the erecting and completing the said Bridge, and various all other Things requisite and necessary, helpful or convenient for erecting and building, maintaining and supporting the said Bridge, according to the Tenor and true Meaning of this Act; and further, that for the Purpose of erecting, building, maintaining, repairing and Supporting the said Bridge, the said Company shall, from time to time, have full Power and Authority in and on either Side of the said River, within One hundred Yards of the Site of the said Bridge, all Materials and other Things to be used in and about the same, and there to work and use such Materials and Things, according as they the said Company, and the Persons to be by them appointed shall think proper, without any previous Agreement with the Owners or Owners of the Property on which such Materials and other Things shall be loaded, worked or used, or of the Tenant or Tenants thereof; doing as little Damage as may be, and making such Satisfaction as hereinafter mentioned to the respective Owners and Occupiers of all Lands and Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments, which shall be altered, damaged, spoiled, taken or made use of by means, or for the Purpose of this present Act.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That there shall be constructed at each End of the said Bridge, and on each Side of each End thereof, convenient Stone Stairs and plying Places for the Use of the Watermen and Wherry-men rowing upon the River *Thames*, from *Wandier* in the County of *Berk* to *Cromford* in the County of *Kent*; and that they the said Watermen and Wherry-men shall have the free Use of the said Stairs on the same manner as they have of the Stairs and plying Places at *Windsor* Bridge and *Blindfriers* Bridge, and which said Stairs and plying Places shall, at all times after the same shall be made, be kept in Repair by the said Company of Proprietors and their Successors.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall be, and they are hereby empowered to take upon Lands, or to agree for the Use and Occupation of proper Places within Three hundred Yards of the Approach to the said Bridge on the South Side thereof, for the Purpose of depositing Stone, Iron, Timber and other Materials for building the said Bridge, and to fell the same, in such and the like manner as is hereinafter directed with respect to Lands set apart for the Purpose of this Act.

XLVI. And, to the Intent that the Navigation of the said River *Thames* may not be obstructed, be it further enacted, That there shall always be and remain a free and open Passage or Passages for the Water to pass and repass through the Arches of the Bridge to be built by virtue of this Act, in or to constitute a clear Water Way of Six hundred and Sixty Feet, at the least, within the Banks of the River, and that none of the Arches shall have a less Waterway than Two hundred and ten Feet in Width through each and every of the said Arches; and that the said Company of Proprietors shall not make any Embankment or Embankments above or below the said Bridge, on either Side thereof, that shall extend more than Fifty Feet in Length, above or below the said Bridge, or make such Embankment to extend into the River, within Five Feet of the nearest Part of either of the Arches next to the River Banks.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors in building and erecting the said Bridge, shall not erect or place more than Two Centres at one time under the Arches or intended Arches of the said Bridge; which the same shall be building, and shall not begin to erect any other Centre until One of the said Centres shall have been entirely removed, so that there shall not at any time be more than Two whole Centres standing, being or remaining under the Arches, or intended Arches of the said Bridge; nor shall the said Company of Proprietors make or permit any other unnecessary Obstruction to the Navigation in the Execution of the said Bridge; and in case more than Two Centres shall be standing, setting or remaining at the same time, or any other unnecessary Obstruction made as aforesaid, the said Company of Proprietors shall remove the same within Twenty Days after Notice in Writing shall be delivered to them, or left with any of their Agents, Clerks, Servants or Workmen, by or by the Order of the Lord Mayor for the time being of the City of *London* for that Purpose; and if the said Company of Proprietors shall neglect to remove within the time specified in such Notice, such Centres, or other Obstructions, then it shall be lawful for the said Lord Mayor for the time being, to remove, or cause the same to be removed, and cause them to rise at the same shall occur, and the Charges and Expenses of any such Removal shall be forthwith paid by the said Company to the said Lord Mayor for the time being, or his Order, together with the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every Neglect to remove any such Centre or Centres, or Obstructions, when required as before mentioned; the said Sum of Twenty Pounds to be recovered by Action at Law in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Windsor*.

XLVIII. And whereas it may happen that after the said Bridge shall have been completed and in use, the same may receive Damage by various Accidents, so that the Passage thereof may for a time become dangerous and inconvenient; be it further enacted, That when and as often as it shall be so happens it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Directors, or any Three or more of them, or such Person or Persons as they shall and may appoint for that Purpose from time to time, as often as Occasion shall require, to erect or build a Temporary Bridge at such Place or Places near to the Site of the said Bridge as they shall judge to be most proper and convenient, and there to take and receive for Passage over the River *Thames* by such Temporary Bridge, such Tolls as are herebefore authorized to be taken for passing over the said Bridge; Provided always, that such Temporary Bridge shall continue for

To build Stairs and Plying Places at each side of each End of the Bridge.

Places for Materials.

A free Passage for the Water of the River and City Port.

Not more than Two Centres shall be in the same time.

Fees.

Temporary Bridge.

shall.

Such time only as shall be necessary for repairing and rebuilding the said Bridge, and rendering the Passage over the same safe and commodious.

Company may
write upon
Bill.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors, at their own proper Costs and Charges, in lower or raise such Parts of a certain Street called *Queen Street*, in the City of London, and to widen and make other Alterations therein as may be deemed proper for the more convenient and facile Access to the said Bridge, and to alter and lay out such Parts thereof for Carriages, and such Part thereof for Foot Passengers as they shall think proper, and to cause to be dug up and carried away, out of, or to be brought into *Queen Street* above said, such Gravel, Stones, Sand and other Materials, and to employ such Artificers, Labourers, Carriers and others, and to do all other Acts which they shall judge necessary or conducive to the Purposes aforesaid, and to sell and dispose of the said Materials, and to apply the Money arising thereby towards re-imburser their Charges, and likewise that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors, if they shall think fit, at their own proper Costs and Charges, to raise, sink or otherwise alter the *Foundation* of any of the *Spans, Steps, Arches, Coffer Windows and Watercourses, Pipes or Spouts* belonging to any of the *Houses*, and also the *Leadens or other Pipes*, which for the Purpose of conveying *Water into any House or other Place* shall be laid into or from any *Pipe* laid down by any of the Companies or Societies who furnish the Inhabitants of the City of London with Water, and to remove and alter the *Course and Direction* of any *Sewers or Drains*, and to remove all other Obstructions, in so the same respectively be done with as little Detriment and Inconvenience to the said Companies, Societies and Inhabitants, as the Convenience of the said well admit, and so as the said Company of Proprietors do not lay all necessary Pavements, and make all necessary Drains and Sewers in the *Roadway and Strand* of those they shall so remove or alter as aforesaid: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to charge the said Company of Proprietors with repairing or making good such Pavements, Sewers, Drains or Alterations in future; but that from and after the time shall be in that, altered, repaired and made good as aforesaid, the same shall for ever thereafter be kept in Repair by such Persons or Parties, Companies or Societies as now are or hereafter shall be chargeable therewith.

Private.

5 feet from
Bridg-side to
Blackwall-street.

L. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors, and they are hereby empowered to design, lay out, open and make a *Footway and convenient Street, Way or Passage*, not less than *Twenty feet in Width* from *Head to Head*, from the *South Side* of the said Bridge, at or near a certain Place or Place called *Half the Alley to Blackwall Street*, both in *Southward* aforesaid, fit as to open opposite, or as nearly opposite as may be, a certain *Road* made or intended to be made pursuant to an Act made in the last Session [of Parliament, intitled, *An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the Borough of Southwark to the Kent Road in the County of Surrey*.] (a) [This Act not appearing to be in all of the last Session, but to be 40 G. 3. c. 40. Sec. 2. Cap. clxxv. part.]

A company taking
Land below the
the level of
Wharf-street.

LI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or any writ be construed to extend to or to authorize and empower the said Company of Proprietors to take any further or greater Quantity of *Land or Households* belonging to the *City of Westminster*, for the Purpose of making, completing and maintaining the said new Street intended to be made from *Half the Alley to Blackwall Street* aforesaid, than shall be deemed necessary and sufficient for the making, completing and maintaining such new intended Street, without the Consent in Writing of the *Lord Bishop of Winchester*, and his Successors for the time being, first had and obtained for that Purpose.

To wit: some
and others
to wit: the

LII. And whereas, in order to make a *gracious Access* to the said Bridge, on the *South Side* thereof, without destroying or encroaching the free Passage of *Persons, Horses and Carriages*, along the present Street or Road, called *Half the Alley, Southward*, it may be necessary to construct an Arch over the said Road or Street, under the ascending Avenue or Entrance to the said Bridge, on the *South Side* thereof: And whereas in making the said Street to communicate with the said Bridge, on the *South Side* thereof, from *Blackwall Street, Southward*, it may be necessary to take up and remove the Pavements of *Queen Alley, Lane, Courts and Streets*, through or over which the said new Street from *Blackwall Street* aforesaid is intended to be made: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors, and they are hereby required, at their own proper Costs and Charges, to make or cause to be made an Archway over the said Street or Road called *Half the Alley*, of a *Width* not being less than *Twenty four feet*, at the Bottom or widest Space thereof, of a *Height* being not less than *Fourteen Feet* from the *Course* of the said Arch to the *Level* of the said Road; and also, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors, and they are hereby also required, at their own proper Costs and Charges, to take up or cause to be taken up, all or any Part of the Pavements of the *Several Alleys, Lanes, Courts and Streets* aforesaid, through or over which the said new Street is intended to pass, and to repair, raise, relay and pave the *Carriage-way* of the said new Street with *Sound Gravel*, and the *Foot-way* with *Flagstone Flag Stones*, and put up and affix a sufficient Number of *Poles, Lamp Posts and Lamp Trees*, and otherwise make the said new Street fit for the *Traffic* of *Persons, Horses and Carriages*, and to alter and lay out such Parts thereof for Carriages, and such Parts thereof for Foot Passengers, as the said Company of Proprietors, at their own proper Costs and Charges, shall think proper, and to cause to be dug up, and carried away out of the said Alleys, Lanes, Courts and Streets aforesaid, and to be brought into the said intended new Street, such *Gravel, Stones and other Materials*, and to employ such Artificers, Labourers, Carriers and others, and to do all other Acts which they shall judge necessary or conducive to the Purposes aforesaid, and to repair, raise and lay the Pavements of the Alleys, Lanes, Courts and Streets on each Side of the said intended new Street, through and over which the same is intended to pass, in so the free Passage of the said Alleys, Lanes, Courts and Streets may not be obstructed or impeded, and to sell and dispose of

the old Materials, and to apply the Money arising thereby, towards re-imbursing their Charges; and likewise, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors, if they shall think fit, at their own proper Costs and Charges, to mife, sink or otherwise alter the Position of any of the Spurs, Steps, Arches, Celler Windows and Watercourses, Pipes or Spouts, belonging to any of the Houses, and also the Leads, or other Pipes, which for the Purpose of conveying Water into any House or other Place, shall be laid into or from any Pipe laid down by any of the Companies or Societies who furnish the Inhabitants of the said Borough of Southwark with Water, and to remove all Drains, Sewers and other Obstructions whatsoever, in or to the same be done with as little Detriment and Inconvenience to the said Companies, Societies and Inhabitants, as the Circumstances of the Case will admit, and so as all proper new Drains, Sewers and Watercourses be substituted in the Room or stead of such Drains, Sewers and Watercourses which shall or may be removed as aforesaid: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to charge the said Company of Proprietors with repairing or making good such Streets or Ways, Pavements or Alterations in future, but that from and after the time shall be made as aforesaid, the same shall for ever thereafter be repaired and maintained out of such Rates or Rates, and by such Persons or Persons, Companies or Societies, as shall by Law be chargeable therewith.

LIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all such Ballast, Sand, Gravel, Earth or other Materials as the said Company of Proprietors, or the Person employed or to be employed by them, shall at any time raise or take from and out of the said River Thames, for the Purpose of lowering the said Streets, or any other Passage whatsoever, under or by virtue of this Act, shall be raised and taken from such Parts of the said River only as the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, as Conservator of the said River, or the Person or Persons acting under his Authority, shall, or Request of the said Company of Proprietors in Writing, direct and appoint.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That all the Gravel, Ballast, Sand, Earth or other Materials which shall at any time or times hereafter be raised or taken from or out of the said River under the Authority of this Act shall be wholly removed, carried and conveyed from the said River, without encroaching or returning of any Part thereof into the said River after the same shall have been raised or taken from and out of the said River; and in case any Person shall throw or convey into the said River any Part of such Gravel, Ballast, Sand, Earth or other Materials so to be raised or taken from and out of the said River, after the same shall have been raised or taken from and out of the said River as aforesaid, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and Pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered before the Mayor or either of the Aldermen of the said City, by Information upon the Oath of the Informer, or One or more Witnesses or Witnesses, and that One Moiety of the said Penalty, when recovered, shall be given to the Informer, and the other Moiety shall be paid to or for the Use of the Mayor, Commonalty and Citizens of the said City.

LV. And whereas divers Wharfs, Warehouses, and other Buildings are situated on the Banks of the said River, near and contiguous to the Places from and to which the said Bridge is proposed to be erected and built: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors to take and use the Lands occupied by the said Wharfs, Warehouses and other Buildings, if requisite to be taken as aforesaid for and towards the Erection and Building of the said Bridge, and to take down and remove such Wharfs, Warehouses and other Buildings, upon giving Six Months Notice of such their Intention to the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers thereof, first making Satisfaction to the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of such Wharfs, Warehouses and other Buildings, in manner hereinafter directed, in respect of the Owners of other Lands.

LVI. And whereas it may be expedient and necessary to take down and remove certain Hoops, near and contiguous to the Places from and to which the said Bridge is proposed to be erected and built, for the Purpose of widening, enlarging and improving the Access to the said Bridge, Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors to take down and remove any Hoops or Hoops which may be deemed necessary and expedient to take down and remove, for the Purpose of crossing and building the said Bridge, and for widening, enlarging and improving the Access and Approaches thereto, upon giving Six Months Notice of such their Intention to the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of such Hoops or Hoops, and first making such Satisfaction to the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of such Hoops or Hoops in manner hereinafter directed, in respect of the Owners of Lands to be taken and used for the Purpose of this Act.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors to take and use any Lands, Grounds, Houses, Erections, Buildings, Tenements, Wharfs and Hereditaments which may be deemed necessary and convenient for the widening, making and constructing the said Access or Approaches to and from the said Bridge which the said Company of Proprietors are authorized to make and establish by virtue of this Act, upon giving Six Months Notice of such their Intention to the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of such Lands, Grounds, Houses, Erections, Buildings, Tenements, Wharfs and Hereditaments, and first making Satisfaction to the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of such Lands, Grounds, Houses, Erections, Buildings, Tenements, Wharfs and Hereditaments, in manner hereinafter directed: Provided always, that as Wharf, Ground, Warehouse, Hoop or Building, Garden, Planted Walk or Yard belonging to a Hoop, shall be taken or made use of by the said Company of Proprietors for the Purpose of this Act, except such as are mentioned in the Schedule hereunto annexed, without the Consent in Writing of the Owner or Owners thereof being first had and obtained for that Purpose.

LVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors by virtue of this Act shall not be enabled or authorized to take down and remove any of the Tenements or Buildings now in the Occupation of M^{rs}. GAWARD SOON, Situate on the West Side of High Street aforesaid, except the

Tenement used for a Press Shop, without first giving Eighteen Months Notice to the said Messrs. CHURCH and SON, or the Occupier or Occupiers of the said Premises, of such their Intention to take down and remove the same.

LIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize or empower the said Company of Proprietors to take any Lands, Grounds, Houses, Tenements or Premises, for the Purposes of this Act, or to proceed with the Works herein authorized to be made, until a sufficient Number of Subscribers shall have been obtained, who will undertake to raise the Sum of Three hundred thousand Pounds, such Subscriptions to be obtained within the Space of Eighteen Calendar Months from the passing of this Act, to be given to the Satisfaction of the Lord Mayor, and Court of Aldermen of the City of London, or to the Justices of the Peace for the County of Surrey, at such time or General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to be holden as and for the said Cause, and to be subject to all the Provisions and Enactments herein contained in respect of any other such Sum or Sums of Money mentioned in this Act.

LX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any of the Houses, Lands, Grounds, Gardens, Yards, Buildings, Closets, Wharfs and Hereditaments mentioned and described in the Schedule hereto annexed, or any of the Parts or Parts thereof shall be or shall be Occupied the same or any Part thereof any or be leased or let, or to be sold happen to be erected, alienated, or successively alienated, then and in such case, on the same being certified by any Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, City or Place in which the same shall sit or be situated, such Writings, Misesures or Instruments Definitive shall not prevent or retard the Execution of this Act; but the same Premises, and every Part thereof shall and may be purchased and sold, or alienated and related in manner hereinafter mentioned, and conveyed, disposed of and applied for and to the Purposes of this Act, as fully and effectually as if the same were or were properly leased or demised in the said Schedule.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That before any Lands, Grounds, Erection, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs or Hereditaments shall be purchased or taken by virtue of the Powers and Authorities of this Act, and before the said Bridge or Streets and Aqueducts thereto shall be begun to be erected, built, widened or made, the said Company of Proprietors shall and they are hereby required to avail in the Three Pounds per Curiam Consolidated Bank Association, in the Names of Sir Charles Price and Sir William Glynne Bartons, and of George Henry Benger, Samuel Thorne, and William Mallet Esquires, or the Survivors or Successors of them, the Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds, which Sum, when it is levied, together with all the Interest and Dividends to accrue thereon, and which are hereby directed to be availed from time to time as they shall become payable, in the said Fund, is Accumulated with the said Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds shall be and continue in Trust for the Purposes hereinafter directed concerning the same; and when and as soon as it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the said Trustees for the same being, or the Majority of them, that the said Bridge and Streets, and the Works connected therewith shall be to be erected, built and made, that the said Sum of Money is levied in the Three Pounds per Curiam Consolidated Bank Association as hereinafore specified, together with the Accumulations so aforesaid, will be sufficient to build and complete the said Bridge, Streets and Works, then the said Trustees shall and they are hereby authorized and required to transfer the same to the said Company of Proprietors, or as they shall direct, to be applied for that Purpose; and in case the said Company of Proprietors shall not within Ten Years from and after the passing of this Act complete the said Bridge, Streets and Works, then the said Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds, together with the Accumulations before mentioned, shall be applied in raising such Parts of the Bridge and Works as shall or may be then erected and built unfinished in such manner as they the said Trustees, or a Majority of them for the time being, shall order and direct: or in case the said Company of Proprietors shall at any time after the passing of this Act neglect or omit, for the Space of Six Calendar Months in Succession to proceed with or make reasonable Progress in erecting, building and making the said Bridge, Streets and Works, a Bill and may be lawfully for the said Trustees, or the Majority of them for the time being, if they shall in their Defence think proper, forthwith to apply the said Trust Funds and Accumulations in raising such Part or Parts of the said Bridge or Works as shall have been erected, built and made, and which shall have been in fact unfinished in the same manner as if the aforesaid Term of Ten Years had actually expired.

LXII. And it is hereby further enacted, That if shall and may be lawful for the said Committee or Court of Direction, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to make Call or Calls from the Subscribers or and Proprietors of and in the said Undertaking, for his, her or their several and proportionable Part of the said Sum of Four hundred thousand Pounds according to the Amount of his, her or their respective Subscriptions; and if any Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect, or having been duly required by Notice to be given in manner hereinafter mentioned, to pay within Thirty Days from the Date thereof the Amount of his, her or their several or proportionable Part of the Money so to be called for as aforesaid; then and in such case, and immediately thereafter he, he or they is refusing or neglecting shall forfeit his, her or their Share or respective Shares in the said Undertaking, and all the Profits and Benefits thereof; all which Shares so forfeited as last mentioned shall be publicly sold for the Use of the rest of the said Proprietors whose Shares and Interests shall not have been forfeited as last aforesaid, and the Purchaser or respective Purchasers of such Share or Shares shall within Fourteen Days next after such Profits or respective Profits shall be made, pay such sum or sums which they shall be permitted, or to reach thereof as shall not have been paid by the Person or Persons to whose said Share or respective Shares shall have previously belonged, or otherwise, such their respective Shares so purchased shall again be subject to Call here and here in the same manner as hereinafore provided in case of Non-payment by the said Subscribers or Proprietors.

LXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That as often as any of the said Trustees hereto appointed, shall die or refuse to act, or on any Account become incapable of acting during the Continuance of the Trust hereby created, he shall be lawful for the surviving or remaining Trustees, or the major Part of them, by Writing under their respective Hands, to nominate as if against One or more in Fee Simple or Fee Tail to be a Trustee or Trustees in the Place of him or them so dying, refusing to act, or becoming incapable of acting, and the Person or Persons so nominated shall have the same Powers and Authorities as the Trustee or Trustees named.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That if the said Company of Proprietors shall not within Ten Years from and after the passing of this Act complete the said Bridge, and also the said Street from the said Bridge to Aldersgate Street aforesaid, it is to make the same payable for Half and Cornage, that then and from thenceforth all and singular the Powers and Authorities vested in them by this Act shall cease and terminate to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That after any Lands, Grounds, Easements, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs or Hereditaments shall be let out and contracted for building the said Bridge, and for making, widening and continuing the streets, Arches and Avenues thereto, or any Part or Parts thereof, or any of them, it shall and may be lawful to and for all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, Corporations, Aggregates or Sole, and to and for all Tenants for Life, and Tenants in Fee Tail, General or Special, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives whether in Possession, Remainder, Reversion, Expectancy or otherwise, and to and for all Husband, Guardians, Trustees and Feoffees in Trust for Charitable and other Purposes, Compositors, Inventors and Administrators, and all other Trustees and Persons whatsoever, not only for and on behalf of themselves, their Heirs and Successors, but also for and on behalf of their Lifeless Tenants, whether Infants, Illaw others, Leases, Intests, Fees, Coverts, or other Persons or Persons, and to and for all Femer Coverts who are or shall be seized, possessed of or interested in their own Right, or entitled to Dower or other Interest therein, and to and for all and every other Person or Persons whatsoever, who is, or are, or shall be seized, possessed of or interested in any Lands, Grounds, Easements, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs or Hereditaments which shall be let out and contracted for the Purpose aforesaid, or contract for, lease, sell and convey the same and every Part thereof to the said Company of Proprietors, and all such Contracts, Agreements, Leases, Sales, Conveyances and Assurances shall be made at the Expense of the said Company of Proprietors, which said Leases, Sales, Conveyances and Assurances shall be kept by the Clerk or Clerks to the said Company of Proprietors; who shall from time to time, when required, deliver certified Copies thereof to any Person or Persons interested therein requiring the same, and shall have and receive Nine Pence for every One hundred Words of each such certified Copy, and in proportion for any less Number of Words; and every such Conveyance to be made by virtue of this Act, in the Manner and Form aforesaid, shall be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; any Law, Statute, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

LXVI. Provided always, and it is further enacted, That all and every Body and Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, and Tenants and Tenants for Life, and Tenants and Tenants in Fee Tail, General or Special, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, whether in Possession, Remainder, Reversion, Expectancy or otherwise; and all Feoffees in Trust, Executors, Administrators, Fees, Coverts, Husband, Guardians, Compositors, Trustees, and all and every other Person or Persons who is or are seized, possessed of or interested in any Lands, Grounds, Easements, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs and Hereditaments through, in or upon which the said Bridge, streets, Arches or Avenues thereto, and other Works hereby authorized to be built, made and continued, are intended to be built, made and continued, may accept and receive Satisfaction for the Value of such Lands, Grounds, Easements, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs and Hereditaments, and for the Damages to be sustained by the making and completing the said Works herein directed and authorized to be made, either in ready Money or by annual Rents (except in cases of Spiritual Persons to whom Compensation for Clerk and Tithes shall be made in manner hereinafter directed), as shall be agreed upon by and between the said Parties interested respectively, or any of them, and the said Company of Proprietors or their Committee or Court of Directors, and in case the said Parties is interested in the said Lands, Grounds, Waters (a), Easements, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs and Hereditaments, or any of them, and the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Directors, cannot agree as to the Amount or Value of such Satisfaction, the same shall be limited and ascertained as is hereinafter directed; and all such yearly Rents or Sums as shall be agreed on between the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Directors, and the said Parties is interested in such Lands, Waters (a), Easements, Buildings, Houses, Grounds, Tenements, Wharfs and Hereditaments, or any of them, or as shall be ascertained and limited, shall be charged on the Tolls and Rates arising by virtue of this Act; and such Rents or Sums shall be paid by the said Company of Proprietors either Yearly or Half Yearly, as the same shall be agreed to by and between the said Parties; and in case the same shall not be paid within Thirty Days next after the same shall become due and payable, it shall and may be lawful to and for any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County where such Lands, Grounds, Easements, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs or Hereditaments may happen to be, upon Affidavit made before them that the same has been due and payable for upwards of Thirty Days, and is not yet paid and discharged, by an Order under their Hand to appoint One or more Justices or Justices to receive the Rates and Tolls hereby granted and made payable, and to pay the same to such Person or Persons to whom such yearly Rents or Sums shall be due and unpaid as aforesaid, the said Justices taking such Security from every such Person for the due and faithful Execution of his Office, as they shall judge proper and sufficient, and every such Person so appointed shall be deemed a Collector of the said Rates and Tolls, and shall have the same Power and Authority for collecting

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the same, and shall be subject to the same Penalties, Rules and Regulations, and shall receive and write thereon such reasonable Satisfaction for his Trouble therein as the said Justice respectively shall determine, in like manner as if he had been appointed a Collector of the said Rates and Tolls by the said Company of Proprietors, or their said Committee or Court of Directors, and that such yearly Rents or Sums, together with all Costs and Damages by reason of the Nonpayment thereof, shall be fully satisfied and paid; and it shall and lawfully be, lawful to and for each Bodys Public, Corporate, Collegiate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, and Tenant and T.ants for Life, whether its Possessor, Remainder, Reversion or Expectancy, and Tenant or Tenant in Fee Tail, General or Special, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, and all Persons in Trust, Executors, Administrators, Feoffees Coven, Husband, Guardians, Committees, Trustees and all and every other Person or Persons to whose such yearly Rents or Sums shall be due and owing as aforesaid, to sue for and recover the same with full Costs of Suit, by Action of Debt in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or otherwise to take and distress the Tolls and Rates arising by virtue of this Act, (Information of such Default being necessarily given to the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Directors, by Notice in Writing delivered at the Office of the Clerk of the said Company, or affixed to some of their Gates or Toll Houses, near to the Place where such Default was made) and to detain so much of the said Rates and Tolls as shall amount to such Sum or Sums of Money to be due and unpaid as aforesaid, together with the reasonable Charges attending such Defaults.

LXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any such Body Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, or any Professor or Persons in Trust, Executor, Administrator, Husband, Guardian, Trustee, Committee or for any Indict or Lessor, or any Feoffee Coven, or any Person whether Tenant for Life, or in Fee Tail, General or Special, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, or any other Person or Persons is arrested or entitled as aforesaid, consent agree with the said Committee or Court of Directors, respecting the Possession of or the annual Rent for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or the Satisfaction to be made for any Damages that may be suffered from time to time by him, her or these, by the making, widening or maintaining of the said Bridge or Streets, or any Part or Parts thereof, or any of the Works to be made and executed by virtue of this Act, and shall give Notice in Writing to the Clerk of the said Company, or of the said Committee or Court of Directors, requiring a Jury to be summoned for the Purpose of determining such Particulars, annual Rent or Satisfaction, or if any such Body Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, or any Person or Persons is arrested or entitled as aforesaid, shall, upon Notice in Writing, given by the Clerk of the said Company, or of the said Committee or Court of Directors, to the principal Officers of any such Body Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, or to such Professor or Persons in Trust, Executor, Administrator, Husband, Guardian, Trustee, Committee or for any Indict, Lessor or any Feoffee Coven, or to such Tenant for Life, or in Fee Tail, General or Special, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, or other Person or Persons is arrested or entitled as aforesaid respectively, or left at the last or next Place or Places of his, her or their Abode, or with the Tenant or Tenant, Occupier or Occupiers of any Lands or other Hereditaments, to be made effect of for the Purpose of this Act, for the Space of Twenty one Days next after such Notice, neglect or refusal to consent, or shall not agree with the said Company of Proprietors, or by reason of Absence, or otherwise, shall be proceeded from thence, or through Disability, by Jurors, Commissioners or other Justices, chosen first for themselves, or make such Agreement or Agreements as shall be necessary for the Purpose aforesaid, or shall not within the before mentioned Space of Twenty one Days, produce and fully discharge the State of the Title to the Premises which he, she or they respectively is or are, or shall be in Possession of, and the Interest which he, she or they respectively may claim therein, then and in every such Case the said Committee or Court of Directors, or any Three or more of them, shall, and they are hereby empowered and required within Twenty one Days after the Receipt of such Notice by the Clerk to the said Company of Proprietors, or of the said Committee or Court of Directors, to call Security in manner herein required shall be given, or after the Expiration of Twenty one Days after the Delivery of such Notice by the said Clerk (as the case may be) to issue a Warrant under their Hands and Seals, directed to the Sheriffs of London, or to the Sheriff of the County of Surrey, as the case shall require, and to call the said Sheriff or Sheriffs, or his or their Under Sheriff shall be One of the said Company of Proprietors, or enjoy any Office or Place of Profit or Trust under them, or shall be otherwise interested in the Matter in question, then to any One of the Governors of the said City or County who shall not be so interested as aforesaid, and in case all the said Governors of the said City or County shall be so interested, then to the last Person or Persons who filled the Office of Sheriff of London, or Sheriff of the County of Surrey, who shall not be so interested as aforesaid; commanding such Sheriff or Sheriffs, Under Sheriff, Comor or such other Person or Persons, summoned and return a Jury, and the said Sheriff or Sheriffs, Under Sheriff, Comor or such other Person or Persons, are and they are hereby required accordingly to impanel, summon and return a Jury of Twenty four honest, sufficient and indifferent Men, qualified according to the Laws of this Realm to be named for the Trial of Issues in His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, so appear before the said Sheriff or Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Comor or such other Person or Persons at such Time and Place, as in such Warrant shall be appointed, such time not being less than Eight or more than Fourteen Days after such Warrant shall be served upon the said Sheriff or Sheriffs, Under Sheriff, Comor or such other Person or Persons, or Eight Days Notice at the least in Writing, under the Hands of the said Committee or Court of Directors, or any Three or more of them, as hereby required to be given to such Owners, Proprietors, Occupiers, Corporations, Trustees or any other Person or Persons as aforesaid, interested in any such Lands or other Hereditaments or to be left at the respective Dwelling Houses or Places of Abode of such Person or Persons, or of the Head Office or Offices of such Corporation, or at the Heads of the Tenants in possession of such Lands or other Hereditaments of the Time and Place of the said Jury being so empowered, summoned and returned, and the said Sheriff or Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Comor

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or such other Person or Persons, or to be lawfully required, out of the Persons so appointed, summoned, summoned
 and returned, or out of such of them as shall appear upon such Summons, to swear or make to be sworn
 Twelve, who shall be the Jury for the Purposes aforesaid, and in default of a sufficient Number of Jurymen,
 the said Sheriff or Sheriffs, Under Sheriff, Coroner, or such other Person or Persons, shall within other
 lawful, sufficient and sufficient Men of the Stand-by, or that can be speedily procured, to which that
 Service (being qualified as last aforesaid) to make up the said Jury to the Number of Twelve; and it
 shall and may be lawful to and for all Persons concerned, by themselves, their Counsel and Solicitors,
 to attend and be heard, and to adduce Evidence before the said Sheriff or Sheriffs, Under Sheriff, Coroner
 or such other Person or Persons respectively, and such Person shall also have their lawful Challenges against any
 of the said Jurymen, when they come to be sworn, but shall not challenge the Array; and the said Sheriff
 or Sheriffs, Under Sheriff, Coroner or such other Person or Persons, is and are lawfully empowered and
 required, by a Summons or Notice to be signed by such Sheriff or Sheriffs, Under Sheriff, Coroner or
 such other Person or Persons, either personally or at the time of any such Meeting or Meetings, to call before
 them all and every Person or Persons who shall be thought necessary and proper to be examined as a Witness
 or Witnesses upon Oath, touching and concerning the Premises; and the said Sheriff or Sheriffs, Under
 Sheriff, Coroner or such other Person or Persons, may order and authorize the said Jury, or any Three or
 more of them, to view the Place or Places, or Matter or Matters in question, if there be Occasion, and to
 take all other lawful ways and means, as well for he and their own as for the Jury's better Information in the
 Premises, as the said Sheriff or Sheriffs, Under Sheriff, Coroner or such other Person or Persons shall think
 fit; which Jury upon their Oaths (which Oaths, as well as the Oaths to such Person or Persons as shall be
 called upon to give Evidence, the said Sheriff or Sheriffs, Under Sheriff, Coroner or such other Person or
 Persons, are and is hereby empowered and required to administer) shall enquire of, assess and ascertain the
 Sum of Money or several Rents to be paid for the Purchase of such Lands or other Hereditaments, or what
 Damages will be followed by and what Recompense and Satisfaction shall be made to such Owners, Occu-
 piers or other Person or Persons interested for or on account of the taking of such Lands or other Heredita-
 ments for the Purposes of this Act, or of taking any Part or Parts of the said Street or Streets, Arches
 or Arcades to the said Bridge, into, over or through the same Lands or other Hereditaments, and shall
 assess separate Damages for the same; and after the said Jury shall have enquired of, assessed and settled
 such Damages, Recompense and Satisfaction, the said Sheriff or Sheriffs, Under Sheriff, Coroner or
 such other Person or Persons, shall thereupon order the Sum or Sums of Money to be assessed by the said Jury to be
 paid by the said Company of Proprietors, or by the said Committee or Court of Direction on their behalf,
 to the said Owners or Occupiers of or other Person or Persons interested in the said Lands or other Heredita-
 ments, according to the Verdict or Judgment of the said Jury, and shall give Judgment for such Partic-
 ular Monies, Rents, Recompense or Satisfaction to be assessed by such Jury, which said Verdict or In-
 quiry, Order and Judgment, whereas pronounced as aforesaid, shall be signed by the said Sheriff or Sheriffs,
 Under Sheriff, Coroner or such other Person or Persons, and shall be final, binding and conclusive to all
 intents and Purposes, against all Parties and Persons whatsoever claiming any Estate in Fee Simple or Fee
 Tail, for Life or Years, in Possession, Reversion, Remainder, Executory, or otherwise, their Heirs, Suc-
 cessors, Executors and Administrators, Infants, Theirutors, Females Covert, Persons beyond the Seas, and
 under any other Disability whatsoever, Bodies Politic, Corporation or Collegiate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, Cor-
 poration Aggregate or Sole, as well as all other Persons whatsoever, and shall not be removed by Grievance
 or other Process into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or any other Courts; any Law
 or Statute to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

LXXVII. And by a further Statute, That if any Sheriff or Sheriffs, Under Sheriff, Coroner, or such other
 Person or Persons be directed to summon, summon and return a Jury as aforesaid, or his or their Deputy or
 Agent, shall make Default in the Premises, he or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum
 of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or on the Case, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Rec-
 ord at Westminster, by the said Company of Proprietors, or by such Bodies Politic, Corporation or Collegiate,
 Ecclesiastical or Civil, or any other Person or Persons interested in the Matter in question, and if any Person
 so appointed, summoned and returned as aforesaid upon such Jury shall not appear, without some reasonable
 Excuse, or, appearing, shall refuse to be sworn on the said Jury, or, being so sworn, shall refuse to give, or
 shall not give his Verdict, or shall in any other manner wilfully neglect his Duty therein, contrary to the true
 Intent and Meaning of this Act, he shall be liable and subject to the same Regulations and to the same Pen-
 es and Penalties for such Default, as if he had been appointed, summoned and returned for the Trial of any
 other Cause in any of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster; and if any Person so summoned and required to
 give Evidence before the said Jury, touching the Premises, shall neglect or refuse to appear, or shall not bring
 a sufficient Excuse to the said Sheriff or Sheriffs, Under Sheriff, Coroner, or such other Person or Persons,
 for not appearing, or, appearing, shall refuse to be sworn and examined, or to give Evidence, then and in
 every such case, every such Person so offending, upon Proof thereof made before One of His Majesty's Jus-
 tices of the Peace for the City or County, in which the Matter as aforesaid shall arise, upon the Oath of One
 or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding
 five Pounds, according to the Direction of the said Justice; and in case any such Person shall not be forth-
 coming, he shall and may be lawfully by virtue of any Warrant under the Great Seal of the said Justice,
 by Letters or a Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person so offending, rendering to such Person the
 Quantity above such Penalty; and the Charges of such Default and trial shall be ordered, and every such Pen-
 alty which shall be paid by or recovered from any Person who shall be appointed, summoned and returned

on each Jury, or to give Evidence as aforesaid, shall go and be paid to the Petitor or Petitors, who shall appear to the said Justice to be injured by the Default of such Petitors.

Perjury

LXXIX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Petitor or Petitors, who, in any Examination to be taken upon Oath by virtue of this Act, shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, or otherwise forfeit themselves, before any such Jury, or before any Justice of the Peace, sitting as such in the Execution of this Act, shall and may be so punished for the same, and, upon Conviction thereof, shall be subject and liable to such and the same Fines and Penalties, as Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, are by the Laws in that behalf made and habit so.

Petitors to pay
Expenses to
Petitors and
Witnesses

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Body or Bodies Publick, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, and Petitor or Petitors requiring a Jury to be summoned, shall (before such Warrant shall be issued for the Purpose) enter into a Bond with Two or Three to be named in the Clerk or Treasurer to the said Company of Proprietors, in a Penalty of Two hundred and fifty Pounds, with Condition to pay and bear the Costs and Expenses of summoning such Jury, and taking such Verdict, in case the same shall be given for or against or for a less Sum or Rent than had been offered by or on behalf of the said Company of Proprietors, before the summoning, summoning and returning the said Jury or Juries for the Purposes of, or in a Recompense for any Lands or other Hereditaments, or as a Compensation for any Damages, or in case no Verdict shall be found for Damages where the whole Dispute was whether any Damages were or were not done as aforesaid.

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their own Appli-
cations

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors, or their said Committee or Court of Direction shall not, nor shall any of them be obliged or allowed, by virtue of this Act, to receive or take Notice of any Complaint or Complaints to be made by any Petitor or Petitors whatsoever, for any Injury or Damage by him, her or them sustained or supposed to be sustained by virtue or in consequence of this Act, unless Notice shall have been given thereof, by or on behalf of such Petitor or Petitors to the Clerk of the said Company, or of the said Committee or Court of Direction, within the Space of Two Calendar Months next after the time that such supposed Injury or Damage shall have been sustained, or the doing or commission thereof shall have ceased.

Satisfaction for
Tithes

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That all Recompense, Satisfaction and Compensation shall be made by the said Company of Proprietors for all the Tithes both Great and Small, of the Lands which shall or may be taken or made use of by the said Company of the Purpoles and in pursuance of the Powers of this Act, to the respective Petitors entitled or who shall have been entitled to such Tithes, in case such Lands had not been taken or made use of according to their respective Inverall therrers, such Tithes to be estimated at the average Value of Four Years, commencing at St. Andrew's, in the Year of our said King three hundred and six, such average Value to be determined (in case of any Difference concerning the same) in like manner as the Value of any Lands or other Hereditaments is heretofore deemed to be determined: Provided always, that the Recompense and Satisfaction to be given by virtue of this Act for all Glebe Lands and Tithes, belonging to Spiritual Persons, shall be made to such Person by an annual Rent.

Penalty

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That in such and every case where a Verdict shall be given for more Money, or for a greater annual Rent, for a Recompense or Satisfaction for the absolute Sale of any Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments of or belonging to any Body or Bodies Publick, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, or to any Petitor or Petitors unknown, or as a Compensation for any Damages done or to be done to any Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments or other Property than had been previously offered by or on behalf of the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or where any Verdict shall be found for any Damages where the Dispute is for Damages only, and where no Compensation, or a smaller Sum than shall be given by such Verdict had been previously offered or tendered in respect thereof, by or on behalf of the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or where by order of Abolition in Foreign Countries, or other Impediment or Disability as aforesaid, there shall not be found any Petitor or Petitors at hand who may be legally capacitated to enter into a Contract with as to make Conveyances to and receive Compenations from the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction as heretofore mentioned, then and in all such cases all the Expenses of summoning, summoning and returning such Jury, and taking such Verdict, shall be settled by the said Six or six or Sheriff, Under Seal, the Costs, or such other Petitor or Petitor so impeaching, summoning and returning such Jury, and taking such Verdict as aforesaid, and be delayed by the said Company of Proprietors, but if any Verdict shall be given for the same Sum or Rent as had been previously offered by or on behalf of the said Company, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or for a less Sum than had been previously offered, or for Damages where the Dispute is for Damages only, or in case of such Refusal or Neglect to enter into Treaty with or make Conveyances to or receive Compensation from the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, by any Body or Bodies Publick, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, by any Petitor or Petitor whatsoever, who is or are by the Provisions of this Act or otherwise legally capacitated to treat and convey, or receive such Compensation as aforesaid, then and in all such cases (except where by reason of Abolition or otherwise any Petitor or Petitors shall have been prevented from treating and agreeing as aforesaid, where such Costs and Expenses shall be paid by the said Proprietors), the Costs and Expenses of summoning, summoning and returning such Jury, and taking such Verdict, shall be settled in like manner by the said Sheriff or Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Coroner, or such other Petitor or Petitor so impeaching, summoning and returning such Jury and taking such Verdict, and be same and paid by the Body or Bodies Publick, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, or other Petitor or Petitors with whom the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, shall have such Contract, Dispute or Conveyances, which

Expenses of Jury
and Witnesses,
by whom paid

shall

aid Costs and Expenses having been settled, shall and may be deducted out of the Money so offered, and adjudged as in such Money advanced to and for the Use of such Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, or other Persons or Persons as aforesaid, and the Payment or Tender of the Remainder of such Sum or Sums of Money shall be cleared and taken, to all Interest and Purposes, to be a Payment or Tender of the whole Sum or Sums so offered and adjudged; and as often as Damages shall be given by such Vendor, where the Defect is for Damages only, such Costs and Expenses, after having been so ascertained and settled as aforesaid, shall and may be recovered by the said Company, by such ways and means as are herein provided for the Recovery of any Penalty or Forfeiture incurred by this Act.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Statutes Under Sherrifs, Coroners, or such other Persons or Persons, and Juries respectively, in their Awards, Determinations, Adjournments, Judgments and Verdicts, concerning the Value of Lands, Tenements and other Hereditaments shall separately and distinctly proportion off any purchaser Estate, Term or Interest, and also any Damages sustained or to be sustained by any Body Politic or Bodies Politic, Corporate, Collegiate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, by or in consequence of the Execution of any Power of that Act, and shall assess and adjudge the Value for open such Estate, Term and Interest, and the Money assessed and adjudged for such Damages as aforesaid distinct and separate from each other.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment or legal Tender of such Sum or Sums of Money, or giving Security for Payment of any such annual Rent as shall have been contracted or agreed for between the Parties, or assigned and determined by the said Comaster or Court of Directions, or assised by such Jury as in manner respectively as aforesaid for the Purchase or Rent of any such Lands, Tythes or other Hereditaments, or as a Recompense for any yearly Produce or Profits thereof as herebefore mentioned to the Proprietor or Proprietors of such Lands, Tythes or other Hereditaments, or to such other Person or Persons as shall be interested therein, or entitled to receive such Purchase Money or Rent respectively, or his, or her, or their Agent or Agents at any time after the same shall have been actually so agreed for, determined or assised, or deposited in the name of the Bank of England, in manner by this Act directed, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors and their Agents, Workmen and Servants, immediately to enter upon such Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments respectively (or before such Payment or Tender or Security given by Lease of the Owners or Occupiers thereof) and then and thenceforth to enjoy the sole Property of the said Company of Proprietors to and for the Purposes of this Act for ever; and such Payment, Tender or Deposit shall not only be all Right, Title, Claim, Interest or Demand of the Person or Persons to whom the same shall or ought to have been made, but also shall extend to and be deemed and construed to be the Discharge of the Writ of every such Person, and all Estates Tail and other Estates in Reversion, Remainder, Expectancy or otherwise of his, her or their Estate, and of all and every other Person and Persons interested therein; Provided nevertheless, that before such Payment, Security, Tender, Satisfaction or Deposit made or given as aforesaid shall be made, it shall not be lawful to or for the said Company of Proprietors, or any Person or Persons acting under or by virtue of their Authority, to dig or cut or otherwise affect any Lands or Grounds, or to take down, remove or otherwise affect any Lands or Grounds, Tenements or other Hereditaments of the Person or Persons entitled to such Payment or Security for the Purpose of building or erecting the said Bridge, or of making or controlling any of the Streets, Arches or Avenues to or from the same, or any of the Works thereto belonging, or to cut the Lease and Contract of such Person or Persons respectively.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Judgments and Verdicts in force shall be transmitted to and be kept by the respective Clerks of the Peace, or other Person or Persons having the Custody of the Records of the Quarter Sessions of the said City of London and County of Surrey respectively, where such Vendor shall have been given, and shall be deposited with and be deemed to be Records of such Quarter Sessions respectively, to all Intents and Purposes, and the same, or true Copies thereof, shall be allowed to be used Evidence in all Courts of Law, and all Persons shall have Liberty to inspect the same, paying for each Copy from the Sum of One Shilling, or to have Copies thereof, paying for every Copy the Sum of Nine pence every One hundred Words; and to be Proportion for any greater or less Number of Words.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Conveyance of any such Estate or Interest of any Free Copy to the said Company of Proprietors, or any Person or Persons in Trust for them, by Indenture or Instrument of Bargain and Sale, sealed and delivered by such Free Copy in the Presence of indifferently Two credible Witnesses, and duly acknowledged and enrolled at the Court of Hallings of the City of London, or at the Presence in question by such Free Copy or the Liberties thereof, but if not a Free Copy or Liberties, then to be written in the High Court of Chancery within Six Calendar Months after the making thereof, shall as effectually and absolutely convey the Estate and Interest of such Free Copy to the Premises as if by Fine or Fine, Recovery or Return would or could, (as if leased or conveyed thereof in due Form of Law); and further, that all Bargains and Sales whatsoever to be made of any such House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, shall be parolled by the said Company of Proprietors by virtue of and for the Purposes of this Act, and enrolled as aforesaid, (and also the like Trusts, Leases and Openings in Law, to all Estates and Purposes, as any Fine or Fine, Recovery or Return, whatsoever would have had effect if leased or conveyed by the same or Bargainers, or any Person or Persons named or entitled to any Estate or Interest in the same, as if in Trust for such Barganser or Bargainers, or to any legal Man or Person whatsoever).

LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Grants and Conveyances to be made by the said Company of Proprietors, under or by virtue, and in pursuance of the several Powers and Authorities to them therein given,

The Value of Lands and other Hereditaments shall be assessed separately.

Lands to vest in Company on Payment or giving Security for Value or Amount of Damages.

Page 5.

Verdicts of Justice recorded.

Subject.

Engage and hold to make the Form of Fine and Recovery.

The Words "to be given" shall not be given.

reference to Co-
venants in Title

them, the Words "grants, bargains and sell." Shall extend to and be confirmed and adjudged in all Courts of Judicature to be express Covenants as the Grantors, Lessee or other Purchaser, his, her and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, from the said Company of Proprietors, for themselves and their Successors, that they the said Company of Proprietors, notwithstanding any Act done by them, were at the time of the Execution of every such Grant or Conveyance bound of the Heirs and Assigns and Parties thereby granted, conveyed and sold of as indefeasible Estates of Inheritance in Fee Simple, free from all Incumbrances, for quiet Enjoyment thereof, against the said Company of Proprietors, their Successors and Assigns, and all claiming under them; and that all such Purchasers shall be indemnified and saved hereunto by the said Company of Proprietors and their Successors.

LXXXIX. And whereas, in order to carry into Effect the Purposes of this Act, and to avoid Disputes with the Owners of Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs or Hereditaments which may be affected by building the said Bridge, and by making, widening and consolidating the Streets, Avenues and Arches, the said Company of Proprietors, may purchase Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Wharfs, Tenements or Hereditaments not necessary to be made use of for the Purposes of this Act: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors to sell and dispose of and by Indenture under their Common Seal, (which) may sign and convey such Part or Parts of the Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Wharfs, Tenements or Hereditaments which shall be so purchased by and conveyed to the said Company of Proprietors as aforesaid, and which shall not be wanted for the Purposes of this Act; and also to lay out and appropriate any Part of the said Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Wharfs, Tenements and Hereditaments, as and for a Street or Streets, Way or Ways, Avenue or Avenues, Passage or Passages, and the said said Company of Proprietors from the said Company of Proprietors shall be valid and effectual; any Law, Statute or Custom to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding; and upon Payment of the Money which shall and may be due or due or Sale of such Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Wharfs, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Parts or Parts thereof, it shall be lawful for the Trustees or Trustees, for the time being, to the said Company of Proprietors to sign and give Receipts for the Money for which the same shall be sold, which Receipts shall be sufficient Discharges to any Parties or Parties for the Purchase Money for such Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Wharfs, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Parts or Parts thereof as shall be sold, or for so much thereof as in such Receipts respectively shall be expressed to be received; and such Parties or Parties shall not afterwards be answerable or accountable for any Loss, Misapplication, or Non-application of such Purchase Money or any Part thereof: Provided always, That the said Company of Proprietors, before they shall sell and dispose of such Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Estate or Interest therein, shall first offer to sell the same to any Parties or Parties from whom they shall have purchased the same, for such Estate or Interest as such Parties or Parties had therein, and sold to the said Company of Proprietors for and at a Price to be paid by the said Company; and in case the said Company and such Parties or Parties shall differ and not agree as to the Price or Prices thereof, and such Parties or Parties shall nevertheless signify his, her or their Desire to purchase the same by a Notice in Writing to be given or left with the Clerk of the said Company within Fourteen Days after such Offer, at a Price to be adjusted and settled by a Jury to be summoned as in case of Purchases made by the said Company as herein aforesaid, unless otherwise, which Notice shall be deemed an actual Contract for purchase of the said Premises, as against the Parties giving the same at the Price which shall be adjusted and settled by such Jury; and in case such Parties or Parties shall not agree to repurchase such aforesaid Interest therein, or shall not give such Notice of his, her or their intention of purchasing the same within Fourteen Days after such Offer of Sale, then and in every such case, as Aforesaid being made and given before a Justice or a Justice Extraordinary in the High Court of Chancery, or before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City or County where such Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Tenements or Hereditaments shall be situated, by some competent Parties or Parties being that such Offer was made by or on the Behalf of the said Company of Proprietors, and was not then and thereupon agreed to by the Parties or Parties to whom the same was so made; and that such Notice as aforesaid was given, shall in all Courts be sufficient Evidence and Proof that such Offer was made and was not agreed to by the Parties or Parties to whom it was made (as in case may be), and that such Notice as aforesaid was not given; and that all Money which shall arise by any Sale or Sales, or Demise or Demises which may be made by the said Company of Proprietors of such Premises, Estates and Interests as aforesaid, shall be applied to the Purposes of this Act; but the Purchaser Purchasers, Lessee or Lessees thereof shall not be answerable or accountable for any Misapplication or Non-application of such Money.

LXXX. And he it further enacted, That all and every Parties or Parties who would be entitled to recover the Money Profits of the Premises, against the Parties or Parties in Possession, in case the same had not been conveyed to or vested in the said Company of Proprietors as aforesaid, shall be entitled to recover Interest after the Rate of Five Pence per Centum per Annum, on such Sum or Sums to be paid by the said Company of Proprietors, for the Purchase of such Premises, by Action of Debt or otherwise, against the Parties or Parties who shall receive the same.

LXXXI. And he it further enacted, That all Sums and Sums of Money which are to be paid to any Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, Trustees or Trusts, Executors, Adm. Administrators, Heirs, Guardians, Committees or other Trustees, acting as Guardians, Committees or other Trustees, for or on Behalf of any Lessees, Lessees, Farms Court or other College Trusts; or to any Parties or Parties whose Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, are bound in Suit or other Settlement; or to any Parties under any other Disability or Incapacity whatsoever, for the Purchase of or the Damages to be done

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to any such Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, by virtue of the Powers in this Act contained, shall, in case the same shall amount to or exceed the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be signified by an Order in that behalf made, to be preferred in a summary way, by the Petitor or Petitors who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, in the Redemption or Purchase of the said Tax, or towards the Discharge of any Debt or Debts, or such other Charge or Incumbrance as Past thereof, as the said Court shall authorize to be paid affecting the same Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, or affecting other Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments standing forth therewith, to the use or the like Use, Intents or Purposes; or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and applied under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court, in the Purchase of other Lands, Messuages, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be conveyed and settled in, for and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts and Purposes, and in the same manner as the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments which shall be so purchased, taken or used as aforesaid, had sold or leased, or each of them as at the time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be existing, undisturbed and capable of taking Effect; and in the mean time, and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall, by Order of the said Court of Chancery, upon Application directed, be invested by the said Accountant General in his Name, or the Purchase of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Bank Annuities: and in the mean time, and until the said Bank Annuities shall be ordered by the said Court to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and annual Proceeds of the said Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, shall from time to time be paid by Order of the said Court, to the Petitor or Petitors who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, to be thereby directed to be preferred in case such Purchase and Settlement were made.

LXXXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments purchased, taken or used for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, then and in all such cases the same shall, at the Option of the Petitor or Petitors for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments so purchased, taken or used, in respect whereof the same shall be paid, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, Trustee or Trustees, Receiver or Receivers, or other Person or Persons acting in such an aforesaid, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands, be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the said Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in manner herebefore directed, or otherwise the same shall be paid at the like Option to Two Trustees, to be nominated by the Petitor or Petitors making such Option, and approved of by Three or more of the said Committee or Courts of Directors of the said Company (such Nomination and Approbation to be signified under the Hands of the existing and approving Parties), in order that such Principal Money and the Dividends arising thereon may be applied in manner herebefore directed, so far as the case may be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction or Approbation of the said Court of Chancery.

LXXXIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where such Money be agreed or awarded to be paid as next before mentioned shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in all such Cases the same shall be applied to the Use of the Petitor or Petitors who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Hereditaments in respect whereof the same shall be paid, in such manner as the said Committee or Court of Directors, or any Three or more of them, shall think fit; or in case of Infancy or Lunacy, then to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, Trustee or Trustees, or other Person or Persons acting as such, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons so entitled respectively, and the Receipts or Receipts of the Petitor or Petitors to whom the said Committee or Court of Directors, or any Three or more of them, shall direct the same to be paid, shall be a sufficient Discharge for the same.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That in case the Petitor or Petitors to whom any Sum or Sum of Money shall be awarded for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, to be purchased, taken or used by virtue of this Act, shall refuse to accept the same, or shall not be able to make a good Title to the Proceeds, to the Satisfaction of the said Committee or Court of Directors, or any Three or more of them; or in case the Petitor or Petitors entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments be not known or discovered, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Committee or Court of Directors, or any Three or more of them, to order the said Sum or Sum of Money to be awarded as aforesaid to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account to the Credit of the Parties interested in the said Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, [to be sold] (subject to the Order, Control and Disposition of the said Court of Chancery, which said Court of Chancery, on the Application of any Person or Persons making Claim to such Sum or Sum of Money, or any Part thereof, by Motion or Petition, shall be and is hereby empowered, in a summary way of Proceeding or otherwise, as to the same Court shall seem meet, to order the same to be laid out and applied in the Public Funds, or to order Disbursal thereof, or Payment of the Dividends thereof, according to the respective Estate or Estates, Title or Interest of the Petitor or Petitors making Claim therein, and to make such other Order in the Premises as to the said Court shall seem

Application where Purchase be not to be then made and then sold

Application where Money is less than 20

How Money paid to use of Petitor or any one of them

paid and reasonable; and the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England, who shall receive such Sum or Sums of Money, or are hereby required to give a Receipt or Receipts for such Sum or Sums of Money, mentioning and specifying for what and for whose Use the same is or are received, to such Person or Persons as shall pay any such Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank as aforesaid.

Where Question
is as to the
Manner of
Paying or Paying
for Lands,
or other
Inheritance-
held Estates

LXXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Person or Persons to any Money to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privilege of the Assentment General of the High Court of Chancery in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, or of any Estate, Right or Interest in any Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments to be purchased in pursuance thereof, or to any Bank Annuities to be purchased with any such Money, or the Dividends or Interest of any such Bank Annuities, the Person or Persons who shall have been in Possession of such Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, or in respect whereof such Money shall have been paid at the time of passing this Act, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Persons, or under the Possession of such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shown to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery, and the Dividends or Interests of the Bank Annuities to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Bank Annuities shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, or that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

The Court may
order a double
Expense to be
paid by Com-
plicity

LXXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of the Person or Persons, or Corporation entitled to any Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the said Court, and to be applied in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to be settled to the like uses in pursuance of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court to order the Expenses of all Proceedings from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or in discharge of such Expenses as the said Court shall deem reasonable, together with the necessary Costs and Charges of obtaining such Orders, to be paid by the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Directors, who shall from time to time pay such Sum and Sums of Money for such Purposes as the said Court shall direct and order.

Tenants in Will
to deliver Possession
of their
Manor Houses

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That every Tenant at Will, or Lessee for a Year, or from Year to Year, shall deliver up the Possession of such Premises to the said Company of Proprietors, or to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint to take Possession of the same, upon having Three Calendar Months Notice to quit such Possession, given to the said Company of Proprietors, or from the Person or Persons so authorized by them to take such Possession; and such Person or Persons in possession shall, at the End of the said Three Calendar Months, whether such Notice be given with Reference to the time or times of such Tenants holding or not, or so soon after as he, she or they shall be required, personally and quietly deliver up the Possession of the said Premises to the said Company of Proprietors, or to such Person or Persons authorized by them to take possession thereof, such Authority being signified under the Hands of the Committee or Court of Directors of the said Company of Proprietors, or any Three or more of them; and in case any such Person or Persons in Possession as aforesaid, shall refuse to give such Possession as aforesaid, all reasonable Satisfaction being first made or tendered, it shall be lawful for the Committee or Court of Directors of the said Company, or any three or more of them, to issue their Writs or Precepts to the Sheriffs of London, or Sheriffs of the County in which the Premises shall be situate, to deliver Possession of the said Premises to such Person or Persons as shall in such Precept or Precepts be appointed as aforesaid the same; and the said Sheriffs or Sheriffs are and is hereby required to deliver Possession of the said Premises accordingly, and to levy such Costs as shall accrue from the issuing and Execution of such Precept or Precepts on the Person or Persons in refusing to give Possession as aforesaid, by Distress and sale of his, her or their Goods.

Mortgages or
leases

LXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons who shall have any Mortgage or Mortgages on such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, not being in Possession thereof by virtue of such Mortgage or Mortgages, shall, on the Tender of the Principal Money and Interest due thereon, together with the Amount of Six Calendar Months Interest on the said Principal Money by the said Company of Proprietors, or their said Committee or Court of Directors, or by such Person or Persons as they shall appoint, or in case such Mortgage or Mortgages shall have Notice in Writing from the said Company of Proprietors, or their said Committee or Court of Directors, or from such Person or Persons as they shall appoint, that they will pay off and discharge the Principal Money and Interest which shall be due on the said Mortgage or Mortgages at the End or Expiration of Six Months, to be computed from the Day of giving such Notice, then and in such case, at the End of the said Six Months, on Payment of the Principal and Interest to due, such Mortgage or Mortgages shall convey, assign and transfer his, her or their interest in the Premises to the said Company of Proprietors, or their said Committee or Court of Directors, or to such Person or Persons as shall be appointed in Trust for them; and in case such Mortgage or Mortgages shall refuse to convey or assign as aforesaid, on such Tender or Payment, then and in such case all Interest on every such Mortgage or Mortgage shall from thenceforth cease and determine: Provided always, that in case the same due upon any such Mortgage or Mortgage, with all Interest due thereon, shall amount to more than the real Value of the Premises, to be ascertained as directed by this Act, then and in such case the said Company of Proprietors shall not be liable to pay the Mortgage or Mortgages more than the real Value of such Premises as aforesaid: Provided also, that in case any such Mortgage or Mortgages shall

Period

accepted or refuse to convey or assign as aforesaid, then upon Payment of the Principal Money and Interest due on any such Mortgage or Mortgagee aforesaid, into the Bank of England, at the End of Six Months from the Day of giving such Notice, as aforesaid, for the Use of the Mortgagee or Mortgagees, the Callor or Callers of the Bank shall give a Receipt or Receipts for the said Money in like manner as is heretofore directed in case of other Payments into the Bank; and thereupon all the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Use, Trust, Property, Claim and Demand, of the said Mortgagee or Mortgagees, and of all and every Person and Persons, as Touch therein, her or them, shall vest in the said Company, and they shall be deemed to be in the actual Possession of the Premises comprised in such Mortgage or Mortgages, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

LXXXIX. And he is further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee, shall and may erect and set up, or cause to be erected and set up, One or more Gate or Gates, Turnpike or Turnpikes, or, upon and across the said intended Bridge, or within Twenty Yards thereof, together with Toll Houses and proper and necessary Buildings, Concessions and Fences, near to each Gate or Turnpike, across the said intended Bridge, or the Street or Avenue immediately communicating therewith, and within Twenty Yards of the said Bridge; and that the respective Tolls following may be demanded and taken; by such Person or Persons, as the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Directors, shall from time to time appoint as each of the said Gates or Turnpikes, for each and every Time of passing over the said Bridge; that is to say,

For every Coach, Be-Us, Landau, Vis a Vis, Chariot, Chaise, Calash and Pleasure Carriage, and for every Toll Hearse, Letter, or other such Carriage having Four or Three Wheels, and drawn by Six Horses or other Beasts of Draught, a Sum not exceeding One Shilling and Six Pence;

For any of the like Carriages or Vehicles, drawn by Four Horses or other Beasts of Draught, a Sum not exceeding One Shilling;

For any of the like Carriages or Vehicles, drawn by less than Four Horses or other Beasts of Draught, and more than One Horse or other Beast of Draught, a Sum not exceeding Nine Pence;

For every Chaise, Chair or other such Vehicle drawn by One Horse or other Beast of Draught, a Sum not exceeding Four Pence;

For every Waggon, Wain, Dray, Car, Cart or such other Four Wheeled Carriage as last aforesaid, laden with Hay or Straw, having Wheels of the Breadth of Six Inches or upwards as the Buttes or Sides thereof, being horizontal on the Surface of the Turn, and riding as even Surface, drawn by Six or more Horses or other Beasts of Draught, a Sum not exceeding One Shilling;

For every Waggon, Wain, Dray, Car, Cart or such other Four Wheeled Carriage as last aforesaid, drawn by Four and not more than Six Horses or other Beasts of Draught, a Sum not exceeding Eight Pence;

For every such Waggon, Wain, Dray, Car, Cart or other Four Wheeled Carriage as last aforesaid, drawn by Two or Three Horses, or other Beast of Draught, a Sum not exceeding Six Pence;

For every such Waggon, Wain, Dray, Car, Cart or other Four Wheeled Carriage as last aforesaid, drawn by One Horse or other Beast of Draught, a Sum not exceeding Four Pence;

For every Cart, Car or other Two Wheeled Carriage drawn by One Horse or other Beast of Draught, a Sum not exceeding Three Pence;

For every Horse, Mare, Gelding, Mule or Ass, laden or unladen, and not drawing, a Sum not exceeding One Penny Halfpenny;

For every Foot Passenger, a Sum not exceeding One Penny;

For every Drive of Oxen or Neat Cattle, a Sum not exceeding Eight Pence per Score, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Number;

For every Drive of Calves, Hogs, Sheep or Lambs, a Sum not exceeding Four Pence per Score, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Number.

XI. And he is further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors shall have full Power from time to time at any General or Special General Assembly to lower or reduce all or any of the said Tolls, but no Reduction of any such Toll shall be made or take place unless a Majority of the Proprietors present at such General or Special General Assembly as heretofore directed shall advise therunto; and it shall and may be lawful so and for the said Company of Proprietors in like manner again to raise the said Tolls to such Sum or Sums as they shall think proper, not exceeding the Sums before mentioned, as often as it shall be deemed necessary for the Interest of the said Undertaking.

XII. Provided always, and he is enacted, That no Person or Persons having Occasion to pass through any Turnpike or Toll Bar erected or to be erected where the Toll is or shall be taken by virtue of this present Act with any Coach, Berles, Chariot, Landau, Calash, Chaise, Chair, Hearse, Letter, Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, Horse, Gelding, Man, Mule, Ass, Oxen, Cows, Hogs, sheep or any other Sort of Cattle, and who shall arrive the first Day through the said Turnpike or Toll Bar before Twelve of the Clock at Night with the said Coach, Berles, Chariot, Landau, Calash, Chaise, Chair, Hearse, Letter, Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, Horse, Gelding, Man, Mule, Ass, Oxen, Cows, Hogs, Sheep or any other Sort of Cattle for which such Tolls have been paid, shall be liable or compelled to pay or his, her or their Return the said Tolls at such Turnpike or Toll Bar.

XIII. Provided always, and he is enacted and declared, That no Toll whatsoever shall be demanded or taken for any Horse, Beast, Cattle or Carriage of whatever Description, employed or to be employed in conveying, fetching or guarding Mails of Letters and Expresses under the Authority of His Majesty's Postmaster General, or other when employed in conveying, fetching or guarding such Mails or Expresses, or returning back from conveying or guarding the same, or for any Soldiers upon their March, or upon Duty, or for any

Company may
erect Gates and
Turnpikes on
Bridges.

Tolls may be
abated.

Carrriage may
cross Toll-bars.

General Exemption
from Toll in
case of Drags.

Horse, Beasts, Cattle or Carriages attending them with their Axes and Baggage, or returning after having been so employed, or for any Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage whatsoever, or the Horse or Horses, or other Cattle drawing the same, which shall be employed in conveying any Ordnance, Barrack or Commission or other publick Stores, or of belonging to His Majesty, or for the Use of His Majesty's Forces, or for any Hacks, Beasts, Cattle or other Carriage, travelling with Vagrants, sent by legal Process, or for any Volunteers upon their March, or upon Duty, or on going to or returning from the Place appointed for and on the Days of Exercise, or for any Horse, Mares or Geldings, furnished by or for or belonging to any Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteers Cavalry, and rode by them in going to or returning from the Place appointed for and on the Days of Exercise, provided that such Persons be dressed in the Uniforms of their respective Corps, and have their Arms, Furniture and Accoutrements, according to the Regulations provided for each Corps respectively, at the time of passing such Exemptions as aforesaid, or for any Coach, Berke, Lumber, Charriot, Calash, Chair or other Carriage, or Pallenger or Horseback, going to or returning from any Election of a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for the City of London, or County of Surrey, on the Day or Days of such Election, or on the Day before or after such Elections shall begin or be concluded; and if any Person shall do and take the Benefit of any of the Exemptions by this Act granted, not being entitled to the same, such Person or Persons for every such Offence, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, to be recovered and applied as other Penalties are by this Act directed to be recovered and applied.

Penalty

Transporter not to exceed Toll Reg. at London.

To enforce Payment of Tolls.

XCIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Gates, Turnpikes, or Toll Houses, shall not in any manner or by any means whatsoever obstruct or impede the free Passage and Traffic to, from and through the several Streets, Lanes, Courts, Yards, Alleys or Passages, situate on the South Side of the said intended Bridge, or through any Passage or Passages, or any Horse, Beasts, Cattle, Carriage or other Thing, pulling and repulling to, from or through the several Streets, Lanes, Courts, Yards, Alleys or Passages last aforesaid, to the other intended Tolls, or any of them.

XCIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Collector or Collectors of the said Tolls, or any of them, to stop and possess the Passage of any Person or Persons, together or relating to pay the said Tolls, or any of them, or of the Horse, Beasts, Cattle, Carriage or other Thing, for or in respect whereof the said Tolls ought to be paid; or it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Collector or Collectors to seize and detain the Goods and Chattels of such Person or Persons, or such Horse, Beasts, Cattle, Carriage or other Thing, and in case the said Tolls shall not be fully paid and satisfied, together with all reasonable Costs and Charges of making, detaining, keeping and selling such Diligence, within the Space of Fourteen Days, the said Collector or Collectors shall and may sell the same, rendering the Overplus (if any) after deducting such Costs and Charges of making, detaining, keeping and selling such Diligence to the Owner or Owners thereof.

Disputing Payment of Tolls and Charges here defined.

XCV. And be it further enacted, That if any Dispute shall arise about the Quantity of Tolls due, or the Costs and Charges of detaining, keeping or selling any Diligence, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Collector or Persons in detaining to detain the Diligence or the Money arising from the Sale thereof, until the Quantity of the Tolls or the Charges of detaining, keeping and selling the Diligence, as the Case may be, shall be ascertained by some Justice of the Peace for the County, City or Place wherein such Dispute shall arise, who upon Application made to him for that Purpose shall examine the said Matters upon the Oath or Oaths of the Parties or other Witnesses or Witnesses, and shall determine the Quantity of Tolls due, and shall also settle the Charges of such Diligence and Sale, and all other reasonable Costs; all which Sum or Sums so determined or settled shall be paid to the Collector before he shall be obliged to return the said Diligence, or the Overplus after the Sale thereof, or of any Part thereof.

Enforcing Toll Takings.

XCVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge, counterfeit or alter, or shall deliver to or receive of any other Person or Persons any Note or Ticket which shall be given to any Person by the Collector of the said Tolls, with Intent to avoid the Payment of any or any Part of the said Tolls, or if any Person or Persons shall unlawfully or fraudulently be introduced any Goods or Merchandise upon the Bridge, then and in every such case every such Person or Persons, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, to be recovered in like manner as any other Penalties or Forfeitures can or may be recovered by virtue of this Act, One Ministry whereof shall be paid to the Informer, and the other Money shall be applied in such manner as other Penalties and Forfeitures are herein directed to be applied.

Penalty.

C. Persons of Tolls may sue hereunto.

XCVII. And be it further enacted, That in any Suit, Debt or Litigation shall arise touching or in any way relating to the said Tolls or any of them, the Person or Persons appointed to collect the same, or any other Person or Persons acting by or under the Authority of the said Company of Proprietors, shall not be disqualified from giving Evidence in any such Dispute, Suit or Litigation, by reason of his, her or their being appointed to collect such Tolls.

Toll Collectors to put up their Wks. &c.

XCVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Gate Keeper, Toll Gatherer or Collector or Receiver of the Tolls on or near the said intended Bridge shall and be and they so and are hereby required to place his Chirilian and Surrogate, painted on a Board in White Letters on a Black Ground, in far legible Characters of such Size as the Committee or Court of Directors of the said Company of Proprietors or any Three or more of them shall direct, in the Front of the Toll House where he or they shall be stationed to collect the said Tolls respectively on his coming on Duty, and shall continue the same to be placed during the whole time he shall be upon such Duty; and if any Collector or Receiver of the said Tolls shall not place such Board as aforesaid in the manner and during the time aforesaid, or shall demand or take a greater or less Toll from any Person than he shall be authorized to do by virtue of the Powers of this Act, or shall refuse to permit or suffer or suffer in any way hinder any Person or Persons from passing such Chirilian or Surrogate, or shall refuse to tell his Chirilian or Surrogate to any Person or Persons who shall demand the same, upon having paid the said

Toll

paid Tolls or any of them, or shall give a false Name or Names upon such Demand, then and in every such case one of such Collector or Receiver shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for every such Offence, and such Penalty shall be recovered and applied as other Penalties are by this Act directed to be recovered and applied.

XCIX. And be it further enacted, That the Tolls that shall be collected and received as aforesaid by virtue of this Act, shall be applied and disposed of in manner hereafter mentioned; that is to say, in the First Place, in paying the Expenses for the time being of carrying this Act into Execution, and of keeping the said Bridge in proper Repair and Condition, and of Lighting and watching the same, and in the Payment of any yearly Rents, Rates, Assessments or Contributions, which may be charged upon or referred or made or become payable for or in respect of any of the Lands or Hereditaments to be purchased or taken under or for the Purpose of this Act; and in the next Place, in paying to the Mortgagees and Assignments under this Act, the Interest and Annuities to which they shall be respectively entitled in manner hereafter provided; and the Surplus thereof shall be divided among the said Proprietors in Proportion to the Amount of their respective Shares, in manner following; that is to say, the said Proprietors shall be entitled to and receive out of the Tolls hereinafter allowed to be taken and received, Interest after the Rate of Ten Pence per Centum per Annum upon the respective Sums or Sums of Money which shall have been paid from time to time upon their respective Shares for and towards the Execution of the said Undertaking, which Interest shall commence and be computed from the time or respective times of Payment of such Sums or Sums of Money, or of the Performances thereof respectively, and from and after the time when the said Bridge shall be opened for the Passage of Horses and Carriages over and across the same, the said Proprietors shall be entitled to and receive an Interest and Dividend upon their respective Shares out of the said Tolls, in as that such Proprietors do not receive more than Ten Pence per Centum per Annum upon or in respect of the Amount of such Shares, from the Time of the Opening of the said Bridge; and if, and when and as long as such Surplus shall be more than sufficient to pay such Ten Pence per Centum as last mentioned, then the Excess shall from time to time be laid out in the Name of the said Company of Proprietors, in the Purchase of Three Pence per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuities; and the Income relating thereunto shall be accumulated in the Name of Composed Interest, until such Excess and Accumulations shall be sufficient to yield, by the Dividend thereof, Ten Pence per Centum per Annum to the said Proprietors upon the Amount of their respective Shares; and when and as long as such Excess and Accumulations shall be sufficient for the Purpose last mentioned, the Stock and Dividends, or the Produce of such Stock, shall be divided among the said Company of Proprietors in Proportion to the Amount of their respective Shares; who shall nevertheless continue to receive or be entitled to any further Proportion of the said Tolls, or any Payment in respect thereof; and the said Tolls shall be subject also to the Payment of such Expenses, Rents, Interest and Annuities as aforesaid, from these parts be taken (a) and applied in the Purchase of Three Pence per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuities, and accumulated in like manner as last herebefore directed, until such Sum shall be raised sufficient for the paying of the then subsisting Mortgage under this Act, which Sum when raised shall be applied accordingly; and that after such Application as last mentioned, such Tolls (subject as aforesaid) shall be accumulated in manner herebefore mentioned, until a further Sum shall be raised sufficient by the Dividend or Interest thereof, or any such yearly Rents as aforesaid, and the Annuities that may then be subsisting under this Act, and which shall be applied accordingly, and also to produce the annual Sum of Six hundred Pounds; which said last mentioned annual Sum, as well as the Dividends or Interest of the Fund which shall be raised as last mentioned, for the Payment of the said Rents and Annuities, subject to the Payment thereof, shall be appropriated towards paying the Expenses of repairing, lighting, and watching the said Bridge, and when these shall be Overplus; and when and as long as the said last mentioned Sum shall be raised, the Tolls and Duty aforesaid authorized to be collected and taken, on and for the said Bridge, shall wholly cease. (a) [The Reading is in Original Act.]

C. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case the said Bridge shall be at any time on times out of Repair, and the Tolls to be collected as aforesaid by virtue of this Act during the current Year shall be insufficient to defray the Expenses of such Repair and other Expense, and several Payments provided for and directed to be paid by this Act previously to a Division of such Tolls, or the Surplus thereof, among the said Proprietors, and also to pay to the said Proprietors the Sum of Ten Pence per Centum per Annum on the Amount of their respective Shares, and there shall be or shall want or want a further necessary accumulated Fund, then and in such case and cases, such extra such accumulated Fund shall be applied in the said Place as defraying the Expenses of such Repair, or in the next Place in paying the other Expenses and several Payments provided for and directed to be paid by this Act previously to a Division of such Tolls, or the Surplus thereof, among the said Proprietors, and when after paying or a charge paid to the said Proprietors the Sum of Ten Pence per Centum per Annum on the Amount of their respective Shares; and in case such further necessary accumulated Fund shall be insufficient for the Purpose last herebefore mentioned then the latter Tolls to be collected and received as aforesaid by virtue of this Act shall be applied in making good such Deficiency before any further Accumulation of the Surplus of such future Tolls shall be made.

CI. And be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors, as I have formerly said shall or may be Proprietors of Shares at the time when the said Tolls are herebefore directed to cease, shall be and they are hereby constituted and appointed a Company, to continue and to Trade of the said Bridge, and have a Committee or Court of Direction to be named and regulated as hereafter directed, and subject to all other Regulations, Rules, Orders and Restrictions, Powers and Privileges hereafter provided in respect of the said Company or their Committee or Court of Direction, and the said Company, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or any Three or more of them, shall have Power and Authority to do and perform all Matters and Things which to them shall seem meet and necessary.

Penalty.

Application of Tolls, and when to cease.

Rates of the rate of Tolls to be collected.

Company to be named and regulated as hereafter directed.

in and about the maintaining, repairing and supporting of the said Bridge, and the several Lamps, Watch Bells and other Works, Matters and Things to be maintained, repaired and supported by virtue of this Act, in such manner as to them the said Company, or their Committee or Court of Directors, or any Three or more of them, shall seem meet; and each Company or their Specification, or their Committee or Court of Directors, or any Three or more of them, shall have Power and Authority, by an Order or Draft under the Common Seal of the said Company, or under the Hands of at least Three of the Committee or Court of Directors of the said Company, which Seal or Signatures shall be attested by the Clerk to the said Company for the time being, to distribute the Interest or Dividends of the Money heretofore decreed to be raised and applied for that Purpose, as may be required, and to apply the same as and about such Repairs, Paving, Watching, Lighting, or any other Matters or Things relating or appertaining to the said Bridge, Lamps, Watch Bells and other Matters and Things to be maintained, repaired and supported by virtue of this Act as aforesaid; and when all such Expenses, Costs and Charges of repairing, paving, watching or lighting the said Bridge, or of any other Matters or Things relating or appertaining thereto, shall be fully paid and satisfied out of the Interest or Dividends aforesaid, the said Company may, and they are hereby empowered to make and declare a Dividend of the Overplus or Interest of such Interest Money as aforesaid, among the said Company or their Specification, according to the Shares they may respectively be entitled to.

CII. And be it further enacted, That if the said Bridge or the said Lamps, Watch Bells, or other Works to be maintained and repaired by virtue of this Act, or any Part or Parts thereof, shall become and be out of Repair, or if the said Bridge, or any Part or Parts thereof, shall not continue to be watched or lighted as aforesaid heretofore decreed, then the said Company, or their Committee or Court of Directors, or any Three or more of them, shall forthwith cause the said Bridge, Lamps, Watch Bells, and other Works to be repaired, or the said Bridge to be watched or lighted as heretofore directed; and in case the said Company, or their Committee or Court of Directors, or any Three or more of them, shall fail within One Week after Notice to their Clerk to that Effect, to cause such Repairs, or to cause the said Bridge to be watched or lighted as heretofore directed, then it shall be lawful to or for any Person or Persons to prefer or prosecute any Bill or Bills of Indictment against the said Company for such Failure, and if the said Company shall be found Guilty upon the Trial of such Bill or Bills of Indictment, they the said Company shall forfeit and lose to the Person or Persons who shall have preferred and prosecuted such Bill or Bills of Indictment, the Sum of Fifty Pounds for every such Failure, and shall be subject and liable to commence such Repairs as aforesaid, and to cause the said Bridge to be watched and lighted as heretofore is directed, within Twenty one Days after such Verdict or Verdicts on such Bill or Bills of Indictment, and in case of Failure in the Whole or in any Part thereof, the said Company shall again become subject and liable to such Bill or Bills of Indictment, and in every manner and the said Repairs on the said Bridge shall be completed, and the Payment thereof shall be required and paid, or the same shall be watched and lighted as heretofore directed.

CIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Directors, and they are hereby empowered and required from time to time, to erect such and so many Lamp Posts or Lamp Poles to be put up or affixed as, upon or along the sides of the said Bridge, and upon any Wall or Pavement, adjoining to and connected with the said Bridge, as they shall think proper; and also to cause such Number of Lamps of such Sizes and Sorts, to be provided and affixed, to put upon such Lamp Posts and Lamp Poles as they shall think necessary for lighting of the said Bridge, and every or any Part thereof.

CIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully break, throw down, or otherwise damage or destroy any of the said Lamps which shall be erected or maintained by the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Directors, or any of the Posts, Posts, or other Particles thereof, or take away, or throw any of the said Posts or out of the said Lamps, or extinguish any of the said Lamps when lighted, it shall be lawful for any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the City or County in which the Offence shall be committed, and he and they as and are hereby required, upon Oath made of the Complainant of any such Offence, to issue a Warrant or Warrants for apprehending the Party or Parties so offending; and it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever, who shall for such Offence committed, or apprehended, as aforesaid, for any other Person or Persons to assist in apprehending the Offender or Offenders, and by the Authority of this Act, and without any other Warrant to carry him, her or them, or to deliver him, her or them into the Custody of a Peace Officer, in order to be secured and conveyed by any such Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, to be dealt with as heretofore is directed, and the Party or Parties aforesaid being brought before any such Justice, or Oath being made before him that such Party or Parties cannot be found and apprehended, such Justice shall proceed to examine upon Oath any Witnesses or Witnesses who shall appear or be produced to give Information touching such Offence, and if the Party or Parties so offending shall be convicted of such Offence, either by law, or by their own Confession, or upon such Information as aforesaid, he, she or they be convicted shall forfeit any Sum not exceeding Ten Shillings for each Lamp, Post or Pole broken, damaged, destroyed, taken away, thrown out or extinguished as aforesaid, and in the Second Offence, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings; and full Satisfaction shall be made to the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Directors, or to their Surveyor, by such Offender or Offenders for the Damage to be him, her or them done as aforesaid; and in case such Offender or Offenders shall not on Conviction pay such Penalties by law, her or them so convicted, and make full Satisfaction as aforesaid, the Justice before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be convicted, is hereby required to commit him, her or them to the House of Correction for the respective City or County where the Offence shall be committed, there to be kept to hard Labour for any time not exceeding Six Months, and each Offender or Offenders shall not be discharged

Company may be entitled for Value of Repairs.

Penalty.

Lighting Lamps.

Wilfully destroying Lamps.

Penalty.

discharged before the Expiration of the time for which he, she or they shall be committed, unless such Justice or Justices shall be sooner paid and given; and if any Person shall negligently or accidentally break, throw down or otherwise damage, defray, take away or waste any of the said Lamps or Oil, or any of the Posts, Irons, or other Furniture thereof, and shall not upon Demand make Satisfaction to the said Company or their Committee or Court of Directors, or to their Surveyor for the Damage by such Person done, it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, and he is hereby required, upon Complaint to be made by the said Company or their Committee or Court of Directors, or any Three or more of them, or by their Clerk or Surveyor, to summon the Party complained of, and upon his or her Appearance, or making Default to appear (Oath being made that the Party complained of was served with such Summons, or that the same was left at his, her or their Dwelling House or Place of Abode, if known, or that he or she could not be found), such Justice shall proceed to examine the Matter of the said Complaint, and upon Proof thereof, either by the Confession of the Party complained of, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, shall award and order such Satisfaction to be made by the Party complained of, and for the Damage to be him or her done, as to such Justice shall appear just and reasonable, and shall cause the Sum to be awarded, to be paid forthwith upon the making of such Award, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender, residing to him or her the Overplus (if any be) upon Demand, after the Charges of prosecuting such Complaint, and of such Distress and Sale, if it be deducted; and in case sufficient Distress cannot be found, such Justice shall commit the Party complained of to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the City or County where the Offense shall have been committed, for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, or until he or she shall pay the Sum so awarded, together with Costs and Charges as aforesaid.

CV. And be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors, or their said Committee or Court of Directors, are hereby empowered from time to time, if they see Occasion, to appoint such Number of fit and able bodied Men, as they shall think proper, to be armed and clothed in such manner as the said Company of Proprietors, or their said Committee or Court of Directors shall direct, to be employed as Watchmen, Guards or Patrols, either on Foot or on Horseback, upon the said Bridge, and to appoint any Persons or Persons to be Superintendent or Superintendents thereof, and from time to time to remove any of the said Superintendents, Watchmen, Guards or Patrols, and to appoint others in their Room, and from time to time to make such Rules, Orders and Regulations, for the better governing the Superintendents, Watchmen, Guards or Patrols, and for the watching and guarding the said Bridge, and keeping the Peace thereon, and on every of them, as the said Company of Proprietors shall think proper.

CVI. And be it further enacted, That the Superintendents, Watchmen, Guards and Patrols, shall sit three half Days every week to prevent Fires, Murders, Burglaries, Robberies, Disturbances, Breaches of the Peace, and all Outrages, Misdemeanors and Offences on the said Bridge, and to that End are hereby justly and lawfully empowered and required, without further Warrant, to search, apprehend and detain in the Watch House of the Parish or Place, wherein the Offence shall be committed, or in any other Watch House or convenient Place (whether provided or appointed by the said Company or otherwise), all Malefactors, Rogues, Vagabonds and other disorderly and suspicious Persons, who shall be found committing any Disorder or Offence, or loitering, wandering or soliciting themselves, or whom the said Superintendents, Watchmen, Guards or Patrols, shall have just cause or reason to suspect of any evil Design, and the Person or Persons so apprehended, to convey as fast as conveniently may be before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace acting in and for the City or County wherein such Arrest, Apprehension or Detention shall take place, to be examined and dealt with according to Law.

CVII. And in order to remove all Doubts where and before whom Offences committed on the said Bridge shall and may be cognizable, and how and by whom the Offenders in such cases may be punished, be it further enacted, That the Half of the said Bridge, when built, next adjoining to the City of London, shall be deemed to be in the said City and Part of and in the Parish of *Saint Martin in Vintry*, and the other Half of the said Bridge in the County of *Surrey* shall be deemed to be in the said County of *Surrey*, and Part of and in the Parish of *Saint Saviour Southwark*; but such Bridge shall not be deemed or taken to be a County Bridge, so as to subject the said City of *London* or County of *Surrey*, or any of the Parishes or Places heretofore mentioned, or either of them, to the repairing or supporting of the same.

CVIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Alteration shall be made in any of the Pavements, Sewers or Drains in the City of *London* unless or by virtue of this Act, without the Consent and Approbation of the Commissioners of Sewers for the City of *London*, and that all such Alterations shall be executed under the Direction of the Surveyor to the said Commissioners for the time being; and that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prohibit, diminish, alter or take away any of the Rights, Powers or Authorities vested in the Commissioners of Sewers for the City of *London* aforesaid; but that all the Rights, Powers and Authorities vested in them shall be and remain as good, valid and effectual in all respects as if this Act had not been made.

CIX. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to give or revive the said Company of Proprietors, or any other Person or Persons whomsoever, with any Right, Power or Authority which may at all interfere with the Rights, Powers, Authorities or Privileges heretofore granted by an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for paving the Streets and Lanes within the Town and Borough of Southwark, and certain Parts adjacent, in the County of Surrey; and for cleaning, lighting and watching the same; and also the Courts, Yards, Alleys and Passages adjoining thereto; and for preventing Annoyances therein*; and by an Act passed in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to explain and amend in such of an Act of the Sixth Year of His present Majesty,*

Watching and
Patrolling, &c.

Duty of Patrols
and Watchmen

Bridge deemed
to be in London
and Surrey.

Provision for
Rights of Com-
missioners of
Sewers in Lon-
don

Provision for
the Rights of
the Proprietors of
Southwark

§ G. 3. c. 38.
§ G. 3. c. 15.

Majesty, for paving the Town and Borough of Southwark in the County of Surrey, as relate to the Commissioners of Sewers; and for regulating the Manner of cutting Cloavies and other public Buildings within the Limits of the said Act; and also by another Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the Streets, Lanes and other public Passages and Places within the Manor of Southwark otherwise called The Clov, or Bishop of Winchester's Liberty, in the Parish of Saint Saviour Southwark in the County of Surrey; for the removal of refuse and preventing of future Inconveniences, Nuisances and Annoyances therein; for laying out new Streets, and widening and regulating several other of the Streets and Passages within the said Liberty; for displacing the Passages through Giltish Alley; and for paving up, in the Night time, the Way leading to a Clov Street, in the said Liberty, in the River Side; or by an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for making, widening and keeping in Repair certain Roads in the several Parishes of Lambeth, Newington, Saint George Southwark, Bermondsey and Church Church, in the County of Surrey; and for watching and lighting the said Roads; and also by an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for enabling the Commissioners for paving in Execution as Act made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for paving the Streets and Lanes within the Town and Borough of Southwark, and certain Parts adjacent, in the County of Surrey; and for cleansing, lighting and watching the same, and also the Courts, Yards, Alleys and Passages adjoining therein; and for preventing Annoyances therein; to be open, wide and better regulate the several Streets, Lanes and Passages within the said Division in the said Act directed; and also by another Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for altering and amending an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for paving the Streets and Lanes within the Borough of Southwark, and certain Parts adjacent, in the County of Surrey, and for cleansing, lighting and watching the same, and also the Courts, Yards, Alleys and Passages adjoining therein, and for preventing Annoyances therein, in far as the same relate to the High Division thereof, as therein mentioned; and by another Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act of the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for making and keeping in Repair certain Roads in six Parishes of Lambeth, Newington, Saint George Southwark, Bermondsey and Church Church, in the County of Surrey, and for watching and lighting the same Roads; and also of an Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for regulating the said Act passed in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, for more effectually repairing the Roads leading from the Tower and in Blackman Street in the Borough of Southwark in the County of Surrey, to Highgate in the County of Middlesex, and several other Roads therein mentioned; and for granting other Powers for those Purposes; but all the Rights, Powers and Authorities vested in the several Commissioners for carrying the said several Acts respectively into Execution, shall be so good, valid and effectual as if this Act had not been made, save and except in so and in this Act as herein particularly otherwise declared and enacted.

Law Commission
and Commissioners
of Sewers and
Clov Passages
for Rates.

CX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Directors, or their Trustees or Treasurers for the time being, and they are hereby authorized, empowered and desired, by and out of the Moneys to and for be received under and by virtue of this Act, to pay or cause to be paid to the respective Commissioners appointed for carrying into Execution the before mentioned and recited Acts of Parliament of the Sixth, Eleventh, Twenty sixth and Forty fourth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and their Successors, Commissioners for the time being, or any Five or more of them, or to their respective Collectors or Receivers duly appointed under and by virtue of the said several Acts or any or either of them, such annual Sums and Sums of Money as shall have been actually paid to the said respective Commissioners, or their Collectors or Receivers as aforesaid, in pursuance of the said several Acts, or any or either of them, by and from the Owners and Occupiers of such Houses as are situate within the aforesaid Divisions, or either of them (and which shall be paid down by or under the Authority or for the Purpose of the Act), for and towards the Rates or Assessments made in pursuance of the said several Acts of the Sixth, Eleventh, Twenty sixth and Forty fourth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, or any or either of them, within the Year preceding the twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, after deducting the Expenses payable thereout, for and in respect of the paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the said Streets, Lanes or Passages, or Part of Streets, Lanes and Passages, to be included in the said several Streets, as an Equivalent for the Loss the said respective Commissioners may suffer by the Nonpayment of the said Rates or Assessments from the said Owners and Occupiers of the said House or Houses within the aforesaid Divisions, or either of them, so paid down as aforesaid; and they the said respective Commissioners and their Successors, or any Five or more of them, or the said respective Collectors or Receivers may, and they are hereby fully authorized and empowered, from time to time, as often as the said Rates or Assessments shall be made and allowed, conformable to the Directions of the said several Acts, or any or either of them, to demand, receive and receive the same, of and from the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Directors, or their Trustees or Treasurers for the time being, as an Equivalent and as in and for each Rate or Assessment payable as aforesaid; Provided also, that when and so soon as a sufficient Number of Houses shall be erected and built on the Sites of the said several Streets, from High Street Alley to Blackman Street aforesaid, and shall be used by virtue of the said several recited Acts, or any or either of them, and the Rates thereof shall amount to as much Money as the Houses before mentioned were rated at, at the time of their being paid down as aforesaid, that then and from thenceforth the Equivalent above mentioned and desired to be paid by the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Directors, or their Trustees or Treasurers for the time being, to the said respective Commissioners and their Successors, or to

their respective Collectors or Receivers as aforesaid, shall cease and be no longer payable; and that when and so far as any Hoofs or Horses shall be sold, and the Rates thereon not sufficient to answer the said Equivalents, that then the said respective Commissioners and their Successors as aforesaid, and also their said respective Collectors or Receivers, shall allow and give Credit to the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Directors, or their Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being, for so much Money as shall be received in respect of the said several Rates or Assessments, from the Owners and Occupiers of such Hoofs or Horses, in Discharge of the said Equivalents, as far as the same will extend; they the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Directors, or their Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being, paying and being liable to pay the Remainder of the said Equivalents: Provided also, that the said Deductions shall only be made from the said Equivalents, until the said new intended Street shall be repaired and maintained by the said respective Commissioners; and in case any Difference or Dispute shall arise with respect to the Amount of the Equivalents to be paid as aforesaid by the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Directors, or their Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being, the same shall be adjusted and settled by any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace sitting in and for the said County of Surrey, whose Adjustment and Determination shall be binding and conclusive on all Parties concerned.

CXI. And be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors, or Three or more of them, shall be, and are hereby empowered and required, before the said Bridge shall be completely finished and made passable, to settle, settle and determine the Reconnoissance fit and proper to be made to the Company of Watermen, Wherry-men and Lightermen, for and in respect of the said Ferry, from the *Trove Gravel* in the City of London to the opposite Shore, and the Stairs and Places adjacent thereto; and in case such Reconnoissance cannot be settled by Agreement between the said Company of Proprietors and the said Company of Watermen, Wherry-men and Lightermen, then the said Company of Proprietors shall be, and are hereby empowered and required, within the Space of Two Calendar Months, to be computed from the Day the said Bridge shall be completely finished and made passable, to proceed to settle the same by a Jury or Jurors of the City of London, by the same Methods and in the same manner as is heretofore directed in the case of settling Damages of Hoofs or Goods directed to be purchased by this present Act, and the Verdict of such Jury thereupon shall be binding to all Parties; and the said Company of Proprietors are hereby authorized and required to cause the Sum of Money so to be tried and determined by the said Company of Proprietors, or given by the Verdict of the said Jury, as the case may be, to be made and paid out of the Moneys intended to be raised for the Purposes of the present Act, to the Rates, Auditors and Assessments of the said Company of Watermen, Wherry-men and Lightermen, or such Person as they shall appoint to receive the same, within One Calendar Month after such Verdict or Judgment shall be obtained; which Sum or Sums of Money so to be paid, shall be laid out in the Public Funds, by the Rates, Auditors and Assessments of the said Company of Watermen, Wherry-men and Lightermen, or distributed among the said Watermen, and the Interest and yearly Produce thereof shall be applied by the said Rates, Auditors and Assessments of the said Company of Watermen, Wherry-men and Lightermen, after the Remission to be made to the Watermen offering or selling a Load by the building the said Bridge, as the Money arising from such Ferry hath heretofore been applied.

CXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously, and to the Prejudice of the said Undertaking, break, throw down or destroy any of the Works to be erected and made by virtue of this Act, every such Person shall be judged guilty of Felony, and every such Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be liable to the like Punishments and Penalties as in case of Grand Larceny; and the Court by or before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person to be punished in like manner as Persons are directed to be punished by the Laws and Statutes in this behalf; or in Mitigation of such Punishment such Court may award such Sentence as the Law doth in such case of Petit Larceny.

CXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Surveyor or Surveyors appointed or to be appointed by the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Directors, and such Person as he or they shall respectively appoint, from time to time, to remove all Obstructions, Encroachments and Encroachments on the said Bridge, or on or by the Side or Sides of any Part of the said Bridge, or the Avenues immediately leading thereto, by any Treeless whatsoever, within Fifty Feet of the said Bridge, or by Timber, Stone or Carriage, or by any Water Troughs, Tubs or other Things for watering Horses or Cattle, or for any other Purpose, or by Saw Pits, Holes, Aches, Kibbels, Stairs, or otherways by laying or placing Goods, Wares and Merchandises, or other Matters or Things as or upon the said Bridge, or in Front of any Hoofe within Fifty Feet of the said Bridge, or by any other ways or means whatsoever, and to take any Watercourses, Sinks or Drains running along into the River Thames out of any Street which shall interfere with the said Bridge, and be necessary to be removed for the Convenience, Perfection and Safety thereof, and to take any Watercourses, Sinks or Drains running along into the said River Thames, or out of any Street, in the Parishes and Hart of the said Bridge, and to open, sewer, cleanse, widen or make deeper any Watercourses adjoining or near thereto, and make the same as deep and large as they shall think necessary.

CXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, from and after the said Bridge shall be erected, throw, cast or lay any Dust, Dirt, Ashes, Rubbish, Dung or other Filth or Annoyance in or upon the said Bridge, every such Person and Persons being convicted thereof shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Two Pounds for every such Offence, and also above the Charges of removing such Filth or Annoyance, which the said Surveyor or Surveyors to be and are hereby authorized to remove; and all the

Company of Watermen.

Destroying Works.

Punishment.

Removing Annoyances.

Throwing Rubbish on Bridge.

Penalty.

said Forfeitures, as well as the Charges of removing such Assessments, which Charges the Committee of Council of Directors of the said Company, or any Three or more of them, are hereby authorized to settle and ascertain, shall, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the Lord Mayor of the City of London, or any Alderman of the said City, or of One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County of Surrey, who is and are hereby authorized and required to grant the same, directed to the Constable or Peace Officer for the same Parish or Place where the Offence shall be committed, be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons so offending, rendering the Overplus upon Demand (if any) after all Charges paid to the Person or Persons whose Goods and Chattels shall be distrained and sold, and in Default of such Distress or Satisfaction of the said Person, the Offender or Offenders shall be committed to the Common Goal by the said Lord Mayor or Alderman, or any such Justice or Justices as aforesaid, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months: Provided nevertheless, that all and every Person and Persons so committed shall, upon Payment of such Forfeitures and Charges, be immediately released from his, her or their Confinement.

Drawing Timber. CXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall draw or cause to be drawn upon the said Bridge any Tree or Piece of Timber, or any Stone otherwise than upon Wheel Carriages, or shall suffer any Part of any Tree or Piece of Timber which shall be conveyed upon any Wheel Carriage to trail upon any Part of the said Bridge to the Prejudice thereof, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

Penalty. CXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to take away, prejudice or derogate from the Rights, Privileges, Franchises, Jurisdiction or Authorities of the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, or their Successors, or the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, or to preclude, defeat, alter or diminish any Power, Authority or Jurisdiction which at the time making this Act the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, or the said Lord Mayor for the time being, as Conservator of the said River Thames or otherwise, did or might lawfully claim, use or exercise, other than and except to remove any Shelves, Gravel, Sand, Mud or other Obstructions, or to amend, deepen or widen the said River as aforesaid, or crossing the said Bridge, and to do and effect every other Matter or Thing which shall or may be necessary to be done and effected for the erecting, maintaining and supporting the said Bridge and Landing Place.

Not to be Construed to Prejudice of Sewers for the Limits of the County of Surrey. CXVII. Provided always, and be it further declared and enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed or construed to extend to prejudice, diminish, alter or take away any of the Rights, Powers or Authorities vested in the Commissioners of Sewers for the Limits extending from East Molesey, in the County of Surrey, to Reigate, in the County of Kent, but all the Rights, Powers and Authorities well & lawfully claimed, used or exercised, as if this Act had not been made.

Penalty for Offences. CXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines hereby inflicted or authorized to be imposed (in the manner hereof and recovery thereof is not herein otherwise directed) shall, upon Proof to the Officers lawfully before any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City, County or Place where the Offence or Offences shall be committed, either by the Constable of the Parish or Parties offending, or by the Oath of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses (which Oath such Justice is hereby empowered to administer) be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party or Parties offending, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice, which Warrant such Justice is hereby empowered to grant: for such Person, and the Overplus, after such Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, and the Charges of such Distress and Sale are recovered and deducted, shall be returned upon Demand unto the Owner or Owners of such Good and Chattels, and the Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, when paid or levied (if not otherwise directed to be applied by this Act), shall be from time to time paid to the Treasurer or Treasurers of the said Company, and applied to the Purposes of this Act; and in case sufficient Debts shall not be found, and such Penalties and Forfeitures shall not be forthwith paid, a Distress may be levied for any such Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, and he is hereby authorized and required, by Warrant or Warrants under his Hand and Seal, to cause such Offender or Offenders to be committed to the Common Goal of such County, City or Place, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any time not exceeding Six Months, unless such Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, and all reasonable Charges, shall be sooner paid or levied.

Informers Paid of Penalties. CXIX. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company, from time to time, if they shall see Cause, to pay and apply such Part of the said Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, or any of them, to and for the Use of the Informer or Informers, or any Person or Persons (not being a Witness or Witnesses) aiding or assisting in the Apprehension of any Offender or Offenders therein, or any of them; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any way notwithstanding.

Compelling Witnesses to attend. CXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons who shall be summoned as a Witness or Witnesses to attend and give Evidence before any Justice of the Peace touching any Matter of Fact contained in any Information or Complaint for any Offence against this Act, either on the Part of the Prosecutor or the Person or Persons accused, shall, on being paid or tendered a reasonable Sum for his or her Loss of time, Costs, Charges and Expenses, refuse or neglect to appear at the time and Place to be for that Purpose appointed, without a reasonable Excuse for his, her or their Refusal or Neglect, or, appearing, shall refuse to be examined upon Oath (or in case of a Quaker or Quakers an solemn Affirmation) and to give Evidence before such Justice of the Peace, then and in every such case every such Person shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

CCXI. And whereas Perjury of Officers against this Act may be treated Perjury according to the Collection, Surveys and other Process under this Act, be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Collectors, Surveyors or other Officers respectively to seize and detain any such Perjury of Officers against this Act, and to convey him or them before any One or more of the Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County or Place where any such Officer shall be committed, without any other Warrant or Authority than this Act in that behalf doing.

Treason of Perjury Comd.

CCXII. And, for the more easy and speedy Conviction of Offenders against this Act, be it further enacted, That all and every the Justice and Justices of the Peace, before whom any Perjury or Perjuries shall be committed, of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up in the following Form of Words, or in any other Form of Words to the same Effect, as the case shall happen; that is to say,

County and Offence.

BE it remembered, That on the

Day of

this is the Year of our Lord

Form of Conviction.

A. B. is convicted before me C. D. (or before as C. D. and E. F.)

One (or Two) of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of

[specifying]

the County, and Town and Place where the same was committed, as the case shall be.

Given under

my Hand and Seal, (or, our Hands and Seals) the Day and Year first above mentioned.

CCXIII. And be it further enacted, That where any Default shall be made for any Sum of Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Default shall not be deemed unlawful, nor the Party or Parties making the same be considered a Trespasser or Trespassers on account of any Default or Want of Form in the Information, Summons, Conviction, Warrant of Distress, or the Appointment of the Collector or Collectors, Receiver or Receivers, Surveyor or Surveyors, or in any other Proceeding relating thereto, nor shall the said Party or Parties distraining, be deemed or considered a Trespasser or Trespassers in so much as any Irregularity which shall afterwards happen to be done by the Party or Parties so distraining against such Default; but the Person or Persons aggrieved by such Irregularity, shall and may recover full Satisfaction for the special Damage which he, she or they shall have sustained thereby, with actual Costs, and as more, in an Action of Trespass, upon the Case, at the Election of the Person or Persons so aggrieved.

[to be inserted] Warrant &c.

CCXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover in any Action to be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, unless Notice in Writing shall have been given to the Defendant or Defendants, or left at his, her or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode Three Days before such Action shall be commenced, of such intended Action, signed by the Attorney for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, specifying the Cause of such Action; nor shall the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs recover in such Action if Tender of good and lawful Assents shall have been made to him, her or them, or to his, her or their Attorney by or on the Behalf of the Defendant or Defendants, before such Action brought; nor if such Tender of Assents shall be made at any time after the said Action brought, and before the Trial thereof, together with Costs of Suit to the value of such last mentioned Tender, but on Proof of such Tender to any Trial to be had in such Action, the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall suffer Judgment, as in and withal of Needful, with Treble Costs, to be recovered in the same manner as any Defendant or Defendants may recover Costs in any another case by Law; or in case no such Tender shall have been made, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action, by leave of the Court where such Action shall depend, at any time before the Trial, to pay into Court such Sum of Money as he, she or they shall think fit; whereupon such Proceedings, Order and Judgment shall be had, made and given in, and by such Court, as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

[to be inserted] Notice in Writing to be given to the Defendant or Defendants, or left at his, her or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode Three Days before such Action shall be commenced.

CCXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any Order or Judgment made or given in pursuance of any Rule, Bye-Law or Order of the said Company of Proprietors, or of their Committee or Court of Directors, or by any Order, Judgment or Determination of any Justice or Justices of the Peace, relating to any Matter or Thing in this Act mentioned or contained, then and in every such case such Person or Persons may, within Six Months next after such Order, Judgment or Determination shall have been made or given, appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to be holden in and for the County, City or Place in which the Cause of Appeal shall arise, (such giving previous Notice of such Appeal to the Person or Persons so appealed against, and of the Nature and Matter thereof, and forthwith after such Notice extending into a Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace for such County, City or Place, with Two sufficient Sureties conditioned to try such Appeal, and to abide the Order and Award of the said Court thereon;) and the said Justices shall, in a summary way, either hear and determine the said Appeal at such General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to be holden for such County, City or Place, and the said Justices may, if they for Cause, nominate any Forester or Fees, and any other any Money to be returned which shall have been levied in pursuance of such Rule, Bye-Law, Order, Judgment or Determination, and may also order and award such further Satisfaction to be made to the Party injured as they shall judge reasonable.

Appeal.

Notice Recognizance.

CCXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be brought against any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, after Three Calendar Months after the Fact committed; and every such Action or Suit shall be laid, brought and tried in the City of London, or County of Middlesex or Surrey, (as the case may be) and not elsewhere, and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit, may, at his, her or their Election, plead Specialty, or the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and under the Authority of this Act; and if the same shall appear to be in done, or that such Action or Suit shall have been brought before Thirty Days

Limitation of Action.

General Issue.

Notice shall have been given, or after a sufficient Satisfaction made and tendered as aforesaid, or after the time limited for bringing the same as aforesaid, or shall be brought in any other City or County than the City of London, or Counties of Middlesex or Surrey, then and in every such case, the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be acquitted, or discontinue his, her or their Action or Suits, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if, upon Discovery, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Triple Costs, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for his, her or their Costs in any other case by Law.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Triple Costs.

Public Act.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE, No. 1.

LIST of Owners and Occupiers on the North Side of the Bridge.

| OCCUPIERS. | DESCRIPTION. | OWNERS. |
|---|---|---------------------------|
| William Backhouse, A few
Hillcourt and John Back-
house | Three Crane Wharf with the Crane
Houses, &c. &c. | Merchant Taylors Company. |
| John Man | Dwelling House and Counting House
on the Ground Floor
Under Lease from Backhouse and Co. | |
| William Backhouse, A few
Hillcourt and John Back-
house | Warehouse Ground Floor only | Same. |
| Messrs. Thomas Hodgkin,
Brothers and Co. | House and Passage, Ground Floor
Under Lease from Backhouse and
Co. | Same. |
| A Passage in Common | | Same. |
| John Man | Brick Warehouses
Under Lease from Backhouse and
Co. | Same. |
| Thomas Atkin | White Horse Alehouse on the East Side
of Queen Street
Under Lease from Backhouse and
Co. | Same. |
| William Backhouse, A few
Hillcourt and John Back-
house | Brick Warehouse | Same. |
| The same | Brick Warehouse | Same. |
| QUEEN STREET, East Side. | | |
| Christopher Magway and Wil-
liam Peckering | Stack of Brick Warehouses | Same. |
| Passage in Common | | Same. |
| William Jones and Thomas
Jones | Two Houses, No. 56 and 57. | Same. |
| Benjamin Seaman and Fred-
erick Benjamin King | House, No. 58. | Same. |
| The same | Brick Warehouses | Same. |
| The same | House, No. 59. | Same. |
| Richard and Benjamin Tucker | House Corner of Thames Street | Same. |
| Joseph Densley | House South Side Thames Street | Same. |
| John Thomas Sherrin | House South Side Thames Street | Victoria Company. |
| Victoria Company | Part of Victoria Hall Offices | Same. |
| QUEEN STREET, West Side. | | |
| — Adams | House, No. 42, Queen Street | Same. |
| Fried Shedd | Old House, No. 48. Do. | Same. |

Schedule, No. 2.—continued.

| OCCUPIERS. | DESCRIPTION. | OWNERS. |
|--|--|---|
| Edward Chamber | House, No. 11. Yard and Shed, and Warehouse in Smith's Row | Thomas Mann, of Poplar. |
| George Wadfar | The Two Brewers Alehouse, Sheds and Puffage | — Powell. |
| SMITH'S RENTS. | | |
| High Streets | House, No. 14. Puffage and Privy | { Mary Stevens, Lic. Estate,
the Thomas Mann |
| John Bratt | House, No. 15. and Shed | { ————, Lic. of City of
Edinburgh. |
| Jane Pugh | House, No. 16. | Same. |
| | Shed of Yard and Privies in common | Same. |
| John Bradford | House, No. 17. | Same. |
| William Stevens | House, No. 18. | Same. |
| Abraham Norman | House, No. 19. | Same. |
| John Chamber | Yard inclosed with Walls | Same. |
| John Evans | House, No. 23. Yard and Warehouse | Peter Bradley Esq. and others. |
| John Jones | House, No. 22. Shed and Yard | Same. |
| John Collins | House, No. 21. Shed and Yard | Same. |
| Jells Butler | House, No. 20. Shed and Yard | Same. |
| Maria Barker | House, No. 9. Shed and Yard | Same. |
| John South | House, No. 8. Shed and Yard | Same. |
| Benjamin Kimes | House, No. 7. Shed and Yard | Same. |
| Abel Jones | House, No. 6. Shed and Yard | Same. |
| Eliot Davis | House, No. 5. Shed and Yard | Same. ————, Tannery of Dockland. |
| BANKSIDE continued. | | |
| John Scott | House, No. 21. Warehouse, several Sheds and Yards | { Part Freehold of John Scott,
Parton Lease to John Scott
for 999 Years at a Pepper-
corn, other Part the Pa-
rish of Broad Street. |
| SMITH'S RENTS continued. | | |
| Joseph Hallam | House, No. 4. and Yard | Joseph Dawson. |
| John Bud | House, No. 3. and Yard | Same. |
| John Griffiths | House, No. 2. and Yard | Same. |
| George Bell | House, No. 1. and Yard | Anthony Home. |
| MAID LANE continued. | | |
| Robert Drury, John Chan-
sing and James Scott | Dwelling House, Warehouse, Stables,
Store Cellars, Cooperage, Vat House,
Steps and Yards | Cardwell's Company. |
| William Child and Sons | Stable, Lath, Chaise House and Yard | |
| FOUNTAIN ALLEY. | | |
| David Henderson | House, No. 1. and Yard | — Thomson of Oxford Street. |
| Sarah Brown and others | House, No. 2. and Yard | Same. |
| John Jones | House, No. 3. and Yard | Same. |
| Empy | House, No. 4. and Yard | Same. |
| John Macdonald | House, No. 5. and Yard | Same. |
| John Lambert | House, No. 6. and Yard | Same. |
| Samuel Bridges | House, No. 7. and Yard | Same. |
| Thomas Randles | House, No. 8. and Yard | Same. |
| Joseph Horton | House, No. 9. and Yard | Same. |
| William Knowles | House, No. 10. and Yard | Same. |
| CASTLE LANE. | | |
| Patrick Mahony | House, No. 16. and Yard | Same. |
| Empty | House, No. 17. | Same. |
| Richard Shields | House, No. 18. and Shed | Same. |
| GRUBBS YARD. | | |
| Robert Patka | House, No. 2. and Yard | Bishop of Winchester. |
| Robert Bayley | House, No. 1. and Yard | Same. |
| Empty | Runners House and Yard | Same. |
| John Butler | House and Yard | Same. |
| John Davis | House and Yard | Same. |

Schedule, No. 2.—continued.

| OCCUPIERS. | DESCRIPTION. | OWNERS. |
|---|---|-----------------------|
| Elizabeth Coyne | House, Yard and Shed | |
| Robert Drury, John Channing and James Scott | Yard only | |
| John Stearn | House, Yard and Sheds | |
| Edward Crowley | Shed | |
| John Jones | House | |
| Ann Parikh | House and Shed | |
| Elizabeth Wake | House and Shed | |
| | Site of the Yard in Common | |
| | CASTLE LANE continued. | |
| Richard Brown | House, Shed and Yard | |
| Elizabeth Ales | House, Shed and Yard | |
| | MORRIS'S WALK. | |
| Richard Hardee | House | |
| Sawad Mitchell | House and Yard | |
| William Bannister | House, Yard and Shed | |
| William Wyatt | House, Yard and Shed | |
| John Peck | House, Yard and Shed | |
| John Hulon | House, Yard and Shed | |
| Mary Stone | House and Yard | |
| Evans Lloyd | House and Yard | |
| Thomas Thomas | House, Shed and Yard | |
| | Vacant Ground | |
| Concilia Macey | House and Yard | |
| Thomas Marys | House, Shed and Yard | |
| | Site of Orchard, Morris's Walk | |
| | CASTLE LANE continued. | |
| George Page | House, No. 21. | Bishop of Winchester. |
| Sawad and Isaac Day | Three Dwelling Houses, Stables, Smith's Shop, Warden's Shop
Wood House and Yards | |
| Robert Gill | House, No. 25. Shed and Yard | |
| John Ward | House, No. 27. Shed and Yard | |
| John Goddard | House, No. 28. | |
| Richard Oza | House, ——— and Shed | |
| Thomas Old | House, ——— and Yard | |
| | NEW COURT. | |
| Mary Ding and others | House | |
| William Macon | House, No. 7. and Yard | |
| Robert Beaudes | House, No. 8. and Yard | |
| David Mahony | House, No. 9 and Yard | |
| | Site of Yard and Court in common | |
| Erin Jones | House, No. 4 and Yard | |
| John Twifessan | House, No. 3. and Yard | |
| Mark Hewitt | House, No. 2. and Yard | |
| David Evans | House, No. 1. and Yard | |
| | CASTLE LANE continued. | |
| Sarah Vickery | House, No. 32. and Shed | |
| Empty | House, No. 33. and Sheds | |
| Thomas Cliff | House, No. 34. Shed and Yard | |
| — Corice | House, No. 35. | |
| Mary Thomas and others | House, No. 36. | |
| | IN THE COURT. | |
| Thomas Cliff | House | |
| Ann Cooper and others | House | |
| | The Court Yard and Shed | |
| | CASTLE LANE continued. | |
| David Davis | House, No. 38. | |
| — Carrey and others | House | |

Schedule, No. 2.—continued.

| OCCUPIERS. | DESCRIPTION. | OWNERS. |
|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| COLEMAN'S COURT. | | |
| Elizabeth Collins | House, No. 1 | |
| Ann Ashford | House, No. 2 | |
| Thomas Adams | House, No. 3 | |
| | Site of Cases and Prison. | |
| CASTLE STREET. | | |
| John Pearson | House, No. 38. Shed and Yard | |
| Samuel Hutchins | House, No. 37. Shed and Yard | |
| ORTON'S BUILDINGS. | | |
| Robert and Arthur Pett, Esqrs. | Stables and Coach House | |
| Empty | House, No. 2. and Yard | |
| Richard Hagles | House, No. 3. and Yard | |
| Samuel Lestree | House, No. 4. Paving, Yard and Shed | |
| — Goddard. Let to Lessees | House, No. 5. Yard and Shed | |
| AMERICA PLACE. | | |
| Richard Fairclough | Part of a Farmer's Yard | |
| John Nash | House, No. 12. and Shed | |
| Charles Mountain | House, No. 13. Yard and Shed | |
| John Elyne | House, No. 14. Yard and Shed | |
| AMERICA STREET | | |
| George Warden | House, No. 15. and Yard | |
| Peor Thorne | House, Yard and Shed | |
| Samuel Abbott | House, Yard and Shed | |
| AMERICA PLACE continued. | | |
| Robert Barclay | House, No. 14. Yard and Shed | |
| William Duce | House, No. 15. Yard and Shed | |
| QUEEN STREET, North Side. | | |
| George Ades | House, No. 23. Workshops, Yard and Shed | Bishop of Winchester. |
| Elizabeth Clarke | House, No. 22. and Yard | |
| Robert Ayres | House, No. 24. | |
| BROWN BEAR COURT. | | |
| William Cowell | House, No. 1. | |
| Samuel Tilly | House, Yard and Shed | |
| Philip Bishop | House | |
| | Site of Brown Bear Court | |
| QUEEN STREET continued. | | |
| John Tree | House, No. 27. Shop, Shed and Yard | |
| Benjamin Wrennan | House, No. 26. | |
| QUEEN STREET, South Side. | | |
| John Gray | House, No. 2. | |
| William Clark | Brown Bear Alshouse, Sheds and Yard | |
| William Hawkins | House, No. 24. Sheds and Yard | |
| Thomas Norris | House, No. 23. Workshops, Yard and Garden | |
| Henry James | House, No. 25. Smith's Shop and Yard | |
| William Crompton | Part of Yard in rear of House, No. 27. | |
| Thomas Davidson | Stable, Shed and Yard | |
| WHITE CROSS STREET, | | |
| | South Side | |
| — Smith and Lessees | House, No. 9. and Yard | |
| Federick Morley | Farrier's Head Alshouse, Yard and Skittle Shed | |
| — Smith and Lessees | House and Yard | |
| Same | House, No. 12. and Yard | |
| Same | House, No. 15. and Yard | |
| Same | House and Yard | |

Schedule, No. 2.—continued.

| OWNERS. | DESCRIPTION. | OWNERS. |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| Same | House, No. 15, Yard and Pottage | |
| William Needles and Leventer | House, No. 16, and Yard | |
| John Needles | Part of Layfield and Yard | |
| | QUEEN STREET, North Side. | |
| Robert Ware | House, No. 21, Shed and Yard | |
| | AMERICA PLACE. | |
| George and Thomas Sailer | House, Gateway, Oil and Millard | |
| | Mills, Counting House, Sheds and | |
| | Yard | |
| Benjamin Gyles | No. 1, 2 & 3 Alkhouse, Shed and Yard | |
| James W., E. & W. | House, No. 4, Shed and Yard | |
| On a Mac Carty | House, No. 5, Yard and Work Shop | |
| Richard, Col. | House, No. 6, Shop, Yard and Gate-
way, and Part of Closter Yard | |
| Margaret Rutler | House, No. 11, Yard and Shed | |
| Lee Jackson | House, No. 10, and Yard | |
| | ORTON'S BUILDINGS. | |
| James Hale | House, No. 6. | |
| William Hillwell | House, No. 7. | |
| Levity | House, No. 8. | Bishop of Winchester. |
| Charles Deley | House, No. 9. | |
| Richard Cubing | House, Dabbling and second Closter | |
| Ditto | Ditto | |
| | CASTLE STREET. | |
| Ditto | Ditto | |
| | WHITE CROSS STREET. | |
| Thomas Cooke | Couch House and Stable, No. 3. | |
| Ditto | Ditto No. 4. | |
| William Longrove | Three Washhouses and Part of Yard | |
| Thomas Cooke | Two Timber Stables | |
| James Peters | Cast Shed, Wheel side and Two Rooms | |
| Empty | Large Range of Timber Washbacks | |
| Thomas Cooke | Timber Washbacks | |
| | RED CROSS STREET. | |
| James Jones | House, No. 41, and Yard | |
| Samuel Makepeace | House, No. 42, Sheds and Yard | |
| Seward Lartson | House, No. 43, and Shed | |
| Edward Hower | House, No. 44, and Shed | |
| Thomas Cooke | Part of open Yard | |
| Ralph Woodlett | Brick Shop | Unknown. |
| William Hunt | Part of House and Foot Shop | Unknown. |
| Joseph Woodland | Part of the Duke's Head Alkhouse | Colony Bellack. |
| Robert Ware | House, No. 47. | Bishop of Winchester |
| Ralph Woodlet | House and Yard, and Work Shop in
Edison Court | Mrs. Jones,
Residence unknown. |
| | LITTLE FALCON COURT. | |
| Richard Pifer | House, No. 3 and Yard | |
| William Wilsons | House, No. 4, and Yard | |
| James | Part of Yard of No. 5. | |
| William Liston | Dock Sheds of No. 6. | |
| | RED CROSS STREET continued. | |
| Thomas Pifer | House, Work Shop, Shed and Yard | |
| | PRINCE'S COURT. | |
| Braden | Timber House and Shed | Colony Bellack |
| | The Site of Pottage and Yard | |

Schedule, No. 2.—continued.

| OCCUPIERS. | DESCRIPTION. | OWNERS. |
|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| John Sanders | House | |
| John Fisher | House and Yard | |
| John Sparks | House and Yard | |
| BIRD CAGE WALK. | | |
| Thomas Davies | House, Workshops, Sheds and Yard | Colonel Bullock. |
| Nancy Geddis | Workshops, Shed and Garden | |
| John Cooper | House, No. 1. Shed, Yard and Garden | |
| Thomas Sastry | House, No. 2. Shed, Yard and Garden | |
| Henry Barnes | The Ball Akbouse and Yard | |
| William Hodges | House, Yard and Shed | |
| Sarah Ellis | Part of Yard | |
| Isaacates | House | |
| Isaacates | House | |
| Isaacates | House | |
| BOROUGH HIGH STREET. | | |
| William Tassie | Duns Horse Livery Stables; the House, Stables, Coach House and Part of Yard | Messrs Holmer and Co. |
| Henry Pigeon and William Dixon | House, No. 158. Coopers, Cart Houses, Wreohouse and Distillery | |
| William and Richard Yate | House, No. 157. Buildings and Yard | |
| Anthony Steay | House, No. 156. Buildings and Yard | |
| MINT STREET. | | |
| The same | House, No. 1. and Warehouse | Colonel Bullock. |
| William Nett | House, No. 2. Shed and Yard | |
| John Welch | House, No. 3. Shed and Yard | |
| Benjamin Francis | House, No. 4. and Yard | |
| Samuel Dale | House, No. 5. and Slaughter House | |
| William Smith | The Site of the Passage | |
| Ernsty | Part of Yard and Stable to No. 6. Yard and Stable Granted to the King's Arms Akbouse | |
| Henry Orgar | House, No. 1. and 2. and Passage | |
| BLACKMAN STREET. | | |
| James Peters | House, No. 126. | City of London and Colonel Bullock. |
| Edward Peters | House, No. 126. and Shed | |
| John Bert | House, No. 128. and Shop in Rear | City of London and Colonel Bullock. |
| Thomas Sterling | House, No. 127. and Yard | |

Cap. clxvi.

An Act for making a Navigable Canal between the Cities of Bath and Bristol; and also for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the City of Bristol, and its Neighbourhood. [15th June 1811.]
[500,000*l.* and if necessary 150,000*l.* additional.]

Cap. clxvii.

A. B. 2. 1811. An Act to vary and alter the Line of a Cut authorised to be made by an Act of the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for making a Canal from the River Exe, near Tipton, in the County of Devon, to the River Teeme, near Taunton, in the County of Somerset; and to amend the said Act. [15th June 1811.]

Cap. clxix.

See 18 G. 3. 1811. An Act for enforcing certain Articles of Agreement entered into between the Comptrey of Proprietors of the Grand Junction Canal and certain Pursons, for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Parish of Fenchington, and the Parishes and Streets adjacent, in the County of Middlesex. [15th June 1811.]

Cap

Cap. clxx.

An Act to enable The Company of Proprietors of the Great Surrey Canal to make a Collateral Cut commencing therewith in the Parish of *Saint Mary, Rotherhithe*, in the County of Surrey, and to enable the said Company to complete the said Canal; and for amending the several Acts relating thereto.

[15th June 1811.]

[150000*l.* additional may be raised.]

Cap. clxxi.

An Act for completing and maintaining the *East Country Dock* at *Rotherhithe*, in the County of Surrey.

[15th June 1811.]

WHEREAS divers Persons, Proprietors of certain Premises called the *East Country Dock*, situated on the South Side of the River *Thames*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Rotherhithe*, in the County of Surrey, adjoining the Dock lately called the *Crownland Dock*, and now called the *Commercial Dock*, have subscribed among themselves for the converting the same into a Dock, for the Convenience of the Trade to the East Country, and for the Receipts of such Articles of Merchandise as are already imported to East Country Ships, and other Goods, and have expended the whole of the Money so subscribed in making the said Dock and Premises thereto belonging: And whereas the said Dock and Premises are not yet complete, although the said Proprietors are indebted in a large Sum of Money beyond the Sums subscribed, and a further Sum will be necessary to complete the said Dock and Premises: And whereas the said Proprietors are desirous of raising the additional Sum necessary to complete the said Dock and Premises by transferable Shares, and also to become a Joint Stock Company with transferable Shares, as to the Sums already subscribed, and also as to the Sums to be raised in pursuance of this Act: And whereas the Purposes of the said Dock and Premises will be more conveniently advanced, and great Advantage will arise from the same being done: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by and with the Authority of the same, That *Thomas Allen, George Allen Aylmer, William Amphlett, Michael Andrews, John Powell Ayles, William Archer, Thomas Ayles, John Bakersworth, John Beaton, James Browning, Edward Brown, Thomas Burgess, Joseph Burnett, James Bell, James Bayly, John Bamberidge, Collett Burs, John Cattan, John Collins, Mrs. Maria Crofton, Aaron Clark, Miss Elizabeth Calton, John Calton, Joseph Cobb, John Croach, Thomas Chapman, Edmund Dreyfus, Charles Dawson, Thomas Day, Joseph Deane, Ralph Day, John Eyles, Richard Eyles, Walter Emmott, William Fernan, Richard Fernan, Charles Fisher, Arthur Frank, William French, Philip French, Henry Frances, Daniel Feltham, Robert Grant, Samuel Gerrard, Thomas Croxson, John Henry Hecker, James Henderson, Loder Huggins, Matthew Hutchinson, William Hobbins, William Hill, Solomon Huggins, Jeremiah Hulse, John Lewis Miller, Matthew Heaton, William Hower, Robert Hitchen, John David Henson, Thomas James, William Jourdain, Nicholas Jourdain, Nicholas Jourdain, John Lile, John David Isaac, Robert Kingston, George Leysers, Richard Lloyd, Thomas Leonard, William Lupt, Samuel Laughers, Matthew Mandy, Thomas Nobby, Robert Humphrey Martin, Daniel Mathews, Henry Medgewick, Thomas Nick, Nancy, Charles Price, Ralph Price, Richard Price, Robert Paldler, Miss Barriet Perry, John Powell, Richard Poch, Richard Parson, William Parker, George Poney, Thomas Poyer, Thomas Puffer, Charles Seymour Parson, Joseph Bellous, James Rolton, Valentine Rutter, Thomas Rylands, Thomas Roggett, Edward Kellifon, Thomas Rowe, George Syme, Hyler Smith, Robert Henry Sparks, Miss Jane Searl, Miss Eliza Swift, Benjamin Swift, William Thompson, Thomas Taylor, John Thorne, Samuel Thorne, Marcus Tobias, John Tiffin, Samuel Ward, John Ward, Thomas Wilson, Thomas Wray, Thomas Wilde, Thomas Wilson, Joseph Wolfe, William Wood, together with such other Persons or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporations or Collegiate, as shall, according to the Conditions and Restrictions in this Act contained, be qualified in any Part of the Joint Stock of the said Company, their Several and respective Executors, Administrators and Assigns, being a Proprietor or Proprietors of any Share or Shares in the said Dock or Docks, shall have full Power and Authority to keep, dred, and ord. the Docks, Basins, Quays, Wharfs and Works now erected and made, and to complete and maintain the same, and all other Basins, Quays, Wharfs, Works, Entences, Bridges, Buildings, Machines and other Matters and Things appertaining thereto, and shall for that Purpose be a Joint Stock Company, by the Name and Style of *The East Country Dock Company*.*

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall have full Power and Authority to supply the said Docks, Basins or other Works, or any of them, at all times with Water from the River *Thames*, and all such Brooks, Springs, Kivens, Waters and Watercourses as are or shall be or be found in the completing the said Docks and Basins, and other Works respectively.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said *East Country Dock Company* shall have full Power and Authority by their Servants, Agents and Workmen, to enter on and deepen, and clear out the Beach and Bed of the River *Thames* at the Entrance to the said Docks, and for ever after maintain and preserve the Depth so made from the Docks, Piers or other Works, at the Entrance from the River to the said Docks; so as to admit Vessels navigating or entering into the said Basins and Docks from the said River *Thames*, with the least or a greater Depth of Water than at on the Sides of the Docks or Entrance to the said Basins or Docks.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, which now belong or may hereafter belong to the said Company, and all Buildings, Engines and other Matters and Things

43 G. 3. (U.K.)
6. 1861.
47 G. 3. 661. a.
c. 133.
43 G. 3. 661. 1861.Notes of the
Proprietors.Power to supply
Docks with
Water.To have Bed of
the River.Premises to sell
of Subscribers.

Things therein and thereunto belonging, and also all Raices or Docks, Cans, Quays, Wharfs, Works, Machines and requisite Roads, Ways, Sluices, Drains, Muzzers and Things, which shall be made, built, provided or established by the said Company, shall be and the same are hereby vested in the said Company; and it shall be lawful for the said Company, in the Name of the Trustees of the said Company for the time being, to bring any Action or Actions, and to prefer or prosecute any Bill or Bills of Indemnity against any Person or Persons, who shall cut, damage or injure, or cause to be cut, damaged or injured, any of the Works to be made, erected, established, amended or repaired by virtue of this Act, or who shall injure or destroy the same without doing, or impeding the doing thereof, or shall break, gash or wrongfully take away Stones, Logs, Irons, Woods, Bricks or other Materials and Machines, Engines or Utensils, provided or to be provided from time to time, or sold, or intended to be sold thereon, or for any other Purpose of this Act, or who shall wilfully do or suffer, or consent to do any thing whereby Damage may accrue to the Mills, Engines, Erection and Buildings to be purchased, or the Works or Machines to be made or erected by virtue of this Act; and all the Damages which shall be so recovered by the said Company, by any Suit, Process or Action, after deducting the Costs of Suit, shall be applied as hereinafter directed.

General Meeting

V. And be it further enacted, That a General Court of the said *Egl County Dock Company* shall be held every Year at such time as the Directors shall appoint.

Special Meetings
of the Board
of Directors

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Twelve or more of the said Company, who shall lawfully be Proprietors of One hundred Pounds or upwards of the said Stock, shall judge it necessary or expedient for the carrying into Execution the Purposes of this Act, to have an extraordinary General Meeting of the said Company called, and to request the same to be called by Notice in Writing and their respective Heads, delivered to the Clerk or Treasurers of the said Company for the time being, signifying in every such Notice the Business intended to be proceeded upon at such Meetings, the Directors of the said Company to be appointed as hereinafter directed, or any Three or more of them, shall, within Ten Days after the Delivery of such Notice, and they and their Secretaries are hereby authorized and required to call such extraordinary Meeting to assemble at such Time and Place, within the Limits aforesaid, as they shall judge expedient within Twenty one Days from and after such Notice; and such Meeting shall be deemed a public one, and all Proceedings there daily had and confirmed by a subsequent Meeting, ordinary or extraordinary, shall be deemed as valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the same had been done at Meetings in the manner hereinafter appointed.

Particular
Directors

VII. And be it further enacted, That *Thomas Wyllye, John Swetes, John Collier, Robert Evans, John Naylor, James Griffin, Richard Smith, Thomas Maddy and Joseph Bowers*, shall be and continue Directors of the said Company until the Second Thursday in the Month of May One thousand eight hundred and twelve, unless such Directors or either of them shall die, be removed by the Court of Proprietors or otherwise, or be deprived of his, her or their Shares in the said Stock, so as to reduce the same under the Number of Five, in any of which cases it shall and may be lawful to and for the next General Meeting of the said Company, ordinary or extraordinary, to nominate and appoint by Ballot a new or other Director in the Room of such Director or Directors so dying, being removed or having disposed of his or their said Stock, for the Remainder of the Term which such Director should have been in Office, and to do so from time to time as Occasion may require; and that on the said Second Thursday in the Month of May One thousand eight hundred and twelve, Three of the said present Directors, or of such of them as shall then remain in Office, and the Person or Persons who shall be substituted in the Place or Places of any of them who shall in the mean time cease to be a Director or Directors, shall retire from their said Office, and on the Second Thursday in the Month of May One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, Three of the remaining Six of the said present Directors or the Person or Persons who shall have been appointed in the Place or Places of any of them, shall retire in like manner; and it shall be decided amongst the Directors by Lot, which Three of the said present Directors, or of such Person or Persons as aforesaid, shall retire at the respective times aforesaid; and that after the said Second Thursday in the Month of May One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, Three Directors shall retire from Office on the Second Thursday in the Month of May in every subsequent Year, and the Directors so retiring shall be those Directors who shall have been in Office for Three Years, or who shall have been substituted in the Place of such Directors, as aforesaid, if they had not ceased to be Directors, have been then in Office for that Period; Provided always nevertheless, that no Person shall be eligible to be appointed a Director of the said Company, who shall not hold at least Five Shares of One hundred Pounds each, of the Stock of the said Company.

Three of the
present Directors
to retire at the
said Thursday in
May 1812.

Retiring of
Directors.

Retiring One
or Two Directors
in each
Year.

Directors to
hold Five Shares.

Qualification.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That not less than Three of the said Directors shall be a Quorum capable of sitting in Execution of this Act, and that all Motions and Quorum to be made and put at such Meetings shall be decided by a Majority of the Directors present; and the Names of such said Directors shall happen to be equal, the Chairman of the Meeting shall in every such Case give the Casting Vote.

Qualification of
Voters.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Body and Body or Bodies, Corporate or Corporations, or other Person or Persons who shall by virtue of this Act have subscribed or undertaken for One Share in the said Undertaking, his, her or their respective Executors, Administrators and Assigns shall have One Vote in the said Undertaking; and the Holder or Holders of One Share shall have One Vote, and the Holder or Holders of Two Shares shall have Two Votes, Three Shares Three Votes, Four Shares Four Votes, Five Shares Five Votes, Six Shares Six Votes, Ten Shares Ten Votes, Twenty Shares Five Votes; but no Holder or Holders of Shares shall, by reason of any Number of Shares, have more than Five Votes, which Vote or Votes may be given by him, her or them, or by his, her or their Proxy or Proxies, constituted under the Seal of such Body Corporate, or Corporations, or by the Holders and Seal of such other Person, every such Proxy being a Proprietor in the said Undertaking, and every such Proxy by Proxy shall be as good, sufficient and valid, to all Intents and Purposes, as if such Person had been present.

Proxy.

Perform; and every Question Matter or Thing which shall be proposed, discussed or considered in any General or Special Assembly of the said Company, shall be determined by the Majority of Voices and Preences then present: Provided nevertheless, that no Person shall give or deliver in Preence for more than Five Shillings, the Appointment of which Person may be made according to the Form following:

I *A. B.* One of the Proprietors of the *East Country Dock*, do hereby nominate, constitute and appoint *C. D.* of _____ to be my Proxy in my Name, and in my Absence to vote or give my Assent or Dissent to any Motion, Business or Thing relating to the said Docks and Undertaking, that shall be mentioned or proposed at any Assembly of the Company of Proprietors of the said Docks, in such manner as to the said *C. D.* shall think proper, according to his Opinion and Judgment, for the Benefit of the said Docks and Undertaking, or any thing appertaining thereto. In Witness whereof I have hereunto set my Hand and Seal the _____ Day of _____

Number of
Persons

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company to raise and contribute enough themselves, a sum or sums of Money for completing and maintaining the said Dock or Docks, and all the Piers, Appurtenances, Ways, Roads, Bridges, Offices, Shutes, Wharfs and all other Works belonging or requisite thereto, and for paying such Sums of Money as may be due, by reason of the Expenses already incurred in making the same, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Forty thousand Pounds (said and except as hereinafter mentioned) in Addition to the Sum already subscribed; and the same shall be divided into Shares of One hundred Pounds each, and the said Shares, as well those already subscribed for, as those which shall be hereafter subscribed for, in pursuance of this Act, shall be and are hereby voted in the several Partials as following, and their several and respective Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, to their and every of their proper Use and Benefit, proportionably to the Sum they shall severally raise and contribute; and all Bodies Politic, Corporate and Collegiate, and all Persons, their several and respective Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, who shall severally subscribe for One or more Share or Shares, or such Sum or Sums as shall be demanded in lieu thereof towards completing the said Dock or Docks, and other the Purposes of the said Subscription, shall be entitled to and receive the entire and set Distribution of an equal proportionable Part, according to the Money so by them respectively paid, of the Profits and Advantages that shall and may arise and accrue by the Tolls, Rates, Wharfeage and other Sums of Money to be raised, received and recovered by the said Company by the Authority of this Act.

Power to raise
Forty thousand
Pounds.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Shares and Proportions of all Bodies Politic, Corporate and Collegiate, and of all other Persons of and in the said Dock or Docks, or the Joint Stock or Fund of the said Company, shall be and be deemed to be the Perfect Effect and transferable as such, and alienable at law, and not in any respect of the Nature of Real Property.

Joint Stock or
Fund of the
Company.

XII. And be it further enacted, That no Share or Shares of the said Dock or Docks shall be liable to be attached by any legal Attachment within the City of London for any Debt or Demand; any Lien, Usage or Custom of the City of London to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

No Share or
Shares liable
to be attached.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Money hereinafter authorized to be raised, shall be found insufficient for the completing and maintaining the said Dock or Docks, and other Works hereby authorized to be made, and all necessary Charges and Expenses relating thereto, then, and in such case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company, to raise and contribute enough themselves in Name and Term aforesaid, so to make by the Addition of new Subscribers (the Consent of a General Meeting being previously had and obtained for that Purpose) any further or other Sums of Money for completing and profecting the said Undertaking, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds; and every Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, subscribing towards raising such further or other Sums of Money, shall be deemed a Member or Members of the said Company, and shall have all Rights and Privileges of the said Company as so full and perfect a member as if he, she or they had been nominated and appointed at the General Meeting held in for the Purpose of this Act, and shall also be liable in such Proportions, and be entitled to all the Profits of the said Undertaking, in proportion to the Sum he, she or they shall or they shall be respectively, as aforesaid, to be distributed to all Interest and Parties who shall be or other Sums hereby allowed to be subscribed for and raised, had originally been Part of the said Sum.

Power to raise a
further Sum by
new Subscribers.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Directors for managing the Concerns of the said Company, to be appointed as hereinafter is expressed, or any Three or more of them, shall have Power from time to time to call for, audit and settle all Accounts of Money laid out and disbursed for the Purpose of this Act, by Officers, and Persons employed under the Authority of this Act, and to make such Call or Calls of Money from the Subscribers, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, according to the Amount of their respective Subscription or Shares, for the Purpose of defraying the Expenses of this Act or the carrying on the Works authorized or directed by this Act, as is or are the said Directors, or any Three or more of them, shall from time to time be deemed necessary for those Purposes, in that no Call shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every Hundred Pounds on the Sum or Sums so subscribed, and in no Call to that Amount be made but at the Interval of One Calendar Month at the least from the preceding Call, which Money so called shall be paid to such Person or Persons, and in such manner as the said Directors shall from time to time appear or direct for the Use of the said Undertaking; and the Owner or Owners of Stock in the said Undertaking, shall pay his, her or their Proportion or Proportions of the Money so called for as aforesaid at such Time and Place, and in such manner as shall be appointed for that Purpose as aforesaid; and if any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporation, Aggregate or Body, shall neglect or refuse to pay his, her or their respective or proportionable Part or Parts on Shares of the said Money so called for, as aforesaid at the Time and Place so appointed by the said Directors, the Parties or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporation Aggregate

Directors to
call for, audit,
and settle the
Accounts.

No Call exceed
20^s.

Calls appointed
by Act.

Penalty.

or Sale, in neglecting or refusing to pay the same, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds for every Hundred Pounds of his, her or their respective Subscriptions or Stock, or Part and Interest in the said Undertaking; and in every such case, the said Dock Company are hereby empowered to sue for and recover in any Court or Courts of Law or Equity (as the case may require) every or any such Part or Share, or any Part thereof neglected or refused to be paid, and also the said Penalty of Five Pounds per Share; and in case such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporation Aggregate or Sole, shall neglect or refuse to pay his, her or their respective or proportionable Part or Parts, or Shares of the said Money to be called for as aforesaid, for the Space of One Month after the time or any of the respective times to be appointed for Payment thereof as aforesaid, then and in every such case the same may be sued for and recovered by the said Dock Company, as last hereinbefore is mentioned; or otherwise at the Option of the said Directors, or of any Three or more of them, of the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporation Aggregate or Sole, in applying to pay the same, shall forfeit all his, her or their respective Stock or Part and Interest in the said Undertaking and Premises, all which Forfeitures shall go to and for the Benefit of the rest of the Proprietors, their Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, (holding for the time being Shares of the said Stock) in proportion to their respective Interests.

Penalty.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Assignee shall be taken of any Forfeiture of any such Stock or any Part thereof, until Notice of such Forfeiture in Writing shall have been previously given or left by some Officer of the said Company to or with the Owner or Owners of such Stock, or left at his, her or their usual or last known Place of Abode, nor unless the same shall be declared to be forfeited at some General Meeting of the said Company, to be held within Six Calendar Months next after such Forfeiture shall happen to be made; and in case of such Forfeiture, the same shall be so Indemnified to and for every Proprietor so forfeiting all his or her Stock, Part and Interest as aforesaid against all and every Action or Actions, Suits or Proceedings whatsoever to be commenced or prosecuted for any Breach of Contract or other Agreement between such Proprietor or Proprietors in forfeiting, and the rest of the Proprietors with regard to carrying on the said Works.

No Assignee takes for Penalties until Notice, and unless declared by General Meeting.

In case of Death, Executors, Administrators or Assigns to Call.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons subscribing or holding any Stock of the said Company, shall die before such Call or Calls shall have been made for the full Sum to be advanced on the same or sums to be subscribed, without having made Provisions by Will, or otherwise in Writing, how the Money shall be paid upon Calls for the future, then, and in every such case, the Executors or Administrators of such Owner or Owners, shall be chargeable in respect of such Calls as for the Debits of that Trustee or Trustees; and in case the Executors and Administrators, or Person or Persons entitled to the Personal Estate, shall neglect or neglect for the Space of Three Calendar Months to answer such Calls and Payments, the said Company shall be at Liberty, and are hereby authorized and required to admit any other Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporation Aggregate or Sole, to be Proprietor or Proprietors of the Stock of such Owner or Owners in default, on Condition that he, she or they be admitted, do and shall do or before such Admission, pay to the Executors or Administrators of such deceased Owner or Owners, the full Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been paid by such Owner or Owners in his, her or their Lifetime, by virtue of any such Call or Calls, or otherwise upon such Share or Shares of such Stock, or such other Sum or Sums of Money as the same can be sold for, first deducting the Penalties that may have been incurred.

Subscribers may sell Shares.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said several Proprietors of the said Undertaking, his, her or their respective Executors and Administrators, to sell and dispose of any Share or Shares to which he, she or they may be entitled therein, subject to the Rules and Conditions herein mentioned; the Conveyance of which Shares shall be in the Form following:

Form of Transfer.

I, *A. B.* of _____ in Consideration of _____ do hereby bargain, sell, assign and transfer to the said _____ of _____ the Sum of _____ Capital Stock of and to the said Company Dock, being part [or, the whole, as the case may be,] of my Share in the Dock, To hold to the said _____ Executors, Administrators and Assigns, subject to the same Rules, Orders and Resolutions, and on the same Conditions that I held the same immediately before the Execution hereof; and I the said *C. D.* do hereby agree to take and accept the said Capital Stock or Share of _____ subject to the same Rules, Orders, Resolutions and Conditions. As Witness our Hands and Seals the _____ Day of _____

Transfer kept by Proprietors.

And on every such Sale the said Deed of Conveyance (being executed by the Seller or Sellers, and the Purchaser and Purchasers of such Share or Shares) shall be kept by the said Purchaser or Purchasers for his, her or their Security, after the Signature or Signatures to the said Company of Proprietors shall have entered in a proper Book or Books, to be kept for that Purpose, a Memorial of such Transfer and Sale for the Use of the said Company, and have testified or indorsed the Ensign of such Memorial in the said Deed of Sale or Transfer, for which on every such Five Shillings shall be paid; and the said Seller or Seller or Sellers is and are hereby required to make such Entry or Memorial accordingly; and until such Memorial shall have been made and entered as above directed, such Purchaser or Purchasers shall have no Part or Share of the Profits of the said Dock, nor any Interest for such Share or Shares paid to him, her or them, nor any Vote in respect thereof as a Proprietor or Proprietors of the said Dock.

No Person to sell after Call, unless paid.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That after any Call of such Money shall have been made by such Certificate as aforesaid, no Person or Persons shall sell or transfer any Share or Shares, which he, she or they shall possess in the said Dock, on Pain of forfeiting his, her or their respective Share or Shares therein to the

aid Company of Proprietors, in Trust for the Benefit of all the said Proprietors, unless he, she or they, at the time of such Sale and Transfer, shall have paid and discharged to the Treasurer of the said Company of Proprietors the whole and entire Sum of Money which shall have been called for upon such Share in full or transferred, such Proprietors are authorized to be notified and declared at a General or Special Assembly in witness whereof provided always, that in case the said Company shall be defunct of making the said Sum, not exceeding Twenty thousand Pounds, by Mortgage of the said Undertaking, or shall at any time hereafter be defunct of raising by such Mortgage a Sum not exceeding Twenty thousand Pounds of the Capital Sum subscribed, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company to borrow and take up at Interest all or any Part of the said Sum on the Credit of the Rates, Tolls or Profits of the said Docks, and to assign the Property of the said Docks, and the Rates and Profits arising or to arise to the said Company by or from the said Docks, or to mortgage any Part or Parts thereof (the Covenants and Charges of assigning the same to be paid out of such Rates and Profits as a Security to any Person or Persons, or to him, her or their Trustee or Trustees who shall advance the same,) all which said Assignments shall be made and signed by Three or more of the Directors of the said Company, and shall be in the Form or to the Effect following; that is to say.

BY virtue of the *Exp. Guntry Dock Company*, in Consideration of the Sum of _____ We, the Company of Proprietors of _____
 do as is Herein paid by _____ of _____ do hereby declare,
 fill and assign to the said _____ his Executors, Administrators and
 Assigns, the said Dock or Docks, and all and singular the Profits arising therefrom, or payable to us by _____ and all our Heirs, Right, Title and Interest
 of, and in and to the same, To hold unto the said *A. B.* his Executors, Administrators and Assigns, until _____ with the Interest for the same, after the
 the said Sum of _____
 Rate of _____ per Centum per Annum, shall be fully paid and limited.

And all and every Person or Persons to whom such Assignment shall be made, shall be equally entitled, one with the other, to their Properties of the said Rates, and Profits and Pounds, according to the respective Shares in such Assignments mentioned to be advanced, without any Preference whatsoever; and the Name, Name or Names of Assignees, with their Addition or Additions, the Sum of Money borrowed, and Rate of Interest, shall, within Twenty-one Days from the Date of every such Assignment, be entered in One or more Book or Books, to be kept by the Clerk to the said Company, which Book or Books shall and may be inspected at all reasonable times by any of the Proprietors or Creditors of the said Dock, and any other Person or Persons interested therein, upon Payment for every such Inspection of the Sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence; and the Person or Persons to whom such Assignment shall be made as aforesaid, or who shall be entitled to the Money due thereon, shall and may from time to time receive his, her or their Right or Interest therein to any Person or Persons by Writing under his, her or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, in the Form or to the Effect following; that is to say,

I *A. B.* of _____ in Consideration of the Sum of _____
 of _____ paid by the said *C. D.* of _____
 do hereby transfer a certain Mortgage made by the Company of Proprietors of the *Exp. Guntry Dock*, _____
 being Date the _____ Day of _____ for interest
 the Sum of _____ and all the Interest now due and to become due thereon
 and all my Right and Property therein, to the said *C. D.* his Executors, Administrators and Assigns, dated _____
 the _____ Day of _____

And every such Transfer shall, within Seven Days after the Date thereof, be produced to the Solicitor or Clerk of the said Company, who shall cause a Memorial to be made thereof, for which the said Solicitor or Clerk shall be paid the Sum of Five Shillings and no more; and every such Entry made of such Transfer shall from thenceforth tell all Interest in the said Mortgage to the Assignee or Assignees, his, her or their Executors, Administrators and Assigns; and the Interest of the Money which shall be borrowed or raised by Mortgage as aforesaid, shall be provided for and paid to the several Parties entitled thereto, before any Interest or Dividends due to the said Company of Proprietors or any of them shall be paid, made or divided.

XIX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Person shall be capable of voting by reason of any Mortgage or Assignment, or any Transfer of the same, either as Principal or Proxy at any Assembly or Meeting of the said Company, for or on account of his or her having lent or advanced any Money on the Credit of such Assignment.

XX. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, who may be Proprietors or Proprietors of any Shares of the said Company, shall be liable to his, her or their Real or Personal Estates being chargeable with any Debt or Demand whatsoever, due or to become due from the said Company, beyond the Extent of his, her or their Share or Shares in the Stock of the said Company; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That when the Docks and Works shall be completed for the Reception of Shipping, or as soon after as a competent Judgment can be formed of the Profits which may accrue, the said Company shall, and they are hereby empowered and directed to make and declare such Dividends or Dividends on the Stock of the said Company to be paid Yearly or Half yearly out of the Profits which shall accrue to the said Company, as may and shall be settled and approved by a General Meeting of the said Company, to be from time to time called for the Purpose of making and declaring Dividends.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Directors or any Three or more of them to appoint a Solicitor, Clerk or Clerks, Collector or Collectors, Receiver or Receivers, Treasurers

Power to make
 Trusty Deeds
 and to sign by
 Assignees.

Form of Memorandum.

Not to have
 Preference.
 Mortgage not
 entered, and same
 to be lawful.

Mortgage
 transferable.

Form of
 Transfer.

Transfer
 entered.

Interest not
 to be paid
 before Dividends.

Mortgage not
 to vote.

Individuals not
 liable beyond
 their share.

Power to make
 Dividends.

Director to appoint
 Officers.
 Treasurers

Clers or Transfers, Watchmen or Watchmen, and such other Officers and Servants as they shall find necessary for the Purposes of this Act, taking such Security or Securities for the full Execution of their respective Offices as the said Directors, or any Three or more of them, shall from time to time think fit; and out of the Money to be raised by this Act to pay or allow unto such Persons or Persons such Salaries, Allowances or Remunerations yearly or otherwise, for their Time and Trouble, as to them shall seem most and reasonable; and from time to time to remove and suspend them, or any of them, and appoint others in their Stead, or in the Room of such as shall die or be removed, suspended or become incapable of performing their Office or Offices.

Power to make Bye Laws.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Company, or the major Part of them in General Court assembled, shall and may make, enact and establish, such and so many Bye-Laws, Constitutions, Rules and Ordinances, as to them, or the major Part of them, is or shall be thought fit, as aforesaid shall seem most and convenient for the better governing, regulating, ordering, and managing of the said Company, and the Officers, Servants and Persons employed or to be employed in and about the Affairs of the said Company, and to alter, change, revoke, amend or make void the same from time to time, and as often as they or the major Part of them is or shall be thought fit, shall judge necessary and expedient; provided that such Bye-Laws, Constitutions, Rules and Ordinances be printed, and be not contrary or repugnant to the Statutes, Customs or Laws of this Part of the United Kingdom called England, or to the Provisions in this Act contained; but no Order, Bye-Law, Constitution, Rule or Ordinance so made shall be good and valid, without being confirmed at a subsequent General Meeting of the said Company, ordinary or extraordinary, to be held as hereafter is contained.

Limitation of Penalty in Bye-Laws, Including Works, &c.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Penalty to be imposed by any Bye-Law, made, ordained and constituted by Authority of this Act, shall exceed the Sum of Five Pounds.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully break, demolish or throw down any Lamp or Lamps, Lamp Glass or Pan, which the said Company shall or may fix up near, upon and about the said Dock or Docks and other Works, or upon the Premises belonging to the said Company, or shall wilfully extinguish or the Lights within the said Lamp or Lamps, or damage the Iron or other Furniture thereof, it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons who shall be such Officers appointed, and also for any other Person or Persons, whom called upon, to arrest the Offender or Offenders by Authority of this Act, and, without any other Warrant, to convey him, her or them into the Custody of a Peace Officer, in order to be conveyed before a Justice or Justices of the Peace for the Counties of Kent or Jersey; and then such Justice or Justices shall proceed to examine upon Oath any Witness or Witnesses who shall appear to give any Information touching such Offence (which Oath the said Justice or Justices is or are hereby authorized and required to administer); and that if the Party or Parties accused shall be convicted of such Offence, either by Confession or by the Testimony of any credible Witness or Witnesses as aforesaid, he, she or they shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for each Lamp, Lamp Glass or Pan, or other Furniture is broken, thrown down or damaged, or for every Light extinguished, and moreover shall make full Satisfaction to the said Directors, or to such Person or Persons who shall appear to receive the same for the Damage so done; and that in case such Offender or Offenders shall not, or cannot, pay the Sum so forfeited, and make Satisfaction as aforesaid, such Justice or Justices is or are hereby required to commit him, her or them to the House of Correction for any time not exceeding Two Calendar Months.

Penalty.

Impressment.

Dock Males.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Directors, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and required from time to time, in Occasion shall require, to remove and appoint a proper Person or Persons to be Superintendent Dock Master or Dock Males, and to remove, suspend or dismiss the same, which said Superintendent Dock Master or Dock Males shall have full Power and Authority to direct the mooring, unmooring, moving and unmooring of all Ships and Vessels, Lighters, and Craft coming into, lying or being in the said Dock or Docks, or any of them, either at the time or times and the manner of their Entrance into, lying or going out of the same, and their Positions, loading and discharging thereof, and the time or times of opening and shutting the several Gates thereof; and in case the Owner, Master, Pilot, Servant or other Person having the Care of any Ship or Vessel, shall refuse or neglect to moor, unmoor, move or remove the same according to such Directions within Three Hours after Notice to him or them given in Writing, or left with some Person or Persons on board the said ship or vessel for that Purpose, then it shall be lawful for the said Dock Master or Dock Males, or his or their Assistants, and he and they is or are hereby required to moor, unmoor, move or remove such ship or Vessel, and the Charges and Expenses thereof respectively shall be paid, together with a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds for each Offence, by the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, and may be recovered by the said Company of the Owner of such Ship or Vessel in case of Nonpayment thereof, on Demand, by such ways and means as Penalties and Forfeitures are by this Act to be recovered; and in case any Master, Commodore, Mate, Pilot or other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall obstruct or hinder the mooring, unmooring, moving or removing of any Ship or Vessel, such Person or Persons shall, for every such Offence, forfeit a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, to be recovered and applied as hereinafter declared.

Penalty.

No Ship to lie within One Year of Entrance.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That as soon as the said intended Dock or Docks are so far completed as to admit Ships, Vessels or Craft to enter therein, no Ship or other Vessel or Vessels shall lie within the Distance of One hundred Yards of the Entrances of the said Docks, unless it is for the Purpose of coming in or going out of the Dock, so that at all times the Entrance may be kept clear and without Obstruction; and over the Space the Dock Master shall have Command, so far as relates to the placing or transporting Ships or Vessels coming in or going out of the Dock.

Ships lying near, &c.

XXVIII. And, for the better making and profiting a free and clear Passage and Entrance from the River Thames into and out of the said Docks for all Ships, Vessels, Lighters, Barges and Boats of every Description, be it further enacted, That no Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge, Craft or Boat of any Description what-

never, shall be across, in, or in any way obstruct any of the Entrances or Passages into or from any of the said Docks, Basins or Cuts, except only such Ships, Vessels, Lighters, Barges, Crafts and Boats of whatsoever Description as shall have come out of or are intended to go into the said Dock, under a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds for every such Offence.

XXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend to prohibit any Ship or Vessel lying at or alongside of the Wharfs and Pier-heads to the South Side of the said Docks or Basins, in such manner as such Ship or Vessel before the passing of this Act by Law might have done.

XXX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Slip or Slips, Dry Docks, Graving Dock Way or other Place for the building, repairing down or repairing of Ships or other Vessels, shall at any time hereafter be made or built, or permitted or suffered to be made or built, within the Walls surrounding any of the said Docks hereby authorized to be made, or of the Basins or Entrances which shall belong thereto; nor shall any Communication at any time hereafter be made into the said *East Cauntry Dock*, or to any of the Basins or Entrances which may belong thereto, from any Wet Dock, Slip or Slips, Dry Docks, Graving Dock Way or other Place for the building, repairing down or repairing of Ships or other Vessels which may hereafter be adjoining to the said *East Cauntry Dock*, or to any of the Basins or Entrances which may belong thereto; nor shall the said *East Cauntry Dock Company* at any time or times hereafter carry on or be otherwise concerned in the Trade or Business of building or repairing the Walls or Walls of Slips or Vessels for Hire or Profit.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That on Tar, Pitch, Resin, Hemp, Flax, Faggots, Force, Brandy or other Spirituous Liquors, Turpentine, Oil, Hay, Straw, Tallow, Grease, Shavings of Wood or unsuitable or inflammable Matter whatsoever of any Kind, shall be suffered to be or remain on the Quay or Wharfs aforesaid, or any Part thereof, or upon the Deck of any Ship or other Vessel in the said Basin or Docks, Cuts or other Works, or any of them, above the Space of Twelve Hours after passing the Customs House Officers; and that in case such Goods, Merchandise or Things cannot be conveniently removed therefrom by Day-light, that then and in every such case, the Owner or Owners of such Goods, Merchandise or Things respectively, if so the Quay or Wharfs, or the Commander, Master or Mate, if on board of any Ship or Vessel, shall be obliged, and are hereby required to fit and maintain at their own Expence a sufficient Number of sober Persons to guard and watch over the same, for such and so many Hours, according to the Sense of the Year, as the said Superintendent Dock Master or Dock Masters, or his or their Assistants, shall direct or appoint; and in case the Owner or Owners of such Goods, Merchandise or other Things, or the Commander, Master or Mate of any Ship or other Vessel shall make Default herein by neglecting the same, then and in that case the said Superintendent Dock Master or Dock Masters, or his or their Assistants, shall fit and appoint such sufficient Number of careful Persons as may be requisite to watch and guard over the same, at the Expence of the said Owner or Owners of such Goods or Ship or Ships; and every such Person shall forfit and pay for every such Offence a Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds, exclusive of the full Charges of watching and attending the same.

XXXII. Be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Directors, or any Three or more of them, their Agents, Servants or Workmen, as often as Occasion shall require, well and lawfully to cleanse, fess, open, deepen, widen or cut through and take away any Banks, Hills, Earth, Soil or Rubbish in the said intended Works and Entrances to the said Docks, Basins or Cuts, in such manner as the said Directors, or any Three or more of them, or any Person appointed by them for that Purpose, shall think proper for the Security, Entrance and Accommodation of Shipping in the same; and also to remove and take away any Wrecks of Ships or Vessels, or any Ship or Vessel that shall be sunk therein, or any Wood, Timber, Anchors or other Obstructions, or other Impediments of the like nature that may be found or arise therein; and in case the Owner or Owners of any such Ship or Vessel, or other Obstructions do so be removed, shall refuse or neglect to pay the Charge of removing the same for the Space of Seven Days after Demanded thereof made by any Officer of the said Company, then the Owner or Owners of any such Wrecks, or Ships or Vessels, or any Ship or Vessel that shall be sunk therein, or any Wood, Timber, Anchors or other Obstructions or Impediments of the like nature, shall, for every such Offence, besides as the said Company, exclusive of the Expenses incurred by removing the same, a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and the same shall be recovered and applied in such manner as other Penalties and Forfeitures are by this Act directed to be recovered and applied.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall throw, cast or put any Ballast, Earth, Duff, Ashes, Stones or other Things into or upon any of the Works to be made in pursuance of this Act to the Prejudice thereof, or do any other Annoyance to the same or any Part thereof, and Complaint be made thereof, upon Oath, by any of the said Directors or their Clerk, or other Officer, or any other Person, the same shall be examined into and determined by One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of *Kent* or *Surrey*; and they are hereby authorized to impose upon the Offender or Offenders (other than and except as a heretofore mentioned) such Fines or Penalties, not exceeding Twenty Pounds for each Offence, as they the said Justices shall think reasonable; and in case any Owner or Owners, Master or Commander, Seaman or Servant of any Ship or other Vessel, shall be guilty of any of the said Offences, upon Proof thereof by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses before any of the said Justices, the Person or Persons so offending shall for each Offence forfeit to the said Company a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, and in case of Non-payment of such last mentioned Twenty Pounds for the Space of Three Days after the same shall be demanded, it shall be lawful for such Justices, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to levy the same, together with the Costs and Charges incident thereto, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of every such Owner, Master or Commander, Seaman or Servant

or other Part or Parts in offending, or the Tackle, Apparel or Furniture of or belonging to such Ship or Vessel, rendering the Overplus (if any) to the Person whose Goods or other Things shall be so distrained; and if sufficient Distress cannot be found, then it shall be lawful for such Persons by Warrant under their Hand and Seal, to commit such Offender or Offenders to the House of Correction, there to be kept to hard Labour for any Time not exceeding Two Calendar Months, unless sooner discharged.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons whatsoever shall wilfully or malevolently set on board, or in any manner deliver any Rope or other Thing, by which any Ship or other Vessel lying in the said Docks, Basins or Balcons, or Cais, shall be moved or injured, such Person or Persons shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall hinder or vitiate the Dock Master or Dock Masters to be appointed in pursuance of this Act, or his or their Assistant or Assistants, from exercising to a due and reasonable manner any of the Powers or Authorities hereby vested in them.

XXXV. And, for preventing Accidents by Fire in the said Docks or Basins, or Cais or other Works, be it further enacted, That no Person whatsoever shall have or keep, or cause to be had or kept, any Fire, Candle or Lamp lighted on board any Ship or other Vessel within the same at any time or times whatsoever, between the Twenty sixth Day of September and the Twelfth fifth Day of March in every Year, after the Hour of Nine in the Evening, or before the Hour of Eight in the Morning, nor at any time or times whatsoever between the Twenty fifth Day of March and the Twenty sixth Day of September in every Year after the Hour of Nine of the Clock in the Evening, or before the Hour of Nine of the Clock in the Morning, under Pain of forfeiting for every Offence a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Pitch, Tar, Rosin, Turpentine, Oil or other combustible or inflammable Matter shall at any time hereafter be loaded or heaved on board any Ship or other Vessel, Lighter, Craft or Boat lying in the said Dock or Docks, Basins or Balcons, or Cais or other Works, or any of them, nor in any Place or Places within the said Docks, Basins or Cais, except in such Place or Places, and in such manner as shall be appointed by the said Dockmaster or any Three or more of them, or by their known Agents, for that Purpose; nor shall any Gunpowder or loaded Gun whatever be brought into the said Docks, Basins or Cais, or be suffered to remain on board any Ship or any other Vessel, upon Pain that every such Master, Commander or Owner of any Ship or Vessel, or other Persons so offending in manner as aforesaid, shall forfeit for every such Offence a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Master or Owner of every Ship, Boat, Barge, Lighter or other Vessel shall be, and is hereby made enforceable for any Damage, Spoil or Mischief that shall be done by any Ship, Boat, Barge, Lighter or other Vessel, or any of the Boatmen, Watermen or others belonging to or employed in or about the same, unto the Docks, Basins, Cais, or any of the Bridges, Locks, Dams, Engines or other Works, in, upon or belonging to the said Docks, Cais and Basins or any of them, or any of the Trenches, Sluices and Passages to be made as aforesaid, or by loading or unloading any Ship, Boat, Barge, Lighter or other Vessel, or for any Trespass or Damage that shall or may be done to the Owners or Occupiers of any Buildings, Cottages, Mills, Dams, Gauges, Weirs, Lunds or Trenchments adjoining or lying near the same or any of them, by leaving open the Gates or sluices, or for any other Trespass whatsoever; and the said Master or Owner of any such Ship, Boat, Barge, Lighter or other Vessel may be sued and prosecuted for the same in any Court of Record; and if a Verdict or Judgment shall be given against him, unless he plead made, or be Default, or upon Demurrer, the Plaintiff in any such case shall recover his Damages thereby followed, with full Costs of Suit; and in case the Master or Owner of any such Ship, Boat, Lighter or other Vessel as aforesaid, shall be compelled to pay any Penalty, or to make Satisfaction for any Damage or Trespass, by reason of any wilful Act or Default done or committed by his Servant or Servants, every such Servant or Servants shall be liable to pay such Penalty, or the Money paid for any such Damage or Trespass, to such Master or Owner, and in case of Management thereof as Demanded, the same shall be recovered by such Master or Owner in like manner as any Penalty is hereinafter directed to be recovered.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That notwithstanding any thing contained in any Act of Parliament made and passed in the Nineteenth Year of His present Majesty's Kings, intituled, *An Act to explain the meaning of an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for the encouragement and increase of Shipping and Navigation, as relates to the Importation into this Kingdom, and other His Majesty's Dominions, of Goods and Commodities of the Growth or Production of Africa, Asia or America, which are manufactured in foreign Parts; for preventing Masters of Ships removing their Vessels out of the Stream, except in the bestial Quay in the Port of London, before the Goods are discharged or their Vessels are cleared by the proper Officers upwards or downwards; and for allowing the Officers of the Customs and Excise to make up of Lighters or Inland Ships in the Haven, Dock or Basin at the Port of Kingston upon Hull; it shall and may be lawful for any Ship or Vessel laden with Timber or Wood only, or Timber or Wood as the principal Part of the Cargo, and not bound by Law to enter any particular Dock, to enter and go into the said Wet Docks or Basins: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend to authorize the landing or unloading, or to store or carry the Right or Produce, if any, of loading or unloading Goods from the said Ship or Vessel in the said Dock or Basin; but the same Right or Privilege, if any, shall remain, continue and be subject to all such Constraints, Restrictions and Limitations, as it would have been if this Act had not passed.*

XXXIX. And whereas it is expedient that the Trade and Business of the Inhabitants of the Parish of *St Andrew's* should be interrupted as little as may be: Be it therefore enacted, That the said Dock Company shall construct, make and keep Two Platforms or Bridges, with proper and safe Rails or Chains over the Cut or Sluice made, or to be made, for connecting the said Docks with the River Thames, and that One of

Each Platform Bridge shall be first for the Use of Passengers, unless in cases where it shall be necessary to keep open both the said Bridges.

XL. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall and may likewise cause to be made and provided, altered or mended, such Streets, Bridges, Footways, Paths, Ways or Roads, on, or leading to the said Dock or Docks, or other Works, as they shall from time to time judge necessary, for the more convenient Use thereof, and of the Wharfs and other Works appertaining thereto.

XLI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize or empower the said Company of Proprietors to make any Bridge over or upon, or to raise, direct or alter any of the Turnpike Roads under the Care and Conservation of the Trustees appointed or to be appointed for putting into Execution an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for relaying and altering the Turn and Powers of several Acts of Parliament, for making a Road from New Street Southward, in the Place therein mentioned, and from Fritchard Street Southward, in Dockhead, in Littleport Hall Bridge, in Bermondsey, and from the Stone's End in Kent Street Southward, in Dartford, so far as respects the Road leading from the Stone's End in Bermondsey Street towards Saint Thomas's Watergate, and also for repairing and mending a certain Lane, called Long Lane, in the Parish of Bermondsey in the County of Surrey, or any of the Acts therein mentioned or recited, without the Consent and Approbation of the said Trustees appointed at two Successive General Meetings made and given.*

XLII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to take away the Rights, Powers and Authorities of the Commissioners of Sewers, for the Limits extending from *East Moolishay, in the County of Surrey, to Ravenshoe in the County of Kent.*

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall knowingly, wilfully or maliciously demolish, break down, cut down or destroy any of the Works to be made by virtue of this Act, or any Ship or Vessel, Barge, Lighter or Craft, or Goods and Merchandise therein lying in the said Dock, Cuts, Basin or Basins, then every such Offender or Offenders, being convicted thereof, shall suffer Punishment by Fine, Imprisonment or Transportation for a Term not exceeding Seven Years, at the Discretion of the Judge or Judges before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be tried and convicted.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That no Director nor any Person in any manner concerned in Business as Partner with such Director, shall hold any Contract or enjoy any Piece of Profit created by this Act, or be beneficially employed, or in any manner interested or concerned, directly or indirectly, in supplying any Article or Materials for the Use of the said Company; and in case any Director shall hold any Contract, or enjoy any Piece of Profit created by this Act, or shall be in any manner beneficially employed or concerned, directly or indirectly, in supplying any Article or Materials for the Use of the said Company, every such Director shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, together with full Costs of Suit, to any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, or of the Case, or by Bill, Plea or Information, whereas no Fines, Penalties or Wages of Law, or more than One Impignure shall be allowed; and One Moiety of such Penalty when recovered, shall be paid to the Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, and the other Moiety shall be paid to the said Company, to be applied to the Purposes of this Act; and the Person or Persons so convicted, shall be absolutely disqualified from acting any longer as a Director or Directors of the said Company; and no Director mentioned in any such Contract, Matter or Thing as aforesaid, shall vote in any Question touching or concerning the same.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That, in consideration of the great Charges and Expenses which the making, building, erecting and providing such Dock or Docks, Quays and Wharfs, Sholes, Bridges, Roads and other Works, and the supporting and maintaining, and keeping the same in repair, for the future, there shall be payable and paid to the said Company, or to their Collectors or Deputies for their Use, for every Ship or Vessel entering into the said Docks or Cuts, or any or either of them, by the Master or Commander, Owner or Owners of every such Ship or other Vessel, the several Rates or Duties according to the Tenor of the said Statute or Vessel, hereinafter particularly rated and described in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A); and the Master or other Person having the Command of such and every such Ship or Vessel is hereby required to produce such Certificate of Registry at the time of Payment of the said Rates in the Dock Master or other Officer appointed to receive the same.

XLVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That Lighters and Craft entering into the Docks or Basins to discharge or receive Goods or to land or unload any Ships, shall be exempted from any Rates or Duties, such Goods paying Duties as in other Acts.

XLVII. And, to the Intent that the Rates or Duties imposed by this Act may be more effectually collected and levied, be it further enacted, That in case any Owner or Owners, or Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of any Ship or other Vessel charged or chargeable with any of the Rates or Duties created by this Act, shall refuse or neglect to pay the same, then, and in every such case, it shall from time to time be lawful for the Collectors or Collectives, to be duly appointed in pursuance of this Act, to go on board such Ship or other Vessel, to demand, collect and receive the said Rates and Duties, and an Impignure thereof to take and deliver such Ship or other Vessel, and all her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture belonging thereto as any Part thereof, and the same to detain until the respective Rates or Duties shall be satisfied and paid; and in case of any Neglect or Default in Payment of the said Rates and Duties for the Space of Five Days after any Distress or Distresses be made or taken, that then it shall be lawful for the said Collector or Collectives to make the same to be appraised by One or more Sworn Appraisers, or other Officers; Persons not interested therein, and afterwards to sell the said Distress or Distresses, and therewith to satisfy

Bridges, &c.

Turnpike Roads, see the Statute made by the said Act of Parliament, of the 43rd Year of His Majesty's said Majesty.

Commissioners of Sewers.

Surrey, Kent or Province.

Punishment.

No Divided as the Penalty to supply any Materials.

Penalty.

Rates.

Penalties, Impignures, &c. See Act.

Distress, &c. See Statute of 17th Geo. 3.

himself or themselves, as well for and in respect of Rates or Duties so neglected or refused to be paid, and for which such Distress or Distresses shall have been made or taken as aforesaid, as for and in respect of his or their reasonable Charges in taking, keeping, appraising and selling the same, rendering the Overplus (if any there be) to the Master, Commandeur, Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel upon Demand.

Proviso relating
to Payment of
Rates in con-
tinuous discharge.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Master, Owner or Owners, or other Person or Persons having the Charge or Command of any Ship or other Vessel, shall by any means whatsoever at any time or times evade or evade the Payment of the Rates and Duties hereby made payable or any Part thereof, and every Person charging or evading Payment as aforesaid shall stand charged with and be liable to the Payment of the same; and such Rates and Duties shall and may be recovered from such Master or Owner or Owners respectively, by the same ways and means, and in such manner as are hereinafter described for levying and recovering the Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act inflicted or authorized to be imposed.

Rate to be paid by
Vessel
Dock Master to
enter and depart
Ships.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That the said Superintendant Dock Master or Dock Masters shall, and they are hereby authorized and directed, upon giving Twenty four Hours previous Notice in Writing to the Owner or Masters thereof, or other Person having the Care of such Ship or Vessel respectively, to order set light Ships and such as are unfit for Service, whenever the same shall remain the said Basin or Dock, Basins or Docks, or any of them, or in the Basins thereof, and that all and every such Master or Masters, or Owner or Owners of any Ship or Vessel who shall refuse or neglect to comply with such Order, shall be liable for every such Offence a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for every such Refusal or Neglect; and in case of Neglect or Refusal, the Dock Master or Dock Masters, his or their Assistant or Assistants, may remove or cause to be removed all such Vessels out of the said Docks and Basins, or Cais, or any of them, and lay or raise the same in any Part of the River Thames within High Water Mark, as conveniently as may be; and that after Demand of Payment shall have been made by such Dock Master or Dock Masters, Assistant or Assistants, to the Owner or Owners, Masters, Commandeurs or Agents of such Ship or Ships, or other Vessel or Vessels, of the Charges of removing and mooring the said Ships or other Vessels, (such Charges and Expenses being first allowed by the said Directors or any Three or more of them) and upon Neglect or Refusal to pay such Charges is allowed as aforesaid for the Space of Two Days, it shall be lawful for the said Dock Master or Assistants to detain and sell such Ship or Vessel, or any of her Tackle, Apparel or Furniture, or any Part thereof, for Payment of such Charges and Expenses of removing and mooring as aforesaid, rendering the Overplus (if any) after deducting the Charges of taking, keeping and selling of such Vessels, to the Owner or Owners, Master or Masters, Factor and Agents of or for such Ship or Vessel, upon the same being demanded. [See *Geo. Act.*]

Fencing.

Distress.

Proviso for
Rights of Com-
mercial Dock
Company.

L. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall authorize the said Company to make any Alteration in any Shoar, Bridge, Footway, Road, Way or Passage that runs into or across, leads to or communicates with the Hereditaments and Premises of or belonging to the Commercial Dock Company, which with the Consent of the Directors of such Company, or the Majority of them for the time being, except such Part of any such Shoar, Bridge, Footway, Street, Road, Path or Way as runs through and along the Premises belonging to the *East India Dock Company*.

Right Powers to
a Commercial
Dock Company,
29 G. 3. c. 103.

LI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be construed in any way to restrict, limit or interfere with the Authorities or Powers given and granted to the Commercial Dock Company in and by an Act of the Fifth Year of King George the Third, intituled, *An Act for maintaining and improving the Docks and Warehouses called The Commercial Docks, and for making and maintaining other Docks and Warehouses in communication therewith, all in the Parish of Saint Mary Rotherhithe, in the County of Surrey*; with respect to the keeping clear the Entrances of the said Docks from Obstructions, and to the Control of the Dock Master to place and transport Stages and Vessels coming in and going out of the Commercial Docks, it being hereby declared that nothing in this Act contained is intended to prevent the said Commercial Dock Company from exercising all the Rights and Powers given and created by the said Act, according to the full Effect and Meaning of this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Proviso for
Rights of other
Dock Companies,
29 G. 3. c. 103.
29 G. 40 G. 2.
c. 103.

43 G. 3. c. 103.

LII. Provided also, and be it further enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prejudice or affect the Rights of the *West India Dock Company*, established by an Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for rendering more commodious and better regulating the Port of London*; or of the *London Dock Company*, established by an Act made in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for making six Docks, Basins, Cais and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, in the Port of London*; or of the *East India Dock Company*, established by an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the further Improvement of the Port of London, by making Docks and other Works at Blackwall, for the Accommodation of East India Shipping in the said Port*.

For Rights of
Wharves, Piers,
and Quays.

LIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend to prevent or hinder the Mayor and Corporation, and Citizens of the City of London, or their Deputies, Messrs or Fellowships Porters (otherwise called *Wharfmen* Porters) from exercising and enjoying within the said Wet Docks, and other Works already made, or to be made by virtue of this Act, the Rights of Messengers and Porters of all Coal, Cans, Grass and Seed of what Kind soever, and of all Salt and Flour, and of all other Merchandises whatsoever to be assessed at the Rates and Prices as regulated and settled as to be regulated and settled by the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Common of the City of London in Common Council assembled, in such and the same manner in every respect as they now and heretofore have enjoyed such Rights of Messengers and Porters in any Part of the Port of London.

LIV. Provided

LIV. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend or derogate from the Estates, Rights, Liberties, Privileges, Franchises or Authority of the King's Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or of the Mayor and Commonalty of the Citizens of the City of London, or their Successors, or of the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, or to prohibit, defeat alter or diminish any Power or Authority or Jurisdiction, which at the time of making this Act His Majesty, or the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, or the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, as Conservator of the River Thames and Waters of Afroway, did or might lawfully claim, use or exercise; and further, that it shall be lawful for the said Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, in like manner as he hath used legally to do in other Cases, to inquire of, hear and determine by Processment or Judgment taken before him as Conservator of the said River and Waters, all Offences contrary to this Act, or such Bye-Laws, Rules, Orders and Regulations as shall be made as aforesaid; and upon Conviction of the Offender or Offenders, to impose a Penalty or Penalties on him, her or them, not exceeding the Penalty or Penalties hereby inflicted in and by the said Bye-Laws, Rules, Orders and Regulations for such Offence or Offences; but no Person shall be punished Twice for One and the same Offence.

For Rights of His Majesty and of London, as Conservator of the Thames and Afroway.

LV. Provided also, and it is further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prohibit, defeat, alter or diminish any Power, Authority or Jurisdiction, which, at the time of making this Act, the Mayor or Commonalty, or Citizens of the City of London, or the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, or his Deputy, or the Exercise of gauging all Wines, Oils, Honey and other gaugable Merchandise imported or brought into the said Wet Docks already made or to be made by virtue of this Act, by the River of Thames, or to be exported clearfrom, nor to prohibit or derogate from any other the Rights, Liberties, Tolls, Customs, Dues, Duties and Commodities of the said Mayor, Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London; but that the said Mayor for the time being or his Deputy, shall exercise and enjoy the Rights of gauging within the said Wet Docks already made or to be made as aforesaid upon the Banks, Wharfs, Quays, and in the Warehouses thereto belonging, as fully and effectually as all Inlets and Pipelines as of this Act had not been made.

Proviso for Mayor and Commonalty's Right of gauging.

LVI. Provided always, and it is further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prohibit or derogate from any of the Rights or Privileges of the Master, Warden and Assistants of the Trinity House, *Dolphin Strand*.

Proviso for Rights of Trinity House.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, or by any Rule or Bye-Law which shall hereafter be made in pursuance of this Act, may be levied and recovered within Twelve Months after the Offence or Offences committed before any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the Counties of Kent and Surrey; and each Justice or Justices is and are hereby empowered and required, upon Complaint to him or them made, to grant a Warrant to bring before him or them such Offender or Offenders, at the Time and Place in such Warrant specified; and in case of Nonappearance thereof, on Conviction of the Offenders respectively on his, her or their Conviction, or on the Evidence of any One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, examined on Oath (which Oath the said Justice or Justices is or are hereby empowered and empowered to administer), shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, by Warrant under the Hand or Hands or Seal or Seals of such Justice or Justices; and all Fines and Forfeitures, when recovered, shall go and be applied, One half to him who will for or inform, and the other Half to the Use of the said Company, to be paid into the Hands of their Treasurer; and for want of sufficient Distress, or in case the Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, to commit any such Offender to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any time not exceeding Three Calendar Months, unless such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, and all reasonable Charges attending the Recovery thereof, shall be sooner paid.

Proviso reserved after Offence.

Justice may grant Warrant.

Justice may grant Warrant.

Proviso for Distress for.

Application of Penalties.

Offenders may be committed.

Proviso for Distress for.

LVIII. Provided always, and it is enacted, That no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover in any Action to be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, unless Notice in Writing shall have been given to the Defendant or Defendants, or her or him, her or their left or right Place or Places of Abode, Thirty Days before such Action shall be commenced, of such intended Action, signed by the Attorney for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, specifying the Cause of such Action; nor shall the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, recover in such Action if tender of good and sufficient Assurances shall have been made to him, her or them, or to his, her or their Attorney, by or on Behalf of the Defendant or Defendants before such Action brought, nor if such Tender or Assurances shall be made at any time after the said Action brought, and before the Trial thereof, together with Costs of Suit at the time of such last mentioned Tender; but no Proof of such Tender on any Trial as he had in such Action, the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall suffer Judgment as in cases of Non-Suit, with Triple Costs, to be recovered in the same manner as any Defendant or Defendants may recover Costs in any other case by Law; or in case no such Tender shall have been made, it shall not be lawful to defend for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action, by Leave of the Court where such Action shall depend, at any time before Issue joined, to pay into Court such Sum of Money as he, she or they shall think fit, whereupon such Proceedings, Order and Judgment shall be had, made and given as and by such Court as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

Proviso for Notice without Notice, or other Tender of Assurances.

Proviso for Notice without Notice, or other Tender of Assurances.

Proviso for Notice without Notice, or other Tender of Assurances.

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Proviso for Notice without Notice, or other Tender of Assurances.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That where any Distress shall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor shall the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, on account of any Distress or want of Fees in the Execution, Conviction, Warrant of Distress, or other Proceedings relating thereto, nor shall the Party or Parties detaining be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers at all, on account of any Irregularity which shall be

Distress not unlawful for Distress in Fees.

shwards committed by the Party or Parties offending, but the Perfor or Perfor agreed by such Insularity shall and may recover full Satisfaction for the Special Damage in an Action upon the Case.

LX. And for the more easy and speedy Conviction of Offenders against this Act, be it further enacted, That every Justice of the Peace before whom any Perfor shall be committed of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up according to the following Form: *wa.*

Form of Conviction. **BE** it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____ A. D. _____ we C. D. One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of _____ [describing the Offence, and the Time and Place, and the right] _____ Year of the Reign of King George _____

Perfor agreed by Insularity to commit. **LXI.** And be it further enacted, That if any Perfor or Perfor shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any Order or Judgment made or given in pursuance of any Rule, Bye-Law or Order of the said Company of Proprietors, or by any Order, Judgment or Discretion of any Justice or Justices of the Peace, relating to any Matter or Thing in this Act mentioned or contained, then, and in such Case, he, she or they may, within Twelve Calendar Months next after the Cause of Complaint shall have arisen, appeal to the said Justices of the Peace at the General Quarter-Sessions to be holden in and for the County in which the Cause of Appeal shall arise (first giving Three Months Notice of such Appeal to the Perfor or Perforso appealed against, and of the Names thereof, and within Seven Days after such Notice entering into a Recognizance before Some Justice of the Peace for such County or Place, with Two sufficient Sureties conditioned to try such Appeal, and abide the Order and Award of the said Court thereof); and the said Justices shall, upon the Proof of such Notice and Recognizance having been given and entered into, enquire hear and determine the said Appeal at such General Quarter-Sessions, or if they think proper, may adjourn the hearing thereof until the next General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to be holden for such County; and the said Justices may, if they see cause, mitigate any Forfeiture or Fine, and may order any Money to be returned which shall have been levied in pursuance of such Rule, Bye-Law, Order or Determination, and may also order and award such further Satisfaction to be made to the Party injured as they shall judge reasonable; but no Proceedings to be had and taken in pursuance of this Act shall be quashed or voided for want of Form, or be removed by Certiorari or by any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or elsewhere; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

Perfor agreed by Insularity to commit. **LXII.** And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Perfor or Perforso, Bodies Politic or Corporate, for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, every such Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced within Three Months next after the Fall committed, or in case thereof shall be a Continuance of Damages, then within Three Months next after the doing or committing such Damages shall have ceased, and not afterwards, and shall be had and brought in the County where the Matter, or Dispute or Cause shall arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence in any Trial to be had thereon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to have been so done, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought after the time so limited for bringing the same, or in any other County or Place than as aforesaid, then, and in every such case, the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, or suffer a Discontinuance of his, her or their Action or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if a Verdict shall give against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or if upon Demurrer or otherwise Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Twelve Cotts, and shall have full Recovery for the same, by Defendant both for Cotts of Suit in other Cases of Law.

Perfor agreed by Insularity to commit. **LXIII.** And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

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The SCHEDULE to which this Act refers:

SCHEDULE (A.)

Perfor agreed by Insularity to commit.

Perfor agreed by Insularity to commit.

Perfor agreed by Insularity to commit.

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| Discharge on Ladies Ships, with Permission of laying Six Weeks | 1 | 0 |
| After that time, if remaining with a Cargo on board, per Week | 0 | 2 |
| Or if remaining without a Cargo on board, per Week | 0 | 1 |
| Ships remaining in Light, for the full Six Weeks | 0 | 6 |
| And if exceeding that time, per Week | 0 | 1 |
| All Rigged Vessels coming to land Goods in the Dock | 0 | 0 |

All

| All Ships to pay for docking | | 10 | 6 | | | 4 | 6 |
|---|----|----|---|---|----|---|---|
| And for undocking | | 10 | 6 | | | 4 | 6 |
| Lighthouses, Barges and Small Craft to pay without Charge. | | | | | | | |
| Wharfrage of Oak and other heavy Timber per Load | 3 | 0 | 0 | Rest while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Load per Quarter | 4 | 6 | 0 |
| Wharfrage of Oak and other heavy Planks per Load | 3 | 0 | 0 | Rest while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Load per Quarter | 4 | 6 | 0 |
| Deck † Plank, per Load | 4 | 6 | 0 | Rest while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Load per Quarter | 4 | 6 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on large Timber and Masts, per Load | 0 | 0 | 0 | Rest while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Load per Quarter | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on small Timber, per Load | 0 | 0 | 0 | Rest while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Quarter per reduced Standard of 120 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on Deals from the Baltic, per reduced Standard of 120 | 5 | 0 | 0 | Rest while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Quarter per reduced Standard of 120 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on Deals from America, per reduced Standard of 120 | 5 | 0 | 0 | Rest while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Quarter per reduced Standard of 120 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on Oak Pipe and Headed Staves from the Baltic, per Thousand | 15 | 0 | 0 | Rest while stored on the Premises of the Company, per Quarter per Thousand | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on Oak Barrel and Heading Staves from the Baltic, per Thousand | 13 | 0 | 0 | Rest while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on Hemp and Flax, per Ton | 3 | 6 | 0 | Rest while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on Tallow, per Ton | 3 | 6 | 0 | Rest while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on Pitch, Tar and Turpentine per Barrel from America or elsewhere | 0 | 3 | 0 | Rest while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Barrel | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on Oil, 232 Gallons, per Ton | 2 | 6 | 0 | Rest while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Wharfrage on Whiskese, per Ton | 3 | 6 | 0 | Rest while stored or warehoused on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Ton | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Use of the Coppers for boiling of Shabber, 232 Gallons, per Ton | 30 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| † See Orig. Act.] | | | | | | | |

Cap. clxxi.

An Act for enclosing a New Market Place in the Town or Borough and Manor of Gosport in the County of Southampton. [15th June 1811.]

Cap. clxxii.

An Act for paving and improving the Streets and other publick Passages and Places in the Parishes of Saint John de Baptist and Saint Brigid, in the Town of Gloucester, in the County of Somerset. [15th June 1811.]

Cap. clxxiii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Doncaster to Beawley, in the County of York. [15th June 1811.] 49 G. 3. c. 20. 38 G. 3. c. 30.

[Additional Tolls. Farmer Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted. Additional Toll of One Half on Sundries.]

Cap. clxxiv.

An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining a Road from the Borough of Southwark to the New Road, in the County of Surrey. [15th June 1811.] 49 G. 3. c. clxxiv.

Cap. clxxv.

An Act for including certain Lands called Cow Fens Leys, in the Parish of Saint Mary the Less, in the Town of Cambridge, in the County of Cambridge. [15th June 1811.]

[Note, This Act has neither the Public or Evident Clauses.]

Cap.

Cap. clxxvi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Tijlhead*, in the County of *Wils.* (q. P.) [15th June 1711.]
= Allotment and Compensation for Taxes, § 21, 22, 23. No Lease of Allotment to Vicar of *Tijlhead*, in right
= of Vicarage, without Consent of His Majesty. § 29.

Cap. clxxvii.

An Act for selling certain Estates late of *George Hamilton of Tyrone*, in the County of *Down*, in *Ireland*, Esquire, deceased, in Trust, to be sold for Payment of Debts and Legacies, and for laying out the Surplus of the Money arising from such Sale on the Purchase of other Estates in *Ireland*, to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates so sold. (q. P.) [15th June 1711.]

Cap. clxxix.

An Act for making, under the Direction of His Majesty's High Court of Chancery in *Ireland*, a Partition of Part of the Irish Estates of the Right Honourable *Edward* late Earl *Arbuthnot*, in conformity to an Award therein contained (q. P.) [15th June 1711.]

Cap. clxxx.

An Act for selling certain Estates in the County of *Tyrone* in *Ireland*, devised by the Will of Sir *George Lamb*, Baronet, deceased, in Trust, to be sold; and for laying out the Purchase Money, under the Direction of the High Court of Chancery, in other Estates to be settled in lieu thereof, and to the same Uses. (q. P.) [15th June 1711.]

Cap. clxxxi.

An Act to enable the Dean of the Cathedral Church of the Holy and Undivided Trinity, *Dublin*, to accept Surrenders and grant Leases of certain Lands, called the *Dean's Grange*, in the County of *Dublin*, and to remove Doubts respecting the Validity of Leases heretofore made thereof. (q. P.) [15th June 1711.]

Cap. clxxxii.

An Act for enabling the Dean of *Windsor* and *Wolverhampton*, and his Successors, to grant Leases and Licences for opening and working Mines within the Lands belonging to the Mayor of *Wolverhampton*; and for augmenting the Income of the Collegiate Church or Royal Free Chapel of *Wolverhampton*. (q. P.) [15th June 1711.]

Cap. clxxxiii.

An Act for selling in *Johs Throckmole Dacre's* Esquire, an undivided Moiety of certain Premises situate at *Low Layton*, in the County of *Essex*; and for applying the Purchase Money in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the said Throckmole's Uses as the Will of *Edward Athern*, deceased. (q. P.) [15th June 1711.]

Cap. clxxxiv.

An Act for empowering the Trustees of certain Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments in the Counties of *Lincoln* and *Nottingham*, called *The Ducrood Lands*, to make Sale of a sufficient Part thereof for paying off Incumbrances. (q. P.) [15th June 1711.]

Cap. clxxxv.

An Act for selling Part of the devised Estates of *Henry Fijant* deceased, in Trust, to be sold, and for laying out the whole Purchase Money, under the Direction of the High Court of Chancery, in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled in lieu thereof and to the same Uses. (q. P.) [15th June 1711.]

Cap. clxxxvi.

An Act to enable the Trustees of the Will of *Thomas Povey Esquire*, deceased, to purchase Estates for the Benefit of their Trust; and to sell certain of the Estates devised by the Will of the said *Thomas Povey Esquire*, for raising Money to pay for such purchased Estates, and for re-imbursing a Sum expended in the Redemption of the Land Tax, charged on other Estates of the said *Thomas Povey Esquire*. (q. P.) [15th June 1711.]

Cap. clxxxvii.

An Act for inclosing and dividing the Commons and Waste Lands in the Parishes of *Herringhale*, *Royston* and *Howroy*, within the Manor and Liberty of *Howroy* etc *Boson*, in the County of *Essex*. (q. P.) [15th June 1711.]
= Allotment to His Majesty. § 27.

Cap. clxxxviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Township of *Nordbury*, in the Parish of *Stuckbery*, in the County of *Essex*. (q. P.) [15th June 1711.]

Cap. clxxxix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *King's-croft*, in the County of *Hertford*. (q. P.) [15th June 1711.]

Cap.

Cap. cxc.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bremen*, in the County of *Wills*. [4 P.] [15th June 1811.]

Cap. cxci.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Mosey*, in the County of *Gloucester*. [4 P.] [15th June 1811.]

Cap. cxcii.

An Act for inclosing, and excercising from Tythen, Lands in the Parishes of *Great Wycombe*, *Little Wycombe* and *Appolden*, in the County of *Buckingham*. [4 P.] [15th June 1811.]

Cap. cxciii.

An Act to enable the *Great Western Railway and Canal Company* to raise a further Sum of Money * for the Completion of their Works, and for levying a Tonnage Rate on certain Vessels and Goods now exempted; and further to extend the Powers granted to the said Company. * [30,000 L.] [16th June 1811.]49 G. 2 c. cxc.
30 G. 2 c. cxc.

Cap. cxciv.

An Act for erecting Five diilich Reftories and Parishes within the Rectory and Parish of *Stowbridge*, in the County of *Northampton*; and for separating the same from the Rectory and Parsh Church of *Stowbridge*; and for providing Parsh Churches, Church Yards and Parsonage Houses for the same; and for relieving the Commissioners and Governors of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at *Greenwich*, in the County of *Kent*, from paying to the Rectory of *Stowbridge*, or the said new Reftories, any other Perches than Chappels in the Royal Navy. [16th June 1811.]

Cap. cxcv.

An Act for constituting a Harbour at *Portlouis*, in *Mason's Bay*, in the County of *Carlow*. [16th June 1811.]

Cap. cxcvi.

An Act for the Improvement of the Harbour of *Stour Paul*, in the Port of *Wynmouth*, in the County of *Down*. [16th June 1811.]

Cap. cxcvii.

An Act for regulating and correcting the Statute Services in the County of *Ferri*, and for more effectually making and regulating the Highways, Bridges and Ferries within the said County. [16th June 1811.]

† [4 R. 29 G. 2 c. 27. See Cap. cxviii. pp. 6.]

Cap. cxviii.

An Act for more effectually repairing and maintaining certain Roads and Bridges in the County of *Ferri*. (S) [16th June 1811.]

Cap. cxcix.

An Act for establishing a Ferry across the River *Thames* at *Woolwich*, in the County of *Kent*. [16th June 1811.]

[Double Toll on Sunday.]

Cap. cc.

An Act for building a Church in and for the Parish of *Newry*, in the Counties of *Down* and *Armagh*. [16th June 1811.]

Cap. cci.

An Act to amend an Act of the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty, for erecting a new Canal and Houfe of Correction, and new Court Houses for the County Palatine of *Derby*, and making an equal County Rate for these Purposes. [16th June 1811.]

49 G. 2 c. cxcix.

Cap. ccii.

An Act for increasing the Rates on Coals conveyed on the River *Avon*, in the County of *Southampton*; and for amending and rendering more effectual the several Acts relating thereto. [16th June 1811.]15 & 17 Geo. 2 c. 2.
c. 22. 28.
1 G. 2 c. 27.
22 G. 2 c. 28.
23 G. 2 c. 29.
24 G. 2 c. 30.
25 G. 2 c. 31.
26 G. 2 c. 32.
27 G. 2 c. 33.
28 G. 2 c. 34.
29 G. 2 c. 35.
30 G. 2 c. 36.
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33 G. 2 c. 39.
34 G. 2 c. 40.
35 G. 2 c. 41.
36 G. 2 c. 42.
37 G. 2 c. 43.
38 G. 2 c. 44.
39 G. 2 c. 45.
40 G. 2 c. 46.

Cap. cciii.

An Act for raising an additional Sum of Money * for carrying into Execution the several Acts for widening the Entrance into the City of *London* near *Temple Bar*, for making a new commodious Street at *Stour Hill*, and for raising Money on the Credit of the *Orphan's Fund* for these Purposes; and for extending the Powers of the said Acts. * [20,000 L.] [16th June 1811.]

Cap. cciv.

- 23 G. 3. c. 155 An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His said Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Zenny to Selby*, in the West Riding of the County of York. (4.) [26th June 1811.]
[Additional Tractors. Ferrer Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. ccv.

- 25 G. 3. c. 211 An Act for repairing an Act of His said Majesty, for repairing and maintaining the Road from the Cross-
ford Through Road in the Parish of *Sharsham* in the County of Kent, to the Turnpike Road in the Parish of
Flemborough, leading from *Green Oaks* in *Bromley*, in the said County. [26th June 1811.]

Cap. ccvi.

- 27 G. 3. c. 91. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His said Majesty, for repairing the Road from
29 G. 3. c. 100. the *Beck Kils* in the East Riding County to *Probury Grove*, and from *Brand Bridge* to the *Four Holes*, in
the County of Kent; and for making a Road therefrom into the *Marrowest and Radnor Roads*, in the same
County. (4.) [26th June 1811.]

Cap. ccvii.

- An Act to confirm certain Articles of Agreement between the Most Noble John Duke of *Arkle*, the Right
Honourable Edward Earl of *Dorset*, the Right Reverend Clement Lord Bishop of *Sodor and Man*, the
Honourable Edward Stanley commonly called Lord *Stanley*, the Reverend David *Hayden*, *William Scott*,
John Copleston, and the Clergy of the *Isle of Man*; and for other Purposes. (4. P.) [26th June 1811.]

Cap. ccviii.

- An Act for extinguishing all Rights of Common and other Rights, in respect of the Globe Land belonging
to the Church of *Harthill* in the County of *Gloucester*, in, upon or under the unenclosed Waste Lands in
the Township of *Harthill* in the same County, and such other Lands in the said Township as have been
heretofore inclosed and taken from the Waste Lands in the same Township; and for vesting a Part or
Part of Land called *Head Leas*, Situate in the same Township (shelving as therein mentioned), in the
Very Reverend *Hayden Copleston* and his Successors, perpetual Curates of *Harthill* aforesaid, in full and
satisfaction of such Rights. (4. P.) [26th June 1811.]

Cap. ccix.

- 24 G. 3. c. 43. An Act for confirming certain Building Leases of Lands in *Newcastle*, in the County of *Surrey*, granted
PR. by the Dean and Chapter of *Canterbury*, jointly with their Lady *Thomas Brudenell Elphinstone*, and con-
firmed by the Privileges of an Act made in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His said Majesty; and
for empowering the said Dean and Chapter, and their Lessees for the term hereof, to erect Buildings
in *Newcastle*, to grant Building Leases of Parts of the said Premises; and for other the Purposes therein
mentioned. (4. P.) [26th June 1811.]

Cap. ccx.

- An Act for vesting in the Trustees of the Charity Schools of the Parish of *Saint Mary Magdalen* otherwise
White Chapel, in the County of *Middlesex*, the legal Estate of Two uninclosed Tread Pans, belonging
to the said Charity Schools, in a Farm and Lands at *Green* and *North Brixton*, in the County of *Essex*; and
to enable the said Trustees to perfect a Partition of the said Farm and Lands; and for other Pur-
poses. (4. P.) [26th June 1811.]

Cap. ccxi.

- An Act for vesting certain Parts of the uninclosed Estates of *Thomas Goslow* Esquire, in Trust, in Trust
to fill the same, and to apply the Money to arise by such Sale in purchasing the Debts and Incumbrances
affecting certain Lands belonging to the said *Thomas Goslow* in *Fee Simple*, and thereafter to divide the
Lands of and from Incumbrances in lieu of those Parts of the uninclosed Estates hereby directed to be
sold. (4. P.) [26th June 1811.]

Cap. ccxii.

- An Act for vesting in the surviving Trustees of the Will of *John Wallinger* *Arnold Wallinger* Esquire,
deceased, in several Descendents to be holden of the Liberty, Honour or Manor of *Harroving* *sub Banco*, in
the County of *Essex*, a certain Estate called *Here Hall*, in Trust to sell. (4. P.) [26th June 1811.]

Cap. ccxiii.

- An Act for vesting in Trustees the Two uninclosed Sixteenth Parts and One Thirty Second Part, late of *John*
Oliver Collier Esquire, deceased, of a certain Messuage, Farm and Lands in the Parish of *Tottenham* and
Ecclesiastical in the County of *Middlesex*, in Trust, to convey the same respectively unto *William Herbert*
Esquire, as to certain Parts thereof, and as to the remaining Parts, to *James Clerk* Esquire, upon Payment
by them respectively of a certain Sum of Money for the Purchase of the same; and for vesting such
Money in the Purchase of Lands and Hereditaments in the Names of the Trustees, in the Benefit of
Charles Collier the Widower, and of the latest Children of the said *John Oliver Collier*, the Descendants
named in his Will. (4. P.) [26th June 1811.]

Cap. ccciv.

An Act for exchanging an Estate belonging to *Michael Hicks Beach Esquire*, in Fee, for Part of his Estate under Supplement. (4. P.) [25th June 1811.]

Cap. cccv.

An Act for effectuating an Exchange between *William Spence Esquire*, and *William Thomas Esquire* Infant, of the Free Burg. Estate belonging to the said *William Spence*, and Situate in the Parish of *Trinity*, in the County of *Arms, &c.* for an undivided Messuag, belonging to the said *William Thomas Esquire*, in certain Parts, Messuag and Lands, Situate in the several Counties of *Northampton, Leicestershire, Huntingdon* and the *City of London*. (4. P.) [25th June 1811.]

Cap. cccvi.

An Act to regulate the Trade of certain Lands called the *Four Fields*, Situate in the Parish of *Saint Mary* *Magdalen*, in the County of *Middlesex*, to grant Building Licenses thereof. (4. P.) [25th June 1811.]

Cap. cccvii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Donington*, in the County of *Bedford*. (4. P.) [25th June 1811.]

* Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 16, 17, 18.

Cap. cccviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the United Parishes *Salisbury and Salisbury* *St. Andrew* otherwise *Stoke*, in the County of *Bedford*. (4. P.) [25th June 1811.]

Cap. cccix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Great Walsingham cum Chilton*, and *Great Coward*, in the County of *Suffolk*. (4. P.) [25th June 1811.]

Cap. cccx.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the *Road* in the County of *Surrey*, to *Dunford*, in the County of *Kent*, and a Branch therefrom, to *Northfleet*, in the said County of *Surrey*. (4. P.) [18th July 1811.]

Cap. cccxi.

An Act for dividing, and exchanging some Tithes, certain Lands in the Parish of *Ecceyville*, and West Riding of the County of *York*. (4. P.) [18th July 1811.]



THE
S T A T U T E S
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* *Signifies that the Act relates exclusively to Ireland.*

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A
T A B L E
Containing THE TITLES of all
THE STATUTES,

Passed in the SIXTH Session of the FOURTH Parliament

or

The United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*;

52 GEORGE III.

PUBLICK GENERAL ACTS.

- | | |
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| <p>1. AN Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Salt, Sugar, Tobacco and Beef, in <i>Great Britain</i>; and on Postage, Offices and Personal Estates in <i>England</i>, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve. Page 509</p> <p>2. An Act to permit Sugar, the Produce of <i>Martinique</i> and other conquered Islands in the <i>West Indies</i>, to be taken out of Warehouses on the Payment of the like Rate of Duty for Wares as <i>Swiss Plantation Sugar</i>. 610</p> <p>3. An Act to revive and continue until the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve, in each of an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain, in the United Kingdom, as relates to <i>Great Britain</i>; and to revive and continue another Act made in the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, to suppress the Importation of <i>Swiss</i> or <i>Irish-made</i> Spirits into <i>Great Britain</i> or <i>Ireland</i> respectively; and for granting certain Duties on Wares or Wools made from Sugar during the Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain in <i>Great Britain</i>. Ibid.</p> <p>4. An Act for raising the Sum of Ten millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of <i>Great Britain</i> for the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve. 617</p> <p>5. An Act for raising the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of <i>Great Britain</i> for the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve. 628</p> <p>6. An Act for making Provisions for the better Support of His Majesty's Household, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indefiniteness. Ibid.</p> <p>7. An Act for granting to His Majesty a certain Sum for defraying the Expenses incident to the Assumption of the Per-
13 Geo. III.</p> | <p>sonal Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Royal Highness the Prince Regent: in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty. Page 619</p> <p>8. An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's Household, and enabling Her Majesty the Queen to meet the incidental Expence to which Her Majesty may be exposed during His Majesty's Indefiniteness; and for the Care of His Majesty's Real and Personal Property; and to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, to provide for the Administration of the Royal Authority during His Majesty's Illness. Ibid.</p> <p>9. An Act to repeal an Act of the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for better securing the Duties on Coals, Cakes and Chalders; and making other Provisions in this behalf; and for requiring Ships in the Coal Trade to be measured. 633</p> <p>10. An Act to amend an Act of the Fifth Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Sum of Money to be raised by Exchequer Bills, to be advanced and applied in the manner and upon the Terms therein mentioned for the Relief of the United Company of Merchants of <i>England</i> trading to the <i>East Indies</i>. 635</p> <p>11. An Act to repeal an Act passed in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, for establishing certain Regulations in the Office of the House of Commons, and to establish other and further Regulations in the said Office. 645</p> <p>12. An Act for extending the Laws for preventing the Embezzlement of His Majesty's Naval Ordnance and Victualing Stores to <i>Ireland</i>. 649</p> <p>13. An Act to alter and amend an Act, passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in <i>England</i>. 652</p> |
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14. An Act for granting Amerciaments to discharge certain Encroachers. *Page 670*
15. An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain; and for extending the Continuing Duties and Bounties on Sugar, when the Duties imposed by an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty shall be repealed; and for continuing so much of an Act of the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty as allows a Bounty on Raw Sugar exported, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen. *673*
16. An Act for the more exemplary Punishment of Persons defrauding or injuring any Stocking or Lace Frames, or other Machines or Engines used in the Framework knit Manufacture, or any Articles or Goods in such Frames or Machines; to continue in force until the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen. *673*
17. An Act for the more effectual Prosecution of the Peace, by enforcing the Duties of Watching and Warding, until the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in Places where Disturbances prevail or are apprehended. *674*
18. An Act for making perpetual an Act made in the Twelfth Year of His present Majesty, for encouraging the Manufacture of Leather by lowering the Duty payable upon the Importation of Oak Bark, when the Price of such Bark shall exceed a certain Rate. *671*
19. An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. *Ibid.*
20. An Act to continue several Laws relating to permitting the Importation of Tobacco into Great Britain from any Place whatever, and to permitting Goods and Commodities to be exported into and exported from Nova Zemba and New Frangland as any Ship or Vessel, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen; and to the extending an Act for consolidating and extending the several Laws in force for allowing the Importation of certain Goods and Merchandises into and from certain Parts in the West Indies, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen. *Ibid.*
21. An Act to revive void and official certain Oaths administered and taken by certain Members of the House of Commons before Deputies of the late Lord Steward of His Majesty's Household, during the Vacancy of the said Office. *672*
22. An Act for paying Money and Defracting; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. *673*
23. An Act for the regulating of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore. *677*
24. An Act for raising the Sum of Six millions seven hundred and eighty one thousand six hundred and twenty five Pounds by way of Annuities. *678*
25. An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, an Act for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland. *Ibid.*
26. An Act to authorize such Persons in the United Kingdom as have obtained or qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and for succeeding the times limited for those Purposes respectively, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen; and to permit such Persons in Great Britain as have obtained or shall obtain and 45. Affidavits of the Executives of Indentures of Clerks to Attorneys and Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the Fifth Day of May Term One thousand eight hundred and thirteen. *Page 678*
27. An Act for enabling the Wives and Families of Soldiers embarked in Ireland for Foreign Service to return to their Homes. *679*
28. An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, making Provision for the Passages of Malt in Great Britain. *681*
29. An Act to amend the Laws relating to the Mills of Ireland. *682*
30. An Act to provide for regulating the Warehousing of Spirits distilled from Corn in Ireland, for Exportation, without Payment of the Duty of Excise chargeable thereon; and to transfer the Custody of Spirits so warehoused, from the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, and their Officers, to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and their Officers. *Ibid.*
31. An Act to repeal an Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, intitled *An Act against law and manerly Perfors pretending themselves to be Soldiers or Mariners.* *686*
32. An Act for the Relief of Infant Sisters in Courts of Equity, entitled to Stock or Annuities in any of the Public or other Funds, transferable in the Bank of England. *Ibid.*
33. An Act to continue, until the Expiration of Six Months after the Conclusion of the present War, an Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting the Importation of Masts, Yards, Sloopstays and Yarn for Naval Purposes, from the British Colonies in North America, Duty free. *687*
34. An Act for altering and amending an Act made in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, for the Relief of Debtors, with respect to the Imprisonment of their Persons, and of an Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for making perpetual an Act made in the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty, for the further Relief of Debtors; and for other Purposes in the said Act expressed. *Ibid.*
35. An Act to prohibit all Interference between the Island of Jamaica and certain Parts of the Island of Saint Domingo. *688*
36. An Act for granting additional Duties on Mahogany not imported from the Bay of Honduras, and for reducing the Duties on certain Species of Wood imported from the said Bay. *689*
37. An Act for settling and leaving a certain Annuity on Earl Willoughby and the Two next Persons to whom the Title of Earl Willoughby shall descend, in Consideration of his certain Services. *671*
38. An Act for amending the Laws relating to the Local Militia in England. *679*
39. An Act for the more effectual Regulation of Pilots, and of the Pilotage of Ships and Vessels on the Coast of England. *714*
40. An Act to make Provision for a limited Time respecting certain Grants of Offices. *724*
41. An Act to amend and continue until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the Public Expence and the Conduct of the Public Officers, in the Military Departments therein mentioned; and another Act, of the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty, for continuing and extending the same to Public Works executed by the Office of Works and others. *Ibid.*
42. An Act for amending the Laws relating to the Allowance of the Bounties on Richards exported until the Twenty fourth

- Fourth Day of *Jan* One thousand eight hundred and six-
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43. An Act for increasing the Rates of Subsidies to be
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44. An Act for the Enclosure of a Penitentiary House for the
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 sations to *Jeremy Bentham* Esquire, for the Non-performance
 of an Agreement between the said *Jeremy Bentham* and the
 Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, respecting
 the Custody and Maintenance of Convicts. *Ibid.*
45. An Act to suspend the Exportation from *Switzerland* Parts
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46. An Act to grant to His Majesty Duties upon Spirits
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48. An Act to provide for the regulating and increasing the
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50. An Act to continue until Three Months after the Com-
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 ance of such Duty on Coffee sold for which the said Duty
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54. An Act for continuing, until the Fifth Day of *Sept* One
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55. An Act to prevent Foreign Goods of certain Descriptions
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 to be exported from *Great Britain* to *Canada*. *Ibid.*
56. An Act to explain and amend as All passed in the
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 and *Sophia*, an Annuity of Thirty six thousand Pounds, in-
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58. An Act to grant to His Majesty certain Duties of Excise
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67. An Act for settling and securing certain Annuities on the
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68. An Act for amending the Laws relating to the Local
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71. An Act for the better Cultivation of Navy Timber in the
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72. An Act for the better Cultivation of Navy Timber in the
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74. An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of *January* One
 thousand eight hundred and thirteen, an Act for appointing

- Commissioners to enquire and examine into the Nation and Extent of the several Rags in *England*, and the Practisability of doings and collecting them, and the best Manner of effecting the same. *Page 351*
75. An Act to provide for the more complete and effectual Liquidation of a Debt due to His Majesty from the late *Abraham Goldsmith*, Merchant, and his surviving Partners; and to confirm and establish certain Agreements entered into by that and other Persons relating thereto. *Ibid.*
76. An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Revenue of Customs and Post Duties in *England*. 343
77. An Act for granting an additional Drawback on Flax, Flax and Crown Glaze; for charging an additional Customing Duty on Flax and Crown Glaze imported from *England*; and for the better Prevention of Frauds in the Exportation of Glaze on Drawback. 349
78. An Act to make better Provision for the Commissioners of Appeal in Revenue Causes in *England*. 351
79. An Act to allow *Spanish* Plantation Sugar and Coffee, imported into *Great Britain* in *Spanish* Ships, to be exported to the Territories of the United States of *America* in Foreign Ships or Vessels; and to permit Anticks, the Production of the said United States, to be imported into the said Island in Foreign Ships or Vessels. 352
80. An Act for extending the Period in which Deeds were directed to be enrolled by an Act of the Fifth Year of His present Majesty, for sending several Acts for the Resumption and Sale of the Land Tax. 353
81. An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty, for providing a double Allowance of Satisfaction to the Officers of Excise, under certain Restrictions. *Ibid.*
82. An Act for transferring the Scotch Excise Charity and Superannuation Funds to the Consolidated Fund, and paying all former Allowances from the latter Fund, and for making Provision for certain superannuated Officers of Excise in *England* and *Scotland*. 354
83. An Act to renew and continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and amend so much of an Act made in the Thirty sixth and fourteenth Year of His present Majesty, as grants certain Allowances to Adjutants and Sergeants Majors of the Militia of *England*, disembodied under an Act of the same Session of Parliament. 355
84. An Act for making Allowances in certain Cases to British Officers of the Militia in *Great Britain*, while disembodied. *Ibid.*
85. An Act for raising the Sum of Twenty two millions five hundred thousand Pounds by way of Assesses. *Ibid.*
86. An Act for raising the Sum of Five Millions by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of *Great Britain*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve. *Ibid.*
87. An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in *England*, and to grant new Duties in lieu thereof; and for transferring the Management of the Duties on Playing Cards and Dice from the Commissioners of Inland Excise to the Commissioners of Stamp Duties. *Ibid.*
88. An Act for granting to His Majesty certain additional Rates of Postage in *Great Britain*. 377
89. An Act for charging an additional Duty on Copper imported into *Great Britain*, until the Expire of Six Calendar Months after the Ratification of a Definite Treaty of Peace. 379
90. An Act for raising the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds by Treasury Bills for the Service of *England*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve. 379
91. An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, an Act made in the Parliament of *England*, in the Twenty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for the better Execution of the Law and Preservation of the Peace within Counties at large. *Page 379*
92. An Act to continue, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, certain Acts for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the Fees, Gratifications, Perquisites and Emoluments received in several Public Offices in *England*; to examine into any Abuses which may exist in the same, and into the mode of receiving, collecting, issuing and accounting for Public Money in *England*. *Ibid.*
93. An Act for granting to His Majesty certain new and additional Duties of Assessed Taxes; and for consolidating the same with the former Duties of Assessed Taxes. 380
94. An Act for granting to His Majesty additional Duties of Excise in *Great Britain* on Glaze, Hides, and Tobacco and Seal. 390
95. An Act to amend and regulate the Assessment and Collection of the Assessed Taxes, and of the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*. 396
96. An Act for applying the Amount of the Bounties on certain Limes exported from *Great Britain* towards defraying the Charge of the Linn made and Stock created in the present Session of Parliament. 392
97. An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Revenue of Inland Excise and Taxes in *England*. *Ibid.*
98. An Act to permit Sugar, Coffee and Cocoa to be exported from His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations to any Part in *Europe* in the Seaward of *Gateways*, and Corn to be imported from any such Part, and from the Coast of *Africa*, into the said Colonies and Plantations, under Licences granted by the Collectors and Comptrollers of the Customs. 396
99. An Act for allowing certain Articles to be imported into the Bahama Islands, and exported therefrom in Foreign Vessels; and for encouraging the Exportation of Salt from the said Islands. 399
100. An Act to permit the Exportation of Wares, Goods and Merchandise from any of His Majesty's Islands in the *West Indies* to any other of the said Islands, and to and from any of the *British* Colonies as the Commerce of *America*, and the said Islands and Colonies. *Ibid.*
101. An Act to provide a temporary Remedy in Cases of Absence of Trade created for Charitable Purposes. *Ibid.*
102. An Act for the registering and issuing of Charitable Donations. 399
103. An Act for the more easy Manning of Vessels employed in the *North* Whole Fishery. 392
104. An Act to render more effectual an Act, passed in the Twenty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for preventing the smuggling or taking Unlawful Oaths. 393
105. An Act to continue, amend and extend the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for enabling the Secretary at War to enforce Returns from Clerks of Subalterns and others, in relation to Fees, Bounties and Sums due under any Acts relating to the Defence of the Realm or Militia, for the Purpose of directing the Distribution and leaving the due Application thereof. 394
106. An Act for increasing the Duty on Rum and other Spirits imported into *Newfoundland* from the *British* Colonies and Plantations as the Commerce of *America*, and charging a Duty on Spirits imported into *Newfoundland* from His Majesty's Colonies in the *West Indies*. 395

107. An Act for extending the Allowance of the Duty on Salt used in making Oxigenated Moricane Acid for bleaching Linn, to Salt used in making such Acid for Bleaching Thread and Cotton Twist. *Page 910*
108. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty, for placing the Duties of Hawkers and Pedlars under the Management of the Commissioners of Hackney Carriages. *Ibid.*
109. An Act to empower the Commissioners of His Majesty's Excise to commute Passions for a Sum of Money in certain Cases. *Ibid.*
110. An Act for amending an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled *An Act for the more easy settling, settling and levying of County Rates*; and for the remedying certain Defects in the Laws relating to the repairing of County Bridges and other Works maintained at the Expence of the Inhabitants of Counties in England. *917*
111. An Act for delaying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia and Local Militia in Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve. *920*
112. An Act for delaying, until the Twenty fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of Ireland, and for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace. *920*
113. An Act for raising the Sum of One million two hundred and Sixty thousand five hundred and forty six Pounds Thirteen Shillings and Four pence Irish Currency, by Treasury Bills, for the Service of Ireland for the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve. *Ibid.*
114. An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to issue Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of such Acts or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve. *Ibid.*
115. An Act to make more effectual Provision for enabling the Commissioners for purchasing and improving the Port of Dublin, to erect, repair and maintain Light Houses and Lights round the Coasts of Ireland, and to raise a Fund for delaying the Charge thereof. *Ibid.*
116. An Act to amend an Act of the Session of Parliament for amending the Laws relating to the Local Militia of England. *924*
117. An Act for imposing additional Duties of Customs on certain Species of Wood, and on Pot and Pearl Ashes imported into Great Britain. *925*
118. An Act to amend an Act made in the first Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to revive and continue until the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve, in each of the Acts made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain, in the United Kingdom, as relates to Great Britain; and to revive and continue another Act made in the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, to suspend the Importation of British or Irish-made Spirits into Great Britain or Ireland respectively; and for granting certain Duties on Wines or Whisky made from Sugar during the Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain in Great Britain. *926**
119. An Act to repeal in each of an Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, as permits the Importation of Goods and Commodities from Turkey, Egypt or the Levant Seas, in Foreign Ships. *928*
120. An Act to explain, amend and extend the Provision of an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling the Wives and Families of Soldiers to return to their Homes, to the Widows, Wives and Families of Soldiers dying or employed as Foreign Gyves. *Page 928*
121. An Act to authorize the Treasurer, to the Earl of Inchiquin, of His Majesty's Customs, to sell, on the Part of the East India Company, payable in England. *929*
122. An Act to amend an Act made in an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, relating to sending Men for the Service of the East India Company. *Ibid.*
123. An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty, to enable His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to grant Leases of certain Lands and Premises, called *Prince's Meadows*, in the Parish of Lambeth, in the County of Surrey, Parcel of His late Royal Highness's Duchy of Cornwall, for the Purpose of building thereon. *930*
124. An Act for selling in His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, certain Lands or Grounds, formerly Part of the Wastes of the Manor of Lambeth, in the County of Surrey, freed and discharged of Customable and other Rights. *934*
125. An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lottery. *947*
126. An Act to amend the several Acts for the Collection and Management of the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to make more effectual Provisions for collecting and managing the said Duties. *Ibid.*
127. An Act to prohibit, until the First Day of November One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the making of Starch, either Powder and Root, from Wheat and other Articles of Food; and for suspending Part of the Duties now payable on the Importation into Great Britain of Starch. *954*
128. An Act for better securing the Duties on Malt. *957*
129. An Act to amend: Two Acts passed in the Forty eighth and Forty ninth Years of His present Majesty, for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities. *959*
130. An Act for the more effectual Parliament of Persons detaining the Properties of His Majesty's Subjects, and enabling the Owners of such Properties to recover Damages for the Injury sustained. *967*
131. An Act to exempt from the Duties of One Shilling and Six pence in the Pound, certain Augmentations made to the Stipends of Parishes in Scotland. *969*
132. An Act for explaining, amending and extending the several Laws relative to the Payment of forfeited and unclaimed Shares of Army Purchase Money, to the Royal Hospital at Chelsea; and for directing the mode of making up the Accounts of Pensions paid to the Widows of Officers of the Army. *Ibid.*
133. An Act for taking an Account of the Population of Ireland, and of the Increase or Diminution thereof. *1003*
134. An Act for the better Regulation of the Boston Trade in Ireland. *1007*
135. An Act for advancing Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds to the East India Company, to enable them to discharge Part of the Indian Debt. *1015*
136. An Act to enable the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland to regulate the Price of Coal, to be brought for the Benefit of the Poor of the City of Dublin. *1019*
137. An Act for extending the time for the Payment of certain Sums of Money, advanced by way of Loan under an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to direct the Issue of Exchequer Bills, to a limited Amount, for the Purposes and in the manner therein contained. *Ibid.*

128. An Act for the further Prevention of the counterfeiting of Silver Tokens (issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, called Dollars, and of Silver Pieces issued and circulated by the said Governor and Company, called Tokens; and for the further Prevention of Frauds committed by the Issuance of the Notes or Bills of the said Governor and Company. *Page 1023*
129. An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Duties on Stone Bricks made or imported into Great Britain. 1024
130. An Act to amend the Exportation of certain Articles to the *Isle of Man* from Great Britain. 1025
131. An Act to regulate the manner of landing Beers by the Commissioners of the Customs, and the delivering up of Licences in Cases of Loss or Capture of Vessels licensed; and for enabling the Commissioners of the Customs to provide certain Bounts at a Valuation. 1025
132. An Act to permit the Removal of Goods from one Landing Warehouse to another, in the same Port. 1024
133. An Act for amending and reducing into one Act, the Provisions contained in any Laws now in force respecting the Penalty of Death for any Act done in Breach of or in Resistance to any Part of the Laws for collecting His Majesty's Revenue in Great Britain. 1028
134. An Act to suspend and finally vacate the Seats of Members of the House of Commons, who shall become Bankrupts, and who shall not pay their Debts in full, within a limited time. 1041
135. An Act to explain the Exemption from Toll in several Acts of Parliament, for Carriages employed in Husbandry; and for regulating the Tolls to be paid on other Carriages, and on Horses, in cross other Cases therein specified. 1042
136. An Act for the better regulating and preserving Faith and other Registers of Births, Baptisms, Marriages and Burials in England. 1044
137. An Act for regulating the Allowances granted out of the Duties of Ale and Taxes, so Profits in respect of the Number of their Children, by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty; and for extending the Limitation mentioned in the said Act in Proportion to the Increase of the said Duties. 1049
138. An Act to enable the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse for the new being, to dispose of and transfer all such Public Stocks or Funds, as now do or shall hereafter stand in his Name, to the Banks of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, in Trust for His Majesty. *Ibid.*
139. An Act to regulate the Separation of damaged from sound Coffee, and to permit Dealers to feed out any Quantity of Coffee not exceeding eight Pounds Weight without Permits, until the End of Two Years from the passing of this Act. *Ibid.*
140. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Kings, for granting Stamp Duties in Great Britain, in so far as regards the Duties granted on Machines and on Licences for vending the same. 1052
141. An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act of the last Session of Parliament, relating to the Half Pay and Allowance of Officers retiring from Service; and to authorize the allowing to Foreign Officers wounded, the like Pensions and Allowances as are given to British Officers under the like circumstances. 1055
142. An Act (intituled an Act, passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for better regulating the Office of Agent General for Palestina and Local* *Militia*, and for the more effectually regulating the said Office. *Page 1058*
143. An Act to rectify a Mistake and to carry into execution the Expressions the Purpose of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, relating to the British White Horse Fishery. 1054
144. An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament. *Ibid.*
145. An Act to amend certain Acts, and amend other Acts relating to Religious Worship and Attendance, and Persons teaching or preaching therein. 1059
146. An Act for the more effectual Punishment of Persons aiding Profane or War to escape from His Majesty's Detention. 1071
147. An Act to prevent the issuing and circulating of Pieces of Gold and Silver, or other Metal, usually called Tokens, except such as are issued by the Banks of England and Ireland respectively. 1072
148. An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the Relief of Persons equally entitled to Stocks and Annuities redeemable at the Bank of England, and of an Act passed in this present Session for the Relief of Infant Sazons entitled to the like Stocks and Annuities, to all other transferable Stocks and Funds. 1074
149. An Act for changing Foreign Legates and Tobacco Duties, Duties, Flutes, Liques or Wrack, brought or carried into Great Britain, with the Duties payable on Importation of such Liques and Tobacco. 1075
150. An Act to enable Justices of the Peace to order personal Relief to Persons confined under Miras Pannals for Debt in such Gaols as are not County Gaols. 1077
151. An Act for enabling His Majesty to grant Licenses under certain Circumstances, and for the better carrying into Effect the Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirtieth and Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, touching the Formation of a Map of the New Favel in the County of Southampton, and concerning and extending other Provisions of the last Act; for further appropriating the Monies arising or to arise from the Sale of certain Crown Lands under the Authority of divers Acts of Parliament; for securing certain Lands within the Favel of *Sholing* to His Majesty's Manor of *King's Clee*; and for enabling the Commissioners of the Treasury to appropriate small Portions of Land for Ecclesiastical Purposes. 1078
152. An Act for the Preferment of the public Peace in certain detached Counties in England; and to give, until the Twentieth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, additional Powers to Justices for that Purpose. 1079
153. An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in Ireland. 1082
154. An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sum of Three Millions for the Service of Great Britain, and for applying the Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds British Currency for the Service of Ireland. 1104
155. An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in England. 1105

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED;

OR PRINTED COPIES WHEREOF ARE DECLARED TO BE EVIDENCE.

1. AN Act for authorizing and draining certain Lands adjoining the River *Wade* in the Parishes of *Stoph* and *Stanhurst* and *Saint Lawrence* in the County of *Essex*. Page 1180
- ii. An Act for vesting in the Clerk of the Peace of the County of *Stafford*, a House for the Accommodation of His Majesty's Judges at the Assizes, and for mending and improving the same; and for amending an Act of His present Majesty for building a new *Shire Hall* for the said County. *Ibid.*
- iii. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of the Tenth and Thirtieth Years of His present Majesty for extending and widening the Road from *Lower Topham's Green*, in the County of the City of *Notwich*, to the *Widdell* in the Town of *Wotton*, in the County of *Notwich*. *Ibid.*
- iv. An Act for repairing the Road from *Rotherham Grove* to the *Trentford Road* near *Dart Moor* Parishes of *Waa*, and to *Yew Bridge*, in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
- v. An Act for inclosing *Sudley Moor*, Estate within the Township of *Hogwood*, in the Parish of *Middlestone*, in the County Palace of *Leinster*. *Ibid.*
- vi. An Act for inclosing *Great Crilly Marsh*, in the Manse of *Great Crilly*, and Parish of *Lopham*, in the County of *Leinster*. *Ibid.*
- vii. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Alfonses* to *Marfield*, in the Counties of *Dorset* and *Wiltshire*, and other Roads therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
- viii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of King George the Second, and Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening *Old Street Road*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of *Middlesex*. 1121
- ix. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Erith* in the County of *Kent*. *Ibid.*
- x. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Dotham*, in the County of *Notwich*. *Ibid.*
- xi. An Act for building a Church or Chapel of Ease in *Leasby*, in the Parish of *St. Asaph*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- xii. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor in the Manse of *Waxford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
- xiii. An Act for the better Employment and Support of the Poor in the Parishes of *Wigfield*, *Bridlington* and *Glynde*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- xiv. An Act for better paving, cleaning, lighting and watching the Streets, Lanes and other public Places and Places, within the Manse of *Sussex*, otherwise called *The Clerk*, or *Bishop of Winchester's Liberty*, in the Parish of *Saint Saviour*, *Sussex*, in the County of *Surrey*. *Ibid.*
- xv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Three Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Harbour of *Mercyport* in the County of *Cumberland*. *Ibid.*
- xvi. An Act to alter and amend the Rates of Tonnage, authorized to be taken by the Company of Proprietors of *The Great Olfen Canal*; and to amend the several Acts passed for making the said Canal. Page 1181
- xvii. An Act for allotting the Lands in the Parish of *Hempstead*, in the County of *Notwich*, and for the Drainage of the Marshes or Fen Grounds within the said Parish, and of certain other Marshes, Meadows and Low Grounds, within the several Parishes of *Huyburgh*, *Eske*, *Pelling* near the Sea, *Leighton* and *Topham*, in the County aforesaid. *Ibid.*
- xviii. An Act for inclosing and draining Lands in the Parish of *Becky*, in the County of *Notwich*. *Ibid.*
- xix. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for rebuilding the late Theatre *Royal Drury Lane*. *Ibid.*
- xx. An Act to enable the Grand Jury of the County of *Dorset* to make a sufficient Sum of Money, by Prorogation, for completing the rebuilding *Lacock Bridge* over the *River Aves* Liffes at *Lacock*, in the Parish of *Lacock*, in the County of *Dorset*. 1131
- xxi. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of King George the Second, and Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Stoken* to *Hill*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- xxii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of King George the Second, and Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Hall* to *Sworby*, and from *Newbold Bridge* to *Coteswold*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- xxiii. An Act for repairing the Roads from *Witcham* to *Bilborough*, and to *Dobson*, and from *Hemington* to *Gilly* *Beacon*, in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*
- xxiv. An Act for repairing the Road from *Spifford* to *Sworby* near *Sworby*, in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*
- xxv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading to and through the Borough of *Tewkesbury*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Stafford*, *Warwick* and *Dorset*, and in the County of the City of *Leitchfield*. *Ibid.*
- xxvi. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Stone Street* *Market* at *Orbury*, in the County of *Surrey*, to join a Branch of the *Highway* and *Goodford Road* at *Warrington*, in the County of *Suffolk*. 1132
- xxvii. An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act passed in the Twenty third Year of His present Majesty, for completing the Road from *Greenwich*, in the County of *Gloucester*, through *Tatford* to *Wigfield Corner*, and a Road from thence to and near *Leasby*, near the City of *Bath*, and for other Purposes relating thereto; and also to repair a certain Road from *Duffice* to *Underbridge*, in the Parish of *St. James* *Wilton*, in the said County. *Ibid.*
- xxviii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing Roads in the Counties of *Flint*, *Dorset* and *Gloucester*, in so far as the same

from mine to *The Saint Marys and Conway Districts of Road.* Page 1139

1220. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts passed in the Tenth and Thirtieth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Mordeston*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to the Turnpike Road at *Banwell*; and *Low Road* in *Foreston*, in the County of *Derby*, leading to *Chapel in the Park* in the same County. *Ibid.*

1221. An Act for more effectually repairing the Roads from *Widdow* in the End of *Gal Lane*, and from the River *Cotes*, for Half a Mile, towards *Stonysfield*, in the County of *Bedford.* *Ibid.*

1222. An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of an Act of King *George the Second*, and Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Chilgrove* in *Herefordshire* to *Low Road*, with its Branches; and for amending and making a certain other Road to communicate therewith, all in the County of *Derby.* *Ibid.*

1223. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Congham*, in the County of *Norfolk.* *Ibid.*

1224. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Sanford*, in the County of *Norfolk.* *Ibid.*

1225. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Cofter*, near *Great Tarrant*, in the County of *Norfolk.* *Ibid.*

1226. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *East Dereham*, in the County of *Norfolk.* *Ibid.*

1227. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Kirby Buxton*, in the County of *Northampton.* *Ibid.*

1228. An Act for enlarging the extent or providing a new Workhouse for the Use of the Parish of *Stretton*, in the County of *Northampton*; for better governing, maintaining and employing the Poor of the said Parish; and also for repairing or rebuilding the Church and Towers of the same Parish, and for other Purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*

1229. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from *Barnscliffe*, in the County of *York*, to the City of *Doncaster.* Page 1141

1230. An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Brough Ferry* to *South Northfield Holms*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*, and for amending the Road from *Brough* to *Widsea*, in the same Riding. *Ibid.*

1231. An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Two several Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening several Roads in the County of *Cambridge*; and also for making other Roads in the said County. *Ibid.*

1232. An Act for continuing the Terms, and shortening the Powers of an Act made in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads leading from *Newmarket*, through *Fyfield*, to *Newmarket*, in the County of *Fenland*, and from *Fyfield* to the City of *East Dereham*, in the said County. *Ibid.*

1233. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Llancynog* *Nantawdon*, in the County of *Radnor.* *Ibid.*

1234. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Coglan*, in the County of *Northampton.* *Ibid.*

1235. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Pitfield*, in the County of *Radnor.* *Ibid.*

1236. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor and Parish of *St. Andrew*, in the County of *Essex.* *Ibid.*

1237. An Act for shortening, widening and enlarging the Powers of Three Acts of His present Majesty, for improving the Navigation of the River *Thames*, between *London Bridge*, within the Liberty of the City of *London*; and for further improving the said Navigation. *Ibid.*

1238. An Act to authorize the Commissioners for improving and completing the Navigation of the River *Thames* and

Wye, from the *Justification* of the City of *London*, near *Staines*, in the County of *Middlesex*, to the Town of *Crick-lade*, in the County of *Wiltshire*, to make a navigable Canal out of the River *Thames* near *Milton's Point*, in the Parish of *Esden*, in the County of *Wiltshire*, to communicate with the said River at or near *St. Mary's*, in the said Parish of *Esden*; and to erect *Power Locks* or such Cuts, with necessary Weirs and other Works on the said Navigation. Page 1143

1239. An Act for empowering the Commissioners of Sewers for the City and Liberty of *Windsor*, and Part of the County of *Middlesex*, to purchase a Messuage and Premises for holding their Meetings; and for enlarging the Powers of the said Commissioners. *Ibid.*

1240. An Act for erecting a new Gaol in or near the Borough of *Leopoldstadt* County of *Fife*, and for other Purposes relating thereto. Page 1147

1241. An Act for the Improvement of certain Parts of the Harbour of *Canterbury* within the Manor of *Phynston* in the County of *Devon*; and for the more effectually providing for the Security of the Communications from *Canterbury* to the contiguous Water of *Lary* within the said Manor. *Ibid.*

1242. An Act for paving, cleansing and otherwise improving the Town of *Guildford*, in the County of *Surrey.* *Ibid.*

1243. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the *Canal* *St. Water Works* to raise more Money for the further Supply of the City and Suburbs of *Glasgow*, and Places adjacent, with Water. *Ibid.*

1244. An Act for empowering the Grand Jurors for the County of the City of *Dorset* and of the County of *Dorset*, and the Corporation, to purchase and improve the Part of *Dorset*, to wry the *St. Nicholas* heretofore Road for the intended Bridge over the River *Avon* *Lyffe*, in the said City (in place of *Orwell Bridge*) from a Spot opposite the *Five Crosses*, to a Spot opposite *Charles Street* or *High Lane*, in the said City; and for other Purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*

1245. An Act for making further Provision for the Clerks in the Office of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, after a certain Length of Service. Page 1149

1246. An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of several Acts for making and repairing certain Roads in the County of *Bedford*, building a Bridge or Bridges at *Jackson*, and regulating the Statute Labour of the said County, and for other Purposes relative thereto. Page 1145

1247. An Act for repairing the Roads from *Warrington*, and from *Warr*, to the *Bath Road*; and from *Warrington* to the *Turnbridge Road*, in the Counties of *Wiltshire* and *Somerset.* *Ibid.*

1248. An Act for improving the Public Roads in and through the City of *Coventry.* *Ibid.*

1249. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *St. Andrew's Gate*, in the City of *Nottingham*, to *New Beckingham*, in the County of *Northampton.* *Ibid.*

1250. An Act for amending the Roads from *Oldham*, in the County of *Lancashire*, to *Ripponden*, in the County of *York*; and from *Ripponden* to *Bramhall*, and from *Grains* to *Leigh*, all within *Yorkshire*, in the said County of *York.* *Ibid.*

1251. An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from *Widdow* *Newmarket*, to *Stonysfield* near *Ston*, in the County of *Northampton.* *Ibid.*

1252. An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from

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- Clubs in Realty to Great Elms and Wilbyhamre Regency,*
in the County of Warwick. Page 1145
1141. An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Malborough Bridge to Reading, and to Newy Bridge in the County of Berks, so far as relates to the Second District of the said Roads. *Ibid.*
1142. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Oway-kam, Nyval Saint Peter and Nyval Saint Andrew, in the County of Northumberland. *Ibid.*
1143. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Dufford and Llanvachilly, in the County of Radnor. *Ibid.*
1144. An Act for inclosing Lands in Throatsmead, in the Parish of Crayke, and County of Conisburgh. *Ibid.*
1145. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor and Parish of Great Shefford otherwise Wyl Shefford, in the County of Berks. *Ibid.*
1146. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Crayford, in the County of Kent. *Ibid.*
1147. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Rockland Salar Arden, Rockland All Saints and Rockland Salar Peter, in the County of Norfolk. *Ibid.*
1148. An Act for making a Navigable Canal from the Rivers Ar and Bore, at or near Weyford Bridge, near Dillon, to the Towns of North Walsingham and Antingham, in the County of Norfolk. 1147
1149. An Act for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from the River Melton, near Broadbridge in the Parish of Egl Peckham in the County of Kent, to extend to and unite with the Royal Military Canal in the Parish of Appledram in the said County; and also certain Navigable Branches and Railways from the said intended Canal. *Ibid.*
1150. An Act for building a Chapel in the City of Gloucester, in the County of Gloucester. *Ibid.*
1151. An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for amending certain Mileways leading to Oxford, and making Improvements in the University and City of Oxford, the Suburbs thereof, and adjoining Parishes of Saint Clement, and for other Purposes. *Ibid.*
1152. An Act for more effectually repairing, cleansing, lighting and widening the Highways, Streets and Lanes within the Town and Borough of Deal, in the County of Kent, and for amending and providing Encroachments, Nuisances and Annoyances therein. *Ibid.*
1153. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for paving, repairing, cleansing, lighting, watering and watching such Part of the Parish of Salar Peter, in the County of Middlesex, as lies on the West Side of Tottenham Court Road. *Ibid.*
1154. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual several Acts for better settling and collecting the Poor and other Rates of the Parishes of Salar Arden of Wapping, in the County of Middlesex; and for more effectually paving, widening and improving the Streets and other Places within and adjoining to the said Parish. *Ibid.*
1155. An Act for lighting and watching the Streets and other Places without the Walls, but within the Liberties, of Newcastle upon Tyne. *Ibid.*
1156. An Act for better supplying with Coal the Towns of Newcastle under Lyme, in the County of Stafford. *Ibid.*
1157. An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Government of the Waters of working on the Falls between Gifford, Ferry mouth and Perth, and other Places within Parishes of Holywell, &c. to and from Speyward, Salar Helen, and other Parts within the Isle of Wight, in the County of Southampton, and to and from certain Places in the said Island, and for regulating the Taxes of such Waters. Page 1147
1158. An Act for amending Two Acts passed in the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty, for more effectually repairing and maintaining certain Roads and Bridges in the County of Perth; and for regulating and covering the Statute Services in the said County, and more effectually making and regulating the Highways, Bridges and Proths within the same. 1151
1159. An Act for taking down and rebuilding certain Parts of the Bridge over the River Avon, at or near Stratford upon Avon, in the County of Warwick, and for widening the same Bridge, and improving the Approaches thereto. *Ibid.*
1160. An Act for repairing the Road from Clonson to Castlebar, in the County of West. *Ibid.*
1161. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from Raby Bridge, in the County of Warwick, to the Town of Northley, in the County of Leicestershire. *Ibid.*
1162. An Act for continuing the Term and amending the Powers of an Act made in the Thirty first Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads leading from Swindon in the County of Gloucester, and from Calce to Lynton Green, and from the Division Path in Long Loney Lane, near Lyford Heath, to Crickhatch, in the County of Wilt. *Ibid.*
1163. An Act for repairing the Roads from Battersea Moor End to the Turnpike Road from Beeton to Ashburn; from Beeton Moor to the late Turnpike Road near New-houses; and from Weyford to Little Aston, in the Counties of Stafford and Derby. *Ibid.*
1164. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Dredley to the Northey and Mynshill Roads, and from Office New to Mole, in the Counties of Devon and Flint; and for extending the Powers of the said Act to an adjoining Branch of Road. 1152
1165. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of the Ninth and Twenty first Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Dairy Moor, in the County of Derby, to Ellistree, in the County of Stafford, and from thence to the Turnpike Road between Led and Ashburn, in the said Counties of Derby and Stafford. *Ibid.*
1166. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering the Powers of an Act made in the Thirty first Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads leading from Harrogate, in the City of Saint Dunstons, and from the said City to Cawley, in the County of Westmoreland. *Ibid.*
1167. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads to and from Yaxfold, in the County of Stafford. *Ibid.*
1168. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Treadwell to Monport, in the County of York. *Ibid.*
1169. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts, of the Tenth and Twenty first Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Northley to the Turnpike Road at Kotham, and from Debbles Hill to the Great Northern Road at Sand Myddlam, in the County of Northampton, and the Road branching out of the said Road at or near Keston and leading to the Great North Road at or near Carline upon Trent, all in the said County. *Ibid.*
1170. An Act for more effectually repairing and maintaining certain Roads in the Counties of Perth and Forfar. *Ibid.*

- xxv. An Act for repairing the Road from *Stourington* to *Bell Bus*, in *Wiltshire*, in the County of *Salisbury*. Page 1157
- xxvi. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Rowley Fields* to *Red Hill*, in the County of *Wilt*. *Ibid*
- xxvii. An Act to enable Trustees, with the Consent thereof, to grant Building Leases of a certain Field or Close, in the Parish of *Saint Mary, Glasgow*, in the County of *Midlothian*, Part of the forfeited Estates late of the Reverend *Richard Sutton Young*, Doctor in Divinity, deceased, and for other Purposes therein mentioned. *Ibid*
- xxviii. An Act to enable the Gasworks of *Stony Crossway*, a Minor, to make Leases of certain Parts of said Minor's Estates, in and near the City of *Dublin*. *Ibid*
- xxix. An Act for establishing and confirming an Exchange of a Messuage and Lands in the Parish of *Affrison*, in the County of *Derby*, parcelled with the Sum of One hundred Pounds imposed by the Will of *George Spenser* for charitable Purposes, for a Messuage and Lands of *Johannes Davison Gresham*, in the Parish of *Manch*, in the said County. 1158
- xxx. An Act to enlarge the Powers of an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to enable the Rector of the Parish and Paroch Church of Saint Mary, Woolwich*, in the County of *Kent*, for the time being, to grant Building Leases of the Glebe Lands belonging to the said Rectory, and to sell the parson Rectory House and Garden, and to build a new Rectory House. *Ibid*
- xxxi. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Collynton*, in the Parish of *Kirkby Loughborough*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. *Ibid*
- xxxii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Sageb Gifford* and *Herringford* in the County of *Salisbury*. *Ibid*
- xxxiii. An Act for inclosing Land in the Parishes of *Wadlington* and *Esgham*, in the Parish of *Alton*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid*
- xxxiv. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Townships of *Southwold* *viz*, *Hay* and *North Old Hay*, in the Parish of *Kirkby*, in *Wendling*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. *Ibid*
- xxxv. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Tingey*, in the Parish of *Rahna in the Marsh*, and County of *Lincoln*. *Ibid*
- xxxvi. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Affrison*, in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid*
- xxxvii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Blyth* in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid*
- xxxviii. An Act for improving the Port and Harbour of *Byfleet*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for fixing the Wharfrage of Goods landed within the said Port and Harbour; and for better maintaining the Buys, Boats, Beacons and Beacons, belonging thereto. *Ibid*
- xxxix. An Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the *Bay Railway* to amend, vary and extend the Line of the said Railway, and for altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining the said Railway. *Ibid*
- xl. An Act for making and maintaining a Railway from the East of the *Liverpool* Railway, in the Parish of *Liverpool* *Greasby*, in the County of *Merchess*, to or near to the Twelfth Mile Stone, in the Road leading from the Town of *Morpington*, in the County of *Merchess*, to the City of *Newcastle*. *Ibid*
- xli. An Act for restoring more effectual an Act of His present Majesty, for draining Lands lying on both Sides the *River Widdow*, in the County of *Lincoln*, and restoring the Navigation of the said River; and for restoring another Act of His present Majesty, in relation to the said Drainage and Navigation. Page 1159
- xlii. An Act for repairing the Paroch Church of *Saint Andrew*, in the City and County of the City of *Leicester*. *Ibid*
- xliiii. An Act for repairing the Paroch Church of *Bishop Streetford*, in the County of *Hertford*. *Ibid*
- xliiiii. An Act for paving the Footpaths and for lighting and watching that Part of the *East Street Road* which leads from *East Street End* unto the Bridge next immediately below the *Green Man Turnpike*, situated within the Parish of *Saint George the Martyr, Southwark*, in the County of *Surrey*; and certain Public Squares, Squares, Lanes, Passages and Places communicating therewith, respectively situated within the said Parish, or within the Parishes of *Saint Mary Magdalen Bermonsey*, and *Saint Mary Newington*, adjoining thereto; and for removing and preventing Encroachments and Annuity Incumbrances. 1154
- xlv. An Act for lighting and watching the Road leading from *Newington Butts* to the *King's Head*, on the *Wind Street* Road, and several other Roads and Places communicating therewith, situate in the Parishes of *Saint Mary Lambard*, *Chapel* and *Stowells*, in the County of *Surrey*. *Ibid*
- xlvi. An Act for better paving, lighting, watching, cleaning and otherwise improving the Town of *Birmingham*, in the County of *Warwick*; and for regulating the Police and Markets of the said Town. *Ibid*
- xlvii. An Act for allowing further Time for the Completion of the Docks, Entrances and other Works and Buildings, belonging to the *London Dock Company*. *Ibid*
- xlviii. An Act for repairing the Road from *Offham* to *Ditchling*, in the County of *Sussex*. *Ibid*
- xlix. An Act for making and mending a Turnpike Road from or near *Rassau Cray*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*, through the Township of *Dun*, to or near to *Fee Hoag*, in the County of *Derby*; and also a Branch from *Darriford*, to or near to *Gault Bridge*, in the said County of *Derby*. *Ibid*
- l. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing Roads in the Counties of *York* and *Derby*, in so far as the same relate to the *Plant, Holywell* and *Milby* Districts of Road. 1155
- li. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Winterton*, in the County of *Southampton*, to *Albionville Great Bridge*, in the County of *Berks*. *Ibid*
- lii. An Act for more effectually repairing the Roads from *Bury Saint Edmunds* to *Newmarket*, and from *Stratford* to *Bury Saint Edmunds*, in the Counties of *Essex* and *Cambridge*. *Ibid*
- liiii. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for making a Public Carriage Road from *Kings Town* to *Upper Bitterney*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. *Ibid*
- liiiii. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from *Tidjessell* to *Birkbeck*, and thence to *South Lane*; and also from *Edgely* to *Affford*, all in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid*
- lv. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the East End of a Cliff called *Lane's Cliff*, in the Parish of *Wroughton*, in the County of *Wiltshire*, unto the Town of *Marlow*, in the County of *Buckingham*; and for building a Bridge in the Line of the said Road over the *River Emma*, which divides the said Counties of *Wiltshire* and *Buckingham*. *Ibid*

1824. An Act for confirming and reviving void and effe-
tual an Exchange made between Thomas Fowler Gentle-
man, and Mary his Wife, both deceased, and the Vicar of
Walleron, in the County of Suffolk, of Lands and Hor-
se-dwellings of the said Thomas Fowler, in the Parish of
Walleron, for a small Part of the Glebe belonging to the
said Parish. Page 1155
1825. An Act for selling Part of the settled Estates of
Sir Maud Melbourn Baronet, in Trust, to be
sold, subject to the Approbation of the High Court of
Chancery, and for applying Part of the Proceeds thereof
for the Purposes therein mentioned, and for laying out
the Residue of such Proceeds therein, under the like Direction,
in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the former
Uses. *Ibid.*
1827. An Act for inclosing Lands in such Part of the Parish
of Lymington as lies in the County of Down, and in the
several Parishes of Llangynghar, Glas Gwynn, and Llan-
gwynn in Rhos, in the Principality of Wales. *Ibid.*
1828. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish
of Harrold, in the County of York. *Ibid.*
1829. An Act for inclosing Lands in Saint Mary Extra and
South Swanton, in the County of Southwark. *Ibid.*
1830. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of Apperley,
and in the several Parishes of Apperley, Broughfield and
Middleton, in the County of Devonshire. *Ibid.*
1831. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Ash-
bury, in the County of Norfolk. 1156
1832. An Act for inclosing Lands in Thaxton, in the Pa-
rish of Wrotham, and County of York. *Ibid.*
1833. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Appil,
in the County of Oxford. *Ibid.*
1834. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Boken,
in the County of Leicester. *Ibid.*
1835. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Sivey
Mills, in the County of Southampton. *Ibid.*
1836. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of
Worth, in the County of York. *Ibid.*
1837. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of Great
Bawley, in the County of Essex. *Ibid.*
1838. An Act for inclosing the Forest of Deane, in the
County of Cheshire. *Ibid.*
1839. An Act for enabling the Right Honourable Thomas
Lord Dundas to sell certain Free and Tenured Estates and
Calesions of the Earlom of Orkney, and Lordship of Zet-
land, upon entering Lands equivalent in Value thereto.
Ibid.
1840. An Act for maintaining the Road leading from the
City of Carl to the Town of Traill, in the County of
Kerry. *Ibid.*
1841. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from
the Old Parson to Newbridge and Newry Tyburn, in the
County of Down, and from Newry Tyburn to the
Bridge over the River Toff, which divides the Counties of
Down and Antrim. *Ibid.*
1842. An Act to explain, amend and enlarge the Powers of
certain Acts passed for making and maintaining The Grand
Justice Canal. *Ibid.*
1843. An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Canal
with Aqueducts, Ferries and Retravents, from the Stone
Navigation at or near Bishop's Stortford, in the County
of Hertford, to join the River Ouse, near Clapham Sluice,
in the County of Cambridge, with a navigable Branch or
Cut from the said Canal at Soughen to Whaddon, in the
County of Cambridge. *Ibid.*
1844. An Act for making and maintaining a Railway from
Parsippanon, in the Parish of Llangynghar, in the
Principality of Wales, to the Parish of Llanbrydydd, in the County
of Montgomery, and also a Dock in the Parish of Llanbrydydd
aforesaid. Page 1156
1845. An Act for draining, inclosing and improving the
Lands called *Strathgrym Common*, and the *Four Hundred
Acre Common*, in the County of Northampton, and for
forming the same into a Parish, to be called *Newborough*; and
for building and endowing a Church for such Parish. *Ibid.*
1847. An Act for forming into Townships certain Extra-
parochial Lands in *Wiltshire Parishes*, and to the *Wilt and
Egl Parishes*, in the County of Wiltshire. *Ibid.*
1848. An Act for embanking *The Hundred Feet Weir*, in the
Great Level of the Fens called *Bedford Level*. *Ibid.*
1849. An Act for enabling *The Highgate Archway Company*
to raise a further Sum of Money, to complete their Works.
Ibid.
1850. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of an
Act of His present Majesty, for vesting a Bridge across
the River Thames, near *Newhall*, and making Roads there-
to, in the County of Middlesex and Surrey. *Ibid.*
1851. An Act for establishing a Ferry over the River Thames
from *Greenwich*, in the County of Kent, to the *Isle of
Dogs*, in the County of Middlesex, and for making and
maintaining Roads to communicate thereunto. *Ibid.*
1852. An Act for widening and improving the Street or
Road leading from *Thames Hill* to the Street called *Upper
Egl Street*, in the Parish of *Saint Dunstons* within *St.
Dunstons*, in the County of Middlesex. *Ibid.*
1853. An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of an Act
of King George the First, Two Acts of King George the
Second, and an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the
Roads from *Gloucester* towards *Bristol*, and other Roads
therein mentioned, in the County of Gloucester. *Ibid.*
1854. An Act for continuing the Terms, and for altering and
amending several Acts passed in the Third, Twentieth fourth
and Forty third Years of His present Majesty, for repair-
ing, amending and keeping in Repair, several Roads within
the County of Cornwall. *Ibid.*
1855. An Act for making a new Branch of Road from the
Town of *Corwallton* to *Lanherne*, in the County of *Glou-
cestershire*, and another Branch of Road from the *Great Boscawen*
in *Lisadilly*, in the same County. *Ibid.*
1856. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of Two
Acts passed in the Parliament of *England* in the Thirtieth
and Thirty second Years of His present Majesty, and of
an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present
Majesty, for repairing several Roads in the Counties of
Gloucester, *Wiltshire* and *Wiltshire*; and also for more effectually
repairing and maintaining the Road leading from the
Town of *Gloucester*, through the County of *Wiltshire*, to
the Civil Roads of *Wootton Bassett*, in the County of *Wiltshire*.
Ibid.
1857. An Act for making a Public Carriage Road from the
great *Tynebridge Road*, near the South End of *Highway
Plover*, *Widdow*, to *Widdow*, in the Parish of
Saint Leonard, *Shroton*, in the County of *Wiltshire*.
1158
1858. An Act to continue the Terms, and also to enlarge the
Powers of Two Acts of the Eleventh and Thirtieth Years
of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the
Market House in the Town of *Great Farthington*, in the
County of *York*, to *Boxford*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
Ibid.
1859. An Act to vest the Coals and Minerals given by the Will
of *Robert Adam Elphinstone*, deceased, in the Governor and
Company of the Bank of England. *Ibid.*

- cxli. An Act for incorporating the Governors of the Free Grammar School of the Borough of *Wigan*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*; and for enlarging the Trade and Powers of the said Governors, for the Benefit of the said School. Page 1158
- cxlii. An Act to enable the Vice, for the time being, of the Vicegerent of *Kildareshire*, in the County of *Wiltshire*, to grant Building Licenses of certain Glebe Lands, belonging to the said Vicegerent, and to sell the greatest Vicarage House, Garden and Out Offices occupied therewith, and certain Part of the Glebe Land, and to purchase Land and build thereon a new Vicarage House. *Ibid.*
- cxliiii. An Act for dividing, siting and enclosing Lands in the Tything or Hamlet of *Wyl Cowpen*, in the Parish of *Campton*, in the County of *Berks*. *Ibid.*
- cxliiii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Wylcot* otherwise *Wylcot*, *Stapfold* and *Horsingfold*, in the County of *Wiltsh.* *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for inclosing and encasting from Tenure Lands in the Parish of *Braunting*, in the County of *Hertford*. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for inclosing and encasting from Tenure Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Uppe*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Hollins* and *Whitch*, in the County of *Leicesters*. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Siddesham*, in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act to amend an Act of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the several Parishes of *Leicester*, *Leamington*, *Leamington* otherwise *Stretford*, in the County of *Warwick*. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Woolston*, in the County of *Surrey*. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Stapfold*, in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Barne* upon *Trent*, in the County of *Stafford*; and for selling Part of the said Lands, and applying the Proceed thereof in Aid of the Poor's Rates of the said Parish. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Highgate*, *Limbury*, *Patens* and *Cornewick*, in the County of *Wiltsh.* 1159
- cxlv. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Darrington*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for dissevering the Freehold of *Parford*, in the County of *Warwick*; and for inclosing the Open Commonable Lands within the said Freehold. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for altering and amending an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Police of the City of *Edinburgh*; and the adjoining Districts; and for other Purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for the Improvement of the Harbour of *Kilswilly*; and for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal, or Tide Roads, in *Kilswilly* and *Lambly*; and other Parishes therein mentioned, in the County of *Down*. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act of the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for enclosing and dividing certain Salt Marshes in the Parishes of *Spalding*, *Marlow*, *Whitch*, *Belbuck* and *Woburn*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and also for repealing in so much of an Act of the Thirty fourth Year of His present Majesty, as affects the Marshes and Sands in the District of the said Marsh, lately made by virtue of the first mentioned Act. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act to alter and amend Two Acts of His present Majesty, for vesting the several Parishes therein named to dispose of certain Houses in and near *St. Dunstons*, in the City of *London*, and *St. Dunstons*, *Trinity Par.* *Wyl.* 1159
- cxlv. An Act for exchanging a Free Simple Estate belonging to *George Broade Esquire*, for Estates under Settlement, devised by the Will of the late Reverend *John Broade* Clerk, in the Counties of *Salop*, *Stafford*, *Warwick* and *Shropshire*. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for effecting an Exchange between *Thomas William Cole Esquire*, and the Trustees of his bequeathed Estates. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for selling certain Estates of *John Graham Esquire*, and *John Smith Graham Gentleman*, in *Charley Court*, in the Parish of *Saint Martin in the Fields*, in the County of *Middlesex*, in Trustees, to be sold; and for applying the Proceed Money in Discharge of a Mortgage affecting the same, and for laying out the Surplus in the Purchase of other Estates to be granted to the former Use. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for selling Part of the Estates devised by the Will of *Elizabeth Jacobs*, in Trustees, for Sale, and for applying the Proceed Money in manner therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for effecting the Sale of sundried Freehold Estates, belonging to *Thomas Whitmore Wylde Esquire*, as Infant, in Fee Simple, and for vesting the Proceed Money in other Real Estates, to be conveyed to the Infant in Fee Simple. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wylcot* otherwise *Wylcot*, within the Manor of *Roswilly*, in the County of *Warwick*, and in the Hamlet or Township of *Appleton* in the said County. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for enclosing a Court House, County House, or Sessions House, for the Use of the City and County of *London*. 1160
- cxlv. An Act for increasing the Fund for watching, lighting, cleaning, watering and repairing *Highways* *London*. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for effecting the Sale of Part of the bequeathed Estates of the Honourable *Charles Cecil Cape Esquire*; and for laying out the Money so to be by such Sale in the Purchase of other Estates, and for letting the same to the former Use. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for enlarging the Trade and Powers of an Act of King *George the Second*; and an Act of His present Majesty, for the more effectual repairing and maintaining of the River and Harbour of *Wolsey* in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for separating the Management of the Harbour of *Marpley*, in the County of *Kent*, from the Passing and Lighting of the Town of *Marpley*; and for vesting the same Management of the said Harbour in a Joint Stock Company of Proprietors. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for vesting the bequeathed Estates in the County of *Northampton* of *Richard Abbot Esquire* Land *Bryndon*, and Part of the devised Estates in the County of *Essex* of *John Griffin Lord Bernard de Widdow* and *Lord Bryndon*, devised, in Trustees, to be sold; and for laying out the Money there arising, under the Direction of the High Court of *Chancery*, in the Purchase of other Estates, to be granted to the same Use. *Ibid.*
- cxlv. An Act for further continuing, until the First Day of *May* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament, the Powers of the Commissioners appointed in pursuance of an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for enabling the Commissioners acting in pursuance

- Agreement* between the *Earl John Compton* and the several *Coventors* of the *Nobles* of the *County of Warwick*, the first into *LEIC.* Page 1100
- ccviii. An Act for exchanging Part of the settled Estates of the Right Honourable *Francis Earl of Mordaunt*, situate in the County of *Leicestershire*, for Part of the said settled Estates of the said *Earl*, situate in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
- ccix. An Act to enable *Francis Earl of Mordaunt*, and the Persons entitled in Reversion upon his Estate for Life, to grant Leases of Mines and Mineral Property on their Estate, in *Apfley de la Zouch* in the County of *Leicestershire*, and *Guldbury* in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
- ccxi. An Act for enabling the Right Honourable *Marquess Earl of Arundel* to grant Leases for Lives, or for Years determinable on Lives, of his settled Estates in the Parishes of *Conover* near *Canterbury*, and *Widley*, in the County of *Berks*, upon the Terms and Subject to the Resolutions therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
- ccxii. An Act for confirming and carrying into Execution certain Articles of Agreement, made and entered into between the Right Reverend Father in God *John Lord Bishop of London*, Sir *John Frederick Brouncker*, *Arthur Stanbury Esquire*, *Frederick Trigg M. of the Esquires*, Sir *John Mordaunt Brouncker*, and *Diana Elizabetha Wife*, and *Silvanus Thellusson*; and the Company of Proprietors of *The Good Luck* Canal. *Ibid.*
- ccxiii. An Act to enable the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of *London* to fill, and the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of *London* and his Licenses of the Estate in *Paddington*, belonging to the See of *London*, to purchase certain Waters and Springs, and the Coves and other Appurtenances thereto, within the several Parishes of *Mary le Bow* and *Paddington*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- ccxiv. An Act for selling a Messuage, with the Appurtenances, situate in *Dovergreen Square* in the City of *London*, and a Messuage and Lease Estate at *Widdowes* in the County of *Surrey*, Part of Estates settled by the Will of *Abraham Appleby* deceased, in Trust, to be sold, and for other the Purposes therein mentioned. 1101
- ccxv. An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Canal from the Good Luck Canal in the Parish of *Paddington*, to the River *Thames* in the Parish of *Lincoln*, with a Continental Cut in the Parish of *Saint Leonard Shoreditch*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- ccxvi. An Act for making a Pier and Landing Place at *Ryde*, in the Isle of *Wight*. *Ibid.*
- ccxvii. An Act for watching and lighting Part of the High Road leading from *London* to *Grays*, commencing at the Turnpike Gate at *Kensington*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Lamb*, in the County of *Surrey*, and leading from thence on the Line of the said Road, to *Brims Hill*, and as far as the said Parish extends in that Direction. *Ibid.*
- ccxviii. An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty, for making a Road from the *Kew Road* in the County of *Surrey*, to *Doynton* in the County of *Kent*, and a Branch therefrom to *Weybridge*, in the said County of *Surrey*. *Ibid.*
- ccxix. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of King George the Second, and Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Fyfield* in the County of *Berks*, to *Saint John's Bridge*, in the County of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
- cc. An Act for enabling the Devises in Trust named in the Will of *George Stene* deceased, to grant Building Leases of certain Estates situate in the Parish of *Saint Dunstons*, otherwise *St. Dunstons*, in the County of *Middlesex*, to be sold. Page 1101
- ccii. An Act for selling in Trust Part of the Great Tithes of the Parish of *St. Dunstons* and *Kennington*, in the County of *West*, in Trust to be sold, and for laying out the Money thereon arising, in the Purchase of Estates to be settled and annexed to the said Parish. *Ibid.*
- cciii. An Act for enabling the Trustees of the settled Estates of *Richard Walker Esquire*, deceased, to raise Money upon Mortgage of the same Estates, for the Purpose of satisfying the Fees payable to the Bishop of *Windsor*, for the Lease of the Manor of *Morwen*, in the County of *Windsor*; and for selling the said Leasehold Premises to the Trustees, upon Terms mentioned in the Wills of the said Estates. *Ibid.*
- cciv. An Act for selling the devised Estates of *John Prior Esquire*, deceased, in Trust, upon Trust to fill certain Parts thereof, and out of the Purchase Money to discharge a Mortgage Debt due to the Representatives of *Charles Gerr Esquire*, deceased, and to lay out the Residue, under the Direction of the High Court of Chancery, in the Purchase of other Estates, and to be sold of and convey the Estates to be so purchased, as well as their remaining unsold, to the Uses of the said *John Prior's* Wills. *Ibid.*
- ccv. An Act for selling Part of the settled Estates of *Marquis Naper O'Connor Esquire*, in the County of *Down*, in *Ireland*, in Trust, to be sold for Payment of Incumbrances, and for selling other Estates in the King's County, in *Ireland*, in lieu of the Estates to be so sold. *Ibid.*
- ccvi. An Act to enable the Dean of *Saint Paul London* to grant a Lease of *Messuages*, *Townships*, *Lands* and *Hereditaments* in the Parish of *Saint Paul Shoreditch*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and to enable the Lessee to erect Brick Lodges for building and repairing that Estate. 1102
- ccvii. An Act for exchanging as Exchange of the Advowson of the Rectory of the Church of *Saint George* in the County of *Suffolk*, belonging to His Majesty, for the Advowson of the Rectory of the Church of *Doynton*, otherwise *Doynton*, in the same County, belonging to Sir *Thomas Good Brouncker*. *Ibid.*
- ccviii. An Act for selling Part of the devised Estates of *George Phelips Esquire*, deceased, situate in the County and County Borough of *Cardiff* in Trust, to be sold, and for laying out the Money thereon arising in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses. *Ibid.*
- ccix. An Act for including Lands in the Manor of *St. Dunstons*, with the Manor of *Beading*, in the County of *Surrey*. *Ibid.*
- ccx. An Act for building a new Prison in the City of *London*, for receiving therein Prisoners confined under Civil Process in the Guild of *Wharfedale* and the Two Colleges of the said City, and also the Prison of *Ludgate*, and for converting the Building now containing the said Two Colleges and *Ludgate* into a Guild for Criminals in the said Two Colleges and into a House of Correction for the said City of *London*. *Ibid.*
- ccxi. An Act for enabling the Mayor and Commonalty and Officers of the City of *London* to improve and great Building Leases of the Ground in *Margate*; also to fill all the Ground conveyed in such Leases when approved, and to apply the Produce thereof towards increasing the *Orphan Fund*. *Ibid.*
- ccxii. An Act for the further Improvement of *Saint George's Fields*, in the County of *Surrey*. *Ibid.*
- ccxiii. An Act for showing Lands in the Parishes of *Longton*, *Kingsley*, *Abthorpe*, and *Byfield* near *Millthorpe*, in the County of *North*. *Ibid.*

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS,

NOT PRINTED.

1. AN Act for incorporating *Chichester Dioclesian*.
2. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Norwich*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
3. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bressingham* otherwise *Little Broad*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
4. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlet or Chapelry of *Halsford*, in the Parish of *Wymondley*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
[*And for making Compensations for Tithes.*]
5. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Wymondley*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
6. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlet and Parish of *Wystow*, in the County of *Suffolk*.
[*And for making Compensations for Tithes.*]
7. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Limbury*, in the Parish of *Huntingfield*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
[*And for making Compensations for Tithes.*]
8. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Yeth*, in the County of *Cambridge*.
9. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wormington*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
[*And for making Compensations for Tithes.*]
10. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Gloucestre* *Hamlets*, in the County of *Somerset*.
11. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Gifford* *Saint Mikael*, in the County of *Devon*.
12. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Sliggon* upon *Stonor*, in the County of *Worcester*.
13. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Baldymer Heath*, or *North Hough*, in the County of *Warwick*.
14. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Cymondlyne* otherwise *Stoke* and *Froese*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
15. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Polgrove*, in the County of *Suffolk*.
16. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Milborne Pars*, in the County of *Somerset*.
17. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Borham*, *Billingham* and *Redburn*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
18. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bepton*, in the County of *Essex*.
[*And for making Compensations for Tithes.*]
19. An Act for incorporating *David Bromes*.
20. An Act for incorporating *Andrew Boryn*.
21. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlets of *Great and Luddy Trencher*, in the Parishes of *Wincoborn*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
[*And for making Compensations for Tithes.*]
22. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Harvingfield*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
[*And for making Compensations for Tithes.*]
23. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Longery*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
[*And for making Compensations for Tithes.*]
24. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Little Pannas*, in the County of *Warwick*.
[*And for making Compensations for Tithes.*]
25. An Act for letting and encumbering from Tithes, Lands in the Parishes of *Broadbilly* and *Great Linker*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
26. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Great Wharving* otherwise *Talworth Wharving*, in the County of *Suffolk*.
27. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Wives*, *Balton*, *Edgworth* and *Pigley*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
28. An Act for inclosing and encumbering from Tithes, Lands in the Parishes of *Hillingdon*, in the County of *Middlesex*.
[*And for making Compensations for Tithes.*]
29. An Act for incorporating *John D. de S. Rocher*.
30. An Act for incorporating *Frederick Charles Meyer*.
31. An Act for incorporating *Charles Green*.
32. An Act for incorporating *Eliza Herbert Defoyers*.
33. An Act to relieve the Honourable *John Bruce Richard O'Neill*, who was elected to sit in this present Parliament for the County of *Astoria*, from certain Penalties which he has incurred by sitting and voting in the House of Commons without having taken the Oath, and in other Respects conforming to the Laws in such Case made and provided.
34. An Act for vesting certain Manors and Hereditaments situate in the Parishes of *Limbury*, in the County of *Essex*, Parts of the Inclosed Estates of the Right Honourable *Frederick William Earl of Bristol*, in Trust, upon Trust to sell, and for laying out the Manors situate from such Sale in the Purchase of more convenient Estates; and for other Purposes therein contained.
35. An Act for dividing Lands in the Parishes of *Gifford* otherwise *Stoke*, in the County of *Suffolk*.
[*And for making Compensations for Tithes.*]
36. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Newton upon Ouse*, and in the Township of *Sliggon*, in the Parishes of *Stonor*, in the County of *York*.
[*And for making Compensations for Tithes.*]
37. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Grayslee*, in the County of *Warwick*.
[*And for making Compensations for Tithes.*]
38. An Act for inclosing Lands in *North Lopham* and *South Lopham*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
39. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Lidgum*, in the County of *Suffolk*.
[*And for making Compensations for Tithes.*]
40. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Wymondley* and *Wives*, and Hamlets of *Cydon* and *Hilton*, in the South Side of *Parishouse Hill*, in the County of *Essex*.
41. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Overington*, in the County of *Leicestershire*.
[*And for making Compensations for Tithes.*]
42. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Finston*, in the Counties of *Dorset* and *Wiltshire*.
43. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township and Manor of *Southern*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*.
[*And for making Compensations for Tithes.*]
44. An Act for letting and encumbering from Tithes, Lands in the Parishes of *Broadbilly* and *Great Linker*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
[*And for making Compensations for Tithes.*]

41. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bedley*, in the County of *Warwick*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
46. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stapton*, in the County of *Devon*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
47. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Edgelysh*, in the County of *Northampton*.
48. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Township of *Adeney*, in the Parish of *Faresholme*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
[*Assent to His Majesty.*]
49. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Cold Haydon* with *Grinfield*, in the County of *Northampton*, and for ratifying the Tithes thereof, and of *Parvate*, in the said Parish.
50. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Township of *Brayford*, in the County of *York*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
51. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Barrow Harborough* and *Cherwell*, in the County of *Leicestershire*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
52. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manse of *Claydon*, in the Parish of *Claydon*, in the County of *Devon*.
53. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Princeswell*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
54. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Ratwell* otherwise *Ratwell*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
55. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Kirkby Town*, in the County of *Westmorland*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
56. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Alton upon Carr* and *Passage Meadows*, in the Parish of *Alton*, in the County of *Cheshire*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
57. An Act for inclosing Lands in the several Parishes of *Llanilly*, *Llanymonach* and *Llanedey*, within the Commote of *Corwen*, in the Lordship of *Kirkcubbin*, in the County of *Cararwan*.
58. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stapleford*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
59. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wiggleston*, in the County of *Yorkshire*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
60. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manse of *Braxton* and *St. Andrew*, within the Parish of *Barthorpe*, in the County of *York*.
61. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Leaworth*, and the several other Parishes therein mentioned in the County of *Yorkshire*.
[*Assent to His Majesty.*]
62. An Act for inclosing Lands in the several Parishes of *Langley*, *Langwell*, *Langthorpe* and *Langthorpe Kirkgate*, in the County of *Yorkshire*.
[*Assent to His Majesty.*]
63. An Act for encroaching *Joan de Courtenay*.
64. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Great Eastfield*, in the County of *Essex*.
65. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Barrow under Newbould* and *Taswell*, in the Parish of *Taswell*, and in the Townships of *Taswell* and *Newbould*, in the Parish of *Taswell*, and in the Townships of *Newbould* and *Houghton Kirkgate*, in the Parish of *Houghton Kirkgate*, in the County of *Stafford*.
[*Assent to His Majesty. No Lease of Lands allowed in either of Tascwell, without Consent of His Majesty or Patrons of the Advowson.*]
66. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlet of *Horris* in the Parish of *Great Boleton*, in the County of *Wilt*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
67. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Easton Waltham*, in the County of *Essex*.
68. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Leaforth*, in the Counties of *Devon* and *Cornwall*.
[*Assent to His Majesty.*]
69. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wiggleston*, in the County of *Yorkshire*.
70. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Pease*, in the County of *Essex*.
71. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Chelton*, *Cambridge*, *Claydon*, *Blowdown* and *Wetherby*, in the County of *Leicestershire*.
72. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Blackwell* and *Little Black*, in the County of *Worcestershire*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
73. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *Richard Moore Esquire* with *Judith Arabella Moore* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
74. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *John Blackford Esquire* with *Maria Cecilia Blackford* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
75. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wreth*, and other Parishes and Places therein mentioned, in the County of *Cararwan*.
[*Assent to His Majesty.*]
76. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Princeswell*, *Dallington* and *Langthorpe* otherwise *Passon*, in the County of *Cararwan*.
[*Assent to His Majesty.*]
77. An Act to enable *Robert De Lyle* to make a valid Settlement on the Marriage intended between him and *Anne Selwyn Esquire*, notwithstanding his Minority.

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STATUTES at Large, &c.

Anno Regni GEORGH III. Britanniarum Regis,
Quinquagesimo Secundo.

AT the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster the Twenty-second Day of June, Anno Domini 1802, in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith; and from thence continued, by several Prolegations, to the Seventh Day of January 1812, being the Sixth Session of the Fourth Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

CAP. I.

An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco and Stuffs in Great Britain; and on Professions, Offices and Personal Estates in England, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve. [4th February 1812.]

XXXVI. PROVIDED always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to charge or to authorize the deducting from or withholding any Pensions under any of the Provisions of this Act, upon any Annuity, Pension or Stipend paid to such Person on account of his having been or acted as a Member or Resident at any foreign Court.

XXXIX. And whereas by the said Act passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the Manor of Stovin*, &c. *the several Tolls of Money now charged in Great Britain as a Land Tax, for One Year, from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight (a)*, it was enacted, That the several Duties imposed on Sugar by Three Acts of the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-fourth and Thirty-seventh Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, on Malt, by an Act made in the Twenty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Stuffs, by an Act made in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, should continue in force until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine, and no longer, but should from thenceforth cease and determine, unless the same should be specially continued by Parliament; which had several Times been, by an Act made and passed in the Thirty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty a Duty on Professions, Offices and Personal Estates in England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and certain Duties on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco and Stuffs, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine*, further continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred, and which, by several subsequent Acts, were further continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven: And whereas, by an Act passed in the Forty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable on Goods Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, the said several Duties on Sugar were repealed, and other Duties granted on Sugar in lieu thereof; And whereas, by another Act passed in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to repeal the Duties of Stamp payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*, certain of the said Duties on Licenses to be taken out by Dealers in Tobacco and Stuffs, and certain Duties on Tobacco, were repealed, and other Duties granted in lieu thereof: And whereas the said Duties granted by the said last-mentioned Acts were continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven:

Pensions to Persons who have acted as Members, &c. in foreign Courts and India.
28 G. 3. c. 22.

28 G. 3. c. 22.

28 G. 3. c. 22.

28 G. 3. c. 22.

(a) [See 48 G. 3. c. 116 & 5.]

4 K

• And

And whereas the said Duties on Sugar, and the said Duties on Mah, Tobacco and Seale, together with the said Duties relating to Licences and Tobacco, were, by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve: Be it further enacted, That the said several Duties on Sugar, Mah, Tobacco and Seale, and the said Acts granting and continuing the same, and all the Provisions thereof, shall be and be deemed to be hereby severally and respectively further continued from and after the Expiration of the time limited as aforesaid, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen; and all Monies arising thereby, which shall be paid into the said Receipt of the Exchequer, shall be entered separate and distinct from all other Monies paid and payable to His Majesty.

[This Act, except the Chapter above inserted, is similar to 31 G. 3. c. 2.]

C & P. II.

An Act to permit Sugar, the Produce of *Martinique* and other conquered Islands in the *West Indies*, to be taken out of Warehouse on the Payment of the like Rate of Duty for Wares as *British Plantation Sugar*. [4th February 1812.]

WHEREAS, by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for making Sugar and Coffee of Martinique and Mariegalante liable to Duty on Importation as Sugar and Coffee out of the British Plantations*, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of the Island of *Martinique*, imported into this Kingdom, is subject to the Payment of such Duties, and also to such Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, as are by Law imposed and provided in the case of Importations of Sugar out of the *British Plantations*; and by another Act, passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intitled, *An Act for making Sugar and Coffee of Guadeloupe, Saint Eustace, Saint Martin and Saba, liable to the same Duty on Importation as Sugar and Coffee out of the British Plantations*, similar Provisions are made as to Sugar, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of *Guadeloupe*: And whereas, by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain to be stored in Warehouses without Payment of Duty*, when any Goods, Wares or Merchandises are intended to be taken out of or from any Warehouse or Place in which the same shall have been lodged or secured according to the Directions of the said Act, for the Purpose of Exportation, the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs are required to re-examine the same; and in case it shall appear on such Re-examination that the Quantity is less than the Quantity taken by the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs by virtue and in pursuance of the said Act as the said Examinations thereof, then and in such case the Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, Consignor or Consignees of such Goods, Wares or Merchandises, or the Person or Persons intending to take out the same, or before the same are so delivered out of the Warehouse for the Purpose aforesaid, to make a due Entry of such deficient Quantity, and pay to the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs the full Duties of Customs thereon: And whereas it would not be reasonable to subject the Importers, Proprietors or Consignors, or the Persons intending to take out of the Warehouses any such Sugar, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of *Martinique, Mariegalante, Saint Eustace, Saint Martin, Saba or Guadeloupe*, to the Payment of the high Duties upon such Deficiencies: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That whenever, upon the reweighing any Sugar, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of the Islands of *Martinique, Mariegalante, Saint Eustace, Saint Martin, Saba or Guadeloupe*, for the Purpose of Exportation, it shall appear that the Weight of the Sugar is less than when taken account of by the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs at the first Examination thereof, the Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, Consignor or Consignees, of such Sugar, or the Person or Persons intending to take out the same, shall not be subject to the Payment of any higher Rate of Duty for the deficient Quantity than what is charged and payable upon the Importation of Sugar, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of the *British Plantations* at the time the Sugar shall be reweighed for the Purpose of Exportation; any Thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

C & P. III.

An Act to revive and continue, until the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve, so much of an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty, to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grains, in the United Kingdom, as relates to *Great Britain*, and to revive and continue another Act made in the Forty ninth Year aforesaid, to suspend the Importation of *British or Irish-made Spirits into Great Britain or Ireland* respectively, and for granting certain Duties on Wares or Wines made from Sugar during the Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grains in *Great Britain*. [7th February 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grains in the United Kingdom for a limited Time*, should be revived and continued for a time to be limited, as far as the same regards *Great Britain*: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled,

and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Eighth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the said Act shall, and the same is hereby, as far as the same regards that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, and as far as the same is not altered by this Act, revised, and shall remain in force from thenceforth, until and upon the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case His Majesty, at any time after the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall in His Royal Discretion judge it to be for the Benefit and Advantage of that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, to permit the making of Worts or Wash for Distillation from Oats, Barley, or any other Cereals or Grains (Whence excepted), or from Malt, Flour or Bran, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty, by His Royal Proclamation or Proclamations, to be issued by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, or by His Majesty's Order in Council, to be published from time to time in The London Gazette, to 'permit and suffer all and every Person or Persons (but not any particular Person or Persons), at any time or times, not less than Thirty Days from the Date of such Proclamation or Order in Council, to make Worts or Wash for Distillation from Oats, Barley, or any other Cereals or Grains (Whence excepted), or from any Malt, Flour or Bran; or in case His Majesty, at any time after the said First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall in His Royal Discretion judge it to be for the Benefit and Advantage of that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, to continue the Prohibition of the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grains from the said Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve, until Forty Days after the then next Meeting of Parliament, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty, by His Royal Proclamation or Proclamations, to be issued by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, or by His Majesty's Order in Council, to be published from time to time in The London Gazette, to continue throughout that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, from the said Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve, until Forty Days after the next Meeting of Parliament, the Prohibition heretofore mentioned; that it is to be, that throughout that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, during the Continuance of such Prohibition, no Worts or Wash for Distillation shall be made from Oats, Barley, or any other Cereals or Grains, or from Malt, Flour or Bran, or any Mixture with the same.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every Distiller and Distillers, and Maker and Makers of Spirits, shall, on or before the Twenty second Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, distill into Spirits all the Worts or Wash brewed or made from Malt, Corn or Grain which shall, on the said Eighth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, be in his, her or their Custody or Possession, on Pain of forfeiting all such Worts or Wash which shall, after the said Twenty second Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, be found by any Officers or Officers of Excise, or by the Custody or Possession of any such Distiller or Distillers, or Maker or Makers of Spirits; and to Distill or Distillers, or Maker or Makers of Spirits, shall distill, mix or brew any Sagar for the making of Worts or Wash for extracting Spirits, with all the Worts or Wash brewed or made from Corn or Grain which shall have been in the Custody or Possession of such Distiller or Distillers, or Maker or Makers of Spirits, on the Eighth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall have been actually distilled into Spirits at the Second Extraction, by the Space of Four Days at the least, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

IV. And whereas an Act was made in the said Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intituled, *An Act to suppress the Importation of British or Irish-made Spirits into Great Britain or Ireland respectively, until the First Day of June next ensuing eight hundred and ten*, which Act was further continued by another Act passed in the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, and the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, and was further continued by another Act made in the Fifthth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty: And whereas it is expedient that all the Powers and Provisions in the said Acts contained as aforesaid contained, except as far as respects the Extension of the Penalty for the Forfeiture of any Spirits arriving in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, within a time therein limited, shall continue and be in force from the Commencement of this Act, until Year Months after the Expiration of the time which shall be fixed under the Authority of this Act, for prohibiting the Distillation of Spirits from Grains in Great Britain.

V. And whereas during the Continuance of the Prohibition of the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grains it will be expedient to encourage the Distillation of Spirits from Sagar, and also to modify and regulate the Duties to be levied and the Drawbacks to be allowed; Be it therefore enacted, That for and during the Period of time in which, by or under the Authority of this Act, the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grains in Great Britain shall be prohibited, all and singular the Duties on Worts or Wash brewed or made in England or Scotland, respectively, for extracting Spirits, and all and singular the Duties on Spirits made or distilled in Scotland, and on Spirit-ale or Strong Waters made or distilled in Ireland and imported into Great Britain; and also the Duties on Licences on the Content or Capacity of Stills used or employed in Scotland, for making or distilling Low Wines or Spirits; and also all and singular the Duties on Spirits made or distilled in England, and imported or brought from thence into Scotland, and any such; and also all and singular the Drawbacks on the Exportation of any such Spirits, shall be and the same are hereby suspended, save and except in all cases relating to the recovering, allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which shall or may become unpaid; or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties

Revised, and continued 31 Dec. 22, 1812.

His Majesty may, after Oct. 1, 1812, permit Distillation from Corn (Whence excepted).

or may prohibit the Distillation for a longer Period.

Distillation in Great Britain to be prohibited before Feb. 22, 1812.

Penalty.

Not to distill Sagar till such Time shall have been distilled Four Days.

Penalty.

48 G. 3. c. 2.

48 G. 3. c. 102.

50 G. 1. c. 52.

Penalty continued. Exceptions.

Duties on Spirits distilled from Corn, and Drawbacks, suspended.

Facilities or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have been secured at any time before or on the Day upon which such Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grains shall commence and take effect.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Prohibition of the Use of any Material or Commodity whatsoever, in the making or brewing of Wort or Wash for distilling or extracting Spirits in the Highlands of Scotland, except Oats or Barley, or Bear or Hogg of the Growth of the said Highlands, shall not be suspended during the Period of time that the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grains shall by or under the Authority of the Act be prohibited; any thing in this or any other Act of Parliament to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as any such Prohibition as aforesaid, of the Use of Corn and Grains in the Distillation of Spirits shall cease and determine, all and singular the Duties, Drawbacks, Provisions, Reins, Regulations, Restrictions, and also the Prohibition which by this Act are or shall be suspended, shall be revived, and the same are hereby in such case declared to revive and become in full Force and Effect to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in and against of the Duties hereby suspended, there shall, during such Suspension, be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the several Rates and Duties of Excise hereinafter mentioned; that is to say,

For every Gallon of Wort or Wash brewed or made for extracting Spirits in England for Home Consumption from Sugar, an Excise Duty of One Shilling and Eight pence:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of Wort or Wash brewed or made from Sugar, for extracting Spirits in the Lowlands of Scotland for Consumption in Scotland, an Excise Duty of Eight pence Facking:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of Spirits of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and so in Proportion for every higher or lower Degree of Strength, which shall be made or distilled in the Lowlands of Scotland for Consumption in Scotland, not exceeding the Number of Gallons of Spirits limited and restricted to be distilled by or from each Still, to be paid over and above the Duty on the Licence or Consent of the Still, and the Duty on the Wort or Wash from which such Spirits may be made or distilled, an Excise Duty of Five pence:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of the Cubical Content or Capacity of each and every Still, including the Head and every Part thereof, and of any Hops, Pipe, Tube or other Apparatus therewith connected, under whatever Name or Designation the same may be called or known, as high as the Screw can ascend, and until the Top of the Head shall turn downwards, and form an Angle of Twenty two Degrees, which shall be used or employed for the Purpose of making or distilling Low Wines or Spirits from Sugar in the Lowlands of Scotland for Consumption in Scotland, an Excise Duty of One shilling and Sixty two Pence:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of Wort or Wash brewed or made from Sugar for extracting Spirits in the Highlands of Scotland for Consumption in the said Highlands, an Excise Duty of Seven pence:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of Spirits of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and so in Proportion for any higher or lower Degree of Strength which shall be made or distilled in the Highlands of Scotland for Consumption in the said Highlands, not exceeding the Number of Gallons of Spirits licensed and restricted to be distilled by or from each Still, to be paid over and above the Duty on the Licence or Consent of the Still, and the Duty on the Wort or Wash from which such Spirit may be made or distilled, an Excise Duty of Two pence:

For every Gallon of English Wine Measure of the Cubical Content or Capacity of each and every Still, including the Head and every Part thereof, and of any Hops, Pipe, Tube or other Apparatus therewith connected, under whatever Name or Designation the same may be called or known, as high as the Screw can ascend, and until the Top of the Head shall turn downwards and form an Angle of Forty six Degrees, which shall be used or employed for the Purpose of making or distilling Low Wines or Spirits in the Highlands of Scotland for Consumption in the said Highlands, an Excise Duty of Five Pence:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of Spirits of a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and so in Proportion for any higher Degree of Strength, made or distilled from Corn or Grains in England, and imported or brought from thence into Scotland, to be paid by the Importer thereof, before the landing thereof, an Excise Duty of Eight Shillings and Three pence:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of Spirits of which an Account shall have been taken in performance of this Act, of a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, made or distilled from Corn or Grains in Scotland, and imported or brought from thence into England, to be paid by the Importer thereof, before the landing thereof, an Excise Duty of Nine Shillings and Five pence Halfpenny:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of all such Spirits as aforesaid, of a greater Strength than that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and not exceeding Three per Centum over and above the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, an Excise Duty of Nine Shillings and Five pence Halfpenny; and also a further Excise Duty, proportioned to the Degree of Strength in which such Spirits shall exceed the said Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, to be paid by the Importer thereof, before the landing thereof:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of Spirits of the Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and so in Proportion for any higher Degree of Strength, made or distilled in England from Sugar, and imported or brought from thence into Scotland, to be paid by the Importer thereof, before the landing thereof, an Excise Duty of Six Shillings and Three pence Halfpenny:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of Spirits of a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, made or distilled in Scotland from Sugar, and imported and brought from thence into Eng-

And, to be paid by the Importer thereof, before the landing thereof, an Excise Duty of Seven Shillings and Eleven pence Farthing;

For every Gallon *English* Wine Measurers of all such Spirits as is hereinafter said, of a greater Strength than One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and not exceeding Three per Centum over and above the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, an Excise Duty of Seven Shillings and Eleven pence Farthing; and also a further Excise Duty proportioned to the Degree of Strength in which such Spirits shall exceed the said Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, to be paid by the Importer thereof, before the landing thereof;

For all Rum, Brandy, Spirits, *Aqua-vita*, or Strong Waters (except Rum of the Produce of the *British Plantations*), imported into Great Britain, and for which the Duties chargeable thereon shall not have been paid on the Fourteenth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, or exported after that Day, an additional Duty of Twelve Pence and Ten Shillings per Centum upon the Produce and Amount of the several Duties of Excise imposed for or in respect thereof by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act.

IX. And be it further enacted, That each of the Duties by this Act imposed, as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called *England*, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in *England*; and that each Part thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called *Scotland*, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in *Scotland* for the time being.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Officer of Excise in *England*, having any Still or Still House, or other Place used for the Purpose of making or distilling Spirits under his Survey, shall keep exact Accounts in his Books of all Worts and Wash whereon the Duties are by this Act imposed, and shall in his said Books give into the several Distillers, or Makers of Spirits under his Survey, a Credit of Twenty one Gallons of Spirits, of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, for every One hundred Gallons of Worts or Wash brewed or made from Sugar, by each Distiller or Distillers, during each year as each Distiller or Distillers shall continue to work or distil Spirits from Sugar.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Distiller in *Scotland* shall be charged with, and pay the several and respective Duties by this Act imposed on Spirits made in *Scotland*, for the Consumption of *Scotland*, and also after the Rate of Twenty one Gallons of Spirits for every One hundred Gallons of Worts or Wash brewed or made from Sugar by any such Distiller; and every such Distiller shall have Credit, and be allowed Permits for Twenty one Gallons of Spirits, of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, for every One hundred Gallons of Worts or Wash as aforesaid, brewed or made, and actually distilled into Spirits by each Distiller.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller in *England* shall make, distil, extract or produce any Quantity of Spirits exceeding the Proportion of Twenty one Gallons for every One hundred Gallons of Worts or Wash brewed or made from Sugar as aforesaid, every such Distiller shall pay Duty for all such Spirits exceeding the Proportion aforesaid; that is to say, and after the Rate of Seven Shillings and Eleven pence Farthing for every Gallon of such Excise, computed at the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That every Distiller who shall make or distil Spirits in *England*, for Exportation from thence to *Scotland*, or who shall make or distil Spirits in *Scotland* for Exportation from thence to *England*, shall for every One hundred Gallons of Worts or Wash brewed or made from Sugar, for making or extracting Spirits for Exportation as aforesaid, produce to the Sight of the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, and duly export to *Scotland* or *England*, as the case may require, at least Twenty one Gallons of Spirits of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof; and in every case where the Produce of Spirits extracted and produced to the Sight of the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, and duly exported as aforesaid, shall fall short of the Proportion aforesaid, every such Distiller or Distillers shall, and he, she and they it and she lawfully made chargeable with, and shall pay for every Gallon of Spirits which shall so fall short or be deficient, a Duty of Twenty Shillings.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That, upon the First Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve, no Perish or Perishes shall be permitted to make Entry of any House or Houses, or Place or Places in *England*, for making or distilling Spirits from Sugar for Exportation to *Scotland*, nor shall any Perish or Perishes be permitted to make Entry of any House or Houses, or Place or Places in *Scotland*, for making or distilling Spirits from Sugar for Exportation to *England*, save and except such House or Houses, or Place or Places, as shall have been duly entered and employed, or used for making and distilling Spirits from Corn or Grass for such Exportation from *England* to *Scotland*, or from *Scotland* to *England*, as the case may require, between the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eleven and the passing of this Act; nor shall any Perish or Perishes be permitted to make, or any such entered House or Houses, Place or Places, or to export a Number of Gallons of Spirits within the Year, from the Commencement of each Entry on the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eleven, beyond the Quantity which such Perish or Perishes would have been entitled to have made from Corn or Grass, and to have exported from *England* to *Scotland*, or from *Scotland* to *England*, as the case may require, if the Distillation from Corn or Grass had not been prohibited, further than the Excess of Produce of Spirits from Sugar Wash above the Produce of Spirits from Corn Wash, computed both Produce or and after the Rate of Eighteen Gallons of Spirits, at the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, for every Hundred Gallons of Worts or Wash made or distilled from Corn during each Part of the Year as each Distiller or Distillers shall have been making or distilling from Corn since the said First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and of Twenty one Gallons of Spirits at the Strength aforesaid, for every Hundred Gallons of Worts or Wash to be distilled from Sugar during each Part of the present Year or year next, as such

Additional Duty on Rum, See Act of the 54th Parliament.

Duties under Commissioners of Excise.

Officers of Excise in the Kingdom of England & in the Towns of London & in the Towns of Warr.

Distillers in Scotland allowed a like Proportion of Spirits.

Distillers in England to pay for any Spirit beyond what is permitted to be distilled.

After what Proportion Distillers in Scotland or Scotland for Exportation to either Country shall produce Spirits, &c.

No Entry of House for distilling Spirits from Sugar for such Exportation permitted, but what has been already entered for Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grass, as the Quantity of Spirits exported, &c.

fact Distiller or Distillers shall continue to make or distil Spirits from Sugar from and after the said Eighth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, until the time at which the annual Entry of such Heads or Heads, or Place or Places, would have expired; any thing in this or any other Act to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding. [See page 611.]

XV. And be it further enacted, That when and so long as any Distiller in the Lowlands of Scotland shall have brewed or made and distilled into Spirits a Quantity of Wort or Wash from Sugar, sufficient to produce Two thousand twenty five Gallons of Spirits of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, for each and every Gallon of the full Content or Capacity of the Still or Stills specified or mentioned in the Licence granted to such Distiller in the said Lowlands, computing Twenty one Gallons of such Spirits of the Strength aforesaid, for every One hundred Gallons of Wort or Wash, then and in every such case the Licence of such Distiller shall cease and determine, and be no longer in force.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That when and so long as any Distiller in the Highlands of Scotland shall have brewed or made and distilled into Spirits a Quantity of Wort or Wash from Sugar, sufficient to produce Seventy five Gallons of Spirits of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, for each and every Gallon of the full Content or Capacity of the Still or Stills specified or mentioned in the Licence granted to such Distiller in the said Highlands, computing Twenty one Gallons of such Spirits of the Strength aforesaid, for every One hundred Gallons of such Wort or Wash, then and in every such case the Licence of such Distiller shall cease and determine, and be no longer in force.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That no Distiller in England shall be obliged or liable to any Penalty, Forfeiture or Prosecution, for discontinuing to work, provided such discontinuing is or shall be occasioned by the Expulsion or other Vermotion of the Possibilities of the Use of Corn or Grain in the Distillations by or under the Authority of Parliament; any thing in relation any other Act of Parliament heretofore made to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, and they are hereby authorized and required in case of the Vacancies, by or under the Authority of Parliament, of the Possibilities of the Use of Corn or Grain in the Distillations of Spirits, or of the Revival of the Laws which allow the Distillations of Spirits from Corn or Grain before any licensed Distiller in Scotland shall have distilled into Spirits the full Quantity of Wort or Wash, to which the Licence of any such Distiller shall be limited, to pay and allow to such Distiller out of the Duties arising by the Distillery in Scotland a Sum of Money equal to that which shall or may have been paid in advance by such Distiller, over and above the Quantity of Wort or Wash made and Spirits actually distilled under and by virtue of any such Licence.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland to license any Still or Stills in Scotland for the Purpose of distilling Spirits from Sugar after the Distillation from Corn or Grain shall be prohibited, provided that no such Licence be granted in the present Year of our Lord shall be granted to commence or take effect before the Eighth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve next, and so such Licence which shall be granted after the said present Year shall be granted to commence and take effect before the first Day of December next ensuing the granting thereof; nor shall any such Licence be of any Validity or have any Force or Effect until all the Wort or Wash brewed or made from Corn or Grain in the Cellary or Possibilities of the Person or Persons to whom any such Licence shall be granted, shall have been actually distilled into Spirits of the Second Extraction, by the Space of Four Days at the least; any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

XX. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend, to authorize the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland to grant Licences until the First Day of December in the present Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve, to any Person or Persons, or to any Heads or Heads, Place or Places for distilling or making Sugar for extracting Spirits in Scotland for the Consumption in Scotland, excepting to such Person or Persons, or Heads or Heads, or Place or Places, which, from the Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall have been licensed, and shall have begun and commenced to make Spirits from Corn for such Consumption in Scotland; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That no Distiller or Distillers in England or Scotland respectively shall be allowed to make Entry for, or to make or distil any Spirits from Sugar for Exportation from England or Scotland, or from Scotland to England, at any other time than from and after the First Day of December in each Year of our Lord after the present Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when and so long as any such Prohibition as aforesaid, of the Use of Corn and Grain in the Distillation of Spirits, shall cease and determine, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons of England or Scotland respectively to make Entry for, and to make or distil Spirits from Corn and Grain for Exportation from England or Scotland, or from Scotland to England, at any time within Thirty Days from the Time when such Prohibition shall cease and determine; Provided also, that no such Entry shall have effect for any longer Period than until the First Day of October three next ensuing, nor shall any such Entry be made or allowed while any Spirits distilled from Sugar, or any Materials for such Distillation shall be remaining on any Part of the Premises of such Distiller or Distillers; any thing in this or any other Act to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

XXIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, or the major Part of them, or to or for the respective Collectors and Supervisors of Excise in Scotland, by and with the Leave and Approbation of the said Commissioners, to grant a Licence

Distillers in Lowlands of Scotland producing certain Quantity of Spirits according to Contents of Still, Licence to cease.

Distillers in Highlands producing certain Quantity of Spirits according to Contents of Still, Licence to cease.

In what case Distillers in England are liable or Penalty for discontinuing to work.

Advance to Distiller in Scotland, in case Quantity of Spirits limited by Licence has not produced, &c.

Licence granted in Scotland for Still for distilling Spirits from Sugar.

Commencement.

Restrictions as to granting Licences.

Limiting the Time for making Entry of Spirits for Exportation, &c.

Entry for Exportation of Spirits from Corn within the Expulsion Period when Prohibition shall cease, &c.

Licence granted in Scotland for distilling Spirits

er Licence to say Perfes or Perfess, to make or distil Spirits from Sugar, during any Period in which the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain shall be prohibited; and also to grant Licences in like manner to any Perfes or Perfess to make or distil Spirits from Corn or Grain, at any time after the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain shall, by or under the Authority of Parliament, be permitted or allowed: Provided also, that no such last mentioned Licence shall be granted to take effect before the Tenth Day of November: One thousand eight hundred and twelve, say for any longer Period than until the Tenth Day of November: One thousand eight hundred and thirteen; any thing in this or any other Act to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller or Maker of Spirits in Great Britain shall, during such Prohibition be allowed of the Use of Corn or Grain in the Distillation of Spirits, make use of or employ any Material, Commodity, Article or Thing whatsoever, in brewing, making or preparing Wort or Wash for Distillation, save and except pure Yeast necessary for fermenting the Wort or Wash, and save and except Sugar in the State in which the same shall have been exported into this Kingdom, and without the same having been previously diluted with Water or other Liquor, or undergone any Process or Manufacture whatsoever to alter the Taste, every Distiller or Maker of Spirits so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds; and every Servant of any such Distiller or Maker of Spirits, and every other Person who, during such Prohibition of the Use of Corn or Grain as aforesaid, shall be aiding or assisting in the Use of any other Material, Commodity, Article or Thing whatsoever in brewing, making or preparing of Wort or Wash for Distillation, or in the making or distilling of any Spirits, except pure Yeast and Sugar as aforesaid, shall also, for each and every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and in Default of Payment shall suffer Three Months Imprisonment.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That no Distiller or Maker of Spirits shall at any time while he, she or they shall have in his, her or their Custody any Wort or Wash for Distillation made or prepared from Sugar, or while he, she or they shall be preparing or making any Wort or Wash from Sugar, or distilling or decanting Low Wines or Spirits from Wort or Wash in made or prepared, take or receive into or have or keep in his, her or their Custody or Possession any Maltsters exceeding the Quantity of One Pound, nor any Wheat, Barley, Malt, Oats, Rye, Flour or Bagg, which shall have been brewed, excepting Malt not exceeding Five Quarters, or Wheat Meal or Wheat Flour not exceeding Five Bushels, nor any Beer Grounds, Brewers Tills, or Worts or Wash made or prepared from any Material or Commodity whatsoever, except Sugar, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Distiller or Maker of Spirits shall take or receive into his, her or their Custody or Possession, for the Purpose of Distillation into Spirits, any Quantity of Sugar less than One hundred Weir or Hogheads, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That before any Distiller or Maker of Spirits shall receive or take into his Custody or Possession any Sugar for Distillation into Spirits, he, she or they shall give to the proper Officer of Excise Twenty four Hours Notice in Writing, specifying the true Number of Tuns or Hogheads of Sugar intended to be received or taken in, the Name and Place of the Perfes or Perfess from whom such Sugar is to be received, and the Day on which it is intended to be taken in; and if any Distiller or Maker of Spirits shall have Occasion to sell or send out any Sugar, every such Distiller or Maker of Spirits shall, in like manner, give to the proper Officer of Excise Twenty four Hours Notice in Writing of his Intention so to send out such Sugar, and shall specify in every such Notice the true Quantity of Sugar intended to be sent out, and the time when such Sugar is intended to be sent out or delivered, and the Name of the Perfes to whom and to what Place to which such Sugar is intended to be sent; and if any Distiller or Maker of Spirits shall neglect or refuse to give such Notice as aforesaid, or shall receive into or send or deliver out of his Custody or Possession any Sugar without having given such previous Notice in Writing as aforesaid, every such Distiller or Maker of Spirits shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That during the Prohibition of the Use of Corn and Grain in the Distillation of Spirits as aforesaid, no Perfes shall be permitted to make use of any Still or Still House, or other Place or Places, or Utensils as England, for extracting or distilling Spirits from Sugar which, within Two Years immediately preceding the Commencement of this Act, shall have been used or employed in rectifying or compounding of Spirits, save and except the Still, Still House, Utensils and Places used by Sir William Balfour and George Balfour at Alncliffe, in the County of Kent; and also here and except the Still, Still House, Utensils and Places, also at the Inshope and under the Employment of the Commissioners of Excise in England, for the Purpose of rectifying or compounding Spirits raised by the Officers of the Customs and Excise, nor shall any Person be permitted to make or distil any Spirits whatsoever for the Consumption of England during the said Prohibition, in any Still of less Capacity or Content than Three thousand Gallons, unless in the case of any Distiller or Distillers who, within One Year immediately preceding the passing of this Act, shall have so his covered Distillery used or employed a Still daily content of less Content for the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain; and if any Perfes or Perfess whatsoever shall make Entry or Use of any Still House or Premises except as here-before excepted, every such Entry shall be null and void in all Intents and Purposes; and all and every Person or Persons who shall make use of any such Still House or Premises for the distilling or making of Spirits, shall be liable and liable to all the Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures and Persecutions, to which the Proprietor of any private or concealed Still, House or other Still discovered or found by any Officer or Officers of Excise for the making, preparing or keeping of Wort, Low Wines or Spirits, or other Materials preparing for Distillation, or to may be subject or liable under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at and immediately before the passing of this Act.

XXIX. And

from Sugar, and after Prohibition shall only Licences granted for distilling Spirits from Corn, &c.

Using any other Thing than Sugar, except Yeast, or preparing Wort for Distillation, during Prohibition

Penalty.

Distillation being in Custody Maltsters or Corn brewed Quantity herein mentioned.

Penalty.

Not to take less than a Hoghead of Sugar

Penalty.

Notice to Officer before Sugar is taken or sent out by the Distiller.

Penalty.

No Still used in England (except private used by Sir W. Balfour, &c.) which within Two Years shall have been used in rectifying Spirits, save that the Use used for Distillation of Spirits for the Consumption in England, of less Content than 3,000 Gallons, &c.

Penalty.

Account
taken of Spirits
made in Scot-
land for Export-
ation to England,
&c.

XXIX. And he it further enacted, That as soon after the passing of this Act as any Distiller or Maker of Spirits in Scotland, for Exportation to England, shall have ceased working or making Spirits from Corn or Grain, it shall be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, and they are hereby authorized, empowered and required to cause an oath and true Account to be taken by Quorum and Strength, of all the Spirits made in Scotland for Exportation to England, and which shall be at such time remaining in Scotland, and shall cause such Account to be transmitted to the Commissioners of Excise in England; and all such Spirits as may be legally imported from Scotland into England shall be accompanied with a regular Permit or regular Permit, specifying whether such Spirits were made or distilled from Corn or from Sugar; and such Spirits as shall have been distilled or made from Corn shall, upon importation into England, be charged and chargeable with all the Duties to which such Spirits are or were subject and liable at and immediately before the passing of this Act; any thing herein to the contrary in any writ notwithstanding.

Licenses to
retail Spirits dis-
tilled from Bar-
ley Malt, &c. to be
taken in the
City of any
other Spirit.

XXX. And he it further enacted, That all Licenses duly granted in Scotland to retail Spirits made or distilled from Malt, Corn, Grain or other British Materials, shall be sufficient to authorize and empower all Persons having any such License to retail Spirits distilled or made in Great Britain from any Materials whatsoever, without Payment of any other or further Duty than is by Law payable for Licenses to retail Spirits made or distilled from Corn or Grain; any thing in any Act of Parliament to the contrary in any writ notwithstanding.

Duties levied
on French
Wines.

XXXI. And he it further enacted, That the several and respective Duties by this Act imposed shall (except as herein otherwise specially directed or provided) be asked, levied, collected, recovered, secured and paid, by such Persons, at such times and in such manner, and by such ways and means, and under such Management, and under and subject to all and every the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Conditions, Penalties and Forfeitures, and with full Powers of adjudging and seizing Penalties and Forfeitures, and with and subject to such and the like Powers, Rules and Directions, and by such Methods, and in such Manner and Form (except as before excepted), as the several and respective Duties on Wines or Worts for Distillation, and on Licenses upon Stills, and also on Spirits, are or were provided, prescribed or directed, by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before and at the time of passing this Act, in relation to the Duties on Worts or Wines, or Spirits, or Licenses upon Stills, or for the Security or due Collection of the said last mentioned Duties, or for preventing Frauds or Evasions thereof, or for the Regulation of the Distilleries; and all the Powers, Authorities, Directions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Conditions, Penalties and Forfeitures, mentioned and contained in the said Acts (except as before excepted), shall be prescribed and put in Execution, for enforcing, raising, receiving, levying, recovering, securing or paying the several and respective Duties by this Act imposed, in manner in the said Acts directed, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were particularly repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

Former Acts in
force.

XXXII. And he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to repeal or alter any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, relating to the distilling or making Spirits in England or Scotland, or any of the Customs or Provisions therein, (save and except the Duties and Drawbacks by this Act expressly suspended, and save and except so far as any such Act or Acts, or the Customs, Provisions, Powers or Authorities therein contained are granted, are expressly repealed, suspended, revoked, altered, contracted or controlled by this present Act, or repugnant to any of the Provisions herein assented) but that all and singular the said former Acts, and the several Provisions, Rules, Regulations, Powers and Authorities therein contained or granted, and the Powers, Penalties and Forfeitures incurred or thereby imposed or provided for any Breach or Non-obedience of the same (except as aforesaid), shall remain and continue in as full Force and Effect as if this Act had not been made; any thing herein to the contrary in any writ notwithstanding.

Excise.

XXXIII. And he it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act shall be and be recovered, levied or satisfied by such ways, means or methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be sued for, recovered, levied or satisfied by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Office of Debt, Bill, Pleas or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that one Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

Penalty here
recovered.

XXXIV. And whereas it is by this Act intended that the Duties of Customs on Sugar imported, so far as any such Sugar shall be used or employed in the Distillation of Spirits in Great Britain, shall be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, or Part of the Duties arising from the Distillation of Spirits; Be it therefore enacted, That as soon as convenient after the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, the Tenth Day of October, and the Fifth Day of January, in each Year, or such Year as is convenient after the Expiration or other Termination of this Act, the Commissioners of Excise, or the major Part of them in England, shall certify to the Commissioners of the Customs in England, the Number of Gallons of Worts or Wines made or prepared from Sugar for Distillation into Spirits in England, and the Quantity of Sugar used and employed in making or preparing such Worts or Wines, reckoning or computing One Hundred Weight of Sugar for every Fifty seven Gallons of Worts or Wines so made or prepared as aforesaid; and the said Commissioners of Customs in England shall, and they are hereby authorized and required, on the Receipt of such Certificate, to pay or cause to be paid out of the Money arising by the Duties on Sugar in the Person appointed by the Commissioners of Excise in England to receive the Duties of Excise at the Chief Office of Excise in London, a Sum of Money equal to the full Duties of Customs, on the Sugar so computed to have been used or employed in the making or preparing such Quantity of Worts or Wines for Distillation as aforesaid; and the Receipt of the Person so appointed by the Commissioners of Excise in England, to receive the

Duties to be
paid into the
Exchequer.

Duties

Duties of Excise at the Chief Office of Excise in London, shall be a sufficient Discharge to the Commissioners of the Customs, or the Persons ordered by them to pay over the said Money; and as soon as convenient after the before mentioned Quarter Days respectively, and also after the Expiration or other Termination of this Act, the Commissioners of Excise or the major Part of them in Scotland, shall certify to the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland, the Number of Gallons of Spirits made or distilled in Scotland, and the Quantity of Sugar used in distilling or making such Spirits, including or composing One hundred Weight of Sugar for every Twelve Gallons of Spirits so charged with Duty as aforesaid; and the Commissioners of Customs in Scotland shall, and they are hereby authorized and required, on the Receipt of such Certificate, to pay, or cause to be paid, out of any Money arising by the Duties on Sugar, to the Receiver General of Excise in Scotland, a Sum of Money equal to the full Duties of Customs, on the Sugar so computed to have been used or employed in the distilling or making such Quantity of Spirits as aforesaid, and the Receipt of the said Receiver General of Excise in Scotland shall be a sufficient Discharge to the said Commissioners of Customs in Scotland, or to the Persons ordered by them to pay over the said Money.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That all the Money arising from the Duties by this Act imposed, including the Duties or Sums of Money directed to be paid over by the Commissioners of Customs, shall from time to time (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted), be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and Three fourth Parts of the said Money shall be carried to and be made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, and the other One fourth Part of the said Money shall be kept separate and apart from the other Branches of the Public Revenue; and there shall be provided and kept in the Office of the said Receipt of Exchequer, a Bank or Banks, in which all Money arising by the last mentioned One fourth Part of the Money aforesaid, shall be retained separate and apart from all other Monies paid or payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon any Account whatever; and the said last mentioned One fourth Part of the said Monies to be paid into the said Receipt shall from time to time, as the same shall be paid into the said Receipt, be issued, and applied to such Services as shall then have been voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in this present Session of Parliament, for the Service of any subsequent Year; and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are and for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, are and is hereby authorized and empowered to issue and apply the same accordingly.

Duties paid into Exchequer.

XXXVI. And whereas by the passing of this Act and the Commencement thereof, another Act, made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for granting certain Duties on Wines or Brandy made from Sugar during the Prohibition of Distillation of Spirits from Cereals or Grain or Great Britain, and become operative, if not repealed, and it is expedient to repeal the same; Be it therefore enacted, That the said last mentioned Act shall be and the same is hereby repealed.*

48 G. 3. c. 126

repealed.

XXXVII. And whereas it is also expedient to repeal another Act made in the Fifteenth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for regulating the Continuance of Licences for distilling Spirits from Sugar in the Lowlands of Scotland; Be it therefore enacted, That the said last mentioned Act shall be and the same is hereby repealed.*

30 G. 3. c. 78

repealed.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any licensed Distiller or Distillers in the Lowlands of Scotland, to deliver up to the Commissioners of Excise, or to the proper Supervisor or Surveyor of the District, less or three Licences, to be vouched or shewed on the Terms and Conditions, and at the time and in such manner as immediately before the passing of an Act of the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for prohibiting the Distillation of Spirits from Cereals or Grain for a limited Time, were, by any Act or Acts of Parliament then in force directed for voting or shewing Licences, granted for the making or distilling of Spirits from Cereals or Grain for Home Consumption in the said Lowlands; any thing herein or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament contained to the contrary notwithstanding.*

Distillers in Lowlands of Scotland may deliver up Licences to be vouched.

48 G. 3. c. 126.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect, as to all such Matters and Things therein contained, in respect whereof no special Commencement is hereby directed or provided, from and immediately after the Eighth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and shall remain and continue in force during the Term that the Distillation of Spirits from Cereals or Grain shall be and remain in force.

Commencement of Act.

XL. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be revised, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

Act revised or repealed this Session.

C A P. IV.

An Act for raising the Sum of Ten millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

[7th February 1812.]

= TREASURY may raise £10,000,000 by Exchequer Bills, in manner prescribed by 48 G. 3. c. 5 § 1, 2.
 = Treasury to apply the Money raised. § 3. Principal of said Bills charged on full Supplies of next Session.
 = § 4. Interest thereof of 4½ per Cent per Annum. § 5. Said Bills to be current at the Exchequer, &c. after April 5, 1812. § 6. Bank of England empowered to advance £5,000,000 on the Credit of this Act, notwithstanding § 6 W. & M. c. 10. — § 7. Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 8.

C A P. V.

An Act for raising the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

[7th February 1812.]

THE TREASURY empowered to raise £1,500,000 by Exchequer Bills, in manner provided by 48 G. 3. c. 1 s. 2. Treasury to apply the Money raised. *Principals of said Bills charged on Fish Supplies of next Session. 14. An Island thereof of 316, per Caput per Annum. 55. Said Bills to be current at the Exchequer, &c. after April 5. 1812. § 6. Bank of England empowered to advance £1,500,000 on the Credit of this Act, notwithstanding § and 6 W. 3. M. c. 20. — § 7. All may be altered or repealed this Session. § 8.*

C A P. VI.

An Act for making Provision for the better Support of His Majesty's Household, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition.

[14th February 1812.]

May it please Your Most Excellent Majesty:

WHEREAS the Continuance of the former Indisposition with which it has pleased God to afflict the King's Most Excellent Majesty, renders it necessary to make several Provisions for the better Arrangement of His Majesty's Household, and for the Exercise, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, of the Royal Authority among such Illness: We Your Majesty's most devoted and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, do pray Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there be granted to His Majesty, during the Continuance of His Indisposition, over and above the several Sums of Eight hundred thousand Pounds, One hundred thousand Pounds, and Sixty thousand Pounds respectively, raised by Three several Acts, passed in the First, Seventh and Forty fourth Years respectively of His present Majesty, the further Revenue of Yearly Rent of Seventy thousand Pounds, to commence from the Eleventh Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and that the same shall be charged and chargeable upon and payable out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, in the manner and according to the true Rights, and under the same Powers, Authorities and Provisions, as the said several Sums aforesaid are now paid, as if all the Powers, Authorities and Clauses relating thereto, were contained in this Act.

II. And whereas His Royal Highness the Prince Regent has been graciously pleased to declare His Intention of commencing the Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, issued annually from the Exchequer to His Royal Highness by virtue of His Majesty's Royal Warrant under His Privy Seal, bearing Date the Seventh Day of November One thousand seven hundred and eighty three, in Aid of the Revenues of the Civil List: Be it therefore enacted, That during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition, the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds directed by His Majesty's said Warrant of the Seventh Day of November One thousand seven hundred and eighty three, to be issued annually from the Exchequer to His said Royal Highness, shall, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition, be placed and carried to the Exchequer to the Account of the Civil List, and make Part of the Civil List Revenues, instead of being issued and paid as directed by the said Warrant.

III. And whereas an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the better Support of His Majesty's Household, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Queens of the United Kingdom; and for preventing Accumulation of Arrears in the Payments out of the Civil List Revenues:* And whereas it is the Will of His Majesty, that the Civil List Revenue has not, in any one Year, been equal to the Charges on the Civil List, and such Excess of Charge above the Revenue has, upon an Average of the Years since the passing of the said Act, amounted to about One hundred and twenty four thousand Pounds, but as such Deficiencies have been supplied from time to time by the Application of such Proportions of the Sums arising from Droits of Admiralty, and the Scraps of the Hereditary Revenues of His Majesty in Scotland not applied in Payment of the Civil Establishment in Scotland, and which are declared to belong to and be at His Majesty's Disposal by an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to repeal the Duties and Drawbacks of Customs and Excise payable in the Importation and Exportation of Wine (except Wine the Produce of the European Dominions of the French King, Rhine, Germany and Hungary Wine, Port and Madeira Wine, and Wine of the Produce of Spain, or of any of the Dominions of the King of Spain); and for granting other Duties and Drawbacks in lieu thereof to repeal the Duty of Excise upon Foreign Green Glass Bottles imported, and for charging an additional Duty of Customs in lieu thereof for preventing the Duty on Carriages of all Manufactures of the European Dominions of the French King imported directly from thence; for abolishing a Trade with respect to the Duties on White Russian Cloths exported; and for referring to His Majesty the Hereditary and other Revenues of the Crown in Scotland, as were necessary for that Purpose; and so as to amend therefore his orders to be laid before Parliament under the Provisions of the said Act: And whereas it is expedient to amend and to amend that an Account should be laid before Parliament, from time to time, of any Excess of Charges upon the Civil List, beyond such Average Amount: Be it therefore enacted, That whenever the Amount of the Deficiency of the Civil List Revenues shall exceed such Average as aforesaid, by the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds, the Lord High Treasurer, or Lords Commissioners for executing the*

Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being, shall make an Account of such Deficiency of the said Loan Revenue to be laid before Parliament, within One Month after the same shall have ended, or Parliament shall be then sitting; or if Parliament shall not be then sitting, within One Month after the next Sitting of Parliament.

C A P. VII.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a certain Sum for defraying the Expenses incident to the Assumption of the Personal Exercise of the Royal Authority, by His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty.

[11th February 1812.]

* Most Gracious Sovereign,

WHEREAS it is expedient that Provision should be made for defraying the Expenses incident to the Assumption of the Personal Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty; Therefore We, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and he it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there shall be issued, applied and paid, out of all or any of the Aids or Supplies granted or which may be granted in this Session of Parliament, to His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, the Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds free and clear from all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever; and that the Account or Receipt of His said Royal Highness shall be a good and sufficient Discharge for the Payment thereof, and a sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer, for the Payment of the said Money.

120,000*l.*
to be issued
from the
Prince Regent

C A P. VIII.

An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's Household, and enabling Her Majesty the Queen to meet the increased Expense to which Her Majesty may be exposed during His Majesty's Indisposition; and for the Care of His Majesty's Real and Personal Property; and to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, to provide for the Administration of the Royal Authority during His Majesty's Absence.

[11th February 1812.]

WHEREAS the Continuance of the severe Indisposition with which it has pleased God to afflict the King's Most Excellent Majesty, renders it necessary to make further Regulations for the Assurance of His Majesty's Household, and for the Exercise of the Royal Authority during such Absence; and for enabling Her Most Excellent Majesty the Queen, to meet the increased Expense to which, in consequence of such Indisposition, Her Majesty may be exposed; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Eighteenth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition, the Vert Gentleman of His Majesty's Bed Chamber (commonly called the Groom of the Stole); the Vice Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household, the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse, Two of the Gentlemen, and Four of the Grooms of His Majesty's Bed Chamber, the Master of His Majesty's Robes, His Majesty's Equeries and Page, together with a Private Secretary of Her Majesty, and Secretary to the Groom of the Stole, and such Number of Attendants and Servants as may be requisite and desirable for the due Attendance on His Majesty's Sacred Person, shall be appointed, by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, or selected and chosen from the respective Departments of His Majesty's private Household, and shall be under the sole Direction and Control of Her Majesty, for the Care and Attendance upon His Majesty's Sacred Person, and the regulating, ordering and managing all Things relating thereto; and Her said Majesty shall have the full and sole Power and Authority to order and direct all Matters and Things relating to the Management of such Part of His Majesty's Household, as shall be in Attendance upon His Majesty's Person as above directed, and the respective Duties and Attendances of all such Officers of the Household and Attendants and Servants aforesaid, and shall also have full Power and Authority, by any Instrument or Instruments in Writing signed and sealed by Her Majesty, or under, and in and against, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, all the Persons who shall be in Attendance upon His Majesty's Person, and in like manner to supply all Vacancies arising by Removal, Resignation or Death of any such Officers of the Household, or Attendants and Servants or Persons aforesaid, except such as have heretofore been actually nominated and appointed by the Lord Chamberlain or Lord Steward of His Majesty's Household, or the Master of His Majesty's Horse, or the Master of His Majesty's Robes respectively; and the said Vert Gentleman of His Majesty's Bed Chamber, commonly called the Groom of the Stole, is appointed to attend upon His Majesty's Person, and to command and appoint to all such Vacancies as shall arise by Removal, Resignation or Death of any such Officers, Attendants or Servants aforesaid, as have heretofore been nominated or appointed by the Lord Chamberlain or Lord Steward respectively of His Majesty's Household, or by the Master of the Horse to His Majesty; and such Groom of the Stole shall have all such Jurisdiction, Power and Authority, over such Officers, Attendants and Servants, as have heretofore been and are now usually exercised by the Lord Chamberlain and Lord Steward of His Majesty's Household respectively, and by the Master of the Horse to His Majesty.

Part of this Act is altered by His Majesty, and is under Direction of and appointed as altered by Her Majesty. Powers of Groom of the Stole.

See Chapter-
lain's writ, by
virtue of His
Majesty's Act for
the Extension of the
Sole in his
Majesty.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition, in order and direct the Vice Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household to act in the Absence of the Governour of the State ascribed for each Groom of the State, or during any Vacancy of the Office of such Groom of the State, as if he was lawfully deputed for that Purpose, and to perform all the Duties of the said Officer during such Absence or Vacancy; and all such Acts, Matters and Things done, or Orders given by such Vice Chamberlain during such Absence of such Groom of the State, or the Vacancy of such Office, shall be as valid, and have the same Effect, as if done or given by the said Groom of the State; Provided always, That such Vice Chamberlain shall not remove or appoint any Officers, Attendants or Prefects, of such Part of His Majesty's Household as shall be under the Jurisdiction of the Governour of the State, during any Absence of the Governour of the State, unless he have special Authority for that Purpose from the Governour of the State, or the said Office shall be vacant.

Remainder of
Household to
attend upon the
Regent; and if
Regent appoint
other Persons in
Lieu of those in
Attendance upon
His Majesty,
they may so have
His Orders.

III. And be it further enacted, That all the other Officers, Attendants and Servants, belonging to or making Part of, or attached to His Majesty's Household, and not placed by this Act under the Direction and Control of Her Majesty, shall, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Illness, be under and subject to the Removal, Appointment, Control and Direction of, and be in Attendance upon His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, according to their respective Duties, in like manner as they have heretofore been accustomed to attend upon His Majesty; and if His Royal Highness the Prince Regent shall think fit to appoint, and shall appoint, or shall order or direct the Lord Chamberlain, Lord Steward, or Master of the Horse, to appoint any Groom of the State, or other Officers, Attendants or Servants, to be in Attendance upon His Royal Highness as Regent in the personal Exercise of the Royal Authority, in Lieu of any like Officers, Attendants or Servants, who may have been appointed or selected under the Provisions of this Act, to be in personal Attendance upon His Majesty, all such Officers, Attendants and Servants, so appointed by His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, shall, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Illness, be entitled to the same Salaries, Wages, Profits and all other Emoluments, as the like Officers and Attendants in His Majesty's Household are by Law, Usage or Custom entitled to, and shall be paid in the same Manner under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Twenty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for enabling His Majesty to discharge the Debt contracted upon his Civil List Revenues, and for preventing the same from being in Arrears for the future, by requiring the State of Payments out of the said Revenues, and by suppressing or regulating certain Office therein mentioned, which are now paid out of the Revenues of the Civil List.*

The Regent to
have all Royal
Privileges.

22 G. 3. c. 24.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in each of an Act of the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to provide for the Administration of the Royal Authority, and for the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person during the Continuance of His Majesty's Illness, and for the Suspension of the Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty, in any manner whatever* His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, being given the Royal Assent to say *BE* or *HAVE* in Parliament, shall be, and the same is hereby appointed, and from and after the passing of this Act, and during the whole of the Period in which His Royal Highness the Prince Regent shall remain in the personal Exercise of the Royal Authority, His Royal Highness the Prince Regent shall be entitled to use and enjoy, and shall have all such and the like Privileges, Immunities and Exceptions as have been used and enjoyed by His Majesty, and shall in all Suits and Actions sue and be sued in such and the same manner as His Majesty can or does sue and be sued.

Royal Assent to
this Act re-
corded.

22 G. 3. c. 1.

415.

app'd.

V. And be it further enacted, That, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition, the Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds shall be annually paid out of the Civil List Revenues in Four quarterly Payments, the First Payment to be made on the Fifth Day of April next, for the proportionate Part of the Quarter between the said Eighteenth Day of February and the said Fifth Day of April; and such Payments shall be made to the First Gentleman of His Majesty's Bed Chamber or Groom of the State appointed under the Provisions of this Act to attend His Majesty's Sacred Person, for the defraying the Charges and Expenses of His Majesty, and such Part of His Household as shall be in Attendance upon His Majesty's Sacred Person, and shall be made in Preference to all other Payments whatsoever, any thing in an Act passed in the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding; and such Payments shall be made out of any Sums of Money from time to time in the Exchequer, applicable to the Purposes of His Majesty's Civil Establishment, and also out of and from all Taxes, Rates, Assessments, or other Charges, Fines or Duties whatsoever, and the Acquaintance or Receipts of the said Groom of the State shall be a good and sufficient Discharge for the Payment thereof, and a sufficient Authority to the several and respective Offices of the Receipt of the Exchequer for the Payment thereof.

Sum paid an-
nually out of
Civil List Re-
venues before all
other Payments,
for Expenses of
His Majesty's
Person and Hou-
sehold.

22 G. 3. c. 24.

VI. And be it further enacted, That an Account of the Application of the said Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds, so directed to be used as and appropriated by the Groom of the State is Attendance upon His Majesty's Person, shall from time to time, when the same shall be required, and if not required otherwise, on each Year at the last, each Year, commencing on the Fifth Day of April in each Year, be laid before the Lord High Treasurer or Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, who, or any Three or more of them, shall direct the Application of any Surplus, if any shall remain, so as that the Surplus shall go and be applied to the Civil List Revenues, for the Purposes of His Majesty's Civil Establishment.

Account of Ap-
plication of such
Sum laid before
Treasury, who
may direct Ap-
plication of
Surplus.

Sum paid to His
Majesty out of
Civil List Re-
venues His Majesty's
House, or man-

VII. And whereas it is proper that Provision should be made to enable Her Majesty to meet the increased Expence to which, in consequence of His Majesty's Indisposition, Her Majesty may be exposed; Be it therefore enacted, That there shall be paid to Her Majesty, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition, out of the Revenues, or Sums of Money from time to time in the Exchequer applicable to the

Purposes

Purposes of His Majesty's Civil Establishment, an annual Sum or yearly Rent of Ten thousand Pounds, to commence from the Eighteenth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and to be paid in quarterly Payments, the first Payment to be made on the Fifth Day of April next, for the proportionate Part of the Quarter between the said Eighteenth Day of February and the said Fifth Day of April, and that the same shall be charged and chargeable upon, and payable and paid out of any Sums of Money in the Exchequer applicable to the Purposes of His Majesty's Civil Establishment, next after the said Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds, and in preference to all other Payments, and free and clear of and from all Taxes, Rates, Assessments or any Charge, Fines, or other Deductions whatsoever, in like manner as any Sums now payable out of the Civil List Revenues to His Majesty are paid; and the like Acquittances or Receipts as are now given for the Payment of any Money payable to His Majesty out of the Civil List Revenues, shall be a good and sufficient Discharge for the Payment thereof, and a sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer for the Payment of the said Money.

VIII. And whereas by the said recited Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse was directed, out of the Salary thereof Pounds three hundred and sixty one Pounds yearly, and Four thousand two hundred and sixteen Pounds quarterly, in manner directed by the said Act: And whereas the said respective Sums have been found to be inadequate to the Purposes for which they were respectively directed to be applied, by the Sum of Three thousand and eight hundred and thirty three Shillings and Five Pence for Annual Purposes and Allowances heretofore accustomed to be paid and applied under the immediate Direction and Authority of His Majesty, and the further Sum of Five thousand five hundred and eight Pounds Fourteen Shillings and Eleven Pence for occasional Payments for the last Year, making together the Sum of Eight thousand five hundred and twenty six Pounds Eighteen Shillings and Four Pence: And whereas it is necessary that Provision should be made for the Payment of such Expenses and Charges as have been heretofore incurred, and may hereafter be incurred, for Medical Advice, Attendance and Assistance, necessary for His Majesty during his Incapacitation, and the Expences incident thereto: And whereas it is reasonable that such Expenses should be paid out of the Surplus of the Duchy of Lancaster, and Payment of such Sum as aforesaid, and out of the Net Surplus of the Revenue of the Duchy of Lancaster, and it is therefore necessary that further Provision should be made in that behalf: Be it therefore enacted, That the Sum of Sixty thousand Pounds, issued annually to the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse, shall be issued in the same manner as heretofore, and the said Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse shall, and he is hereby authorized and directed, out of any Money in his Hands as Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse, or standing in his Name in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, under the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, to issue and pay to each Person as shall be appointed by Her Majesty to receive the same, the said Sum of Eight thousand five hundred and twenty six Pounds Eighteen Shillings and Four Pence, in Addition to the Annual and Quarterly Sums issued under the said Act as aforesaid, to make up the Intersupply of the said Sums, and be applied, paid and accounted for, in like manner as required by the said Act as to each Quarterly Sum; and the said Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse shall, and he is hereby authorized and directed, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Incapacitation, out of the Moneys issued to him, to make such Payments, and to continue to issue and apply a Sum not exceeding in the Whole in the Year the said Sum of Fifty thousand four hundred and sixty one Pounds, as directed by the said Act; and also any Sums not exceeding Four thousand six hundred and seventy Pounds in each Quarter, in less and instead of the Sum of Four thousand two hundred and sixteen Pounds in the said Act specified, in manner and for the Purposes by the said Act directed, as to the said annual Sum of Fifty thousand four hundred and sixty one Pounds, and quarterly Sum of Four thousand two hundred and sixteen Pounds respectively; and also applying such Sums in each Year or Quarter as aforesaid, the Remainder of the Sum of Sixty thousand Pounds issued to the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse, together with such Sum as shall be required, not exceeding Ten thousand Pounds in each Year, from the net Surplus of the Revenues of the Duchy and County Palatine of Lancaster, shall from time to time be applied in the Payment of all such Charges and Expenses as shall arise from the Medical Advice, Attendance and Assistance, which may be required for His Majesty during the Continuance of his Incapacitation, and any incidental Expenses relating thereto; and the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse shall, after Payment of such Sum of Eight thousand five hundred and twenty six Pounds Eighteen Shillings and Four Pence aforesaid to make up the intersupply of such annual and quarterly Sums as aforesaid, apply the Remainder of all Moneys which shall be in his Hands as Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse, and the Remainder of all Moneys which shall be standing in his Name in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, deposited to the Directions of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, and also of the Product of such Public Funds or Government Securities as shall here be purchased with the Remainder of the said Sum of Sixty thousand Pounds, and out Surplus of the Revenues of the Duchy and County Palatine of Lancaster, under the Provisions of the said Act, in the Payment of such Expenses and Charges as shall hereafter accrue in respect of such Medical Advice and Assistance, and incidental Expenses as aforesaid; and after applying such Sums, and making such Payments as aforesaid, the Surplus (if any) in each Year shall be paid to the Comptrollers appointed under this Act for the Care of His Majesty's Real and Personal Estate, to be by them applied as the other Produce of His Majesty's Personal Estate is directed to be applied: Provided always, that if in any succeeding Year the Surplus of such Privy Purse, and of the Revenues of the Duchy of Lancaster, shall not be sufficient to pay such Expenses as aforesaid, the Keeper of the Privy Purse shall be entitled to demand, and is hereby authorized and required to demand, and the said Comptrollers are hereby directed to repay, any Sums, or any Part or Proportion of any Sums which shall here be paid over in any one Year out of any Personal Estate of His Majesty under their Care and Direction,

enacted
Expenses

§ 103 & 104.
180-

Further Sums
issued from
Privy Purse for
Payments hereto-
fore usually
made by His
Majesty, and
Application of
Surplus out of
Net Surplus of
Revenue of
Duchy of
Lancaster.

Printed.

as may be sufficient to pay such Expenses; and the Sums so paid shall be applied in the Repayment of such Expenses as aforesaid.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Authorities for the Payment of the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse of such Sums of Eight thousand five hundred and twenty six Pounds Eighteen Shillings and Four Pence as aforesaid, and of such Quarterly Sums aforesaid, shall be given to the Person appointed by Her Majesty to receive and apply the same, under the Hand of Her Majesty; and the Authority for the Payment of such Expenses and Charges as here already accrued in respect of such Medical Advice, Assistance and medicinal Expenses as aforesaid, shall be the Warrant of His Most Excellent Majesty the Queen, and His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, counter-signed by any Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being; and of such Expenses as may hereafter arise in respect of such Medical Advice and Assistance and medicinal Expenses as aforesaid, shall be the Warrant of His Most Excellent Majesty the Queen, counter-signed by the Two Gentlemen of His Majesty's Bed Chamber, commonly called the Green of the Side; and the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse shall, within Three Months after the passing of this Act, produce to the said Commissioners an Account of the Purves to whom, and the several Proportions to which, and the times when, and the manner in which the said Annual Sum of Fifteen thousand five hundred and sixty one Pounds shall have been heretofore actually paid, and shall also produce to the said Commissioners the Warrant so counter-signed as aforesaid, for Payment of such Charges and Expenses as have already accrued for Medical Advice, Assistance and Attendance upon His Majesty, together with the Receipts or Discharges of the Persons to whom Payments shall have been made under such Warrant; and shall also annually, between the Fifth Day of January and the Fifth Day of April in each Year, produce to the said Commissioners the Receipts or other Discharges of the Persons contained in such Account as aforesaid, to whom he shall continue to make his said Annual Payments as aforesaid; and shall produce the Authorities under the Hand of Her Majesty, for the Issue of such Quarterly Sums as aforesaid, together with the Receipts of the Persons to whom the Money was issued under such Authorities; and the Warrants so counter-signed as aforesaid, for the Payment of the Expenses and Charges herebefore made in relation to Medical Advice and Assistance required by His Majesty as aforesaid, and the Receipts or other Discharges of the several Persons to whom Payments are made under such Warrants, and such Receipts, Discharges, Authorities and Warrants as aforesaid, shall respectively be a full and complete Discharge to the said Keeper of the Privy Purse for all such Sums so issued by him out of Moneys in his Hands as Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse; and the Person appointed by Her Majesty to receive and apply such Sums of Eight thousand five hundred and twenty six Pounds Eighteen Shillings and Four pence as aforesaid under this Act, and such Quarterly Sums as aforesaid, shall, within One Month after the Issue of such Sums of Eight thousand five hundred and twenty six Pounds Eighteen Shillings and Four pence, as to such Sums, and within One Month after the Issue of any Issue of any future Quarterly Sums under this Act, deliver to the said Commissioners a full and true Account of the Application of all such Sums respectively, and produce proper Acquittances, Discharges and Vouchers for such Payments; and the said Commissioners are hereby authorized and required to examine and audit the same, and for that Purpose to call for all Vouchers and other Documents, and to examine all Persons whom they shall deem it necessary to examine, for the Purpose of ascertaining the Accuracy of such Accounts upon Oath (which Oath is a Part of them in hereby authorized to administer), or otherwise to ascertain the due Application of such Money, in such manner as they shall deem necessary.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, from time to time, to order and direct, and give Authority under Her Majesty's Hand as aforesaid, for the Payment of any new Pensions or Allowances, to be payable out of the Money issued to the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse, to any old Servants of His Majesty, or the Widows or Children, or other Relations of any old Servants, who may be deemed by His Majesty fit Objects of His Majesty's charitable Bounty, in so that such Pensions and Allowances fall not, in Addition to the Sums which shall continue to be applied under the Authority of His Majesty in each Quarter, under the Provisions of the said recited Act, of the last Session of Parliament, and this Act, exceed in the whole the said Quarterly Sum of Four thousand five hundred and seven Pounds aforesaid, and in also as that the new Pensions and Allowances, granted or ordered in any One Year, shall not exceed the Sums of One thousand Pounds; and that no new Pension or Allowance shall rise of the Annual Sum of Three hundred Pounds; and such new Pensions and Allowances shall be paid under the same Authority, and at the same time, and together with the Sums issued Quarterly, to the Person appointed by Her Majesty under this Act, and the due Application of the Money issued for the Payment thereof, accounted for in like manner to the said Commissioners as directed by this Act, as to such Quarterly Sums as aforesaid.

XII. And whereas Provision was made in the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, for the Case of His Majesty's Real and Personal Estate and Property, under an Act passed in the Thirtieth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty: And whereas the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition makes it necessary that further Provision should be made in that behalf; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, and His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, by any Instrument in Writing under their Hands and Seals, to appoint Three Persons to be Commissioners, one of whom shall be a Master of His Majesty's High Court of Chancery, who shall sit without any Salary, Fee or Reward, for the Protection, Care and Management of His Majesty's Property during His Indisposition, and such Persons to remove, and from time to time in like manner to appoint others as they shall see Vacancies by Death, Removal or Resignation, of any of the said Commissioners.

XII. And

A. Charles for
Payment of
Privy Purse
for Medical Advice
Act.

Act.

New Pensions
granted out of
Privy Purse
authorized by
His Majesty.

Act of 1811
c. 19.

His Majesty's
Request to
appoint Com-
missioners for
Care of
His Majesty's
Real and
Personal Estate,
under an Act
of 1811.

XII. And he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to call before them and examine upon Oath (which Oath any One of such Commissioners is hereby authorized to administer) all Trustees, Solicitors, Attorneys, Managers, Agents, Receivers, or other Persons whatsoever, who live, had, or have, or may hereafter have in any manner the Custody, Care or Management of, or Order, Direction or Control over, or who may be Trustees of and for, or who have been or are in any manner concerned in any Matter or Things relating to any Real or Personal Estate or Property belonging to His Majesty, or the Receipt of any Rents, Issues or Profits, or Dividends, Interest, or Sums of Money arising or accruing therefrom respectively, and to demand Accounts in Writing of all such Real or Personal Estates, Rents, Issues, Profits, Dividends, Interest or Sums of Money, and of all such Particulars relating to any such Property or Produce thereof as may be necessary to enable the said Commissioners to ascertain the Assize and State, and to direct the future Custody, Care, Direction, Management and Application thereof; and the said Commissioners shall keep accurate Accounts of all their Proceedings, and from time to time lay the same, or any such Abstracts thereof as shall be required, before Her Majesty and the Privy Council, or either of them, requiring the same; and it shall be lawful for such Commissioners, to do or require to be done, all such Acts, Matters and Things, as may in their Judgment be necessary or expedient for the regulating the future Custody, Care, Direction and Management, and for the Improvement of any such Real or Personal Estate, and for that Purpose to appoint any Trustee or Trustees of any Real or Personal Estate in lieu of any Trustee or Trustees who shall have died or declined to act, or shall die or decline to act, and his or any Steward or Stewards, or Bailiff or Bailiffs, or other Officer or Officers of Ryots or Manors (such Appointment to be in all cases submitted to and subject to the Approval of Her Most Excellent Majesty and His Royal Highness the Prince Regent); and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to apply any Rents, Issues, Profits, Produce or Dividends, Interest, or other Sums of Money, making any Part of His Majesty's Personal Estate, under the said recited Act of the Twenty sixth and Fourteenth Years aforesaid, to the Improvement of any Real Estate of His Majesty, or in the Payment of any Charge, Debt, Mortgage or other Incumbrances whatsoever, either in the Whole or in Part, or any Interest thereof now due, or which may hereafter due thereon, and all other just and legal Claims whatsoever, affecting any Real or Personal Estate or Property of His Majesty, or to apply any such Estate or Property, or Produce thereof, in any other manner which may appear to them to be most beneficial for the said Real and Personal Estate.

Commissioners
may examine
upon Oath.

XIII. And he it further enacted, That every Commissioner so appointed shall, before he enters upon the Execution of the Duties of his Commission, take an Oath before the Barons of the Court of Chancery, or one of them, in the Form following:

Commissioner
may be sworn.

‘ I, A. B. do swear, That I will faithfully execute the Trust reposed in me, and keep secret all the Proceedings and Accounts of such Trust, which I shall be required to disclose the same, or any Part thereof, by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, or His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, or make any such Disclosure shall be necessary in any Course of Law or otherwise, for the Care and Protection of His Majesty's Property, in the Execution of my Trust. ‘ So help me GOD.’

Oath.

XIV. And he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to commence, prosecute, or defend any Suit, Action, Information or other legal Proceeding, or file any Bill or Bills in Equity, or proceed in any manner in Law or Equity, for the Recovery, Discovery or Protection of any Property, Real or Personal, of His Majesty, and for the Recovery of any Damages for any Injury done thereon, and for that Purpose to use the Name of His Majesty, or of any Trustee or Trustees of His Majesty, or their own Names, as they shall deem most expedient; and no Suit shall abate by the Death of any such Trustee or Trustees, or Commissioner or Commissioners; and all Costs, Charges and Expenses incurred, shall be paid out of the Property under the Care and Management.

Commissioners
may commence
or defend any
Bill or Bills
in Equity.

XV. Provided always, That nothing in the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament contained in relation to any Real or Personal Estate or Property of His Majesty, under the said recited Act of the Twenty sixth and Fourteenth Years aforesaid, or contained in this Act in relation to any such Real or Personal Estate, or to any Powers or Provisions by this Act given to the Commissioners appointed under this Act, for the Protection, Care and Management of His Majesty's Property, shall be deemed or construed to extend to any Revenues or Sums of Money belonging or accruing to His Majesty, heretofore received, or due or payable, or which may hereafter become due and payable to His Majesty, which have usually been issued, applied or disposed of under any Royal Sign Manual Warrant, counter-signed by the Lord High Treasurer, or Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or by any Authority or Direction of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or to authorize or empower the said Commissioners in any manner to interfere with any such Revenues or Sums of Money.

Not to extend
to certain Re-
venues of His
Majesty.

C A P. IX.

An Act to repeal an Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for better securing the Duties on Coals, Culm and Castles; and making other Provisions in lieu thereof; and for requiring Ships in the Coal Trade to be insured. [28th February 1812.]

‘ WHEREAS Masters and Owners of Ships and Vessels employed in the Coal Trade in England and Wales, are put to great Inconvenience and incur great Risk by the present Practice of loading and clearing out such Ships and Vessels; And whereas it is expedient, in order to obviate such Inconvenience and Risk, that other Provisions should be made, and that the Regulations contained in an Act passed in the Twenty fifth Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for better securing the Duties upon Coals, Culm and Castles*, should be repealed, as far as the same relates to England and Wales: Be it therefore enacted

21 G. 3. c. 254

executed by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act, in so far as the same relates to *England and Wales*, shall be, from and after the First Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and twelve, repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and twelve, no Coquet shall be granted by the Collector, Controller, or other Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs, in any Port, Harbour, Haven or Creek, in *England or Wales*, for the shipping Coastwise, any Coals, Cakes or Cinders, nor shall the Master or Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any Ship or Vessel be permitted to land any Coals, Cakes or Cinders on board any such Ship or Vessel until the Fitter or Fitters, or if there shall be no Fitter, then until the Coal Owner or his Agent, vending or shipping the Coals, Cakes or Cinders, shall have delivered to the said Collector, Controller, or other proper Officer aforesaid, signed with his or their own Hand or Hands, two Certificates respecting the real Quantity of Coals, Cakes or Cinders intended to be shipped on board such Ship or Vessel, which Certificates every such Collector or other proper Officer is hereby directed to sign, enter and register in a public Book to be kept by such Collector, or other proper Officer at the Custom House in the respective Port or Place where such Ship or Vessel is to be cleared Coastwise as aforesaid, one of which Certificates, after being so signed, entered and registered as aforesaid, shall be delivered to the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel in which the same are intended to be shipped, and the other shall remain in the Custody of the said Collector, or other proper Officer in the Custom House aforesaid, to which said Register any Person or Persons shall and may lawfully resort to see and examine the same without Fee or Reward; and it shall not be lawful for any Collector, Controller or other Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs in any such Port, Harbour, Haven or Creek as aforesaid, to clear Coastwise, any Ship or Vessel wherever, laden or in part laden with Coals, Cakes or Cinders, nor to sign, issue forth, or grant any Coquet, License, Tonnage or other Discharge of any Nature or Kind whatever, for the clearing of a Coasting Voyage, any such Ship or Vessel, unless the Fitter or Fitters, Coal Owner or Agent, who is vended or shipped the Coals, Cakes or Cinders on board the said Ship or Vessel, shall have delivered to the Collector or other proper Officer of the Customs at such Port, Harbour, Haven or Creek aforesaid, where such Ship or Vessel is to laden, or in part laden, such Certificates as are herebefore directed and required.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said First Day of *March* it shall and may be lawful for the Collector, Controller or other proper Officer of the Customs, in any Port, Haven, Harbour or Creek in *England or Wales*, to sign, issue forth, or grant any Coquet, for the clearing Coastwise of any such Ship or Vessel, for which the Certificates of the Fitter, Coal Owner or Agent, required by this Act, shall have been delivered according to the Directions herein contained; and such Coquet shall and may be issued forth and granted by any such Collector, Controller, or other proper Officer, for and according to the Quantity declared in such Certificates to delivered as aforesaid; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases of Shipment of Coals, Cakes or Cinders to be exported to Parts beyond the Seas, in any Ship or Vessel whatever, the Certificate to be delivered as aforesaid, by such Fitter, Coal Owner or Agent, shall express the true Quantity of Coals, Cakes or Cinders actually laden on board such Ship or Vessel.

V. And be it further enacted, That in case any Fitter or Fitters, Coal Owner or Agent, vending or shipping Coals, Cakes or Cinders, shall not give such Certificates as aforesaid, or shall give or make any false Certificate or Certificates of the Quantity of Coals, Cakes or Cinders, sold or vended by him or them, and intended to be shipped or laden, or actually shipped or laden on board any Ship or Vessel whatever in *England or Wales*, or who shall deliver any such Certificate or Certificates signed by any Person except himself or themselves, every such Fitter or other Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Coals, Cakes or Cinders, shall be on board any such Ship or Vessel, which shall be cleared Coastwise at any Port of *England or Wales*, from and after the said First Day of *March* shall upon any Passage whatever be delivered in any Part beyond the Seas, before the Duties due upon the Exportation thereof have been paid, the Master or other Person or Persons having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel shall, before he or any other Person be permitted again to enter or clear the said Ship or Vessel Coastwise, or far Parts beyond the Seas, not only pay to the Collector or other proper Officer at the Port of *England or Wales*, from whence the said Ship or Vessel is intended to be cleared out as aforesaid, the Export Duties on the present Quantity of Coals, Cakes or Cinders, which it shall appear that any such Ship or Vessel is capable of containing, but also the further Sum of Three Shillings for every such Chaldron of Coals, Cakes or Cinders, *Wholesale Measure*, to be applied and appropriated to the same Uses with the respective Duties now payable as Coals, Cakes or Cinders exported: Provided nevertheless, if it shall appear upon the Oaths of the Master, together with the Mate and Two of the Mariners belonging to such Ship or Vessel, and who were on board at the time he was cleared Coastwise, and taken in her during the whole Voyage, taken in the open Custom House before the Collector and Controller of such Port (who are hereby authorized and required to administer the same), that such Ship or Vessel was really and *bona fide* laded by contrary Winds or other unavoidable Necessity and Distress have proceeded with such Coals, Cakes or Cinders, to some Part or Place in *Great Britain*, which Proof shall be manifested by such Officer to the Commissioners of the Customs in *England*; and if it shall appear to their satisfaction that such Vessel was so forced into Parts beyond the Seas as aforesaid, the said

Commissioners

Commissioners of Customs, or any Four of them, shall and may order the Collector or other proper Officer of the Customs, to whom the said Duties and the said Sum of Twelve Shillings for every Children is assessed shall have been paid as herebefore directed, to grant the Master of each Ship or Vessel a Special Certificate thereof, in order that his Crew Bond may be discharged, and to return such respective Sum of Twelve Shillings for every Children of Coals, Colm or Cinders, to paid as aforesaid; but on Failure of the Proof herein directed, or if the same shall not be satisfactory to the said Commissioners, such Bond shall and may be performed and put in force; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in order to ascertain the greatest Quantity of Coals, Colm or Cinders, which any Ship or Vessel having so delivered any Coals, Colm or Cinders in any Part beyond the Bars, is capable of containing, a proper Person or Persons to be selected and appointed by the Collector of the Customs of the Port in England or Wales to which such Ship or Vessel shall first return after such Delivery in Parts beyond the Bars is aforesaid, shall measure each Ship or Vessel, for the Purpose of ascertaining the greatest Quantity of Coals, Colm or Cinders to be computed in Children, *Woods for Measure*, which such Ship or Vessel is capable of containing, and the said proper Duties and additional Duties shall be paid according to such Assessment; and such Person or Persons to be appointed shall be paid by the Owner or Owners of any such Ship or Vessel so measured, for his or their Trouble, after the Rate of One Penny Halfpenny for every Children which such Ship or Vessel shall appear to be capable of containing.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Entry and Register of the Factor's Certificate, is directed as aforesaid, shall be accepted and admitted as and taken to be full and complete Evidence of the Fact in all cases where the original Certificates are not produced.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Penalty in this Act mentioned shall and may be performed, determined and recovered by Bail, Pleas or Informations, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, and in the Court of Exchequer in Edinburgh respectively, whereas no Essoins, Pleadings, Privilege or Waiver of Law shall be allowed; and One Mooty thereof shall be to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Mooty to the Person or Persons who shall sue for or prosecute the same.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to no have been done, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff shall be satisfied, or discontinue his Action after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if Judgment shall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer against the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same which the Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other cases of Law.

C A P. X.

An Act to amend an Act of the Fiftheth Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Sum of Money to be raised by Exchequer Bills, to be advanced and applied in the Manner and upon the Terms therein mentioned for the Relief of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies. [28th February 1812.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fiftheth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Exchequer Bills, and to be advanced and applied in the Manner and upon the Terms therein mentioned for the Relief of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies*: And whereas considerable Sums of Money have been advanced and disbursed for the Use of His Majesty's Navy in the East Indies, and for other Public Services, for which Credit cannot be given for the said Company in Payment of the Sums advanced under the Provisions of the said Act, by reason that such Payments are required to be made, on or before the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, to carry to the Credit of the said Company, in Repayment of the Sums advanced under the Provisions of the said Act, any Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been advanced or disbursed by the said Company in the East Indies for His Majesty's Navy, or any Public Services; and it shall also be lawful for the said Company to pay any Sum or Sums of Money on account of or in Repayment of Sums of Money advanced under the said Act, into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, at any time after the First Day of January in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve, any thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and all Sums so advanced or disbursed in the East Indies as aforesaid, which shall be allowed by the said Commissioners of the Treasury to be carried to the Credit of the said Company, and all Sums paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer after the said First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, in Repayment of Sums advanced under the said Act, shall be received at the Exchequer, and go in Discharge of any Balance which shall remain unpaid of Sums so advanced as aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury to issue and apply the same to such Services as shall then have been voted by the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in this present Session of Parliament, and all such Payments shall go in Discharge of

the Amount to be paid of any Bonds given by the said Company for Repayment of Advances under the said Act, any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. XI.

An Act to repeal an Act passed in the Thirty-sixth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, for establishing certain Regulations in the Offices of the House of Commons, and to establish other and further Regulations in the said Offices. [28th February 1812.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in a Session of Parliament, holden in the Thirty-sixth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for establishing certain Regulations in the Office of the House of Commons*: And whereas the Provisions of the said Act are in several respects defective, and in others require to be varied and amended: and it is therefore expedient to repeal the said Act, and to make other and further Provisions in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the Lords, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said Act shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. And whereas by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, bearing Date at *Whitehall* the Third Day of June in the Eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, the Office of Clerk of the House of Commons, with an Assent of Ten Pounds, and all other Rewards, Dues, Rights, Profits, Commodities, Advantages and Emoluments whatsoever in the said Office, after what manner, time, or condition, then or thenceforth lawfully appointed, incident, accustom'd or belonging, was granted to John Haydon Esquire, for and during his natural Life: And whereas also by certain other Letters Patent, bearing Date at *Whitehall* after the Fourth Day of July in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, the said Office was granted to John Loy Esquire, for and during his natural Life, to take Effect from and after the Death of the said John Haydon in as full, ample and beneficial a manner as the same had been granted to the said John Haydon as aforesaid: And whereas John Clowdsley Esquire was, on the Seventh Day of January last, appointed by His Royal Highness the Prince Regent of the United Kingdom, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, to be the Serjeant at Arms attending upon the Speaker of the House of Commons, during the Sitting of Parliament: And whereas it is expedient, that, also the Salaries, Fees and Emoluments belonging to the said Office, respectively, and that Regulations should be established in relation to the Salaries and Emoluments of the said Office, and other Officers of the House of Commons: Be it therefore enacted, That the Speaker of the House of Commons for the time being, and the Secretary or Secretaries of State, the Chamberlain of the Exchequer, the Master of the Rolls, and the Attorney and Solicitor General for the time being (they and each of them being able Members of the House of Commons) shall be and they are hereby constituted, constituted and appointed Commissioners for the Purpose of this Act; and any Three of the said Commissioners (whereof the Speaker of the House of Commons for the time being shall be one) shall be and they are hereby authorized to carry this Act into Execution.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expire of the said Letters Patent, so granted to the said John Haydon and John Loy, and of the Appointment of the said John Clowdsley as aforesaid, all Salaries, Fees, Perquisites and Emoluments, which would have been due and payable to any former Clerk or Clerk Assistants of the House of Commons, or Serjeant at Arms attending the Speaker of the House of Commons for the time being, in case this Act had not been made, shall from time to time, as the said Commissioners shall direct, be paid into the Hands of the said Commissioners, or of such Person or Persons as they shall by Warrant under their Hands and Seals appoint to do so the same, and shall by the said Commissioners be applied and distributed, as the same shall be directed to be.

IV. Provided always, and be it furthermore enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be taken or construed to prevent the said Commissioners, upon the Expire of either of the said Letters Patent, granted to the said John Haydon and John Loy Esquire, or of the said Appointment of the said John Clowdsley Esquire, which ever may first happen, from carrying the Purpose of this Act into Execution, as far as the Nature of the respective cases will admit; and provided also, that the said John Clowdsley Esquire, so long as he shall continue to hold the said Office of Serjeant at Arms, shall hold the same under the like Regulations as the same were holden by his immediate Predecessor in the said Office.

V. And whereas the Office of Serjeant at Arms attending the Speaker of the House of Commons during the Sitting of Parliament, and of House-keeper of the House of Commons, was, and for a long time past have been holden respectively by the same Person, and the Salaries, Fees and Emoluments appertaining to the Office of Serjeant at Arms, have been hitherto brought to account separately under the Act hereby repealed: Be it therefore enacted, That after the Expire of the period limited of the said John Clowdsley Esquire, he is appointed Serjeant at Arms as aforesaid, the Office of House-keeper of the House of Commons shall hereafter be holden by the Person who shall be appointed to the Office of Serjeant at Arms attending upon the Speaker of the House of Commons; and the Salaries, Fees and Emoluments heretofore usually paid to the House-keeper, shall be paid into the Hands of the said Commissioners, or the Person or Persons so appointed by them as aforesaid, and be accounted for to the said Commissioners, and applied by them, together with and as the same shall be directed to be, to the Salaries, Fees, Perquisites and Emoluments due by this Act directed to be paid and applied.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Person or Persons to be appointed by the said Commissioners to collect and receive the Salaries, Fees, Perquisites and Emoluments, shall give such Security as shall be required

required by the said Commissioners, for the faithful Execution of such Trust, and duly to account, from time to time, as often as he or they shall be required so to do by the said Commissioners, for all Sums of Money which shall come to or be in their Hands as such Collector or Collectors as aforesaid; and how they shall render such Account of Money so received as aforesaid, together with an Account of all the Sums due and payable to the said Clerk, Clerk Assistant, Sergeant at Arms, and Deputy-Sergeant at Arms respectively, in Right of their respective Offices, who are hereby severally required to verify such Accounts under their Heads respectively; and every Account of Money received by the Collector or Collectors shall be verified by him or them upon Oath as to the State thereof, and all Particulars relating thereto; which Oath may one of the said Commissioners be lawfully authorized to administer; and each Collector or Collectors shall from time to time, as shall be directed or prescribed by the said Commissioners for that Purpose, pay into the Bank of England, in the Name and to the Account of the said Commissioners, all Sums of Money which shall hereunto come to or be in his or their Hands as such Collector or Collectors as aforesaid, and such Accounts shall be called 'The Account of the Commissioners for regulating the Office of the Clerk of Commons'; and the Name of the Speaker of the House of Commons for the time being shall be inserted therein; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to make the Money to be placed in their Account as aforesaid, as they shall think fit, and to apply the same to any use or uses, in such Manner as they shall think fit, for the Purpose of the said Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall, and they are hereby directed to pay to the Clerk of the House of Commons for the time being, the set annual Sum of Three thousand Pounds, for and during the first Five Years which the said Clerk of the House of Commons shall hold his said Office, and from and after the said Term of Five Years to pay to such Clerk of the House of Commons, the further set Sum of Five hundred Pounds annually, making together the Sum of Three thousand five hundred Pounds; and to pay to the Clerk Assistant for the time being the set annual Sum of Two thousand Pounds, for and during the said Five Years which the said Clerk Assistant shall hold his said Office, and from and after the Expiration of the said Term of Five Years, the further set annual Sum of Five hundred Pounds, making together the Sum of Two thousand five hundred Pounds; and also to pay to the Second Clerk Assistant for the time being, the set annual Sum of One thousand five hundred Pounds, for and during the said Five Years which the said Second Clerk Assistant shall hold his said Office, and from and after the Expiration of the said Term of Five Years, the further set annual Sum of Five hundred Pounds, making together the Sum of Two thousand Pounds; which several annual Sums the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to pay by Half-yearly Payments or otherwise as they shall think fit; and which Sums so paid by the said Commissioners to the Clerk and Clerk Assistant and Second Clerk Assistant of the House of Commons respectively, shall be taken and accepted by them respectively, in full Satisfaction and Discharge of all Salaries, Fees, Perquisites and Emoluments, to which they might or could have been entitled, or which they may lawfully have claimed respectively to receive by virtue or in respect of their said respective Offices, previous to the passing of this Act, any former Practice or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall apply to or prevent the demanding, receiving and taking the Fees which may arise from the Examination of the Sufficiency of the Sureties who enter into Recognizances to prosecute Eleazar Petitions, or for using the Coils and Expenses of prosecuting and appealing any such Petitions, which Fees are established and ascertained under and by virtue of an Act of Parliament passed in the Twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for the further Regulation of the Trials of controverted Elections or Returns of Members to serve in Parliament.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Number of Years more than Five Years which any Clerk Assistant or Second Clerk Assistant for the time being, who shall be appointed to the Office of Clerk of the House of Commons after the Expiration of the Letters Patent aforesaid, shall have held the Office of Clerk Assistant or Second Clerk Assistant, shall be reckoned as Part or the Whole, as the case may be, of the Five Years by this Act required to entitle the Clerk of the House of Commons to have and receive the full Salary or Sum of Three thousand five hundred Pounds; and shall entitle such Clerk Assistant or Second Clerk Assistant appointed to the Office of Clerk of the House of Commons, to the full Sum of Three thousand five hundred Pounds per Annum; and in like manner if any Second Clerk Assistant who shall have served more than Five Years as such, shall be appointed to the Office of Clerk Assistant, he shall be entitled thereupon to the full Sum of Two thousand five hundred Pounds per Annum.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and directed, from and after the Expiration of the Interest of the said Job Crompton in the said Office of Sergeant at Arms, to pay to the Sergeant at Arms succeeding the Speaker of the House of Commons, during the sitting of Parliament for the time being, the set annual Sum of Two thousand Pounds, which said Sum of Two thousand Pounds shall be taken and accepted by the said Sergeant at Arms for the time being, in full Satisfaction and Discharge of all the Salaries, Fees, Perquisites and Emoluments, to which any former Sergeant at Arms might or could have been entitled, or which he might lawfully have claimed to receive by virtue or in respect of his said Office previous to the passing of this Act, and also of the Office of Housekeeper of the House of Commons heretofore enjoyed, any former Practice or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: And also except the Allowance of Three hundred Pounds a Year, now usually paid to such Sergeant at Arms, in Fee of a Residence for the said Sergeant at Arms, he attending the Speaker as aforesaid, and such Summable and convenient Residence as the Variety of the House of Commons shall be provided as heretofore for such Sergeant at Arms as aforesaid; and which Sum shall be paid as heretofore by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and be receivable by the Sergeant at Arms in addition

addition to such Salary as aforesaid, upon the Condition of his applying the same towards providing himself with a Residence in the Vicinity of the House of Commons as aforesaid.

Allowance to
Deputy Serjeant
at Arms.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, and they are hereby directed, to pay to the Deputy Serjeant at Arms, an Allowance of Eight hundred Pounds; which said Sum of Eight hundred Pounds shall be in lieu of all other Allowances, Fees and Emoluments, to which any former Deputy Serjeant at Arms might have been entitled, or which he might have been accustomed to receive by virtue or in respect of his said Office, previous to the passing of this Act, say former Practice or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding; and except an Allowance of Two hundred Pounds a Year, or less of a Residence for the said Deputy Serjeant at Arms, and less suitable and convenient Residence, in the Vicinity of the House of Commons, shall be provided otherwise (which said Sum shall be paid to him in like manner, and under the like Conditions, as the Allowance before-mentioned to the Serjeant at Arms); and also except such Captain Fees as, upon an Account thereof to be rendered to the Commissioners, shall be allowed by them; which Allowance, in lieu of such Residence and Captain Fees as aforesaid, shall not may be received by such Deputy Serjeant at Arms in addition to such Salary as aforesaid.

Commissioners
to pay Collectors,
&c. and Clerks.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby directed, to pay the Collector or Collectors and other Persons employed by them in the Execution of this Act, such Salaries or Allowances as shall appear to them to be just and reasonable; and it shall also be lawful for the said Commissioners, from time to time, to pay and allow to the Clerks in the Office of the Clerk of the House of Commons, such Fees and Allowances as may be just and proper, according to the Rules and Usages heretofore, or which may hereafter be established, or in use, for regulating such Allowances; which Payments and Allowances shall be deemed and taken to be in lieu of all Payments for the like Services heretofore made upon Accounts of the House of Commons or otherwise.

Accounts to be
kept by them.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required to prepare and lay before the House of Commons, within Twenty Sitting Days after the Commencement of every Session of Parliament, a Statement shewing the Amount of the Money received as their Account at the Bank, or collected under their Order, pursuant to the Provisions and for the Purposes of this Act, after the making of all such Payments as are hereinbefore required or authorized by this Act, or referring what may be necessary for making such Payments, together with a Plan of the manner in which it is proposed or intended by the said Commissioners that the Relief be applied and disposed of, towards making a Provision for the Support of such Officers of the Speaker of the House of Commons, or of the Clerk of the said House, or Serjeant at Arms, as may from special circumstances appear to require the same, and for allowing a permanent Allowance to the Clerk, Clerk Assistant, Second Clerk Assistant, Serjeant at Arms, or Deputy Serjeant at Arms, and such other Persons as aforesaid, who may have been debted by Age or Infirmary from the Discharge of their respective Duties; which said Plan shall be binding and conclusive on the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and directed to carry the same into Effect, within the said House, within Twenty Sitting Days after the said Plan shall have been so laid before them, shall have otherwise ordered and directed; and this and in such case with such Variation as shall have been so ordered and directed.

Directions for
laying Account
before the House of
Commons, and
for Appropriation
of Surplus.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall prepare and lay before the House of Commons, within the further Space of Twenty Sitting Days after the said Plan shall have been concluded upon and established, a Statement shewing the Amount of the Money so received by them by virtue of this Act, and of the Purposes to which the same shall have been applied and disposed of, or for which any Sum or Sums of Money may be necessary to satisfy the same, and carry the said Plan into Execution, in order that the Sums necessary to supply any Deficiencies in the said Fund for the Purposes to which the same as by this Act made applicable, and to pay such Salaries and Allowances as are directed and authorized by this Act, may be provided by Parliament; and any Surplus (in case it shall appear from the said Account that there is in the Hands of the said Commissioners a Surplus remaining, after making all Payments required and authorized by this Act, and carrying into Effect the Plan and Order aforesaid in respect thereof) shall be applied and disposed of towards providing, in case the House shall so be, a Remuneration for the Person or Persons by whom the Duties of Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means shall have been discharged during the then Session of Parliament; and in case there shall be any further Surplus over and above a Sum equal to the Amount of the Charges and Outgoings for the last Year, and of the Payments proposed and to be made under the Plan aforesaid, together with such Remuneration, if any, the said Commissioners are hereby authorized and required, in the next Place, to retain such Sum towards Payment of the Charges and Outgoings of the ensuing Year, and to pay (except all such Salaries and Allowances as aforesaid, by Half-yearly Payments or otherwise, as they shall think fit; and the said Commissioners shall, within Twenty Days after the Conclusion of each Session of Parliament, pay the said Surplus into the Exchequer, to the Account of the Consolidated Fund.

Manner of
Account to be
kept by the
Clerk.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That after the Expiration of the present Interest of the said John Haydel and John Ley, the Power of Nomination or Appointment, by the said Clerk of the House of Commons, of all the Clerks in his Department, together with the Power of Suspension and Removal of all the Clerks so by him nominated or appointed, shall be holden, exercised and enjoyed by the said Clerk of the House, in such manner as the same are holden, exercised and enjoyed at the time of the passing of this Act; Provided it nevertheless, upon the Expiration of the said Interest Patent, granted to the said John Haydel and John Ley, no Clerk (but the House of Commons shall choose the said Office by Deputy.

Remuneration of
Mr. Serjeant at
Arms.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Power of Nomination or Appointment by the said Serjeant at Arms, of all Officers, Messengers and other Persons attending on the House, together with the Power of

Subscribes and Renewal of the Officers, Messengers, and other Persons to be from nominated and appointed, shall be holden, exercised and enjoyed by the said Serjeant, in such manner as the same are holden, exercised and enjoyed at the time of the passing of this Act; Provided nevertheless, that such Officers under the said Serjeant, as have heretofore been accustomed to be sold, shall continue to be sold, and the Produce thereof shall be accounted for as heretofore, and be paid over to the said Commissioners, or to their Collector or Collectors, as heretofore directed.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Complaint or Representation shall at any time be made to the Speaker of the House of Commons for the time being, or of the Misconduct or Unbecoming of any Clerk, Officer, Messenger or other Person attached to the House of Commons, hereafter to be appointed by the Clerk of the House of Commons, or Serjeant at Arms, or admitted into their respective Departments, (other than the Clerk Assistants and Deputy Serjeant at Arms) it shall be lawful for the said Speaker to cause Enquiry to be made into the Conduct or Fitness of such Person; and if thereupon it shall appear to the Speaker, that such Person has been guilty of Misconduct, or is unfit to hold his Situation, it shall be lawful for the Speaker to require that such Person should be suspended or removed, as the case may be, and such Person shall be so suspended or removed accordingly; and in the case of any Person so appointed by the Serjeant at Arms who may have purchased his Place, such Person shall be liable to be so removed as aforesaid, with or without any Return of the Contemptness paid by him for the same, as by the Commissioners heretofore named shall be adjudged to be proper.

held by Serjeant at Arms.

Officers, upon Complaint to the Speaker, liable to Suspension or Removal.

C A P. XII.

An Act for extending the Laws for preventing the Embarrassment of His Majesty's Naval, Ordnance and Victualling Stores in Ireland. [18th February 1812.]

WHEREAS an Act of Parliament was passed in the Twenty second Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for taking away the Benefit of Clergy from such as steal Cloth from the Realm, and from such as shall steal or intercept His Majesty's Annates and Stipends: And whereas another Act of Parliament was passed in the Ninth and Tenth Years of the Reign of King William the Third, intitled *An Act for the better preventing the Intermixture of His Majesty's Stores of War, and preventing Cheats, Frauds and Abuses in paying Seamen's Wages: And whereas another Act of Parliament was passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of King George the First, intitled *An Act for continuing some Laws and revising others therein mentioned, for exempting Apothecaries from serving Parish and Ward Offices and upon Service, and relating to Jurors, and to the Payment of Seamen's Wages and the Prosecution of Naval Stores and Stores of War, and concerning the Malt and Truquy Money, and against clandestine running of unlicensed Goods, and for more effectual preventing French relating to the Customs, and French in money Bills, with Staffs to be repaired: And whereas another Act of Parliament was passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intitled *An Act to continue the several Laws therein mentioned for preventing Theft and Rape on the Northern Borders of England; for the more effectual punishing wicked and evil disposed Persons going armed in Disguise and doing Injuries and Violence to the Persons and Properties of His Majesty's Subjects, and for the more speedy bringing the Offenders to Justice; for continuing Two Statutes to prevent the cutting or breaking down the Head of any River or Sea Bank, and to prevent the malicious cutting of High Ditches, and for the more effectual Punishment of Persons maliciously setting on Fire any Mine, Pit or Depth of Coal or Common Coal, and of Persons maliciously beating or taking any Hind or Fallow Deer in Forest or Chase, or beating or wounding the Kestrel or other Officers in Forest, Chase or Park; and for granting Liberty to carry Sugars of A's Growth, Produce or Manufactures of any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in America from the said Colonies directly to foreign Parts in Ships built in Great Britain, and accounted according to Law; and to explain Two Acts relating to the Prosecution of Officers for mismanaging Naval Stores or Stores of War, and to prevent the receiving of Wine within certain of the Universities in that Part of Great Britain called England, without License: And whereas another Act of Parliament was passed in the Twenty sixth and Twentieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the better preventing the Embarrassment of His Majesty's Naval, Ordnance and Victualling Stores: And whereas it is expedient that the several recited Acts of Parliament, in so far as the same severally relate to His Majesty's Naval, Ordnance and Victualling Stores therein respectively mentioned, should be extended to and be in such Force and the same Force in Ireland as the same respectively now are in England; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commoners, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all and every the said recited Acts of Parliament, so far as the same severally relate to His Majesty's Naval, Ordnance and Victualling Stores, should respectively mentioned, and every Clause, Matter and Thing therein respectively contained relating to His Majesty's Naval, Ordnance and Victualling Stores, shall extend to and be of such and the same Force in Ireland, as if the same were applied to England, as if the same are or may be capable of being applied to Ireland, as the same respectively now are in England, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said several recited Acts of Parliament, and the several Clauses, Matters and Things therein respectively contained relating to His Majesty's Naval, Ordnance and Victualling Stores, and as the same respectively now are in Force in England, were recited and hereby approved and re-confirmed for that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland; And that all and every Person and Persons who shall commit in Ireland any Offence or Offences against all or any of the said recited Acts of Parliament, in so far as the same severally relate to His Majesty's Naval, Ordnance and Victualling Stores, and shall be thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject and liable to such and the same Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities as such Person or Persons*****

22 Geo. 2. c. 9.

2 & 3 W. 3.

244.

9 Geo. 1. c. 8.

17 G. 2. c. 25.

20 G. 3. c. 2.

25.

In many of recited Acts as respects to Naval, Ordnance and Victualling Stores, extended to Ireland.

Person

Perfon would by the faid Statute created Acts of Bankrupt, or any of them, come liab^{le} f^{or} and liable to be taken up by Officers or Offences had been committed within that Part of the United Kingdom called England.

It And be it enacted, That all and every Perfon and Perfons who fhall be created in Ireland of any Office or Mifdemeanor againft the faid recited Act of the Twenty sixth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of His prefent Majefty, For which when committed in England, a Jufticiary Made of Trial and Conviction is by the faid Act eftablifhed, may be tried in the fame Jufticiary Manner before any Juftice of the Peace for any County, Division, City, Town Corporate, Liberty or Place in Ireland, within a week any fuch Officer or Mifdemeanor fhall be committed, provided that on fuch Jufticiary Pro. being filed he had before any fuch Juftice of the Peace, without Confent in Writing of His Majefty's Naval Highfheriff for the time being at any Part in Ireland.

C A P. XII.

An Act to alter and amend an Act, paffed in the Fifty feft Year of the Reign of His prefent Majefty, for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in England. [18th February 1812.]

WHEREAS an Act was paffed in the Fifty feft Year of the Reign of His prefent Majefty, intitled *“An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in England”* wherein it was recited, that it might be convenient in the three united State of the Kingdoms and Guernsey and Wales that fuch of the Perfons named therein, truly fatisfying thofe Effects as their Creditors, fhould be Miftried; And whereas in the faid Act it was not enacted that Perfons committed by the Courts of Law and Equity for Contempt in not paying Money ordered or awarded to be paid, and alfo for not paying of Cofts duly and properly taxed and allowed by the proper Officers after proper Demand made for that Purpofe; and alfo upon the Writ of Executions Capias, or other Procefs, for or grounded upon the Nonpayment of Money, Cofts or Expences, in fuch Cafe or Proceeding in fuch Ecclefiaftical Court, or for Contempt of fuch Court relating thereto; fhall be entitled to the Benefit of the faid Act, as has been afked in fuch cafes; And whereas it is convenient that the Provisions and Statutes of the faid Act fhall be extended to fuch Perfons as in fuch cafes hath been heretofore done; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Moft Excellent Majefty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this prefent Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That, from and after the paffing of this Act, all Perfons committed as aforesaid by the Courts of Law and Equity for Contempt in not paying Money ordered or awarded to be paid, and alfo for not paying of Cofts duly and regularly taxed and allowed by the proper Officers after proper Demand made for that Purpofe, and alfo upon the Writ of Executions Capias, or other Procefs, for or grounded upon the Nonpayment of Money, Cofts or Expences, in fuch Cafe or Proceeding in fuch Ecclefiaftical Court, or for Contempt of fuch Court relating thereto, and who were on any Body on the Fifth Day of May One thoufand eight hundred and eleven, fhall be and are entitled to all the Benefits of the Provisions of the faid recited Act of the Fifty feft Year of His prefent Majefty, in the fame manner as if this Provision had made Part thereof, as and fo forth in the fame Terms, Conditions and Reftrictions as are therein expreffed and declared with refpect to Perfons for Debt only.

C A P. XIV.

An Act for granting Annuities to difcharge certain Exchequer Bills. [5th March 1812.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,
 WHERE Your Majefty's moft dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom, in Parliament affembled, being defirous of making Provisions to fatisfy the Principal Sums assigned in certain Exchequer Bills, now outstanding, to the Amount of Fourteen Millions Sterling, have refolved, that all Perfons committed in or entitled unto certain Exchequer Bills fhould be entit^{led}, in refpect of the Principal Sums contained therein, to fuch Capital Stock in Annuities as are hereinafter mentioned, fubject to the Provisions of this Act: We Your Majefty's moft faithful Commons, do therefore moft humbly befech Your Majefty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Moft Excellent Majefty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this prefent Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That every Perfon committed in or entitled unto any Exchequer Bill or Bills dated between the Fifth Day of March One thoufand eight hundred and eleven, and the Fourteenth Day of February One thoufand eight hundred and twelve, who fall between the Twelfth Second Day of February One thoufand eight hundred and twelve, and the Twelfth Sixth Day of February One thoufand eight hundred and twelve, and who have the faid Principal Sums of Fourteen Millions Sterling fhall have been fomer fubfcribed at the faid Office in fuch Exchequer Bills, fhall be paid th^{at} Interest that fhall here become due thereupon to the Ninth Day of March One thoufand eight hundred and twelve, in Money, as foon after the faid Ninth Day of March One thoufand eight hundred and twelve, as can conveniently be done, and fhall have in exchange for fuch Exchequer Bills fuch fufficient Certificates to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, expreffing the Principal Sums contained in fuch Bills, and the Holders of fuch Exchequer Bills, in refpect of the Amount of the Principal Sums contained therein, to the Sum of One hundred and eight Pounds Capital Stock in Annuities after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, in Commencement from the Fifth Day of January One thoufand eight hundred and twelve for fuch One hundred Pounds contained in fuch faid mentioned Certificates, and fo in Proportion for any greater Sum; and that all Perfons intitled in or entitled

Officers upon
 20 & 40 G. 3.
 7 & 14 G. 4.
 See Act.

22 G. 3. c. 42.
 54.

Beneficial recited
 Act extended to
 Perfons committed
 for Contempt in not
 paying Money
 awarded in
 Courts.

18th of Mar-
 ch 1812.
 Bills carrying
 five to the Ex-
 chequer the 1 re-
 cover Certificates
 to the Bank.

into such Exchequer Bills as aforesaid shall, by having obtained the leave between the respective Days aforesaid, into the said Office of Paymasters of Exchequer Bills, be deemed to have accepted of the aforesaid Terms; which said Annates shall be paid and payable at the Bank of England, at the times and in the manner herein mentioned: Provided always, that the Amount of the Principal Sums contained in such Exchequer Bills, to be exchanged for Certificates in pursuance of this Act, shall not exceed the Sum of Fourteen Millions Sterling.

- Exchequer Office to receive and cancel such Exchequer Bills, on granting such Certificates § 2.
- Intakes to entitle to certain Annates, payable at the three terms nextens. & Foreign Attachment § 3.
- Annates payable out of Consolidated Fund § 4. Certificates may be assignable before *Sept 1, 1812.* § 5.
- Bank, on receiving Certificates, to give Credit in Books for the Capital Stock therein mentioned, which
- Stock may be transferred § 6. Exchequer to give Money to the Bank for Payment of the Annates § 7.
- Accountant General to enclose the Coffers Accounts § 8. Money converted into Five per Cent *Ann.*
- Intakes to be added to Joint Stock of Five per Cent already established § 9. Mode of transferring
- Stock § 10. Counterfeiting Certificates, &c. Death § 11. Bank to continue a Corporation for the
- Purpote of this Act § 12. No Tax taken Penalty § 13. Bank to receive a Compensation for Services § 14.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time or times be such, made^d or prosecuted, for any thing by law or them done or executed in pursuance of this Act, or of any Matter or Thing therein contained, with Perjury or Perjury shall and may plead the General Issue, and give the special Matter in Evidence for him or them Defence; and if a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall discontinue his or their Action, or be acquitted, or Judgment shall be given against him; or there upon Demurrer or otherwise, their Act or Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs to him or them awarded against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

[This Act, except as in Dates and Sums, is in the same Words as 20 G. 3. c. 23. and 31 G. 3. c. 16.]

C A P. XV.

An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain; and for suspending the Countervailing Duties and Bounties on Sugar, when the Duties imposed by an Act of the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty shall be suspended; and for continuing so much of an Act of the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty as allows a Bounty on Raw Sugar exported, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

[31th March 1812.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for* *allowing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain, and* *for allowing other Drawbacks and Bounties in lieu thereof, and the Fifteenth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and four:* And whereas an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend Two Acts passed in the Forty third and Forty fifth Years of His present Majesty, for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain: And whereas* *Three other Acts passed in the Forty sixth, Forty seventh and Forty eighth Years of His present Majesty, for further continuing the said Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty: And whereas another* *Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty, intitled An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain, and for suspending the Countervailing Duties and Bounties on Sugar when the Duties imposed by an Act of the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty shall be suspended: And whereas, in an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act* *for suspending the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof: And whereas by Two other Acts passed in the Fifth and Forty sixth Years of His present Majesty, the Drawbacks allowed by the said recited Act passed in the Forty ninth Year aforesaid, and the Bounties allowed by the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty were further continued: and it is expedient that the said Drawbacks and Bounties so continued by the said Acts of the Fourth and Fifty fifth Years of His present Majesty, should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Drawbacks in the Schedule to the said last recited Act of the Forty ninth Year aforesaid, and the Bounties in the Schedule to the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty annexed, shall be respectively paid and allowed in like manner in every respect, and subject to and under, and according to the like Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, (except when any Alteration is made by this Act) as the said Drawbacks and Bounties were respectively paid or allowed before the passing of this Act.*

II. And be it further enacted, That if it shall appear by Notice in the London Gazette published on the Saturday which shall happen next after the First Wednesday in May, the First Wednesday in September One thousand eight hundred and twelve, or the First Wednesday in January One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, that the Average Price of Brown or Mulcombo Sugar taken in manner directed by an Act made in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating the Allowance*

of the Drawback and Payment of the Bounty on the Exportation of Sugar, and for providing the Incentives of Sugar and Coffee into the Bahama and Bermuda Islands in Foreign Ships, for the Four preceding Months, computed to the *Whitstides* immediately preceding such Saturday nextforesaid, shall on and from succeeding Months, be taken as a Half-ton Weight exclusive of the Duties of Customs paid or payable thereon as the Importation into Great Britain, then and in every such year the Drawback or Bounty in the Schedule to the said recited Act passed in the Forty sixth and Forty seventh Years of His present Majesty shall be respectively several times, as corresponding to or with the Price of such Sugar Notice in the London Gazette shall have been given as aforesaid, shall be paid or allowed until Notice of any other Average shall in like manner appear in the London Gazette on any other of such Saturdays as before mentioned; and such Drawback or Bounty shall be paid or allowed in like manner in every subject, and subject and order and according to the like Rates and Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, as any Drawbacks or Bounties were paid or allowed before the passing of the said last recited Act (except in any such Rates or Regulations are altered by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth and Forty seventh Years aforesaid).

111. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating the several Duties of Custom chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting*

49 G. 3. c. 51. *other Duties in New Jersey, the Lord High Treasurer or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury,*

12.

49 G. 3. c. 49. *or any Three or more of them, are authorized to Suspend the Payment of the additional Duties of Customs*

of Sugar, granted by the said last recited Act, either in the Whole or in Part, whenever the average Price

of Sugar ascertained as directed by the said recited Act, and by another Act passed in the Forty sixth Year

*of His Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating the Mode in which the average Price of Brown or Black Coffee**

Sugar, exclusive of the Duty thereon, is to be ascertained under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty

seventh Year of His present Majesty, shall be below the Prices mentioned in the said last recited Act of the

Forty sixth Year aforesaid: And whereas it is expedient, that, during the Period of such Suspension, the

Countervailing Duties on Refined Sugar imported from Ireland into Great Britain, and the equivalent

Drawback or Bounty on the Exportation of Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Great

Britain, and also the additional Bounty on the Exportation of Refined Sugar from Great Britain,

or other than Ireland, imposed and allowed by the said last recited Act, should in like manner be sus-

pended: Be it therefore further enacted, That whenever the Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Com-

missioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, shall exercise the Power vested in them, and shall,

according to the Direction of the said Act, suspend the Payment of the Whole or Part of the Duties on

Sugar thereby imposed, it shall be lawful for them and they are hereby authorized and required in like

manner and for the like Period, to suspend either the Whole of the additional Countervailing Duties

of Customs on Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Ireland, imported from thence into Great Britain, and of

the additional Drawback or Bounty on the Exportation of Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of

Great Britain, and of the additional Bounty on the Exportation of Refined Sugar from Great Britain, other

than to Ireland, imposed and allowed by the said last recited Act, or each Part thereof respectively as shall

bear a just Proportion to the Amount of Duty so suspended.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, and all the Powers, Provisions, Authorities, Regulations, Clauses, Matters and Things in the said Act

enacted, except as the same are varied or altered by this Act, shall be and the same are hereby further

continued from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and shall be and remain

in full Force until the Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, for the Port of

London, and until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, for other Parts

of Great Britain.

V. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to*

47 G. 3. c. 68. *allow for Two Years, from and after the passing of this Act, an additional Bounty on Double Refined Sugar,*

48. *and to extend former Bounties on other Refined Sugar, in such as shall be provided, except or broken; and to*

49. *allow for One Year certain Bounties on British Plantation Raw Sugar exported, a certain Bounty was allowed*

50. *upon the Exportation of Double Refined Sugar; and also a Bounty was allowed upon the Exportation of*

51. *Raw Sugar; and it was enacted that so much of the said recited Act as related to the allowing of a Bounty*

52. *upon Double Refined Sugar should continue in force for Two Years from the passing of the said Act; and*

53. *so much thereof as related to the allowing of a Bounty upon Raw Sugar should continue in force for One*

54. *Year from the passing of that Act: And whereas by another Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His*

55. *present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend and continue until the Twentieth Day of March One thousand**

eight hundred and nine, so much of an Act of the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, as relate

to certain Bounties on British Plantation Raw Sugar exported, so much of the said last recited Act as related

to the said Bounties upon Raw Sugar was further continued with certain Alterations till the Twentieth

Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine: And whereas so much of the said recited

Act of the Forty seventh Year aforesaid, as related to the Bounties upon Raw Sugar, as altered and

continued by the said last recited Act, and also the said last recited Act allowing and continuing the same,

have been by subsequent Acts continued until the Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hun-

dred and twelve; and it is expedient that the said Bounties should be further continued: Be it therefore

enacted, That so much of the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year aforesaid, as relates to the

Bounties on Raw Sugar, as altered and continued by the said recited Acts, shall be further continued until

the Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That from and after the Fourth Day of May One thou-

sand eight hundred and twelve, the Allowance of the Bounty granted upon the Exportation from Great

Britain (except to Ireland) of Single Plantation Raw Sugar by the said last recited Act of the Forty seventh

Year

What Treasury
Expnd Payment
of Duty on
Sugar by
49 G. 3. c. 51
they shall also
depend Court
moulding, Dues, &c.

47 G. 3. c. 68
continued.

47 G. 3. c. 68. s.
48.
49.
50.
51.
52.

48 G. 3. c. 11.

53-5.

48 G. 3. c. 116.
54 G. 3. c. 117.
55.
So much of
47 G. 3. c. 51.
as relates
to Bounties on
Raw Sugar
continued.
Bounty on Raw
Sugar to be con-
tinued by
average Price

Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, shall be governed by the average Prices of Beams or Mufcivade Sugar, computed and published in the London Gazette, for the Periods, at the Terms, and in the manner hereunto directed.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XVI.

An Act for the more exemplary Punishment of Persons destroying or injuring any Stocking or Lace Frames, or other Machines or Engines used in the Framework knitted Manufacture, or any Articles or Goods in such Frames or Machines; to continue in force until the Fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen. [20th March 1812.]

WHEREAS the Provisions of an Act of the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the better and more effectual Protection of Stocking Frames and Machines or Engines against Theft or spoil thereof, and for the Punishment of Persons abetting or assisting of such Stocking Frames, Machines or Engines, and the Framework knitted Pieces, Stockings, and other Articles and Goods used and made in the History or Framework knitted Manufacture, or breaking or destroying any Machinery contained in any Mill or Mills used or in any way employed in preparing or spinning of Wool or Cotton for the Use of the Stocking Frame, have been found insufficient: And whereas such Offences have for some time past been carried on to an alarming Extent; it is therefore necessary that more effectual Provisions should be made against such unlawful Practices, and for preventing such Offences, and punishing Offenders therein to exemplary Justice; and that such Provisions should be extended to the Framework Lace Manufacture, against which similar Offences have been committed: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person or Persons shall, by Day or by Night, enter by Force into any House, Shop or Place, with an Intent to cut or destroy any Framework knitted Piece, Stocking or Lace, or other Articles or Goods being in the Frame, or upon any Machine or Engine thereto annexed, or therewith to be used or prepared for that Purpose; or with an Intent to break or destroy any Frame, Machine, Engine, Tool, Instrument or Utensil, used in and for the working and making of any such Framework knitted Piece, Stocking, Lace, or other Articles or Goods in the History or Framework knitted Manufacture; or shall wilfully and maliciously, and without having the Consent or Authority of the Owner, destroy, or cut with an Intent to destroy or render useless, any Framework knitted Piece, Stocking, Lace, or other Articles or Goods being in the Frame, or upon any Machine or Engine as aforesaid, or prepared for that Purpose; or shall wilfully and maliciously, and without having the Consent or Authority of the Owner, break, destroy or damage with an Intent to destroy or render useless any Frame, Machine, Engine, Tool, Instrument or Utensil used in and for the working and making of any such Framework knitted Piece, Stocking, Lace, or other Articles or Goods in the History or Framework knitted Stocking, or Framework Lace Manufacture; or shall wilfully and maliciously, and without having the Consent or Authority of the Owner, break or destroy any Machinery contained in any Mill or Mills used or in any way employed in preparing or spinning of Wool or Cotton, or other Materials for the Use of the Stocking or Lace Manufacture, every Offender being thereof lawfully convicted shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death, in all Cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.*

II. And be it further enacted, That every Person in whose House or Custody or Possession any Frame, Machine or Engine, Tool, Instrument or Utensil, used in and for the working and making of any Framework knitted Piece, Stocking, Lace, or other Articles or Goods in the History or Framework knitted Stocking, or Framework Lace Manufacture as aforesaid (not being his or her Property) shall be at the time of the Destruction or damaging thereof, or of any Framework knitted Piece, Stocking, Lace, or other Articles or Goods, being in the Frame, or upon any Machine or Engine as aforesaid, and who shall not, within Twenty-four Hours after he or she shall have known of such Destruction or Damage being committed as aforesaid, give Notice thereof to the Owner of such Frame, Machine or Engine, Tool, Instrument or Utensil, as aforesaid, if residing within Twelve Miles, or if such Owner shall not reside within such Distance, then to some known Agent of such Owner, if any such Agent shall reside within the Distance of Twelve Miles; and also within Forty eight Hours, go before some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate residing near the Place where such Destruction or Damage shall have taken place as aforesaid, to be examined upon Oath, as to every Matter or Thing relating to the committing of such Destruction and Damage, and his Knowledge thereof, and of all Particulars relating thereto, which may lead to the Discovery of the Offender therein, every such Person shall for every such Neglect, be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor; and every such Offender, being thereof lawfully convicted upon any Indictment or Information, may be punished as in Cases of Misdemeanors, by Fine and Imprisonment, at the Discretion of the Court: in which he shall be convicted; and every Justice of the Peace or Magistrate before whom any such Person shall so go, shall examine such Person upon Oath (which Oath every such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate is lawfully authorized to administer) as to his Knowledge of such Destruction or Damage, and of the Person committing the same, or of any Particulars which may lead to the Detection of the Offender therein; and shall also show the Owner of the Frame, Machine or Engine, Tool, Instrument or Utensil, as aforesaid, or Agent if present, to put any Question upon Oath to such Person for the Discovery of the Offender; and if such Owner or Agent shall not have had sufficient Notice to be present when such Person came before the Justice or Magistrate for Examination as aforesaid, such Justice of the Peace

of Beams Sugar published in London Gazette

All may be altered, &c.

of 20. 3. 12.

Carving on the Beams of Framework knitted Pieces, or Machines used in Manufacture.

Death.

Persons whose House or Custody or Possession any Framework knitted Piece, Machine, or Engine destroyed or damaged, or who shall not give Notice as above directed.

Misdemeanor.

or Magistrate shall, if required by the Owner or Agent aforesaid, or if such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate shall deem it necessary, although no such Request shall be made, again call such Person before him for Examination by the Owner or Agent aforesaid; and every such Person who shall neglect or refuse (upon being lawfully) to appear again before such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, and be again examined as aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and punished as in cases of Misdemeanors, at the Discretion of the Court in which he or she shall be convicted.

Misdemeanors.

Perjury.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person examined by or before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate under this Act as aforesaid, shall wilfully or corruptly swear any Matter or Thing which shall be false or untrue; or if any Person shall suborn or procure any Person to commit Perjury in any such Examination, every such Person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be and is hereby declared to be subject and liable to the like Pains and Penalties as are by Law inflicted upon Persons committing Perjury, or guilty of Subornation of Perjury.

An Act may be printed.

Continuance of Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall remain in full force until the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and no longer.

C A P. XVII.

An Act for the more effectual Preservation of the Peace, by enforcing the Duties of Watching and Warding, until the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in Places where Disturbances prevail or are apprehended. [20th March 1812.]

WHEREAS considerable Numbers of disorderly Persons have for some time past assembled themselves together, on different Occasions, in a riotous and tumultuous manner, in several Parts of the County of Nottingham, and in the Town and County of the Town of Nottingham, and in the adjoining Counties, and have had Recourse to Measures of Force and Violence, and have actually committed various Acts of Outrage in different Parts of the said Counties, whereby the Property of many of His Majesty's Subjects has in several Instances been wholly destroyed, and their Lives and Properties are still endangered; and whereas the giving more prompt Means, and more effectual Powers for enforcing the Duties of watching in the Night-time, and warding in the Day time, will tend to the Preservation of the Peace, and to the Protection of the Persons and Properties of the Inhabitants of the said Counties, and of any other Counties in which similar Outrages may be committed: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Chief Justice, or in his Absence the Sheriff, or any Two Justices of the Peace sitting in and for any County in that Part of the United Kingdom called England, may, from time to time, and as often as Occasion shall require, in case any Disturbances or Offences against the Peace prevailing or being apprehended within the County, shall in his or their Opinion render the Execution of this Act advisable and necessary, by Order under his or their Hands and Seals respectively, direct the Clerk of the Peace sitting for the County, or his lawful Deputy, to convene and assemble a Special General Session of the Justices of the Peace sitting in and for the County, by Notice given in some Newspaper circulating in the County, and put up upon the Church Doors and conspicuous Places of the Market Places, if any, of the several Parishes, Towns and Places in which such Disturbances shall be or are apprehended, Two Days at the least before the time fixed for the Meeting, to take into Consideration, and to determine upon the Expediency of carrying into Effect all or any of the Powers and Provisions of this Act; and the Justice so assembled may adjourn the said Special General Session, and so from time to time as Occasion may require.

Chief Justice, or Sheriff, or Justice, to convene a Special General Session for Execution of Act.

Justice in Special General Session to appoint and declare the State of the Peace in the County, and Expediency of executing Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That in case it shall appear to the Justices of the Peace at any such Special General Session so assembled as aforesaid, that Disturbances prevail or are apprehended in the County, within any Parish, Township or Place, situated within their respective Jurisdictions, and that the ordinary Officers appointed for preserving the Peace are not sufficient for the Protection of the Inhabitants and Security of the Property being or lying in the Parish, Township or Place where such Disturbances prevail or are apprehended, then and in any such case it shall be lawful for the said Justices, not being less than Five, and they are hereby empowered to adjudge and declare, that the Officers ordinarily appointed are insufficient for the Preservation of the Peace, and for the Protection of the Inhabitants, and the Security of the Property being or lying in any such Parish, Township or Place; and that every Man residing within any such Parish, Township or Place, above the Age of sixteen Years, and charged or assessed to the Rate for the Relief of the Poor therein, shall be subject and liable to the Duties of watching by Night and warding by Day, according to the Provisions of this Act; and thereupon to subscribe and order the Powers and Provisions of this Act to be carried into Execution within every or any such Parish, Township or Place, and forthwith to give Notice of such their Adjournment and Orders to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, and Notice of such Adjournment shall also be published by the Clerk of the Peace in some one or more Newspaper or Newspapers usually circulating in the County.

Justices to subscribe Warrants, and so make Commissions to them.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace sitting in and for any such County, by Summons under his Hand and Seal, to cause to come before any such Special General Session so assembled as aforesaid, any Person or Persons whomsoever, to give Evidence and to be examined concerning any Matters relating to the Execution of this Act; and the Justice at every such Special General Session are hereby authorized and empowered to order the Treasurer of the County to pay out of the County Rates to every Person

Person

Perfus to be summoned or required to give Evidence as aforesaid, such Sum or Sums of Money as by the Justices at their said Special General Sessions may be adjudged to be a proper and reasonable Compensation for his, her or their Loss of Time, Trouble and Expenses; and if any Person be summoned as aforesaid, if it ought to be refused to appear at the time appointed by such Sessions, and no just or reasonable Excuse shall be made, or sufficient Cause alleged for such Absence; or if any Person appearing upon any such Sessions shall refuse to be examined upon Oath, it shall be lawful for the Justices present at such Special General Sessions, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of any Two of them, to commit any such Person for neglecting or refusing to appear, or refusing to be examined, to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of the County, for any time not exceeding Three Months.

Imprisonment

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Justices in each Special General Sessions shall order Notices of such their Adjournments to be given by the respective Chief Constables to the several Constables of every Parish, Township or Place in which the Powers and Provisions of this Act are required to be enforced by any such Act or Statute as aforesaid, and to the Special Constables, if any shall have been appointed under this Act, and to the Precincts regarding from the said Constables, within such time as shall be required by the Justices, not exceeding Three Days after such Notice, a List and true List of the Names, Occupations and Ages of all the Men above and under the said Years dwelling within their respective Parishes, Townships or Places, above the Age of Seventeen Years, and who are charged or subject to the Rates made for the Relief of the Poor therein, and to return the same to the said Justices, or to any Two of them, attested in such Special or Petty Sessions as shall or may be appointed to be held for receiving the same.

Justices in Special General Sessions to order Notices to be given by Chief Constables to require Lists to be made by the said Special Constables, or Men above the Age of 17 Years paying Poor Rates, to be returned to the said Justices: Constables to deliver Copies of Lists to the said Justices and to the said Special Constables, and to the said Men above the Age of 17 Years.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for every Constable required to return or still in the making making such List as aforesaid, to demand from the respective Overseer or Overseers of the Poor of every such respective Parish, Township or Place, a true Copy of the Assessment laid made for the Relief of the Poor therein, or the Imprest and Use of such Assessment, for making a Copy or Copies of the same, or any Part thereof, or Extracts thereof; and in case any such Overseer or Overseers shall neglect or refuse, by the Space of Twenty four Hours, to deliver such Copy of the said Assessment, if the same shall be demanded, or shall refuse the Imprest and Use of such Assessment, he or they shall forfeit a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds for every such Offence.

Constables to make true Lists of Persons liable, and to give Notice to Overseers requiring Time and Place of Appeal.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every such Constable shall, and he is hereby required, within such Time as shall be prescribed by the said Justices, to make out a true List of every Man within the Parish, Township or Place, or any Part thereof, for which he shall be required to make out such List, above the Age of Seventeen Years, and rated as aforesaid, and shall to every such Person deliver a Notice according to the Form contained in the Schedule hereto annexed, marked [A], specifying that he is liable as contained in such List, and mentioning the Time and Place appointed by the Justices for hearing Appeals by Persons claiming to be exempt from the Duties required or ordained by this Act.

Justices may require Attendance of Overseers, and a Return of Lists.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Justices of the Peace, or any Two of them, may from time to time give their Order under their Hands and Seals, requiring the Attendance of any Constable at their Office of any such Parish, Township or Place, at such Time and Place within the said County, as shall in such Order be expressed; and if any such Constable or Officers shall without sufficient Excuse neglect to appear according to such Order, or to return any List which shall have been taken by him under this Act, or shall in making such Return be guilty of any Fraud or wilful Partiality or gross Neglect, he shall, for every such Offence, be liable to forfeit a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings.

Justices may require a List in Duplicate, &c.

VIII. And be it enacted, That if any such List of any Parish, Township or Place, be lost or destroyed, any Two Justices of the Peace for the County within which any such Parish, Township, or Place is situated, may at any Special or Petty Sessions, order and cause a new List to be made and returned to them as aforesaid, at such time as they may appear.

Constables to notify Returns on Oath, and to attend Lists, and to give notice of warning and warding.

IX. And be it enacted, That the Constables who shall have made any such Lists, shall severally attend and verify the said Returns on Oath, on each Day and at such Place as may be appointed; and the said Justices at any Special or Petty Sessions held for receiving this Act into Execution, or any Two or more of them, shall, after hearing any Appeals or Claims of Exemption, direct such Lists to be attended as the same may require, and shall also direct the Names of all Persons omitted to be inserted; and after attending the said Lists, shall appoint such Number of Watchmen to be liable to undertake and execute the said Duties of watching and warding, as the said Justices shall think necessary to keep Watch in every such Parish, Township or Place, every Night from Six o'clock until Six o'clock, and also to keep Watch during the Day time, if and in their Judgment shall require (reasonable regard being had to the Extent and Population of the said Parish, Township or Place); and shall also determine, make, and arrange, the Order, Rotation and Turn, in which every Person is liable to the Duty of watching and warding, shall undertake and perform the same, and regulate the manner in which the said Duty shall be performed.

Where it shall be necessary to appoint a greater Number of Persons than the Four Rates in any Parish, to perform the said watching and warding, Justices to appoint what Lists.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace, in any case in which it shall appear to them that the Number of Persons rated to the Poor Rates in any Parish, Township or Place, is not sufficient for the Duty of watching and warding under this Act, to require any other Lists, and appoint any such Number of other Persons as may appear to them to be necessary to perform the Duty of watching and warding under the Provisions of this Act; who shall be thereupon liable to perform their Duty, and subject to all the Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Faculties, Privileges and Provisions of this Act, as if they had been returned in the Lists of the Persons rated to the Poor; and it shall be lawful for the said Justices to allow to such Persons such Compensation for their Services as may appear to them to be reasonable and proper to be paid in like manner as any Compensation to Persons watching and warding is directed by this Act to be paid.

Appel.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person whose Name shall be inserted in any such List or Lists as aforesaid, shall think himself aggrieved thereby, or by the Omission of any other Names, or shall claim to be exempted from serving, he may make Appel to the Special or Petty Sessions appointed for hearing such Appel; and that the Justices of the Peace then and there present, or any Two or more of them, may hear and determine the same; and in case the same Appeals cannot be heard on the Day appointed, they may adjourn to any other Day or Days.

Special Sessions to appoint Constables, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Watchmen, and Ward.

XII. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Justices, at any Special or Petty Sessions, to appoint such Number, and of such Persons, whether rated or not, in the Parish or Place, or not, as to them shall appear fit and proper, to be designated Special Constables, who, in conjunction with or independent of the Constables for the time being, or One or more of them, according to the Order of the said Justices, shall direct, regulate and manage, from time to time, all Persons engaged or employed in keeping Watch or Ward: Provided always, that the said Special Constables, and all the said Persons so engaged or employed in watching or in warding, shall be subject to the general Superintendance and Control of the Civil Constable in and for the Hundred or Division in which each of the said Parishes, Townships or Places is respectively situate; provided that no Person, not resident in the Parish or Place for which he shall be so appointed a Special Constable, shall be obliged to serve as such against his Consent.

Justice of the Peace, or Sheriff, may direct an Act to be put in Execution in any Part of the County.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if it shall appear to the *Custos Rotulorum*, or Sheriff or Justice aforesaid, who shall direct the choosing and appointing of any Special General Sessions as aforesaid, that the Circumstances under which they convene such Sessions, make it advisable that watching and warding should be enforced with as little Delay as possible, if the Justices assembled at the Special General Sessions should deem the Execution of the Act necessary, it shall be lawful for such *Custos Rotulorum*, or Sheriff or Justice, to give Notice to the Constables, and appoint other Special Constables, and require Lists, and hear Appeals, and do all such Acts, Matters and Things, and use and exercise all Powers and Authorities for the completing of every Act, Matter and Thing necessary, for the more speedy Execution of the Act, if the Special General Sessions shall upon assembling deem it necessary to put the Provisions thereof in force; and all the Provisions, Ordinances and Regulations in this Act, shall be applied for the enforcing such Directions of the *Custos Rotulorum*, Sheriff, or Justice aforesaid, as if the Special General Sessions had assented the Act to be carried into Execution; and in the case aforesaid, it shall be lawful for any Two of the said Justices to appoint Special Constables for the Purpose of watching and warding; and also to appoint any other Persons who may be willing to undertake the said Duty, until the Determination of the Special General Sessions shall be known; and to direct the Payment to such Constables and Persons respectively, of Compensation in manner directed by this Act, as if the Provisions thereof were in force under the Administration of the Special General Sessions.

Chief Constable to visit and enquire into Special Sessions.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Chief Constable of every Hundred or Division shall, once at least in every Week, or as often as the said Justices shall direct, visit every Parish, Township or Place, in which Watch and Ward shall be served as under the Provisions of this Act; and shall diligently enquire respecting the manner in which the said Duties of watching and warding have been carried out Effect within the said several Parishes, Townships or Places, and shall make and deliver a faithful Report of the same, and of all Matters relating to the Performance of the Peace, or Writing, to the Justices at their respective Special or Petty Sessions.

Refusing to watch or ward.

XV. And be it enacted, That if any Person is appointed to watch or to ward, shall neglect or refuse to appear at such Time and Place as shall be appointed by the Constable or Special Constable or Constables of the Parish, Township or Place, for the Performance of the said Duties, or either of them, or shall neglect or refuse to proceed according to the Directions and Orders of the Constable, or of the Special Constable or Constables of any such Parish, Township or Place, in the regular and peaceful Performance of the said Duty, every such Person is neglecting or refusing, who shall not prove to the Satisfaction of the Magistrate that he was prevented by Illness, or such other unavoidable Accident as shall in the Judgment of the Justices be a sufficient Excuse, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings for every such Neglect or Refusal: Provided nevertheless, that the said Justice of the Peace, or any Two of them, at the said Special or Petty Sessions, may exempt and discharge from the Duty of watching or warding any Man exceeding the Age of Fifty Years, and not occupying Lands or Tenements of the yearly Value of Twenty Pounds.

Penalty.

Provision for Persons above Fifty Years of Age, not occupying and a Year's Imprisonment, or by Peace Sessions or Civil Constables.

XVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Person, who shall have served a sufficient Habitude, as he approved by the said Justices at the said Special or Petty Sessions, or by the Chief Constable of the Hundred or Division in which the said Parish, Township or Place shall be situate, and who shall have inserted the Name, Age, Occupation, and Place of Abode of such Habitude in the Book of the Constable, or his lawful Deputy, within the said Parish, Township or Place, shall be liable to any such Forfeiture; but that every such Habitude, so appearing and so being recorded, shall be subject to the same Duties and Authorities, and also to the same Penalties for neglecting or refusing to execute the same, or any such Authority, so if he had been personally subject to keep Watch and Ward, which he shall give Notice in Writing of his Intention to withdraw his Service as a Habitude, both to the said Constable and his said Employer, at least Two Days before the time when the Services of the said Habitude would become necessary, according to the Return or Surrender established within the said Parish, Township or Place.

Constables, in the Execution of their Duties, may require necessary Arms, &c. by

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Constables of Parishes, Townships or Places, shall, at the Expense of the same, provide Rattles, Staves, Lighters, and such Weapons, Arms, and Accoutrements, as the said Justices shall at their said Special or Petty Sessions direct, for the Use of every Person so keeping Watch or Ward; and such Arms and Articles to be delivered to every Person who shall undertake the said Duty of watching and warding, and to be returned by every such Person to the Special or other Constable of the

Watch, as soon as any such Person shall come to be engaged or employed in the said Duties of watching or warding; and shall also provide, at the like Expense of the said Parishes, Townships or Places, such Watch Hoods or Watch Hooks, or other Accommodations and Conveniences as the said Justices shall in like manner advise necessary or expedient; and all such Expenses shall be paid out of the Poor Rates of each Parish or Township, or if more Parishes or Townships than One, out of the Poor Rates of the several Parishes or Townships, and shall be raised and contributed in such Proportions as shall be settled by the Justices at Special or Petty Sessions; which nevertheless to Receive, and any such Allowance as may appear to be proper by the Justices assembled at the next or any subsequent Special General Sessions, in case any Parish shall think the Proportions are not properly regulated by the Justices at such Special or Petty Sessions.

The Duty of Special Sessions.

XVIII. And be it enacted, That every Person so appointed to watch or to ward, shall, during his respective time of watching or warding, to the utmost of his Power, endeavor to prevent all Murders, Burglaries, Robberies, Affrays, and all Felonies, Outrages, and Disturbances; and for that End, each and every of them is hereby authorized and empowered to arrest and apprehend all Nightwalkers, Malefactors, Rogues, Vagrants, and other loose, idle, disorderly and seditious Persons, who shall be found within the Precincts or any Part of his said Parish, Township or Place, and to deliver the Person or Persons so apprehended, as soon as conveniently may be, to the Constable, or to some One of the Special Constables for the said Parish, Township or Place, at the Watch House, or if there be no Watch House, at such other House or Place of Security as may be appointed for the Reception and Detention of such seditious Persons or Offenders by the Constable of the said Parish, Township or Place, until he, he or they can be constantly carried before some or One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace sitting for the County in which such Parish, Township or Place is situated.

The Duty of Persons engaged to watch and ward.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in case any One or more of the Persons keeping Watch or Ward within any Parish, Township or Place, shall want any Assistance to enable him or them so to perform any Part of the Duty hereby required to be done by him or them, then and in every such case any other of the Persons keeping Watch or Ward in the same or any adjoining Parish, Township or Place, having Knowledge or Notice thereof by the Banns, or by other Signal, Outcry, or otherwise, shall and may, and is hereby required immediately to repair to and assist, by the best ways and means in his or their Power, and as the case may require; but that no Person, during the time of keeping Watch or Ward as aforesaid, shall absent himself from his particular Stand or Walk, without the Consent and Direction either of the Constable or the Special Constable of the Night, unless on some such Occasion or Occasions as is or are above expressed, or for the Suppression of some Disorder of which he shall be an Eye or Ear Witness on some adjoining Stand or Walk, in the Absence of the Person keeping Watch or Ward on the said adjoining Walk or Stand, nor longer on any of the said Occasions than the Necessity of the case may require.

Watchmen to assist each in apprehending Disturbances.

XX. And be it further enacted, That every Constable or Special Constable so intrusted as aforesaid with the Direction, Regulation and Management of such Persons as may be required to perform the Duties of watching or warding shall respectively on every Night of such watching, and on every Day of such warding, diligently observe and examine the Behaviour and Conduct of every Person so engaged or employed under him in watching or warding; and shall enter in a Book to be kept for this Purpose the Name of every such Person, with the Hours of his Attendance, and with Remarks upon his Conduct, specifying whether he has been attentive and diligent, or disobedient and remiss in the Duty of watching or warding; and such Constable or Special Constable shall, once in every Week, or oftener if required, deliver such Book, containing such Report, and such other Observations as may arise in the Discharge of his Duty, to the Chief Constable of the Hundred or Division in which such Parish, Township or Place is situated, or to such Person as the said Justices in such Special or Petty Sessions shall appoint to receive the same.

Constables to report the Conduct of Persons watching or warding.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the Magistrates of any City, Borough, Town or Place, having exclusive Jurisdiction as Justices of the Peace for the Preservation thereof within their respective Cities, Boroughs, Towns or Places, shall have full Power and Authority to every the said Act into Execution within the Limits of their respective Jurisdictions; and it shall be lawful for any Two Magistrates to make any Advertisement or Order, or do any Act, Matter or Thing for which any greater Number of Justices is required by the Provisions of the said Act, as in any County; and it shall be lawful for the Town Clerk of any such City, Borough, Town or Place, or if there shall be any such Officer therein, or if there shall be no such Officer, for any Person appointed by the Magistrates in that Behalf, to give any Notice required to be given by the Clerk of the Peace, for assembling any Special General Sessions; and all the Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Penalties and Forfeitures in this Act contained and enacted as to any Cities, and Justices sitting in any Counties, and as to carrying this Act into Execution within any County, shall extend and be construed to extend to all Cities, Boroughs, Towns and Places, the Magistrates whereof have exclusive Jurisdiction as Justices of the Peace, so fully and effectually as if all such Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Penalties and Forfeitures were severally and separately re-enacted as to such Cities, Boroughs, Towns and Places.

Magistrates in Cities, &c. have exclusive Jurisdiction and execute the said Act within their respective Jurisdictions.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in every case in which the Expenses attending the Police or Preservation of the Peace in any City, Borough, Town or Place within any County, shall have been paid out of any Rate or Assessment made in such City, Borough, Town or Place, distinct from any Rate levied in the County, although the Magistrates in such City, Borough, Town or Place, shall not have any exclusive Jurisdiction as Justices of the Peace, it shall be lawful for the Magistrates and Justices of the Peace within such City, Borough, Town or Place, to carry the said Act into Execution within such City, Borough, Town or Place, and to require the Payment of all Expenses arising thereunto, separate and distinct from the County within which such City, Borough, Town or Place shall be situated; and as a City,

Cities, &c. having a Police may continue to execute the Act in such Cities, and shall not be liable to a County Rate.

Borough,

Borough, Town or Place, or Parish therein, in which any such Rate or Assessment shall have been raised or levied for the carrying this Act into Execution, or in which the Expense of carrying this Act into Execution shall have been paid out of the Poor or other Rates raised in the Parishes of such City, Borough, Town or Place, shall be liable to contribute to the making of any Rate for the County, at large, for the carrying this Act into Execution, nor shall any such Rate be levied in any Parish or Part of any such City, Borough, Town or Place, beyond the local Limits within the Jurisdiction of the Watch and Ward shall be performed under the Provisions of this Act; any thing in this Act, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Power to give and to receive, and to be liable to give, and to receive, as

Provision of a Bill to amend the Statute in Relation to the Jurisdiction of the Justices of the Peace.

Magistrate to be liable to receive and to give, as

Constable to be liable to receive and to give, as

Compensation to be given to Special Constables for and every Person watching

Perish

Magistrates to be liable to receive and to give, as

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Powers, Authorities and Duties, Provisions, Clauses, Regulations, Particulars and Provisions in this Act contained, in relation to Constables, shall stand and be confirmed to extend to every Headborough, Burfilden, Tythingman or other Officer performing the Duty of Constable, by whatever Name such Officer may be called, as if by as if every such Officer was reported in the General Clauses relating to Constables in this Act.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That all the Provisions in this Act contained, in relation to any County, shall extend to any Riding or Division within or for which separate General or Quarter Sessions are held, and it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace in any County, City, Borough, Town or Place, to add any Extra-parochial Place to any Parish for the Purposes of this Act, and all the Provisions in this Act contained in relation to Parishes shall extend to all Townships or other Divisions of Parishes, and to all Extra-parochial Places added to any Parishes for the Purposes of this Act, as fully and effectually, as if all the Parishes, Churches, Parishes, Authorities, Regulations, Provisions and Particulars in this Act contained had been severally and separately enacted, so as to such Townships, Divisions of Parishes, or Extra-parochial Places; and all Constables and Special Constables, and other Officers performing the Duties and having the Authority of Constables, shall have full Power and Authority in any such Extra-parochial Place; and where there shall be no Rate levied in any such Extra-parochial Place, either for the Payment of any Taxes or of Poor, or for the Provision of the Peace, or for the Relief of the Poor, out of which any of the Expenses of getting this Act into Execution can be paid, it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace to cause Rates to be made and levied in such Extra-parochial Place for the Payment of such Expenses, so that such Extra-parochial Place shall bear their fair Proportion of Expense with the Parishes or Divisions in which they shall be added; and all Constables and others required to make and collect such Rates shall have full Power and Authority for the making and collecting, raising, levying and collecting the same as the Overseers of the Poor have by Law for the making and levying any Rate for the Relief of the Poor, as if all such Powers and Authorities, and Provisions and Particulars in any Neglect, were specially enacted in this Act as to such Rates.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Constable or Special Constable, in any case in which any Person offending against this Act shall upon Parole escape out of the Jurisdiction of such Constable upon such Parole to apprehend such Offender at any Place, although out of his Jurisdiction, and do all Acts, Matters and Things, and execute all such Authorities, and enjoy all such Privileges in relation to the Apprehension and Arrest of any such Offender, as if he had been taken and apprehended within the Jurisdiction of such Constable.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That every Person watching or standing in the Capacity of such Special Constable, shall for every Night and for every Day during which he shall be so engaged, be entitled to receive such Compensation or Allowances as the Justices of the Peace, at any Special General Sessions to be held as before mentioned, shall direct, for every Night and for every Day; and every other Person engaged in so watching or standing, shall (if his Jurisdiction shall have been granted to the Constable or Special Constable of the Watch of that Parish in which he resides) be entitled to receive such Sum as the Justices at the said Special General Sessions shall direct, for every Night and for every Day, which he shall be so employed; to be paid forthwith by the Constable of the said Parish, and regard to the said Constable by the Overseer of the Poor of the said Parish, or being entered in a Book by such Constable, and delivered to such Overseer of the Poor, after having been verified upon Oath before any One Justice of the Peace for the said respective Counties, and entered in Writing by such Justice, as having been so verified upon Oath, and as having been examined and allowed by the said Justice; Provided always, that any Person from whom any such Compensation for watching or standing shall have been so withheld by any Constable, may appeal to any Justice of the Peace for the County in which such Complaint arose, whose Decisions concerning the same shall be conclusive on all Parties.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Magistrates or Justices of the Peace in any County, City, Borough, Town or Place, in which any Disturbances shall be committed by the Peaceful or be apprehended, and in which any Number of Persons shall, with the Approbation of the Majority of such Magistrates assembled at any Special General Sessions of the Peace within such County, City, Borough, Town or Place, have voluntarily assembled for the Purpose of watching and warding, and shall watch and ward under such Regulations as shall be approved of by such Magistrates or Justices, to allow to the Persons so watching and warding, (although such Watch and Ward shall not be warranted under the Provisions of this Act) such Compensation for their Time as shall appear to such Magistrates to be reasonable and proper, out of any Rate or Assessment levied in such County, City, Borough, Town or Place, for the Relief of the Poor, or out of the Poor or other Rates of the several or any of the Parishes or of, in such Proportions as shall appear to them under the Circumstances to be proper; and if any such case it shall be lawful for the Persons authorized to raise and levy such Rates, to raise any Sum or Sums of Money necessary for paying such Compensation as aforesaid, by all such Powers, Authorities and Provisions, and under such Particulars and Provisions as Neglect or Refusal to pay any such additional Rate or Assessment, as they are by any Act or Acts of Parli-

rent, or Law or Lawful Demand to use, execute and put in force for raising the Rates out of which such Contributions are by this Act made payable; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall assault or resist any Person watching or warding, within the Execution of his Office, or shall provoke or encourage the same, every such Person, for every such Offence shall, upon Conviction before a Magistrate, forfeit and pay out of his own and exceeding Twenty Pounds; and shall be also liable to such other Punishment upon Conviction, as any Justices or Information, for such Offence, as any Person are liable to for assaulting a Peaceable in the Execution of the Duties of his Office.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Visitor or Keeper of any Public House shall knowingly harbour or entertain or permit any Person to be engaged in watching or warding, to abide or remain in his House drinking or topling during the Hours and Times directed by watching or warding, every such Visitor or Keeper of a Public House shall for the First Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Shillings; and for the Second Offence the Sum of Five Pounds; and for the Third and every Subsequent Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XXX. And whereas there is disposed and suspected Persons resort to Towns and Villages, and frequent Places in which they have no fixed or permanent Residence, with Intentions to seduce others to join in Disturbances against the Peace, or to aid and abet such Disturbances in other Counties and Places; and although their evil Purposes are sufficiently manifested, Justices of the Peace have an effectual means of removing them: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace, upon Information upon Oath by any Constable, or other credible Witness, that any Person or being an Householder in the Place, and not being legally settled therein, or a Native thereof, is in the Belief of such Constable, or other credible Witness, upon his Oath, dangerous to the Peace of the Place where he is resorting, or that he is endeavouring to seduce others to aid and abet Disturbances therein, or in other Places, to issue a Warrant to apprehend such Person, and to cause such Person to come before them, and to remove such Person upon Oath as to the Parish or Place where he was last legally settled, and the Place or Places where he has resided for some time past, and as to his means of Livelihood, and his Occupations and Employment, and Mode of living, and Reason for resorting to the Place where he is so found; and the Substance of such Examination shall be reduced to Writing, and signed by such Justices, and by the Person so examined, and shall be transmitted to the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County, there to be filed and kept of Record; and if such Person shall not be able to give a satisfactory Account of himself, and of his Way of living, and of his Reason for resorting to the Place where he shall have been at the Time of such Information of such Constable or other credible Witness as aforesaid, and it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the said Justices, upon any such Examination, or upon the Examination upon Oath of the Constable or other credible Witness (which Oath the said Justices are hereby authorized to administer), that there is just Ground to believe that the Person so apprehended is engaged in Practices dangerous to the public Peace, then and in such case it shall be lawful for the said Justices to order such Person forthwith to remove, or if he shall refuse to obey such Order, to remove such Person to the Place of his legal Settlement, if the same can be ascertained, or if not, to the Place where he shall have last resided, in like manner as any Vagrant may now by Law be removed; and if such Person shall, after any such Order to remove to his Place of Settlement or Residence, or Removal to such Place as aforesaid, return to the Place from which he shall have been so sent or removed as aforesaid, without showing sufficient Cause, to be approved of by the said Justices; or if such Person shall upon his Examination refuse to answer, or if the Account which he has given of himself shall prove to be false, it shall be lawful for any Two Justices to adjudge such Person to be a Rogue and Vagabond, within the Intent and Meaning of the Statute made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act to amend and make more effectual the Laws relating to Rogues, Vagabonds, and other ill disposed and disorderly Persons, and the Ways of Correction.*

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace, to require the Constables in any Parish or Place to make out and deliver to them, within such time as shall be required by such Justices, and as often as the said Justices shall deem the same to be necessary, just and true Lists of all Persons usually residing or then being within the Parish in which the List shall be required, where the Age of Females; and for the Purpose of making such Lists, it shall be lawful for any such Constable to demand from each Householder within the Parish a true List or Account of the Children and Servants of every Person then in the House of such Householder above the Age of Fourteen Years; and every Person who shall neglect or refuse, on the Case being demanded, to give such List or Account to the Constable, or who shall knowingly give any false Account, shall forfeit for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and every Constable who shall neglect or refuse to make out and deliver such List to the Justices who shall demand the same, shall forfeit for any such Offence any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person shall think himself aggrieved by the Judgment of such Justices as aforesaid, such Person may appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the County or Place wherein the Cause of Complaint shall have arisen, such Person, at the time of such Judgment entering into a Recognizance personally to appear at the said Sessions to try such Appeal, and to abide the further Judgment of the Justices at such Sessions assembled: Provided always, that such Appeal shall not have the Effect of preventing in the mean time the Execution of the Judgment of the said Justices, unless the Party appealing shall procure Two sufficient Sureties, being Householdors of the Parish in which he was apprehended, who shall enter into a Recognizance to

Appel. Person watching.

Peace.

Visited
allowing
Wardens.

Peace.

Justice may
move Person
apprehended to be
discharged.

27 G. 2. c. 2.

Constables to
make out Lists
of Persons
usually the Age
of 14.

Peace.

Appel.

Recognizance
such

such Amount as the said Magistrates shall approve to prosecute such Appeal, and for the good Discharge of such Petition and the satisfaction of the said Appeal.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That any Petition or Petitioners guilty of any Offence for which any pecuniary Penalty or Forfeiture shall or may be incurred by this Act, shall and may be convicted thereof by Informations upon the Oath of any One credible Witness, by any One or more Justices of the Peace sitting as Justices of the Peace for the County wherein such Offence shall be committed; and that all and every the pecuniary Penalties or Forfeitures which shall be incurred or become payable for any Offence or Offences against this Act, shall and may be levied by Distress under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County in which any such Offence or Offences was or were committed, or where the Forfeiture or Penalties were or were incurred; and shall, when levied, be paid, One Month to the Informers, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish in which the Offence was committed; and in case of no sufficient Distress whereby to levy the Penalties, or any or either of them, imposed by this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any such Justice or Justices respectively, before whom the Offence or Offences shall be committed, to commit such Offender to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, to hard Labour, for such time not exceeding Three Months, as the said Justice or Justices in his or their Discretion shall think fit.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Justice or Justices before whom any Petition or Petitioners shall be convicted in manner prescribed by this Act, shall cause every such respective Conviction to be drawn up in the Form or to the Effect specified in the Schedule to this Act, and marked (B); and the said Justice or Justices, before whom such Convictions shall be had or made, shall cause the same to drawn up in Form aforesaid, to be fairly written on Parchment, and transmitted to the next General Quarter Sessions, to be kept among the Records of the said Court: And in case any Petition or Petitioners shall hereafter be convicted of any of the Offences punishable by this Act, shall receive him, her or themselves to be aggrieved by such Conviction, then and in every such case, it shall and may be lawful for each Petition or Petitioners respectively, and he, she or they shall or may appeal to any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace next holden after such Conviction is had for the said respective Counties, among which the Justice or Justices, before whom such Conviction shall be made, Notice in Writing, within Eight Days after any such Conviction of his, her or their Intention to prefer such Appeal; and the said Justices, in their said General Quarter Sessions, shall and may, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to proceed to the Hearing and final Determination of the Matter of such Appeal, and to make such Order therein, and to award such Costs, to be paid by and to either Party, not exceeding Forty Shillings, as they in their Discretion shall think fit; which final Order shall be binding and conclusive on all Parties; and such Appeal, or the Subject Matter thereof, or any Order therein, shall not be removed by Writ or Writs of Certiorari or otherwise.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace, at any Adjournment of their said Special General Sessions, or at any future General Special Sessions convened or adjourned in like manner as is heretofore accustomed, shall and may, according to their Discretion, suspend or discharge the Powers and Possibilities of this Act, in any or every of the Parishes, Townships or Places, within their respective Jurisdictions; whenever it shall appear to them, upon sufficient Evidence, that the Disturbance of the Peace within any or every of the said Parishes, Townships or Places, shall have actually subsisted or been suggested; and that the Offence evidently appeared for the Prosecution of the Peace are sufficient for that Purpose, as well as for the Protection of the Inhabitants therein, and the Security of the Property lying or being in any or every of the said Parishes, Townships or Places, and shall thereupon give Notice thereof to His Majesty's Secretary of State for the Home Department.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Person who shall be engaged or employed as a Special Constable or Watchman, for the Purposes of this Act, shall thereby gain or acquire a legal Settlement in any Parish, Township or Place; any Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prejudice or in any manner to affect any Jurisdiction, Right or Privilege, Clergy or Curson, of either of the Two Universities of Oxford or Cambridge, but that the several Jurisdictions, Rights, Privileges, Clergy and Customs respectively, shall remain to full Power and Effect; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, that every such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Three Months next after the first committal, and not afterwards, and shall be laid and brought in the County where the Cause or alleged Cause of Action shall have accrued, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence on any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the time was due in performance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to be so done, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought after the time is limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought in any other County, City or Place, than that in which the Cause of Action shall be laid thereupon, and that the time was due in performance and by the Authority of this Act, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall have recovered, or if their Action or Actions, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have and may recover Treble Costs, and have the like Privilege for the same, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs of Suit in other cases by Law.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without specially pleading the same.

XL. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts *As directed.*
to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall remain and continue in force until the First Day of *Continuance of*
March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and no longer. *Act.*

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

Watching and Warding.

TAKE Notice, That your Name is inserted in the List; and Appeals will be heard on the
Day of _____ at _____

A. B.
Custable.

SCHEDULE (B.)

BE it remembered, That on this _____ Day of _____ in the _____ Year of
the Reign of His present Majesty, A. B. of _____ is duly certified before me [or,
we] One of the Justices [or, Two of the Justices] of the Peace for the _____
under an Act passed in the Fifth second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *As Act [here*
before the Title of this Act] for that the said A. B. on _____ at _____
do adjudge that _____
contrary to the said Act: Wherefore, I [or, we] the said _____
Given under _____

C A P. XVIII.

An Act for making perpetual an Act made in the Twelfth Year of His present Majesty, for am-
ending the Manufacture of Leather, by lowering the Duty payable upon the Importation of
Oak Bark, when the Price of such Bark shall exceed a certain Rate. [20th March 1812.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled
An Act for amending the Manufacture of Leather, by lowering the Duty payable upon the Importation
of Oak Bark, when the Price of such Bark shall exceed a certain Rate, for a limited Time; which was to con-
tinue in force for the Term of Five Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament;
and which Act has been by several Acts, passed in the Twenty fourth, Thirtieth, Thirty sixth and Forty
fourth Years of His present Majesty, been continued until the Expirence of the present Session of Parlia-
ment: And whereas the said Act is now expiring, and it is expedient that the same should be made per-
petual, as amended by the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty: Be it therefore
enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual
and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That
the said Act, so continued and amended by the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty, shall
be and the same is hereby made perpetual.

Enacted by
44 G. 3. c. 18
20th March 1812.

C A P. XIX.

An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for granting to His Majesty a Sum of
Money to be raised by Lotteries. [20th March 1812.]

C A P. XX.

An Act to continue several Laws relating to preventing the Importation of Tobacco into Great
Britain from any Place whatever, and to permitting Goods and Commodities to be imported into
and exported from *New Scotia* and *New Brunswick* in any Ship or Vessel, until the Twenty fifth
Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and to the amending an Act for consoli-
dating and extending the several Laws in force for allowing the Importation of certain Goods
and Merchandise into and from certain Ports in the *West Indies*, until the Twenty fifth Day of
March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen. [20th March 1812.]

WHEREAS the Laws heretofore mentioned have by Experience been found useful and beneficial,
and it is expedient that the same should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by the
King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal,
and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made
in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *As Act in force, until the Twenty*
first Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Importation of Tobacco into Great Britain from
any Place whatever, and which was further continued by an Act of the last Session of Parliament until the
Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall, from and after the said Twenty
fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, be, and the same is hereby further continued
until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

49 G. 3. c. 49
continued till
March 25
1812.

40 D. 1. 4. 49
 40 D. 1. 4. 49
 40 D. 1. 4. 49

II. And be it further enacted, That an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to authorize His Majesty to provide, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, any Grants and Commissions to be imposed, levied and exercised from Nova Scotia and New Brunswick in any Ship or Vessel whatsoever, built, from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, he, and the same is hereby further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve.*

30 D. 3. 4. 41
 30 D. 3. 4. 41
 30 D. 3. 4. 41

III. And be it further enacted, That an Act made in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for amending and continuing in amended until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty for establishing and extending the several Loans in force for relieving the Impoverishment and Expenditure of certain Grants and Allowances into and from certain Ports in the West Indies, East, East, and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, he, and the same is hereby further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve.*

C A P. XXX.

An Act to render void and effectual certain Oaths administered to and taken by certain Members of the House of Commons before Deputies of the late Lord Steward of His Majesty's Household, during the Vacancy of the said Office. [20th March 1812.]

17 Geo. 3. 1. 13.
 17 Geo. 3. 1. 13.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament passed in the Fifth Year of His late Majesty King George the Third, intitled *An Act for the Amalgamation of the Queen's Royal Palace over all Estates and Subjects within her Dominions*; and by another Act passed in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King James the First, intitled *An Act for amending the Oath of Allegiance and Acknowledgment of several Powers Religious*; and by another Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of Their late Majesty King William and Queen Mary, intitled *An Act for the amending the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance, and appointing other Oaths*; it is provided and enacted, that every Person who should thereafter be elected or appointed a Knight, Citizen or Burgess, or Baron for any of the Five Ports, for any Parishes therein to be holden, before he shall enter the Parliament House or have any Voice there, equally sworn and pronounce the Oaths required by the said several Acts to be taken before the Lord Steward for the time being or his Deputy or Deputies And whereas Henry Frederick Compton Comyns Esquire, who was on the Eighth Day of February last returned to serve in the present Parliament for the Borough of Derby, did on the Twenty fourth Day of February take the Oaths required by the said Statute before Sir James Graham Barronet, who had been by Commission bearing Date the Twenty second Day of June in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, and in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and seven, under the Seal of His Grace Earl of Aylesford, then Lord Steward of His Majesty's Household, continued, renewed and appointed One of the Deputies of the said Lord Steward, to administer and receive the Oaths required by Law to be taken before the said Lord Steward or his Deputy or Deputies or any One of them: And whereas the Honourable Laurence Dundas Doctor of Civil Law, who was elected on the Fourteenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eleven to serve in this present Parliament for the City of York, did on the Third Day of March last take the said Oaths before Peter Hume Esquire, who was also by the said heretofore mentioned Commission appointed One of the Deputies of the said Lord Steward: And whereas the said Henry Frederick Comyns did on the Nineteenth Day of February last, and before the said Days respectively on which the said Oaths were administered to the said Henry Frederick Comyns Comyns and Laurence Dundas as aforesaid, resign his Office of Lord Steward, as if by such persons the said Sir James Graham and Peter Hume had no Power or Authority to administer or receive the said Oaths: And whereas the said Oaths were administered to the said Henry Frederick Comyns Comyns and Laurence Dundas, and received by the said Sir James Graham and Peter Hume without the Knowledge of the Registrar of the said Lord Steward, and that the Powers and Authorities given by the said Commissions had expired and increased: And whereas the said Henry Frederick Comyns Comyns and Laurence Dundas did thereafter enter into and vote in the House of Commons; and it is expedient that the Oaths so as aforesaid administered to and taken by the said Henry Frederick Comyns Comyns and Laurence Dundas be rendered as void and effectual as if the said Commissions had been then in full force and effect; and that the said Henry Frederick Comyns Comyns and Laurence Dundas should severally and respectively be indemnified against any Penalties, Forfeitures, or Disabilities by Law imposed relative to any such Acts, Matters and Things, as aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Oaths so administered to and taken by the said Henry Frederick Comyns Comyns and Laurence Dundas shall be, and the same are hereby rendered a void and effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Commissions had been in full force and effect at the times of taking the said Oaths by them respectively; and the said Henry Frederick Comyns Comyns and Laurence Dundas shall be, and they are hereby indemnified and freed from all Penalties, Forfeitures or Disabilities, for and in respect of all or any such Acts, Matters or Things, by them done as aforesaid.

The Oaths administered to the Persons herein were administered 1812.

C A P. XXII.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Questions.

WHEREAS the raising or keeping a standing Army within the United Kingdom of Great Britain or of Ireland, in time of Peace, which it be with the Consent of Parliament, is against Law; And whereas it is judged necessary by His Majesty, and this present Parliament, that a Body of Forces should be maintained for the Safety of the United Kingdom, the Defence of the Possessions of His Majesty's Crowns, and that the whole Number of such Forces should consist of Two hundred and forty five thousand one hundred and sixty six effective Officers and Men, including His Majesty's Forces serving on the Sea; And whereas no Man can be lawfully put to Life or Death, or subjected in time of Peace to any Kind of Punishment without this Reason, by Martial Law, or in any other manner than by the Judgment of law; And according to the known and established Laws of this Realm; yet nevertheless, it being requisite for the retaining of all the before-mentioned Forces in their Duty, that as much Discipline be observed, and that Soldiers who shall mutiny or stir up Sedition, or shall desert His Majesty's Service, be brought to a more exemplary and speedy Punishment than the usual Forms of the Law will allow; Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person who is or shall be commissioned or in Pay as an Officer, or who is or shall be held or in Pay as a Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, shall at any time during the Continuance of this Act, begin, execute, or be in any Manner or Sedition in His Majesty's Land or Marine Forces, or shall not use his utmost Endeavours to suppress the same, or, coming to the Knowledge of any Mutiny or intended Mutiny, shall not, without Delay, give Information thereof to his Commanding Officer; or shall make, have made, or shall be in any way actually absent or absent as any Garrison, Detachment, Post or Guard committed to his Charge, or which he shall be commanded to defend; or shall compel the Governor or Commanding Officer of any Citadel, Fortress or Post, or deliver up to the Enemy, or to anybody else the same; or shall speak Words, or use any other means to induce such Governor or Commanding Officer, or others, to subscribe before the Enemy, or to himself, or to anybody else, or to deliver up any Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard committed to their respective Charge, or which he or they shall be commanded to defend; or shall leave his Post before allowed; or shall be found keeping as his Post; or shall hold Correspondence with, or give Advice or Intelligence to any Rebel or Crew of His Majesty's Ship, either by Letter, Message, Signs or Tokens, in any manner or way whatsoever; or shall meet or receive any such Rebel or Enemy, without His Majesty's License, or Leave of the General or Chief Commander; or shall strike or use any Violence against his Superior Officer, being in the Exercise of his Office; or shall disobey any lawful Command of his Superior Officer; or shall desert His Majesty's Service; or shall in any manner or way offend in any of the matters before mentioned, whether such Offence shall be committed within this Realm, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts upon Land, or upon the Sea, shall suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court Martial shall be awarded.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enacted, That no Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier who shall desert His Majesty's Service, shall be exempt from the Pains and Penalties imposed by this Act; so that such Offence by again returning into His Majesty's Service; but any such Soldier shall, notwithstanding such subsequent Indulgence, be deemed to have deserted His Majesty's Service, and shall in like manner suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court Martial shall be awarded.

III. And whereas Doubts have arisen, whether Soldiers, who of Right belong to Corps from which they have deserted, may be proceeded against and tried for deserting any other Corps in which they may afterwards have enlisted, or from His Majesty's Service, if they shall not after such subsequent enlisting have been placed in any Corps, or for any Crime committed by them whilst serving therein? Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every such Soldier shall be liable to be tried by a Court Martial, and punished in like manner as if he had originally enlisted in, and of Right belonged to the Regiment, Corps, Troop, Company, Detachment or Party in which he shall be at the time of any subsequent Desertion, or committing any Offence, notwithstanding it shall have been discovered he knows that he had previously belonged to some other Regiment, Corps, Troop or Company, Detachment or Party, and had not been discharged therefrom: Provided always, that if such Soldier shall be charged by such other Regiment, Corps, Troop or Company, Detachment or Party, and be proceeded against as a Deserter therefrom, his subsequent Desertion from any One or more Corps in which he may have successively enlisted, may (unless he shall already have been tried for the same) be given in Evidence as an Aggravation of his Crime; previous Notice being always given to such Deserter of the Fact or Facts intended to be produced in Evidence upon his Trial.

IV. And be it further enacted and declared, That in the case of any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier tried and convicted of Desertion, whatsoever the Court Martial, which shall pass Sentence upon such Trial, shall not think the Offence deserving of capital Punishment, such Court Martial may, instead of awarding a Capital Punishment, adjudge the Offender, according to the Nature of the Offence, if they shall think fit, to be transported as a Felon, for Life, or for a certain Term of Years; and also, if such Court shall think fit, to be at the Expence of such Term of Years in the Disposal of His Majesty for Service as a Soldier in any of His Majesty's Forces at Home or Abroad for Life, or otherwise, as His Majesty shall think fit; and every such Soldier shall be subject to any Law or Articles of War, for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion;

Number of Lines 24996

Office of Francis Maitland Esq. Secretary of the Admiralty, &c.

Royal Printing Office at the Post, &c. or Printing at the Office of the General Post Office.

Punishment.

Soldiers enlisted in any other Regiment, or detached Detachments.

Desertion subject to be tried by a Court Martial in any Regiment, &c.

Punish.

Deserter transported.

XVIII. And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That all General Courts Martial held under the Authority of this Act, shall consist of Three or Nine Commissioned Officers, as the Case may require; except the first shall be holden upon any Officer, Non Commissioned Officer, or Private Soldier of His Majesty's Forces, which shall be strong in any Place beyond the Seas out of His Majesty's Dominions, or out of any of the Settlements belonging to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, in which Case any General Court Martial may consist of any Number not less than Seven; and except the first shall be holden *in Africa* or *in New South Wales*, in which Places such General Courts Martial may consist of any Number not less than Five; of whom none shall be below the Degree of a Commissioned Officer; nor shall the President of any General Court Martial be the Officer commanding in Chief, or Governor of the Garrison where the Offender shall be tried, nor under the Degree of a Field Officer, unless where a Field Officer cannot be had; nor as any Case whatsoever under the Degree of a Captain.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no General Court Martial, consisting of any less Number than Three Commissioned Officers, in which holden in any Place beyond the Seas out of His Majesty's Dominions, or out of any of the Settlements belonging to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or *in Africa* or *New South Wales* as aforesaid, shall sentence any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier to Loss of Life or Limb, or Transportation.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any such General Courts Martial, by their Sentence or Judgment, to inflict Imprisonment or Corporal Punishment, not extending to Life or Limb, as such Court shall think fit, on any Soldier for Insubordination, Misdemeanour or Neglect of Duty.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any General or other Court Martial to sentence any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier to Imprisonment in any House of Correction, Common Gaol or Public Prison; and all Gaolers and Keepers of such Houses of Correction or Prisons shall receive into their Custody, and keep in Confinement for such time as they shall be respectively required so to do, any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier who may have been sentenced to Imprisonment by any General or other Court Martial, and shall provide a proper Place for the Confinement of any such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, according to the Sentence of such Court during the Period of his Imprisonment, upon receiving an Order in Writing from the Commanding Officer of the Detachment within which such General Court Martial shall have been held, or from the Commanding Officer of any Regiment or Corps to which such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier is tried by any Regimental Court Martial as aforesaid shall belong; and every Gaoler and Keeper of a House of Correction or Prison who shall refuse to receive and to receive any such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier in manner as aforesaid, shall forfeit, for every such Offence, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt or Information for the Use of His Majesty.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That every Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier to be imprisoned as aforesaid, shall forfeit all Right to any Pay from the Day of his Commencement during the time of such Imprisonment; and also, that during the Continuance of any such Imprisonment, the Gaoler or Keeper of such Prison or House of Correction shall receive the Sum of Nine Pence per Diem out of the Subsidies of such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier during the time that such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall continue in Custody, which shall be the Secretary at War is hereby authorized and required to make so be paid to the said Gaoler or Keeper aforesaid, upon receiving an Appliance in Writing signed by any Justice of the Peace or the Clerks or Return to which such Court Martial or House of Correction shall be lawfully bound, together with a Copy of the Order under which the said Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier was sentenced. Provided always, That it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War for the time being, if he should think fit, to order to the said Pay out of the Monies of such Pay as may Passes thereof, or of any Arrears thereof, to or in favour of any such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, during or after the Expiration of the Period of his Imprisonment.

XXV. Provided always and be it further enacted, That in all Trials by General Courts Martial, to be held in virtue of this Act, every Member sitting at such Trial, before any Proceedings be had there upon, shall take the following Oath upon the Holy Evangelists, before the Judge Advocate, or his Deputy (who are hereby authorized to administer the same); that it is his Oath,

‘**Y**OU shall well and truly try and determine, according to your Evidence in the Matter now before you, So help you God.’

‘**I** A. B. do swear, That I will duly administer Justice, according to the Rules and Articles for the better Government of His Majesty's Forces, and according to an Act of Parliament now in force for the Punishment of Mutiny and Disobedience, and other Crimes therein expressed, without Partiality, Favour or Affection; and if any Article shall ever be such as is not explained by the said Articles, or Act of Parliament as aforesaid; or my Conscience, the bill of my Understanding, and the Custom of War in the like cases: And I further swear, That I will not divulge the Sentence of the Court said it shall be approved by His Majesty, or by some Person duly authorized by him; neither will I, upon any Accusation, at any time whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinions of any particular Member of the Court Martial, unless required to give Evidence thereof as a Witness, by a Court of Justice, or a Court Martial, in a due Course of Law.

‘**S**o help me GOD.’

And in form as the said Oaths shall have been administered to the respective Members, the President of the Court is hereby authorized and required to administer to the Judge Advocate, or the Person officiating as such, an Oath in the following Words:

I A. B.

General Court
Martial to be
held in any
Place beyond
the Seas
out of His
Majesty's
Dominions.

General Court
Martial to be
held in any
Place beyond
the Seas
out of His
Majesty's
Dominions.

Imprisoning
any Soldier
for Insubordi-
nation, Mis-
behaviour or
Neglect of
Duty.

Imprisoning
any Soldier
in any House
of Correction,
Gaol or Public
Prison.

Refusing to
receive a
Soldier.

Each Non-
Commissioned
Officer or
Soldier to be
imprisoned
shall receive
Nine Pence
per Diem.

Oath.

Oath of
Administration.

Oath of
Administration
to the
Judge Advocate.

Oath of
Administration
to the
Judge Advocate.

And, and no longer, as if it may be lawful to and for the Constables, Tellingmen, Headboroughs and other Chief Officers and Magistrates of Cities, Towns and Villages, and other Places within England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and, in their District or Alliance, for any One Justice of the Peace inhabiting in or near any such City, Town, Village or Place, and for no others; and such Constables, and other Chief Magistrates as aforesaid, are hereby required to quarter and billet the Officers and Soldiers in His Majesty's Service, and Privateers serving Pay in His Majesty's Army, in Inns, Lodging Houses, Ale-houses, Victualling Houses, and the Houses of Sisters of War by Retail, so be drunk in their own Houses, or Places of resort belonging; other than and except Customs-houses and occupied under the Authority of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Berwick, and other than and except Persons who keep Taverns only, being Licensed of the Company of Victuallers of the City of London, who were admitted to the Freedom before the Fifth Day of July One thousand five hundred and fifty seven, or who have since or shall hereafter be admitted: their Tenants of the said Company, or Rents of Pastures or Appurtenances, notwithstanding; such Persons who keep Taverns only, have taken out Victualling Licences; and all Houses of Publick selling Beer, Ale, Honey Water, Cyder or Meads, by Retail, so be drunk in Houses, other than and except the Houses or Houses of any Distillers, who keep Houses or Places for distilling Beery and Strong Waters, and the Houses of any Shopkeepers who sell or retail: there shall be none in other Goods and Merchandises than in Beer and Honey Water, (so as such Distillers and Shopkeepers do not permit or suffer Tipping to be or their Houses) and so as other, and in no private Houses whatsoever; nor shall any more Billets at any time be ordered than there are sufficient lodgings proper to be quartered, of which Billets when made out by such Chief Magistrates or Constables, shall be delivered out to the Head of the Corresponding Officers aforesaid: And if any Constable, Tellingman, or such like Officer or Magistrate, as aforesaid, shall presume to quarter or billet any such Officer or Soldier in any such private House, without the Consent of the Owner or Occupier, in such case such Owner or Occupier shall have his or their Remedies at Law against such Magistrate or Officer, for the Damage and Loss such Owner or Occupier shall therein suffer: And if any Military Officer shall take upon him to quarter Soldiers otherwise than as is herein directed in this Act, or shall sell or offer any Morses or Carriages, or to or upon any Messes, Cook-houses, or other Civil Officers before mentioned, tending to deter and discourage any of them from performing any Part of their Duty hereby required or appointed; such Military Officer shall, for every such Offence, (being thereof convicted) be fined any Two or more of the Tithes of the Parishes of the County, by the Clerk of the Peace to be assessed, to be divided and taken to be paid, as follows, and shall be utterly disabled to take or hold any Military Employment within the Kingdom, or in His Majesty's Service; provided the said Constable or Constables at the next Quarter Session of the Peace of the said County; and a Certificate thereof be transmitted to the Judge of Assize in London, who is hereby obliged to certify the same to the Comptroller in Chief and Receiver of War: A full and sole Power is also hereby given, in that such Constable, Tellingman or Headborough, Chief Officer or Magistrate, (such Chief Officer or Magistrate not being a Justice of the Peace,) his or their Clerk or his Clerk, or his or her greater Number of Soldiers than he or she is lawfully permitted to be his Neighbourhood, and shall certify them to One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the District, County or Liberty, where such Soldiers are quartered, or in such such Chief Officer or Magistrate shall be a Justice of the Peace, that as aforesaid, and that he or she doth Power to place such Person, by ordering such and so as of the Soldier to be removed and quartered upon such other Person or Persons as they shall be directed; and such other Person or Persons shall be obliged to receive such Soldier accordingly.

LVI. And, for the better prevent any Abuse in quartering or billeting the Soldiers in performance of this Act, Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, within their respective Counties, Cities or Liberties, as any Part of the United Kingdom, by Warrant or Order under his or their Hand or Seal, or Hands and Seals, at any time or times during the Continuance of this Act, to require and command any High Constable, Constable, Justice or other Officer, who shall quarter or billet any Soldiers in performance of this Act, to give an Account in Writing to the said Justice or Justices regarding the Name, the Number of Officers and Soldiers who shall be quartered or billeted by them, and also the Names of the Houses or Inns or Places where every such Officer or Soldier shall be quartered or billeted, together with an Account of the Street or Place, where every such House, parsonage, and of the Name of the House, to the which may appear to the said Justice or Justices, where such Officers and Soldiers are quartered or billeted, and that he or she may thereby be better enabled to prevent or punish all Abuses in the quartering or billeting of them.

LVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace at the Request of any Officer or Non-Commissioned Officer commanding any Soldiers requesting Quarter or Billets, in any case in which it shall appear to such Officer or Justice that better Accommodations can be given to the Troop, by extending any Room or enlarging the Dilatity, within which Quarter and Billets shall be required, to enlarge such Rooms, and extend such Quarter and Billets in such manner as shall be most convenient to the Troop to be quartered and billeted; any Act, Law or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

LX. And, that the Quartering both of Officers and Soldiers may be better and duly paid and satisfied, and His Majesty's Service thereof better performed, Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty fourth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, every Officer to whom it belongs to receive, or that does actually receive the Pay or Satisfaction Money, either for a whole Regiment, or particular Troop and Companies, or otherwise, shall every Four Days, or before the Troop shall quit their Quarters, if they shall not receive as long as Four Days, (with the just Deductions of all Persons keeping

Quarter Offices
and also in
Inns, Ale-
houses, &c.

And so on till
the end of
the said
Hundred.

Constables, Tellingmen, &c. as aforesaid, shall be obliged to certify the same to the Comptroller in Chief and Receiver of War.

Penalty.

Justice of the Peace, or other Officer commanding any Soldiers requesting Quarter or Billets.

Justice of the Peace, or other Officer commanding any Soldiers requesting Quarter or Billets.

Officers commanding Troops, or Companies, or otherwise, shall every Four Days, or before the Troop shall quit their Quarters, if they shall not receive as long as Four Days, (with the just Deductions of all Persons keeping

less, or other Place, where Officers or Soldiers are quartered by virtue of this Act, out of the Pay and Subsistence of such Officers and Soldiers, before any Part of the said Pay or Subsistence be distributed to either of them respectively: Provided the said Drums be scored out, for a Commissioned Officer of Horse, being under the Degree of a Captain, for each Officer's Diet and Small Beer, *per Diem*, Two Shillings; *per For* One Commissioned Officer of Dragoons, being under the Degree of a Captain, for each Officer's Diet and Small Beer, *per Diem*, One Shilling; *per For* One Commissioned Officer of Foot, under the Degree of a Captain, for each Officer's Diet and Small Beer, *per Diem*, One Shilling; *per For* One Legion Horseman's Diet and Small Beer, *per Diem*, Seven pence; *per For* One Dragoon's Diet and Small Beer, *per Diem*, Seven pence; *per For* One Foot Soldier's Diet and Small Beer, *per Diem*, Five pence; *per For* each Horse which shall be quartered under the Authority of this Act for Hay and Straw for such Horse, *per Diem*, Six pence: And if any Officer or Officers, as aforesaid, shall not fairly, concert and pay the Drury, upon Complaint and Oath made thereof by any Two Witnesses, at the next Quarter Sessions for the County or City where such Quarters were, (which Oath the Justice of the Peace at such Sessions are hereby authorized and empowered to administer,) the Secretary at War is hereby required and authorized (upon Certificate of the said Justice before where such Oath was made, of the Sum due upon such Accounts, and the Reasons to whom the same is owing,) to give Orders to the Agent of the Tallow or Company to pay and satisfy the said Sums, and to charge the same against such Officer.

LXIII. And for the better enabled by the Authority aforesaid, That for the better and more regular Provision of Carriages for His Majesty's Forces in their Marches, or for their Arms, Cloths, or Accoutrements, in England, Wales, and the Towns of Berwick upon Tweed, all Justices of the Peace, within their several Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Staves, Liberties and Precincts, being duly required thereto, by an Order from His Majesty, or the General of His Forces, or the Major General or Lieutenant General of His Majesty's Ordnance, or other Person duly authorized in that behalf, shall, as often as such Order is brought in, direct into one or more of them by the Quartermaster, Adjutant, or other Officer or Non Commissioned Officer of the Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company, is ordered to march, either out his or their Warrants to the Constables or Petty Constables of the Division, Riding, City, Liberty, Hundred and Precinct, from, through, and to which such Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company, shall be ordered to march, requiring them to make such Provision of Carriages, and Horses or Oxen, with able Men to drive the same, as is mentioned in the said Warrant, allowing them sufficient time to do the same, that the neighbouring Parishes may not charge their Burghs, and specifying in the said Warrants the Place or Places to which the said Carriages shall, by virtue of such Order as aforesaid, be required to travel, which shall not exceed the Day's March of the Troops, as prescribed in the Order produced to the Magistrate, unless in case of pressing Emergency or Necessity, and shall in no case whatever exceed Twenty five Miles from the Place at which the March shall commence: And in case sufficient Carriages cannot be provided within any such Liberty, Division or Precinct, then the Justice or Justices of the Peace of the next adjoining County, Riding or Division, shall, upon such Order as aforesaid being brought, or shown to one or more of them by any of the Officers aforesaid, issue his or their Warrant to the Constables or Petty Constables of such next County, Riding, Liberty, Division or Precinct, for the Purposes aforesaid, to make up such Deficiency: And the aforesaid Officer or Officers, who, by virtue of the aforesaid Warrant from the Justices of the Peace, are to demand the Carriage or Carriages therein mentioned of the Constable or Petty Constable, to whom the Warrant is directed, as and are hereby required, at the same time, to pay down on Hand to the said Constable or Petty Constable, for the Use of the Person who shall provide such Carriages and Men, the Sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Wagon with Four or more Horses shall travel, and the Sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Wain with Six Oxen, or Four Oxen with Two Horses, shall travel, and the Sum of Nine pence for every Mile any Wagon with seven Oxen, or any Cart with Four Horses, respectively, or carrying not less than Fifteen Hundred Weight, shall travel; and the Sum of Six pence for every Mile every Cart or other Carriage, with less than Four Horses, and not carrying Fifteen Hundred Weight, shall travel; or any further Sum not exceeding Four pence, for every Mile any Wagon with Four or more Horses, or any Wain with Six Oxen, or with Four Oxen and Two Horses, shall travel; and not exceeding Three pence for every Mile any Cart with Four Horses, or carrying not less than Fifteen Hundred Weight, shall travel; and not exceeding Two pence for every Mile any Cart or Carriage with less than Four Horses, and not carrying Fifteen Hundred Weight, shall travel; according as the same shall be fixed and ordered by the Justices of the Peace for any County or District assembled at any General Sessions of the Peace for such County or District, the said Justices having regard to the Price of Hay and Oats at the time of fixing the said additional Rates; for which respective Sums so received the said Constable or Petty Constable is hereby required to give a Receipt in Writing (which Receipt need not be stamped) to the Person or Persons paying the same: And such Constable, or Petty Constable, shall advise and apprise each Person or Persons, having Carriages within their respective Liberties, so they shall think proper, to provide and furnish such Carriages and Horses and Oxen and Men, according to the Warrant aforesaid, who are hereby required to provide and furnish the same accordingly; and no Person owning or driving, or causing to be driven, any such Wagon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, shall be subject to any Penalty or Forfeiture, nor shall any such Wagon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage be stopped or detained by reason of any Weight in any such Wagon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, or of being drawn by any Number of Horses or Oxen; but it shall be lawful for any Owner of any such Wagon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, to put any additional Number of Horses or Oxen to those prescribed or good for under this Act, any thing in any Act or Act of Parliament relating to Highways or Turnpike Roads, or any particular Highway or Road, to the contrary notwithstanding: And if any Military Officer or Officers, for the Use of whole Regiment, Detachment,

Providing Carriages for Forces marching in England.

Warrants to the said Places to which Carriages shall travel, &c.

Warrant for Constables.

Troop or Company the Carriage was provided, shall force and constrain any Waggon, Wain, Cart or Carriage, to travel beyond the Distance specified in the Magistrate's Warrant, or shall not discharge the same in due time for their Return Home on the same Day, if it be practicable, or shall suffer any Soldier or Servant (except such as are sick), or any Woman to ride in the Waggon, Wain, Cart or Carriage aforesaid; or shall force any Coachable or Petty Coachable, by threatening or menacing Words to provide Saddle Horses for themselves or Servants, or shall force Horses from the Owners by themselves, Servants or Bailiffs, every such Officer, for every such Offence, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, Proof thereof being made upon Oath before Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the same County or Riding, who are to certify the same to the Secretary at War, who is hereby authorized and required to give Orders for the Payment of the aforesaid Sum of Five Pounds, according to the Order and Appointment under the Hands and Seal of the aforesaid Justices of the Peace of the same County or Riding, and for detaching the same out of such Officer's Pay: Provided always, that in cases where the Day's March of the Troops shall exceed Fifteen Miles, such further Compensation shall be made and paid in like manner to the Owners of the said Carriages as shall be deemed reasonable by the Magistrate who granted the Warrant for imposing them, not exceeding the usual Rate and Hire of such Carriages: Provided also, that every Order of the Justices aforesaid at any General Sessions of the Peace, being a farther Sum to be paid for the Hire of Carriages as aforesaid, in addition to the ordinary Rates of our Riding, and New price, and Six pence *per Mile* respectively, shall specify the Period for which the same shall be in force, and which shall not in any case exceed Ten Days beyond the General Sessions of the Peace for each County or District, save enforcing the Date of such Order; and a Copy of every such Order, signed by the Chairman or presiding Magistrate, and One other Justice of the Peace or Magistrate at the Quarter Sessions at which the same shall be made, shall within Three Days after the making thereof, be transmitted to the Secretary at War; and so such Order shall be valid or effectual, unless a Copy thereof be so signed and transmitted as aforesaid: Provided always, that in every case of any increased Rate being allowed for the Hire of any Carriage, the Justice of the Peace granting or giving the Warrant shall insert in his own Hand the Amount of such increased Rate for each Deficiency of Carriage, as is ascertained by the Justice at Quarter Sessions as aforesaid, and such Warrant shall be given to the Officer or Non-Commissioned Officer commanding the Regiment, Corps, Company, Detachment or Party requiring such Carriages, as the Warbur for the Payment of such increased Rate, and no increased Rate shall be demanded but such as shall be so ascertained by the Justice in the Warrant.

LXIV. And whereas it may sometimes become necessary in cases of Emergency to provide proper and speedy means for the Carriage and Conveyance, not only of the Arms, Clothes, Accoutrements, Tents, Baggage, and other Equipage of and belonging to His Majesty's Forces in their Marches, but also of the Officers, Soldiers, Servants, Women, Children, and other Persons of and belonging to such Forces: And 'twas it is expedient that Provision should be made for enforcing prompt Obedience to such Orders as His Majesty may in such cases think fit to give, in pursuance of the Powers by Law vested in Him for the Advancement of the general Good and public Welfare of the Realm; Be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by His Order, strictly stating that such case of Emergency doth exist, signified by the Secretary at War, for the time being, to any General or Field Officer commanding His Majesty's Forces in any District or Place, or to the Commissary in Chief of Stores and Provisions of Home, to authorize such General or Field Officer or Commissary in Chief as aforesaid, by Writing under his Hand, making such Order of His Majesty, to require all Justices of the Peace within their several Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Cities, Liberties and Precincts in England, Wales, and Towns of Burrow upon Towed, to set out or to cause their Warrants or Warrants for any of the Purposes hereinafter mentioned; and such Justice or Justices shall, when and as often as such Requisition in Writing as last mentioned shall be brought and shown unto any One or more of such Justices, by the Quarter Master, Adjutant, or other Officer of the Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company, be ordered to be obeyed, or by any Officer in the Department of the said Commissary General, to refer on his or their Warrants or Warrants to the Constables, or Petty Constables, of the County, Riding, City, Liberty, Hundred and Precinct, from, through, over or to which such Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company shall be ordered to be conveyed, requiring them to make such Provision not only of Waggon, Wain and Carts kept by, or belonging to, any Person or Persons, and for any Use or Purpose whatsoever, but also of Saddle Horses, Coaches, Chaises, and other Four wheeled Carriages usually fit to Hire, or kept for that Purpose; and also of Batts, Barges and other Vessels, and for the Carriage of Coals, Stones, Lime, Marrow or of Goods, Wares or Merchandises, or any other Articles or Commodities whatsoever, upon any Canal or navigable River, with able Men and Horses to draw, navigate and draw the same, as shall be mentioned in the said Warrants or Warrants, therein specifying the Place or Distance in which such Horses, Carriages, Batts, Barges, or other Vessels and Men shall go and be conveyed, and allowing such Constables sufficient time to make such Provision, that the neighbouring Parts may not always bear the Burthen; and in case such sufficient Carriages, Horses, Batts, Barges or other Vessels, and Men, cannot be provided within any such County, Riding, Division, Hundred, City, Liberty or Precinct, then the next Justice or Justices of the Peace of the next County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Precinct, shall, upon such Requisition in Writing as last aforesaid being brought or shown to any One or more of them, by any of the Officers aforesaid, also his or their Warrants or Warrants to the Constables, or Petty Constables, of such next County, Riding, City, Liberty, Division, Hundred or Precinct, for the Purposes last aforesaid, to make up such Deficiency; and the aforesaid Officer or Officers, when by virtue of the aforesaid Warrants or Warrants from the Justice or Justices of the Peace, are to demand the Carriages, Horses, Batts, Barges or other Vessels therein mentioned, of the Constable or Petty Constable to whom the said Warrant or Warrants shall be directed, and are hereby required at the same time to pay

Officers being
Warrants in
order to the
Magistrate's
Warrant on
Oath, &c.

Penalty.

Further Com-
pensation for
Carriages in
cases where they
cost more
than they
which is required.

Penalty.

In cases of
Emergency Jus-
tices may be re-
quired to issue
Warrants for
providing Saddle
Horses and Four
wheeled Car-
riages for the
use of His
Majesty's
Vessels.

Officers are directed
to make up the
deficiency of
Carriages or
Horses, &c.

down in Hand to the said Constable or Petty Constable, for the Use of the Person or Persons who shall provide such Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges or other Vessels, and Men, such reasonable Sums and Banns of Money, as the said Justice or Justices shall see and by his or their said Warrant or Warrants order and direct, not exceeding the said Rate and Hire of such and the like Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges or other Vessels, and Men, according to the Length of the Journey or Voyage to such particular place, but making no Allowance for Post Horse Duty, or Turnpike, Canal, River or Lock Tolls (which Duty or Tolls are hereby declared not to be deductible or payable in such and the like cases, for any such Carriage, Horses, Boats, Barges and other Vessels, which employed in such Service, or returning therefrom); for which said respective Sums and Banns so received, the said Constable or Petty Constable is hereby required to give a Receipt in Writing, but without any Stamp, to the Person or Persons paying the same; and such Constable or Petty Constable shall order and appoint such Person or Persons having such Horses, Carriages, Boats, Barges or other Vessels, and Men, within their respective Liberties, as they shall think proper, to provide and furnish such Horses, Carriages, Boats, Barges or other Vessels and Men, according to the Warrant or Warrants aforesaid, who are hereby required to provide and furnish the same accordingly, and it shall and may be lawful in such cases, so and for all and every Military Officer and Officers, for the Use of whom or of whose Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company, such Horses, Carriages, Boats, Barges or other Vessels shall be provided in such case, to give and convey, and permit to be carried and conveyed, on the same respectively, not only the Arms, Cloaths, Accoutrements, Baggage, Tent and other Equipage of such Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company, but also the Officers, Soldiers, Serjeants, Wagon, Chalkmen and all or Part of a Band belonging to the same; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: But if any such Officer or Officer shall force and constrain any Horse, Carriage, Boat, Barge or other Vessel, to travel or proceed beyond the Distance or Place to be allowed and specified in such Warrant or Warrants, without the special Licence or Order of One or more other such Justice or Justices of the Peace as that Default, and which Licence or Order One or more of such Justices is and are hereby authorized and required to give and make as his and their mutual Declaration, every such Officer, for every such Offence, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, Proof thereof being made upon Oath before Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the same County or Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Precinct, who are to certify the Loss to the Secretary at War, who is hereby authorized and required to give Order for Payment of the aforesaid Sum of Five Pounds, according to the Order and Appointment under the Hands and Seals of the aforesaid Justices of the Peace of the same County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Precinct, and for deducting the same out of such Officer's Pay.

LXXXVIII. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, when and as often as any Person or Persons shall be admitted a Soldier or Soldiers in His Majesty's Land Service, he or they shall, within Four Days, but not sooner than Twenty four Hours, after such admission respectively, be carried or go with some Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Private Soldier belonging to the Recruiting Party by which he shall be enlisted, or with the Person employed as the Recruiting Service with whom he shall have enlisted, before some Justice of the Peace of any County, Riding, City or Place, or Chief Magistrate of any City or Town Corporate, residing or being next to, or in the Vicinity of the Place and sitting for the Day in or District where such Person or Persons shall have been enlisted, and not being an Officer in the Army, and before such Justice or Chief Magistrate he or they shall be at Liberty to declare his or their Debt in so much as he or they shall be indebted to, and upon such Declaration and receiving the said Money, and also each Person so admitting paying the Sum of Twenty Shillings for the Charges expended or had out upon him, together with such full Rate allowed by Law for the Subsistence or Diet and Small Beer furnished to such Recruit respectively to the Period of his having been enlisted, such Person or Persons so admitting shall be forthwith discharged and set at Liberty, in the Presence of such Justice or Chief Magistrate; but if such Person or Person shall refuse or neglect, within the Space of Twenty four Hours, to return and pay such Money as aforesaid, he or they shall be deemed and taken to be indebted, as if he or they had given his or their Assent thereto before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate; and if such Person or Persons shall decline his or their name voluntarily to be enlisted or themselves, this such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall and he is hereby required voluntarily to read over, or in his own Presence to cause to be read over, to such Person or Persons the Third and Fourth Articles of the second Section, and the First Article of the Sixth Section, of the Articles of War against Money and Desertion, and to tender and administer to such Person or Persons respectively, not only the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the said Articles of War, but also the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A.); or if the Person shall be desirous of enlisting without any Limitation of Period of Service, the Oath is the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (B.); and if such Person or Persons shall take the said Oaths, then such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall, and he is hereby required forthwith to certify under his Hand the enlisting and bearing, together with the Place of the Birth, Age and Calling, if known, of such Person or Persons in the Form mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (C.); if the Oath is the Form marked (A.) shall have been taken, and in the Form marked (D.) if the Oath is the Form marked (B.) shall have been taken, except in the case of Recruits enlisted to serve either in His Majesty's Troops, or in the Forces of the East India Company, according as His Majesty shall think fit in pursuance of an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, entitled *An Act for better carrying into Effect of the East India Company, in which said every such Recruit shall, instead of the said Oath of Fidelity, and of the Oath contained in the Schedule (A.) or (B.) to this Act annexed, take the Oath of Allegiance directed by the said Act of the Thirty sixth of His Majesty, and contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (E.); and the Justice or Chief Magistrate shall certify such enlistment and bearing accordingly in the Form mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (F.); and except also in the case of Recruits enlisted for the*

Special Purposes of serving in the *East India*, in the Yeares of the *East India Company* only, in pursuance of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, entitled, *An Act relating to the raising Men for the Service of the East India Company; and the governing and holding such Men &c. as Troops by Regiments, Companies, or other such Names*, in which Act every such Recruit shall, instead of the said Oath of Fidelity, take the Oath desired to be taken by the said Act of the Fifth Year of His present Majesty aforesaid, and contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (G-), and instead of the Oath of Service annexed in the Schedule (A.) or (B.) in this Act annexed, shall take the Oath desired to be taken by the said recited Act of the Fifth Year aforesaid, and contained in the Schedule to the said Act annexed, marked (H.) and the Justice or Magistrate shall certify such Enlistment and Swearing accordingly, in the Form mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (I.); and if any such Person or Persons, to be enlisted, shall wilfully refuse to take the said Oath of Fidelity before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate, or shall and may be lawful for such Officer, from whom he has received such Money as aforesaid, to detain and confine such Person or Persons until he or they shall take the said Oath of Fidelity; and every Military Officer that shall not exactly here in, or offered herein, shall incur the like Penalty and Forfeiture as in by this Act to be enacted upon any Officer for making a false and untrue Muster; and the Penalty and Forfeiture shall be levied and recovered in the same manner as any Penalties or Forfeitures are by this Act to be levied or recovered: Provided always, that every Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Soldier who shall visit any Recruit, shall, at the Time of such visiting, require the Christian and Surname and Place of Abode of such Recruit, and either take the same down in Writing, or give the same to the Non-Commissioned Officer commanding the Recruiting Party to be taken down: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace to discharge any Person who shall have lawfully enlisted, and who shall apply to him to declare his Dismissal within four Year Days as aforesaid, upon Payment of the Sum of Money required to be paid by any Recruit declaring his Dismissal under this Act, notwithstanding no Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Private Soldier belonging to the Recruiting Party shall be with the Recruit, if it shall appear to such Magistrate upon the Examination of such Recruit, or of any other Person, that the Recruiting Party has left the Place where such Recruit was enlisted, or that such Recruit could not procure any Non-Commissioned Officer belonging to such Party to go with such Recruit before the Justice of the Peace; and the Sum paid by such Recruit upon his Dismissal shall be kept by the Justice of the Peace, and paid when demanded to any Person belonging to the Recruiting Party entitled thereto demanding the same: Provided always, that in every case wherein any Person shall have received Enlisting Money, and shall have absconded or have absented himself from the Party as aforesaid, so that it shall not be possible immediately to apprehend him, and being his before a Magistrate, the Officer or Non-Commissioned Officer commanding the Party shall produce to the Magistrate before whom the Recruit would regularly have been brought for Attestation, a Certificate of the Name and Place of Residence of such Person, and the Magistrate to whom the Certificate shall be produced shall, after satisfying himself that the Person who had absconded cannot be found and apprehended, transmit a Duplicate thereof to His Majesty's Secretary at War, in order that in the Event of such Person being afterwards apprehended and reported as a Defector, the Facts of his having received Enlisting Money, and having absconded, may be ascertained before he be finally adjudged to be a Defector as having been duly enlisted.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall voluntarily surrender or deliver himself up as a Defector, from any Regiment or Corps of His Majesty's Regular or Militia Forces, or who, upon being apprehended for Desertion or any other Offence, shall in the Presence of the Magistrate confess himself to be a Defector from any such Regiment or Corps, shall be deemed to have been duly enlisted and to be a Soldier, and shall be liable to serve in any such Regiment or Battalion or Corps of His Majesty's Forces, as His Majesty shall think fit to appoint, whether such Person shall have been previously enlisted as a Soldier or not.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That an Master in England shall be entitled to claim any Apprentice who shall, after the passing of this Act, enlist as a Soldier in His Majesty's Land Service, unless such Apprentice shall have been bound to him in England for the full Term of Seven Years, or having been above the Age of Fourteen when he bound; and if in Ireland for the full Term of Five Years at the least, not having been above the Age of twelve when he bound, and unless such Master shall, within One Calendar Month after such Apprentice shall have absconded or left his Service, go to the same Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, and before such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate take the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (G.) and produce the Certificate of such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of his having taken such Oath, which Certificate such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate is hereby required to give to the Party at the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (L.)

XCI. And be it further enacted, That every Gentle to whom any Notice shall have been given that any Person is his Debtor for any Offence as a Soldier liable to serve His Majesty as the Expence of his imprisonment, shall give One Month's Notice to the Secretary at War before the Day on which the imprisonment of such Person will expire, according to his Consent or Sentence of the Period of Expence of such Imprisonment.

XCV. And be it further enacted, That when and as often as any Regiment or Company shall be relieved at any Station or Place beyond the Sea, in order to their return as *Great Britain or Ireland*, it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers, thereto authorized by the Officer commanding in Chief at such Station or Place respectively, to send as many of the Soldiers belonging to such Regiment or Company, returning to *Great Britain or Ireland*, as shall be willing, and who shall apply to be fit for Service, and to incorporate them in any Regiment or Company which shall be appointed to receive; and every Soldier so enlisted shall be and is hereby deemed to be discharged from the Regiment or Company in which he before served; and the Declaration of his quitting such former Corps shall be recited in the Enlisting Certificate; a Duplicate, as an attested

Enlistment taken under 50th 3-6-ly 1812
Oath in 2nd vol 227 and 3d

Magistrate to receive or Secretary at War or Justice or Constable of Peace and Residence of Party to receive an Enlisting Money is not attending.

Justice may discharge Person before enlisting Certificate.

Magistrate to receive or Secretary at War or Justice or Constable of Peace and Residence of Party to receive an Enlisting Money is not attending.

Person commanding at Station may demand daily list.

Master in England to claim any Apprentice.

Notice to Secretary at War of Imprisonment of Soldier.

When Party beyond Sea return to Great Britain, they may be incorporated in any Regiment, &c.

Copy whereof, shall be delivered to each Soldier, to instruct him from being any way punished upon Suspicion of his having deserted.

XCVII. And whereas several Soldiers, being duly listed, do afterwards desert, and are often found wandering, or otherwise absconding themselves privately from His Majesty's Service; It is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Constable, Headborough, or Tythingmen, of the Town or Place where any Person, who may be reasonably suspected to be such a Defector, shall be found, or for any Officer or Soldier in His Majesty's Service to apprehend, or cause such suspected Person to be apprehended, and to bring or cause him to be brought before any Justice of the Peace, being at or near such Town or Place, who hath hereby Power to examine such suspected Person; and if by his Confession, or the Testimony of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath, or by the Knowledge of such Justice of the Peace, it shall appear or be found that such suspected Person is a listed Soldier, and ought to be with the Troop or Company to which he belongs, such Justice of the Peace shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Goal of the County or Place where he shall be found, or the House of Correction, or other publick Prison in such Town or Place where such Defector shall be apprehended; or to the Gaol, in case such Defector shall be apprehended within the City of London or Whitechapel, or Places adjacent; or to the Prison Martial in case such Defector shall be apprehended within the City or Liberties of Dublin, or Places adjacent, and transmit an Account thereof in the Form prefixed in the Schedule annexed to this Act marked (N), to the Secretary at War for the time being in London; or if the Defector be apprehended in Ireland, to the Chief Secretary to the Chief Governor or Government thereof, to the end that such Person may be removed by an Order from the Office of the said Secretary at War, or Chief Governor or Government, and proceeded against according to Law; and the Keeper of every Gaol, House of Correction, or Prison, in which such Defector shall at any time be confined, shall receive such Satisfaction for the Maintenance of such Defector during the time that he shall continue in his Custody, as by His Majesty's Regulations is or shall from time to time be directed in that behalf, and the Keeper of every Gaol, House of Correction, or other publick Prison of the City, Town or Place, at or to which the Party or Person conveying such Defector shall halt on the March, shall, and he is hereby required to receive and receive every such Defector, who shall be delivered into his Charge and Custody by any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier who shall be conveying such Defector under any lawful Order, Warrant or Authority, while on the Road from the Place where he was apprehended, to the Place to which he is to be conveyed, without any other Warrant or Authority for so doing than the Production of the Warrant of the Justice of the Peace, or which such Defector shall have been taken, or some Order from the Office of the Secretary at War, or of the Chief Governor or Government of Ireland, and shall be obliged to Due Striding for the safe Custody of the said Defector while the Party or Person conveying him shall halt on the March; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XCVIII. And, for the better Encouragement of any Officer or Person to discover or apprehend such Defectors from His Majesty's Service, he is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Justice of the Peace shall, upon receiving an Authority from the Secretary at War in Great Britain, or an Order given under the Authority of the Chief Governor or Government of Ireland, also under his Warrant, in Writing, to the Collector or Collectors of the Land Tax Money of the Parish or Township in Great Britain, where any Defector shall be so committed, or being charged with being a Defector as aforesaid, or in Ireland, to the Collector or Collectors of His Majesty's Revenue in the District where any Defector shall be so committed, or being charged with being a Defector as aforesaid, for paying out of the Land Tax Money or Revenue money or to such, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve, into the Hands of such Officer or Person as shall apprehend or cause to be apprehended, any Defector from His Majesty's Service, the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every such Defector as shall be apprehended and committed; which Sum of Twenty Shillings shall be satisfied by such Collector or Collectors when such Warrant shall be directed, and allowed upon his or their Account.

XCIX. Provided always, and he it enacted, That if any Person shall harbour, conceal or assist any Defector from His Majesty's Service, knowing him to be such, the Person so offending shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and upon Conviction, by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, by the said Penalty of Twenty Pounds shall be levied, by Warrant under the Hand of such Justice of the Peace, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender; One Month of the said Penalty to be paid to the Informer, and the other Ninety to be paid to the Colonel or other Officer commanding the Regiment or Corps to which any such Defector did belong; and in case any such Offender, who shall be convicted as aforesaid of harbouring, concealing or assisting any such Defector, shall not have sufficient Goods and Chattels wherewith to satisfy the Value of the Penalty awarded against him or her for such Offence, or shall not pay such Penalty within Four Days after such Conviction, then and in such case such Justice of the Peace shall and may, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, commit such Offender to the Common Gaol, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for the Space of Six Months: Provided also, that if any Person shall knowingly dress, buy or exchange, or otherwise receive from any Soldier or Defector, or any other Person upon any Account or Pretence whatsoever, any Arms, Cloaths, Caps or other Furniture, belonging to the King, or any Mast, Desk, Box or other Provision, provided under any Regulations relating thereto, or any such Articles belonging to any Soldier or Defector, as are expressly directed, Regimental Negatives, according to the Customs of the Army, being provided for the Soldier, and paid for by Deductions out of his Pay, or cause the Colour of any such Classes to be changed, the Person so offending shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds; or if any Person shall buy or receive any Oats, Hay, Straw or other Forage, provided for the Use of any Horse or Horses, belonging to His Majesty's Service, from any Dragoon, or other Soldier, knowing him to be such,

or full more, private, or other Soldier, or other Soldier, knowing him to be such, to sell or otherwise dispose of any such Oats, Hay, Straw, or other Forage as aforesaid, the Person so offending shall forfeit, for every such Offence, the Sum of Five Pounds; and upon Conviction, by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses, before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, the said respective Possesses of Five Pounds, and Five Pounds, shall be levied by Warrant under the Hand of each Justice of the Peace, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender, One Mistry of the said first mentioned Penalty of Five Pounds to be paid to the Informer, and One Mistry of the said respective Penalties to be paid to the Colonel or other Officer commanding the Regiment or Corps to which any such Officer or Soldier did belong; and in case any such Offender who shall be convicted as aforesaid, of having knowingly received any Arms, Cloths, Caps or other Furniture, belonging to the King, or any such Mistr, Drunk, Beer or other Provision, or any such Articles generally deemed Regimentsal Necessaries, or of having caused the Colour of such Cloths to be changed, or of having bought or received any Oats, Hay, Straw or other Forage, provided for the Use of any Herds or Horses belonging to His Majesty's Service from any Dragoon or other Soldier, knowing him to be such, or of having received, possessed, concealed, falsified or embezzled, any Dragoon or other Soldier, knowing him to be such, to sell or otherwise dispose of any such Oats, Hay, Straw or other Forage, as aforesaid, contrary to the Intent of the said Act, shall not have his said Goods and Chattels wherewith Distress may be made to the Value of the Penalties recovered against him or her for such Offence, or shall not pay such Penalties within Four Days after such Conviction, then and in such case, each Justice of the Peace shall and may, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, either commit such Offender to the Common Gaol, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for the Space of Three Months, or cause such Offender to be publicly whipped at the Discretion of each Justice.

¶ Cl. And whereas Soldiers, absent from their Regiments on Furlough granted to them by their Commanding Officers, are sometimes prevented by sickness or other unavoidable Calamity from returning to their Duty before the Expiration of the time limited by each Furlough, and Doubts have arisen whether, in such Cases, the Extension of a Soldier's Furlough by a Justice of the Peace be sanctioned by legal Authority, and what is the proper manner of proceeding upon such Occasions, His Majesty's Justices of the Peace have been pleased to give the following Directions, to wit: That every Justice of the Peace may, and he is hereby authorized to grant, in Writing under his Hand, an Extension of Furlough to any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier applying for the same, on Account of Sickness or other Calamity, which shall, as the Enquiry appears to make such Extension necessary; and that every such Officer or Justice of the Peace, who shall grant to any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier as aforesaid, an Extension of Furlough, shall immediately certify the same, with the Cause of its being so granted, to the Agent of the Regiment to which such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall belong; and that such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, during the Period to which his Furlough shall have been so extended as aforesaid, shall not be liable to be apprehended or otherwise molested on the Ground of his having deserted the Regiment to which he shall appear by his Furlough to belong, or of criminally absconding himself from the same: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to exempt any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, whose Furlough shall have been so extended as aforesaid, from being proceeded against and punished according to the Provisions of the said Act, should it thereafter appear that such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier had obtained the Extension of his Furlough by false Representations made to such Officer or Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, or in applying for and obtaining the same had committed any Offence to the Prejudice of good Order and Military Discipline: Provided also, that no such Furlough shall be extended by any Justice of the Peace for any longer Period than One Month, unless with the Approbation of the General Officer commanding in the District where such Soldier shall be.

¶ Cl. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That in all cases in which any Extension of Furlough shall be granted as aforesaid in England, and upon the Request of any such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier to whom the same shall be granted, it shall be lawful to the Justice of the Peace granting the same, or where the same shall be granted by any such Officer as aforesaid, for any Justice of the Peace, upon the Production of a Certificate in Writing from such Officer, which he is hereby required to give, to make an Order in Writing as he is directed upon the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Parish, Township or Place, wherein such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall reside, requiring them to pay to such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier any Sum of Money directed in such Order, not exceeding what the Pay of such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier would amount to for the Period to which such Furlough shall be extended as aforesaid; such Justice of the Peace taking particular Care to state upon the Furlough in Words the Amount he is directed by law to be paid, and the Periods from and to which the same has been ordered to be paid, both inclusive, corroborating the Statement of his Signatory, and further, specifying upon the Order to the Parish Officer the Date of the Furlough originally granted, and the Name of the Commanding Officer by whom signed; and the same is authorized that he be paid accordingly, upon Production and Delivery to him of such Order, by any such Parish Officer out of any Money upon Hands applicable to the Relief of the Poor; and the Sum so advanced by such Parish Officer shall, upon the Production and Delivery of such Order to the Collector of Excise of the District within which such Parish, Township or Place shall be situated, or any Person assisting for such Collector, be repaid to such Parish Officer, to be applied to the Relief of the Poor, by such Collector of Excise or other Person out of any publick Moneys in his Hands, and the same shall be allowed in his Accounts, and such Orders of Justices shall be taken as Cash in the Payment of Duties of Excise.

Enrolment of
Maj. or Force
provided for the
Majesty's Ser-
vice.
Penalty.

How levied.

Implications.

Justices granting
Extension of
Furlough's an-
Account of
Sickness, &c.

Penalty.

Proviso.

Justices of Peace,
granting Exten-
sion of Furlough,
required to in-
to the Parish
Officers to ob-
tain Pay.

How repaid.
Penalty.

Agents of Regiments to repay Money as directed.

Justice of Peace granting Warrants for Burrough in which no warrant is returned to collect of Excise in order to give Pay to Soldiers.

Agents of Regiments to repay Money as directed.

Commissioners upon writing up Accounts, or receiving from Foreign Service, or take Oath.

Officers, Sergeants, &c. and Cavalry, &c. Military Service, &c. tried by Court Martial.

Penalty.

Prisoners.

Application of Penalties.

Power that the military Deductions out of Officers or Private Men's Pay.

European.

Treasury may also Money due for Clothing.

Excise received by him; and all Sums of Money so advanced out of any Duties of Excise shall be repaid to the Account of the said Duties by the Agents of the Regiments to which the Men to whom the same shall have been paid shall respectively belong, to any Person or Persons authorized by the Commissioners of Excise in England, or any Three or more of them to draw for and receive the same: Provided always, that if any Justice of Peace shall not think fit to make such Order for paying any such Money as aforesaid, he shall have his Reasons for such Refusal in Writing at the Back of the Burrough.

CIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in all cases in which any Extension of Furlough shall be granted as aforesaid in Scotland, and upon the Request of any such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier to whom the same shall be granted, it shall be lawful to the Justice of the Peace granting the same, or where the same shall be granted, by two such Officers as aforesaid, for any Justice of the Peace upon the Production of a Certificate in Writing from such Officer, which he is hereby required to give, to make an Order in Writing, under his Hand, upon the Collector of the Excise of the District wherein such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall reside, or the Person officiating for such Collector, requiring him to pay to such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier any Sum of Money drafted in such Order, not exceeding what the Pay of such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier would amount to for the Period to which such Furlough shall be extended as aforesaid, such Justice of the Peace taking particular Care to state upon the Furlough in Words the Amount to be drafted by him to be paid, and the Periods from and to which the same has been ordered to be drafted, both inclusive, comprehending the Statement by his Signature, and further specifying upon the Order to such Collector of the Excise, or other Person officiating for him, the Date of the Furlough originally granted, and the Name of the Commanding Officer by whom signed, and the Sum so authorized shall be paid accordingly upon Production and Delivery to him of such Order by such Collector of Excise or other Person, out of any public Monies in his Hands, and the same shall be allowed to his Account, and such Orders of Justices shall be taken as Cash in the Payment of Duties of Excise received by him; and all Sums of Money so advanced out of any Duties of Excise shall be repaid to the Account of the said Duties by the Agents of the Regiments to which the Men to whom the same shall have been paid shall respectively belong, to any Person or Persons authorized by the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, or any Three or more of them, to draw for and receive the same: Provided always, that if any Justice of the Peace shall not think fit to make such Order for paying any such Money as aforesaid, he shall have his Reasons for such Refusal in Writing at the Back of the Furlough.

CVII. And be it further enacted, That all Chevralliers, upon making up their Accounts, and also upon returning home any Foreign Service, shall take the Oath defined in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked [J M], which Oath, if taken in any Part of the United Kingdom, shall be taken before some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, and if taken on Foreign Service, before the Officer commanding in Chief, or the Second in Command, or the Quarter Master or Deputy Quarter Master General, or any Assistant Quarter Master General of the Army to which he shall be attached, who shall respectively have Power to administer the same.

CVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Commissioned Officer, Sergeant or Company, or Deputy or Assistant Company, or other Person employed in the Commissioned Department, or in any manner in the Care or Distribution of any Money, Provision, Forage or Stores, belonging to His Majesty's Forces, or for their Use, that shall knowingly or negligently or carelessly be entrusted or fraudulently misapplied, or shall knowingly or negligently permit or suffer any Money, Provision, Forage, Arms, Clothing, Ammunition or other Military Stores to be entrusted or fraudulently misapplied, or to be spoiled or damaged, may be tried for the same by and before a General Court Martial, and it shall be lawful for such Court Martial to adjudge any such Person to be transported as a Prisoner for Life, or for any certain Term of Years, or to suffer such Penalties of Pillory, Fine, Imprisonment, Detention from His Majesty's Service, and Incapacity of serving His Majesty in any Office Civil or Military, as any such Court shall think fit, according to the Nature and Degree of the Offence, or that such Person shall suffer Two hundred Pounds, and that such Person shall in Addition to any other Penalties, make good, at his own Expense, the Loss and Damage sustained, to be ascertained by such Court Martial; which shall have Power to seize the Goods and Chattels of the Person so offending, and sell them for the Payment of the said Two hundred Pounds, and such Loss and Damage: And if sufficient Goods and Chattels cannot be found and seized, then the Person so offending shall be committed to Prison or the Common Goal, there to remain (in Addition to any other Penalties or Imprisonment) for Six Months, without Bed or Maintenance, and will he shall pay such Duty; and after the said Term shall be recovered and levied, the same shall be applied and disposed of as His Majesty shall direct and appoint.

CX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, no Paymaster General, or Paymaster of the Army, Paymaster of the Marines, or any other Paymaster, or any other Officer whatsoever, shall receive any Fee, or make any Deductions whatsoever, out of the Pay of any Officer or Soldier in His Majesty's Army, or from their Agents, which shall give due from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, other than the usual Deductions allowed by His Majesty's Regulations; and such other necessary Deductions as shall from time to time be required to be made upon any Act of Parliament now in force, or hereafter to be made or directed by His Majesty, under His Royal Sign Manual.

CXI. And, for the Encouragement of the due and well Clothing of the Troops, be it hereby further enacted, That the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, may, if he or they see convenient, at the End of every Six Months, issue the Money due for the Clothing of the several Regiments,

ments, Troops and Companies: And the Paymaster General for the time being is hereby directed to notify the Receipt of the Money to the Secretary at War, who shall immediately grant his Warrant for the Payment of the proper Sums or Sums to each Person or Persons only who have a regular Allowance from the Colonel or Commandant or Person authorized by him so make such Allowance.

CXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Paymaster, Agent or Clerk of any Garrison, Regiment, Troop or Company, shall wilfully detain or withhold, for the Space of One Month, the Pay of any Officer or Soldier, (Clothes and all other such Allowances being deducted) after such Pay shall be by him or them received; or if any Officers having received their Soldier's Pay, shall refuse to pay each Non-Commissioned Officer and Soldier their respective Pay when it shall become due, according to the several Rates established by His Majesty's Orders, then upon Proof thereof before a Court Martial, as aforesaid, to be for that Purpose duly held and summoned, every such Paymaster, Agent, Clerk or Officer, so offending, shall be discharged from his Employment, and shall forfeit to the Informer, upon Conviction before the said Court, One hundred Pounds, to be levied as aforesaid, and the Informer, if a Soldier, (if he demands it) shall be and he is hereby discharged from any further Service; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

CXIII. And for the better Execution hereof, and that a true and regular Account may be kept and rendered by the Agents of the several Garrisons, Regiments and Independent Troops and Companies, the said Agents are hereby required and directed to observe such Orders and Directions as shall from time to time be given by His Majesty, under His Sign Manual, or by the Secretary at War for the time being, by His Majesty's Council, or by His Majesty's Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or by the Lord Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being; and if any Agent shall refuse or neglect to observe and comply with such Orders and Directions, he shall, for the first Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt or Information, for the Use of His Majesty; and for the Second Offence be discharged from his Employment as Agent of the Garrison, Regiment, Battalion, Independent Troop or Company, in relation to which he shall have been guilty of such Offence, and be utterly disabled to here or hold such Employment thereafter.

SCHEDULE (B.)

DESCRIPTION RETURN of committed to Confinement at on the Day of
as a Delinquent from the Reception of the Regiment of

| Age. | Sex. | | Colour of | | Particulars of Delinquency, and in what Delinquent. | Probable Date of Delinquency, and how obtained. | Name, Occupation, and Address of Person by whom apprehended. | The Particulars or Evidence upon which the Prisoner, and whether he can be considered a Delinquent in the Character of the Magistrate's connected list, whether he appears to be in a State of Health or to be recovered. |
|------|------|--------|-----------|------|---|---|--|---|
| | Male | Female | Hair | Eyes | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

I do hereby certify, that the Prisoner has been duly examined before me, as to the Contents of the above Return, and has declared as my Witness that he is a Delinquent from the before-mentioned Corps.

Signature of Magistrate.
Signature of Prisoner.
Signature of Informer.

If a Military Medical Officer be at the Place, he will inspect the Delinquent, upon the Application of the Magistrate.

[Rule of Subjunctive inserted, pag. c. 43.] This Act, except the Clauses and Schedule above inserted, is similar to 51 G. 3. c. 8.]

C A P. XXIII.

An Act for the Regulating of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore.

[10th March 1812.]

XIII. And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That no General Court Martial which shall have Power to sit by virtue of this Act, shall consist of a less Number than Thirteen, whereof none to be under the Degree of a Commissioned Officer; except Courts Martial to be held on any Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers or Private Marines, who may be levied on Shore in any Place beyond the Seas and out of His Majesty's Dominions or out of the East Indies, in which case any General Court Martial may consist of any Number not less than Seven, and the President of such Court Martial shall not be under the Degree of a Field Officer.

General Court Martial may consist of less than 13, except in case where levied beyond Seas, &c.

of Royal Marines, unless where such Field Officer cannot be had; in which case the Marine Officer is, as Secretary to such Field Officers, not being under the Degree of a Captain, shall preside at such Court Martial; and that such Court Martial shall have Power and Authority, and are hereby required to administer Oath to every Witness, in order to the Examination or Trial of any of the Offences that shall come before them.

Oaths by Mrs. Jerns of General Courts Martial

XIV. And he it further enacted, That in all Trials of Offenders by General Courts Martial to be held by virtue of this Act, every Officer present at such Trial before any Proceedings be had thereupon, shall take the following Oath upon the Holy Evangelists, before the Court and Judge Advocate, or his Deputy; (whom we hereby authorize to administer the same) in these Words; that is to say,

Ch. 11.

YOU shall well and truly try and determine according to the Evidence which shall be given in the Matter now before you, between our Sovereign Lord the King's Majesty and the Prisoner to be tried
 * So help me GOD.'

I A. B. do swear, That I will duly administer Justice, according to an Act of Parliament now in force, for the Regulation of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces, which as Shore, and according to the Rules and Articles made in pursuance of the said Act of Parliament for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, and other Crimes therein respectively mentioned, without Partiality, Favour or Affection; and if any Doubt shall arise (which is not explained by the said Act of Parliament, or the said Rules and Articles) according to my Conscience, the best of my Understanding, and the Custom of War in like cases; And I further swear that I will not divulge the Secrets of the Court until it shall be approved by the Lord High Admiral, or Three or more of the Commissioners for execution, the Officer of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; neither will I, upon any Account at any time whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial, unless required to give Evidence thereof as a Witness, by a Court of Justice, in a due Course of Law.

* So help me GOD.'

J. A. Advocate

And in Oath as the said Oaths shall have been administered to the respective Members, the President of the Court is hereby authorized and required to administer to the Judge Advocate, or the Person officiating as such, an Oath in the following Words:

Ch. 11.

I A. B. do swear, That I will not upon any Account, at any time whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial, unless required to give Evidence thereof, as a Witness, by a Court of Justice, in a due Course of Law.
 * So help me GOD.'

In 3 members of Court Martial, who are Members of Officers shall choose, for Honor of Trial.

And as Sentence of Death shall be given against any Offender by any General Court Martial as aforesaid, unless Nine Officers present, or where the Court Martial shall consist of Seven Members, unless Five Officers present, shall concur therein; and if there be more Officers present than Thirteen, or Seven respectively, then the Judges shall pass by the Concurrence of Two Thirds of the Officers present; and no Proceeding or Trial shall be had upon any Offence, but between the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Morning and Three in the Afternoon, except in cases which require an immediate Example.

Courts Martial may, by Order of Imprisonment, &c.

XV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any General or other Court Martial to sentence any Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Marine to Imprisonment in any House of Correction, Common Gaol or Public Prison; and all Gaolers and Keepers of such Houses of Correction or Prisons shall receive into their Custody and keep in Confinement, for such time as they shall be respectively required so to do, any Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Marine who may have been sentenced to Imprisonment by any General or other Court Martial, and shall provide a proper Place for the Confinement of any such Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Marine, according to the Sentence of such Court, during the Period of his Imprisonment, upon receiving an Order in Writing from the Commanding Officer of the Detachment at which such General or other Court Martial shall have been held; and every Gaoler and Keeper of a House of Correction or Prison who shall refuse to receive and to confine any such Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Marine in manner as aforesaid shall forfeit, for every such Offence, the Sum of one hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Actions of Debt or Information for the Use of His Majesty.

Penalty.

Pay to be made during Imprisonment.

XVI. And he it further enacted, That every Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Marine, to be imprisoned as aforesaid, shall forfeit all Right to any Pay, from the Day of his Commitment, during the time of such Imprisonment; and also that, during the Continuance of any such Imprisonment, the Gaoler or Keeper of such Prison or House of Correction shall receive the Sum of Nine pence per Diem out of the Subsistence of such Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Marine, during the time that such Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Marine shall continue in Custody, which said Sum the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty are hereby authorized and required to cause to be paid by the Paymaster of Royal Marines to the said Gaoler or Keeper aforesaid, upon receiving an Application in Writing to that Effect, signed by any Justice of the Peace for the County or Riding in which such Gaol, Prison or House of Correction shall be locally situate, together with a Copy of the Order under which the said Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Marine was confined; Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty for the time being, or if they should think fit, to order the Issue and Payment of the Surplus of such Pay, or any Part thereof, or of any Arrears thereof, to or on account of such Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Marine during or after the Expiration of the Period of his Imprisonment.

Penalty.

The Pay to be made to the Officer or Soldier of Sentence and Proceedings of Court Martial.

XVII. And he it enacted, That the Pay tried by any General Court Martial to be held as aforesaid, shall be entitled to a Copy of the Sentence and Proceedings of such Courts Martial, upon Demand thereof made by himself, or by any other Person or Persons on his Behalf (he or they paying reasonably for the same) at any time

shall not sooner than Three Months after such Sentence, whether such Sentence be approved or not; any thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer or Private Man, in any of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas, or elsewhere beyond the Seas, commit any of the Offences for which he may be liable to be tried by Court Martial by virtue of this Act, and shall escape and come or be brought into this Realm, before he be tried by a Court Martial for such Offence, and shall be apprehended for the same; such Officer or Private Man shall be tried for the same, as if the same Offence had been committed within this Realm.

XXIV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Marine Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Man, shall be accused of any capital Crime, or of any Violence or Offence against the Person, Estate or Property of any of His Majesty's Subjects, which is punishable by the known Laws of the Land; the Commanding Officer or Officers of every Company or Party in and are hereby required to sit his said soldier and soldier to the Officers of Justice in the trying and apprehending such Offender, in order to being him to Trial: And if any such Commanding Officer shall wilfully neglect or refuse, upon Application made to him for that Purpose, to deliver over any such accused Person to the Civil Magistrate; or to be aiding and assisting to the Officers of Justice in the apprehending such Offender; every such Officer so offending, and being thereof convicted, before any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County where the Fact is committed, by the Oath of Two credible Witnesses, shall be deemed and taken to be a felon, and shall be strictly punished as such felon; and shall be strictly punished to have or hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment within this Kingdom, or in His Majesty's Service; provided the said Conviction be offered at the next Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said County, and a Certificate thereof be transmitted to the Judge Advocate, who is hereby obliged to certify the same to the next Court Marshal.

LX. And be it further enacted, That every Gentleman, to whom any Notice shall have been given that any Person is to be Confined for any Offence; or a Marine, and liable to serve His Majesty, on the Expiration of his Imprisonment, shall give One Month's Notice to the Secretary of the Admiralty before the Day on which the Imprisonment of such Person will expire, according to his Commitment or Sentence, of the Period of Expiration of such Imprisonment.

LXIII. Provided nevertheless, and be it hereby declared, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March next ensuing, he and they shall, within Four Days, but not sooner than Twenty four Hours after such Indictment respectively, be carried or go with some Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Marine belonging to the Recruiting Party by which he shall be indicted, or with the Person employed on the Recruiting Service with whom he shall have enlisted, before some Justice of the Peace of any County, Riding, City or Village, or Civil Magistrate of any City or Town Corporate, residing in or being next to or in the Vicinity of the Place where such Person or Persons shall have been enlisted, and not being an Officer of Royal Marines, and before such Justice or Chief Magistrate here they shall be at Liberty to declare for or there to that such Indictment; and upon such Declaration, and returning the Indictment Money, and after such Person or Persons paying the Sum of Twenty Shillings for the Charges expended or laid out upon him, such Person or Persons so indicted shall be forthwith discharged and sit at Liberty in the Presence of such Justice or Chief Magistrate; but if such Person or Persons shall refuse to appear, within the Space of Twenty four Hours, to appear and pay such Money as aforesaid, he or they shall be deemed and taken to be indicted, and he or they had given in or that Affect thereon before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate; and if such Person or Persons so indicted do or their lawyer voluntarily submit himself or themselves, then such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall, and he is hereby required forthwith to certify under his Hand, that such Person or Persons is or are duly indicted; naming first the Place of the Birth, Age and Calling of him or them respectively (if known), and that the Second and Third Sections of the Act of War, for the better Government of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore were read to him or them, and that he or they had taken the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the Twelfth Section of the said Act of War, and also the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked [A.]; and if any such Person or Persons to be certified as duly indicted, shall refuse to take the said Oath of Fidelity before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer, from whom he has received such Money as aforesaid, to detain or confine such Person or Persons until he or they shall take the Oath before required; and every Officer of Royal Marines that shall set contrary hereto, or offend herein, upon Proof thereof, upon Oath made by Two Witnesses, before a General Court Martial to be thenceforth called, shall for such Offence be forthwith cashiered and deprived from such his Office, and shall be strictly utterly disabled to have or hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment within this Kingdom, or in His Majesty's Service; Provided always, that every Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Man who shall with any Recruit, shall at the time of such Indictment engage the Churches and Services and Place of Abode of such Recruit, and either take the same down in Writing or give the same to the Non-Commissioned Officer commanding the Recruiting Party to be taken down: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace to discharge any Person who shall have hitherto enlisted, and who shall apply to him to declare his Debt within such Four Days as aforesaid, upon Payment of the Sum of Money required to be paid by any Recruit declaring his Debt under this Act, notwithstanding an Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Man belonging to the Recruiting Party shall be with the Recruit, if it shall appear to such Magistrate upon the Examination of such Recruit, or of any other Person, that the Recruiting Party have left the Place where such Recruit was enlisted, or that such Recruit could not procure any Non-Commissioned Officer belonging to such Party, to go with such Recruit before the Justice of the Peace; and the Sum paid by such Recruit upon his Discharge

Defence to
be paid for
the use of
the
Recruit.

Persons accused
of capital Crimes,
or of Violence
against the Person,
Estate or Property
of any of His Majesty's
Subjects, &c.

Indictment.

Penalty.

Notice to be
given to the
Secretary of
Admiralty of
Expiration of
Imprisonment.

Persons liable
to be tried in
this Realm.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Part 76.

shall be kept by the Justice of the Peace, and paid when demanded to any Person belonging to the Recovering Party entitled thereto, demanding the same: Provided always, that in every Case wherein any Justice shall have received Inhibiting Money, and shall have absconded, or have absconded himself from the Peace or Magistrate, or that it shall not be possible immediately to apprehend him, and bring him before a Magistrate, the Officer or Non-Commissioned Officer commanding the Party, shall produce to the Magistrate, before whom the Recovering would regularly have been brought for Justice, a Certificate of the Name and Place of Residence of such Person, and the Magistrate to whom the Certificate shall be produced, shall, after satisfying himself that the Person who had absconded cannot be found and apprehended, transmit a Duplicate thereof to the Lords of the Admiralty or their Secretary, to signify that in the Event of such Person being afterwards apprehended and reported as a Defeater, the Facts of his having received Inhibiting Money, and having absconded, may be signified before he be finally adjudged to be a Defeater as having been duly notified.

Maister claiming
Apprentice as
under the Oath
sworn in in
Schedule (B)
An.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Maister shall be entitled to claim any Apprentice who shall, after the passing of this Act, sell as a Royal Maister in His Majesty's Service, unless such Apprentice shall have been bound to him in England for the full Term of Seven Years, not having been above the Age of Fourteen when he bound, and if it should be proved, for the full Term of Five Years at the least, not having been above the Age of Sixteen when he bound, and unless such Maister shall, within One Calendar Month after such Apprentice shall have absconded or left his Service, go before some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, and before such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate take the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (H), and produce the Certificate of such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of his having taken such Oath, which Certificate such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate is hereby required to give in the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (C).

[This Act, except the Clauses above inserted, is fuller in 51 G. 3. c. 9.]

C A P. XXIV.

An Act for raising the Sum of Six millions seven hundred and eighty nine thousand Et hundred and twenty five Pounds by way of Annuities. [25th March 1812.]

C A P. XXV.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, an Act for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland. [25th March 1812.]

WHEREAS the Act hereinafter mentioned has by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be further amended in manner hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to provide more effectually for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland; and for allowing British Plantation Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight*, and which, by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, was continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall be and the same is hereby further continued from the last Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and until upon the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, except so far as much of the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year aforesaid, as relates to the allowing British Plantation Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland, and which, under the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign for continuing the said Act of the Forty seventh Year, is directed to be made void under the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for permitting Goods imported into Ireland to be warehoused or stored without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid.

47 G. 3. c. 25. l.
c. 19.
Enacted
21 G. 3. c. 25.

49 G. 3. c. 25.

51 G. 3. c. 25.

Anno regni, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and the Act hereby continued, may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. XXVI.

An Act to intensify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and for extending the Times limited for those Persons respectively, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen; and to provide such Persons in Great Britain as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of the Duties of Clerks to Attorneys and Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the Fifth Day of February Term One thousand eight hundred and thirteen. [25th March 1812.]

C A P.

C A P. XXVII.

An Act for enabling the Wives and Families of Soldiers embarked in *Ireland* for Foreign Service to return to their Homes.

[10th April 1812.]

WHEREAS when any Part of His Majesty's Forces are embarked in *Ireland* for Foreign Service, the Wives and Children of the Soldiers so embarked for Foreign Service are frequently left to roam in their respective Homes, and it is expedient and just that Provisions should be made for enabling such Wives and Children to return: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commoners, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That upon any Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detachment, being embarked in *Ireland* for Foreign Service, the Commanding Officer thereof shall cause a Return or Return to be made out of all the Wives and Children of the Soldiers belonging to such Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detachment, who shall be left at the Place of Embarkation, and who are desirous of clearing the Allowance stipendially authorized by this Act before the Expire of sending them to return to their Homes; that such Return, either one Return for the Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detachment, or separate Returns for each Company, Battaillon, or several Companies, shall be made, and whether in Great Britain or *Ireland* respectively, and shall be made by the Commanding Officer of such Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detachment, and shall be sent to the Under Secretary for the Military Department in the War Office in Dublin, and shall also go to every such Wife or Duplicate of such Part of such Return as shall apply to such Wife or Child's Family of Children respectively, certifying thereon and to be returned to the Person to whom such Certificate is given, the Wife of a Soldier is his Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detachment, and that such Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detachment, in that behalf to certify at such Place of Embarkation for Foreign Service; and of the Home or Homes to which any of the said Wives or Children shall desire to return shall be in Great Britain, then such Commanding Officer shall cause a Return and a separate Return to be made out of all such Wives and Children as shall so desire to return to Great Britain, and shall transmit the same to the Secretary at War in London.

II. And be it further enacted, That such Wife to whom any such Duplicate shall have been delivered as aforesaid shall forthwith take the same to some neighboring Justice or Magistrate, who shall make out a Receipt for her, and all up and down and Allowance to her a Certificate specifying the Place to which such Wives or Women and Child or Children, if any are going, and the Receipt, that she may receive such Allowance as are authorized by this Act not exceeding Two pence per Mile.

III. And be it further enacted, That upon Production of such Certificate to the Person acting as Post Master in the City, Town or Place, at which such Embarkation shall happen, and afterwards in any Place so situated as such Receipt and through which such Women and Children shall pass, every such Person so acting shall, out of any Public Money in his Hands, pay her an Allowance not exceeding the Rate per Mile specified in such Certificate as aforesaid, for the Number of Miles to the next City, Town or Place, to which she may be going as mentioned in such Receipt, not exceeding Eighteen Miles, and he shall indorse on such Certificate the Money so paid, and likewise the Sum and take a Receipt from the Woman for the same without Stamp, subscribed with her Name or signed with her Mark, specifying the Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detachment to which her Husband belongs, in that the Delinquent on the Receipt may correspond with the Delinquent in the Certificate so produced to him as aforesaid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Sum so advanced by such Person so acting as Post Master shall be allowed in his Accounts by the Post Master or Post Masters General of *Ireland*, and all Sums of Money so advanced and allowed in Account shall be repaid by the Agents of the Regiments to which the Soldiers belong whose Wives and Families have been so advanced, or by any other Person to be appointed for that Purpose by the Chief Secretary, or by his Assistant the Under Secretary for the War Department, or the Receiver General of His Majesty's Post Office in *Ireland*.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in the City of Dublin every such Woman shall in every Instance apply to the Agent of the Regiment to which she shall belong, and not to the Post Master or Person acting as such, as aforesaid, and may pay and advance in any case such Money, and indorse and subscribe such Certificate as aforesaid, and shall be allowed such Sum to pay in her Account, and every such Indorsement shall be of the same Force, Validity and Effect, in all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been done by a Person acting as the Post Master in aforesaid.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every such Woman shall at the last Place of receiving any Allowance under this Act, in order to her Arrival at her Home, if such Home shall be in *Ireland*, deliver up the Certificate to her as aforesaid, to the Person so advancing such Allowance to her, who shall transmit the same to the Post Master or Post Masters General, and the same shall be by such Post Master or Post Masters General transmitted to the Under Secretary for the War Department at the War Office in Dublin Castle.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if the Home or Place to which any such Woman shall desire to proceed shall be in Great Britain, such Woman together with her Children, if any, shall be forthwith taken care of all Expence as a Provision for any emergency of Post in Great Britain, if the same can then conveniently be done, and if not, then that she and every child or child to and in the Calcutta or other Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to which such Woman shall belong, to agree for the Passage of every or any such Woman and her Children to any convenient Post or Place in Great Britain, in any Vessel that may then be in such Port of Embarkation, and also for her and their Maintenance during such Passage, at any Price not exceeding the Allowance that usually paid for the same Passage for a Soldier, and to be Proportioned for Children according to their respective Ages; and the Price so agreed on being certified by such Colonel or Command-

A Return of Wives and Children of Soldiers so embarked in *Ireland* for Foreign Service, and what is to be done in War Office.

Certificates sent to War.

proceed to a neighboring Justice or Magistrate, who shall make out a Receipt for her, and take in duplicate Allowance. Post Master to pay Allowance.

Post Master General of *Ireland* to allow such Payments, and Money repaid by Agents.

In Dublin Application made to Agent in Post Office.

Certificate delivered up upon receiving last Allowance.

How convey'd Home if Soldiers in Great Britain.

Price paid for Conveyance.

ing Officer, shall be duly paid by the Paymaster of the District in which such Vessel shall be, out of any Public Money in his Hands; and such Certificate, together with the Receipt of the Master or Commander of such Vessel, shall be a sufficient Voucher for such Payment, and thereupon he shall be entitled to charge the Amount in his Account with the general Agent, the said Voucher being annexed to such Charge.

How certified
shall be.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if such Port shall not be necessarily situated for such Purpose, or if such Passage cannot be obtained as aforesaid, then the Commanding Officer granting such Certificate to such Woman as aforesaid, shall insert therein the Name of the Port to which from which it shall be to the whole most proper and eligible that such Woman with her Children, if any, should sail for the Purpose of returning to her Home in Great Britain, and thereupon any Justice of the Peace to whom such Woman shall apply in manner aforesaid shall fill up her Certificate as aforesaid for such Port, and thereupon such Woman shall be supplied with the Means of returning to such Port, and the Expense thereof shall be defrayed by the several Persons aforesaid as Post Masters in manner aforesaid in all respects.

In what case
such Returns
made.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if by any Accident any such Woman or Women and Children, shall have been left at such Place of Embarkation or at the said Quarters of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or at any Place on the March from such last Quarters to such Place of Embarkation, and that the Requisites aforesaid shall not have been performed, or that any such Woman or Women and Children shall have been sent from such last Place as aforesaid, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful and for the General or other Officer commanding where such Woman or Women and Children shall have been left, to make out such Return as is herebefore mentioned of such Woman or Women and Children, and to transmit the same to the War Office in Dublin Castle as aforesaid, and to give to every such Woman such Duplicate as aforesaid, and also to transmit such further Returns, if necessary, to the Secretary at War in London, and every such Return and Duplicate respectively shall be of the same Force and Effect in all Respects as if done in manner and by the Person herebefore for the like Purpose mentioned.

How Certificate
to be conveyed
to a Vessel, and
how it may be
taken on board
said Vessel.

X. And be it further enacted, That when such Woman shall have arrived at the Port or Place appointed for her Embarkation, then if there shall be any Transport or other Vessel bound to proceed to any convenient Port in Great Britain, such Woman with her Child or Children, if any, shall be received on board the same, and conveyed thence to such Port in Great Britain, free of all Expence; and if there shall not be a convenient Opportunity of sending over such Woman and Children in that manner, then it shall be lawful for the General or other Officer commanding at such Port or Place to agree for the Passage of every or any such Woman and her Child or Children, if any, in any other Vessel, and to verify the Price to be paid for in like manner in all respects as a herebefore in that respect mentioned, and such Price shall in like manner be paid by the Paymaster of such District, and shall be charged by and allowed to him on such Certificate of such Commanding Officer, and the Receipt of the Master or Commander of such Vessel in manner aforesaid in all respects; and such District Paymaster shall also receive from such Woman the Certificate so granted to her by such Magistrate as aforesaid, and shall annex the same, together with such Certificate and Receipt, to his Account, in Support of such Charge therein.

Allowance in
case of Delay
arising from un-
avoidable Causes.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if by contrary Winds, or want of a Vessel ready for sailing, or by the Sickness of herself or of any of her Children, or by any other reasonable Cause, any such Woman shall be detained more than One Night at such Port or Place of her Embarkation, or at any Place on her Journey, from the signing of her Certificate by a Magistrate as aforesaid, to her Arrival at such Port, or at her Home, if in Ireland, then and in every such case, such Woman shall and may apply to any Justice of the Peace who shall thereupon examine into the Facts on Oath, and if satisfied of the Truth thereof shall give such Woman an Order to receive from the Person then acting as Post Master as aforesaid, if on her Journey, and if at her Port or Place of Embarkation, then from such District Paymaster, the Sum of Six pence a Day for the Maintenance of herself, and the Sum of Three pence for each Child she shall have with her, and such Payment shall be made to her accordingly, in as long as she shall be so unavoidably detained, and so long; and such Order with the Receipt of such Woman shall be a sufficient Voucher for every such Payment; and every such Sum so paid being so duly receipted shall be allowed and fully discharged in manner aforesaid respectively.

Duplicate of
Certificate to be
delivered to Justice
of the Peace at
any Port, &c.

XII. And be it further enacted, That when any such Woman shall have arrived at any such Port in Great Britain, then if she has sailed from the Port of Embarkation of her Regiment, she shall take the Duplicate if she gives to her as aforesaid to any Justice of the Peace at or near such Port, and if she shall have sailed from any other Port to which she shall have been transported by or under the Certificate of a Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, then she shall take such Certificate to any Justice of the Peace at or near such Port in Great Britain at which she shall have so arrived, and thereupon she shall receive from such Justice of the Peace in Great Britain such Certificate, and by and under the Authority thereof she and her Children shall be transported to her Home mentioned therein, in the same manner in all respects as if such last Port of Arrival had been the Port of Embarkation of her Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and that such Justice of the Peace in Great Britain shall give her such Certificate under and according to the Tenor of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act for enabling the Wives and Families of Soldiers embarked for Foreign Service to return to their Homes*.

20 G 3 c 106.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That when the Home of any such Woman shall be in Ireland, the Certificate of the Justice of the Peace to whom she shall take her Duplicate as aforesaid, shall be in the Form here following, or in any other Form of Word or the like Purport and Effect, that is to say,

To be of Credit
unless the Order
is Ireland.

I, A. B. a Justice of the Peace for the County of _____ (in County of the _____) do hereby certify, That born the _____ (or the _____) of _____ (or the _____) is the Wife of E. F. a Soldier

in the Regiment of
and that he is entitled to an Allowance of
Home at through the Towns of
this Day of is the Year
And if the Home of such Woman shall be in Great Britain, then all after the Words 'Foreign Service'
shall be omitted; and in the Place of the Words so omitted, these Words following shall be used; that is to
say, 'and that her Home is at in the County of in Great
Britain, and that in order to embark for Great Britain she is entitled to an Allowance of
per Mile from this Place to the Port of through the Towns of
Gives under my Hand at this Day of in the
Year

Form of Great
Britain.

C A P. XXVIII.

An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, making Provision for the Families of
Militia Men in Ireland. [20th April 1812.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act to make Provision*
in certain Cases for the Wives and Families of Sergeants, Corporals, Drummers and Private Soldiers
in the Militia of Ireland; it is, among other things, enacted, that every Sergeant, Corporal, Private or
Drummer in the Irish Militia, desirous of obtaining for his Family the Allowances in the said Act men-
tioned, shall make and subscribe a written Declaration in the Form therein set forth before the Commanding
Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps for the time being to which he shall belong; And whereas it
may happen, that when any Regiment of the said Militia is serving out of Ireland, certain Sergeants, Cor-
porals, Drummers or Private Men of such Regiment may remain in Ireland, attached to and serving in some
other Regiment of Militia than that to which they belong; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most
Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons,
in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That as every such case it shall and
may be lawful and legal for the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of the Regiment, to which any such Militia
Man shall belong, when thereto required, to give and sign a Certificate in Writing, in the Form following;
that is to say,

I, A. B. Colonel or Commanding Officer [as the case may be] of the
Militia, do hereby certify, that C. D. [a Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private ballotted Man,
Substitute or Volunteer, as the case may be] in the said Militia, and now attached to the
Regiment of Militia, was called out into actual Service, and did on the
Day of search from the said County, Town, City or Place [as the case may be]. And
I do certify that the said C. D. never deserted from the said Regiment of Militia while the same remained in
Ireland, and that the said C. D. was recruited after his Enrolment with the Consent of his Commanding
Officer, according to Law, or before Enrolment [as the case may be].

Provided always, That if such Militia Man shall have been married during the Absence from Ireland of the
Regiment to which he belonged, the latter Clause relating to his Marriage shall be omitted, and such Cer-
tificate shall be forwarded by such Colonel or Commanding Officer to the Colonel or other Commanding
Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps in Ireland, to which such Militia Man shall be then attached,
and in which he shall be then serving.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or
Private Man remaining in Ireland, desirous of obtaining any Allowance for his Family under the said
revised Act, to make and subscribe the Declaration in the said recited Act mentioned, at the Foot of the
Certificate to be made and subscribed before the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to
which such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private shall be attached, or to which he shall be serving at the
time of so making and subscribing such Declaration.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Commanding Officer before whom such Declaration shall be
made and subscribed, shall at the Foot of the said Declaration give and sign a Certificate in Writing in the
Form following; that is to say,

I, A. B. Colonel or Commanding Officer [as the case may be], of the Regiment
of Militia, do hereby certify that C. D. a Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private, [as the case may be],
is the
Regiment now attached to, and serving in the said Regiment under
my Command, both this Day made, and subscribed the above Declaration before me; and that the said C. D.
never deserted from his Regiment, and was recruited with the said Regiment to now under my
Command.

And if such Militia Man shall be married after the Regiment to which he belonged had left Ireland, then there
shall be added to such Certificate these Words following, to wit, 'And that the said C. D. married after
' he became attached to the Regiment under my Command, with the Consent of the Commanding Officer
' thereof for the time being;' or these Words, 'And that the said C. D. both produced to me the Certificate
' of the Commanding Officer of the Militia, dated the Day of
' in the Year and certifying that the said C. D. was then attached to the said Regiment,

210 3-28.

14.

When any Reg-
iment of Militia
is in Ireland,
Commanding
Officer shall give
a Certificate in
Behalf of Men
now in, or
Ireland attached
to other
Regiments.
Form.

D-Office of
Militia Men
is given by
1791-1812.
Ireland in
Form of
Certificate in
Behalf of
Militia Men
in Ireland.

When any
Regiment of
Militia is
attached to
another
Regiment in
Ireland.

• *Militia Man in Ireland should be repealed, save as to any Allowance to any Father, Mother, Brothers or Sisters of any Militia Man, who should be serving in the said Militia at the time of the passing of the said Act.* For the allowing of any *Doubling* with respect to the said last mentioned Allowance, Be it declared and enacted, That all and every Allowance and Allowances to any Father, Mother, Brothers or Sisters of any Militia Man who was serving in the said Militia at the time of the passing of the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year, any thing in the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, or in any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; and that all *Assessors* of such Allowances due at the time of the passing of this Act shall be paid within One Month after the passing of this Act, by the Collector of the Excise at Cork, or by the Collectors of Excise within their respective Districts, upon the Receipts of the Purser attached to such Allowances, and such Bills shall be allowed in the Accounts of the several and respective Collectors accordingly.

XI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, during the present Session of Parliament.

Corollary Allowances continued to be paid to Father, Mother or Sisters of Militia Men at time of passing of G. 3. c. 30, with Assurances.

All repealed, &c.

C A P. XXIX.

An Act to amend the Laws relating to the Militia of Ireland.

[20th April 1812.]

• **W**HEREAS it is expedient that the Laws relating to the Militia of Ireland should be amended in manner hereinafter contained; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Number of Parishes to be raised for the Militia of any County, County of a City, or County of a Town in Ireland, by whatsoever, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, or for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the time being, is to be directed that such Parishes as he or they shall think fit, not exceeding One Fourth Part of the whole Number of Parishes to be raised in each Year for each County, shall consist of Boys of the Age of Fourteen Years, and upwards, and of such Height as His Majesty or the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the time being, may direct, who shall be raised by Bots of Drums.

II. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Regiment, or Part of a Regiment of the Militia of Ireland shall be out of Ireland, then and in every such case, all and every the Rights, Powers and Authorities relating thereto, which then shall be Omission to exercise out of Ireland by the Commander of His Majesty's Forces, shall and may be used, exercised and enjoyed by the Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Forces in Great Britain, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as the same might or could they be exercised by the Officer commanding His Majesty's Forces in Ireland, if such Regiment or Part of a Regiment was then in Ireland.

49 G. 3. c. 133.
51 G. 3. c. 138.

Not exceeding One fourth of Number of Militia raised to consist of Boys of Age of 14 and upwards.

Commander in Chief to exercise in Great Britain the Powers now vested in Militia Men of Ireland in Officer commanding Forces in Ireland.

C A P. XXX.

An Act to provide for regulating the Warehousing of Spirits distilled from Corn in Ireland, for Exportation, without Payment of the Duty of Excise chargeable thereon; and to transfer the Custody of Spirits so warehoused, from the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, and their Officers, to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and their Officers.

[20th April 1812.]

• **W**HEREAS under and by virtue of the Laws now in force in Ireland, certain Acts, Matters and Things, relating to the Warehousing of Spirits distilled from Corn in Ireland, for Exportation, without Payment of the Duty of Excise payable thereon, are placed under the Care, Management and Direction of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, and of the Officers appointed by and acting under the said Commissioners; And whereas it is expedient that such Acts, Matters and Things should hereafter be transferred to and placed under the Care, Management and Direction of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and of the Officers appointed by or acting under the said last mentioned Commissioners; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Expiration of Ten Years after the passing of this Act, any Summ or other Act or Acts to the contrary thereof or any wife notwithstanding, it shall and may be lawful for every Officer or Officer of such Spirits, who is or shall be licensed to keep any Still exceeding One Hundred Gallons Content, to warehouse his Spirits for Exportation, without Payment of the Duty of Excise chargeable in Ireland thereon, according to the Provisions of this Act, and subject to such Rules and Regulations as the said Commissioners of Excise shall from time to time direct, or order, in any Part of His Majesty's Warehouses or Store to be provided by the said Commissioners of Excise, at any Place in Ireland in which, or to the District in which such Port shall be situated, any Still exceeding One hundred Gallons Content for the distillation of Spirits shall be licensed by the said Commissioners of Excise; Provided always, that no Spirit of a Strength less than a Strength equal to One to Two over Hydrostatic Proof, by such Hydrostatic Proof as is approved of by the Commissioners for exercising the Office of the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland shall be so warehoused; and that all such Spirits shall be contained in Casks of not less than One hundred Gallons Content, and that these be marked on the Head of each Cask, in Letters or Figures con- taining the Number of Gallons of Spirits in such Cask, and the Strength of the Spirits contained therein, at the time of the Striving thereof.

Distiller may warehouse Spirits under Direction of Commissioners of Excise.

Proviso.

II. And

Drill is to be
Notice of Inten-
tion to Export
to be given
in the Office
of the Excise
at least Six
Weeks before
the Export.

Friday.

On the 1st of
the Removal of
Spirits, and the
Sale of the other
Spirits.

Friday.

Notice to be
given to the
Collector of the
Excise at least
Six Weeks
before the
Export.

Each Spirit
intended to
be shipped
shall be
marked in the
Office of the
Excise at least
Six Weeks
before the
Export.

Spices are
removed out
of Warehouse,
and are
intended to
be shipped
at least Six
Weeks
before the
Export.

Quantity of
Spirits
intended to
be shipped
shall be
marked in
the Office of
the Excise
at least Six
Weeks
before the
Export.

II. And be it further enacted, That when and as often as any Distiller shall intend to warehouse Spirits for Exportation, he shall give Notice in Writing to the Officer or Officers of Excise who shall be placed over the Distillery of such Distiller, and also to the Excise Stewkeeper at the Port of Exportation, of such his Intention; in which Notice shall be set forth the Number and Content in Gallons of each Cask which such Distiller intends to warehouse, and the Day and Hour of the Day at which such Distiller intends to commence the Removal of such Spirits to the Warehouse or Stores, which Day shall not be more distant than Six Days, nor nearer than Three Days from the time of such Notice: Provided always, that an Removal of any Spirits for such Purpose shall be allowed without a Permit containing such Particulars as shall be directed by the said Commissioners of Excise, which Permit shall be a sufficient Prohibition for the Removal of such Spirits; and if any such Spirits shall be found to convey from the Stores of any Distiller to any of His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores, and if the Collector or Persons conveying such Spirits shall not, on Demand of any Officer of Customs or Excise, produce such Permit authorizing the Removal of such Spirits, the same shall be forfeited and may be seized by any such Officer; and so such Removal shall take place on any Excise Office Holiday, or on any Time of the Day before the Hour of Noon in the Forenoon, or after the Hour of Two in the Afternoon.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Officer of Excise to whom such Notice shall have been given in manner aforesaid, shall attend at the Stores of every such Distiller at the Time mentioned as aforesaid in such Notice, and such Officer shall continue there until the Whole of the Spirits for which such Notice has been given shall be removed out of the Stores of such Distiller under Permit as aforesaid; and that immediately after the Removal of such Spirits, such Officer shall take Stock on each Distiller, and set forth in the Book Book the Demerit contained by the Receipt of all such Spirits: And in case the Whole or any Part of the Spirits, for the Removal of which a Permit shall be granted as aforesaid, shall not be delivered into His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores within the time prescribed in the Permit or Permits for conveying the same, or in case such Spirits which so delivered shall not be of the true Strength and Quality in every respect of which they were at the time of the granting of such Permit or Permits (except in cases of unavoidable Necessity, proved to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Three of them), the Distiller of such Spirits, for the Removal of which out of the said Stores a Permit shall have been granted as aforesaid, shall for every Gallon of Spirits which shall be taken out of the Strength and Quality aforesaid, forfeit the Value of Ten Shillings, and shall also forfeit one Gallon of Spirits for every Gallon so deficient in Quantity; and it shall be lawful for the Officer of Excise to seize and take out of the Stores of such Distiller, one Gallon of Spirit for every Gallon which shall be so deficient; and it shall also be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, to withdraw and send any Allowance before that time granted to such Distiller, if they shall think it so to do.

IV. And be it further enacted, That immediately on the Arrival of such Spirits under proper Permit at His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores, the proper Officer shall gauge and take an Account of every Cask and the Strength of the Spirits contained therein, and shall enter an Account thereof in a Book to be by him kept for the Purpose; and thereafter the Stewkeeper shall receive the same without Delay into His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores, and shall deliver to the Distiller or Persons engaging the same for the Use of such Distiller, a Receipt for such Spirits, specifying the Number of the different Casks, with their Gauge, and the Quantity and Strength of the Spirits contained in them, with the Day of the Month and Year when such Spirits were stored, and any Marks which may be put on such Casks by such Distiller for distinguishing the Spirits to be his Property.

V. And be it further enacted, That such Receipt shall be delivered out within a reasonable Time, by every such Distiller, to the Officer in charge of the Distillery of such Distiller, and such Officer shall immediately return to such Distiller a Copy thereof, signed by himself; and upon the Delivery of such Receipt, and not before, it shall be lawful for such Officer to deduct from the Number of Gallons of Spirits with which such Distiller shall have been charged or chargeable with Duty, the Number of Gallons so warehouse, and to return the Charge of Duty upon the Distiller, to the Collector of Excise, for the remaining Number of Gallons, which shall be a Charge against such Distiller accordingly; and every such Officer shall answer to such Return the Stewkeeper's Receipt, as his Voucher for having made such Deductions as aforesaid.

VI. And be it further enacted, That such Spirits which shall be in warehoused shall not be taken or carried out of the Warehouse or Stores on any Account whatsoever, otherwise than in Manner and pursuant to the Provisions and Directions hereinafter mentioned and contained.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if often as any Distiller warehoused Spirits in Ireland, or any Proprietor of such Spirits be warehoused, shall be desirous of Shipping for Exportation any Quantity of such Spirits, such Distiller or Proprietor shall deliver to the Stewkeeper, Five Days at least before the time when he intends to ship such Spirits, a Note in Writing, requiring such Stewkeeper to deliver such Casks as such Proprietor may intend to export, specifying the Number of Casks, and the Quantity of Spirits intended to be shipped, and set forth in the Receipt given to such Distiller by the Stewkeeper at the time when such Spirits were admitted into the Warehouse or Stores, and mentioning the time when such Distiller or Proprietor proposes to ship such Spirits, and the Name and Destination of the Ship or Vessel in which such Spirits are intended to be exported; and it shall be lawful for the Officer attending the Warehouse or Stores from which such Spirits are to be taken, before the Delivery thereof from such Warehouse or Stores, to mark every Cask of such Spirits with such Mark as the said Commissioners of Excise shall direct: And if any Spirit is intended for Exportation shall, after having been so marked in His Majesty's Warehouse or Stores, and before that time aforesaid, be altered in Quality, Quantity, or Strength, except by Demand contained from

Leakage, Waste or Accidents, all such Spirits, and the Casks containing the same, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of His Majesty's Revenue of Customs or Excise.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That before any such Spirits shall be delivered out of any such Warehouse or Stores for Exportation, the Distiller or Proprietor intending to export the same, shall, with One or more sufficient Surety or Sureties, give Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Double the Value of such Spirits and of the Excise Duty which would be due and payable thereon if such Spirits were taken out for Home Consumption (which Bond the Collector of Excise of the District is lawfully authorized and required so to take) conditioned that such Spirits shall (the Duties of the Sea or Excise excepted) be exported to and landed at such Port as shall be specified in such Bond, without Allowance in Quality or Quantity, except what may be consumed by Leakage, Waste or Accident, and shall not be landed in any other Place, nor relanded in Ireland; and each Collector of Excise shall sign and give to such Distiller or Proprietor a Certificate of such Distiller's having entered into such Bond.

IX. And be it further enacted, That upon the Distiller or Proprietor of such Spirits, or some Person on Behalf of such Distiller or Proprietor, producing to the Storekeeper of the Warehouse or Stores the Certificate from the Collector, that such Bond and Security hath been given, the Storekeeper of such Warehouse or Stores if he deliver such Spirits as shall be mentioned in such Certificate to be exported, and such Storekeeper shall cause the said Spirits to be sent under the Care of a proper Officer, at the Expense of the Distiller or Proprietor, to the Quay where the Ship or Vessel shall be fringed, there to be delivered into the Custody of the Shipping Officer of the Customs on such Quay, and shall at the same time grant a Permit for the Quantity so sent, in which Permit shall be also mentioned the Date when the Spirits were warehoused, and such other Particulars as the Commissioners of Excise shall direct and appoint (which Permit shall be a sufficient Protection for the Removal of such Spirits); and if any such Spirits shall be found conveying or carrying from any of His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores to the Quay, to be shipped for Exportation, and before their actual Shipment, and if the Carrier or Person conveying the same, or the Person in whose Custody the same shall be, shall not, on Demand of any Officer of Customs or Excise, produce such Permit authorizing the Removal of such Spirits, the same shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any such Officer; and all such Spirits shall remain in the Care and Custody of the Shipping Officer on the Quay until shipped or exported; and all such Spirits shall be shipped in the same Casks in which they were originally warehoused, with the Marks, Numbers and Notes of the Contents thereof, except in cases of damaged or leaky Casks, which may be changed with the Leave of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or of the Chief Officer of the Port, and like Marks shall be cut on the Head of each new Cask as had been cut on the leaky or damaged Cask; and all such Spirits shall be shipped only in such Vessels as, by Law, Spirits of Irish Manufacture may be shipped for Exportation, subject to all Regulations, Proclamations and Penalties, in respect of relanding or conveying the same, so as not to be contrary to any Act or Acts respecting Spirits shipped from Ireland for Exportation to Great Britain or elsewhere, and as are not contrary to the Provisions of this Act.

And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller in warehousing Spirits for Exportation, or other Proprietor thereof, shall desire to take the same, or any Quantity thereof out less than Five hundred Gallons, out of His Majesty's Warehouse or Stores, for Home Consumption, it shall and may be lawful for such Distiller so to do, on paying to the Collector of Excise for the District, the full Amount of the Duty of Excise on Spirit, payable in respect of such Spirits, for the Quantity which such and every such Cask contained at the time of its being warehoused, together with a Sum, after the Rate of Ten Pounds for every One hundred Pounds by the Year, on the Amount of the said Duties, from the Expiration of Four Calendar Months after the Day of having such Spirits, till the time of taking the same out for Home Consumption; and upon the Production of the Collector's Receipt for such Duty to the Storekeeper, it shall be lawful for him to discharge the Casks mentioned in the Collector's Receipt, and to deliver a Permit for the Conveyance of the same to the Distiller or Proprietor thereof, or to such Place as such Distiller or Proprietor shall direct or require, which Permit shall be a sufficient Protection for the Removal of such Spirits; and if any such Spirits shall be found conveying or carrying, and if the Carrier or Person conveying the same, or the Person in whose Custody the same shall be, shall not, on Demand of any Officer of Customs or Excise, produce such Permit authorizing the Removal of such Spirits, the same shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any such Officer.

XI. And be it further enacted, That Spirits so warehoused may be removed, at the Desire of the Distiller or Proprietor thereof, from His Majesty's Warehouse or Stores at any one Port, to the like Warehouse or Stores at any other Port as aforementioned, under such Regulations as the said Commissioners of Excise shall order in respect thereof.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Distiller or Proprietor of any such Spirits so to be lodged in any Warehouse or Stores as aforesaid, in the Presence of the Storekeeper, who is lawfully required to attend at all reasonable times for that Purpose not oftener than once a Week, to view, examine and pass for Sale, such Spirits, or any Part thereof, and to ensure the State of the Casks, and to prevent Leakage or Damage thereof.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Spirits shall remain in His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores, after having been received therein under the Provisions of this Act, for more than Four Calendar Months, or such further time as the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Three of them shall appoint, on special Application made to them, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, to direct, that such Spirits shall be publicly sold, giving Seven Days public Notice thereof; and the Proceeds arising from such Sale shall be applied in the First Place to the Discharge of all the Duties then due, computing such Duties on the Number of Gallons which such and every Cask contained at the time of its being warehoused, without

Penalty.

Bond of Distiller or Exportation.

Certificate thereof by Collector. On Production of Collector's Certificate of Bonding, Storekeeper shall send Spirits on board with a Permit, and under Care of an Officer.

Not to be conveyed Permitted.

Penalty.

Spirits to be taken out for Home Consumption in certain Quantities.

Penalty.

Warehoused spirits may be removed from Port to Port.

Distiller may weekly view and pass for Sale.

After Four Months, or such other Time as Commissioners may direct, Spirits warehoused shall be sold for Payment of Duties &c.

any Allowance for Waffe or Lossage, together with a Seal, after the Rate of Ten Pounds for every Hundred Pounds by the Year, on the Account of the said Duties, from the Expiration of Four Calendar Months after the Expiry of each Spirit, until the Sale thereof; and the Remainder, after deducting all Expence of Warehousing and Sale, shall be paid over to the Distiller of such Spirit.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That on the Expiration of any such Spirit which shall have been warehoused as aforesaid, no Drawback or Allowance whatever shall be given or paid, other than and except a Drawback of Ten pence British Currency upon every Gallon of such Spirit, as and in like of the Duty paid on the Malt used and consumed in the making of such Spirit, or other than and except such other Drawbacks which shall or may by Law from time to time hereafter, on Occasion may require, be granted, given or allowed; which Drawback is hereby required to be paid and satisfied on each Export, subject to all Rates and Regulations in force in Ireland respecting Drawbacks.

XV. And be it further enacted, That in each of an Act, made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the regulating and fixing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and the Warehousing of such Spirits for Exportation*; and also in each of another Act, made in the Forty seventh Year of His said Majesty's Reign, for amending the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, so relate to the warehousing of Spirits distilled in Ireland for Exportation, without Payment of the Duty of Excise chargeable in Ireland thereon, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Taxes, Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, shall be paid and recovered in British Currency, and shall and may be paid for and recovered, levied and applied, in such Manner and Form, and by such Ways and Means, and with such Powers and Authorities, as are prescribed, directed and appointed in and by an Act of Parliament, made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for the settling the Excise or new Tax upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted*; or in and by an Act, made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Ireland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or in and by any other Act or Acts so far as in Ireland relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, as fully and effectually, to all Intents, Constructions and Purposes, as if the same were particularly mentioned and specified and re-enacted in this Act; with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties who shall think just, for or themselves aggrieved or injured, as in and by the said Acts, or any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise is provided.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XXXI.

An Act to repeal an Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, intitled *An Act against Irrel and wandering Persons pretending themselves to be Soldiers or Mariners.*

[10th April 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that an Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, intitled *An Act against Irrel and wandering Persons pretending themselves to be Soldiers or Mariners, &c.* should be repealed: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

C A P. XXXII.

An Act for the Relief of Infant Suitors in Courts of Equity, entitled to Stock or Annuities in any of the Public or other Funds, transmissible at the Bank of England.

[10th April 1812.]

WHEREAS Inconvenience has been experienced from the Want of Authority in the Courts of Chancery and Exchequer to direct for the Use of Infants the Payment of the Dividends of Stock belonging to such Infants, and sending in their Names in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Courts of Chancery and Exchequer respectively, in any Cause depending or hereafter to be depending in the said Courts respectively, to order and direct such or any Dividends due and belonging or hereafter to become due and belonging to any Infant or Infants, Part or any such Cause, or any of the Public or other Stocks, Funds or Annuities whatsoever, transmissible as aforesaid, or may hereafter be made transmissible in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, standing in the Name or Name of such Infant or Infants, and to which such Infant or Infants it or they lawfully entitled, to be paid to any Guardian or Guardians of such Infant or Infants respectively, or to any other Person or Persons, according to the Direction of such Courts respectively, or to the Master and Substitutes, or otherwise for the Use and Benefit of such Infant or Infants; such Guardian or Guardians, or other Person or Persons, to whom such Payment is directed to be made, being named in the Order directing such Payment; and the Receipt, Acquittance or Discharge of such Guardian or Guardians, or other Person

Drawback allowed on Exports of Spirits.

Regulation in 46 G. 3. c. 28. 47 G. 3. c. 10. 48 G. 3. c. 10. 49 G. 3. c. 10.

Recovery of Penalties.

14 G. 3. c. 28. 47 G. 3. c. 10.

48 G. 3. c. 10.

Appeal.

All amend, &c.

38 Eliz. c. 12 repealed.

Courts of Chancery and Exchequer to direct for the Use of Infants the Payment of the Dividends of Stock belonging to such Infants, and sending in their Names in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England.

or Persons so named for such Dividend or Dividends, or Sum or Sums of Money, as shall be so ordered and directed to be paid to them, or any Part thereof, shall be so good, valid and effectual, at all times and to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, both at Law and in Equity, to and for the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, against such Infant or Infants to whom such Dividend or Dividends, Sum or Sums of Money have been or shall be due and being, his, her or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, as if such Receipt, Acquittance or Discharge, had been actually signed by such Infant or Infants, after he, she or they had actually attained his, her or their Age of Majority, and were capable by Law of signing and giving the same; and that this Act shall be, and is hereby declared to be a full and complete Indemnity and Discharge to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, their Officers and Servants, for all Things done or permitted to be done pursuant thereto; and this Act shall be deemed and taken as a Public Act to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

C A P. XXXIII.

An Act to continue, until the Expiration of Six Months after the Conclusion of the present War, an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting the Importation of Masts, Yards, Bowsprits and Timber for Naval Purposes, from the British Colonies in North America, Duty free. [20th April 1812.]

WHEREAS the Law heretofore mentioned has by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to permit, until the Tenth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Importation of Masts, Yards and Bowsprits, or of Timber fit for Naval Purposes, from the British Colonies in North America Duty free*; which said Act was by Two Acts of the Forty eighth and fiftieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall, from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, be and the same is hereby further continued until the Expiration of Six Months after the Conclusion of the present War.

45 G. 3 c. 119, continued.

C A P. XXXIV.

An Act for altering and amending an Act made in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, for the Relief of Debtors, with respect to the Imprisonment of their Persons, and of an Act made in the Thirty ninth Year of His present Majesty, for making perpetual an Act made in the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty, for the further Relief of Debtors; and for other Purposes in the said Act expressed. [20th April 1812.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for making perpetual an Act made in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act for the further Relief of Debtors with respect to the Imprisonment of their Persons*; and in a like Debtors who shall continue in Execution in Prisons beyond a certain Time, and for some not exceeding what are mentioned in the Act, to make Discharge of and deliver upon such their Estates, for their Creditors Benefit. And whereas in the said Act made in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, the Benefits of an Act passed in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the Relief of Debtors with respect to the Imprisonment of their Persons, and to oblige Debtors who shall continue in Execution in Prisons beyond a certain Time, and for some not exceeding what are mentioned in the Act, to make Discharge of and deliver upon such their Estates for their Creditors Benefit*, were extended to diverse Persons not mentioned in the said Act made in the Thirty second Year of His late Majesty King George the Second; And whereas the Provisions of the said Acts made in the Thirty second Year of His late Majesty and in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty respectively require, that Debtors and others confined in any County or other Goal above the Space of Twenty Miles from Westminster Hall, or the Court or Courts under the Power whereof any such Debtors or others are confined, desirous to avail themselves of the Benefits of the said Acts, should apply by Petition to such Court or Courts, and authorize such Court or Courts, on being satisfied as aforesaid mentioned, to order or cause such Debtors or others to be brought to the Assize which shall be holden for the County or Place where he, she or they shall be imprisoned, and further require that the Matter of the said Petition should at the time of the Assize be for the County or Place where he, she or they shall be imprisoned, be heard by the Judge of Assize on the Crown Side: And whereas there are many Goals situate within local or particular Jurisdictions, for which no Assizes are ever or seldom or are held, or at which Assizes there may be no Judge of Assize on the Crown Side, and other Goals at considerable Distances from any Place where Assizes are usually held, by reason whereof such Debtors and others as are confined therein and would be entitled to the Benefits of the said Acts cannot avail themselves thereof in the manner intended by the said Acts: And whereas great Hardship arises to such Persons and others, and it is desirable to give them Relief in the Premises; and that such Court or Courts, on being satisfied as aforesaid, should be further authorized to order or cause all Debtors and others retained on the Benefit of the said Acts, or any of them, petitioning as aforesaid, to be brought up, and the Matter of

39 G. 3 c. 36.

37 G. 3 c. 5.

38 G. 3 c. 25.

• their Petitions filed before the Judges aforesaid at any General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden within the Distance of Twenty Miles of any Gaol in which any such Debtors or others may be confined; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for each Court or Courts to order such Debtors and others to be brought up before any Justices of the Peace aforesaid at any General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be mentioned in any Petition of any such Debtors or others to be holden for any County, City, Liberty, Franchise or Jurisdiction within the Distance of Twenty Miles of the Gaol wherein such Debtors or others by petitioning shall be confined, instead of ordering such Debtors or others to be brought up before a Judge of Assize in all cases where such Court or Courts shall think proper so to do, and such General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace shall be holden, either season to season or otherwise, from such Gaol or of Term than the Assizes at which such Judge of Assize would be present would be holden; and the Justices to be appointed in General or Quarter Sessions before whom any such Debtors or others shall be brought in pursuance of any such Order, are required to hear and determine the Matter of such Petitions, and do and perform all other such Matters and Things to the same Effect and in the same manner, as near as may be, as by the said recited Act of the Thirty-second Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, the Judge of Assize on the Crown Side is required to do and perform; and all Orders made by such Justices shall be as valid and effectual as if the same had been made in the Court or Courts out of which Process against such Debtors or others had issued, and the same shall be made Records of such General or Quarter Sessions, and Copies thereof shall from thence be transmitted signed by the Parties providing at such General or Quarter Sessions to the Court or Courts out of which Process had issued against such Debtors or others, to be a Record of such Court or Courts, and kept among the Records thereof; and all Executions, Provisions, Directions, Powers, Authorities, Pains, Provisions, Limitations, Benefits, Advantages and Privileges or Indemnities in the said Acts or either of them contained, applicable to any Matter or Thing to be done before any Judge of Assize or by any Justice in obedience to any Order made, the Authority of the said Acts or either of them, or otherwise under or in pursuance of any Provisions in the said Acts or either of them contained, shall be and the same are hereby declared respectively to extend to and comprehend and be applicable to all like Matters and Things by this Act authorized to be done before any such Justices so appointed in such General or Quarter Sessions, or by any Justice in obedience to any Order or Orders made under the Authority of this Act or otherwise, under or in pursuance of any Provisions thereof, or authorized to be done by virtue thereof, in as full and ample a manner as if all and every the Clauses and Provisions in the said recited Acts or either of them contained, touching every Matter and Thing which might be done under the said recited Acts or either of them, had been fully and literally recited and set forth in this Act, with apt Words to make them Part of and applicable to this Act.

• All Acts whereas by an Act passed in the Thirty-second Year of the Reign of King George the Second, it is enacted *As Act for the Relief of Debtors with respect to the Imprisonment of their Persons, and in what Manner it shall continue in Execution in Prison beyond a certain Time, and for Some not extending which are mentioned in the said Act, to make Discovery of and deliver upon Oath their Estates for their Creditors' Debts, it is, amongst other things, provided, that no Person or Persons who had been taken or should thereafter take the Benefit of any Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, should have or receive any Benefit or Advantage of or under this Act, or be deemed to be within the Meaning thereof, so as to gain any Discharge, unless compelled by any Court to discover and deliver up his or her Estate and Effects: And whereas it is expressed that the said recited Provisions in the said Act should be repealed; Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the same shall be and is hereby repealed.*

C A P. XXXV.

An Act to prohibit all Intercourse between the Island of Jamaica and certain Parts of the Island of Saint Domingo.

[17th April 1812.]

• WHEREAS it is expedient that all Intercourse between the Island of Jamaica and certain Parts and Places of the Island of Saint Domingo should cease and determine; Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, no British Ship or Vessel shall, for any Purpose or under any Privilege whatsoever, sail from any Port or Place in the Island of Jamaica to any Port or Place in the Island of Saint Domingo, nor from any Port or Place in the Island of Saint Domingo to any Port or Place in the Island of Jamaica, except as is hereinafter provided, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of any such Ship or Vessel, together with her Cargo, Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel.

• It. And be it further enacted, That no Foreign Ship or Vessel, whether laden or is ballast, shall come into any Port in the Island of Jamaica, if such Ship or Vessel shall have come from, or shall on the Course of her Voyage have touched at any Port or Place in the Island of Saint Domingo; and if any such Foreign Ship or Vessel shall land any Person from on board the same, or shall continue in any Port or Harbour of the said Island of Jamaica, for Forty-eight Hours after Notice shall be given by the principal Officer of the Customs resident at the Port to depart therefrom, such Foreign Ship or Vessel shall be detained, together with her Cargo, Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel.

• III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to the prohibiting of any Intercourse which may be carried on by any Law or Laws now

Debtors may be brought before the Justices at Quarter Sessions, and of a Judge of Assize, &c.

Provisions of recited Acts extended to this Act.

35 G. 3. c. 35. § 24.

repealed.

Intercourse between Jamaica and Saint Domingo prohibited. Penalty.

Foreign Ships having touched at Saint Domingo before to come in Ports of Jamaica. Penalty.

Proviso for that Part of Act.

in force between the said Island of Jamaica and any Port or Place in the said Island of Saint Domingo, which case it shall be in the Possession of, and under the Dominion of the Spanish Government, while the same shall continue in and under such Possession and Dominion.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prevent any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War from taking from any Port or Place in the said Island of Jamaica to any Port or Place in the said Island of Saint Domingo, nor from any Port or Place in the said Island of Saint Domingo, to any Port or Place in the said Island of Jamaica.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Ships, Vessels and Goods, liable to Forfeiture under the Provisions of this Act, shall and may be seized by the Commander of any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War, or any Commissioned, Warrant or Petty Officer by him specially authorized, or by any Officer of His Majesty's Customs, and shall and may be sold for and preferred, in such and the like manner, and by the same Ways and Means, and subject to the like Rules and Directions, as any Forfeitures incurred in the said Colonies or Plantations in America, by force of any Act of Parliament relating to the Trade and Revenue of the said Colonies or Plantations, may now be sold for and preferred in pursuance of an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the more effectual Recovery of Penalties and Forfeitures incurred in the British Colonies and Plantations in America*; and such Ships, Vessels and Goods, shall be lodged and deposited in the Custody of the Officers mentioned in the said Act, and shall be subject to the other Provisions thereof, in like manner as if the same were herein repeated; and the Commanders or Officers of any Ships or Vessels of War, and the Officers of the Customs, in making and preferring any such Seizures, shall have the Benefit of all the Provisions made by any Act of Parliament for the Protection of Officers Seizing and preferring any Ships, Vessels or Goods, for any Offence against any Act of Parliament relating to the Trade and Revenue of the said Colonies or Plantations in America.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Forfeitures incurred by this Act shall go and belong to such Person or Persons, and in such Shares and Proportions as any Statutes enacted in the said Colonies or Plantations in America now go and belong to, and may now be distributed and applied under and by virtue of a certain Act of Parliament made in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for granting certain Duties in the said Colonies and Plantations in America, and for other Purposes.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Ship or Vessel, or any Goods laden thereon, shall be found under the Provisions of this Act, and any Dispute shall arise whether the said Ship or Vessel had sailed, or the Goods laden thereon had been brought from any Port or Place in the Island of Jamaica to any Port or Place in the Island of Saint Domingo, or from any Port or Place in the Island of Saint Domingo to any Port or Place in the Island of Jamaica, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, in such case the Proof thereof shall lie upon the Owner or Charter of such Ship or Vessel or Goods, and not upon the Officers who shall seize or Rap the same; and in case no sufficient Proof shall be given by the Owner or Char of such Ship or Vessel, or the Goods laden thereon, of the Port or Place from and to which such Goods had been brought and such Ship or Vessel did really and lawfully sail, then such Ship or Vessel shall, without any further Proceeding, be taken and held to have sailed, and the Goods laden thereon shall be taken and held to have been brought from one of the said Islands to the other, contrary to the Provisions of this Act; any Law, Custom or Usage, in any of the Colonies or Plantations to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Ships or Vessels, or any Goods whatsoever, shall be found as forfeited by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs in England, or any Four or more of them, on Evidence being given to their Satisfaction that the Forfeiture arose without any fraudulent Proceeding, or Deceit or Intention of Fraud in the Proprietor or Proprietors of such Ships or Vessels or Goods, by any Writing signed by them, or any Four of them, to order the same to be referred to such Proprietor or Proprietors, in such manner and on such Terms and Conditions as under the circumstances of the case shall appear to the said Commissioners to be just and reasonable, and as they shall think fit to direct; and if the said Proprietor or Proprietors shall comply with the Terms and Conditions prescribed by the said Commissioners, the same shall be referred accordingly; and it shall not be lawful for the Officer or Officers who shall have seized such Ships, Vessels or Goods, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever on his or their Behalf, to proceed in any manner for the Condemnation thereof, but if such Proprietor or Proprietors shall not comply with the Terms and Conditions prescribed by the said Commissioners, such Officer or Officers shall be at Liberty, and he and they as and so lawfully authorized to proceed for the Condemnation of such Ships or Vessels, or Goods, as if this Law had not been made: Provided always, that if such Proprietor or Proprietors shall accept the Terms and Conditions prescribed by the said Commissioners, such Proprietor or Proprietors shall not have or be entitled to any Recompense or Damages on account of the Seizure or Detention of such Ships or Vessels or Goods, or have or maintain any Action whatever for the same; any Law, Custom or Usage, to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. XXXVI

An Act for granting additional Duties on Mahogany not imported from the Bay of Honduras, and for reducing the Duties on certain Species of Wood imported from the said Bay.

[20th April 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that additional Duties of Customs should be imposed upon Mahogany not imported directly from Bermuda, or from any of the Bahama Islands, or not imported directly from the Bay of Honduras, and as any Mahogany being the Growth of any other Country or Place: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and

may be seized
South Co-
municated:

And for His
Majesty's ships
of War.

Vessels, &c. Li-
able to Forfeiture,
may be seized by
any Commander
of His Majesty's
Ships of War,
&c. and may be
sold for its value
as directed by
49 G. 3. c. 127.

How the Duties
are to be paid.

4 G. 3. c. 12.

Proof in Cases

Commissioners of
Customs may re-
fer to Evidence
on Oath, or if
proved that it is
not a case of
fraudulent Trade-
ing &c.

Proviso.

Additional Duty
on Mahogany
brought in:

and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several additional pecuniary and temporary or War Duties of Customs on Mahogany imported into Great Britain, not being imported directly from Bermuda, or from any of the Bahama Islands, or not imported directly from the Bay of Honduras, and on any Mahogany being the Growth of any other Country or Place, as the same are respectively referred, delineated and set forth in Figures in the Table hereunto annexed, marked (A.).

To be levied
by Bond.

42 G. 3. c. 35.

II. And be it further enacted, That the additional Duties hereby imposed may be levied by Bond under the Regulations of an Act passed in the Tenth third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain, to be cleared in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty.*

Who Duty payable on Mahogany after Six Months of Detention
Duty.

Duty payable on Mahogany imported out of West-Indies after July 1, 1812, although imported before the Day.
Five Dollars
Duty.

III. And be it further enacted, That in each of the said additional Duties of Customs hereby imposed, as fall under the Title or Description of Temporary or War Duties, shall be paid and payable during the Continuance of the present War, and for Six Months after the Ratification of a Defensive Treaty of Peace.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said additional Duties of Customs shall be charged and payable on any Mahogany enumerated or described in the said Table hereunto annexed marked (A.), which having been warehoused or otherwise secured under the Authority of any Act of Parliament, without Payment of Duty, shall be taken out of any such Warehouse or Place where the same shall have been lodged or secured for the Purpose of being sold or consumed in Great Britain, after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, notwithstanding such Mahogany may have been imported into Great Britain before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said additional Duties of Customs hereby imposed shall be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid and recovered, in such and the like manner and by the same Means, Ways and Methods as any Duties of Customs of a like Nature are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid and recovered, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures now in Force in relation to or made for securing the Revenue of Customs in Great Britain, and all Fees, Penalties, Fines or Forfeitures for any Officer whatever committed equal or is Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in Force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, made for increasing the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation and Improvement thereof; and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall be in full Force and Effect as to the said Duties, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if they were at large repeated and inserted in this Act.

Manufactured
Wood imported
from Bay of
Honduras may
from Day as
manufactured
Wood of British
Colonies.

VI. And whereas it is expedient that the Duties of Customs payable on certain unmanufactured Wood imported into Great Britain, directly from the Bay of Honduras, should be lowered; Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, any unmanufactured Wood not being particularly enumerated or described, and on which the Duties of Customs due on the Importation are payable according to the Value thereof, being of the Growth and Production of the Spanish Limits within the Province of Yucatan in the Bay of Honduras, shall and may be imported into Great Britain directly from the said Bay, on Payment of such and the like Duties only as are due and payable on unmanufactured Wood of the like Description of the Growth and Production of the Spanish Colonies or Plantations in America; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

How duty
applied.

42 G. 3. c. 35.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys arising from one to nine pence each of the said Duties hereby imposed (the necessary Charges of raising and collecting for the same respectively excepted) shall from time to time be paid unto the Receiver of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties imposed by an Act passed in the Tenth sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for reducing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, are respectively directed to be appropriated and applied.

TABLE to which this Act refers.

TABLE (A.)

| A Table of additional Duties of Customs payable on Mahogany imported into Great Britain. | Permanent Duty. | Temporary or War Duty. |
|--|------------------|------------------------|
| Mahogany not imported directly from Bermuda or from any of the Bahama Islands, or not imported directly from the Bay of Honduras, or being the Growth of any other Country or Place, the Ton, containing Twenty Hundred Weight | £ s. d.
2 0 0 | £ s. d.
0 15 4 |

C A P. XXXVII.

An Act for settling and securing a certain Annuity on Earl Wellington and the Two next Persons to whom the Title of Earl Wellington shall descend, in Consideration of his eminent Services.

[enth. April 1812.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,
 WHEREAS Your Majesty, by Your said Gracious Message to the House of Commons, has been pleased to declare that Your Majesty, having taken into Your Royal Consideration the eminent and signal Services performed by General Lord Viscount Wellington in the Course of a long Successful Campaign, and being desirous to mark the Sense You entertain of the Services he has done to the British Arms, and in Consideration of his eminent Services, have conferred upon General Lord Viscount Wellington and the Heirs Male of his Body the Rank and Dignity of an Earl of the United Kingdom, by the Name, Style and Title of Earl Wellington; and Your Majesty being further desirous of granting to the Earl of Wellington a Net Annuity of Two thousand Pounds, in addition to the Annuity already granted by Parliament, and subject to the same Limitation imposed in that Grant, recommended it to your faithful Commons to enable His Majesty to grant and settle such Annuity, and to make such further Provision as should be, so may be thought most effectual for the Benefit of General the Earl of Wellington and his Family; We, Your Majesty's most devoted and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, duly considering Your Majesty's Most gracious Intention, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in Addition to the Annuity already granted to the said Earl, then Viscount Wellington, by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for settling and securing a certain Annuity on Viscount Wellington, and the Two next Persons to whom the Title of Viscount Wellington shall descend, in Consideration of his eminent Services*, one other Annuity or yearly Rent or Sum of Two thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, shall be issue and payable out of and charged and chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, (after paying or satisfying Debts due to) all such Fees and Sums of Money as have been directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid out of the same) but with Preference to all other Payments which shall or may hereafter be charged upon or payable out of the said Fund, and the same shall from time to time be paid Quarterly, five and clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, in Manner and Form following; that is to say, to the said Earl Wellington, for and during the natural Life of the said Earl Wellington, and from and after his Death, unto the Two next succeeding Heirs Male of the Body of the said Earl Wellington, on whom the Title, Honour and Dignity of Earl Wellington shall descend, for and during their several Lives; which said Annuity or yearly Rent or Sum shall commence and take Effect from the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve; the First Payment to be computed from the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and from thenceforth it shall be paid and payable at the Four said Days of Payment in the said Year, that is to say, the Fifth Day of July, the Tenth Day of October, the Fifth Day of January, and the Fifth Day of April, in each and every Year, by even and equal Portions.

II. And it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury now being, and the High Treasurer and Under Treasurer of the Exchequer, and Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and required by Warrant under their Hands, to direct the Auditor of the Receipt of the Exchequer now and for the time being, to make such and such Debitations from time to time for paying the said Annuity or yearly Rent or Sum of Two thousand Pounds, in manner as aforesaid; and as the same shall from time to time become due and payable, without any Fees or Charges to be demanded or taken for paying the same or any Part thereof; which said Warrant and Debitations to be made such and such Debitations shall be a sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer, now and for the time being, for the Payment of the said Annuity or yearly Rent or Sum to the said Earl Wellington, and the Two next succeeding Heirs Male of the Body of the said Earl Wellington, at the respective Quarterly Feast Days as in this Act before appointed for Payment thereof, without any further or other Warrant to be had for, had or obtained in that Behalf.

III. And it is hereby further enacted, That after signing of such Warrant the same shall be good, valid and effectual in Law, according to the Tenor and true Meaning thereof and of this Act, and shall not be determined or voidable by or upon the Death or Removal of any of the said Commissioners of the Treasury or the Lord High Treasurer, or by or upon the Discontinuation of the Power, Office or Offices of them or any of them.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of the Treasury now being, and the High Treasurer of the Treasury for the time being, Chancellor and Under Treasurer, Chamberlain and Receiver of the Exchequer, and all other the Officers and Ministers of the Court of Exchequer, and of the Receipt thereof now and for the time being, shall and they are hereby authorized and strictly enjoined and required to do, without Fee or Reward, all such Acts, Matters and Things as are herebefore directed and required, or shall be according to be done and performed by them or any or either of them, in order to make this Act and the several Payments hereby directed, effectual.

28 G. 3. c. 8

Annuity of 2,000 granted to the said Earl of Wellington in this Act, 28 G. 3. c. 8.

Payable Quarterly.

Debitations made forth by the Exchequer.

Annuity not to be commuted.

No Fee or Reward.

Acquittance of
Earl Wellington
a fullness
Debitage.

V. And he is further enacted, That the Acquittance or Acquittances, Receipt or Receipts of the said Earl Wellington, and the Two next succeeding Heirs Male of the Body of the said Earl Wellington on whom the said Title shall descend, shall be a good and sufficient Discharge for the Payment of the said Annuity, or yearly Rent within any further or other Warranty to be had for or obtained in that Behalf; and that the said Annuity or yearly Rent or Sum, and every Part thereof, shall be paid and clear from all Taxes, Imposts and other Charges whatsoever; and in case any of the Officers of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer shall refuse or omit to pay the said Annuity or yearly Rent or Sum, or any Part thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, or to do any Act necessary to enable the said Earl Wellington and the Two next succeeding Heirs Male of the Body of the said Earl Wellington on whom the said Title, Honour and Dignity of Earl Wellington shall descend, to receive the same, then the said Earl Wellington, and the Two next succeeding Heirs Male of the Body of the said Earl Wellington on whom the said Title shall descend, may from time to time sue, prosecute and compel such Officers or any of them, their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, by Bill, Plea or Action of Debt, and shall and may recover Judgment and as set Execution thereupon against such Officers respectively, their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, for so much of such Sum or Sums of Money then due and owing upon the said Annuity, yearly Rent or Sum, or any Part thereof, as shall have been in the Hands of the Officer or Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer at the time or times when Demands shall have been legally made of the Payment of the said Annuity, yearly Rent, or Sum, or any Part thereof as aforesaid, or for the Refusal or Neglect to do any Act necessary to be done by such Officer or Officers respectively.

ANNUITY TO BE
PAID.

VI. And he is further enacted, That the said Annuity, yearly Rent, or Sum of Two thousand Pounds, shall be and the same is by this Act settled on the said Earl Wellington, and the Two next succeeding Heirs Male of the Body of the said Earl Wellington on whom the said Title, Honour and Dignity of Earl Wellington shall descend; and the same or any Part thereof shall not at any time or times hereafter be aliened, or conveyed, disposed, charged or encumbered by the said Earl Wellington or by either of the Two next succeeding Heirs Male of the Body of the said Earl Wellington on whom the said Title shall descend, for any greater or larger Estate or Term than during the natural Life of the Person so aliening, conveying, disposing, charging or encumbering the same, so as to prevent the same from descending to the next or succeeding Heirs Male of the Body of the said Earl Wellington to whom the said Title of Earl Wellington shall descend, according to the Limitation aforesaid.

C A P. XXXVIII.

An Act for amending the Laws relating to the Local Militia in England. [20th April 1812.]

WHEREAS the Local Militia, as by Law established, has been found of the utmost Importance to the internal Defence of this Realm: And whereas it is necessary, in the present Circumstances of Europe, that the said Force should be permanently maintained; And whereas the Laws now in Force for regulating the said Militia require Amendment; and it is expedient that some of the Provisions contained in the several Acts relating to the same should be repealed, and others of them corrected and amended, and that new Provisions should be made; and it would greatly tend to the better Execution thereof if the Whole of the said Provisions were comprised in One Act of Parliament: And whereas it is necessary for the Purposes aforesaid, that certain Acts and Parts of Acts now in Force should be repealed: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act, passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force, under certain Regulations, for the Defence of the Realm*; and also Three several Acts, passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, relating to the Local Militia, the one intituled *An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force, under certain Regulations, for the Defence of the Realm*; the other intituled *An Act to amend several Acts passed in the last and present Sessions of Parliaments, relating to the Local Militia*; and the other intituled *An Act to prevent the calling of Local Militia Men from the Regular Militia of any other County or Borough than the County or Borough in which they belong*; and also five or more of another Act, passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Local Militia of Great Britain*, as relates to the Local Militia, shall be and the same are hereby repealed; and that the Local Militia called by virtue of the said Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be placed to all the Provisions and Regulations thereof: Provided always, that the repealing of the said several Acts hereby repealed, or any or either of them, shall not affect any Commission already granted under or by virtue of the said Acts, or any or either of them, but that all such Provisions to which any such Commissions shall have been granted, shall and may still be the Execution of this Act, in like manner as they might have stood in the Execution of the said former Acts, or any or either of them: Provided also, that in any of the Boroughs, Corporations, Towns and parishes Local Militia Men as aforesaid having for the several Counties, Boroughs and Places aforesaid, shall be liable and continue to serve in the said Militia; and for the same Length of time as they might have served if this Act had not been made, and shall be liable and subject to the same Provisions, Powers, Privileges and Penalties for any Offences, which they may have respectively committed previous to the passing of this Act, in the like manner as if the Offences had not been committed till after the passing of this Act; and from time to time, in every case where it shall be necessary to supply any Deficiency in the Number of regular Local Militia Men of any County, Riding or Place, the Men or Number of Men required to supply such Deficiency shall be raised, provided and

Provisions.

41 G. 3. c. 113.

49 G. 3. c. 48.

49 G. 3. c. 81.

49 G. 3. c. 129.

and also five or more

of 50 G. 3. c. 23.

Militia in

Local Militia,

repealed.

Report of Act

not to affect

Commissions

Local Militia

men having for

several Counties

as if Act had

not been made.

enrolled, and shall serve in the manner and for the time directed by and under and according to the Provisions, Rules and Regulations of this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That the several Lieutenants of Counties, or, in the Absence of the Lieutenant, the Vice Lieutenant or any Three Deputy Lieutenants duly authorized by His Majesty, shall have full Power and Authority, and are hereby required from time to time to constitute and appoint such Persons as they shall think fit, being qualified as hereinafter is directed, and living within their respective Counties, Ridings and Pleas, or within four adjacent Counties, Ridings or Places, to be Colonels, Lieutenants Colonels, Majors and other Officers, qualified as hereinafter is directed, to train, discipline and command the Persons to be so armed and arrayed according to the Rules, Orders and Directions hereinafter mentioned, and—*and—such—as—His—Majesty* the Names and Ranks of all such Officers to be appointed; and in case his Majesty shall, within fourteen Days after such Certificate shall have been laid before His Majesty, signify His Disapprobation of any of the Persons so to be appointed, it shall not be lawful for the said Lieutenants to grant a Commission to any Person so disapproved, but Commissions shall be granted to all such Persons who shall not be disapproved by His Majesty; and the Officers so appointed for the Local Militia, or be armed and arrayed as hereinafter directed, shall rank with the Officers of His Majesty's Regular Militia as yeoman of their Rank: Provided always, that no higher Rank shall be given in any Regiment of Local Militia than that of Lieutenant Colonel Commandant, except in Cases where the Commandant shall have served with the Rank of Colonel in His Majesty's Regular Forces, or Regular or Supplementary Militia or Fencibles, or be the Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant of any County.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Officers of Local Militia holding the Rank of Lieutenant Colonel Commandant, shall take Rank of and command all other Lieutenant Colonels serving in the said Local Militia, notwithstanding the Commission of the said Lieutenant Colonels should be of a prior Date to the Commission of such Lieutenant Colonel Commandant; and that Officers of the Local Militia shall rank with the Officers of Yeomanry and Volunteer Corps, according to the Dates of their respective Commissions: Provided always, That every Officer of Local Militia, who shall have held any Commission in any Volunteer Corps at the time of his becoming an Officer of the Local Militia, shall be entitled to rank with the Officers of Yeomanry and Volunteer Corps, according to the Date of his Commission of the same Rank in the Volunteers.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person who shall have held the Rank of Colonel of any Regiment or Battalion of Regular or Supplementary Militia, and who may be appointed to the Command of any Regiment or Battalion of Local Militia to be raised by virtue of this Act, shall rank as Colonel, according to the Date of his Commission, in the Local Militia; and every Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant of any County, as long as he shall continue to act as such, who shall be appointed to the Command of any Regiment or Battalion of Local Militia as aforesaid, shall rank as Colonel, according to the Date of his Commission in the Local Militia; and every Person who shall have served in the Regular or Supplementary Militia as a Commissioned Officer, and by reason of the Reduction of such Militia shall have ceased to hold such Rank, shall, if appointed to a like Commission in the Local Militia, rank according to the Date of his first Commission: Provided always, that no Officer holding the Rank of Colonel in the Local Militia, shall be entitled to or receive any greater Pay or Emolument, than that of Lieutenant Colonel Commandant.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Commission of any Officer in the Local Militia, already granted or to be granted by any Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenants, shall be vacated by reason of the Revocation, Expiration or Dissolution of the Commission by which any such Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenants is aforesaid was or were appointed.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Lieutenants of every County, Riding or Place, shall have the Chief Command of the Local Militia unless the County, Riding or Place, to which he is appointed.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Persons to be appointed Officers of the Local Militia, in pursuance of this Act, shall be qualified as follows: that is to say, every Person to be appointed a Lieutenant Colonel shall be seized or possessed either in Law or Equity for his own Use and Benefit in Possession of a Freehold, Copyhold or Customary Estate for Life, or for the Life of his Wife, for having a Freehold, Copyhold or Customary Estate for her Life, or for some greater Estate, or of an Estate for some long Term of Years, determinable on One or more Life or Lives, in Messuages, Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, as English, Welsh or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, of the yearly Value of Six hundred Pounds, or shall be Heir Apparent of some Person who shall in like manner be seized or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of the yearly Value of One thousand two hundred Pounds; and every Person to be appointed a Major, shall in like manner be seized or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of the yearly Value of Four hundred Pounds, or shall be Heir Apparent of some Person who shall in like manner be seized or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of the yearly Value of Eight hundred Pounds; and every Person to be appointed a Captain, shall in like manner be seized or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of the yearly Value of One hundred and fifty Pounds, or shall be Heir Apparent of some Person who shall in like manner be seized or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of the yearly Value of Three hundred Pounds, or shall be a younger Son of some Person who shall be, or at the time of his Death was in like manner seized or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of the yearly Value of Five hundred Pounds, or shall himself be possessed of Real or Personal Property to the Amount in the Whole of Two thousand five hundred Pounds; and every Person to be appointed Lieutenant shall in like manner be seized or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of the yearly Value of Thirty Pounds, or shall be possessed of a Personal Estate above the Amount of Seven hundred and fifty Pounds, or seized or possessed of Real and Personal Estate together to the Amount or Value of One thousand five hundred Pounds, or shall be Son of some Person who shall be or at the time of his Death was in like manner seized or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of the yearly

Lieutenants
shall appoint
Officers

Rank of Officers

Lieutenant
Colonels
Commissioned to command
Lieutenants or
Captains

Rank in Local
Militia of
Officers who
have served in
Regular or Sup-
plementary
Militia

Commissions not
revoked by Res-
toration of
Peers of
Great
Britain
Lieutenants to
have Chief Com-
mand of Local
Militia
Qualifications of
Officers

Value of Sixty Pounds, or who shall be or who at the time of his Death was possessed of a Personal Estate above the Amount of One thousand five hundred Pounds, or feild or possess'd of Real and Personal Estate together to the Amount or Value of Two thousand Pounds; and that every Person to be appointed an Ensign, shall in like manner be feild or possess'd of a like Estate as aforesaid of the yearly Value of Twenty Pounds, or shall be possess'd of a Personal Estate above to the Amount of Four hundred Pounds, or feild or possess'd of Real and Personal Estate together to the Amount or Value of Eight hundred Pounds, or shall be Son of some Person who shall be or at the time of his Death was in like manner feild or possess'd of a like Estate as aforesaid of the yearly Value of Fifty Pounds, or who shall be or who at the time of his Death was possess'd of a Personal Estate above to the Amount of Eight hundred Pounds, or feild or possess'd of Real and Personal Estate together to the Amount or Value of One thousand two hundred Pounds: Provided always, that any Officer who shall have held any Commission in His Majesty's Regular Army, or in the Regular or Supplementory Militia, or in any Yeoman Regiment, or who shall have transferred himself together with his Corps or any Part thereof, from the Volunteers into the Local Militia with His Majesty's Approbation, shall be eligible and duly qualified to hold the same Rank in the Local Militia, although not qualified as homotolum deuchod; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provis.

Letters for Lives
of a 1000/1000
demanded equal to
Qualifications
None above
except of 1000
per Anno and so
proportionally.

Letters granted
for 20 Years
of an annual Value
equal to Value
of Estates
required for
Qualifications
Militiam.

No Officers to
pass in a full
dress appointed,
all Qualifications
delivered to
Clerk of the
Peace who shall
insert Copy
in County
Liberaries.

Clerk of the
Peace to send
Qualifications
upon a Roll, and
to enter in
County Dates
of Commissions,
the and transmit
every January to
Secretary of
State, Considers
of Qualifications
to be sent before
Enrollment.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the summate Reversion or Remainder of and in Messuages, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which are held for One Life, or for Two or Three Lives, or for any Term of Years determinable upon the Death of One Life, or of Two or Three Lives, or in several Parts, and which are to the Life, or Lives of the clear yearly Value of Three hundred Pounds, shall be deemed equal to an Estate in fee-simple required as a Qualification of the yearly Value of One hundred Pounds, and is in Proportion to the several other Qualifications required by this Act.

IX. And be it further enacted, That a Person possess'd in Law or Equity, for his own Use and Benefit in Possession, of an Estate for a certain Term originally granted for Twenty Years or more, of an annual Value (over and above all Rents and Charges payable out of or in respect of the same), equal to the Value of such an Estate as is required for the Qualification of a Commissioned Officer of the Local Militia respectively, and fructus as aforesaid, shall be, and is hereby deemed and declared to be sufficiently qualified to act as the Executor of this Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall hereafter be appointed to a higher Rank in the Local Militia than that of Lieutenant, until he shall have delivered to the Clerk of the Peace of the County, Riding and Place, for which he shall be appointed, or (in the Absence of the Clerk of the Peace) to his Deputy, a specific Declaration in Writing, signed by himself, of his Qualifications, stating the Feild or Possession in which the Estate or Estates which give his Qualification, is or are situate, if the same be a Real Estate; or if the same be a Personal Property, then of the Particulars of such Personal Property; or if the Qualification arise from Service in His Majesty's Regular Forces, Regular or Supplementory Militia or Volunteers, or Volunteers as aforesaid, then of the Particulars of such Service; and the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy shall transmit to the Lieutenant of the County, Riding or Place, a Copy of such Declaration; and so Commission granted after the passing of this Act, for a higher Rank in the Local Militia than that of Lieutenant, shall be void, unless it be declared in the Commission that the Officer to whom the Commission is given hath achieved such Qualification as above directed.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Peace of every County, Riding and Place, shall, and he is hereby required to enter the Qualifications transmitted to him, according to the Directions of this Act, upon a Roll to be provided and kept for that Purpose, and to cause to be entered in *The London Gazette* the Dates of the Commissions, and Names and Rank of the Officers, together with the Names of the Officers in whose Room they are appointed, in like manner as Commissions in the Army are published from the War Office; and he is hereby authorized to charge the Expence of such Insertion in the *Gazette* for each Commission to the Treasurer of the County, Riding or Place, who is hereby directed to pay the same; and the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy shall, in the Month of January in every Year, transmit to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State a Certificate in the Form in Schedule (A.) that the Qualifications have been so left with him; and every Commissioned Officer, not having already taken and subscribed the Oaths, and made, repeated and subscribed the Declaration, as required by this Act, shall, at some General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or in One of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, within Six Months after the passing of this Act, if he shall be or be appointed before the passing of this Act, or if not appointed till after the passing of this Act, then within Six Months after he shall have accepted his Commission, take the Oaths appointed to be taken by an Act, passed in the First Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the First, intitled *An Act for the better Security of His Majesty's Person and Government, and the Succession of the Crown in the Hours of the late Princess Sophia, being Protestants; and for establishing the Rights of the pretended Prince of Wales; and by open and secret Matters; and also by an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for altering the Oaths of Allegiance, and the Affirmation; and for providing for making of an Act of the Seventh Year of late Majesty Queen Anne, intitled *An Act for the better settling of the Union of the Two Kingdoms, as, after the Time therein limited, requires the Delivery of certain Lists and Copies therein mentioned to Persons intitled of High Treason or Misprision of Treason; and* shall also make, repeat and subscribe the Declaration in the last Act of the First Year of King George the First, directed to be made, repeated and subscribed by all Officers, Civil and Military.**

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall execute any of the Power is hereby directed to be executed by Colonels, Lieutenant Colonels, or Majors, not being qualified as aforesaid, or without having delivered

delivered in such specific Description of his Qualification as is hereinbefore required, every such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of one hundred Pounds; and if any Person shall exercise any of the Powers hereby directed to be exercised by Captains, not being qualified as aforesaid, or without having delivered in such specific Description of his Qualification as is hereinbefore required, every such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, one Moiety of which shall go to the Use of the Person who shall sue for the same; and in every Advers, Suit or Information, brought against any Person for acting as Colonel, Lieutenant Colonel, Major or Captain, not being qualified as hereinbefore directed, the Proof of his Qualification shall lie upon the Person against whom the same is brought: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall release or prevent any Peer of the Realm, or His Apparent of any such Peer, from being appointed or acting as a Commissioned Officer in the Local Militia, within the County, Riding or Place, where such Peer, or His Apparent of such Peer, shall have some Piece of Residence, although he may not have the Qualification hereby required; or to oblige any Peer of the Realm, or His Apparent of such Peer, who shall be appointed a Commissioned Officer, as aforesaid, to leave with the Clerk of the Peace for the County, Riding or Place, for which he shall be appointed, any Qualification in Writing as aforesaid.

There are directed in these Qualifications.

Peerage.

Other provisions.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, may from time to time, as He and they shall think fit, specify His and their Pleasors as His and their Lieutenants of any County, Riding or Place, to discharge all or any of the Offices in the Local Militia; and thenceupon His Majesty's respective Lieutenants shall forthwith discharge such Offices, and appoint others within the same County, Riding or Place, with the like Qualifications under and subject to the like Provisions and Restrictions, as here in beforesaid.

His Majesty may direct County Lieutenants to appoint Officers.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to order and direct that a Number of private Men not exceeding the Numbers herein specified for each County respectively, shall be enlisted to serve in the Local Militia in such Counties and in such Companies, and in such Proportions in any such Counties, Divisions, or Parts thereof, as His Majesty by any Warrant or Warrants under His Royal Sign Manual shall specify, order and direct, in that behalf, according to the Provision of this Act; that is to say, For the County of Bedford One thousand two hundred and sixty eight; for the County of Beds Two thousand two hundred and forty four; for the County of Bucks Two thousand three hundred and sixty six; for the County of Cambridge One thousand nine hundred and twenty four; for the County of Glouster, with the City and County of the City of Glouster, Three thousand five hundred and forty; for the County of Cornwall Two thousand five hundred and eighty eight; for the County of Devon Two thousand five hundred and sixty six; for the County or City three thousand seven hundred and fifty six; for the County of Devon, with the City and County of the City of Exeter, Six thousand five hundred and sixty eight; for the County of Dorset, with the Town and County of the Town of Poole, One thousand six hundred and forty four; for the County of Durham One thousand one hundred and sixty eight; for the County of Essex Four thousand one hundred and seventy six; for the County of Gloucester, with the City and County of the City of Gloucester, and the City and County of the City of Bristol, Four thousand six hundred and fifty two; for the County of Hereford Two thousand and eighty; for the County of Hereford One thousand nine hundred and twenty; for the County of Hertford Six hundred and thirty six; for the County of Kent, with the City and County of the City of Canterbury, Five thousand one hundred and eighty four; for the County of Lancashire Nine thousand seven hundred and fifty six; for the County of Leinster Two thousand five hundred and forty two; for the County of Lincoln, with the City and County of the City of Lincoln, Five thousand four hundred and twenty two; for the County of Middlesex (exclusive of the Town Division, commonly called The Tower Hamlets), Twelve thousand one hundred and fifty two; for the County of Monmouth One thousand one hundred and twenty; for the County of Norfolk, with the City and County of the City of Norwich, Four thousand eight hundred and thirty six; for the County of Northampton Two thousand eight hundred and sixty six; for the County of Northumberland, with the Town and County of the Town of Newcastle upon Tyne, and the Town of Newcastle upon Tyne, Two thousand five hundred and sixty six; for the County of Nottingham, with the Town and County of the Town of Nottingham, Two thousand two hundred and fifty six; for the County of Oxford Two thousand four hundred and twelve; for the County of Rutland Three hundred and thirty two; for the County of Sale Three thousand nine hundred and sixty four; for the County of Somerset Six thousand two hundred and twenty four; for the County of Southampton, with the Town and County of the Town of Southampton, Three thousand four hundred; for the County of Bedford, with the City and County of the City of Bedford, Four thousand five hundred and thirty two; for the County of Suffolk Four thousand one hundred and sixty eight; for the County of Surrey Five thousand three hundred and forty four; for the County of Sussex Three thousand two hundred and twelve; for the County of Warwick, with the City and County of the City of Coventry, Three thousand four hundred and twelve; for the County of Wiltshire Nine hundred and seventy two; for the County of Worcester, with the City and County of the City of Worcester, Two thousand five hundred and sixty four; for the County of Wilt, Three thousand five hundred and sixty eight; for the Well Riding of the County of York, with the City and County of the City of York, Nine thousand seven hundred and sixteen; for the North Riding of the said County Three thousand five hundred and forty four; and for the East Riding of the said County, with the Town and County of the Town of Kingston upon Hull, Two thousand two hundred and fifty six; for the County of Yorkshire Five hundred and twelve; for the County of Westmoreland Eight hundred and thirty; for the County of Cornwall, One thousand six hundred and twenty; for the County of Devon, with the County Borough of Cornwall, Five hundred and twelve; for the County of Dorset One thousand three hundred and twenty six;

Number of Private Men.

England.

for the County of *Fife* Eight hundred and four; for the County of *Gloucester* One thousand Six hundred and twelve; for the County of *Massachusetts* Four hundred and eighty four; for the County of *Montgomery* One thousand one hundred and sixteen; for the County of *New York*, the Town and County of the Town of *New York* Eight hundred and four; and for the County of *Reading*, five hundred and sixty.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where the Number of Local Militia Men fixed and settled for any County, Riding or Place as aforesaid, shall be less than the Number actually serving for such County, Riding or Place, at the time of passing this Act, the Quota now and above the Quota so fixed as aforesaid, shall continue to serve in the Local Militia of these respective Counties, until the Expirement of the Period for which they were originally enrolled, any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding; but that no Vacancies arising in the Local Militia of such County, Riding or Place, shall be supplied until the Number of Men serving in such County shall be reduced below the Number so fixed as aforesaid, as the Quota of such County, Riding or Place.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That when the Number of Local Militia Men so fixed as aforesaid for any County, shall be greater than the Number actually serving for such County, at the time of passing this Act, no further Enrolment of Men for the Local Militia of such County shall take place, beyond what may be necessary to keep the several Regiments complete to their Establishment, so long as the Number of Men serving in such County shall, in Addition to and together with and including the effective Yeomanry and Volunteers so serving in such County, (including of Sepoys, when above the Establishment of such Corps form without Pay), amount to Six Times the original Quota of the Militia of such County fixed under an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, relating to the Militia of England: Provided always, that when and if other as the Number of effective Yeomanry and Volunteers in any such County as aforesaid shall be reduced by the desertion or defaulting of the Members of any Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteers, or by reason of the effective Members of any such Corps being diminished, a Number of Local Militia Men not exceeding in Amount such Deficiency shall be forthwith called and enrolled under this Act, until the Number of the Local Militia of such County shall be equal to the Number fixed as aforesaid for the Quota of such County under this Act: Provided always, That no Vacancy arising in any Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteer County, by reason of the effective Number of such Corps being diminished, shall be supplied as aforesaid, by Billet for the Local Militia under this Act, unless such Vacancy shall not have been supplied by the entering of any Men into such Corps within six Months after such Vacancy occurring in such Corps.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which the Number of Local Militia Men so fixed by this Act as the Quota of any County shall be greater than the Number actually serving for such County, it shall be lawful for the Member or any Corps of Volunteers, within the Ages limited by this Act, and not having more than Two Children under the Age of Fourteen Years, as may be desired of some Part of the said Local Militia to be called under this Act, to transfer themselves, with the Approbation of His Majesty, under the Direction of the Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenants, to become and serve Part of the Local Militia under this Act of the County or Part or Division of the County to which such Corps &c. belong, upon such Terms and Conditions as His Majesty shall direct; and all Volunteers so permitted to transfer their Services, shall thereupon forthwith be enrolled without Billet in such Local Militia, and take the Oath hereafter required to be taken by Persons enlisted under this Act, and if actually serving as such as the Twentieth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and nine, continuing constantly continued to serve as such until that Period, shall be entitled to a Bounty of Two Guineas, and to the same Allowance for Necessaries as other Local Militia Men so called under this Act, and shall be deemed and taken to be Local Militia Men in all Events and Purposes.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person who shall profess himself as a Member of a Volunteer Corps into the Local Militia, and shall be also so enrolled in the Local Militia, shall be liable to be called upon to be enrolled to serve in the Regular Militia, by virtue of his having been enlisted and not out for the Regular Militia, during the Period of his having been a Member of a Volunteer Corps; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That where any such Bounty shall become payable to any Member of a Volunteer Corps for transferring himself as aforesaid, the Deputy Lieutenant or Justice attending the Enrolment and Issuing in of such Men, shall sign a Certificate of the Amount of the Bounty to be repaid, and to whom, and for what Periods or Places; and the Clerk of the Subdivision Meeting shall forthwith transmit such Certificate to the Secretary at War, and draw upon the Agent General for the Amount of Bounties specified to be so payable.

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to permit any Volunteer Corps of Yeomanry or Artillery to transfer themselves into the Local Militia, upon such Terms and Conditions as to their Establishment, and as to Allowances for Horles or Accommodations, or other Things, and as to Pay, as His Majesty shall direct, and as to attached to the Local Militia of the County where such Corps shall live, in such manner as His Majesty shall direct: Provided always, that no Vacancies arising in any such Corps of Yeomanry, be transferred as aforesaid, shall be supplied by Billet under this Act; but all such Vacancies which shall not be supplied by the entering of any Men into such Corps, within six Months after such Vacancy occurring in such Yeomanry Corps, shall be supplied by Billet for the Local Militia of the County to which such Yeomanry Corps shall be attached.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all such Powers, Privileges, Rules, Regulations, Orders, Matters and Things contained in the said Act of the Forty second of His Majesty, or in an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, or in

29; other Acts relating to the Militia, as relate to the appointing and holding General and Subdivision Meetings of Lieutenants, or to the making out Lists from which to ballot, or to the Mode of balloting, shall, as far as the same are applicable and can be applied to and for the Purposes of carrying this Act into Execution, and are not hereby altered, varied or repealed, but shall, nevertheless, be applied and put in force with respect to the Local Militia, in as full and ample a manner as if the said Powers, Provisions, Rules, Regulations, Orders, Statutes and Things were mentioned and repeated in this Act.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the respective Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings shall, as soon as conveniently may be after any Subdivision Meeting shall have been appointed, give Notice in Writing of the Time and Place of Meeting to each of the Deputy Lieutenants who shall be resident within such Subdivision, and also to the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, attached to such Subdivision, by Notice addressed to the Adjutant, and as Adjutant of the several Days before for receiving Lists, and for balloting and for balloting the Militia Men within such Subdivisions; and shall, as soon as the Militia Men are enrolled, likewise transmit to the Colonel or other Commandant, or to the Commanding Officer as aforesaid, in manner aforesaid, a List, specifying the Names, Trades, and usual Places of Abode, of all such Local Militia Men as are enrolled.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Men to be enlisted under this Act shall be balloted out of and from the Persons between the Ages of Eighteen and Thirty, returned in the Lists now existing, or which may hereafter be made under, termed or approved for the making of the Militia under any Acts relating to the Militia of England; and it shall be lawful for His Majesty, if He shall think fit, to order and direct the making up of any new Lists, and in such Cases as to Age or otherwise, and in such Form as may be deemed expedient for the Purpose of carrying this Act into Execution.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That on making out or amending of any Lists after the passing of this Act, of Persons fit to serve in the Local Militia, every Person who shall wilfully neglect to appear within the time appointed for that Purpose, shall forfeit for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Twenty Shillings, at the Discretion of any Two or more Deputy Lieutenants or Justices of the Peace or Magistrates, not on Oath; and thereof he is to be sworn, at the Discretion of any Two or more Deputy Lieutenants or Justices of the Peace or Magistrates as aforesaid, for any time not exceeding Fourteen Days.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be appointed or act as a Special Constable for the Purpose of assisting in the making out of any new Lists, or otherwise in acting in the Execution of this Act, who shall not be above the Age of Thirty Years.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Deputy Lieutenants within any Subdivision, or any Two or more of them, or for any One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace, from time to time to issue their Order or Warrant under their Hands and Seals, requiring the Attendance of the Constable, Tythingman, Headborough or other Officer of any Parish, Tything or Place within such Subdivision, for the Purpose of this Act, at such Time and Place as in such Order or Warrant shall be expressed; and if any such Constable, Tythingman, Headborough or other Officer, shall refuse or neglect to appear according to such Order or Warrant, or if any Chief Constable or other Officer of any Hundred, Rape, Lath, Wapentake or other Division, or any Constable, Tythingman, Headborough or other Officer of any Parish, Tything or Place, shall refuse or neglect to comply with such Orders and Directions as he shall from time to time receive from the said Deputy Lieutenants, or any Two or more of them, or from any One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace in pursuance of this Act, he shall be guilty of any Felony or wilful Contumacy or gross Neglect in his Duty, the said Deputy Lieutenants, or any Two or more of them, or such One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace, as he by engagement and request to consent the Person is offending to the Coronet Court, there to be kept without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of One Month, or, at their Discretion, to see such Person in any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Chief or other Constable, Headborough, Tythingman or Overseer, or any one of the People called Quakers, (and certified to be so by Two Persons of the People called Quakers) shall neglect or refuse to perform the Duties required by this Act, it shall be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace sitting for the Division within which such Quaker shall be such Officer as aforesaid, and they may be required, in all cases where the circumstances of the case shall so require, Judges or Justice of the Peace, to send and certify for the due Execution of the Provisions of this Act, by their Order and their Hands and Seals, to appoint a fit and proper Person to be Deputy to such Quaker, for the Purpose only of carrying this Act into Execution; and every Person so appointed Deputy as aforesaid shall have all exercise of the Powers, Authorities and Jurisdictions given by this Act to such Officer for whom he shall be sent, and shall do and perform all the like Duties and Offices, under the like Power, Provision and Forfeiture as he lawfully might do, if he were the said Officer; and in like manner in every respect as if he were the said Officer, in all cases where an Appointment of any Deputy shall be made, the person of such Constable, Headborough, Tythingman or Overseer (being One of the People called Quakers) shall be, and he is to be bound to discharge from the Performance of any Duty required of him by this Act, and he is to be deemed to be so, from the time of such Appointment.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Deputy Lieutenants, at their Subdivision Meetings, to send to the Justice of the Peace who they shall think it necessary, any Two or more Parishes or Tythingman, or any one of the People called Quakers, or any two of them, or any one of the People called Quakers, for the Purpose of this Act, and also to add together the Lists of such Parishes, Tythingman or Overseer as aforesaid, in as to make the Choice of Local Militia Men by Ballot within every such Subdivision

As applicable to the Local Militia, contained in this Act.

Subdivision Clerks to give Notice of Meeting to Commanding Officers of Regiments.

Men balloted from Militia Lists.

Persons neglecting to appear for the same.

No Person under 20 to be Special Constable.

Deputy Lieutenants may require Attendance of Constables.

Imprisonment.

Two Justices may appoint Deputy to a Quaker for carrying Act into Execution.

Two or more Parishes or Tythingman, or Overseer, and Quakers, may be added together as if they were

Officers of these Parishes, and shall meet in Parish Hall, or in the Order of Deputy Lieutenants.

Deputy Lieutenants to hear and determine Disagreements between Parish Officers.

As is enacted in every parochial Place added to Parishes, and where no Constables or Overseers.

Parishes.

Parishes.

Clerks of the several Meetings to receive Copies of Lists of General Meetings, Freely.

General Meetings may also be held in such Places.

As before said, the Clerks of the several Meetings, Deputy Lieutenants, or such other Member of the several Meetings, or such other Persons, as shall be appointed, to be

as equal and impartial as possible; and where any Parishes, Tythings and Places be added together shall be in different Hundreds, Rapes, Lathes, Wapentakes or other Divisions within the same County, Riding or Place, to direct in what Hundred, Rape, Lathes, Wapentakes or other Division, the same shall be considered for the Purposes of this Act; and the said Deputy Lieutenants shall proceed upon the Lists so added together, in like manner as if they had been originally returned for One Parish, or for the Parish to which any extra parochial Place shall have been added as aforesaid; and the Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs or other Officers of Parishes, Tythings and Places be added together, shall sit together in the Execution of this Act, as if they were respectively Officers of one and the same Parish or Tything; and all such Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs and Officers to be aforesaid sitting together by virtue of this Act, shall hold their Meetings under this Act in the Parish or Tything which shall be named first in each Order of Deputy Lieutenants; and if any Difference or Disagreement shall arise between the Officers of any Parish, Tything or Place, or between the Officers of different Parishes or Tythings, touching the Execution of this Act, the Deputy Lieutenants sitting in and for the Subdivision where such Difference or Disagreement shall happen, shall sit at any Subdivision Meeting, and they are hereby authorized to hear and determine the same, and make such Order therein for the better Execution of this Act, as to them shall seem meet; and such Orders shall be final and conclusive.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the several Clerks, Provisors, Regulations, Fees, Penalties, Fines, Sittings, Musters and Things, in this Act contained, shall be construed to extend to every extra parochial Place added to any Parish or Tything for the Purposes of this Act, as fully as if the said Clerks and Provisors had severally and respectively been expressly applied to extra parochial Places, and where there shall be any extra parochial Place or other Place where no Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs or Overseers of the Poor of the Parish or Parishes, or Tything or Tythings respectively, to which such extra parochial or other Place shall have been added by the Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid, may and shall sit as Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs or Overseers of the Poor respectively for each extra parochial or other Place in the Execution of this Act, and may and shall do, perform and execute all such Acts, Matters and Things therein, relating to the Execution of this Act, as fully and amply, and with all such and the like Powers in every Respect, as if such extra parochial or other Place was within and made part of each Parish or Tything: Provided always, that if any Rate or Rates shall be to be made for any Parish or Parishes, or Tything or Tythings, and any such extra parochial or other Place jointly, each Rate or Rates shall be distinctly made for the Purposes of this Act, and for no other Purposes whatever: Provided also, that every such separate Rate shall and may be made, raised and levied, as well in such extra parochial or other Place, as in any such Parish or Tything aforesaid, in like manner as any Rate made for the Relief of the Poor.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the Clerks of all Subdivision Meetings shall within Twenty Days after every Subdivision Meeting, transmit to the Clerk of the General Meetings of the County, Riding or Place, four true and true Copies of such Lists as shall be signed at each Subdivision Meeting; and if any such Clerk shall omit or neglect to make such Returns as aforesaid within such Period as aforesaid, or shall knowingly or wilfully make any false Returns, each Clerk shall forfeit and pay, for every such Offence, the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That the Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant of any County, Riding or Place, together with any Three or more Deputy Lieutenants, or (on the Death or Removal, or in the Absence of any Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant) any Five or more Deputy Lieutenants may, at any General Meeting, after the appointed Subdivisions within such County, Riding or Place, if they shall see Occasion, and also may alter the established Allowance of the Number of Men in each respective Hundred, Rape, Lathes, Wapentakes or other Division, to serve in the Local Militia, towards raising the Number of Local Militia Men by this Act directed to be raised for such County, Riding or Place, according to the Number contained in the respective Certificates received from the several Subdivision Meetings; regard being had in such Allowances and Appointments to the Number of effective Yeomanry and Volunteers serving in each such Hundred, Rape, Lathes, Wapentakes or other Division.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Deputy Lieutenants aforesaid at their Second Meeting within any Subdivision shall appoint what Number of Men shall serve for each Parish, Tything and Place, within such Subdivision, regard being had in such Appointment to the Number of effective Yeomanry and Volunteers serving in each such Parish, Tything or Place, in Proportion to the Number last appointed, in the manner heretofore directed, at a General Meeting to serve for each Hundred, Rape, Lathes, Wapentakes or other Division; and shall appoint another Meeting to be holden within Three Weeks from the Day on which such Meeting was holden within the same Subdivision, and shall sit as an Order to the Chief Constable or other Officers of the respective Hundreds, Rapes, Lathes, Wapentakes or other Divisions, requiring them to give Notices to the Constable, Tythingman, Headborough or other Officer of every Parish, Tything or Place, within their respective Hundreds, Rapes, Lathes, Wapentakes or other Divisions, of the Number of Men is appointed to serve for each Parish, Tything or Place, and of the Time and Place of the next Subdivision Meeting; and the said Deputy Lieutenants, or any Two or more of them, or any One Deputy Lieutenant, and One Justice of the Peace, assembled in pursuance of such Appointments, shall cause the Number of Men appointed to serve as aforesaid to be chosen by Ballot out of the Parties between the Ages of Eighteen and Thirty, returned in the Lists now existing, or which may hereafter be made and returned, or assessed or certified, for the raising of the Militia under any Acts relating to the Militia of England, and shall appoint another Meeting to be holden within Three Weeks in the same Subdivision, and shall sit as an Order to the Chief Constable or other Officers of the respective Hundreds, Rapes, Lathes, Wapentakes or other Divisions, to direct

direct the Constable, Tythingman, Headborough, or other Officer of every Parish, Tything or Place, to give Notice to every Man to choose to serve in the Local Militia, to appear at such Meeting, which Notice shall be given or left at his Place of Abode at least Seven Days before such Meeting; and such Constable, Tythingman, Headborough or other Officer, shall attend such Meeting, and make such Return upon Oath of the Days when such Notice was served; and every Person to choose by Ballot full, up to such Notice, appear at such Meeting, and if, on Examination, found able and fit for the Service, and approved of in manner hereinafter directed, shall then and there take the following Oath; that is to say,

“ I, A. B. do solemnly promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George; and that I will faithfully serve in the Local Militia of Great Britain, for the Defence of the same, during the Term of Four Years, for which I am enrolled, unless I shall be sooner discharged.”

And every such Person shall be then and there enrolled (in a Roll to be then and there prepared for that Purpose) to serve in the Local Militia of such County, Riding or Place, as a private Local Militia Man, for the Space of Four Years.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Man enrolled to serve in the Local Militia, shall, before such Enrolment, be examined upon Oath before the Deputy Lieutenants, as to his Religion, Age and Family, and the Oath is administered to him shall be in the Words, and according to the Form and Effect in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (D); and if any Person shall refuse to be so examined, such Person may, at the Discretion of any One or more Deputy Lieutenants or Justices of the Peace, be imprisoned for any time not exceeding One Week, and shall notwithstanding be liable to be enrolled to serve in the said Local Militia, if he shall appear to the Deputy Lieutenants or Justices to be a fit and proper Person to be so enrolled.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person whatsoever shall induce, or take or agree to take any Money for the Inducement of, or by any means concerned in any Company, Society, Partnership, Club or Office for the Inducement of any Person or Persons, or for the securing or indemnifying each other against or for the paying any Money for or towards the discharging of any Fine or Penalty, for any Person or Persons who may be balloted to serve in the Local Militia, or shall pay or engage to pay any Fine or Sum of Money, to any Volunteer to serve in Discharge of any County, Division or Parish, beyond the Sum of Two Guineas to be paid to such Volunteer as hereinafter directed, every such Person as aforesaid shall forfeit, for every such Offence, the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That no Person balloted to serve in the Local Militia shall be allowed to lend or providently substitute to serve in his Stead; or any thing in the or any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, Tything or Place, shall, with the Consent of the Inhabitants taken at a Vestry, or at any other Meeting to be holden for that Purpose, for the raising of which Vestry or Meeting Three Days public Notice shall be given, specifying the Cause of calling such Vestry or Meeting, provide and produce to the said Deputy Lieutenants, or any Two or more of them, at any Subordinate Meeting for choosing the Local Militia Men by Ballot, any Volunteer or Volunteers, being of the free County, Riding or Place, or of some adjoining Parish or Place, who shall be examined and approved, as hereinafter mentioned, such Volunteer or Volunteers so examined and approved shall be then and there sworn in and enrolled to serve for such Term, and on the same Conditions as is herebefore provided in case of Persons chosen by Ballot; and the said Deputy Lieutenants shall cause only such Number of Persons to be chosen by Ballot out of the List returned for such Parish, Tything or Place, as shall be then wanted to make up the whole Number so fixed for such Parish, Tything or Place; and if any such Churchwardens or Overseers shall give to such Volunteer or Volunteers any Sum or Sum of Money not exceeding Two Guineas each, to serve in the Local Militia for such Parish, Tything or Place, it shall be lawful for such Churchwardens or Overseers to make a Rate upon the Inhabitants of such Parish, Tything or Place, according to the Rate then made for the Relief of the Poor, which Rate (being approved by any Justice of the Peace) it shall be lawful for such Churchwardens or Overseers to collect, and to reimburse themselves such Sum or Sums of Money as they shall have paid to such Volunteer or Volunteers as aforesaid, and the Overplus (if any) shall be applied as Part of the Poor's Rate; and if any Person shall refuse to pay such Rate, it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, upon Complaint thereof made by any such Churchwarden or Overseer, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to levy the same by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, returning the Overplus (if any) after the said Rate and the Charges of such Distress and Sale shall be paid; but no Person who shall be then serving in the Local Militia, nor any Person serving with perfectivity or by substitute in the Local Militia, shall be liable to pay any such Rate: Provided always, that if any Person shall think himself aggrieved by any such Rate as aforesaid, such Person may appeal to the next General or Quarter Sessions, in like manner as is provided in the case of Appeals against Rates for the Relief of the Poor.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which a Ballot shall be directed under this Act for the Local Militia, and any Persons between the Ages of Eighteen and Thirty five Years, of the Height of Five Feet Two Inches and upwards, and fit for Military Service, and not having over their Two Children under the Age of Fourteen Years, shall voluntarily enrol themselves under this Act, to serve according to the Provision of it in an Act, if the Persons so voluntarily enrolling do not wish full assent to the Number to be enrolled by Ballot under any Appointment in any such Parish, then no Ballot shall take place in such Parish; and if the Persons so voluntarily enrolling themselves do consent, shall not amount to the Number required to

Persons chosen by Ballot to take

Oath.

which

Man before Enrolment examined upon Oath as to his Religion, Age and Family, and to be so examined.

Persons enrolling

Persons balloted to serve in the Local Militia.

Volunteer to be enrolled with Consent of the Inhabitants of any Place, and the Rate which shall be payable thereon.

Appeal

No Ballot shall take place where Persons shall voluntarily enrol themselves.

be enrolled by Ballot in any such Parish, then the Number of Persons so voluntarily enrolling themselves shall be deducted from the Number required to be enrolled by Ballot, and the Remainder only shall be balloted for in such Parish; and all Persons so voluntarily enrolling themselves shall take the Oath required by this Act to be taken by Persons balloted, and shall serve in the same manner and under the same Regulations, and be subject to the same Provisions, as if they had been balloted for under this Act: Provided always, that no Seaman or Seafaring Man shall be enrolled in the Local Militia as a Volunteer.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Peer of this Realm, nor any Person being a Commissioned Officer in the Regular Militia, or in His Majesty's other Forces, or in any one of His Majesty's Colleges or Forts, nor any Officer of the Half Pay of the Navy, Army, or Marines, nor any Non-Commissioned Officer or private Man serving in the Regular Militia, or in any of His Majesty's other Forces, nor any Person being an effective Member of any Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteers, and duly sworn as such, nor any Person being a Resident Member of either of the Universities, nor any Clergyman, nor any Teacher or Preacher in Holy Orders or pretended Holy Orders, or pretending to Holy Orders, (not carrying on any Trade or exercising any other Occupation for his Livelihood, except that of a Schoolmaster,) having taken the Oath and made and subscribed the Declaration required by Law from the Teachers or Preachers of Congregations of dissenting Protestants, and being *non sibi* the Teacher of any Congregation whose Place of Meeting shall have been duly registered at half Twelve Months previous to the General Meeting appointed to meet in Order for the Purposes of this Act; nor any Constable or other Peace Officer not being a special Constable; nor any Seaman or Seafaring Man, nor any Person employed, engaged or doing Duty, or employed in any of His Majesty's Dock or Dock Yards for the Service thereof, or employed or stationed in His Majesty's Service in the Tower of London, Whitehall Palace, the Royal Gun Works at Portsmouth, or at the several Powder Mills, Powder Magazines, or other Storehouses belonging to His Majesty, under the Direction of the Board of Ordnance, nor any Person being free of the Company of Watermen of the River Thames, nor any poor Man who has more than Two Children here in Wedlock, nor any Person receiving his Education as an ecclesiastical Foundation, shall be liable to serve in the Local Militia; and no Person having served personally in the Regular Militia, or additional Force, or provided any Substitute, or for whom any Substitute has been provided, or paid any Fine for not serving or finding a Substitute in the Regular Militia, or such additional Force as aforesaid, shall be liable to serve in the Local Militia until Four Years after the Expiration of his Period of Service, if he shall have served in Person, or Six Years after the Period at which such Substitute shall have been enrolled, or Four Years after having paid any such Fine; and that no Person having paid any Fine or upon whom Duties have been levied for any Year for not serving in the Local Militia, shall be liable to serve until the Expiration of Two Years from the Period of having paid such Fine or suffered such Duties. [See page 616.]

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That every Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, Drummer and Private Man enrolled and actually serving in the Local Militia at the Time of passing this Act, shall be entitled to and have Exemption from serving in the Regular Militia, and shall not be liable to be balloted to serve in the Regular Militia for Two Years from the Expiration of their present Period of Service in the said Local Militia: Provided always, that all Persons who may hereafter be enrolled to serve in the Local Militia, shall only be entitled to and have Exemption from service in the Regular Militia, and shall not be liable to be balloted to serve in the Regular Militia for One Year from the Expiration of their Period of service in the said Local Militia: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to claim any such Exemption under this Act, who shall not produce a Certificate signed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment of Local Militia to which he shall belong, or in case of his Removal from the County in which he may have been originally enrolled, then by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps at which he may have been subsequently serving, that he attended at the last Period of annual Training and Exercise, or that he was prevented by illness or bodily Infirmary, or excused to his Commanding Officer at the last Period of Annual Training and Exercise, or that he was absent by Permission of his Commanding Officer.

XL. And be it further enacted, That any Person enrolled and serving in the Local Militia who shall have claimed Exemption from Service in the Regular Militia, shall nevertheless be compellible to serve in the Regular Militia, in case he shall not afterwards attend the Periods appointed for the Training and Exercise of the Local Militia during the time for which he may be enrolled to serve in such Local Militia (such as is provided by any Statute incorporating (or for Service); and the Commission of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia to which he may belong, shall certify such Absence from Training and Exercise to the Clerk of the Subdivision for which he shall have been before balloted to serve in the Regular Militia, who shall make the same known to the Deputy Lieutenant appointed at their next Subdivision Meeting, and such Man shall then and there be enrolled to serve in the Regular Militia; or if he shall not then appear, he shall be liable to any Penalties imposed upon balloted Persons not appearing to be enrolled in the Regular Militia.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That no Member of any Friendly Society, serving or entering to serve under this Act, shall by such Service be excluded from such Society, or be subject to the Forfeiture of any Benefit to which he may be otherwise entitled under any Rules of such Society; or to any Fine or Penalty imposed by such Society for Non-attendance; any thing in any such Rules to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Corps of Local Militia shall be assembled for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, or for the Suppression of Riots, or for the Suppression of Rebellion or Insurrections, all Persons enrolled therein who shall join in such assembling, and shall have Families unable to support themselves, shall, during the Period of their being so assembled as aforesaid, be entitled to such and the same Relief to their Wives and Families, and under such and the like circumstances, and subject to the same Regulations

Regulations

Persons for
Service.

Persons for
enrolled from
Service.

Persons enrolled
in Local Militia
except from
Service in
Regular Militia
for Two Years.

Persons exempt
from service in
Regular Militia
if they neglect
to attend Train-
ing.

Persons for
Members of
Friendly Socie-
ties.

Assistance to
Wives and
Families.

Regulations and Provisions, as the Wives and Families of Men balloted to serve in the Regular Militia of Great Britain are entitled to, under an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for establishing and amending the several Laws for providing Relief for the Families of Militia Men of England, who called out into actual Service; and for other Acts relating to the Relief of the Wives and Families of Men serving in the Regular Militia of Great Britain; and for that Purpose to alter the Rates, Regulations, and Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Penalties and Forfeitures in the said mentioned Acts respectively contained, shall extend and be construed to extend to the giving such Relief as aforesaid as fully and effectually as if the same were herein enacted. Provided always, that all Sums of Money which shall be advanced and paid to the Wives and Families of such Men, shall, upon delivery of a quarterly Account of the Payment thereof, certified and signed by Two Justices of the Peace of the County in which such Relief shall be given, be repaid to the Overseer or Overseers, or Parish Officer or Officers who shall have advanced the same, by the Receiver General of such County, out of any public Money in his Hands, and shall be allowed in the Account of the said Receiver General: Provided always, that whenever any Corps of Local Militia shall be authorized for Training and Exercise, all Persons enrolled therein, being Families unable to support themselves as aforesaid, shall be entitled to Relief for their Wives and Families, notwithstanding such Families may be resident in the Place where the Regiment may be stationed.*

XLIII. And he is further enacted, That if through the Neglect or Misdoings of any Chief Constable, Constable, or other Officers, or from any other Cause, the said Member of Men appointed by any Subdivision should not be duly mustered at the Meeting appointed for that Purpose as before directed, then the Deputy Lieutenants at their said Meeting, or any Two or more of them, or any One Deputy Lieutenant, and One Justice of the Peace, may and they are hereby required immediately to create the Lists to be executed, and to proceed to a fresh Ballot, and so adjourn their Meeting, or appoint other Meetings, and repeat the amending of the Lists as may be necessary and expedient for carrying the Purposes of this Act duly and fully into Execution; and it shall be lawful for any One Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace to administer the Oath beforehand required to be taken by Persons to serve in the Local Militia, to any Person ballotted, or to any Person offering as a Volunteer under the Directions of this Act, such ballotted Man or Volunteer having been duly examined and approved as a hereinafter mentioned; and such Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace is hereby authorized to direct and require the Clerk of the Subdivision for which every such Person by whom the said Oath has been before him taken is to serve, to enrol the Name of every such Person so having been duly examined and approved as aforesaid, together with the Date of the Day on which the said Oath was so administered to him, in the Roll of such Subdivision.

XLIV. And he is further enacted, That if any Person ballotted to serve in the Local Militia under this Act, shall, after Notice given to him, or left at his usual or last Place of Abode, of his having been so ballotted, refuse or neglect to appear within such Period and at such Place as shall be appointed for that Purpose within the Subdivision for which he shall have been so ballotted, (which Times and Places shall be appointed by the Deputy Lieutenants in their respective Subdivisions under any Order of the Lieutenant of the County, and Notice thereof given by the Constables of the several Parishes, by putting up the same on Churches, Chapels, or other conspicuous Places), and be enrolled under this Act, and take the Oath to serve under this Act, such Person shall forfeit the Sum of Thirty Pounds; or if a Person not having or receiving any annual Sum of Money, Profits, Gains, Allowances, or other Income whatsoever, amounting in the whole to Two hundred Pounds, clear of all Outgoings, Taxes or Reprises, the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if not amounting in the whole to One hundred Pounds, clear of all Outgoings, Taxes or Reprises, the Sum of Ten Pounds; and every such Fine shall be paid to the Clerk of the Subdivision Meetings, who shall on Receipt thereof give a Certificate, without Fee or Reward, of the same being paid, which Certificate shall be attested by some Justice of the Peace or Deputy Lieutenant, and shall, within Twenty one Days after the Receipt thereof, pay the same into the Bank of England to a separate Account of the Agent General for the Local Militia, for the Purposes of the Local Militia of Great Britain, being furnished with a Receipt for the same, and the Payment of such Fine shall exempt such Person from being ballotted and enrolled under this Act for Two Years and no longer; and every Person shall be liable to be ballotted and enrolled in the Year next but one after that in which he shall have been so ballotted as aforesaid, and in like manner to serve or pay such Fine as aforesaid, and so in each Second succeeding Year. [Amended, Page 216.]

XLV. And he is further enacted, That any Person ballotted for the Nonpayment of any Fine for not appearing to be enrolled, or for refusing to take the Oath, or for refusing or neglecting to attend an annual Period of Training and Exercise, shall be compellible to serve for the full Period of Four Years after the Expiration of such Imprisonment.

XLVI. And he is further enacted, That every Person claiming to be exempted from Service under this Act, upon Payment of the Sum of Twenty Pounds, or Ten Pounds, instead of Thirty Pounds, shall give a Declaration that the Amount of his Income does not exceed Two hundred Pounds or One hundred Pounds as aforesaid, as the Case may be, and shall deliver the same to the Deputy Lieutenants before whom he shall appear to claim such Exemption, or produce a Certificate to the like Effect, allowed by any Commissioners under any Act relating to the Rates and Duties acting on Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, or to any Allowances made on any such Rates and Duties, within Twelve Months previous to the Production of such Certificate; and every Person who shall make any false Declaration in relation to any such Claim, shall forfeit and pay for each Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds in Addition to such Fine.

XLVII. Provided also, and he is further enacted, That every Person claiming to be exempted from Service under this Act upon Payment of Five as aforesaid, and every Person who shall be liable to the Payment of any Fine under this Act, for not appearing to be enrolled in the Local Militia, shall be summoned and

41 G. 3. 47.

Proofs.

Deputy Lieutenants may make Lists to be executed, and proceed to fresh Ballots, and may administer Oaths, &c.

Persons ballotted not appearing to be enrolled, fined.

Penalty.

Fines paid to Clerk of Subdivision Meetings and paid into Bank to Account of Agent General.

Fines to exempt for Two Years only.

Persons imprisoned compellible to serve Four Years.

Persons claiming Exemption on Payment of 20l. or 10l. to give a Declaration of Income. False Declaration Penalty.

Such Persons as give Declaration that they have not qualified.

required to appear before some Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace, and shall be required by the Deputy Lieutenant before whom he shall appear to claim such Passengers, or by such Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace before whom he shall be so summoned and required to appear as aforesaid, to sign a Declaration that he hath not directly or indirectly, by any Policy, Premium or Promise of any Policy or Premium, or by any Engagement, insured himself against such Fire or any Part thereof, and that no Person or Persons hath or have directly or indirectly, in Consideration of any Sum of Money or Promise of any Sum of Money, or Gift or Reward, or for any valuable Consideration whatsoever, undertaken, engaged or promised in any way to indemnify him therefrom, or from any Part thereof, or to agree to him, or to any Person or Persons on his behalf, or for his Use, Benefit or Advantage, the said Fire or any Part thereof; and in case any Person so claiming to be exempt, or to be summoned or required to appear as aforesaid, shall refuse so to sign such Declaration, or so to appear according to such Summons or Requirement, or shall make any false Declaration in that behalf, every such Person shall, upon Conviction thereof before Two Justices of the Peace, forfeit Three Times the Amount of such Fire; and in Default of Payment thereof, shall be confined in any House of Correction or Common Goal for such County, for any Period not exceeding Three Months, or until Payment of such Penalty; and shall be liable personally to serve in the said Local Militia for the full Term of Four Years after the Expiration of such Imprisonment, or the Payment of such Penalty.

Nothing in this Act making this Declaration.

Penalty.

Deputy Lieutenants may make new Appointments in this County and which may hereafter be made, not to be in Proportion to Numbers liable to serve.

New Lists made out of any 10

Quakers or Dissenters have, no Penalties of certain Criminals, if it be not be certified, but shall be obliged to pay a Proportion of Expenses if not appearing.

Penalty.

Persons having more than One Riding in.

Persons to be liable to Comers in which Parish Church Courts do not may order Payment of Costs for keeping by Districts since Quakers

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Deputy Lieutenants of any County in any case in which it shall appear to them to be necessary or proper, by writs of any Quotas of Local Militia of any Divisions of any County, or of any Parishes of any Division, being found by any Returns now made or which may hereafter be made, not to be in Proportion to the relative Numbers of Men liable to serve in the Local Militia in such respective Divisions or Parishes, or by writs of any Abatement which may have taken place in the Number of the effective Yeomanry and Volunteers serving for such Division or Parish, to make any new Appointments, and ascertain and settle any Quotas of Local Militia, as to any Division of any County, or as to any Parishes in any Divisions, by any new Appointments as to such Divisions, or as to the Parishes in any Divisions, according to the relative Numbers of Men liable to serve in the Local Militia; Provided always, that all Quotas of Local Militia which shall have been settled and ascertained for any Division, or for any Parishes of any Division, shall remain and be deemed to be the proper Quotas of such Divisions and Parishes respectively, unless and until the Deputy Lieutenants shall deem it necessary to alter and shall have altered the same, and settled any new Quotas under this Act.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That, if the List of any Parish, Tything or Place shall be lost or destroyed, it shall be lawful for the said Deputy Lieutenants, or any Two or more of them, to cause a new List in such Parish, Tything or Place to be made and returned to them, at their next Subdivision Meeting, in the same manner as the List lost or destroyed was made, and ought to have been returned to them by Direction of the General Meeting.

L. And be it further enacted, That if any Person being one of the People called Quakers, or of the People called United Presbyterians or United Brethren, who shall be indicted under this Act, shall produce before the Deputy Lieutenants of any Subdivision Meeting, or any Two Deputy Lieutenants or Justices of the Peace, a Certificate under the Hands of Two or more respectable Householders, being of the People called Quakers, or of the People called United Presbyterians or United Brethren, resident within the County or Place of Residence of such Person, and dated within Three Months immediately preceding the Day on which such Certificate shall be produced as aforesaid, acknowledging such Person to be one of their Persuasions, such Person shall not be certified; and it shall be lawful for any such Deputy Lieutenants or Justices to adjudge any such Person to pay such Proportion of such Taxes as are by this Act imposed on Persons bachelors and not appearing, as to such Deputy Lieutenants or Justices may appear to be proper, according to the Situation in Life and Property of such Person; and the Amount of Fine to be adjudged by such Deputy Lieutenants or Justices, may be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Person, if Warrant under their Hands and Seals (the Overplus, if any, after deducting of reasonable Charges, being rendered to the Party); and if no Goods or Chattels can be found whereby the Sum so imposed upon such Quaker or United Brother can be levied, and the Deputy Lieutenants or Justices shall nevertheless upon Inquiry be satisfied that such Quaker or United Brother is of sufficient Ability to pay such Fine of Ten Pounds, then it shall be lawful for any Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace, if he shall think fit, to commit such Quaker or United Brother to Prison, three to six Months for any Time not exceeding One Month, unless such Sum shall be sooner paid and satisfied: Provided always, that no Quaker or United Brother so committed as aforesaid shall be confined among Felons.

LI. And be it further enacted, That every Person liable to serve in the Local Militia, having more than One Place of Residence, shall serve for the County, Riding or Place, where his Name shall have been first inserted in such List as aforesaid; and the Clerk to the Subdivision Meeting to which such List shall be returned shall, if such Person requests the same, grant a Certificate given under his Hand, that such Person's Name was referred to such List, and specifying the time when such List was made and returned.

LII. And be it further enacted, That where any Parish shall be so Two or more Counties or Ridings, the Inhabitants of such Parish shall serve in the Local Militia of the County or Riding whereas the Church belonging to such Parish is situated; and that such Parish shall, for all the Purposes of this Act, be deemed Part of such County or Riding.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That where any Rate shall have been made for the providing of Volunteers according to the Directions of this Act, and the Churchwardens and Overseers shall make Complaint to a Justice of the Peace, that any Quaker or Quakers has refused to pay the Same or Sums of Money he or they shall be rated at, such Justice shall order such Costs and Charges to be paid for keeping such District as he

shall think reasonable, not exceeding Two Shillings on each of the said Quakers where there are not more than Two, and where there are a greater Number than Two, not exceeding Five Shillings on each of the said Quakers: Provided always, that no Man shall be deemed, taken or accepted to be a Quaker within the meaning of this Act, unless he shall produce, before the Deputy Lieutenants at one of their Subdivision Meetings, a Certificate under the Hands of Two or more reputable Heads of the People called Quakers, resident within the said County, Riding or Place, and dated within the Three Months immediately preceding the Day on which it shall be produced as aforesaid, acknowledging such Man to be One of their Partisans.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That no Man shall be approved or enrolled as one of the Local Militia under this Act, either as a balloted Man or Volunteer, until he shall have been carefully examined by some Surgeon of competent Skill, and shall have been declared and reported by such Surgeon to be neither maimed, lame, maimed nor afflicted with any Disorder that may render him unfit to serve, but to be in every respect able and fit for Service; and the Deputy Lieutenants assembled at their Subdivision Meetings, or any Two Deputy Lieutenants, or any One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace, shall in all cases before they proceed to enroll any Man for the Local Militia, cause such Examination to be carefully made; and it shall be lawful for the said Deputy Lieutenants, or the said Deputy Lieutenant and Justice of the Peace, and they are hereby empowered and directed to require the Attendance of any Surgeon of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the Local Militia of the County, Riding or Place for which any Man is to be enrolled, if any such Surgeon is within a reasonable Distance, and can conveniently be had, or otherwise to require the Attendance of any other competent Surgeon for that Purpose; and a reasonable Allowance, not exceeding One Guinea shall be made to the Surgeon performing such Examination, for every Day he shall actually attend for that Purpose, and shall be paid to him in like Manner as other Allowances are directed to be made and paid to Subdivision Clerks under this Act.

LV. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall appear to any Two or more Deputy Lieutenants, or any One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace assembled at any Subdivision Meeting, that any Person chosen by Ballot to serve in the Local Militia is unable to serve from any permanent Infirmity, Debility or bodily Infirmary, or is not of the full Height of Five Feet two Inches, or is not approved upon Examination, by a Surgeon according to the Direction of this Act, such Deputy Lieutenants or such Deputy Lieutenant and Justice of the Peace shall and are hereby empowered and required to discharge such Person, and immediately to amend the List for the Place for which such Person shall have been balloted, and to cause another Person to be chosen in his Stead, by Ballot, according to the Direction of this Act.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That the Deputy Lieutenants at their several Subdivisions shall, so soon as they shall have enrolled the Number of Men required in their Subdivisions, divide the Men so enrolled into as many Classes of the Descriptions hereinafter mentioned, as shall be found among such Men; that is to say, in the First Class they shall put all the Men having no Child or Children living; and in the Second Class, all the Men not having any Child or Children living under the Age of Fourteen Years; and in the Third Class, all the Men having any Child or Children, One of whom only shall be under the Age of Fourteen Years; and in the last Class, all the Men not included in any of the former Descriptions; and shall forthwith make out a List of such Classes, according to the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (C), and within Three Days after the completing thereof, the Clerk of each Subdivision Meeting shall transmit to the Clerk to the General Meetings as a true and correct Copy of such List, made out in such Form as aforesaid, to be by him entered in a Book or to be kept for that Purpose.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Local Militia Man, after having been sworn and enrolled, shall become unfit for Service, it shall be lawful for the Colonel or other Commandant of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Local Militia Man shall belong, together with any Two or more Deputy Lieutenants, or One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace of the County, Riding or Place to which such Regiment, Battalion or Corps belongs, or for the Colonel or other Commandant only, if the Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall be absent therefore, to discharge such Local Militia Man from his Regiment, Battalion or Corps; but another Man shall not be balloted for in the Room of such Local Militia Man so discharged, until such Discharge shall be confirmed under the Hands of Two or more Deputy Lieutenants or One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace of the County, Riding or Place to which such Regiment, Battalion or Corps belongs, assembled at any Meeting in the Subdivision for which such Local Militia Man was enrolled, or at any General Meeting for the County, Riding or Place as aforesaid.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That when any private Militia Man shall, before the Expire of the Term for which he was to serve, die, or be appointed a Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer in the Local Militia, or enter or enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces, Navy or Marines, or as a Substantive or Volunteer in the Regular Militia, or be discharged in manner aforesaid, so as not to be for Service, or disabled in performance of the Duties of a Court Martial, the Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such private Man shall belong, shall certify the Vacancy occasioned by such Death, Appointment, Entering, Enlisting, Discharge or Disabling, (as the case may be) to the Clerk to the General Meetings, who shall forthwith transmit the said Certificate to the Deputy Lieutenants of the Subdivision for which such private Man shall have been enrolled, and such Deputy Lieutenants shall immediately upon the Receipt of such Certificate, cause such Vacancy to be filled up by a fresh Ballot for a Local Militia Man to serve according to the Provision of this Act; except in such cases as are in this Act excepted.

LIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant and Deputy Lieutenants at any General Meeting, and they are hereby required to ascertain and fix by Ballot the Order

of Ballot for enrolling Volunteers. It is directed that Quakers.

No Man enrolled shall be examined and approved by Surgeon.

Allowance to Surgeon.

Deputy Lieutenants may discharge Persons chosen by Ballot who are unfit.

Deputy Lieutenants to class Men enrolled, and make out List, a Copy of which shall be transmitted to Clerk to General Meeting to be entered.

Men becoming unfit to serve discharged, but if done by the Commanding Officer only, it shall be confirmed by Deputy Lieutenants before others are balloted in.

Vacancies occasioned by Death, &c. filled up by a fresh Militia.

Meetings of Lieutenancy to be by Ballot.

Order in which
Subdivisions, or
such shall be
supplying, that
order in which
of Appoint-
ment to be
Sergeants or
Corporals.

The Order to be
by a Private ap-
pointed a Non-
commissioned
Officer or Drum-
mer in Rooms of
One and in the
Rank.

All Subdivision
Meetings shall
be held for in
Rooms of which
whole Terms of
Sergeants/Captain
before Men, so
not ending
with such Men
discharged and
others who
Enrollment of
Sergeants shall
not exceed
Companies with
Private.

Expense meeting
Wages under
and, Public may
behold, and may
great Wages
for leaving
Money by Dis-
with if see post.

Expense meeting
Wages under
and, Public may
behold, and may
great Wages
for leaving
Money by Dis-
with if see post.

Expense meeting
Wages under
and, Public may
behold, and may
great Wages
for leaving
Money by Dis-
with if see post.

The Deputy
Lieutenants or
Judge may enter
Money agreed to be
given to Volun-
teers, or be paid
for an Enroll-
ment.

Local Militia
presented in
bill.

in which the respective Subdivisions, Hundreds and Parishes in their respective Counties shall stand as to the supplying any deficiencies or vacancies that may exist or arise therein by reason of the Appointment of any Persons serving in the Local Militia of any such County to be Sergeants or Corporals, and shall immediately after the same shall be so ascertained and fixed, cause such Subdivisions, Hundreds and Parishes respectively to be entered in such Order, in a List to be prepared for that Purpose; and such Vacancies shall be supplied by such Subdivisions, Hundreds and Parishes, in the Order in which they shall have been entered in such List as aforesaid, and not by the Parishes for which the Men in presented shall have served.

LX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any private Local Militia Man shall be appointed a Non-Commissioned Officer or Drummer in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, in the Room of any Non-Commissioned Officer or Drummer reduced to the Rank, or alike shall take place in the Rank or Place for which such private Man is appointed was then serving, in consequence of any Vacancy occasioned by such Appointment, so long as the Non-Commissioned Officer or Drummer so reduced shall continue to serve in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That any Two or more of the Deputy Lieutenants, or any One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace, at their several Subdivision Meetings, shall and they are hereby required to ballot for Local Militia Men, in the Room of all Local Militia Men actually serving, whose Terms of Service will expire before the Twentieth Day of November next ensuing the holding of such Subdivision Meetings, and shall at a following Meeting to be holden as soon as conveniently may be, proceed to enroll the said balloted Men as aforesaid; and the Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps, is hereby empowered, from time to time, to discharge any Man of his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, whose Term of Service will expire before the Twentieth Day of November next ensuing, and to receive any other Local Militia Man in his Room, who shall have taken the Oath, and been enrolled according to the Direction of the Act; and every such Man so discharged shall be entitled to the same Liberty from further Service as if he had served his full Term.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Servant whatever, hired by the Year or otherwise, shall be enrolled as a Local Militia Man by virtue of this Act, such Enrolment shall not vacate or repeal the Contract or alter the Engagement between such Servant and his Master or Mistress, or Employer or Employers, unless the Local Militia of the County, Riding or Place for which such Servant shall be enrolled, shall be embodied or called out by His Majesty, or ordered to be so in pursuance of this Act, or unless such Person be enrolled shall leave the Service of his Master, Mistress, or Employer or Employers, for the Purpose of being trained and exercised in pursuance of this Act, and shall not return again to the same Service at the End of such Term of Training and Exercise, or as soon after as reasonably may be, allowing to his Master, Mistress or Employer or Employers, an Abatement from his Wages in Proportion to the Duration of his Absence from his said Service, to be settled by a Justice of the Peace in the manner hereinafter mentioned; and in every such case, where any Dispute shall arise between such Servant and his Master or Mistress, or Employer or Employers, touching any Sum or Sum of Money due to such Servant for or on Account of his Service performed before the time of his Departure from Service, under the Condition of the said Enrolment, or by being being called out to join the Local Militia in which he shall have been enrolled, or touching any Abatement to be made by such Servant by reason of his Absence, for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, it shall and may be lawful, on Complaint made thereof to any Justice of the Peace for the County, Riding, City, Liberty, Town Corporate or Place, where such Master or Mistress, or Employer or Employers shall inhabit, for such Justice to hear and determine every such Complaint, and to examine upon Oath every such Servant, or any other Witnesses or Witnesses, touching the same, and to make such Order for the Payment of so much Wages to such Servant in Proportion to the Service he has performed, or such Abatement from his Wages in Proportion to the Duration of his Absence from his Service, in cases where the Party shall demand, as the case may require, and as to such Justice shall seem just and reasonable, provided the Sum in question do not exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and in case of Refusal or Non-payment of any Sum so ordered to be paid by the Space of Seven Days next after such Determination, such Justice may and shall issue forth his Warrant to levy the same by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Master or Mistress, or Employer or Employers, rendering the Overplus to the Owner or Owners, after Payment of the Charges of such Distress and Sale.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor shall have engaged any Person to serve as a Volunteer as aforesaid, and such Churchwardens or Overseers shall have agreed to pay to the Person so engaged, a certain Sum for such Service, it shall be lawful for Two Deputy Lieutenants, or any One Justice of the Peace, and they are and it is hereby required, after such Volunteer has been examined by a Sergeant, and approved according to the Direction of this Act, and enrolled by the Deputy Lieutenants in pursuance thereof, to order such Sum of Money so shall appear to them or her to be due to the Volunteer so engaged, to be immediately paid to him on such Enrolment, in the Presence of such Deputy Lieutenants.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person balloted or enrolled to serve, or serving in the Local Militia under this Act, to enlist or enter into His Majesty's Army, Navy or Marines, or as a Substitute or Volunteer in the Regular Militia of the same or some adjoining County, at any time, except during such Part of the Period of being able to be for the Purpose of annual Training and Exercise under this Act, as His Majesty shall by any Order made in that behalf prescribe; and the Enlisting or Entry of every such Man shall be immediately certified by the Officer with whom such Man shall have enlisted or entered, to the Officer commanding the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, from which such Man shall have enlisted or entered; and all Vacancies arising by any such enlisting or enter-

leg as aforesaid, shall be supplied like common as any other Vacancies in the said Local Militia: Provided always, that no Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer of any Regiment of Local Militia, as permanent Pay as such, shall be entitled to his Discharge, or be allowed to enlist into the Army, Navy or Marine, or Regular Militia, or to engage himself as a Substantive or Volunteer in the Regular Militia at any time, whether the Regiment to which such Non Commissioned Officer or Drummer shall belong, shall be substituted for the Purpose of annual Training and Exercise or not, unless with the Consent in Writing of the Commanding Officer of his Regiment given for that Purpose.

LXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to authorize any Appointee hereafter under this Act to enlist in the Army, Navy, Marine, or to enter as a Substantive or Volunteer in the Regular Militia, or to enter as a Volunteer in the Local Militia, or being a Member of a Volunteer Corps, to transfer himself to the Local Militia without the Consent of his Major; provided also, that no Barron, Enrolment and Service under this Act, shall extend to make void or in any manner to effect any Indenture of Apprenticeship or Contract of Service between any Master or Servant, notwithstanding any Covenant or Agreement in any such Indenture or Contract; and no Servant under this Act of any Apprentice or Servant shall be deemed or construed to be an Absence from Service, or a Breach of any Covenant or Agreement as to any Service or Absence from Service, in any Indenture of Apprenticeship or Contract of Service; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws, or Deed or Indenture of Apprenticeship, or Contract of Service to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Vacancies arising in the Local Militia by such enlisting as aforesaid, or by Discharge, Absence, Desertion, Death or Expulsion of Service, shall be filled up according to the Provisions of this Act: Provided always, that it shall be lawful at any time before the Local Militia of any County shall be completed to the full Amount specified in this Act as the Quota of such County, and also at any time thereafter when any Vacancies shall arise in such Local Militia, for any Person between the Ages of Eighteen and Thirty five, of the Height of Five Feet Two Inches, and not having more than Two Children under Fourteen Years of Age, who shall be approved of in the manner herebefore directed, (as well Members of Volunteer Corps as others) voluntarily to enrol themselves in the Local Militia of such County, according to the Provisions of this Act, until the full Number of Men required by virtue of this Act in such County shall be completed.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases in the Execution of this Act, when any Matter or Thing is directed to be required or examined into, upon the Oath of any Witness or Witnesses, before any Lieutenant of any County, or any Deputy Lieutenant or Lieutenants, or Justice or Justices of the Peace, any such Lieutenant, Deputy Lieutenant or Lieutenants, or Justice or Justices of the Peace, is or are hereby authorized to administer such Oath to any Witness or Witnesses; and that all other Oaths so be taken in pursuance of this Act, shall and may be respectively administered by any Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenant.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Local Militia of the several Counties, Ridings and Places aforesaid, shall be formed into Companies, which shall not consist of more than One hundred and twenty, nor of less than Sixty private Men, and that to each of such Companies there shall be One Captain, and One Lieutenant and One Ensign; and that where the Number of Men raised for any County, Riding or Place, is sufficient, the Local Militia thereof shall be formed into One or more Regiments, consisting of not more than Twelve or of less than Eight such Companies; and when the Number of Men raised in any County, Riding or Place, is not sufficient to form a Regiment, the Local Militia thereof shall be formed into a Battalion, consisting of not more than Seven or of less than Four such Companies; and when the Number of Men raised in any County, Riding or Place is not sufficient to form a Battalion of Four such Companies, the Local Militia thereof shall be formed into a Corps, consisting of not less than Three such Companies; and that the Field Officers of such Regiments, Battalions and Corps respectively, shall in no case exceed the respective Numbers and Ranks following; that is to say, in every Regiment consisting of not less than Eight hundred private Men, One Lieutenant Colonel Commandant, One Lieutenant Colonel and Two Majors; in every Regiment or Battalion consisting of not less than Four hundred and eighty private Men, One Lieutenant Colonel Commandant, One Lieutenant Colonel and One Major; and in every Battalion consisting of less than Four hundred and eighty private Men, One Lieutenant Colonel and One Major; and in every Corps consisting of Three Companies, One Lieutenant Colonel or Major, and no other Field Officer: Provided always, that no Colonel or Field Officer in the Local Militia shall be a Captain of a Company: Provided also, that every Battalion consisting of Five Companies or upwards, may have One Company of Grenadiers or Light Infantry, to which Two Lieutenants shall be appointed instead of One Lieutenant and One Ensign; and that every Regiment may have One Company of Grenadiers and One Company of Light Infantry, in each of which Companies Two Lieutenants shall be appointed instead of One Lieutenant and One Ensign: Provided also, that in every Company consisting of Ninety private Men or upwards, there may be Two Lieutenants and One Ensign, or Three Lieutenants, as the case may be.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order signed by His Majesty's Secretary of State, to direct any Number of Officers, Non Commissioned Officers and Corporals, actually serving in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, at the time of passing this Act, to be retained during the Continuance of the present War, or for so long a time during the Continuance thereof as His Majesty shall think fit, as Officers, Non Commissioned Officers, or Corporals respectively of such Regiments, Battalions or Corps, although by reason thereof the Number of Officers, Non Commissioned Officers and Corporals respectively of any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall exceed the Proportion of Officers Non Commissioned Officers and Corporals respectively prescribed for any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of

Serjeant, &c. as permanent.

Appointee was provided to be without Officers or Gentlemen.

Vacancies filled up provided only by Substitution of Barron. Volunteer not to enter until Local Militia completed.

Lieutenants, Deputies and Justices, authorized to administer Oaths.

New Regiments of Militia shall be formed and officers.

His Majesty may direct any Number of Officers, &c. to be retained during the Continuance of the present War, or for so long a time during the Continuance thereof as His Majesty shall think fit, as Officers, Non Commissioned Officers, or Corporals respectively of such Regiments, Battalions or Corps, although by reason thereof the Number of Officers Non Commissioned Officers and Corporals respectively prescribed for any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of

for any Regt-
ment, &c.

Local Militia, by this Act; and all such Officers, Non Commissioned Officers and Corporals so retained as aforesaid, shall be entitled to such Pay, Emoluments and Advantages as other Non Commissioned Officers and Corporals respectively are by Law entitled unto; any Thing in any Law or Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Officers retained
by and Provisions
made, shall be
subject to
Vacancies.

LXX. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That the Officers so retained who shall exceed the Proportions of Officers respectively prescribed for any Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall succeed to Vacancies which may occur in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps respectively, according to their respective Ranks, and beginning with the eldest Officer of each Rank respectively.

In case of Regt-
ments being re-
duced, Officers
may be appointed
to other Regt-
ments.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That where the Local Militia of any County, shall, previously to the passing of this Act, have consisted of Two or more Regiments, Battalions or Corps, and any One or more of such Regiments, Battalions or Corps, shall (in consequence of the Reduction of the Quota of Local Militia for such County under this Act) be reduced, it shall in every such case be lawful for His Majesty to order and direct that any Number of Field Officers, and Officers together with the Adjutant and Quarter Master, who were serving at the time of passing this Act, shall and may be appointed by the Lieutenant of such County to act as Field Officers, Officers, Adjutant or Quarter Master respectively, in any other Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia within the said County, and shall continue to serve in any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which they may be so appointed, although by reason thereof the Number of Officers in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps may exceed the Proportions of Officers prescribed for any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia under this Act; and all such Officers so appointed and retained as aforesaid shall be entitled to such Pay, Rank, Emolument and Advantages, as other Officers of the Local Militia are entitled to, and shall succeed to Vacancies which may occur in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, according to their respective Ranks, beginning with the eldest Officer of each Rank respectively; any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

His Majesty
may order
Commissaries to be
appointed.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, in any case in which more than One Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia is ordered to be raised in any County, to direct the Lieutenant, Vice Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenants of such County to divide such County, for the Purposes of this Act, into such Number of Divisions as there are Regiments, Battalions or Corps to be raised in such County, regard being had to the Number of Persons liable to serve and the Establishment of such Regiment, and all other circumstances of local Convenience; and then and after such Division, such of such Divisions of such County shall supply all Vacancies arising in the Regiments, Battalions or Corps respectively belonging to such Divisions: Provided always, that such Divisions and all Appointments made in pursuance thereof may be from time to time varied or altered, as Occasion may require.

In what case
His Majesty
may order Local
Militia to be
formed, &c.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty in every case for which no special Provision is made by this Act, to raise the Local Militia of any County, Riding or Place, to be formed and regulated in such manner as to His Majesty shall seem meet, as regard to the Number of Regiments, Battalions or Corps, conforming in every case, as near as the Proportions of Men will admit, to the Establishment with respect to Regiments, Battalions, Corps and Companies, in this Act particularly directed.

In what case
County Lieutenants
may act as
Commandants of
Local Militia.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant of any County, Riding or Place, to act as Commandant of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia for such County, Riding or Place, for and during such time as there shall not be any Commandant appointed to such Regiment, Battalion or Corps; and where the Lieutenant of any County, Riding or Place, shall take the Command of any Local Militia of the said County, Riding or Place, such Lieutenant shall be entitled to the Rank of Colonel, but shall not receive any higher Pay than that of Lieutenant Colonel Commandant: Provided always, that no Lieutenant of any County, Riding or Place, shall act as Commandant of more than One Regiment, Battalion or Corps, at One time, excepting in those cases in which such Lieutenant may have transferred his Services to the Local Militia as Commandant of more than One Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteers.

Local Militia
Officers accept-
ing Commission
of Genl. Rank to
act in what Regt-
ment, may be
paid.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That every Officer of any Local Militia Regiment, Battalion or Corps, being duly qualified, who may have accepted or shall accept a Commission or Appointment of the same Rank in any other Local Militia Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and shall thereby vacate his former Commission, shall continue to rank in the general Service according to the Date of his Commission or Appointment of the same Rank in the Local Militia, so vacated as aforesaid.

When Com-
mandant absent
from G. B. His
Majesty may
direct Officers
next in Com-
mand to act,
who shall be
retained with
some Pay and all
Commissaries
shall retain and
exercise their
Authority.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That when any Colonel or other Commandant of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, shall be absent from Great Britain, and until he shall return to Great Britain, and shall have notified his Arrival to the Clerk of the Peace of the County, Riding or Place to which such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall belong, and to the Commanding Officer and Adjutant thereof, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by Warrant under His Sign Manual, to direct and order that the Officer next in Command, who shall be residing in Great Britain, shall in all cases act and serve as the Commandant of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps; and all Powers and Authorities which might have been exercised by such Colonel or other Commandant, so absent as aforesaid, while resident in Great Britain, shall be vested in and exercised by the Officer next in Command as such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, who shall be resident in Great Britain, and from and after issuing the said Warrant as aforesaid, all Matters and Things which ought to be transacted and done by any other Person or Persons with such Colonel or other Commandant while resident in Great Britain, shall be transacted and done during the time aforesaid, with such Officer so next in Command as aforesaid, who shall be residing in Great Britain; and all Money directed to be issued or paid to or to the Order of such Colonel or other Commandant for the Use of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall be issued and paid to or to the Order of such Officer next in Command as aforesaid; and all Acts, Matters and Things, done by and with such Officer so next in Command as aforesaid, during the

the same aforesaid, which are or shall be authorized or required to be done by or with such Colonel or other Commandant where in Great Britain, shall be as good and valid as if done by or with such Colonel or other Commandant; and during the Absence from Great Britain of the Colonel or other Commandant of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and until he shall return to Great Britain, and until he is Arrived as aforesaid, the Officer next in Command in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, who shall be residing in Great Britain, shall appoint the Quarter Master to such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in the same manner as such Colonel or other Commandant might have done: Provided always, that such Officer so next in Command as aforesaid, who shall assume the Powers is given to him as aforesaid, in consequence of the Absence from Great Britain of his Colonel or other Commandant, shall, within Seven Days after he shall assume say such Powers, notify the Absence from Great Britain of such Colonel or other Commandant to the Lieutenant of the County, Riding or Place, and also to the Secretary at War: Provided also, that if any such Colonel or other Commandant as aforesaid, shall have given any Orders for Clothing or other Necessaries, or for Accoutrements, which ought to be provided for the Use of his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in due Course, or in pursuance of any Order by proper Authority, and if before such Orders shall be completed, or after the same shall be completed, and before the Money shall be issued for the same, such Colonel or other Commandant shall have Great Britain, the Orders so given by such Colonel or other Commandant shall nevertheless be completed, and the Money to be issued in respect thereof shall be paid to the Order of such Colonel or other Commandant, notwithstanding his Absence from Great Britain as aforesaid; and in like manner if any Officer so next in Command as aforesaid, shall, in consequence of the Absence from Great Britain of his Colonel or other Commandant, and under the Authority given to him as aforesaid, give any Orders for Clothing or other Necessaries, or for Accoutrements, which ought to be provided for the Use of his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in due Course, or in pursuance of any Order by proper Authority, and before such Orders shall be completed, or after the same shall be completed, and before the Money which ought to be issued shall be issued for the same, the Colonel or other Commandant shall return to Great Britain, and notify his Arrival as aforesaid, the Orders so given by such Officer so next in Command as aforesaid shall be completed, and the Money to be issued in respect thereof shall be paid to the Order of such Officer, notwithstanding the Return of such Colonel or other Commandant as aforesaid.

LXXVII. And he is further enacted, That His Majesty may and shall appoint One proper Person, who shall have served in force of His Majesty's other Forces, or in the Militia while embodied, for the Term of Five Years at the least, to be an Adjutant to such Regiment, Battalion and Corps of Local Militia; and such Adjutant, if appointed out of His Majesty's other Forces, shall, during his Service in the Local Militia, perform his Rank in the Army in the best Manner as if he had continued in that Service; and it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant of any County, Riding or Place, on the Recommendation of the Colonel or other Commandant of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, raised within such County, Riding or Place, to appoint the Adjutant of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to serve with the Rank of Captain, provided such Adjutant shall have served Five Years as a Commissioned Officer in the Regular or Local Militia while embodied, or in His Majesty's other Forces, or in the Volunteers, although such Adjutant may not have the Qualifications required by the Act in this behalf expressed: Provided always, that no such Appointment to the Rank of Captain shall be valid, unless in the Instrument granting the same it be specified in what Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the Militia, while embodied, or of His Majesty's other Forces, such Adjutant hath served, and what was or were the Date or Dates of his Commission or Commissions: Provided also, that no Adjutant so appointed to serve with the Rank of Captain, shall, by virtue of the Date of such Appointment as aforesaid, or otherwise, be entitled to rank above, or to command any Captain of a Company in the Local Militia: Provided also, that no such Adjutant shall, by reason of any such Appointment as aforesaid, be entitled to receive any greater or other Pay or Allowance than those of Adjutants.

LXXVIII. And he is further enacted, That, in every Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, consisting of not less than Two Companies, it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant of such County, Riding or Place, with the Approbation of His Majesty, to appoint One fit and proper Person, who shall have passed an Examination at Sergeant Hall, or at the College of Surgeons in Edinburgh, and received his Certificate accordingly, to be Sergeant of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps; and every such Appointment shall receive the Certificate of the Person so appointed, and an attested Copy thereof shall be transmitted to and filed with the Clerk of the General Meetings; and every such Sergeant shall, while the Local Militia to which he shall belong are disembodied, receive Fifteen Shillings per Day for every Day of his Attendance during any Exercise of such Local Militia under this Act, and One Guinea for every Day that he shall attend the Exercises at the Subdivision Meetings; such last mentioned Allowances being certified by any Deputy Lieutenant or Lieutenants of such Subdivision Meeting to the Receiver General of the County, Riding or Place, to which such Local Militia shall belong; and every such Sergeant is appointed as aforesaid shall, during the time of the Local Militia to which he shall belong being embodied, receive the Pay and Allowance of a Sergeant of Infantry in His Majesty's other Forces, and be subject to the like Rules, Restrictions and Directions, in every respect, as far as the same may be applicable; and it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant of the County, Riding or Place, to which such Regiment or Battalion shall belong, on the Recommendation of the Colonel or other Commandant thereof, to give to such Sergeant a Commission as Lieutenant or Ensign in such Regiment or Battalion; but no such Sergeant shall be capable of receiving any Pay in respect of any such Commission in such Local Militia, during the time of his being such Sergeant as aforesaid.

LXXIX. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Colonel or other Commandant of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, with the Approbation of His Majesty, to appoint One fit and proper Person to be the Quarter Master of any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps respectively; and it shall

Officer next in Command shall return to Great Britain, and notify his Arrival as aforesaid, the Orders so given by such Officer so next in Command as aforesaid shall be completed, and the Money to be issued in respect thereof shall be paid to the Order of such Officer, notwithstanding the Return of such Colonel or other Commandant as aforesaid.

In what case he may, in receive Pay and Allowance of his County, and hold Commissions in Subdivisions.

Quarter Master appointed, &c.

shall be lawful for the Lieutenant of the County, Riding or Place, for which such Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall belong, on the Recommendation of the Colonel thereof, to appoint such Quarter Master to serve with the Rank of Lieutenant or Ensign, ~~although such Quarter Master may not have the Qualification required by this Act for Lieutenants or Ensigns respectively.~~ Provided always, that such Quarter Master shall not be capable of holding any Commission or receiving any Pay in respect of any Commission in any Company in the Local Militia, during the time of his being such Quarter Master as aforesaid.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That no Adjutant, Surgeon or Quarter Master in the Local Militia, shall be capable of being appointed Captain of a Company, nor shall any Person holding the Commission of Captain of a Company be capable of being appointed Adjutant, Surgeon or Quarter Master of Local Militia.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That no Officer who is entitled to Half Pay shall be deemed or taken to forfeit or quit such Half Pay, during the time he shall serve as Colonel, Lieutenant Colonel, Major, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Quarter Master or Surgeon in the Local Militia, but that the same shall nevertheless continue; and in case of the Oath usually required of Half Pay Officers to entitle them to the Receipt of their Half Pay, every such Officer so entitled to Half Pay, and serving as aforesaid, shall take the following Oath:

‘ I, A. B. do swear, That I had not, between the _____ and the _____ any Place or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides my Allowance of Half Pay as a Colonel _____ in _____ Regiment of _____ line and except my Pay as [Colonel, Lieutenant Colonel, Major, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, or Quarter Master or Surgeon, as the case may be], for serving in the Local Militia.’

And the taking of the said Oath shall, without taking any other Oath, be sufficient to entitle such Person to receive his Half Pay.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, shall be appointed to the Local Militia, in the following Proportions; that is to say, there shall be One Sergeant and One Corporal to every Twenty private Men; and there shall be Two Drummers to every Company, with an Addition of One Drummer for each Flank Company of Regiments or Battalions consisting of Five or more Companies as aforesaid; and all Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, not being retained on permanent Pay at Head Quarters in the manner hereinafter directed, shall take the Oath heretofore directed to be taken by Persons chosen by Ballot to serve in the Local Militia; and that all Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, who may have contracted or been engaged to receive on permanent Pay at Head Quarters as hereinafter directed, shall take the following Oath; that is to say,

‘ I, A. B. do solemnly promise and swear, That I will be true and faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George, and that I will faithfully serve in the Local Militia within Great Britain, for the Defence of the same, until I shall be legally discharged.’

And all such Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers receiving permanent Pay as such from any Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall be deemed to be engaged, and shall be compellable to serve in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, until they shall be legally discharged, and when not in actual Service shall be new clothed once in Two Years: And the Colonel or other Commandant of every Regiment, Battalion or Corps, consisting of Two or more Companies, may appoint a Sergeant Major, and the Colonel or other Commandant of every Regiment, Battalion or Corps, consisting of Three or more Companies, may appoint a Drums Major: Provided always, that no Person who shall keep any House of public Entertainment, or who shall sell any Ale or Wine, or any Brandy or other Spirituous Liquors by Retail, shall be capable of being appointed, or of serving or receiving permanent Pay as an Adjutant, Quarter Master, Sergeant Major, Sergeant, Corporal, Drums Major or Drummer in the Local Militia.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, whether upon permanent Pay or otherwise, may be discharged by the Colonel or other Commandant, and the said Colonel or other Commandant may appoint any proper Person in the Room of every Sergeant, Corporal and Drummer, who shall die, desert, be dismissed or discharged, all which Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, so appointed, shall take the like Oath as a heretofore required to be taken by Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers respectively.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That in case His Majesty's Lieutenant for any County, Riding or Place, or the Colonel or other Commandant of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, shall be desirous of keeping up a greater Number of Drummers than is herein directed to be employed as Fifers or Musicians for the use of any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and shall be willing to defray the Expence of such additional Drummers, it shall and may be lawful for such Lieutenant or Colonel, or other Commandant, so near to their respective Regiments, Battalions or Corps, as any Number of the Drummers employed or to be employed as Fifers or Musicians therein, over and above the Number established by this Act, or at any time hereafter to engage any additional Number of Drummers to act as Fifers or Musicians in their respective Regiments, Battalions or Corps; and all such Drummers so retained or in future engaged to serve in any such Corps as Fifers or Musicians, shall be deemed Drummers of Local Militia within the Meaning of this Act, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and shall be subject to the same Orders, Regulations, Penalties and Punishments, as other Drummers of Local Militia are by this Act subject, and shall continue to serve as Drummers so long as they shall receive the same Pay and Clothing as other Drummers have, or better Clothing in lieu thereof.

LXXXV. And

No Adjutant, the appointed Captain of Company, or any other Officer of Company or Regiment, shall be capable of holding any Commission or receiving any Pay in respect of any Commission in any Company in the Local Militia, during the time of his being such Quarter Master as aforesaid.

Adjutant, the appointed Captain of Company, or any other Officer of Company or Regiment, shall be deemed to be engaged, and shall be compellable to serve in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, until they shall be legally discharged, and when not in actual Service shall be new clothed once in Two Years.

Drummers may be appointed to the Local Militia, in the following Proportions; that is to say, there shall be One Drummer to every Twenty private Men; and there shall be Two Drummers to every Company, with an Addition of One Drummer for each Flank Company of Regiments or Battalions consisting of Five or more Companies as aforesaid.

Sergeant Major and Drums Major may be appointed to the Local Militia, and the Colonel or other Commandant of every Regiment, Battalion or Corps, consisting of Two or more Companies, may appoint a Sergeant Major, and the Colonel or other Commandant of every Regiment, Battalion or Corps, consisting of Three or more Companies, may appoint a Drums Major.

Commandant may appoint any proper Person in the Room of every Sergeant, Corporal and Drummer, who shall die, desert, be dismissed or discharged, all which Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, so appointed, shall take the like Oath as a heretofore required to be taken by Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers respectively.

Drummers may be employed as Fifers or Musicians for the use of any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and shall be subject to the same Orders, Regulations, Penalties and Punishments, as other Drummers of Local Militia are by this Act subject, and shall continue to serve as Drummers so long as they shall receive the same Pay and Clothing as other Drummers have, or better Clothing in lieu thereof.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted, That the said Local Militia when drawn out and embodied shall be entitled to the same Pay and Allowances, for themselves and Families, according to their respective Ranks, as His Majesty's other Militia Forces when drawn out and embodied.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That every Person entitled to serve in the Local Militia under this Act shall, upon being assembled for Training and Exercise under this Act, be entitled to a Sum not exceeding Ten Shillings and Six pence for the First Year of his Service, and Five Shillings and Three pence for each succeeding Year of Service, to be paid to the Captain commanding the Company to which such Man shall belong, for the Purpose of providing and keeping up such Necessaries for each Person as may be specified in any Order from His Majesty's Secretary of State to that Effect; and all such Sums of Money shall, at the Conclusion of each Period of Exercise or Service as aforesaid, be accounted for, by the Captain commanding such Company, to the Quarter Master of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to which such Captain shall belong; and the Refidue, if any, paid to such Quarter Master, who shall account for the same, to the Secretary at War: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive any Allowance for Necessaries, who shall not have been present during the whole of the Period of Annual Exercise.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to put the Local Militia enrolled under this Act, when assembled for Training or Exercise in time of War, or when embodied as Instructor mentioned in like manner as the Regular Militia when embodied, under the Command of such General Officer of His Majesty's Forces, as His Majesty shall please so appoint; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to order and direct that the Local Militia to be enrolled under this Act, shall be called out with their respective Companies in each Year, at such times, in such manner, and in such Proportions, and under such Regulations as His Majesty shall direct in that behalf for the Purpose of being trained and exercised. Regard being had to the local Circumstances of each County, and to the Season and importance to the Cause of Industry and Cultivation within the same; and the Periods and Places for such Exercise shall be appointed by the Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants of the several Counties, with the Approbation of His Majesty: Provided always, that no Local Militia Man under this Act shall be trained or exercised any greater Number of Days in the whole in each Year than Twenty eight entire Days, exclusive of Days of arming and Departure from and marching to and from the Place appointed for Exercise (for which entire Days the Pay and Subsistence allowed to His Majesty's Forces on March shall be allowed); and no such Local Militia shall be ordered to march for his Training and Exercise out of the County within which any such Local Militia shall have been enrolled, unless as hereafter directed.

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order notified by His Secretary of State, upon the Application of the Lieutenant of any County in which the principal Town or Towns of such County shall set off a different Accommodation for the Quartering of the Local Militia of the County, during the Training and Exercising of such Local Militia, or in any case in which it may be more convenient with respect to the Residence of the Persons enrolled in such Local Militia, and to the Distance which such Persons may have to march for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, to authorize and allow, and to order the Local Militia of such County, or any Regiment or Regiment thereof, or any Detachment or Company of any such Regiment, to be marched into any adjoining County for the Purpose of training and exercising; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XC. And be it further enacted, That when the Local Militia of any County shall have been so called out for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, it shall be lawful for His Majesty by any Order of His Privy Council Secretary of State at any time that He may think fit, to order and direct any Part or Proportions of such Local Militia to be dismissed, and no Exercise to be discontinued, and from time to time again to direct the assembling of any such Local Militia, or any Part or Proportions thereof, for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, as to His Majesty may seem necessary, according to the Rules and Provisions in this Act contained.

XCI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person enrolled to serve in a Private in the Local Militia under this Act, shall be desirous of removing from One County to another County, at any time or times during the Period of his Service, it shall be lawful for him to do so upon giving Notice in Writing to his Commanding Officer, who shall certify the Name to the Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenant, or the Clerk of the Lieutenancy, of the County to which such Local Militia Man intends to remove; and every such Local Militia Man so removing, shall be received into the Local Militia of the County, if there be any Local Militia enrolled in such County; and if not, into the Local Militia of some adjoining County to that to which he shall have removed, and shall continue to serve therein for the Remainder of the Term for which he shall have been enrolled; and every such Local Militia Man who shall not transfer to the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, from which he shall have removed, within One Month after the Expiration of such Annual Training, a Certificate of the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he may have been removed, of his having been duly trained and exercised in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall forfeit double the Sum which such Person would have forfeited if he had not been so trained and exercised in the Local Militia in which he was balloted under this Act; and every Person who shall again remove, or who shall proceed to any other County, than that of which he shall have first given Notice, shall in like manner give Notice, and transfer Certificates as aforesaid: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful for any Person enrolled to serve as a Local Militia Man to remove from One County to another County, during the time that the Reg-

Local Militia when embodied according to Part. An. a Regular Militia Local Militia enrolled to Act in case for Militia

His Majesty may put Local Militia under Command of General Officer

and may order it to be called out under the Act

Man may be trained for more than six Days in a Year, but he is ordered to march from County in which enrolled.

In what case Local Militia may be marched from one County to another

His Majesty may by Order of Privy Council Secretary of State, at any time that He may think fit, to order and direct any Part or Proportions of such Local Militia to be dismissed, and no Exercise to be discontinued, and from time to time again to direct the assembling of any such Local Militia, or any Part or Proportions thereof, for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, as to His Majesty may seem necessary, according to the Rules and Provisions in this Act contained.

Man may in any time or times during the Period of his Service to another

Penalty.

but not for any Period of more than

and every
other Person
shall be
responsible
therein.

When called
out, the
Officers
shall be
responsible
for the
conduct
of the
Troop.

Officers
shall be
responsible
for the
conduct
of the
Troop.

During
the
Time
of
War

Officers
shall
be
responsible
for
the
conduct
of
the
Troop.

Officers
shall
be
responsible
for
the
conduct
of
the
Troop.

ment to which he belongs shall be assembled, without having first obtained the Consent of his Commanding Officer expressed in Writing

XCIII. Provided always and he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or for the Vice Lord Lieutenant of any County, or for the Sheriff of any County, or, in the Absence of the Lord Lieutenant or Vice Lord Lieutenant and Sheriff of any County, for any Two Justices of the Peace, and One Deputy Lieutenant, to call out and assemble the Local Militia, or any Part of the Local Militia, of such County, for the Suppression of any Riot or Tumult in such County, or in any adjoining County; and every Person thus assembled in the Local Militia to be called out as aforesaid, who shall not appear and join his Regiment within such Time and at such Place as shall be specified in any Notice or Notice put upon Church-bells, Chapels or other conspicuous Places, or otherwise publicly given, shall be subject to the same Penalties and Forfeitures as are contained in this Act, for not appearing when the Local Militia shall be assembled for Training and Exercise: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for any Justice or Deputy Lieutenant to remit the Whole or any Part of any Fine or Penalty reserved for not appearing, upon Proof that the Person not appearing was prevented by Absence, or any unavoidable cause from receiving such Notice, or appearing as aforesaid; and all such Local Militia, when so called out and assembled on such Service as aforesaid, shall be deemed to be assembled for Training and Exercise under this Act; and all Provisions relating to the Local Militia when assembled for Training and Exercise shall apply to the Local Militia called out upon such Service as aforesaid, and all Days of such Service shall be deemed Part of the Days of Training and Exercise under this Act: Provided always, that when any Local Militia shall be called out as aforesaid, the same shall be immediately notified to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, for His Majesty's Approbation thereof: Provided also, that no such Local Militia shall be liable to be kept assembled upon any such Service for any longer Period than Twenty eight Days in any one Year; and if any such Service shall arise after any such Local Militia shall have been trained and exercised for the full Period of Twenty eight Days in such Year, then and in such case the Days of such Service shall be deemed Part of the Days of Training and Exercising of the succeeding Year.

XCIII. And by it further enacted, That any Person able and fit to serve, being a Sergeant on the Establishment of a Field Hospital, or being an Out Professor on the Establishment of the said Field Hospital, and being appointed to serve as a Sergeant in the Local Militia, may and shall receive the Allowance to which he is entitled on the Establishment of the said Hospital, together with his Pay from the said Local Militia; and any Person who shall have faithfully served on permanent Pay as a Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, in the Local Militia for Twenty Years, or any Person who shall having previously served as a Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man in the Regular Army, or as a Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer in the Regular Militia, shall by Service in the Local Militia make up as the whole full Period of Twenty Years Service in the Army, Militia and Local Militia taken together, and who shall be distinguished on account of Age or Intermity, shall, on the Recommendation of the Colonel or other Commandant of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs, and the Lieutenant, or Two or more Deputy Lieutenants of the County, Riding or Place to which the said Regiment, Battalion or Corps belongs, or (in the Death or Absence, or in the Absence of the said Lieutenant) on the Recommendation of the Colonel or other Commandant, and Three or more Deputy Lieutenants of such County, Riding or Place, be entitled to Enactment as the Chief Band, and be capable of being placed on the Establishment of the said Hospital at the Penion of Five pence per Diem, if the said Board should judge him deserving thereof.

XCIV. And by it further enacted, That, during such Time as any Local Militia shall be assembled for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, or for the Suppression of any Riot or Tumult as aforesaid, all the Charges, Provisions, Matters and Things contained in any Act of Parliament which shall then be in force for the peace in Money and Defection, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, and in the Articles of War made in pursuance of such Act, shall be in force with respect to such Local Militia, and to all the Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Drummers and private Men of the same, as in all such Acts, Acts, but in that in such Act, shall extend to Life or Limb; and that it shall be lawful for the Officer commanding a Troop in such Detachment or Division of Local Militia called out in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act, not being under the Rank of Captain, to order, when he shall think it necessary, a Regimental Court Martial to be held for the Trial of any Officers contained by any Sentence, Oath, or Drummer or private Man under and during his Command; and if a sufficient Number of Officers shall not be present to constitute such Court Martial, it shall be lawful for the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of such Local Militia, to which any such Detachment or Division of Local Militia shall belong, and he is hereby required upon Application made to him by the Officer commanding such Detachment or Division for that Purpose, to order a sufficient Number of Officers of proper Rank to attend for the Purpose of sitting as Judges in such Court Martial, who shall forthwith attend the same, and assist as Members thereof; and the business of any such Court Martial shall in every case be submitted to the Colonel or other Commandant of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Detachment or Division shall belong, or (in his Absence from the County, Riding or Place) to the Senior Field Officer within the same, for his Approbation thereof, who shall cause such sentence to be put in Execution, signed or returned as he shall see fit in Defence thereof for the Service: Provided always, that every such Court Martial may lawfully be assembled for the Trial of any Officers as aforesaid during the Period of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps, being assembled for Training and Exercise, or for the Suppression of Riots or Tumults, may continue to sit notwithstanding the Disbanding of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to which the Members composing the Court Martial may belong.

XCIV. And by it further enacted, That every Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Private Man of the Local Militia, who shall during the Period of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he shall belong, being embodied or assembled for Training and Exercise, or for the Suppression of Riots and Tumults, have been

party of any Officer against any Act of Parliament in force for the Parliament of Majesty and Deference, or any Article of War made in pursuance of any such Act, and shall have been put under Arrest, or shall have been reported to any Officer of his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to have committed such Offence below the Discipline or Discipline of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, may be tried by any General or Regimental Court Martial consisting of Officers of the Militia or Local Militia, and if found guilty may be punished for such Offence, although the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Man shall belong, shall not then be embodied or assembled, in like manner as any Officer, Sergeant, Corporal or Drumsman, or Private Man of the Local Militia may be tried during the Period of the Local Militia being embodied.

XCVI. And be it further enacted, That Notices of the Times and Places of Exercise of the Local Militia Men to be raised by virtue of this Act shall, by Order of the Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant, or (in the Absence of the Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant) of any Three Deputy Lieutenants, be sent by the Clerk of the General Meetings to the Clerks of the several Subdivision Meetings in the respective Counties, Ridings and Places; and shall be advertised by the Clerk of the General Meetings Three Times in the County Papers, or if any County shall have no Paper, then in the Paper of some adjoining County, and the Deputy Lieutenants, at those Subdivision Meetings to be held for carrying this Act into Execution, after the Receipt of the said Notices, shall cause the Mes serving for such Purposes to be called out in such Order and Cause as shall have been notified by the Clerk of the General Meetings as aforesaid, and for that Purpose shall give Orders to the Chief Constables and other Officers of the several Hundreds, Ropes, Lathes, Wapentakes or other Divisions respectively, with Directions to forward the same to the Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs and other Officers within their respective Hundreds, Ropes, Lathes, Wapentakes or other Divisions, which Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs and other Officers, shall cause such Notice as aforesaid to be affixed on the Door of the Churches or Chapels belonging to their respective Parishes, Tythings or Places, or (if any Place shall have no Church or Chapel belonging thereto) on the Door of the Church or Chapel of some Parish, Tything or Place thereto adjoining, which Notice as aforesaid or affixed as aforesaid, shall be deemed a sufficient Notice to every Person enrolled by virtue of this Act, notwithstanding any Quizzes in the Delivery of written Notices in manner hereafter directed; and such Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs and other Officers, are hereby required also to give Notice in Writing to the several Local Militia Men who shall be called out to be trained and exercised at such Times and Places respectively, by serving them personally, or by leaving the same at their usual Places of Abode, to attend at the Time and Place contained in such Order; and all such Local Militia Men shall duly attend at the Time and Place of Exercise according to such Notices respectively.

XCVII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerks of the several Subdivision Meetings in every County, Riding or Place, shall, within the Space of Ten Days after the Receipt of such Notices as aforesaid, from the Clerk of the General Meetings, cause a roll and true List, specifying the Name and Date of the Enrollment of all the Persons enrolled (within each Subdivision respectively) to serve in such Local Militia, and the Time and Place of Exercise to be transmitted to the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, for which such Periods have been enrolled by virtue of this Act, or to such Person as shall be appointed by such Commanding Officer to receive the same, and shall in like manner cause a Duplicate of such List to be transmitted to the Adjutant of the said Regiment, Battalion or Corps.

XCVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Pay of every Person enrolled to serve in the Local Militia of any County, Riding or Place, when not embodied and called out into actual Service, and who shall be called out for the Purpose of being trained and exercised as aforesaid, shall commence upon the Day on which such Person shall join the Regiment, Battalion, Corps, Detachment or Division to which he shall belong, and not before.

XCIX. And be it further enacted, That, in case any Local Militia Man shall on his March to the Place where he shall be ordered to attend for the annual Exercise, be detained by Sickness or otherwise, it shall be lawful for any One Justice of the Peace of the County, Riding or Place, or any Mayor or Chief Magistrate of any City, Town or Place where such Man shall then be, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to order him such Relief, as such Justice, Mayor or Chief Magistrate, shall think reasonable, and the same shall be given by the Officers of the Parish, Tything or Place where such Local Militia Man shall then be; and the Officers giving such Relief shall, upon producing an Account of the Expenses thereof to the Quarter Master of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Local Militia Man shall belong (such Account being first allowed under the Hand of a Justice of the Peace), be reimbursed such Expenses by such Quarter Master, who shall be allowed the same in such Account.

C. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Mayors, Bishops and other Chief Magistrates, and for all Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs and other Peace Officers of Cities, Towns, Parishes, Tythings and Places, and (in their Death or Absence) for any One Justice of the Peace residing within or near any City, Town, Parish, Tything or Place, but for no other, and they and he are and is respectively hereby required to quarter and billet the Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Drumsman, and Private Men serving in the Local Militia at the Times when they shall be called out to annual Exercise, to have, Mica Station, Ale Houses, Victualling Houses, and all Houses of Persons fitting Broody, Strong Water, Cypres, Wine or M-Drinks, by Retail, upon Application made to any such Mayors, Bishops or other Chief Magistrates, or to any Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs or other Peace Officers, by His Majesty's Lieutenants, or by the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of the Local Militia, of the County, Riding or Place where they shall be called out to Exercise as aforesaid; and when the Local Militia is not embodied, one called out to Exercise as aforesaid, all Mayors and other Chief Magistrates and Officers aforesaid, or (in their Death or Absence) any One Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, may, and they and he are and is hereby respectively required

Notices of Times and Places of Exercise first to be published in the County Papers, and if any County shall have no Paper, then in the Paper of some adjoining County, and the Deputy Lieutenants, at those Subdivision Meetings to be held for carrying this Act into Execution, after the Receipt of the said Notices, shall cause the Mes serving for such Purposes to be called out in such Order and Cause as shall have been notified by the Clerk of the General Meetings as aforesaid, and for that Purpose shall give Orders to the Chief Constables and other Officers of the several Hundreds, Ropes, Lathes, Wapentakes or other Divisions respectively, with Directions to forward the same to the Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs and other Officers within their respective Hundreds, Ropes, Lathes, Wapentakes or other Divisions, which Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs and other Officers, shall cause such Notice as aforesaid to be affixed on the Door of the Churches or Chapels belonging to their respective Parishes, Tythings or Places, or (if any Place shall have no Church or Chapel belonging thereto) on the Door of the Church or Chapel of some Parish, Tything or Place thereto adjoining, which Notice as aforesaid or affixed as aforesaid, shall be deemed a sufficient Notice to every Person enrolled by virtue of this Act, notwithstanding any Quizzes in the Delivery of written Notices in manner hereafter directed; and such Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs and other Officers, are hereby required also to give Notice in Writing to the several Local Militia Men who shall be called out to be trained and exercised at such Times and Places respectively, by serving them personally, or by leaving the same at their usual Places of Abode, to attend at the Time and Place contained in such Order; and all such Local Militia Men shall duly attend at the Time and Place of Exercise according to such Notices respectively.

Such Lists to be given to the several Local Militia Men to attend.

Clerks of Subdivisions to send Lists of Men enrolled, and Time and Place of Exercise, to Commanding Officers, &c.

When Pay of Men called out to Exercise to commence.

Local Militia Men to be taken on their March to be exercised.

How Persons may billet Local Militia when called out to be trained and exercised, and where any embodied may billet Lodgings, &c. by the Joint Commission of Officers and Drumsman.

to order and provide convenient Lodging, with Fire and Candle in each House as aforesaid, for the Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers of the Local Militia on permanent Duty.

CII. And he is further enacted, That when the Local Militia shall be called out to be trained and exercised, or for the Suppression of Riots or Tumults, any Justice of the Peace of any County, Riding or Place being thereto required by an Order from the Lieutenant or from any Deputy Lieutenant of such County, Riding or Place, or from the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Battalion, Corps, Detachment or Division of Local Militia, being within such County, Riding or Place, may and shall give his Warrant to the Chief Constables of Hundreds, Rapes, Lathes, Wapentakes or Divisions, or to the Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs or other Officers of the several Parishes, Tythings or Places, from, through, over, or to which any such Regiment, Battalion, Corps, Detachment or Division of Local Militia, shall be ordered to march, requiring them to provide such following Carriages to convey the Arms, Cloaths, Accoutrements, Ammunition, and other Stores, with able Men to drive such Carriages, as shall be nominated in the said Order; and in case such sufficient Carriages and Men cannot be provided within any such County, Riding, Hundred, Rape, Lath, Wapentake, Division, Parish, Tything or Place, then any Justice of the Peace for any adjoining County, Riding or Place, may and shall, upon such Order as aforesaid being thereunto lawfully given, give his Warrant to the Chief Constables, Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs or other Officers of any Hundred, Rape, Lath, Wapentake, Division, Parish, Tything or Place within such adjoining County, Riding or Place, for the Purposes aforesaid, to make up such Deficiency of Carriages and Men; and such Lieutenant, Deputy Lieutenant or Colonel, or other Commanding Officer, requiring such Carriages and Men to be provided as aforesaid, shall at the same time pay to every such Chief Constable, Tythingman, Headborough or other Officer, for the Use of the Person or Persons who shall provide such Carriages and Men, the Sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Wagon with Four Horses, and any Wain with Six Oxen, or with Four Oxen and Two Horses, shall respectively travel; and the Sum of Nine pence for every Mile any such Cart with Four Horses shall travel, and so in Proportion for any Carriages drawn by any less Number of Horses or Oxen; for which respective Sums every Chief Constable, Constable, Tythingman, Headborough or other Officer receiving the same, is hereby required to give a Receipt to the Person paying the same; and every such Chief Constable, Constable, Tythingman, Headborough or other Officer, shall order and appoint such Person or Persons having Carriages, within their respective Hundreds, Rapes, Lathes, Wapentakes, Divisions, Parishes, Tythings or Places, as they shall think proper, to provide and furnish such Carriages and Men, according to the Warrant aforesaid; and every Person so ordered, is hereby required to provide and furnish the same accordingly for One Day's Journey, and so many, and in case any such Chief Constables, Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs or other Officers, shall be at any Charge for such Carriages, over and above the Money which shall be received by them as aforesaid, such Overplus shall be borne by every County, Riding or Place, where such additional Expence shall be incurred, and be repaid to them without Fee or Reward by the Treasurer of every such County, Riding or Place out of the public Stock.

CIII. And he is further enacted, That, when any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, or any Detachment or Division thereof as aforesaid, shall be assembled for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, it shall be lawful for the Captain or Commanding Officer of every Company, to get the Local Militia Men of his Company under Stoppage, not exceeding Four pence per Day, for the Purpose of providing them with Linnens, and also with such other Necessaries, as shall be specified in any Order from the Secretary of State to that Effect, and for defraying the Expence of repairing any Arms which shall have been broken or damaged by any such Local Militia Men's Neglect: Provided always, that every such Captain or Commanding Officer shall account with each Local Militia Man for such Stoppage, and after having deducted what shall have been laid out and paid for Necessaries, and for repairing the Arms as aforesaid, shall pay the Sum remaining (if any there shall be) into the Hands of the Local Militia Man to whose the same belongs, before such Local Militia Man shall be dismissed from such Tything and Exercise.

CIV. And he is further enacted, That the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of every Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, or when at his Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall be called out to Exercise as before directed, not within Fourteen Days from the time of assembling, shall and he is hereby required to return to the Lieutenant of the County, Riding or Place to which the same belongs, a true State of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and a Duplicate thereof to the Clerk of the General Meetings, to be filed; and all such Lists shall likewise be returned to the Clerk of the Peace, adding thereto the Name of those that have been taken without Leave of the Commission, or without returning Certificates of their Health; and where the Local Militia of any County, Riding or Place, shall be so ordered to be trained and exercised in Parts or Proportions successively in manner directed by this Act, the Officer commanding every such Part or Proportion for the Time being shall, within seven Days after the assembling of such Part or Proportion, make a Return of the State of the Local Militia exercised by him or under his Command to the Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to which the Local Militia so exercised shall belong, as Part of such said Twenty Pounds for every such Division; and the Colonel or Commanding Officer receiving such Returns shall, within Fourteen Days after all the Returns of Men belonging to his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, who shall have been so assembled, shall have been received by law, transmit a General Return to the Lieutenant of the County, Riding or Place, to which such Local Militia shall belong, and a Duplicate thereof to the Clerk of the General Meetings, to be filed; and in case any Officer shall refuse or neglect, for Three Months, after the time herein appointed for making such Returns, to do so, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

CIV. And he is further enacted, That the Captain or Commanding Officer of every Company of Local Militia shall and he is hereby required, during the time of such Exercise, make out a correct and

accurate Return of the State of the Clarks of the Men belonging to his Company, arranged according to the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (D.), specifying the several Particulars therein mentioned, and the Subdivision to which every such Man shall belong, and shall deliver and transmit the same to the Adjutant of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or, where there shall be no Adjutant to the Commanding Officer of the Local Militia of the County, Riding or Place, to which such Company shall belong; and such Adjutant or Commanding Officer (as the case may be) shall, within One Month after every such Exercise as aforesaid, prepare and make out a general and accurate Return of all such Clarks, according to such Form, and with such Specifications as aforesaid, and shall transmit the same to the Clerk of the General Meetings, and shall also transmit to the Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings, within the County, Riding or Place, so the Local Militia of which he shall belong, Extracts of such Returns, containing the State of the Clarks of Men belonging to their respective Subdivisions, and such Subdivision Clerks shall forthwith correct the Books of Enrolment of their respective Subdivisions, in so far as may be necessary, with such Returns; and the Clerk to the General Meetings shall forthwith, upon Receipt of such Returns as aforesaid, and within Two Months after the Expired of such Exercise as aforesaid, make out and transmit to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, correct Abstracts of all such Returns as aforesaid made out in the Form in the Schedule marked (E.), to this Act annexed; and every Person is required as aforesaid to make up such Returns, who shall wilfully refuse or neglect to make the same as aforesaid, at the Period lawfully required for that Purpose, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

CV. And be it further enacted, That every Local Militia Man (not labouring under any Infirmary incapacitating him) who shall not appear at the Time and Place appointed for his being exercised according to the Direction of this Act, (Notice having been published and given as by this Act required) shall be deemed a Deserter, and if not taken until after the time of any such Exercise, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and also every Local Militia Man, who, having joined the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs, or any Company or Companies, or Detachment or Division thereof, shall desert or absent himself during the time of any such Exercise, and shall not be taken until after the time of such Exercise, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if such Person shall not be immediately tried, the Justice of the Peace before whom any Local Militia Man shall be convicted of any such Offence, shall commit such Local Militia Man to the House of Correction in hard Labour, or to the Common Goal, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for any Space not exceeding Three Months, and not less than Fourteen Days, or until he shall have paid the said Penalty.

CVI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Local Militia Man shall desert or absent himself from his Duty, and shall not return and voluntarily surrender himself to the Adjutant or other Officer, Commanded or Not Commanded, commanding at the City, Town or Place where the Arms of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he shall belong, shall be deposited, or shall not be taken within the Space of Three Months from the time of his deserting or absconding himself, then upon Certificate thereof from the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs, to the Deputy Lieutenant, at any of their Meetings for the Subdivision for which such Local Militia Man was enrolled, such Deputy Lieutenant, or any Two or more of them, or any One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace, are lawfully required to hold a Subdivision Meeting, and to proceed to ballot for another Person to serve and be returned to such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in the Room of such Local Militia Man; and in case such Local Militia Man shall at any time thereafter return or be taken, he shall, notwithstanding any Pardon that have been taken as his Room, be compelled to serve in the same manner and for the same Term, as if no Pardon had been taken in his Room.

CVII. And be it further enacted, That all Masters delivered for the Service of the Local Militia shall be marked distinctly in some visible Place with the Letters (L.M.), and the Name of the County, Riding or Place to which they belong; and in case any Local Militia Man shall sell, give, or lose or wilfully damage any of his Arms, Cloaths, Accoutrements or Ammunition, or neglect or refuse to return when required so to do in the same in great Order, his Captain, or to the Person appointed to receive the same, every such Local Militia Man shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Three Pounds; and if such Local Militia Man shall not immediately pay such Penalty, the Justice of the Peace before whom he shall be convicted shall commit him to the House of Correction, to be kept to hard Labour for any time not exceeding Three Months, or until he shall have paid such Penalty.

CVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall knowingly and wilfully buy, take in Exchange, conceal or otherwise improperly receive any Local Militia Arms, Cloaths or Accoutrements, or any such Articles belonging to any Local Militia Man as are generally &c. and Regimental Non-commissioned, or may have been specified in such as any Order from His Majesty's Secretary of State to that Effect, being provided for the Soldier, and paid for by the Money allowed under this Act for providing Non-commissioned, or by Detachments out of his Pay, or any publick Stores or Ammunition as aforesaid delivered for the Local Militia, upon any Account or Pretence whatsoever, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, the Person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds; and if such Offender shall not immediately pay such Penalty, and shall not have sufficient Goods and Chattels wherewith to pay such Penalty, the Justice before whom he or she shall be convicted shall commit him or her to the Common Goal, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Six Months, or until he or she shall have paid the said Fine, or shall cause such Offender to be publicly or privately whipped, at the Discretion of such Justice; and it shall be lawful for the Justice before whom any such Offender shall be convicted, to order him to be detained in Custody until a Return shall be made to the Warrant of Distress.

Adjutant or
where none, the
Commanding
Officer, or
& if under such
& General Officers
and Cavalry
General Clerk of
General Meeting,
and every
Extracts of
Clerks of Subdivisions,
who shall
correct their
Books of Enrolment
in so far as
may be necessary
with such Returns
to the Clerk of
the General Meetings
shall forthwith
upon Receipt of
such Returns as
aforesaid, and
within Two Months
after the Expired
of such Exercise
as aforesaid, make
out and transmit
to One of His
Majesty's
Principal
Secretaries of
State, correct
Abstracts of
all such Returns
as aforesaid
made out in
the Form in
the Schedule
marked (E.),
to this Act
annexed.

Man who shall
not appear at
the Time and
Place appointed
for his being
exercised
shall be deemed
a Deserter,
and if not
taken until
after the time
of any such
Exercise, shall
forfeit and pay
the Sum of
Twenty
Pounds.

Penalty.

Man who, having
joined the
Regiment,
Battalion or
Corps to which
he belongs,
or any
Company or
Companies,
or Detachment
or Division
thereof, shall
desert or
absent himself
during the
time of any
such Exercise,
and shall not
be taken until
after the time
of such
Exercise, shall
forfeit and pay
the Sum of
Twenty
Pounds.

Penalty.

Man who shall
desert or
absent himself
from his Duty,
and shall not
return and
voluntarily
surrender
himself to the
Adjutant or
other Officer,
Commanded
or Not
Commanded,
commanding
at the City,
Town or
Place where
the Arms of
the Regiment,
Battalion or
Corps to which
he belongs,
shall be
deposited,
or shall not
be taken
within the
Space of
Three
Months
from the
time of his
deserting
or
absconding
himself, then
upon
Certificate
thereof from
the
Commanding
Officer of
the
Regiment,
Battalion
or
Corps to
which he
belongs,
to the
Deputy
Lieutenant,
at any of
their
Meetings
for the
Subdivision
for which
such Local
Militia Man
was
enrolled,
such
Deputy
Lieutenant,
or any
Two or
more of
them, or
any One
Deputy
Lieutenant
and One
Justice of
the Peace,
are
lawfully
required to
hold a
Subdivision
Meeting,
and to
proceed to
ballot for
another
Person to
serve and
be
returned
to such
Regiment,
Battalion
or
Corps,
in the
Room of
such
Local
Militia
Man.

Man who shall
not appear at
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Place appointed
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exercised
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and if not
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after the time
of any such
Exercise, shall
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Penalty.

Man who, having
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or Detachment
or Division
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Adjutant or
other Officer,
Commanded
or Not
Commanded,
commanding
at the City,
Town or
Place where
the Arms of
the Regiment,
Battalion or
Corps to which
he belongs,
shall be
deposited,
or shall not
be taken
within the
Space of
Three
Months
from the
time of his
deserting
or
absconding
himself, then
upon
Certificate
thereof from
the
Commanding
Officer of
the
Regiment,
Battalion
or
Corps to
which he
belongs,
to the
Deputy
Lieutenant,
at any of
their
Meetings
for the
Subdivision
for which
such Local
Militia Man
was
enrolled,
such
Deputy
Lieutenant,
or any
Two or
more of
them, or
any One
Deputy
Lieutenant
and One
Justice of
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Meeting,
and to
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Person to
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Regiment,
Battalion
or
Corps,
in the
Room of
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Local
Militia
Man.

Man who shall
not appear at
the Time and
Place appointed
for his being
exercised
shall be deemed
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and if not
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after the time
of any such
Exercise, shall
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Twenty
Pounds.

Penalty.

Man who, having
joined the
Regiment,
Battalion or
Corps to which
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or any
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Companies,
or Detachment
or Division
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time of any
such Exercise,
and shall not
be taken until
after the time
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Penalty.

Man who shall
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Adjutant or
other Officer,
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or Not
Commanded,
commanding
at the City,
Town or
Place where
the Arms of
the Regiment,
Battalion or
Corps to which
he belongs,
shall be
deposited,
or shall not
be taken
within the
Space of
Three
Months
from the
time of his
deserting
or
absconding
himself, then
upon
Certificate
thereof from
the
Commanding
Officer of
the
Regiment,
Battalion
or
Corps to
which he
belongs,
to the
Deputy
Lieutenant,
at any of
their
Meetings
for the
Subdivision
for which
such Local
Militia Man
was
enrolled,
such
Deputy
Lieutenant,
or any
Two or
more of
them, or
any One
Deputy
Lieutenant
and One
Justice of
the Peace,
are
lawfully
required to
hold a
Subdivision
Meeting,
and to
proceed to
ballot for
another
Person to
serve and
be
returned
to such
Regiment,
Battalion
or
Corps,
in the
Room of
such
Local
Militia
Man.

Man who shall
not appear at
the Time and
Place appointed
for his being
exercised
shall be deemed
a Deserter,
and if not
taken until
after the time
of any such
Exercise, shall
forfeit and pay
the Sum of
Twenty
Pounds.

Penalty.

CIX. And

Where Lord
High Constable
shall see fit
to appoint, he
may be tried.

CIX. And be it further enacted, That every Adjutant, Quarter Master, Sergeant Major, Sergeant, Corporal, Drum Major and Drummer of the Local Militia retained as permanent Pay at Head Quarters as Serjeants directed, shall be at all times subject to any Act which shall be in force for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and these Quarters, and to the Articles of War, under the Command of the Colonel or other Commandant of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs; and it shall be lawful for the Colonel or other Commandant of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, to direct the holding of Courts Martial as hereinafter directed, for the Trial of any such Sergeant Major, Sergeant, Corporal, Drum Major or Drummer of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, by either a General or Regimental Court Martial, for any Offence against the said Act or Articles of War, committed during the Time such Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall not be embodied or assembled for the purpose of Training and Exercise, and for the Trial of any Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, who shall have deserted while the said Regiment, Battalion or Corps was embodied, and shall not have been apprehended all after it shall have been disembodied, but so that no Punishment shall extend to the Loss of Life or Limb.

Commandant of
Corps to which
Officer be
tried, may order
the relative
Officers of Local
Militia of
Quality or rank
as a Court
Martial, but not
exceeded to Pay
Exceeding that
paid to Colonel
by District, &c.
May receive
Said Officers,
but may be
excluded
Where it not
suffered, &c.
excepted.

CX. And be it further enacted, That, if a sufficient Number of Officers to form a Court Martial cannot be found, it shall be lawful for the Colonel or other Commandant, and in his Absence for the Senior Field Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which the Person on whom such Court Martial is to be held, shall belong, to order any Officers of the Local Militia of the County, Riding or Place to which such Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall belong, actually residing within the Town or hamlet such Sergeant Major, Sergeant, Corporal, Drum Major or Drummer is to be tried, or within Fifteen Miles thereof, to attend and assist as Members of such Court Martial, who shall nevertheless attend at the time required, and shall accordingly, but no Officer shall be entitled to receive Pay for any such Attendance: Provided always, that no Member of any Court Martial held as aforesaid as any Sergeant Major, Sergeant, Corporal, Drum Major or Drummer, or Private Man as aforesaid, shall be put in Execution, until it shall have been ordered by the Colonel or other Commandant, or by the Field Officer by whose Order such Court Martial was assembled.

From Martial
any Sentence to
Service in
Local or Regi-
lar Militia;

CXI. And be it further enacted, That any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer of the Local Militia, may, by Sentence of a Court Martial, be reduced to the Condition of a private Local Militia Man, to serve as such during any time not exceeding Fifteen Months, in case the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs, shall not then be embodied or called out into actual Service; and in case the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs shall be then embodied or called out into actual Service to serve as aforesaid, until the discharge of the said Regiment, Battalion or Corps, after which time or at the End of the said Fifteen Months, as the case may be, if not regularly re-appointed to the Rank of a Non-Commissioned Officer or Drummer, he shall be discharged from the Service: Provided always, that in case any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer serving on permanent Pay shall have been reduced by Sentence of a Court Martial to serve as a Private Man, for any Period not exceeding Fifteen Months, such Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer shall not by such Reduction be relieved from his Engagement, as a Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, but shall at the Expence of the Period of his Reduction be again liable to serve as such until legally discharged; and shall any such Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, during the Period of such Reduction, be at Liberty to sell or enter into His Majesty's Regular Forces, Navy, Marines or Regular Militia, unless with the Consent of his Commanding Officer specified in Writing.

with Impres-
ment.

CXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any General Court Martial assembled for the Trial of any Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man of the Local Militia, so long as any such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man to serve in the Local Militia, for any Period, not exceeding Four Years, over and above the Period for which he may be already enrolled; or to sentence any such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man to serve for any Period not exceeding Three Years, in the Regular Militia of the County; and such Man shall nevertheless be entitled to serve for any such Periods, and shall be, to all Intents and Purposes, considered a Militia Man during such Period; and it shall also be lawful for any General or Regimental Court Martial, by whom any such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man may have been sentenced to Impresment, to adjudge any such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man, to be imprisoned in any House of Correction, Common Gaol or publick Prison of the County, for any Period not exceeding Twelve Months.

Guidance to
above Prisoners
where required
by Provisions of
Court Martial.

CXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Gaolers and Keepers of Prisons, shall if required so to do by any President of a General or Regimental Court Martial assembled for the Trial of any Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man of the Local Militia, receive into their Custody, and confine for such Time as they shall be respectively required so to do, any such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man who may have been sentenced to Impresment by any such General or Regimental Court Martial; and every Gaoler and Keeper of a Prison who shall refuse to receive, and to confine, any such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man, shall suffer for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds: Provided always, that during the Continuance of any such Impresment, the Gaoler or Keeper of such Gaol shall receive the full Subsistence of such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man at the Rate of Six pence per Day for his Maintenance, during the time that such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man, shall continue in Custody; which Sum of Six pence per Day shall be paid by the Quarter Master of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which any such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man may belong, and shall be charged and allowed in his Accounts.

Penalty.
Five.

Commanding
Officers may pro-
secute.

CXIV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which the Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detachment of Local Militia shall deem it necessary to confine any Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man of the Regiment under his Command, in order to his being brought to Trial before
a Court

2. *Court Martial*, it shall be lawful for such Commanding Officer, by Warrant under his Hand, to commit such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man to the Custody of the Gaoler or Keeper of any Prison, Goal, or House of Correction, who shall receive into his Custody and confine such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man accordingly, such Gaoler receiving the full Pay of such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man, for his Maintenance during the time he may continue in such Confinement: Provided always, that no such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man shall continue in Confinement, in order to his Trial by Court Martial more than Eight Days, or until a Court Martial can lawfully be assembled.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the Arms, Accoutrements, Cloathing, and other Stores, belonging to every Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia, when not embodied, shall be kept in such convenient Place as the Colonel or other Commanding Officer, with the Approbation of the Lieutenant of the County, Riding or Place; and that the Quarter Master of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, shall have the Charge and Care of such Arms, Accoutrements, Cloathing and other Stores, under the Superintendance of the Colonel or other Commanding Officer; and it shall be lawful for the General Meeting of Lieutenancy for any County, Riding or Place, to order and direct a convenient and proper Place for the Purpose of keeping such Arms, Accoutrements, Cloathing and other Stores to be provided or built, if no such convenient and proper Place can be found, the Hire or Coll of which Place shall be paid for by the Treasurer of such County, Riding or Place, out of the County Rates.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to order and direct that such Proportion of Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, not exceeding One Half of each Rank, together with the Adjutant, Quarter Master, and Staff Sergeant, of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall remain on permanent Pay, at the Head Quarters of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps, &c. His Majesty shall order and direct.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That in every case in which His Majesty, by His Secretary of State or otherwise, shall have ordered or directed, or shall hereafter order and direct, that the Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers of the Local Militia allowed to remain on permanent Pay, shall be reduced in any Proportion below One Half of each Rank as hereafter specified respectively, it shall be lawful for the Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps, with the Approbation of the Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant, or Deputy Lieutenant acting for the Lieutenant, in case the Lieutenant shall be absent, and of His Majesty's Secretary of State, to agree with the Sergeants, Corporals or Drummers of his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or any of them, or with any other Persons willing to engage to wit, as hath, notwithstanding the Number in willing to engage may exceed the Half of each Rank, to serve as Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers upon any reduced Pay, during the Periods of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps not being embodied or assembled for Exercise, in such manner as to the Number of Days' Pay to be allowed, or the Reduction of any Proportion of the Pay *per Diem*, as shall be authorized by the Secretary of State in that behalf; and every Sergeant, Corporal and Drummer, agreeing to serve as such upon any such reduced Pay as aforesaid, shall take the following Oath before some Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace of the County, or Magistrate of the Place as the Local Militia of which he shall belong; which Oath every such Deputy Lieutenant, Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, is hereby authorized to administer, that he do say,

I, A. B. do engage to serve as a Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, as the *oath may be* in the Local Militia of *such* *such* I shall be daily discharged, upon the Terms of receiving *such* *such* during such Periods as such Local Militia shall not be embodied or assembled for Exercise.

And every such Oath shall be reduced to Writing, and signed and attested by the Deputy Lieutenant, Justice of the Peace, or Magistrate administering the same, and delivered to the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in which the Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer shall belong, and a Duplicate thereof shall, if required, be given to the said Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer; and every Sergeant, Corporal and Drummer so engaging to serve on such reduced Pay as aforesaid, shall be compellible to serve in the Local Militia for the full Period of his Service, in the same manner as if he had received the full Pay of his Rank, shewing, and shall be subject to the Provisions contained in any Act of Parliament which shall be then in force for the Payment of Money and Discharge; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, and the Article of War made in performance thereof; and it shall be lawful for any Commanding Officer of Local Militia who shall engage as in Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers to serve upon such reduced Pay, to retain such Number of Sergeants, Corporals or Drummers as shall be allowed by His Majesty's Secretary of State in that behalf; so that the whole Amount of such reduced Pay shall not exceed the Amount of the full Pay of the Number allowed in any such Order of Reduction as aforesaid; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Quarter Master, and all the Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, on permanent Pay in every Regiment, Battalion and Corps of Local Militia, shall continue to be resident within the City, Town or Place, where the Arms belonging to such Regiment, Battalion or Corps are kept, or within One Mile thereof, excepting when on Furlough as hereafter directed, or when ordered to be absent on Militia Duty, under the Act, or on the Furlough of either or making Min for the Militia or His Majesty's Regular Forces, (which Officers shall in no case be for more than Three Months in any One Year, or in Three Successive Years, than One Fourth Part of his Regiment, Corporals and Drummers be absent at any one Time) and that Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers shall be under the Command of the Adjutant, who shall be continually resident within the said City, Town or Place, or within Two Miles thereof, (unless as hereafter provided) and shall act as such Commanding Officer of the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps; and that the Adjutant, who, in his occasional and as aforesaid Absence, the Sergeant Major, or (where there is no Sergeant Major) the Senior Sergeant, shall make Monthly Returns of

to be Court
Martial

Arms, the
Local Militia,
not embodied
to be kept in
Place as
ordered by
Commanding
Officers with
Approbation
of County
Lieutenant, to
be under Care
of Quarter
Master.

His Majesty
may order a
Proportion of
Sergeants, etc.
to remain on
permanent Pay.
Commanding
Officers may
agree in the
Reduction of
Officers,
to be to serve
on reduced Pay
who shall take
the following

Oath.

Such Officers,
Sergeants,
Corporals, etc.
shall continue
to be resident
within the City,
Town or Place,
where the Arms
belonging to
such Regiment,
Battalion or
Corps are kept,
or within One
Mile thereof,
excepting when
on Furlough as
hereafter directed,
or when ordered
to be absent
on Militia or
His Majesty's
Regular Forces.

Sergeants, &c.
If absent without
Leave.

Penalty.

Adjutant absent
without Leave,
or for more than
Three Months
in the Year
except in such
cases as shall be
ordered, &c.
to be under
Command of
Quarter Master,
&c.
Sergeants, &c.
may be ordered
to take V. Letters
for Regular
Furnace Militia.

Method of pro-
ceeding when
Information is
received of
Battalion, or
Local Militia
Men who shall
not join at
annual Exercise,
or shall desert
during it, and
not be appre-
hended.

Method of pro-
ceeding where
Perfessors are
found suspected
to be Non-
Commissioned
Officers or
Drummers who
have deserted.

Orders to re-
ceive the Sub-
stancer of Defec-

the true State of the Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps severally, to His Majesty's Secretary of State, to the Lieutenant of the County, and to the Colonel or other Commandant of the said Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in Default of which, on each such Neglect, such Adjutant or Sergeant Major shall be subject to such Penalties as a Court Martial shall adjudge; and that no Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall be absent from such City, Town or Place, without a Regular Forfeiture or Licence in Writing, signed by his Colonel or other Commandant; and every Sergeant, Corporal and Drummer, who shall absent himself without such Forfeiture or Licence, shall forfeit all Pay during the time of such Absence, and be liable to be apprehended and punished as a Delinquent; and each Adjutant shall severally absent himself from such City, Town or Place, without Leave of the Colonel or other Commandant of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, nor for more than Three Calendar Months in One Year, except in cases of Sickness: Provided nevertheless, that whenever such Adjutant shall be absent with such Leave as aforesaid, such Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, shall be under the Command of the Quarter Master or Sergeant Major, or of some Sergeant who shall be appointed by the said Adjutant, with the Approbation of the said Colonel or other Commandant, to act as Sergeant Major during the Absence of such Adjutant or of the Senior Sergeant, when the Corps has not any Adjutant or Sergeant Major.

CCIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty at any time to order and direct that the Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers of the Local Militia retained on permanent Pay at Head Quarters as aforesaid, should be employ'd or writes their respective Counties under the Command of the Adjutant in such Volunteering for His Majesty's Regular Forces or for the Militia: Provided always, that no such Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, who shall have continued to receive any ordered Rate of Pay during the Period of the Regiment to which he belongs not being embodied or furnished for Exercise, shall be compellible to be employ'd on such Service in any other Town or Place than that in which the Arms belonging to such Regiment are kept, without his Consent specified in Writing.

CCX. And be it further enacted, That if any Local Militia Man shall not join the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, Detachment or Division to which he belongs, at the time of annual Exercise, or shall desert during the time of annual Exercise, and shall not be apprehended before the Expedition of the time appointed for such Exercise, and if the Commanding Officer, or the Adjutant of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or the Commanding Officer of the Company, Detachment or Division to which such Offender belongs, shall receive Information of the Place where he shall be or reside, any such Commanding Officer or Adjutant may, by Writing under his Hand, deliver the Parties of such Offender, and also certify that he did not join the Regiment, Battalion, Corps, Detachment or Division, at the Time of annual Exercise, or that he deserted during the time of annual Exercise (as the case may be), and send the same by a Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to the Adjutant or Sergeant Major of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or to the Senior Sergeant when there is no Adjutant or Sergeant Major of the Corps, of the County, Riding or Place whereof such Offender is supposed to be or reside; and the Adjutant, Sergeant Major, or Senior Sergeant, to whom such Certificate shall be sent, shall forthwith search a Party of the Sergeants, Corporals or Drummers of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs, to assist in apprehending such Offender, and in conveying him before some Justice of the Peace of the County, Riding or Division, wherein such Offender shall be apprehended; and if by his Confession, or the Testimony of any Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath, or the Knowledge of such Justice, it shall appear or be found that such Person is guilty of such Offence, such Adjutant, Sergeant Major or Senior Sergeant as aforesaid, shall order a Party of the Sergeants, Corporals or Drummers under his Command, to convey such Offender to the Head Quarters of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia of the next County, Riding or Place in the Way to the County, Riding or Place, to which such Offender belongs, and deliver him into the Custody of the Adjutant or Sergeant Major of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or Senior Sergeant as aforesaid, who shall cause him to be conveyed in like manner to the Adjutant or Sergeant Major of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or Senior Sergeant of the County of the next County, Riding or Place, and to in like manner send such Offender to be delivered into the Custody of the Adjutant or Sergeant Major of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or Senior Sergeant as aforesaid, of the Corps to which he belongs, who shall take him before a Justice of the Peace, to be dealt with therein Act directed in cases of Local Militia Men deserting or absenting themselves from their Duty when not embodied or called out into actual Service; and from the time of his being so apprehended as aforesaid, until he is brought before such Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, such Offender shall be furnished at the Rate of Six pence per Day from the Stock of the County, Riding or Place to which such Regiment, Battalion or Corps belongs, for which Substancer such Justice is hereby required to make such Order upon the Treasurer of the County, Riding or Place; and if any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, retained upon permanent Pay, shall desert from the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs, it shall be lawful for any Headborough, Constable or other Officer of the Town or Place where any Person who may be reasonably suspected to be such Defector shall be found, to cause such Person to be apprehended and taken before any Justice of the Peace living in or near to such Town or Place, who is hereby empowered to examine such suspected Person, and if by his Confession, or the Testimony of any Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath, or by the Knowledge of such Justice, it shall appear or be found that such suspected Person is such Defector, such Justice shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Common Gaol of the County or Place where he shall be found, or the House of Correction or other publick Prison in the Town or Place in or near to which such Defector shall be apprehended, there to remain until he shall be demanded by some Person or Persons authorized to receive him as hereinafter directed, and shall continue as Accused thereof to the Clerk of the General Meetings of the County, Riding or Place, to which such Defector belongs; and the Keeper of such Gaol, House of Correction or Prison, shall receive the full Substancer of such Defector at the Rate above specified for his Maintenance,

Measures, during the time he shall continue to be Captain, but shall not be entitled to any Fee or Reward on account of his Employment; and each Clerk of the General Meetings, receiving such Account, shall immediately transmit a Copy thereof to the Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of his County, Riding or Place; and also to the Adjutant or other Officer commanding the Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps retained as a Garrison: Pay at the Head Quarters; and where there are more than One Regiment, Battalion or Corps in any County, Riding or Place, each Clerk shall send such Copy to each of the Colonels or other Commandants or Commanding Officers of such Regiments, Battalions and Corps, and also to each of the Adjutants or Officers commanding Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, retained as a Garrison: Pay at their respective Head Quarters, within his County, Riding or Place; and the Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which each Defaulter shall be found to belong, or the Adjutant or Officer commanding such Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall and he is hereby required, immediately on receiving such Copy as aforesaid, to send any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, or any Party of the Sergeants, Corporals or Drummers of his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to the Place where such Defaulter shall be so confined, and shall also send by such Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, or the Sergeant commanding such Party of Sergeants, Corporals or Drummers, an Order, under his Hand, to the Keeper of the said Goal, House of Correction or Prison, requiring him to deliver such Defaulter to the Person or Persons therein named, which he is hereby required to do; and the Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer to whom such Defaulter shall be so ordered to be delivered, or who only shall be sent on such Duty, shall apply to the Adjutant or Sergeant Major of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or to the Senior Sergeant of the Corps of the County, Riding or Place where such Defaulter shall be so confined as aforesaid, and such Adjutant, Sergeant Major or Sergeant, shall order a sufficient Party of the Sergeants, Corporals or Drummers under his Command, to assist in conveying such Defaulter, and he shall be conveyed to the Adjutant, or Sergeant Major of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or Senior Sergeant of the Corps to which he belongs, in the same manner as before directed with respect to the conveying of private Local Militia Men to the Adjutant or Sergeant Major of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or Senior Sergeant of the Corps to which they belong; and such Adjutant, or Sergeant Major or Sergeant, shall take such Defaulter before a Justice of the Peace of the County, Riding or Place to which he belongs, who shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Common Goal, House of Correction or other publick Prison of such County, Riding or Place, where he shall remain, without Bail or Mainprize, until a Court Martial can and shall be summoned, and held for the Trial of such Defaulter, according to the Provisions of this Act, which he shall be delivered to the Person or Persons named in any Order to be issued for that Purpose, with the Hand and Seal of the Officer by whose Authority such Court Martial shall be summoned, regarding the Delivery of such Defaulter; and all Goals and Keepers of Prisons shall (if required to do so by any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, employed in conveying any such Local Militia Men or Sergeants, Corporal or Drummer for offending to the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs) receive into their Custody, and confine such Offender for such time as they shall be respectively so required as aforesaid, not exceeding Forty eight Hours; and every such Goal or Keeper of any Prison who shall refuse so to do, shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings; and all such Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, while they are employed in executing such Duty as aforesaid, and all other Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers of the Local Militia while on any March, or employed on any Duty upon which they may be commanded by any legal Authority, shall be entitled in like manner, as Sergeants, Corporals or Drummers belonging to His Majesty's other Forces, employed in apprehending and conveying Defaulters, are to be entitled.

Orders to remove and confine Defaulters.
Twenty.

Sergeants, &c. conveying Defaulters, or on any March to be entitled.

Persons apprehending Defaulters to be so do. by Warrant of Justice before whom committed.

Conveying, &c. Defaulters.
Twenty.

Who Majesty may order Local Militia to be committed to custody of Towns, &c. and direct them to be received into any Town of G. B. and while so committed, shall be subject to the same Act and Articles of War.

XXXI. And he is further enacted, That the Justice of the Peace before whom any Defaulter shall be brought, shall and may upon Proof of the Conviction of any such Defaulter either before a Justice of the Peace, or by Sentence of a Court Martial, after his Warrant to the Quarter Master of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Defaulter shall belong, or to the Commanding Officer, regarding such Quarter Master or such Commanding Officer to pay out of his Contingent Fund of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, the Sum of Twenty Shillings to the Person who shall have apprehended such Defaulter; and such Quarter Master or Commanding Officer is hereby authorized and required to pay the same accordingly as Demanded.

XXXII. And he is further enacted, That if any Person shall harbourn, conceal or assist any Defaulter, knowing him to be such, the Person so offending shall forfeit for every such Offence, the Sum of Five Pounds.

XXXIII. And he is further enacted, That in all cases of actual Invasion of any Part of the United Kingdom, or of the Appearance of an Enemy in force upon the Coast of any Part of the United Kingdom, and in all cases of Rebellion and Insurrection, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order in Council or Proclamation, to draw out and embody such Local Militia, or any Part or Proportion thereof, and to direct all or any of such Local Militia Men to be ordered to any Part of Great Britain for the Prevention and suppressing of any such Invasion, or for the Suppression of any Rebellion or Insurrection, and to keep and detain such Local Militia so embodied for any Period His Majesty may deem requisite, not exceeding Six Weeks after the Time they shall have been generated or supplied or drawn from the Coast, or after such Rebellion or Insurrection shall have been suppressed; and from the time of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia being called out and embodied as aforesaid, and the time shall be retained again to its own County, Riding or Place, and dispersed by His Majesty's Order, the Officers, Non Commissioned Officers, Drummers and private Men of every such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall be subject to all the Provisions contained in any Act of Parliament which shall be then in force for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, and the Attendants of War needs in performance thereof; and all the Provisions established in every such Act, and Articles of War, shall be in force with respect to the Local Militia, and

shall extend to all the Officers, No Commissioned Officers, Drummers and private Men of the Local Militia, who are embodied, in all cases whatsoever.

Local Militia
not to be ad-
joined out of
Co. D.

Provision
for Meeting of
Parliament.

CXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That neither the Whole nor any Part of the Local Militia directed by this Act to be raised and maintained, shall on any Account be carried or ordered to go out of Great Britain.

When Local
Militia ordered
to be drawn out,
County Lists
shall be forth-
with
Gives.

CXXV. And be it further enacted, That whenever His Majesty shall order the Local Militia to be drawn out and embodied as aforesaid, if the Parliament shall then be separated by such Adjournment or Prorogation as will not expire within Fourteen Days, His Majesty may and shall issue a Proclamation for the Meeting of the Parliament within Fourteen Days, and the Parliament shall accordingly meet and sit upon such Day as shall be appointed by such Proclamation, and continue to sit and act in like manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if it had stood adjourned or prorogued to the same Day.

March to recruit.

Local Militia
Officers not to
be on Trial of
their Peers
nor excusable.

CXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Lieutenant of every County, Riding and Place, or (in the Death or Removal of any such Lieutenant, as in and About from his County, Riding or Place) any Three or more Deputy Lieutenants, to whom any Order from His Majesty for drawing out and embodying the Whole of the Local Militia of such County, Riding or Place, shall be directed, shall forthwith attend his or their Order to the Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs or other Officers of the several Hundreds, Rapes, Lathes, Wapentakes or other Divisions within their respective Counties, Ridings and Places, with Directions in law made immediately to the Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs or other Officers of the several Parishes, Tythings and Places within their respective Hundreds, Rapes, Lathes, Wapentakes and Divisions; and such Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs or other Officers, are hereby required upon Receipt thereof, forthwith to cause Notice in Writing to be given to the several Local Militia Men, or left at their usual Places of Abode, within their respective Parishes, Tythings or Places, to attend at the Time and Place mentioned in such Order.

Local Militia
Men not march-
ing in pursuance
of Orders.

Quitting.

Parole.

CXXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Officer serving in the Local Militia shall sit in any Court Martial upon the Trial of any Officer or Soldier serving in any of His Majesty's other Forces, or in the Regular Militia; nor shall any Officer, serving in any of His Majesty's other Forces, sit as any Court Martial upon the Trial of any Officer or Soldier serving in the Local Militia: Provided always, that nothing in this Act shall be construed to prevent any Officer of the Regular Militia from sitting in a Court Martial upon the Trial of any Officer or Soldier serving in the Local Militia.

Local Militia
Men ordered to
be drawn out,
shall have Pay as
Regular Militia
as ordered in
Orders Military.

Pay of Officers
and Men who
are drawn out
shall be the same
as that of the
Regular Militia
in the same
Order.

Pay of Militia
ordered that
Local Militia
embodied, shall
be the same as
that of the
Regular Militia
in the same
Order.

CXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person of the said Local Militia, ordered to be drawn out and embodied as aforesaid, not bearing under any Indemnity incorporating him to serve as a Local Militia Man, shall not appear and march in pursuance of such Order, every such Local Militia Man shall be liable to be apprehended and punished as a Desertor, according to the Provision of any Act which shall be then in force for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and its Quarters, and of the Ammunition of War, made in pursuance of the same; and if any Person shall harbour and conceal any such Local Militia Man, when ordered to be drawn out and embodied as aforesaid, knowing him to be such Local Militia Man, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

CXXIX. And be it further enacted, That, from the Date of His Majesty's Order in Council or Proclamation as aforesaid, for drawing out the Local Militia of any County, Riding or Place, into actual Service, the Officers and Men of the Local Militia of such County, Riding or Place, shall be entitled to the same Pay as the Officers and Men of His Majesty's Regular Militia, and so other; and if any Non Commissioned Officer, Drummer or private Man of the Local Militia shall be enlisted or warranted in such actual Service, he shall be equally entitled to the Benefit of Charles's Statute with any Non Commissioned Officer, Drummer or private Man belonging to any of His Majesty's other Forces.

CXXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Pay of every Officer, Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer and private Man, who shall not join his Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, on the Day appointed for that Purpose, shall commence only from the Day of his joining such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, unless such Officer, Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or private Man, shall have been prevented from joining on the Day appointed as aforesaid by sickness or any other inevitable Necessity, to be proved to the Satisfaction of the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps in which such Officer, Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, or private Man was, by Order of his Commanding Officer, to be accounted with for his Pay from the Date of His Majesty's Order in Council or Proclamation as aforesaid.

CXXXI. And be it further enacted, That the Pay of every Person entitled to serve in the Local Militia of any County, Riding or Place, after such Local Militia shall have been embodied and called out into actual Service, shall commence upon the Day on which such Person shall join the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he shall belong, and not before: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Deputy Lieutenants or Justices of the Peace by whom any such Person shall have been so enrolled, to order and direct as Allowance to be made to such Person, for the Purpose of enabling him as aforesaid to join the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he may belong, not exceeding the Rate of the Pay of six many Days as would enable him to march from the Place where he was enrolled to the Place where the said Regiment, Battalion or Corps may be stationed, to be calculated at the Rate of six pence half penny per Day, with the usual Number of halving Days; and the said Allowance of Pay shall be advanced to such Person at the Time of his Enlistment by the Clerk of the Substituted Meeting, under the Order of the Deputy Lieutenants or Justices aforesaid, or One of them, and shall be repaid to the said Substituted Clerk by the Receiver General of the Land Tax, on the Production of a Certificate to that Effect, signed by the said Deputy Lieutenants or Justices, or One of them; and the said Receiver General shall be allowed for the same in his Accounts accordingly.

CCXXXII. And be it further enacted, That when the Local Militia of any County, Riding or Place, shall be ordered out into actual Service, the Receiver General of the Rates and Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes for such County, Riding or Place, shall and is hereby required forthwith to pay to the Captain or other Commanding Officer of every Company of Local Militia as ordered out, the Sum of One Guinea for the Use of every private Local Militia Man belonging to his Company; and the said Receiver General shall also pay to every Captain or other Commanding Officer of a Company as aforesaid, the Sum of One Guinea for every Recruit as early as may be after such Recruit shall have joined his Company, while out in actual Service as aforesaid (all which Money he paid by the said Receiver General shall be allowed him as his Account); and the Money so received by any Captain or other Commanding Officer, or to each thereof as such Captain or Commanding Officer shall think proper, shall be laid out by him, agreeably to the Orders which he may receive from the Colonel or other Commandant, in the manner best Calculated or other Commandant shall think most advantageous for the respective Local Militia Men; and such Captain or Commanding Officer shall, on or before the Twentieth day of the Month next ensuing that in which he shall have received such One Guinea as aforesaid, present to each Local Militia Man how the said Sum of One Guinea hath been applied and disposed of, and shall, at the time of settling such Account, pay the Remainder of the Money (if any) to the said Local Militia Man.

CCXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That, whenever any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, shall be embodied, and absent from the County, Riding or Place to which it belongs, the Commanding Officer of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, shall apply to every Man whose name shall be written Four Months of engaging, and who in his Judgment, and after an Examination by the Surgeon of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall fit to serve as a Local Militia Man, and inquire if he is willing to continue in the Service for such Term as any Man who should be then ballotted to serve would be subject to, and for what Price or Sum, not in any case exceeding Two Guineas, he will so continue; and such Commanding Officer shall, on the Fifth Day of the Month of January, March, May, July, September and November respectively, or as soon after as conveniently may be, transmit to the Clerk of the General Meetings of the County, Riding or Place to which his Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia belongs, a List of all such Men in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia as he shall find willing to continue in the Service, on such Terms as aforesaid, and which List shall be signed by every such Local Militia Man as aforesaid, and shall be made in the Form in the Schedule marked (F.); and that the signing of the said List shall be binding upon the Persons signing the same, to all Intent and Purposes whatsoever.

CCXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia shall be embodied for the Purpose of Annual Training and Exercise, the Commanding Officer of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall apply to every Man serving in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, whose name will appear in the Course of the ensuing Year, who may be of the Height specified in this Act, and between the Ages of Eighteen and Thirty, and who in his Judgment, and after an Examination by the Surgeon of the Regiment, shall be fit to serve as a Local Militia Man, and who shall not have more than Two Children under Fourteen Years, and enquire if he is willing to continue his Service for such Term, as any Man who should be then ballotted to serve would be subject to, and for what Price or Sum, not in any case exceeding Two Guineas, he will so continue; and such Commanding Officer shall as soon after as conveniently may be, transmit to the Clerk of the General Meetings of the County, Riding or Place, to which his Regiment, Battalion or Corps belongs, a List of all such Men in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps; which List shall be signed by every such Local Militia Man as aforesaid, and shall be made in the Form in the Schedule marked (F.); and the signing of such List shall be binding on the Persons signing the same, to all Intent and Purposes whatsoever.

CCXXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the General Meetings of every County, Riding or Place aforesaid, shall as soon after the Receipt of such Notices as the same may be done, transmit to the respective Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings, for the Use of the Deputy Lieutenants sitting in such Subdivisions, certified Extracts of such Returns, specifying in every such Extract the Men that shall have been enrolled for the Subdivisions to which the Clerk, to whom any such Extract is sent, shall belong; and thereupon in case the Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall not be embodied, it shall be lawful for such Deputy Lieutenants, if they shall think fit, to cause the Men willing to continue to serve as aforesaid, to be enrolled as Volunteers for the particular and respective Parishes or Places for which they shall have been originally enrolled to serve, and in every such case to direct and require the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor of such Parish or Place, to pay such Bounty or Bounties to be given to such Men if engaged, immediately upon their Enrolment; and in case such Regiment, Battalion or Corps should then be embodied, then to cause such Men to be enrolled as Volunteers in such manner as aforesaid, and to order and direct the Churchwardens or Overseers as aforesaid to remit such Bounty or Bounties to be given to such Men to the Paymaster of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in which such Men shall be then serving, who shall forthwith pay or account to the said Men respectively for the same.

CCXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall have been enrolled to serve in the Local Militia, and whose Term of Service shall be prolonged in the manner herein directed here and the Term of Four Years, shall be entitled to the same Allowance for Next Relief, and all other Allowances which are by this Act directed to be allowed during the First Year of their Service to Persons enrolled in the Local Militia, and shall in like manner be entitled to such Allowances, so often as the Term of Service of any Person is enrolled to serve in the Local Militia shall be prolonged as aforesaid.

When Local Militia enrolled men, &c. shall be ordered out into actual Service, the Receiver General of the Rates and Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes for such County, Riding or Place, shall and is hereby required forthwith to pay to the Captain or other Commanding Officer of every Company of Local Militia as ordered out, the Sum of One Guinea for the Use of every private Local Militia Man belonging to his Company; and the said Receiver General shall also pay to every Captain or other Commanding Officer of a Company as aforesaid, the Sum of One Guinea for every Recruit as early as may be after such Recruit shall have joined his Company, while out in actual Service as aforesaid (all which Money he paid by the said Receiver General shall be allowed him as his Account); and the Money so received by any Captain or other Commanding Officer, or to each thereof as such Captain or Commanding Officer shall think proper, shall be laid out by him, agreeably to the Orders which he may receive from the Colonel or other Commandant, in the manner best Calculated or other Commandant shall think most advantageous for the respective Local Militia Men; and such Captain or Commanding Officer shall, on or before the Twentieth day of the Month next ensuing that in which he shall have received such One Guinea as aforesaid, present to each Local Militia Man how the said Sum of One Guinea hath been applied and disposed of, and shall, at the time of settling such Account, pay the Remainder of the Money (if any) to the said Local Militia Man.

Local Militia shall be embodied, and absent from the County, Riding or Place to which it belongs, the Commanding Officer of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, shall apply to every Man whose name shall be written Four Months of engaging, and who in his Judgment, and after an Examination by the Surgeon of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall fit to serve as a Local Militia Man, and inquire if he is willing to continue in the Service for such Term as any Man who should be then ballotted to serve would be subject to, and for what Price or Sum, not in any case exceeding Two Guineas, he will so continue; and such Commanding Officer shall, on the Fifth Day of the Month of January, March, May, July, September and November respectively, or as soon after as conveniently may be, transmit to the Clerk of the General Meetings of the County, Riding or Place to which his Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia belongs, a List of all such Men in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia as he shall find willing to continue in the Service, on such Terms as aforesaid, and which List shall be signed by every such Local Militia Man as aforesaid, and shall be made in the Form in the Schedule marked (F.); and that the signing of the said List shall be binding upon the Persons signing the same, to all Intent and Purposes whatsoever.

When whenever any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia shall be embodied for the Purpose of Annual Training and Exercise, the Commanding Officer of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall apply to every Man serving in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, whose name will appear in the Course of the ensuing Year, who may be of the Height specified in this Act, and between the Ages of Eighteen and Thirty, and who in his Judgment, and after an Examination by the Surgeon of the Regiment, shall be fit to serve as a Local Militia Man, and who shall not have more than Two Children under Fourteen Years, and enquire if he is willing to continue his Service for such Term, as any Man who should be then ballotted to serve would be subject to, and for what Price or Sum, not in any case exceeding Two Guineas, he will so continue; and such Commanding Officer shall as soon after as conveniently may be, transmit to the Clerk of the General Meetings of the County, Riding or Place, to which his Regiment, Battalion or Corps belongs, a List of all such Men in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps; which List shall be signed by every such Local Militia Man as aforesaid, and shall be made in the Form in the Schedule marked (F.); and the signing of such List shall be binding on the Persons signing the same, to all Intent and Purposes whatsoever.

Clerk of General Meetings shall as soon after the Receipt of such Notices as the same may be done, transmit to the respective Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings, for the Use of the Deputy Lieutenants sitting in such Subdivisions, certified Extracts of such Returns, specifying in every such Extract the Men that shall have been enrolled for the Subdivisions to which the Clerk, to whom any such Extract is sent, shall belong; and thereupon in case the Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall not be embodied, it shall be lawful for such Deputy Lieutenants, if they shall think fit, to cause the Men willing to continue to serve as aforesaid, to be enrolled as Volunteers for the particular and respective Parishes or Places for which they shall have been originally enrolled to serve, and in every such case to direct and require the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor of such Parish or Place, to pay such Bounty or Bounties to be given to such Men if engaged, immediately upon their Enrolment; and in case such Regiment, Battalion or Corps should then be embodied, then to cause such Men to be enrolled as Volunteers in such manner as aforesaid, and to order and direct the Churchwardens or Overseers as aforesaid to remit such Bounty or Bounties to be given to such Men to the Paymaster of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in which such Men shall be then serving, who shall forthwith pay or account to the said Men respectively for the same.

Any Person who shall have been enrolled to serve in the Local Militia, and whose Term of Service shall be prolonged in the manner herein directed here and the Term of Four Years, shall be entitled to the same Allowance for Next Relief, and all other Allowances which are by this Act directed to be allowed during the First Year of their Service to Persons enrolled in the Local Militia, and shall in like manner be entitled to such Allowances, so often as the Term of Service of any Person is enrolled to serve in the Local Militia shall be prolonged as aforesaid.

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CXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person serves and enrolls in the said Local Militia, (not abating under any Indemnity, excepting him to serve as a Local Militia Man) shall not with due Diligence join the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia of the County, Riding or Place, for which he shall be so sworn and enrolled, (so call each Regiment, Battalion or Company shall then be embodied) accord- ing to such Order, or shall be given him in that respect by the Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants, or any of them, or by any Officer of the said Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or by any other Person authorized to give such Order; or if any Person serving in any embodied Local Militia, or any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall desert or absent himself from his Duty; every such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or private Local Militia Man shall be liable to be apprehended and punished, according to the Provisions of any Act which shall be then in force for the punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, and of the Articles of War made in pursuance of the same, and may by a General Court Martial be adjudged to further Service in the Local or Regular Militia for some Period to be limited, or to serve as His Majesty's other Forces, without Limitation as to the Period or Place of such Service according as the Court Martial before whom he shall be tried, shall think it to stand; and in case the said Court shall adjudge such Local Militia Man to serve in His Majesty's other Forces, and such Sentence shall be approved by His Majesty, it shall be lawful by Order under the Hand of the Secretary at War, or his Deputy, to cause such Man, if found fit for General Service, or Examined by a Surgeon of His Majesty's other Forces, to be entered as a private Soldier, to serve in such Regiment or Corps of His Majesty's other Forces as shall be directed in such Order, and to be forthwith removed other to the Head Quarters of the Regiment or Corps in which he shall be to enter, or to such other Place as shall be directed in such Order; and shall, from the time of his being delivered over to be conveyed as aforesaid, be subject and liable to all the like Penalties and Punishments contained in any Act then in force for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, as if he had been originally enlisted for general Service, or for the Regiment or Corps in which he shall be so ordered to be served as aforesaid.

CXXXVIII. And whereas it may be expedient that only such a Proportion of the Local Militia, and in such of the Counties, Ridings and Places as shall be specified in any Order of His Majesty, should be drawn out and embodied in the Field as before, and that the Appointment of the proper Men necessary to constitute such Proportions, should be made or decided by Ballot or otherwise as it hereinafter mentioned in each Subdi- vision or District, without assembling them personally out of the Subdivision or District to which they shall be so therefore directed, That the Lieutenants of every County, Riding or Place, or (in case of Vacancy, or in the Absence of the Lieutenants from his County, Riding or Place) any three or more Deputy Lieutenants, to whom any Order of His Majesty for the Purpose of embodying the said Local Militia, or such Part or Proportion thereof as His Majesty shall have judged necessary and ordered to be embodied, shall have been directed, shall, as soon after the Receipt thereof as conveniently may be, give his or their Order to the Clerks of the several Subdivisions in such County, Riding or Place, to prepare and make out a full and true List, containing the Names of all Persons entitled to serve in the said Local Militia by virtue of this Act, within each Subdivision respectively, and arranged according to their Classes as heretofore mentioned, before a Day to be specified in the said Order of the Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid, and which Day shall not be later than Three Days after the Date of such Order; and the said Clerks shall, within the time fixed by such Order, prepare and make out such Lists accordingly, and also Two Duplicate thereof, One of which Duplicates shall be for the Use of the Deputy Lieutenants at their respec- tive Subdivision Meetings, and the other Duplicate thereof shall be transmitted to the Clerk of the General Meetings, for the Use of the Lieutenants of the County, Riding or Place, or the Deputy Lieutenants who shall have issued such Order as aforesaid.

CXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the said Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid as well as His Majesty's Order shall be directed, shall at the time of issuing his or their Order heretofore men- tioned, direct the Clerk of the General Meetings to advertise the Time and Place of assembling the Local Militia in the County Paper, or if any County had here no Paper, then in the Paper of some adjoining County, and shall also give his or their Order for assembling all the Men of the said Local Militia within their respective Subdivisions, or at such Place or Places within their respective Counties, Ridings or Places, and in such Proportions as to the said Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid, shall appear most expedient, on the Day or Days to be specified in such his or their Order, to the Chief Constable or other Officers of the several Hundreds, Rapes, Lathes, Wapentakes or other Divisions within such County, Riding or Place, with Directions immediately to their respective Constables thereto to the Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs or other Officers of the several Parishes, Tythings and Places within the said Hundreds, Rapes, Lathes, Wapen- takes and Divisions respectively; and such Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs or other Officers, are hereby required upon Receipt thereof forthwith to cause Notice in Writing to be given to the several Men of the said Local Militia, or list at their several Places of Abode, within their respective Parishes, Tythings or Places, as aforesaid within their respective Subdivisions or Districts, at the Time and Place mentioned in such Order, and shall also cause such Notice as aforesaid to be affixed on the Doors of the Churches or Chapels be- longing to their respective Parishes, Tythings or Places, or (if any Place shall have no Church or Chapel be- longing thereto) on the Door of the Church or Chapel of some Parish, Tything or Place thereto adjoining, which Notice is aforesaid or affixed as aforesaid, shall be deemed a sufficient Notice to every Person entitled by virtue of this Act, notwithstanding any Objection in the Delivery of written Notices in manner herein directed; and all such Local Militia Men shall duly attend at the Time and Place appointed in such Notices respectively.

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shall send a written
Notice to be
given Men at
their several
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and Notices of Time
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CXL. And be it further enacted, That if any Person of the said Local Militia not appearing under any Indemnity obligating him to serve as a Local Militia Man, shall not appear in pursuance of such Order, or, appearing, shall not abide the Order of the Deputy Lieutenants attending in pursuance of this Act, every such Person shall be deemed a Defeater, and if not taken previously to the Completion of the Roll at which such Person ought to attend in pursuance of this Act, shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, and shall be deemed and taken to be a Person liable to be embodied within the Intent and Meaning of this Act, and to be sworn according to the Directions herein contained, ever and above the Number to be chosen by Ballot as aforesaid.

CXLI. And be it further enacted, That the said Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid of every County, Riding or Place, or any Three or more of them, shall appoint the First Meeting to be holden by the several Deputy Lieutenants of the same County, Riding or Place within their respective Subdivisions, or at such other Place or Places as shall have been appointed as aforesaid, on the Day mentioned in such Order as aforesaid, for assembling the Men of the said Local Militia, in order to their being chosen or balloted to serve according to the Direction of this Act, and shall also appoint the Time and Place of assembling each of the said Men as shall be so chosen or balloted within their respective Counties, Ridings or Places, in order to their being embodied; of which several Appointments the respective Deputy Lieutenants shall have Notice; and all the Men enrolled on the List of every such Subdivision or District, and appearing in pursuance of such Order on the Day to be appointed, shall be then ordered by the said Deputy Lieutenants, and the said Deputy Lieutenants shall at each Meeting proceed in the manner, by this Act directed, to cause a Number of the Men so appearing to be chosen or balloted for, according to the Direction of this Act, equal to such Proportions of the complete Number that had been or ought to be enrolled by virtue of this Act, on the List of each Subdivision or District, as shall or may be specified in His Majesty's Order for drawing out and embodying any Part or Proportion of the Local Militia as aforesaid, and to cause the Names of all the Men so chosen and balloted to be marked on the List of each Subdivision or District; and when the Choice and Ballot shall be concluded, the said Deputy Lieutenants shall cause the List of each Subdivision or District to be publicly called; and as the Name of each Person contained therein shall be read, shall then and there declare whether such Person is or is not (as the case may be) chosen or balloted out of such List in the manner herebefore provided; and the Names of all the Persons so chosen and balloted, shall be returned to the Lieutenants of the County, Riding or Place for which such Persons are enrolled, or to the Deputy Lieutenants who shall have given such Order as aforesaid; and the Persons so chosen and balloted shall be embodied to serve according to the true Intent of this Act; and the said Deputy Lieutenants shall openly declare to the Men, who have been so chosen or balloted, the Time and Place of their assembling, in order to their being embodied; and all and every such Persons or Persons who shall have been declared to be so chosen or balloted, shall immediately proceed and repair to, and shall duly attend at the Time and Place so to be appointed and declared, as order to their or his being embodied accordingly; and all and every such Persons or Persons as shall be so declared not to have been so chosen or balloted as aforesaid, shall be discharged from further Attendance to the performance of such Order as aforesaid.

CXLII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Deputy Lieutenants, in their several Subdivisions Meetings, and before they proceed to choose or ballot, as herebefore directed, to revise and correct the Names of the Men contained in such Lists or Classes, according to the several Changes or Alterations that may have taken place since the last Revision or Correction thereof.

CXLIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever His Majesty shall think fit to draw out and embody a Part or Proportion only of the Local Militia of any County, Riding or Place, the Deputy Lieutenants in those several Subdivisions shall, before they proceed to choose or ballot for the private Men who are in form for such Part or Proportion, examine the Classes of the Descriptions herebefore mentioned, entered according to the Provisions of this Act, and in every Case in which the Part or Proportion of the Militia required to be called out in such Subdivision shall equal the Number of Men contained in such First, or First and Second, or other succeeding Classes in their Order, then and in such Case the Men contained in such Class or Classes, as the Case may be, shall be forthwith chosen without any Ballot; and when the Proportions of Men so required as aforesaid, shall be less than the Number of Men contained in such First Class, then such Proportions shall be balloted for out of such Class only, and no others; and when the Proportion so required as aforesaid, shall exceed the Number of Men contained in the First, or First and second, or any succeeding Class or Classes in the Order in which they shall be read as aforesaid, the Deputy Lieutenants shall first choose all the Men in such First Class, or First and second (according to Class or Classes, and such Proportion shall be as near as may be completed, and shall then proceed to ballot in manner directed by this Act for the Remainder of the Proportion so required as aforesaid, out of the Class immediately following the last Class that shall have been wholly taken towards making up such Proportion as aforesaid; and the Deputy Lieutenants shall proceed in the manner for supplying of any further Part or Proportion of Local Militia, as if any further Part should be afterwards ordered by His Majesty to be embodied; and shall, during the whole of the time that a Part or Proportion only of the Local Militia shall remain embodied, supply all Vacancies, as they shall arise, in such Part or Proportion, out of the Class, as they shall be Successors, and shall in as Cafe proceed to ballot for the supplying of any Vacancy out of any Class, and all the Men contained in the preceding Class or Classes, who shall be able and fit to join such Local Militia, shall have been chosen for that Purpose.

CXLIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Local Militia, or any Part or Proportion of the Local Militia of any County, Riding or Place, shall have been ordered to be drawn out and embodied in pursuance of this Act, in case any of the Persons enrolled in any Subdivision of such County, Riding or Place, the Local Militia whereof shall be so ordered to be drawn out and embodied as aforesaid, shall make Default either by not appearing in pursuance of any such Order as aforesaid, or by Defection or Absence from Duty,

Men not appearing at the Order of the Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid.

County Lieutenants, and shall not be called out of the List of such Men, unless they shall be so chosen or balloted as aforesaid.

Deputy Lieutenants may correct Lists.

When His Majesty shall think fit to draw out and embody a Part of any Militia to be embodied, Deputy Lieutenants shall examine the Classes, and if the Number of Men in any Class or Classes shall be equal to the Proportion of Men so required, they shall be forthwith chosen without any Ballot; and if the Number of Men in any Class or Classes shall be less than the Proportion of Men so required, they shall be balloted for out of such Class or Classes only, and no others; and if the Number of Men in any Class or Classes shall exceed the Proportion of Men so required, they shall first choose all the Men in such Class or Classes, and shall then proceed to ballot for the Remainder of the Proportion so required, out of the Class immediately following the last Class that shall have been wholly taken towards making up such Proportion as aforesaid.

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And when the Vocacy shall be made within the Space of Three Months from the time of such Default, then a Vacancy shall be declared by the Deputy Lieutenants, at their First Meeting to be holden for the Subdivision for which the Person so making Default was enrolled, and after the Receipt of the Certificate of such Default, Detachment or Absence, under the Hands of the Officer commanding the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to which such Person belonged, and the Vacancy thus occasioned shall be forthwith filled up by a fresh Ballot under the Subdivision aforesaid.

CXLV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person enrolled by virtue of this Act, and not chosen or balloted as aforesaid, who shall not have any Child or Children living under the Age of Fourteen Years, shall offer himself as a Volunteer, take Arms out and embodied in the Room of any Person so chosen or balloted, it shall be lawful for the Deputy Lieutenants at any Meeting, to accept such Volunteer in the Room of such Person so chosen or balloted as aforesaid, and such Person so accepted shall serve as if he had been if here so chosen or balloted in manner aforesaid.

CXLVI. And be it further enacted, That every Man of the said Local Militia who shall appear and attend at the Ballot to be taken as aforesaid directed, and who shall not be chosen or balloted as aforesaid, shall be entitled to an Allowance, after the Rate of One Shilling per Diem, during the time he shall be actually employed in or Home, in going to, and continuing at, and returning from the Place to be appointed for such Ballot, not to exceed Three Days, to be paid by the Clerk of the Subdivision or other Meeting in which such Man shall be enrolled; and on the Certificate of the Number of Men so paid, under the Hands of such Deputy Lieutenants and Justices of the Peace respectively, or where no Deputy Lieutenant shall there attend, then of any One such Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, the Receiver General of such County, Riding or Place, shall re-imburse to the said Clerk the Sums so paid, out of any Monies in his Hands of any Aid granted by Parliament by way of Land Tax.

CXLVII. And be it further enacted, That the respective Clerks of the Subdivisions or other Meetings shall be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to draw on the Receiver General of the Land Tax for the County, Riding or Place, for such Sums or Sums of Money as such Deputy Lieutenants and Justices of the Peace respectively, or where no Deputy Lieutenant shall attend, then on One Justice of the Peace shall, by any Order under their or his respective Hands or Hand, direct in a warrant, which Sums or Sums of Money shall be applied by such respective Clerks for paying the Allowance aforesaid directed to be made; and the Receipt of any such Clerk, together with such Order, shall be to the said Receiver General of the Land Tax a sufficient Discharge for the Payment of such Sums or Sums of Money, and be allowed as in his Account.

CXLVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of each Subdivision or other Meeting shall, when required by such Deputy Lieutenants and Justices of the Peace, or where no Deputy Lieutenant shall attend, then by One Justice of the Peace, make out an Account of the respective Sums of Money by him received and paid, as aforesaid of this Act, to be by them assessed, allowed and signed; and the Account so received, allowed and signed, shall be and is hereby directed to be the proper Voucher and Acquittal of such Clerk for the Application and Disposal of such Money.

CXLIX. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to deprive His Majesty from ordering the Receiver of the said Local Militia, or in any of the Receiver of the said Local Militia of any County, Riding or Place, or His Majesty shall be his Warden think proper, to be drawn out and embodied whenever the Occasion shall require, according to the Provisions prescribed by this Act.

CL. And be it further enacted, That whenever His Majesty shall think it to draw out and embody any further Proportion of the Local Militia of any County, Riding or Place, it shall be lawful for the Lieutenants of such County, Riding or Place, or Three or more Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid, and he and they in and as hereby respectively required to make such further Proportion to be drawn out and embodied as His Majesty shall order, and so to draw such Lieutenants and Deputy Lieutenants respectively, and also all and every the Deputy Lieutenants, and all other Officers aforesaid respectively. Shall pursue the Rules and Directions hereinbefore prescribed for drawing out and embodying the First Proportion thereof.

CLI. And be it further enacted, That, if during each time as any Part of the Local Militia which shall have been drawn out and embodied for Service, shall continue embodied, His Majesty shall deem it expedient that the Local Militia of any County, Riding or Place, or any Part thereof, which shall not at such time be actually embodied for Service, should be drawn out in order to be mustered, trained and reviewed, for a limited time, instead of being so embodied for Service, according to the Provisions of this Act, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to direct the Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants of all or any of the said Counties, Ridings or Places, to raise the said Local Militia not actually embodied, or any Part thereof, to be drawn out, in order to be mustered, trained and reviewed, in such Proportion, and for such time, and at such Place or Places, as shall be appointed, with the Approbation of His Majesty, by the Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenants, in manner as is hereinbefore directed for training and reviewing the disembodied Local Militia; and the same shall be mustered, trained and reviewed accordingly.

CLII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Whole of the Local Militia of any County, Riding or Place, is ordered to be embodied, all the Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Drummers of every Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the Local Militia of such County, Riding or Place, shall immediately join the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which they respectively belong, at the Time and Place appointed for the embodying such Local Militia; and whenever the Local Militia of any County, Riding or Place, is called out and embodied by Detachments or Divisions, under any Order of His Majesty for that Purpose, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to order and direct the Proportion and Distribution of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Drummers, who shall accompany such Detachments or Divisions of Men, and the respective Establishments of such Detachments or Divisions, and also to regulate

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the Numbers and Duties of all such Officers, Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, as shall remain within any such County, Riding or Place, for the working, training and exercising of the Remainder of the private Local Militia Men thereof, as the Service may require, and to His Majesty may seem most fit and convenient.

CLIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty from time to time, as He shall think fit, to disband any Part or Proportion of any Local Militia of any County, Riding or Place, embodied under this Act, and from time to time again to draw out and embody any such Local Militia so disbanded as aforesaid, or any Proportion thereof, as to His Majesty shall seem expedient, according to the Rules and Provisions of this Act.

CLIV. And be it further enacted, That when the Local Militia, or any Part thereof, having been drawn out into actual Service as aforesaid, shall be again daily disbanded, and the Officers and Men thereof directed so return to their several Places of Abode, the Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Drummers and private Men, shall be subject to the same Orders, Discipline and Engagements only, as they were subject to under the Provisions of this Act, before they were so drawn out into actual Service as aforesaid.

CLV. And whereas it may be expedient that, in all cases of actual Invasion, or of imminent Danger thereof, and in case of Rebellion, His Majesty should be empowered to execute, without Delay, the Number of Local Militia Forces, for the more effectual Protection and Defence of this Realm: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty (the Oathes being first administered to Parliament, if the Parliament shall be then sitting, or decreed in Council and assented by Proclamations, if no Parliament shall be then sitting or sitting), by His Royal Proclamations, that in Addition to the Number of Men required by or under the foregoing Provisions of this Act, to be raised by the several Counties, Ridings and Places hereto mentioned, there shall be forthwith raised and enrolled in the said several Counties, Ridings and Places, any Number of Men as well, in Addition to and together with and including the effective Yeomanry and Volunteers serving in such County as such Division, or Part of such County, together with the Local Militia raised for such County under the Provisions of this Act, make the whole Force of such County equal to Six Times the original Quota of such County, under an Act passed in the Forty second Year of His said Majesty: Provided always, that such effective Yeomanry and Volunteers shall be exclusive of Superannuated serving without Pay above the Establishment of such Corps who shall have been enrolled after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eight; and the Lieutenants and Deputy Lieutenants respectively of the said Counties, Ridings and Places shall, immediately on the issuing of any such Proclamations, assemble and forthwith proceed to appoint the Number of Men required to be raised in their respective Counties, Ridings and Places, among the several Hundreds, Twpes, Lathes, Wapentakes or other Divisions, and also among the several Parishes, Tythings or Places therein respectively; and that thereafter pointed to raise and enrol such Men, at such time or times as shall be specified for that Purpose in such Proclamations; and if the Powers, Privileges, Regulations, Rules, Penalties, Performances, Exercises, Allowances, Classes, Matters and Things in this Act contained, relating to the Local Militia, shall be applied, practised, suffered and put in Execution, for the raising, training and exercising, and for the embodying and calling out into actual Service, such additional Number of Local Militia as aforesaid in ordered and directed to be raised and enrolled, in as full and ample a manner in every respect, as far as the same can be applied and put in force, as if the said Number of Men to be added to the Local Militia had been included in the Number of Men required and directed to be raised by virtue of this Act.

CLVI. And be it further enacted, That whenever His Majesty shall raise such additional Number of Local Militia as aforesaid to be raised and enrolled, or drawn out and embodied as aforesaid, if the Parliament shall then be separated by such Adjournment or Prorogation as will not expire within Fourteen Days, His Majesty may and He shall issue a Proclamation for the Meeting of the Parliament within Fourteen Days, and the Parliament shall accordingly meet and sit upon each Day as shall be appointed by such Proclamations, and continue to sit and sit in like manner to all Intents and Purposes as if it had stood adjourned or prorogued to the same Day.

CLVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty from time to time (whenever He shall deem it expedient to reduce the Whole or any Part of such additional Number of Local Militia as aforesaid, by His Royal Proclamations to declare such Reduction accordingly; and in case such additional Number of Local Militia as aforesaid or any Part thereof, shall be then embodied) to disband the same, or any Number of private Local Militia Men equal thereto, without regard to whether such Men were raised and enrolled in pursuance of any Proclamations for raising such additional Number of Local Militia as aforesaid, or were enrolled before, and were serving at the time of the issuing thereof; and the private Militia Men so disbanded as aforesaid, or so many of them as may have been enrolled and not embodied at the time of issuing such Proclamations, shall nevertheless remain liable to serve for the respective Periods for which they shall have been respectively enrolled to serve, and shall, during such Periods, supply all the Vacancies that may arise in the respective Parishes or Places, or United Parishes or Places, for which they shall have been so enrolled, whenever called upon to do so; and the Deputy Lieutenants of the respective Subdivisions shall, from time to time, cause any Men or Men, as the case may be, that may be required for supplying any Vacancy or Vacancies in the established Local Militia that may arise for any Parish or Place, or United Parishes or Places, in their respective Subdivisions, to be taken from their respective Classes as aforesaid, or belonged to the same may require, according to the Provisions in this Act contained, relating to the taking Men for the Local Militia from Classes, until all the Men so remaining liable, and that shall be fit to serve, shall have supplied such Vacancies: Provided always, that no Ballot shall take place for the raising and enrolling any Man to supply any Vacancy that may arise from any Parish or Place, so long as the same can be supplied from any

His Majesty may disband any Local Militia and embody them.

Local Militia which shall be drawn out to serve Overseas shall be subject to the same Orders and Discipline as when being drawn out.

In case of Invasion or Rebellion, His Majesty may, by His Proclamations, increase the Local Militia, and may also raise the same in Ridings and Counties respectively and may also call out any Number, and may also raise and call out Men, at such time or times as shall be specified in such Proclamations.

47 U. J. 290.

When such additional Number of Local Militia as aforesaid, His Majesty shall issue a Proclamation for the Meeting of Parliament.

His Majesty, by Proclamations, may reduce and disband any such additional Number of Local Militia and private Local Militia Men equal thereto, without regard to whether such Men were raised and enrolled in pursuance of any Proclamations for raising such additional Number of Local Militia as aforesaid, or were enrolled before, and were serving at the time of the issuing thereof; and the private Militia Men so disbanded as aforesaid, or so many of them as may have been enrolled and not embodied at the time of issuing such Proclamations, shall nevertheless remain liable to serve for the respective Periods for which they shall have been respectively enrolled to serve, and shall, during such Periods, supply all the Vacancies that may arise for any Parish or Place, or United Parishes or Places, for which called, and shall supply Vacancies and no Ballot shall take place while such Vacancies can be supplied from them, but they shall not be

Men,

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any other Place
where they shall
be lawfully
appointed.

The Powers
given with re-
spect to the
Sheriffs shall be
exercised in the
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as in the
County of
York; and if
before any
such case
shall arise,
Chief Mag-
istrates shall ap-
point the
Officers of the
County of
York, which
shall be called as
and deemed
Part of the
County of
Westchester.

Governor of the
Isle of Wight to ap-
point Officers,
Sec. of the Local
Militia, which
shall be called as
and deemed
Part of the
County of
Westchester.

Clerks of the
Peace of the
County of
Westchester,
to be called as
and deemed
Part of the
County of
Westchester.

Magistrates,
&c.

Wardens of
the County of
York, to be called as
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Wardens, &c. of
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Men, or by any Man, then enrolled for such Parish or Place that shall remain liable and be fit to serve: Provided also, that no Man is remaining liable to serve as aforesaid for any Parish or Place shall be called upon or be liable to supply any Vacancy as aforesaid for any other Parish or Place, than that for which he shall be originally enrolled to serve under the Provisions of this Act.

CLVIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers given and Provisions made by this Act, with respect to the County of Westchester and the Local Militia thereof, shall extend to the Town of Arundel upon Tynes and the Liberties thereof (except only in such Cases where by this Act it is otherwise expressly provided for); and that out of the Persons returned in the Lists for the said Town of Arundel upon Tynes, a Number of private Local Militia Men shall be chosen by Ballot to serve for the said Town, in the same Proportion with the private Local Militia Men appointed to serve for the other Hundreds, Wards and other Divisions within the said County of Westchester; and if Persons can be found within the said Town and Liberties thereof with such Qualifications as are required for Officers, the Chief Magistrate of the said Town of Arundel upon Tynes shall appoint such Number of Officers of the Local Militia as shall be proportional to the Number of Local Militia Men which the said Town shall raise as their Quota towards the Local Militia of the County of Westchester; and the Lieutenant of the said County, and Deputy Lieutenants, and all other Officers and Persons sitting in the Execution of this Act, for raising and training the Local Militia within the said County, are hereby authorized and required to put this Act into Execution within the said Town and the Liberties thereof, but subject nevertheless to such Provisions as are inserted upon Deputy Lieutenants and other Officers of the Local Militia for acting not being duly qualified; and that the Local Militia Men to be raised for the said Town shall join the Local Militia of the County of Westchester, and be exercised together, and shall train, and also in time of actual Service, be deemed Part of the Local Militia of the County of Westchester.

CLIX. And whereas the ordering the Militia of the Isle of Wight has always been in the Governor or Lieutenant Governor of the said Island: Be it therefore enacted, That after the Number of Persons who the said Island is to furnish to the Local Militia of the County of Southampton shall have been appointed, as by this Act is directed, by His Majesty's Lieutenant and the Deputy Lieutenants, or by the Deputy Lieutenants of the said County as aforesaid, the Governor of the said Island shall appoint the Officers of the Local Militia to be raised in the said Island, which Officers of the Local Militia shall be qualified in the same manner, and are hereby empowered and required to act as the Lieutenants of this Act, in the same manner and under the same Directions, Provisions and Powers, as Officers of the Local Militia in the several Counties are by this Act directed to; and the Local Militia of the said Island shall be raised in the same manner as the Local Militia of the County of Southampton, and shall be deemed a Part of the Local Militia of the said County.

CLX. And be it further enacted, That for the several Parishes of this Act, the Castles of the County of York, which are Parcel of the County of Durham, surrendered by Part of the North Riding of the County of York, shall be deemed to be situate within and Part of the said North Riding; and that Part of the Parish of *Masor*, which lies in the County of *Gloucester*, shall be deemed to be situate within and Part of the County of *Gloucester*; and that the Town and Parish of *Walsingham* shall be deemed to be situate within and Part of the County of *Bedford*; and that the Hamlet of *Calphill* shall be deemed to be situate within and Part of the County of *Bedford*; and that the Township of *Fiby* shall be deemed to be situate within and Part of the East Riding of the County of *York*; and that *Thorpwood* shall be deemed to be situate within and Part of the Parish of *Wetherbury*, in the County of *Nottingham*; and that the Parish of *Stour Martin*, called *Stourford* *Parish*, in the Borough and Town of *Stourbridge*, on the South Side of the Waters called *Stour*, shall be deemed to be situate within and Part of the County of *Leicestershire*.

CLXI. And be it further enacted, That the several Towns and Places heretofore mentioned, and deemed to be situate within and Part of the several Counties, Ridings and Places aforesaid, for the Purposes of this Act, shall be subject to the Jurisdiction and Authority of the Lieutenants, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, and other Officers of the respective Counties, Ridings and Places, unless which such Towns and Places are hereby deemed to be situate; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CLXII. And be it further enacted, That the Number of private Men to be balloted and enrolled for the Local Militia under this Act, within the Cragge Parishes, Two ancient Towns and their Members, shall not exceed One thousand Men.

CLXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Wardens of the Cragge Parishes, Two ancient Towns and their Members, and in his Absence his Lieutenant or Lieutenants, shall within their respective Jurisdictions put into Execution this Act, and see and execute all the Powers and Authorities contained in this Act, for the Purposes of raising the same into Execution, and raising the Men to be provided and raised within their respective Jurisdictions under this Act, and all the Powers, Provisions, Authorities, Powers and Performances contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, and hereby made applicable to the raising the said Local Militia, or in this Act, shall be in full Force for the Purposes of raising the Local Militia within the Cragge Parishes; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

CLXIV. Provided also, That it shall be lawful for the said Wardens, and the said Mayors, Justices, Magistrates or Deputy Lieutenants, at a General Meeting to be holden as soon as may be after any Ballot shall have been directed for the raising of any Local Militia within the Cragge Parishes, and Lists shall have been returned for that Purpose, to appoint the Number of Men to be raised in pursuance of this Act for each of the said Parishes, Two ancient Towns and their Liberties, and the several Members thereof respectively; and the Number of Men so appointed shall be raised, balloted for and sworn to, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act.

CLXV. And

CLXV. And be it further enacted, That the Mayors, Jurats or other Magistrates for the Time being, of each of the Cinque Ports, Two ancient Towns and their Liberties, and the several Members thereof, shall and may act as Deputy Lieutenants for the Purposes of this Act; and that it shall be lawful for the Warden of the said Cinque Ports, Two ancient Towns and their Members, to appoint any other Persons qualified in the manner directed by an Act made in the Forty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for amending the Laws relating to the Militia in England, and for extending the Militia, so as to act in like manner as Deputy Lieutenants within the same*: Provided always, that the said Warden may, with the Concurrence of any Meeting of Deputy Lieutenants, authorize the said Mayors, Jurats and Magistrates or Deputy Lieutenants, within each Part, Town, Liberty and Members, to issue their Orders to the respective Constables within the same, to return within a limited time Lists of all Persons liable to serve in the Local Militia for each Part, Town, Liberty and Member respectively, in the manner required by this Act, and by the said Act of the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or any Act relating to the Militia in England, and may appoint such times as may appear to him to be necessary and proper for the Returns and Notices to be made and given, conformably to the Directions of the said second Act and this Act; and for the holding other Meetings, and doing all Acts, Matters and Things, which may be necessary for carrying this Act into Execution within the Cinque Ports.

CLXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to order and direct a Local Militia to be ballotted and enrolled from among the Tenants or Minors of the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, not exceeding Eight hundred and twenty five private Men.

CLXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Warden of the Stannaries in Great Britain shall respectively, in Obedience to His Majesty's Orders to be issued for that Purpose, which His Majesty is hereby empowered to issue, procure all Matters to be done touching the Tenants of the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, according to the Customs of the Stannaries and Privileges of the Working Tenants, as are hereby or by any Act or Acts relating to the Tenants or Minors of Cornwall, or to the Militia, required to be done by the Lieutenant and Deputy Lieutenants aforesaid, touching other Persons residing in the said Counties of Devon and Cornwall not settled to the Benefit of such Privileges; and such Warden, Special Deputy Warden, and other Officers of the Stannaries, shall have such and the like Powers and Authorities to do and execute all and every the Matters and Things which shall be so required to be done as aforesaid, as the Lieutenant and Deputy Lieutenants of the several Counties have for doing the several Matters and Things hereby required to be done by them respectively.

CLXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Classes, Professions, Powers, Authorities, Matters and Things contained in an Act passed in the Forty second Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for raising a Body of Minors in the Counties of Cornwall and Devon, for the Defence of the Kingdom, during the present War; and for the more effectually raising and regulating a Body of Minors for the Defence of Great Britain, relative to raising and regulating a Body of Minors within the Stannaries, in the Counties of Devon and Cornwall* shall in all cases in which other Provisions are not made by this Act, be applied, practised, and put in force, in all respects, for raising the Local Militia Men to be raised out of the Tenants and Minors within the said Stannaries under this Act, as fully and effectually as if the said Act and this Act were consolidated into one Act.

CLXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to order and direct a permanent Local Militia to be ballotted and enrolled under this Act in the Tower Hamlets and Liberties of the Tower, not exceeding Four thousand four hundred and eighty private Men, and such Local Militia shall be ballotted and enrolled at such Period as His Majesty shall by any such Warrant as aforesaid, direct; and all and every the Classes, Professions, Powers, Authorities, Matters and Things, contained in Two Acts made in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or in any other Act or Acts relating to raising the Militia of the Tower Hamlets and Liberty of the Tower, together with all Classes, Powers, Privileges and Authorities contained in an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to enable His Majesty more effectually to raise and settle in England an additional Military Force for the better Defence and Security of the United Kingdom, and for the more express Prosecution of the War*, for raising the Men to be raised therein under that Act, shall be applied, practised and put in force in all respects, for raising the Men to be raised thereon under this Act, as fully and effectually as if the said Acts and this Act were consolidated into one Act.

CLXX. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to extend to repeal any of the Provisions of the said Two several Acts of the Thirty seventh Year aforesaid, other than as any new and additional Fees, Penalties and Powers in this Act contained may be applicable and necessary for the raising the Men by this Act directed to be raised in the Tower Hamlets.

CLXXI. And whereas for the different Ranges in the Counties of Sussex and East Kent, there are no Peace Officers who can act officially for such Ranges: And whereas the Ranges in the said Counties are the most important Districts to be appointed to the Subdivisions for the Deputy Lieutenants to execute the several Purposes directed by this Act, and do contain within their Boundaries several Hundreds, to each of which there is a Peace Officer belonging: And whereas the Barons and Tythings over which there are Headboroughs, Tythings or other Peace Officers, are certain in their Boundaries, and often include Parts of several Parishes, from which great Inconveniences arise both in hallooing for the Men to be drawn by Lot for the Service of the said Militia, and also in the Payment of the Money directed to be paid by the Parishes to those who may be allotted to serve: And whereas it would be more expedient that the hallooing for Men to serve in the said Militia for the Counties of Sussex and Kent should be by the Division of Parishes, to which

Mayors, &c. of Cinque Ports, &c. may act as Deputy Lieutenants, and Warden may appoint other qualified Persons to do, &c. 43 G. 2. c. 30.

A Lord High Steward, or Chief Justice of the Bench, or any other Person, by Order of His Majesty, in process of Law, may be done touching the Militia.

43 G. 2. c. 30. in regard to this Act.

Number of Local Militia in Tower Hamlets. Persons of 20 G. 2. c. 25. and 25. to be raised to the Act. 43 G. 2. c. 30.

Proviso for 37 G. 2. c. 37. 43 G. 2. c. 30.

Magistrates and Over-
seers of the Peace
of each County or
Borough or Town or
City or Village or
Hamlet or Place
shall be sworn
before the
Justice of the Peace
of the County or
Borough or Town or
City or Village or
Hamlet or Place.

* Besides the several Peace Officers, Be it then further enacted, That the Constables and Overseers of the Poor of the several Parishes in the said County or Shire, for the Purposes of this Act, be deemed the Officers of such Parishes, and shall be treated with the same Powers and Authorities, and be liable to the same Penalties, Fines and Imprisonments, as the Constable, Tythingmen, Headborough or other Officer of any Parish, Tything or Place is treated with, or is liable to, by virtue of this Act.

CLXXII. And be it further enacted, That every County, Hundred or Parish for which the full Number of Men required by any Order of His Majesty under this Act shall not have been allowed and enrolled before the Fourteenth Day of February succeeding such Order, if given Three Months before such Fourteenth Day of February, or in which any Indictments or Warrants arising on such Local Militia shall not be filed up before the Fourteenth Day of February after the same shall have notice, if the same shall have notice Three Months before such Fourteenth Day of February, shall be subject to a Fine of Fifteen Pounds for every Man remaining deficient.

CLXXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Parish or Place in which such Fine shall have notice, and in which such Deficiency shall be thereafter supplied, shall be entitled to demand or have a Return of Two third Parts of any such Fine of Fifteen Pounds for every Man enrolled before the Fourteenth Day of March, and One third Part of every such Fine of Fifteen Pounds for every Man enrolled before the First Day of April, after any such Fine shall have been as aforesaid.

CLXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Constables and other Officers of all Parishes and Places for which any Local Militia Men shall be levied, shall make diligent Enquiry as to all Men enrolled as the Local Militia, for the Parishes or Places for which they shall respectively be Constables, and shall, before the Fourteenth Day of November in each Year, return to the Clerk of the Subdivision within which such Parishes or Places shall be, a true Account of all Persons living for such Parish or Place in the Local Militia, specifying such as shall have died or left their residence, and whether the Persons not then residing in such Parish or Place shall have dwelt, left such Parish or Place, or shall still remain any House, Residence or Lodgings, in such Parish or Place, and also the Place to which such Persons shall have gone as have changed their Residences, if the same can be ascertained; and every Constable who shall neglect or refuse to make any such Return, or shall wilfully make any false Return, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds.

CLXXV. And be it further enacted, That the respective Commandants of the Regiments of Local Militia in England shall, within Fourteen Days after the Fourteenth Day of February in each Year, transmit to the Clerk of the Peace to be had before Justices of the Peace or Magistrates assembled at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and after the First Day of March in each Year, Certificates of the Number of Men then remaining deficient in their respective Regiments, designating the Period for which such Deficiencies as aforesaid have existed, by what Causes occasioned, and for what District, Division or Parish.

CLXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace and Magistrates of every such County, Riding and Place, assembled at the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held next after the First Day of March in each Year doth, upon the Receipt of the aforesaid Certificates of the Commandant, which Certificates be hereby required to transmit to the Clerk of the Peace for such County, Riding or Place, in order to be laid before the said Justices and Magistrates respectively at such Sessions, view and assess the said Sum of Fifteen Pounds per Man as aforesaid upon every such County, Riding or Place.

CLXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Justices and Magistrates assembled in making any such Rate and Assessment upon the Whole of any County, Riding or Place, shall apportion the same to be assessed as aforesaid, and rate and assess the same upon the several Parishes and Tythings in such County, Riding or Place, in the same Proportions as which the Men for the Local Militia are required to be raised by such Parishes and Tythings respectively, according to such Apportionment as may have been made thereof in pursuance of this Act, or to the last Apportionment that shall have been made of Men to be raised by such Parish and Tything.

CLXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That when in any County, Riding or Place, such Deficiency of Men shall arise from the Death of any particular Parish or Tything, or Parishes or Tythings, in such County, Riding or Place, in not rating the Proportions or respective Proportions of Men required to be raised by any such Parish or Tything, or Parishes or Tythings, then and in such cases the said Justices and Magistrates, in making such Rate and Assessment as aforesaid, shall rate and assess all and every such Sum and Sums of Money upon such Parish or Tything, or Parishes or Tythings, (but shall have no made Defects as aforesaid, in Proportion to the Number of Men by which each of such Parishes or Tythings shall fall short of the Number of Men required to be raised therein.

CLXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Justices and Magistrates of the several Counties, Ridings and Places, where any such Rate and Assessment shall be made as aforesaid, shall, immediately after the First Day of April in or following the making of any such Rate and Assessment as aforesaid, transmit or cause to be transmitted the several Amounts of the Sums so assessed upon the several Parishes and Tythings, to the respective Clerks of the Subdivision to which Parishes or Tythings respectively belong, and also a Duplicate thereof to the Secretary at War; and such Clerks of Subdivisions shall within Ten Days after the Receipt thereof, make Notice thereof to be given to the respective Officers of the Poor of the several Parishes and Tythings upon which any such Rate and Assessment shall have been made as aforesaid; and such Officers shall, within Fourteen Days after such Notice as aforesaid of such Rate or Assessment, pay the Amount of the Rate or Assessment made upon their respective Parishes or Tythings, out of any Money in their or any of their Hands, of the Rates for the Relief of the Poor; and if they or any of them shall not have sufficient of such Money for that Purpose, then such Officers shall and they are hereby required to make a Rate sufficient to satisfy such Rate and Assessment: and it shall be lawful for the said Officers to levy and collect the same in

such manner as Rates made for the Relief of the Poor, or any other Rates made for the Purpose of this Act, may be levied and collected.

CLXXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever any Sum shall have been so levied upon any Parish or Place for Money certified to be deficient upon the Fourteenth Day of February, it shall nevertheless be lawful for any Deputy Lieutenant acting for the Subdivision in which such Parish may be situated, in all cases in which any Man shall have been subsequently certified to supply such Deficiency, to certify to the Clerk of such Subdivision the Date of such Enrolments respectively; and if it shall appear from that Certificate that such Man were enrolled before the Fourteenth Day of March or the Full Day of April, it shall be lawful for the Clerk of such Subdivision and he is hereby required to remit to every such Parish such Two third or One third Part of such Fine respectively as is respectively directed as to be returned to such Parish for every Man enrolled before the Fourteenth Day of March or the Full Day of April respectively; and the Overseers of the Poor of such Parish are hereby authorized to make a Deduction of Two thirds or One third Part of such Fine (in the same way) from the Amount of the Assessment made upon such Parish for every Man so enrolled to have been made before the Fourteenth Day of March or the Full Day of April respectively.

CLXXXI. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk or Clerks of such Subdivisions receiving any such Sum or Sums of Money, shall within Ten Days after the Receipt thereof, remit the Amount thereof to the Bank of England, to be placed to the Account of the Agent General for the Local Militia; and during the Period of Three Months from such Full Day of April next succeeding the raising of any such Rate and Assessment as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for any Deputy Lieutenant of the Subdivision of the said County, Riding or Place, within which such Parish, Township or Place shall be situate, to call any Volunteer or Volunteers for such Local Militia, in lieu of such Man or Men as shall be so deficient as aforesaid, and to agree with every such Volunteer for a Bonus not exceeding the Sum of Two Guineas, and the Deputy Lieutenant before whom any such Volunteer shall be duly examined, approved, sworn and enrolled to give in the Local Militia, shall transmit a Certificate of such Enrolment to the Agent General, and upon the Production to the said Agent General of such a Certificate under the Hands of such Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid, of any such Volunteer having been duly examined, approved, sworn and enrolled to serve in the Local Militia, and of a Certificate under the Hands of the Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia of such County, Riding or Place, of such Man having joined his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, the said Agent General shall, and he is hereby required under the Direction of the Secretary at War to pay out of such Money he has in Hand as aforesaid, any Sum of Money not exceeding the full Sum of Two Guineas for each of such Volunteers as aforesaid.

CLXXXII. And whereas there are several Cities, Towns and Places which do not contribute to the Payment of the said Rate called The County Rate, and Districts may arise whether such Cities, Towns and Places, can be legally used or applied towards the Payment of the Rate or Assessment to be had as provided in this Act: Be it therefore enacted, That in all cases where the Local Militia shall not be raised within any City, Town or Place, not rated to the County Rate, the Proprietors of the said Sum of Fifteen Pounds per Man, to be borne by such City, Town or Place, shall be called, levied and collected within such City, Town or Place, by a separate Rate or Assessment, in like manner, by the Overseers of the Poor, and by such and the like ways and means as the Rates for the Relief of the Poor are or may be raised, levied and collected; and such Overseers of the Poor shall from time to time pay over the same to the Clerk of the Subdivision in which such City, Town or Place shall be joined or rated, for the Purpose of raising the said Local Militia.

CLXXXIII. And whereas there are some Towns which lie in Two Counties or Ridings, and Districts may arise whether such Towns are obliged to pay to both Counties or Ridings towards raising the said Money: Be it therefore further enacted, That where any Town lies in Two Counties or Ridings, or Part thereof in a County, and Part in a Riding, the Proprietors of the said Money to be paid for such Town, in lieu of raising the Local Militia as aforesaid, shall be paid to the Clerk of the Subdivision of the County or Riding wherein the Church of such Town is situate.

CLXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Sum of Money which ought to be paid by any City, Town or Place, not rated to the County Rate as aforesaid, shall not be paid to the Clerk of the Subdivision as aforesaid, before the Full Day of June in every Year, the Justices of the Peace for such County, Riding or Place, shall, at their next Magistrate Quarter Sessions, and there are hereby required (by their Warrants, directed to any Constable or Tythingman of every such Parish and Division) to cause the Sum due from such Parish under this Act, by notice of such Man not being rated as aforesaid, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the respective Overseers of the Poor of every such Parish and Division, including the Overseers (if any) to the Owners of such Goods and Chattels, after such Money, and the reasonable Charges attending such Distress and Sale, shall be fully paid and satisfied; and all such Overseers of the Poor shall be reimbursed the Money so levied on them respectively, by the same ways and means as Overseers of the Poor are reimbursed the Money by them expended for the Relief of the Poor by the Laws now in being, and may make a Rate for that Purpose if necessary.

CLXXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Agent General into whose Hands or to whose Account any such Money shall be paid, shall give a Receipt for such Money to the Parish or Parishes paying the same, which Receipt shall be a sufficient Discharge for such Payment; and that when the whole Sum directed to be raised in any County, Riding or Place as aforesaid, shall be paid into the Hands of the Agent General, or to his Account at the Bank, in pursuance of this Act, such Payment shall be a full Discharge and Indemnification to such County, Riding or Place, for the Failure or Neglect in raising and raising the Number of Men in the Local Militia for the Year in respect whereof such Payment shall be made; and the Money so paid

Overseers may deduct the 25th cent of the value of such Parish

Clerk of Subdivision may receive such Money shall send same to Agent General, who shall pay the same to Volunteers enrolled within a certain Parish

In 1795 an order was made by the King, that all Assessments should be levied and paid

Agents in Two Counties, Assessments levied

Assessments in Five Ridings County Rates and paid to Clerk of Subdivision to be June 25, yearly, but levied

When Assessments were upon the Place to be paid to Agent General to be levied on the same as the other

lens the Heads of the said Agent General, or to his Account at the Bank, shall be applied to the Purposes of the Local Militia, and shall be accounted for yearly to Parliament.

CLXXXVI. Provided always, and he it farther enacted, That every Clerk of Subsidies to whom any such Money shall be paid as aforesaid, shall be allowed for his Pains and Trouble the Sum of One Penny in the Pound, upon the whole Sum as by him received and paid; which Allowance every such Clerk of Subsidies is hereby authorized to detain in his Hands out of the Money so received by him, before Payment made to the Agent General as aforesaid; and every High Constable, Petty Constable, Churchwarden and Overseer of the Poor, who shall sit in the raising and collecting of the said Money, shall respectively be allowed and paid by such Clerk of Subsidies, as a Recompence for their Trouble therein, the Sum of One Penny in the Pound of all such Money, in the raising and collecting whereof they shall respectively sit as aforesaid; and such Clerk of Subsidies is hereby authorized and required to deduct the same out of the Money so received by him as aforesaid, and to pay the respective Proportions thereof to such High Constables or other Officers aforesaid.

CLXXXVII. And he it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Peace for every County, Riding or Place, shall and he is hereby required, within Fourteen Days next after the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held next after the Twenty fifth Day of December, yearly, to transmit to the Secretary at War a Copy signed by such Clerk of the Peace, of every Certificate which he shall have received from the Commandants of the several Regiments of Local Militia in such County, Riding or Place as aforesaid; and where such Certificates shall be omitted to be delivered, the Clerk of the Peace shall certify such Omissions to the Secretary at War, and that such Clerk of the Peace hath certified the same to the Justices at such General Quarter Sessions, and required such Justices to proceed according to the Directions of this Act, and such Clerk of the Peace shall also certify when Proceedings have been had at such General Quarter Sessions, in relation to the raising and raising of the said Money, where the Local Militia shall not have been raised; and in case such Justices shall omit, neglect or refuse to proceed to raise the said Money, according to the Directions of this Act, then the Clerk of the Peace of such County, Riding or Place, shall and is hereby required within Fourteen Days next after such General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, to certify to the Secretary at War, such Omission, Neglect or Refusal of such Justices, and the Names of the Justices who shall be present at such Sessions; and the Secretary at War is hereby empowered and required, on Receipt of such Certificates, forthwith to give Directions to the Solicitor of the Treasury to proceed by all such legal ways and means as shall be most effectual and expedient, to compel such Justices to pay due Obedience to this Act, and to cause the said Money to be raised, collected and paid.

CLXXXVIII. And he it further enacted, That if the said Sum of Fifteen Pence per Man, to be raised and paid as in any such County, Riding or Place as aforesaid, shall not be levied, collected and paid into the Hands of the Agent General, or to his Account at the Bank, in manner herebefore directed, the Solicitor of the Treasury is hereby required, forthwith upon Knowledge or Information thereof, to proceed, by all such legal ways and means as shall be most effectual and expedient, to compel the levying and collecting of such Money and the Payment thereof into the Hands of the Agent General, or to his Account at the Bank, as aforesaid.

CLXXXIX. And he it further enacted, That if any Clerk of the Peace shall refuse or wilfully neglect to receive, deliver, file, make, send or transmit any such Certificates as aforesaid, according to the Directions and true Meaning of this Act, every such Clerk of the Peace so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and shall also forfeit his Office, and be rendered incapable of having, receiving or holding any Office of Trust, Civil or Military, under the Crown; and if any Clerk of Subsidies, Chief Constable, Petty Constable or other Officer who ought to sit and sit in the raising and collecting of the said Money, shall wilfully omit or neglect or refuse to sit or sit therein, according to the Directions and true Meaning of this Act, every such Clerk of Subsidies so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and every such Chief Constable so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and every such Petty Constable and other Officer so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and the Solicitor of the Treasury shall and he is hereby required, when directed so to do by the Secretary at War as aforesaid, with all due Diligence, to prosecute with Effect all such Justices of the Peace, Clerks of Subsidies, and other Officers, who shall omit, neglect or refuse to perform the Duty required of them respectively by this Act, touching the raising, collecting and paying of the said Money; and in case the Solicitor of the Treasury shall wilfully omit or delay to proceed against any such Justices of the Peace, Clerks of Subsidies or other Officers aforesaid, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

CXC. And he it further enacted, That every Person who shall give under this Act, whose Assent is any Rate to be made or levied for the Purpose of the Payment of any Taxes under this Act, shall be made on any Property not exceeding in annual Value, according to the Valuation on which such Rate shall be made, the Sum of Twenty Pounds, shall be wholly exempt from such Rate; and every such Person whose Assent shall be made on any such Property, exceeding in annual Value as aforesaid such Sum of Twenty Pounds, shall by reason of such Service be exempt as to such Property to the Amount of such Sum of Twenty Pounds, and be rated in such Rate only on the Amount by which such Property shall exceed such several Sum of Twenty Pounds as aforesaid; and if any Person shall cheat himself or herself aggrieved by any such Rate as aforesaid, such Person may appeal to the next General or Quarter Sessions, in such manner as is provided in writ of Appeal against Rates for the Relief of the Poor.

CICL. And

CKCL. And be it further enacted, That every Clerk of Subdivision Meetings shall, if required so to do by the Deputy Lieutenants assembled at any General or Subdivision Meeting, give Security by Bond to His Majesty, with Two sufficient Sureties, in such Form as the Deputy Lieutenants shall see, for duly accounting for and receiving all Moneys paid into his Hands under the Provisions of this Act.

CKCLII. And be it further enacted, That every Clerk of Subdivision Meetings shall keep an Account, in the Form to this Act annexed, marked (H) or in such other Form as may from time to time be directed for that Purpose by the Secretary at War, of all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures from time to time received by him, and also of all Sums allowed to any Individuals, Companies, Hundreds or Parishes, by virtue of any Fine or Penalty, or Pardon of any Fine or Penalty, being received under the Provisions of this Act; and the Deputy Lieutenants or Justice attending at the time of any such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture being imposed or remitted, or any Two of them, shall and they are hereby required to certify the same to be correct, and the Clerk of Subdivision Meetings shall verify the same upon Oath, which Oath any One Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace is authorized to administer, and shall transmit to the Secretary at War such Account made up to the Twenty fourth Day of December in each Year, or to such other Period as the Secretary at War shall direct.

CKCLIII. And be it further enacted, That every Clerk of Subdivision Meetings shall and is hereby required within Seven Days after the Twenty fourth Day of March, June, September and December, respectively in each Year, or otherwise if required, to transmit an Account to the Secretary at War for the time being, of all Sums received by him and remitted to the Bank of England, to the Account of the said Agent General, for the Purpose of this Act, verified upon Oath before One Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace, which Oath any such Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace is hereby authorized to administer, and made in the Form of the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (I.) or such other Form as may from time to time be prescribed in that behalf by the Secretary at War.

CKCLIV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in all cases in which it is in this Act directed and required that any Return or List should be made, or any Notice given, or any Fine, Penalty, Forfeiture or other Money remitted by any Clerk of the Peace, or by any Clerk of General or Subdivision Meetings, or by any Overseer, or by any Colonel-Commandant or other Officer of Local Militia, every such Clerk of the Peace or other Person as aforesaid, who shall omit, neglect or refuse, or willfully do any wrong, any such Return or List, or giving any such Notice, or receiving any such Fine, Penalty, Forfeiture or other Money as aforesaid, in the manner directed by this Act, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds: Provided always, that nothing herein shall be construed to extend to any case in which any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may already be exacted for any such Offence by the Provisions of this Act.

CKCV. And be it further enacted, That the Acceptance of a Commission in the Local Militia shall not vacate the Seat of any Member returned to serve in Parliament.

CKCXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, Drummer, or private Man of the Local Militia, shall be liable to any Penalty or Punishment for or on Account of his Absence during the time he shall be going to vote at any Election of a Member to serve in Parliament, or during the time he shall be returning from such Election.

CKCXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Sergeant, Corporal or Drumsman of the Local Militia, or any private Man, from the time of his Enrolment until he shall be regularly discharged from the Local Militia, shall be compelled to serve as a Peace Officer or Parish Officer.

CKCXVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person having served in the Local Militia when drawn out into actual Service, being a married Man, may set up and exercise any Trade in any Town or Place within Great Britain, without any Let, Suit or Molestation of or from any Person or Persons whatsoever, for or by reason of his serving or exercising such Trade, so long and so far as the same Provisions, and under the same Regulations, and with the like Exceptions in respect to the Two Universities, as any Munner or Soldier can or may do by virtue of an Act passed in the Twenty fourth Year of His present Majesty's reign, entitled *An Act to enable such Officers, Mariners, and Soldiers, as have been in the Land or Sea Service, or in the Armies, or in the Militia, or any Corps of Frontiers Men, since the second Year of His present Majesty's reign, to exercise Trades*; and no such Local Militia Man shall be liable to be removed out of any such Town or Place, until he is become chargeable to the Parish.

CKCXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Commission granted before the passing of this Act, or which shall be granted after the passing of this Act, to any Officer of the Local Militia, shall be subject to any Stamp Duty.

CC. And be it further enacted, That all Bills, Drafts and Orders drawn for the Pay or Allowance of the Local Militia, and also all Bills, Drafts and Orders, by which any Sums of Money or Fines are remitted to the Bank of England, or the Agent General, or any Person or Persons authorized by the Secretary at War to receive Money on Account of the Local Militia, may and shall be drawn upon unstamped Paper; and no such Bill, Draft or Order, shall be void by reason of not being so drawn or written on stamped Paper; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

CCI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act imposed, which shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, shall be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or the Courts of Great Sessions in the Principality of Wales, or the Courts of the Counties Palatine of Chester, Lancaster and Durham (in the case last aforesaid) whereas in Elections, Privileges, Protection, Wager of Law or more than One Impoundment shall be allowed; and that all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, by this Act imposed, which shall not exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, shall, as Proof of the Offence either by voluntary Confession of the Party, or by the Oath of One or more credible

S. A. 1812
Clerk to give
Bond.

Subdivision
Clerks keep
Account of
Fines, &c. and
to return same
to Secretary -
War.

Subdivision
Clerks to transmit
to Secretary
at War Accounts
of Money
received to
Agent General,
verified on Oath.

Highland in
the Revenue
and to give
Notice, &c.

Penalty.
Twenty.

Commission not
to vacate Office
in Parliament.
Persons going to
Election of
Members.

Men Commissioned
Officers, &c. not liable to
serve as Peace
Officers.
Local Militia Men
may set up in
any Place in G.B.
as it may be
under an Act
of 22^d Geo. 3.

No Stamp Duty
on Commissions.

Bills for Pay
and Allowance,
&c. drawn on
unstamped Paper.

New Provisions
enacted, and
how applied.

Distress. **CCII.** Whereas, before any Justice of the Peace of the County, Riding or Place where the Offence shall be committed, be levied by Deeds and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice, rendering the Overplus (if any) on Demand, after deducting the Charges of such Distress and Sale, to the Person whose Goods and Chattels shall have been so distrained and sold; and for Want of sufficient Distress, such Justice is hereby required, in all cases where no particular time of Commencement is herebefore directed, to commit such Offender to the Common Gaol of the County, Riding or Place where the Offence shall have been committed, for any time not exceeding Three Months; and the Money arising by all such Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, the Application whereof is not otherwise particularly directed by this Act, shall be remitted to the Agent General for Local Militia, or to the Bank of England, to be placed to his Account, and to be by him applied and accounted for in the manner herebefore directed, with respect to Fines applied upon the Partisan for Delinquency.

CCIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which it is by this Act directed that any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be remitted to any Subordinate Clerk, or to the Agent General, or to the Bank of England, to be placed to the Account of the said Agent General, it shall be lawful for any One or more Deputy Lieutenant, Justice or Magistrate by whom any such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may have been imposed, for any Offence committed against this Act, and be or they in or so jointly directed and required within Ten Days after such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may have been imposed to transmit to the Secretary at War a Certificate of the Amount of such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, in the Form of the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (G.)

CCIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be summoned as a Witness or Witnesses to give Evidence before such Justices touching any of the Matters relative to this Act, either on the Part of the Prosecuter, or Person accused, and shall neglect or refuse to appear at the Time and Place to be for that Purpose appointed, without reasonable Excuse for such his, her or their Neglect or Refusal, to be allowed of by such Justices before whom the Prosecution shall be depending, that then every such Person shall forfeit for every such Offence any Sum or Sums, exceeding Five Pounds, to be levied and paid in such manner and by such means as is directed as to the other Penalties.

CCV. And be it further enacted, That the Justice or Justices before whom any Offender shall be convicted as aforesaid, shall cause the said Conviction to be made out in the manner and Form following, or in any other Form of Words to the same Effect, *scilicet* *verba tenenda*; that is to say,

Form. **BE** is remembered, That on the Day of is the Year of Our Lord
in the County of A. B. of was
 committed before me C. D. or before us, C. D. and E. F. Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the
 said County, residing near the Place where the Offence was committed: For that the said A. B. on the
 Day of now last past, did, contrary to the Form of the Statute in that behalf
 made and provided [here state the Offence against the Act.] And I or we do declare and adjudge, that the
 said A. B. hath forfeited the Sum of

CCVI. And be it further enacted, That no Order of Conviction made by any Lieutenant of any County, Riding or Place, or by any Two or more Deputy Lieutenants, or by any One Deputy Lieutenant together with any One Justice of the Peace, or by any Justice or Justices of the Peace, by virtue of this Act, shall be removed by Certiorari out of the County, Riding, Division, City, Town or Place where such Order or Conviction shall have been made, into any Court whatsoever; and that no Writ of Certiorari shall supersede Execution or other Proceedings upon any such Order or Conviction so made in performance of this Act; but that Execution and other Proceedings shall be had and made thereupon, any such Writ or Writs, or Allocations thereof notwithstanding.

CCVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action shall be brought against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Action or Suits shall be commenced within Six Months next after the Fact committed and not afterwards, and shall be laid in the County, Riding or Place where the Cause of Complaint did arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit, may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon; and if the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Suit, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be non-suited, or discontinue his, her or their Action or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, and have the full Remedy for the same as any Defendant hath in other cases to recover Costs by Law.

CCVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Provisions, Directions, Clauses, Matters and Things whatsoever in this Act contained, relating to Counties, shall extend and be construed to extend to all Ridings, Shires, Divisions, Cities and Places; and all Provisions, Directions, Clauses, Matters and Things in this Act contained, relating to Hundreds, shall extend and be construed to extend to all Hundreds, Lathes, Wapentakes and other Divisions in or of any such County, Riding, Division, Shire, City or Place; and all Provisions, Directions, Clauses, Matters and Things in this Act contained, relating to Parishes, shall extend and be construed to extend to all Townships, Tythings and Places, and to all Extra-parochial Places named therein, for the Purpose of any Act relating to the Militia; and all Powers by this Act given to any Constable shall extend to all Tythingmen, Headboroughs, Peace Officers and other Persons acting as Constables in any Counties, Hundreds, Parishes and Places in which there shall be no Constable, as fully and amply as if they were severally and respectively appointed to every such Provision, Direction and Clause, and with relation to every such Matter or Thing.

CCVIII. A. 6d

CCVIII. And be it further enacted, That any Person taking a false Oath in any case when an Oath is required to be taken by this Act, shall be deemed guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, and being thereof duly convicted, he shall be liable to such Pains and Penalties as by any Law now in force any Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are liable to.

CCIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in the next Session of Parliament.

[See also in Scotland, page c. 68.]

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

Schedule (A.)

I Clerk of the Peace for the County of do hereby certify, that the Officers below specified, serving in the Battalion of Local Militia, have left with me their Qualifications as described in the Eleventh Section of the Act for amending the Laws relating to the Local Militia

Colonel.
Lieutenant Colonel.
Major.

} Captain.

} Lieutenants.

} Ensigns.

Schedule (B.)

FORM OF OATH.

I do make Oath, That I am by my Trade or Profession in the County of and have been for, have a Wife living, or through any Act; and that I have no Children, (or, not more than Two Children born in Wedlock); and that I have no Rappan, nor ever was troubled with Fits, and am no ways disabled by Lameness or otherwise, but have the perfect Use of my Limbs; and that I am not a Seaman or Seafaring Man. As witness my Hand at the Day of One thousand eight hundred and _____

Sworn before me at this Day of One thousand eight hundred and _____

Witness's protest.

SCHEDULE (C.)

| SUNDIVISION of RETURN of Involment, dated the _____ | | in the County of _____ | | Day of _____ | | | | |
|---|---------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------|----------|-----|-----|------|
| Parishes. | NAMES OF MEN. | | Date of Involment. | Age. | CLASSES. | | | |
| | Enrolled. | Volunteers. | | | 1st. | 2d. | 3d. | 4th. |
| A. | S. Jones. | — | June 1st. | 22 | X | | | |
| B. | | Thos. Gray. | 3d. | 26 | | | M | |
| Totals. | | | | | | | | |

Signed A. B. Clerk to Subdivision Meeting.

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE (D.)

| RETURN of the
of the County of | | Company in the
dated the | | | Day of | | | | of the Local Militia | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------------|------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--|--|----------|
| Head of
Division. | Parish. | NAME OF MEN SERVING. | | Age. | CLASSES | | | | | | | |
| | | Enlisted. | Volunteers. | | 1 st . | 2 ^d . | 3 ^d . | 4 th . | | | | |
| <i>H.</i> | <i>B.</i> | <i>S. Jones.</i> | — | 38 | | 1 st | | | | | | |
| <i>M.</i> | <i>C.</i> | — | <i>T. Gray.</i> | 24 | | 1 st | | | | | | |
| Totals. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Signed <i>A. B.</i> Captain of | | | | | | | | | | | | Company. |

SCHEDULE (E.)

| RETURN of Private Local Militia Men serving for the County of | | | | | | Dated the | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|-----------------------------|----|----|----|--------------------|----|----|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Designation of Men. | No. of each. | Years of Service completed. | | | | No. in each Class. | | | | | | |
| | | 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 1. | 2. | 3. | 4 th . | | | |
| Balloted - - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Volunteers - - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Totals. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>A. B.</i> Clerk to General Meetings. | | | | | | | | | | | | |

SCHEDULE (F.)

| Dated the | | Day of | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Name of the
County. | Name of the
Man. | Of the Parish
of | Of the Hundred
or other
Division of | Time of Service
expressed in | Sum for which
they are willing
to serve. | Signature of
Colonel. |
| | <i>A. B.
C. D.</i> | <i>P.
Q.</i> | <i>H.
I.</i> | | | <i>A. B.
C. D.</i> |

SCHEDULE (G.)

THIS is to certify, That I [or, we, as the case may be] of B One [or more] of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace [or, Deputy Lieutenants, as the case may be] did, on the _____ Day of _____ 1812, by Act of C. D. the Sum of _____ Pounds, being the Amount of Fine imposed [here specify the Offence] under the Act for amending the Laws relating to the Local Militia of England. Done this _____ Day of _____

(Signed) A. B. Justice.

SCHEDULE (H.)

ACCOUNT of PENALTIES imposed and remitted by the LIEUTENANCY.

| Date when imposed. | Name of Person. | Penalty of £100. for Penalties worth more than £500. per Annum. | Penalty of £50. for Penalties worth more than £200. per Annum and not exceeding £500. | Penalty of £10. for Penalties worth less than £500. per Annum. | Remission of Fines allowed by the Lieutenantcy. | Sum of Penalties imposed. | Remarks. |
|--------------------|-----------------|---|---|--|---|---------------------------|----------|
| | | | | | | | |

Deficiency in the Subdivision of _____ in the County of _____ as per Return herewith annexed, signed by the Commandant, dated the _____ being _____ Man at _____ paid to the Clerk of the Subdivision Meetings for _____ on the _____

We do certify, that the above Account is truly and justly stated to the best of our Knowledge and Belief.

_____ Deputy Lieutenant.
_____ Magistrate.

SCHEDULE (I)

QUARTERLY ACCOUNT of the Clerk of SUBDIVISION MEETINGS.

| Date when received. | Name of Person to whom. | Penalty of £100. for Penalties worth more than £500. per Annum. | Penalty of £50. for Penalties worth more than £100. and not exceeding £500. | Penalty of £10. for Penalties worth less than £100. per Annum. | Amount of such Penalty. | Date when received. | Amount of such Remission. |
|---------------------|-------------------------|---|---|--|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| | | | | | | | |

Sworn before me
Day of _____ 1812
_____ Deputy Lieutenant or Justice.

I hereby certify upon Oath, that the above is a just and true Account of all Sums received by me as Clerk of the Subdivision Meetings of the County of _____ between the _____ Day of _____ and the _____ Day of _____ as the best of my Knowledge and Belief.

Signature,
Clerk of the Subdivision of the County of _____

C A P. XXXIX.

An Act for the more effectual Regulation of Pilots, and of the Pilotage of Ships and Vessels on the Coast of England.

[To be April 1811.]

WHEREAS Ships and Vessels have frequently been wrecked, and many Lives and much Property have been lost, from the Ignorance or Misconduct of Persons taking charge of such Ships or Vessels as Pilots; And whereas the Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorset Strand* have, as well by Writs for more than Three Centuries, as by Grants from the Crown, and under the Authority of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, been empowered to appoint Pilots, Leadmen or Guides, to conduct Ships or Vessels into and out of and upon the River of *Thames*, through the North Channel or by *Oysterburgh*, and round the Long Sand Head, through the Queen's Channel or other Channels into the Downs, and from and by *Oysterburgh*, and up the North Channel, and up the River *Thames* and *Medway*, and the several Creeks and Channels belonging or adjoining into the same; and to make such Orders and Constitutions as should be useful for the wholesome Government of Seafaring Men, and Maintenance and Increase of Navigation, and of all Seafaring Men within the said River of *Thames*; in pursuance of which Powers the said Corporation have from time to time appointed a sufficient Number of Pilots for the Purposes before mentioned: And whereas these last have, time out of Mind, and now as a Society or Fellowship of Pilots of the *Trinity House of Dover, Deal and the Isle of Thanet*, who have had the Pilots and Leadsmen of all Ships from the said Places up the River *Thames* and *Medway*, which said Society or Fellowship have been confirmed by various Acts of Parliament for regulating the Pilots of the Society or Fellowship of Pilots of *Dover, Deal and the Isle of Thanet*, commonly called *Coast Port Pilots*; notwithstanding which, many Persons not having License or Authority, or competent Knowledge or Experience, have taken upon themselves to act as Pilots for conducting Ships or Vessels to and from and upon the said Rivers, to the great Hazard of such Ships or Vessels, and the Lives of their Crews: And whereas the Provisions of the said Acts have been found inadequate to the Regulation of Pilotage, and the Prevention of such Mischiefs, and it is therefore necessary that further and more effectual Regulations should be made for that Purpose, and that all the Provisions and Regulations relating to the several Duties of Pilots should be repealed: And whereas Acts of Parliament have been passed for establishing separate and peculiar Jurisdictions in relation to Pilotage in certain Ports, and on different Parts of the Coast of England, which, by reason of the same being limited, have been found insufficient to answer the good Purposes intended thereby; and it is therefore necessary that more effectual Regulations should be made in relation to Pilotage on the Coast of England: And whereas an Act was passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for the better Regulation of Pilots, and of the Pilotage of Ships and Vessels navigating the British Seas*, which is now now expiring; and it is expedient that the same should be continued, with Alterations and Amendments, as is hereinafter enacted: And whereas it is necessary for duly enforcing the Laws respecting Government, or which the Health of His Majesty's Subjects essentially depends, that the Names and Places of Residence of all Pilots in England should be known by their whole Duty it is to convey Information respecting these Laws from time to time to them: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act, passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, so far as the same relates to any Rates of Pilotage *due or to become due*, or to any Penalty or Forfeiture incurred or to be incurred, or any other Act, Matter or Thing done or to be done before the Commencement of the Operation of any of the Provisions of that Act, in relation to any such Matters as aforesaid, shall be and the same is hereby continued; and that all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Penalties, Forfeitures, Matters and Things relating as well to Pilots appointed by the said Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorset Strand*, as to Pilots of *Dover, Deal and the Isle of Thanet*, and to the Pilotage by and Regulation of all such Pilots as aforesaid, and also to the Control of all Persons in Matters of Pilotage within the Jurisdiction of the said Corporation of the Trinity House of *Dorset Strand*, and the Liberty of the Coast Ports, which was contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, heretofore made, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Master Warden and Assistants of the Guild, Fellowship or Brotherhood of the Most Excellent and Unobdurate Trinity, and of *Saint Clement* in the Parish of *Dorset Strand* in the County of *Kent*, (commonly called The Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorset Strand*) and they or he by request in opposition and in itself, under their Common Seal, fit and competent Persons, duly sworn as Pilots, for the Purpose of conducting all Ships and Vessels sailing, navigating and plying up and down, or upon the River of *Thames* and *Medway*, and all and every the several Channels, Creeks and Docks thereof or thereto, or landing or adjoining thereto, as well between *Oysterburgh* and *London Bridge*, as from *London Bridge* to the *Danish*, and from the *Danish* Wharfed as far as the *Isle of Wight*, and in the *English Channel* from the *Isle of Wight* up to *London Bridge*: And, that from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, and Constable of *Dover Castle*, or his Lieutenant for the time being, and they are hereby required to appoint and in itself fit and competent Persons, duly sworn as Pilots, for the Purpose of conducting all Ships and Vessels sailing, navigating and plying from the Westward up the River *Thames* and *Medway*; that is to say, from *Dungeness* up to *London Bridge* and *Reynolds Bridge*, and from the Bury of the *Brick* to the Westward; that is to say, from the said Bury to the West End of the Owers; all which Vessels shall be

continued

appointed and piloted by such Pilots as appointed and licensed, and by no other Pilots or Persons whomsoever; and also save and except as well all Colliers as also all Ships and Vessels trading to Norway, and to the *Catagay* and *Sable*, and likewise round the North Cape, and into the *White Sea*; and save and except all constant Tenders towards from the Ports between *Amoy* inclusive and the *Siberia*, such Ships and Vessels having *British* Registers, and coming up the North Channel by *Ostend*, but not otherwise; and likewise save and except all coasting Vessels, and all *British* Tenders using the Navigation of the River *Thames* as Coasters; Provided always, that it shall be lawful after the passing of this Act, for any Pilot or Pilots heretofore appointed by the said Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorsetshire* Strand, or by the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports and Countable of *Dover* Castle for the time being, or his Lieutenant for the time being, to pilot or conduct any Ship or Vessel within such Limits as such Pilot or Pilots might lawfully have conducted and piloted the same before the passing of this Act, under and by virtue of the Licenses or Authorities granted to such Pilots respectively as aforesaid; which respective Licenses shall continue in force notwithstanding this Act, so that such Pilots respectively do in all things conform themselves to the Provisions of this Act, and the Rules and Regulations to be established under the same.

Foreign.

III. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the respective Rates or Prices hereinafter enumerated in the Table marked (A.) in the Schedule to this Act annexed, may be lawfully demanded and received by any Pilot licensed by the said Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorsetshire* Strand, for the piloting or conducting of any Ship or Vessel from Pier to Place, as expressed in the said Table, and that no greater Rates or Prices, or other Reward or Emolument shall, under any Pretence whatsoever, be demanded, solicited or received, than such Rates or Prices.

Rates demanded by Pilots.

IV. And be it further enacted, That each and every Pilot already appointed, or to be appointed by the said Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorsetshire* Strand, under the Authority of this Act (except only such Pilots as shall be appointed by the said Corporation upon their receiving Certificates of Examination, by any Sub-Commissioners of Pilotage as hereby directed) shall from time to time, and at all times hereafter, pay or cause to be paid to the said Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorsetshire* Strand, or to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint to receive the same on their behalf, the Sum of Three Guineas in the Month of *January* yearly, which Payment shall be accepted by the said Corporation in Lien and Satisfaction of and for all the ancient and accustomed Duties payable by such Pilots to the said Corporation, under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Second, or any other Statute or Charter whatsoever, and shall be applied for the Use and Benefit of the Poor of the said Corporation, (after first defraying thereout the Expenses incurred by the said Corporation from time to time in carrying this Act into Execution); and in case such annual Payment shall not be duly made by the said Pilots respectively, it shall be lawful for the said Corporation to compel the Persons so making Default from adding as Penalties, until due Payment shall be made of such annual Sums.

Pilots to pay yearly Three Guineas to Corporation of Trinity House.

§ G. 2. c. 26.

Penalty.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be licensed by the said Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorsetshire* Strand, as a Pilot for the Rivers of *Thames* or *Medway*, or the Channel leading thereto and thitherward, under the Provisions of this Act, who shall not have served as Mate for Three Years on board a square rigged Vessel, or shall not have been in the actual Command of a square rigged Vessel for One Year, or who shall not have been employed in the Pilot Service of the Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorsetshire* Strand for Seven Years, or who shall not have served as Apprenticeship of Five Years in some Pilot Vessel licensed under this Act; and that no Person shall be so licensed, or be allowed until after Three Years License and Service, to take charge as a Pilot of any Ship or Vessel drawing more than Fourteen Feet Water, in the River *Thames* or *Medway*, or any of the Channels thereof, and such Person shall have been licensed, and shall have acted as a Pilot for Three Years under lawful Authority, or Paid of Licencing Fees for every such Office, as well by the Persons acting as such Pilot, as also by the Master or Commanders, or other Persons having charge of such Ship or Vessel, who shall permit any such Person to take charge as a Pilot of the same, contrary to the Provisions aforesaid.

No Person licensed as Pilot by Trinity House, except he have been four full, or taken charge of a Ship drawing more than 14 feet Water.

Penalty.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall, from and after the passing of this Act, take Charge of any Ship or Vessel, as a Pilot belonging to the Society or Fellowship of Pilots of *Dover*, *Deal* and the *Isle of Thanet*, commonly called *Cinque Port Pilots*, before he shall be examined by the Master and Two Wardens, or by Four Wardens of the said Society or Fellowship for the time being, touching his Abilities, and shall be approved and admitted into the Society or Fellowship of the *Trinity House of Dover, Deal* and the *Isle of Thanet*, by the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports and Countable of *Dover* Castle for the time being, or his Lieutenant for the time being; and if any Person shall presume to act as a Pilot belonging to the said Society or Fellowship, without having been so examined, approved and admitted as aforesaid, every such Person shall for the First Offence forfeit Ten Pounds; for the Second, Twenty Pounds; and for every other Offence, Forty Pounds.

No Charge (over Pilot) shall take charge of Ship till he has been examined.

Penalty.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Person belonging as a Pilot to the Society or Fellowship of Pilots of *Dover, Deal* and the *Isle of Thanet*, commonly called *Cinque Port Pilots*, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be allowed to take Charge as a Pilot of any Ship or Vessel drawing more than Eleven Feet Six Inches Water, until he shall have been licensed and acted as a Pilot for Three Years, or of any Ship or Vessel drawing more than Fourteen Feet Water, until he shall have been licensed and acted as a Pilot for Two Years more, making Five Years in the Whole, or of any Ship or Vessel drawing more than Seventeen Feet Water, until he shall have been licensed and acted as a Pilot Two Years more, making Seven Years in the Whole; and at the Expiration of each Period of Seven Years, each Pilot shall be again examined as to his Fitness and Competency, and if he shall be approved of in such Examination and licensed, shall be permitted and allowed and entitled to take Charge of any Ships or Vessels of any Draft of Water: Provided

Pilot of lower Class allowed to take charge of Ships of greater Draught than Licencing at Office of Pilots of higher Class.

always,

always, that in case of the Absence of Pilots who have been licensed and have acted as such for the Term of Three Years and upwards, Five Years and upwards, and Seven Years and upwards respectively, the Pilots in the lower Clauses may take Charge of Ships drawing more Water than herebefore specified for their respective Years of Service, and shall not in such case be liable to any Penalties for so doing; nor shall the Masters of the Ships who may take any such Pilot on board in the Absence of the Pilots of the upper Clauses, nor the Owners of such Ships, be answerable for any Loss or Damage, nor shall any Owner or Owners of any Ship or Vessel, or Consignee of Goods, be prevented from recovering any Loss or Damage upon any Contract of Insurances of the same, or upon any other Contract relating to any such Ship or Vessel, or any Cargo on board the same, by reason of such Pilots being so employed in their Ships in the Absence of the others: Provided always, that in any such Case the proper Flag shall be kept flying, unless the Letters and Distances hereinafter mentioned, and for the Period of One Month after the Vessel shall have been at Anchor, as in this Act provided for Congee Port Pilots coming on board of any Vessel within such Letters; and the Master or Person commanding any such Ship or Vessel shall be subject to the Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act enacted for neglecting to keep a Pilot Signal flying accordingly, although he shall have agreed to take any such Pilot of a lower Class, in case of no other Pilot coming on board; and any Pilot having such Licence as shall qualify him to take Charge of any such Ship or Vessel on board of which any such Pilot of a lower Class shall be, shall be equall with such First, Letters and Distances as aforesaid, to supersede such Pilot of a lower Class.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Master, and each Warden of the said Society or Fellowship of Pilots of the Trinity Hoop of Devon, Deal and the City of Thames, as shall be appointed from time to time to examine into the Skill and Ability of any Person as his being set admitted as a Pilot into the said Society or Fellowship, or after he shall have been licensed and practised seven Years, shall take the Oath marked (C.) in the Schedule hereunto annexed, to be administered unto him by the Register of the Court of Admiralty, who is hereby authorized to administer such Oath.

IX. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the respective Rates or Prices hereinafter enumerated as the Table marked (B.) in the Schedule in this Act annexed, may be lawfully demanded and received by any Pilot licensed by the Lord Warden of the Congee Ports and Counties of Devon and the City of London, or his Lieutenant for the time being, for the conducting of any Ship or Vessel from Place to Place, as expressed in the said Table; and that no greater Rates or Prices, or other Reward or Emolument, shall, under any Pretence whatsoever, be received, than such Rates or Prices.

X. And be it further enacted, That a proper and sufficient Number of Pilots of the Congee Ports, not less than Eighteen at any one time, and in Succession, from one to one, without Interruption or any unnecessary Delay, shall, at all convenient times, by Day and Night, constantly ply at Sea, or be absent, between the South Foreland and Dungeness, to take Charge of Ships and Vessels coming from the Westward; and proper Signals shall be established, to be made at and from Signal Houses now erected, or which may be erected on commanding Situations near to Dungeness, to give Notice of Fleets of Vessels coming from the Westward; and upon the making of any Signals, giving Notice of the Approach of any Fleet from the Westward, all Congee Port Pilots not on Duty at the time shall, according to such Rules and Regulations, as to Number, Rotation or otherwise, as herebefore or shall be made in that Behalf, forthwith prepare to go aboard, and shall go off in fullness of time to fall in with such Ships and Vessels, on pain of forfeiting, in case of Neglect herein, for the first Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and for the third Offence shall forfeit his Licence to act as such Pilot, and shall be rendered thereby incapable of acting thereafter as a Pilot.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Master or other Person having the Command of any Ship or Vessel coming from the Westward, and bound to any Place in the River of Thames or Medway, not being a daily qualified Congee Port Pilot on board, shall, on the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel off Dungeness, and until he shall have passed the Buoy of the Brink, or a Line to be drawn from Sandness Castle to the said Buoy, (unless in the mean time he shall have received a proper Congee Port Pilot on board) display and keep flying the usual Signal for a Pilot to come on board; and if any duly qualified Congee Port Pilot shall be within hail, or approaching, and within Half a Mile, with the proper distinguishing Flag or Vane flying as his Vessel or Boat, the Master or other Person having the Command of such Ship or Vessel shall, by hoisting to in proper time, or shortening sail, or by all practicable means consistently with the Safety of the Ship or Vessel, facilitate such Pilot getting on board, and shall give the Charge of piloting his Ship or Vessel to such Congee Port Pilot; and every Person commanding any such Ship or Vessel, who shall not display and keep flying the usual Signal for a Pilot to come on board, from the time such Ship or Vessel shall have arrived off Dungeness, and until the Vessel shall have passed the Buoy of the Brink, or a Line to be drawn from Sandness Castle to the said Buoy (unless in the mean time a duly qualified Pilot shall have come on board) or who shall decline to take any such Congee Port Pilot on board, or to give such Charge of his Ship or Vessel to such Pilot, or who shall not hoist his proper sail or otherwise facilitate such Pilot coming on board as aforesaid, consistently with the Safety of the Ship or Vessel, shall forfeit and pay double the Amount of the Sum which would have been demanded for the Pilotage of such Ship or Vessel, and shall forfeit the further Sum or Two Pounds for every Fifty Tons Burthen of such Ship or Vessel: Provided always, that such additional Penalty of Five Pounds for every Fifty Tons, shall not in any case be paid for or recovered, until the Corporation of the Trinity Hoop, as in all cases in which Pilots licensed by or under the said Corporation shall be concerned, or until the said Lord Warden for the time being, or his Lieutenant for the time being, shall think fit so to authorize by written Certificate the Proceeding for such additional Penalty, as in all Cases in which Pilots by or under the said Lord Warden shall be concerned: Provided always, that if any Ship or Vessel bound to the River

Thames

Trinity Hoop
of Devon, or
appointed Licen-
sured Pilots.
Oath.

Rates demanded
by such licensed
Pilots.

A sufficient
Number of
Congee Port
Pilots to ply;
upon making
Signals of Fleets
from Westward,
Pilot on
Duty to
fly at
Sea &c.

Penalty.

Masters of Ships
from Westward
not being
Congee Port
Pilots, to display
Signal for one,
and facilitate his
getting on board.

Neglect, &c.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Thames or Medway shall anchor any where in the *Thames* between the *Beak* *Paradise*, and a *Line* drawn from *Sandwich* *Cable* and the *South* *Bury* of the *Banks*, having any licensed *Pilot* other than a *Cinque* *Port* *Pilot* on board, it shall be lawful for a *Cinque* *Port* *Pilot* to appear on board the *Ship*, at any time before each *Ship* or *Vessel* shall have been at an *Anchorage* *Place* with the *Signal* for a *Pilot* *lying*, and to take *Charge* of her up the *said* *River*, but not otherwise.

Cinque Port Pilot may appear on board *Ships* or *Vessels*, with a *License*.

XII. And whereas great Convenience to Trade will arise by putting an End to the Usage of *Cinque* *Port* *Pilots* *quitting* *Ships* or *Vessels* at *Greenwich*, or elsewhere in the *Thames* or *Medway*, at their *Discretion*: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, if any *Cinque* *Port* *Pilot*, taking *Charge* of any *Ship* or *Vessel* into the *Thames* or *Medway*, shall quit each *Ship* or *Vessel* at *Greenwich*, or in any other Part of the *Thames*, or in any Part of the *Medway*, before each *Ship* or *Vessel* shall have arrived at the *Place* to which each *Ship* or *Vessel* is bound in the *said* *Rivers* *Thames* or *Medway* respectively, without the Consent of the *Captain* or other *Person* having the *Command* thereof, unless some other duly qualified *Pilot* shall with such Consent come on board, and shall take the *Charge* and *Conduct* of each *Ship* or *Vessel* for the *Residue* of the *Voyage* to be performed, every such *Pilot* shall forfeit for every such *Offence*, all *Pay* or *Reward* to which he might be entitled for having conducted or piloted each *Ship* or *Vessel* into the *Rivers* *Thames* or *Medway*, and shall also be subject to each other *Penalty* or *Punishment* so, by virtue of any of the *Provisions* of this Act, or of the *Rules* and *Regulations* to be established in pursuance hereof, any *Pilot* shall be liable to for quitting a *Ship* or *Vessel* before the *Ship* arrives at her *Place* of *Destination*.

Cinque Port Pilot to quit *Ship* or *Vessel* before Arrival, without Consent of *Master*.

Penalty.

XIII. And whereas the *Pilots* of the *Cinque* *Ports* are divided into *Two* *Classes*, called the *Upper* and *Lower* *Book* *Pilots*: And whereas the *proportion* *Cinque* *Port* *Pilots* of the *Lower* *Book* to take *Charge* of *Ships* which heretofore would only be taken by *Pilots* of the *Upper* *Book*, will diminish the *Profits* of the *Upper* *Book* *Pilots*, and thereby the *Profits* of the *Lower* *Book* *Pilots*; and it is therefore reasonable that *Compensation* should be made by the *Lower* *Book* *Pilots* to the *Profits* who are at the *same* *time* *Upper* *Book* *Pilots*: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the *Consent* of *Landowners* from time to time to settle the *Amount* of the *Deductions* to be made from the *Rates* received by *Low* or *Book* *Pilots* for taking *Charge* of *Vessels* of greater *Depth* of *Water* than they could heretofore by *Law* take, and at what *Proportions*, and in what manner, and to whom the *same* are to be paid, and how the *same* shall be applied in making *Compensation* to the *proportion* *Upper* *Book* *Pilots* for the *Losses* they may sustain by each *Lower* *Book* *Pilot* taking *Charge* of each *Vessel* as aforesaid; provided that such *Deductions* do to be fixed as aforesaid, shall from time to time be diminished and decreased as the *proportion* *Sixty* *four* *Upper* *Book* *Pilots* shall do, be superseded, or discontinued to all *Pilots*; and that such *Deductions* shall be taken and accepted in *lieu* of all other *Allowances* or *Contributions* whatsoever from the *said* *Lower* *Book* *Pilots*, except *Tidney* *Money*, *Chicks* *Fees*, and for *Widows*.

Grant of *Land* *Compensation* to *Upper* *Book* *Pilots*, by the *Lower* *Book* *Pilots*.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all *Persons* heretofore to all as *Cinque* *Port* *Pilots* shall from time to time, and at all times hereafter, be subject to the *Regulation* and *Government* of the *Lord* *Warden* of the *Cinque* *Ports* and *Coastable* of *Dover* *Castle* for the *time* *being*; and the *Master* and *Wardens* of the *said* *Society* or *Fellowship* of *Pilots* of *Dover* *Castle* and the *Use* of *Thames*, and the *Lord* *Warden* of the *Cinque* *Ports*, *Coastable* of *Dover* *Castle* for the *time* *being*, his *Lieutenant* for the *time* *being*, and the *Deputy* *Lieutenant* for the *time* *being*, or either of them, with the *Assent* of the *Commissioners* of *Land* *Revenue* or the *major* *Part* of them present at an *Assembly* commonly called a *Court* of *Land* *Revenue*, to be hold by the *said* *Lord* *Warden* or his *Deputy*, shall, within *Four* *Calendar* *Months* after the passing of this Act, proceed to make and shall make sufficient *Rules* and *Orders* for enforcing the *due* *Observance* of the *Provisions* of this Act by all *Cinque* *Port* *Pilots*, and for providing for the *good* *Government*, *orderly* *Attendance*, and *Regulation* of all such *Pilots*, as well relating to the *services* of the *said* *Pilots* in going off to and taking *Charge* of and conducting and managing *His* *Majesty's* *Ships* and *Vessels*, and the *Ships* and *Vessels* in *His* *Majesty's* *Employ*, and also all *Ships* and *Vessels* whatever and whatsoever within the *ports* and *adjacent* *Limits* of each *Place*, or wherein they shall for the *time* *being* sit or lay, and for effectually securing the *Performance* of all the *Duties* and *Services* of such *Pilots* at all times; and from time to time to amend, alter or repeal all and every of each or any such *Rules* or *Orders*, or *Bye-Laws*, and to make such other *Bye-Laws*, *Rules* and *Regulations*, as they shall deem fit and proper; and all such *Rules* and *Regulations* hereafter to be made shall, before the *same* are allowed to take *Effect* or become binding on any *Person* or *Persons* whatsoever, be forthwith printed and transmitted to the *Custom* *House* in *London*, and there hung up in some conspicuous *Place* in the *Long* *Road* of the *said* *Custom* *House*; and *Notices* shall be published in the *Gazette*, and also put up at the *Custom* *House* with the *Cinque* *Ports*, of each *Bye-Law*, *Rule* and *Regulation*, or any *Alterations* thereof, for *Eighteen* *Months*, in each *Year*, as any *Person* conceived thereof, whether as *Owners* or *Masters* of *Ships*, or *Pilots* or otherwise, may transmit to the *Lord* *Warden* of the *Cinque* *Ports* or his *Lieutenants*, any *Objections* which they may have therein, for the *Paraphrase* of the *same* being shewed or explained; and if no *Objections* to the *Rules* and *Regulations* to made or altered shall be proposed by or on the *Behalf* of any *Person* or *Persons* within the *Space* of *Thirty* *Days* after the *Notice* shall have been given and made public in the *manner* herebefore provided, they shall have the *same* Force and *Effect*, in all *Interests* and *Particulars*, as all other *Rules* and *Regulations* in the *Government* of *Pilots* within the *Jurisdiction* of the *Cinque* *Ports* have; but if any *Objections* shall be made, to the *L. of* *Warden* or his *Lieutenant*, by or on *Behalf* of any *Person* or *Persons*, to any *Rule* or *Regulation*, or any *Alteration* in any *Rule* or *Regulation*, of which *Notice* shall be given as aforesaid, within *Thirty* *Days* after the *Publication* thereof, then and in such case the *Operation* thereof shall be suspended until *Further* *Order* shall be had in *His* *Majesty's* *Most* *Honourable* *Privy* *Council*, who are hereby summoned and required to hear, as well any *Person* who shall be deposed by the *Court* of *Land* *Revenue*, as by the *Person* or *Persons* objecting, and finally to decide as to the *confirming*, *altering* or *repealing* of such *Rules*.

Rules to be made for *Cinque* *Port* *Pilots*.

By-Laws.

Privy Council.

Division of
Privy Council,
Act.

Rules or Regulations, which Decisions of the Privy Council shall be final and be binding on all Parties; and Copies thereof shall be delivered to every Member of the said Society, and also to every new Member of the said Society as his Election; and a Copy or Extract thereof shall be at all times in the Possession of every Pilot belonging to the Company Ports, as well those already admitted and licensed as all others hereafter to be licensed as such Pilots; and it shall be lawful for such Rules and Regulations to establish Rates of Payment out of such Surplus Earnings of the Lower Book Pilots, as may arise from their being allowed to take the higher Classes of Ships in the Address of Pilots of the Upper Book, under the Provisions of this Act, for the better Support and Maintenance of the Upper Book Pilots, and also Penalties and Forfeitures for the violating such Rules and Regulations, and better ordering of the said Pilots, and for imposing or depriving any of the said Pilots of their Licences for breaking such Rules or Orders, or omitting to do any thing required by the same to be done, or for acting in any way contrary to such Rules or Orders.

Such Rules not
daily made and
transmitted as
directed, Privy
Council orders to
be taken up and
distributed.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if such Rules and Regulations in relation to Company Port Pilots shall not be made and transmitted as aforesaid within Four Calendar Months after the passing of this Act, or if such Rules and Regulations, when made and transmitted, shall appear to be in any material Point erroneous, defective or defective, it shall be lawful for any Owner of Ships, or other Person interested in the Matter of such Rules or Regulations, to apply to His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, who shall thereupon cause proper and sufficient Rules and Regulations to be drawn up for the Purposes aforesaid, in case no such Rules and Regulations shall have been made and transmitted as aforesaid, or shall amend, correct or change any such Rules and Regulations as shall have been made and transmitted; which Rules and Regulations so made or so amended, collected and enlarged, shall be distributed, published and made use of, in such manner as His Majesty's said Privy Council shall in that Behalf appoint and direct; and the same shall take Effect from such time as is in the said Rules or Regulations shall be expressed in regard to the Commencement thereof.

3 G. 3. c. 82
4 G. 3. c. 104
5 G. 3.

Number of
Company Ports
increased.

XVI. And whereas, under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Third Year of His late Majesty King George the First, the Number of Pilots of the Company Ports was to be One hundred and twenty at the least, and it has been found by Experience that the said Number is inadequate to the increased Trade and Navigation of this Kingdom; and by an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, the Number of such Pilots was increased to One hundred and forty: Be it therefore enacted, That Twenty Company Port Pilots more shall be added whenever such further Addition shall be directed to be made by an Order of His Majesty's Privy Council, upon Application made to His Majesty in Council for that Purpose by the Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorchester*; and also a further Addition of Twenty Company Port Pilots shall be made to the Number above mentioned, increasing the whole Number to One hundred and eighty, by the like Authority, whenever such last mentioned Addition shall be applied for, by the Corporation of the Trinity House of *Dorchester*, to His Majesty in Council.

Increased Number
kept up.

After Deficiency
of Trinity of
Ports, Vacancies
filled up by
Purchase of
Privy Council.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the increased Numbers of the said Pilots shall respectively take place as aforesaid provided, the Numbers so increased shall from thenceforth be kept up from time to time by the Appointment of Pilots in Succession or other as any Vacancy or Vacancies shall happen by Death, Incapacity or Dismission; provided, that after the Conclusion of a Definitive Treaty of Peace with France, no Vacancy shall be filled up as aforesaid, without a special Formative in that Behalf given by His Majesty's Privy Council, upon the Recommendation of the said Corporation of Trinity House: unless the Number of Pilots shall at any time, by Death or otherwise, be reduced below One hundred and forty, in which case the Vacancies shall be filled up from thenceforth from time to time so as not to exceed One hundred and forty in the whole.

Pilots to qualify
themselves in
command, and to
conduct Ships
into and out of
Company Ports,
Proviso.

XVIII. And whereas certain Harbours near *The Downs* have become much frequented as Places of Safety, and Ships and Vessels lying in or passing through *The Downs* are sometimes compelled to run to these Harbours, and it is therefore necessary to make Provisions for the Pilotage of such Harbours: Be it therefore enacted, That all Pilots whose Licences or Warrants shall authorize them to pilot Ships or Vessels from any Place to the Wealdway, up to *London Bridge*, shall qualify themselves, and shall be examined as to their Qualifications and Ability to conduct any Ship or Vessel into and out of *Ramsgate Harbour*, and the Harbours of *Dover*, *Sandwich* and *Margate*, and shall be obliged to pilot any Ships or Vessels into and out of the said Harbours; and if any such Pilot shall refuse to take charge of or conduct any Ship or Vessel into or out of any of the said Harbours, such Pilot shall forfeit all Pay and Reward to which he might otherwise be entitled for the Pilotage of any such Ship or Vessel, and shall be subject to such Fine or other Punishment as shall be established in that Behalf by the Rules and Regulations of the Corporation or Society to which such Pilot shall belong.

Rate for such
Pilotage.

XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every licensed Pilot who shall take Charge of and conduct any Ship or Vessel into or out of *Ramsgate Harbour*, or into or out of *Dover*, *Sandwich* or *Margate*, shall be entitled to and shall receive for such Pilotage as and after the Rate of Five Shillings for every Foot of the Length of Water of the Ship or Vessel so piloted and conducted by him into or out of any such Harbour, if such Ship or Vessel shall have been so piloted and conducted into or out of the same in ordinary Weather, but if under any Circumstances of Distress, then such Pilot shall be entitled to such further Sum of Money, to be calculated according to the Extent and Circumstances of such Distress, as the Commissioners of *Sandwich*, established under the Lord Wardens of the Company Ports, shall, upon Application either of the Pilot, or Owner or Master of any such Ship or Vessel, upon swearing that all such circumstances, death, and such Command, forces shall, and they are hereby required, upon any such Application made, to recover into all such circumstances, Rates, and to determine the Amount of the Sum to be paid for the Pilotage of any such Ship or Vessel into the said Harbours respectively: Provided always, that on the Arrival of any Ship or Vessel, and as soon as the

Ships de-
scribed as fore-
in this Act,

shall be allowed to be) (limited Harbour, it shall be lawful for the Pilot to demand the Pilots due to him as aforesaid, and so upon like Ship's Deckwork.

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Corporation of Trinity House of Deptford (and) and they are lawfully required to appoint from time to time (as often) and for each Period as they in their Discretion shall think fit) proper and competent Persons at each Port or Place in England as they may think requisite (except within the Liberty of the Cinque Ports, and all such other Ports and Places whither or for which Provisions shall have been made by any Act or Acts of Parliament, or by any Charter or Charters for the Appointment of Pilots), not to exceed Five nor less than three Persons at each Port or Place for which any such Appointment shall be made, which Person or Persons so appointed shall be called Sub-Commissioners of Pilots; and shall take the Oath in the Schedule hereunto annexed, marked (B.) for the faithful Discharge of their Duty; and such Persons do to be appointed full and they are lawfully authorized (so long as their respective Appointments shall not be revoked or suspended, by the Appointment of other Persons in those Places) to exercise into the Qualifications of Persons as well as Pilots for each respective Port and Place, and the adjoining Coasts, specified in their respective Appointments as aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for the said Corporation, upon their receiving a satisfactory Certificate, under the Hand of any Three of the Persons to be appointed, where the whole Number of any Port or Place shall consist of Four or Five, and by any Two where the whole Number shall consist of Three, that the Person examined as aforesaid is duly qualified to act for such Port or Place, and the adjoining Coasts, to give a License to each Person to act as a Pilot within the particular Limits (defining the same) for which he shall have passed such Examination; which License shall be granted in the Full Influence for One Year, and shall afterwards, from Year to Year, be subject to Renewal and Confirmation, or otherwise, at the Discretion of the said Corporation of Trinity House: Provided always, that such Sub-Commissioners as have been already appointed under the Authority of the said Act of the twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty, shall continue to act in the same manner as if they were appointed under this Act.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Corporation of the Trinity House of the Ports of Hull and Newcastle respectively, to appoint such Commissioners of Pilots to exercise Pilots and give Licenses for Pilots for piloting Ships and Vessels into or out of any Ports, Harbours or Places, within the Limits of their respective Jurisdictions, any thing in this or any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to prevent any Ship or Vessel which shall be brought into any Port or Ports in England by any Pilot duly licensed, from being afterwards removed to such Port or Ports by the Master or Mate, or with a Person belonging to such Ship or Vessel, and leaving the Command thereof, or if in Ballast, by any other Person or Persons appointed by any Owner, or the Master, or any Agent of the Owner, for the Purpose of entering into or going out of any Dock, or for change of the Mooming of such Ship or Vessel.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That when and as often as the said Corporation of Trinity House of Deptford should have licensed Pilots for any particular Port or Ports, and the respective Coasts near the same as aforesaid, they shall cause Notice of such Appointment to be published, by fixing up such Notice in Writing at the Trinity House, and at the Custom House in London, and also at the respective Custom Houses of the Ports for which, and the Coasts near the same, such Appointment shall be made; and shall also, if convenient, cause such Notice to be published in the London Gazette, and in One or more Newspapers printed in that Part of the Country where the Ports shall respectively be situated, which Publication in the London Gazette shall be good and sufficient Evidence of the Notice having been given, and from and after a year or more to be limited in the said Notice, which shall not in any case, or in relation to any Ships or Vessels whatever, be less than six Weeks from the Publication thereof as aforesaid, and shall be proportionably more, at the Discretion of the said Corporation, in relation to Ships and Vessels engaged in Foreign Voyages at the time of such Publication, all Ships and Vessels sailing, navigating or plying into or out of the said respective Ports, or upon the Coasts thereof, shall be considered and piloted by such Pilots only as shall be so licensed as aforesaid, and by no other Pilots whatsoever.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person suspended, or adjudged to have forfeited his License as a Pilot, shall, during the Term of such Suspension, or after such Adjudication, take upon himself to conduct any Ship or Vessel, except in cases of Distress, and in cases when no licensed Pilots can be found, such Person shall be liable to all such Penalties to be recovered and applied in like Manner and Form as are provided by this Act against any Person who shall conduct or pilot any Ship or Vessel without ever having been licensed as a Pilot.

XXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Pilot who shall be suspended, or adjudged to have forfeited his License, and every Person who, having complained of any such Pilot, shall be dissatisfied with the Adjudication made upon the Matter of such Complaint by the Corporation, Society or Person who shall have Cognizance of such Complaint, may appeal to His Majesty's Privy Council, who shall thereupon have the Appeal, and consider or cause any former Determination or Adjudication in the Premises, or at their Discretion make any particular and special Order relating thereto, and in the Matter of such Appeal, as the said Council may require.

XXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Owner or Master of any Ship or Vessel shall be answerable for any Loss or Damage, nor shall any Owner or Owners of any Ship or Vessel, or Consignee of Goods, be prevented from recovering any Loss or Damage upon any Contract of Indemnity of the Case, or upon any other Contract relating to any Ship or Vessel, or any Cargo on board the same, by reason of no Pilot being on board of any such Ship or Vessel, unless it shall be proved that the Want of a Pilot shall have

Trinity House of Deptford shall appoint Sub-Commissioners of Pilots for the same Ports as well as Pilots.

On Certificates or being examined, may grant Licenses.

Sub-Commissioners already appointed by the Statute.

Trinity House of Hull and Newcastle may appoint Sub-Commissioners, at Ships brought into Port by the Act, may be removed by His Majesty, for certain Purposes.

Notice of Appointment of Pilots shall be in every Harbour, and other Ports shall act.

Not to be considered as a Pilot, unless licensed.

Pilots to be appointed, and Appeal.

Owner's Matters of Ship and Goods shall be the same as the Consignee's interest from every thing.

Inlanders, for
want of Pilots,
&c.

Owners not
to be liable more
than Value of
Ship and
Freight.

Proviso for
Cases of the
Mortality;
and for Vessels
not exceeding
40 Tons.

Owners not
liable for Loss
arising from In-
competency of
Pilots, &c.

Remedy by Civil
Action.

Proviso for
Cases of Larceny,
Fire, or other In-
juries.

and for Masters,
&c. residing in
Down. As to
being their own
Ship.

Proviso that
any Certificate
issued after such
Masters are
so returned
Pilots, &c.

Penalty.

Trinity Hoops
of Deptford to
which Rates
shall be
being in Col-
lege Hoops.

Masters of
Foreign Vessels
of Ships, &c.
to be liable with
the Rates.
Appeal.

shall from any Refusal to take a Pilot on board, or from the Willing Neglect of the Master of the Ship or Vessel, in not heaving to or using all practicable means to assist the Safety of the Vessel, for the Purpose of taking on board any Pilot who shall be ready and offer to take Charge of such Ship or Vessel.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Owner of any such Ship or Vessel shall be liable, in any such case, for any Loss or Damage beyond the Value of such Ship or Vessel and her Appurtenances, and the Freight due or to grow due for and during such Voyage, unless such Loss or Damage may happen or arise.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained, shall extend or be construed to extend to any Ships or Vessels belonging to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, as to their being compelled to take Pilots on board.

XXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That none of the Clauses, Provisions, Penalties or Reprehensions of this Act, shall extend, or be construed to extend, to any Vessel not exceeding the Burthen of Forty Tons, having British Registers, nor to any Master or Owner of any such Vessel in respect thereof, or of the issuing of the same in any Channel, River, Port or Place whatever.

XXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Owner or Master of any Ship or Vessel shall be liable for any Loss or Damage, nor shall any Owner or Owners of any Ship or Vessel, or Consignee or Goods, be prevented from entering any Lett or Demurrage upon any Contract of Insurance of the same, or upon any other Contract relating to any Ship or Vessel, or any Cargo on board the same, for or by reason or means of any Neglect, Default, Incompetency or Incapacity of any Pilot taken on board of any such Ship or Vessel, under or in performance of any of the Provisions of this Act.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to extend to deprive any Person of any Remedy, by Civil Action against Pilots or other Persons, which they might have had if this Act had not been passed.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend, or be construed to extend, to the taking away, abridging, defeating, impeding or interrupting of any Grants, Liberties, Privileges, Franchises or Privileges heretofore granted by any Charters or Acts of Parliament to the Pilots of the Trinity Hoops of the Town of Kingston upon Hull, or the Trinity Hoops of Newcastle upon Tyne, or to give any Authority to the Corporation of the Trinity Hoops of Deptford Strand, unless any Power or Direction having separate Jurisdiction in Matters of Pilotsage, under any Act of Parliament or Charter, or to alter or repeal any Provisions contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Pilots of any Ports or Harbours in relation to which Provisions shall have been made in any Act or Acts of Parliament, as to Pilots or Pilotsage, or the Pilotsage within the Limits prescribed by any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Pilotsage for such Ports, or to the Burthen of Vessels navigating to or from such Ports.

XXXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to prevent or hinder the Master or Mate of any Ship or Vessel, or Owner or Part Owner, residing at Down, Deal or the Isle of Thanet, from commanding or piloting his own Ship or Vessel up or down the River Thames or Medway, or into or out of any Port or Place within the Jurisdiction of the Cinque Ports.

XXXIV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any licensed Pilot to supersede any Person not licensed as a Pilot in the Charge of any Ship or Vessel within the Limits of his Licence: And every Master of any Ship or Vessel who shall continue to act himself as a Pilot, or who shall continue any unlicensed Person, or any licensed Person sitting out of the Limits for which he is qualified as a Pilot, after any Pilot licensed to act within the Limits in which such Ship or Vessel shall then actually be shall have offered to take Charge of the Ship or Vessel; and every Person assuming or continuing in the Charge or Command of any Ship or Vessel without being duly licensed to act within the Limits in which such Ship or Vessel shall actually be, after any Pilot duly licensed and qualified to act in the Premises shall have offered to take Charge of such Ship or Vessel; shall respectively forfeit for every such Offence a Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds, nor less than Twenty Pounds.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Corporation of Trinity Hoops of Deptford Strand, and they are hereby authorized and required to establish, vary and alter, from time to time as circumstances shall render the same necessary, regular Rates of Pilotsage in relation to all Pilotsage performed in any River, Port or Place, or upon any Coast whatsoever, by any Pilot or Pilots who shall be hired by the said Corporation, upon their receiving Certificates of Examination from any Sub-Commissioners of Pilotsage hereby directed to be appointed; which Rates shall be regulated by and proportional as well to the Size and Draught of Water of the Vessels, as to the Distance piloted, the Detraction and Responsibility of the Pilot, and such other circumstances as the said Corporation may think fit to take into Consideration in fixing and establishing such Rates; of which Establishment or Alterations of Rates of Pilotsage, Notice shall be given by hanging up printed Tables thereof, corrected from time to time as Variations therein shall be made, at the several Custom Houses at the Ports to which the said Rates shall apply.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the major Part in Number of the Pilots who shall be licensed by the said Corporation of Trinity Hoops of Deptford Strand, for any particular Port or Place, as a consequence of their receiving Certificates of Examination is shewed, shall be satisfied with the Rates so established or altered, or to rate any Owners of Ships or Vessels, interested in any such Rates, shall be dissatisfied with such respective Rates, it shall be lawful for such Parties respectively to appeal to the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council; and it shall be lawful for any Complainant of such Privy Council, calling to their Assistance any such Person as they may think fit, to hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal or Appeals, and to settle, alter and regulate such Rates as to them shall appear to be expedient,

them, in case the Matter of such Appeal shall be the Defect of the said Committee of Privy Council appear to require the making any Orders therein.

XXXVII. And further enacted, That all Persons hereafter to act as Pilots, or as Pilot Vessels, by the said Corporation of Trinity House, by virtue of this Act, shall from time to time and at all times hereafter be subject to the Regulation and Government of the Master, Wardens and Assistants of the said Corporation, who are hereby authorized and empowered, as well for insuring the good Conduct and constant Attendance of such Pilots upon their Duty, as for enforcing the general Purposes of this Act, from time to time to make and frame all such Bye-Laws, Rules, Orders, Regulations and Ordinances, as they shall think fit, always specifying and directing also what annual or other Sums shall be paid by any such Pilots to the Sub-Commissioners of Pilots, for the Execution of such Pilots, and for granting and receiving or continuing their Licences from time to time; and it shall be lawful for the said Master, Wardens and Assistants of the said Corporation respectively, to accept such reasonable Penalties and Forfeitures for the Breach of such Bye-Laws, Rules, Orders and Ordinances, when made, as to three full term expedient in that behalf, and from time to time to amend, alter and amend, all or any of the existing Bye-Laws, and to make such other and new Bye-Laws, Rules, Orders and Ordinances, as they shall think proper, so as such Bye-Laws, Rules, Regulations and Ordinances, be made conformable to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and shall not be repugnant to the Laws of this Realm: Provided always, that no Bye-Laws hereafter shall have Force or Effect before they shall have been assented, sanctioned and approved by the Chief Justice of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, or by the Chief Justice of His Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, the Sessions and Application of either of which Chief Justices shall be void if under his Hand and Seal; and all and every such Bye-Laws, Rules, Orders and Ordinances, when so made and confirmed as aforesaid, shall be observed and kept, and put in Execution, and have the same Force and Effect and Operation, to all Intents and Purposes, as if they were respectively enacted by this Act.

XXXVIII. And, in order that all such Bye-Laws, Rules and Regulations, may be previously examined by the Parties interested therein, be it further enacted, That Copies of all such proposed Bye-Laws, Rules and Regulations, shall be transmitted to His Majesty's Privy Council, and to the Commissioners of Customs in London, Three Calendar Months before the same shall be submitted to such Chief Justice as aforesaid; and the Commissioners of the Customs are hereby required upon the Receipt of such Copies, to cause the same to be printed and hung up, as soon as the same may be done, in the several Custom Houses of the principal Ports in Great Britain, to be open to the Inspection of all Persons interested therein at all reasonable times; and Notice shall be given to the Governor, of such Bye-Laws being so hung up for Inspection as aforesaid.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That all Copies of such Bye-Laws, Rules, Orders and Ordinances, as shall be so made and confirmed as aforesaid, shall be printed, and shall be hung up in some public or conspicuous Place in the several Custom Houses of the Ports in England within the Limits for which the Pilots respectively shall be licensed; and also at the Trinity House in London.

XL. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall apply for a Licence to act as a Pilot by virtue of this Act, shall, before any Licence shall be granted to him, execute a Bond in a penal Sum, at the Discretion of the said Corporation of Trinity House of Distinguished Goods, or the Society or Fellowship of Pilots of Devon, Dorset and the Isle of Thanet, in an Amount not exceeding One hundred Pounds, to be paid to the said Corporation or Society, their Successors and Assigns, with a Condition subjoined thereto for better securing the due Obedience of such Pilot to the Bye-Laws, Rules, Orders, Regulations and Ordinances made in pursuance of the said Act, or which shall be made and framed pursuant to this Act; which Bond shall be capable of being given in Evidence in any Court of Law or Equity, without being stamped according to the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties: Provided always, that all Bonds given by Pilots under any former Act, shall continue in force and be deemed to be given under this Act, unless new Bonds shall in any case be required by the said Corporation or Society aforesaid, in which case new Bonds shall be given.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That all Bye-Laws, Rules, Regulations and Orders made under the said recited Act of the Tenth year of His Majesty King George the Third, and in force under the same at the time of the passing of this Act, shall remain and continue in full Force until the same shall be amended or altered under this Act, or other Bye-Laws, Rules and Regulations shall be made under this Act in lieu thereof; and shall be and are hereby declared to be good and valid Bye-Laws, Rules and Regulations and Orders, under this Act, as fully as if they had been made under the Authority of the same; any thing heretofore or in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That the Master or Pilot commanding any Ship or Vessel bound to the River Thames, and which shall repair to Swanagee Creek for the Performance of Quarantine, shall pay the said Charges of Pilotage up to Swanagee Creek or Swanagee Creek or other Place appointed for the Performance of Quarantine; and every Pilot commanding any such Vessel at Swanagee Creek, shall be entitled to Eight Shillings per Day, for the Days he shall be obliged to remain as Quarantine.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Pilot taking Charge of any Ship or Vessel into the River Thames or Medway, shall quit such Ship or Vessel at Swanagee Creek before such Ship or Vessel shall have arrived at the Place to which such Ship or Vessel is bound to the River Thames or Medway respectively, without the Consent of the Captain or other Person having the Command thereof, unless some other duly qualified Pilot shall come on board, and shall take the Charge and Conduct of such Ship or Vessel for the Remainder of the Passage to be performed, every such Pilot shall forfeit, for every such Offence, all Pay or Reward to which he might be entitled for having conducted or piloted such Ship or Vessel to Swanagee Creek, and shall also be subject to such other Penalty or Punishment as by virtue of any of the Provisions of this Act, or

Trinity House may make: And every such Penalty to be levied at their Pleasure.

Bye-Laws to be sanctioned by Chief Justice of K.B. or C.P.

Copies of proposed Bye-Laws transmitted to Privy Council, and Commissioners of Customs, Copying up.

Copies of Bye-Laws read and hung up.

Bonds applying for Licenses to execute Bond for Obedience to Bye-Laws.

Bye-Laws, in order former Act to remain.

Master of Vessel bound to the River Thames to pay Charges of Pilotage up to Swanagee Creek or Swanagee Creek or other Place appointed for the Performance of Quarantine.

Penalty.

of the Rules and Regulations established in pursuance hereof, any Pilot shall be liable to be punished as if he were a common Pilot for getting a Ship or Vessel into or out of any Harbour, or into or out of any Place of Destination.

Discretion of
the Court
in all such Cases.

XLIV. And he it further enacted, That a particular Description of the Persons who shall be liable to be taken on board, or taken on the Deck, or on the Looce, and every Captain or Master, or other Person having the Command of a Ship or Vessel, who shall employ a Pilot on board, shall respect his Licence, and he shall have Reason to think that such Pilot possesseth the Qualifications of a Pilot, or of other Person having the Command of such Ship or Vessel, as hereby required; and he shall not employ a Pilot, or other Person, who shall have kept or been concerned or interested in the Share before the Port Day of *His Majesty's* One thousand eight hundred and eight, and shall be duly authorised, by the Corporation or Authority under which such Pilot shall have licence to exercise his Office (whether or Employment); or if any Pilot licensed as aforesaid shall be convicted of any Offence against any Law or Laws relating to the Revenue of Customs or Excise, or shall be convicted as or shall wilfully connive at any indirect Practice or Contrivance for the Revenue of Customs or Excise, or shall procure, abet, connive at, or participate in any Deliberation, Spoil, Corruption, Fraud, Embezzlement or corrupt Practice, relating to Ships or Vessels or Persons liable to be taken on board, or relating to the Tackle, Apparel or Furniture, or the Cargo of such Ships or Vessels, or relating to the Crew or Passengers belonging thereto, or the Money, Goods or Chattels of any of them, then and in every such case every Pilot shall (as well as above all other Professions, Offices and Positions, and such Offences) be deemed from being a Pilot, and shall be punishable from acting as such, at the Discretion of the Corporation or other Authority from which such Pilot's Licence was derived.

Pilot having
Licence
shall not be
taken on board
any Ship or
Vessel, or
employed as
such Pilot.

XLV. And he it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Pilot licensed by virtue of this Act, or otherwise duly licensed, shall keep or be concerned in keeping, either by himself or any Agent or Servant or other Person, or shall in any way be interested in the keeping of any Public House or Tavern, or Place of public Entertainment, or in the Selling of any Wine or Spirituous Liquors, or Tobacco or Tea, (unless such Pilot shall have kept or been concerned or interested in the Share before the Port Day of *His Majesty's* One thousand eight hundred and eight, and shall be duly authorised, by the Corporation or Authority under which such Pilot shall have licence to exercise his Office (whether or Employment); or if any Pilot licensed as aforesaid shall be convicted of any Offence against any Law or Laws relating to the Revenue of Customs or Excise, or shall be convicted as or shall wilfully connive at any indirect Practice or Contrivance for the Revenue of Customs or Excise, or shall procure, abet, connive at, or participate in any Deliberation, Spoil, Corruption, Fraud, Embezzlement or corrupt Practice, relating to Ships or Vessels or Persons liable to be taken on board, or relating to the Tackle, Apparel or Furniture, or the Cargo of such Ships or Vessels, or relating to the Crew or Passengers belonging thereto, or the Money, Goods or Chattels of any of them, then and in every such case every Pilot shall (as well as above all other Professions, Offices and Positions, and such Offences) be deemed from being a Pilot, and shall be punishable from acting as such, at the Discretion of the Corporation or other Authority from which such Pilot's Licence was derived.

Discretion of
the Court
in all such Cases.

XLVI. And he it further enacted, That no Person shall take Charge of any Vessel, or in any manner act as a Pilot, or receive any Compensation for acting as a Pilot, unless he shall be authorized therein by some lawful Licence, nor shall Licence for any such Office be granted by the principal Officers of the Customs in this or the Place at or towards which such Pilot shall sail in, (unless Officers are hereby required to sign for the same without Fee or Reward), nor without having his Licence at the time of his sailing in his Poole, ready to be produced, and which he shall actually produce to the Master of any Ship or Vessel, or other Person who shall be desirous of employing him as a Pilot, nor shall any Person, who shall be duly licensed to act as a Pilot, act in that Capacity on or beyond the Limits specified in his Licence, or beyond the Limit of his Qualifications therein expressed, which in the Case of the Master of a Ship or of a lower Class sailing in the Absence of Pilots of higher Class, or in Case of enforcing a Bore not exceeding Thirty Pounds, nor less than Ten Pounds for the first Offence, and for any second or subsequent Offence, any Bore not exceeding Fifty Pounds, nor less than Thirty Pounds.

Penalty.

Every Pilot,
Master of a
Ship, or
other Person
who shall
employ a
Pilot, who
shall be
convicted
of any
Offence
herein
expressed,
shall be
liable to
the
Penalty
herein
expressed.

XLVII. And he it further enacted, That on the Death of any Pilot, his Executors and Administrators, or One of them, or the Person or Persons to whose Hands the Licence of such deceased Pilot shall come, shall, without unjust Delay, transmit such Licence to the Corporation, Company, or Person by whom such Licence was granted, on Pain of forfeiting for every Neglect thereof, or for default to deliver the same when lawfully demanded, a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings.

Discretion of
the Court
in all such Cases.

XLVIII. And he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Corporation of Trinity House of Dunstons Quay, and also for the said Society of Fellowship of Pilots of *His Majesty's* One thousand eight hundred and eight, and also for all other Corporate Bodies or other Persons having lawful Authority to appoint Pilots within the Limits of these respective Jurisdictions, to hire or Vessel of such Size and Description as shall appear to them to be proper for the Purpose of having Pilots occasionally in Attendance, on such Vessels as shall be the better Subject of such Pilot Vessels, it shall be lawful for any Number of Pilots licensed by virtue of this Act, or otherwise lawfully licensed, with the Consent of the said Corporate Bodies, or Person or Persons respectively such Pilots have been or shall be appointed or employed, to negotiate a Joint Stock Company or Company, for the providing and maintaining of such Pilot Vessels which Company, and the said Vessels, shall in all cases be subject to such Rules and Regulations as shall from time to time be by the said Corporation approved in that Behalf by the said Corporate Bodies, or Person or Persons by whom respectively such Pilots shall respectively have been licensed.

Discretion of
the Court
in all such Cases.

XLIX. And he it further enacted, That every Pilot Boat or Vessel or other Boat or Vessel in the Pilot Service of any Corporation or Society established by Law or otherwise as Pilotage, or of any Pilot as authorized as a Pilot by such Corporation or Society, shall in all times and on every Seal day, be fitted with black and white and the proper Stripes next the Gunwale painted White, and shall, while afloat, carry a Vane at the Mast Head, or in a Mast on a Spout or Staff, or on some other high or conspicuous Situation, which Vane or Mast Head shall be of bright Dimensions, proportioned as the Size of the Boat or Vessel carrying the same, and shall be of the Colour of a Light White, or horizontal Division, of which the uppermost shall be White, and the same shall at all times be kept and preserved in a clean and shining Condition, so as to be easily distinguished at a proper and sufficient Distance; and every such Boat or Vessel shall also have the Name of the said Pilot thereof for the time being painted on board White Letters, of Those Inches in Length, as aforesaid, Green or on her Stern, or on each Side such Number as shall be expressed in the Licence of such respective Pilot, which Name and Number shall not be hid or covered by any Device, at any time, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Penalty.

• LVI. And whereas it is expedient that the Several Rates of Pilots, imposed by this Act on Ships not being British Register, should be applied for creating a Fund for such Pilots belonging to the Trinity House of *Doggerd Street*, and of the Fellowship of the *Croque Ports*, as shall be hereinafter mentioned: Be it enacted, That all such Excess of Rates as aforesaid, which shall pertain to the Establishment of the Trinity House, shall be paid to a Receiver or Receivers, to be appointed in that Behalf by the said Corporation, at some Place or Places convenient for the making of such Payment, within the Port of *London*, and shall be applied by the said Corporation in the manner hereinafter directed; and if such extra Rates of Pilots shall pertain to the Establishment of the *Croque Ports*, then the same shall be paid to a Receiver or Receivers, to be in that Behalf appointed by the Lord Warden and the Court of *Loadurange*, at some convenient Place or Places for the Payment thereof, within the said Port of *London*, and shall be applied by the said Court in the manner hereinafter in that Behalf directed: that in any, in both cases to create a Fund for the better Support and Maintenance of such Pilots as shall be once incapable of discharging their Duty, from advanced Age, or from any Accident or permanent Infirmary; to be applied and distributed in such manner, and under such Rules and Regulations as the Corporation of the Trinity House of *Doggerd Street*, and the Lord Warden and the Court of *Loadurange* of the *Croque Ports*, shall respectively order and provide; of which Receipts and Appropriations the said Corporations and Courts respectively shall assently by an Account before Parliament, within Twenty Days after the Commencement of each Session.

• LVII. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money which shall become due to any licenced Pilot, for Pilotsage, shall and may be recovered from the Owners or Masters of Ships or Vessels, or from the Consignees or Agents thereof, not being Foreign Ships or Vessels, who shall have paid or made themselves liable to pay any other Charge for the Ship or Vessel in the Port of her Delivery, and shall and may be levied on such and the like manner, according to the Amount of any such Sums of Money respectively, as any Penalty or Penalties may be recovered and levied under and by virtue of this Act; Demand thereof being made in Writing at least Fourteen Days before such Levy.

• LVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Consignees or Agents of all Foreign Ships and Vessels, who shall have paid or engaged to pay any Charge whatever in relation to such Ship or Vessel, shall be liable to the Payment of, and shall pay all Sums for Pilotsage due to the Pilot or Pilots who shall have piloted such Ship or Vessel, on Proof being made within Fourteen Days after such Pilotsage shall have been performed, as the Oath of such Pilot before any Justice of the Peace, that the same has not been paid by the Captain of such Ship or Vessel, if Payment thereof shall be demanded from any such Consignee or Consignees within Twenty one Days thereafter; and if any such Sums or Sums which shall be become due, and shall be so demanded as aforesaid, shall not thereupon be paid, then and in such case the Sums of Money in due for Pilotsage, shall be recoverable in like manner as any Penalty under the Statute of Twenty Penns may be recovered by virtue of this Act; and such Consignees or Agents of Foreign Ships or Vessels are hereby authorized and empowered to enter to their Hands respectively, out of any Monies which they may have received or shall thereafter receive for or on account of such Foreign Ship or Vessel, or the Owner or Owners thereof, so far as is shall be sufficient to pay and discharge such Pilotsage, and any Expenses attending the same.

• LIX. And be it further enacted, That the Master of every Ship or Vessel which shall be piloted or conducted by any other Person than a duly licenced Pilot, within any Limits for which Pilots have been or shall be appointed by any lawful Authority, shall forfeit Double the Amount of the Sums which would have been demandable for the Pilotsage of such Ship or Vessel, and shall likewise forfeit an additional Penalty of Five Pounds for every Fifty Tons Burthen of such Ship or Vessel, if the Corporation of Trinity House of *Doggerd Street*, as to cases in which Pilots licenced by or under the said Corporation shall be concerned, or the said Lord Warden for the time being, or his Lieutenant for the time being, as to all cases in which the *Croque Ports* Pilots shall be concerned, shall think it proper that the Person prosecuting should be at Liberty to proceed for the Recovery of such additional Penalty, and certify the same in Writing: Provided always, that nothing in this Act shall extend to subject to Penalties any Master of any Ship or Vessel (not anchoring within the Limits of any Port or Place for which Pilots are or shall be appointed) who shall act himself as Pilot in passing up and down the *English Channel* or elsewhere, in passing by any Part of the Coast of *England* in the Course of any Voyage, or within the Limits of the Port or Place to which his Ship belongs, not being a Port or Place in relation to which Provision hath heretofore been made by any Act or Acts of Parliament, or by any Charter or Charters for the Appointment of Pilots, or who shall employ any Person as a Pilot, or who shall act himself as such for the Conduct of his Ship or Vessel, in any case where and so long as a duly qualified Pilot shall not offer Assistance or make a signal for that Purpose: Provided also, that this Act shall not extend or be construed to extend to render any Person from assisting any Ship or Vessel in Distress as any Time or Place, nor shall subject such Person, or any Master of any Ship or Vessel employing such Person, to the Penalty of this Act, in respect of such Assistance given during the Distress of such Ship or Vessel, or in consequence thereof, or under any Circumstances which shall have rendered it necessary for such Master to assist himself or the said Assistance which at the time could be procured; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any Act notwithstanding.

• LX. And be it further enacted, That every Person having the Command or Charge for the time being of any Ship or Vessel, who shall report or by proxy or conferring to any other Person's reporting to any Pilot taking the Charge of such Ship or Vessel, a false Account of the Draught of Water of such Ship or Vessel, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence, in addition to the Payment of the full Rate of Pilotsage to the Pilot not used thereto, double the Amount of such Pilotsage; and any Person having the Command or Charge for the time being of any Ship or Vessel, or having any Interest, Share or Property therein, who shall fraudulently alter any Marks on the Stern or Sternpost thereof, covering the Draught of Water, or shall be proxy to and assist therein, shall for any such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

• LXI. And

• LXI. And

LXI. And

LXI. And, in order to prevent or settle Controversies concerning the Draught of Water of Ships and Vessels which shall be sent from time to time on the River Thames (not having British Registers) he is further enacted, That whenever any Difference about the Draught of Water of any Ship or Vessel shall arise between the Master or other Person having the Command of any such Ship or Vessel, and any Person who shall have piloted the same into the said River, or who shall be required to pilot the same thenceforth pursuant to the Directions of this Act, the said Corporation of Trinity House, or some proper Officer or Person appointed by them, shall determine the Draught of Water of such Ship or Vessel, and shall settle and determine the same between the Parties, upon Applications made by either of them to the said Corporation within Twelve Hours after such Ship or Vessel shall have arrived at her Moorings in the River, or before the Cargo thereof shall be begun to be unladen, or before such Ship or Vessel shall quit her Moorings on any outward Voyage; for which Admeasurement the Officer or Person making the same shall be paid One Guinea if the Ship or Vessel shall be below or in the Pool, and Half a Guinea if above the Pool, by the Person requiring such Admeasurement, or making Application for the same to the said Corporation.

LXII. And he it further enacted, That every Master or other Person having the Command for the time being of any Ship or Vessel required to be piloted according to the Directions of this Act, shall, on coming into the Port of London, and on making the Entry or Report of his Ship or Vessel towards, inland or outwards to be entered in such Entry or Report, the Name of the Pilot or Pilots employed or engaged by him or by the Owner of such Ship or Vessel to pilot the same into the said Port of London; and which Information shall be made (without Fee or Reward) by the proper Officer of the Customs in the said Entry or Report, who shall also report the same to the Corporation of the Trinity House meeting; and also that the Principal Searcher or Clearing Officer of the Customs at Greenwich shall demand and take the Name or Names of the Pilot or Pilots of all Ships or Vessels clearing outwards from the Port of London, and shall transmit Monthly Lists of such Names to the said Corporation of the Trinity House, on Pain of forfeiting a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds, to be paid by every Person who shall neglect to comply with the foregoing Regulations respectively.

LXIII. And he it further enacted, That the Master of every Ship or Vessel, not having a British Register, who shall not furnish or give the Name of the Pilot or Pilots who shall have been employed to pilot his Ship or Vessel into the Port of London, shall be deemed to have failed and been assigned into the said Port without a Pilot, and shall be liable to pay the same or the like Pilotsage for such his Ship or Vessel, for and in respect of the Distance which he shall or may have navigated and sailed up the River Thames, or the Channels leading thence without a Pilot, as he would have been liable to pay if a Pilot had been employed by him; and the same shall be paid to the Collector appointed by the Corporation of Trinity House, and shall go towards the Fee of by this Act established in relation to the Surplus Rates of Pilotsage: Provided nevertheless, that in all cases where such Payment shall be made to the Corporation of the Trinity House, at any time within Three Months after such Payment, that a Pilot was in any such case regularly and duly employed and paid, then and in any such case the Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been so paid, shall be returned to the Person or Persons who shall have paid the same, or any other Person or Persons by him or them duly authorized and empowered to receive the same.

LXIV. And he it further enacted, That Lists of the Names and Surnames, Ages and Places of Residence, of all Pilots in England, shall, with the Dates of their Appointments, on or before the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve, be transmitted to the Corporation of Trinity House of Dockyard Street, at their Court House in London, distinguishing the Limits within which such Pilots are appointed to act respectively, and thereforward from time to time as each Appointment of a Pilot shall take place, and also Duplicate of such Lists to the Commissioners of the Customs in England, amounting to the Lists to be transmitted to the Trinity House, the Rates of Pilotsage, and also Rating the Rules and Regulations made and established in relation to such Pilots, in case such Rules and Regulations shall have been made by any other Authority than by Act of Parliament, or by the said Corporation of Trinity House of Dockyard Street; and the Lists, when so completed, shall be transmitted as aforesaid by the respective Bodies Public and Corporate, and other Persons authorized to appoint Pilots in any of the Ports, Harbours or Rivers, or on any of the Coasts of England, by whom such Pilots shall have been appointed respectively; and the said Bodies Public and Corporate, and other Persons authorized to appoint Pilots as aforesaid, shall and they are hereby required to transmit to the said Corporation of Trinity House, at their said Court House in London, annually, on the Thirty first Day of December, or within One Calendar Month afterwards, a List corrected up to the said Thirty first Day of December, namely, of the Names and Residences of the Pilots within their several Residences, and Rating such Allowances any have been made (if any) in the Rules and Regulations for governing Pilots within their respective Districts.

LXV. And whereas by the Acts passed in the Forty fifth and Forty sixth Years of His present Majesty's, for the more effectual Performance of Quantities, Pilots are required, as soon as board Ships arriving from Foreign Ports, in cases when, to give Information to the Commissioners thereof respecting Quantities, and to send Orders in Council relative to the Performance of Quantities, which renders it necessary that Notice of such Provisions, and such Orders which may have been issued subsequent to the Departure from England of such Ships, should be previously communicated to all Pilots throughout England: Be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of the Customs shall, within One Month, from the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve, transmit to the principal Officers of the Revenue under their Management at the several Ports in England, the Names and Places of Residence of such Pilots, or the Lists so transmitted to them, as aforesaid, within six Months of each Port respectively, and in from thenceforward the Name of each Pilot of which Notice they shall receive Notice from the proper Authority, in order that the said

How Causes, within six Months of the Draught of Water at Vessels sailed.

Names of Pilots entered in Reports of Ships coming into Port of London, and returned to Trinity House. Lists Reports of Vessels clearing outwards.

Penalty.

Master of Foreign Ships not giving Names of Pilots, deemed as he has failed without a Pilot.

List of Pilots transmitted to Trinity House and Council. Names of Customs.

41 G. 3. c. 18. s. 16
42 G. 3. c. 25. s. 1.

Commissioners of Customs to transmit to principal Officers at several Ports in England, Names of Pilots residing within

principals

the remaining Two Thirds of such lost mentioned Fines or Penalties shall go to such Fund as hath been or shall be established by the Persons having the Direction of the Cause Part or other Parties, and shall be applied to the Use of such respective Funds, after defraying out of such Fines and Penalties the respective Expenses incurred in carrying this Act into Execution.

Writs not
applicable.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall be forewarned as a Witness before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, shall refuse or neglect to appear at the time by such Warrant appointed, having as just Cause for such Neglect or Refusal, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices, on Proof of such Summons having been served, and of a Tendency of reasonable Expenses having been made to such Person or his being served with such Summons, to seize his or their Warrant, under his Hand and Seal or their Hand and Seals, to bring such Person before him or them; and if on Appearance, or on being brought before any Justice or Justices, such Person shall refuse to be examined on Oath concerning the Premises, without having first just Cause for such Refusal, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal or their Hand and Seals, to commit such Person to the House of Correction of the County, City, Division or Place, where any such Person shall be apprehended, there to remain for any Term not exceeding Six Months or less than Fourteen Days, as any such Justice or Justices shall direct.

House of Cor-
rection.

Peagey.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who, in any Examination upon Oath under the Provisions of this Act, shall wilfully give false Testimony, or a false Account of the Matter sworn to by him, shall be liable to be punished for the same by Imprisonment, and if duly convicted of false Testimony in the Premises, shall be subject and liable to such Punishments, Disabilities and Disabilities, as any Person would be subject or liable to be with and except Peagey in any other case by the Laws and Statutes of the Realm.

Offences.

LXXXVIII. And, for the more easy and speedy Conviction of Offenders against this Act, be it further enacted, That all and every Justice and Justices of the Peace, before whom any Person shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up according to the following Form, or in Words to the like Effect; to wit, to

Form.

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord
 _____ A. D. _____ was considered before me [as, us] _____ One [as, Two, or the case
 _____ of] His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the _____ [here specify the Office, and the Time
 _____ and Place where and where committed, or the case may be] contrary to an Act, passed in the Fifth second Year
 _____ of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled [here insert the Title of the Act] and I [as, we] do
 _____ adjudge, that he hath thereby forfeited the Sum of [here insert the Penalty]. Given under my Hand and
 _____ Seal [or, our Hands and Seals] the Day and Year first above written.

Conviction.

And in Conviction, or other Writ or Process for the Removal of any such Conviction, or any Proceedings thereon, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, shall be allowed or granted.

Appeal.

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons to be convicted by any Justice or Justices of the Peace before mentioned, of any Offence or Offences against this Act, or against any Rule, Order or Bye-Law made in pursuance thereof, within Three Calendar Months next after such Conviction, to appeal to the Justices of the Peace assembled at the General Quarter Sessions holden for the County, City or Place where the Matter of Appeal shall arise, first giving Ten Days Notice of such Appeal to the Person or Persons appealed against and of the Matter thereof, and within Fourteen Days next after such Notice, entering into a Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace for such County, City or Place, with sufficient Sureties conditioned to try such Appeal, and for abiding the Determination of the Court therein; and such Justices shall, upon due Proof of such Notice having been given and Recognizance entered into, hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal, and may either confirm or quash and send the said Conviction, and award such Costs to either Party, as to them shall seem just and reasonable; and the Decision of the said Justices therein shall be final, binding and conclusive; and no Proceeding to be had or taken in pursuance of this Act, shall be quashed or vacated for Want of Form only, or be removed by Certiorari, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or elsewhere; any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Notice.

Recognizance.

Costs.

Writ of Error.
Certiorari.

Litigation of
Actions.

General Issue.

Trial by Jury.

Provisions for
the City
of London.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Suit or Action shall be brought or prosecuted against any Person or Persons for any thing done or to be done in pursuance of this Act, in every such case the Action or Suit shall be commenced within Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards, and shall be had or brought in the County, City or Place, where the Cause of Action arises, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, Not Guilty, and give this Act and the special Matter is Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to be true, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought after the time limited for bringing the same, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become vexatious, or offer a Discontinuance of his, her or their Action or Actions, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Twelve Cotts, and shall have such Remedy for the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs of Suit in other cases by Law.

LXXXI. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, or prejudice or take away any Right, Property, Authority or Jurisdiction of the Mayor of the City of London, or of the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, to, in and upon the River Thames aforesaid.

LXXXII And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

SCHEDULES to which

SCHEDULE

TABLE of the RATES of PILOTAGE for piloting Ships from the River to the Downs and Thames to London, and

| FROM | TO | 7 Feet and under. | 8 Feet. | 9 Feet. | 10 Feet. | 11 Feet. | 12 Feet. |
|---|---|-------------------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|
| The Sea, Orfordness, the Downs, Holford Bay, and vice versa | None or Warps | 4 0 0 | 4 10 0 | 5 0 0 | 5 10 0 | 5 15 0 | 5 16 0 |
| | Greenland, Chatham, Standgate Creek or Blackfakes | 5 0 0 | 5 17 0 | 6 14 0 | 7 10 0 | 8 5 0 | 9 0 0 |
| | Longreach | 5 5 0 | 6 3 0 | 6 19 0 | 7 15 0 | 8 12 0 | 9 10 0 |
| | Woolwich or Blackwall | 5 15 0 | 6 13 0 | 7 9 0 | 8 5 0 | 9 5 0 | 10 0 0 |
| | Moorings or London Docks | 6 6 0 | 7 1 0 | 7 16 0 | 8 11 0 | 9 15 0 | 10 10 0 |
| The Nose or Warp, or the Nose and vice versa | Greenland, Standgate Creek or Blackfakes | 2 1 0 | 2 7 0 | 3 11 0 | 3 15 0 | 3 5 0 | 3 13 0 |
| | Longreach or Chatham | 2 10 0 | 2 15 0 | 3 0 0 | 3 5 0 | 3 15 0 | 4 5 0 |
| | Woolwich or Blackwall | 3 0 0 | 3 7 0 | 3 14 0 | 4 0 0 | 4 10 0 | 4 13 0 |
| | Moorings or London Docks | 3 10 0 | 3 17 0 | 4 4 0 | 4 10 0 | 5 5 0 | 5 15 0 |
| Greenland Reach, and vice versa | Longreach | 0 10 0 | 0 16 0 | 1 2 0 | 1 7 6 | 1 12 6 | 1 17 6 |
| | Woolwich or Blackwall | 1 5 0 | 1 10 0 | 1 15 0 | 2 0 0 | 2 5 0 | 2 10 0 |
| | Moorings or London Docks | 1 10 0 | 1 17 0 | 2 4 0 | 2 10 0 | 3 0 0 | 3 10 0 |
| | Sheerness or Blackfakes | 2 0 0 | 2 4 0 | 3 7 0 | 3 10 0 | 4 0 0 | 4 10 0 |
| | Chatham | 2 10 0 | 2 14 0 | 3 17 0 | 4 0 0 | 4 10 0 | 5 0 0 |
| Longreach, and vice versa | Woolwich or Blackwall | 1 0 0 | 1 4 0 | 1 7 0 | 1 10 0 | 2 0 0 | 2 10 0 |
| | Moorings or London Docks | 1 10 0 | 1 14 0 | 1 17 0 | 2 0 0 | 2 10 0 | 3 0 0 |
| | Sheerness or Blackfakes | 2 10 0 | 2 14 0 | 3 17 0 | 4 0 0 | 4 10 0 | 5 0 0 |
| | Chatham | 4 0 0 | 4 4 0 | 4 7 0 | 4 10 0 | 5 0 0 | 5 10 0 |
| Woolwich or Blackwall, and vice versa | Moorings or London Docks | 1 0 0 | 1 4 0 | 1 7 0 | 1 10 0 | 1 13 6 | 1 15 0 |
| | Sheerness or Blackfakes | 4 0 0 | 4 4 0 | 4 7 0 | 4 10 0 | 5 0 0 | 5 10 0 |
| | Chatham | 4 10 0 | 4 14 0 | 4 17 0 | 5 0 0 | 5 10 0 | 6 0 0 |

Ships not having British Registers are to pay One fourth more of the Rates of Pilotage than stated in the above

For Half a Foot exceeding the above Draughts of Water
For intermediate Distances a proportionate Rate.

For raising a Ship or Vessel from Moorings

For a Ship under 300 Tons -

300 to 600 -

600 to 1,000 -

above 1,000 -

In the River Thames above Greenland { For a Boat of a Clerk carrying an Anchor of above 4 cwt.

- - Do. - with an Anchor above 2 cwt and

- - Do. - with an Anchor under 2 cwt. &c.

And for each Man's Service in these

this AQ refers.

(A.)

up and down the North Channel, from and to Holy Bay; or four or off the Entrance of the Sea from the River.

| 13 Feet. | | | 14 Feet. | | | 15 Feet. | | | 16 Feet. | | | 17 Feet. | | | 18 Feet. | | | 19 Feet. | | | 20 Feet. | | | 21 Feet. | | | 22 Feet. | | | 23 Feet and upwards. | | | | | |
|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------------------|----|---|----|----|---|
| <i>£</i> | <i>s.</i> | <i>d.</i> | <i>£</i> | <i>s.</i> | <i>d.</i> | <i>£</i> | <i>s.</i> | <i>d.</i> | <i>£</i> | <i>s.</i> | <i>d.</i> | <i>£</i> | <i>s.</i> | <i>d.</i> | <i>£</i> | <i>s.</i> | <i>d.</i> | <i>£</i> | <i>s.</i> | <i>d.</i> | <i>£</i> | <i>s.</i> | <i>d.</i> | <i>£</i> | <i>s.</i> | <i>d.</i> | <i>£</i> | <i>s.</i> | <i>d.</i> | | | | | | |
| 7 | 5 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 10 | 0 | 9 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 5 | 0 | 11 | 10 | 0 | 12 | 10 | 0 | 13 | 10 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 10 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| 9 | 15 | 0 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 11 | 5 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 15 | 0 | 13 | 5 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 4 | 0 | 19 | 6 | 0 |
| 10 | 5 | 0 | 10 | 17 | 6 | 11 | 15 | 0 | 12 | 10 | 0 | 14 | 5 | 6 | 15 | 15 | 0 | 16 | 4 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| 11 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 15 | 0 | 13 | 10 | 0 | 15 | 5 | 0 | 17 | 14 | 0 | 18 | 5 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 |
| 12 | 10 | 0 | 12 | 10 | 0 | 13 | 10 | 0 | 14 | 5 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 10 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | 18 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 10 | 0 | 4 | 18 | 0 | 5 | 10 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 9 | 0 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 0 | 12 | 11 | 0 |
| 4 | 10 | 0 | 4 | 14 | 6 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 14 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 0 | 7 | 7 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 0 | 13 | 13 | 0 | 14 | 13 | 0 |
| 6 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 18 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 0 | 5 | 15 | 0 | 7 | 15 | 0 | 8 | 18 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 12 | 0 | 13 | 13 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 25 | 0 | 7 | 5 | 0 | 7 | 15 | 0 | 8 | 15 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 7 | 6 | 2 | 12 | 6 | 2 | 17 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 3 | 7 | 6 | 3 | 12 | 6 | 3 | 17 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | 8 | 0 | 3 | 18 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 4 | 13 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 20 | 0 | 6 | 15 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 5 | 0 | 9 | 15 | 0 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 11 | 10 | 0 |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 10 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 10 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 20 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | 10 | 0 | 5 | 10 | 0 | 6 | 10 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 10 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 10 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 12 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | 10 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 10 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 12 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 | 10 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 10 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 10 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 10 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 10 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 10 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| 8 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 5 | 0 | 8 | 10 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 10 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 10 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 10 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 | 10 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 10 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 |

Table, (except chiefly laden with Corn or other Provisions) and which is to be paid at the Custom House, the Median Price between the Two Lists.

into a Dry or Wet Dock:

- - - - - £0 15 0

- - - - - 1 1 0

- - - - - 1 11 6

- - - - - 2 2 0

With a corresponding Tow Line, the Rate £2 2 0 } Per Trip for the whole Distance from Gravesend
 corresponding Tow Line - - - 1 11 6 } to London; and in Proportion for any Part
 - - - 1 1 0 } of that Distance.

Boats, 100. 6s. per Tide.

SCHEDULE

A TABLE of the respective Rates to be received by the Pilots of the Cinque

| FROM | TO | Under 7 Feet. | From 7 Feet to 10 Feet. | 11 Feet. | 12 Feet. | 13 Feet. |
|---------------|---|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| The Downs - - | Nore, Sheerness, Stangate Creek, Graveland - - - }
Longreach - - - | £ 1. 2.
5 5 0 | £ 1. 4.
7 17 6 | £ 1. 5.
8 13 3 | £ 1. 6.
9 9 0 | £ 1. 7.
10 4 9 |
| | Blackwall or London - | 6 12 3 | 8 19 6 | 10 4 9 | 11 0 6 | 12 1 6 |
| | Stangate Creek - - | 3 6 2 | 3 17 0 | 4 8 2 | 4 19 0 | 5 10 3 |

For every Half Foot exceeding 10 Feet of the above Draughts of Water as

For intermediate Distances a proportionate Rate equal to Half the Difference

Ships and Vessels which shall be boarded by Pilots Westward

- For getting a Pilot on board, and for Piloting to the Anchorage in the Downs.
1. From off Dengraffa to the Downs - - -
 2. From the Westward of Folkestone to the Downs -
 3. From the Westward of Dover to the Downs, a Ship the South Pier Head so with the Citadel on the
 4. From off Dover and Westward of the South Forthead
 5. From off the South Forthead, and to the Northward or for coming on board when at anchor there.

Ships not having British Registers, to pay One fourth more of the Rates of Pilotage than is stated in this Table, added £ 10 per Cent. when the Number of Cinque Port Pilots shall be increased to 160, and £ 20 per Cent. when the Cinque Ports, or by his Authority, in the London Gazette, and in one or more Newspapers circulating in

- Is the River above Graveland.
- For a Boat of a Class carrying an Anchor of above 4 cwt. with a
 - Ditto - - - with an Anchor above 2 cwt. and
 - Ditto - - - with an Anchor under 2 cwt. &c.
- And for each Man's Service in those Boats, viz. 6d. per Tide.

SCHEDULE (C.)

OATH to be taken by the Master and Wardens of the Society of The Cinque Port Pilots.

- “ I, A. B. do swear, That I will diligently and impartially examine and enquire into the Capacity and Skill of
 in the Art of piloting Ships and Vessels over the Flats, and round the Long
 Head, and up the Rivers of Thames and Medway, and into Romney, Dover, Sandwich and Margate
 Harbours; and also upon the Coasts of Flanders and Holland; and will make true and speedy Returns
 thereof to the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports for the time being, or his Deputy, without Favour, Affec-
 tion, Fee or Reward. So help me GOD.”

(R.)

Port Establishment, according to the Regulations established by this Act.

| 14 Feet. | 15 Feet. | 16 Feet. | 17 Feet. | 18 Feet. | 19 Feet. | 20 Feet. | 21 Feet. | 22 Feet. | 23 Feet.
and
upwards. |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| <i>£</i> s. d. | <i>£</i> s. d. | <i>£</i> s. d. | <i>£</i> s. d. | <i>£</i> s. d. | <i>£</i> s. d. | <i>£</i> s. d. | <i>£</i> s. d. | <i>£</i> s. d. | <i>£</i> s. d. |
| 11 0 6 | 11 10 3 | 12 12 0 | 13 7 9 | 15 1 3 | 19 0 0 | 22 1 0 | 24 3 0 | 26 9 8 | 28 13 3 |
| 11 12 10 | 12 18 3 | 13 14 0 | 15 0 9 | 17 14 4 | 21 4 3 | 24 5 1 | 26 9 2 | 28 13 3 | 30 17 4 |
| 12 17 3 | 14 0 4 | 14 16 0 | 16 13 9 | 19 7 3 | 23 8 3 | 26 9 3 | 28 13 3 | — | — |
| 6 1 3 | 6 11 3 | 7 3 3 | 7 14 4 | 8 5 4 | 8 16 4 | 9 7 4 | — | — | — |

increased Rate, equal to the Median between the Two Limits is to be paid.

between the Two Limits.

of the Downs are to pay the several Rates following:

| | |
|---|----------------|
| to be done at Dover until the shall have passed the Flag Staff on | <i>£</i> s. d. |
| Eastern Redoubt on the Heights | 5 5 0 |
| to the Downs | 4 4 0 |
| of that Proportional to the Anchorage to the Downs, | 3 3 0 |
| | 3 1 0 |
| | 2 1 0 |

except such as are chiefly laden with Coals or other Provisions. To all the several Rates above mentioned shall be they shall be increased to 180; of which increased Numbers respectively Notice shall be given by the Lord Warden of the Countess of Middlesex and Kent.

| | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|--|
| corresponding Tow Line, the Rate | <i>£</i> s. d. | } Per Trip for the whole Distance from
Greenwich to London, and in Pro-
portion for any Part of this Distance. |
| corresponding Tow Line, | 2 2 0 | |
| | 1 11 0 | |
| | 1 1 0 | |

SCHEDULE (D.)

OATH to be taken by Sub-Commissioners for Pilgrage.

I, A. B. do swear, That I will diligently and impartially examine into the Capacity and Skill of
 is the Art of piloting Ships and Vessels into the Roads, Port or Harbour, and upon
 the Coast following, without, *[After signing the Limits within which the Person examined is intended to act as a Pilot]*
 and will make true and speedy Return thereof to the Corporation of Trinity House of Dun-
 broad, without Favour, Affection, Fear or Reward, other than such Fee or Reward as is allowed by the
 Bye-Laws or Regulations duly established in that Behalf. So help me GOD.

C A P.

C A P. XL.

An Act to make Provision for a limited Time respecting certain Grants of Offices.

[20th April 1812.]

• **W**HEREAS, on account of certain Proceedings depending in Parliament, it is expedient to establish the Provision hereinafter mentioned respecting certain Grants of Offices for a limited time: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, His Majesty's Privy Council, and the Commons, in this present Session, That, from and after the passing of this Act, and eight calendar months, no Public Office, Place, or Joint Lives with Benefit of Survivorship, or for Two or more Lives in Succession, or for Two or more Lives in Succession, or by any Bead or Department of Government, or in any of His Majesty's Courts of Law or Equity, shall be so granted here as hereinafter is expressed.

• **I**f. And be it further enacted, That every Grant of Appointment which may hereafter be made contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act shall be to all Intents and Purposes void; and that all Salary and Emoluments received under any such Grant or Appointment shall and may be recovered by Information at the Suit of His Majesty's Attorney General in the Court of Exchequer, to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors: Provided, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to make void any Grant of any Office, Place or Employment, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Law, which shall be made by any Chief Judge, Officers or Officer of any such Court, being such Chief Judge, Officers or Officer at the time of passing this Act; or to make void any Grant of any Office, Place or Employment, in any such Courts which shall hereafter be made by any other Person or Persons having at the time of passing this Act the Right of granting any such Office, Place or Employment, if such Office, Place or Employment was vacant at the time of passing this Act, or which shall be made by any other Officer or Officers of the said Courts not being such at the time of passing this Act, but becoming such by virtue of Appointments hereafter made by the Persons respectively who at the time of passing this Act are the Chief Judges, Officers or Officers of such Courts: Provided, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to leave or render valid and effectual any Grants hereafter to be made by any such Chief Judges, Officers or other Persons as aforesaid, of Offices in Reverend, or for joint Lives with Benefit of Survivorship, or for Two or more Lives in Succession, which Offices had not before been granted in Reverend or for joint Lives with Benefit of Survivorship, or for Two or more Lives in Succession, or to make good any Grants which such Judges, Officers or Officers, or other Persons respectively would not have been entitled by Law to make if this Act had not passed: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to make void any Grants of any Offices, Places or Employments, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Law, which shall be granted by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, in Reverend, or for joint Lives with Benefit of Survivorship, or for Two or more Lives in Succession, upon the Request or Recommendation of the Chief Judges or Officers of His Majesty's said Courts being such at the time of passing this Act, and which Offices, Places or Employments have been heretofore so granted upon such Request or Recommendation: Provided also, that this Act shall not be taken to prohibit the Appointment of Assistants and Successors to the Parochial Clergy of Scotland.

C A P. XLI.

An Act to amend and continue until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the Public Expenditure and the Conduct of the Public Business, in the Military Departments therein mentioned; and another Act, of the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty, for continuing and extending the same to Public Works executed by the Office of Works and others.

[20th April 1812.]

• **W**HEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled "An Act to appoint Commissioners to enquire and enquire into the Public Expenditure, and the Conduct of Public Business, in the Military Departments therein mentioned, and to report such Informations as shall occur to them for correcting or preventing any Abuse and Irregularities, and for the better conducting and managing the Business of the said Departments; to continue in force for Two Years, and from thence until the Expire of the Week after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament; which said Act was continued by subsequent Acts until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven: And whereas by an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled "An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the Public Expenditure, and the Conduct of the Public Business, in the Military Departments therein mentioned, and to extend the same to Public Works executed by the Office of Works and others," the said second Act was continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and extended in an Enquiry into the Expenditure and Conduct of the Business in the Office of Works, and into the Execution of other Public Works therein mentioned: And whereas it is expedient that the said second Act, and all the Powers therein contained, in so far only as the same were extended by the last mentioned Act, and relate to an Enquiry into the Public Expenditure and Conduct of Business in the Office of Works, and into the Execution of other Public Works in the said

shall receive all particularly mentioned, shall be revived and further continued; and that the same should be carried into Execution by other Commissioners named or referred to by the said recited Acts: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Acts, and all the Powers and Provisions therein contained, be for ever as the same have been exercised by the said last recited Act, and relate to an Enquiry into the Publick Expence and Conduct of Officers in the Office of Works, and into the Execution of other Publick Works in the said last recited Act mentioned, shall be and the same are hereby revived and further continued in full force from the Twelfth fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, to the Twentieth fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and the same shall be put in force and carried into Execution by the Commissioners appointed by this Act, instead of the Commissioners named or referred to in the said recited Acts.

How far con-
tinued (Mark
21, 1812)

II. And be it further enacted, That the *Yngloman, Henry Peters, Charles Boleyn, Benjamin C. Stephens and L. Swafflow*, Esquires, shall be and they are hereby constituted Commissioners for carrying into Execution the Purposes of the said recited Acts, in the same are revived and continued by this Act; and shall have, use and exercise all the same Powers, Privileges and Authorities, in conducting the Enquiry into the Office of Works and into the Execution of such other Works as aforesaid, as the Commissioners named or referred to in the said recited Acts had used or exercised by the Purposes aforesaid under the Provisions of the said recited Acts or either of them.

Commissioners
appointed.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Powers, Privileges, Penalties and Means of recovering the same, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the said recited Acts relating to the Enquiry into the Office and Departments therein mentioned, shall relate to the Commissioners appointed under this Act, and shall be and be put in force and be applied by them, as far as the same are applicable, to the conducting the Enquiry authorized to be made into the Office of Works, and into the Execution of such other Works as aforesaid, in the same manner and as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as the same related to, and be put in force and applied by the Commissioners named or referred to in the said recited Acts.

Proviso of re-
vival of Acts
related to the
Act.

† See

C A P. XLII.

An Act for amending the Laws relating to the Allowance of the Bounties on Pickards exported until the Twentieth fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and thirteen. [10th April 1812.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intituled *An Act for transferring the Management of the Salt Duties to the Commissioners of Excise*; and for repealing the Duties on Salt, and the Drawbacks, Allowances and Bounties thereon; and for granting other Duties, Drawbacks, Allowances and Bounties thereon; an additional Bounty of One Shilling and Six pence, given and granted by an Act made in the Thirty first Year of the Reign aforesaid, for every Cask or Vessel of Pickards containing Fifty Gallons, and Six in Proportion for a like Quantity thereof, exported from any Port or Place in Great Britain into Parts beyond the Seas, was repealed; and by the said Act of the Thirty eighth Year aforesaid, a Bounty of Seven Shillings was given and granted for every Cask or Vessel of Pickards containing Fifty Gallons, which should be duly exported from Great Britain into Parts beyond the Seas; and by an Act made in the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign aforesaid, an additional Bounty of One Shilling and Six pence was given and granted for every Cask or Vessel of Pickards containing Fifty Gallons, which should be duly exported from Great Britain into Parts beyond the Seas; and upon the Twentieth fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and five, and in respect whereof the Purvis or Purvises exporting the same should be entitled to the Bounty of Seven Shillings, under or by virtue of the said Act of the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign aforesaid: And whereas by the said Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign aforesaid, a Bounty was allowed on Pickards shipped and exported directly to any of the British West India Islands, or to any Port or Place in the *Mediterranean*, in Cases of Thirty two Gallons or upwards, in due Proportion to the several Bounties then payable, and which by that Act might become payable for or in respect of Pickards exported from Great Britain in Cases containing Fifty Gallons: And whereas by another Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign aforesaid, intituled *An Act to equalize the Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*, the said Bounties were repealed, and the following Bounties were given and granted; that is to say, a perpetual Bounty of Seven Shillings for every Cask or Vessel of Pickards or Bees containing Fifty Gallons, which should be duly exported to Foreign Parts, a temporary Bounty of One Shilling and Six pence for every Cask or Vessel of Pickards containing Fifty Gallons, which should be duly exported to Foreign Parts, until and upon the Twentieth fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and five, and also a perpetual Bounty in due Proportion to the Bounty or Bounties by that Act payable for Pickards exported to Foreign Parts in Cases containing Fifty Gallons, for all Pickards which should be duly shipped and exported directly to any of the British West India Islands, or to any Port or Place in the *Mediterranean*, in Cases of Thirty two Gallons or upwards: And whereas by another Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, the said Act of the Thirty sixth Year aforesaid, with the said additional Bounty therein mentioned, was by Mistake revived from the said Twentieth fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and five, and continued so and during the further Term of Seven Years, instead of continuing the said Bounty of One Shilling and Six pence for Cask or Vessel to be given and granted by the said Act of the Forty third Year aforesaid: And whereas by another Act made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign aforesaid, intituled *An Act for extending the Bounty now payable on Pickards exported to the West*

18 G. 3. c. 49.
14.

21 G. 3. c. 45.

28 G. 3. c. 89.
13.

30 G. 3. c. 40.
11.

35 G. 3. c. 89.
13.

37 G. 3. c. 65.
11.

41 G. 3. c. 49.
2nd G. Session.

43 G. 3. c. 22.

48 G. 3. c. 68.

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India or Mediterranean to Pickers reported to any Ports beyond the Seas, the same Duties are allowed for every Cask of Pickers or Beads, containing Thirty two Gallons or upwards, exported from any Port or Place in Great Britain to any Foreign Parts as are payable on Pickers or Beads duly shipped and exported to any of the Royal West India Islands, or to any Port or Place in the Mediterranean, in Casks of Thirty two Gallons or upwards: And whereas it is expedient to revive the said Bounty of One Shilling and Six pence to give and granted by the said Act of the Forty third Year aforesaid, and to extend the same in success heretofore mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of *Jan* One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the said Bounty of One Shilling and Six pence, given and granted by the said Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign aforesaid, for every Cask or Vessel of Pickers containing Fifty Gallons, which shall be duly exported to Foreign Parts, shall be and the same is hereby revived, and shall remain and continue in force until and upon the Twenty fourth Day of *Jan* One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and shall, together with the other Bounties by the said last mentioned Act granted or allowed on Pickers exported, be extended in due Proportion to and paid and allowed for all Pickers which shall during that time be shipped and exported in Casks of Thirty two Gallons or upwards to Foreign Parts.

Bounty of 1s. 6d. per Cask granted by Act 3. Geo. III. revived and extended.

C A P. XLIII.

An Act for increasing the Rates of Subsistence to be paid to Inkeepers and others on quartering Soldiers. [20th April 1812.]

[The Rates are the same as 51 G. 3. c. 28. Continuance of Act from 24th March 1812, till 25th March 1813.]

C A P. XLIV.

An Act for the Erection of a Penitentiary House for the Confinement of Offenders convicted within the City of London and County of Middlesex; and for making Compensation to *Jeremy Bentham* Esquire, for the Non-performance of an Agreement between the said *Jeremy Bentham* and the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, respecting the Culture and Maintenance of Convicts. [20th April 1812.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to explain and amend the Laws relating to the Transportation, Imprisonment, and other Punishment of certain Offenders*: And whereas another Act passed in the Thirty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for erecting a Penitentiary or Prisonary House, for confining and employing Convicts*: And whereas Penitentiary Houses have not yet been erected; but certain Lands and Premises have been purchased of the Most Honourable the Marquis of Salisbury, at *Middlesex*, near *Thames* Field, and a Conveyance thereof made to *Jeremy Bentham* Esquire, under the Authority of the said last recited Act; and the same thereby became vested in the said *Jeremy Bentham*, as Trustee, for the Purpose of the said Act: And whereas it is expedient that a separate Penitentiary House should be built, for the Purpose of confining Offenders convicted of treasonable Offences within the City of London and the County of Middlesex only, or capitally convicted within the said City and the said County, and sentenced as a Condition of being confined under this Act, upon the said Ground and Premises to be purchased and vested in the said *Jeremy Bentham* as aforesaid: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and he it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to appoint Three Persons to carry into Execution the Purpose of this Act, and to be Supervisors of the House and Buildings to be erected in pursuance thereof, and from time to time to remove them or any of them, and appoint others in the Room of such as shall be so removed, or shall do or neglect their Trust; and to allow such Supervisors such Compensation for their Expenses, occasioned by the Discharge of their Duty, as His Majesty shall deem reasonable, to be paid from time to time by Warrants from the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury or the High Treasurer for the time being.

19 G. 3. c. 14.

24 G. 3. c. 26.

Appointments of Supervisors.

Lands purchased vested in His Majesty.

Supervisors to erect Penitentiary House.

II. And be it further enacted, That as soon as such Supervisors shall be so appointed as aforesaid, all the Lands, Houses, Buildings, Tenements and Premises to be purchased by the said *Jeremy Bentham*, or now vested in him for the Purpose of the said Act of the Thirty fourth Year aforesaid, shall with absoluteity, and without any Conveyance or Assignment thereof, in His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for the Use of the Public and the Purpose of this Act, free from all Incumbrances created by the said *Jeremy Bentham* or any Person claiming under him.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Supervisors, by the Direction and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, to erect or cause to be erected, or construct or agree with any Person or Persons for the erecting such House and other Buildings as shall be expedient and necessary for the Purpose aforesaid, and to do all such other Matters and Things as may be necessary for carrying this Act into Execution.

IV. And whereas a Proposal was made in the Year One thousand seven hundred and sixty two, by the aforesaid *Jeremy Bentham*, to contract with the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury for the Management of One thousand Male Convicts in a National Penitentiary House to be erected by the said *Jeremy Bentham* for that Purpose; and Articles of Agreement, founded on such Proposal, were prepared and approved on

Behalf

• Behalf of the said Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, in whose Powers were vested by the Act of the
 • Thirty fourth Year of His present Majesty above recited, to conclude such Contracts and Agreements for
 • the Erection of National Penitentiary Houses under the said Act, as they should deem necessary and expedient;
 • and in such Articles of Agreement have never been executed; And whereas the said *Jersey Bank*,
 • was appointed Proprietor of the Lands above mentioned under the said Act, with a View to the Erection of a
 • National Penitentiary House under the said Contract, and has been authorized and encouraged to take Mea-
 • sures for carrying such intended Agreement into Effect, and received an Advance of Two thousand Pounds
 • in the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety four for that Purpose; and the said *Jersey Bank*
 • states himself to have expended large Sums of Money over and above the said Sum of Two thousand Pounds,
 • in making Preparations for the Performance of the said Agreement on his Part, with respect to the Plan of
 • the said intended Building, the Employment to be therein given to Convicts, and the System of Manage-
 • ment thence to be adapted, and to have transferred, and with Engagements adapted to the Object of
 • such Preparations, an extensive System of Mechanical Works, of the Invention of his Brother, Brigadier
 • General Samuel Boulton, in whom the same were vested by divers Patents, and a certain Capital to a con-
 • siderable Amount, produced by the Sale of divers Estates, had been expended, from which, by means of
 • such Transfers, so Advantage therefor could not be reaped; and it is also stated by the said
 • *Jersey Bank*, that the said Brigadier General Boulton has relinquished in his Favour such Competition as
 • the said *Jersey Bank* might be entitled to in respect of the Matters aforesaid: And whereas it is not now
 • deemed expedient that such Contract with the said *Jersey Bank* should be carried into Effect, but it is
 • just and reasonable that the said *Jersey Bank* should be paid the Sums so by him expended, and should
 • moreover receive liberal Compensation for all Loss and Damage by him and the said *Samuel Boulton* sus-
 • tained by means of the Non fulfilment thereof, deducting from such Claims any Profits which he may have
 • derived from the Lands of which he has been in Possession as Tenant under the Appointment mentioned
 • above: Be it therefore enacted, That Two Parties shall be chosen Arbitrators on the Purpose of settling
 • all Questions between the Public and the said *Jersey Bank*, arising out of the said Agreement or intended
 • Agreement, one of whom shall be chosen by the said Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, and the other by
 • the said *Jersey Bank*; and if the Arbitrators so chosen should not be able to agree to their Award upon
 • the Points referred to them, within the Month after the said Arbitration on the Part of the said Lords
 • Commissioners of the Treasury shall be decided and notified to the said *Jersey Bank*, that they and in such case
 • the said Arbitrators shall name a Third Person, whose Decision thereupon shall be final; and that the said
 • Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are hereby empowered and required to draw out of the Con-
 • sidered Fund, by Warrant signed by any Three or more of them, the Net Sum so awarded to the said *Jersey
 Bank*, within One Month after the said Award shall have been made; and in the mean Time the said Lords
 Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, are hereby authorized and directed to issue
 and pay Net such Annual Sums as may appear to them to be equal to the Net Annual Profit of the said Lands
 in the Hands of the said *Jersey Bank*: Provided always, that in case the making of such Award shall be
 delayed beyond Twelve Months after the passing of this Act, owing to any Neglect or Default on the Part of
 the said *Jersey Bank*, no further Payment shall be made to the said *Jersey Bank* and such Award
 shall be made.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Supervisors, or any Two of them, shall contract with proper
 Persons for erecting such Penitentiary House, together with the several Buildings and Inclosures thereto
 belonging, and shall superintend the Erection of such House and Buildings, and the due Performance of such
 Contracts as shall be entered in to touching the same; and the said Penitentiary House shall be made sufficiently
 large to contain a full Number of Convicts as the Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department shall
 approve, not exceeding Three hundred Male Convicts, and the like Number of Female Convicts; and such
 House, or the Buildings and Inclosures thereto belonging, shall contain proper Stoves, Washhouses, Workhouses,
 Work Rooms and Lodging Rooms, an Infirmary, a Chapel and Buriall Ground, a Chapel divided into any
 Apartments, a Kitchen Garden, and also proper Arms Grounds, Yards, Offices, and other necessary Appar-
 tments for the several Officers and Servants hereinafter described to be appointed: Provided always, that before
 any such Contracts shall be made or entered into by the said Supervisors, the Plan of such House and Build-
 ings, with the Estimate of the Expence of erecting the same, shall be laid before and approved of by the
 Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department.

VI. And be it further enacted, That when the said Penitentiary House shall be ready, or partly ready for
 the Reception of Offenders, it shall and may be laid for His Majesty, or His Privy Council, to nominate
 and appoint by writ and direct Writings, not being less than Two nor more than Twenty in Number, as and
 for a Committee to superintend the said House for the Term of One Year then next ending, or until a fresh
 Nomination or Appointment shall take place; and from time to time to remove all or any of the Persons con-
 sisting the said Committee, and appoint others in their stead, or in the stead of such as shall die or resign.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for such Committee, or any Three of
 them, to hold Meetings, and to make Bye-Laws, Rules, Orders and Regulations, for the governing of the
 said Penitentiary House, and for all Matters relating to the Meetings of the same, as well as for the Government
 of the said Penitentiary House, and for receiving, expending, stuffing, dresting, clothing, mending, employ-
 ing, releasing, manning, treating and watching all Offenders during their respective Confinement therein,
 as to the said Committee shall seem just and proper: Provided however, that such Bye-Laws, Rules and
 Orders shall not begin to have Force until they have been submitted to the Judges of the Court of King's
 Bench, and such Judges shall have subscribed a Declaration that they do not see any thing contrary to Law
 in the said Bye-Laws, Rules and Orders to be made as aforesaid; and all such Bye-Laws, Rules and
 Orders

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Authority for
 settling Questions
 between Public
 and Mr Bank-
 ers.

Superintend to
 be directed
 Erection of
 Penitentiary
 House.

Appointment of
 Committee of
 Management.

Committee to
 make By-Laws,
 Rules, &c.

Orders to be made, shall be afterwards added to or altered from time to time as often as the said Committee shall think necessary, and such Additions and Alterments shall also in like manner be submitted to the Justices of the Court of King's Bench, and confirmed in manner aforesaid.

Agreement
of Visitors.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for such Committee, or any Three of them, at any of their said Meetings, to appoint any One or more of their said Members to visit the said House during the Intervals between the Meetings of the said Committee, and to delegate, if they shall think fit, Power to such Visitors or any of them to make any Order or give any Directions in acts of pressing Emergency within the said House, which might be made or given by the said Committee if they were sitting; provided that every such Order or Direction, together with the Circumstances by which the same was occasioned, shall be reported to the said Committee at their next Meeting.

Agreement of
Officers, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That, for the Regulation and Management of such Penitentiary House, and provisionally to the opening thereof for the Reception of Offenders, there shall be elected and appointed by the said Committee, a Governor, a Chaplain, a Surgeon or Apothecary, a Storekeeper, and also for that Part of the House for and for Female Convicts, a Matron, together with such Takersmiths and other Officers, Assistants and Servants, as the said Committee, with the Approbation of the said Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, shall judge necessary; and such Takersmiths, Officers, Servants and Assistants shall from time to time be removable by any Order of the said Committee; and when any Vacancy shall happen, new Takersmiths, Officers, Servants or Assistants shall be elected by the same Authority; and such Salaries, and other Allowances shall be made to the said Takersmiths, Officers, Servants and Assistants as the said Committee shall think proper, subject nevertheless to such Approbation as aforesaid; and also such of them from whom the said Committee may deem it proper to require Security for the due and faithful Execution of their Office, shall give such Security accordingly as the said Committee from time to time shall direct.

Committee may
vary Number of
Officers.

X. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Committee from time to time, with such Approbation as aforesaid, to increase, diminish, discontinue or vary the Number of Officers to be appointed for the said House in pursuance of the Directions aforesaid, except by taking away or diminishing any of the Offices of Governor, Matron, Chaplain, and Surgeon or Apothecary, in the last-

Committee to be
a Body Cor-
porate.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Governor of such Penitentiary House shall be a Body Corporate, and shall be and be held by the Name of "*The Governor of the Penitentiary House for London and MIDDLESEX.*"

Governor em-
powered to con-
tract for Cloath-
ing, &c. by de-
positing the
Accounts.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the said Governor shall also have Power to make Contracts with any Person whatsoever, for the Cloathing, Diet and all other Necessaries for the Maintenance and Support of the Offenders confined in such House, for Implements or Materials of any Kind of Manufacture, Trade or Mystery in which Offenders confined in such House shall be employed, such Contracts being previously approved by the Committee; and also to carry on such Manufacture and Mystery in such House, and to fill such Goods, Wares and Merchandises, as shall be there wrought or manufactured; and the Governor of every such Penitentiary House shall cause all Accounts relating to the Maintenance of such House and the Offenders therein, to be entered regularly in a Book or Books to be kept for that Purpose; and also the Governor and Storekeeper shall each keep separate Accounts of all such Stock and Materials as shall be brought into such House for employing such Offenders, and such Stock and Materials shall from time to time be delivered out by the said Storekeeper as Occasion shall require to the several Takersmiths, who shall respectively give Receipts to such Storekeeper for the same, and shall distribute the same amongst the several Offenders to be employed in working thereof; and such Takersmiths or their Assistants shall constantly superintend the Work of the said Offenders, and take an Account of every Neglect of Work or other Misbehaviour, and Misdemeanor of any extraordinary Delinquency or good Behaviour in any of such Offenders, and from time to time shall report the same to the Governor, who shall cause the same to be entered in a Book to be kept for that Purpose; and such Takersmiths shall also keep Accounts of the Quantities daily worked by the several Offenders, and shall return the Materials, when wrought and manufactured, to the Storekeeper, who shall give Receipts to the Takersmiths for the same, and shall from time to time, with the Privy and Approbation of the Governor, fill and dispose thereof, and pay the Money arising from such Sales to the Governor, who shall be accountable for the same to the Committee, in manner hereafter mentioned; and the said Governor and Storekeeper shall keep separate Accounts of the Materials so wrought, manufactured, sold and disposed of, and the several Sums of Money for which the same shall be so sold, and when sold, and to whom, in Books to be provided for these Purposes.

Accounts
entered.

Duty of Store-
keeper and
Takersmiths.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the said several Books to be kept by the said Governor and Storekeeper, and the several Entries therein, shall be examined by the said Committee, and shall be by them compared with the several Receipts and other Vouchers, and shall be verified by such Governor and Storekeeper upon Oath, if required, before such Committee, and shall, if approved of by such Committee, be allowed and paid by any Three of them; and if such Committee shall disapprove of any Articles in such Accounts, they shall disallow the same.

Books to be
examined.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if the said Committee shall suspect any fraudulent or improper Charges in any of such Accounts of the said Governor or Storekeeper, or any Offence therein, they may examine upon Oath the said Governor, Storekeeper, or any of the Officers or Servants belonging to such House, or any of the Persons employed about the same, or any Persons of whom any Necessaries, Stock, Materials or other Things have been purchased for the Use of such House, or any Persons to whom any Stock or Materials wrought or manufactured therein, have been sold, or any of the Offenders confined in such Penitentiary House, or any other Persons, touching any of the Articles contained in such Accounts, or

Committee may
examine upon
Oath, and they
may examine
the Fraud or
Culprits.

any

any Oath or Oaths, or any thing relative thereto; and in case there shall appear in any such Accounts any false Entry, knowingly or wilfully made, or any fraudulent Omission thereof, or any other Fraud whatsoever, or any Collusion between any Officer or Officers, or Servants belonging to such House, or between any such Officer or Officers, Servant or Servants, and any other Person or Persons, in any Matter relative thereto, then, besides the private Satisfaction in Damages which the Parties or Party injured may be entitled to recover by Law, the said Committee may direct any such Officer or Officers who shall so seem appear to have been guilty of any such false Entry, Omission, Fraud or Collusion, and appoint another or others in his, her or their stead; and if the said Committee shall see fit, they shall cause an Indictment or Indictments to be preferred against the Officer or Officers, Servant or Servants so offending, at the next Quarter or other General Session of the Peace to be holden for the County, Riding, Liberty, Division, City, Corporation or Place where such Penitentiary House shall be situated, or for any other adjoining County; and in case such Person or Persons so indicted shall be found guilty of such Offence or Offences, he, she or they shall be punished by Fine and Imprisonment, or either of them, at the Discretion of the Court.

XV. And be it further enacted, That when the Penitentiary House heretofore directed to be built, or a sufficient Part thereof, shall be finished and completed for the Reception of Offenders, and proper Officers shall be appointed for the Care and Management thereof, the said Committee shall certify, under the Great Seal and Great Seal, to His Majesty, through the said Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, that such House is so fitted and completed, and that such Officers have been appointed; and after the making of such Certificate it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, with the Advice of His Privy Council, to order that any Person who shall be in His Majesty's Goal of Newgate, committed to Transportation for any Offence committed within the City of London or the County of Middlesex, or actually confined for any Crime committed within the said City or County, and pardoned by His Majesty upon the Condition of being confined under the Act, to be removed and imprisoned within the said Penitentiary House for and during any Term not exceeding Five Years, in case such Offender shall have been sentenced to be transported for Seven Years only; for any Term not exceeding Seven Years, in case he or she shall have been so sentenced for Fourteen Years; and for a Term not exceeding Ten Years, in case such Offender shall have received Sentence of Transportation for Life, or shall have been actually committed.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all Fees on the delivering out of Custody of any such Offender to be removed, as have already been paid and would have been due to the Keeper of the said Goal of Newgate in case such Offender had been removed in order to have been transported, and all reasonable Expences which the said Keeper shall incur in every such Removal, shall be paid by the said City of London or County of Middlesex, for which the Court in which the Offender was committed shall have been held; and the Keeper shall receive the Money due for such Fees and Expences from the Treasurer of the said City or County, such Fees and Expences being first allowed by the Order of the Justices of the Peace at their Quarter or other General Sessions of the Peace, who are hereby required to make such Order as shall be just in this behalf.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That after Delivery of any such Offender as aforesaid into the Custody to which he or she shall be so ordered as aforesaid, such Governor or other Person having the Custody of Offenders under his Direction shall, during the Term for which such Offender shall be ordered to remain in his Custody, have the same Powers over such Offender as are incident to the Office of a Sheriff or Gaoler; and in case of any Abuse of such Custody, or other Misbehaviour or Negligence in the Discharge of his Office, shall be liable to the same Punishment as a Gaoler is now liable to by Law.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That when any Offender who shall be ordered to be confined in such Penitentiary House shall be brought thither in pursuance of the Powers contained in this Act, he or she shall be separately lodged and washed, cleaned and purified, and shall then be examined by the Surgeon or Apothecary, and shall continue in such separate Lodging until it be certified by such Surgeon or Apothecary that he or she is fit to be mixed among the other Convicts; and the Clothes in which he or she shall then be clothed shall be having if necessary, or otherwise if it be found and disposed of at the Discretion of the Governor, and the Produce thereof shall be accounted for to the Committee aforesaid; and such Offender shall not be allowed at the End or other Determination of his Term, unless at his own Request, if he shall then labour under any acute or dangerous Distemper, not until he can be safely discharged; and when such Offender shall be safely discharged, such other decent Clothing as shall be judged necessary and proper by the Committee aforesaid, shall be delivered to such Offender, and also such sum of Money for his or her moderate Subsistence, as the said Committee shall think proper, so as such sum shall not exceed Three Pounds; and if such Offender at the End or other Determination of his or her Term, shall procure any reputable Master of a Ship, or Tradesman, or other substantial Headkeeper, to take him or her into his or her service, or provide him or her with proper Employment, for One Year then next ensuing, the same to be approved by the Committee aforesaid, he or she, having sworn accordingly, shall be entitled at the End of the Year to such other sum of Money, not exceeding the like sum of Three Pounds, as the said Committee shall think fit.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every such Governor of the said Penitentiary House shall during the Term for which such Offender shall remain in such Custody, keep him or her to Labour, of such Kind as the Committee before mentioned shall direct and appoint; and if the Work to be performed by any such Offenders shall be of such a Nature as may require previous Instructions, proper Persons shall be provided to give the same by Order of the said Committee, or whom a suitable Allowance shall be made.

XX. And be it further enacted, That such Offender, as shall be sent to the said Penitentiary House shall, during the Hours of Labour, be separated from each other, or shall work together in Companies composed of seven or fewer Persons in Number, in such manner as the Bye-Laws established as aforesaid by the Committee

Committee to certify, to Secretary of State, under the Great Seal, to His Majesty, with the Advice of His Privy Council, to order that any Person who shall be in His Majesty's Goal of Newgate, committed to Transportation for any Offence committed within the City of London or the County of Middlesex, or actually confined for any Crime committed within the said City or County, and pardoned by His Majesty upon the Condition of being confined under the Act, to be removed and imprisoned within the said Penitentiary House for and during any Term not exceeding Five Years, in case such Offender shall have been sentenced to be transported for Seven Years only; for any Term not exceeding Seven Years, in case he or she shall have been so sentenced for Fourteen Years; and for a Term not exceeding Ten Years, in case such Offender shall have received Sentence of Transportation for Life, or shall have been actually committed.

Gaoler's Fees and Expences of Removal to York.

Power of Governor.

Offender, when brought, to be separately lodged and washed, and examined by Surgeon.

When ac- tually brought, to be received into the Custody of the Gaoler, Allowance.

Keeping Offender to Labour.

Offenders sent to Work.

shall perform; and that all Offenders not confined in the Infirmary Hall, during their Hours of Rest, be kept entirely separate and apart from each other, and be lodged in separate Rooms or Cells.

Hours of Work. XXXI. And be it further enacted, That such Offenders shall be employed in Work at the said Penitentiary House every Day in the Year, except Sundays, Christmas Day and Good Fridays, and also except such Days when ill Health will not allow of their working; and the Hours of Work in each Day shall be as many as the Season of the Year, with an Interval of Half an Hour for Breakfast and an Hour for Dinner well spent, but not exceeding Eight Hours in the Months of November, December and January; Nine Hours in the Months of February and October, and Ten Hours in the rest of the Year: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for the said Committee, by a written Order, to permit any Prisoner to labour voluntarily for a longer time than is herein mentioned, upon such Conditions as shall in the said Order be specified.

Rewards. XXXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Committee to allow to any of the Offenders confined in the said Penitentiary House, as a Reward and Encouragement, any Part or Portion of the Points arising from their Labour not exceeding such Proportion thereof as shall be approved of and allowed by the said Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department; to be expended in such manner, and subject to such Regulations as the said Committee shall direct and appoint.

Working Offenders and the Classification. XXXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the several Offenders to be first in the said Penitentiary House shall be divided into Two Classes, which shall be called the First and Second Class; for which Purpose the Time for which such Offenders shall be generally ordered to be confined shall be divided into Two equal Parts, and during the First Part of the Time of the Imprisonment, he or she shall be ranked in the First Class; and during the Second Part of such time, he or she shall be ranked in the Second Class; and the Confinement of such Offenders as shall from time to time be ranked in the First Class shall be more strict, and the Confinement of the Offenders in the Second Class shall be more moderate; by which several Degrees of Confinement to be assigned to each Class shall be settled by the said Committee; by Orders of Regulation to be approved of in manner aforesaid, but not in so as to defeat or elude the special Rules or Provisions made and appointed by this Act: Provided always, that if the said Committee shall at any time observe or be satisfactorily informed of any extraordinary Diligence or Merit in any of the said Offenders who are ranked in the said First Class, it shall be lawful for the said Committee to order such Offender to be transferred to the Second Class, although such Offender may not have completed the Period of his or her Imprisonment in the said First Class.

Exemption to receive Offenders who are not confined in the Penitentiary House. XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if the said Committee shall at any time observe or be satisfactorily informed of any extraordinary Diligence or Merit in any of the Offenders under their Inspection, who shall be ranked in the said Second Class of Offenders, the Committee shall report the same in Writing to the Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, in order that he may recommend such Offender to His Majesty as an Object of the Royal Mercy, in such Degree and on such Conditions as to Him shall seem meet.

Hours of Offenders and their Clothing. XXXV. And be it further enacted, That every Offender who shall be ordered to work in the said Penitentiary House shall, during the time of his or her Confinement therein, be fed and furnished with a sufficient Quantity of coarse but wholesome Food; and also be clothed with a coarse and uniform Apparel, with any distinguishing Marks which may be deemed useful to facilitate Discovery in case of Escape; the Whole to be ordered in such manner as the Committee aforesaid shall from time to time appoint for those Purposes: And no such Offender shall, during the time of his or her Confinement, be permitted to have any other Food, Drink or Clothing, than such as shall be so appointed; and if any Person or Persons shall wilfully supply any such Offender, at any time during the Term of his or her Confinement, with any Food, Drink or Clothing, other than such as shall be so appointed, or with any Money, he or she so supplying such Offender, shall, for every such Offender, forfeit a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings.

Hours of Offenders and their Clothing. XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Person, except the Officers, Assistants or Servants of the House, or such Person or Persons as shall be authorized according to the Regulations established by the said Committee, shall be permitted any time to enter any of the Apartments or Court Yards allotted to the Prisoners, or to hold Conversation or Communication with any such Offenders.

Committee may employ Offenders as Servants. XXXVII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Governor of the said House to employ, with the Consent of the said Committee, any of the Offenders aforesaid, who shall be ranked in the Second Class as Servants, Overseers or Assistants, in the Management of the Works and the Care of their Fellow Prisoners, instead of being confined to such their Duty Labour as aforesaid.

Officers or Servants supplying Offenders with Money, Clothing, Provisions or Diet. XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Officer or Servant of such Penitentiary House shall supply any of the Offenders therein with any Money, Clothing, Provisions or Diet, or with any Spirituous or other Liquors whatsoever, except such Money, Clothing, Provisions or Diet, or such Water and Milk, as the Governor of the House shall from time to time permit or direct, and except such Diet and Liquors as the Surgeon or Apothecary attending such House shall think proper to order for any such Offenders in case of Illness; and in case any such Officer or Servant shall be found guilty of carrying in any such Offender, or of knowingly procuring to be carried to any such Offender, any Money, Clothing, Provisions or Diet, or Liquors whatsoever contrary to the Intent of this Act, such Officer or Servant shall immediately be suspended by the said Governor, who shall report the same to the Committee at their next Meeting; and such Committee shall enquire thereof upon Oath, and shall punish such Officer or Servant by Forfeiture of Office, by any Fine not exceeding Ten Pounds, and by Imprisonment for any Term not exceeding Six Months, or by any one or more of such Punishments as the said Committee shall in their Discretion think proper.

Chapel to read Prayers in. XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That a Chapel shall and may be erected and Reading Prayers in the Chapel of such Penitentiary House, and preach a Sermon each Morning and Evening, on every Sunday in the Year, and also on every Christmas Day and Good Friday; and all the Offenders confined in such House, who shall

or be disabled by Illness, shall attend the said Prayers and Sermons, which shall also be attended by the said Officers and by the Servants of such House, or such of them as can be spared from their several Employments, and shall not be prevented by Illness; and the said Chaplains shall visit such Officers, under such Regulations as may hereafter be prescribed by the said Committee, for their moral and religious Education, as well as for their Instruction in Reading and Writing.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the Officers, ordered to be confined in such Penitentiary House shall be permitted to walk and air themselves in the Airing Yards or Grounds belonging thereto, for such stated time as their Health may require, and the Governor, under the Direction of the Committee, shall permit.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Officer shall appear to be sick, he or she shall be visited by the Surgeon or Apothecary attending such House, and if the Sickens be found to be real, the said Surgeon or Apothecary shall report the same to the Governor, who shall, if the Sickens be of such a Nature as to require it, order such Officer to be sent to the Infirmary belonging to such House, and to be entered in a Book to be kept for that Purpose as a sick; and when such Officer shall have been recovered by or for Health, as that the said Surgeon or Apothecary shall judge him or her to be in proper Condition to quit the Infirmary, and to return to his or her Employment, and the said Apothecary shall so report, the said Governor shall order such Officer to be brought back to his or her Lodging Rooms, and to be again employed in Labour as far as shall be consistent with the Health of such Officer.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee, at every Meeting, in which Three of them at the least shall be present, shall inquire into the State of such House, and shall enquire at least in every Month, for every Officer confined there and not disabled by Sickens; and shall inspect the Accounts of the Governor and Storekeepers, and also examine the Conduct and Management of such House, and the Behaviour of the Officers thereof, and of the Officers confined therein.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Governor of such Penitentiary House shall have Power to hear all Complaints touching any of the following Offences; that is to say, Disobedience of any of the Orders of the House; Assaults by one Person confined in such House upon another, when no dangerous Wound or Bruise is given; profane Cursing and Swearing, or indecent Behaviour; Absence from Chapel, or irreverent Behaviour there; and Idleness or Negligence in Work, or wilful Mismanagement of it; all which are declared to be Offences by this Act; and the said Governor may examine any Person touching such Offences, and may detinue thereupon, and may punish such Offenders by entering the Offenders in close Confinement in a dark Cell, or by keeping them upon Bread and Water only, for any Term not exceeding Three Days.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer who shall be confined in any such Penitentiary House, shall, during the Term for which he shall be so confined, be guilty of any Offence which the Governor of such House is not hereby authorized to punish, or for which the Punishment which such Governor is hereby authorized to inflict shall by such Governor be deemed not sufficient, by reason of the Evidency of the Offence or the Repetition thereof, such Governor may, and he is hereby required to examine such Officer, either in his or her own Lodging Rooms, or in a dark Cell belonging to such House, till the next Meeting of the said Committee, and shall then report such Offence, with the time and particular Circumstances thereof, and the Name of the Offender, to the said Committee; and such Committee shall have Power to enquire of, upon Oath, and detinue concerning all such Offences so reported to them as aforesaid, and shall order such Offenders to be punished by close Confinement in a dark Cell, with Bread and Water only, for Satisfaction, for any Term not exceeding One Month, or by removing such Offenders, if ranked in the Second Class into the First Class, or by any or all of such Punishments; and in case of Removal into the First Class, the Offender shall from the time of making such Order of Removal, go through such First Class, unless he or she be returned to the Second Class by Order of the Committee, or unless the Term of his or her Confinement shall be previously completed.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That whenever by this Act the said Committee or any Three of them, are empowered or directed to make any Enquiry, or receive any Proof upon Oath, any One of the said Committee is hereby authorized to tender and administer such Oath; and any Three of the said Committee may summon or cause to be summoned such Witnesses as they shall think meet to appear and give Evidence before them; and if any Person, being duly summoned, shall refuse or neglect to appear, or being present and competent to be a Witness, shall refuse to be sworn, or, being sworn, shall refuse to give Evidence, such Person shall forfeit any Sum not less than Twenty Shillings nor more than Ten Pounds, at the Discretion of the said Committee.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Governor of the said Penitentiary House shall keep a regular Book or Books, in which shall be entered the Names of all and every the Persons or Persons who shall be in their Custody, the Offences of which they shall have been guilty, the Court before which such Person was convicted, the Sentence of the Court, the Age, bodily Estate and Behaviour of every such Person while in Custody; and also the Name of all and every the Person or Persons who shall have died under such Custody, or shall have escaped from such Place of Confinement, or shall have been discharged from thence by Order from One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or otherwise; from which Books Returns shall be made of the Particulars aforesaid here, on the First Day of every Term, to His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, and shall be written on the Oath of the Person making the same.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee shall, at the Beginning of every Session, make a faithful Report to the King in Council, and to both Houses of Parliament, specifying the State of the Buildings, the Behaviour and Conduct of the respective Officers, the Treatment and Condition of the Prisoners, the Amount of the several Earnings, and the Expenses attending every such Place of Confinement; and also in Matters of extreme or pressing Necessity, shall and may make a special Report thereof to the Justices of

and punish Two Sessions, &c.

Officers to visit and enquire therein.

Officers which shall, visited by Surgeon; and if needful by the said Infirmary.

Committee to examine State of Health, and his Quilt Accounts.

Governor may punish or hear Complaints.

Examine Offenders confined by Governor, and reported to Committee.

Committee may administer Oath.

Fines.

Governor to keep regular Books, and make Returns to be made therefrom.

Reports to be sent the King in Council, and Parliament.

Ha

His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, who shall immediately take Order thereon, and register or re-
cord the same.

By-Laws, Act,
applicable to the
King in Council,
and in Parlia-
ment.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee shall report to His Majesty in Council, and to both Houses of Parliament, all Bye-Laws, Rules or Regulations made under the Authority of this Act, and all Alterations therein or Additions thereto, within Thirty one Days after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, after such Bye-Laws, Rules and Regulations, or Alterations or Additions, shall have been confirmed by the Justices of the Court of King's Bench, as hereinafter is directed.

Expenses of exe-
cuting Act shall
be in the Hands
of Comptroller.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That an Account of the Expenses of carrying this Act into Execu-
tion, and hereinafter specially provided for, shall be annually laid before the House of Commons, and after deducting thereout the Net Profit, if any, arising from the Forfeitures of the Offenders who shall be confined in the said House, the Remainder of such Expenses shall be provided for in the next Supplies to be granted to His Majesty by Parliament.

Prisoners being
Traded or employ-
ing

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall be ordered to be confined in the said Penitentiary House, shall at any time during the Term of such Confinement, break Prison, or escape from the Place of his or her Confinement, or in his or her Conveyance to such Place of Confinement, or when the Prisoner or Persons leaving the lawful Custody of such Offender, he or she is breaking Prison or escaping, shall be punished by an Addition of Three Years to the Term for which he or she is at the time of his or her Breach of Prison or Escape was subject to be confined; and if such Person is punished by such Addition to the Term of Confinement, shall afterwards be convicted of a Second Escape or Breach of Prison, he or she shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

Prisoners being

Prisoners being
employed in
any Office.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall receive any Offender who shall be ordered to be confined within the said Penitentiary House, either during the term of his or her Conveyance to the said Penitentiary House, or whilst such Offender shall be in the Custody of the Prisoner or Persons under whose Care and Charge he or she shall be so confined; or if any Person shall be aiding or assisting in any such Felony, every such Person so receiving, aiding or assisting, shall be guilty of Felony, and may be ordered to be confined to the said House for any Term not less than One Year, nor exceeding Five Years; and if any Person, having the Custody of any such Offender as aforesaid, or being employed by the Prisoner having such Custody, as a Keeper, Watch-keeper, Turnkey, Assistant or Guard, shall voluntarily permit such Offender to escape, or if any Person whatsoever shall, by supplying Arms, Tools, or Instruments of Diet, or otherwise be in any manner aiding and assisting to any such Offender in any Escape, or in any Attempt to make an Escape, though no Escape be actually made, or shall attempt to induce any such Offender, or be aiding and assisting in any such Attempt, though no Release be actually made, every such Person so permitting, attempting, aiding or assisting, shall be guilty of Felony; and if any Person having such Custody, or being so employed by the Prisoner having such Custody as aforesaid, shall negligently permit any such Offender to escape, such Person so permitting shall be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and being lawfully convicted of the same, shall be liable to Fine or Imprisonment, or to both, at the Discretion of the Court.

Prisoners being

Made of Trial
and Convicted.

XIII. And, to the intent that the Proceedings for Escapes, Breaches of Prison and Releases, may be carried on with as little Trouble and Expence as is possible, be it further enacted, That any Offender escaping, breaking Prison, or being released in manner aforesaid, may and shall be tried before the Justices of Oyer and Terminer or Grand Delivery, or at the Great Sessions either for the County where he or she shall be apprehended and retaken, or for the County in which the said Offence shall have been committed; and in case of any Proceedings for any such Escape, Attempt to Escape, Breach of Prison or Release, either against the Offender escaping or attempting to escape, or having broken Prison, or being released, or against any other Person or Persons concerned therein, or aiding, abetting or assisting the same, a Copy, properly attested of the Order of Commitment to such Penitentiary House, shall, after Proof made that the Person then in question before the Court is the same that was delivered with such Order, be sufficient Evidence to the Court and Jury that the Person then in question was so ordered to such Confinement.

Recovery of
Prison.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That any necessary Fees and costs created by this Act, for the Recovery of which no Mode is herein before prescribed, shall be recoverable before Two or more Justices of the Peace in the County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Borough, Town or Place in which the Offence shall be committed, on Proof of the Offence by the Oath or Oaths of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, or on Confession of the Offender; and One Moiety thereof shall be paid to the Use of the Penitentiary House, and the other Moiety to the Informer or Informers prosecuting for the same; and in case of Nonpayment, shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice; and the Overplus of the Money raised, after deducting the Fees and the Expence of the Distress and Sale, shall be ordered to the Owner; and for Want of sufficient Distress, the Offender shall be first by such Justices to the Prison of such County, Riding, Division, City, Borough, Town or Place, for such Term not exceeding Six Months, nor less than Six Months, as such Justices shall think most proper.

General Off.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Suit or Action shall be prosecuted against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and give the Act or the special Matter, in Evidence, as any Treatise, to be had thereupon, and that the same may also be by the Authority of this Act; and if a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuit, or discontinue his, her or their Action or Actions after Issue joined, or if, on Demurrer, or otherwise, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant has by Law in any cause; and though a Verdict shall be given for any Plaintiff in any such Action or Suit as aforesaid, such Plaintiff shall not have Costs against the Defendant, unless the Judge before whom the Trial shall be, shall certify his Approbation of the Verdict.

Treble Costs.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That all *Affairs, Suits and Proceedings*, to be commenced against any *Person or Persons* for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, shall be laid and tried in the County or Place where the *Fact* was committed, and shall be commenced within Six Months after the *Fact* committed, and not otherwise.

Limitation of
Affairs.

XLVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That until Provision shall be made for the *Confinement* in *Penitentiary Houses*, of *Offenders* committed in other Parts of *England and Wales* than the *City of London* and County of *Middlesex*, and sentenced to *Transportation*, or pardoned upon Condition of being confined in a *Penitentiary House*, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, with the Advice of His Privy Council, to order any such *Offender* to be removed from any *Goal or Prisons* in which he or she shall be confined, and to be imprisoned under the Provisions of this Act, within the *Penitentiary House* now to be erected; and any Fees which would have been due to the *Goaler or Keeper* of such *Goal or Prison*, if such *Offender* had been removed in order to be transported, and all reasonable Expenses which shall be incurred in every such Removal, shall be paid by the *City or County* for which the *Court* in which the *Offender* was committed shall have been held, in the manner in which such Fees and Expenses are heretofore directed to be paid, in the case of the Removal of *Offenders* from His Majesty's *Goal of Newgate*.

Offenders may
be removed.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any *Court or Courts* shall think fit to sentence any *Person or Persons* committed before such *Court or Courts* of Felony without Benefit of Clergy, as Imprisonment as or for the Punishment, or Part of the Punishment for such *Offence*, such *Court or Courts* may, if they shall think fit so to do, moreover direct that the *Person or Persons* so committed shall during such Imprisonment be kept to hard Labour.

Courts may take
more Offences
to hard Labour.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered or amended by any Act or Acts to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

Act may be
altered, &c.

C A P. XLV.

An Act to suspend the Exportation from *Ireland* to *Parts* beyond the *Seas* of *Spirits* made or distilled in *Ireland* from *Corn or Grain*, until the *Thirty first Day of December* One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

[15th May 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Exportation from *Ireland* to *Parts* beyond the *Seas* of *Spirits* made or distilled from *Corn or Grain* should be prohibited for a time to be limited; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Eighth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and until and upon the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve, it shall not be lawful for any *Person or Persons* to export, or to enter, or ship for Exportation, from any *Port or Place* in *Ireland* to any *Parts* beyond the *Seas*, any *Spirits* made or distilled in *Ireland* from *Corn or Grain* made or fermented, and in case any such *Spirits* shall be exported or entered, or shipped for Exportation from any *Port or Place* in *Ireland* to or for any *Parts* beyond the *Seas*, such *Spirits* be lawfully exported or entered, or shipped for Exportation, together with the *Casks or Packages* containing the same, and also the *Ships, Boats or Vessels* on board which the same shall be laden or exported shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any *Officer or Officers* of *Customs or Excise*, any *Act or Acts*, Usage or Custom, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Spirits made
from Corn or
Grain.

Penalty.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case the *Lord Lieutenant* or other *Chief Governor or Governors* of *Ireland* at any time after the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall in his or their *Discretion* judge it to be for the Benefit and Advantage of that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, to permit the Exportation of such *Spirits* to *Parts* beyond the *Seas*, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the *Lord Lieutenant*, or other *Chief Governor or Governors* of *Ireland* for the time being, and he and they it and are hereby authorized, with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council of *Ireland*, by any Proclamation or Proclamations to be issued by and with the Advice of the said Privy Council, or by Order in Council to be published in the *British Gazette*, to permit and suffer all and every *Person or Persons* (but not any particular *Person or Persons*) of any time or times not less than *Thirty Days* from the Date of such Proclamation or Order in Council, to export any such *Spirits* to *Parts* beyond the *Seas*; or in case the *Lord Lieutenant* or other *Chief Governor or Governors* of *Ireland* at any time after the said First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall in his or their *Discretion* judge it to be for the Benefit and Advantage of that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, further to continue the Prohibition of the Exportation of such *Spirits* from the said *Thirty first Day of December* One thousand eight hundred and twelve until Forty Days after the next Meeting of Parliament, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the *Lord Lieutenant* or other *Chief Governor or Governors* of *Ireland* for the time being, and he and they it and are hereby authorized, with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council of *Ireland*, by any Proclamation or Proclamations to be issued by and with the Advice of the said Privy Council, or by Order in Council to be published in the *British Gazette*, to continue throughout *Ireland* from the said *Thirty first Day of December* One thousand eight hundred and twelve until Forty Days after the next Meeting of Parliament the Prohibition heretofore mentioned; that it is to be, that it shall not be lawful for any *Person or Persons* to export, or to enter, or ship for Exportation from any *Port or Place* in *Ireland* to any *Parts* beyond the *Seas*, any *Spirits* made or distilled in *Ireland* from *Corn or Grain* made or fermented.

Lord Lieutenant
may permit the
exportation of
by not after
Oct. 1, 1812,
or continue
Prohibition by
Ireland Acts.

III. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to forbid any such *Spirits* exported from *Ireland* to any *Parts* beyond the *Seas*, if it shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of *Customs and Port Duties* in *Ireland* (such Proof being left

Spirits shipped
before April 15,
1812, not being
forbid.

left to the Judgment of them the said Commissions), that such Spirits were actually shipped for such Exportation on or before the Twelfth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and without any Knowledge of the Provisions of this Act, by the Purser or Purvers by whom such Spirits were shipped.

IV. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That in case any Purser shall at any time before the passing of this Act have sold or contracted to sell any such Spirits to be exported to Parts beyond the Seas, such Purser in having sold or contracted to sell such Spirits shall not be compelled or compelled to perform or fulfil any such Sale or Contract, nor shall such Purser be liable to any Damages for Breach of such Contract, or for neglecting or refusing to sell or deliver such Spirits; and in case any Action shall be brought against any Purser or Purvers for any Breach of such Contract, or for neglecting or refusing to sell or deliver such Spirits, the Defendant or Defendants may plead the General Issue, and in any Trial to be had thereupon may give in Evidence this Act and the special Matter, and that such Sale and Delivery were procured and prohibited by the Authority of this Act; and if the same shall appear accordingly, then the Jury shall and in case of a Discontinuance of the Action, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Double Costs, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant or Defendants law or hath for Costs of Suits in any other cases by Law.

V. And he it further enacted, That the Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act shall and may be used for and recovered, levied and applied, in like Manner and Form, and by such ways and means, and with such Powers and Authorities, as are prescribed, directed and appointed to and by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland, in the Tenthenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second; intitled *An Act for the settling the Excise or other Taxes upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein provided*, or by any other Law or Laws relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise or Customs in force in Ireland, as fully and effectually, as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed and recited in this Act, with like Extent of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties who shall stand law, by or on themselves aggrieved or injured, as is and by the said recited Act or any Law or Laws relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise or Customs in force in Ireland is provided.

VI. And he it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XLVI.

An Act to grant to His Majesty Duties upon Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, and on other certain Drawbacks on the Exportation thereof; and to repeal certain Bounties given to Purvers licensed to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer and Ale by Retail in Ireland. [5th May 1812.]

• Most Gracious Sovereigns,

WE Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, sheweth, that the necessary Supplies, here freely and voluntarily offered to give and grant unto Your Majesty the Duties hereafter mentioned; and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and he it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within and through that Part of the said United Kingdom called Ireland, there shall be granted, raised, levied, collected, paid and satisfied, to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several Duties hereafter mentioned; that it so be:

For and upon every Gallon of *Spice Wine*, Strong Waters or Spirits which, at any time from and after the Eighth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall be made or distilled in Ireland from Corn or Grains mixed or unmixed, or for which any Distiller shall be chargeable by Law, or additional Duty of Two Shillings and Six pence *Strong Currency*, over and above all other Duties payable thereon, and under and by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland, or in any time before the said Eighth Day of April, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Quantity; and which shall additional Duty shall be paid by the said Maker or Distiller of such Spirit.

II. And he it further enacted, That there shall also be granted, raised, levied, collected, paid and satisfied, to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several Duties hereafter mentioned; that it so be:

For and upon every Gallon of *Spice Wine*, Strong Waters or Spirits made or distilled in Ireland from Corn or Grains mixed or unmixed, which shall have been in the Stock, Custody or Possession of any Distiller in Ireland, or of any Purser for the Use of such Distiller on the said Eighth Day of April, the additional Duty or Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence *Strong Currency*, over and above all other Duties which shall have been charged or paid on such *Spice Wine*, Strong Waters or Spirits, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Quantity;

And also for and upon every Gallon of *Spice Wine*, Strong Waters or Spirits made in Great Britain or Ireland from Corn or Grains mixed or unmixed, which shall have been in the Stock, Custody or Possession of any Importer of Duty in, Seller or Retailer of Spirits in Ireland, or of any Refiner, or of any Compounder of Spirits, on the said Eighth Day of April, an additional Duty or Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence *Strong Currency*, over and above all other Duties which shall have been paid on such *Spice Wine*, Strong Waters or Spirits, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Quantity;

Provided always, That no such Charge of Two Shillings and Six pence per Gallon, upon any Spirits in the Stock, Cellary or Possession of any Person, shall take place upon or affect any Person who shall own in the Whole or have the Quantity of Thirty Gallons in Stock, Cellary or Possession, on the said Eighth Day of April, and that no such Charge shall take place on any Spirits in the Stock of any Compositor of Spirits, which shall have been actually compounded before the said Eighth Day of April.

III. And be it further enacted, That there shall also be granted, raised, levied, collected, paid and satisfied, to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and upon every Gallon of *Acqua Fava*, Straw Water or Spirits, made or distilled from Corn or Grass, washed or un-washed, in *Ireland*, and which having been warehoused in any of His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores in *Ireland* pursuant to Law, shall at any time on or after the said Eighth Day of April, be taken out for Home Consumption in *Ireland*, the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence or *Sex* Pence, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Quantity over and above the Duties of Excise on such Spirits payable thereon, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* on or immediately before the said Eighth Day of April.

IV. And whereas it is expedient, pursuant to the Provisions of the Acts for the Union of Great Britain and *Ireland*, that in respect of the additional Duties by this Act imposed on Spirits made in *Ireland*, additional Comensuring Duties should be charged upon the like Spirits made in Great Britain, and so respectively imported from thence into *Ireland*, fullness to answer the said Duties on Spirits made in *Ireland* under this Act: Be it therefore enacted, That there shall be granted, raised, levied, collected, paid and satisfied, to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, on all such Spirits the Comensuring Duties following, over and above all Comensuring Duties whatsoever payable upon such Spirits under or by virtue of any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* at the time of such Importations: *Ence* to say:

For and upon every Gallon of Spirits made or distilled in Great Britain from Corn or Grass, washed or un-washed, and which shall be imported from thence into *Ireland* at any time after the said Eighth Day of April: One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence *Sex* Pence, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Quantity.

V. And be it further enacted, That for and upon every Gallon of Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland* from Corn, washed or un-washed, and on which the Duties by Law payable thereon shall have been fully paid and satisfied, and which shall be exported from *Ireland* to Great Britain, there shall be allowed and given a Drawback, equal in Amount to the Comensuring Duties imposed by this Act upon Spirits made or distilled in Great Britain from Corn or Grass, washed or un-washed, and imported from thence into *Ireland*.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall export to any other Place than Great Britain Spirits distilled in *Ireland* from Corn or Grass, washed or un-washed, on which the additional Duties imposed by this Act shall have been fully paid and satisfied, shall be entitled to and shall receive for every Gallon of such Spirits a Drawback equal to the Duty by this Act imposed on such Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland*, provided that all such Spirits shall be of a Strength not less than One to Ten, or Hydrostatic Proof; and which said Drawback shall be over and above all Drawbacks payable under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* on or immediately before the said Eighth Day of April, in respect of such Spirits exported from *Ireland* to foreign Parts.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys arising from the Duties granted by this Act (the necessary Charges of making and paying the same being deducted) shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Duty of Two Shillings and Six pence per Gallon on Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland* from Corn, washed or un-washed, imposed by this Act, shall be charged on every Distiller in respect of the Quantity of Spirits which shall be made or distilled by such Distiller, or for which any Distiller shall be chargeable by Law to be computed, ascertained and charged, in such manner and under such Regulations, Directions and Provisions as are contained in an Act made in the Tenth sixth Year of His present Majesty's Majesty, intituled *An Act to provide for the regulating and fixing of the Collection of the Duties on Spirits sold in Ireland, and the Warehousing of such Spirits for Exportation*, or in this or any other Act or Acts for the same purpose, regulating or levying the Duties on Spirits distilled in *Ireland*, or for warehousing the same, and that of and every the Clerks, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures and Modes of enforcing the same, provided, maintained and continued as if the said recited Act of the Tenth sixth Year be continued, or in this or any other Act or Acts for granting, regulating or levying the Duties on Spirits distilled in *Ireland*, or for the warehousing of any such Spirits, shall be applied and put in Execution in relation to the said Duty and other Charges on such Distiller in respect of the said Duties of Spirits under this Act, and with respect to the Warehousing of any Spirits charged with Duty under this Act, as well as if the same, or all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if all the said Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures had been expressly repeated and enacted in this Act.

IX. And, in order to have the said respective Duties of Two Shillings and Six pence by this Act imposed to and for the Use of His Majesty, as well as Eighteen Pence, in the Stock, Cellary or Possession of any Distiller or Importer, or Dealer, Seller, Retailer and Wholesaler of Spirits in *Ireland*, be it further enacted, That any Officer or Officers of Excise in *Ireland* shall and may by gauging or otherwise, take a Account of the Quantity of all such Spirits in the Stock, Cellary or Possession of any Distiller or Importer, or Dealer, Seller, or Retailer of Spirits in *Ireland*, or of any Person for the Use of any such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer or Wholesaler respectively, on the said Eighth Day of April, and also of all such Spirits not compounded, which on the said Eighth Day of April shall be in the Stock, Cellary

Receipt.

Addressed Thereto
by a and under
Signature within
Three or
four, &c.

By a, &c. &c. &c.
64

Continued
Duty.

Drawback of
Corn, washed
Duty on Spirits
imported from
Ireland to G. B.

Drawback of
Duty on Spirits
exported to any
other Part
than G. B.

Duty on the
Corn distilled
Fund.

Duty charged on
by G. B. &c.

Expenses for
taking in the
corn of such of
Spirits in stock

or Possession of any Compendium of Spirits in *Ireland*; and every such Officer or Officers shall make a Return in Writing to the Collector of Excise of the respective Duties in which such Spirits shall have been, on the said Eighth Day of *April*, of the just and true Quantity of all such Spirits, and of the Amount of the said respective Duties of Two Shillings and Six pence per Gallon thereon respectively payable over and above the Duty thereon paid or payable thereon, and such Return shall be a Charge on every such Person respectively; and if any Officer or Officers of Excise fail not, on Demand made by him or them at any Warehouse, Storehouse, Room, Shop, Cellar, Vault or other Place, or of belonging to any such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller or Retailer, Refiner or Compendium, or at any Place where any Spirits belonging to any such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Refiner, Refiner or Compendium shall be, be admitted therein, or shall not be suffered to take an Account of all Spirits thereon, or if any such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Refiner, Refiner or Compendium, or Person having the Custody or Possession of such Spirits, shall neglect or refuse to shew to such Officer all the Spirits in every such Warehouse or other Place, such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Refiner, Refiner, Compendium or other Person, into or at whose Warehouse or other Place such Officer or Officers shall not be admitted, or shall not be suffered to take an Account of all Spirits thereon, and every such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Refiner, Refiner, Compendium or other Person who shall neglect or neglect to shew or cause to be shewn to such Officer or Officers all such Spirits as aforesaid, shall, for every such Offence or Default respectively in any of the cases aforesaid, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Distiller, &c. to deliver at Excise Office an Account of Stock in Hand, received on Duty, within three calendar Days after publishing Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That every such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Refiner, Refiner or Compendium, who on the said Eighth Day of *April* shall have had in his, her or their Stock, Custody or Possession, (other than His Majesty's Warehouse, or under His Majesty's Locks) or in any Store Room, Shop, Cellar, Vault or other Place, or in the Custody or Possession of any other Person, for his, her or their Use, any Spirits whatever, which shall be liable to the said respective additional Duties of Two Shillings and Six pence per Gallon, by this Act granted, shall, within Thirty one Days from and after the passing of this Act, deliver at the Office of Excise of the District in which such Spirits shall have been on the said Eighth Day of *April*, a just, true and particular Account in Writing of the Quantity of all such Spirits, which on the said Eighth Day of *April* shall have been in the Stock, Custody or Possession of such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Refiner, Refiner, Compendium or other Person in every such Warehouse, Store Room, Shop, Cellar, Vault or other Place, or in the Custody or Possession of any Person for his, her or their Use, describing the Places where the same shall respectively be, or may have been, and the Sources thereof; and every such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Refiner, Refiner, Compendium or other Person delivering such Account, shall make Oath, or if a Quaker a solemn Affirmation, before any Chief Commissioner or Sub Commissioner of Excise, that such Account is a true, just and perfect Account of all such Spirits as aforesaid, which Oath or Affirmation any such Commissioner or Sub Commissioner is hereby authorized to administer; and every such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Refiner, Refiner or Compendium, who shall neglect to deliver or cause to be delivered the Accounts hereby respectively required, within the respective Times aforesaid, or who shall neglect to make such Oath or Affirmation, or who shall deliver or cause to be delivered any false or untrue Account, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and all such Spirits of which such Account shall not be delivered within the Times aforesaid, or of which any false or untrue Account shall be delivered, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Revenue of Customs or Excise in *Ireland*.

Penalty.

Duty charged on Spirit Rectifiers.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Person liable on the said additional Duties of Two Shillings and Six pence per Gallon on such Spirits, shall be chargeable and charged with the said Duties upon the Returns or Accounts to be made and delivered by the Officer of Excise, or by such Persons respectively under this Act, according to such of the said Returns or Accounts as shall produce the highest Amount of Duty, and that every such Person shall pay the said Duty accordingly; and when no Account shall have been delivered by any Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Refiner, Refiner or Compendium, the Return made by the Officer shall be a conclusive Charge on such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Refiner, Refiner or Compendium; and that every Person so charged shall, within Three Calendar Months next after the said Eighth Day of *April*, pay to the Collector of Excise of the District all such Duty as shall be due by such Person for or in account of the said additional Duty, or in Default of Payment thereof within the time aforesaid, every such Person making Default shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Amount for which such Person shall be so charged as aforesaid.

Penalty.

Spirits not removed with Duty paid or without Permit.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every Person is chargeable with the said additional Duty, and actually charged therewith pursuant to the Provisions aforesaid, who shall remove any Spirits after the said additional Duties shall have been charged thereon as aforesaid, without having paid and cleared off the said additional Duties, or in whose Stock Account kept by any Officer of Excise, there shall appear to have been any Decrease of such Spirits, without having obtained from the proper Officer or Officers a Permit or Permits authorizing the Removal of the Spirits so deficient, shall forfeit and pay a Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Amount of the additional Duty chargeable on such Spirits: Provided always, that whereas by reason of Quantities of Spirits being sold or used by Retailers of Spirits in Quantities so small as not to require a Permit for the Removal thereof, Deficiencies may arise between such Stock Account and the actual Quantity of Spirits in the Possession of such Retailer, the said Penalty for a Decrease in Stock shall not be inflicted on any Retailer in any case in which such Retailer shall satisfactorily prove that such Decrease was solely occasioned by the Removal of Spirits out of such Retailer's Stock, in Quantities so small as not to require a Permit for such Removal.

Penalty.

Penalty.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall have sold or shall sell any Spirits chargeable with the said additional Duty, and shall be defrauded of receiving such Spirit, no Permit shall be granted for the Removal thereof, unless the said additional Duties hereby imposed, and all other Duties due thereon, shall have been previously paid.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all such Spirits for the Removal of which from any Place in *Ireland* to any other Place within the same, either Conduys or by Canal or Land Carriage, a Cask Cocket or Permit shall have been granted before the said Eighth Day of *April*, and which shall arrive at the Place of its Destination on or after the said Eighth Day of *April*, shall on its Arrival become chargeable with the said additional Duty of Two Shillings and Six pence for and upon every Gallon thereof, and also the same Rate for any greater or less Quantity; and the Officers or Officers of Excise shall make a Return thereof in Writing to the Collector of Excise of the District, in like manner as is herein directed with respect to the Returns to be made by any Officer or Officers, of Spirits in the Stock, Caskody or Possession of any Person on the said Eighth Day of *April*; and the Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Rectifier or Compendor any whole Caskody or Possession such Spirits shall come on or after the said Eighth Day of *April*, shall be charged with and pay the additional Duty for the same; and every Person so charged shall within Three Months next after the Arrival of such Spirits, pay to the Collector of Excise of the District all such Duty as shall be due by such Person for and on account of such Spirits, or in Default of Payment thereof at the time aforesaid, every such Person so making Default shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Amount of the Duty for which such Person shall be charged as aforesaid, and no other Cask Cocket or Permit shall be granted for the further Removal of such Spirits, until the said Duty on the full Quantity of Spirits, for the Removal of which a Cask Cocket or Permit shall be required, shall be previously paid.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall be charged with the additional Duty by this Act imposed upon any Spirit in his, her or their Stock, Caskody or Possession, shall have sold or consigned to sell any such Spirit to any Person or Persons, and shall not have delivered the same to the Buyer thereof, before the said Eighth Day of *April*, then and in every such case the Buyer of the said Spirit he is not be entitled to claim the Delivery of such Spirit without first paying the additional Duty which such Seller shall have been chargeable or charged with, or shall have paid for such Spirit under the Provisions of this Act.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall be charged with the additional Duty by this Act imposed upon Spirit, in his, her or their Stock, Caskody or Possession, shall on or after the said Eighth Day of *April*, have sold or consigned to sell any such Spirit to any Person or Persons, and shall have delivered the same to the Buyer thereof, then and in every such case the Buyer of the said Spirit shall pay to the Seller the additional Duty which such Seller shall have been charged with, or shall have paid for such Spirit under this Act.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases when any Duties payable under this Act, by any Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Rectifier or Compendor or on account of such Spirit in his or her Stock, Caskody or Possession, or in the Caskody of any other Person for his or her Use, shall be unpaid at the time when such Duties are by this Act made due and payable, it shall and may be lawful for the Collector of Excise of the District, or other Chief Officer in Charge of the Collection of the District, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to empower any Person or Persons to take and distress any Goods or Chattels in the Use, Caskody or Possession of such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Rectifier or Compendor owing such Duties, and to cause the same to be sold by public Auction, and if after Payment of all Duties and Arrears of Duties due from such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Rectifier or Compendor, together with the Costs and Expenses of such taking, distressing and Sale, there shall be any Surplus arising from the Sale thereof, such Surplus shall forthwith be tendered and paid to such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Rectifier or Compendor, or his or her respective Representatives: Provided always, that when any Spirit shall be so taken and distrained, it shall and may be lawful for such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Rectifier or Compendor, or his or her respective Representatives at any time or times before the Day appointed for the Sale thereof, to obtain Warrants for conveying all or any Part of such Spirit upon his, her or their paying to the Collector or other Chief Officer aforesaid, somewhat discharging the Duties so due and payable, the real Value of such Spirit as he, she or they shall desire to remove, and the same may be removed accordingly, and a proper Permit or proper Permits shall on due Application be given for the same, in like manner as if no such Distress had been made.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Drawbacks by this Act granted, allowed and made payable, and all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act, shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and allowed, (so far as recovered as is applied), in the same manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such ways and methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, paying, levying, allowing and managing any Duties and Drawbacks, or for the Recovery of any Penalties or Forfeitures in and by an Act made in *Ireland* in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the settling the Excise or new Inland upon His Majesty his Heirs and Successors, according to the Kind of Rates therein inserted*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty Sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Malt and Tolls, and the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Tolls in Ireland*; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise or either of them, so fully and effectually, to all intents and Purposes as if the same were herein expressed and enacted, with the like Kennedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by

in this statute,
all Duties paid

Additional Duty
on Importation
Caskody, &c.
levied on or
after the 8th of
April.

Penalty

In case of Con-
signment, Delivery
of Spirit on
distress within
three days

If Spirit deliv-
ered Buyer to
pay Duty

Duty on Spirit
so much unpaid
levied by
District, &c.

Duties and
Drawbacks to be
levied and paid.

14th Geo. 2.
17 Geo. 2. &c.

46 G. 3. c. 20.

the said recited Act made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided

XIX. And whereas an Act was made in the Fiftieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for excusing the Consumption of Malt Liquor* in Ireland, the Provisions of which Act have not proved beneficial, and it is expedient to repeal the same: Be it therefore enacted, That the said recited Act of the Fiftieth Year aforesaid, and all and every Statute by the said Act granted, and all and every the Clauses, Articles, Matters and Things in the said Act contained, shall, from and after the Twentieth fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, cease and determine, and shall be and the same are hereby repealed, save and except so far as relates to the Payment and Allowance of any Beersay to which any Partes licensed to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale and Cyder by Retail, shall, under the Provisions of the said Act, be or shall have been entitled for the Quarter of the Year ending on the said Twentieth fifth Day of March, or for any preceding Quarter of a Year, and the obtaining of the proper and necessary Licences, Returns and Certificates for the sending or receiving any such Payments, and also save as to any Offence which shall have been or may be committed against the said Act, and any Proceedings to be taken for the Prosecution of any Partes or Persons offending against the said Act.

XX. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XLVII.

An Act to revive and continue until the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve, inasmuch as an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in the United Kingdom, as relates to Ireland.

[5th May 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in the United Kingdom for a limited Time*, should be revived and continued for a time to be limited, as far as the same regards *Ireland*: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fourth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the said Act shall be and the same is hereby, as far as the same regards that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, and as far as the same is not altered by this Act, revived, and shall remain and continue in force from thenceforth until and upon the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, at any time after the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall in his or their Discretion judge it to be for the Benefit of that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, to permit the Distillation of Spirits from Oats, Barley or any other Corn or Grain (Wheat excepted), or from Malt, Flour or Bran, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, by Proclamation or Proclamations to be issued by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council in *Ireland*, or by Order in Council to be published from time to time in *The Dublin Gazette*, to permit and suffer all and every Partes and Persons (but not any particular Partes or Persons) in *Ireland*, at any time or times not less than Thirty Days from the Date of such Proclamation or Order in Council, to make Worts or Wash for Distillation, and to distil Spirits from Oats, Barley, or any other Corn or Grain, (Wheat excepted) or from any Malt, Flour or Bran; or in case the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, at any time after the said First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall in his or their Discretion judge it to be for the Benefit and Advantage of that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, to continue the Prohibition of the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain, from the said Twenty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve, until Forty Days after the next Meeting of Parliament, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, by Proclamation or Proclamations to be issued by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council in *Ireland*, or by Order in Council to be published from time to time in *The Dublin Gazette*, to continue throughout that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, from the said Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and Forty Days after the next Meeting of Parliament, the Prohibition heretofore mentioned; that it is to be, that throughout that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, during the Continuance of such Prohibition, no Worts or Wash for Distillation shall be made, and no Spirits shall be distilled from Oats, Barley or any other Corn or Grain, or from Malt, Flour or Bran, or any Mixture with the same.

III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every Distiller and Distillers, and Maker and Makers of Spirits in *Ireland*, at any time on or before the Eighteenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twelve, to distil such Spirits as the Worts, Wash and Singsings brewed or made from Malt, Corn or Grain which shall on the said Fourth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twelve, be in his, her or their Custody or Possession, and to make Worts or Wash or Singsings, which shall after the said Eighteenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twelve, be found by any Officer or Officers of Excise, or be in the Custody or Possession of any such Distiller or Distillers, or Maker or Makers of Spirits in *Ireland*, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and no Distiller or Distillers, or Maker or Makers of Spirits in *Ireland*, shall distill, mix or brew any Sugar for the making of Worts

or with the excise-duty made, until the Expire of Ten Days after the first Twentieth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twelve, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Ten hundred Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Fine, Penalty and Forfeiture inflicted by this Act shall and may be levied for and recovered, levied and applied as such Messors and Taxes, and by such ways and means and with such Power and Authorities as are prescribed, directed and appointed, or may be by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland, in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for the better the Excise or other Duty upon the Malt, Beer and Brewings, according to the Statute therein before recited, or by any other Law or Laws in that behalf made*; His Majesty's Revenue of Excise or Customs in force in Ireland, as fully and effectually to all Licenses and Purposes as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed and contained in this Act, with the Limits of Appeal, as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed and contained in any Act or Acts in that behalf made in Great Britain, or any Law or Laws relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise or Customs in force in Ireland, is provided.

V. And whereas there may have been Contracts made by Distillers in Ireland with other Persons for such Spirits to be delivered at future times after the said Fourth Day of May; Be it therefore enacted, That all Contracts or Bargains made by any Distiller with any Person or Persons whatsoever, for any such Spirits to be delivered at any time during the Operation of this Act, shall be and are hereby declared null and void as to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XLVIII.

An Act to provide for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland from Corn, malted or unmalted, in Stills of and under One hundred Gallons Content.

[15th May 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient, for the more effectual Suppression of the Distillation of Spirits, to make Regulations for the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland from Corn malted or unmalted, in Stills of and under One hundred Gallons Content; and for the Encouragement of Improved Distilleries, having and using such Stills, to exempt such Distillers of and from all and every the Regulations in any Act or Acts of Parliament whatsoever, relating to the Trade of a Distiller, save only as are herein contained; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Expire of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, nothing contained in any Act made in the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and the Warehousing of such Spirits for Exportation*; or in any Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland*; or in Two several Acts made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, the one intitled *An Act to grant to His Majesty's Duties upon Spirit made or distilled in Ireland, and to allow certain Drawbacks on the Exportation thereof*; and the other, intitled *An Act to amend the several Acts for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duty on Spirits distilled in Ireland*; or in an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend the several Acts for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and for the regulating the Sale of such Liquors by Retail*; or in Two several Acts made in the Fiftieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, the one intitled *An Act to grant to His Majesty's Duties upon Spirit made or distilled in Ireland from Corn, to allow certain Drawbacks on the Exportation thereof, to make further Regulations for the Encouragement of Improved Distilleries, and for amending the Laws relating to the Distillery in Ireland*; and the other intitled *An Act to amend the several Acts relating to the making of Malt, and the granting of Permits and Certificates, and the Regulation of Breweries, and of Persons employing more than one Still in Ireland*; shall extend or be construed as extended, (as in both or either mentioned, to any Distiller who shall be licensed to have or keep a Still of or under One hundred Gallons Content, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That so much of the said first recited Act, passed in the Fiftieth Year aforesaid, in respect or grants Duties on Spirits to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall be and remain in full force to all Distillers licensed under this Act, as full force to all Licenses and Purposes, as if this Act had not been made.

III. Provided also, and be it enacted, That if any Distiller, having at the time of the passing of this Act a Licence in force to keep any Still of or under One hundred Gallons Content, shall be desirous of continuing to work the same, or to have thereof a Still of the like Content in the same Distillery, it shall and may be lawful for such Distiller to grant or to work such Still, and for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Four of them, from time to time to grant to such Person a Licence to keep any Still of the like Content in the same Distillery, specifying as every such Licence that the same is granted to a Distiller, who, at the time of the passing of this Act, a Licence in force to keep a Still of or under One hundred Gallons Content, and the Place where the same had been so licensed to be kept; and every such Distiller shall be charged with the chargeable work Duty, and shall be under and subject to all and every the Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland.

Penalty.
Penalties how recovered.
14 & 15 Geo. 3. (1780) c. 27
Appeal.
Distillery & Dues being Prohibited and
AD 1806, No.

46 G. 3. c. 31.
47 G. 3. 2nd c. 5. 17.
48 G. 3. c. 78.
48 U. 3. c. 26.
49 G. 3. c. 59.
50 G. 3. c. 15.
50 G. 3. c. 59.
51 G. 3. c. 23.
51 G. 3. c. 24.
51 G. 3. c. 25.
51 G. 3. c. 26.

Duties under
24 & 25 Geo. 3.
to provide for
the same.
Distilleries pro-
hibited in
Ireland, &c.
1801 & 1802
51 G. 3. c. 23
51 G. 3. c. 24
51 G. 3. c. 25

refused, as or immediately before the passing of this Act to all Intests and Purposes whatsoever, as if this Act had not been made.

IV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Four of them, to grant a License to any Person or Persons in Ireland, to keep and sell any one Still, the Body whereof, without the Head or any other Appendage thereto, shall be capable of containing any Number of Gallons not less than Forty four Gallons, and which, with the Head or any other Appendage thereto, shall not exceed One hundred Gallons Content, in any Place in Ireland where the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Four of them, shall from to time expedient, towards educating the Purpoise of this Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall here, keep or make use of any such Still for distilling Spirits as aforesaid, without having first obtained a License for keeping, and using the same, from and signed by Four of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and every such License shall continue in force until the Twenty sixth Day of September next after the Date thereof, or until the Twenty sixth Day of September Two Years next after the Date of such License, as if the Person requiring such License shall desire the same: Provided always, that Persons in Partnership carrying on the Business of distilling, shall not be obliged to take out more than One such License.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons licensed under this Act, shall be licensed to keep or sell at the same time any Still exceeding One hundred Gallons Content.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and all Regulations therein contained, shall extend and be construed to extend to any Person under the Age of Twenty one Years, in whose Name, or for whose Use and Benefit any Distillery shall be erected, managed or carried on; and such Person shall be liable to all Duties of Excise on account of such Distillery, and to all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act, as fully to all Intests and Purposes, as if such Person were adult and of full Age.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That, for the Purpose of charging the Duty on Spirits, the Content of any Still licensed under this Act shall be estimated according to the Quantity of Liquor which such Still, including the Head thereof, and every Appendage to such Still or Head of any Kind or Sort whatsoever, whereby such Still or the Head thereof, or any Part thereof, shall be contained, or shall any way communicate with the Worn as high as the Stearn can stand, and until the Top of the Head, or any Appendage to such Still or Head, shall turn downwards, and form an Angle of Forty five Degrees, shall be actually capable of containing; and if any Still of the Content specified in the License of or under Sixty five Gallons, shall exceed by Two Gallons the Content specified in such License as being the Content of such Still, or if any Still of the Content specified in the License of or under One hundred Gallons and exceeding Sixty five Gallons, shall exceed by Four Gallons the Content specified in such License as being the Content of such Still, the Distiller or Distillers shall forfeit a Sum of Twenty Pounds for every Gallon which the Content of such Still shall exceed the Content specified in the License of such Still, and such Still shall be forfeited and may be seized.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Still shall be of the Proportions following; the Diameter of such Still, to be taken in the widest Part of such Still, and in that Place of such widest Part as shall be most remote from the Bottom of such Still, shall be to the Altitude of such Still measured in a perpendicular Line from the Centre of the Diameter so taken to the Bottom of such Still, in the Proportion of not more than Three to One; that is to say, for every Inch of such Altitude, such Diameter shall not exceed Three Inches, and so in Proportion; and that the Diameter of the Bottom of such Still to be taken in an horizontal Line, shall not be equal to the greatest Diameter thereof taken as aforesaid, and shall not be less than Three Sixths of such greatest Diameter, nor shall the Bottom of any such Still be otherwise curved than inwards or towards the Body of such Still; and if any Distiller shall here, keep or make use of any Still, the Proportion of the Diameter and Altitude whereof shall be contrary to this Act, every such Still shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized, and the Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Person requiring such License, shall sign and deliver to the Collector or other Chief Officer in charge of the Collection of the Duties, an Account in Writing to be entered and registered in the Office of Excise in which such Still is to be kept, containing his, her or their Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode, and the Place where the Distillery containing such Still is or shall be situated, and of the Still, Still-head and Worn, intended to be kept there, and the Number of Gallons which the Body of such Still is capable of containing, and also the Number of Gallons which such Still is capable of containing, together with the Head thereof, and every other Appendage thereto included, separately in Form; and shall also in like manner sign and deliver an Account in Writing to be so entered and registered as aforesaid, of all Coppers, Vats, Kettles, Backs, Coolers, Vessels, Pipes, Stoves, Trunks and other Utensils whatsoever to be used in such Distillery, and also of the several Stores, Apartments and Places whereon any Part of the Business of such Distillery is to be carried on, or wherein any Materials for distilling of Spirits are to be kept or stored; and in every such written Account, the Person making the same shall distinguish the Still, Still-head and Worn, and also every Copper, Vat, Kettle, Back, Cooler, Vessel, Pipe, Stove, Trunk and other Utensil whatever, and also every such Store, Apartment and Place, by separate Numbers relating to each Article in alphabetical Progression, beginning with Number One; and upon such Still, Still-head and Worn, and upon every such Copper, Vat, Kettle, Back, Cooler, Vessel, Pipe, Stove, Trunk and Utensil, and also upon the outside of the Door of every such Store, Apartment and Place, shall cause to be painted with an Oil Colour in Black upon a White Ground, or in White upon a Black Ground, and shall keep them so painted the Number thereof respectively, in Conformity with such Account; and that the Surveyor of Excise, within whose Survey such Distillery shall be situate, shall, at the Bottom of every such

Account,

Access, before the same shall be delivered to or received by the Collector or other Person in Charge of the Collection of the District, certify the Truth of such Account by Signing his Name thereto; and thereupon the Collector of Excise or other Person in Charge as aforesaid, shall file such Account in the Office of Excise of the District, and enter and register the same in a Book to be kept for that Purpose, and shall grant a Certificate of such Account and Registry, by giving a Copy thereof signed by him; and before any such License shall be granted to any Person to keep any Still, such Person shall produce to the said Commissioners of Excise the said Certificate of the Collector or other Person in Charge of the Collection; and such Person applying for such License, shall also with Two sufficient Sureties, to be previously approved of by the Collector of Excise, or other Person in Charge of the Collection of the District within which such Distillery is to be erected (such Approbation of the said Sureties to be certified by such Collector or Person in Charge as aforesaid) enter into a Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in a Penalty after the Rate of Ten Pounds for each Gallon of the Content of the Still to be licensed, the Body and Head inclusive, conditioned for the Payment of all such Sums and Sums of Money as shall be chargeable by Law on such Person for the Duties on Spirits or Strong Waters distilled by such Person, or with which such Person shall be charged under and by virtue of this Act, or any other Act or Acts in force or to be in force in Ireland, relating to the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Excise and Taxes, or any Four of them, to refuse to grant a License to any Person or Persons whatever to keep any such Still, or to withdraw the License granted for any such Still: Provided always, that the Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, be first had and obtained for every such Refusal or withdrawing of any such License.

XII. And be it further enacted, That no Person licensed as a Distiller under this Act shall rectify or compound any Spirits, and that it shall not be lawful for the said Commissioners of Excise to grant any License to rectify or compound Spirits to any such Distiller so licensed under this Act, or to any Person in Trust for or on the Account of such Distiller; and if such Distiller shall rectify or compound any Spirits, or shall be directly or indirectly concerned or engaged in the rectifying or compounding of Spirits, the License of such Distiller under this Act shall be and is hereby declared to be void, and the Still, Still Head and Worm, and every Copper, Vat, Cooler, Back or other Vessel or Utensil whatever for distilling, and all Spirits, Low Wines, Stagings, Wash, Pot Ale, Mash or Corn, and all Materials for making Spirits issued in the Possession of any such Distiller, shall be forfeited, and may be seized.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Distiller licensed under this Act shall sell or deal in any Spirits not distilled by such Distiller, or be entitled to obtain any License to sell or deal in the same; and if any such Distiller shall receive or sell, or deal in any Home-made or Foreign Spirits, by Commission or otherwise contrary to this Act, such Distiller shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That no such Distiller shall have any Share in, or be in any manner concerned in the Sale of Spirituous Liquors by Retail; and if any Distiller shall, contrary hereto, have any Share in, or be in any manner concerned in such Sale, every such Distiller shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XV. And be it further enacted, That no Distiller licensed under this Act, shall brew or make any Liquor from Corn, malted or unmaltd, other than Pot Ale, to be distilled by him; and it shall be lawful for any Officer of Excise to charge all Liquor made or brewed from Corn, malted or unmaltd, in the Possession of any such Distiller, in the same manner as Pot Ale or Wash for the Purpose of distilling is by this Act chargeable; and in case any Pot Ale or Liquor brewed or made from Corn, malted or unmaltd, shall be found in the Possession of such Distiller not duly declared by him, such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Ten Gallons of such Pot Ale or other Liquor: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for every such Distiller to have in his Dwelling House, a reasonable Quantity of Beer and Ale for the Use of himself and his Family, such Ale or Beer not having been brewed by such Distiller.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That no Distiller licensed under this Act shall make, extract or distil, any Low Wines or Spirits from Molasses or Sugar, or from any Molasses Wash or Sugar Wash or Sweet Water or any Mixture with the same; and if any such Distiller shall make, extract or distil, or cause to be made, extracted or distilled, any Low Wines or Spirits from Molasses or Sugar, or from any Molasses Wash or Sugar Wash or Sweet Water or any Mixture with the same, or shall make or prepare any Wort or Wash from Molasses or Sugar, or any Mixture with the same, every such Distiller shall forfeit One hundred Pounds; and all Molasses Wash or Sugar Wash prepared from any of the aforesaid Materials, or from any Mixture with the same, and all Low Wines and Spirits made, extracted or distilled therefrom, shall be forfeited and may be seized; and upon the Trial of any Information for the said Penalty or for any of the said Forfeitures, such Distiller shall be convicted, unless due Proof shall be made by such Distiller that the Wash, Low Wines or Spirits, in respect of which such Information shall be brought, was not made, extracted or distilled, from any Molasses or Sugar, or Molasses Wash or Sugar Wash or Sweet Water.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller, licensed under this Act, shall have or keep, or make use of any Still, Still Head, Worm, Copper, Kettle, Vat, Cooler, Back, Pipe, Shute, Truck or other Vessel or Utensil whatever, or any Appurtenance or Apparatus whatever, communicating or connected, directly or indirectly, with any Still, Still Head, Worm or Copper, or any Part thereof respectively, such

Four Com-
missioners may refuse or withdraw License with Approbation of Treasury.

Distillers not to be licensed or compounders.

Penalty.

Distiller in what cases only to sell spirits.

Penalty.

Distillers not to have Share in Retail of Spirits.

Penalty.

Distillers not to brew Liquor from Corn malted or unmaltd.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Distillers not to distil from Sugar Wash.

Penalty.

Offg. Still, &c. not to be used.

Still, Still Head, Worm, Copper, Kettle, Vat, Cooler, Back, Pipe, Sheet, Trunk or other Vessel or Utensil, Appurage or Apparatus, not having been first forth, numbered, entered and registered as aforesaid; or if any Distiller shall have, keep or make use of any Still, Still Head, Worm, Copper, Kettle, Vat, Cooler, Back, Pipe, Sheet, Trunk or other Vessel or Utensil, or any Appurage or Apparatus whatever, manufacturing or converting directly or indirectly with any Still, Still Head, Worm or Copper, or any Pot thereof respectively, other than such as shall have been first forth in fact Account, Entry or Registry, without having given Four Days Notice in Writing to the Collector or other superior Officer of the District, and to the Surveyor and Gauger in charge of his, her or their Distillery, and without an Assent thereof being signed, delivered, entered and registered in manner aforesaid; such Distiller shall forfeit for every such Still, Still Head, Worm, Copper, Vat, Kettle, Back, Cooler, Pipe, Sheet, Trunk or other Vessel or Utensil, Appurage or Apparatus, the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and every such Still, Still Head, Worm, Copper, Vat, Kettle, Back, Cooler, Pipe, Sheet, Trunk or other Vessel or Utensil, Appurage or Apparatus shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no such Distiller shall have or keep any greater Number of Worms of a Still than one Worm of a Still, or shall use any; nor one Still more than One Worm; and if any greater Number of Worms of a Still shall be found in the Distillery of, or in any other Place belonging to or occupied by any Distiller, than One Worm, every such Worm of a Still so found, and also every Still with which more than One Worm shall be used, or to which there shall be more than One Arm, shall be forfeited and may be seized, and the Distiller in whose Possession any such Worm or Worms, or Still shall be found, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller hereof under this Act shall use any Copper in his Distillery, for any other Purpose than boiling or steaming Water, or small Worts of a preceding Brewery, mixed with Water, or if by means of any Appurage or Apparatus associated to or used with any Copper, or by means of any Device or Contrivance whatever, any Copper shall be connected with the Body or Head or Worm of any Still, every such Copper and Still, and the Head and Worm thereto belonging, shall be forfeited and may be seized; and such Distiller shall also forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if any Apparatus shall be found in the Possession, or in the Distillery of any Distiller, which might render such Copper or Coppers capable of being used in Distillation, such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XX. And be it further enacted, That every such Distiller shall let every Still used or kept by him in Brick or Stone with mortar, and shall from time to time provide such Fallings, Locks and Keys to the Head and Cocks of the Still, and to the Furnace Door thereof, and shall keep the same in good and sufficient Order, in such manner as shall be approved of by the Surveyor or Customs in charge of such Distillery, or other superior Officer of Excise, or shall pay for such Fallings, Locks and Keys, as shall be provided by such Surveyor or Officer; and if any such Distiller shall use or keep any Still not so fit in Brick or Stone, or shall neglect to provide, repair or pay for such Fallings, Locks and Keys, within such time as shall be required by such Surveyor or other superior Officer of Excise, every such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every such Offence.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any such Distiller shall make use of, or keep in any Distillery any Copper or Vessel for warming or boiling Water, or brewing Pot Ale, the Diameter whereof at the Mouth shall be less than the Diameter thereof in any other Part of such Copper or Vessel, or shall have or keep any such Copper or other Vessel fit or placed in any manner other than in such Situation as that the Still or Place where such Still shall be fit or shall stand, shall be so direct a Line as the Building will permit, between the Place where such Copper or other Vessel shall be fit or stand, and the Place where the Worm tub shall be fit or shall stand, every such Copper or Vessel shall be forfeited and may be seized, and the Distiller in whose Distillery any such Copper or Vessel shall be found, or any such Copper or Vessel shall be fit or placed in any Situation other than as aforesaid, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds for each such Offence.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any such Distiller shall use any Distillery make use of any Cooler which shall not be covered down or otherwise followed to Bottom, or any such at both Ends at the Walls of the Building, or in some other firm and substantial manner, or shall other the Level or Dipping Place of any Cooler or Back in such Distillery, or the Beam that supports the same, after it shall have been first used as aforesaid, or find after the time to be stated without having previously given Four Days Notice thereof to the Surveyor or Gauger in charge of such Distillery; or if such Distiller shall use any Cooler through or across the Course of which there shall not be erected and evidently kept fixed Lengthways, from one End to the other, a firm Truss or Stage of Wood at least Eight or Nine in Breadth, and of Thickness sufficient to prevent the same from bending, wherefrom the Officer of Excise may gauge the same in such Cooler; or if there shall be a firm Head-end of length of such Stage, crosswise placed in respect therein, every Distiller shall also forfeit in any of the cases aforesaid, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Distiller shall keep all Spirits distilled, and all Wash, Pot Ale, Singlets and Low Worts in the Distillery of such Distiller, or in some house or Room in or adjoining to such Distillery, registered in manner hereinafter mentioned; and all Spoons, Wash, Pot Ale, Singlets or Low Worts, which shall be found in any House or Room so registered, shall be forfeited and may be seized, as like Distiller or Distillers, or other Persons or Persons to whom the same shall belong, shall for every Gallon of such Spirits, and for every Two Gallons of Wash or Pot Ale, and for every Three Gallons of Singlets and Low Worts, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Shillings.

XXIV. And

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That all Spirits sold in the Store or Distillery of any Distiller, shall be kept in Casks of the Size or Content of not less than Sixty Gallons each; and if any Cask shall be found in any such Store or Distillery containing Spirits which shall be of any less Size or Content, such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every such Cask.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise, at all Times, as well by Night as by Day, to enter into every House, Distillery, Still-house, Cask-house, Store and Place whatsoever, or belonging to or made use of by any such Distiller as aforesaid, and to require, make, and take an Account of every Still, Still-house, Copper, Kettle, Vat, Cask, Back, Pipe, Still, Truck or other Vessel or Utensil of any Kind, or belonging to or kept by any such Distiller, and to gauge and take an Account of all Spirits which shall be from time to time made or distilled, and of all Malt and Corn, and of all Wares, Wash, Pot Ale, Singlings, Low Wines and Materials, whatsoever, for making or distilling Spirits which shall be from time to time made use of by such Distiller, and of all such Spirits which shall be from time to time made use of by such Distiller, and of all such Wares and Materials for making or distilling of such Spirits as shall be in any House, Distillery, Store or Place belonging to such Distiller, and make Returns thereof in manner hereinafter mentioned.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer of Excise or his Assistant, shall be hindered, obstructed or prevented by any Distiller, or by any Servant or Person acting in Employment of such Distiller, both relating unto any such Distillery, or any House, Out-house, Store or other Place whatsoever of such Distiller, or if any such Officer or his Assistant having entered, shall be hindered, obstructed or prevented by such Distiller, or by any Servant or Person acting in the Employment of such Distiller, or in or upon the Premises of such Distiller, from gauging any Vessel, or taking any Account of the Stock of Malt, Corn or Spirituous such Distiller, or of any Liquors or Ingredients preparing for or used or ready to be used in distilling in such Distillery, or from forcing the whole Process in distilling completely finished, or from taking an Account of the Liquors distilled or to be distilled, or in Proceeding distilling, or from doing any Part of his Duty, every such Distiller shall, for every such Offence, respectively forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That every such Distiller shall place and keep all Casks and Vessels in which any Spirits shall be found or kept, or which shall be made use of in distilling, in convenient Situations, with their tapping Place apparent and easy of Access, to such Officer of Excise in Charge of the Distillery, and voluntarily do it, for the more readily and effectually taking the Gauge thereof; or in default thereof, every such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds for each Cask or Vessel not so placed.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any such Distiller or Deceased or any Officer of Excise, made as in the Distillery of such Distiller, shall not furnish, or cause to be furnished, a strong and safe Locker with Keys Past locked upon it, or shall not have provided a Hand Rail, or a Raps or Notice of a Hand Rail, conveniently placed with respect to such Locker, of Length sufficient to enable such Officer to ascend to and examine any Cask, Back, Worm, Tub or other Vessel or Utensil in such Distillery, or shall not fix such Locker at the dipping Place of any such Cask, Back, Worm, Tub or other Vessel or Utensil, whose such Officer shall require; or shall, on any Visit made by any Officer of Excise, neglect or refuse to supply every such Officer, on Demand, with sufficient Lights for the Purpose of searching and gauging all the Stock on hand belonging to such Distillery, as well by Day as by Night, every Distiller for offending in any of the parts aforesaid, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer of Excise shall at any Time, when Singlings or Spirits shall not be running off from a Still, require that the Water contained in the Worm Tub belonging to such Still shall be drawn or run off, the same shall be drawn or run off accordingly; and if the same shall not be drawn or run off by some Person in the Distillery, it shall be lawful for any such Officer to draw or run off such Water, or so much thereof as he shall think necessary; and if the Water shall not be drawn or run off at the Request of such Officer, the Distiller is whose Distillery such Worm-tub shall be found shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Officer of Excise shall not be admitted into any Distillery, after having obtained Admittance into the same, and declared his Name and Rank, and after having waited for the Space of One Quarter of an Hour after such Admittance made, at the House of the Distiller, or the Gate or Entrance, Door, or any Window of the Distillery of such Distiller, such Distiller shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXXI. And whereas Distillers have frequently made use of Places adjoining their own Houses or Distilleries, for the Purpose of clandestinely making, by evading, distilling or concealing their Malt, Wash, Pot Ale, Singlings, Low Wines or Spirits for Her Majesty's Service, Be it further enacted, That if the Owner or Occupier of any House, Store or other Place adjoining to or in the Neighborhood of the Dwelling House or Distillery of any Distiller, or of any Servant of the Owner or Occupier of any such House or Place, shall not, on Demand of any Officer of Excise, made in the Day-time, admit such Officer of Excise, or shall not allow him to enter and search such House, Store or Place, for Malt, Wares, Wash, Pot Ale, Singlings, Low Wines or Spirits, such Occupier of such House, Store or other Place, shall in every such case forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if no Person shall attend or appear in such House, Store or Place as aforesaid, to give Entrance to such Officer, it shall be lawful, in the Day-time, for such Officer and his Assistant, or in the Night-time, for such Officer and his Assistant, as the Professor of a Credible or other Person or Persons, who is or they are authorized and required to be aiding and assisting therein, to break open and enter such House, Store or Place, and make Search therein for any Malt, Wash, Pot Ale, Singlings, Low Wines or Spirits.

Cask containing Spirit or Cask of Spirit.

Penalty.

Offences committed in or upon Distilleries and other Places aforesaid.

Obstructing Officers.

Penalty.

Casks to be placed in convenient Places for gauging.

Penalty.

Distiller shall furnish Lockers with Locks and sufficient Lights.

Penalty.

Officer may enter Worm Tub to be run off.

Penalty.

Refusing Admittance to Officers.

Penalty.

Owner of adjoining House in which Officer to search in Day-time.

Penalty.

How Parties appear to give Entrance. Officers may break open, &c.

Spirits, which such Officer may have reasonable or probable Cause to suspect to be fraudulently concealed therein: Provided always, that if upon Search on such Still, Wash, Pot Ale, Singlings, Low Wines or Spirits shall be found, such Officer shall repair all the Damages done, or make reasonable Satisfaction for the same to the Owner or Occupier of such House, Store or Place.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if the House, Store or Place aforesaid, shall commencing with the Distiller, or any Part of the Premises thereto belonging, and if such Distiller, or some Person on his Behalf, shall not on Demand, give Evidence unto such Distiller or any Officer requiring the same, every such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any such Distiller shall intend to brew or wash any Cereals, such Distiller shall, four Hours at least before he shall brew or wash any Cereals, give Notice to the Officer in Charge of the Distillery of such Distiller (by an Entry to be made in a Book to be provided by such Officer for such Distiller, and to be kept in such Distillery) of the particular Hour and Time when such Distiller intends to brew or wash any Cereals, and the Number of Bushels of Cereals, designating whether malted or unmalted, or Malt intended to be used in every such Brewing or Malting, and also the time when such Brewing will be completed and the Worts be off; and if such Distiller shall intend to make any brewed Malting of the same Materials, with any Addition thereto of any further Quantity of Cereals malted or unmalted, such Distiller shall give a like Notice; and such Book shall be carefully kept by such Distiller, and the said Entries being made therein, the said Book shall, within Forty eight Hours after the Expiration of every Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, be delivered by such Distiller to such Officer; and in case any Cereals, malted or unmalted, shall be stored or brewed in the Distillery of any Distiller without such Notice being given by Entry to be made in such Book, every such Distiller shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That every brewing of Worts, Wash or Pot Ale, shall be lawfully run off into or placed on Cooles, and shall be thence gauged by the proper Officer within a reasonable time before the same shall be let into any fermenting Back; and all Worts, Wash or Pot Ale, shall be distilled in the Order in which the same was brewed; and that no newer Worts, Wash or Pot Ale shall be distilled with those; nor shall Worts, Wash or Pot Ale, as brewed and not distilled; and that if any such Worts, Wash or Pot Ale shall be brewed in the Distillery of any Distiller, which shall not have been in use off into and placed on Cooles, and mixed thereto for a reasonable time, in order that the same may be gauged accordingly, or which shall have been brewed longer than any such Worts, Wash or Pot Ale, as shall have been then actually distilled or distilled, every such Distiller shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Distiller licensed under this Act, shall put into or keep in any Back, Cooler or other Vessel, which shall be capable of containing the full Charge of the Still of such Distiller, at any one time, a smaller Quantity of Worts, Wash or Pot Ale, than the full Charge of such Still; nor shall any in any One such Back Two or more different Brewings of Worts, Wash or Pot Ale, or any Part thereof; nor shall put any Low Wines or Singlings into any Vessel, until every other Vessel in such Distillery in which any Low Wines or Singlings shall have been previously put, shall be completely filled with Low Wines or Singlings; and if any such Cooler or other Vessel, in the Distillery of any Distiller, shall be found empty more any Worts, Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singlings, contrary to the Regulations of this Act, such Distiller, for every such Offence, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Allowance shall be made in the gauging or taking Account of the Contents of any Back, Vat or other Vessel, for so in respect of any Gearing or Ground Corn, or Malt or other Composition, Mixture or Thing added to the Worts, Wash or Pot Ale in such Back, Vat or other Vessel, until such Worts, Wash or Pot Ale, are in the Course of Preparation for being distilled.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Officer of Excise keeping an Account of Worts, Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singlings, shall charge the Distiller upon any Decant of Worts, Wash or Pot Ale, for a Quantity of Spirits calculated after the Rate of One Gallon of Spirits for every Two Gallons of such Worts, Wash or Pot Ale if decreas'd; and upon any Decant of any Low Wines or Singlings, such Officer shall charge the Distiller for a Quantity of Spirits after the Rate of Two Gallons of Spirits for every Two Gallons of such Low Wines or Singlings if decreas'd, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity of Worts, Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singlings respectively; and when and as often as any Still shall be charged with any Wash or Pot Ale, the Officer shall charge the Distiller for a Quantity of Spirits calculated as the Rate of One Gallon of Spirits for every Two Gallons of such Wash or Pot Ale, according to the Content of such Still, estimated as in this Act is mentioned; and when and as often as any Still shall be charged with any Low Wines or Singlings, the Officer shall charge the Distiller for a Quantity of Spirits calculated after the Rate of Two Gallons of Spirits for every Five Gallons of such Low Wines or Singlings, according to the Content of such Still estimated as aforesaid, deducting in both cases from the Content of such Still One eighth Part thereof for Liberty for such Still to work, and the Officer shall make a Return of the Quantities of Spirits and of the Duties thence accordingly, and such Distiller shall pay the Duty so charged and returned; and every such Distiller shall, over and above the Quantities aforesaid, be charged with and pay Duty for so much more Spirits as he shall actually distil.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That all Wash or Pot Ale which shall not be distilled in the Expired of six Days, including the Day of brewing and the Day of distilling the same, shall be considered as Wash or Pot Ale, not included in any former Charge against the Distiller, and such Distiller shall be charged with Duty in respect of such Wash or Pot Ale, according to the Direction of this Act.

XL. And be it further enacted, That no Distiller shall boil, heat or prepare, by means of Fire, any Worts, Wash, Pot Ale or other Liquor, in any Copper, Vessel or other Utensil whatsoever, other than a brewed Still, after such Worts, Wash, Pot Ale or other Liquor has been fermented; but that all Worts, Wash, Pot Ale,

Liquor

Officer may also
have Distillers
from adjoining
Places.
Distiller to give
Notice of making
any Cereals.

Penalty

For Ale distilled
in order in which
brewed.

Penalty

Keeping in
Back of full
Content of Still,
less Quantity of
Pot Ale than
full Charge of
Still.

Penalty

No Allowance
for Gearing.

Manner of charging
any Still, Decant
of Pot Ale and Sing-
lings.

Pot Ale not dis-
tilled within six
Days law
charged.

Worts not to be
boiled after
Fermentation.

Liquor or other Materials shall, after Presentation, be fairly put into a limbed Still without being undergone boiling, heating, or any Preparation by means of Fire, whereby the Purities of Distillation may be increased or accelerated, or attempted to be hastened or accelerated, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Fifty Pounds for every such Offence.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer of Excise shall find any Still at work, and the Distiller or any Person employed by such Distiller, shall refuse to declare what such Still then contains, it shall be lawful for such Officer of Excise to charge the Distiller as if such Still contained Singlets or Low Wines, and such Distiller shall pay the Duty by this Act chargeable accordingly.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That no Liquor shall be declared as Pot or taken as such in any Distillery, which shall be of a greater Strength than Eighty five per Centum under Proof; and that in case any Liquor declared as Pot shall be found of a greater Strength, the same shall be charged as Singlets or Low Wines; and that no Liquor called Pot, shall be distilled or otherwise disposed of than by being, in the Opinion of the Distiller, mixed with Pot Ale or Wash, in the Presence of an Officer of Excise; and that if any Denial shall at any time be found in the Quinary of such Pot, more than is justified by the Quinary to mixed with Wash or Pot Ale, or is justified as aforesaid, in the Presence of an Officer, such Distiller shall be charged for a Quantity of Spirits in Proportion of One Gallon of Spirits to every Three Gallons of such Denial of Quinary in such Pot.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That as often as any Officer of Excise shall have entered into the Distillery, Warehouse, Store or any other Place belonging to any Distiller licensed under this Act, such Officer or some Person employed on behalf of such Distiller, shall on demand of any such Officer, show or cause to be shown to such Officer, all the Stock on hand of Wash, Pot Ale, Singlets or Low Wines and Spirits, belonging to such Distiller, and shall give or cause to be given to such Officer a Declaration of the same; that as to by, that the Stock so shown is all the Stock of Wash, Pot Ale, Singlets or Low Wines and Spirits, or of belonging to such Distiller; and if such Distiller, or some Person on his behalf, shall not so demand made by any such Officer, forthwith show or cause to be shown such Stock, or make such Declaration as aforesaid, or if such Distiller or any Person having such Stock or making such Declaration shall make any false or untrue Declaration of such Stock, such Distiller shall, for every such Offence, forfeit One hundred Pounds; and if any Officer or Officers of Excise shall upon Search discover any Wash, Pot Ale, Singlets or Low Wines or Spirits, belonging to such Distiller, which shall not have been duly shown or declared, or which shall be in any Place or Room belonging to such Distiller as aforesaid under this Act, then all such Wash, Pot Ale, Singlets, or Low Wines or Spirits shall be forfeited, and such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Gallon of Spirits, and for every Ten Gallons of Wash or Pot Ale, and for every Three Gallons of Singlets or Low Wines, if found as aforesaid.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That every such Distiller or Servant, or Person in the Employment of such Distiller, who shall show the Stock of such Distiller to any Officer of Excise, shall cause all the Casks of Spirits and declare the Number thereof, and the Quantity of Spirits contained in each Cask, to such Officer taking an Account of the same; and in case such Distiller, Servant or other Person, shall refuse or neglect to do so, such Distiller shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if after such Declaration as aforesaid, any of the Casks which shall have been declared to contain Spirits, shall be found to be empty or to contain any other Liquor or Thing save only Spirits, or a greater or less Quantity of Spirits than is declared as aforesaid, or if more Casks than One shall be found not to be full, or if a greater Number of Casks shall be found thus to have been declared, every such Cask and the Contents thereof shall be forfeit, and any Person shall be fined.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That every such Distiller shall before commencing to brew any Worts, Wash or Pot Ale, and also before commencing to work any Still in any Year, and is in like manner before he or she shall commence to brew any Worts, Wash or Pot Ale, or to work any Still after any Discontinuance thereof in such Year, give Six Days Notice in Writing, of which the Day of Service of such Notice to be reckoned one, to the Collector or other Chief Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Distill in which the Distillery of such Distiller shall be situate, and to the Surveyor and Gauger in Charge of the Distillery of such Distiller, setting forth the Day and Hour when such Distiller intends to commence to be brew or to work any Still respectively, or to recommence to be brew any Worts, Wash or Pot Ale, or to work any Still after any Discontinuance thereof; and any Distiller who shall brew any Worts, Wash or Pot Ale, or who shall work any Still without having given such respective Notices, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XLVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no other Day than Monday shall be mentioned in any such Notice for commencing or recommencing to work a Still, and that no such Distiller shall commence or recommence to work any Still in pursuance of any such Notice, except on a Monday, and every such Still shall be prepared to be kept regularly at work from the Day mentioned in such Notice for commencing or recommencing to work such Still, until the working thereof shall be discontinued in manner hereafter mentioned; that it is to be, every such Distiller may from time to time discontinue the working of any such Still on giving a Notice in Writing of such his Intention to discontinue such working to the Collector or other Chief Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Distill, and to the Surveyor and Gauger in Charge of the Distillery of such Distiller, Six Days at the least previous to the Day mentioned therein for discontinuance to work, requiring by such Notice that the Still may be locked on the Day expressed in such Notice, and specifying the Day and Hour of the Day at which such working is intended to be discontinued: Provided always, that as often as any Day shall be mentioned in any such Notice for discontinuance to work, and that such Monday shall be the day of a Period of Weeks in the Year whereof the common Order or custom Past shall be kept, and shall not be less than Four Weeks distant from the time of commencing to work such Still in any

Penalty.

Contents of Still not declared.

Who certified as Pot or Low Wines.

Denial in Pot, Distiller charged.

Declaration of Stock.

Penalty Pot Ale, etc. Cask if above Declaration falsified. Penalty.

Males of declaring Stock of Spirits.

Penalty.

Notice to brew Pot Ale and Commencement of working Still.

Penalty.

Distiller commencing and discontinuing to work.

Notice to discontinue Working Worts.

Penalty.

Year, nor left these Four Weeks distant from the time of recommencing to work the same after any Discontinuance in such Year; and that the Hour of the Day (specified in such Notice) shall be kept Here before Twelve of the Clock at Noon on such Monday.

On Notice of Discontinuance, Officers on duty to be observed in the Discharge of their respective duties.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That at the time specified in such Notice of Discontinuance, it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise in Charge of such Stillery, and he is hereby required to shut down and lock the Head of such Still by locking the same, and to lock the Door of the Furnace Grates, and to stop and lock the discharging Creak or Pipe of such Still; and if such Officer shall be prevented from so doing by any Person at such Stillery, or in consequence of the Stillery being locked, and no Person appearing to give Entrance to such Officers, or otherwise, or if such Still shall in any Event not be locked in manner thereby directed, such Distiller shall continue to be charged with and pay Duty as if he had not given such Notice of Discontinuance as aforesaid, and such Notice shall be deemed void and of no Effect.

Such distilleries when shut down to be secured.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That if at any time subsequent to Twenty four Hours after any Still shall have been locked, or by any of the Provisions of this Act ought to have been locked, or after the time mentioned in such Notice as aforesaid, of discontinuing the working of such Still, such Still or the Works in which it is fit shall be found open, the Distiller or Distillers in whose Possession the same shall be in found Shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty for any continuance in going Notice.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller who shall have discontinued the working of any Still in any or aforesaid, shall attend to set at work again such Still as is aforesaid, such Distiller shall deliver a Notice in Writing of such his Intention to the Collector, or other Chief Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Excise, and to the Surveyor and Gauger in Charge of the Stillery of such Distiller, Six Days at least before the Day on which such Distiller shall intend to recommence the Working of such Still, specifying the Day, agreeable to the Provisions of this Act, and the Hour on which he intends to recommence the Working of such Still; which Day shall be a Monday, and shall not be less than Four Weeks distant from the time of the last Discontinuance of the Working of such Still; and One of such Officers to whom such Notice shall be given shall attend and open the Locks and Fastenings of such Still accordingly, and shall charge such Distiller with Duty as herein provided, from the Day mentioned in the Notice for Resumption of the Working of such Still.

Monthly Charge.

L. And be it further enacted, That every such Distiller who shall not discontinue working for the Remainder of the Year, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, shall, during the Continuance of his Licence, in every Year be charged with and pay Duty in respect of the Still belonging to such Distiller, according to the Contents thereof, and according to a certain Number of Charges of Singleings or Low Wines for such Still, and according to a certain Number of Works and Day as hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, every such Distiller shall be chargeable and charged for such Still for not less than Twenty four Weeks or One hundred and sixty eight Days during the Continuance of his Licence in every such Year; and that for every Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days while such Still shall continue, or shall be preferred to continue working, or shall be chargeable as working under this Act, such Distiller shall be chargeable and charged with, and shall pay Duty for such Quantity of Spirits as ought to be produced according to the Rates in this Act mentioned, from the several Number of Charges of Singleings or Low Wines hereinafter severally in this Act mentioned, from the several

On Charges for every Still not exceeding 40 Gallons Content, and for Charges for such exceeding 40 and not exceeding 100 Gallons.

being of the several Contents following; that is to say, from Ninety Charges of Low Wines or Singleings for every Still not exceeding Sixty five Gallons Content, and from Sixty such Charges of Low Wines or Singleings for every Still exceeding Sixty five Gallons Content, and not exceeding One hundred Gallons Content; and that every such Distiller shall, over and above the respective Quantities aforesaid, be chargeable and charged with and pay Duty for as much more Spirits as ought to be produced (according to the Rates in this Act mentioned) from all Worts, Wash, Pot, Ale, Low Wines or Singleings, which such Distiller shall actually distil within every such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days; and every such Distiller shall also be chargeable and charged with and pay Duty for such Quantity of Spirits as shall be actually distilled in such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days exceeding the respective Quantities aforesaid; and the Surveyor and Gauger in Charge of the Stillery of such Distiller, shall, in his Return for every such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days which any such Still shall continue to be preferred to continue working, or shall be chargeable as working, make a Return and Charge upon such Distiller of such Quantities of Spirits for which such Distiller is hereby to be charged with Duty for such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, and every such Distiller shall pay the Duty appearing by such Return and Charge to have become due and payable.

Discontinuance of Duty of weekly Charge.

LI. And be it further enacted, That in case the Quantity of Spirits charged upon any Distiller in any Year exceeding on the Twenty sixth Day of September shall not amount to the full Quantity of Spirits for which such Distiller is by this Act chargeable with Duty within such Year, being for a Period of Twenty four Weeks or One hundred and sixty eight Days, according to the Rates aforesaid, the Surveyor or Gauger in Charge of the Stillery of such Distiller, shall, within Twenty Days after such Twenty sixth Day of September, make a Return to the Collector or other Chief Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Excise in which such Distiller shall be stated, of such Quantities of Spirits, and of the Duties thereon, as with the Quantity computed in any former Return or Returns of Spirits against such Distiller, makes the Year ending such Twenty sixth Day of September, shall amount to the full Quantity of Spirits for which such Distiller is by this Act made chargeable with Duty, for the Period of Twenty four Weeks, or One hundred and sixty eight Days in such Year, according to the Rates aforesaid; and such Return shall be a Charge on such Distiller, who shall pay the Duty appearing by such Return to have become due and payable, within Ten Days after such Return shall have been made, or shall for every Default forfeit Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Duty to be returned and charged.

Penalty.

LII. Pro-

LII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That if any Distiller shall be desirous of obtaining a Licence for any Still or Stills, at any time between the First Day of November in any Year, and the Twenty sixth Day of September in the succeeding Year, or in case any Distiller being licensed for a Term longer than One Year, shall commence working for the Year at any time between the First Day of November in any Year, and the Twenty sixth Day of September in the succeeding Year, then and in either of the said cases it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Excise to reduce the Quantity of Spirits for which such Distiller or by the Act chargeable with Duty for and in respect of such Still or Stills, during any such Year, is such Quantity of Spirits as may reasonably be distilled on such Still or Stills between the time that such Licence shall be granted, or the time when such Distiller shall commence working for the Year, and the Twenty sixth Day of September then next ensuing; provided that such Reduction shall be in the Proportion to the Part of the Year which shall have elapsed from the Twenty sixth Day of September preceding the taking out of such Licence, or providing the corresponding work for each Year to the time of the taking out of the same, as Twenty four Weeks is to Fifty two Weeks, and that the Person taking out any Licence for such Still or Stills shall in all such respects be subject and liable to all the Rules and Regulations in this Act contained.

LIII. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That if any Distiller who shall have worked Eight Weeks or more in any One Year shall be desirous to discontinue working for the Remainder of such Year, it shall and may be lawful for such Distiller to discontinue working accordingly, on giving a Notice in Writing of his Intention first to discontinue working for the Remainder of the Year to the Commissioners of Excise, and also to the Collector or other Chief Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Duties, and to the Surveyor or Gauger in Charge of the Distillery of such Distiller, Ten Days at the least previous to the Day mentioned for his discontinuing to work for the Remainder of the Year; and in such cases it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Three of them, to declare the Licence granted to such Distiller to be void and determined for the Year ending on the Twenty sixth Day of September then next ensuing; and it shall also be lawful for the said Commissioners to reduce the Quantity of Spirits for which such Distiller shall by this Act be chargeable with Duty during the Year, so that the Quantity as such Distiller shall be chargeable with Duty in any Period of Four Weeks as such Distiller shall have actually continued working, or shall have been chargeable as continuing to work, together with such further Quantity of Spirits as shall have been actually distilled, or as might be produced from all Wast, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singsings, which such Distiller shall have sold during such Period, according to the Rates in this Act specified; and if at any time after the Day mentioned in any such Notice of any such Distiller for discontinuing to work for the Remainder of the Year, any such Distiller shall brew any Worts, Wash or Pot Ale, or shall distil any Wash, Pot Ale, Singsings or Low Wines, or shall work any Still or Stills in such Distillery, or do after the Day mentioned for discontinuing to work, any Worts, Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singsings, shall be found, or any Still shall be discovered working in the Distillery of such Distiller, or shall be discovered to have worked after such Notice, such Distiller shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds; and it shall not be lawful for the said Commissioners of Excise to revoke any Permits to brew, keep or make sale of, nor for any Person to brew, keep or make sale of any Still in the said Distillery for the Remainder of such Year, nor during the Term of One Year next ensuing the Twenty sixth Day of September after such Offence shall have been committed, any Licence previously granted to such Person notwithstanding.

LIV. And he it further enacted, That in all cases where any Person shall, at the Expiration of any Licence granted under this Act, discontinue the Trade and Business of a Distiller, or shall at any time during the Continuance of his Licence, discontinue working for the Remainder of the Year, in manner herein mentioned, such Person shall, within Seven Days after the Expiration of such Licence, or after his discontinuing to work, cause the Works in which any Still in the Distillery of such Distiller was set, to be taken down, and shall displace and remove such Still, and shall also displace and remove out of the Works such Worts belonging to such Still, and shall, within Seven Days then next following, send or convey such Still, and the Head and Worts to some public place, to the Chief Officer of the District in which such Distillery shall be situate, there to be kept for Twelve Calendar Months, unless the same shall, within the said Twelve Calendar Months, be re-delivered to the Proprietor thereof, or be being licensed under this Act, or shall be disposed of by such Person to some licensed Distiller, which it shall be lawful for such Proprietor to do; and in case any such Twelve Calendar Month or Months in which a Still shall remain at said Chief Officer for the Space of more than Twelve Calendar Months, it shall be lawful for the Collector, or other Chief Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Duties, or any other Person, or any three of them, under their Acts any such Still, Still Head or Worts, and to cause the Materials thereof to be sold, and the Proceeds thereof, after deducting all Expenses of such Sale, and a reasonable Sum for the War Waste Rates for the same, during the said Twelve Calendar Months, shall be paid by such Collector or other Person to the Proprietor; and in case any Still, Still Head or Worts, shall be found in the Distillery, or in any other Place in the Occupation of any Person who shall have been discontinued the Business of a Distiller, at any time after the said Twelve Days after the Expiration or Determination of any Licence to such Distiller, such Still, Still Head or Worts, shall be forfeited, and may be treated, and the Person in whose Possession or in whose Premises the same shall be found, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

LV. And he it further enacted, That the Surveyor, Gauger or other Officer of Excise in Charge of the Distillery of any Distiller who shall be licensed under this Act, shall, within Five Days next after the End of every Period of Four Weeks during which any such Distiller shall work, or be considered as working under this Act, make a Return in Writing to the Collector of the said District, or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the same, of the Quantity of Spirits for which such Distiller is by this Act made chargeable with Duty, and the Duty thereon for such Period of Four Weeks; and such Returns shall be a Charge upon every such Distiller for each Period of Four Weeks; and every such Officer shall, and he is hereby required to

Comptrollees appointed by the Act to receive the same shall be subject to the Oath of any Year.

Distiller after working eight Weeks, may discontinue for the Remainder of the Year, and have a licence water down.

Penalty.

Distiller in discontinuing shall not be liable to a Licence, shall remove his Still

Penalty.

Officer to make 25 weekly Returns of duty, and give Notice a Day.

leave a true Copy of such Returns in Writing under his Hand, with every such Distiller, or at such Distillery, upon Pain of forfeiture, the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every such Neglect or Omission so done.

Penalty.

Distiller to make Monthly Entry of Quantity of Spirits distilled by a Still.

Penalty.

Distiller charged, either by Return or Entry, not any Duty within Ten Days from End of Month.

Penalty.

In case of Distiller's Refusal to make Return by Affidavit.

and Commission Return to be a Charge.

Penalty.

Distiller whose Allowance is disputed.

Errors in Officers Returns warranted.

Distiller overcharged, Com. will issue to make Allowance; Commissioners to give Notice to Distiller of Delinquency.

New Returns and Duty charged.

Distiller paid within Ten Days after Demand, Penalty for non-payment.

Accident or unavoidable Cause making Allowance for.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That every such Distiller shall also under his proper Hand, or under the Hand of some Person for whom such Distiller shall be responsible, within Five Days next after the End of every Period of Four Weeks during which such Distiller shall work or be considered as working under this Act, at the Excise Office of the District in which the Distillery of such Distiller shall be situated, make or cause to be made a just and true Entry of the Quantity of Spirits for which such Distiller is, under this Act, chargeable with Duty, in such Period of Four Weeks; and every Distiller who shall neglect to make or cause to be made such Entry, within the time aforesaid, shall for every Default forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Duty returned by the Officer against such Distiller for such Month.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That every Distiller shall be chargeable and charged with Duty upon each and every Return and Entry to be made by the Officer of Excise, or by such Distiller respectively as aforesaid, according to such of the said Returns or Entries respectively, as shall produce the highest Amount of Duty; and that every Distiller so charged, shall, within Ten Days from the Month which shall conclude every Period of Four Weeks during which such Distiller shall work or be considered as working under this Act, pay and clear off, or cause to be paid and cleared off, the Whole of the Duty chargeable for such Period of Four Weeks, or shall for every Default forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Duty which shall be so chargeable as aforesaid.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Dispute shall arise between any Officer of Excise and any such Distiller touching the Amount of Duty charged by the Return of such Officer upon such Distiller, he or she in respect of any Quantity of Spirits returned to this Act, such Officer shall write by Affidavit made before the Collector or other Chief Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Duty, or before some Justice of the Peace, that the Return made by him is true and fair, according to the best of his Skill and Knowledge, and thereupon such Return shall bear a Charge upon the Distiller (upon the same) and if such Distiller shall not pay the Difference between the Amount of the Duty so returned by such Officer, and the Sum so paid by such Distiller, within Ten Days next after such Return of such Officer shall be so verified by Affidavit as aforesaid, such Distiller shall, for every such Default, forfeit to any Person, together with a Sum equal to Double the Difference between the Amount of Duty returned by such Officer and the Sum so paid by such Distiller; Provided always, that no Distiller shall be allowed to contest or dispute any Return or Charge of Duty made by any Officer, unless such Distiller shall have made a regular Entry of the Quantity of Spirits by him distilled, in manner required by this Act, and paid the duty chargeable on the same, and shall in such his Entry make his Oath-Sum to the Return or Charge of such Officer.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Officer of Excise shall at any time neglect or omit to make a Return pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, against any Distiller, or shall at any time have committed any Error in any Return as aforesaid, by omitting or charging in such Return a greater or less Quantity of Spirits, or a greater or less Amount of Duty than ought to have been returned or charged by him against any such Distiller, according to the Directions of this Act, he shall and may be lawfully and for such Officer, or for any other Officer of Excise, and they are hereby respectively required to make a Return in case no Return shall have been made, or to rectify such erroneous Return as may have been made, as speedily as may be convenient, and to report the same to the said Commissioners of Excise, and in case of a Return made by reason of an Omission in the Officer in Charge of a Distillery, or make a Return pursuant to the Provisions of this Act; or if it shall appear that the Quantity of Spirits and the Amount of Duty charged in any erroneous Return as aforesaid, against any Distiller, was greater than the same ought to have been, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Excise, and they are hereby required to make an Allowance forthwith to such Distiller of the Amount of Duty so overcharged; and if it shall appear that the Quantity of Spirits or the Amount of Duty charged in any Return against any Distiller was less than the same ought to have been, or in case of a Return made as aforesaid, by reason of the Omission of the Officer to make a Return pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, and they are hereby required to give Notice to such Distiller of the Amount of the Duty contained in such Return so made as aforesaid, by reason of the Omission of a Return in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act, or of the Deficiency of the Duty in consequence of such erroneous Return; and if such Distiller shall not, within One Calendar Month after such Notice, have sufficient Cause to such Commissioners of Excise, why he should not be charged with and pay the Sum contained in such Return or such Delinquency, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Excise to order a Return to be made to the Collector of the District within which such Distillery is situated, of the Amount of such Duty or Delinquency, and the Duty specified in such Return shall be a Burden on such Distiller; and if such Distiller shall not upon Demand or within Ten Days next after, pay the full Amount of such Duty so aforesaid, such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds and a Sum equal to Double the Amount of Duty which shall be so returned and aforesaid; Provided that no such Return shall be a Burden on any Distiller, unless he shall have been made, and the Amount thereof demanded, within Nine Calendar Months after the Date of the original Return, or after the Expulsion of the Ten Days within which the same ought to have been made.

LX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Distiller hereof under this Act shall by any Fatality or unavoidable Accident have been prevented from distilling any Whisky or Pot Ale within the time prescribed by this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes as aforesaid, on Proof made to their Satisfaction, that the Fatality or Accident was unavoidable, and not owing to any Default or Negligence, to abate any Charge of Double Duty which may have been made as such Distiller is in respect of such Whisky or Pot Ale not having been distilled within the time aforesaid; and also to make any proportionate Allowance

Allowance to any Distiller, in Consequence of any Loss by any Fatality or unavoidable Accident, proved as aforesaid, by which any Whisky, Pot Ale, Low Wines, Singlets, or Spirits, shall have been destroyed; and also to abate the Quantity of Spirits whereunto any Distiller shall be chargeable by virtue of this Act in any Period of Four Weeks, in Consequence of any Fatality or unavoidable Accident, proved as aforesaid, by which such Distiller shall have been prevented working such Period of Four Weeks: Provided always, that every such Abatement and Allowance be first approved of by the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, and that no such Abatement or Allowance shall be made to any Distiller who shall have made any Intemperate or great Loss to be intimated by any such Fatality or Accident, without regard being had to the Amount reasonable under such Intemperance.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That in every cask where the Stock of Spirits in the Stores of any such Distiller shall be less than the Quantity of Spirits which, by the Stock Account kept by the Officer of Excise, ought to be in such Store, every such Distiller for every time such Deficiency shall appear, shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Shillings for every Gallon of spirits which shall be so deficient.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That in the Distillery, of every such Distiller there shall be safely kept Two Minute Books as shall be delivered to such Distiller by the Gauger or Surveyor in Charge of such Distillery, in which Book, every Officer or Officers shall from time to time make true Entries of the times when they shall respectively visit such Distillery, and of all such other Particulars relative to the State and Condition of such Distillery as such Officers shall find expedient and necessary; or as shall be directed by any Justice of Peace; and such Distiller shall within Three Days after the Twenty fifth Day of December, the Twenty fifth Day of March, the Twenty fourth Day of June and Twenty sixth Day of September respectively in every Year, deliver up such Books to the Surveyor or Excise then in Charge of such Distillery; and in case any Distiller to whom such Book shall be tendered by any Officer of Excise shall refuse to receive the same, or having received the same, shall wilfully tear, deface, obliterate or alter such Book or any Entry therein, or cause the same to be torn, defaced, obliterated or altered, or shall make or cause to be made any Entry therein, or in case any Distiller or any Person employed in the Distillery of such Distiller, shall at any time when required by any Officer of Excise, neglect or refuse to produce such Book, or shall neglect to deliver such Book at the time appointed to the Surveyor or Excise, such Distiller shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any such Distiller shall send out any Spirits in any less Quantity than Five Gallons, or without being accompanied by a legal Permit, every such Distiller shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and all such Spirits and the Casks or Vessels containing the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Duties payable under this Act by any such Distiller, shall be unpaid at the Time when such Duties are by this Act made due and payable, it shall be lawful for the Collector of Excise, or other Chief Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Duties in which the Distiller, of such Distillery shall be seized, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to empower any Justice or Justices to take and distress all spirits, and all Stills, Still Heads and Worms, and all Coppers, and other Vessels and Utensils for distilling, used in any such Distillery, and all Malt, Corn and other Materials for distilling, and to cause the same to be sold by publick Auction; and after Payment of all Duties and Arrears of Duties due from such Distiller, together with the Costs and Expences of such taking, distressing and sale, there shall be any Surplus of the Produce arising from the Sale thereof, such Surplus shall be forthwith returned and paid to such Distiller or his Representatives: Provided always, that when any Spirits shall be so taken and distressed, it shall and may be lawful for such Distiller or his Representatives, at any time or times before the Day appointed for the Sale thereof, to obtain Permits for conveying all or any Part of such Spirits, upon his or their paying to the Collector or other Chief Officer, towards discharging the Duties due and payable, the real Value of such Spirits as he or they shall desire to remove, and the same may be removed accordingly, and a proper Permit or proper Permits, shall on due Application be given for the same, in like manner as if no Distills had been made.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That all Stills, Still Heads and Worms, and all Coppers, and all other Vessels and Utensils for distilling, having been used in any Distillery, by what Title or Conveyance known the same shall be claimed, or into whose Hands the same shall afterwards come, shall be liable and subject to, and be hereby charged with all Duties due to the Crown, and Duties of Excise which shall be in Arrear and owing by any Person, for any Spirits distilled or made within such Distillery, and shall also be subject to the Payment of all such Penalties as shall have been incurred by any Person who shall have occupied or used such Distillery, for any Offence against this Act; and it shall be lawful in all cases to levy such Duties, Duties, Penalties and Forfeitures, by Distress and Sale of such Utensils, as it would be lawful to do in case the Person owing such Duties and Duties, or incurring such Penalties and Forfeitures, was at the time the real Proprietor of such Utensils.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person in Ireland shall make use of any Still, Still Head or Worm, for Distilling, or still maker or stiller any Low Wines, Singlets or Spirits, or had been, made or become any Wines, Whisky or Pot Ale whereunto, and with the Intent to distil Low Wines, Singlets or Spirits without having a Licence in force pursuant to Law for distilling, every such Person shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanor; and it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace residing near to the Place where such Offence shall be committed, or Information on Oath of any such Offence, to issue his Warrant for the Apprehension of such Person, and an Examination into the Complaint, to commit such Person to Goal, there to remain until delivered by due Course of Law; and in case any Inhabitant shall be fined against such Person, he or she shall plead thereto, without having time to traverse the same; and it shall be lawful for the

Duties in
Stock of Spirits.Minute Books
kept in Distil-
lery. Distiller to deliver
a Book to
Surveyor.Distiller to deliver
a Book to
Surveyor.

Penalty.

Spirits sent out
in less than Five
Gallons without
Permit.
Penalty.
Collection may
extend to
Distress.Produce of Sale,
how disposed of.Distiller may
before Day of
sale, obtain Per-
mits for taking
all or part of
Value.Stills, or Still
or Distill and
Distill.Unlawful Dis-
tillation.

Misdemeanor

Court

second Officers.

Surveyor and Application of Buildings.
Act in Cap. 2. O. 1812. p. 18.

46 G 3 c 17b.

M.P.A.

All short Acts.

Court by and before whom such Petition shall be tried and certified, to inflict such Penalties on such Persons for the first Offence, as may by Law be inflicted on Persons guilty of Misdemeanors, and for the second Offence to enforce such Petition to be executed to be transported for the Term of Seven Years.

LXVII And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act, shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, used for, recovered and applied, in the same manner, and under such Power, and Authorities, and by such ways and methods, and according to such Rules and Directions as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, paying, levying and managing any Duties, or for the Recovery of any Penalties or Forfeitures due and by any Act made in relation to the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King George the Third, extended *de Jure* for the sitting the Eighth or next Session upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein contained, or as and by an Act made in the Tenth sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *de Jure* for the latter Part of the same Session, and relating to the Revenue, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Excise, and of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Tolls, and in relation to any other Act or Acts in force in relation to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either or thereof, or fully and effectually, to all Intent and Purposes, as if the same were before, applied and executed, with the like Remedy of Application and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said intitled Act made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King George the Third, or any other Act or Acts in relation to the same, is provided.

LXVIII And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XLIX.

AN ACT to continue the Period for purchasing the Legal Quay in the Port of London, and to enable the Lords of the Treasury to purchase Building, in Flower Street, for the Purpose of erecting a new Custom House. [31st May 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Period within which the Lord High Treasurer or Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, were required by an Act passed in the Tenth seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *de Jure* for further time for purchasing the legal Quay and Wharf site in the Port of London, to purchase the legal Quay and Wharf sites, Buildings and other Works annexed thereto, and Dwelling Houses, Premises or other Works, as particularly mentioned and described in an Act passed in the Tenth third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *de Jure* to authorize the Advancement of further sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund, to be applied in the Improvement of the Port of London, by the Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, and to empower the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to purchase the legal Quay between Ludlow Street and St Vincent's London, and also the wharf adjacent to the same, and to extend to the King's Mill Excise and Wharf, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Common, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Period within which the Lord High Treasurer or Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, are required to purchase the said legal Quay, Wharf sites, Buildings and other Works, or any Dwelling Houses, Warehouses, Buildings or Premises situate adjoining thereto, shall be further extended to Two Years from and after the Expiration of the Period to which the same was extended by the said Act of the Tenth seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign.

II. And whereas the Custom House and Buildings and Premises forming a Part thereof, in the Port of London, have been for some time in a languid and neglected state, the Accommodation of the Trade thereof, and also in general in a State so ruinous and dilapidated, that the necessary Engagement and Repair thereof could not be made without causing a Charge to the Discharge of Common Burthens, which would be destructive to the Merchants of Great Britain, nor yet without incurring an Expence which could not be justified by the probable Duration of the Building when repaired: And whereas it is therefore expedient to erect a new Custom House in the City of London, and for that Purpose the Purchase of certain Premises situate in Lane and Throgmorton in the Parish of S. Andrew Undershaft in the City of London, and for that Purpose that it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, and they are hereby required, within the Period of Two Years next after the passing of this Act, to purchase of the several Owners, Lessees and Comptees of all or any of the said Dwelling Houses, Warehouses, Buildings or Premises, the best which shall be required for the said new Custom House, or any Part or Parts thereof, their Grounds and respective Estates and Intereests of and in the same Premises respectively; and for that Purpose shall have all necessary and expedient Powers to contract with any Person or Persons whatsoever, by such Price or Prices as may be agreed upon; and in case of Differences, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and he and they in and for the better regard to be paid in all respects as to establishing a Jury, receiving Comptees, paying Purches, Money into the Bank, in case of defective Tolls, a Refusal to create Conveyances, and in appropriate Purposes Money received by the Vendor of a Jury or Juries to Corporation and incorporated Persons, and in settling being Order or Orders to be made by the Court of Chancery, in case of such Inequity, as in and by any Act passed in the Tenth sixth Year of His present Majesty's reign, intitled *de Jure* for consolidating and reducing more of the several Acts for the Purchase of Buildings and further Improvement of the Trade and Affairs near St Andrew Undershaft and the Two Sheds of Parliament, as provided in relation to any matter respecting the same, appointed by the said Act; provided that the Acquisition, Warrant or Passage for the

the repossessing of a Jury full be under the Hands of the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, and directed to the Sheriffs of the City of London, in Head of the Sheriffs of Middlesex; and the said Sheriffs are hereby authorized, directed and required to respond, answer and return a competent Number of Substantial and disinterested Persons qualified to serve on Juries not less than Forty eight, nor more than Seventy two, to come and appear before the next next Court of General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, to be holden in and for the said City of London, or at some Adjourned or adjourned as to such Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts shall be directed and appointed, and to attend such Court of General or Quarter Sessions from Day to Day until discharged by the said Court; and out of such Persons to be so imposed, summoned and returned, a Jury of Twelve Men shall be drawn by the proper Officer of the said Court, in such manner as Terms for the Trial of Issues joined in His Majesty's Courts at Westminster are by an Act made in the Third Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the better Regulation of Juries*, directed to be drawn, and the said Jury in finding such Trial or Trials shall consider as well the good Will and Improvement as any Injury or Damage that may affect any such Person or Persons, either as Owner, Lessee or Occupier, and when and so far as such Particular Money as may have been agreed on or may have been settled by the Verdict of a Jury or Juries shall have been paid to the Parties interested, or into the Bank, as the case may be, the Profits or Benefit of which such Money shall have been so paid, shall immediately vest in His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, shall be and are hereby empowered and directed to pay such Particular Money or Moneys out of all or any of the Duties, Revenues and Income, composing the Fund called *The Consolidated Fund*.

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Particular Money paid out of a Consolidated Fund

III. And whereas the Sum of Two hundred and twenty Pounds Twelve Shillings and Ten pence Halfpenny is annually paid by the Direction of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in respect of the several Custom House, and other Premises contiguous to or connected therewith, which by Law are not extendible, and another Sum amounting to Two hundred and twenty Pounds Twelve Shillings and Ten pence Halfpenny, is legally payable and paid as Rates in respect of the Legal Quays in Front of the said Custom House and Premises aforesaid, to the respective Collectors of the Parochial and Ward Rates and Assessments in the said Ward of *St. Pauls*, and in the Parish of *St. Andrew's*, within the said Ward, and it is expedient, that the Payment of the same respective Annual Sums should be continued; Be it therefore further enacted, That the respective Annual Sums now paid as aforesaid, shall yearly and every Year for ever hereafter be paid out of Consolidated Customs to the respective Collectors, for the use being of the Rates and Assessments to whom the same respectively are now paid, without any Deduction or Abatement whatsoever, in the same Parts, Shares and Proportions, on or at the same Days or Times, and in the same manner as the other Rates or Assessments of the said Ward and Parish respectively shall for the time being be paid, and shall be considered as Part of the Produce thereof.

Custom Payments for Rates and Rates of several Customs House Collectors

IV. And whereas by reason of the Houses and other Buildings in *Lower Thames Street* aforesaid being erected within the said Majesty, for the public Purposes aforesaid, Deficiencies will be occasioned in the Produce of the Parochial and Ward Assessments and Rates in the Parish of *St. Dunstons in the East*, and the Parish of *St. Mary-at-Hill*, and the Wards of *Tower* and *Milbroke*, whereas the same are limited; and it is not consistent with Equity that an additional Burden should be imposed on the said Wards and Parishes, in consequence of the Application of Premises situated therein, to Purposes of general public Utility; Be it therefore further enacted, That, from and after the Completion of the Purchase of the said Premises, according to the Provisions of this Act, the Sum of Eight hundred and fifteen Pounds Seven Shillings and Five pence, being the Amount of what was assessed as the Parochial and Ward Assessments and Rates on the said Houses and Buildings, according to the last Assessments or Rates thereof, made before the passing of this Act, shall be paid, and the said Commissioners of the Customs are hereby authorized and directed yearly and every Year for ever hereafter, to pay the respective Collector or Collectors for the time being of the same Rates or Assessments respectively, out of Consolidated Customs without any Deduction or Abatement whatsoever, in the same Parts, Shares and Proportions, on or at the same Days or Times, in the same manner and for the same Purposes as the same or the like respective Assessments and Rates shall for the time being be paid, and shall be considered as Part of the Produce thereof.

Eight hundred and fifteen Pounds Seven Shillings and Five pence being the Amount of what was assessed as the Parochial and Ward Assessments and Rates on the said Houses and Buildings, according to the last Assessments or Rates thereof, made before the passing of this Act, shall be paid, and the said Commissioners of the Customs are hereby authorized and directed yearly and every Year for ever hereafter, to pay the respective Collector or Collectors for the time being of the same Rates or Assessments respectively, out of Consolidated Customs without any Deduction or Abatement whatsoever, in the same Parts, Shares and Proportions, on or at the same Days or Times, in the same manner and for the same Purposes as the same or the like respective Assessments and Rates shall for the time being be paid, and shall be considered as Part of the Produce thereof.

V. And whereas the former Custom House being public Property, is by Law exempt from the Payment of all Rates and Assessments, and the said Premises in *Lower Thames Street* about to be purchased under and by virtue of this Act, will be when the same shall become public Property also exempt from the Payment of all Rates and Assessments; Be it further enacted, That, from and after the said Fifth Day of April the said former Custom House, and after the Completion of the Purchase thereof, the said Premises in *Lower Thames Street*, shall be and be deemed and considered to be, as all Houses and Premises, free and exempt from the Payment of all and all manner of Rates and Assessments, although the same and each and every of the said Premises may become private Property by the Sale or Assignment thereof to Individuals, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

The former and new Custom House exempt from Payment of Rates and Assessments

C A P. L.

AN Act to continue until Three Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, and amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for making more effectual Provision for preventing the current Gold Coin of the Realm from being paid or accepted for a greater Value than the current Value of such Coin; for preventing any Note or Bill of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England from being received for any smaller Sum than the Sum therein

51 Geo. III.

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specified

specified; and for staying Proceedings upon any Distress by tender of such Notes; and to extend the same to Ireland.

[5th May 1812.]

51 G. 3. c. 11.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for making more effectual Provision for preventing the current Gold Coins of the Realm from being paid or accepted for a greater Value than the current Value of such Coins; for preventing any Note or Bill of Exchange and Company of the Bank of England from being received for any smaller Sum than the Sum above specified; and for staying Proceedings upon any Distress by tender of such Notes:* And whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be continued and amended, and extended to Ireland: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, no Person shall receive or pay, for any Gold Coin lawfully current within the United Kingdom, any more in Value, Benefit, Profit or Advantage, than the true lawful Value which such Gold Coin doth or shall by its Demurrance report, whether such Value, Benefit, Profit or Advantage, be paid, made or taken in lawful Money, or if paid or taken in Great Britain, in any Note or Note, Bill or Bills of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or in any Silver Token or Tokens, issued by the said Governor and Company, or if paid or taken in Ireland in any Note or Note, Bill or Bills of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or in any Silver Token or Tokens issued by the said last mentioned Governor and Company, or by any or all of the said Means, wholly or partly, or by any other Means, Device, Shift or Contrivance whatsoever; and every Person who shall offend herein, shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor; and being thereof convicted by due Course of Law, shall suffer Six Months Imprisonment, and such Sentence as he or her good Behaviour for One Year more, to be computed from the End of the said Six Months; and if the same Person shall afterwards be convicted a Second time of the like Offence, such Person shall for such Second Offence suffer One Year's Imprisonment, and such Sentence for his or her good Behaviour for One Year more, to be computed from the End of the said last mentioned Year; and if the same Person shall afterwards offend against this Act, and shall by due Course of Law be convicted of any subsequent Offence, he or she shall be imprisoned for the Term of Two Years for every such subsequent Offence.

Value.

Indemnities.

In what case Clerk (the Peace to certify former Convictions.

Indemnities not to be awarded.

In Proceedings a Party is to prove the Money paid and lawful.

Notes of Bank of England, or Bank of Ireland, is received or paid if not these Words.

Proceedings for Debt by Debtors Regard to.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall be convicted of receiving or paying any such Gold Coin, contrary to the said recited Act or this Act, and shall afterwards be guilty of the like Offence, the Clerk of the Assize, or Clerk of the Peace for the County, City or Place where such Conviction was made, shall, at the Request of the Prosecutor, or any other Person named in the Majesty's Warrant, certify such Conviction; for which Certificate Two Shillings and Six pence, and no more, shall be paid; and such Certificate being produced in Court, shall be sufficient Proof of such former Conviction.

III. And be it further enacted, That no Person against whom any Bill of Indictment shall be found, at any Assize or Sessions of the Peace, for any Offence against the said recited Act or this Act, shall be allowed to tender the same to any subsequent Assize or Session; but the Court at which such Bill of Indictment shall be found, shall forthwith proceed to try the Person or Persons against whom the same shall be found, unless he or they shall show good Cause to be allowed by the Court, why he, her or their Trial should be postponed.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That on any Prosecution or Trial of any Offender or Offenders hereafter to be prosecuted or tried for any Offence against the said recited Act or this Act, it shall not be necessary to prove that the Money, Notes, Bills, Tokens, Securities, Warrants or Orders for Payment of Money, or any or either of them, received or paid for any such Gold Coin, are respectively good, lawful and current Money of this Realm, or good, valid and effectual Notes, Bills, Tokens, Securities, Warrants or Orders for Payment of Money, or that the same Money, Notes, Bills, Tokens, Securities, Warrants or Orders for Payment of Money, are respectively of the Value they on the Face of them import; but that such Money, Notes, Bills, Tokens, Securities, Warrants or Orders for Payment of Money, shall be deemed and taken to be good, valid and effectual respectively, and of the respective Values which on the Face of them they import, until the contrary shall be proved, to the Satisfaction of the Judge, Justice or Court before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be prosecuted or tried respectively; nor shall it be necessary as any such Prosecution or Trial of any Offender or Offenders hereafter to be prosecuted or tried for any Offence against the said recited Act or this Act, to prove that the Gold Coin, received or purchased contrary to the said recited Act or this Act, is the current Gold Coin of the Realm, but the same shall be deemed and taken to be so, if paid or received as such, until the contrary thereof shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the Judge, Justice or Court before whom any such Offender or Offenders shall be prosecuted or tried.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall, by any Means, Device, Shift or Contrivance whatsoever, receive or pay in Great Britain, any Note or Note, Bill or Bills of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or receive or pay in Ireland any Note or Note, Bill or Bills of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, for less than the Amount of lawful Money specified therein, and to be thereby made payable; except only lawful Interest on such Note or Bill as shall not be expected to be payable on Demand; and every Person who shall offend herein shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor, and being thereof convicted by due Course of Law shall be liable to a Fine of Double the Amount of the Sum of Money specified in such Bill or Note, and made payable thereby, and shall suffer Imprisonment for a term not exceeding Two Months.

VI. And be it enacted, That in case any Person shall proceed by Distress or Pounding to recover from any Tenant or other Person liable to such Distress or Pounding, or by Bill or Sum of Money due from such Tenant or other Person, it shall be lawful for such Tenant or other Person, in every such case, in Great Britain, or

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treasurer Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or in Ireland to tender Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, expressed to be payable on Demand, to the Amount of such Rent or Sum for due, together with the Amount of such Costs as shall have been incurred by such Debtor, either alone or together, with a sufficient Sum of lawful Money, to the Person on whose Behalf such Debtor or Pleading is made, or to the Officer or Persons making such Debtor or Pleading on his Behalf; and in case such Tender shall be accepted, or in case such Tender shall be made and refused, the Goods taken in such Debtor or Pleading shall be forthwith returned to the Party distrained upon as aforesaid, when such Pleading shall have been filed, unless the Party distraining or pleading, and refusing to accept such Tender, shall wish that a greater Sum be due than the Sum so tendered, and in such case the Parties shall proceed as aforesaid in such case; but if it shall appear that no more was due than the Sum so tendered, then the Party who tendered such Sum shall be entitled to the Costs of all subsequent Proceedings: Provided always, that the Person to whom such Rent or Sum of Money shall be due shall have and be entitled to all such other Remedies for the Recovery thereof, exclusive of Debtor or Pleading, and exclusive of Execution for any Forfeiture which shall have been incurred by Non-payment of such Rent, as such Person had or was entitled to at the time of making such Debtor or Pleading, if such Person shall not think proper to accept such Tender as aforesaid: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall affect the Right of any Tenant or other such Person as aforesaid having Right, to employ or recover the Goods taken in Debtor or Pleading, in case without making such Tender as aforesaid he shall so think fit.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which any Sum or Sums of Money be or are required, ordered, directed, decreed or adjudged to be paid, either or by virtue of any Rule, Order, Process, Judgment, Decree or other Proceeding of or in any Court of Law or Equity or other Court, in any Part of the United Kingdom, or by any Law, Usage or Practice of any Court, in or are allowed to be paid for the Giving of Proceedings, or by any Party or Parties, Officer or Officers, to any other Party or Parties, Person or Persons, or into any Court, or into the Hands of any Officer or Officers of any Court as aforesaid, such Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money as aforesaid, in Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, if the same shall be made in Great Britain, or in Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, if the same shall be made in Ireland, the same respectively being payable on Demand, to the Amount therein expressed, shall be deemed, directed, decreed or adjudged to be paid; and in all cases in which any Money shall be payable out of any such Court or Courts, or by any Officer or Officers thereof, or of any of them, in the Discharge of his or their Duty as such Officer or Officers, Payment of the same be payable out of such Court or Courts, or by such Officer or Officers, in Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, if in Great Britain, or in Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, if in Ireland, (such Notes respectively being payable on Demand, to the Amount in such Notes expressed,) shall be taken and deemed to be good and sufficient Payments in the Law.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which any Sum or Sums of Money be or are required to be raised or levied in Execution of any Judgment or Decree, or by virtue of any Process or Proceeding whatsoever of any Court of Law or Equity, or other Court, in any Part of the United Kingdom, or under any Debtor or Pleading for the Recovery of any Rent, or of any Penalty or Forfeiture to be raised or levied by Debtor and Sale of any Goods or Chattels, it shall be lawful for the Officer or Officers, whose Duty it shall be to raise or levy such Sum or Sums of Money, to accept Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, if such Money is to be raised or levied in Great Britain, or Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, if such Money is to be raised or levied in Ireland, (such Notes respectively being payable on Demand to the Amount in such Notes expressed, in Payment and Satisfaction of the same to be raised and levied; and such Officer or Officers shall not be compelled or compellable to pay the Amount of the same to be raised or levied, or any Part thereof, to any Person or Persons, or into any Court, otherwise than in Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, if in Great Britain, or of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, if in Ireland; and after such raising and levying as aforesaid, it shall not be competent by any further Proceeding against the Party or Persons from whom such Sum or Sums were due, or his Executors or Heirs, to compel the raising or levying such Sum or Sums, or so much thereof as shall have been raised and levied and paid in such Notes as aforesaid.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all such cases as aforesaid, every Person paying any such Notes into any Court, or into the Hands of any Officer of any Court, in manner aforesaid, or to any Person raising or levying any Money under any Debtor, or under the Authority of any Court as aforesaid, shall, if required, indicate the Notes to be paid, and also specify the Causes, Proceedings or Debtor, in or under which the same shall be paid, and shall also, if required, verify the same to be Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, if in England, or to be Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, if in Ireland, by Affidavit, Swearing, that the Notes to be paid are to be paid out, to the full of the Knowledge and Belief of the Person paying the same, Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, as the case may be; and every Person so indicating any such Notes shall be liable to pay to the Parties to whom the same are paid out of any Court, or by any Officer aforesaid, or under any Debtor, the full Amount of the same expressed in any of such Notes which may prove to be forged, if any such Note or Notes shall be forged Notes.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every Person who shall commit in Scotland any Offence against this Act, which, by the Statutes thereof, is constituted a Misdemeanour, shall be liable to the same Fine, Penalty and Punishment, as are prescribed for the like Offence in England.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force to and until Three Months after the Commencement of the next Sessions of Parliament, and no longer.

C A P.

C A P. II.

An Act to provide for the more speedy Examination, controlling and finally auditing the Military Accounts of Ireland.

[5th May 1812.]

• **W**HEREAS the Means hitherto used for the auditing of Military Accounts in Ireland, have proved insufficient; and it is necessary to make other Provisions for that Purpose; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Ireland, to nominate and appoint from time to time, such Persons as he or they shall think proper, not exceeding Three Persons at any one time, to be Commissioners of Military Accounts in Ireland.

II. And be it further enacted, That His Majesty may by such Letters Patent as aforesaid, grant to the several Persons chosen in and to the following Salaries and Allowances; that is to say: To the Senior of the said Commissioners for the time being, who shall be styled the First Commissioner, a Salary of One thousand Pounds per Annum; and to the other Two Commissioners a Salary of Eight hundred Pounds per Annum each; which Salaries respectively shall be clear of all Taxes and Deductions, and shall be paid out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, by the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or any Three of them, without any other Warrant or Authority for the same: Provided always, that in case the Person at present holding the Office of Comptroller of Army Accounts in Ireland shall be appointed to the said Office of First Commissioner, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Person to continue to have, receive and enjoy the Salary, and Emoluments attached to the said Office of Comptroller of Army Accounts, in lieu of the said Salary of One thousand Pounds per Annum, to be paid and payable in like manner and under the like Authority as such Salary is hereby made payable.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted and declared, That no Commissioner appointed or to be appointed by virtue of this Act, shall, during his Continuance in such Office, be capable of being elected or of sitting as a Member in the House of Commons.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to appoint a Secretary, and such Officers, Assistants, Clerks and Attendants, with such Salaries as he or they shall think proper, to aid, assist and attend on the said Commissioners in the Discharge of their said Office, and to follow the Directions of the said Commissioners in all things relating to the Business of the said Office.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, may allow such Sums as to him or them shall seem fit, from time to time for the Salaries of the several Officers, Clerks and other Persons to be from time to time employed under the said Commissioners, and for the incidental Expenses to be incurred in their Office for auditing the Military Accounts, to be paid out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, by the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or any Three of them, under the Direction of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners to be appointed as aforesaid, and all Persons employed by and acting under them, before they shall enter upon the Execution of their respective Offices, shall take an Oath, the Words whereof shall be as followeth; that is to say:

• **I** A. B. (saying the Name of his Office) do swear, That according to the best of my Skill and Knowledge, I will faithfully, impartially and truly execute the several Powers and Trusts vested in me by virtue of the said Office.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners respectively shall and may take the said Oath before any of the Judges of the Exchequer in Ireland, and that the said several Officers and Persons respectively shall and may take the same before the said Commissioners, or any of them, and that the said Seniors and Commissioners respectively may be lawfully authorized to administer the same.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases not otherwise expressly directed or provided, all and every Authority vested or to be vested in, and all and every Act and Acts directed or authorized to be done by the said Commissioners, shall and may be exercised and done by any Two of them.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in any Trial or in any Proceeding whatsoever, Civil or Criminal, Legal or Equitable, any Question shall arise concerning the Appointment or Qualification of any of the said Commissioners, or of any Officer or Person under them, or his or their Right to hold, exercise or enjoy such Office, it shall be sufficient to all Intents and Purposes, to prove that at the time in Question such Person was reputed to be such Commissioner or other Officer, and it shall not be necessary to prove or produce any Appointment or Qualification.

X. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall examine, control, audit and settle all Army, Barrack, Commissariat, and other Military Accounts of every Description, in Ireland, save and except Ordnance Accounts, and also save and except the Baggage, Lodging and Passage Accounts.

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful at any time, or from time to time, to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, by Warrant under Hand and Seal, so order that the said Baggage, Lodging and Passage Accounts, or any of them, shall from time to time be audited and settled by the said Commissioners; and that from and after the Date of every such Warrant the Account or Accounts therein mentioned respectively shall be examined, controlled, audited and settled by the said Commissioners of Military Accounts, and not otherwise.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the time being, whenever he or they shall judge the same expedient, and in such manner and under such Rules, Orders and Directions, as the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland shall from time to time direct and establish, to order any Person concerned in the Receipt or Expenditure of Public Money, for or on account of any Service or Matter of any Military Nature, to furnish due and proper Accounts of the same to be laid before the said Commissioners, to be by them examined and finally adjusted and settled.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners under this Act shall and may from and after the Commencement of this Act proceed on and enquire into any such Accounts as aforesaid, which shall be depending and undischarged by and before the Comptroller of Army Accounts, or the Commissioners of Imprest Accounts, in the same manner: as if the said Accounts and the Examination thereof respectively had proceeded to or before themselves; and that all Vouchers, Accounts and Payments the Petitioner or Officer of the Comptroller of Army Accounts, shall and may be handed over and delivered to the said Commissioners, and shall remain in their Office.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Accounts aforesaid shall from time to time be examined and audited as aforesaid, as often as the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland shall think fit to direct the same.

XV. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Auditor General or other proper Officer shall pay, issue or deliver to any Person or Persons whatsoever, Money for Public Services of a Military Nature by way of Imprest, or as account, or in any such safe such Officer shall, within Three Calendar Months after the Twenty fourth Day of December in every Year, and also whenever he shall be thereto required by Notice in Writing from the said Commissioners, or any Two of them, transmit to the said Commissioners a Certificate of all and every such and several sums paid, issued and delivered, or charged by him within the preceding Year, or for such Period as shall be mentioned in such Notice, together with the Name and Description of the Person or Persons to whom the same shall have been respectively paid, issued, delivered or charged, and the said Commissioners shall thereupon without any Delay take the same into Consideration.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Military Accounts shall be subject to such Regulations not contrary to Law as the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being shall from time to time direct and establish; and that it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland to make and establish Rules, Orders and Directions for the Purposes aforesaid.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all Persons liable to account before the said Commissioners, shall within Three Calendar Months after the date when they shall be required so to do by Notice in Writing furnished by the said Commissioners or any Two of them, deliver unto and transmit to the Office of the said Commissioners as Account Current of all Sums of Money received and paid by them for the Period mentioned in such Notice, together with the Vouchers for such Receipts or Payments, accompanied by a Schedule of the same, signed by the Accountant or Accountants.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and may as often as they shall think fit, call upon all Accountants or other Persons to whom or to whose Order or Care any Public Money for which such Person shall be accountable to the said Commissioners, shall be or shall have been issued or disbursed, to account to them the said Commissioners for the Receipt, Expenditure or Issue thereof within a time to be by them limited; and as the Failure of the Accounts being delivered accordingly within the time so limited, the said Commissioners shall, in every case where they shall see Cause, give Notice thereof to His Majesty's Attorney General in England or Ireland, His Majesty's Advocate in Scotland, or His Majesty's Attorney General in any of the Colonies or Plantations belonging to the Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, as the case may require, in order that such Matters, Sums, Issues or Proceeds may be made, enforced, paid or issued by the said Officer against any such Defaulter as may be necessary to compel him to deliver in his Accounts as directed by the said Commissioners, unless upon Application of the Parties, sitting in any special and sufficient Court of Equity, the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, shall grant him or their Warrant to stay the Proceedings for such reasonable time or times as he or they shall think fit.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if any such Accountant or Accountants shall fail to deliver such Accounts pursuant to such Requisition, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, if they shall think proper so to do, to cause a Notice, signed by any Two of the said Commissioners for the time being, to be served on such Accountant or Accountants that the said Commissioners will proceed accordingly to audit the Accounts of such Accountant or Accountants, or any Part thereof, that may be or shall be such Notice, on a Day to be therein mentioned, not less than One Calendar Month from the Service of such Notice, and thereupon the said Commissioners shall proceed to audit such Account or Accounts accordingly, whether any Accounts shall have been then furnished or not, or whether such Accountant or Accountants shall attend or not, and the said Commissioners shall charge such Accountant or Accountants with all Payments made from or under His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, in his, her or them, as to his, her or their Order, and if such Accountant or Accountants shall not produce and prove to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners any Discharge, such Commissioners shall thereupon allow the Whole of the Sums so charged as a Balance against such Accountant or Accountants: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners to postpone from time to time, as often as they shall for good Cause for so doing, the final auditing of any such Account.

For more
of Military Ser-
vices to account
before such
Commissioners.

Comptroller
may proceed to
Accounts begun
before Com-
ptroller of Army
Accounts, &c.

Accounts ad-
justed when
Lord Lieutenant
shall do so.
Auditor Gen-
eral to send Ac-
counts to Com-
missioners, of
which shall be
true.

Comptroller
subject to
Orders of Lord
Lieutenant.

Accountants
within 3 Calen-
dar Months. Ac-
count of Receipts
and Payments.

Commissioners
to call on Ac-
countants
account.

The Discharge of
Accountants by
Commissioners
after due notice
given & comply-
ingly to audit
Accounts to be
Obed.

Penalty.

XX. And.

Commissioners
may report the
Fishes, and also
under the same
Article in the
same way.

Commissioners
shall report in
the House of
Commons and
Parliament.

Enchiridion
shall be
printed in
the House of
Commons.

Commissioners
shall report in
the House of
Commons and
Parliament.

Commissioners
shall examine on
Oath all Persons
concerned in the
procure of
Money granted.

Persons Com-
missioned by
the King to
be his
Commissioners
shall be
sworn.

Persons Com-
missioned by
the King to
be his
Commissioners
shall be
sworn.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners or any Two of them shall and they are hereby expressed to require into all Receipts and Issueds or improper Payments or other Misdoings in the Expenditures, Applications, or ordering or accounting for, raising or receiving all and singular or any of the said Monies, and they shall not include or suffer to remain or be included in the Deficit or Part of any Account which shall be or any time filed by them, any Article of Expenditure which shall not appear to them to be agreeable to the Intention or Import of the Trust reposed or legal Powers vested in the Parties so accounting.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall without any further Request as soon as possible after their Determination and proceeding as any Matter committed to their Examination, give an Account thereof in Writing under the Hands and Seals of them or any Two of them to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, and also to either House of Parliament, and they shall report therewith, what Deficits, Frauds or Illegality hath been observed during their Proceedings in the Made of Account or Expenditure, and likewise such Regulations as they shall in those Judgments deem expedient to be observed and adopted for the better ordering, improving and securing the said, and all other Expenditure of future Issues of Money for the said several or Single Purposes, or any of them.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases, where upon the Examination of the Accounts of any Comptroller, Master, or other Person for the Receipt, Expenditure or Delivery of any Public Money, or any Proceeds or Issues of the Property of His Majesty, the said Commissioners shall be of Opinion that any Articles have been extracted, withheld, lost, damaged or defrauded by the said Comptroller or Neglect of any such Comptroller, Master, or other Person, they shall, after the Examination of such Evidence as they may think necessary to shew the Value of such Articles, shew to the said Person with such Sum as is in their Judgment shall be the Amount of the Loss which shall have thereby accrued to the Publick.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Military Accounts, or any Two of them for the time being, and they are hereby required to call before them the several Persons who have at any time received from His Majesty's Treasury any Public Money for any of the several Issues of His Majesty, or all the several Persons to whom any Money has been granted or appropriated for any of the said Purposes, and the Successors, Executors and Administrators of such Person respectively, and to require them to give an Account of the Expenditure of the said Money, and to exhibit to the said Commissioners all such Accounts, Certificates, Warrants or Expenditures, Books, Memoranda or Bills whatsoever, as shall touch or concern the Receipt or Expenditure of such Money, or the Charge or Discharge of the Accounts thereof, and to call and examine in their Hands or Custody, and to examine upon Oath (which Oath any One of them is hereby empowered to administer) the said several Persons touching the several forms thereof, or any Entries therein, and touching any Matters relative to the Receipt, Expenditure or Non-Expenditure of the said Money.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners, or any Two of them, shall also have full Power and Authority, and they are hereby authorized and required to call before them, and examine upon Oath all Persons who have, or who they shall have reason to believe have any Knowledge of the receipts, expending, disbursing or in any wise accounting for, carrying, paying or managing any of the Monies of which they are or shall at any time be duly authorized to take or settle Accounts; and likewise to call before them and examine upon Oath all Persons whom they shall think proper, for the Purpose of enquiring into the Honesty of the Expenditure of all such Monies, whereas any of such Monies have been or ought to have been applied, and to send for and require to them as often as they shall think proper, all Accounts, Certificates, Books, Memoranda, Bills, Plans, Papers and Writings of what Nature soever, and in whatsoever Custody they may be, which in any wise touch or concern the Receipt, Expenditure, Disposal or Management of the said Monies, and to examine upon Oath (which Oath any One of the said Commissioners is hereby empowered to administer) all Persons whom they shall think proper, touching the same, Custody, Entries or Items in such Accounts, Certificates, Books, Memoranda, Bills, Plans, Papers or Writings.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any of the Justices of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench and Common Pleas, or of the Bench of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Ireland at their Discretion to grant a Writ of Habeas Corpus to bring up any Person or Persons committed to any Goal, Prison or Place of Confinement in Ireland, to be examined before the said Commissioners, or any Two of them, touching any Matter of Account which shall be then depending before the said Commissioners, and every such Person shall be so brought up accordingly, the Sum required by him in any such case being first duly tendered, and shall be brought and detained before the said Commissioners, or any Two of them from Day to Day, and from Hour to Hour, as often and as long as they shall find necessary for the Purpose of such Examination, and at the Close thereof shall be carried back to the same Prison or Place of Confinement, or to such other place of Confinement as shall be directed according to Law, and none of the said Matters shall be deemed or taken to be an Excuse; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners to enquire into, ascertain, and allow the necessary Expence of so bringing and keeping every such Person in such Attendance, and of taking him or her back to such Prison or Place of Confinement; and that such Expence being allowed and certified by the said Commissioners, or any Two of them, shall be paid as Part of the Expence of the said Office.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to allow to the Credit of any Account, any Sum or any Account of Expenditure that hath been or shall be made in, although no Certificate or Receipt of the said Person of such Sum is or is not produced to them in case where upon Satisfaction of the Accounts rendered on Oath, and after sufficient Enquiry the said Commissioners shall be satisfied that such Sum hath been actually and properly disbursed by the Public Servant; and that all due Diligence shall have been used by the Accountant to procure such Voucher; and whenever a Voucher is produced

doed or to be produced in any Account for any Accounts, shall be defective from the Want of any Certificate or other Document which might be necessary for such Voucher, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners upon Proof to their Satisfaction that the Accountant did not wilfully neglect to procure such Certificate or Document; and that the Sum specified in the Voucher shall have been actually and properly debited for the Public Service to some such Voucher as a full and true Discharge of the said Accountant, and to allow the Amount of the same to his Credit: Provided always, that in all cases where any Sum exceeding Thirty Pounds shall be allowed to the Credit of any Accountant, either without any written Voucher, or upon an imperfect Voucher, the Particulars and Amount of such Allowances shall be specified to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, in the Statement of the Account in which such Allowances may be made, in order that the same may be considered and confirmed or disallowed by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the same being, previous to the Declaration of any such Account.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That after the Examination of all such Perform, Books, Papers and other Matters as they shall think proper, the said Commissioners shall make full, perfect and true Accounts or Declarations of the Accounts of all Persons who are or shall be at any time accountable to them, which Accounts shall contain the Sum and Substance thereof in Charge and Discharge, or by Way of Debt or Credit, and they shall cause, to be made a Copy thereof to be given to the Party or Parties accountable.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That after any such Account shall have been fully examined and audited by the said Commissioners, and that any Sum or Item in the Discharge thereof shall have been disallowed, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, at any time within Three Calendar Months after the Date of such auditing, to order the said Commissioners for the time being to raise, for the Information of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, the Grounds and Cause of such Disallowances, whereupon the said Commissioners for the time being, or any Two of them, shall forthwith make a Report under their Hands in Obedience to such Order; and thereupon it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, at any time within Six Calendar Months after the Date of such Report, to order by Warrant under Hand and Seal that every or any such Item or Item or any Part thereof respectively shall be allowed, and thereupon the same shall be allowed, and shall be brought forward by and allowed to such Person accordingly to his or her next Account.

XXIX. And it is further enacted, That where any Account shall have been so audited by the said Commissioners, the same shall be final and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, save only in far as the same may be altered in manner aforesaid by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being in manner aforesaid.

XXX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if at the time of auditing any such Account by the said Commissioners, any such Accountant therein shall be absent from Ireland, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, at any time within Three Calendar Months after the Return of such Person to Ireland, to order the said Commissioners to raise the Cause of any such Disallowance as aforesaid, and thereupon such Report shall and may be made by the said Commissioners, and such subsequent Proceedings had, as if such Order had been issued within the time aforesaid.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners to deliver or cause to be delivered any Voucher or Vouchers which shall remain in their Office at any time after Fifteen Years from the Date thereof, and also that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners on receiving an Order in Writing for the Purpose from the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to send over and deliver up to the Person or Persons mentioned for that Purpose in such Order, any Voucher or Vouchers whatsoever that may be in their said Office, and which shall be required or directed in such Order.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person duly summoned by Precept under the Hand and Seal of the said Commissioners, or any Two of them, to appear before the said Commissioners touching any of the Matters aforesaid, to give Evidence or otherwise, or to exhibit any Account, Certificate, Book, Manuscript, Bill, Plan, Paper or Writing as his or her Copyhold, Power or Possession, according to the Tenor of such Summons, or to answer any Questions or Oath, which shall be lawfully proposed to him or her by any of the said Commissioners, making any matter or thing which they shall then be empowered to examine into, every such Person shall (save the Name of Twenty Pounds for every such Neglect or Default, to be recovered by Civil Bill in the Court of proper Jurisdiction by any Person who shall sue for the same; and if any of the said Matter or any Part thereof shall have been omitted by or paid to such Person, or to any Over to whom such Person is Successor, Executor or Administrator, such Person neglecting or refusing shall not only forfeit the like Sum for every Neglect or Default, as he is mentioned in like manner, but such Person shall likewise forfeit out of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer against him or her, upon Complaint made before the said Court, as in and against Debtors to His Majesty, who refuse or neglect to account.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which an Oath shall be required, or directed or authorized to be taken before the said Commissioners, or any One or more of them, the Affirmations of a Quaker shall be received as and be valid in lieu of such Oath, and shall be of the same Force, Validity and Effect, to all Intents and Purposes as such Oath.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall by oath or any Act or Acts of Perjury, false or make any Oath or Affirmation before the said Commissioners, or any of them, shall wilfully falsify take any such Oath or Affirmation, he thereof lawfully examined, he or she so offending shall,

Witness of the said Acts
Signed by Lord
Lieutenant.

On Examination
thereof every
Person shall make up
Accounts and
deliver Copy as
aforesaid.
Lord Lieutenant
authorized to
refer a bill to
be examined by
Commissioners.

Accounts audited by
Commissioners final.

Refusal of
Attendance may
be made at
time of making
Accounts.

Vouchers to
be kept as
long as
possible.

Penalty for
non-attendance
to attend.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Affirmation of
Quakers allowed.

Penalty for
perjury.
Persons who
swear
falsely.

for every such Office, and for every such Practice, Point and Disability as Persons convicted of such and corrupt Perjury shall then by any Laws in force in Ireland be liable unto; or if any Person or Persons shall corruptly procure or induce any other Person to take such false Oath or Affidavits, and the Person or Persons so procuring or inducing shall be thereunto liable, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, incur and suffer such Penalties, Forfeitures, Pains and Disabilities, as Persons convicted of Subornation of Perjury shall be thereunto liable.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer of any Corporation, Clergy or Public Establishment whatsoever, shall refuse or negligently neglect to obey any Summons or Order issued by the said Commissioners, or any Two of them, to appear before to exhibit or lay before them, any Accounts, Certificates, Books, Manuscripts, Bills, Plans, Papers or Writings, which shall be in his Custody or Possession, or to answer upon Oath any Questions which shall be lawfully proposed to him by the said Commissioners, or any Two of them, every such Officer shall, for every such Offence, incur and suffer the Penalties herebefore imposed, but shall be hereto bound, and shall be incapable of holding his said Office any longer.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and every Matter and Thing therein contained, shall begin and have Effect from and after the Expiration of Two Calendar Months next after the passing thereof, and not before.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall and may be amended, altered or repealed, during the present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LII.

An Act to provide for the speedy and regular Examination and Audit of the Public Accounts of Ireland; and to repeal certain former Acts relating thereto. [10th May 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that divers Acts relating to the Commissions of Deposition Accounts in Ireland should be repealed, and that more effectual Provisions should be made for the regular Examination and Audit of the Public Accounts in Ireland; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty third and Twenty fourth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the settling a regular Account in favour of all His Majesty's Subjects in the Corporation for carrying on the Island Navigation, the Trade of the Linn Manufacturing, the Dublin Society, the Corporation for paving the Streets of Dublin, and for other Purposes therein mentioned*; another Act passed in the said Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, to carry into further Effect the said former Act, in the Twenty third and Twenty fourth Years; a certain other Act passed in the said Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the better Regulation and Examination of Public Accounts*; and in each of an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for the more effectually regulating and providing for the Relief of the Poor, and the Management of Infirmeries and Hospitals in Ireland*; as provides that the Commissions of Deposition Accounts shall annually audit and settle the Accounts of the County Infirmeries, and other Infirmeries and Hospitals of Royal and Public Foundation in Ireland, from and after the Expiration of Two Calendar Months next after the passing of this Act, stand and be repealed, in so far as the same respectively may apply any former Office or Authority, or grant any Compensation or Benefit for or in Consideration thereof, and in so far as any Proceeding for or towards the Recovery of any Penalty, or the Forfeiture of any Office, which shall have been incurred or committed under or against any of the said Acts.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Ireland, to nominate and appoint, from time to time, such Persons as he or they shall think proper, not exceeding Five Persons in any one time, to be Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts in Ireland.

III. And be it further enacted, That His Majesty may, by such Letters Patent as aforesaid, grant to the several Persons therein named respectively, the following Salaries and Allowances: that is to say, To the Senior of the said Commissioners for the time being, who shall be styled the First Commissioner, a Salary of One thousand Pounds per Annum, and to the other Commissioners a Salary of Eight hundred Pounds per Annum each, which Salaries respectively shall be clear of all Fees and Deductions, to be paid out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland by the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or any Three of them, unless further Warrant in that respect.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted and declared, That no Commissioner appointed or to be appointed by virtue of this Act, shall, during his Continuance in such Office, be capable of being elected or of being a Member of the House of Commons.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to appoint a Secretary, and such Officers, Agents, Clerks and Attendants, with such Salaries as he or they shall think proper, to and, attend and attend on the said Commissioners in the Execution of their said Office, and to follow the Directions of the said Commissioners in all Things relating to the Business of the said Office, such Salaries to be paid out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, may allow such Fees as to him or them shall seem fit, from time to time, for the

Officers of Com-
missions, who
relating to the
said Commissions
of Commissions
are
Penalty.

Commissioners
of Act

Act amended,
&c.

27 G. 3. c. 3.
(5) c. 36.

41 G. 3. (1)
c. 45.

28 G. 3. (7)
c. 26 and
28 G. 3. c. 21.
24 repealed.

His Majesty
may appoint Five
Commissioners
of Accounts in
Ireland.

Commissioners
shall not be
Members.

1 c. 100
may appoint
Secretary and
Officers.

and such Pay-
ment of Salaries.

Salaries of the several Officers, Clerks and other Persons to be from time to time employed under the said Commissioners, and for the incidental Expenses to be incurred in their Office in auditing the Public Accounts, to be paid out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland by the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or any Three of them, under the Direction of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners be to be appointed as aforesaid, and all Persons employed by and under them, before they shall enter upon the Execution of their several Offices, shall take an Oath, the Tenor whereof shall be as followeth; that is to say,

‘ I, A. B. (calling by Name of Office) do swear, That, according to the best of my Skill and Knowledge, I will faithfully, impartially and truly execute the several Powers and Trusts vested in me by virtue of the said Office.’

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners respectively shall and may take the said Oath before any of the Barons of the Exchequer in Ireland, and that the said inferior Officers and Persons respectively shall and may take the same before the said Commissioners, or any One of them; and the said Barons and Commissioners respectively are hereby authorized to administer the same.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in all cases not otherwise expressly directed or provided, all and every Authority vested, or to be vested in, and all and every Act and Acts directed or authorized to be done by the said Commissioners, shall and may be cancelled and done by any Three of them.

X. And be it further enacted, That if on any Trial, or in any Proceeding whatsoever, Civil or Criminal, Legal or Equitable, any Question shall arise concerning the Appointment or Qualification of any of the said Commissioners, or of any Officer or Person under them, or his or her Right to hold, exercise or enjoy such Office, it shall be sufficient, in all Issues and Pleas, to prove, that at the time in question such Person was reputed to be such Commissioner or other Officer; and it shall not be necessary to prove or produce any Appointment or Qualification.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money which shall have been or shall at any time or times hereafter be granted by Parliament, or issued out of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, for the Improvement of any Part of Ireland, by erecting Fern, forming Canals, making Rivers navigable, building Churches, Colleges, Schools, Gaols, or any other public Works or Edifices, maintaining Charities, Hospitals or Infirmarys, widening or forming new Streets, Roads or Bridges, rendering Harbours more commodious, or establishing Coal Yards in any Part of Ireland, or building, erecting, making or promoting any other Works of public Utility, or of a public Nature, shall be duly and regularly accounted for before the said Commissioners under this Act.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall from time to time enquire into the Receipt and Expenditure of all Money heretofore granted or hereafter to be granted to the Corporation for governing and carrying on the Island Navigation in Ireland, and shall also from time to time examine, audit and settle the Accounts of the Corporation for governing and improving the Port of Dublin.

XIII. And whereas the Foundling Hospital of the City of Dublin, the Hibernian and Marine Hospitals, Saint Patrick's Hospital, and House of Industry in the said City, and the Protestant Charter Schools, are maintained principally by Public Grants and Appropriations; Be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall also from time to time examine, audit and settle the Accounts of the respective Governors, Guardians or Trustees thereof respectively.

XIV. And whereas various Sums have been granted from time to time, and annual Resolves appropriated to the Trustees of the Linnen Manufacture and to the Dublin Society; Be it enacted, That the said Commissioners shall examine, audit and settle from time to time the Accounts of the said Trustees and of the said Society: Provided always, that such Examination of the Accounts of the said Society shall be made only so long as the same shall receive any Parliamentary Grants of Public Money, and until the bill of such Grants shall be fully accounted for and no longer.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners under this Act shall and they are hereby authorized and empowered to examine, audit and settle the Accounts of the several County Infirmarys in Ireland, and of the several other Infirmarys and Hospitals of Royal or Publick Foundation in Ireland, and of the Receipt and Expenditure, and of the Debts and Credits of all such Infirmarys and Hospitals from time to time respectively, as and when the same shall be respectively given in Charge to the said Commissioners by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or when they shall think proper to examine the same, and not otherwise or oftener; but all Returns required by any Act of Parliament are hereby repealed, to be made to the Commissioners of Accounts from or relating to any such Infirmary or Hospital, shall be duly and regularly made to the Commissioners under this Act accordingly, and shall remain in the Office of the said Commissioners, to be used and examined when they shall be so required to examine the same, or when they shall think proper so to do.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That any Thing which is by or under the Authority of any Act not hereby repealed, directed to be done by or to the Commissioners of Inspect Accounts, or any Number of them, shall and may be done by or to the said Commissioners under this Act, or by or to the like Number of them respectively.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners under this Act shall and may proceed in all and every Account which shall be depending before and undischarged by their Predecessors, the Commissioners of Inspect Accounts, in the same manner in all respects as if the said Accounts and the Examination thereof respectively had proceeded so far before themselves; and the said Commissioners under this Act shall as to all Matters decided by or before their said Predecessors, consider themselves bound and concluded in the

Oath - O6 n.

Refer when taken by Commissioners of Office.

Oaths.

Reference to Account Entries of Appropriations.

Sums paid by Parliament for public Works, accounted for before Commissioners.

Island Navigation, Dublin Port.

Foundling Hosp. St. Pat. Dublin and Charter Schools.

Linnen Manufacture, Dublin Society.

Public Infirmarys and Hospitals.

Matters to be done by or to Commissioners of Inspect Accounts shall relate to Commissioners under A.C. Proceedings before Inspect Accounts - directed by the Lord Lieutenant &c.

same manner, to all Interest and Profits, as if the said Deeds had been made by themselves, and not farther or otherwise.

Lord Lieutenant or Secretary may make Accounts in his Office in Council-chamber.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor of *Ireland* for the time being, and for the Lord High Treasurer or the Comptroller for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland* for the time being, or any Three of them, whosoever he or they shall judge the most expedient, and in such manner, and under such Rules, Orders and Directions as the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* shall from time to time direct and establish, to order any Person concerned in the Receipt or Expender of Public Money to furnish due and proper Accounts of the same, to be laid before the said Comptroller under this Act, to be by them examined and fully adjusted and settled.

Not to extend to Military Accounts.

XIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend to authorize the said Comptroller, under any Circumstances, to examine or audit any Account properly chargeable by or belonging to the Department of Military or Army Accounts, and that all and every Voucher and Vouchers, Document or Documents, properly belonging to any such Account, which are or shall be in the Office of the said Comptroller, shall be handed over and delivered up to the Comptroller of Army Accounts, or to the Comptroller of Military Accounts, or to any Person or Persons authorized by him or them to receive the same, and that the same shall thereafter be kept in the Office of such Comptroller or Comptrollers.

Account given by the Officer or Officer of the Treasury.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the said Comptroller under this Act shall be obliged to such Regulations not contrary to Law, touching and concerning the due Execution of this said Office, as the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being shall from time to time direct and establish; and that it shall be lawful for the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* to make and establish Rules, Orders and Directions for the Purposes aforesaid.

When General Accounts shall be presented to the Comptroller of the Treasury.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the Auditor General of His Majesty's Exchequer in *Ireland* shall, within Two Months after the passing of this Act, and within Two Months after the fifth Day of *January* in every future Year, make a Return in Writing to the said Comptroller of all Sums drawn from the said Treasury on any of the Accounts aforesaid, at the Year ending on the fifth Day of *January* next preceding such Return.

Accountants & Receivers Account to Comptroller.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all Persons who are or from time to time shall be liable to account before the said Comptroller, shall respectively, within Three Calendar Months at the latest after the passing of this Act, with respect to any Accounts in Arrear up to the fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and within Three Calendar Months at the latest after the fifth Day of *January* in every future Year, deliver unto or transmit to the Office of the said Comptroller as Account Current of all Sums of Money received and paid by them for the Public Service within the Year ending on the fifth Day of *January* next preceding the foregoing such Account, whether the said Sums of Money or any of them were received or paid for the Service of such Year or otherwise, together with the Voucher for such Receipts or Payments, accompanied by a Schedule of the same, which Account and Schedule shall be signed by the Accountant or Accountants, or by some Person fully authorized as his Behalf, or if such Accountant or Accountants be a Body Politic or Corporation, or a Society, or the Trustees of any Public Institution, then the same shall be authenticated by the Seal of such Corporation, or by the Signatures of Five of the said Trustees, or of Five of the Individuals composing such Society.

Not to produce any transcribing or other Accounts required.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Delivery or Transmission of such Account and Vouchers, by any such Accountant or Accountants, shall not constitute the Parties from making up and delivering or transmitting such other Accounts as may be required of them, by any Discussion or Order of the said Comptroller under this Act, whether upon or in consequence of the Return in any Account to them as aforesaid, by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, or by the Lord High Treasurer, or Comptroller for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, or otherwise; but that all such Accounts shall be made up and submitted according to the Manner and Form aforesaid, and from and to such Person as shall be required by the Order of the said Comptroller under this Act for that Purpose, and shall be delivered unto, or transmitted to the Office of the said Comptroller, within such time as shall be so required by such Order of the said Comptroller.

Comptroller may call on any Accountant or Receiver to produce to him any Voucher or Receipts necessary to be produced, &c.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Comptroller under this Act shall and may, so often as they shall think fit, call upon all Accountants or other Persons, or Bodies Politic, or Companies, or Societies, or Trustees, or Trustees or to whose Order or Care any Publick Money, for which such Persons, Bodies, Societies or Trustees respectively shall be accountable to the said Comptroller, shall be or shall have been issued or impaid, to account to them the said Comptroller for the Receipt, Expender or Issue thereof, within a time to be by them limited; and on Failure of the Accounts being delivered accordingly within the time so limited, the said Comptroller shall, in every such case where they shall see Cause, give Notice thereof to His Majesty's Attorney General in *England* or *Ireland*, His Majesty's Advocate in *Scotland*, or His Majesty's Attorney General in any of the Colonies or Plantations belonging to the Crown of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, as the case may require, in order that such Notices, writs, Bills or Process may be made, returned, filed or issued by the said Officers against any such Defaulters, as may be necessary to compel him to deliver in his Accounts as directed by the said Comptroller, which upon Application of the Parties being found special and sufficient Cause of Delay, the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, shall grant him or them Warrant to lay the Proceedings for such reasonable time or times as he or they shall think fit.

Not to call on any Accountant.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any such Accountant or Accountants shall fail to deliver such Accounts, pursuant to such Requisition, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Comptroller, if they

shall think proper to do, to cause a Notice, signed by any Three of the said Commissioners for the time being, to be served on such Accountant or Accountants, or on the said Commissioners, or on any Part thereof, that may be mentioned in such Notice, on a Day to be therein expressed, not less than One Calendar Month from the Service of such Notice; and thereupon such Commissioners shall proceed to audit such Account or Accounts accordingly, whether any Accountants shall have been then furnished as aforesaid or not, or whether such Accountant or Accountants shall attend or not; and the said Commissioners shall charge such Accountant or Accountants with all Payments made from or under His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, in Wales, or in them, or in his, her or their Order; and if such Accountant or Accountants shall not produce and prove, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, any Discharge, such Commissioners shall thereupon allow the Whole of the Sums so charged as a Balance ag. said such Accountant or Accountants; Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful so and for the said Commissioners to postpone from time to time, as often as they shall see good Cause for so doing, the final auditing of any such Account.

XXVI. And, in order that it may more fully appear whether it is fit that any Body Public or Corporate, or any Society or Trustees, should receive Money out of His Majesty's Treasury, or from His Majesty's Treasury, be it as aforesaid, that all and every Body and Bodies Public and Corporate, and all Societies and Trustees, who have received, or who shall at any time hereafter receive, by virtue of any Grant or Grants from Parliament or otherwise, any Sums or Parts of Money out of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, which shall not be appropriated by the several Terms of the Grant thereof to for a special Purpose or Purposes wholly distinct from the use or Uses of such Body, Society or Trustees, shall, as aforesaid, in auditing and rendering their Accounts as aforesaid, by such and date to the said Commissioners under this Act, show the true use of the said Grant or Grants for any such Money, or any Part thereof, a full and exact Account of all the Funds, Moneys, Debts and Credits whatsoever of such Body, Society or Trustees, howsoever derived, or whosoever be the Nature, Amount or Particulars thereof; and the said Commissioners shall make and make said Account, including such Part thereof.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That as Money shall be issued from His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland by virtue of any Parliamentary Grant, or otherwise to any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, Society or Trustees, who shall ever have received any former Money therefrom at any time after the Expirence of the Period within which he, she or they shall be liable to render an Account to the said Commissioners under this Act, such such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, Society or Trustees, shall have and produce, or caused to be produced to the proper Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Treasury a Certificate signed by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, that he, she or they hath or have furnished to the said Commissioners a full Account of the last preceding Sums so issued, and of all Sums for which he, she or they are or are accountable by virtue thereof.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall oblige the Commissioners to enquire into the Expediture of any Money granted for any of the Purposes aforesaid, previous to the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and ten, except where such any Grant or Payment made does the said time for any of the said Purposes shall in their Judgments make such Enquiry necessary or useful, or except where they shall otherwise find it necessary for the Public Service.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That as Money shall be paid out of any Sums which has been or shall be granted by Parliament, and which is to be accounted for before the said Commissioners on account of Interest or Dividend, or of any Deduction from the gross Sums granted, other than the Deduction of Poles and Payments, which when a special Power has been or shall be given to the Grantors authorizing them to pay Interest or Dividend, or to make such Deductions, or where it shall be otherwise directed or allowed by Parliament, nor shall any Money be paid out of any such Grant for any Expenses attending the Application for the same, or in preparing Memorials, Parliamentary Attendants, or accounting for the Expediture thereof; and all Sums so paid shall be discharged and struck out of the Accountants' Discharge by the said Commissioners.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners under this Act, or any Three of them for the time being, and they are hereby required to call before them the several Persons, Bodies Public and Corporate, Societies and Trustees, who have at any time received from His Majesty's Treasury any Public Money for any of the Purposes aforesaid, or for any other Purpose which the said Commissioners see or shall be authorized to inquire into; and any Member, or Governor, or other Officers of any such Body Public or Corporate, or Society, or any the several Persons, Bodies Public or Corporate, Societies and Trustees, to whom any Money has been granted or appropriated for any of the said Purposes; and any Member, or Governor, or other Officers of any such Body Public or Corporate, or Society, and the Clerks, Treasurers and Administrators of such Persons respectively, and to require them to give an Account of the Expediture of the said Money, and to exhibit to the said Commissioners all such Accounts, Certificates, Warrants of Expediture, Books, Memorials or Bills whatsoever, as shall touch or concern the Receipt or Expediture of such Money, or the Charge or Discharge of the Accounts thereof, and as shall be and as shall be in their Hands or Custody, and to examine upon Oath (which Oath any One of the said Commissioners is hereby empowered to administer) the said several Persons touching the several Items thereof, or any Part thereof, and touching any Matters relative to the Receipt, Expediture or Non Expediture of the said Money.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall also have full Power and Authority, and they are hereby authorized and required to call before them, and examine upon Oath, all Persons who have, or who they shall have Reason to believe have, any Knowledge of the receiving,

Commissioners in their Proceedings shall have full Power to require any Person to be a Witness

Funds

When Money granted by Parliament is generally Accountants shall be liable to it in any case of all their Funds.

Money shall not be issued by Treasury till the 5th of January & accounted for.

Period of enquiry under the Commission

No Deductions allowed from Grants out of Poles and Payments

Commissioners may call before them any Person who has received from His Majesty's Treasury

Commissioners may examine on Oath of Persons

approved in
Examination of
Money granted.

† 16.

Commissioners
may require any
Books, and shall
not allow unless
Examiners be
Discharge.

Commissioners
shall, as far as
may be, first
call on the
Accountant.

Parties in Con-
sideration may be
brought before
Commissioners
by Robert Clerk
not to be re-
solved.

Commissioners
may require the
Accountant to
produce Vouchers.
or to interfere
Vouchers.

Allowance
shall not be
made by the
Accountant.

Orders of Board
of Irish Treas-
and Comptroller

expending, differing or in any wise accounting for, entering, paying or managing any of the Means of which they are or shall at any time be duly authorized to take or receive Accounts, and likewise to call before them, and examine upon Oath each Particular whom they shall think proper for the Purpose of enquiring into the Honesty, Efficiency and Legality of the Expenditure of all such Means, and into the State and Condition of the several Works; which any of such Means have been or ought to have been applied, and to send for and require to be called before them, as often as they shall think proper, all Accounts, Certificates, Books, Manuscripts, Bills, Plans, Papers and Writings, of what Nature soever, and in whatsoever Custody they may be, which in any wise touch or concern the Receipt, Expenditure, Disposal or Management of the said Means, and to examine upon Oath (which Oath any of the said Commissioners is hereby empowered to administer) all Persons whom they shall think proper, touching the State, Custody, Entries or Issues in such Accounts, Certificates, Books, Manuscripts, Bills, Plans, Papers or Writings.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby empowered and required to require into all corrupt and fraudulent and improper Practices or other Misconducts in the Expenditure, Application of, entering or accounting for Money or receiving, all and singular to any of the said Matters, and into the Efficacy and due Execution of the Works for which any Part thereof have been or shall be granted or appropriated, and they shall not include, or refer to any Part or be included in the Discharge Part of any Account which shall be at any time filed by them, any Article of Expenditure which shall not appear to them to be agreeable to the Intention or Import of the Grant to, or Trust reposed, or legal Powers vested in the Parties in whom such Grant has been or shall have been made.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall without any further Requisition, as soon as possible after their Determination and Proceeding in any Matter committed to their Examination, give an Account thereof in Writing, under the Hands and Seals of any Three or more of them to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, and also to each House of Parliament, and also to the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, with respect to such Accounts as shall have been referred to the Commissioners under this Act, by the said Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners for executing the said Office; and the said Commissioners under this Act shall report therewith what Defects, Frauds or Illegality shall have been observed during their Proceedings in the Mode of Account or Expenditure, or in the Execution of the several Works aforesaid, and likewise such Regulations or other Matters as they shall in their Judgment deem expedient to be observed and adopted for the better dressing, enforcing and securing the benefit, just and efficient Expenditure of future Grants of Money, for the said several or similar Purposes, or any of them.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any One of the Justices of His Majesty's Courts of King's Bench or Common Pleas, or any One of the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Ireland, at their Discretion, to grant a Writ of Habeas Corpus, or bring up any Petition or Petitions to be heard in any Court, Prison or Place of Confinement in Ireland, to be examined before the said Commissioners under this Act, or any Three of them, touching any Matter of Account which shall be then depending before them, and every such Petition shall be so brought up accordingly; the Sum required by Law in every such case being first duly tendered, and shall be brought and returned before the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, four Day to Day, and from Hour to Hour, and as often and as long as they shall find necessary for the Purpose of such Examination, and at the Close thereof, shall be carried back to the same Prison or Place of Confinement, or otherwise disposed of according to Law, and none of the said Matters shall be deemed or taken to be an Obstacle; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners to enquire into, ascertain and show the necessary Expenses of bringing and keeping every such Petition in such Attendance, and of taking less or more back to such Prison or Place of Confinement; and that such Expenses being so allowed and being certified by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall be paid as Part of the incidental Expenses of said Office.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to allow to the Credit of any Accountant any Sum on any Account of Expenditure that hath been or shall be incurred, although no written Voucher of the actual Payment of such Sum shall be produced to them, in cases where, upon Statements of the Accountants rendered on Oath, and after full and free Enquiry, the said Commissioners shall be satisfied that such Sums have been actually and properly disbursed, and that all due Discharge shall have been given by the Accountant to procure such Voucher; and whenever a Voucher produced or to be produced by any Accountant for any Account shall be defective, from the Want of any Certificate or other Document which ought to accompany such Voucher, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, upon Proof to their Satisfaction that the Accountant did not wilfully neglect to procure such Certificate or Document, and that the Sum specified in the Voucher shall have been actually and properly disbursed, to admit such Voucher as a sufficient Discharge of the said Accountant, and to allow the Amount of the same to his Credit: Provided always, that in all cases where any Sum exceeding Thirty Pounds shall be allowed to the Credit of any Accountant, either without any written Voucher, or upon an imperfect Voucher, the Particulars and Amount of every such Allowance shall be specified to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland in the Statement of the Accountant in which such Allowance may be made, in order that the same may be considered and confirmed, or disallowed, by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, previous to the Discharge of any such Account.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Orders of the Commissioners of Irish Treasuries in Ireland for the Appropriation of any Money which has been heretofore or shall be hereafter granted to them by Parliament for the building of Churches, together with the Consents of the Bishops of the respective Dioceses, setting

forth that the Churches for which such Orders shall have been made have been properly and sufficiently built, shall be allowed as Vouchers for the same contained in such Orders; and that upon any such Certificate and Order of Appropriation being laid before the Commissioners under this Act, for any One or more Church or Churches, and on either at the site first so happens, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners under this Act to pay the Account for the same, without waiting for the Accounts of any remaining Part of the Sum granted to the said Commissioners of Public Funds.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That after the Examinations of all such Permits, Books, Papers, and other Matters, as they shall think proper, the said Commissioners under this Act shall make full, perfect and just Accounts or Declarations of the Accounts of all Persons, Bodies Public or Corporate, Secretaries or Trustees, who are or shall be at any Time accountable to them, which Account shall contain the Sum and Substance thereof in Charge and Discharge, or by way of Debit and Credit; and they shall cause a Copy thereof to be given to the Party or Parties accountable.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That after any such Account shall have been fully examined and audited by the said Commissioners under this Act, and that any Sum or Item in the Discharge thereof shall have been disallowed, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, at any time within Three Calendar Months after the Date of such auditing, to order the said Commissioners for the time being to state, for the Information of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, the Grounds and Cause of such Disallowances, whereupon the said Commissioners for the time being, at any Three of them, shall forthwith make a Report under their Hands, in Obedience to such Order; and thereupon it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, within Six Calendar Months after the Date of such Report, to order, by Warrant under Hand and Seal, that every or any such Item or Item, or any Part thereof respectively, shall be allowed, and thereupon the same shall be so allowed, and the same shall be brought forward and allowed in the next Account of such Accountant.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That when any Account shall have been audited by the said Commissioners, the same shall be final and conclusive, so all Inquests and Perpetua whatsoever, save only so far as the same may be altered in manner aforesaid, by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, in manner aforesaid; and that if in any Account of any Body Public or Corporate, Society or Trustees, any Discharge or Sum shall have been disallowed as aforesaid by the said Commissioners, and not afterwards allowed by Order of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being as aforesaid, the same shall not be paid or allowed out of the Funds of such Body, Society or Trustees; but the Person or Persons who ordered such Expenditure shall be respectively liable to make good the same, and shall and may be sued for the same, or any Part thereof, by an Action of *Indebitatus Assumpsit*, either jointly or severally, by the Secretary of the said Commissioners; and in such Suit it shall be sufficient for the Plaintiff to prove the Order of the Defendant or Defendants, and the Disallowance of the Sum in question, or any Part thereof as aforesaid.

XL. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if at the time of sending any such Account by the said Commissioners, any such Accountant therein shall be absent from Ireland, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, at any time within Three Calendar Months after the Return of such Person to Ireland, to order the said Commissioners to state the Cause of any such Disallowance as aforesaid; and thereupon such Report shall and may be made by the said Commissioners, and such subsequent Proceedings had, as if such Order had been issued within the time aforesaid.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners from time to time to defray any Voucher or Vouchers, which shall remain in their Office at any time after Fifteen Years from the Date thereof; and also that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, on receiving an Order in Writing for the Purpose from the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to send over and deliver up to the Person or Persons mentioned for that Purpose in such Order, any Voucher or Vouchers whatsoever that may be in their said Office, and which shall be specified or directed as a Voucher.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person duly summoned by Process under the Hand and Seal of the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, to appear before the said Commissioners touching any of the Matters aforesaid, to give Evidence or otherwise, or to exhibit any Account, Certificate, Book, Manuscript, Bill, Plan, Paper or Writing, pursuant to this Act, shall refuse or neglect to appear, or to exhibit any of the aforesaid Articles in his or her Custody, Power or Possession, according to the Tenor of such Summons, or to answer any Question or Oath, which shall be lawfully propounded to him or her by any of the said Commissioners, touching any Matter or Thing which they shall therein be empowered to examine into, every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every such Neglect or Refusal, to be recovered by Civil Bill in the Court of proper Jurisdiction by any Person who shall sue for the same; and if any of the said Persons, or any Part thereof, shall have been made to be received by or paid to such Person who shall so refuse or neglect as aforesaid, or to any one to whom such Person is the Successor, Executor or Administrator, such Person in accepting or refusing shall not only forfeit the like Sum for every Neglect or Refusal, to be recovered in like manner, but such Person shall likewise stand out of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer against him or her, upon Complaint made before the said Court, as a usual agent Debtor to His Majesty who refuse or neglect to account.

XLIII. And

of Fifty shillings, or in Vouchers.

On Examinations Commissioners shall make up Accounts, and shall or Copy to Accountant.

Lord Lieutenant empowered to receive audited Sum disallowed by Commissioners.

Accounts audited by Comrs. Given by Lord to be allowed and paid by them as ordinary Expences.

Relief of Accountant absent in Ireland at time of sending Account.

Vouchers may be defrayed or paid.

Person summoned to appear or to exhibit.

Penalty.

Adverse-Case of
Quakers allowed.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which an Oath shall be required or directed or authorized to be taken before the said Commissioners, or any One or more of them, the Attendance of a Quaker shall be received on such Oath in the same manner as in such Oath, and shall be of the same Force, Validity and Effect, as all Oaths and Perjuries in such Oath.

Perjury.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall by virtue of this or any Act or Acts of Parliament take or make any Oath or Affidavits before the said Commissioners, or any of them, shall wilfully falsify take any such Oath or Affidavits, and be thereof lawfully convicted, he or she for offending shall, for every such Offence, incur and suffer such Penalties, Pains and Disabilities, as Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury shall thus by any Law or Laws in force in England be liable unto; and any Person or Persons shall lawfully procure or labour any other Person to take such false Oath or Affidavits, and the Person or Persons so procuring or labouring shall be thereof convicted, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, incur and suffer such Penalties, Forfeitures, Pains and Disabilities, as Persons convicted of Subornation of Perjury shall be liable unto.

Officers of
Courts, An.
relating to an
Oath in Per-
jury, &c.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That if any Member or Officer of any Corporation, Church or Public Establishment lawfully summoned whatsoever, shall refuse or wilfully neglect to obey any Summons or Order issued by the said Commissioners, or any One of them, to appear before or to exhibit or lay before them any Accounts, Certificates, Books, Manuscripts, Bills, Plans, Papers or Writings which shall be in his Custody or Possession, or to answer or to give Oath in any Question which shall be lawfully proposed to him by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, or to signify such Answer or Oath as shall be required, he or she shall be liable to the Penalty of Twenty Pounds hereinafter imposed, but shall be likewise declared and shall be incapable of holding the said Office any longer.

Penalty.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and all and every Matter and Thing therein contained, shall begin and have Effect from and after the Expire of Two Calendar Months next after the passing thereof, and not sooner.

Commencement
of Act.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed, during this present Session of Parliament.

All amended,
&c.

C A P. LIII.

An Act for extending the Time in which Coffee of the British Plantations may be sold by Auction without Payment of the Duty on Auctions; and for making an Allowance of such Duty on Coffee sold for which the said Duty has not been paid. [5th May 1812.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty Second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, among other things, for extending from the Auction Duty Estates and Effects bought in for the Owner, and Goods imported in any British Ship from any British Colony or America, or from any Port of the United States, it is among other things enacted, That all Goods, Wares, Merchandise and Effects imported in any British Ship or Vessel from any British Colony or America, or sold and may be sold by Auction free of the Duty imposed by Law on Goods and Effects sold by Auction, or subject to a Penalty, that nothing in the said Act contained should extend or be deemed or construed to extend to authorize the Sale of any such Goods or Effects free of the said Duty, which such Sale should be made within Twelve Months next after the time when such Goods or Effects should have been imported; And whereas it is expedient to allow a further time for the Sale of such Coffee as is hereinafter mentioned, and for the said Duty: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all Coffee imported as aforesaid shall and may be sold by Auction free of the Duty imposed by Law on Goods and Effects sold by Auction, at any time, within the time that he and remain lodged in any Warehouse or Warehouse under or by virtue of an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intitled *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain, to be stored in one single warehouse Payment of Duty, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, relating to the warehousing of Goods without Payment of the Duties; any thing in the said Proviso contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.*

Coffee imported
is to be sold
by Auction, as
in the said
Act made in
the Forty
second Year
of His Majesty
George the
Third, &c.

Coffee imported
is to be sold
by Auction, as
in the said
Act made in
the Forty
third Year
of His Majesty
George the
Third, &c.

Coffee imported
is to be sold
by Auction, as
in the said
Act made in
the Forty
third Year
of His Majesty
George the
Third, &c.

Coffee imported
is to be sold
by Auction, as
in the said
Act made in
the Forty
third Year
of His Majesty
George the
Third, &c.

Coffee imported
is to be sold
by Auction, as
in the said
Act made in
the Forty
third Year
of His Majesty
George the
Third, &c.

Coffee imported
is to be sold
by Auction, as
in the said
Act made in
the Forty
third Year
of His Majesty
George the
Third, &c.

Coffee imported
is to be sold
by Auction, as
in the said
Act made in
the Forty
third Year
of His Majesty
George the
Third, &c.

Coffee imported
is to be sold
by Auction, as
in the said
Act made in
the Forty
third Year
of His Majesty
George the
Third, &c.

Coffee imported
is to be sold
by Auction, as
in the said
Act made in
the Forty
third Year
of His Majesty
George the
Third, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That an Allowance of the Auction Duty shall be made to the Auctioneers and in respect of all Coffee imported in any British Ship or Vessel from any British Colony or Settlement in the West Indies, and sold by Auction on or after the Twentieth day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, which the same was and remained lodged in any Warehouse or Warehouse according to the Direction of the said Act made in the Forty third Year aforesaid, or of any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the warehousing of Goods without Payment of the Duties, and for and in respect whereof the said Duty had not been actually paid before the passing of this Act; any thing in any former Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

III. Provided always, nevertheless, That no Auctioneers shall here or be entitled to any such Allowance for or in respect of any such Coffee sold within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, unless such Auctioneers by whom such Coffee shall have been sold shall within Two Months next after the passing of this Act, deliver in the Chief Office of Excise in London, to the Person or Persons appointed by the Commissioners of Excise to receive the same, an exact and particular Account or Writing of the total Amount of the Money bid at the Sale at which such Coffee shall have been so sold, and of the several Articles, Lots or Parcels which shall have been there sold, and the Price of each and every such Article, Lot or Parcel; nor unless such Auctioneers, or the Person who acted as his Clerk at such Sale, or any Bill at the time of the Delivery

To be delivered
within Two
Months.

or out of the Contingent or Fee Fund, or Incidents of any Department of Office by the Order of His Majesty in Council, or by any Warrant under the Royal Sign Manual, or by Order of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury.

Provided always, That the Authority for the Payment Net or without Deductions of any Salary, Stipend or other Payment aforesaid, and the Authority for the Repayment out of the Public Revenue, or out of the Contingent or Fee Fund or Incidents of any Department of Office, of any Charge made or any Salary, Stipend or other Payment aforesaid, shall be respectively certified by some principal Officer in the Department to which such Office or Employment belongs, or such Payment is made, to be paid Net or without Deduction, or to be repaid out of the said Revenue.

C A P. LVII.

An Act to enable His Majesty to feule on their Royal Highnesses the Princesses *Augusta Sophia*, *Elizabeth*, *Mary* and *Sophia*, an Annuity of Thirty six thousand Pounds, instead of the Annuity feuled on them by an Act passed in the Eighteenth Year of His present Majesty. [5th May 1812.]

• Most Gracious Sovereign,

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Eighteenth Year of Your Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for enabling His Majesty to feule on their Royal Highnesses the Princess Frederick Biting* of Oldenburg, William Henry, Edward, Erich Augustus, Augustus Frederick and Adolphus Ferdinand, as *Duchess of Saxe-Gotha* Pounds per Annum; and also to feule on their Royal Highnesses the Princess Charlotte Augusta Matilda, Augusta Sophia, Elizabeth, Mary and Sophia, as *other Annuity of Thirty thousand Pounds per Annum*; and also to feule on the Highness Prince William Frederick, as *other Annuity of Eight thousand Pounds per Annum*; and as the Highness the Princess Sophia Matilda, as *other Annuity of Four thousand Pounds per Annum*; And whereas Your Majesty has been graciously pleased in express Your Desire to Your faithful Commons, to be empowered to provide for the Establishment of their Royal Highnesses the Princesses *Augusta Sophia*, *Elizabeth*, *Mary* and *Sophia*, by an immediate Grant; Therefore We Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful to and for the King's Most Excellent Majesty, instead of the said Annuity as the said Act mentioned, by any Letters Patent, or by several Letters Patent, under the Great Seal of Great Britain hereafter to be made, to give and grant to their Royal Highnesses Princesses *Augusta Sophia*, Princess *Elizabeth*, Princess *Mary* and Princess *Sophia*, and to the Survivors and Successors of them, or to such other Person or Persons as His Majesty shall think fit to be named in such Letters Patent, and he or she or they, during the Lives of their said Royal Highnesses, and the Life of the Survivor of them, in Trust for their said Royal Highnesses, or the Survivor or Survivor of them, One Annuity or Yearly Sum of Money not exceeding the Sum of Thirty six thousand Pounds lawful Money of Great Britain, by the Year, to commence and take Effect from the Eighteenth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and to be paid and payable by even and equal Portions on the Year most aforesaid Days of Payment in the Year, that is to say, the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July and the Tenth Day of October; the First Payment thereof to be made as soon as may be after the passing of this Act, for the proportionate Part of the Quarter between the said Eighteenth Day of February and the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and that such Annuity or Yearly Sum of Money shall be, by such Letters Patent as aforesaid, be given and granted to issue, and shall accordingly issue and be payable out of, and be charged and chargeable upon, the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, since paying or relieving sufficient to pay all such Sum or Sums of Money so hath or have been directed to be paid out of the same by any former Act or Acts of Parliament, but with Preference to all other Payments which shall and may be hereafter charged upon and payable out of the said Fund.

11. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That upon the Death of any of their said Royal Highnesses the Princesses, or upon the Marriage of any one of them, and the Payment of a Portion to or in Consideration of such Marriage, not less than Forty thousand Pounds Sterling, the Right, Title, Share and Interest of such Princess to dying or being married, is and to the said Yearly Rent or Annuity of Thirty six thousand Pounds, or any Part thereof, shall cease and determine, and the said whole Annuity shall from thenceforth accrue and remain to the Three other Princesses; and upon the Death or Marriage of any other of the said Princesses, and the Payment of a Portion, not less than Forty thousand Pounds Sterling, or in Consideration of such Marriage, the Right, Share and Interest of such Princess, or of, and to the said Annuity of Thirty six thousand Pounds, shall cease and determine, and Two Third Parts of the said Annuity of Thirty six thousand Pounds, amounting to Twenty four thousand Pounds per Annum, and so more, shall accrue and belong to the other Two Princesses then remaining; and upon the Death or Marriage of either of the said Two last mentioned Princesses, and Payment of a Portion, not less than Forty thousand Pounds Sterling, or in Consideration of such Marriage, the Right, Share and Interest of such Princess, of, and to the said Annuity of Twenty four thousand Pounds, shall cease and determine; and the other of the said Princesses then living shall be entitled to Twelve thousand Pounds per Annum, Part of the said Rent or Annuity of Twenty four thousand Pounds, and so more, to cease and to determine on her Death or Marriage, and the Payment of a Portion, not less than Forty thousand Pounds Sterling, or in Consideration of such Marriage.

18 C. 2 c. 16.

His Majesty empowered to feule on the Four Princesses, instead of Annuity granted by 18 C. 2 c. 21, an Annuity of 16000*l*.

Relief given for dividing the said Annuity upon the Marriage or Death of any of the Princesses.

Amount paid
to Parliament
without Pass,
and how from
all Taxes.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said respective Annuities shall be paid and payable at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, out of the said Fund, and the Auditor of the said Receipt shall and he is hereby required, by virtue of such Warrant or Warrants, to make forth and pay Debentures, from time to time, for paying the said respective Annuities as the same shall become due and payable, without any Fees or Charges to be demanded or taken for paying the same, or any Part thereof; and the respective Acquittance or Acquittances, Receipt or Receipts, of their said Royal Highnesses, or of such other Person or Persons as shall be by them respectively authorized and appointed to receive such respective Annuities, or any Part thereof, shall be a good and sufficient Discharge for the Payment thereof; and the said Debentures to be made forth and paid upon the said Warrant or Warrants shall have full power and Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer, now and for the time being, for the Payment of the said respective Annuities to their said Royal Highnesses, during the Continuance of the same, without any further or other Warrant to be had for, had or obtained in that behalf; and that the said respective Annuities to be given and granted, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Rates and Assessments, and all other Charges whatsoever.

C A P. LVIII.

An Act to grant to His Majesty certain Duties of Excise on Tobacco to be manufactured in Ireland; and to allow certain Drawbacks in respect thereof, in lieu of former Duties of Excise and Drawbacks; and to provide for the regulating and securing the Collection of the said Duties.

[both May 1812.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, having taking the necessary Supplies, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the Duties hereinafter mentioned; and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within and through that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, there shall be granted, raised, levied, collected, paid and lawfully, unto and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, an Excise Duty of One Shilling and Seven pence *Pro et Contra* *per* *lb.* and upon every Pound Weight of Tobacco which shall at any time or times, from and after the Commencement of this Act, be delivered out of any of His Majesty's Warehouses, or out of the Custody of any Officer or Officers of the Customs, for Manufacture in Ireland, and in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity, and to be charged on and paid by the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be delivered for Manufacture; which said Duty of Excise shall be in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties of Ireland Excise granted by any former Act or Acts of Parliament on Tobacco manufactured in Ireland, or taken out of the original Package for Manufacture in Ireland.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, all Duties of Ireland Excise imposed on Tobacco manufactured in Ireland by Two several Acts, the one made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to grant to His Majesty certain Duties of Excise and Taxes in Ireland*, and to allow certain Drawbacks in respect thereof, in lieu of former Duties of Excise, Taxes and Drawbacks; and the other in the Fifty-fourth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to grant an additional Duty of Excise on Tobacco manufactured in Ireland*, shall cease and determine, and be no longer paid and payable, save as hereinafter provided.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend to enact or take away any of the Regulations or Provisions, Powers or Authorities, contained in any Act or Acts in force on or before the Commencement of this Act for the levying or recovering of all Excise Duties payable on Tobacco, and Arrears of such Duties, which shall have been incurred or become due on or before the Commencement of this Act; and that all and every such Regulations and Provisions, Powers and Authorities, shall be and remain in full force for the levying and recovering the said Duties, and Arrears of the said Duties.

IV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That all Tobacco which, having been delivered out of the Custody of any Officer or Officers of the Customs, or out of any of His Majesty's Warehouses, on or before the Commencement of this Act, shall be in the Custody or Possession of any Manufacturer or Manufacturers of Tobacco, or other Person or Persons in Ireland, at any time on or after the Commencement of this Act, shall be chargeable and charged with the said Excise Duty payable on Tobacco, unless and by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland on or before the Commencement of this Act; and the said Duty shall be charged as such and payable and paid by such Person or Persons, at such time, and in such manner, and under and subject to all the Rules and Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures, mentioned, expressed and contained in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, on or before the Commencement of this Act, for the charging, paying, levying and collecting of the said Excise Duties on Tobacco; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

V. And whereas it is expedient, pursuant to the Provisions of the Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, that in respect of the Duties on Tobacco imported into and manufactured in Ireland, Counter-acting Duties should be charged upon Tobacco and Sack, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain, and imported from thence into Ireland, sufficient to counteract the Duties charged on Tobacco imported into and manufactured in Ireland; Be it therefore enacted, That for and upon all Tobacco and Sack, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain, of the several Descriptions hereinafter men-

That if it be
the quantity of
Tobacco which
shall be out of
Warehouses for
Manufacture.

Excise Duty on
Tobacco by
43 G. 3. c. 12. &
44 G. 3. c. 11. and
45 G. 3. c. 12. &
to enact.

but Taxes in
Ireland and
Provisions con-
tained therein.

Tobacco in
Custody of His
Majesty's Officers,
for Sale and
Duty.

79 & 40 G. 3.
c. 60.
40 G. 3. (c. 1) &
31.

Tobacco and
Sack imported
from Great Britain.

tioned, which shall be imported from thence into *Ireland* at any time or times from and after the Commencement of this Act, there shall be charged, levied, collected and paid the several Conserving Duties following, in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Conserving Duties whatsoever, payable upon the Importation of such Tobacco and Snuff, under and by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* on or immediately before the Commencement of this Act; that is to say,

For and upon every Pound Weight Avoidupois of unmanufactured Tobacco, of the Growth or Produce of *Great Britain*, the Sum of Seven pence Three Farthings;

For and upon every Pound Weight Avoidupois of *British* manufactured Sheet Cut Tobacco, or Tobacco manufactured into what is commonly known or called by the Name of *Spanish*, the Sum of Two Shillings and Four pence;

For and upon every Pound Weight Avoidupois of Tobacco or Snuff, being *British*-manufactured Sheet Tobacco cut, the Sum of Two Shillings and One Penny Three Farthings; *British*-manufactured Roll Tobacco, the Sum of Two Shillings and Four pence; *British*-manufactured Carrot Tobacco, the Sum of Two Shillings and One Penny Halfpenny; every other Sort of *British*-manufactured Tobacco not herebefore enumerated or defined, the Sum of Two Shillings and Four pence; *British*-manufactured Rappee Snuff, the Sum of One Shilling and Eleven pence Three Farthings; *British* manufactured Snuff called *Swiss Snuff*, the Sum of Two Shillings and Nine pence; *British*-manufactured Snuff called *Breton Snuff*, the Sum of One Shilling and Eleven pence; *British*-manufactured Stalk Flour, the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence Three Farthings;

For and upon every Pound Weight Avoidupois of every other Sort or Kind of *British*-manufactured Snuff or Snuff-work, not herebefore enumerated or defined, the Sum of Two Shillings and Nine pence;

All which last-mentioned Duties shall be paid and payable in *British* Currency;

And that upon the Exportation from *Ireland* to *Great Britain* of Tobacco and Snuff manufactured in *Ireland* of the like Descriptions, and exported at any time from and after the Commencement of this Act, and for which the Duties payable thereon shall have been fully paid and satisfied, there shall be allowed and given a Drawback equal in Amount to the Conserving Duties by this Act granted on Tobacco and Snuff, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of *Great Britain*, and imported from thence into *Ireland*, in lieu of all Drawbacks payable under and by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* on or immediately before the Commencement of this Act, in respect of any such Tobacco or Snuff exported from *Ireland* to *Great Britain*.

VI. And be it further enacted, That upon all Tobacco and Snuff manufactured in *Ireland* from Tobacco, which shall have paid all Duties of Customs and Excise payable on the same according to Law, from and after the Commencement of this Act, which shall be exported from *Ireland* to any Place except *Great Britain*, there shall be paid and allowed by way of Drawback or Compensation for the Duty charged and paid on the Import of the Leaf Tobacco whereof a half here manufactured, and for the Excise Duty charged thereon by Law, the like Sums of Money as are by this Act allowed and made payable on all such manufactured Tobacco and Snuff exported to *Great Britain*, according to the Descriptions and Descriptions herebefore mentioned and contained: Provided always, that Proof shall be made on Oath or otherwise, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*, that all such manufactured Tobacco or Snuff so exported had been manufactured from Tobacco, which had theretofore paid all Import and Excise Duties payable by Law thereon.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Money arising from the Duties by this Act granted, the necessary Charges for collecting and paying the same being deducted, shall be earned to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, in each of an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to make perpetual and to amend several Acts for the better regulating the selling and granting of Permits and Certificates, for the Conveyance and Privileges of certain Excisable Goods* in *Ireland*, in relation to the Removal of any Tobacco out of the Custody of any Officer or Officers of the Customs, or from any Warehouse in which the same shall have been lodged and secured, into the Stock of any Manufacturer of Tobacco; or in the granting of any Permit for the Removal of Tobacco into the Stock of any Manufacturer of Tobacco, full Oath and Testimony, and shall be and the same is hereby required.

IX. And, for the better enforcing the Intend Excise Duties on Tobacco in *Ireland* granted by this Act, be it enacted, That no Tobacco shall at any time after the Commencement of this Act, be removed out of the Custody of any Officer or Officers of the Customs, or from any Warehouse in which the same shall have been lodged and secured, except for Exportation, or into the Stock of a lawful Manufacturer of Tobacco; and that whenever such Tobacco shall be intended to be removed into the Stock of such Manufacturer, the Permit which shall be granted for the same to the Importer or Wholesale Merchant to whom such Tobacco shall belong, by the proper Officer of the Customs, shall be lodged with the Excise Inward Officer, who shall, under the Privileges hereafter mentioned, grant in lieu of such Customs Permit, an Excise Permit for the Removal of such Tobacco into the Stock of the Manufacturer mentioned in such Customs Permit; and such Tobacco shall not be removed out of the Custody of the Officer or Officers of the Customs, or out of any Warehouse in which the same shall be lodged or secured, until the Manufacturer, or some Person on his Behalf, shall have obtained and produced the said Excise Permit to the proper Officer of the Customs.

X. And be it further enacted, That no such Excise Permit for the Removal of any such Tobacco shall be granted, until the Duties of Excise imposed by this Act shall have been fully paid thereon; nor until the Manufacturer to whom such Tobacco shall be intended to be delivered, or some Person on his Behalf, shall produce to

the Inland Office any following Conserving Duties.

Data.

Drawback of Conserving Duties allowed on Exportation of such Tobacco and Snuff from *Ireland* to *Gr. B.*

Drawback allowed on Exportation of Tobacco and Snuff to any other Place except *Gr. B.*

Duties earned to Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*.

Act c. 58. 58. 58.

Per. 1000 to 1000 Per. 1000 to 1000

Mr. Per. 1000 to 1000 Per. 1000 to 1000

such Permit Officer of Excise, the Permit granted for such Tobacco by the Officer of Customs, and also the Receipt of the Collector of Excise of the District, for the Excise Duty on such Tobacco; nor shall such Officer of Excise shall be suffered to interfere on such Receipt the Quantity of Tobacco for which such Excise Permit is required, and the Date of such Permit; and every such Officer is hereby required to make such Endorsement accordingly; and in every such Receipt shall be specified the Number of Pounds Weight of Tobacco upon which the said Duty shall have been paid, together with the Number and Mark of each Package in which such Tobacco shall be contained, distinguishing the Weight of each.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Tobacco shall be removed out of any of His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores, or out of the Custody of any Officer or Officers of the Customs (except for Exportation) before such Excise Permit shall be granted for the Removal of the same, all such Tobacco is removed without such Excise Permit shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

XII. And be it further enacted, That before any License be granted to manufacture Tobacco, any Person requiring the same shall, with the Entry which he is by Law required to make of the several Places and Utensils to be used by him for keeping or manufacturing Tobacco, deliver to the proper Officer for granting such License, a Certificate from the Surveyor of Excise of the Survey within which the Manufacture of such Tobacco shall be done, signing forth that he has inspected the several Places and Utensils mentioned and described in such Entry.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Stock of Leaf Tobacco in the Possession of any Manufacturer of Tobacco shall be less than the Quantity of such Tobacco which, by the Stock Account kept by any Officer of Excise, ought to be in the Possession of such Manufacturer, every such Manufacturer shall, for every time such Defect shall appear, forfeit the Sum of Five Shillings for every Pound Weight of such Tobacco which shall appear to be deficient.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise, from time to time when he shall think it expedient so to do, to weigh any Tobacco in Cask, declared to be intended for Street; provided that such Tobacco shall have remained in such Cask for the Space of Six Weeks or upwards any thing in an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Kings, intituled *An Act for regulating and extending the Tobacco Trade, and for favouring the Duties payable upon the Import and Manufacture of Tobacco*, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all Commissions, Provisions, Bonds, Judgments or other Securities given or executed by any Person, where the Whole or any Part of the Consideration of any such Commissions, Provisions or Security, shall be for any Tobacco in Leaf or manufactured, which shall have been sold for a less Price by the Pound Weight than the Import and Excise Duties payable thereon, together with a Sum of Two pence added thereto, shall amount to, or for any Tobacco with which such Permits or by the said Act required shall not have been granted, shall be utterly void; and no Suit shall be maintained thereon in any Court of Law or Equity.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any such Tobacco shall be sold for ready Money at any lower Price than as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Person or Persons buying or purchasing such Tobacco, to recover from the Seller or Sellers thereof a Sum equal to the full Amount of such Tobacco so sold as aforesaid, to be sued for and recovered by Action in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, or by Civil Bill in a Court of proper Jurisdiction, where the Amount of the Sum to be recovered shall be within the Jurisdiction of such Civil Bill Court.

XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to make void or defeat any Contract for or Sale of Tobacco made *bona fide* under any Execution or Commission of Bankruptcy against the Order of such Tobacco.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That every License to sell manufactured Tobacco or Staff by Retail, which shall have been granted before the Commencement of this Act, shall expire on, and be no longer in force than until the Twenty fifth Day of March next after the Commencement of this Act; and every such License which shall be granted after the Commencement of this Act shall be in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March next after the Day of such License, and so longes.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That no Tobacco Stalks, whether manufactured or unmanufactured, or Tobacco Stalk Flour or Staff-work, shall be imported or brought into Ireland from any other Place than America, at any time after the Expiration of One Calendar Month next after the Commencement of this Act, nor from any Port or Place in America at any time after the Expiration of Three Calendar Months next after the Commencement of this Act, in any Ship, Vessel or Boat whatever, on Pain of forfeiting all such Tobacco Stalks, Tobacco Stalk Flour and Staff-work respectively, with the Hogheads, Casks, Chests, Casks, Cases and other Packages respectively containing the same; and also the Ship, Vessel or Boat, in or on board which the same shall be so imported or brought, with her Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel; and such Tobacco Stalks, Tobacco Stalk Flour, Staff-work, Hogheads, Casks, Chests, Casks and other Packages respectively, and also each Ship, Vessel or Boat, Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel, shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise: Provided always, that in case any Tobacco Stalks, Tobacco Stalk Flour or Staff-work, shall at any time after the Expiration of the first One Calendar Month or Three Calendar Months respectively, and before the Fifth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twelve, be imported into Ireland, it shall and may be lawful for the Importer thereof to land and warehouse the same for Exportation only, subject to such Rules and Regulations as the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland may think fit to make, order and direct in that behalf.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the several Rates and Duties, and Drawbacks, by this Act granted and allowed, and made payable, and all and every the Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act, shall be paid, levied, collected, paid, sued for, recovered, and applied and allowed, in the same manner, and order

Tobacco imported (except for Exportation) without Excise Permits, without Certificate from Surveyor, of his Landing, or of his Manufacture, produced before License granted.

Stock in Possession of Manufacturer, not less than Quantity in Stock Account of Officer.

Tobacco in Cask may be weighed.

27th & 28th

Contracts for Sale of Tobacco, when Commissions thereon shall not be in force more than, &c. &c.

Tobacco sold for a less Price, Buyer may recover Difference from Seller.

No License granted for Sale of Tobacco under Bankruptcy, License in force till the 25th of March.

No Tobacco, imported into Ireland since First day herein mentioned, Treaty.

Tobacco

Duties, &c. and Drawbacks to be paid and paid.

such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and under such Rules and Directions, and Subject to such Regulations and Provisions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, levying and paying and managing of Duties and Drawbacks, or for the Recovery of any Penalties or Forfeitures, as in and by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, entitled *An Act for joining the Excise as now Imposed upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors*, according to the Tenor of Rates therein inserted; or in and by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act for regulating and extending the Tobacco Trade, and for securing the Duties payable upon the Imports and Manufactures of Tobacco*, (see and except in far as the same are inconsistent with the Regulations and Provisions in this Act contained); or in and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Customs and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or in and by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually, in all Intents and Purposes, as if the said Powers and Authorities, Rules and Directions, Regulations and Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures, were as aforesaid, were herein expressed and enacted, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said Act passed in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or in and by any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect immediately from and after the Expiration of Twenty Days next after the passing thereof, and not sooner.

C A P. LX.

An Act for allowing on the Exportation of manufactured Plate for the private Use of Persons residing or going to reside abroad, the same Drawback as is now allowed on the Exportation of such Plate by way of Merchandise.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to amend the several Duties upon the Manufactures of Paper in Great Britain, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof*, certain Duties are imposed on Plate of Gold or Silver which shall be made or wrought in Great Britain, and upon the Exportation thereof by way of Merchandise to Ireland or any Foreign Parts, a Drawback is allowed of the same Duties which shall have been paid for the same: And whereas the greater Part of British manufactured Plate exported is intended for the private Use of Persons residing or going to reside abroad; and it may have a very important Effect in regard to the Export Trade of British manufactured Plate if a Drawback is not allowed thereon in the same manner as for Plate exported by way of Merchandise; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Drawback granted by the said recited Act upon Plate exported by way of Merchandise shall be paid and allowed to the Manufacturer or Exporter of all manufactured Plate, whether intended as Merchandise or not, provided Proof be adduced to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Customs that such Plate is new Plate, and has never been used; and such Drawback shall be allowed under the same Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures as are now by Law provided and enacted with respect to Plate made or wrought in Great Britain, and exported by way of Merchandise.

C A P. LX.

An Act for altering the Mode of Payment of the Superannuation Allowances in the Department of the Customs in Scotland.

WHEREAS Two Funds have long been established under the Management of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in Scotland, for the Benefit of aged and infirm or disabled Officers of that Department, the one called "The established Superannuation Fund," and the other called "The incidental Superannuation Fund," which Funds have been supported by the Contributions of the Officers of the said Revenue: And whereas the granting and paying Allowances or Commissions to the Nature of Superannuation or retired Allowance or Reward to Persons in respect of their having held any public Office or Employment or been engaged in any public Service, is regulated and controlled by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, entitled, *An Act to direct that Account of Income and Disbursements of Public Salaries, Pensions and Allowances shall be annually laid before Parliament, and to regulate and control the granting and paying of such Salaries, Pensions and Allowances* (&c.); and it being expedient that the said Two Funds should be established, and that the Monies constituting the same, whether inserted in the said Funds or remaining in the Hands of any Person whatsoever, as Monies received from Contributors to the said Funds or otherwise on account thereof, should be carried to the Account of Consolidated Customs, and be paid into the Receipts of the Exchequer under that Head; and that all Payments, Pensions and Superannuation or retired Allowances to Persons in respect of their having held any Office or Employment in the Customs in Scotland should in future be paid out of Consolidated Customs, and be charged in the Account

Supersession
Funds of the
said Act, and
Mansions
and House, Con-
struction of the
King's Great
Hall, which shall
be done
Employment of the
Head of the
Mansions.

' of Incidents of that Department; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, no Contribution or Subscription shall be taken or received from any Officer or Person in the Service of His Majesty's Customs in Scotland, on account or towards the Support of the said Funds; and that, from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the said Funds shall be abolished, and that all Moneys that have been received as Contributions to the said Funds or otherwise on account thereof, and which Moneys have been either vested in the Purchase of Stock Banking in the Banks of the Bank of England in the Names of *Edward Earl, Richard D'Elphin Phélyps and Henry Forth, Esquires*, Trustees of the Supersession Offices of the Customs in Scotland, or retained in the Hands of any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall be paid over to the Receiver General of His Majesty's Customs in Scotland, or to his Order, and by him, or such Persons as he shall appoint, paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer under the Head of Consolidated Customs, for which Purpose the said Trustees are hereby authorized and required to sell the said Stock; and that all Moneys that shall or may have been received or may hereafter be received by any Person or Persons whatsoever as such Contributions or otherwise on account of the said Funds, and which shall remain in the Hands or any come into the Hands of any such Person or Persons shall be paid to the Receiver General of His Majesty's Customs in Scotland, and by him paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer under the Head of Consolidated Customs; and that all Payments, Pledges and Supersessions or retired Allowances to Persons in respect to their having held any Office or Offices or Employment or Employments in the Customs in Scotland, heretofore paid out of the said Funds or charged on the King's Share of Revenues, shall be paid out of Consolidated Customs, and be charged to the Account of the Incidents of the Customs; any Law, Custom or Usage, to the contrary notwithstanding. (a) [This is not an Act of the last Session, but appears to be 50 G. 3 c. 217, which is explained and amended in a particular in which the present Act does not refer to an Act, 51 G. 3 c. 60.]

All duties, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXI.

An Act to grant an Excise Duty on Spirits made or distilled from Sugar in Ireland, during the Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain there, in lieu of the Excise Duty now chargeable thereon, and to allow a Drawback on the Export thereof. [17th June 1812.]

' WHEREAS the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Ireland is prohibited by Law for a limited time; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That during the time in which the Distillation from Corn or Grain in Ireland shall be so prohibited, there shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and distilled into and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, he and upon every Gallon of *Proof Spirit*, *Strong Waters*, or *Spirits*, which at any time or times during such Prohibition shall be made or distilled in Ireland from Sugar, by any Person or Persons whomsoever, or for which any Distiller in Ireland shall be chargeable by Law, the Sum of Three Shillings and Eight pence *British Currency*, and so more, in lieu as well of the Excise Duty of Five Shillings and Eleven pence *British Currency* granted on such Spirits by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to grant to His Majesty's Duties upon Meth made in Ireland, and upon Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, and to allow certain Drawbacks upon the Exportation thereof*; as also of the Duty on such Spirits in Proportion to their Strength, granted by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to grant to His Majesty's Duties upon Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, and upon British Spirits imported into Ireland, and upon Licences to sell Spirituous Liquors in Ireland as Distillers not by their own Gallons*; and that for every Gallon of such Spirits which shall have been or shall be distilled during such Prohibition as aforesaid, and which shall or may hereafter be exported *Ex-Gratia* to any Place except to Great Britain, and which shall not be exported from Wexford in Ireland, there shall be allowed and paid a Drawback of Five Shillings and Ten pence *British Currency* and no more.

A Duty of
50 sh. for Gal-
lons of
strong distilled
spirit, which
shall be Duty
granted by

50 G. 3. c. 21.

49 G. 3. c. 23.

Drawback.

This Duty and
Drawback shall
not be paid

41 G. 3. c. 18.
41 G. 3. c. 23.

After what has
been charged
Distiller for
Drawback of
Wash.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Duty and Drawback by this Act made payable and allowable shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and allowed in like manner, and under all such Powers, Authorities and Provisions, Rules and Regulations, as are contained in the said recited Act of the Forty eighth Year, with respect to the Duties and Drawbacks on Spirits distilled from Sugar, granted, allowed and made payable under and by virtue of the said recited Act, or in an Act made in the last Forty eighth Year, entitled *An Act to amend the several Acts for the regulating and fixing the Collection of the Duty on Spirits distilled in Ireland*; as in any other Act in force for the granting, issuing or regulating of Duties on Spirits in Ireland, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the several Powers, Authorities and Provisions, Rules and Regulations of the said Acts had been and were applied and re-enacted in this present Act, save only so far as the same are altered by this present Act.

III. And be it further enacted and declared, That the Officer of Excise keeping an Account of Wash in the Distillery of any Distiller in Ireland shall, on any Decree of Wash produced from Sugar, charge the Distiller for a Quantity of Spirits calculated after the Rate of Twenty six Gallons of Spirits for every One hundred Gallons of Wash so decreed, and it is Prohibited for any greater or less Quantity of Wash; any thing in any Act or Acts to any time in force in Ireland to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And

IV. And he it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, and during the Continuance of the Prohibitions of Distillation from Cura or Green in *Ireland*, it shall not be lawful for any Person to export or to re-*im*port or to buy for Exportation from any Port or Place in *Ireland* in any Parts beyond the Seas any Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland* from Sugar, except such Spirits as shall have been or shall be secured in Warehouses in *Ireland*, without Payment of the Duty of Excise payable in *Ireland* thereon, according to the Regulation of the several Acts in force in *Ireland* at the time of the passing of this Act, for regulating the making, distilling and warehousing of such Spirits in *Ireland*; and that all such Spirits shall be entered and shipped for Exportation from *Ireland* directly from and out of such Warehouses only; and in case any such Spirits shall during the Continuance of such Prohibition be exported, or shall be moved or shipped for Exportation from any Port or Place in *Ireland*, (other than such Spirits as are hereby permitted to be so exported, or in any other manner than is hereby directed, such Spirits so unlawfully exported, or entered or shipped for Exportation, together with the Cask and Packages containing the same, and also the Ships, Boats or Vessels on board of which the same shall be laden or exported, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise; any Act or Acts, Usage or Customs, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Excise on spirits
exported which
previously have
not been
warranted, &c.

V. And he it further enacted, That for and upon every Gallon of such Spirits distilled in *Ireland* from Sugar, and which shall be warehoused in *Ireland* and exported from thence, there shall be allowed and given a Drawback of Two Shillings and Two pence British Currency and no more; which said Drawback shall be in like manner and under the like Regulations as are directed with respect to other Drawbacks on Spirits exported from *Ireland*, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*.

Penalty

Drawback on
 Spirits distilled
in *Ireland*.

VI. And he it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

All shew'd, &c.

C A P. LXII.

An Act to enable Coadjutors to Archbishops and Bishops in *Ireland* to execute the Powers of Archbishops and Bishops respectively. [34th Jan 1812.]

WHEREAS in cases of the Illness or other Disability of Archbishops and Bishops in *Ireland*, it has been and may be necessary that Coadjutors to such Archbishops or Bishops respectively should be appointed: And whereas several Authorities, Jurisdictions and Powers, are by several Acts of Parliament in force in *Ireland*, and otherwise vested, settled and placed in the several Archbishops and Bishops of *Ireland* respectively for the time being, and by the Charter of the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queen Elizabeth near Dublin, the Archbishop of Dublin for the time being is appointed One of the Visitors of the said College: Now, for the preventing of all Doubts and Questions that may arise whether all or any of these Authorities, Jurisdictions and Powers may be executed by such Coadjutors, he is enacted and declared, and it is hereby enacted and declared by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person appointed or who shall or may be appointed Coadjutor for the time being, to any Archbishop or Bishop in *Ireland*, may sit and exercise at all times according to the Commission of such Coadjutor as of right belonging to the Bishop or Archbishop for the time being to whom he shall be Coadjutor, all and every the same and like Office, Authority, Jurisdiction and Execution of Law, and Sentence, and all other Customs and Privileges, and shall and may do and perform all such Matters and Things whatsoever, which the Archbishop or Bishop for the time being to whom he shall be Coadjutor of right might law, use or exercise, do or perform as belonging to his Office or Dignity, or is empowered or required to do or perform by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in *Ireland*, or by the said Charter and the Statutes of the said College, or otherwise howsoever, to all Intents and Purposes, as if such Coadjutor for the time being were Archbishop or Bishop; and all Office, Authority and Jurisdiction exercised by such Coadjutor, and all Matters and Things done and performed by such Coadjutor in the Exercise thereof, shall be as good, valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the same had been exercised, done or performed by the Archbishop or Bishop for the time being to whom he shall be Coadjutor as aforesaid.

Coadjutors may
exercise Powers
of Archbishops
and Bishops for
whom they are
appointed.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to entitle, authorize or empower any such Coadjutor to collate or prefer to any Benefice or Ecclesiastical Professorship or Patronage, in Right of the Archbishop or Bishop to whom he shall be such Coadjutor; and that nothing in this Act contained shall extend nor be construed to extend to affect any Rights, Authorities, Privileges or Powers, which by Law devolve to or become vested in His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or in any other Person or Persons in case of the Illness or other Disability of any Archbishop or Bishop respectively; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

This act is pro-
vided to be
subject to Review.

C A P. LXIII.

An Act for more effectually preventing the Embezzlement of Securities for Money and other Effects, left or deposited for safe Custody, or other special Purpose, in the Hands of Bankers, Merchants, Brokers, Auctioneers or other Agents. [34th Jan 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that due Provision should be made to prevent the Embezzlement of Government and other Securities for Money, Plate, Jewels and other Personal Effects, deposited
for

Persons (whom)
in Parliament,
for Enforcement
of any
Deed, or other
Security for
Money entrusted
to their Care.

* For safe Custody, or for any special Purpose, with Bankers, Merchants, Brokers, Attorneys and other Agents, entrusted by their Customers and Employers; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person or Persons with whom (as Banker or Bankers, Merchant or Merchants, Broker or Brokers, Attorney or Attorneys, or Agent or Agents, or any Description whatsoever) any Debenture, Debiture, Endorser, Bill, Note, Voucher, or Transport Bill, or other Bill, Warrant or Order for the Payment of Money, State Lottery Ticket or Certificate, Scamman's Ticket, Bank Receipt for Payment of any Loan, India Bond or other Bond, or any Deed, Note or other Security for Money, or for any Share or Interest in any National Stock or Fund of this or any other Country, or in the Stock or Fund of any Corporation, Company or Society established by Act of Parliament or Royal Charter, or any Power of Attorney for the Sale or Transfer of any such Stock or Fund, or any Share or Interest therein, or any Plate, Jewels or other Personal Effects, shall have been deposited, or shall be or remain for safe Custody, or upon or for any special Purpose, without any Authority, either general, special, conditional or discretionary, to sell or pledge such Debenture, Bill, Warrant, Order, State Lottery Ticket or Certificate, Scamman's Ticket, Bank Receipt, Bond, Deed, Note or other Security, Plate, Jewels or other Personal Effects, or to sell, transfer or pledge the Stock or Fund, or Share or Interest in the Stock or Fund to which such Security or Power of Attorney shall relate, shall sell, assign, use, assign, pledge, embargo, forfeit or in any manner apply to his or their own Use or Benefit, any such Debenture, Bill, Warrant, Order, State Lottery Ticket or Certificate, Scamman's Ticket, Bank Receipt, Bond, Deed, Note or other Security, as aforesaid mentioned, Plate, Jewels or other Personal Effects, or the Stock or Fund, or Share or Interest in the Stock or Fund to which such Security or Power of Attorney shall relate, in violation of good Faith, and contrary to the special Purpose, for which the Things aforesaid mentioned, or any or other of them, shall have been deposited, or shall have been or remained with or in the Hands of such Person or Persons, with Intent to defraud the Owner or Owners of any such Instrument or Security, or the Person or Persons depositing the same, or the Owner or Owners of the Stock or Fund, Share or Interest, to which such Security or Power of Attorney shall relate, every Person so offending in any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and, being thereof convicted according to Law, shall be sentenced to Transportation for any Term not exceeding Fourteen Years, or to receive such other Punishment as may by Law be inflicted on a Person or Persons guilty of a Misdemeanor, and as the Court before which such Offender or Offenders may be tried and convicted shall adjudge.

II. And whereas it is usual for Persons having Dealings with Bankers, Merchants, Brokers, Attorneys and other Agents, to deposit or place in the Hands of such Bankers, Merchants, Brokers, Attorneys and other Agents, Sums of Money, Bills, Notes, Drafts, Cheques or Orders for the Payment of Money, with Directions or Orders to invest the Money so paid, or to which such Bills, Notes, Drafts, Cheques or Orders relate, or Part thereof, in the Purchase of Stocks or Funds, or in or upon Government or other Securities for Money, or to apply and dispose thereof in other ways or for other Purposes; and it is expedient to prevent Embezzlement and Misapplication in such Cases also: Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any such Banker, Merchant, Broker, Attorney or other Agent, in whole Hands any Sum or Sums of Money, Bill, Note, Draft, Cheque or Order for the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money shall be placed, with any Order or Orders in Writing, and signed by the Party or Parties who shall be deposit or place the same, to invest such Sum or Sums of Money or the Money to which such Bill, Note, Draft, Cheque or Order as aforesaid shall relate, in the Purchase of any Stock or Fund, or in or upon Government or other Securities, or in any other way or for any other Purpose specified in such Order or Orders, shall in any manner apply to his or their own Use and Benefit, any such Sum or Sums of Money, or any such Bill, Note, Draft, Cheque or Order for the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money as aforesaid mentioned, in Violation of good Faith and contrary to the special Purpose specified in the Direction or Order in Writing aforesaid mentioned, with Intent to defraud the Owner or Owners of any such Sum or Sums of Money, or Order for the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money; every Person so offending in any Part of the United Kingdom, shall in like manner be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and being convicted thereof according to Law, shall wear and suffer such Punishment as is aforesaid mentioned.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prevent any of the Persons aforesaid mentioned from receiving any Money which shall be or become actually due and payable upon or by virtue of any of the Instruments or Securities aforesaid mentioned, according to the Tenor and Effect thereof, in such manner as he or they might have done, if this Act had not been made.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Penalty by this Act assigned to the Commission of any Offence intended to be guarded against by this Act, shall not extend or be construed to extend in any Part or Parts, or other Person or Persons, or belonging to any Partnership, Society or Firm, except only such Partner or Partners, Person or Persons, as shall actually commit or be accessory or privy to the Commission of such Offence; any thing herein contained to the contrary is any way notwithstanding.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing in this Act contained, nor any Proceeding, Conviction or Judgment to be had or taken thereupon, shall hinder, prevent, lessen or impede any Remedy at Law or in Equity, which any Party or Parties aggrieved by any Offence against this Act might or would have had, or have been entitled to if this Act had not been made, nor any Proceeding,

Proceeding,

For preventing
Bankers and
others, from dis-
posing for their
own Use of
Money deposited
with them.

All who in pre-
sent Part of the
Act receive any
Money from them.

Not to extend
Penalty and
being privy to
Offence.

Not to hinder
Remedy at Law
or in Equity re-
garding any
Offence.

Proceeding, Conviction or Judgment had been had or taken thereupon; but nevertheless the Conviction of any Offence against this Act shall not be received in Evidence in any Action at Law, or Suit in Equity, against such Offender; and further, that no Person shall be held to be convicted by any Evidence whatever, if the Offender against this Act, in respect of any Act, Matter or Thing done by him, if he shall at any time previously to his being indicted for such Offence, have disclosed such Act, Matter or Thing as Oath, before a Justice of Peace or any Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, or any Justice of Law or Equity, in any Action, Suit or Proceedings, or to any Person who shall have been a Party, and which shall have been lawfully obtained by the Act, Matter or Thing, which shall have been contained by such Offender aforesaid.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby expressly enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to or affect any Person or Persons being a Tenant or Tenant in fee under any Marriage Settlement, Will or other Deed or Instrument, or being a Mortgagee or Mortgagee of any Property whatsoever, whether Real or Personal, in respect of any Act or Acts done by any such Person or Persons in relation to the Property comprised in or affected by any such Trust or Mortgage as aforesaid.

VIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That every Person who shall commit in England any Offence against this Act, which by the Provisions thereof is contained in a Misdemeanour, shall be liable to be punished by Fine and Imprisonment, or by either of them, or by both together for any Term not exceeding Fourteen Years, at the Judge or Judges before whom such Offence shall be tried and so convicted as aforesaid.

IX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to restrain any Bailiffs, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Attorneys or other Agents, from selling, exposing, conveying, transferring or otherwise doing or doing as they may see cause, they may see cause either in public or in their ordinary or ordinary, upon which they shall have any Lien, Claim or Demand, whatever Law makes them to sell or dispose thereof, which shall be a Transfer or other Disposal shall be made to a private Neighbor or to a private Part of such Sale, Property or other Disposal, provided that shall be necessary or necessary for the Purpose of paying or satisfying such Lien, Claim or Demand, any thing herein otherwise contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

C A P. LXIV.

An Act for extending the Provisions of an Act of the Thirtieth Year of King George the Second, against Persons obtaining Money by false Pretences, to Persons for obtaining Bonds and other Securities.

(5th June 1812.)

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His late Majesty, entitled *An Act for the more effectual Punishment of Persons who shall obtain or attempt to obtain Possession of Goods or Money by false or various Pretences, for procuring the voluntary payment of Goods, for the false Representation of Goods purchased, and for procuring of Goods in Public Houses, Taverns, Lodgings, Inns, and Apartments*, it is enacted, That all Persons who knowingly and deliberately, by false Pretences or Pretences, shall obtain from any Person or Persons, Money, Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, with Intent to cheat or defraud any Person or Persons of the same, or should lawfully, lawfully or otherwise any Letter or Writing with or without a Name or Names subscribed thereon, or signed with a fictitious Name or Names, Letter or Letters threatening to accuse any Person of any Crime punishable by Law with Death, Transportation, Pillory, or any other infamous Punishment, with a View or Intent to extort or gain Money, Goods, Wares or Merchandises, from the Person or Persons to whom such to be extorted, should be deemed Offenders against Law and the public Peace; and the Court before whom such Offender or Offender should be tried, should, in case he, she or they should be convicted of any of the said Offences, order such Offender or Offenders to be fined and imprisoned, or to be put in the Pillory, or publicly whipped, or to be transported as soon as conveniently might be according to the Laws made for Transportation of Felons, or some of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in America, for the Term of seven Years, or the Court in which any such Offender or Offender should be convicted should think fit and so: And whereas it is exp^{re}ssly that the Provisions of the said Act should be further extended in the manner hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all Persons who knowingly and deliberately, by false Pretences or Pretences, shall obtain a Sum or any Part or Part, or from any Body Person or Corporate, any Money, Goods, Wares or Merchandises, or any Bond, Bill of Exchange, Bank Note, Promissory Note or other Security for the Payment of Money, or any Warrant or Order for the Payment of Money or Delivery or Transfer of Goods or other valuable Thing, with Intent to cheat or defraud any Person or Persons, or any Body Person or Corporate of the same; or shall knowingly send or deliver any Letter or Writing with or without a Name or Names subscribed thereon, or signed with a fictitious Name or Names, Letter or Letters threatening to accuse any Person of any Crime punishable by Law with Death, Transportation, Pillory, or any other infamous Punishment, with a View or Intent to extort or gain any Bond, Bill of Exchange, Bank Note, Promissory Note or other Security for the Payment of Money, or any Warrant or Order for the Payment of Money, or Delivery or Transfer of Goods or other valuable Thing, shall be deemed Offenders against Law and the public Peace, and shall be liable to be punished and punished in like manner as they had been made and deliberately, by false Pretences or Pretences, obtained Money, Goods, Wares or Merchandises, from any Person or Persons, with Intent to cheat or defraud any Person or Persons, or any Body Person or Corporate, or shall lawfully or otherwise any Letter or Writing with a View or Intent to extort Money, Goods, Wares or Merchandises, from the Person or Persons to whom such

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ages in EnglandAct and so not
from Bailiffs
from Sheriffs,
from Judges,
from Justices of
the Peace, from
Attorneys, from
Agents, from
Parties

20th June 1812

11.

Offences by
the Pretences
Misdemeanour or
felony.Persons who
shall be liable to
any Punishment
infamous, or
any other infamous
Punishment, or
any other infamous
Punishment, or
any other infamous
Punishment.

11.

C A P.

31 Geo. III.

11

C A P. LXV.

An Act to allow the Use of Sugar in Brewing Beer in Great Britain.

[25th June 1812.]

WHITHERAS by several Acts now in force Certain Brewers or Retailers of Beer or Ale are prohibited from using Sugar in the brewing or making of Beer or Ale, and it is expedient to allow the Use of Sugar in the brewing or making of Beer or Ale for a limited time: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for any such Common Brewer or Retailer of Beer or Ale in Great Britain, until the First Day of November next thousand eight hundred and twelve, to make use of Sugar in the brewing or making of any Gales or Brewings of Beer, Ale or Worts; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding: Provided always, nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to allow any Common Brewer or Retailer of Beer or Ale to make use of any Molasses in the brewing or making of Beer or Ale, or any Sugar, except in the State in which the same shall have been imposed into that Kingdom, and without the same having been previously diluted with Water or other Liquors, or undergone any Process or Manufacture to alter the same: Provided also, that no such Brewer or Retailer, or Brewer or Retailer, shall be at Liberty or be allowed or permitted to make use of any Sugar in the brewing or making of Beer, Ale or Worts, unless he, she or they shall have given to the Officer of Excise, under whose Survey he, she or they shall be then, Twenty four Hours previous Notice of his or their Intention to make use of such Sugar, and specifying in such Notice the exact Hour and Time of day, her or their beginning to brew or make such Gales or Brewings of Beer, Ale or Worts, and the Weight of the Sugar to be made use of in the brewing or making of such Gals.

II. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That on the first Day, at any time after the First Day of October in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall in His Royal Majesty's judge it to be for the Benefit and Advantage of His Kingdom to permit Common Brewers or Retailers of Beer or Ale to make use of Brown or Molasses Sugar in the brewing or making of Beer, Ale or Worts, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty, by His Royal Proclamation or Proclamations, to be directed by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, to be published from time to time in the London Gazette, to permit and to allow all Common Brewers and Retailers of Beer, Ale or Worts in Great Britain (but not any particular Common Brewer or Retailer of Beer, Ale or Worts), at any time or times, not less than Thirty Days from the Date of such Proclamation or Order in Council, to make use of Brown or Molasses Sugar in the brewing or making of Beer, Ale or Worts, until Forty Days after the then next Meeting of Parliament, unless, before and according to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, Fees, Penalties and Forfeitures contained and provided as and by this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Common Brewer or Retailer of Beer or Ale shall, during the time that this Act shall remain in force, make use of any Molasses, sugar, Honey, Syrup, Composition or Extract of Sugar, except Brown or Molasses Sugar, made use of in the manner herebefore allowed; or if any Common Brewer shall receive or take into his, her or their Custody or Possession, any Quantity of Molasses, Honey, Syrup, Composition or Extract of Sugar, exceeding Ten Pound Weight, every such Brewer and Retailer shall forfeit and lose for every such Offence respectively the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Fees, Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act imposed, shall be paid for, recovered, levied or satisfied by such Ways, Means or Methods, as any Fees, Penalty or Forfeiture can or may be lawfully, recovered, levied or satisfied by any Law or Laws of Great Britain, or by Admors of Debt, Bill, Pleas or Informations in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in England respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fee, Penalty or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover or lay for the same.

C A P. LXVI.

An Act to explain and amend an Act of the Fifth Year of His present Majesty, to regulate the taking of Securities in all Offices in respect of which Security ought to be given, and for avoiding the Grant of all such Offices in the Event of such Security not being given within a Time to be limited after the Grant of such Offices.

[25th June 1812.]

WHITHERAS an Act was passed in the Fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to regulate the taking of Securities in all Offices in respect of which Security ought to be given, and for avoiding the Grant of all such Offices in the Event of such Security not being given within a Time to be limited after the Grant of such Offices*: And whereas it is expedient to extend the Provisions of the said intitled Act to Scotland, and some of the Enactments of the said Act require to be amended: And whereas considerable Expense and Inconvenience has been found to attend the registering Memorials of Securities to the Register Office of Scotland, and such Expense and Inconvenience will be avoided, and the Purposes of the said Act more effectually carried into Execution, if the Register and Account of the Securities given in the several public Offices or Departments of Government now kept by Persons employed for that Purpose in each respective Office or Department, and the State thereof from time to time reported to the respective Heads of Departments, and to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury; Be it therefore

granted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the Same, That all the Provisions contained in the said recited Act relating to registering Securities, except in so far as the same are repealed or altered by this Act, and also the Provisions of this Act, shall extend and be construed to extend to Scotland, and to all Officers, Clerks and Persons of the like Nature and Description belonging to the Government of Scotland, as are subject thereto in England.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in the said recited Act or this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to any Offices or Departments belonging to the Government of Ireland, nor to any Persons holding or employed in such Offices or Departments, for or in respect of such Offices or Departments, any thing in the said recited Act or this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Person who before the passing of this Act shall have been appointed to, and shall hold any Office or Employment, or Commission Civil or Military, in any Public Department belonging to that Part of the United Kingdom called Scotland, or any such Office or Employment of Public Trust under the Crown, or, whosoever he shall be concerned in the Collection, Receipt, Disbursement or Expediture of Public Money, and who by means thereof shall have been, or shall be required to give Security with Surety or Sureties, or otherwise, and who shall not before have given such Security, shall, within One Month after the passing of this Act, if such Person shall then be in Scotland, within Two Months if he shall then be in England or Wales, or within Three Months if he shall then be in Ireland, or within Six Months if he shall then be in any other Part of Europe, or in the West Indies or America, or within Nine Months if he shall then be in Africa, or within Eighteen Months if he shall then be in the East Indies, or in any other Part of Asia, or within Ten Months if he shall then be on the High Seas (unless he shall sooner arrive in England, Wales, or Scotland or Ireland, and then within Three Months after such Arrival) give and execute and enter into a Bond or Bonds, or other Security or Securities in such Sum of Money and with such sufficient Surety or Sureties, as shall be approved by the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or by the principal Officer or Officers of the Office or Department to which he belongs, for the due Performance of the Trust reposed in him, and for the duly accounting for all the Public Money entrusted to him or placed under his Control.

IV. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said recited Act as requires Memorials of Securities given by any Public Officers to be made out and registered with the Register of the County of Middlesex, shall be and be taken to be hereby repealed.

V. And be it further enacted, That in every Public Office or Department, the Officers or Persons belonging to which are required to give Security in manner directed by the said recited Act or by this Act, some Person or Persons belonging to such Office or Department shall be appointed and authorised and required by the Person or Persons having the Power, Direction and Control over such Office or Department, to keep and register the Securities relating to the Office or Department to which he shall belong, and from time to time to report the State thereof in manner directed by this Act, and all such Securities as aforesaid shall be delivered to such Person or Persons, to be registered under this Act, within such Periods (except where otherwise provided by this Act) and under and subject to the same Penalties and Forfeitures in case of Neglect or Default to deliver such Securities, as are prescribed in the said recited Act with respect to registering Memorials with the said Register of Middlesex.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Person to be appointed or to be employed to keep and register the Securities given or required to be given by Persons employed in or belonging to each respective Public Office or Department, shall immediately after the passing of this Act keep a Book of Entry of all Securities given in such Office, and shall in the First Place enter therein all Securities of Persons belonging to such Office which have been already registered in the Office of the Register of the County of Middlesex, and shall thereafter from time to time enter therein all such Securities, and also all Deaths of Sureties, and all Ommissions or Neglects in giving Securities or in supplying the Places of any Sureties, and all other Particulars necessary to show the actual State of the Securities in such respective Office or Department, and shall within Three Months after the passing of this Act, and thenceforward once in each Year between the Fifth Day of January and the Twenty fifth Day of March lay an Account of the State of the Securities in such Department at the time of the making out such Account, together with an Abstract thereof, before the Commissioners or other Head Officer or Officers of the Office or Department to which the Securities shall relate, or in which the same are taken; and such Abstract shall within One Month after the said Twenty fifth Day of March in each Year be transmitted to the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, of Great Britain, with a Minute in each case of any Orders which may have been given by the respective Commissioners or other Head Officer or Officers aforesaid, in relation to any Ommissions or Neglects in such Securities, or the keeping the Account thereof, and of what may have been done upon any such Order.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person who shall have already registered a Memorial of any Security with the Register of Middlesex, under the Provisions of the said recited Act, shall be required to register the same Security with the Officer or Person appointed or employed to keep Securities under the Provisions of this Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Person as aforesaid, who shall have given any Bond or Bonds or other Security or Securities, with Surety or Sureties, for the due Execution of the Trust reposed in him, or for the duly accounting for Public Money coming to his Hands, shall give Notice in Writing to the Head of the Office or Department to which he shall belong, of the Death or Bankruptcy of any Surety or Sureties or Person or Persons bound for or with him in any such Security or Securities, within Four Calendar Months after the same shall have come to his Knowledge, if he shall reside or be in Great Britain or Ireland, and

Person appointed or employed to keep Securities shall be bound to register same.

Person who is appointed or employed to keep Securities.

Person who is appointed or employed to keep Securities.

Person who is appointed or employed to keep Securities.

Person who is appointed or employed to keep Securities.

Person who is appointed or employed to keep Securities.

Person who is appointed or employed to keep Securities.

and if he shall be first on the High Seas then within Four Calendar Months after his Arrival in Great Britain or Ireland, or within Twelve Calendar Months if he shall then be in any Parts beyond the Seas, except in the East Indies or Parts beyond the Cape of Good Hope, and within Eighteen Months if he shall be in the West Indies or in any Parts beyond the Cape of Good Hope, unless he shall sooner arrive in Great Britain or Ireland, and then within Four Months after such Arrival; and every such Person who shall neglect to give such Notice within such Period as aforesaid, shall forfeit One Fourth Part of the Sum for which the Security is given or become bankrupt shall have given Security, in the Use of His Majesty, to be recovered, if such Neglect shall relate to any such Office or Employment in England, in any of the Courts at Westminster, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information, at the Suit of His Majesty's Attorney General; and if such Office or Employment be in Scotland, then to be recovered there in the Court of Session or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information, at the Suit of His Majesty's Advocate; and every such Person who shall upon the Death or Bankruptcy of any Person neglect to give the Security of another Person, to be approved in such Manner as such Person dying or becoming bankrupt was approved, within such Period from his having given Notice of the Death or Bankruptcy of the former Person, as is by the said Act and this Act limited for giving and registering the original Security, the same Registered being had to the Place in which such Person may then be, shall forfeit his Appointment, Office, Employment or Commission, in like manner and under and subject to the Provisions in the said recited Act contained for exceeding such Periods and giving Notice in the cases in the said recited Act and this Act specified.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if it shall appear to the Persons or Person being at the Head of and having the Chief Management and Direction of the Public Department in which such Office or Place shall be, or to such Number of the Commissioners or Persons at the Head of such Public Department as by the Law, Usage or Custom of such Department are authorized or empowered to make any Order relating to the public Business of such Department, to whose respectivity Notice shall have been given of the Death of any such Person, that the Period limited by this Act for giving the Security for such new Security, in consequence of particular Accidents, Circumstances, Infirmities, or other like causes of the Diseases, or Loss of Letters, or Illness, or the Retard of any Security to give the Security, or of such Person being not deemed eligible, and being rejected, or any other Accident or Cause, that further time will be necessary to enable the Security of such new Security to be given, it shall be lawful for such Office or Commissioners as aforesaid, or Person or Persons in at the Head of any Public Department as aforesaid, to allow such further Period for giving the Security of such new Security as shall appear to be reasonable and proper; provided that such extended Period shall not in any case exceed Twelve Months beyond the Period allowed by this Act; provided also, that the precise Period proposed to be allowed, together with the special Grounds for allowing the same, shall be either entered in the Book in which the original Security shall have been registered, or referred on the Back of the original Bond or other Deed or Security itself, and the Person required to give the Security of such new Security shall not be subject to any Penalties or Forfeiture for not giving the same within the time limited by this Act, if he give it within such extended Period as aforesaid.

His Majesty may
suspend or
revoke
Licences.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to revoke any Licences or Privileges, in any case in which the Failure of giving any Security, or registering any Memorial or Security under the said recited Act, or the Delivery of any Security in the proper Office or Place to be registered under this Act, shall not have arisen from any wilful neglect of the Person bound to give such Security or register such Memorial, or deliver such Security.

Books in Scot-
land taken ac-
cording to Form
of Law of Scot-
land or of Eng-
land.

XI. And whereas it has been the Practice in some of the Public Offices in Scotland to take Bonds or Securities from Persons holding Offices there, according to the Forms of the Law of Scotland, whereby Property Real and Personal can, if necessary, be specially and effectually attached; and which Practice has been found objectionable to several Estates: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to take Bonds and Securities, to be granted by Persons holding Public Offices in Scotland, according to the Forms observed in Scotland or otherwise adopted, or according to the Forms observed in England, as it shall be deemed most expedient; and also to procure, for far and recover upon the Bonds so first granted or to be granted, according to the Forms observed in the Law of Scotland, or according to the Forms observed in the Law of England, either in the Court of Session or Court of Exchequer in Scotland, or according to the Process and Diligence used in their respective Courts, as shall appear best calculated in the circumstances of the case to obtain the speedy and effectual Recovery of the Public Money.

Admittance to
office in Scotland
or in England
of Persons
taken.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in the said recited Act or this Act contained shall extend to the Bonds or other Securities of any Receiver General of the Duties upon the Management of the Commissioners for Affairs of Taxes, or of these Offices, but the same shall continue to be taken under the Authority of Warrants of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, by the King's Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer, and to be recorded in the Office in like manner as they have heretofore been.

Persons for Re-
gistry of securi-
ties obtained
from some of
Persons by
the Act.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where the Securities of the Principal and Sureties be executed at different Times, whether the same are taken in one and the same Bond, Deed or other Instrument, or in different ones, the Period limited for registering such Securities shall be reckoned from the time of the Execution thereof by the Person who shall have been the last to execute any such Bond, Deed or other Instrument.

No Imprison-
ment to avoid
Bonds.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Neglect, Omission or Irregularity, in giving or receiving the Bonds or other Securities, or registering the same within the Periods, or in the manner prescribed by the said recited Act or this Act, shall be considered to have rendered or made void, or to waste or

make

make void any such Bond or other Security, or to have discharged or to discharge any Surety from the Obligations of any such Bond or Security.

XV. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That all Deeds, Bonds or other Securities required to be registered shall be registered by the proper Officers, notwithstanding the Pains prescribed for registering the same shall have expired; but no such registering of any such Deed, Bond or other Instrument, shall be deemed or construed to waive any Forfeiture or Penalty, or to exempt the Parties so whole Behalf the same shall have been registered from any Forfeiture or Penalty under any of the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act.

XVI. And whereas divers Persons, who by reason of their Appointments to or holding certain Offices or Employments, or Commissions Civil or Military, in any Public Department or of Public Trust, or who by reason of being concerned in the Collection, Receipt, Disbursement or Expediture of any Public Money or otherwise, or who may be required or bound under the Provisions of the said recited Act or the Statute therein recited, to give any such Security, or to register any such Memorial as is mentioned in that Act, or to give Notice of the Death of any Person, or to give the Death of any such Person to give Security or to enter Bonds and to register Memos of the same, or of such new Surety, have, through Ignorance of the Law, Advice, or from any other Accident, omitted or may omit to give such Security, and to cause the same to be duly registered, or to give Notice of the Death of any Person as aforesaid, and to enter the same in any such manner, and by the said Act is required; whereby they have incurred or may be in Danger of incurring divers Penalties and Disabilities: And whereas an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, entitled *An Act to amend the said Statute in the United Kingdom as hereinafter is expressed, and to register Memorials thereof, under an Act of the last Session of Parliament, and for extending the Time limited for such Purposes respectively until Six Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament; and the said last recited Act has expired, and it is necessary that further Indemnity should be given to Persons who shall comply with the Provisions of the said Act and this Act within limited Periods, as it further enacted, That if and every Person or Persons who, at or before the passing of this Act, hath or have omitted to give such Security, and to cause such Memorial thereof to be duly registered in such manner as is required by the said recited Act is required, or to give Notice of the Death of any Person as aforesaid, and who after being appointed to, and accepting any such Office, Place or Employment, or undertaking any thing on account of which such Security ought to have been or ought to be given, and such Memorial if void or null, and at any time before the passing of this Act, or who at any time before the Expiration of Two Months from the passing of this Act shall give such Security and deliver the same as required by this Act, or to give such Notice as aforesaid in such manner as is appointed by this Act, shall be, and are hereby declared to be, freed and discharged from and against all Penalties, Forfeitures, Incapacities and Disabilities incurred or to be incurred, for or by reason of any Neglect or Omission of giving any such Security, or registering any such Memorial, or giving any such Notice, according to the above mentioned Act; and such Person and Person as are and are and shall be fully released to the same State and Condition as he, she or they were in before such Neglect or Omission; and that all Acts done or to be done by any such Person or Persons, or by Authority derived from him, her or them, and all shall be of the same Force and Validity as the same or any of them would have been if such Person or Persons respectively had given such Security and registered such Memorial, or given such Notice, according to the Direction of the said Act.*

XVII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That all such Securities shall and may be given and delivered to and registered by the same Officers and Persons, in the same manner and under the like Rules, Regulations and Provisions, and within the appointed Period allowed by this Act for the giving or registering Securities, and shall in such case be as valid and effectual as if such Securities had been given and registered within the respective Periods limited for those Purposes in the said recited Act.

XVIII. And he it further enacted, That in case of any Act, Suit, Bill of Indictment or Information, had done and after the passing of this Act be made, moved or prosecuted against any Person or Persons hereby exempt or released, to be answered, contested or resisted, for or on account of any Forfeiture, Penalty, Incapacity or Disability whatsoever incurred or to be incurred by any such Neglect or Omission, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and upon their Demurrer, give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence upon any Trial to be had thereupon.

C A P. LXVII.

An Act for settling and securing certain Annuities on the Widow and eldest Son of the late Right Honourable Spencer Perceval, and for granting a Sum of Money for the Use of his other Children. [9th June 1812.]

W^HEREAS Your Majesty, by Your most gracious Message to Your faithful Commons, hath been pleased to declare, that Your Majesty being deeply impressed with the severe Loss which Your Majesty and the Country have sustained in consequence of the Murder of the Right Honourable Spencer Perceval, and being desirous of marking Your Noble of his public and private Virtues, and of affording Relief and Assistance to his numerous and afflicted Family, recommended to Your faithful Commons to enable Your Majesty to make Provision for his Widow and Family: Now We, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain, assembled in Parliament, do hereby declare and do hereby declare, that we do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords

Such enrolled through Printed Book here printed

10 G. 3. 475.

11 G. 3. 498. 137.

Information for the Clergy from 1812-1813 Re-continued.

Securities registered.

General Issue.

Spittal

Assessors of
Great Britain, and of
London, and of
Wales and
the City of London.

Spoken and Temporal, and Common, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That One Assize or Yearly Sum of Two thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, and One other Assize or Yearly Sum of One thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, shall be respectively raised and payable out of and charged and chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, after paying or satisfying in full all such Sums and Sums of Money as have been directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid out of the same, but with Preference to all other Payments which shall or may hereafter be charged upon or payable out of the said Fund, and the same Assizes or yearly Sums shall from time to time be paid free and clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, except the Property Tax, as manner and form following; that is to say, the said Assize or yearly Sum of Two thousand Pounds to the Honourable *Jane Percival*, the Widow of the said late Right Honourable *Spencer Percival*, for and during the natural Life of the said *Jane Percival*, and from and after her Deaths unto or for the Benefit of such Son or Grandson of the said late Right Honourable *Spencer Percival*, as shall be the Her Male of the Body of the said late Right Honourable *Spencer Percival* at the time of the Death of the said Honourable *Jane Percival*, for and during the Term of the natural Life of such Son or Grandson, and until the same Assize shall be by the Decease of the said Honourable *Jane Percival* devolve upon such Son or Grandson, the said Assize of One thousand Pounds shall be paid and applied to or for the Benefit of the Son or Grandson of the said late Right Honourable *Spencer Percival*, who shall be for the time being the Her Male of the Body of the said late Right Honourable *Spencer Percival*, for and during the joint natural Life or Lives of such Son or Grandson, as the case may be, and of the said Honourable *Jane Percival*, which said Assizes or yearly Sums shall respectively commence and take Effect from the Eleventh Day of May in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and twelve; the First quarterly Payment of each of the said Assizes or yearly Sums to be computed and made respectively from the said Eleventh Day of May to the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and from thence the same Assizes or yearly Sums shall be payable quarterly on the Fourth day of Payment in the Year; that is to say, the Fourth Day of October, the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April and the Fifth Day of July in every Year, together with a rateable Payment of each of the said Assizes or yearly Sums respectively, to be computed from the last quarterly Payment before the Death until the Day of the Death of, and so each Death to be paid to the Executor, Administrators or Assigns of the Person to whom or for whose Benefit the said Assizes or yearly Sums shall be respectively payable.

II. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That until the Son or Grandson who shall be entitled as aforesaid, for the time being to such Assize of One thousand Pounds, or Two thousand Pounds as aforesaid, as the case may be, shall attain the Age of Twenty one Years, the said Assize or yearly Sum of One thousand Pounds, so long as the same shall be payable, and the said Assize or yearly Sum of Two thousand Pounds in case the said Honourable *Jane Percival* shall be before the Son or Grandson entitled at the time of her Death shall attain the Age of Twenty one Years, shall be paid to and received by the Trustees appointed by or under the Act, in relation to the Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds heretofore mentioned; and the Acquisitions or Receipts of such Trustees, or any Three or more of them, of whom the Speaker of the House of Commons, or the Lord Commissioner of the Treasury, or Chancellor of the Exchequer, shall be One, shall be a sufficient Discharge for the Payment of either of such Assizes or yearly Sums, as the case may be, and such Son or Grandson shall attain the Age of Twenty one Years, and the same Trustees shall apply such Part or Proportion of the Assize or yearly Sum which shall from time to time be payable for the Benefit of the Son or Grandson entitled to such Assize as aforesaid, as they may deem proper, in and for towards the Maintenance and Education or Advancement in Life of the Son or Grandson entitled to such Assize as aforesaid, and shall lay out and expend the Surplus of such Assize or yearly Sum in Government Stocks or Public Funds in the Names of such Trustees, or any Three or more of them, for the Use and Benefit of the Son or Grandson entitled to such Assize, and shall, upon such Son or Grandson attaining the Age of Twenty one Years, transfer the Stocks or Funds so purchased, and all Accruals which shall hereafter arise from the Investment of the Income thereof in like Securities unto the Son or Grandson entitled to such Assize under this Act; and in case of his dying under the Age of Twenty one Years, then do and shall stand possessed of the same Stocks or Funds and Accruals as in Trust for the Person or Persons, who according to the Statutes for the Distribution of Intestates's Effects, would have been entitled to the clear Residue of the Personal Estate of such Son or Grandson in case he had died unmarried.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain shall be paid out of any of the Aidors Supplies granted for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve, five and clear of all Taxes and other Deductions whatsoever, to the Speaker of the House of Commons, the Lord High Treasurer of the Exchequer, or the First Lord Commissioner of the Treasury, the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being respectively, the said *Jane Percival*, Charles Grey Lord *Arden*, John Lord *Rothschild* and Andrew Birkbeck Esquires, in Trust for the Use of the Children of the said late Right Honourable *Spencer Percival*, and to apply the same in the manner hereafter directed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That until such Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds shall be so paid to such Trustees as aforesaid, there shall be paid to the said Trustees from time to time out of the said Consolidated Fund, after paying or satisfying in full as to pay any Sum directed to be paid by former Acts, but with Preference to other Payments, interest for such Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum clear of all Deductions except the Property Tax, and such Interest shall commence and take Effect from the said Eleventh Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twelve; the First Payment of Interest to be computed and made respectively from the said Eleventh Day of May, to the said Fifth Day of July One thousand

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cheated eight hundred and twelve, and from thence forth Interest shall be payable Quarterly on the Twelfth Day of October, the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April and the Fifth Day of June in each Year, and the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds shall be so paid as aforesaid, and any Profits of any (thirty-seventy Percent) of such Interest shall be computed and paid on the Day of such Payment of the Principal. Provided always, that it shall be lawful from time to time to advance and pay any Part or Parts of such Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds according to and for the Purposes of this Act, without Payment of the Whole thereof; and in any such case all Interest for so much of the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds as shall be so paid shall cease and be no longer payable from the Day or Days of such Payment; and the Interest which shall afterwards be paid shall be computed only on so much of the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds as shall then remain unpaid, and such Interest shall be paid accordingly.

Fines.

V. And it is hereby further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners, of His Majesty's Treasury now and for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and the Lord High Treasurer and Under Treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and required by Warrant under their Hands to direct the Auditor of the Receipt of the Exchequer now and for the time being, to make faith and full Discharges for paying the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds or any Part or Parts thereof, and also from time to time for paying the said Annuities or yearly Sums of Two thousand Pounds and One thousand Pounds respectively, and Interest as aforesaid on the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, as the same respectively shall from time to time become due and payable, without any Fees or Charges to be demanded or taken for paying the same or any Part thereof, which said Warrant and the Discharges to be made faith and full Discharges shall be a sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer, now and for the time being, for the Payment of the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, or any Part or Parts thereof, to such Treasurers respectively as aforesaid, and also for Payment of the said Annuities or yearly Sums of Two thousand Pounds and One thousand Pounds respectively, and also such Interest as aforesaid to the said Jew Purveyor, or such Son or Grandson of the said late Right Honourable Spencer Perceval as aforesaid, or such Trustee as aforesaid, as the case may be, at the respective Days, and in manner as this Act before appointed for Payment thereof respectively, without any further or other Warrant to be had for, had or obtained in that Behalf.

Treasury to pay Warrants for Payment without Fees.

VI. And it is hereby further enacted, That after signing of such Warrant the same shall be good, valid and effectual in Law, according to the Purport and true Meaning thereof and of this Act, and shall not be determined or revocable by or upon the Death of His Majesty, (whom God long preserve,) or any of his Heirs or Successors, or by or upon the Death or Removal of the said Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or the Lord High Treasurer, or the Under Treasurer of the Exchequer, or by or upon the Determination of the Power, Office or Office of them or any of them.

Warrants not revocable.

VII. And it is further enacted, That the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, now and for the time being, and the Lord High Treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being, Chancellor and Under Treasurer, Comptroller and Treasurer of the Exchequer, and also the Officers and Members of the Court of Exchequer, and of the Receipt thereof, now and for the time being, shall and they are hereby authorized and boundly enjoined and required to do without Fee or Reward all such Acts, Matters and Things as are hereinbefore directed and required, or shall be necessary to be done and performed by them or any one or more of them, in order to render this Act and the several Provisions hereby directed effectual.

Treasury and Exchequer required to do what is necessary without Fee.

VIII. And it is further enacted, That the Acquittance or Acquittance, Receipt or Receipts of the said Treasurers respectively, for the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds and the Interest thereof, is directed to be paid to them, and of the said Jew Purveyor for the said Annuity or yearly Sum of Two thousand Pounds, and of such Son or Grandson of the said late Right Honourable Spencer Perceval as aforesaid, or the said Trustee as aforesaid, as the case may require, shall be good and sufficient Discharge for the Payment of the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds and Interest, and Annuities or yearly Sums respectively, without any further or other Warrant to be had for or obtained in that Behalf, and that the said several Annuities or yearly Sums, and the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds and the Interest thereof respectively and every Part thereof, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Imposts and other public Charges whatsoever (except the Property Tax), in respect of the said Annuities and Interest; and in case any of the Officers of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer shall refuse or neglect to pay the said Annuities or yearly Sums of Money or other of them, or any Part thereof, or the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, or Interest for the same, or any Part thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, or to do any Act necessary to enable the said Trustee respectively, and the said Jew Purveyor, and such Son or Grandson of the said late Right Honourable Spencer Perceval as aforesaid, or any of them, to receive the same, then the said Trustee respectively, and the said Jew Purveyor, and such Son or Grandson of the said late Right Honourable Spencer Perceval as aforesaid, may from time to time sue, prosecute and employ such Officers or any of them in refusing or neglecting, and their Executors and Administrators respectively, by Bill, Plaint or Action of Debt, and shall and may receive Judgment and Satisfaction thereupon against such Officers respectively, and their respective Heirs, Executors or Administrators, for so much of such Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds and for so much of such Sum or Sums of Money then due and owing upon the said Annuities or yearly Sums respectively, or any Parts or Part thereof respectively, or for any such Interest as aforesaid as shall have been in the Hands of the Officer or Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer, at the time or times when Demands shall have been legally made of the Payment of the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, or of the said Annuities or yearly Sums or Interest respectively, or any Part thereof respectively as aforesaid, or for the Refusal or Neglect to do any Act necessary to be done by such Officer or Officers respectively as aforesaid.

Acquittance of Treasurers, Jew Purveyor, &c.

IX. And

The deed is
to be signed by
Trustees for
Parents hereinafter
mentioned.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, or the Stocks, Funds and Securities wherein the same shall from time to time be invested according to the Directions in this Act contained, shall be paid to the said Trustees upon the Trusts and for the Purposes following; that is to say, Upon Trust, for and in every the Children and Child or each One or more of the Children of the said Right Honourable *Jane Princess*, in such Shares and Proportions, and in such Manors and Ferns, and with such Licences as may be necessary for the Benefit of either or either of such Children, as the said *Jane Princess* shall from time to time by any Instrument or Instruments in Writing sealed and delivered by her, in the Presence of, and attested by Two or more credible Witnesses, with or without Power of Revocation as by her last Will and Testament or Writing, or any Codicil signed by her, and published in the Presence of and attested by the like Number of Witnesses, direct or appoint; and in Default of such Direct or Appointment, and in the mean time until any such shall be made and signed to any such Dominion or Appointment, which shall not be a complete and absolute Disposition of the Whole of the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, or of the Stocks, Funds or Securities wherein the same shall be invested, as of the said *Jane Princess* therein, upon Trust for all and every the Children and Child of the said Right Honourable *Jane Princess*, in equal Shares and Proportions, and to be called in Trust in themselves only, as if their respective ages at the Age of Twenty one Year, or marrying, which shall first happen, and whichever the first shall happen in the Lifetime of the said *Jane Princess* or after her Death, but before the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, is or are paid; and if any of the said Children shall die under the Age of Twenty one Year, without issue, then the Parts and Shares of such of them as shall be dead, shall go over and be paid and transferred to, as if the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, with like Benefit of Accrued, and all accruing Interest shall also go over, as if paid in like manner and be vested in Trust in such Children respectively, as the same stands in their original Shares respectively; and if all of such Children shall die under the Age of Twenty one Year and remain dead, then the Whole shall be paid and transferred to such only Child or Children as shall survive, but if all the said Children shall die under the Age of Twenty one Year and remain dead, then the Whole of the said Trust's Income and any unexpended shall go and be paid to the Survivors of such Children, and in or her Last will and Testament or in any Appointment, provided always, that in case any such Child shall by virtue of any Appointment or will be made by the said *Jane Princess* as aforesaid, have received or become entitled to any Part of the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, or of the Stocks, Funds or Securities wherein the same or any Part thereof had been invested, such Child shall not receive any Part of the said remaining unexpended, until the Share of it or other Children shall be made up equal with the Child in whose Favour any such Appointment shall now be made, unless the said *Jane Princess* shall by some Instrument in Writing be contented and satisfied as aforesaid, or by her last Will and Testament or any Codicil thereto be so contented and satisfied as aforesaid, in the contrary.

Power.

Wishes of the
testatrix and
Application of
the said Act and
unexpended Proceeds
and Distribution
of the same

X. And be it further enacted, That when the said Trustees shall have received the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds or any Part thereof, they shall by them paid over the same or so much thereof as shall not be then actually due and payable to any Children or Child of the said Right Honourable *Jane Princess* under the Trusts aforesaid, either to or upon any Government, Stocks or Funds, or in Trust for or to any Heirs, or in the Names of the said Trustees for the time being, and the said Trustees shall pay and apply the Interest payable by virtue of this Act in respect of the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, or any Part thereof remaining unpaid, and also the Dividends and Interest of all the Proceeds of the said Stocks, Funds and Securities from time to time in and towards the Maintenance and Education, or for the Benefit of all and every or any of the Children of the said Right Honourable *Jane Princess*, as the said *Jane Princess* shall from time to time by Writing under her Hand and Seal, and the said Sum from time to time apply any Part or Proportion of the said Principal Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds which remaineth, or of any Stocks, Funds or Securities wherein the same or any Part thereof shall be invested, or to the Advancement in Life of any of such Children, whether upon Marriage or otherwise, and to such Proportion as to such Annuity as to any of such Children, whether Male or Female, as shall by any Instrument in Writing sealed and delivered by the said Honourable *Jane Princess* and attested by Two or more credible Witnesses, be from time to time directed and appointed; and in Default of Appointment, as in and under the said Statute in that behalf made, the said Trustees shall by every several of them, do and shall lay out and apply the same in or upon any such other Stocks, Funds and Securities aforesaid, in all ways of Advancement, and so from time to time during the Life of the said Honourable *Jane Princess*, and shall nevertheless be clothed with such Power of Appointment as aforesaid with respect to the Principal as well as Dividends, Interest and Proceeds of the said Stocks, Funds and Securities and immediately after the Death of the said *Jane Princess*, then as the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, or the Stocks, Funds and Securities wherein the same shall be invested, and also all such Accumulations, if any, as shall be made, or of any of such Principal, Stocks, Funds, Securities and Accumulations, as shall now have been directed or appointed, shall be laid out and applied to pay and apply the same Principal Sum, or so much of the same as shall remain, (and also the said Accumulations) according to the Trusts hereinbefore made, and to pay and apply such Part of the same as shall remain according to the Trusts hereinbefore directed, or to do or to direct as the said Honourable *Jane Princess* shall direct and determine in or towards the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds and the said Stocks, Funds and Securities wherein the same shall be invested.

The said Act
shall be
inrolled
in His Majesty's
High Court
of Chancery

XI. Provided always, that be it further enacted, That from and after the Death of the said *Jane Princess* the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds or of the said Stocks, Funds and Securities shall be paid and applied as aforesaid, and the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, or of the said Stocks, Funds and Securities shall be paid and applied by virtue of the said Statute in that behalf made, the said Trustees, Interest and annual Produce thereof, or of do or to direct as the said Honourable *Jane Princess* shall direct and determine in or towards the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds or of the said Stocks, Funds and Securities wherein the same shall be invested, or to do or to direct as the said Honourable *Jane Princess* shall direct and determine in or towards the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds or of the said Stocks, Funds and Securities wherein the same shall be invested, or to do or to direct as the said Honourable *Jane Princess* shall direct and determine in or towards the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds or of the said Stocks, Funds and Securities wherein the same shall be invested, or to do or to direct as the said Honourable *Jane Princess* shall direct and determine in or towards the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds or of the said Stocks, Funds and Securities wherein the same shall be invested, or to do or to direct as the said Honourable *Jane Princess* shall direct and determine in or towards the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds or of the said Stocks, Funds and Securities wherein the same shall be invested.

of the said late Right Honourable Speaker *Parson*, whole Share or respective Shares of and in the said Principal Sum, or Stocks, Funded Securities, shall not thereupon become payable or assignable and transferable under the Trusts aforesaid, according and in Conformity to their several respective Rights and Shares in the said Principal Sum, Stocks, Funds, or Securities, and the Remainder [if any] of such Dividends, Interest and annual Produce shall accordingly be due to or for the said Children according to their respective Shares in the Principal from whose said Accruals they shall be due.

XII. Provided also, and he is further enacted, That after the Death of the said Honourable *John Parson*, in Default of any Direction or Appointment as aforesaid by the said Honourable *John Parson* to the contrary, it shall be lawful for the said Trustees for the time being to apply all or any Part of the Share or Shares of any such Child or Children being a Son or Sons, of and in the said Trust Funds, for paying out such Son or Sons in any Profession or Employment, or for his or their Education thereon, or for purchasing him or them a Commission or Rank in the Army or Navy, or for any other Use or their Advancement or Benefit.

XIII. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Trustees with the Consent and Approbation in Writing of the said Honourable *John Parson* during his Life, and also after his Death in their own Discretion, to hire and dispose of all or any Part of the said Trust Lands, and also to sell, lease, and to let and to sell the Manors, Farms, Messuages, or any other such Government or Real Securities, and also to sell, lease, and to let, and to sell, and to change, and other Government Securities, Funds and Real Securities for others of the same or the like Nature, and to have Power to time to time as shall be deemed expedient, subject always nevertheless to their said Power before declared.

XIV. Provided also, and he is hereby further enacted, That upon the Death of any of them the said *Charles George Lord Viscount John Lord Rochford and Andrew King Esquire*, or of any Person or Persons who shall hereafter be Trustees or Trusts under the Power of Appointment herein contained, and also in case they the said *Charles George Lord Viscount John Lord Rochford and Andrew Berkeley Esquire* or either of them, or such new Trustees or Trusts who shall be appointed as herein mentioned, or any or either of them, shall desire to be discharged from or decline to act in the Trusts in and by this Act declared; then and in every such Case, and with all Power and Speed after the happening of any such Case, the said *John Parson*, and in case of his Death the said Trustees or Trusts, shall with the Consent in Writing of the Speaker of the House of Commons, or the said Lord Commissioner of the Treasury, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, by their Oath or Oaths in Writing under the Hand and Seal of the said *John Parson*, or in case of his Death under the Hand and Seal or Seal or Seal of each of them, having or retaining Trusts or Trusts, nominate any other Person or Persons to be a Trustee or Trustees in the Room of the Trustee or Trustees who being or desiring to be discharged or declining to act as aforesaid; and such new Trustee and Trustees shall have and be supplied with such and the same Powers in all respects as if he or they had been originally nominated a Trustee or Trustees in and by this Act, and after every such Appointment of a new Trustee or Trusts in such Cases, and after every such Discharge and Death, as shall be requisite for settling the Estate and Interest of and in all and singular the Trusts and in the continuing Trusts or Trustees (of any such Trusts he), and such new Trustee or Trustees respectively, or in such new Trusts, or such new Trusts only, according to the Nature of the said Trusts, but upon the Trusts and for the Interest and Purpose aforesaid, and in all and singular the Trusts and in all and singular the continuing Trusts thereof for the time being, or the Successors or Successors of them, or the Executors or Administrators of such Successors or Successors, according to the Nature of the Trusts aforesaid.

XV. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Three of the Trustees for the Purpose of this Act for the time being, to do and execute all such Acts, Matters and Things in Extension of the Trusts aforesaid, as all the said Trustees respectively are hereby authorized and empowered to do, and the same shall be as valid and effectual as if the same had been done and executed by all the said Trustees respectively; Provided always, that in every such Act, Matter or Thing done by Three Trustees, the said Speaker of the House of Commons, or Lord High Treasurer, or said Lord Commissioner of the Treasury, or Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being, shall be wroth.

XVI. And he is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Speaker of the House of Commons, the Lord High Treasurer of the Exchequer, or said Lord Commissioner of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being respectively, from time to time, by Writing under Hand and Seal, to appoint a Person to act for each of the said respectively, in all or any of the Trusts of this Act, and either in or for such Exceptions and Respects as a Trustee or Trusts of the House of Commons, the Lord High Treasurer of the Exchequer, or said Lord Commissioner of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being respectively, shall from time to time by such Writings or Resolutions, and also from time to time to remove such Substitute and to appoint any other Person for the same Purpose; and all such Writings shall be as valid and effectual as if they were made and done by the Speaker of the House of Commons, the Lord High Treasurer of the Exchequer, or said Lord Commissioner of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer, who shall respectively make such Appointment.

XVII. And he is further enacted, That the said Trustees for the time being, of this Act, or any of them, shall not be charged or accountable in any or several Manner, in any Manner, at the Trusts and in the Trusts; that they shall respectively actually receive, or shall cause to be actually received, all or any of the Trusts aforesaid, and with or for any such Child or Children as shall or may be appointed by this Act, and provided, or of any Part thereof, so as such Child happens without their own Neglect or Default; and that it shall be lawful

To be construed
as an Act of
Appointment.

Trusts may be
changed.

Appointment of
new Trusts
whom necessary.

These Trusts
may act.

Benefit.

The Substitute
of a Trustee
or Trusts
to be done
in their

Trusts only
accountable for
the Act of the
Trusts.

for the said Treasures for the said being, and every of them, in the said Piece by and out of the Mene, which shall come to their Head, by virtue of the said Treas, to default, return to and re-imburs themselves respectively, all such L^{ds}, Charges, Damages and Expenses, as they shall respectively pay, bear, sustain, expend or be put unto, for or by or in or out of any of the said Treas, Powers and Authorities, in the Management or Execution thereof, or any Act, Transgression, Matter or Thing whatsoever in any way, in whatsoever relating thereto.

-4-

C A P. LXVIII.

An Act for amending the Laws relating to the Local Militia in Scotland. [enth June 1812.]

WHEREAS the Local Militia, as by Law established, has been found of the utmost Importance to the actual Defence of this Realm: And whereas it is necessary, in the perfect Constitution of a Country, that the said Force should be permanently maintained: And whereas the Laws now in force for regulating the Local Militia require Amendment; and it is expedient that some of the Provisions contained in the several Acts relating to the same should be repealed, and others of them continued and amended, and that new Provisions should be made; and it would greatly tend to the better Execution thereof, if the Whole of the said Provisions were comprised in One Act of Parliament: And whereas it is necessary for the Purposes aforesaid, that certain Acts and Part of Acts now in force should be repealed: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act, passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for making His Majesty's Regulations for a permanent Local Militia Force in Scotland, under various Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm*; and also Three several Acts, passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, relating to the Local Militia, the One intitled *An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the first Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force in Scotland, under various Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm*; the other intitled *An Act to amend several Acts passed in the last and present Sessions of Parliament, relating to the Local Militia*; and the other intitled *An Act to prevent the calling up Local Militia Men into the Regular Militia of any other County or Stewartry than that of County of Argyllshire*; and also so much of another Act, passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Local Militia of Great Britain*, as relates to the Local Militia, shall be and the same are hereby repealed; and that the Local Militia called by virtue of the said Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be subject in all the Provisions and Regulations thereof: Provided always, that the repeal of the said several Acts hereby repealed, as any or either of them, shall not affect any Commission already granted or to be granted by virtue of the said Act, as any or either of them, but that all such Persons to whom any such Commissions shall be or have been granted, shall and may all in the Execution of this Act, in like manner as they might have acted in the Execution of the said several Acts, as any or either of them: Provided also, that so many of the Sergeants, Corporals, Drummers and private Local Militia Men as are now serving for the Local Companies, Squadrons and Regiments in Scotland, shall be liable and continue to serve in the same manner and for the same Length of time as they ought to have served if this Act had not been made, and shall be liable and subject to the same Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures for any Offence which they may have respectively committed previous to the passing of this Act, in the same manner as if the Offence had not been committed till after the passing of this Act; and from time to time, in every case, where it shall be necessary to supply any Deficiency, in the Number of private Local Militia Men of any County, Stewartry or Place, the Master or Number of Men required to supply such Deficiency shall be raised, provided and enrolled, and shall serve in the manner and for the time directed by and under and according to the Provisions, Rules and Regulations of this Act.

It And be it further enacted, That the several Lieutenants of Counties and Stewartries, or, in the Absence of the Lieutenants, the Vice Lieutenants or any Three Deputy Lieutenants duly authorized by His Majesty, shall have full Power and Authority, and are hereby required from time to time to continue and appoint such Persons as they shall think fit, being qualified as hereinafter is directed, and being within their respective Counties, Stewartries and Places, within some adjacent Counties, Stewartries or Places, to be Colonels, Lieutenant Colonels, Major and other Officers, qualified as hereinafter is directed, to train, discipline and command the Persons to be so raised and arrayed according to the Rules, Orders and Directions hereinafter mentioned, and to attend to the same by the Names and Ranks of such Officers to be appointed; and to cause His Majesty's full, within Fourteen Days after such Commissions shall have been had before Him, signify his Disposition as to any of the Persons to be appointed, if that notice has not been had before Him, signify his Disposition as to any Person so appointed, but Commissions shall be granted to all such Persons who shall not be disappointed by the aforesaid notice: And the Officers so appointed by the Local Militia, to be raised and arrayed as hereinafter directed, shall rank with the Officers of His Majesty's Regular Militia as persons of their Rank: Provided always, that no higher Rank shall be given to any Regiment of Local Militia than that of Lieutenant Colonel Commandant, and that no Commission shall have effect with the Rank of Colonel in His Majesty's Regular Militia, or Regular or Supplementary Militia or Yeomanry, or be the Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant of any County or Stewartry.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Officers of Local Militia holding the Rank of Lieutenant Colonel Commandant, shall take Rank, and be reckoned as other Lieutenant Colonels serving in the said Local Militia, notwithstanding the Commissions of the said Lieutenant Colonels should be of a prior Date to the Commissions of

of each Lieutenant Colonel Commandant; and that Officers of the Local Militia shall rank with the Officers of Yeomanry and Volunteer Corps, according to the Date of their respective Commissions: Provided always, that every Officer of Local Militia, who shall have held any Commission in any Volunteer Corps at the time of his becoming an Officer of the Local Militia, shall be entitled to rank with the Officers of Yeomanry and Volunteer Corps, according to the Date of his Commission of the same Rank in the Volunteer—

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person who shall have held the Rank of Colonel of any Regiment or Battalion of Regular or Supplementary Militia, and who may be appointed to the Command of any Regiment or Battalion of Local Militia to be raised by virtue of this Act, shall rank as Colonel, according to the Date of his Commission, in the Local Militia; and every Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant of any Company or Squadron, as long as he shall continue to act as such, who shall be appointed to the Command of any Regiment or Battalion of Local Militia as aforesaid, shall rank as Colonel, according to the Date of his Commission in the Local Militia; and every Person who shall have served in the Regular or Supplementary Militia as a Commissioned Officer, and by reason of the Reduction of such Militia shall have ceased to hold such Rank, shall, if appointed to a like Commission in the Local Militia, rank according to the Date of his first Commission: Provided always, that an Officer holding the Rank of Colonel in the Local Militia shall be entitled to or receive any greater Pay or Emolument than that of Lieutenant Colonel Commandant.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Commission of any Officer in the Local Militia already granted or to be granted by any Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenants, shall be vacated by reason of the Revocation, Extension or Discontinuance of the Commission by which any such Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid was or were appointed.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all Persons to be appointed Officers of the Local Militia, in pursuance of this Act, (except within the City of Edinburgh and its Liberties) shall be qualified as follows; that is to say, every Person to be appointed a Lieutenant Colonel shall be feoffed or possessed of an Estate in Fee Simple, either in his own Right or in Right of his Wife, of Three hundred Pounds Scots of valued Rent in Scotland, or shall be Heir Apparent of some Person who shall in like manner be feoffed or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of Three hundred Pounds Scots of valued Rent; and every Person to be appointed a Major, shall in like manner be feoffed or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of Two hundred Pounds Scots of valued Rent, or shall be Heir Apparent of some Person who shall in like manner be feoffed or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of Two hundred Pounds Scots of valued Rent; and every Person to be appointed a Captain, shall in like manner be feoffed or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of One hundred Pounds Scots of valued Rent, or shall be Heir Apparent of some Person who shall in like manner be feoffed or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of One hundred Pounds Scots of valued Rent, or shall be a younger Son of some Person who shall be, or at the time of his Death was in like manner feoffed or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of Two hundred Pounds Scots of valued Rent, or shall himself be feoffed of Real or Personal Property to the Amount in the Whole of One thousand Pounds Sterling; and every Person to be appointed Lieutenant shall in like manner be feoffed or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of Twenty Pounds Scots of valued Rent, or shall be feoffed of a Personal Estate alone, or feoffed or possessed of Real and Personal Estate together to the Amount or Value of Five hundred Pounds, or shall be Son of some Person who shall be or at the time of his Death was in like manner feoffed or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of Fifty Pounds Scots of valued Rent, or who shall be or who at the time of his Death was possessed of a Personal Estate alone, or feoffed or possessed of Real and Personal Estate together to the Amount or Value of One thousand Pounds Sterling; and that every Person to be appointed an Ensign shall in like manner be feoffed or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of Ten Pounds Scots of valued Rent, or shall be feoffed of a Personal Estate alone, or feoffed or possessed of Real and Personal Estate together to the Amount or Value of Three hundred Pounds, or shall be Son of some Person who shall be or at the time of his Death was in like manner feoffed or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of Twenty Pounds Scots of valued Rent, or who shall be or who at the time of his Death was possessed of a Personal Estate alone, or feoffed or possessed of Real and Personal Estate together to the Amount or Value of Six hundred Pounds Sterling; Provided always, that any Officer who shall have held any Commission in His Majesty's Regular Army, or in the Regular or Supplementary Militia, or in any Feudal Regiment, or who shall have transferred himself together with his Corps or any Part thereof, from the Volunteers into the Local Militia with His Majesty's Approbation, shall be eligible and duly qualified to hold the same Rank in the Local Militia, although not qualified as heretofore aforesaid; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Persons to be appointed Officers of the Local Militia in and for the City of Edinburgh and Liberties thereof, shall be qualified as follows; that is to say, every Person to be appointed a Lieutenant Colonel shall be feoffed or possessed of a Real Estate as Houses or other Property within the said City or Liberties of the yearly Value of Two hundred Pounds Sterling, or shall be feoffed of a Personal Estate alone, or feoffed or possessed of Real and Personal Estate together to the Amount or Value of Three thousand Pounds Sterling; and every Person to be appointed a Major shall be feoffed or possessed of a like Real Estate as Houses or other Property within the said City or Liberties of the yearly Value of One hundred Pounds Sterling, or be feoffed of a Personal Estate alone, or feoffed or possessed of Real and Personal Estate together to the Amount or Value of One thousand five hundred Pounds; and every Person to be appointed a Captain shall be feoffed or possessed of a like Real Estate as Houses or other Property within the said City or Liberties of the yearly Value of Fifty Pounds Sterling, or be feoffed of Personal Estate alone, or Real and Personal Estate together, to the Amount or Value of Seven hundred and fifty Pounds Sterling; and every Person to be appointed a Lieutenant shall be feoffed or possessed of a like Real Estate as Houses or other Property within the said City or Liberties of the yearly Value of Twenty Pounds Sterling, or be feoffed of

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Rank of
Deputy
Lieutenants of
Officers

Rank

Qualification of
Officers of Local
Militia within
the City of
Edinburgh

Real Estate alone, or feild or possid of feild and Personal Estate together, to the Amount of Three hundred and fifty Pounds Sterling; and every Person to be appointed an Officer shall be feild or possid of a like Real Estate in Hamlet or other Property within the said City or Liberties of the yearly Value of Fifty Pounds Sterling, or be possid of Personal Estate alone, or feild or possid of Real and Personal Estate together, to the Amount of Two hundred and fifty Pounds Sterling.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall hereafter be appointed to a higher Rank in the Local Militia than that of Lieut. or Capt. and he shall be delivered up to the Clerk of the Peace of the County, Stewartry or Place, for which he shall be appointed, or to the Sheriff of the County, or the Clerk of the Peace to his Deputy, a specific Description in Writing, signed by himself, if he be a Gentleman, being the Proof or Purport in which the Officer or Officers which he is his Qualification is or are stated, if the same be a Real Estate; or if the same be Personal Property, then of the Particulars of such Personal Property; or if the Qualification arise from Service in His Majesty's Regular Forces, Regular or Supplemental Militia or Fencibles, or Volunteers as aforesaid, then of the Particulars of such Service; and the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy shall transmit to the Lieutenant, the Colonel, Stewartry or Place, a Copy of such Description; and no Commission granted after the passing of this Act, to any higher Rank in the Local Militia than that of Lieutenant, shall be valid, unless it be declared in the Oath which is taken by the Officer to whom the Commission is given that he is duly qualified in the above directed.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Peace of every County, Stewartry and Place, shall, and he is hereby required to enter the Qualifications transmitted to him, according to the Directions of this Act, upon a Roll to be provided and kept for that Purpose, and to cause to be entered in The London Gazette the Dates of the Commissions, and Names and Rank of the Officers, together with the Names of the Officers in whose Names they are appointed, or in his absence as Commissions in the Army are published from the War Office; and he is hereby authorized to charge the Expense of such Entries in the Gazette for each Commission to the Cell-ster of the County, Stewartry or Place, who is hereby directed to pay the same; and the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy shall, in the Month of January in every Year, transmit to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State a Certificate in the Form in schedule [A.] that the Qualifications have been so left with him; and every Commissioned Officer, not having already taken and subscribed the Oath, and made, repeated and subscribed the Declaration, as required by this Act, shall, as soon General Quarter Sessions of the Peace in some Sheriff Court in England within six Months after the passing of this Act, if he shall have been appointed before the passing of this Act, or if not appointed till after the passing of this Act, then within six Months after he shall have accepted his Commission, take the Oath appointed to be taken by an Ad. as well as the First Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the First, inserted in the said Act for the further Security of His Majesty's Person and Government, and the Succession of the Crown in the Words of the said Prolegomena, and Prolegomena; and also by an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled an Act for altering the Oath of Allegiance, and the Affirmation; and for amending so much of an Act of the seventh Year of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, entitled an Act for the Improvement of the Union of the Two Kingdoms, as, after the Transmission aforesaid, requires the Delivery of certain Lists and Copies therein mentioned to Persons entitled to High Treason or High Treason of Treason; and also make, repeat and subscribe the Declaration in the said Act of the First Year of King George the First, directed to be made, repeated and subscribed by all Officers, Civil and Military.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall execute any of the Powers hereby directed to be executed by Lieutenant Colonel or Major, not being qualified as aforesaid, or without having delivered in such specific Description of his Qualification as is heretofore required, every such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Person shall execute any of the Powers here directed to be executed by Captain, not being qualified as aforesaid, or without having delivered in such specific Description of his Qualification as is heretofore required, every such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, One Shilling thereof shall go to the Use of the Person who shall sue for the same; and in every Action, suit or Information, brought against any Person for acting as Lieutenant Colonel, Major or Captain, not being qualified as heretofore directed, the Proof of his Qualification shall be upon the Person against whom the same is brought: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall release or prevent any Peer of the Realm, or His Agent of any such Peer, from being appointed or acting as a Commissioned Officer in the Local Militia, within the County, Stewartry or Place, whereas such Peer, or His Agent of any such Peer, shall have some Place of Residence, although he may not have the Qualification heretofore required, or to charge any Peer of this Realm, or His Agent of any such Peer, who shall be appointed a Commissioned Officer as aforesaid, to leave with the Clerk of the Peace for the County, Stewartry or Place, for which he shall be appointed, any Qualification in Writing as aforesaid.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, may from time to time, as He and they shall think fit, signify his and their Pleasure to his and their Lieut. or Capt. of any County, Stewartry or Place, to displace all or any Officers, Lieut. and Major, and to create His Majesty's Lieut. or Capt. in any County, Stewartry or Place, who shall have some Place of Residence, although he may not have the Qualification heretofore required, or to charge any Peer of this Realm, or His Agent of any such Peer, who shall be appointed a Commissioned Officer as aforesaid, to leave with the Clerk of the Peace for the County, Stewartry or Place, for which he shall be appointed, any Qualification in Writing as aforesaid.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to order and direct, that a Number of y. or more Men not exceeding y. or more Men, be appointed for each County respectively, shall be enrolled to serve in the Local Militia in such Counties and in such Counties, and in such Proportions as any such Counties, Division or Parts thereof, as His Majesty by any Warrant or Warrants under His Royal Sign Manual shall specify, order and direct, in that Behalf, according to the Purposes of this Act; that it is hereby, For the

ment and forwarding in of such Men full sign a Certificate of the Amount of the Bounty to be paid, and to whom, and for what Particulars there; and the Clerk of the said Division Meeting shall forthwith transmit such Certificates to the Secretary at War, and draw upon the Agent General for the Amount of Bounties specified to be paid.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to permit any Volunteer Corps of Yeomanry or Artillery to transfer themselves into the Local Militia, upon such Terms and Conditions as to their Establishment, and as to Allowances for Horses or Accoutrements, or other Things, and as to Pay, as His Majesty shall direct, and so to be attached to the Local Militia of the County, Striway or Place, wherein such Corps shall serve, as such Member as His Majesty shall direct: Provided always, that no Vacancies arising in any such Corps of Yeomanry, is transferred as aforesaid, shall be supplied by Ballot under this Act; but all such Vacancies which shall not be supplied by the entering of any Men into such Corps within Six Months after such Vacancy occurring in such Yeomanry Corps shall be supplied by Ballot for the Local Militia of the County, Striway or Place to which such Yeomanry Corps shall be attached.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all such Powers, Privileges, Rights, Regulations, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the first Act of the Forty second of His Majesty, or in an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, or in any other Act relating to the Militia, as relate to the appointing to a holding General and Subdivision Meetings of Lieutenant, or to the making out Lists from which to raise, or to the Mode of balloting, shall, as far as the Case be applicable and can be applied to and for the Purpose of carrying this Act into Execution, and are not hereby altered, varied or repealed, be used, executed, applied and put in force with respect to the Local Militia, as so full and single a Member as of the said Powers, Privileges, Rights, Regulations, Clauses, Matters and Things were mentioned and repeated in this Act.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the respective Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings shall, as soon as conveniently may be after any Subdivision Meeting shall have been appointed, give Notice in Writing of the Time and Place of Meeting in such of the Deputy Lieutenants who shall be resident within such Subdivision, and also to the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, attached to such Subdivision, by Notice, addressed to the Adjutant, and an Account of the several Days fixed for making Lists, and for balloting and for sending the Militia Men within such Subdivision; and shall, as soon as the Militia Men are issued, likewise transmit to the Colonel or other Commandant, or to the Commanding Officer as aforesaid, in manner aforesaid, a List, specifying the Names, Trades and usual Places of Abode, of all such Local Militia Men as so raised.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the Men to be raised under this Act shall be ballotted out of and from the Persons between the Age of Eighteen and Thirty, returned in the Lists now existing, or which may hereafter be made and returned or amended and corrected for the raising of the Militia under any Act relating to the Militia of Sweden; and it shall be lawful for His Majesty, if He shall think fit, to order and direct the making out any new Lists, and in such Cases as to Age or otherwise, and in such Form as may be deemed expedient for the Purpose of carrying this Act into Execution.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That on making out or amending of any Lists after the passing of this Act, of Persons fit to serve in the Local Militia, every Person who shall wilfully neglect to appear within the time appointed for that Purpose, shall forfeit for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Twenty Shillings, at the Discretion of any Two or more Deputy Lieutenants or Justices of the Peace or Magistrates, and on Non-payment thereof be imprisoned, at the Discretion of any Two or more Deputy Lieutenants or Justices of the Peace or Magistrates as aforesaid, for any time not exceeding Fourteen Days.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be appointed or act as a Special Constable for the Purpose of assisting in the making out any new Lists, or otherwise in doing so the Execution of this Act, who shall not be above the Age of Thirty Years.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Deputy Lieutenants within any Subdivision, or any Two or more of them, or for any One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace, from time to time to issue their Order or Warrant under their Hands, requiring the Attendance of the Schoolmaster, Constable or other Officer of any Parish or Place within such Subdivision, for the Purpose of this Act, at such Time and Place as in such Order or Warrant shall be expressed; and if any such Schoolmaster, Constable or other Officer, shall refuse or neglect to appear according to such Order or Warrant, or if any Constable or other Officer of any Division, or any Schoolmaster, Constable or other Officer of any Parish or Place, shall refuse or neglect to supply with such Orders and Licenses as he shall from time to time receive from the said Deputy Lieutenants, or any Two or more of them, or from any One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace in possession of this Act, or shall be guilty of any Fraud or wilful Falsity or gross Neglect in his Duty, the said Deputy Lieutenants, or any Two or more of them, or such One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace, are hereby empowered and required to commit the Person so refusing to obey the Command of the said Order, there to be kept without Bail for the Space of One Month, or, at their Discretion, to fine such Person in any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings.

XXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Constable or other shall be of the People called Quakers, (and provided to be so by Two Persons of the People called Quakers) and shall neglect or refuse to perform the Duty required by this Act, it shall be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace sitting for the Division within which such Quaker shall be such Officer as aforesaid, and they are hereby required, in all Cases where the circumstances of the Case shall so their Judgment render it expedient and necessary for the due Execution of the Provisions of this Act, by their Order under their Hands to appoint a fit and proper Person

Yeomanry and
Artillery Corps
may transfer
themselves into
Local Militia
Powers.

Powers of
43 G. 3. c. 77
45 G. 3. c. 149
47 G. 3. c. 90
applied to the
Local Militia
enacted in
Act.

Subdivision
Clerks to give
Notice of next
Meeting, command
by Colonel
Regiments.

Men ballotted
from Militia
Lists.

Penalty on
neglecting to appear.
Twenty
Pounds.

No Person can
be a Special
Constable.

Deputy Lieutenants
may issue Warrants
for the School-
master, Constable
&c.

Impediment.

To a Justice
may appoint De-
puty Lieutenants
&c. A 1
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Persons to be Deputy to each Quaker, for the Purpose only of carrying then Aid into Execution; and every Person so appointed Deputy as aforesaid, shall have and exercise all the Powers, Authorities and Jurisdictions given by this Act to such Officer for whom he shall so act, and shall do and go to in all the like Duties and Offices, under the like Powers, Privileges and Jurisdictions as we hereby suppose to be Neglect of Duty of any such Officer as aforesaid, in like manner as every respect as the Person for whom he shall so act; and a known Appointment of any Deputy shall be so made, via Creditable or Officer (being one of the People and Quakers) shall be, and he is hereby discharged from the Performance of any Duty required of him by this Act, and if one of the Parties concerned for Neglect thereof after the time of such Appointment.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Deputy Lieutenants, at their Subdivision Meetings, or add together, whenever they shall think it necessary, any Two or more Parishes or Places, or to add any extra-parochial Place or Places to any Parish or Parishes adjoining thereto, for the Purposes of this Act; and also to add together the Lists of such Parishes and Places aforesaid, so as to make the Classes of Local Militia Men by Ballot within every such Subdivision as equal and as proper as possible; and where any Parishes and Places be added together shall be a distinct Ward or other Division within the same County, Stewartry or Place, to direct in what Ward or other Division the same shall be contained for the Purposes of this Act; and the said Deputy Lieutenants shall proceed upon the List so added together, in like manner as if they had been originally returned to One Parish, or for the Purposes to which any extra-parochial Place shall have been added as aforesaid; and the Schoolmasters, Cooks and other Officers of Parishes and Places so added together, shall act together in the Execution of this Act, as if they were respectively Officers of One and the same Parish or Place, and all such Schoolmasters, Creditables and Officers so as aforesaid acting together by virtue of this Act, shall hold their Meetings under this Act in the Parish or Place which shall be named first in such Order of Deputy Lieutenants; and if any Difference or Disagreement shall arise between the Officers of any Parish or Place, or between the Officers of different Parishes or Places, touching the Execution of this Act, the Deputy Lieutenants acting as and for the Subdivision where such Difference or Disagreement shall happen, shall at any Subdivision Meeting, and they are hereby authorized to hear and determine the same, and make such Order therein for the better Execution of this Act, as to them shall seem meet; and such Order shall be final and conclusive to all intents and Purposes, without being subject to any Suit or Review whatsoever.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That the several Clerks, Parsonages, Rectories, Vicarages, Rectors, Ministers, and Tithings in this Act contained, shall be construed to extend to every extra-parochial Place added to any Parish or Place for the Purposes of this Act, as fully as if the said Clerks and Parsonages had severally and respectively been expressly applied to extra-parochial Places, and where there shall be any extra-parochial Place or other Place where no Schoolmaster or Creditable has been or are appointed, or any, the respective Creditables and Schoolmasters of the Parishes or Places, to which such extra-parochial or other Place or shall have been added by the Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid, may and shall act as Schoolmaster or Creditable, for such extra-parochial or other Place in the Execution of this Act, and may and shall do, perform and execute all such Acts, Matters and Things therein, relating to the Execution of this Act, as fully and amply, and with all such and the like Powers in every respect, as if such extra-parochial or other Place was within and made Part of such Parish or Place.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of all Subdivision Meetings shall, within Twenty Days after every such Subdivision Meeting, transmit to the Clerk of the General Meetings of the County, Stewartry or Place, her and true Copies of such Returns shall be signed at such Subdivision Meeting; and if any such Clerk shall omit or neglect to make such Returns as aforesaid within such Period as aforesaid, or shall knowingly or wilfully make any false Returns, such Clerk shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant of any County, Stewartry or Place, together with any Three or more Deputy Lieutenants, or (in the Death or Absence, or in the Absence of any Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant) any Five or more Deputy Lieutenants at any General Meeting, after the appointed Subdivision within such County, Stewartry or Place, if they shall be Quorums, and also may after the established Abatement of the Number of Men in each respective Ward or other Division, to serve in the Local Militia, towards raising the Number of Local Militia Men by this Act directed to be raised for such County, Stewartry or Place, according to the Numbers contained in the respective Certificates returned from the several Subdivisions aforesaid; upon being led in such Abstemions and Appointments to the Number of effective Yeomanry and Volunteers living in each such Ward and other Division.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the Deputy Lieutenants assembled at their Second Meeting within any Subdivision shall appoint within Number of Men shall serve for each Parish and Place, within the Subdivision, regard being had to such Appointment to the Number of effective Yeomanry and Volunteers living in each such Parish or Place, in Proportion to the Number last appointed, and in the manner heretofore directed, at a General Meeting to serve for each Parish or other Division; and shall appoint another Meeting to be holden within Three Weeks from the Day on which such Meeting was holden within the same Subdivision, and shall issue out an Order to the Schoolmaster or Creditable or other Officer of every Parish or Place within the respective Subdivisions, of the Number of Men so appointed to serve for such Parish or Place, and of the Time and Place of the next Subdivision Meeting; and the said Deputy Lieutenants, or any Two or more of them, or any One Deputy Lieutenant, and One Justice of the Peace, appointed in pursuance of such Appointment, shall cause the Number of Men appointed to serve as aforesaid to be taken by Ballot out of the Persons between the Ages of Eighteen and Thirty, returned in the like manner aforesaid, or which may be further be made and returned, or recorded or certified, for the raising the Militia under any Acts relating

Two or more Parishes and Places may be added together, and Creditables, and Schoolmasters, and other Officers, may be added together, and the Lists of such Parishes and Places aforesaid, may be added together, so as to make the Classes of Local Militia Men by Ballot within every such Subdivision as equal and as proper as possible; and where any Parishes and Places be added together shall be a distinct Ward or other Division within the same County, Stewartry or Place, to direct in what Ward or other Division the same shall be contained for the Purposes of this Act; and the said Deputy Lieutenants shall proceed upon the List so added together, in like manner as if they had been originally returned to One Parish, or for the Purposes to which any extra-parochial Place shall have been added as aforesaid; and the Schoolmasters, Cooks and other Officers of Parishes and Places so added together, shall act together in the Execution of this Act, as if they were respectively Officers of One and the same Parish or Place, and all such Schoolmasters, Creditables and Officers so as aforesaid acting together by virtue of this Act, shall hold their Meetings under this Act in the Parish or Place which shall be named first in such Order of Deputy Lieutenants; and if any Difference or Disagreement shall arise between the Officers of any Parish or Place, or between the Officers of different Parishes or Places, touching the Execution of this Act, the Deputy Lieutenants acting as and for the Subdivision where such Difference or Disagreement shall happen, shall at any Subdivision Meeting, and they are hereby authorized to hear and determine the same, and make such Order therein for the better Execution of this Act, as to them shall seem meet; and such Order shall be final and conclusive to all intents and Purposes, without being subject to any Suit or Review whatsoever.

Deputy Lieutenants may add together any Parishes or Places, or to add any extra-parochial Place or Places to any Parish or Parishes adjoining thereto, for the Purposes of this Act; and also to add together the Lists of such Parishes and Places aforesaid, so as to make the Classes of Local Militia Men by Ballot within every such Subdivision as equal and as proper as possible; and where any Parishes and Places be added together shall be a distinct Ward or other Division within the same County, Stewartry or Place, to direct in what Ward or other Division the same shall be contained for the Purposes of this Act; and the said Deputy Lieutenants shall proceed upon the List so added together, in like manner as if they had been originally returned to One Parish, or for the Purposes to which any extra-parochial Place shall have been added as aforesaid; and the Schoolmasters, Cooks and other Officers of Parishes and Places so added together, shall act together in the Execution of this Act, as if they were respectively Officers of One and the same Parish or Place, and all such Schoolmasters, Creditables and Officers so as aforesaid acting together by virtue of this Act, shall hold their Meetings under this Act in the Parish or Place which shall be named first in such Order of Deputy Lieutenants; and if any Difference or Disagreement shall arise between the Officers of any Parish or Place, or between the Officers of different Parishes or Places, touching the Execution of this Act, the Deputy Lieutenants acting as and for the Subdivision where such Difference or Disagreement shall happen, shall at any Subdivision Meeting, and they are hereby authorized to hear and determine the same, and make such Order therein for the better Execution of this Act, as to them shall seem meet; and such Order shall be final and conclusive to all intents and Purposes, without being subject to any Suit or Review whatsoever.

All the Clerks, Parsonages, Rectories, Vicarages, Rectors, Ministers, and Tithings in this Act contained, shall be construed to extend to every extra-parochial Place added to any Parish or Place for the Purposes of this Act, as fully as if the said Clerks and Parsonages had severally and respectively been expressly applied to extra-parochial Places, and where there shall be any extra-parochial Place or other Place where no Schoolmaster or Creditable has been or are appointed, or any, the respective Creditables and Schoolmasters of the Parishes or Places, to which such extra-parochial or other Place or shall have been added by the Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid, may and shall act as Schoolmaster or Creditable, for such extra-parochial or other Place in the Execution of this Act, and may and shall do, perform and execute all such Acts, Matters and Things therein, relating to the Execution of this Act, as fully and amply, and with all such and the like Powers in every respect, as if such extra-parochial or other Place was within and made Part of such Parish or Place.

Clerk of Subdivision Meetings shall, within Twenty Days after every such Subdivision Meeting, transmit to the Clerk of the General Meetings of the County, Stewartry or Place, her and true Copies of such Returns shall be signed at such Subdivision Meeting; and if any such Clerk shall omit or neglect to make such Returns as aforesaid within such Period as aforesaid, or shall knowingly or wilfully make any false Returns, such Clerk shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

General Meeting after the appointed Subdivision within such County, Stewartry or Place, if they shall be Quorums, and also may after the established Abatement of the Number of Men in each respective Ward or other Division, to serve in the Local Militia, towards raising the Number of Local Militia Men by this Act directed to be raised for such County, Stewartry or Place, according to the Numbers contained in the respective Certificates returned from the several Subdivisions aforesaid; upon being led in such Abstemions and Appointments to the Number of effective Yeomanry and Volunteers living in each such Ward and other Division.

Deputy Lieutenants assembled at their Second Meeting within any Subdivision shall appoint within Number of Men shall serve for each Parish and Place, within the Subdivision, regard being had to such Appointment to the Number of effective Yeomanry and Volunteers living in each such Parish or Place, in Proportion to the Number last appointed, and in the manner heretofore directed, at a General Meeting to serve for each Parish or other Division; and shall appoint another Meeting to be holden within Three Weeks from the Day on which such Meeting was holden within the same Subdivision, and shall issue out an Order to the Schoolmaster or Creditable or other Officer of every Parish or Place within the respective Subdivisions, of the Number of Men so appointed to serve for such Parish or Place, and of the Time and Place of the next Subdivision Meeting; and the said Deputy Lieutenants, or any Two or more of them, or any One Deputy Lieutenant, and One Justice of the Peace, appointed in pursuance of such Appointment, shall cause the Number of Men appointed to serve as aforesaid to be taken by Ballot out of the Persons between the Ages of Eighteen and Thirty, returned in the like manner aforesaid, or which may be further be made and returned, or recorded or certified, for the raising the Militia under any Acts relating

nor any Officer on the Half Pay of the Navy, Army or Marines, nor any Non-Commissioned Officer or private Man serving in the Regular Militia or in any of His Majesty's other Forces, nor any Person being an effective Member of any Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteers, and duly sworn as such, nor any Professor nor any Person being a Resident Member of any of the Universities, nor any Bénéficed Clergyman, nor any Teacher licensed within the County, Stewartry or Place, to preach or teach in some separate Congregation, (not serving as any Trade, nor exercising any other Occupation for his Livelihood, except that of a Schoolmaster) having taken the Oath and made and fabricated the Declaration required by Law from the Teachers or Preachers of Congregations of dissenting Protestants, and being *bona fide* the Teacher of any Congregation whole Place of Meeting shall have been duly registered as last Twelve Months previous to the General Meeting appointed to meet in October for the Purposes of this Act; nor any Parish Schoolmaster, nor any Constable or other Peace Officer, nor being a Special Constable; nor any Seaman or Seafaring Man, nor any Person educated, trained or doing Duty, or employed in any of His Majesty's Gallies or Ships; nor any Man who has more than Two Children born in Wedlock, and who is not possessed of an Estate in Lands, Goods or Money, of the clear Value of Fifty Pounds Sterling, and who shall make Oath that he is not seized or possessed of such Estate, nor any Person receiving his Education at an Educational Foundation, shall be liable to serve in the Local Militia, and no Person having served personally in the Regular Militia, or provided any Substitute, or for whom any Substitute has been provided, or paid any Fine for not serving or finding a Substitute in the Regular Militia, shall be liable to serve in the Local Militia until Four Years after the Expiration of his Period of Service, or he shall have served in Person, or Six Years after the Period at which such Substitute shall have been enrolled, or Four Years after having paid any such Fine; and that no Person having served perfectly according to the Division of any former Act or Acts relating to the Local Militia, or under this Act, shall be obliged to serve against the Expiration of Two Years; and that no Person having paid any Fine, or upon whom Default has been made for any Fine for not serving in the Local Militia, shall be liable to serve until the Expiration of Two Years from the Period of having paid such Fine or satisfied such Default.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, Drummer and Private Man enrolled and actually serving in the Local Militia at the time of passing this Act, shall be entitled to and have Exemption from serving in the Regular Militia, and shall not be obliged to serve in the Regular Militia for Two Years from the Expiration of their present Period of Service in the said Local Militia: Provided always, that all Persons who may hereafter be enrolled to serve in the Local Militia shall only be entitled to have the option to serve in the Regular Militia, and shall not be liable to be ballotted to serve in the Regular Militia for One Year from the Expiration of their Period of Service in the said Local Militia: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to claim any such Exemption under this Act, who shall not produce a Certificate signed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment of Local Militia to which he shall belong, or in case of his Removal from the County, Stewartry or Place in which he may have been originally enrolled, then by the Commanding Officers of the Regiment, Battalion or Company in which he may have been subsequently serving, that he attended at the last Period of annual Training and Exercise, or that he was promoted by Merit or bodily Infirmity, or certified to his Commanding Officer at the last Period of annual Training and Exercise, or that he was absent by Permission of his Commanding Officer.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That any Person enrolled and serving in the Local Militia who shall have obtained Exemption from Service in the Regular Militia, shall nevertheless be responsible to serve in the Regular Militia, in case he shall not afterwards appear the Periods appointed for the Training and Exercise of the Local Militia, during the Time for which he may be enrolled to serve in such Local Militia, (unless prevented by any Infirmity incapacitating him for Service); and the Commandant of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia to which he may belong, shall certify such Absence from Training and Exercise to the Clerk of the Subdivisions for which he shall have been before ballotted to serve in the Regular Militia, who shall make the same known to the Deputy Lieutenants assembled at their next Subdivision Meeting, and such Man shall then and there be certified to serve in the Regular Militia; or if he shall not then appear, shall be liable to any Penalties imposed upon ballotted Persons not appearing to be enrolled in the Regular Militia.

XL. And be it further enacted, That no Member of any Friendly Society, serving or serving to serve under this Act, shall by such Service be excluded from such Society, or be subject to the Forfeiture of any Benefit to which he may be otherwise entitled under any Rules of such Society; or to any Fine or Penalty imposed by such Society for Non-attendance; any thing in any such Rules to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Corps of Local Militia shall be assembled for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, or for the Suppression of Riots, or for the Suppression of Rebellion or Insurrection, all Persons enrolled therein who shall join in such assembling, and shall have furnished a Bill to support themselves, shall, during the Period of their being so assembled, be entitled to such and the same Relief to their Wives and Families, and under such and the like circumstances, and subject to the same Regulations and Provisions, as the Wives and Families of Men ballotted to serve in the Regular Militia of Great Britain are entitled to, under an Act passed in the Tenth sixth Year of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for providing Relief for the Wives and Families of the Militia Men of Scotland*, which shall not extend to any Person or Persons in the last mentioned Act mentioned, (but extend only to be confined to extend to the giving or refusing such Relief as aforesaid in fully and effectually as if the same were so enacted: Provided always, that no Affidavit shall be made to make good the Absence of any Person paid for such Relief of his Wife and Family under this Act in the manner directed by such last mentioned Act to make good the same.

Persons not liable to serve in the Regular Militia, who are enrolled in the Local Militia, shall not be liable to serve in the Regular Militia for Two Years from the Expiration of their Period of Service in the said Local Militia.

Persons enrolled and serving in the Local Militia, who shall have obtained Exemption from Service in the Regular Militia, shall nevertheless be responsible to serve in the Regular Militia, in case he shall not afterwards appear the Periods appointed for the Training and Exercise of the Local Militia, during the Time for which he may be enrolled to serve in such Local Militia.

Persons serving or serving to serve in the Regular Militia, shall not be excluded from any Friendly Society, or be subject to the Forfeiture of any Benefit to which he may be otherwise entitled under any Rules of such Society.

Persons assembled for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, or for the Suppression of Riots, or for the Suppression of Rebellion or Insurrection, shall be entitled to the same Relief to their Wives and Families, and under such and the like circumstances, and subject to the same Regulations and Provisions, as the Wives and Families of Men ballotted to serve in the Regular Militia of Great Britain are entitled to.

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paid to the Wives and Families of Militia Men pursuant thereto: Provided also, that whenever any Corps of Local Militia shall be assembled for Training and Exercise, all Persons enrolled therein, having Families who would be entitled to Relief if they were resident in some other Place than that in which the Regiment shall be assembled, shall be entitled to Relief for their Wives and Families, notwithstanding such Wives and Families may be resident in the Place where the Regiment may be assembled.

Deputy Lieutenants may receive Lists to be examined, and returned in such Lists and may administer Oaths, &c.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That if through the Neglect or Mistake of any Constables, Schoolmasters or other Officers, or from any other Cause, the full Number of Men appointed for any Subdivisions should not be duly enrolled at the Meeting appointed for that Purpose as before directed, then the Deputy Lieutenants at their first Meeting, or any Two or more of them, or any One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace, may and they are hereby required immediately to cause the Lists to be amended, and to proceed to a fresh Ballot, and to adjourn the Meeting, or appoint other Meetings, and request the attending of the Lists as may be necessary and expedient for carrying the Purposes of this Act duly and fully into Execution; and it shall be lawful for any One Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace to administer the Oath heretofore required to be taken by Persons to serve at the Local Militia, or any Person ballotted, or to any Person offering as a Volunteer under the Direction of this Act, such ballotted Man or Volunteer having been duly examined and approved as in hereafter mentioned; and such Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace is hereby authorized to direct and require the Clerk of the Subdivisions for which every such Person by whom the said Oath has been before him taken is to serve, to enrol the Name of every such Person in a separate Book duly examined and approved as aforesaid, together with the Date of the Day on which the said Oath was administered to him, in the Roll of such Subdivisions.

Persons ballotted may appearing to be exempted, &c.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person ballotted to serve in the Local Militia under this Act shall, after Notice given to him, or left in his usual or last Place of Abode, of his having been so ballotted, refuse or neglect to appear within such Period and at such Place as shall be appointed for that Purpose within the Subdivisions for which he shall have been so ballotted, (which times and places shall be appointed by the Deputy Lieutenants in their respective Subdivisions under any Order of the Lieutenant of the County, Stewards or Place, and Name thereof given by the Schoolmasters or Constables of the several Parishes, by putting up the same on the Doors of the several Parish Churches in such County, Stewards or Place), and be enrolled under this Act, and take the Oath to serve under this Act, such Person shall forfeit the Sum of Thirty Pounds: Provided always, that if such Person shall not have or be in the Receipt of any annual Sum of Money, Profits, Gains, Allowances or other Income whatsoever, amounting in the whole to Two hundred Pounds, clear of all Outgoings, Taxes or Rents, such Person shall forfeit only the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if his Income shall not amount in the whole to One hundred Pounds, clear of all Outgoings, Taxes or Rents, he shall forfeit only the Sum of Ten Pounds; and every such Fine shall be paid to the Clerk of the Subdivisions Meetings, who shall on Receipt thereof give a Certificate, without Fee or Reward, of the same being paid, which Certificate shall be countersigned by some Justice of the Peace or Deputy Lieutenant, and shall within Ten Days after the Receipt thereof, transmit the same to the Collector of the Cota, who shall within Twenty one Days after the Receipt thereof, remit the same to the Receiver General of Stewards, who shall, within Twenty one Days after the Receipt thereof, pay the same into the Bank of England to a separate Account of the Agent General for the Local Militia, for the Purposes of the Local Militia of Great Britain, being furnished with a Receipt for the same.

Peace.
Peace.

Fines paid to Clerk of Subdivisions Meetings, and paid into Bank in Account of Agent General.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That a List of all such Fines shall once in each Year, or oftener if required, be transmitted to the Secretary at War by the Deputy Lieutenants of the County, Stewards, City or Place where the same shall be imposed, according to the Form of the Schedule marked [H.] hereunto annexed; and a Duplicate of such List shall at the same time be transmitted to the Solicitor for Taxes in England.

List of Fines transmitted to Secretary at War.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That any Person imprisoned for the Non-payment of any Fine for not appearing to be enrolled, or for refusing to take the Oath, or for refusing or neglecting to attend an annual Period of Training and Exercise, shall be compellable to serve for the full Period of Four Years after the Expiration of such Imprisonment.

Persons imprisoned for non-payment to serve Four Years.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That every Person claiming to be exempted from Service under this Act, upon Payment of the Fine of Twenty Pounds, or Ten Pounds, instead of Thirty Pounds, shall sign a Declaration that the Amount of his Income does not exceed Two hundred Pounds or One hundred Pounds as aforesaid, as the case may be, and shall deliver the same to the Deputy Lieutenants before whom he shall appear to claim such Exemption, or produce a Certificate to the like Effect, signed by any Commissioners under any Act relating to the Rates and Duties arising on Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, or to any Allowances made on any such Rates and Duties, within Twelve Months previous to the Production of such Certificate; and every Person who shall make any false Declaration in relation to any such Claim, shall forfeit and pay for each Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds in Addition to such Fine.

Persons claiming Exemption on Payment of 10^l. or 20^l. sign a Declaration of Income.

XLVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That every Person claiming to be exempted from Service under this Act upon Payment of Fine as aforesaid, and every Person who shall be liable to the Payment of any Fine under this Act, (not appearing to be enrolled in the Local Militia, that he is summoned and required to appear before some Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace, and shall be required by the Deputy Lieutenant before whom he shall appear to claim such Exemption, or by such Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace, to fore whom he shall be so summoned and required to appear as aforesaid, to sign a Declaration that he hath not directly or indirectly, by any Policy, Profession or Pursuit of any Policy or Profession, or by any Employment, or in any manner whatsoever, such sum of Money or Pounds or Part thereof, and that no Person or Persons hath or have directly or indirectly, in Consideration of any sum of Money or Pounds of any Name of Money, or Gift or Reward, or for any valuable Consideration whatsoever, undertaken, engaged or promised in any way to in-

False Declarations.
Peace.
Such Persons to sign Declaration if they have not before.

XLVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That every Person claiming to be exempted from Service under this Act upon Payment of Fine as aforesaid, and every Person who shall be liable to the Payment of any Fine under this Act, (not appearing to be enrolled in the Local Militia, that he is summoned and required to appear before some Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace, and shall be required by the Deputy Lieutenant before whom he shall appear to claim such Exemption, or by such Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace, to fore whom he shall be so summoned and required to appear as aforesaid, to sign a Declaration that he hath not directly or indirectly, by any Policy, Profession or Pursuit of any Policy or Profession, or by any Employment, or in any manner whatsoever, such sum of Money or Pounds of any Name of Money, or Gift or Reward, or for any valuable Consideration whatsoever, undertaken, engaged or promised in any way to in-

and

deny him thereof, or from any Part thereof, or to repay to him, or to any Person or Persons on his Behalf, or for his Use, Benefit or Advantage, the said Fine or any Part thereof; and in case any Person declining to be exempt, or to be summoned or required to appear as aforesaid, shall refuse to do his sign both Declarations, or to appear according to such Summons or Requisition, or shall make any false Declaration in that behalf, every such Person shall, upon Conviction thereof before Two Justices of the Peace, forfeit Three times the Amount of such Fine; and in Default of Payment thereof, shall be confined as any House of Correction or Common Gaol for such County, Stewartry or Place, for any Period not exceeding Three Months, or until Payment of such Penalty; and shall be liable personally to serve in the said Local Militia for the full Term of Four Years after the Expiration of such Imprisonment, or the Payment of such Penalty.

Refusal to sign, or making false Declaration.

Penalty

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Deputy Lieutenants of any County, Stewartry or Place, in any case in which it shall appear to them to be necessary or proper, by reason of any Quotas of Local Militia of any Division of any County, Stewartry or Place, or of any Parishes of any Ward or Division, being fixed by any Returns now made or which may hereafter be made, not to be in Proportion to the relative Numbers of Men liable to serve in the Local Militia in such respective Wards, Divisions or Parishes, or by reason of any Alterations which may have taken place in the Number of the effective Yeomanry and Volunteers serving for each Ward, Division or Parish, to make any new Appointments and allotments and settle any Quotas of Local Militia, as to any Ward or Division of any County, Stewartry or Place, or as to any Parishes in any Ward or Division, by any new Appointments as to such Ward or Division, or as to the Parishes in any Ward or Division, according to the relative Numbers of Men liable to serve in the Local Militia: Provided always, that all Quotas of Local Militia which shall have been settled and ascertained for any Ward or Division, or for any Parishes of any Ward or Division, shall remain and be deemed to be the proper Quotas of such Wards, Divisions and Parishes respectively, unless and until the Deputy Lieutenants shall deem it necessary to alter and shall have altered the same, and settled any new Quotas under this Act.

Deputy Lieutenants may make new Appointments in such Quotas as they shall see fit to be in Proportion to the Numbers liable to serve.

New Lists made out of any List.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That if the List of any Parish or Place shall be lost or destroyed, it shall be lawful for the said Deputy Lieutenants, or any Two or more of them, to cause a new List in such Parish or Place to be made and returned to them, at their next Subdivision Meeting, in the same manner as the List lost or destroyed was made, and ought to have been returned to them by Direction of the General Meeting.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person being one of the People called Quakers, or of the People called United Brethren or United Brethers, who shall be balloted under this Act, shall produce before the Deputy Lieutenants of any Subdivision Meeting, or any Two Deputy Lieutenants or Justices of the Peace, a Certificate under the Hands of Two or more respectable Housekeepers, being of the People called Quakers, or of the People called United Brethren or United Brethers, and dated within Three Months immediately preceding the Day on which such Certificate shall be produced as aforesaid, acknowledging such Person to be one of their Possessions, such Person shall not be enrolled; and it shall be lawful for any such Deputy Lieutenants or Justices to adjudge any such Person to pay such Proportion of such Fines as are by this Act imposed on Persons balloted and not appearing, as to such Deputy Lieutenants or Justices may appear to be proper, according to the Situation of Life and Property of such Person; and the Amount of Fine so adjudged by such Deputy Lieutenants or Justices, may be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Effects of such Person, by Warrant under their Hands (the Overplus, if any, after deducting of reasonable Charges, being reserved to the Party); and if no Goods or Effects can be found whereby the Sum so imposed upon such Quaker or United Brother can be levied, and the Deputy Lieutenants or Justices shall nevertheless upon Inquiry be satisfied that such Quaker or United Brother is of sufficient Ability to pay such Fine of Ten Pounds, then it shall be lawful for any Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace, if he shall think fit, to commit such Quaker or United Brother to Prison, there to remain for any time not exceeding One Month, unless such Fine shall be sooner paid and satisfied: Provided always, that no Quaker or United Brother so committed as aforesaid shall be confined among Catholics.

Quakers or United Brethren, or Production of certain Certificates, not enrolled, but adjudge to pay Proportion of Fines on Persons balloted and not appearing.

Imprisonment, Penalties.

L. And be it further enacted, That every Person liable to serve in the Local Militia, having more than One Place of Residence, shall serve for the County, Stewartry or Place, where his Name shall have been first entered in such List as aforesaid; and the Clerk to the Subdivision Meeting to which such List shall be returned shall, if such Person requires the same, grant a Certificate prior under his Hand, that such Person's Name is entered in such List, and specifying the Time when such List was made and returned.

Person having more than One Residence.

LI. And be it further enacted, That when any Parish shall be in Two or more Counties, Stewartries or Places, the Inhabitants of such Parish shall serve in the Local Militia of the County, Stewartry or Place wherein the Church belonging to such Parish is situated; and that such Parish shall, for all the Purposes of this Act, be deemed Part of such County, Stewartry or Place.

Parishes in Towns or Villages of County in which Parish Church stands, No Man enrolled until examined and approved by Surgeon.

LII. And be it further enacted, That no Man shall be approved or enrolled to serve in the Local Militia under this Act, either as a balloted Man or Volunteer, until he shall have been carefully examined by some Surgeon of competent Skill, and shall have been declared and reported by such Surgeon to be neither maimed, lame, maimed or afflicted with any Disorder that may render him unfit to serve, but to be in every respect able and fit for Service; and the Deputy Lieutenants assembled at their Subdivision Meetings, or any Two Deputy Lieutenants, or any One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace, shall in all cases before they proceed to enroll any Man for the Local Militia, cause such Examination to be carefully made; and it shall be lawful for the said Deputy Lieutenants, or the said Deputy Lieutenant and Justice of the Peace, and they are hereby empowered and directed to require the Attendance of any Surgeon of any Rank, Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the Local Militia of the County, Stewartry or Place for which any Man is to be enrolled, if any such Surgeon is within a reasonable Distance, and can consequently be had, or otherwise to require the At-

Allowance to Sergeants.

reference of any officer competent Sergeant for this Purpose; and a reasonable Allowance, not exceeding One Guinea, shall be made to the Sergeant performing such Extraordinary, for every Day he shall actually attend for that Purpose, and shall be paid to him in the manner as other Allowances are directed to be made and paid to Subdivision Clerks under this Act.

Pay of Sergeants and Privates.

LIII. And he it further enacted, That whenever it shall appear to any Two or more Deputy Lieutenants, or any One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace all added as any Subdivision Meeting, that any Person chosen by Ballot to serve in the Local Militia is unable to serve from any permanent Infirmity, Debility or bodily Infirmary, or is not of the full Height of Five Feet Two Inches, or is not approved upon Examination by a Surgeon according to the Direction of this Act, such Deputy Lieutenants or such Deputy Lieutenants and Justice of the Peace shall and are hereby empowered and required to discharge such Person, and immediately to amend the List for the Place for which such Person shall have been ballotted, and to cause another Person to be chosen in his stead, by Ballot, according to the Direction of this Act.

Deputy Lieutenants to be of the Age of Twenty-one Years, and to be of the Rank of Captain or Major, and to be of the County of the Militia.

LIV. And he it further enacted, That the Deputy Lieutenants in their several Subdivisions shall, in free as they shall have enrolled the Number of Men required in their Subdivisions, divide the Men so enrolled into as many Classes as the Description (whichever mentioned, as shall be found among such Men; that is to say, in the First Class they shall put all the Men having an Child or Children living; and in the Second Class, all the Men not having any Child or Children living under the Age of Fourteen Years; and in the Third Class, all the Men having any Child or Children, One of whom only shall be under the Age of Fourteen Years; and in the last Class, all the Men not included in any of the former Descriptions; and shall forthwith make out a List of such Classes, according to the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (C.), and within Three Days after the completing thereof, the Clerk of such Subdivision Meeting shall transmit to the Clerk to the General Meetings an exact and true Copy of such List, made out in such Form as aforesaid, to be by him entered in a Book to be kept for that Purpose.

Men belonging to the Army or Navy, or to the Militia, shall be exempted from being enrolled, unless they are of the Rank of Captain or Major, and to be of the County of the Militia.

LV. And he it further enacted, That whenever any Local Militia Man, after having been sworn and enrolled, shall become unfit for Service, it shall be lawful for the Colonel or other Commandant of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Local Militia Man shall belong, together with any Two or more Deputy Lieutenants, or One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace of the County, Stewartry or Place to which such Regiment, Battalion or Corps belongs, if the said Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall then be within the said County, Stewartry or Place, or for the Colonel or other Commandant only, if the said Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall be absent therefrom, to discharge such Local Militia Man from his Regiment, Battalion or Corps; but another Man shall not be ballotted for in the Room of such Local Militia Man so discharged, until such Discharge shall be confirmed under the Hands of Two or more Deputy Lieutenants or One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace of the County, Stewartry or Place to which such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps belongs, assembled at any Meeting in the Subdivision for which such Local Militia Man was enrolled, or at any General Meeting for the County, Stewartry or Place as aforesaid.

Vacancies to be filled up by Ballot.

LVI. And he it further enacted, That when any private Militia Man shall, before the Expiration of the Term for which he was to serve, die, or be appointed a Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer in the Local Militia, or enter or join into His Majesty's Regular Forces, Navy or Marines, or as a Substitute or Volunteer in the Regular Militia, or be discharged in Manner aforesaid, as unfit for Service, or disabled in pursuance of the Sentence of a Court Martial, the Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such private Man shall belong, shall certify the Vacancy occasioned by such Death, Appointment, Entering, Enlisting, Discharge or Dismissal, (as the case may be) to the Clerk to the General Meetings, who shall forthwith transmit the said Certificate to the Deputy Lieutenants of the Subdivision for which such Private Man shall have been enrolled, and such Deputy Lieutenants shall immediately upon the Receipt of such Certificate, cause such Vacancy to be filled up by a fresh Ballot for a Local Militia Man to serve according to the Provisions of this Act; except in such cases as are in this Act excepted.

Officers to be of the Rank of Captain or Major, and to be of the County of the Militia.

LVII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant and Deputy Lieutenants at any General Meeting, and they are hereby required to advertise and fix by Ballot the Order in which the respective Subdivisions, and Parishes in their respective Counties, Stewartries and Places shall stand as to the supplying any Deficiencies or Vacancies that may exist or arise therein by reason of the Appointment of any Person serving in the Local Militia of any such County, Stewartry or Place, to be Sergeant or Corporal, and shall immediately after the time shall be so advertised and fixed, cause such Subdivisions and Parishes respectively, to be entered in such Order, in a List to be prepared for that Purpose; and such Vacancies shall be supplied by such Subdivisions and Parishes, in the Order in which they shall have been entered in such List as aforesaid, and not by the Parishes for which the Men so promoted shall have served.

At Subdivision Meetings Men ballotted for in cases of death shall have Terms of

LVIII. And he it further enacted, That whenever any private Local Militia Man shall be appointed a Non-Commissioned Officer or Drummer in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, in the Room of any Non-Commissioned Officer or Drummer reduced to the Rank, no Ballot shall take place in the Parish or Place for which such private Man is appointed as then serving, in consequence of any Vacancy occasioned by such Appointment, in long as the Non-Commissioned Officer or Drummer so reduced shall continue to serve in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia.

LIX. And he it further enacted, That any Two or more of the Deputy Lieutenants, or any One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace, at their several Subdivision Meetings, shall and they are hereby required to ballot for Local Militia Men, in the room of all Local Militia Men actually serving, whose Terms of Service will expire before the Twentieth Day of November next ensuing the holding of such Subdivision Meetings, and shall, at a following Meeting to be holden as soon as conveniently may be, proceed to send the said ballotted Men as aforesaid; and the Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps, is hereby em-

powered,

powerd, from this time, *hereinafter* any Man of his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, who's time of Service shall expire before the Feast of St. Michael's Day of November next ensuing, and to receive any other Local Militia Man in his Room who he shall nominate by Oath, and have enrolled according to the Directions of this Act; and every such Man so discharged shall be entitled to the same Immunity from further Service as if he had served his full Term.

LX. And be it further enacted, That if any Servant whatever, hired by the Year or otherwise, shall be enrolled as a Local Militia Man by virtue of this Act, such Enrolment shall not vacate or relinqui the Contract or other the Engagement between such Servant and his Master or Mistress, or Employer or Employers, unless the Local Militia of the County, Stewartry or Place for which such Servant shall be enrolled, shall be embodied or called out by His Majesty, or ordered to be in his performance of this Act, or unless such Person so enrolled, shall leave the Service of his Master, Mistress or Employer or Employers, for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, in pursuance of this Act, and shall not return again to the same Service at the End of such Period of Training and Exercise, or so soon after as reasonably may be, allowing to his Master, Mistress or Employer or Employers, an Abatement from his Wages in Proportion to the Duration of his Absence from his said Service, to be fixed by a Justice of the Peace in the manner hereinafter mentioned; and in every such case, where any Dispute shall arise between such Servant and his Master or Mistress, or Employer or Employers, touching any Part or Sum of Money due to such Servant for or on Account of his Service performed before the time of his Departure from Service, under the Conditions of the said Enrolment, or by being called out to join the Local Militia in which he shall have been so enrolled, or touching any Abatement to be made by such Servant by reason of his Absence, for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, it shall and may be lawful, on Complaint made thereof to any Justice of the Peace for the County, Stewartry or Place, where such Master or Mistress, or Employer or Employers shall inhabit, for such Justice to hear and determine every such Complaint, and to enforce upon Oath every such Sentence, or any other Writs or Writs, touching the same, and to make such Order for the Payment of so much Wages to such Servant as Proportion to the Service he has performed, or such Abatement from his Wages as Proportion to the Duration of his Absence from his Service, in case where the Party shall desire, as the case may require, and as to such Justice shall seem just and reasonable, provided the Sum in question do not exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and in case of Refusal or Non-payment of any Sums so ordered to be paid by the Space of Seven Days next after such Determination, such Justice may and shall give forth his Warrant to levy the same by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Effects of such Master or Mistress, or Employer or Employers, rendering the Overplus to the Owner or Owners, after Payment of the Charges of such Distress and Sale.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Heritor of any Parish shall have engaged any Person to serve as a Volunteer as aforesaid, and such Heritor shall have agreed to pay to the Person so engaged, a certain Sum for such Service, it shall be lawful for the Two Deputy Lieutenants or any One Justice of the Peace, and they and he are and is hereby required, after such Volunteer has been examined by a Surgeon, and approved according to the Directions of this Act, and enrolled by the Deputy Lieutenants in pursuance thereof, to order such Sum of Money as shall appear to them or him to be due to the Volunteer so engaged, to be immediately paid to him on such Enrolment, in the Presence of such Deputy Lieutenants.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person ballotted or enrolled to serve, or being in the Local Militia under this Act, to enroll or enter into His Majesty's Army, Navy or Marines, or as a Subaltern or Volunteer in the Regular Militia of the Line or some adjoining County, Stewartry or Place at any time except during such Portion of the Period of being ballotted for the Purpose of annual Training and Exercise under this Act, as His Majesty shall by any Order made in that behalf particular; and the Enrolling and Entry of every such Man shall be immediately certified by the Officer with whom such Man shall have enrolled or entered, to the Officer commanding the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, from which such Man shall have enrolled or entered; and all Vacancies arising by any such enrolling or entering as aforesaid, shall be supplied in like manner as any other Vacancies in the said Local Militia: Provided always, that no Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer of any Regiment of Local Militia on permanent Pay as such, shall be entitled to his Discharge, or be allowed to enlist into the Army, Navy or Marines or Regular Militia, or to engage himself as a Subaltern or Volunteer in the Regular Militia at any time, whether the Regiment to which he has been Commissioned Officer or Drummer shall belong, shall be ballotted for the Purpose of annual Training and Exercise or not, unless with the Consent in Writing of the Commanding Officer of his Regiment given for that Purpose.

LXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize any Apprentice ballotted under this Act to enlist in the Army, Navy, Marines, or to enter as a Subaltern or Volunteer in the Regular Militia, or to enter as a Volunteer in the Local Militia, or being a Member of a Volunteer Corps to transfer himself into the Local Militia without the Consent of his Master, provided also, that no Ballot, Enrolment and Service under this Act, shall extend to make void or be in any manner to affect any Indenture of Apprenticeship, notwithstanding any Covenant or Agreement as any such Apprentice; and no Service under this Act of any Apprentice shall be deemed or construed to be an Absence from Service, or a Breach of any Covenant or Agreement as to any Service or Absence from Service, or any Indenture of Apprenticeship, any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws, or Decree or Indenture of Apprenticeship to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Vacancies arising in the Local Militia by such enrolling as aforesaid, or by Discharge, Absence, Disobedience, Death or Expulsion of Service, shall be filled up according to the Provisions of this Act: Provided always, that it shall be lawful at any time before the Local Militia of any County, Stewartry or Place, shall be completed to the full Amount specified in this Act

Enrollments shall not vacate Contract or other Engagement unless Local Militia called out by His Majesty, or ordered to be in his performance of this Act, or unless such Person so enrolled, shall leave the Service of his Master, Mistress or Employer or Employers, for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, in pursuance of this Act, and shall not return again to the same Service at the End of such Period of Training and Exercise, or so soon after as reasonably may be, allowing to his Master, Mistress or Employer or Employers, an Abatement from his Wages in Proportion to the Duration of his Absence from his said Service, to be fixed by a Justice of the Peace in the manner hereinafter mentioned; and in every such case, where any Dispute shall arise between such Servant and his Master or Mistress, or Employer or Employers, touching any Part or Sum of Money due to such Servant for or on Account of his Service performed before the time of his Departure from Service, under the Conditions of the said Enrolment, or by being called out to join the Local Militia in which he shall have been so enrolled, or touching any Abatement to be made by such Servant by reason of his Absence, for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, it shall and may be lawful, on Complaint made thereof to any Justice of the Peace for the County, Stewartry or Place, where such Master or Mistress, or Employer or Employers shall inhabit, for such Justice to hear and determine every such Complaint, and to enforce upon Oath every such Sentence, or any other Writs or Writs, touching the same, and to make such Order for the Payment of so much Wages to such Servant as Proportion to the Service he has performed, or such Abatement from his Wages as Proportion to the Duration of his Absence from his Service, in case where the Party shall desire, as the case may require, and as to such Justice shall seem just and reasonable, provided the Sum in question do not exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and in case of Refusal or Non-payment of any Sums so ordered to be paid by the Space of Seven Days next after such Determination, such Justice may and shall give forth his Warrant to levy the same by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Effects of such Master or Mistress, or Employer or Employers, rendering the Overplus to the Owner or Owners, after Payment of the Charges of such Distress and Sale.

Two Deputy Lieutenants or any One Justice of the Peace, and they and he are and is hereby required, after such Volunteer has been examined by a Surgeon, and approved according to the Directions of this Act, and enrolled by the Deputy Lieutenants in pursuance thereof, to order such Sum of Money as shall appear to them or him to be due to the Volunteer so engaged, to be immediately paid to him on such Enrolment, in the Presence of such Deputy Lieutenants.

Nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize any Apprentice ballotted under this Act to enlist in the Army, Navy, Marines, or to enter as a Subaltern or Volunteer in the Regular Militia, or to enter as a Volunteer in the Local Militia, or being a Member of a Volunteer Corps to transfer himself into the Local Militia without the Consent of his Master, provided also, that no Ballot, Enrolment and Service under this Act, shall extend to make void or be in any manner to affect any Indenture of Apprenticeship, notwithstanding any Covenant or Agreement as any such Apprentice; and no Service under this Act of any Apprentice shall be deemed or construed to be an Absence from Service, or a Breach of any Covenant or Agreement as to any Service or Absence from Service, or any Indenture of Apprenticeship, any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws, or Decree or Indenture of Apprenticeship to the contrary notwithstanding.

Nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize any Apprentice ballotted under this Act to enlist in the Army, Navy, Marines, or to enter as a Subaltern or Volunteer in the Regular Militia, or to enter as a Volunteer in the Local Militia, or being a Member of a Volunteer Corps to transfer himself into the Local Militia without the Consent of his Master, provided also, that no Ballot, Enrolment and Service under this Act, shall extend to make void or be in any manner to affect any Indenture of Apprenticeship, notwithstanding any Covenant or Agreement as any such Apprentice; and no Service under this Act of any Apprentice shall be deemed or construed to be an Absence from Service, or a Breach of any Covenant or Agreement as to any Service or Absence from Service, or any Indenture of Apprenticeship, any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws, or Decree or Indenture of Apprenticeship to the contrary notwithstanding.

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Nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize any Apprentice ballotted under this Act to enlist in the Army, Navy, Marines, or to enter as a Subaltern or Volunteer in the Regular Militia, or to enter as a Volunteer in the Local Militia, or being a Member of a Volunteer Corps to transfer himself into the Local Militia without the Consent of his Master, provided also, that no Ballot, Enrolment and Service under this Act, shall extend to make void or be in any manner to affect any Indenture of Apprenticeship, notwithstanding any Covenant or Agreement as any such Apprentice; and no Service under this Act of any Apprentice shall be deemed or construed to be an Absence from Service, or a Breach of any Covenant or Agreement as to any Service or Absence from Service, or any Indenture of Apprenticeship, any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws, or Decree or Indenture of Apprenticeship to the contrary notwithstanding.

and Local Militia units placed.

as the Quota of such County, Stewartry or Place, and also at any time thereafter when any Vacancies shall arise in such Local Militia, for any Period between the Ages of Eighteen and Thirty Five, of the height of Five Feet Two Inches, and not having more than Two Children under Fourteen Years of Age, who shall be approved of in the manner hereinafter directed, (as well Members of Volunteer Corps as others), voluntarily to enrol themselves in the Local Militia of such County, Stewartry or Place, according to the Provisions of this Act, until the full Number of Men required by virtue of this Act in such County, Stewartry or Place, shall be completed.

Leutenants, Dragoons, and other ranks, which may be admitted into the Militia.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in the Execution of this Act, when any Matter or Thing is directed to be required or examined, upon the Oath of any Witnesses or Witnesses, before any Lieutenant of any County or Stewartry, or any Deputy Lieutenant or Lieutenants, or Justice or Justices of the Peace, any such Lieutenant, Deputy Lieutenant or Lieutenants, or Justice or Justices of the Peace, in or are hereby authorized to administer such Oath to any Witnesses or Witnesses; and that all other Oaths to be taken in pursuance of this Act, shall and may be respectively administered by any Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenant.

His Majesty's Militia formed and organized.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Local Militia of the several Counties, Stewartries and Places aforesaid, shall be formed into Companies, which shall not consist of more than One hundred and twenty, one of less than sixty private Men, and that in each of such Companies there shall be One Captain, One Lieutenant and One Ensign; and that where the Number of Men raised for any County, Stewartry or Place, is sufficient, the Local Militia thereof shall be formed into One or more Regiments, consisting of not more than Twelve nor of less than Eight such Companies; and where the Number of Men raised in any County, Stewartry or Place, is not sufficient to form a Regiment, the Local Militia thereof shall be formed into a Battalion, consisting of not more than Seven nor of less than Four such Companies; and where the Number of Men raised in any County, Stewartry or Place, is not sufficient to form a Battalion of Four such Companies, the Local Militia thereof shall be formed into a Corps, consisting of not less than Three such Companies; and that the Field Officers of such Regiments, Battalions and Corps respectively, shall in no case exceed the respective Numbers and Ranks following; that is to say, in every Regiment consisting of not less than Eight hundred private Men, One Lieutenant Colonel Commandant, One Lieutenant Colonel and not Two Majors, in every Regiment or Battalion consisting of not less than Four hundred and eighty private Men, One Lieutenant Colonel Commandant, One Lieutenant Colonel and One Major; and in every Corps consisting of Three Companies, One Lieutenant Colonel or Major, and no other Field Officers; Provided always, that no Colonel or Field Officer in the Local Militia shall be a Captain of a Company; Provided also, that every Battalion consisting of Five Companies or upwards, may have One Company of Grenadiers or Light Infantry, in which Two Lieutenants shall be appointed instead of One Lieutenant and One Ensign; and that every Regiment may have One Company of Grenadiers and One Company of Light Infantry, to each of which Companies Two Lieutenants shall be appointed instead of One Lieutenant and One Ensign; Provided also, that in every Company consisting of more private Men or upwards, there may be Two Lieutenants and One Ensign or Three Lieutenants, as the case may be.

Private

Private

The Militia shall not be liable to be called out of the County, Stewartry or Place, or to be raised, although the Number may exceed the Proportion prescribed for any Regiment, &c.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order signed by His Majesty's Secretary of State, to direct any Number of Officers, Non Commissioned Officers and Corporals, actually serving in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, at the time of passing this Act, to be retained during the Continuance of the present War, or for so long a time during the Continuance thereof as His Majesty shall think fit, as Officers, Non Commissioned Officers or Corporals respectively in such Regiments, Battalions or Corps, although by virtue thereof the Number of Officers, Non Commissioned Officers and Corporals respectively of any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall exceed the Proportion of Officers, Non Commissioned Officers and Corporals respectively prescribed for any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, by this Act; and all such Officers, Non Commissioned Officers and Corporals so retained as aforesaid, shall be entitled to such Pay, Emoluments and Advantages as other Non Commissioned Officers and Corporals respectively are by Law entitled unto; any thing in any Law or Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Officers retained beyond Proportion prescribed, as directed by the Secretary of State.

LXVIII. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That the Officers so retained who shall exceed the Proportion of Officers respectively prescribed for any Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall succeed to Vacancies which may occur in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps respectively, according to their respective Ranks, and beginning with the eldest Officer of such Rank respectively.

In case of Regiments being reduced, Officers appointed to other Regiments.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That where the Local Militia of any County, Stewartry or Place, shall, previously to the passing of this Act, have consisted of Two or more Regiments, Battalions or Corps, and any One or more of such Regiments, Battalions or Corps, shall in consequence of the Reduction of the Quota of Local Militia for such County, Stewartry or Place under this Act, be reduced, it shall in every such case be lawful for His Majesty by Order and direct that any Number of Field Officers and Officers, together with the Adjutant and Quarter Master, who were serving at the time of passing this Act, shall and may be appointed by the Lieutenant of such County, Stewartry or Place, to act as Field Officers, Officers, Adjutant or Quarter Master respectively, in any other Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia within the said County, Stewartry or Place, and shall continue to serve in any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which they may be so appointed, although by virtue thereof the Number of Officers in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps may exceed the Proportion of Officers prescribed for any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia under this Act; and all such Officers so appointed and retained as aforesaid shall be entitled to such Pay, Rank, Emoluments and Advantages, as other Officers of the Local Militia are entitled to, and shall succeed to Vacancies

panies which may occur in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, according to their respective Ranks, beginning with the eldest Officer of each Rank respectively; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, in any case in which more than One Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia is ordered to be raised in any County or Stewartry, to direct the Lieutenant, Vice Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenants of such County or Stewartry, to divide each County or Stewartry for the Purposes of this Act, into such Number of Divisions as there are Regiments, Battalions or Corps to be raised in such County, regard being had to the Number of Persons liable to serve and the Establishment of each Regiment, and all other Circumstances of local Convenience; and from and after such Division, each of such Divisions of such County or Stewartry shall supply all Vacancies arising in the Regiments, Battalions or Corps respectively belonging to such Divisions: Provided always, that such Divisions and all Appointments made in pursuance thereof may be from time to time varied or altered, as Occasions may require.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That where the Local Militia of any County or Stewartry shall not be sufficient to form Four Companies, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to direct the Local Militia of such County or Stewartry to be joined to the Local Militia of any other County or Stewartry, in order to form a Battalion, and to be trained and exercised in any one of such Counties or Stewartries as His Majesty shall be pleased to direct; and the different Field Officers to be hereafter appointed to any such Battalion shall be appointed as follows: Where Three or more Counties, Stewartries, Cities or Places shall be joined together to form a Battalion, the Lieutenant Colonel Commandant shall be appointed by the Lieutenant of the County, Stewartry, City or Place, furnishing the greatest Number of private Men; the Lieutenant Colonel shall be appointed by the Lieutenant of the County, Stewartry, City or Place, furnishing the next greatest Number; and the Major shall be appointed by the Lieutenant of the County, Stewartry, City or Place, furnishing the Third greatest Number; and where Two Counties, Stewartries, Cities or Places only shall be joined together to form a Battalion, then and in such case the Lieutenant Colonel Commandant and the Major shall be appointed by the Lieutenant of the County, Stewartry, City or Place furnishing the greatest Number, and the Lieutenant Colonel shall be appointed by the Lieutenant of the County, Stewartry, City or Place, furnishing the least Number: Provided always, that where any County, Stewartry, City or Place, shall not furnish Men sufficient to form a Company, the Lieutenant of such County, Stewartry, City or Place shall not appoint any of the Field Officers.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty in every case for which no special Provision is made by this Act, to cause the Local Militia of any County, Stewartry or Place, to be formed and regulated in such manner as to His Majesty shall seem meet, in regard to the Number of Regiments, Battalions or Corps, conforming to every case, as near as the Proportions of Men will admit, to the Establishment with respect to Regiments, Battalions, Corps and Companies, in this Act particularly directed.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant of any County, Stewartry or Place, as well as Commandant of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia for such County, Stewartry or Place, for and during such time as there shall not be any Commandant appointed to such Regiment, Battalion or Corps; and where the Lieutenant of any County, Stewartry or Place, shall take the Command of any Local Militia of the said County, Stewartry or Place, such Lieutenant shall be entitled to the Rank of Colonel, but shall not receive any higher Pay than that of Lieutenant Colonel Commandant: Provided always, that no Lieutenant of any County, Stewartry or Place, shall act as Commandant of more than One Regiment, Battalion or Corps, at One time, excepting in those cases in which such Lieutenant may have transferred his Services to the Local Militia as Commandant of more than One Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteers.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That every Officer of any Local Militia Regiment, Battalion or Corps, being duly qualified, who may have accepted or shall accept a Commission or Appointment of the same Rank in any other Local Militia Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and shall thereby vacate his former Commission, shall thenceforth rank in the general Service according to the Date of his Commission or Appointment of the same Rank in the Local Militia, he vacated as aforesaid.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That when any Colonel or other Commandant of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, shall be absent from Great Britain, and shall be absent from Great Britain, and shall have notified his Arrival to the Clerk of the Peace of the County, Stewartry or Place to which such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall belong, and to the Commanding Officer and Adjutant thereof, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by Warrant under his Sign Manual, so directed and order that the Officer next in Command, who shall be residing in Great Britain, shall so act in all respects and have as the Commandant of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps; and all Powers and Authorities which might have been exercised by such Colonel or other Commandant, he absent as aforesaid, while resident in Great Britain, shall be vested in and exercised by the Officer next in Command in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, who shall be resident in Great Britain, and from and after issuing the said Warrant as aforesaid, all Matters and Things which ought to be transacted and done by any other Person or Persons with such Colonel or other Commandant, while resident in Great Britain, shall be transacted and done during the time aforesaid, with such Officer so next in Command as aforesaid, who shall be residing in Great Britain; and all Money directed to be issued or paid to or to the Order of such Colonel or other Commandant for the Use of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall be issued and paid to or to the Order of such Officer so next in Command as aforesaid; and all Acts, Matters and Things, done by and with such Officer so next in Command as aforesaid, during the time aforesaid, which are or shall be authorized or required to be done by or with such Colonel or other Commandant while in Great Britain, shall be as good and valid as if done by or with such Colonel or other Commandant; and during the Absence from Great

His Majesty may order Commissions to be granted.

Local Militia of Two or more Counties joined together to form a Battalion.

Proviso.

In what case His Majesty may order Local Militia to be formed, &c.

In what case County Lieutenant may act as Commandant of Local Militia.

Local Militia Officers accepting Commissions of lower Rank in any other Regiment shall have to rank.

When Commandant absent from G. B. His Majesty may order next in Command to act, who shall be vested with these Powers if Commandant shall receive and notify Arrival.

Articles of the Colonel or other Commandant of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and until he shall return to Great Britain, and notify his Arrival as aforesaid, the Officer next in Command in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, who shall be residing in Great Britain, shall appoint the Quarter Master to such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in the same manner as such Colonel or other Commandant might have done: Provided always, that such Officer in next in Command as aforesaid, who shall assume the Powers to grant to him as aforesaid, in consequence of the Absence from Great Britain of his Colonel or other Commandant, shall, within Seven Days after he shall assume any such Powers, notify the Absence from Great Britain of such Colonel or other Commandant to the Lieutenant of the County, Stewards or Place, and also to the Secretary at War: Provided also, that if any such Colonel or other Commandant as aforesaid shall have given any Orders for Clothing or other necessaries, or for Accoutrements, which ought to be provided for the Use of his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in due Course, or in pursuance of any Order by proper Authority and before such Orders shall be completed, or after the same shall be completed, and before the Money shall be paid for the same, such Colonel or other Commandant shall leave Great Britain, the Orders to give by such Colonel or other Commandant shall nevertheless be completed, and the Money to be paid in respect thereof shall be paid to the Order of such Colonel or other Commandant, notwithstanding the Absence from Great Britain as aforesaid; and in like manner if any Officer in next in Command as aforesaid shall, in consequence of the Absence from Great Britain of his Colonel or other Commandant, and under the Authority given to him as aforesaid, give any Orders for Clothing or other Necessaries, or for Accoutrements, which ought to be provided for the Use of his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in due Course, or in pursuance of any Order by proper Authority, and before such Orders shall be completed, or after the same shall be completed, and before the Money which ought to be paid shall be paid for the same, the Colonel or other Commandant shall return to Great Britain, and notify his Arrival as aforesaid, the Orders to give by such Officer in next in Command as aforesaid shall be completed, and the Money to be paid in respect thereof shall be paid to the Order of such Officer, notwithstanding the Return of such Colonel or other Commandant as aforesaid.

LXXXV. And he it further enacted, That His Majesty's self and shall appoint Our proper Person, who shall have served in force of His Majesty's other Forces, or in the Militia while embodied, for the Term of Five Years at the least, to be an Adjutant to each Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia; and such Adjutant, if appointed out of His Majesty's other Forces, shall, during his Service in the Local Militia, preferre his Rank in the Army in the same manner as if he had served in that Service; and it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant of any County, Stewards or Place, or the Recommendations of the Colonel or other Commandant of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, called within such County, Stewards or Place, to appoint the Adjutant of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to serve with the Rank of Captain, provided such Adjutant shall have served Five Years in a Commanded Office as the Regular or Local Militia while embodied, or in His Majesty's other Forces, or as an Adjutant in the Volunteers, *notwithstanding that such Adjutant may not have the Qualifications required by the Act for Captains:* Provided always, that no such Appointment to the Rank of Captain shall be made, unless in the Instrument granting the same it be specified in what Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the Militia while embodied, or of His Majesty's other Forces, such Adjutant hath served, and what was or was the Date or Dates of his Commission or Commissions: Provided also, that no Adjutant so appointed to serve with the Rank of Captain shall, by virtue of the Date of such Appointment as aforesaid, or otherwise, be entitled to rank above or to command any Captain of a Company in the Local Militia: Provided also, that no such Adjutant shall, by reason of any such Appointment as aforesaid, be entitled to receive any greater or other Pay or Allowance than that of an Adjutant.

LXXXVII. And he it further enacted, That in every Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, consisting of not less than Two Companies, it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant of such County, Stewards or Place, with the Approbation of His Majesty, to appoint One fit and proper Person, who shall have passed an Examination at Sergeons Hall, or at the College of Surgeons in Aldersburgh, and received his Certificate accordingly, to be Surgeon of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps; and every such Appointment shall receive the Consent of the Justice of the Peace so appointed, and an attested Copy thereof shall be transmitted to and kept by the Clerk of the General Meetings; and every such Surgeon shall, within the Local Militia to which he shall belong, be disembodied, receive Fifteen Shillings per Day for every Day of his Attendance during any Exercise of such Local Militia under this Act, and One Guinea for every Day that he shall attend the Exercises at the Subjunctive Meetings; such last mentioned Attendants being certified by any Deputy Lieutenant or Lieutenant of such Subjunctive Meeting to the Collector of the County, Stewards or Place, in which such Local Militia shall belong; and every such Surgeon is appointed as aforesaid shall, during the time of the Local Militia to which he shall belong being embodied, receive the Pay and Allowance of a Surgeon of Infantry so His Majesty's other Forces, and be subject to the like Rules, Restrictions and Directions in every respect, as far as the same may be applicable; and it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant of the County, Stewards or Place, to which such Regiment or Battalion shall belong, or the Recommendation of the Colonel or other Commandant of the same, to give to such Surgeon a Commission as Lieutenant or Esquire in such Regiment or Battalion; but no such Surgeon shall be capable of receiving any Pay in respect of any such Commission in such Local Militia, during the time of his being such Surgeon as aforesaid.

LXXXVIII. And he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Colonel or other Commandant of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, with the Approbation of His Majesty, to appoint one fit and proper Person to be the Quarter Master of any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps respectively; and it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant of the County, Stewards or Place, for which such Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall belong, or the Recommendation of the Colonel thereof, to appoint such Quarter Master to serve with the

Rank

Officer next in Command shall within Seven Days after the returning Lane, send a Copy of the same to the Secretary at War: Provided also, that if any such Colonel or other Commandant as aforesaid shall have given any Orders for Clothing or other necessaries, or for Accoutrements, which ought to be provided for the Use of his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in due Course, or in pursuance of any Order by proper Authority and before such Orders shall be completed, or after the same shall be completed, and before the Money shall be paid for the same, such Colonel or other Commandant shall leave Great Britain, the Orders to give by such Colonel or other Commandant shall nevertheless be completed, and the Money to be paid in respect thereof shall be paid to the Order of such Colonel or other Commandant, notwithstanding the Absence from Great Britain as aforesaid; and in like manner if any Officer in next in Command as aforesaid shall, in consequence of the Absence from Great Britain of his Colonel or other Commandant, and under the Authority given to him as aforesaid, give any Orders for Clothing or other Necessaries, or for Accoutrements, which ought to be provided for the Use of his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in due Course, or in pursuance of any Order by proper Authority, and before such Orders shall be completed, or after the same shall be completed, and before the Money which ought to be paid shall be paid for the same, the Colonel or other Commandant shall return to Great Britain, and notify his Arrival as aforesaid, the Orders to give by such Officer in next in Command as aforesaid shall be completed, and the Money to be paid in respect thereof shall be paid to the Order of such Officer, notwithstanding the Return of such Colonel or other Commandant as aforesaid.

His Majesty to appoint, Adjutant to each Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, who shall have served in force of His Majesty's other Forces, or in the Militia while embodied, for the Term of Five Years at the least, to be an Adjutant to each Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia; and such Adjutant, if appointed out of His Majesty's other Forces, shall, during his Service in the Local Militia, preferre his Rank in the Army in the same manner as if he had served in that Service; and it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant of any County, Stewards or Place, or the Recommendations of the Colonel or other Commandant of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, called within such County, Stewards or Place, to appoint the Adjutant of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to serve with the Rank of Captain, provided such Adjutant shall have served Five Years in a Commanded Office as the Regular or Local Militia while embodied, or in His Majesty's other Forces, or as an Adjutant in the Volunteers, notwithstanding that such Adjutant may not have the Qualifications required by the Act for Captains: Provided always, that no such Appointment to the Rank of Captain shall be made, unless in the Instrument granting the same it be specified in what Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the Militia while embodied, or of His Majesty's other Forces, such Adjutant hath served, and what was or was the Date or Dates of his Commission or Commissions: Provided also, that no Adjutant so appointed to serve with the Rank of Captain shall, by virtue of the Date of such Appointment as aforesaid, or otherwise, be entitled to rank above or to command any Captain of a Company in the Local Militia: Provided also, that no such Adjutant shall, by reason of any such Appointment as aforesaid, be entitled to receive any greater or other Pay or Allowance than that of an Adjutant.

No Adjutant to be appointed to the Rank of Captain, unless he shall have served Five Years in a Commanded Office as the Regular or Local Militia while embodied, or in His Majesty's other Forces, or as an Adjutant in the Volunteers, notwithstanding that such Adjutant may not have the Qualifications required by the Act for Captains.

Every Surgeon of a Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, shall be disembodied, receive Fifteen Shillings per Day for every Day of his Attendance during any Exercise of such Local Militia under this Act, and One Guinea for every Day that he shall attend the Exercises at the Subjunctive Meetings; such last mentioned Attendants being certified by any Deputy Lieutenant or Lieutenant of such Subjunctive Meeting to the Collector of the County, Stewards or Place, in which such Local Militia shall belong; and every such Surgeon is appointed as aforesaid shall, during the time of the Local Militia to which he shall belong being embodied, receive the Pay and Allowance of a Surgeon of Infantry so His Majesty's other Forces, and be subject to the like Rules, Restrictions and Directions in every respect, as far as the same may be applicable; and it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant of the County, Stewards or Place, to which such Regiment or Battalion shall belong, or the Recommendation of the Colonel or other Commandant of the same, to give to such Surgeon a Commission as Lieutenant or Esquire in such Regiment or Battalion; but no such Surgeon shall be capable of receiving any Pay in respect of any such Commission in such Local Militia, during the time of his being such Surgeon as aforesaid.

In what it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant of the County, Stewards or Place, for which such Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall belong, or the Recommendation of the Colonel thereof, to appoint such Quarter Master to serve with the

Quarter Master to be appointed, who shall have served Five Years in a Commanded Office as the Regular or Local Militia while embodied, or in His Majesty's other Forces, or as an Adjutant in the Volunteers, notwithstanding that such Adjutant may not have the Qualifications required by the Act for Captains.

Rank of Lieutenant or Ensign, although such Quarter Master may still have the Qualification required by this Act for Lieutenant or Ensign respectively: Provided always, that such Quarter Master shall not be capable of holding any Commission, or receiving any Pay in respect of any Commission in any Company in the Local Militia, during the time of his being such Quarter Master as aforesaid.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That no Adjutant, Sergeant or Quarter Master in the Local Militia, shall be capable of being appointed Captain of a Company, nor shall any Person holding the Commission of Captain of a Company be capable of being appointed, Adjutant, Sergeant or Quarter Master of Local Militia.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Officer who is entitled to Half Pay shall be deemed or taken as forfeit or quit such Half Pay, during the time he shall serve as Colonel, Lieutenant Colonel, Major, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Quarter Master or Sergeant in the Local Militia, but that the same shall nevertheless continue; and in case of the Death of any Officer entitled to Half Pay Officers to entitle them to the Receipt of their Half Pay, every such Officer is entitled to Half Pay and having as aforesaid shall take the following Oath:

I A. B. do swear, that I had not, before the _____ and the _____
 _____ any Place or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides my Allow-
 _____ ance of Half Pay as a Colonel _____ or _____
 _____ or _____ in _____
 _____ or _____
 _____ and except my Pay as (Colonel, Lieutenant Colonel, Major, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant,
 _____ Quarter Master or Sergeant, as the case may be), for serving in the Local Militia.
 And the taking of the said Oath, shall, without taking any other Oath, be sufficient to entitle such Person to receive his Half Pay.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers shall be appointed to the Local Militia, in the following Proportions; that is to say, there shall be One Sergeant and One Corporal to every Twenty Private Men; and there shall be Two Drummers to every Company, with an Addition of One Drummer for each Flank Company of Regiments or Battalions consisting of Five or more Companies as aforesaid; and all Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, not being entered on permanent Pay at Head Quarters in the manner hereinafter directed, shall take the Oath herebefore directed to be taken by Persons chosen by Ballot to serve in the Local Militia; and that all Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, who may have been entered or been engaged to receive on permanent Pay at Head Quarters as herebefore directed, shall take the following Oath: that is to say,

I A. B. do solemnly promise and swear, That I will be true and faithful, and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George, and that I will faithfully serve as the Local Militia within Great Britain, for the Defence of the same, and I will be legally discharged.

And of each Regiment, Corporals and Drummers, receiving permanent Pay as such from any Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall be deemed to be engaged, and shall be comprehensible to serve in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, until they shall be legally discharged, and when not in actual Service shall be upon no other distinct Oath in Two Years: And the Colonel or other Commandant of every Regiment, Battalion or Corps, consisting of Two or more Companies, may appoint a Sergeant Major, and the Colonel or other Commandant of every Regiment, Battalion or Corps, consisting of Three or more Companies, may appoint a Drums Major: Provided always, that no Person who shall keep any House of public Entertainment, or who shall sell any Ale or Wine, or any Brandy or other Spirituous Liquors by Retail, shall be capable of being appointed, or of serving or receiving permanent Pay as an Adjutant, Quarter Master, Sergeant Major, Sergeant, Corporal, Drums Major, or Drummer in the Local Militia.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted, That any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer whether upon permanent Pay, or otherwise, may be discharged by the Colonel or other Commandant, and the said Colonel or other Commandant may appoint any proper Person in the Rooms of every Sergeant, Corporal and Drummer, who shall die, desert, be disabled or discharged, all which Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, is appointed, shall take the like Oath as is herein before required to be taken by Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers respectively.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That in case His Majesty's Levies for any County, City, Borough or Place, or the Colonel or other Commandant of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, shall be deficient of keeping up a greater Number of Drummers than is herein directed to be employed as Fifes or Musicians for the Use of any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and shall be willing to defray the Expence of such additional Drummers, it shall and may be lawful for such Lieutenant or Colonel, or other Commandant, to recruit in their respective Regiments, Battalions or Corps, any Number of the Drummers employed or to be employed as Fifes or Musicians, above and above the Number established by this Act, or at any time hereafter to engage any additional Number of Drummers to act as Fifes or Musicians in their respective Regiments, Battalions or Corps; and all such Drummers so recruited or so engaged to serve in any such Corps as Fifes or Musicians, shall be deemed Drummers of Local Militia within the Meaning of this Act to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and shall be subject to the same Orders, Regulations, Penalties and Punishments as the Drummers of Local Militia are by the said Act subject, and shall continue to serve as Drummers in any such Corps as Fifes or Musicians, until they shall be discharged as other Drummers here, or better Clothing is here directed, and so to be.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Fife Local Militia when drawn out and embodied shall be entitled to the same Pay and Allowances, for themselves and Families, according to their respective Ranks, as the Fife Local Militia when drawn out and embodied.

LXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who serves in the Local Militia under the said Act, upon being attested for Training and Exercise under this Act, be entitled to a Gratuity not exceeding 3s 6d. viz. 111. 5 M. Ten

No Adjutant,
 Captain or
 Ensign, or
 any Person
 appointed Ad-
 jutant, Ad-
 jutant, or
 Ensign, shall
 receive Half Pay
 on taking Oath-
 112

Oath.

Proportion of
 Men Com-
 manded by
 the Officers and
 Drummers.

Oath to be taken
 by New Com-
 manded Officers
 and Drummers
 on Permanent
 Pay.

Sergeant Major
 and Drums Major
 may be appointed,
 but no Person
 shall serve as
 Sergeant, &c.

Commandant may
 discharge
 Sergeants, &c.
 and appoint
 others.

Extra Drummers
 may be employed
 as Fifes or
 Musicians, &c.
 as herein
 directed.

Pay of Fife
 Local Militia
 when embodied
 the same
 as the Fife Local
 Militia when
 embodied.

Issues for
Militia.

Two Shillings and Six pence for the First Year of his Service, and Five Shillings and Three pence for each succeeding Year of Service, to be paid to the Captain commanding the Company to which such Man shall belong, for the Purpose of providing and keeping up such Necessaries for such Person as may be specified in any Order from His Majesty's Secretary of State as that Effect; and all such Sums of Money shall, at the Conclusion of each Period of Exercise or Service as aforesaid, be accounted for, by the Captain commanding each Company, to the Quarter Master of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Captain shall belong; and the Enlistment, date, paid to such Quarter Master, who shall account for the Same to the Secretary at War: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive any Allowance for Necessaries, who shall not have been present during the whole of the Period of Annual Exercise.

Provis.

His Majesty may
put Local Militia
under Command
of Quarter
Officers.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to put the Local Militia enrolled under this Act, when assembled for Training or Exercise in time of War, or when embodied as aforesaid mentioned, in like manner as the Regular Militia when embodied, under the Command of such General Officers of his Regular Forces, as His Majesty shall please to appoint; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

And may order
it to be called
out yearly to be
trained.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to order and direct that the Local Militia to be raised under this Act, shall be called out within their respective Counties or Stewartries in each Year, at such times, in such numbers, and in such Proportions, and under such Regulations as His Majesty shall direct in that behalf, for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, regard being had to the local Circumstances of each County and Stewartry, and to the Services most important to the Course of Industry and Cultivation within the same; and the Periods and Places for such Exercise shall be appointed by the Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants of the several Counties and Stewartries with the Approbation of His Majesty: Provided always, that no Local Militia Men under this Act shall be trained or exercised any greater Number of Days in the whole in each Year than Twenty eight entire Days, exclusive of Days of arriving at and Departure from and marching to and from the Place appointed for Exercise (for which extra Days the Pay and Subsistence allowed to His Majesty's Forces on March shall be allowed); and no such Local Militia shall be ordered to march for such Training and Exercise out of the County or Stewartry within which any such Local Militia shall have been enrolled, unless as aforesaid directed.

Men not trained
for more than 28
Days in a Year,
nor be ordered
to march from
County in which
enrolled.

To what only
Local Militia
may be marched
into adjoining
County.

LXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty by any Order notified by his Secretary of State, upon the Application of the Lieutenants of any County or Stewartry in which the principal Town or Towns of such County or Stewartry shall not afford sufficient Accommodation for the Quarters of the Local Militia of the County or Stewartry, during the Training and Exercising of such Local Militia, or in any case in which it may be more convenient with respect to the Residence of the Persons enrolled to such Local Militia, and to the Distance which such Persons may have to march for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, to authorize and allow, and to order the Local Militia of such County or Stewartry, or any Regiments or Regiments thereof, or any Detachments or Companies of any such Regiment, to be marched into any adjoining County or Stewartry, for the Purpose of training and exercising; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

His Majesty may
direct any Part
of such Militia
Men, and dis-
continue
Training, &c.

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That when the Local Militia of any County, Stewartry, City or Place, shall have been called out for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order of His Principal Secretary of State, at any time that he may think fit, to order and direct any Part or Proportion of such Local Militia to be disbanded, and its Exercise to be discontinued; and from time to time again to direct the assembling of any such Local Militia, or any Part or Proportion thereof, for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, as to His Majesty may seem necessary, according to the Rules and Provisions in this Act contained.

Men may re-
turn from one
County to
another.

XC. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person enrolled to serve as a Private in the Local Militia under this Act shall be desirous of removing from one County, Stewartry or Place, to another County, Stewartry or Place, at any time or times during the Period of his Service, it shall be lawful for him so to do, upon giving Notice in Writing to his Commanding Officer, who shall certify the same to the Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants, or the Clerk of the Lieutenancy of the County, Stewartry or Place to which such Local Militia Men intends to remove; and every such Local Militia Man so removing, shall be received into the Local Militia of the County, Stewartry or Place, if there be any Local Militia enrolled in such County, Stewartry or Place; and if not, into the Local Militia of some adjoining County, Stewartry or Place, to that in which he shall have removed, and shall continue to serve therein for the Remainder of the Term for which he shall have been enrolled; and every such Local Militia Man who shall not prefer himself to the Deputy Lieutenants or Joint Subjuncts in such County, Stewartry or Place, or such adjoining County, Stewartry or Place as aforesaid, for the Purpose of being enrolled in the Local Militia thereof, and who shall not transmit to the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, from which he shall have removed, within One Month after the Expiration of such Annual Training, a Certificate of the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps into which he may have been removed, of his having been duly trained and exercised in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall forfeit double the Sum which such Person would have forfeited if he had not appeared to be trained and exercised in the Local Militia in which he was ballotted under this Act; and every Person who shall, as aforesaid, or who shall proceed to any other County, Stewartry or Place, that that of which he shall have been given Notice, shall in like manner give Notice, and transmit Certificates as aforesaid: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful for any Person enrolled to serve in a Local Militia Man, to remove from one County, Stewartry or Place, to another County, Stewartry or Place, during the time that the Regiment to which he belongs shall be assembled, without having first obtained the Consent of his Commanding Officer expressed in Writing.

Penalty.

And may direct
Penalty
Training.

XCI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or for the Vice Lieutenant of any County, Stewartry or Place, or for the Sheriff of any County, or Steward of any Stewartry, or, in the Absence of the Lord Lieutenant and Vice Lieutenant and Sheriff of any County, Stewartry or Place, for any Two Justices of the Peace, and One Deputy Lieutenant, to call out and address the Local Militia, or any Part of the Local Militia of such County, Stewartry or Place, for the Suppression of any Riot or Tumult in such County, Stewartry or Place, or in any adjoining County, Stewartry or Place; and every Person then enrolled in the Local Militia shall be called out as aforesaid, who shall not appear and join his Regiment, within such time and at such Place as shall be specified in any Notice or Notices put upon the Door of his Parish Church, or otherwise publicly given, shall be subject to the same Penalties and Forfeitures as are contained in this Act, for not appearing when the Local Militia shall be assembled for Training and Exercise: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for any Justice or Deputy Lieutenant to exempt the Whole or any Part of any Place or Parish, situated or to be situated upon any Part of the Coast, from being called out and assembled on such Service as aforesaid, and all such Local Militia, when so called out and assembled on such Service as aforesaid, shall be decreed to be assembled for Training and Exercise under this Act; and all Provisions relating to the Local Militia when assembled for Training and Exercise shall apply to the Local Militia called out upon such Service as aforesaid, and all Days of such Service shall be deemed Part of the Days of Training and Exercise under this Act: Provided always, that when any Local Militia shall be so called out as aforesaid, the same shall be immediately notified to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, for His Majesty's Approbation thereof: Provided also, That no such Local Militia shall be liable to be kept assembled upon any such Service for any longer Period than Twenty eight Days in any One Year; and if any such Service shall arise after any such Local Militia shall have been trained and exercised for the full Period of Twenty eight Days in such Year, then and in such case the Days of such Service shall be deemed Part of the Days of Training and Exercising of the succeeding Year.

XCII. And be it further enacted, That any Person able and fit to serve, being a Sergeant on the Establishment of His Majesty's Regular Militia, or being an Out Pensioner on the Establishment of the said Militia, and being appointed to serve as a Sergeant in the Local Militia, may and shall receive the Allowance to which he is entitled on the Establishment of the said Militia, together with his Pay from the said Local Militia; and any Person who shall have lawfully served on Foot as a Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, in the Regular Militia, or as a Private Man in the Regular Militia, or as a Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer in the Regular Militia, shall by Service in the Local Militia make up on the whole such Period of Twenty Years Service in the Army, Militia, and Local Militia taken together, and who shall be discharged on Account of Age or Infirmary, shall, on the Recommendation of the Colonel or other Commandant of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs, and the Lieutenant, or Two or more Deputy Lieutenants of the County, Stewartry or Place to which the said Regiment, Battalion or Corps belongs, or for the Death or Removal, or in the Absence of the said Lieutenant, or the Recommendation of the Colonel or other Commandant, and Three or more Deputy Lieutenants of such County, Stewartry or Place, be entitled to Gratification at the His Majesty's Board, and be capable of being placed on the Establishment of the said Militia at the Pension of Five pence per Day, if the said Board should judge him deserving thereof.

XCV. And be it further enacted, That, during such time as any Local Militia shall be assembled for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, or for the Suppression of any Riot or Tumult as aforesaid, all the Clubs, Taverns, Messes and Things contained in any Act of Parliament which shall then be in force for the punishing Misdemeanors and Offences; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, and in the Articles of War made in pursuance of such Act, shall be so long with respect to such Local Militia, and to all Officers, Non Commissioned Officers, Drummers and private Men of the same, in all cases whatsoever, but in that no Punishment shall extend to Life or Limb; and that it shall be lawful for the Officer commanding and acting with any Detachment or Division of Local Militia called out to Exercise under any of the Provisions of this Act, not being under the Rank of Captain, to order, when he shall think it necessary, a Regimental Court Martial to be held for the Trial of any Offender committed by any Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or private Man, under and during his Command; and if a sufficient Number of Officers shall not be present to constitute such Court Martial, it shall be lawful for the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, to which any such Detachment or Division of Local Militia shall belong, and he is hereby required, upon Application made to him by the Officer commanding such Detachment or Division for that Purpose, to order a sufficient Number of Officers of proper Rank to attend for the Purpose of sitting at such Court Martial, who shall forthwith attend the same, and assist as Members thereof; and the Sentence of every such Court Martial shall in every case be submitted to the Colonel or other Commandant of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Detachment or Division shall belong, or (in his Absence) from the County, Stewartry or Place) to the Senior Field Officer within the same, for his Approval thereof, who shall send such Sentence to be put in Execution, attested or countersigned, as he shall in his Discretion think best by the Sentence: Provided always, that every such Court Martial which may have been sitting at the Trial of any Offender as aforesaid, during the Period of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps, being at any time in Training and Exercise, or for the Suppression of Riots or Tumults, may continue to sit, notwithstanding the Dissolution of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to which the Members composing the Court Martial were being.

XCVI. And be it further enacted, That every Officer, Non Commissioned Officer and private Man of the Local Militia, who shall during the Period of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he shall belong

Lord Lieutenant, or may act on Local Militia for Suppression of Riots, and shall not appear in his Parish.

When so called out, as aforesaid, shall be liable to be kept assembled for more than 14 Days in One Year.

Such Person as shall be appointed to receive the Allowance to which he is entitled on the Establishment of the said Militia, may receive the same from the said Local Militia.

During such time as any Local Militia shall be assembled for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, or for the Suppression of any Riot or Tumult as aforesaid, all the Clubs, Taverns, Messes and Things contained in any Act of Parliament which shall then be in force for the punishing Misdemeanors and Offences; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, and in the Articles of War made in pursuance of such Act, shall be so long with respect to such Local Militia, and to all Officers, Non Commissioned Officers, Drummers and private Men of the same, in all cases whatsoever, but in that no Punishment shall extend to Life or Limb; and that it shall be lawful for the Officer commanding and acting with any Detachment or Division of Local Militia called out to Exercise under any of the Provisions of this Act, not being under the Rank of Captain, to order, when he shall think it necessary, a Regimental Court Martial to be held for the Trial of any Offender committed by any Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or private Man, under and during his Command; and if a sufficient Number of Officers shall not be present to constitute such Court Martial, it shall be lawful for the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, to which any such Detachment or Division of Local Militia shall belong, and he is hereby required, upon Application made to him by the Officer commanding such Detachment or Division for that Purpose, to order a sufficient Number of Officers of proper Rank to attend for the Purpose of sitting at such Court Martial, who shall forthwith attend the same, and assist as Members thereof; and the Sentence of every such Court Martial shall in every case be submitted to the Colonel or other Commandant of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Detachment or Division shall belong, or (in his Absence) from the County, Stewartry or Place) to the Senior Field Officer within the same, for his Approval thereof, who shall send such Sentence to be put in Execution, attested or countersigned, as he shall in his Discretion think best by the Sentence: Provided always, that every such Court Martial which may have been sitting at the Trial of any Offender as aforesaid, during the Period of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps, being at any time in Training and Exercise, or for the Suppression of Riots or Tumults, may continue to sit, notwithstanding the Dissolution of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to which the Members composing the Court Martial were being.

Officers, Non Commissioned Officers and private Men of the Local Militia, who shall during the Period of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he shall belong

Officers, Non Commissioned Officers and private Men of the Local Militia, who shall during the Period of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he shall belong

being embodied or assembled for Training and Exercise, or for the Suppression of Riots and Tumults, have been guilty of any Offence against any Act of Parliament in force for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, or any Articles of War made in pursuance of any such Act, and shall have been put under Arrest here, or shall have been reported to any Officer of his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and shall have committed such Offence before the Disbanding or Dismissal of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, may be tried by any General or Regimental Court Martial consisting of Officers of the Militia or Local Militia, and if found guilty may be punished for such Offence, although the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Officer, Non Commissioned Officer or private Man shall belong, shall not then be embodied or assembled, in like manner as any Officer, Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, or private Man of the Local Militia may be tried during the Period of the Local Militia being embodied.

XCV. And be it further enacted, That Notices of the Times and Places of Exercise of the Local Militia Men to be made by virtue of this Act shall, by Order of the Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant, or (in the Absence of the Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant) of any Three Deputy Lieutenants, be sent by the Clerk of the General Meetings to the Clerks of the several Subdivision Meetings in the respective Counties, Stewarries and Places; and shall be advertised Three times in the County or Stewartry Paper, or if any County or Stewartry shall have no Paper, then in some Newspaper published in such County; and the said Deputy Lieutenants, at every Subdivision Meeting to be held for carrying this Act into Execution, after the Receipt of the said Notices, shall cause the Men living for such Subdivision to be called out in such Order and Conformity as shall be notified by the Clerk of the General Meetings as aforesaid, and for that Purpose shall issue Orders directing the Schoolmasters, Constables and other Officers within their respective Divisions and Parishes, which Schoolmasters, Constables and other Officers shall cause such Notice as aforesaid to be affixed on the Door of the Churches or Chapels belonging to three respective Parishes or Places, or (if any Place shall have no Church or Chapel belonging thereto) on the Door of the Church or Chapel of some Parish or Place three times adjoining, which Notice so advertised or affixed as aforesaid, shall be deemed a sufficient Notice to every Parish included by virtue of this Act, notwithstanding any Objection in the Delivery of written Notices to a more beneficially directed; and such Schoolmasters, Constables and other Officers, so hereby required shall give Notice in Writing to the several Local Militia Men who shall be called out to be trained and exercised at such Times and Places respectively, by serving them personally, or by leaving the same at their usual Places of Abode, to be read at the Time and Place appointed in such Order; and all such Local Militia Men shall duly attend at the Time and Place of Exercise according to such Notices respectively.

XCVI. And be it further enacted, That the Clerks of the several Subdivision Meetings in every County, Stewartry or Place shall, within the Space of Ten Days after the Receipt of such Notices as aforesaid, from the Clerk of the General Meetings, cause a full and true List, specifying the Name and Date of the Enrollment of all the Persons enrolled (within each Subdivision respectively) in force in such Local Militia, and the Times and Place of Exercise to be transmitted to the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, to which such Persons have been enrolled by virtue of this Act, or to such Person as shall be appointed by such Commanding Officer to receive the same, and shall in like manner cause a Duplicate of such List to be transmitted to the Adjutant of the said Regiment, Battalion or Corps.

XCVII. And be it further enacted, That the Pay of every Person enrolled to serve in the Local Militia of any County, Stewartry or Place, who is so enrolled and called out as aforesaid, and who shall be called out for the Purpose of being trained and exercised as aforesaid, shall commence upon the Day on which such Person shall join the Regiment, Battalion, Corps, Detachment or Division to which he shall belong, and not before.

XCVIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Local Militia Men shall on his March to the Place where he shall be ordered to attend for the said Exercise, be disabled by Sickness or otherwise, it shall be lawful for any One Justice of the Peace of the County, Stewartry or Place, or any Mayor or Chief Magistrate of any City, Borough or Place where such Man shall then be, by Warrant under his Hand, to order him such Relief as such Justice, Mayor or Chief Magistrate, shall think reasonable, and the same shall be given by the Clerk or Sexton of the Parish or Place where such Local Militia Man shall then be; and the Clerk or Sexton giving such Relief shall, upon producing an Account of the Expenses thereof to the Quarter Master of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Local Militia Man shall belong, (such Account being first allowed under the Hand of a Justice of the Peace) be reimbursed such Expenses by such Quarter Master, who shall be allowed the same in full Account.

XCIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Justice, Justices and other Chief Magistrates, and for all Constables and other Peace Officers of Cities, Boroughs, Parishes and Places, and (in their Default or Absence) for any One Justice of the Peace inhabiting within any such City, Borough, Parish or Place, (but for no others) and they and he or she and it respectively hereby required to quarter and billet the Officers, Non Commissioned Officers, Drummers and private Men serving in the Local Militia at the times when they shall be called out to attend Exercise, in Inns, Lodging Houses, Ale Houses, Victualling Houses, and all Houses of Refreshment being ready, Strong Wines, Cyder, Wine or Malt, together with Bread, upon Application made to any such Justice, Justices or other Chief Magistrates, or for any Constables, or other Peace Officers of His Majesty's Lieutenant, or by the Clerk or other Commanding Officer of the Local Militia, in the County, Stewartry or Place where they shall be so called out to Exercise as aforesaid; and when the Local Militia are not embodied, the said Clerks and other Officers shall, at the Request and other Chief Magistrates

of the several Counties, or of the several Stewartries, or of any One Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, may, and lawfully may and lawfully respectively require to enter and provide convenient Lodgings, with Fire and

Coals,

Credle, in such Hoofes as aforesaid, for the Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers of the Local Militia on present Pay.

C. And be it further enacted, That when the Local Militia shall be called out to be trained and exercised, or for the Suppression of Riots or Tumults, any Justice of the Peace of any County, Stewartry or Place, being aforesaid, required by an Order from the Lieutenant or from any Deputy Lieutenant of such County, Stewartry or Place, or from the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Battalion, Corps, Detachment or Division of Local Militia, being within such County, Stewartry or Place, may and shall issue his Warrant, specifying the Carriages necessary in convey the Arms, Cloths, Accoutrements, Ammunition and other Stores of any such Regiment, Battalion, Corps, Detachment or Division of Local Militia, and the Persons or Persons by whom the same shall be furnished, with the Number of Men who shall be required to draw the same; and in each such Warrant and Men cannot be provided within any such County, Stewartry, Parish or Place, then any Justice of the Peace for any adjoining County, Stewartry, Parish or Place, may and shall, upon such Order aforesaid being shown to him, issue his Warrant for such Carriages and Men as shall be necessary to make up the Deficiency; and the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion, Corps, Detachment or Division of Local Militia for which such Carriages and Men shall be required to be provided as aforesaid, shall pay to the Persons or Persons who shall provide such Carriages, such Rate per Mile as shall be fixed by such Justice, and specified in such Warrant, not exceeding Four pence per Mile say Cart with one Horse shall tow, and in Proportion for any Number of Carriages drawn by any greater Number of Horses; and every Person so ordered to provide such Carriages and Men is hereby required to provide and furnish the same accordingly, for one Day's Journey and no more.

CL. And be it further enacted, That when any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, or any Detachment or Division thereof as aforesaid, shall be assembled for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, or for the Suppression of Riots or Tumults, it shall be lawful for the Captain or Commanding Officer of every Company, to put the Local Militia Men of his Company under Stoppage, not exceeding Four pence per Day, for the Purpose of providing them with Lodges, and also with such other Necessaries as shall be specified in any Order from the Secretary of State to that Effect, and for debaring the Expense of repairing any Arms which shall have been broken or damaged by any such Local Militia Men; Provided always, that every such Captain or Commanding Officer shall account with each Local Militia Man for such Stoppage, and also for any such disbursements that shall have been laid out and paid for Necessaries, and for repairing the Arms as aforesaid, shall pay the same accordingly, (if any there shall be) into the Hands of the Local Militia Men to whom the same belong, before such Local Militia Man shall be dismissed from such Training and Exercise, or such Assembly.

CLII. And be it further enacted, That the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of every Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, as above as his Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall be called out on Exercise as before directed, and within Fourteen Days from the time of assembling, shall and is hereby required to return to the Lieutenant of the County, Stewartry or Place to which the same belongs, a true State of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and a Duplicate thereof to the Clerk to the General Meetings, to be kept by him; and all such Lists shall state the Numbers actually present, adding thereto the Names of those that have been absent without Leave of the Commandant, or without transmitting Certificates of Health; and when the Local Militia of any County, Stewartry or Place shall be so ordered to be trained and exercised in Parts or Proportions successively as now so directed by this Act, the Officer commanding every such Part or Proportion for the time being shall, within Seven Days after the assembling of such Part or Proportion, make a Return of the State of the Local Militia exercised by him or under his Command to the Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to which the Local Militia exercised shall belong, on Pain of forfeiting Twenty Pence for every such Offence; and the Colonel or Commanding Officer receiving such Returns shall, within Seven Days after all the Returns of Men belonging to his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, who shall have been so furnished, shall have been received by him, transmit a General Return to the Lieutenant of the County, Stewartry or Place, to which such Local Militia shall belong, and a Duplicate thereof to the Clerk of the General Meetings, to be kept by him; and in case any Officer shall refuse or neglect for Three Months after the time herein appointed for making such Returns, so to do, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pence.

CLIII. And be it further enacted, That the Captain or Commanding Officer of every Company of Local Militia called out to Exercise under this Act shall, during the time of such Exercise, take and cause to be made and transmit Returns of the State of the Classes of the Men belonging to his Company, as aforesaid, according to the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (D.), specifying the Names of all the Men who are present, and the Subdivisions to which every such Class Man shall belong, and shall deliver the same to the Adjutant of the Regiment, Battalion or Company, as or to whom shall be so Adjutant, to the Commanding Officer of the Local Militia of the County, Stewartry or Place, to which such Company shall belong, and such Adjutant or Commanding Officer, as the case may be, shall, within One Month after every such Exercise as aforesaid, prepare and make out a general and accurate Return of all such Classes, as aforesaid, in such Form, and with such Specifications as aforesaid, and shall transmit the same to the Clerk of the General Meetings, and shall also transmit to the Clerks of the Subdivisions belonging within the County, Stewartry or Place, to the Local Militia of which he shall belong, Extracts of such Returns, containing the List of the Class, of Men belonging to their respective Subdivisions, and such Subdivisions Clerks shall transmit such Lists or Books of Extracts of their respective Subdivisions, as aforesaid, and accurate and correct Returns, and the Clerk to the General Meetings shall forth with, upon Receipt of such Returns as aforesaid, and within Two Months after the Expiration of such Exercise as aforesaid, make out and transmit to the Clerk of the General Meetings of the County, correct Abstracts of all such Returns as aforesaid, made out by the Form in the Schedule marked

Letters to great
Warren for in-
forming Clerks
of the Local Militia
as to March.

Rate paid for
Carriages.

Local Militia
Men who
shall not be
paid for
under Stoppage
for providing
them with
Lodges, &c.

Returns of
Local Militia
when called out
to be exercised,
to be made by
Colonel, or
the Commanding
Officer, &c.

Pence.

Shilling.

Pence.

Copy of Com-
pany's Return to
be sent for
Adjutant or
other person
for Commanding
Officer, who
shall receive
the same, and
send it to the
Clerk of the
General Meet-
ings, and return
the same to
the Clerks of
the several
Subdivisions
within the
County, &c.

within certain Periods to be specified in the Secretary of State, And
 First of Rewards, Negligence, Penalty, And an Apprehension of Exclusion, or otherwise, Penalty.

Imprisonment.

Man detaining and not returning, or not returning within Three Months, when released for

Such Man returning, And compelled to serve.

Money returned, Salary Arms, &c. or expelling or causing to be expelled from the Army, Penalty.

Expelling Local Militia Arms, &c.

Penalty.

Apprehension.

When Local Militia are assembled, &c. Application to be filed.

Commander, And may select any Quarter of

marked (E) to that Act enacted; and every Person so required as aforesaid to make any such Returns, who shall wilfully refuse or neglect to make the same in manner aforesaid, at the Period so by every required for that Purpose, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

CIV. And be it further enacted, That every Local Militia Man (not labouring under any Infirmary incapacitating him) who shall not appear at the Time and Place appointed for his being exercised according to the Direction of this Act (Notice having been published and given as by this Act required), shall be deemed a Deserter, and if not taken until after the time of any such Exercise, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and also every Local Militia Man, who, having joined the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs, or any Company or Companies, or Detachment or Division thereof, shall desert or absent himself during the time of any such Exercise, and shall not be taken until after the time of such Exercise, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if such Penalty shall not be immediately paid, the Justice of the Peace before whom any Local Militia Man shall be convicted of any such Offence, shall commit such Local Militia Man to the House of Correction to hard Labour, or to the Common Gaol, there to remain, without Bail, for any Space not exceeding Three Months, and not less than Fourteen Days, or until he shall have paid the said Penalty.

CV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Local Militia Man shall desert or absent himself from his Duty, and shall not return and voluntarily surrender himself to the Adjutant or other Officer, Colonel, Lieutenant or Non-Commissioned, commanding at the City or Place where the Arms of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he shall belong, shall be deposited, or shall not be taken within the Space of Three Months from the time of his so deserting or absents himself, then upon Certificates thereof from the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belonged, to the Deputy Lieutenant, at any of their Meetings for the Subdivision for which such Local Militia Man was enrolled, such Deputy Lieutenant, or any Two or more of them, or any One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace or hereby required to hold a Subdivision Meeting, and to proceed to ballot for another Person to be received in return to such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to the Rooms of such Local Militia Man; and in case such Local Militia Man shall at any time thereafter return or be taken, he shall, notwithstanding any Person shall have been chosen in his Room, be compelled to serve in the same manner and for the same Term as if no Person had been chosen in his Room.

CVI. And be it further enacted, That all Markers delivered for the Service of the Local Militia shall be marked distinctly in some visible Place with the Letters (L. M.), and the Name of the County, Stewards or Place to which they belong; and in case any Local Militia Man shall sell, pawn, or lose or wilfully damage any of his Arms, Cloths, Accoutrements or Ammunition, or neglect or refuse to return when required to do so the same in good Order to his Captain, or to the Person appointed to receive the same, every such Local Militia Man shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Three Pounds; and if such Local Militia Man shall not immediately pay such Penalty, the Justice of the Peace before whom he shall be convicted shall commit him to the House of Correction, to be kept to hard Labour, with the Common Gaol for any time not exceeding Three Months, or until he shall have paid such Penalty.

CVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall knowingly and wilfully buy, take in Exchange, conceal or otherwise improperly receive any Local Militia Arms, Cloths or Accoutrements, or any such Articles belonging to any Local Militia Man as are generally deemed Regimental Necessaries, or may have been specified as such in any Order from His Majesty's Secretary of State in that behalf, being provided for the Soldier, and paid for by the Money allowed under this Act for providing Necessaries, or by Deductions out of his Pay, or any public Stores or Ammunition whatsoever delivered for the Local Militia, upon any Account or Pretence whatsoever, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, the Person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds; and if such Offender shall not immediately pay such Penalty, and shall not have sufficient Goods and Effects wherewith to levy such Penalty, the Justice before whom he or she shall be convicted shall commit him or her to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail for the Space of Six Months, or until he or she shall have paid the said Fine, or shall cause such Offender to be publicly or privately whipped, at the Discretion of such Justice; and it shall be lawful for the Justice before whom any such Offender shall be convicted, to order him to be detained in Custody until a Return shall be made to the Warrant of Detention.

CVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Adjutant, Quarter Master, Serjeant Major, Sergeant, Corporal, Drum Major and Drummer of the Local Militia raised on permanent Pay at Half Quarters as hereinafter directed, shall be in all things subject to any Act which shall be in force for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, and to the Army in War, under the Command of the Colonel or other Commandant of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs; and it shall be lawful for the Colonel or other Commandant of any Regiment, Battalion or Corp of Local Militia, to direct the holding of Courts Martial as hereinafter directed, for the Trial of any such Serjeant Major, Sergeant, Corporal, Drum Major or Drummer of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps; by either a General or Regimental Court Martial, for any Offence against the said Act or Articles of War, committed during the time such Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall not be embodied or admitted for the Purpose of Training and Exercise; and for the Trial of any Serjeant, Corporal, Drummer or private Man of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, who shall have deserted while the said Regiment, Battalion or Corps was embodied, and shall not have been apprehended till after it shall have been disembodied, but so that no Punishment shall extend to the Loss of Life or Limb.

CIX. And be it further enacted, That, if a sufficient Number of Officers as hereinafter directed, shall be found, it shall be lawful for the Colonel or other Commandant, and in his Absence for the Senior Field Officer

Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which the Person on whom such Court Martial is to be held, shall belong, to order any Officers of the Local Militia of the County, Stewartry or Place to which such Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall belong, actually resident within the Town where such Sergeant Major, Sergeant, Corporal, Drums Major or Drummer is to be tried, or within Fifteen Miles thereof, to attend and assist as Members of such Court Martial, who shall throughout attend at the time required, and assist accordingly; but no Officer shall be entitled to receive Pay for any such Attendance: Provided always, that no Sentence of any Court Martial held as aforesaid on any Sergeant Major, Sergeant, Corporal, Drums Major or Drummer, or private Man as aforesaid, shall be put in Execution, until it shall have been confirmed by the Colonel or other Commandant, or by the Field Officer by whose Order such Court Martial was assembled.

CX. And be it further enacted, That any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer of the Local Militia, may, by Sentence of a Court Martial, be reduced to the Condition of a private Local Militia Man, so long as such during any time not exceeding Fifteen Months, is in the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs, shall not be there embodied or called out into actual Service; and in case the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs shall be then embodied or called out into actual Service to serve as aforesaid, until the disbanding of the said Regiment, Battalion or Corps, after which time or at the End of the said Fifteen Months, as the case may be, if not regularly re-appointed to the Rank of a Non-Commissioned Officer or Drummer, he shall be discharged from the Service: Provided always, that in case any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer serving on Permanent Pay, shall have been reduced by Sentence of a Court Martial to serve as a Private Man, for any Period not exceeding Fifteen Months, such Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer shall not by such Reduction be relieved from his Engagement as a Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, but shall at the Expiration of the Period of such Reduction, be again liable to serve as such until legally discharged; nor shall any such Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, during the Period of such Reduction, be at Liberty to enlist or enter into His Majesty's Regular Forces, Navy, Marines or Regular Militia, unless with the Consent of his Commanding Officer (specified in Writing.

CXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any General Court Martial assembled for the Trial of any Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man of the Local Militia, to sentence any such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man to serve as the Local Militia, for any Period not exceeding Four Years, or to serve the Period for which he may be already enrolled; or to sentence any such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man to serve for any Period not exceeding Three Years, in the Regular Militia of the County, Stewartry and Place; and such Man shall throughout be entitled to serve for any such Period, and shall be, to all Intents and Purposes, considered a Militia Man during such Period; and it shall also be lawful for any General or Regimental Court Martial, by whom any such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man may have been sentenced to Imprisonment, to adjudge any such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man, to be imprisoned in any House of Correction, Common Goal, or public Prison of the County, Stewartry and Place, for any Period not exceeding Twelve Months.

CXII. And be it further enacted, That all Gaolers and Keepers of Prisons shall, if required so to do by any Provision of a General or Regimental Court Martial assembled for the Trial of any Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man of the Local Militia, receive into their Custody, and confine for such time as they shall be respectively required so to do, any such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man who may have been sentenced to Imprisonment by any such General or Regimental Court Martial; and every Gaoler and Keeper of a Prison who shall refuse to receive and to confine any such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds: Provided always, that during the Continuance of any such Imprisonment, the Gaoler or Keeper of such Goal shall receive the full Satisfaction of such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man, at the Rate of Six pence per Day for his Maintenance, during the time that such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man shall continue in Custody; which Sum of Six pence per Day shall be paid by the Quarter Master of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which any such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man may belong, and shall be charged and allowed to his Account.

CXIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which the Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Battalion or Detachment of Local Militia shall deem it necessary to confine any Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man of the Regiment under his Command, in order to be brought to Trial before a Court Martial, it shall be lawful for such Commanding Officer, by Writing under his Hand, to commit such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man to the Custody of the Gaoler or Keeper of any Prison, Goal or House of Correction, who shall receive into his Custody and confine such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man accordingly, such Gaoler receiving the full Pay of such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man, for his Maintenance during the time he may continue in such Confinement: Provided always, that no such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private Man shall continue in Confinement, in order to his Trial by a Court Martial, more than Eight Days, or until a Court Martial can conveniently be assembled.

CXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing and other Stores, belonging to every Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia, when assembled, shall be kept in other convenient Place at the Colonel or other Commandant's Hall or City, with the Approbation of the Lieutenant of the County, Stewartry or Place; and that the Quarter Master of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, shall have the Charge and Care of such Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing and other Stores, under the Superintendency of the Colonel or other Commandant; and it shall be lawful for the Clerk of the General Meetings of Lieutenancy, at the Desire of the Colonel or other Commandant, to draw upon the Custody of the Clerk of such County, Stewartry and Place respectively, for any Sum necessary for the Purpose of providing a proper Place for keeping such Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing and Stores, not exceeding the Proportion of Ten Pounds

Local Militia, resident where Trial is to be, to sit as Court Martial, has not entitled to Pay.

Sentences not put in Execution until confirmed by Colonel, or other Commandant, or by the Field Officer, by whose Order such Court Martial was assembled.

Private

Court Martial may sentence to serve as Regular Militia.

or to imprisonment.

Gaolers receive Prisons when required by Provision of Court Martial.

Ready Pay.

Commanding Officers may commit Men prisoners to Court Martial.

Private

Arms, &c. of every Local Militia to be deposited in Place approved of by Commandant with Approbation of County Lieutenant, to be under Care of Quarter Master.

after provided) and shall act in such Command under the Orders of the Colonel or other Commandant of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps; and that the Adjutant, and, in his occasional and unaccountable Absence, the Sergeant Major, or (where there is no Sergeant Major) the Senior Sergeant shall make Monthly Returns of the one State of the Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps severally, to His Majesty's Secretary of State, to the Lieutenant of the County or Stewartry, and to the Colonel or other Commandant of the said Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in Duplicate of which, on each such Neglect, such Adjutant or Sergeant Major shall be subject to such Punishment as a Court Martial shall adjudge; and that no Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall be absent from such City, Town or Place, without a regular Furlough or Licence in Writing, signed by his Colonel or other Commandant; and every Sergeant, Corporal and Drummer, who shall absent himself without such Furlough or Licence, shall forfeit all Pay during the time of such Absence, and be liable to be apprehended and punished as a Desertor; and such Adjutant shall never absent himself from such City, Town or Place, without Leave of the Colonel or other Commandant of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or for more than Three Calendar Months in One Year, except as aforesaid, when such Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, shall be under the Command of the Quarter Master, Sergeant Major, or of some Sergeant who shall be appointed by the said Adjutant, with the Approbation of the said Colonel or other Commandant, to act as Sergeant Major during the Absence of such Adjutant or of the Senior Sergeant, when the Corps has no other Adjutant or Sergeant Major.

CVIII. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty at any time to order and direct that the Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers of the Local Militia retained on permanent Pay at Head Quarters as aforesaid, should be employed with their respective Companies or Squadrons under the Command of the Adjutant, in raising Volunteers for His Majesty's Regular Forces or for the Militia: Provided always, that no such Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, who shall have contracted to receive any reduced Rate of Pay during the Period of the Regiment to which he belongs not being embodied or aforesaid for Exercise, shall be compellable to be employed on such Service in any other Town or Place than that in which the Arms belonging to such Regiment are kept, without his Consent specified in Writing.

CXIX. And he is further enacted, That if any Local Militia Man shall not join the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, Detachment or Division to which he belongs, at the time of annual Exercise, or shall desert during the time of annual Exercise, and shall not be apprehended before the Expiration of the time appointed for such Exercise, and if the Commanding Officer, or the Adjutant of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or the Commanding Officer of the Company, Detachment or Division to which such Officer belongs, shall receive Information of the Place where he shall be or reside, any such Commanding Officer or Adjutant may, by Writing under his Hand, describe the Person of such Offender, and also certify that he did not join the Regiment, Battalion, Corps, Detachment or Division, at the time of annual Exercise, or that he deserted during the time of annual Exercise, (as the case may be) and send the same by a Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to the Adjutant or Sergeant Major of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or to the Senior Sergeant when there is no Adjutant or Sergeant Major of the Corps, of the County, Stewartry or Place wherein such Offender is supposed to be or reside; and the Adjutant, Sergeant Major or Senior Sergeant, to whom such Certificates shall be sent, shall forthwith direct a Party of the Sergeants, Corporals or Drummers of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs, to assist in apprehending such Offender, and conveying him before some Justice of the Peace of the County, Stewartry or Place, wherein such Off. afo. shall be apprehended; and if by his Confession, or the Testimony of any Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath, or the Knowledge of such Justice, it shall appear or be found that such Person is guilty of such Offence, such Adjutant, Sergeant Major or Senior Sergeant as aforesaid, shall order a Party of the Sergeants, Corporals or Drummers under his Command, to convey such Offender to the Head Quarters of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia of the next County, Stewartry or Place in the way to the County, Stewartry or Place to which such Offender belongs, and deliver him into the Custody of the Adjutant or Sergeant Major of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or Senior Sergeant as aforesaid, who shall cause him to be conveyed in like manner to the Adjutant or Sergeant Major of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or Senior Sergeant of the Corps of the next County, Stewartry or Place, and in the like manner until such Offender shall be delivered into the Custody of the Adjutant or Senior Major of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or Senior Sergeant as aforesaid, of the Corps to which he belongs, who shall take him before a Justice of the Peace, to be dealt with as the Act directs in case of Local Militia Men deserting or absconding themselves from their Duty who are not embodied or called out into actual service; and from the time of his being so apprehended as aforesaid, until he is brought before such Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, such Offender shall be subjected at the Rate of Six pence per Day, to be paid by the Collector of the County, Riding or Place to which such Regiment, Battalion or Corps belongs, for which Satisfaction such Justice is hereby required to make such Order upon such Collector, which, with the Receipt taken upon Payment, shall be received as Cash by the Receiver General of Scotland from such Collector; and if any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, retained upon permanent Pay, shall desert from the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs, it shall be lawful for any Headborough, Constable or other Officer of the Town or Place where any Person who may be lawfully suspected to be such Desertor shall be found, to cause such Person to be apprehended and taken before any Justice of the Peace being in or near to such Town or Place, who is lawfully empowered to cause such Person to be apprehended, and if by his Confession, or the Testimony of any Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath, or by the Knowledge of such Justice, it shall appear or be found that such suspected Person is such Desertor, such Justice shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Common Goal of the County, Stewartry or Place where he shall be found, or the House of Correction or other public Prison in the Town or Place in or

made by a
city of
A.L.

Sergeant, Ac.
shall not be
Leave.
Duty.

Adjutant shall
without Leave,
a. for more than
Three Months
in the Year, ex-
cept with Regts.
&c.

Sergeants, Ac.
ordered to do
Warrants for
Recall of Peace
or Militia.

Method of pro-
secuting when
Information is
received of
Absence of
Local Militia
Men who shall
not join at
annual Exercise,
or shall desert
during it, and
not be ap-
prehended.

Method of pro-
secuting when
Person who
shall not be
taken to the
House of Cor-
rection, or
other public
Prison, or
other place

Indepen-
dence soldiers
in Detach-
ment
not in File.

That to whatever Detachment he is apprehended, there to remain until he is removed by some Person of His Majesty's Command; and that he shall be removed to the nearest Barracks, or to the Clerk of the Local Militia in that County, Stewards or Place, to which he is to be removed, and the Keeper of such Gaol, House of Correction or Prison, shall receive the following Order, viz. That the Rate above specified for such Detachment, during the time he shall continue in the same, shall not be applied to any Part or Part of the Account of his Employment; and that the following Officers of His Majesty's Command, receiving such Account, shall severally transmit a Copy thereof to the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs, to wit, the Adjutant or other Officer commanding the Regiment, Company and Detachment of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps stationed on permanent Duty at the Local Militia; and where there is no such Officer at the Local Militia, to the Adjutant or other Officer commanding the Regiment, Battalion or Corps in any County, Stewards or Place, each Clerk shall send such Copy to the Clerk or other Commandant or Commanding Officer of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and the Clerk of the Adjutant or Officer commanding Regiments, Companies and Detachments, shall send a Copy of the same to the respective Head Quarters, within the County, Stewards or Place, and the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Detachment shall be found to belong, or the Adjutant or Officer commanding such Regiment, Company and Detachment of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall and he is hereby required, immediately on receiving such Copy as aforesaid, to send any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, or any Party of the Regiment, Company or Detachment of his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to the Place where such Detachment shall be confined, and shall also send by such Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, or the Sergeant commanding such Party of Sergeants, Corporals or Drummers, an Order, under his Hand, to the Keeper of the said Gaol, House of Correction or Prison, requiring him to deliver such Detachment to the Prison or Prisons therein named, which he is hereby required to do; and the Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer to whom such Detachment shall be so ordered to be delivered, in case One only shall be sent on such Duty, shall apply to the Adjutant or Sergeant Major of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or to the Senior Sergeant of the Corps of the County, Stewards or Place where such Detachment shall be confined as aforesaid, and such Adjutant, Sergeant Major or Sergeant, shall order a sufficient Party of the Regiment, Company or Detachment under his Command, to assist in conveying such Detachment, and he shall be conveyed to the Adjutant or Sergeant Major of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps or Senior Sergeant of the Corps to which he belongs, in the same manner as before specified with respect to the conveying of Private Local Militia Men to the Adjutant or Sergeant Major of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or Senior Sergeant of the Corps to which they belong; and such Adjutant or Sergeant Major or Sergeant, shall take such Detachment before a Justice of the Peace of the County, Stewards or Place to which he belongs, who shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Common Gaol, House of Correction or other public Prison of such County, Stewards or Place, where he shall remain, without Bail, until a Court Martial can and shall be summoned, and hold for the Term of such Detachment, according to the Provisions of the Act, when he shall be delivered to the Prison or Prisons named in any Order to be issued for that Purpose, and the Head of the Office to which such Detachment shall be conveyed shall be summoned, requiring the Delivery of such Detachment; and all Gaolers and Keepers of Prisons shall (if required so to do by any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, employed in conveying any such Local Militia Men or Sergeants, Corporals or Drummers belonging to the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs) receive into their Custody, and confine such Offender for such time as they shall be respectively so required to do; and every such Gaoler or Keeper of any Prison who shall refuse so to do, shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings; and all such Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, while they are employed in conveying such Duty as aforesaid, and all other Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers of the Local Militia while on any March, or employed on any Duty upon which they may be commanded by any legal Authority, shall be billeted in the manner, as Sergeants, Corporals or Drummers belonging to His Majesty's other Forces, employed in apprehending and conveying Detachments, are to be billeted.

CXX. And he is further enacted, That the Justice of the Peace before whom any Detachment shall be brought, shall and may, upon Proof of the Conviction of any such Detachment, either before a Justice of the Peace, or by Sentence of a Court Martial, issue his Warrant to the Quarter Master of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Detachment shall belong, or to the Commanding Officer, requiring such Quarter Master or such Commanding Officer to pay out of the Contingent Fund of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps the Sum of Twenty Shillings to the Prisoner who shall have apprehended such Detachment; and such Quarter Master or Commanding Officer is hereby authorized and required to pay the same accordingly as Demanded.

CXXI. And he is further enacted, That if any Prisoner shall harbour, conceal or assist any Detachment, knowing him to be such, the Prisoner so offending shall forfeit the every such Offender the Sum of Five Pounds.

CXXII. And he is further enacted, That in all cases of actual Invasion of any Part of the United Kingdom, or of the Appointment of an Enemy in force upon the Coast of any Part of the United Kingdom, and in all cases of Rebellion and Insurrection, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order in Council or Proclamation, to draw out and employ such Local Militia, or any Part or Proportion thereof, and to draft all or any of such Local Militia Men to be marched to any Part of Great Britain for the Prevention and repelling of any such Invasion, or for the Suppression of any Rebellion or Insurrection, and to keep and employ such Local Militia as aforesaid for any Period His Majesty may deem requisite, not exceeding Six Weeks after the Enemy shall have been prevented or expelled, or driven from the Coast, or after such Rebellion or Insurrection shall have been suppressed; and from the time of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia being called out and embodied as aforesaid, until the time shall be returned again to its own County,

Stewards

Secretary or Place, and embodied by His Majesty's Order, the Officers and Commissioned Officers, Drummers and private Men of every such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall be subject to all the Provisions contained in any Act of Parliament which shall be then in force, for the passing Writ and Detachment; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, and the Articles of War made in pursuance thereof; and all the Provisions contained in every such Act, and Articles of War, shall be in force with respect to the Local Militia, and shall extend to all the Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Drummers and private Men of the Local Militia, which embodied as aforesaid, in all cases whatsoever.

XXXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That neither the Whole, nor any Part of the Local Militia directed by this Act to be raised and maintained, shall on any Account be carried or ordered to go out of Great Britain.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever His Majesty shall cause the Local Militia to be drawn out and embodied as aforesaid, if the Parliament shall then be separated by such Adjournment or Prorogation as will not expire within Fourteen Days, His Majesty may and shall give a Proclamation for the Meeting of the Parliament within Fourteen Days, and the Parliament shall accordingly meet and sit upon each Day as shall be appointed by such Proclamation, and continue to sit and act in like manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if it had been adjourned or prorogued to the same Day.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Lieutenants of every County, Stewartry and Place, or (on the Death or Removal of any such Lieutenant, or on his Absence from his County, Stewartry or Place) any Three or more Deputy Lieutenants, to whom any Order from His Majesty for drawing out and embodying the Whole of the Local Militia of such County, Stewartry or Place, shall be directed, shall forthwith (upon his or their Order to the Constables, Schoolmasters or other Officers of the several Parishes and Places within their respective Counties, Stewardries or Places) and such Constables, Schoolmasters or other Officers, are hereby required, upon Receipt thereof, forthwith to cause Notice in Writing to be given to the several Local Militia Men, or left at their usual Places of Abode, within their respective Parishes, Tithings or Places, to attend at the Time and Place mentioned in such Order.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Officer serving in the Local Militia shall sit in any Court Martial upon the Trial of any Officer or Soldier serving in any of His Majesty's other Forces, or in the Regular Militia; nor shall any Officer, serving in any of His Majesty's other Forces, sit in any Court Martial upon the Trial of any Officer or Soldier serving in the Local Militia: Provided always, that nothing in this Act shall be construed to prevent any Officer of the Regular Militia from sitting in a Court Martial upon the Trial of any Officer or Soldier serving in the Local Militia.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person of the said Local Militia, ordered to be drawn out and embodied as aforesaid (not labouring under any Infirmary incapacitating him to serve as a Local Militia Man) shall not appear and march in pursuance of such Order, every such Local Militia Man shall be liable to be apprehended and punished as a Delinquent, according to the Provisions of any Act which shall be then in force for passing Writ and Detachment; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, and of the Articles of War, made in pursuance of the same; and if any Person shall harbour and conceal any such Local Militia Man, when ordered to be drawn out and embodied as aforesaid, knowing him to be such Local Militia Man, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That, from the Date of His Majesty's Order in Council or Proclamation as aforesaid, for drawing out the Local Militia of any County, Stewartry or Place, into actual Service, the Officers and Men of the Local Militia of such County, Stewartry or Place, shall be entitled to the same Pay as the Officers and Men of His Majesty's Regular Militia, and no other; and if any Non-Commissioned Officer, Drummer or private Man of the Local Militia, that be named or wounded in such actual Service, he shall be equally entitled to the Benefit of Chirurgery Hospital with any Non-Commissioned Officer, Drummer or private Man belonging to any of His Majesty's other Forces.

XXXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Pay of every Officer, Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer and private Man, who shall not join his Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, on the Day appointed for that Purpose, shall commence only from the Day of his joining such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, unless such Officer, Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or private Man, shall have been prevented from joining on the Day appointed as aforesaid by Sickness or any other reasonable Necessity; or he proved to the Satisfaction of the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he shall first Officer, Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer or private Man may by Order of his Commanding Officer, be accounted with for his Pay from the Date of His Majesty's Order in Council or Proclamation as aforesaid.

XL. And be it further enacted, That the Pay of every Person entitled to serve in the Local Militia of any County, Stewartry or Place, when such Local Militia shall have been embodied and called out into actual Service, shall commence upon the Day in which such Person shall join the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he shall belong, and not before: Provided always, that he shall be liable for the Deputy Lieutenants or Officers of the Place by whom any such Person shall have been so entitled, to order and direct or Allowance to be made to such Person, for the Purpose of enabling him to proceed to and join the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he may belong, not exceeding the Rate of the Pay of twenty Days in each calendar month from the Place where he was called to the Place where the said Regiment, Battalion or Corps may be stationed, to be calculated at the Rate of one shilling ten Pence per Day, with the usual Number of halving Days; and the said Allowance of Pay shall be advanced to such Person at the time of his Discharge by the Clerk of the Subsidies Meeting under the Order of the Deputy Lieutenants

as embodied, subject to His Majesty's Order in Council of the 17th of May 1794.

Local Militia not raised out of G. B.

Proclamation for Meeting of Parliament.

When Local Militia are drawn out to be drawn out, County Lieutenants or other Officers, Notice to attend.

Local Militia Officers not to sit in Courts Martial unless authorized.

Local Militia not to serve in Courts Martial.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Local Militia to be entitled to the same Pay as the Officers and Men of His Majesty's Regular Militia, and no other.

Local Militia to be entitled to the same Pay as the Officers and Men of His Majesty's Regular Militia, and no other.

Local Militia to be entitled to the same Pay as the Officers and Men of His Majesty's Regular Militia, and no other.

or Justices aforesaid, or One of them, and shall be repaid to the said Substretes Clerk by the Collector of the County, Stewartry or Place, or the Prothonotary to that Effect, signed by the said Deputy Lieutenant or Justices, or One of them; and the said Collector shall be allowed for the same in his Accounts accordingly.

When Local Militia ordered out, Collector shall pay to Captain of every Company One Guinea for the 12 of each Man, and after that the Return, in such manner as may be made by the said Collector, to be laid out for his Allowance. Captain to account with Men for same.

CCXXXI. And be it further enacted, That where the Local Militia of any County, Stewartry or Place, shall be ordered out as a actual Service, the Collector of such County, Stewartry or Place, shall and is hereby required forthwith to pay to the Captain or other Commanding Officer of every Company of Local Militia in ordered out, the Sum of One Guinea for the Use of every private Local Militia Man belonging to his Company; and the said Collector shall also pay to every Captain or other Commanding Officer of a Company as aforesaid, the Sum of One Guinea for every Return as early as may be after such Return shall have been made to him in his Accounts; and the Money so received by any Captain or other Commanding Officer, or so much thereof as such Captain or Commanding Officer shall think proper, shall be laid out by him, agreeably to the Orders which he may receive from the Colonel or other Commandant, in the manner such Colonel or other Commandant shall think most advantageous for the respective Local Militia Men; and such Captain or Commanding Officer shall, on or before the Twenty fourth Day of the Month next ensuing that as which he shall have received such One Guinea as aforesaid, account to such Local Militia Man how the said Sum of One Guinea hath been applied and disposed of, and shall, at the same of setting such Account, pay the Remainder of the Money (if any) to the said Local Militia Man.

When Regiment out of County or Part of same, which time is within Four Months of ending, and who are willing to continue in Service, and for what Place, shall receive Payroll to be certified by Commanding Officer to the Clerk of the County, Stewartry, or Place, signed with his Name.

CCXXXII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, shall be embodied, and absent from the County, Stewartry or Place to which it belongs, the Commanding Officer of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, shall apply to every Man who at that time shall be within Four Months of expiring, and who in his Judgment, and after an Examination by the Surgeons of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall be fit to serve as a Local Militia Man, and inquire if he is willing to continue in the Service for such Term as any Man who should be then balloted to serve would be subject to, and for what Price or Sum, and in any case exceeding Two Guineas, he will so continue; and such Commanding Officer, shall on the First Day of the Months of January, March, May, July, September and November respectively, or as soon after as conveniently may be, transmit to the Clerk of the General Meetings of the County, Stewartry or Place to which his Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia belongs, a List of all such Men in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia as he shall find willing to continue in the Service, on such Terms as aforesaid, and which List shall be signed by every such Local Militia Man as aforesaid, and shall be made in the Form in the Schedule marked (F.); and that the signing of the said List shall be binding upon the Parties signing the same, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

When a Regiment of Local Militia is called out for Training, Commanding Officer shall make out List of Men who are willing to receive Bounties.

CCXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, shall be embodied for the Purpose of annual Training and Exercise, the Commanding Officer of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall apply to every Man living in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, whose time will expire in the Course of the ensuing Year, who may be of the Height specified in the Act, and between the Ages of Eighteen and Thirty, and who in his Judgment, and after an Examination by the Surgeons of the Regiment, shall be fit to serve as a Local Militia Man, and who shall not have more than Two Children under Fourteen Years, and inquire if he is willing to continue in the Service for such Term, as any Man who should be then balloted to serve would be subject to, and the what Price or Sum, and in any case exceeding Two Guineas, he will so continue; and such Commanding Officer shall, as soon after as conveniently may be, transmit to the Clerk of the General Meetings of the County, Stewartry or Place, to which his Regiment, Battalion or Corps belongs, a List of all such Men in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps; which List shall be signed by every such Local Militia Man as aforesaid, and shall be made in the Form in the Schedule marked (F.); and the signing of such List shall be binding upon the Parties signing the same, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Clerk of General Meetings or his Deputy or Clerk of Substitutes Exercise of Returns, and Deputy Lieutenant may cause Men willing to continue to be balloted in Volunteer, and receive Payroll to be certified by the Return to the Receiver of the Payroll.

CCXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the General Meetings of every County, Stewartry or Place aforesaid, shall, as soon after the Receipt of such Returns as the same can be done, transmit to the respective Clerks of the Substitutes Meetings, for the Use of the Deputy Lieutenants sitting in such Substitutes, general Returns of such Returns, specifying in every such Return a Man as a Ball has been entered for the Substitution to which the Clerk, to whom any such Return is sent, shall take; and thereupon in each the Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall not be embodied, if it shall be found for such Deputy Lieutenants, if they shall think fit, to cause the Men willing to continue to serve as aforesaid, to be balloted as Volunteers for the particular and respective Parishes or Places for which they shall have been originally balloted to serve, and in every such case to do it and require the Heir of such Parish or Place, to pay such Bounty or Bounties to be given to such Men so engaged, immediately upon their Enrolment; and in each such Regiment, Battalion or Corps should then be embodied, then to cause such Men to be enrolled as Volunteers in such Manner as aforesaid, and to tender and deposit the Heir of an aforesaid to every such Bounty or Bounties to be given to such Men to the Paymaster of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in which such Men shall be then serving, who shall forthwith pay or account to the said Men respectively for the same; and a Ball and may be levied for the Heir of such Parish to make an Affidavit for the Amount of all such Bounties paid or wanted for Bounties, in the manner in which an Affidavit is herein directed to be made by such Heir for Bounties to Volunteers, provided and produced to Deputy Lieutenants by Heir of Parishes or Places.

CCXXXV. And

CXXXV. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall have been enrolled to serve in the Local Militia, and whose Term of Service shall be prolonged in the manner herein directed beyond the Term of Four Years, shall be entitled to the same Allowance for Mobilization, and all other Allowances which are by this Act directed to be allowed during the First Year of their Service to Persons enrolled in the Local Militia, and shall in like manner be entitled to such Allowances, in like manner as the Term of Service of any Person so enrolled to serve in the Local Militia shall be prolonged as aforesaid.

CXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person sworn and enrolled in the said Local Militia, just before or under any Infantry encamping him to serve as a Local Militia Man shall not with due Diligence join the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia of the County, Stewartry or Place, for which he shall be so sworn and enrolled, (in case such Regiment, Battalion or Company shall then be embodied) according to such Order as shall be given him in that respect by the Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenants, or any of them, or by any Officer of the said Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or by any other Person authorized to give such Order, or if any Person serving in any embodied Local Militia, or any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall be lost or absent himself from his Duty; every such Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer or private Local Militia Man shall be liable to be apprehended and punished, according to the Provisions of any Act which shall be then in force for the punishing Misdemeanors and Delinquency; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, and of the Articles of War made in pursuance of the same, and may by a General Court Martial be adjudged to further Service in the Local or Regular Militia for some Term to be limited, or to Service in His Majesty's other Forces, without Limitation as to the Period or Place of such Service, according to the Cases Martial before whom he shall be tried, that shall think it to do so; and in case the said Court shall adjudge such Local Militia Man to serve in His Majesty's other Forces, and such Sentence shall be approved by His Majesty, it shall be lawful by Order under the Hand of the Secretary at War, or his Deputy, to cause such Man, if found fit for general Service, on Examination by a Surgeon of His Majesty's other Forces, to be entered as a private Soldier, to serve in such Regiment or Corps of His Majesty's other Forces as shall be directed in such Order, and to be forthwith conveyed either to the Head Quarters of the Regiment or Corps in which he shall be so entered, or to such other Place as shall be directed in such Order; and shall, from the time of his being delivered over to be so conveyed as aforesaid, be subject and liable to all the Orders and Paragraphs contained in any Act then in force for punishing Misdemeanors and Delinquency, as if he had been originally enlisted for general Service, or for the Regiment or Corps in which he shall be so ordered to be entered as aforesaid.

CXXXVII. And whereas it may be expedient that only such a Proportion of the Local Militia, and in each of the Counties, Stewartries and Places as shall be specified in any Order of His Majesty, should be drawn out and embodied as the said Act enacts, and that the Appointment of the private Men necessary to constitute such Proportions, should be made or decided by Ballot or otherwise as is hereinafter mentioned in each Subdivision or District, without assembling them previously out of the Subdivisions or Districts to which they belong; Be it therefore enacted, That the Lieutenant of every County, Stewartry or Place, or (in case of Vacancy or in the Absence of the Lieutenant from his County, Stewartry or Place) any Three or more Deputy Lieutenants, to whom any Order of His Majesty for the Purpose of embodying the said Local Militia, or such Part or Proportion thereof as His Majesty shall have judged necessary and advised to be embodied, shall have been directed, shall, as soon after the Receipt thereof as conveniently may be, after his or their Order to the Clerks of the several Subdivisions Meetings in each County, Stewartry or Place, to go upon a make out a roll and true List, containing the Names of all Persons enrolled to serve in the said Local Militia by virtue of the said Act, within each Subdivision respectively, and arranged according to their Orders as hereinafter mentioned, before a Day to be specified in the said Order of the Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid, and which Day shall not be more than Three Days after the Date of such Order; and the said Clerks shall, within the time fixed by such Order, prepare and make out such Lists accordingly, and also Two Duplicate thereof, one of which Duplicates shall be for the Use of the Deputy Lieutenants at their respective Subdivisions Meetings, and the other Duplicate thereof shall be transmitted to the Clerk of the General Meetings, for the Use of the Lieutenant of the County, Stewartry or Place, or the Deputy Lieutenants who shall have issued such Order as aforesaid.

CXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid to whom His Majesty's Order shall be directed, shall at the time of issuing his or their Order hereinafter mentioned, direct the Clerk of the General Meetings to advertise the Place and Time of assembling the Local Militia in the County or Stewartry Paper, or if any County or Stewartry shall have no Paper, then in some Newspaper published in the City of Edinburgh, and also also his or their Order for assembling all the Men of the said Local Militia within their respective Subdivisions, or in each Place or Places within their respective Counties, Stewartries or Places, and in each Proportion as to the said Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid, shall appear well expedient, on the Day or Days to be specified in such his or their Order, to the Constables, Schoolmasters or other Officers of the several Parishes and Places within the said Counties and Stewartries respectively; and such Constables, Schoolmasters or other Officers, are hereby required upon Receipt thereof forthwith to cause Notice to be given to the several Men of the said Local Militia, or left at their usual Places of Abode, within their respective Parishes or Places, to attend within their respective Subdivisions or Districts, at the Time and Place mentioned in such Order, and shall also cause such Notice to be affixed on the Doors of the Churches or Chapels belonging to their respective Parishes or Places, or (if any Parish shall have no Church or Chapel belonging thereto) on the Doors of the Church or Chapel of some Parish or Place therein adjoining, which Notice so advertised or affixed as aforesaid, shall be deemed a sufficient Notice to every Person enrolled by virtue of this Act, notwithstanding

Advertisements
Wherein
Terms of Service
is prolonged.

If any Man
enrolled shall not
join, or if any
of them, as any
Surgeon, An-
dral doctor or
other licensed
Practitioner.

His Majesty
shall cause
Local Militia, or
Proportions
thereof, to be
embodied, in
County Lieuten-
ants, An. shall
also be directed
Clerks of the
Subdivisions, to make
and attend
Persons enrolled.

Duplicate
Copy made by
Deputy Lieutenants,
and an-
other authorized
in Clerk of
General Meet-
ings
His Majesty
shall cause
the attending
Men within
their respective
Subdivisions, and
in each Place
shall be such
persons well ex-
pedient, and
Churches or
Chapels, or if
left at their
usual Places of
Abode, within
their respective
Parishes or
Places, to attend
within their
respective
Subdivisions
or Districts,
at the Time
and Place
mentioned in
such Order,
and shall also
cause such
Notice to be
affixed on the
Doors of the
Churches or
Chapels belong-
ing to their
respective
Parishes or
Places, or (if
any Parish
shall have no
Church or
Chapel belong-
ing thereto)
on the Doors
of the Church
or Chapel of
some Parish
or Place there-
in adjoining,
which Notice
so advertised
or affixed as
aforesaid, shall
be deemed a
sufficient
Notice to every
Person enrolled
by virtue of
this Act,
notwithstanding

withholding his Certificate, or the Delivery of written Notice in answer to the said Certificate, and of each Local Militia Man shall duly attend at the Time and Place appointed in each Subdivision.

Meaning of the
Words in this
Act, shall be
the same as in
the Statute
in that behalf
made.

CXCKIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person of the said Local Militia, choosing under any Indenture incorporating him to serve as a Local Militia Man, shall not appear in pursuance of such Order, or appearing, shall not abide the Orders of the Deputy Lieutenants according to the Statute in that behalf made, every such Person shall be deemed a Delinquent, and if not taken precisely to the Completion of the Ballot at which such Person ought to attend in pursuance of this Act, shall forfeit the Term of Ten Pounds, and shall be deemed and taken to be a Person liable to be embodied within the Interval and Missing of this Act, and to serve according to the Directions herein contained, over and above the Number to be chosen by Ballot as aforesaid.

Meaning of the
Words in this
Act, shall be
the same as in
the Statute
in that behalf
made.

CXLI. And be it further enacted, That the said Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid of every County, Stewartry or Place, or any Three or more of them, shall appear at the First Meeting to be called by the several Deputy Lieutenants of the same County, Stewartry or Place within three days after the Subdivision, or at such other Place or Places as shall have been appointed as aforesaid, on the Day mentioned in the said Order as aforesaid, for attending the Meeting of the said Local Militia, in order to their being chosen or balloted to serve according to the Directions of this Act, and shall also appoint the Time and Place of attending; such of the said Men as shall be to be chosen or balloted within their respective Counties, Stewartries or Places, in order to their being embodied; of which several Appointments the respective Deputy Lieutenants shall have Notice; and all the Men enrolled on the List of every such Subdivision or District, and appearing in pursuance of such Order as the Day to be appointed, shall be then mustered by the said Deputy Lieutenants, and the said Deputy Lieutenants shall at such Meeting proceed in the manner by this Act directed, to make a Number of the Men to appear to be chosen or balloted for, according to the Directions of this Act, equal to such Proportion of the complete Number that had been or ought to be enrolled by virtue of this Act, on the List of such Subdivision or District, as shall or may be specified in His Majesty's Order for drawing out and embodying any Part or Proportion of the Local Militia as aforesaid, and to cause the Names of all the Persons chosen or balloted to be marked on the List of each Subdivision or District; and when the Choice and Ballot shall be concluded, the said Deputy Lieutenants shall cause the List of each Subdivision or District to be publicly called; and as the Name of each Person contained therein shall be read, shall then and there declare whether such Person is or is not (as the case may be) chosen or balloted out of such List in the manner hereinafter provided; and the Names of all the Persons so chosen and balloted shall be returned to the Lieutenant of the County, Stewartry or Place for which such Persons are enrolled, or to the Deputy Lieutenants who shall have given such Order as aforesaid; and the Persons so chosen and balloted shall be embodied to serve according to the true Intent of this Act; and the said Deputy Lieutenants shall openly declare to the Men, who have been so chosen or balloted, the Time and Place of their attending, in order to their being embodied; and all and every such Persons or Persons who shall have been declared to be to be chosen or balloted, shall immediately proceed and repair to, and shall duly attend at the Time and Place to be so appointed and declared, in order to their or her being embodied accordingly; and all and every such Person or Persons as shall be so declared not so have been so chosen or balloted as aforesaid, shall be discharged from further Attendance in pursuance of such Order as aforesaid.

Meaning of the
Words in this
Act, shall be
the same as in
the Statute
in that behalf
made.

CXLII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Deputy Lieutenants, in their several Subdivision Meetings, and before they proceed to choose or ballot, as herebefore directed, to create and correct the Names of the Men contained in such Lists or Cliffs, according to the several Changes or Alterations that may have taken place since the last Review or Correction thereof.

Meaning of the
Words in this
Act, shall be
the same as in
the Statute
in that behalf
made.

CXLIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever His Majesty shall think fit to draw out and embody a Part or Proportion only of the Local Militia of any County, Stewartry or Place, the Deputy Lieutenants at their several Subdivision Meetings shall, before they proceed to choose or ballot for the private Men who are to form such Part or Proportion, examine the Cliffs of the Descriptions herebefore mentioned, entered according to the Provisions of this Act, and in every case, in which the Part or Proportion of the Militia required to be called out in such Subdivision shall equal the Number of Men contained in such First, or First and Second, or other succeeding Cliffs in their Order, then and in such case the Men contained in such Cliffs or Cliffs, as the case may be, shall be forthwith chosen without any Ballot; and when the Proportion of Men to be required as aforesaid, shall be less than the Number of Men contained in such First Cliffs, then such Proportion shall be balloted in one of such Cliffs only, and no other; and when the Proportion so required as aforesaid shall exceed the Number of Men contained in the First, or First and any succeeding Cliffs or Cliffs in the Order in which they shall be read as aforesaid, the Deputy Lieutenants shall first choose all the Men in such First Cliffs, or First and next succeeding Cliffs or Cliffs, until such Proportion shall be as near as may be completed, and shall then proceed to ballot in manner directed by this Act for the Remainder of the Proportion so required as aforesaid, out of the Cliffs immediately following the last Cliffs that shall have been wholly taken towards making up such Proportion as aforesaid; and the Deputy Lieutenants shall proceed in like manner for supplying of any further Part or Proportion of Local Militia, in case any further Part should be afterwards ordered by His Majesty to be so embodied, and shall, during the whole of the time that a Part or Proportion only of the Local Militia shall remain embodied, supply all Vacancies, as they shall arise, in such Part or Proportion, out of the Cliffs in their Order; and shall in no case proceed to ballot for the supplying of any Vacancy out of any Cliffs, until all the Men contained in the preceding Cliffs or Cliffs, who shall be able and fit to join such Local Militia, shall have been chosen for that Purpose.

Meaning of the
Words in this
Act, shall be
the same as in
the Statute
in that behalf
made.

Meaning of the Words in this Act, shall be the same as in the Statute in that behalf made.

CXLIII. And

CXLIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Local Militia, or any Part or Preparation of the Local Militia of any County, Stewartry or Place, shall have been ordered to be drawn out and embodied in pursuance of this Act, or any any of the Provisions enacted in any Subdivision of such County, Stewartry or Place, the Local Militia whereof shall be ordered to be drawn out and embodied as aforesaid, shall make itself ready by not appearing in pursuance of any such Order as aforesaid, or by Delinquency or Absence from Duty; and such Person shall not be taken within the Space of Three Months from the time of such Delinquency, than a Voucher shall be cleared by the Deputy Lieutenant, at their First Meeting to be holden for the Subdivision for which the Person so making Default was summoned, next after the Receipt of the Certificate of such Default, Delinquency or Absence, under the Hands of the Officer commanding the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to which such Person belonged, and the Voucher thus cleared shall be forthwith filled up by a Justs Ballot within the Subdivi^on as aforesaid.

CXLIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person enrolled by virtue of this Act, and not called or balloted as aforesaid, who shall not have any Child or Children being under the Age of Fourteen Years, shall after himself as a Volunteer, to be drawn out and embodied in the Rank of any Person so called or balloted, a Ball be lawful for the Deputy Lieutenant at any Meeting, to accept such Volunteer in the Rank of such Person so called or balloted as aforesaid, and such Person so accepted shall serve as if he had himself been so called or balloted in manner aforesaid.

CXLV. And be it further enacted, That every Man of the said Local Militia who shall appear and attend at the Ballot to be taken as herebefore directed, and who shall not be called or balloted as aforesaid, shall be entitled to an Allowance, after the Rate of One Shilling per Diem, during the time he shall be necessarily employed from Home, in going to and returning at, and returning from the Place to be appointed for such Ballot, not to exceed Three Days, to be paid by the Clerk of the Subdivision or other Meeting in which such Man shall be enrolled; and on the Certificate of the Number of Men so paid, under the Hands of such Deputy Lieutenant and Justice of the Peace respectively, or where no Deputy Lieutenant shall there attend, then of any One such Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, the Collector of such County, Stewartry or Place, shall reimburse to the said Clerk the Sums so paid, out of any Money in his Hands of any Aid granted by Parliament by way of Land Tax.

CXLVI. And be it further enacted, That the respective Clerks of the Subdivisions or other Meetings shall be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to draw on the Collector of the Land Tax for the County, Stewartry or Place, for such Sum or Sums of Money as such Deputy Lieutenant and Justice of the Peace respectively, or where no Deputy Lieutenant shall attend, then as our Justice of the Peace shall, by any Order under their or his respective Hands or Hand, direct and appoint, which Sum or Sums of Money shall be applied by such respective Clerks for paying the Allowances herebefore directed to be made; and the Receipt of any such Clerk, together with such Order, shall be to the said Collector of the Land Tax a sufficient Discharge for the Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money, and be allowed in his Account.

CXLVII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of each Subdivision or other Meeting shall, when required by such Deputy Lieutenant and Justice of the Peace, or where no Deputy Lieutenant shall attend, then by One Justice of the Peace, make out an Account of the respective Sums of Money by him received and paid, in pursuance of this Act, to be by them examined, allowed and signed; and the Account so examined, allowed and signed, shall be and is hereby directed to be the proper Voucher and Acquittal of such Clerk for the Application and Disposal of such Money.

CXLVIII. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to deliver His Majesty from ordering the Remainder of the said Local Militia, or so many of the Remainder of the said Local Militia of any County, Stewartry or Place, as His Majesty shall in his Wisdom think proper, to be drawn out and embodied whenever the Occasions shall require, according to the Provisions prescribed by this Act.

CXLIX. And be it further enacted, That whenever His Majesty shall think fit to draw out and embody any further Preparation of the Local Militia of any County, Stewartry or Place, it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant of such County, Stewartry or Place, or Three or more Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid, and he and they are and are hereby respectively required to cause such further Preparation to be drawn out and embodied as His Majesty shall direct; and in so doing such Lieutenants and Deputy Lieutenants respectively, and all and every the Deputy Lieutenants, and all other Officers aforesaid respectively, shall perform the Rules and Directions herebefore prescribed for drawing out and embodying the First Preparation aforesaid.

CL. And be it further enacted, That, if during such time as any Part of the Local Militia which shall have been drawn out and embodied for Service, shall continue embodied, His Majesty shall deem it expedient that the Local Militia of any County, Stewartry or Place, or any Part thereof, which shall not at such time be actually embodied for Service, should be drawn out in order to be marched, trained and exercised, for a limited time, instead of being so embodied for Service, according to the Provision of this Act, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to direct the Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants of all or any of the said Counties, Stewartries or Places, to recall the said Local Militia not actually embodied, or any Part thereof, to be drawn out, in order to be marched, trained and exercised, in such Proportion, and for such time, and at such Place or Places, as shall be appointed, with the Approbation of His Majesty, by the Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants, in manner in a herebefore directed for training and exercising the distributed Local Militia; and the same shall be marched, trained and exercised accordingly.

CLI. And be it further enacted, That, whenever the Whole of the Local Militia of any County, Stewartry or Place, is ordered to be embodied, all the Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Drummers of every Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the Local Militia of such County, Stewartry or Place, shall immediately join the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which they respectively belong, at the Time and Place appointed for the embodying

any Part
embodied in any
Subdivision of
County, Local
Militia whereof
shall be ordered
to be embodied,
shall deliver,

to and shall
not be taken
within Three
Months, Vol-
unteers being
excepted, after
the 1st of June
in any year
shall not be
taken out, or
being ordered,
shall not be
taken out, or
being ordered,
shall not be
taken out,
or being ordered,
shall not be
taken out,

Clerks may draw
upon Collectors,
Justice of the
Peace, Lieuten-
ants, or any
Justice of the
Peace, for any
Aid granted.

Clerks who
are required to
make out Ac-
counts of Money
received and
paid, shall be
entitled to a
Certificate of
allowance.

When called out
or embodied, any
Part of the Local
Militia which
is not actually
embodied, may
be drawn out
to be marched,
trained and
exercised, for
a limited time,
instead of being
so embodied.

Where the Whole
of the Local
Militia of any
County, Stewartry
or Place, is
ordered to be
embodied, all
Officers, Non-
commissioned
Officers, and
Drummers, of
every Regiment,
Battalion, or
Corps, shall
immediately
join the
Regiment, Bat-
talion, or Corps
to which they
respectively
belong, at the
Time and Place
appointed for
the embodying

Where the whole
Local Militia of
any County, Stewartry
or Place, is
ordered to be
embodied, all
Officers, Non-
commissioned
Officers, and
Drummers, of
every Regiment,
Battalion, or
Corps, shall
immediately
join the
Regiment, Bat-
talion, or Corps
to which they
respectively
belong, at the
Time and Place
appointed for
the embodying

shall join, and which shall be the Property of them as His Majesty shall direct.

embodiment such Local Militia; and whenever the Local Militia of any County, Stewartry or Place is called out and embodied by Detachments or Divisions, under any Order of His Majesty for that Purpose, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to order and direct the Preparation and Distribution of Officers, Non Commissioned Officers and Drummers, who shall accompany such Detachments or Divisions of Men, and the respective Establishments of such Detachments or Divisions, and also to regulate the Numbers and Dates of all such Officers, Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, as shall remain within any such County, Stewartry or Place, for the making, training and exercising of the Remainder of the private Local Militia Men thereof, as the Service may require, and to His Majesty may from time to time and occasionally.

His Majesty may occasionally call out and embody them, &c.

CLII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty from time to time, as he shall think fit, to distribute any Part or Proportion of any Local Militia of any County, Stewartry or Place, embodied under this Act, and from time to time again to draw out and embody any such Local Militia as distributed as aforesaid, or any Proportion thereof, as to His Majesty shall from time to time, according to the Rules and Provisions of this Act.

Local Militia when called out shall be subject to the same Orders only as before being drawn out.

CLIII. And be it further enacted, That when the Local Militia, or any Part thereof, having been in service out into actual Service as aforesaid, shall be again duly disbanded, and the Officers and Men thereof defiled to return to their several Places of Abode, the Officers, Non Commissioned Officers, Drummers and private Men, shall be subject to the same Orders, Directions and Engagements only, as they were subject to under the Provisions of this Act, before they were so drawn out into actual Service as aforesaid.

His Majesty may, by Proclamation, increase or diminish the number of Regular Militia, and County Levies, and shall appoint a Number, not exceeding the same Quota of Regular Militia, and County Levies, and shall appoint a Number, not exceeding the same Quota of Militia, and shall be subject to the same Orders as aforesaid.

CLIV. And whereas it may be expedient that, in all cases of actual Invasion, or of imminent Danger thereof, and in case of Rebellion, His Majesty should be empowered to increase, without Delay, the Number of Local Militia Forces, for the more effectual Protection and Defence of this Realm; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty (the Oathes being first administered to Parliament, if the Parliament shall be then sitting, or declared in Council and notified by Proclamation, if no Parliament shall be then sitting or being) in order and thereby by His Royal Proclamations, that in Addition to the Number of Men required by or under the foregoing Provisions of this Act, to be raised by the several Counties, Stewartries and Places herein mentioned, there shall be forthwith raised and enrolled in the said several Counties, Stewartries and Places, any Number of Men as well, in Addition to and together with and including the effective Yeomanry and Volunteers serving in such County, Stewartry or Place, or Part of such County, Stewartry or Place, together with the Local Militia raised for such County, Stewartry or Place, under the Provisions of this Act, make the whole Force of such County, Stewartry or Place equal to Six times the original Quota of such County, Stewartry or Place, under an Act passed in the Tenth Year of His present Majesty: Provided always, that such effective Yeomanry and Volunteers shall be exclusive of Superannuated Men without Pay above the Establishment of such Corps: who shall have been enrolled after the First Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eight; and the Lieutenants and Deputy Lieutenants respectively of the said Counties, Stewartries and Places shall, immediately on the Making of any such Proclamations, assemble and forthwith proceed to apportion the Number of Men required to be raised in their respective Counties, Stewartries and Places, among the several Parishes or Places therein respectively; and shall thereafter proceed to raise and enrol such Men, as in such time or times as shall be specified for that Purpose in such Proclamations; and of the Powers, Privileges, Regulations, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Rewards, Allowances, Cloaths, Musters and Things in this Act contained, relative to the Local Militia, shall be applied, modified, referred and put in Execution, for the raising, training and exercising, and for the embodying and calling out into actual Service, such additional Number of Local Militia as aforesaid in order and directed to be raised and enrolled, in as full and ample a manner as every subject as far as the same can be applied and put in force, as if the said Number of Men to be added to the Local Militia had been included in the Number of Men required and directed to be raised by virtue of this Act.

48 G. 3. c. 64.

Where such additional Number of Local Militia shall be raised, His Majesty may, by Proclamation, direct the Manner of Raising of such Proclamations.

CLV. And be it further enacted, That whenever His Majesty shall raise such additional Number of Local Militia as aforesaid to be raised and enrolled, or drawn out and embodied as aforesaid, if the Parliament shall then be separated by such Adjournment or Prorogation as will not expire within Fourteen Days, His Majesty may and shall issue a Proclamation for the Meeting of the Parliament within Fourteen Days, and the Parliament shall accordingly meet and sit upon each Day as shall be appointed by such Proclamations, and continue to sit and sit in like manner to all Intents and Purposes as if it had been adjourned or prorogated to the same Day.

His Majesty, by Proclamation, may reduce and embody such additional Number of Local Militia as aforesaid, and may direct the Manner of Raising of such Proclamations.

CLVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty from time to time (whenever he shall deem it expedient to reduce the Whole or any Part of such additional Number of Local Militia as aforesaid, by his Royal Proclamations to declare such Reductions accordingly; and in such such additional Number of Local Militia as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, shall be then embodied) to distribute the Same, or any Number of private Local Militia Men equal thereto, without regard to whether such Men were embodied or enrolled in pursuance of any Proclamations for raising such additional Number of Local Militia as aforesaid, or were enrolled before, and were serving at the time of the issuing thereof; and the private Militia Men so disembodied as aforesaid, or so many of them as may have been enrolled and not embodied at the time of issuing such Proclamations, shall nevertheless remain liable to serve for the respective Periods for which they shall have been respectively enrolled to serve, and shall, during such Periods, supply all the Vacancies that may arise in the respective Parishes or Places, or United Parishes or Places, for which they shall have been so enrolled, whenever called upon to do so; and the Deputy Lieutenants of the respective Subdivisions shall, from time to time, make any Man or Men, as the case may be, that may be required for supplying any Vacancy or Vacancies in the established Local Militia that may arise for any Parish or Place, or United Parishes or Places

in their respective Subdivisions, to be taken from their respective Classes as aforesaid, or ballotted as the same may require, according to the Provisions in this Act contained, relating to the taking Men for the Local Militia from Classes, and all the Men so remaining liable, and that Ballot be to be taken, and that Ballot shall have supplied such Vacancies: Provided always, that no Ballot shall take place for the raising and enrolling any Man to supply any Vacancy that may arise from any Parish or Place, so long as the same can be supplied from any Men, or by any Man, then enrolled for such Parish or Place that shall remain liable and be fit to serve: Provided also, that no Man so remaining liable to serve as aforesaid for any Parish or Place shall be called upon or be liable to supply any Vacancy arising for any other Parish or Place, than that for which he shall be originally enrolled to serve under the Provisions of this Act.

CLVII. And be it further enacted, That every County, Stewartry, Place or Parish for which the full Number of Men required by any Order of His Majesty under this Act shall not have been ballotted and enrolled before the Fourteenth Day of February according to such Order, if given Three Months before such Fourteenth Day of February, or in which any Delinquencies or Vacancies arising in such Local Militia shall not be filled up before the Fourteenth Day of February after the same shall have notice, if the same shall have notice Three Months before such Fourteenth Day of February, shall be subject to a Fine of Fifteen Pounds for every Man so wanting delinquent.

CLVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Parish or Place in which such Fine shall here arise, and in which such Delinquency shall be thereafter supplied, shall be entitled to demand or have a Return of Two Third Parts of any such Fine of Fifteen Pounds for every Man enrolled before the Fourteenth Day of March, and One Third Part of every such Fine of Fifteen Pounds for every Man enrolled before the First Day of April, after any such Fine shall have been so notified.

CLIX. And be it further enacted, That the Constables and other Officers of all Parishes and Places for which any Local Militia Man shall be serving shall make diligent Enquiry as to all Men enrolled in the Local Militia, for the Parishes or Places for which they shall respectively be Constables or Officers, and shall before the Fourteenth Day of November in each Year, return to the Clerk of the Subdivision within which such Parishes or Places shall be, and also to the Colonel or other Commandant of any Regiment of Local Militia in which Men shall be serving for such Parishes or Places, a true Account of all Persons serving for such Parish or Place in the Local Militia, specifying such as shall have died or left those Parishes, and whether the Persons then residing in such Parish or Place shall have wholly left such Parish or Place, or shall still retain any House, Residence or Lodging, in such Parish or Place, and also the Place to which such Persons if it have gone as here changed their Residences, if the same can be ascertained; and every Constable or other Officer who shall neglect or refuse to make any such Return, or shall wilfully make any false Return, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds.

CLX. And be it further enacted, That the respective Commandants of the Regiments of Local Militia in England shall within Fourteen Days after the Fourteenth Day of February in each Year, transmit to the Clerk of Supply, to be laid before the Commissioners aforesaid at the several Meetings to which the Land Tax, next after the First Day of March in each Year, Certificates of the Number of Men then remaining delinquent in their respective Regiments, comprehending the Period for which such Delinquencies or Vacancies have existed, by what Cause occasioned, and for what District, Division or Parish.

CLXI. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Supply of every such County, Stewartry and Place, assembled at the Meetings for assessing the Land Tax, to be held next after the First Day of March in each Year, shall upon the Receipt of the aforesaid Certificates of the Commandant, which Certificates he is hereby required to transmit to the Clerk of Supply of such County, Stewartry or Place, in order to be laid before the said Commissioners of Supply respectively at such Meetings, raise and settle the said Sum of Fifteen Pounds per Man as aforesaid upon every such County, Stewartry or Place, in the manner directed by the aforesaid Act, passed in the Fifth year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *As to the providing Relief for the Widows and Families of the Militia Men in Scotland, who are called into actual Service*; and the Clerk of Supply of every such County, Stewartry or Place shall, within Fourteen Days after every such Assessment shall have been made, transmit to the Receiver General of Scotland an Account, specifying the Amount of the Assessment in each Parish, and the Subdivision to which such Parish belongs.

CLXII. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Supply aforesaid, in making any such Rate and Assessment upon the Wicks of any County, Stewartry or Place, shall apportion the same to be assessed as aforesaid, and also to be settled the same upon the several Parishes in such County, Stewartry or Place, in the same Proportions in which the Men for the Local Militia are required to be raised by such Parishes respectively, according to such Apportionment as may have been made thereof in pursuance of this Act, or to the last Apportionment that shall have been made of Men to be raised by such Parish or Place.

CLXIII. And be it further enacted, That where in any County, Stewartry or Place, such Delinquency of Men shall arise from the Default of any particular Parish or Parishes in such County, Stewartry or Place, in the making the Proportion or respective Proportions of Men required to be raised by any such Parish or Parishes, then and in such case the said Commissioners of Supply, in making such Rate and Assessment as aforesaid, shall raise and settle all and every such Rate and Sum of Money upon such Parish or Parishes that shall have to make Default as aforesaid, in Proportion to the Number of Men by which each of such Parishes shall fall short of the Number of Men required to be raised thereon.

CLXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Supply of the several Counties, Stewartries and Places, where any such Rate and Assessment shall be made as aforesaid, shall, immediately after the making of any such Rate and Assessment as aforesaid, transmit or cause to be transmitted the several Amounts of the same to be assessed upon the several Parishes to the respective Clerks of the Subdivision to which such Parishes respectively belong, and also a Duplicate thereof to the Secretary at War; and such Clerks of Subdivision shall,

and no Ballot shall take place while such Vacancies can be supplied from them, but they shall not be liable to supply Vacancies for any other Parish or Place than that in which originally enrolled. Likewise, neither such Men shall be liable to provide Money.

Parish.

Constables to make Returns, and transmit Delinquency to be supplied.

Parish.

Commandants of Regiments shall transmit to Clerk of Supply Certificates of Number of Delinquents.

Commissioners of Supply upon Receipt of Certificates shall make ASSESSMENT.

§ 2. 1810.

Such Assessment may upon Contract to be made on each Parish, proportionally to Number of Militia in required number. Militia Debt may be laid upon parishes in any parishes in Parishes in which the Act aforesaid shall be made thereon.

Commissioners may by their several Amounts of same be laid to Subdivision Clerk, who shall

Five Minutes to Collectors.

Collectors may
be sent the M^o
and within
certain Periods.

Collectors are re-
quiring each
Money shall
return them to
Agent General,
who shall pay
therein Money
Due to Volun-
teers.

Money shall
first upon any
Money paid to
Agent General,
it shall be ac-
counted for and
returned on Quar-
ters.

Clerks of Subdi-
visions may collect
all the Money they
receive, and shall
make other Ad-
justments in High
Courts, &c.
if it shall be
directed.

Commissioners of Supply
shall be authorized to
make a Contract
with any Person
for the Purchase
of any Quantity
of any Commodity
or Service, and
to make such Con-
tract as shall be
directed.

shall, within Ten Days after the Receipt thereof, make Notice thereof to be given to the respective Collectors of the Cols of the County, Stewartry, City or Place, wherein the several Partishes upon which any such Rate or Assessment shall have been made as aforesaid, shall be situated; and such Collectors shall proceed to levy the same within Fourteen Days after such Notice as aforesaid of such Rate or Assessment.

CLXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever any such Rate shall have been so notified upon any Parish or Place for Also notified to be collected upon the Fourteenth Day of February, it shall nevertheless be lawful for any Deputy Lieutenant acting for the Subdivision in which such Parish may be situated, in all cases in which any such Rate shall have been subsequently applied to supply such Deficiency, to certify to the Clerk of such Subdivision the Date of such Enactments respectively; and if it shall appear from the Certificate that such Men were enrolled before the Fourteenth Day of March or the First Day of April, it shall be lawful for the Clerk of such Subdivision, and he is hereby required to remit to every such Parish such Two Thirds or One Third Part of such Rate respectively as it respectively directed to be remitted to such Parish for every Man enrolled before the Fourteenth Day of March or the First Day of April respectively; and the Collectors of such Parish are hereby authorized to make a Deduction of Two Thirds or One Third Part of such Rate (as the case may be) from the Amount of the Assessment made upon such Parish for every Man so notified to have been enrolled before the Fourteenth Day of March or the First Day of April respectively.

CLXVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Collectors levying any such Sum or Sums of Money, shall within Ten Days after the Receipt thereof, remit the Amount thereof to the Receiver General of Army and, who shall within Ten Days after the Receipt thereof, remit the same to the Bank of England, to be placed to the Account of the Agent General for the Local Militia; and during the Period of Twelve Months from such First Day of April next succeeding the making any such Rate and Assessment as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for any Deputy Lieutenant of the Subdivision of the said County, Stewartry or Place, within which such Parish or Place shall be situate, to call any Volunteer or Volunteers for such Local Militia, in lieu of such Man or Men as shall be in default as aforesaid, and to agree with every such Volunteer for a Bonus not exceeding the Sum of Two Guineas; and the Deputy Lieutenant before whom any such Volunteer shall be duly examined, approved, sworn and enrolled to serve in the Local Militia, shall transmit a Certificate of such Enrolment to the Agent General, and upon the Production to the said Agent General of such a Certificate under the Hands of such Deputy Lieutenant as aforesaid, of any such Volunteer having been duly examined, approved, sworn and enrolled to serve in the Local Militia, and of a Certificate under the Hands of the Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia of such County, Stewartry or Place, of such Man having joined his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, the said Agent General shall, and he is hereby required under the Direction of the Secretary at War to pay out of such Money in his Hands as aforesaid, any Sum of Money not exceeding the said Sum of Two Guineas for each of such Volunteers as aforesaid.

CLXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Agent General into whose Hands or to whose Account any such Money shall be paid, shall give a Receipt for such Money to the Payee or Payees paying the same, which Receipt shall be a sufficient Discharge for such Payment; and that when the whole Sum directed to be paid to any Company, Stewartry or Place as aforesaid, shall be paid into the Hands of the Agent General, or to his Account at the Bank, in pursuance of this Act, such Payment shall be a full Discharge and Indemnification to such County, Stewartry or Place, for the Failure or Neglect in raising and training the Number of Men in the Local Militia for the Year in respect whereof such Payment shall be made; and the Money so paid into the Hands of the said Agent General, or to his Account at the Bank, shall be applied to the Purposes of the Local Militia, and shall be accounted for yearly to Parliament.

CLXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Clerk of Subdivision to whom any such Money shall be paid as aforesaid, shall be allowed for his Print and Trouble the Sum of One Penny in the Pound, upon the whole Sum to be by him received and paid, which Allowance every such Clerk of Subdivision is hereby authorized to detain in his Hands out of the Money so received by him, before Payment made to the Receiver General as aforesaid, and every Collector, who shall act in the raising and collecting of the said Money, shall respectively be allowed and paid by such Clerk of Subdivision, as a Remuneration for their Trouble therein, the Sum of One Penny in the Pound of all such Money, in the raising and collecting whereof they shall respectively act as aforesaid; and such Clerk of Subdivision is hereby authorized and required to deduct the same out of the Money so received by him as aforesaid, and to pay the respective Proportions thereof to such Collectors as aforesaid.

CLXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of Supply for every County, Stewartry or Place, shall and he is hereby required, within Fourteen Days next after the Meeting to be held for assessing the Land Tax, yearly, to transmit to the Secretary at War a Copy signed by such Clerk of Supply, of every Certificate which he shall have received from the Commandants of the several Regiments of Local Militia in such County, Stewartry or Place as aforesaid; and when such Certificate shall be emitted to be delivered, the Clerk of Supply shall certify such Certificate to the Secretary at War, and that such Clerk of Supply hath certified the same to the Commissioners of Supply assembled at their Annual Meeting to assess the Land Tax, and required such Commissioners of Supply to proceed according to the Direction of this Act, and such Clerk of Supply shall also certify what Proceedings have been had at such Annual Meetings, in relation to the raising and selling of the said Money, where the Local Militia shall not have been raised; and in case such Commissioners of Supply shall consent, signify or refuse so proceed to raise the said Money, according to the Direction of the Act, then the Clerk of Supply of such County, Stewartry or Place, shall and is hereby required, within Fourteen Days next after such Annual Meeting, to certify to the Secretary at War such Certificate, Neglect or Refusal of such Commissioners of Supply, and the Names of the Commissioners of Supply who shall be pre-

sent at each Meeting; and the Secretary at War is hereby empowered and required, on Receipt of such Certificates, forthwith to give Directions to the Solicitor for Taxes in Scotland, to proceed by all such legal ways and means as shall be most effectual and expeditious, to compel such Commissioners of Supply to pay due Obedience to this Act, and so cause the said Money to be raised, collected and paid.

CLXXI. And be it further enacted, That if the said Sum of Fifteen Pounds per Man, so to be raised and paid in any such County, Stewartry or Place as aforesaid, shall not be levied, collected and paid into the Hands of the Agent General, or to his depositee at the Bank, in money hereinafter specified, the Solicitor for Taxes in Scotland is hereby required forthwith, upon Knowledge or Information thereof, to proceed, by all such legal ways and means as shall be most effectual and expeditious, to compel the levying and collecting of such Money and the Payment thereof into the Hands of the Agent General, or to his depositee at the Bank, as aforesaid.

CLXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Clerk of Supply shall wilfully neglect or refuse to receive, deliver, preserve, make, repair or transmit any such Certificate as aforesaid, or any Account of Arreduements hereby directed to be transmitted to the Receiver General of Scotland, according to the Directions and true Meaning of this Act, every such Clerk of Supply so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and shall also forfeit his Office, and be rendered incapable of bearing, receiving or holding any Office of Trust, Civil or Military, under the Crown; and if any Clerk of Subdivision, Collector or other Officer who ought to send and settle in the raising and collecting of the said Money, shall wilfully omit or neglect so to do or assist therein, according to the Direction and true Meaning of this Act, every such Clerk of Subdivision so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and every such Collector or other Officer so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and the Solicitor for Taxes in Scotland shall, and he is hereby required, when directed in so do by the Secretary at War as aforesaid, with all due Diligence, so far as possible with Effect all such Commissioners of Supply, Clerks of Subdivision and other Officers, who shall omit, neglect or refuse to perform the Duty required of them respectively by this Act, touching the raising, collecting and paying of the said Money; and to cite the Solicitor for Taxes in Scotland shall wilfully omit or delay to proceed against any such Commissioners of Supply, Clerks of Subdivision or other Officers aforesaid, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

CLXXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Clerk of Subdivision Meetings shall, if required so to do by the Deputy Lieutenant assembled at any General or Subdivision Meeting, give Security by Bond to His Majesty, with two sufficient Sureties, in such Sum as the Deputy Lieutenant shall see, for duly accounting for and settling all Moneys paid into his Hands under the Provisions of this Act.

CLXXIV. And be it further enacted, That every Clerk of Subdivision Meetings shall keep an Account, in the Form to this Act annexed, marked (L.) or in such other Form as may from time to time be directed for that Purpose by the Secretary at War, of all Fees, Penalties and Forfeitures hereunto to come assessed by law, and also of all Sums allowed to any Individuals, Companies, Stewartries or Parishes, by reason of any Fees or Penalties, or Parts of any Fees or Penalties, being remitted under the Provisions of this Act; and the Deputy Lieutenant or Justice-assembling at the time of any such Fee, Penalty or Forfeiture being imposed or remitted, or any Two of them, shall and they are hereby required to certify the same as he or each, and the Clerk of Subdivision Meetings shall verify the same upon Oath, which Oath any One Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace is authorized to administer, and shall transmit to the Secretary at War such Account made up to the Twenty fourth Day of December in each Year, or to such other Period as the Secretary at War shall direct.

CLXXV. And be it further enacted, That every Clerk of Subdivision Meetings shall and is hereby required within Seven Days after the Twenty fourth Day of March, June, September and December, respectively in each Year, or otherwise if required, to transmit an Account to the Secretary at War for the time being, of all Sums received by him and paid to the Collector of the Cuts, verified upon Oath before One Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace, which Oath any such Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace is hereby authorized to administer and make as the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (K.) or such other Form as may from time to time be prescribed in that behalf by the Secretary at War.

CLXXVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in all cases in which it is in this Act directed or required that any Returns or Lists should be made, or any Moneys given, or any Fee, Penalty, Forfeiture or other Money received by any Clerk of Supply, or by any Clerk of General or Subdivision Meetings, or by any Collector or by any Colliery Comptroller or other Officer of Local Militia, every such Clerk of Supply or other Officer as aforesaid, who shall omit, neglect or refuse, or wilfully delay making any such Return or List, or giving any such Notice, or receiving any such Fee, Penalty, Forfeiture or other Money as aforesaid, in the manner directed by this Act, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds: Provided always, that nothing herein shall be construed to extend to any case in which any Fee, Penalty or Forfeiture may already be imposed for any such Offence by the Provisions of this Act.

CLXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Acceptance of a Commission in the Local Militia shall not vacate the Seat of any Member returned to serve in Parliament.

CLXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, Drummer or private Man of the Local Militia, shall be liable to any Penalty or Forfeiture for or on Account of his Absence during the time he shall be going to or on any Election of a Member to serve in Parliament, or during the time he shall be returning from such Election.

CLXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer of the Local Militia, or any private Man, from the time of his Enrolment until he shall be regularly discharged from the Local Militia, shall be compelled to serve as a Peace Officer or Parish Officer.

Money per Man
may be raised in any
County, and paid
to the Agent Gen-
eral, the Solicitor
for Taxes in Scot-
land or to his de-
positee at Long
leazes.
Solely of the
Clerks of
Subdivision
Meetings.

Penalty.
Penalty.
Solicitor for
Taxes in Scot-
land Compt-
roller
for the High-
ways.

Penalty.

Subdivision
Clerks or give
Bond.

Account kept
by Clerk of Sub-
division Meetings

Accounts to be
made by Clerk
of Subdivision
Meetings to
Secretary at
War.

Highway to
make Returns
and to give
Moneys, &c.

Penalty
Fines.

Commission in
the Militia
does not vacate
the Seat in Par-
liament.
Private Man,
Drummer, or
private Soldier.

Non-Commis-
sioned Officers,
and no Soldier to
serve in Peace
Officers.

CLXXIX. And

Married Land
Militia Men
may be so in
any Part of G.B.
or Ireland may
under 14 G. 3.
Sect. 2. &c.

CLXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That every Person having served in the Local Militia when drawn out into actual Service, being a married Man, may let up and exercise any Trade in any Town or Place within Great Britain, without any Let, Suit or Molestation of or from any Person or Persons whatsoever, for or by reason of suing or executing such Trade, so freely and with the same Privileges, and under the same Regulations, and with the like Exception in respect to the Two Uncertainties in England, as any Merchant or Soldier may or may do by virtue of an Act passed in the Twenty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to enable such Officers, Merchants and Soldiers, as have been in the Land or Sea Service, or in the Militia, or in the Militia or any Corps of His Majesty's Men, from the Second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, to exercise Trade*; and no such Local Militia Man shall be liable to be removed out of any such Town or Place, until he is become chargeable to the Parish.

No Money Drawn
on Commissions

CLXXX. And be it further enacted, That no Commission granted before the passing of this Act, or which shall be granted after the passing of this Act, to any Officer in the Local Militia, shall be subject to any Stamp Duty.

Bills for Pay
and Allowance
to be drawn on
Stamped Paper.

CLXXXI. And be it further enacted, That all Bills, Drafts and Orders drawn for the Pay or Allowance of the Local Militia, and all Bills, Drafts and Orders, by which any Sum of Money or Pounds are remitted to the Bank of England, or the Agent General, or any Person or Persons authorized by the Secretary at War to receive Money on Account of the Local Militia, may and shall be drawn upon unstamped Paper; and no such Bill, Draft or Order shall be void by reason of not being so drawn or written on stamped Paper; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

New Penalties
repealed and
applied.

CLXXXII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act imposed, which shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, shall, unless heretofore otherwise directed, be recovered by Action of Debt in the Court of Session in Scotland; and that all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, by this Act imposed, which shall not exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, shall, unless heretofore otherwise directed, on Proof of the Offence either by voluntary Confession of the Party, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses, before the Sheriff or Stewart Depute or Substitutor, or any Justice of the Peace of the County, Stewartry or Place where the Offence shall be committed, be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Effects, by Warrant under the Hand of such Sheriff, Stewart or Justice, removing the Occupier (if any) on Demand, after deducting the Charges of such Distress and Sale, to the Person whose Goods and Effects shall have been so distrained and sold, and for Want of sufficient Distress such Sheriff, Stewart or Justice is hereby required, in all cases where no particular Time of Commitment is heretofore specified, to commit such Offender to the Common Gaol of the County, Stewartry or Place where the Offence shall have been committed, for any time not exceeding Three Months; and the Money arising by all such Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, the Application whereof is not otherwise particularly directed by this Act, shall be remitted to the Agent General for Local Militia, or to the Bank of England, to be placed to his Account, and so to be by him applied and accounted for in the manner heretofore directed, with respect to Fines inflicted upon the Priests for Deficiencies.

Distress.

Imprisonment.

Execution of
Amount of cer-
tain Penalties
transmitted to
Secretary at
War.

CLXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which it is by this Act directed that any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be imposed by this Act, it shall be lawful for any One or more Deputy Lieutenants, Justices or Magistrates by whom any such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may have been imposed, for any Offence committed against this Act, and so they or any one or more be directed and required within Ten Days after such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may have been imposed, to transmit to the Secretary at War a Certificate of the Amount of such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, in the Form of the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (G.) and a Duplicate of every such Certificate shall at the same time be transmitted to the Solicitor for Taxes in Scotland.

Witnesses not
swearing,
Penalty.

CLXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be summoned as a Witness or Witnesses to give Evidence touching any of the Matters relative to this Act, either on the Part of the Prosecution, or Persons accused, and shall neglect or refuse to appear at the Time and Place to be for that Purpose appointed, without reasonable Excuse for such his, her or their Neglect or Refusal, to be allowed of by the Judges or Justices before whom the Prosecution shall be depending, that then every such Person shall forfeit for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, to be levied and paid in such manner and by such means as is directed as to the other Penalties.

Corrections.

CLXXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Sheriff, Stewart or Justice, before whom any Offender shall be convicted as aforesaid, shall cause the said Conviction to be made out in the Manner and Form following, or in any other Form of Words to the same Effect, *verba tenenda*, that is to say,

Fine.

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of Our Lord _____ in the County of _____ was convicted before me C. D. Sheriff [or, Sheriff Depute, or Substitutor, or before us, C. D. and E. F. Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, residing near the Place where the Offence was committed, or the wife may be]: For that the said A. B. on the _____ Day of _____ now last past, did, contrary to the Form of the Statute in that behalf made and provided [see *stat. de Officiis episcopi etc. c. 20*]: And I or we do declare and adjudge, that the said A. B. hath forfeited the Sum of _____

No Order re-
moved or Expi-
ated by Adm-
ission.

CLXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Order of Conviction made by any Lieutenant of any County, Stewartry or Place, or by any Two or more Deputy Lieutenants, or by any One Deputy Lieutenant together with any One Justice of the Peace, or by any Justice or Justices of the Peace, by virtue of this Act, shall be removed by Admiration or Suspension out of the County, Stewartry or Place wherein such

Order or Conviction shall have been made, into any Court whatsoever; and that no Bill of Advocation or Subpoena shall supersede Execution or other Proceedings upon any such Order or Conviction so made in pursuance of this Act; but that Execution and other Proceedings shall be had and made thereupon; any such Bill or Allowance thereof notwithstanding.

CLXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action shall be brought against any Parson or Parson for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Six Months next after the Fact complained of and not afterwards; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit may plead generally, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence in any such Action or Suit; and if the Defendant or Defendants shall be acquitted, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall discontinue his, her or their Action or Suit, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if, upon Objection to the Relevancy, Judgment shall be given against the Parson or Parsons, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs or Expenses, and have the like Remedy for the fees of any Defendant or Defendants both in other cases to recover Costs or Expenses by Law.

CLXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That any Person taking a false Oath in any case when an Oath is required to be taken by this Act, shall be deemed guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, and being thereof duly convicted, be liable to such Fines and Penalties as by any Laws now in force any Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

CLXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

[See as to England, *ante*, c. 38.]

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

Schedule (A.)

I do hereby certify, That the Officers below specified, serving in the Battalion of Local Militia, have left with me their Qualifications as directed in the Ninth Section of the Act for amending the Laws relating to the Local Militia.

Colonel.
Lieutenant Colonel.
Major.
}
} Captain.
} Lieutenant.
} Ensign.

Schedule (B.)

FORM OF OATH.

I do make Oath, That I am by my Trade a and have been
[or, being a Wife being, as the case may be] in the County of that I am unmarried
[or, being a Soldier, as the case may be] and that I have no Children, [or, not more than Two Children
born in Wedlock]; and that I have no Expence, nor ever was troubled with Pains, and am so ways disabled
by Lameness or otherwise, but have the perfect Use of my Limbs; and that I am not a Seaman or Seafaring
Man. As witness my Hand at the Day of Our thousand eight
hundred and and
Sworn before me at this Day of Our thousand eight hundred
and and
Witnessed at and

§SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE (C.)

| SUBDIVISION of
RETURN of Involunt, dated the | | | in the County of | | Day of | | | |
|---|--------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----|-----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Particulars | NAMES OF MEN | | Date of Involunt. | Age | CLASS. | | | |
| | Balloted | Volunteers | | | 1 st | 2 ^d | 3 ^d | 4 th |
| A. | S. Jones. | — | June 28 th | 22 | M | | | |
| B. | | Thos. Gray. | 3 ^d | 26 | | | M | |
| Totals. | | | | | | | | |

Signed *A. B.* Clerk to Subdivision Meeting.

SCHEDULE (D.)

| RETURN of the
of the County of | | Company in the | | dated the | | Day of | | | | of the Local Militia |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----|-----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|--|--|----------------------|
| Particulars | NAMES OF MEN SERVING. | | Age | CLASSES. | | | | | | |
| | Balloted. | Volunteers. | | 1 st | 2 ^d | 3 ^d | 4 th | | | |
| B. | S. Jones. | — | 32 | | M | | | | | |
| C. | | T. Gray. | 24 | M | | | | | | |
| Totals. | | | | | | | | | | |

Signed *A. B.* Captain of Company.

SCHEDULE (E.)

| RETURN of Private Local Militia Men serving for the County of | | Dated the | | Day of | | | | | |
|---|--------------|-----------------------------|----|--------|----|--------------------|----|----|-------------------|
| Description of Men. | No. of each. | Years of Service completed. | | | | No. in each Class. | | | |
| | | 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 1. | 2. | 3. | 4 th . |
| Balloted | - | | | | | | | | |
| Volunteers | - | | | | | | | | |
| Totals. | | | | | | | | | |

A. B. Clerk to General Meetings.

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE (F.)

| Dated the | | Day of | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Name of the County. | Names of the Men. | Of the Parishes of | Time of Service expired on | Sum for a full day an willing to serve. | Signature of Constable. |
| | A. B. | P. | | | A. B. |
| | C. D. | Q. | | | C. D. |

SCHEDULE (G.)

THIS is to certify, That I [or, we, as the case may be] A. B. One [or more] of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace [or, Deputy Lieutenants, as the case may be] did, on the Day of the last past, levy upon C. D. the Sum of Pounds, being the Amount of Fine imposed [here insert the Sum] under the Act for amending the Laws relating to the Local Militia of Scotland. Dated the Day of

(Signed) A. B. Justice.

SCHEDULE (H.)

LIST of FINES imposed on Persons delinquent, pursuant to an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, inserted [after the Title of this Act.]

| County. | Subdivision. | Parish. | Parish used. | Amount of Fines. |
|---------|--------------|---------|--------------|------------------|
| | | | | |

SCHEDULE (I.)

ACCOUNT of PENALTIES imposed and remitted by the LIEUTENANCY.

| Date when imposed. | Name of Parish. | Penalty of £10. for Persons worth more than £500. per Annum. | Penalty of £50. for Persons worth more than £500. per Annum and not exceeding £2000. | Penalty of £10. for Persons worth less than £500. per Annum. | Remission of Fines, &c. allowed by the Lieutenantcy. | Net Sum Imposed. | Remarks. |
|--------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|------------------|----------|
| | | | | | | | |

Deficiency in the Subdivision of the County of _____ being _____ as per Returns herewith enclosed, signed by the Comptroller, dated the _____ of _____ 1812, and the Subdivision Meetings for _____ per Man paid to the Clerk of _____

We do certify, the above Account is truly and justly stated to the best of our Knowledge and Belief.

Deputy Lieutenant.

Magistrate.

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE (K.)
QUARTERLY ACCOUNT of the CLERK of SUBDIVISION MEETINGS.

| Year when received. | Month of Payment made. | Sum of £s. for Petition writs more than £200. per Annum. | Sum of £s. for Petition writs more than £200 and not exceeding £200. | Sum of £s. for Petition writs less than £200. per Annum. | Amount of each Payment. | Time when paid to the Clerk of the Court. | By Payment to the Collector of the Court. | Amount of each Payment. |
|---------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|-------------------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| | | | | | | | By Payment to the Collector of the Court. | |

I swear before me
Day of 1811
Deputy Lieutenant or Justice.

I hereby certify upon Oath, that the above is a just and true Account of all Sums received by me as Clerk of the Subdivision Meetings of the County of between the Day of and the Day of to the best of my Knowledge and Belief.

Signature.
Clerk of the Subdivisions of the County of

C A P. LXXIX.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, several Acts for granting certain Rates and Duties, and for allowing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on Goods, Wares and Merchandise, imported into and exported from Ireland. [20th June 1812.]

47 G. 3. c. 25.

WHEREAS an Act was made on the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Beign, entitled *An Act for granting unto His Majesty, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and five, certain Rates and Duties, and to allow certain Drawbacks and Bounties upon Goods, Wares and Merchandise, imported into and exported from Ireland, in lieu of former Rates and Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties*; And whereas an Act was made on the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Beign, entitled *An Act for granting unto His Majesty, until the Twenty-third Day of September One thousand eight hundred and five, certain Duties on the Importation, and to allow certain Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of certain Sorts of Iron, Sugar and Tea, late and from Ireland*; And whereas an Act was made on the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Beign, to repeal Part of the Duties on the Importation of sundry distilled Spirits in Ireland; And whereas another Act was made on the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Beign, entitled *An Act to grant to His Majesty, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight, certain Duties on the Importation, and to allow certain Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise, late and from Ireland*; And whereas another Act was made on the Forty-ninth Year of His present Majesty's Beign, to provide for the Duties and Suspension in certain Cases of Part of the Countervailing Duty on Brandy Refined Sugar imported into Ireland; And whereas each of the said several Acts as aforesaid, have been from time to time continued by several Acts passed in the Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth Years of His present Majesty's Beign; and by an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Beign the said several Acts were amended and continued; and by an Act made in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Beign, the said several Acts were further amended; and by an Act made in the Fiftieth Year of His present Majesty's Beign the said several Acts were continued and further amended; And whereas an Act was made on the fifth Session of Parliament, entitled *An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and in amend several Acts for granting certain Rates and Duties, and for allowing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into and exported from Ireland; and to grant to His Majesty, until the fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, new and additional Duties on the Importation, and to allow Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise late and from Ireland*; by which said last mentioned Act the several Acts aforesaid were continued, and were in force until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and it is expedient that all the said several Acts, and also the several Rates and Duties granted and the Drawbacks and Bounties allowed by them or any of them should be further continued in manner hereinafter mentioned: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and it is enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Rates and Duties granted and the

47 G. 3. c. 25.

47 G. 3. c. 25.

47 G. 3. c. 25.

47 G. 3. c. 25.

47 G. 3. c. 25.

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47 G. 3. c. 25.

47 G. 3. c. 25.

47 G. 3. c. 25.

47 G. 3. c. 25.

47 G. 3. c. 25.

Drawbacks and Bounties allowed by the said recited Acts, or any of them, used and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall respectively continue and be in force throughout Ireland, upon and from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, except the Rates, Duties and Drawbacks on the several Articles upon which new and other Rates, Duties and Drawbacks are by any of the said Acts granted, imposed or allowed, and except such Drawbacks and Bounties on the Expiration of Sugar of the British Plantations, and on Refined Sugar under the said recited Acts or any of them, as are provided for by an Act made in the Forty Seventh Year of His present Majesty's Kings, intitled *An Act to provide more effectually for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Expiration of Sugar from Ireland; and for allowing British Manufacture Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland, until the Tenth day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight*; and which had last recited Act is by an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament contained in the Tenth fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and that the said recited Acts (except as aforesaid, and except also as they are altered and repealed by such other, or by this Act, or by any other Act), and all the Powers and Provisions, Articles, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the said recited Acts or any of them shall be observed and complied with during the Term hereby granted, as fully and effectually as if the said Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties, and the said Powers, Provisions, Articles, Clauses, Matters and Things had been by the said recited Acts or any of them extended to the Term hereby granted, and as if the Terms hereby granted had made Part of the said recited Acts or any of them, and that the several Articles in respect whereof any Rate or Duty is granted, or imposed, or continued, or any Drawback or Bounty is allowed by the said recited Acts or any of them, used and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall respectively be and remain liable to the Rates and Duties, and shall be entitled to the Drawbacks and Bounties (except as aforesaid) allowed in respect thereof under the Regulations and Provisions of the said recited Acts, upon, from, and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

recited Acts, intitled till July 15, 1812
Exception

21 G. 3. Act 1. c. 79.

Act 1. 13.

Continuance of Act.

All altered Acts.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be and continue in force until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and no longer.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act and the several Acts hereby continued, may be altered, amended and repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXX.

An Act for raising the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds by way of Annuities and Treasury Bills for the Service of Ireland. [20th June 1812.]

C A P. LXXI.

An Act for the better Cultivation of Navy Timber in the Forest of Wexford, in the County of Southampton. [20th June 1812.]

WHEREAS the King's Most Excellent Majesty, in Right of His Crown, is seized to Himself, His Heirs and Successors, of the Ground and Soil of the Forest of Wexford, in the County of Southampton, comprised to contain Five thousand two hundred and twenty six Acres, or thereabouts, exclusive of certain enclosed Lands therein belonging to His Majesty in Sovereignty, subject to such Claims of Rights and Interests of the Right Honourable Henry Lord Stowell, and other Persons as and over the same, as hereinafter mentioned: And whereas the said Henry Lord Stowell, under and by virtue of a certain Grant of His late Majesty King James the First, bearing Date on or about the Ninth Day of November in the Fifteenth Year of His Majesty, or in claim to be found of or inferred as or entitled to the Right of Free Warren and Free Chase, and other Highes, Liberties and Privileges as, upon and over the said Forest; and the said Henry Lord Stowell also claims to have and receive, in Fee as the same may be made out, a Grant or Letters Patent of and to hold and enjoy the Office of Ranger of and over the said Forest, and, as assessed or appointed to the said Office, the Liberty of Hunting, Shooting and Sporting, as and over the said Forest, for and during the Term of his natural Life; and the said Henry Lord Stowell, as aforesaid, or his several Heirs which adjain to or are issue or are in the said Forest, himself or his claim to be entitled to other Rights and Interests in, upon and over the said Forest, or some Part or Parts thereof; And whereas, subject to the Rights of His Majesty, certain Persons are or claim to be entitled to certain Rights in, over and upon the said Forest; And whereas from the great and increasing Difficulty of procuring a Supply of Timber from Foreign Countries and from the Expense of private Individuals in the United Kingdom, it has become necessary to adopt Measures for securing a more adequate Supply of Timber in this Kingdom; and if His Majesty was empowered to enclose certain Parts of the said Forest, and such Parts were appropriated for the Growth and Preservation of Wood and Timber, the same would be of great Benefit and Advantage to His Majesty and the Public in general; Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, from time to time to enclose, Ewe and improve, make and out of the Waste Lands of the said Forest, any Quantity of the said Lands not exceeding to the Whole Two thousand Acres, to be enclosed and held as Sovereignty as one and as the same time; and such Enclosure shall be made under and by virtue of Commissions to be granted and issued by His Majesty for that Purpose, and each

Grant 2 Nov 17 Jan. 11.

His Majesty may enclose 2000 Acres of the Forest.

of such Commission shall be directed to Three or more such Persons as His Majesty shall think fit, and such Inclosures shall be set out and made from and out of such Parts or Places in the said Forest as shall be found to be most convenient to be inclosed, and to be best adapted to the Growth and Profits of Timber, which said Inclosures shall be administered by a Justice Surveyor, and set out and inclosed, hedged and bounded, and the Quantities, Bounds and Boundaries thereof returned into His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, there to remain of Record for ever; and the said Inclosures to made and set out as aforesaid shall remain in Severalty to the said Possession of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, freed and discharged of and from all manner of Rights, Tolls, Privileges and Privileges or Claims whatsoever, (other than and except such as the said *Henry Lord Somers* is or may be entitled to as aforesaid) during the Period of the time remaining to be inclosed for the Growth and Performance of Timber, and until the same or any Part thereof shall be laid open under the Provisions of this Act, according to the Purport and true Intent of the Act, and shall be made and inclosed a Nursery or Nurseries for Timber only.

When Words are set down from Stat. 57 Inclosure Act 1774.

II. And be it further enacted, That at all times hereafter, whenever the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being shall be satisfied, and such Lord High Treasurer, or any Three, or more of the said Commissioners, shall determine that the Woods and Trees that shall be growing within any Inclosure to be made under and by virtue of this Act are become good Timber of breeding of Cattle, or other Profits, and shall think fit to lay the same or any Part thereof open in Common, and shall cause the same to be laid open, that then and in such it shall be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from time to time to inclose, or less of so much of the Inclosure as shall be to be laid open, the like Quantity, out of any other Part of the Residue of the said Forest, to be set out in the same manner as aforesaid, and to be hedged, inclosed, freed and discharged of and from all manner of Customs and other Rights as aforesaid (other than and except as aforesaid) for so long time as the same shall continue inclosed, according to the Direction, Purport and Intent of the Act, to be a Nursery for Timber as aforesaid, instead of so much as shall be laid open according to the Direction aforesaid.

Meaning of Inclosure, Trees, &c. rest.

III. And, to the End that the said Inclosure may be preferred to the Crown for public Use as aforesaid, be it further enacted, That in case any Person whatever shall propose to take or obtain any Gift, Grant, Estate or Interest in or to the said Inclosure, or any Wood or Trees growing thereon, every such Gift, Grant, Estate or Interest shall give *Advs* be null and void, and the Person in taking the same shall be utterly disabled to have, hold and enjoy any such Gift, Grant, Estate or Interest, and also shall forfeit Treble the Value of any such Gift or Grant to him who shall first sue for the same in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster by Action of Debt, wherein an *Edigna* or Wager at Law shall be allowed to the Defendant.

Penalty.

IV. And be it further enacted, That after the passing of this Act, no Deer whatsoever shall be kept in any Part of the said Forest, or within the Limits thereof.

No Deer kept in Forest. Penalties and Forfeits.

V. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, no Rabbits shall be kept in any Part of the said Forest, or any *Acres* or Province whatsoever.

Destroying Trees in Forest.

VI. And, for the better Preservation of the Trees, Woods, Underwoods, Harbours and Standards growing, and which may hereafter be planted and sown, or to grow or be growing in or upon any Parts of the said Inclosures to be made in pursuance of this Act, as well before as after the time shall be inclosed, be it further enacted, That all Persons whatsoever who shall, from and after the passing of this Act, unlawfully cut down, split, hack, peel, damage, deface or destroy or carry away any Timber Tree, or other Tree, Wood or Coveys, Green Sticks, or any Hedge or Stand within the said Forest, (except such as shall be set out by Persons duly authorized for the Purpose of making the Fences of such Inclosures as aforesaid) shall be subject or liable to all such Fines, Penalties and Punishments, as are provided by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, to be given, imposed or inflicted, upon any Person or Persons committing the like Offence or Offences, in the Lands, Grounds, Woods or Coppices, being inclosed, and the private Property of any of His Majesty's Subjects.

Penalties given Inclosures P. 274.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall wilfully destroy or take away or shall break down any Fences or Inclosures or any Part thereof made for the Protection of any Nursery of Wood and Timber as aforesaid, shall for the First Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, and for the Second Offence, the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and for the Third Offence shall be accounted guilty of Felony, and may be transported for any Part beyond the Seas for the Term of Seven Years, or be subject to such other Punishment by Fine, Imprisonment or otherwise, as the Court before which such Person shall be convicted may direct; and such Penalties shall and may be recovered, and on Non payment thereof, the Person who shall forfeit the same may be committed to Prison in the manner and for the same Periods as are specified in an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *an Act for the better Preservation of Timber Trees and of Woods and Underwoods, and for the further Improvement of Rivers, Streams and Floods*, in relation to the Fines and Twenty Pounds and Thirty Pounds respectively for wilfully cutting or breaking down any Timber under the said Act.

4 G. 3. c. 23.

VIII. And, for the Purpose of regulating and bearing to the several Persons now having Right of Common of Pasture to and over the said Forest, the Power of setting Part and Tied within such Parts of the said Forest as shall not be inclosed by virtue of this Act, be it enacted, That after the said Inclosures shall be made and completed it shall be lawful for all Persons having Right of Common in the said Forest to cut and take Part and Trees in any Part of the said Forest not inclosed under this Act, without Payment of any Fee or Sum of Money to any Keeper or other Person having Care or Superintendance in the said Forest, for taking the same; and no Person shall within the said Inclosure shall have been made and completed take, demand or receive any Sum of Money or Fee or other Payment whatever, of or from any Person cutting or

Regulating setting of Part.

taking such Part or Parts, as any Persons whatsoever, any Kings or Queens hereafter made or established in the contrary notwithstanding.

IK. Evering always in the King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to the said Henry Lord Stowell, and to all his Heirs, Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, and to all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, his and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, all such Estate, Rights, Title, Interest, Claim and Demand whatsoever (other than and except such as is and are hereby expressed, meant and intended to be barred, deferred or extinguished) as they, every or any of them now have or hath, or could have had or enjoyed therein in case this Act had not been made.

General Saving.

C A P. LXXII.

An Act for the better Cultivation of Navy Timber in the Forest of *Abbe Hall*, in the County of Southampton.

[20th June 1812.]

WH^{EREAS} the King's Most Excellent Majesty, in Right of his Crown, is intitled to Himself, his Heirs and Successors, of the Ground and Soil of the Forest of *Abbe Hall*, in the County of Southampton, supposed to contain about Two thousand four hundred and twenty five Acres, exclusive of certain inclosed Lands therein belonging to His Majesty in Sovereignty, (subject to such Claims of Rights and Interests of the Right Honourable Henry Lord Stowell, and other Persons, as and over the same as hereinafter mentioned): And whereas the said Henry Lord Stowell, under and by virtue of a certain Grant of His late Majesty King James the First, bearing Date on or about the Ninth Day of November, in the Fifteenth Year of His Majesty, is or claims to be intitled or interested in and entitled to the Rights of Free Warden and Free Chafe, and other Rights, Liberties and Privileges, as, over and upon the said Forest; and by the said Henry Lord Stowell's Allowance to have and receive, in fees as the same can be made out, a Grant or Letters Patent, of and to hold and enjoy the Office of Ranger of and over the said Forest, and, as assessed or appraised to the said Office, the Liberty of Hunting, Shooting and Sporting, in and over the same Forest, during the Term of his natural Life; and the said Henry Lord Stowell, in respect of his several Missions, which he claims to be or claims to be to the said Forest, he claims to be entitled to other Rights and Interests, in, upon and over the said Forest, or some Part or Parts thereof: And whereas, subject to His Majesty's Rights as the said Forest, certain Persons are or claim to be entitled to certain Rights of Common in, over and upon the said Forest: And whereas from the great and increasing Difficulty of procuring a Supply of Timber from Foreign Countries, and from the Illness of private Individuals in the United Kingdom, it has become necessary to adopt Measures for procuring a more adequate Supply of Timber in this Kingdom; and if His Majesty was empowered to inclose certain Parts of the said Forest, and such Parts were appropriated for the Growth and Preservation of Wood and Timber, the same would be of great Benefit and Advantage to His Majesty and the Public in general: And whereas in order to remedy the Harbours and Common of Pasture, in such Parts of the said Forest as shall not be inclosed, of much greater Value, and more beneficial to the Persons entitled thereto, His Majesty has considered and agreed, that all the Trees now kept and maintained in the said Forest shall, previous to any Inclosure being made of any Part thereof, be wholly removed from the said Forest: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to inclose, fence and improve, within and out of the Open Waste Lands of the said Forest, in separate Inclosures, such Quantity of Lands as shall in the Whole not exceed One thousand five hundred Acres of the Open and Waste Parts of the said Forest; and such Inclosures shall be made under and by virtue of a Commission to be granted and signed by His Majesty for that Purpose, and such Commission shall be directed to Three or more such Persons as His Majesty shall think fit, and such Inclosures shall be set out and made from and out of such Parts or Places of the said Forest as shall be found to be most convenient to be inclosed, and to be best adapted to the Growth and Produce of Timber, which said Inclosures shall be advertised by a Surveyor, and let out and inclosed, fenced and bounded, and the Quantities, Batts and Boundaries thereof returned into His Majesty's Court of Chancery, there to remain on Record for ever; and the said Inclosure so let out and made as aforesaid shall remain in Sovereignty in the actual Possession of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, freed and discharged of and from all manner of Rights, Titles, Pensions, Privileges and Claims whatsoever, (other than and except such as the said Henry Lord Stowell is or may be entitled to as aforesaid) and shall be made and regarded a Nuisance or Nuisance for Timber only, and the said Quantity of One thousand five hundred Acres to be inclosed as aforesaid shall be accepted by and on Behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, as an adequate Compensation for all Right of Soil, or other Right or Claim in or over the remaining Eight hundred and twenty five Acres of the said Waste Lands of the said Forest; which said remaining Quantity of Eight hundred and twenty five Acres shall become the Property of the several Persons entitled as aforesaid to certain Rights of Common in and over the said Forest freed and discharged of and from all Right of Soil, or other Right or Claim of the King's Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; saving nevertheless, the Liberties and Privileges intended to be granted to the said Henry Lord Stowell as hereinafter mentioned; and saving also to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, all Timber and other Trees, Underwood, Batts, Hedges and Thorns, Herbage and Stacks, Sandrags and being in or upon the said remaining Quantity of Eight hundred and twenty five Acres, or any Part thereof, with full Power to cut down and carry away the same, or otherwise to dispose thereof, and to enter on the said Lands for that Purpose from time to time as Occasion may require, for the Space of Three Years from the passing of this Act.

Grant of New
17 Part 5.His Majesty
may inclose
Parts of Forest,
not exceeding
1,500 Acres.

Inclusives not to
include what
Commencement.

No Returns
kept.

Great of Inclu-
sives, &c. &c.

Penalty.

All Debt by
Penalty to be
as returned, and
as Debt when
such kept as
Penalty.

Destroying Trees
in Forest.

Penalties.

Breaking down
Inclosures.
Penalty.

§ 6, c. 2. b.

Refidence in
Forest not to
be Stricken
in District.

General Survey.

II. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That all Inclosures to be made in the said Forest by virtue of this Act shall be made and taken in such manner as not to interrupt or impede the usual and necessary Com- munication, in, over and upon the said Forest.

III. And he it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, no Returns shall be kept in any Part of the said Forest, on any Account or Pretence whatsoever.

IV. And to the End that the said Inclosures may be preferred in the Crown for Public Use as aforesaid, he it further enacted, That in case any Person whatsoever shall presume to take or abate any Off, Growth, Kill or Interact or in the said Inclosures, or any Wood or Trees growing thereon, every such Off, Growth, Kill or Interact, shall (upon proof to be made and said Person is taking the same) be strictly deemed to have, hold or enjoy any such Off, Growth, Kill or Interact, and shall be liable to the Value of any such Off, Growth or Kill to him who shall sue for the same in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, whereon no Fine or Wage of Law shall be allowed to the Defendant.

V. And he it further enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Parks and Land Revenue, or the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods and Forests for the Time being, any one or more by an Authority and required, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, to make all the Dues in the said Forest to be delivered, or removed from and out of the said Forest; and that after the said Day shall be made, no Deer whatsoever shall be kept in any Part of the said Forest, or within the Limits thereof.

VI. And, for the better Preservation of the Trees, Woods, Underwoods, Herbage and Grasses, growing, or which may hereafter be planted and sown to grow or be growing in or upon any Part of the said Forest, he it enacted, That all Persons whatsoever who shall, from and after the passing of this Act, unlawfully cut down, gird, split, bark, peel, damage, destroy, or carry away any Timber Tree or other Tree, Wood or Growth, Green Stick, or any Branch or Stand within the said Forest as aforesaid, shall be liable to and shall be adjudged to pay, to such Person, Proved and Proved, as are provided by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm to be given, imposed or inflicted upon any Person or Persons committing the like Offence or Offences in the Woods, Grasses, Woods or Coppices, being enclosed, and the private Property, of any of His Majesty's Subjects.

VII. And he it further enacted, That every Person who shall wilfully destroy or take away, or shall break down any Fence or Inclosure, or any Part thereof, made for the Protection of any Nursery, of Wood and Timber as aforesaid, shall for the said Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds; and for the second Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and for the Third Offence shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and may be transported to any Part beyond the Seas for the Term of Seven Years, or be liable to such other Punishment by Fine, Imprisonment or otherwise, as the Court before which such Person shall be convicted may direct; and such Person shall and may be recovered, and on View appearing thereof the Person who shall sue for the same may be committed to Prison, in the manner and for the like Term as is provided in an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for the better Preservation of Timber Trees, and of Woods and Underwoods, and for the further Preservation of Bones, Shells and Plants, in relation to a Penalties of Twenty Pounds and Thirty Pounds respectively, for wilfully cutting or breaking down any Timber under the said Act.*

VIII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, no Person or Persons shall, by Refidence in any House, Lodge or other Building erected or to be erected within the said Forest, or by Hunting and Service either for the Pasturage of the said Woods or Plantations, or the Game in the said Forest, gain thereby any Settlement in the Parish of England in the said County in which the said Forest is situated.

IX. Saving always to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to the said *Howe* Lord Stenell, and to all Justice Palatine, Corporate or Collegiate, and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, all such Rights, Privileges, Liberties, Claims and Demands whatsoever (other than except such as are and are hereby expressly granted and intended to be leased, destroyed or extinguished) as they, every or any of them now have or had, or could have had or enjoy therein in the said Act had not been made.

C A P. LXXIII.

An Act for repealing so much of an Act of the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Relief of the Poor within England, and enlarging the Powers of the Guardians of the Poor, as Limits the usual Amount of the Assessments. [27th June 1812.]

¶ WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the better Relief of the Poor within the several Hundreds, Towns and Parishes in that Part of Great Britain called England, incorporated by divers Acts of Parliament for the Purport of the better Maintenance and Employment of the Poor; and for enlarging the Powers of the Guardians of the Poor within the said several Hundreds, Towns and Parishes, as in the Assurances to be made upon the several Petitions, Remonstrances and Petitions made their respective Hundreds, Towns and Parishes, for the Support and Maintenance of the Poor, whereby the Discharged Guardians of the Poor within any Hundred, Town or Parish in England, incorporated by an Act of Parliament, were empowered to elect the Local Overseers, Masters and Places within those respective Hundreds, Towns or Parishes (being usually liable) a Justice of the Peace and Money as to such Discharge or Guardians should appear necessary for the Support and Maintenance of the Poor for the Current Quarter and other Purposes; provided that such Sums should ever exceed in any One Year, after the first Day of January One thousand three hundred and sixty eight, the Amount of Double*

the same shall be raised by virtue of any such incorporating Act: And whereas by virtue of the several Acts made in that behalf by the said King and other necessary Articles of Law, the Amount of the Fees and Charges to be levied by the said Act is become so full as to be necessary to be raised by the said Act, and other Purposes of the said Act: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and it is enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for so much of the said recited Act in behalf of provision that hereafter after the First Day of January One thousand five hundred and ninety eight the same to be altered by virtue thereof on any Petition, Petition or Petition, shall never extend to any One Year Double the same then raised by virtue of any incorporating Act then existing, shall be and is hereby repealed.

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1812.

C A P. LXXIV.

An Act to continue until the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, an Act for appointing Commissioners to enquire and examine into the Nature and Extent of the several Bogs in Ireland, and the Practicability of Draining and Cultivating them, and the best means of effecting the same. [17th June 1812.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Tenth sixth Year of His present Majesty's Revere, entitled *The Act to appoint Commissioners to enquire and examine, until the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, into the Nature and Extent of the several Bogs in Ireland, and the Practicability of Draining and Cultivating them, and the best means of effecting the same, which recited Act was continued until the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament: And whereas it is expedient that the said recited Act should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act of the Tenth sixth Year of His said Majesty shall be and the same is hereby further continued from the said First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and thirteen until the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fourteen.*

43 G. 3. c. 121.
17th June 1812.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, or the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and required to do so, and may be and they are and shall be authorized and empowered to do so, a further sum of Money not exceeding Eight hundred thousand one hundred Pounds, upon the Warrant or Warrants of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, out of any Part of the Public Money remaining in His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland which shall be used shall be employed by the said Commissioners for the Payment of Surveyors, Engineers, Workmen, Clerks, Messengers and other Officers, and in defraying all the necessary Charges in or about the Execution of the Powers of the said recited Act of the Tenth sixth Year, in such manner and in such Proportions as shall be appointed by the Commissioners under the said recited Act, or any Part or parts thereof, by Writing under their Hand and Seal in that behalf, and that such Sums shall be accounted for by the said Commissioners, or the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be paid or paid, in the manner as Money granted or impended for any Public Work, and so far as any other Charge shall be taken or demanded for the raising or Payment of the same.

Commanded
at St. James's
17th June 1812.
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C A P. LXXV.

An Act to provide for the more complete and effectual Legislation of a Debt due to His Majesty from the late *Abraham Goldfield*, Merchant, and his surviving Partners; and to confirm and establish certain Agreements entered into for that and other Purposes relating thereto. [17th June 1812.]

WHEREAS *Abraham Goldfield* of the City of London, Merchant, deceased, and *Seymour Goldfield* of the said City of London, Merchant, who deceased (the Brother of the said *Abraham Goldfield*) did for several Years carry on a Partnership extensive Mercantile and Stock Concerns and whereas the said *Abraham Goldfield* died on the 11th of the Eleventh Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighty, and thereupon the Partnership between him and the said *Abraham Goldfield* was determined: And whereas the said Deceased of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, the said *Abraham Goldfield* took *Abraham Goldfield*, of the said City of London, into Partnership with him in all his Stock Concerns, and also took his *Wife*, *Abraham Goldfield*, and *Thomas*, of the said City of London, into Partnership with him in his said Stock Concerns, and so in all his other Concerns: And whereas the said *Abraham Goldfield* died before he published his last Will and Testament in Writing, bearing Date the Twentieth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eighty, and thereby after taking Notice that the greatest Part of his Property was in Debts to be repaid by him to his Brother the said *Abraham Goldfield*, in whom he had a partial Confidence, he did by his last Will and Testament declare it to be his express Direction and Order, that after the Death of his Deceased and before he of the said *Abraham Goldfield* should be paid, he should pay and be bound to pay, and after meeting and clearing the several Legacies, Provisions and Sums of Money thereinbefore he had previously directed to be paid, he should and was bound to pay, to his Wife, Daughter, Sons and Sisters respectively, and other Persons entitled by his last Will and Testament, upon his Estate, his said Brother *Abraham Goldfield* in any of his Debts to be repaid by him, and before he, whether his other Executors should agree or not, to do, keep and use all other Parts of the said Will, Residue and Remainder of his Estate and Effects as he had of, for the Space of Three Years next after his said Testament's Date, if he the said *Abraham Goldfield* should live so long, by the said

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Abraham Goldfeld paying and allowing as and after the Rate of Five Penns per Annum for so much of the said *Refiduo* as he should in like, keeper or for his said *Bedwell*, nevertheless that he should be at Liberty to pay off the same sooner to his Estate if he should so think fit, and to discharge the said *Telator* declared it to be paid, in case of the previous Death of the said *Abraham Goldfeld*, as soon as conveniently could be after his *Deaths*; and the said *Telator* further declared his Will and *Mining* to be, that as his said *Brother Abraham* and himself had for many Years carried on *Business* together in Partnership with the greatest *Confidance* and mutual *Confidance*, and never had any *Difference* in their *Accounts*, and as it was his Intention that his said *Brother Abraham* should not be called upon or harassed relationally by any of his other *Executors*, or any other *Parties* or *Persons* whatsoever claiming or to claim either as *Executors*, *Trustees*, *Legators*, or otherwise, under or by virtue of that his Will, therefore it was his express Will and Direction that all and every such *Accounts* and *Accounts* of his said Co partnership *Concerns*, and of all *Mortgages* and *Securities* therein belonging to his Estate and *Effects*, which his said *Brother Abraham* should after his *Deaths* deliver in to his said other *Executors* or *Legators*, as a full or true *Account* of the same respectively, and all and every such *Accounts* and *Accounts* of the same, should be binding and conclusive to his said Estate, and to all *Persons* claiming under that his Will, to all *Intents* and *Purposes* whatsoever, and his said *Brother* should not be liable to give or to be called upon for any other *Account* or *Accounts* whatsoever, in any manner otherwise howsoever, any *Clause*, *Bequest*, *Article* or *Thing* in his said Will contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding; and the said *Telator* appointed his *Brothers* *George Goldfeld*, *After Goldfeld*, and the said *Abraham Goldfeld*, *Executors* of his said Will, and soon after the *Deaths* of the said *Benjamin Goldfeld*, and his said *Executors* duly proved his said Will in the *Probate* Court of the *Archbishop of Canterbury*; and whereas the said *Abraham Goldfeld* duly signed and published his said Will and *Testament* in Writing, bearing Date the Twenty seventh Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and six, and thence after directing his *Debts* and *Funeral Expenses* to be paid, and after several *Bequests* in favour of his Wife and of his *Children*, *Jane Leaside* *Nathaniel Goldfeld*, *Eliza Goldfeld* and *Mary Goldfeld*, and after giving several *procurators* and other *Legacies*, to the said *Abraham Goldfeld* gave and bequeathed all the *Real* and *Refiduo* of his *Movables*, *Securities*, *Stock* in the *Public Funds*, *Shares* in *Public Companies* and *Undertakings* or *Institutions*, *Goods*, *Chattels* and *Effects*, and all other his *Personal Estate* and *Effects* which he might in any manner hold or possessed of, or entitled unto at the time of his *Deaths*, in any manner howsoever, and not by his Will otherwise disposed of, or which might happen to be or to become or to remain undispensed of by that his Will, subject to the Payment of all his said *Debts* and *Funeral* and *Testamentary Expenses* and *Legacies*, and to the several *Payments* and *Appropriations* therebefore given and directed and appointed, and also subject to all reasonable *Expenses* to be incurred in the *Execution* of that his Will, or the *Trusts* thereof, unto his *Executors* upon the *Trusts* and for the *Uses* and *Purposes* therein after mentioned, declared and appointed, concerning the same; and the said *Telator* gave and devised and bequeathed all the his *Real Estate* as *Mortgage*, with the *Out Buildings*, *Yards*, *Gardens*, *Leads* and *Appurtenances* thereto belonging, and all other his *Freehold*, *Copyhold* and *Leasehold Estates*, *Tenants* in the *Parishes* of *Marston*, *Morris*, *Middlesh* and *Marston*, or any or either of them, or elsewhere in the *County* of *Surrey*, and all his *Mortgages*, *Buildings*, *Leads*, *Tenements* and *Inclosures*, of every *Kind*, and all his *Real Estates* whatsoever and wherefore, as otherwise by his said Will given, devised or disposed of, and all his *Estate*, *Right*, *Title* and *Interest* whatsoever therein respectively, unto and to the *Use* of his *Executors* thereafter named, their *Heirs*, *Executors* and *Administrators*, according to the *Nature* and *Quality* thereof respectively, upon *Trust* to sell and convert into *Money* all the same *Freehold*, *Copyhold* and *Leasehold* and *Real Estates*, at such time or times as they should deem most expedient; and the said *Abraham Goldfeld* did by his said Will declare, direct and appoint, that the *Purchase Money* to arise from all and every such *Sales* or *Rales* respectively, and also the *Rents*, *Issues* and *Profits* accruing in the mean time, and from such *Sales* or *Rales* respectively, for or in respect of such *Part* or *Parts* thereof as might be let to any *Tenant* or *Tenants*, (subject to all *Charges* and *Expenses* to be incurred in respect thereof) should be added to, and be deemed, considered and taken as and for and to be Part of the general *Refiduo* of his *Personal Estate*, and be paid, applied and disposed of therewith, in the manner and for the *Uses* and *Purposes* directed and appointed in respect to his said *Personal Estate*, and the *Interest* or *Dividends* accruing from the *Produce* thereof, to all *Intents* and *Purposes*; and vesting that, from the nature of his *Contract*, and the *Situation* of his *Property* in various respects, particular *Circumstances* attending the same might render a particular *Court* or *Management* thereof, or particular *Members* as to the same respectively, necessary or expedient, and as to which it might be inconvenient or hazardous to prescribe any particular *Rule* or *Direction*, he the said *Abraham Goldfeld*, for obviating all *Difficulty* in that respect, gave by his said Will to his *Executors* and *Trustees* for the time being a full, general and absolute *Power* and *Direction* in the *Management*, *Arrangement* and *Disposition* of his said *Property* and *Concerns*, in all respects whatsoever, and in the calling in, collecting, receiving, filing, converting and disposing of the same and every or any *Part* or *Parts* thereof, from time to time, as they should deem most expedient, not being contrary to any inconsistent with the general *Provisions* and *Dispositions* of that his Will, or any of them; and the said *Abraham Goldfeld* also authorized his said *Executors* and *Trustees* to compound or release any *Debt* or *Debts*, or *Mortgage* due or belonging to him or his *Estate*, as *Circumstances* might make expedient, and to compromise or refer to *Arbitration* any *Dispute* touching his said *Property* or *Concerns* or any of them, in such manner and upon such *Terms* and *Conditions* respectively as his said *Executors* or *Trustees* should think expedient; and for obviating the *Effect* of any *Difference* of *Opinion* between his said *Executors* and *Trustees* or any of them in respect of any *Sale* or *Sales* of the said *Freehold*, *Copyhold* or *Leasehold Estates*, or of his *Personal Estate* and *Effects*, or any *Part* thereof respectively, or the *Management*, *Arrangement* and *Disposition* thereof

*deceased respectively, or the better the same, or otherwise relating thereto or to his said Concern, by the said Abraham Goldfield did by his said last Will and Testament, will, declare and direct that the Directions, Appointments, Acts and Deeds, from time to time of a Majority of them his said Executors and Trustees for the time being, touching his said Property and Affairs or any of them, signified in Writing under the respective Hands of the Persons composing such Majority, and attested by Two or more credible Witnesses, should be binding and conclusive upon all of them his said Executors and Trustees, and upon all Parties concerned or interested in the Subject or Matter thereof respectively, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and to be carried into Effect accordingly, not being contrary to, or inconsistent with the general Provisions of this his said Will: And after taking Notice of the said Will of the said Benjamin Goldfield, and that it was his the Testator's Intention, as soon as Circumstances would permit, to make out an Account and Statement respecting the Partnership, Property and Concerns of him the said Abraham Goldfield and of the said Benjamin Goldfield, but that he should not happen to do so during his Life, and in order to effect as far as might be the same Object, and to obviate as much as in him lay, all Accounts and Reckonings between the respective Estates and Families of the said Abraham and Benjamin Goldfield respecting the said Transactions, and towards Supplying the same, he the said Abraham Goldfield did, as well as to his own Share, Concern and Interest therein, as also in Parliaments and Execution of the Vice and Interest of his said Brother in that respect expressed by his said last Will and Testament, will, declare and direct that the actual State of the Partnership Property of him the said Abraham Goldfield and his said Brother, at the time of his said Brother's Death, and the clear Amount which should appear upon a proper Statement thereof to have been then remaining due and belonging to them the said Abraham Goldfield and Benjamin Goldfield as Partners, including all Stocks, Shares, Securities and Interests whatsoever then standing or being in both or either of their Names, but belonging to the said Partnership, after deducting all Debts and Demands then due and owing by them on account thereof, should be considered and taken as and for the Rule and Criterion of Division between them respecting their said Partnership Property and Concerns, to all Intents and Purposes, without reference to any Account as between him the said Abraham Goldfield and the said Benjamin Goldfield, or to any Balance which might happen to be due thereon on either Side, and that each of them and their respective Estates should be considered as entitled to one equal Moiety or Half Part of such clear Amount accordingly, subject to a like equal Moiety or Half Part of the said Debts or Demands due by them on account of their said Partnership Concerns: And by the said Abraham Goldfield, after taking Notice that since his Brother's Death by the said Abraham Goldfield had made various Payments and Appropriations to the Credit and for the Use of the Estate of the said Benjamin Goldfield upon account of his said Moiety or Half Part or Share of the said Partnership Property and Concerns, by the said Abraham Goldfield did further will, that after taking Credit for or deducting the Amount of all such Payments and Appropriations last mentioned, and such further or other Payments or Appropriations as he might thereafter make on the same Accounts, by the said Abraham Goldfield, or his Estate, should be considered as indebted and accountable in his said Brother's Estate for so much of the said Moiety or Half Part or Share of the said Partnership Property, to be estimated and taken in manner aforesaid, as should from time to time remain not paid or appropriated to the general Use of his Estate as aforesaid, until the Whole thereof should be fully so paid or appropriated; and for the End and Purpose aforesaid, he the said Abraham Goldfield did by his said Will declare, execute and discharge his said Brother's Representatives and Estate from all Claims and Demands which he the said Abraham Goldfield or his Estate could or might have or claim thereon in respect of any Balance due by the said Benjamin Goldfield to him the said Abraham Goldfield, at the time of his Death, upon any Account then subsisting between him the said Benjamin Goldfield and the said Abraham Goldfield, in respect of their said Partnership or other Transactions or Concerns with each other in any manner whatsoever, subject only so far as such Debts as aforesaid were divided and apportioned in respect thereof; and he the said Abraham Goldfield did further will, declare and direct, that except as far as might be necessary for settling such Debts as aforesaid, and as arising out of the same, no other Account or Reckoning whatsoever should be taken or entered into between their respective Estates in any manner whatsoever: And the said Abraham Goldfield appointed his Brother the said *Abner Goldfield*, and his Sons *James Goldfield* and *Myles Goldfield*, and the said *Thomas Meece* and *Daniel Elphinstone*, to be Executors of his said Will, and in case any of his Executors themselves ceased should happen to do, or should refuse or decline to act in the Execution of that his Will, or the Trusts or Purposes thereof, or should desire to withdraw from being such Executor or Trustee, in every such case respectively he authorized his said Wife, and his said Two Sons *James* and *Myles Goldfield*, or the Survivors or Survivor of them, and the other Executors and Trustees of his Will for the time being, or the major Part of them, to appoint by Writing under the Hands of the Persons composing such Majority, One other competent Person to be such Trustee, instead of any of them his said Executors or Trustees who should so do, or refuse or decline to act, or desire to withdraw as aforesaid, and that upon every such Occasion respectively the proper and suitable Acts, Deeds, Matters and Things to be executed and effected, for transmitting and settling all his then surviving Monies, Property, Estate and Effects, (to and in such new Trustee, together with the other or remaining of the said Executors or Trustees for the time being, upon the same Trusts and for the same Uses and Purposes, and with the same Powers, Privileges and Authorities as were therein provided and appointed in respect thereof, or such of them as for the time being should remain to be performed, and to deliver quietus as often as the case should happen or require: And whereas the said Abraham Goldfield departed this Life in the Month of September One thousand eight hundred and ten; and the said *James Goldfield*, *Myles Goldfield*, *Thomas Meece* and *Daniel Elphinstone*, only proved the said Will in the Prerogative Court of the Archbishop of Canterbury, Power being referred to the said *Abner Goldfield* to prove the same; and the said *Abner Goldfield* hath since in due Form of Law*

renewed

Dist. Pat.
28 Decr. 1812.

renewed the Probate of the said Will, And whereas by a Dead Poll or Instrument in Writing, bearing Date the 1st of the said 12th Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ten, under the Hand and Seal of the said King, the said *Abraham Goldfield*, and *Collyer* acted in His Majesty's Court of Common Pleas in *St. Paul's Church*, after reading and discussing other things, that the said *Abraham Goldfield* had renewed the Probate of the said Will of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, and had not in any respect acted in the several Testes by the said Will required to be, or executed any of the Powers or Authorities thereby delegated to him, and was defrauded of defrauding the same in the manner the said other instrument, It was intended, that by the said *Abraham Goldfield* did thereby for himself, his Heirs, Executors and Administrators, fully, absolutely and irrevocably, assign all and every Title, Estate, Trust, Power and Authority given or delegated to him the said *Abraham Goldfield*, jointly with the said *James Goldfield*, *Wm Goldfield*, *Thomas Moore* and *Nathan Solomon*, in and by the said Will of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, of, in, by, upon or over the Messuages, Tenements, Hereditaments and Good Estate, and also of, in, in, upon or over the Sums of Money, annual or in gross, Stocks, Securities, and other the Personal Estate, and all and singular other the Powers given, devised, bequeathed and bequeathed in and by the said Will of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, and all and singular the Estate, Shares, Property, Rights, Titles, Interests, Use, Trust, Poll-Rates, Freehold Property, Possibility, Challenge, Claims and Demands whatsoever of him the said *Abraham Goldfield*, of, in, to or out of the said Real and Personal Estate, and every or any Part and Parcel thereof, as Devisee or Trustee, or as one of the Devisees or Trustees of the Will of the said *Abraham Goldfield*: And whereas at the time of the Decree of the said *Abraham Goldfield* and there were *James Securities* and other Partnership Estates of the said late Copartnership between the said *Abraham Goldfield* and *Abraham Goldfield* remaining in Specie in the Hands of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, as aforesaid incorporated by the said *Abraham Goldfield* in the time of his Death, and such Securities and other Partnership Estates, upon the Decree of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, vested in Law in his Executors, but subject in Equity to be applied in the first Place to the Payment of such Part (if any) of the said late Copartnership between the said *Abraham Goldfield* and *Abraham Goldfield*, as seems, intended, and there to be divided between the respective Estates of the said *Abraham Goldfield* and *Abraham Goldfield*, according to the Shares and Proportions which it should appear, upon the Settlement of the said Copartnership Accounts, that the said respective Estates, were beneficially interested in and entitled to the Copartnership Stock and Property: And whereas in the Time of the Decree of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, each of the said Partnership of *Abraham Goldfield*, *James Goldfield* and *Thomas Moore*, and *Abraham Goldfield*, *James Goldfield*, *Thomas Moore* and *Nathan Solomon*, was possessed of great Property, and was liable to great Debts and Demands, and was engaged in extensive and complicated Concerns; and particularly there was due to the King's Mail Execution Money from the said Copartnerships of *Abraham Goldfield*, *James Goldfield* and *Thomas Moore*, and of *Abraham Goldfield*, *James Goldfield* and *Thomas Moore*, and *Nathan Solomon*, the Sums of four hundred and forty six thousand seven hundred Pounds or thereabouts; and the said *Abraham Goldfield* and each of the said Partners had a separate Estate, and owed Money on his separate Accounts: And whereas upon the Decree of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, the Probability that a profuse and regular Administration of their Property might make the same produce in real and full Value, and thereby raise a Sum sufficient to satisfy all the Claims and Demands on the same, but that if the same were unnecessarily and summarily attached or disposed of, the Value thereof would be prodigiously lessened, and the Money produced by it would certainly fall very short of answering even the Demand of the Crown upon the same, and leave nothing for the other Creditors, was thought expedient to the Chancellor of His Majesty's Exchequer, that Lord Commissioner of the Treasury, who thereupon agreed, that in lieu of the Adjustment of the Affairs of the said *Abraham Goldfield* and his late surviving Partners should be conducted to the Satisfaction of *Thomas Sandbridge*, *Alexander Baring*, *William Joseph Denjins* and *George Ward*, all of the City of London aforesaid, Merchants, the Prerogative Rights and Remedies of the Crown should not be enforced for recovering the Debt of Four hundred and forty six thousand seven hundred Pounds from the said Partnership Estate, or the separate Estate of the said *Abraham Goldfield* or his Partners, and that the said Sum of Four hundred and forty six thousand seven hundred Pounds, should stand upon an equal Funding with the other Partnership Debts of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, *James Goldfield*, *Thomas Moore*, and *Nathan Solomon*, and of the Partnership Estates of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, *James Goldfield* and *Thomas Moore*, and of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, *James Goldfield*, *Thomas Moore* and *Nathan Solomon*, and should be paid in pari passu with the said Partnership Debts; but upon the express Understanding, that if the said *Thomas Sandbridge*, *Alexander Baring*, *William Joseph Denjins* and *George Ward*, or any Two of them, or such Persons as should be showeth consented Inspection of the said Affairs, or any Two of them, should disapprove of the Administration of the said Affairs, or from any other Cause should deem it advisable that any Course should be taken against the Estate and Effects of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, *Thomas Moore* and *Nathan Solomon*, and the Estate and Effects late of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, the proposed Arrangement should not prejudice the Right of His Majesty to the said Proceeds in His Majesty should be advised to have Recourse to in order to enforce the Payment of the said Debt of Four hundred and forty six thousand seven hundred Pounds, or to reach thereof or should from time to time remain satisfied: And whereas for the Purpose of effecting the Arrangement aforesaid, and affording the means of the Indemnity offered on Behalf of His Majesty being granted, which was deemed highly beneficial and necessary to the most advantageous Management of the Crown; the said *Thomas Sandbridge*, *Alexander Baring*, *William Joseph Denjins* and *George Ward* were nominated by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, Inspectors for the Surmountance, Direction and Control of the said Concerns; and it was agreed that a Deed should be forthwith prepared for carrying the Objects of the Partnership aforesaid Execution: And whereas the said *Thomas Sandbridge*, *Alexander Baring*, *William Joseph Denjins* and *George Ward*, accepted the said Inspection: And whereas

Title of
Act, and date in
the Courts

Approved
and assented to
by the King
in Council
the 12th Day
of December
1812.

by an Indenture bearing Date the Twenty seventh Day of November One thousand eight hundred and ten, and made or expressed to be made between the said *Abram Goldfield, Thomas Moore and Nathan Salomon*, of the First Part; the said *Abram Goldfield, Moses Goldfield, Thomas Moore and David Elgin*, as such acting Executors of the last Will and Testament of the said *Abram Goldfield*, of the Second Part; the said *Thomas Salendridge, Alexander Baring, William Joseph Dunlop and George Ward*, as such Intestates as aforesaid, of the Third Part; the said *George Goldfield and Aler Goldfield*, as the surviving Executors of the last Will and Testament of the said *Freeman Goldfield*, of the Fourth Part; and the several Persons other than the Parties thereto of the First, Second, Third and Fourth Parts, who by themselves or their respective Agents or Attorneys had severally subscribed their Names and affixed their Seals, or should subscribe their Names and affix their Seals thereto of the Fifth Part; it was witnessed, that all the Parties who were Parties thereto of the First, Second, Fourth and Fifth Parts, did thereby fully and irrevocably approve of the Nominations and Appointments of the said *Thomas Salendridge, Alexander Baring, William Joseph Dunlop and George Ward*, to be Intestates for the Superintendance, Direction and Control of the said Partnership Concerns of the said *Abram Goldfield* and his said respective surviving Partners, and of the said separate Concerns of the said *Abram Goldfield* and his said respective surviving Partners, in manner thereafter mentioned; and they the said Parties thereto of the First, Second and Fifth Parts, did thereby further statutorily and irrevocably give full Power and Authority to the said *Thomas Salendridge, Alexander Baring, William Joseph Dunlop and George Ward*, as Intestates, Agents and Control of the Management of the said Partnership Concerns of the said *Abram Goldfield* and his said respective surviving Partners, and of the said separate Concerns of the said *Abram Goldfield* and his said respective surviving Partners, as they should in their Discretion think proper, subject to the Regulations thereafter contained; and for that Purpose to employ and employ the best such Attorneys, Agents or other Persons, and to give them full Salaries or Emoluments as they should think proper: And the said Parties thereto of the Fourth and Fifth Parts did thereby directly, require and enjoin the Parties who were Parties thereto of the First and Second Parts to obey, and to their utmost Power and Ability execute, or cause to be executed, the Directions which the said *Thomas Salendridge, Alexander Baring, William Joseph Dunlop and George Ward*, should give in respect to the said Partnership Concerns, or any of them, or the separate Concerns of the said *Abram Goldfield*, or of the Parties thereto of the First Part, for the Purposes thereafter mentioned, or any of them: And it was thereby provided, agreed and declared, between and by the Parties thereto, that it should and might be lawful to and for the said *Thomas Salendridge, Alexander Baring, William Joseph Dunlop and George Ward*, or any Three of them, at any time whatsoever, by Writing under their respective Hands, to be indorsed to the said Indenture, or a Duplicate thereof, but subject, and without Prejudice, to what should have been then already done under the same, to declare the said Indenture, and every Clause, Matter and Thing therein contained, to be at an End: And it was thereby also witnessed, that the said several Parties who were Parties thereto of the Fourth and Fifth Parts, did give and grant unto each of them the several Parties who were Parties thereto of the First and Second Parts, then-forth and unto the said *Thomas Salendridge, Alexander Baring, William Joseph Dunlop and George Ward*, or any Three of them, should, by Writing under their respective Hands, to be indorsed to the said Indenture or a Duplicate thereof, to grant the said License to be determined and at an End, full and free Liberty, Licence and Self-control, Power and Authority to go about, follow, negotiate and manage, under the immediate and absolute Inspection, Superintendance, Direction and Control of the said *Thomas Salendridge, Alexander Baring, William Joseph Dunlop and George Ward*, the Affairs, Business, Matters and Things whatsoever, of the said Partnership Estates and separate Estates at any Place or Places whatsoever in England or elsewhere, without any Let, Suit, Trouble, Arrest, Attachment or other Impediment, to be offered or done unto them the said Parties thereto of the First and Second Parts, or any of them, by the said several Parties thereto of the Fifth Part, or any of them, or their respective Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Partners, or by their or any of their Means or Procurement; and each and every of the Parties who were Parties thereto of the Fourth and Fifth Parts did thereby for himself, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Partners, grant to the said several Parties who were Parties thereto of the First and Second Parts, and to their respective Executors and Administrators, that if any of the said Parties who were Parties thereto of the Fifth Part, or any other Person or Persons, by the Means or Procurement of any of them, should, during the Continuance of the License thereafter granted, modify, impede or arrest any of the said Parties who were Parties thereto of the First and Second Parts, or should attach or take in Execution the Person or Persons, or the Goods and Chattels, Lands and Tenements of them or any of them, or of the said *Abram Goldfield*, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the said Indenture, then each of them the said Parties thereto of the First and Second Parts as should be so modified, impeded or arrested, or whose Estate and Effects should be so attached or taken in Execution, and their or his Heirs, Executors and Administrators, and the Estate and Effects of the said *Abram Goldfield*, if the same or any Part thereof should be so attached or taken in Execution contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the said Indenture, should throughout be, and be so and they and the same Estate and Effects was and were thereby clearly and for ever acquitted, exonerated and discharged of and from all Actions, Suits, Debts, Damages, Securities, Claims and Demands whatsoever, at Law and in Equity, of the Parties or Persons by whom, or by whose Means or Procurement such Impediment, Modification, Arrest, Attachment or Execution should have been occasioned, and that the said Letter of License should in any or either of said cases operate as a Release, and should or might be pleaded in Bar to such respective Debts, and to any Prosecutions, Suits, Actions, Attachments, Arrests or Process, which should in the same Time be brought, commenced, sued or prosecuted concerning the same Debts against any of the said Parties Parties thereto of the First

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and Second Parts, or the Effects and Effects of any of the said Parties of the First and Second Parts, or against the Estate and Effects of the said Abraham Goldfield; And it was thereby agreed and declared, and between and by the Parties thereto, that in respect of the Parties who were Parties thereto of the Fifth Part, the Two Parties-Parts of the said Abraham Goldfield, Aaron Goldfield and Thomas Moore, and Abraham Goldfield, *for a Goldfield, Thomas Moore and Nathan Robinson, Bank,*, as to all the Purposes of the said Indenture, be considered as forming together One Co-partnership, and each of them be considered as equally liable to the Claims and Demands upon each of them; And it was thereby further witnessed, that in Consideration of the aforesaid Grants and Concessions on the Part of the said Several Parties thereto of the Fourth and Fifth Parts, the several Parties thereto of the First Part did jointly for themselves, their Heirs, Executors and Administrators, and each of them did separately for himself, his Heirs, Executors and Administrators, assent, promise and agree with and to the said Thomas Bankbridge, Alexander Baring, *Willm Joseph Douglas and George Ward*, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, in manner following: that it is to be, that they the said Parties thereto of the First Part should and would forthwith, or by such Time as should be fixed by the said Thomas Bankbridge, Alexander Baring, *William Joseph Douglas and George Ward*, if they should think proper for the same, make to be made up a true and exact Account in Writing of all the Partnership and separate Effects, Estates and Concessions of the said Abraham Goldfield, and his said respective foregoing Partners, of what Nature or Kind soever, as well Real as Personal, and of the said Parties thereto of the First Part, and of the several Charges, Outgoings and Incumbrances then affecting the same, as if the said and would sign the same with their respective Names, in their own Hand-writing, and deliver the said Account so signed by them, unto the said Thomas Bankbridge, Alexander Baring, *William Joseph Douglas and George Ward*, and that they the said Parties thereto of the First Part should and would during the Continuance of the said Letter of Licence, manage and transact the Affairs and Business of the said Co-partnership and separate Concessions of the said Abraham Goldfield and his said foregoing Partners, for the Benefit of these Co-partners, as the best manner they respectively were able to do, and from time to time advance, purchase, sell and receive all the several Profits, Dividends, Returns and Profits of the said Thomas Bankbridge, Alexander Baring, *William Joseph Douglas and George Ward*, and use their best and utmost Wits and Endeavours to convert the same into Money the said Partnership Estate and Effects, and to collect and get in the Debts owing to the same, and to discharge all and every the Debts owing by them in the most and shortest manner, as soon as might be; And further, that the said Parties thereto of the First Part should and would from time to time pay all the Monies which should be received by them or any of them from the Produce of the Partnership and separate Effects and Effects of them the said Parties thereto of the First Part into the Bank of England, in the joint Names of the said Parties thereto of the First Part, and should and would deposit in the Bank of England all Divs, Writings, Bonds, Obligations, Bills, Notes or other Securities, which were then in their Possession, or which should come to their respective Hands; And that the Monies arising from the Estate and Effects of the said Parties thereto of the First Part, and to be paid into the Bank as therein and hereinafter is mentioned, should and be drawn out otherwise than by Draft signed by Two or half of the said Parties thereto of the First Part; And that all Securities for Money which should be so deposited in the Bank should be deposited from time to time at the said Thomas Bankbridge, Alexander Baring, *William Joseph Douglas and George Ward*, or any Three of them, should direct: And the several Parties thereto of the Second Part did enter into Covenants with the said Thomas Bankbridge, Alexander Baring, *William Joseph Douglas and George Ward*, similar to the Covenants entered into by the said Parties thereto of the First Part with the said Thomas Bankbridge, Alexander Baring, *William Joseph Douglas and George Ward*; and it was thereby provided that nothing therein contained should extend or be considered to extend to authorize or permit the said Parties thereto of the Second Part, or any of them, to pay, apply, dispose of or appropriate the specific Monies, Property, Effects or Securities, or the Produce thereof belonging to the late Partnership between the said Benjamin Goldfield and Abraham Goldfield, as the Payment of the separate Debts or to the Use of the said separate Estate of the said Abraham Goldfield, farther or beyond the Amount or Proportion to which the Estate of the said Abraham Goldfield should appear to have a beneficial Interest in the Partnership Stock upon the Settlement of the said Partnership Accounts of the said Benjamin Goldfield and Abraham Goldfield; And the several Parties who were Parties thereto of the First and Second Parts did thereby covenant with the said Thomas Bankbridge, Alexander Baring, *William Joseph Douglas and George Ward*, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, in manner following: that it is to be, that the said Parties thereto of the First and Second Parts should and would from time to time keep proper Books of Account of the Partnership and separate Effects and Effects of the said Parties thereto of the First Part, and of the Partnership and separate Estate and Effects of the said Abraham Goldfield, and the Management and Disposition of the same respectively, and of all the Concessions of the same respectively, and make or cause to be made in the said Books true and proper Entries of all Receipts, Payments and Disbursements, and of all such other Transactions, Matters and Things, as were agreeable to the Custom of Merchants, or which ought to be entered in the same, for giving to the said Inspectors a clear and full Knowledge of the said several Concessions and of all Things relating thereto, and obliging such Parties of their said Receipts, Payments and Transactions [if any] as relate to the Property or Affairs of the late Copartnership between the said Benjamin Goldfield and Abraham Goldfield, from the general and separate Effects or Affairs of the said Abraham Goldfield, and of all Acts, Deeds, Transactions, Matters or Things done in the time by the Parties thereto of the First and Second Parts; or by their Procurement; and professes in a proper and regular manner all Letters, Writings and other Documents respecting the Concessions of the said Copartnership or separate Estates, or any of them, which then were in their Possession or Power, or which should thereafter come to their Possession or

Power, and care and keep Copies of all Letters written by them; and should and would permit the said
Thomas Sandbridge, Alexander Baring, William Jayke Douglas and George Ward, or any of them, from
time to time and at all times to examine and inspect the said Books of Accounts, and all other Papers,
Letters and Writings relating to the Management of the said Estates and Effects respectively, and also
insert the same to be entered by the said Parties thereto of the Fourth Part, in so far as the same related to
the said Account of the Affairs or Concerns of the said late Partnership of the said *James and Abraham Gold-
smith*; and should and would upon their or any of their Requests make and give Copies and Extracts of the
same to them or any of them, or to any Person or Persons appointed by them or any of them; and also
should and would if thereto required by the said *Thomas Sandbridge, Alexander Baring, William Jayke
Douglas and George Ward*, verify the Truth of such Accounts and Statements upon Oath before One
of the Justices of the Court of Chancery; and forth with by the said Parties thereto of the First and Second
Parts, should not, in the Administration of the aforesaid Estates and Effects under the said Deed, give any
Preference or Priority of Payment to any Creditors upon the said Estates or Effects, nor any part of the said
Estate, nor do or suffer to be done, say Ask, Do, or Matter or Thing whatsoever, whereby any of the
Partnership or separate Creditors of the said Part or thereto of the First Part, or of the said *Abraham Gold-
smith*, should or might obtain any Security or Satisfaction for his or their Debt or Debts, or any Preference
or Priority in the Payment thereof, or any Part thereof, before the others of the said Creditors, save and
except that any One or more such of the said Creditors which respectively shall not one of the Sum of
Two hundred Pounds, and who should be willing to accept the Sum of Two hundred Pounds for the Debt,
might be paid out of the separate Estate of the said *Abraham Goldsmith*, or his Proprietors of the separate
Partnership Estate of the said *James Goldsmith and Abraham Goldsmith*, the whole of such their said
Debt, in accepted Satisfaction for the same, if the said *Thomas Sandbridge, Alexander Baring, William
Jayke Douglas and George Ward*, should consent thereto, but not otherwise; and that none of them the
said Parties thereto of the First and Second Parts, should release any Debt or Debts owing to the said
Partnerships, or either of them, or to any of the Parties thereto, or to his separate Account, or to the Estate of
the said *Abraham Goldsmith*, or bring any Action or Suit for recovery of any such Debt or Debts, or com-
pound the same, without the Advice and Approbation of the said *Thomas Sandbridge, Alexander Baring,
William Jayke Douglas and George Ward*; but notwithstanding it was thereby agreed and declared between and
by the Parties thereto, that it should be lawful for the Parties thereto of the First Part, (that subject to
the Right of Redemption thereunto respectively, if the same should be called upon,) to admit any
Person or Persons a Creditor or Creditors, under or by virtue of the said Indenture, for any Debt or
Debts claimed by him or them from the said Partnership Estate and Effects, or their said separate Estate and
Effects, upon such Evidence as the said Parties thereto of the First Part should deem reasonable; and also
that it should be lawful for the said Parties thereto of the First Part, with the Approbation in Writing of
the said *Thomas Sandbridge, Alexander Baring, William Jayke Douglas and George Ward*, but not other-
wise, to compromise the Amount of any Debt claimed by any of the Creditors on the said Trust; and in
like manner that it should be lawful for the said Parties thereto of the Second Part, to admit any Person or
Persons a Creditor or Creditors, under or by virtue of the said Indenture, for any Debt or Debts claimed
by him or them from the separate Estate and Effects of the said *Abraham Goldsmith*, as to those the said
Parties thereto of the Second Part should seem reasonable; and with the Approbation in Writing of the said
Thomas Sandbridge, Alexander Baring, William Jayke Douglas and George Ward, but not otherwise,
to compromise the Amount of any Debt claimed by any Creditor or Creditors on the said Trust; And it was
provided and agreed between and by the said Parties thereto, that in case of any Difference or Dispute it
should be lawful for the said *Thomas Sandbridge, Alexander Baring, William Jayke Douglas and George
Ward*, or any Three of them, to ascertain and appoint the Trust on which any Claim or Claims
ought to be deemed Creditor or Creditors, and also to separate, distinguish, and also the separate from the
Partnership Property, and to ascertain, adjust and settle the State of the said Account between the said
Two Partnerships of the said *Abraham Goldsmith, James Goldsmith and Thomas Moore and Abraham Gold-
smith, Aaron Goldsmith, Thomas Moore and Nathan Robinson*, for the Purpose of dividing the said between
them, or their Representatives; And it was thereby also agreed and declared in record and by the Parties
thereto, that any Creditor or Creditors who had any Security or Pledge for any Debt or Debts or any
Part thereof, should or might execute the said Indenture, without Prejudice to the said Security or
Satisfactions, and convert the same Security or Satisfactions into Money, and use the said Dividend exactly with
the other Creditors as in and to the said Debt or Debts as should not be released or paid out of the
Product of the said Security or Satisfactions; And the said Parties the one of the First and Second Parts did
thoroughly consent with the said *Thomas Sandbridge, Alexander Baring, William Jayke Douglas and George
Ward*, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, in manner following; that it is to be, that when and
in case as the Money which should with from the Partnership Estate of the said Parties thereto of the
First Part, and the separate Estate and Effects here of the said *Abraham Goldsmith*, should be allowed to
pay Twelve Pounds Ten Shillings for each One hundred Pounds of the Debt, payable out of the said
Trust, the said Parties thereto of the First and Second Parts should and would make a reasonable Dividend to
that Amount on the said Debt or Sum of Four hundred and fifty six thousand two hundred Pounds, and
on all the Partnership Debt of the several Persons who were Parties thereto of the First Part, without
Preference or Priority one to the other, and a further Dividend from time to time, in case as the Money
is found applicable to the Payment of the said Partnership Debts from the Proceeds of Twelve
Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum to the said Capital of the said Partnership Debt, and a full Dividend
of Twenty Shillings in the Pound should be made on the Whole of the said Debt of Four hundred and

any six thousand seven hundred Pounds, and as all the Partnership Debts, to the Parties thereto, or until
 the Whole of the said Partnership Fund should be exhausted; and it was thereby provided and agreed, that
 it should be lawful for the said *Thomas Baskbridge, Alexander Baring, William Joseph Dunlop and George*
Ward, or two or more of them to be made of the said Partnership Estate and Effects, and the same
 should be paid accordingly; and it was thereby also provided and agreed, that when and so often as
 any such Dividend as aforesaid should be made of the said Partnership Fund, the said Parties thereto
 of the First Part should, as soon as conveniently might be, make a Dividend of all Moneys which should
 have been received by them the said Parties thereto of the First Part, from their separate Estates
 and Effects, unto and amongst all the separate Creditors of them the said Parties thereto of the First
 Part who should execute the said Indenture, after the same Rate as that of the Dividend which should
 have been then last made of the said Partnership Effects, or as near to the same as circumstances would
 admit; and that they and to others as any such Dividend as therein and herebefore is mentioned
 should be made of the said Partnership Fund, then and so often as the Parties thereto of the Second
 Part should make a Dividend of all Moneys which should have come to the Hands of them the said
 Parties thereto of the Second Part, or account of the separate Estates and Effects of the said *Abraham*
Goldfield, unto and amongst all the separate Creditors of the same Estates and Effects of the said Abrah-
am Goldfield, who should execute the said Indenture, after the same Rate as that of the Dividend which
should have been then last made of the said Partnership Effects, or as near thereto as the circumstances
of the case would admit; But it was thereby expressly agreed and declared, that no Dividend should be made
of the Fund arising from the separate Estates and Effects of the Parties thereto of the First Part, or from the
separate Estates and Effects of the said Abraham Goldfield, without the Consent and Approbation of the said
Thomas Baskbridge, Alexander Baring, William Joseph Dunlop and George Ward, or any Three of them;
 and it was thereby provided and agreed, that if the Funds applicable to the Payment of the Debts of the
 said Partnership, and immediately available to the same, should be exhausted and prove insufficient to pay
 Twenty Shillings in the Pound on the whole Amount of the said Debts, and the Funds applicable to the
 Payment of the separate Debts of the said Parties thereto of the First Part, and of the said *Abraham Gold-*
field, should be more than adequate for that Purpose, then the Overplus or Excess of the Fund applicable to
the Payment of the said separate Debts should, in so far as the same should be wanted to make up the Payment
of Twenty Shillings in the Pound of the Debts of the said Partnership, be applied in Aid of the Funds
applicable towards the said Debts of the said Partnership; And it was thereby agreed and declared
between and by the Parties thereto, that if the Funds applicable to the Payment of the separate
Debts of the said Parties thereto of the First Part, and of the said Abraham Goldfield, should be adequate to
pay a larger Dividend on the said separate Debts of the Parties thereto of the First Part, and of the said
Abraham Goldfield, than the said Partnership Fund immediately available would be sufficient to pay on the said
Partnership Debts of the said Parties thereto of the First Part, and of the said Abraham Goldfield, then the
Funds applicable to the Payment of the said separate Debts should, in so far as the same would extend, to be
brought in Aid of the Funds applicable to the Payment of the Debts of the said Partnership, and immedi-
ately available for that Purpose, less to make the Dividends on the Debts of the said Partnership equal to
the Dividends on the said separate Debts, but it should be wholly left to the said Thomas Baskbridge, Alex-
ander Baring, William Joseph Dunlop and George Ward, to decide on the Availability or Adequacy of the
said Funds, and the Application of said separate Funds, in manner therein and respectively mentioned; And
 it was thereby further agreed and declared between and by the Parties thereto, that if any Part of the Fund
 applicable for the Payment of the Debts of the said Partnership should remain after satisfying and satisfying
 the Debts of the said Partnership, then the Surplus or Excess of the said Funds, if wanted for that Purpose,
 should, in so far as the same would extend, be brought in Aid of the Funds applicable for the Payment of the
 separate Debts of the said Parties and the separate Debts of the said *Abraham Goldfield, according to the*
 respective Interests of the said Partnership and of the said *Abraham Goldfield* therein, and it was thereby agreed
 and declared between and by the Parties thereto, that all Debts owing from the said Parties thereto of the
 First Part, as well as the said Partnership as on their said separate Accounts, and all the Debts owing from
 the Estates and Effects of the said *Abraham Goldfield, to the several Persons Parties thereto of the First Part,*
 or any of the said Debts, should be submitted to the Executions of the said *Thomas Baskbridge, Alexander*
Baring, William Joseph Dunlop and George Ward, or any Three of them, if they respectively should think
proper and require; and for that Purpose it was thereby agreed and declared that the said Thomas Bask-
bridge, Alexander Baring, William Joseph Dunlop and George Ward, or any Three of them, should and ought
to execute the same Debts to be verified by the Affidavits of the same several Creditors, being the Amount and
Consideration of the same, and other circumstances relating thereto, which Affidavits should be sworn before
a Magistrate Extraordinary or Clerks of the District in which the Party from whom the same
should be required should reside, and should and ought call for such Documents, Vouchers and Papers from
the Parties whose Debts should be so verified, as the said Thomas Baskbridge, Alexander Baring,
William Joseph Dunlop and George Ward, should think fit, and that the Determination of the said Inden-
ture, or any Three of them, should be final, binding and conclusive on all Parties related to any Interest or
Benefit under the said Indenture; And it was thereby further agreed and declared, that the Amount of the
respective Debts of the said several Creditors, Parties thereto, after the same should have been determined by
the said Indenture, or any Three of them, should be written opposite to the Signatures of such respective
Creditors, under several Heads, distinguishing the Funds or Fund out of which the same should be payable;
 And the said several Persons who were Parties thereto of the First Part, did thereby consent with the said
Thomas Baskbridge, Alexander Baring, William Joseph Dunlop and George Ward, their Executors and Ad-
ministrators, that they the said Parties thereto of the First Part should and would at any time thereafter dec-

ing the Continuance of the said Letter of Licence, upon the Request of the said Thomas Bainsbridge, Alexander Barley, William Joseph Douglas and George Ward, or any Three of them, convey, surrender, assign or otherwise alienate all or any Part or Parts of the Real and Personal Estate and Effects whatsoever and whosoever, of, in, or to which the said Parsonages of the said Part, or any of them, were or was held, possessed, enjoyed, or to be enjoyed, and the Decreted Produce of the same, either unto any Person or Persons who should purchase the same, and to whom or to the Use of whom the said Thomas Bainsbridge, Alexander Barley, William Joseph Douglas and George Ward, or any Three of them, should direct the same to be conveyed, assigned, surrendered, or otherwise alienated, or unto such Person or Persons as the said Thomas Bainsbridge, Alexander Barley, William Joseph Douglas and George Ward, or any Three of them, should direct the same to be conveyed, assigned, surrendered or otherwise alienated, for the Purpose of selling or otherwise disposing of the same and making the Value and Produce thereof available for the Objects of the said Indenture; and the said several Persons who are Parties thereto of the Second Part did consent with the said Thomas Bainsbridge, Alexander Barley, William Joseph Douglas and George Ward, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, that they the said Parties thereto of the Second Part should and would at any time thereafter during the Continuance of the said Letter of Licence, upon the Request of the said Thomas Bainsbridge, Alexander Barley, William Joseph Douglas and George Ward, or any Three of them, convey, surrender or assign, or otherwise alienate all the Real and Personal Estate and Effects whatsoever and whosoever, of, in, or to which the Parsonages of the Second Part, or any of them, were or was held, possessed, enjoyed or to be enjoyed, and the Decreted and Execution of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, and the Income or Produce of the same, to any Person or Persons who should purchase the same, and to or to the Use of whom the said Thomas Bainsbridge, Alexander Barley, William Joseph Douglas and George Ward, or any Three of them, should direct the same to be conveyed, assigned, surrendered or otherwise alienated, or unto such Person or Persons as the said Thomas Bainsbridge, Alexander Barley, William Joseph Douglas and George Ward, or any Three of them, should direct the same to be conveyed, assigned, surrendered or otherwise alienated, for the Purpose of selling or otherwise disposing of the same, and making the Value or Produce of the same available for the Objects of the said Indenture: And it was thereby agreed and declared between and by the Parties thereto, that the Money payable for the Purchase of any Real or Personal Estate or Effects which should be sold under any of the Provisions of said Indenture, should be paid into the Bank of England, and that if the Estate or Effects to be sold should be the Partnership Property, or the Separate Property of the Parties thereto of the First Part, the same should be paid to the Account of the Parties thereto of the First Part; and if the Estate or Effects to be sold should be the Property of the Parties thereto of the Second Part, as Executors or Beneficiaries of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, the same should be paid to the Account of the Parties thereto of the Second Part; and the Receipt of any of the Cashiers of the Bank of England, for any of the said Summs of Money, should effectually discharge the Person or Persons to whom the same should be given, from being obliged to see to the Application, or from being answerable for the Misapplication thereof: And it was thereby provided and declared, that both in respect to the Securities to be deposited, and the same to be paid into the Bank of England, as therein and hereinafter is mentioned, Care should be taken to distinguish those in which the Executors of the said *Abraham Goldfield* are concerned from the others, and particularly the joint Property of the said late Partnership of the said *Abraham* and *Abraham Goldfield*, remaining in Specie at the Death of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, and to have separate Accounts opened and kept for the same, and that the Debts which should be executed by the Parties thereto of the First Part, or the Parties thereto of the Second Part, or any of them, for the Purpose left therein and hereinafter mentioned, or any of them, should contain such Covenants and Agreements by the Parties, or any of them, for the Title to the Property thereby conveyed, assigned or otherwise alienated, and for the quiet Possession, free from Incumbrances, and further Assurance of the same, and all such other Covenants, Clauses, Powers, Provisions, Declarations and Agreements, as the said Thomas Bainsbridge, Alexander Barley, William Joseph Douglas and George Ward, or any Three of them, should direct: And it was thereby agreed and declared between and by the Parties thereto, that in consequence of any Direction as therein and hereinafter is mentioned, the Real and Personal Estate therein and hereinafter mentioned, or any Part thereof, should be conveyed and assigned by the said Parties thereto of the First and Second Part, or any of them, to Trustees upon Trust for Sale, then the same Trustees should stand and be possessed of and invested in the Manner aforesaid by Sale of the said Estate and Effects, or any Part thereof, upon and for the Title, Intents and Purposes which the same Moneys would have been applicable unto in the Hands of the said Parties thereto of the First and Second Part of such Sale had been effected by them the said Parties thereto of the First and Second Part, but the said Thomas Bainsbridge, Alexander Barley, William Joseph Douglas and George Ward, or any of them, should have full Power and Authority to remove the said Trustees or any of them, and to substitute One or more Persons or Persons in their or any of their Stead, or to act in Cooperation with them: And it was thereby provided and agreed, that as between the said Parties thereto of the First Part, and the Estate and Effects of the said *Abraham*, assigned, and the Estate and Effects of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, nothing therein expressed and contained should be construed to alter or vary the Intents of the said several Parties thereto of the First Part, and the Intents of the said Parties thereto of the Second Part, as Executors and Beneficiaries of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, and of the Parties thereto of the Fourth Part, as Executors of the said *Abraham Goldfield*, except that the Management of the Estate of the said *Abraham* and *Abraham Goldfield* was to be carried on under the Title and Powers of the said Indenture; and that if any of the several Funds thereinbefore mentioned should be related to one of its Courts, for any of the Purposes therein and hereinafter mentioned, the Assent of what should be substituted from it should be made good to it out of the Fund in Aid of which such Substitutions should have been made: And it was thereby agreed and

declared

declared between and by the Parties thereto, that in case of Difference or Dissent, all selected Accounts, Receipts and Transfers whatsoever between the Estates of the said Benjamin Goldfield and the said Abraham Goldfield, should, when and so often, and so far as the circumstances of the case would admit, be referred to the Adjustment and Determination of Three Persons, One of whom should be chosen by the said Insolvent or Insolvents for the time being, and another by the Executors or Administrators of the said Benjamin Goldfield, and the Third by the Two Parties who should be in full Power and Effect, and that the said A. B. C. D. E. F. G. H. I. J. K. L. M. N. O. P. Q. R. S. T. U. V. W. X. Y. Z. should certify, by Writing under their Hands, whether any and what Balance was in their Judgment, due from the Estate and Effects of the said Abraham Goldfield to the Estate and Effects of the said Benjamin Goldfield, or from the Estate and Effects of the said Benjamin Goldfield to the Estate and Effects of the said Abraham Goldfield, and such Certificate should be binding, still and otherwise upon the Parties thereto; and that if it should be found that a Balance was due from the Estate and Effects of the said Abraham Goldfield to the Estate and Effects of the said Benjamin Goldfield, then the said Parties thereto of the Fourth Part, as such Executors of the said Benjamin Goldfield, should be 4. equal as to the separate Estate and Effects of the said Abraham Goldfield for the Amount of the said Balance, and should be paid equally and proportionally with the said Creditors on the said Fund: And it was then by further agreed and declared between and by the Parties thereto, that in case the said Parties thereto of the Fourth Part, should find it necessary or expedient to sit under the Seal of a Court of Equity in any case whatsoever, the proposed Arrangement for the Adjustment of the said selected Accounts, each of the Parties thereto who should be a necessary or proper Party to a Suit to be instituted in the said Court for the Purpose aforesaid, should concur therein, and prosecute the Suit thereof, and that nothing therein contained should interfere with or in any manner operate against any Directions respecting the Liens of the said Benjamin Goldfield, which in such a Suit or suits should be given or made by any of His Majesty's Courts of Equity, and it was thereby agreed and declared between and by the Parties thereto, that if any of the Parties thereto of the First Part should to the Judgment of the said Thomas Baskerville, Alexander Searcy, William Joseph Douglas and George Ward, or any Three of them, make Default in performing any any of the Contracts, Obligations and Agreements therein and herebefore mentioned, which it was intended to be made, or should in any manner fail to perform, and the said Thomas Baskerville, Alexander Searcy, William Joseph Douglas and George Ward, or any Three of them, should certify such Default by Writing under their Hands subscribed on the said Indenture, or a Duplicate thereof, such Certificate should be conclusive Evidence of the said Fact, and then immediately thereupon every Article, Claim, Matter and Thing theretofore mentioned, which within the said Creditors, or any of them, from suing or recovering Payment of their respective Debts from the Parties making Default, should cease, determine and be utterly void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, but nevertheless if the Contracts and Agreements theretofore entered into by the Parties making Default aforesaid, should in respect to him and all Parties claiming under him, be in full Force and Effect, but so far as to disturb the Arrangement thereby made or intended to be made of the Partnership or separate Property of such Parties: And it was thereby agreed and declared between and by the Parties thereto, that the Insolvents named therein and to be appointed hereafter as mentioned, should keep or cause to be kept Minutes of all their Proceedings and Transfers in and about the Matters aforesaid, which should be accessible to all reasonable times to the said Creditors or any of them: And it was thereby further agreed and declared between and by the Parties thereto, that it should be lawful for the said Thomas Baskerville, Alexander Searcy, William Joseph Douglas and George Ward, to do, by what Name and by what Use or name of their any of the Powers and Authorities theretofore given to them might be exercised, except only in respect to the Powers and Authorities to the Extent of a both the Consent of Three or Two of them as aforesaid before made necessary; and further, that it should be lawful for the said Insolvents for the time being, or any Three of them, to direct the Costs, Charges and Expenses incurred previously to and attending the Execution thereof, and the Arrangement intended to be made thereby, and the Costs, Charges and Expenses which should be incurred to the Execution of the Trust and Purposes aforesaid, and out of which Fund the same should be paid; and so make such Allowance to the Parties thereto of the First Part, or to such respective Families, and to the Family of the said Abraham Goldfield, for their respective Marriages and Support, as to the said Thomas Baskerville, Alexander Searcy, William Joseph Douglas and George Ward, or any Three of them, should seem reasonable, so far that the Money to be allowed for Maintenance to each of the Families and to the Family of the said Abraham Goldfield, should be paid in as far as might be practicable out of the separate Estate and Effects of the Party to whom, or to whose Family such Allowance should be made; And it was thereby agreed and declared between and by the Parties thereto, that if any of the said Thomas Baskerville, Alexander Searcy, William Joseph Douglas and George Ward, or any of them, or any Parties to be chosen as Insolvent or Insolvents in any of the Cases or Cases, as therein and hereafter is mentioned, should depart the Life, or die, or be or become incapable of sitting in the said Indenture, or deliver any Petition or Petitions to be allowed with them or him in the same, then and in such case, and in such case as the same should happen, it should be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, to nominate and appoint any Person or Persons to be an Insolvent or Insolvents in the Place or Places of the said Person or Persons who should be or become incapable to act as aforesaid, or to act in Conspectu with the Insolvent or Insolvents for the time being; and that every Insolvent or Insolvents so appointed as aforesaid should have full and the like Powers and Authorities as every Insolvent or Insolvent in what Cases he should have been appointed, or in Conspectu with whom he should have been appointed: And it was thereby provided and agreed that the Insolvents mentioned thereby, and so be thereby appointed as therein and herebefore is mentioned, should not incur any Responsibility by their Default or Management of the Affairs intended to be put under their Inspection, or be answerable or

* accessible

• accessible for the Acts, Negatives or Defects of any Parties employed by them; And that it should be
 • lawful for the said Inspectors, out of the Monies which under the Provisions of the said Indenture should be
 • placed under their Direction and Control, to return to themselves a bill above to the other or others of them,
 • all Costs, Charges and Expenses which they should suffer or be put to by action or in consequence of the
 • said Inspectors or Management of the Affairs of the said Partnerships of the said and beyond Parts: And
 • it was further agreed and declared, that in case any Question, Matter or Thing should arise in the Management,
 • Liquidation or Dissolution of the Partnership or separate Estate and Effects of the said Parties, Partners of the said
 • Part, or of the said *Abraham Goldgold*, which was not expressly mentioned or provided for thereby, or in case the
 • Inspectors for the time being and the said Indenture should be able to determine and agree upon the
 • Points of Controversy to be pursued by them, or by the said Parties thereto, or any of them, in the Matters and
 • Things in or relative thereto, or any of them, then and in every such case, and in such case the same should
 • remain to be decided by the said Inspectors for the time being to call a Meeting of the Parties
 • Partners of the said Part, or their respective Representatives, by Posters Day-Notice to The London Ga-
 • zette, and to submit such Questions, Matters or Things, to the Consideration of the Parties who might be pre-
 • sent at such Meeting, and that the Determination of the major Part or Number and Value of the Creditors
 • present at such Meeting should be binding and conclusive on all Parties entitled to any Benefit under the
 • said Indenture and further, that if any Question should arise on the true Construction of the said Indenture,
 • or any Clause or Provision therein contained, which, in the Opinion of the Inspectors for the time being,
 • should appear doubtful, it should be lawful to call the said Inspectors to submit the same Question to His Majesty's
 • Attorney and Solicitor General for the time being, and in case of a Difference of Opinion between
 • them, then, in the Opinion of some one Person appointed by the said Attorney and Solicitor General, and
 • the Decision so obtained should be binding and conclusive on all Parties entitled to any Benefit under the
 • said Indenture: And lastly, the said Parties thereto of the said and beyond Parts did thereby declare and
 • direct, that all and every Parties and Persons in whom any Real or Personal Estate, whatsoever of the Names
 • therein of the said Part, or any of them, or of them for the said Parties thereto of the second Part, as Execu-
 • tors or Derivatives of the said *Abraham Goldgold*, then was, or thereafter should or might be vested for any
 • Term, Term or Interest, whether in or who had or should have any Charge or Lien thereon, should stand
 • and be satisfied and intended in the said Estate, Terms, Charges, Interests or Liens, upon Trust, to
 • receive, sign and dispose of the same as the said *Thomas Sandford*, *Alexander Harvey*, *William Jephth*,
 • *Benjamin and George Ward*, or any Three of them, should direct or appoint; and in Default of such Direc-
 • tion or Appointment, upon such Trusts as would be most beneficial to the Trusts, Interests and Purposes
 • thereinbefore expressed and contained of and concerning the same, and facilitate the Execution of the same;
 • And whereas the Arrangement intended or agreed to be made by the said Indenture of the Twenty seventh
 • Day of November One thousand eight hundred and ten, will greatly facilitate the Payment of the said
 • Crown Debt of Four hundred and fifty, or thousand seven hundred Pounds, and by making thereof it is ex-
 • pedient and necessary that the said Arrangement should be carried into Execution: May it therefore please
 • Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and it is enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with
 • the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament as-
 • sembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Indenture of Five Parts, bearing Date the Twenty
 • seventh Day of November One thousand eight hundred and ten, and all the Covenants and Agreements,
 • Powers, Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things therein expressed and contained, shall be, and the same are
 • hereby ratified, confirmed and established: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall give Effect to
 • any Clause contained in the said Will of the said *Abraham Goldgold*, for settling the Balance of the Accounts
 • between the same and his said Brother *Joseph Goldgold*, or for any such Clause may be prejudicial to the In-
 • terests of the Creditors or either of them the said *Thomas and Abraham Goldgold*.

In witness
 whereof

Edw. the sixth
 Queen of
 the said, under
 the Great
 Seal of Great
 Britain.

Edw. the sixth
 Queen of
 the said, under
 the Great
 Seal of Great
 Britain.

11 And it is hereby further enacted, That the said sum of Four hundred and fifty six thousand seven hundred
 Pounds, and every Clause and Demand of the Crown upon the Estate and Effects of the said *Abraham Gold-
 gold*, or of his said respective surviving Partners or assigns of the same, shall be paid, discharged and liquidated
 upon the Terms and Conditions, and in the manner and by the Power of Deeds and other Regula-
 tions, accented to and stipulated for by the said Right Honourable *John Percival*, and mentioned and re-
 ceived in the said Indenture, according to the true Intent and Meaning of the same, as if such Terms,
 Conditions, Powers, Authorities, Deeds and Regulations were herein particularly and severally and
 separately each of them set out as they are in the said Indenture recited and set forth.

12 And it is further enacted, That the Purchaser or Possessor of any of the Estate or Effects of the said
Abraham Goldgold, or of the said *Abraham Goldgold*, or of the said *Thomas Sandford*, or of the said *Benjamin Sandford*,
 or of the Trusts or Derivatives of the said Indenture of the Twenty seventh Day of November One
 thousand eight hundred and ten, paying his, her or their Probable Taxes, and all other Parties whatsoever
 present, absent, or transacting or claiming any Stocks, Funds or Securities, or other Effects whatsoever under
 the said Trusts or Provisions, and in the manner prescribed by the same, shall not in any way be liable to the
 Responsibility or other Right or Liabilities of the Crown, for, or on account of the said sum of Four hundred and
 fifty six thousand seven hundred Pounds, or any Part thereof; and that all and every the Parties or Person
 who are to whom any Estate or Effects of the said *Abraham Goldgold*, *Sandford* hereby give or being Parties,
 or who are charged or obliged to pay the Trusts or Derivatives of the said Indenture of the Twenty seventh Day of
 November One thousand eight hundred and ten, and in the manner prescribed by the same, and their respective
 Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, shall hold and pay the said Estate and Effects, and every of
 them, and, requested and absolutely discharged of and from the said sum of Four hundred and fifty six
 thousand seven hundred Pounds, and all Actions, Suits, Claims and Demands whatsoever, which of this Act

had

had not been made, His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, might or could have in or upon the said Estate and Effects or any of them, on account of the said Sum of Four hundred and sixty six thousand seven hundred Pounds, under any Statute, Law or Usage whatsoever.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, among them hereafter to investigate the Conduct of the said *Juan Galzifid, Thomas Amiss and Nathan Schemm*, and of the Personal Representatives of the said *Abraham Gold, Joid*, deceased, by such means as they shall deem proper, as to the Management and Appropriation of the joint and separate Property of the said late Partnerships, and of the Individuals composing the same; and if upon such investigating they shall approve and be satisfied with such Conduct, it shall and may be lawful for the said Lords Commissioners, or any Three of them, by Writing under their Hands and Seals, to declare and pronounce the said *Juan Galzifid, Thomas Amiss and Nathan Schemm*, as to their Persons and future Property, and also the said Personal Representatives as such Representatives, acquitted and discharged of and from any future Claim on the Part of His Majesty or any of his Successors, on account or in respect of the said Debt or Sum of Four hundred and sixty six thousand seven hundred Pounds, or so much thereof as shall then remain due and undischarged; and it is hereby declared, that from and after such Declaration to be signed and sealed by the said Lords Commissioners, or any Three of them, the said *Juan Galzifid, Thomas Amiss, and Nathan Schemm*, as to their Persons and future Property, and also the said Personal Representatives as such Representatives, shall be as fully and effectually discharged, to all Intents and Purposes, from the said Debt or Sum of Four hundred and sixty six thousand seven hundred Pounds, as if the same had been fully paid and satisfied; any Statute or Law to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding; Provided nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall be construed, deemed or taken to limit or affect the Right of His Majesty as to the Property, Estate and Effects conveyed and assigned by the said Indenture of the Twenty fourth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and ten, or mentioned or intended in it to be.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed, adjudged and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without specially pleading the same.

C A P. LXXVI.

An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Revenue of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland.

[18 July 1812.]

WHEREAS by an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Regs, intitled *An Act to make further Provision for the Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland*, it is enacted, that no Surcharge shall be made on account of any short Charge of Duty payable on the Importation of any Goods, Wares or Merchandises imported into or exported out of Ireland, at any time after the passing of the said Act, upon the Purcell or Persons who shall have imported the same, at any time after the Expiration of Four Calendar Months next after the Entry made thereof, on which any Duty shall have been computed and paid, whether the same shall be an Entry either inwards or outwards, or a Free or Port Entry, or an Entry of Goods in Warehouse, but that all Surcharges of Duty in respect of such Goods, Wares and Merchandises so imported or exported shall be made within Four Calendar Months next after such Entry, Computation and Payment as aforesaid: And whereas it is expedient that the said several Provisions should be repealed, and other Provisions made in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said several Provisions shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That in case any Error shall at any time have been committed in any Entry of Goods, Wares or Merchandises imported into or exported out of Ireland, by the including or charging therein a greater or less Quantity of such Goods, Wares or Merchandises, or a greater or lesser Amount of Duty than ought to have been included or charged, it shall and may be lawful for the Examiners of Customs, and he is hereby required to rectify the same as he may be convenient after such Entry shall have been made, and to report the same to the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, and if it shall appear that the Amount of Duty charged in any such Entry against any Importer or Exporter was greater than the same ought to have been, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and they are hereby required to make as Allowance forthwith to such Importer or Exporter of the Amount of Duty so overcharged, and if it shall appear that the Amount of Duty charged in any such Entry against any Importer or Exporter was less than the same ought to have been, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and they are hereby required to cause Notice signed by any One of the said Commissioners or by their Secretary on their Behalf, to be given to such Importer or Exporter of the Amount of the Deficiency of the Duty in consequence of such erroneous Entry, and if such Importer or Exporter shall not within One Month after such Notice shall be sufficient Cause to such Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties why he should not be charged with and pay such Deficiency or some Part thereof, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties to order a Return to be made to the Collector of the Customs at the Port into or from which such Goods, Wares and Merchandises shall have been imported or exported, of the Amount of such Deficiency with which the said Commissioners shall have adjudged him to be chargeable, and the Duty specified in such Return shall be a Surcharge on such Importer or Exporter, and if such Importer or Exporter shall not upon Demand or within Ten Days next after pay the said Amount

of such Duty be discharged, such Importer or Exporter shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, and a Sum equal to double the Amount of Duty which shall be so assessed and discharged, provided that no such Notice shall be a Discharge on any Importer or Exporter unless it shall have been made within Four Calendar Months, and the Amount thereof demanded within Nine Calendar Months after the Date of the original Entry.

III. And whereas under and by virtue of the Laws now in Force in Ireland, certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise exported into Ireland, are privileged and allowed to be warehoused and stored in His Majesty's Warehouses and Stores at certain Ports in Ireland, under the past Licenses of the Crown and the Merchants: And whereas great Inconvenience has arisen to the Revenue from the Merchants not according to open their Licenses when required to do so: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Secretaries of His Majesty's Stores in such Towns as aforesaid, whenever it shall be judged expedient to do so, to cause Two or four Hours Notice to be given to be taken at the said Place of Abode of any Merchant who shall have warehoused any Goods, as aforesaid, requiring such Merchant to attend at such Warehouse or Store at a certain time in such Notice to be specified, and to open his Lock or Locks, and in Default of such Merchant's attending and opening his Lock or Locks pursuant to such Notice, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, or any Three of them, or any such Store-keeper to remove or cause to be removed the Lock or Locks of such Merchants in neglecting to attend and open such Lock or Locks as aforesaid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person to ply or sell as Cooper or Cooper on the Custom House Quay, or at the Ports of Malabar Creek, or in the Streets of the said Custom House, or any of them, and no such Person shall be so approved of by the Surveyors of the said Quay or Streets respectively, and receive from them, as a Warranty of such Approbation, a Badge signifying the same, which Badge shall be delivered to every such Person without Fee or Reward, and if any Person shall ply or sell as Cooper or Cooper on the said Quay, or any of them, or in any of the said Streets aforesaid, before or approved of as aforesaid, such Person being thereof convicted before any Magistrate of the County of Dublin and Cork respectively, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, and in Default of Payment of the said Sum shall be imprisoned for One Month without Bail or Mainprize.

V. And be it further enacted, That the several Provisions and Provisions under this Act, except such as are specially provided for, shall be read and put in English Copy, and shall be read for, assessed and applied in the like manner and under such Powers and Authorities and by such ways and means, and according to such Rules and Directions as aforesaid, directed and expressed for levying or recovering any Penalties or Forfeitures in and by an Act made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King George the Second, entitled *An Act for the fixing of the Excise or new Duties upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the End of Rates as therein inserted; or in and by an Act made in the Tenth sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled An Act in pursuance of the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise, and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Revenue of Custom and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually as all Statutes and Paragraphs as of the same were heretofore expressed and enacted, with the Homogeneity of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aforesaid, as in and by the said recited Act made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King George the Second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid is provided.*

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect immediately from and after the Expiration of One Calendar Month next after the passing thereof, and not sooner, except in cases where any other Period is expressly mentioned for the Commencement of any Clause or Provision herebefore contained.

C A P. LXXVII.

An Act for granting an additional Drawback on Fine, Third and Crown Glass, for charging an additional Countervailing Duty on Plate and Crown Glass imported from Ireland, and for the better Permutation of Friends in the Exportation of Glass or Drawback. [17th July 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to allow the additional Drawback, and impose the additional Countervailing Duty on Duties herebefore mentioned: Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be allowed the following additional Drawbacks, and in respect of the several Sorts of Glass hereafter mentioned respectively made in Great Britain, or made in Ireland, and imported directly into Great Britain, for which all the Duties imposed for or in respect thereof respectively shall have been paid, and which shall after the passing of this Act be duly exported in Foreign Parts as Merchandise; that is to say,

For every Hundred Weight of Fine Glass and Plate Glass respectively to be made, paid Duty for, and exported, the additional Sum of Seven Shillings and Three pence:

And for every Hundred Weight of all Window Glass to be made, paid Duty for, and exported, not being more than 1/2 Inch, and no more in thickness or known by the Name of Crown Glass or German Sheet Glass, an additional Sum of Seven Shillings and Ten pence Halfpenny:

And for any Person for any greater or less Quantity of the said several Sorts of Glass respectively

17 Geo. III.

J. R.

H. Aod

Penalty.

Merchant having
G. of warehouse
to be used
as receiving
Notice.Customs or
Excise to ply
as Cooper
Warrant given
to three Indent
of Approbation.

Penalty.

Penalties here
Ireland.18 G. 2 Cap. 6.
(17) 10 G. 2 C. 2.
21 G. 2 C. 102.

Appeal.

Commencement
of Act.Additional
Drawback
in respect of
Glass.

Conservating
Duties.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be called, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the several additional Conservating Duties of Excise hereafter mentioned; that is to say,

First, That the Weight of Flat Glass made in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain, an additional Conservating Duty of Seven Shillings and Three pence; and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity;

And secondly, Hundred Weight of all other Window Glass, not being Spread Glass, and commonly called or known by the Name of Crown Glass, or German Sheet Glass, made in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain, an additional Conservating Duty of Seven Shillings and Two pence Halfpenny;

And so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity.

To be paid
Several Duties
on Glass.

III. And be it further enacted, That both of the Conservating Duties by this Act imposed on shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the one being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the other being; and shall be called, levied, collected and paid under, subject and according to the Rules, Regulations, Re-stitutions and Provisions by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force relating to the Payment of the Conservating Duties of Excise, be or in respect of any Goods or Commodities made in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain.

Duties paid into
Exchequer.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising by the Conservating Duties by this Act imposed, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be carried to and make Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

Excise to be paid
according to Re-
gulations pro-
vided by
Act of Parliament.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said additional Drawbacks shall be paid and allowed out of the Duties of Excise by Law imposed, under, subject and according to the Rules, Regulations, Re-stitutions and Provisions contained and provided in and by an Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, among other things, for the Amendment of several Laws relating to the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise, or by this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force relating to the Exemption of Glass on Drawback, first and except that in and out of the Order required by the said Act of the Twenty sixth Year aforesaid to be made by the Expositor, that he believes the Duties upon the Materials to have been fully paid, the Expositor shall make Oath that he believes the Duties by Law imposed be or in respect of such Flat Glass, Panel Glass, Crown Glass or German Sheet Glass respectively intended to be exported, to have been fully paid, (and which said last mentioned Oath the proper Surveyor or Supervisor or Officer of Excise is hereby authorized and empowered to administer); and any Person or Persons who shall be convicted of wilfully taking a false Oath in any case in which the said last mentioned Oath is required to be taken by virtue of this Act, shall be liable to the Penalties and Forfeitures to which Persons are liable for wilful and corrupt Perjury.

§ 3.

Penalty.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Glass whatsoever made in Great Britain, or made in Ireland and imported into Great Britain, shall be packed for Exportation on Drawback, in any Case or other Package made or confined with any void Space or Spaces or in between the component Parts thereof, or any of them, but all such Glass shall be packed for Exportation in Casks, Boxes or Chests only, and in which the Expositor shall, previous to the packing of such Glass therein, have cut or made, or cause to be cut or made, a sufficient Number of Circular Cavities, each thereof not less than a Quarter of an Inch, nor more than Half an Inch in Depth, and not less than One Inch nor more than an Inch and Half in Diameter, to receive the Seal directed by the said Act of the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign to be put on such Packages, and for the Purpose of protecting such Seal from being deluged, defaced, broken or damaged; and where any such Glass shall be packed for Exportation, in any Cask, Box or Chest, each such Cavity shall be cut or made, One Part thereof on the Edge of the Lid or Cover, and the other on the Side of each Box or Chest, so that such each Seal may be conveniently placed by the proper Officer of Excise, from on the Wood of each Lid or Cover, and the Ribs on the Wood of the Side of each such Box or Chest; and no Drawback shall be paid or allowed for or in respect of any Glass not packed in a Cask, Box or Chest as aforesaid, nor for or in respect of any Glass packed in any Box or Chest, not having a sufficient Number of such Cavities aforesaid; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding: Provided always, nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend, to prohibit the packing of Whole or Half Tables of Spread Glass, or of Crown Glass, or any Common Bottles made of Common Bottle Metal, in any Case or other Package whatsoever; any thing herein before contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

§ 4. & 5.

Penalty.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall lay, place or deposit, or cause to be laid, placed or deposited any Brick, Stone or other heavy Substance other than Flat Glass or Panel Glass or Spread Glass or Crown Glass, in any Cask, Box or Chest containing Flat Glass, Panel Glass, Spread Glass or Crown Glass respectively, packing or packed for Exportation on Drawback, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and every such Cask, Box or Chest, together with all such Glass, Brick, Stone or other heavy Substance as aforesaid contained therein, shall be forfeited.

Penalty on
packing Glass.

Penalty.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall cut, erase, obliterate, deface, alter or damage any Figure, Letter or Mark, cut, written, printed, blown or made on any Cask, Box or Chest containing Glass for Exportation, expressing or denoting the Weight or Tare of such Cask, Box or Chest,

Allowing any
Person or Persons
to alter the
Weight, &c.

shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and every such Cask, Box or Chest, together with all such Glass, shall be forfeited.

Chalk, or the Weight of the Glafs contained therein, or the Time or Place of the packing thereof, or the Number of fuch Casks, Box or Chalk, then and in every fuch cafe the Perfons or Perfons fo offending ſhall, for each and every fuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and every fuch Cask, Box or Chalk, together with the Glafs therein contained, ſhall be forfeited.

Penalty.

X. And be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful so and for the proper Officer or Officers of Excise at the Port of Exports, and he and they do and are hereby required, either before or after the Shipping of any Cask, Box or Chalk of Glafs for Exports, to brand, mark or mark every fuch Cask, Box or Chalk with the Letters E. G. ; and if any fuch Cask, Box or Chalk of Glafs which ſhall be branded on Shore, ſhall not, within Twelve Hours next after the branding thereof, be shipped and put on board the Ship or Vellel in which the fame is intended to be exported, or if any Cask, Box or Chalk of Glafs is branded (either on Shore or on Ship-board), ſhall be landed on Land after the Expiration of Twelve Months from the time when fuch Glafs was originally packed for Exports, then and in every fuch cafe the fame ſhall be forfeited; and if any Perfons or Perfons ſhall not, truly, accurately, fully, clearly or ſincerely mark Letters, or either of them, or any Part thereof, the Perfons or Perfons fo offending, ſhall, for each and every fuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty provided
with Letters
E. G. to be proper
Officers.

Penalty.
Altering fuch
Letters.
Penalty.

Chalk entered
and shipped
within 14
Months after
packing for
Exports.

Commiſſioners
of Excise may
open Packages
for Exports
within 12
Months, &c.

14 G. 3. c. 77
12

XI. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the paſſing of this Act, no Duties ſhall be made out, nor ſhall any Excise Drawback be paid or allowed to the Exporter for or in reſpect of any Glafs whatever made in Great Britain or made in Ireland, and exported from Great Britain, which the ſame ſhall be duly covered for Exports, and actually shipped on board the Ship or Vellel in which the ſame ſhall be intended to be exported within the Space of Twelve Months from the time when fuch Glafs ſhall have been originally packed for Exports, in purſuance of the Rules and Regulations that ſhall be contained and provided as and by the ſaid Act, made on the Twenty ſixth Year of His ſaid Majesty's Regny: Provided always, nevertheless, that nothing hereinbefore contained ſhall extend, or be deemed or conſtrued to extend to exciſe from the ſaid Drawback any fuch Glafs as ſhall be intended for Exports within the ſaid ſix months Space of time, and which the Commiſſioners of Excise, being ſatisfied with the Export Mark, Types and Packings of the Cask, Box or Chalk containing the ſame, receive in their own and ſubſequent, and that ſuch Cask, Box or Chalk has not been opened or any of the Glafs withdrawn or taken from or out of the ſame, ſhall permit or ſuffer to be exported for Exports, and which be accordingly repacked for Exports, under and ſubject to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Proviſions contained and provided as and by the ſaid Act, made on the Twenty ſixth Year of His ſaid Majesty's Regny, and that Act, for and in reſpect of the original packing thereof; and all and ſingular the ſaid Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Proviſions, ſhall be read, applied and put in Execution for and in ſuch reſpect, in fully and officially, as all Inſtruments and Purpoſes, as if the ſame reſpectively had been repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and thereby reſpectively applied to any or any ſuch reſpect; and all and ſingular the Times, Places and Times, by the ſaid Act of the Twenty ſixth Year aforeſaid, or by this Act, impoſed or enacted for any Breach or Offence done to any or either of the ſaid Rules, Regulations, Restrictions or Proviſions ſhall be read, applied and put in Execution for any Breach or Offence done to the ſaid Rules, Regulations, Restrictions or Proviſions reſpectively for and in reſpect of any fuch Glafs ſo repacked; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary in any Act notwithstanding.

Chalk packed has
been paying duty,
entered in
Drawback.

XII. Provided alſo, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be deemed or conſtrued to extend to prevent the making out of any Duties due, or the Payment of any Drawback for or in reſpect of any Glafs shipped for Exports on board any Ship or Vellel in which the ſame is on ſuch Shipments intended to be exported, more than the Space of Twelve Months from the time when fuch Glafs ſhall have been originally packed for Exports, provided ſuch original packing ſhall have taken place before the paſſing of this Act.

Paid as here
before, &c.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures impoſed by this Act ſhall be paid, recovered, levied or exigible by ſuch ways, means or methods as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be lawfully recovered, levied or exigible by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Act or Acts of Parliament, or by the Authority of any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Weſtmiſter, or as the Court of Exchequer in Scotland reſpectively, and that One Moiety of every ſuch Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture ſhall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or others who ſhall inform, diſcover or ſue for the ſame.

C A P. LXXVIII

An Act to make better Proviſion for the Commiſſioners of Appeal in Revenue Cauſes in Ireland.

[18 July 1812.]

WHEREAS the Salaries of the Commiſſioners of Appeals in Revenue Cauſes in Ireland are inadequate to the Importance of their Office; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame That, from and after the paſſing of this Act, there ſhall be allowed, paid and applied in every Year out of the Conſtituted Fund of Ireland, to each and every of the Commiſſioners of Appeals in Revenue Cauſes in Ireland, a yearly Salary or Sum of Eight hundred Pounds, as in and in reſpect of all Salaries and Allowances now payable to any and every ſuch Commiſſioner of Appeals out of the ſaid Conſtituted Fund, or otherwise herebefore.

A ſum of Salary
of Eight hundred
Pounds
to Com-
miſſioners of
Appeal.

It, And be it further enacted, That in Addition to the Payments reſpectively aforeſaid paid to the ſeveral Commiſſioners of Appeal on the Twenty ſixth Day of March One thouſand eight hundred and twelve, or at

Payments to be
paid here
the 26 March.

C A P. LXXX.

An Act for extending the Period in which Duties were directed to be ^{collected by an Act of the} Fifteenth Year of His present Majesty, for amending several Acts for the Relief and Support of the Land Tax. [18 July 1812.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *The Act to amend several Acts for the Relief and Support of the Land Tax*, it was enacted, that all Duties required by the several Acts therein referred to or by any other Act relating to the Relief and Support of the Land Tax to be collected or registered, should be valid and effectual, although the same should not have been so certified or registered within the Periods prescribed by the said Acts respectively; provided the same should have been registered before the passing of that Act, or should be certified or registered within Twelve Calendar Months after the passing thereof: And whereas the year limited by the said Act having expired, and it being expedient to make Provision for the Relief and Support of the Land Tax which have not been duly certified or registered pursuant to the Direction thereof: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Duties required by the said Act or any other Act relating to the Redemption of Land Tax to be certified or registered shall be valid and effectual although the same shall not have been so certified or registered within the Periods prescribed by the said Acts respectively; provided the same shall have been certified or registered before the passing of this Act, or shall be certified or registered within Twelve Calendar Months after the passing thereof.

C A P. LXXXI.

An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for providing a desirable Allowance of Superannuation to the Officers of Excise, under certain Restrictions. [18 July 1812.]

WHEREAS in pursuance of an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *The Act to provide for a desirable Allowance of Superannuation to the Officers of Excise under certain Restrictions*, the Commissioners of Excise in England, or the major Part of them, have caused in the Purchase of certain Shares, amounting to the Whole to Seventy three thousand six hundred Pounds Stock in the Three Funds *per Caput per Annum Consolidated Annuities*, the same being One of the Joint Stocks of Annuities transferable at the Bank of England, seven Bars of Money which have been deducted out of the Salaries of the Officers of Excise for the Relief and Support of Superannuation and worn-out Inferior Officers of Excise, and the said Shares of and in such Joint Stock have been transferred to the Account and kept in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, as the Shares of the Trustees of the Fund for the Relief and Support of Superannuation or worn-out Inferior Officers of Excise, mentioned in the said Act: And whereas it is expedient, that the said Shares should be sold by the said Trustees, and the Moneys arising from such Sale, and any Sum or Sums of Money which shall have already been or shall before the passing of this Act be collected, deducted or received, for the Relief and Support of such Superannuated or worn-out Inferior Officers of Excise as aforesaid, should be applied to the Account of the Consolidated Dividend of Excise, and be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer under that Head, and that all Payments, Penalties and Allowances, to Superannuated or worn-out Inferior Officers of Excise, should in future be paid out of the Consolidated Dividend of Excise, and be charged to the Account of Treasurers of that Department: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Deduction shall hereafter be made out of the Salaries of any Officer or Officers of Excise, for the Relief or Support of the Inferior Officers of Excise when Superannuated or worn-out, and that, from and after the Fifth Day of January next, the said Fund for the Relief and Support of Superannuated or worn-out Inferior Officers of Excise shall be abolished, and all Moneys which shall have been collected, received or collected, for the Relief or Support of such Superannuated or worn-out Inferior Officers of Excise as aforesaid, whether such Moneys shall have been sold in the Purchase of any Share or Shares in any of the said Joint Stocks of Annuities, or have been transferred to the Account, and kept in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, as the Share or Shares of the Trustees of the said Fund of and in any such Joint Stock or Stocks, or remain in the Hands of any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall be paid over to the Commissioners of Excise in England, and be by them paid into the Receipt of Exchequer, under the Head of some or one of the Consolidated Dividend of Excise, and not which, Pursuant to the said Provision mentioned in the said Act, nor hereby authorized and required to sell the said Shares of the said Joint Stock, and that all Moneys which shall or may hereafter have been collected, received or collected, for the Relief or Support of such Superannuated or worn-out Officers as aforesaid, and which shall remain in the Hands of any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall be paid to the said Commissioners of Excise, and be by them paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer under the Head of the Consolidated Dividend of Excise, (some or one of them) and that all Payments, Penalties and Allowances, to Superannuated or worn-out Inferior Officers of Excise, hereafter paid out of the said Fund, shall be paid out of some or one of the Consolidated Dividend of Excise, and be charged to the Account of the Treasurers of the Excise, any Law, Custom or Usage, to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P.

C A P. LXXXII.

An Act for transferring the Scotch Excise Charity and Superannuation Funds to the Consolidated Fund, and paying all future Allowances from the latter Fund, and for making Provision for certain Superannuated Officers of Excise in England and Scotland. [18 July 1812.]

Warrant
15th June 1812

WHEREAS by virtue of a Warrant granted by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, bearing Date the Nineteenth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, making the Commissioners of His Majesty's Board of Excise to be styled by a Deduction of Three pence in the Pound from the Amount of the Salaries of Collectors, Superintenders and Officers employed in collecting the Revenue of Excise in Great Britain, to create and establish a Fund entitled The Charity Fund, for the Relief of such Collectors, Superintenders and Officers, the said Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, or the major Part of them, have vested in the Purchase of Five thousand five hundred Pounds Scots and Seven pence Three Pence per Guinea Bank Annuities, and in the Purchase of Three thousand Pounds Navy Five Pounds per Guinea Annuities, divers Sums of Money which have been deducted out of the Salaries of the Officers of Excise, and the said Shares of and in such Joint Stocks as aforesaid have been transferred to the Account and kept in the Names of the Trustees of the said Fund, for the Relief and Support of the Officers of Excise mentioned in the said Warrant, and the said Commissioners, or the major Part of them, have also placed out at Interest on Bond at and above the Rate of Five Pence per Guinea, the several Sums of Two thousand Pounds and Five hundred Pounds, which said Sums were deducted in manner before mentioned, and the said Commissioners have also vested in the Purchase of the Sum of Three thousand four hundred Pounds Scots in the Three Pence per Guinea Reduced Annuities, divers Sums of Money deducted out of the Salaries of the Commissioners and Clerks of the Water Guard Excise Establishments, and the said Shares of and in the said Joint Stock has been in like manner transferred to the Account and kept in the Names of the Trustees of the said Fund for the Relief and Support of the Persons contributing thereto: And whereas it is expedient that the said Shares should be sold by the said Trustees respectively, and that the Moneys arising from such Sale, together with all Moneys which before the passing of this Act shall have been received and placed to Account of the said Fund, should be carried to the Account of the Consolidated Debt of Excise, and be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer under the Head, and also that the said respective Sums of Two thousand Pounds and Five hundred Pounds together with the Interest arising therefrom, in case as they shall give for the Payment of the same are discharged, and such Interest as thereupon shall in the mean time be payable should be carried to Account and paid in manner before mentioned; and that all Payments, Pensions and Allowances to superannuated or worn-out inferior Officers of Excise, should in future be paid out of the Consolidated Debt of Excise, and be charged to the Account of interest of that Department: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Deductions shall hereafter be made out of the Salary of any Officer or Officers of Excise for the Relief or Support of the inferior Officers of Excise when superannuated or worn out; and that, from and after the Fifth Day of January in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the said Fund for the Relief and Support of superannuated or worn-out inferior Officers of Excise shall be abolished, and all Moneys which shall have been deducted, received or collected for the Relief or Support of such superannuated or worn-out inferior Officers of Excise as aforesaid, whether such Moneys shall have been vested in the Purchase of any Share or Shares in any of the said Joint Stocks of Annuities, or have been transferred to the Account and kept in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or the Share or Shares of the Trustees of the said Fund, or of and in any such Joint Stock or Stocks, or shall be in any manner vested with or remain in the Hands of any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall be paid over to the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, and be by them paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer under the Head of one or more of the Consolidated Debts of Excise, and for which Purpose the said Trustees mentioned in the said Act are hereby authorized and required to sell the said Shares of the said Joint Stocks; and that all Moneys which shall or may have already been deducted, received or collected for the Relief or Support of such superannuated or worn-out Officers as aforesaid, and which shall remain in the Hands or may come to the Hands of any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall be paid to the said Commissioners of Excise, and be by them paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer under the Heads of the Consolidated Debts of Excise: and one of them; and that all Payments, Pensions and Allowances to superannuated or worn-out inferior Officers of Excise, hereafter paid out of the said Fund, shall be paid out of some or any of the Consolidated Debts of Excise, and be charged to the Account of the Interest of the Excise: any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Fund for Relief of superannuated Officers of Excise, and Money paid into the Exchequer.

Pensions and Allowances paid out of Debts of Excise.

Trustees may sell or Dispose of Shares in Officers, and pay the same into the Exchequer.

All should be

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful so and for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, by Warrant under their Hands, to grant and allow out of the Revenue of Excise of England and Scotland respectively, to any Officer or other Person who shall have been employed in the said Revenue for and during the Space of Seven Years but less than Ten Years, and from whose Salary Deductions shall for and during the Space of Seven Years at the least have been made for the Relief and Support of the inferior Officers of Excise when superannuated or worn out, and who shall by Age or Infirmary have become incapable of properly executing or performing the Duties of his Office, a Pension, Annuity or yearly Payment not exceeding One Third Part of the Salary and Emoluments of his Office.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts of Parliament to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXXXIII.

An Act to revise and confirm, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and amend so much of an Act, made in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, as grants certain Allowances to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors of the Militia of England, dissembodied under an Act of the same Session of Parliament. [18 July 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that an Act, passed in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and one, certain Allowances to Adjutants, Sergeant Majors and Sergeants of Militia, dissolved under an Act of this Session of Parliament, intitled An Act for enabling His Majesty to accept the Transfer of an additional Number of Volunteers from the Militia under various Articles*, which has been revised and confirmed by several subsequent Acts until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, should be again revised and further continued, in so far as the same relate to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act and the Allowances therein granted and mentioned to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors, and all the Provisions relating thereto, shall be revised from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and be further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, so far as the same relate to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors; and that all such and similar Allowances as would have been payable and paid unto any Adjutant and Sergeant Major, if the said Act and Allowances had been continued by any Act of Parliament before the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall be payable and paid, and all Arrears thereof fully satisfied, in like manner as every other Act in this Act had passed before the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

II. And be it further enacted, That every reduced Adjutant entitled to any Allowance under this Act may receive and take such Allowance, together with the Pay of any such Commission, or Half Pay, or any such other Allowance or Emolument, as is allowed to be held or received by any Adjutant of any Militia in that Part of Great Britain called England, together with any Pay or Allowance to which he may be entitled as such Adjutant: Provided always, that no such reduced Adjutant shall be entitled to receive any Allowance under this Act during the time he shall hold any Place of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, other than such as aforesaid.

18 G. 3. c. 44.

Revised and continued as in former Adj. Acts, &c.

Reduced Allowances entitled to Pay as well as Allowance.

Payable.

C A P. LXXXIV.

An Act for making Allowances in certain cases to Subaltern Officers of the Militia in Great Britain, while dissembodied. [18 July 1812.]

[This Act, except the Dates, is in all respects similar to 33 G. 3. c. 106.]

C A P. LXXXV.

An Act for raising the Sum of Twenty two millions five hundred thousand Pounds by way of Annuities. [18 July 1812.]

C A P. LXXXVI.

An Act for raising the Sum of Five Millions, by Exchange Bills, for the Service of Great Britain, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve. [18 July 1812.]

TREASURY may raise 5,000,000, by Exchange Bills, in manner prescribed by 48 G. 3. c. 1—5 & 6, 7, 8, 9. Treasury to apply the Money raised, § 3. Principal of said Bills charged as Part Supplies in next Bill. § 4. Interest thereof at 5 per Cent per Anno § 5. Said Bills to be current at the Exchequer, &c. after April 3, 1813. § 6. Bank of England empowered to advance 2,500,000 on the Credit of this Act, notwithstanding § 6 & W. & M. c. 30—5 & 7.

C A P. LXXXVII.

An Act to repeal the Several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant new Duties in lieu thereof; and for transferring the Management of the Duties on Playing Cards and Dice from the Commissioners of Ireland exclusive to the Commissioners of Stamp Duties. [18 July 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal the several Rates and Duties upon stamped Villains, Parliament and Paper, and upon other Articles and Things under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to consolidate and simplify the same, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and singular the Duties under the Care of the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland, and all Allowances on the Penalties of Stamps granted and made payable by any Act or Acts in Force in Ireland, (save and except only the Duties on Lottery Licences) shall, from and after the Commence-

Stamp Duties repealed, the Stampings.

No. 2.

most of this Act, shall determine: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall prevent or hinder any way deemed, taken or construed to prevent the recovery, all owing or paying, at any time after the Commencement of this Act, of any Arrears of Duty or Allowance which shall then be due and payable.

Stamp Duty on
debited in
Schedules
(A.) (B.) (C.)

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, in like and full effect of the said Duties and Allowances by this Act enacted, there shall be greater relief, levied, collected and paid in Ireland, unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and in respect of the several Inheritances, Estates, Matters and Things mentioned, enumerated and defined in the said Schedules marked (A.) and (B.) to the said Act enacted, the several Sums of Money and Duties as they are respectively therein defined, directed and set forth in Words and Figures in the said Schedules marked (A.) and (B.); and that these shall be made, all or of and paid for or in respect of all such Estates, Matters or Things as are therein mentioned, enumerated and defined in the Schedule marked (C.) as this Act enacted, the several Allowances or Sums of Money respectively therein defined, directed and set forth in the said Schedule marked (C.); any thing in any former Act or Acts contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and that no Sum or Sums of Money shall be paid or given in the Nature of Duties or Allowances in the Purchase of Stamps, other than such as are so expressed and directed in the said Schedules marked (C.); any thing in any former Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; and that the said Schedules, and each and every of them, and every Matter and Thing therein respectively contained, shall be deemed, taken and considered as Part of this Act.

Stamp Duty on
debited in
Schedules
(A.) (B.) (C.)

Duties on
Devises and
Gifts and
on
Sums of Money
and
on
Sums of Money
(B.) (C.)

III. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, the Duties of Excise made payable in Ireland by virtue of any Act made in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's Majesty, entitled *this Act in great Part Altered certain Duties of Excise on Tobacco in Ireland, and on all or certain Drawbacks on spirituous liquors, in lieu of former Duties of Excise, Taxes and Drawbacks on Cards and Dice made or manufactured or used in Ireland*, shall be and the same are hereby enacted (except only in far as relates to any Counterpoise Duty on Cards and Dice made or manufactured in Great Britain and exported into Ireland), and the Duties of Stamps on such Cards and Dice as the Schedule (B) to this Act specified, are enacted and continued, both, from and after the Commencement of this Act, to be paid and payable in like and in kind of any Duties on such Cards and Dice made or by virtue of the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's Majesty.

Duties on
Sums of Money
(B.) (C.)

IV. And be it further enacted, That any License to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cyder or Perry, Brandy or Mead, by Retail, the Stamp Duty whereon shall exceed the Sum of Liberty Pounds, shall entitle the Licensee thereto to sell Spirituous Liquors in any Quantity whatever, great or small, without any further or other License: Provided always, that no Person, who the Stamp Duty on the License to whom to sell such Liquors by Retail shall be less than Twenty-two Pounds, shall be authorized by such License to sell Spirits in any Quantities exceeding Two Gallons, but that if any such Person on whose License any such Stamp Duty less than Twenty-two Pounds shall be paid, shall pay such additional Stamp Duty as shall make the whole Stamp Duty paid by such Person amount to Twenty-two Pounds, such Person shall be authorized to sell Spirituous Liquors in any Quantities whatever, great or small, without any further or other License: Provided also, that no License whatever shall authorize any Person not being a Retailer or Grocer to sell Spirituous Liquors in Quantities less than Two Gallons, nor shall authorize any Grocer to sell in Quantities less than Two quartons, nor shall authorize any Person not being licensed to sell Spirituous Liquors by Retail, and not being a Distiller or Importer of Spirits, to sell Spirituous Liquors in Quantities less than Five Gallons.

No. 3.

Duties on
Devises and
Gifts and
on
Sums of Money
and
on
Sums of Money
(B.) (C.)

V. And be it further enacted, That the Duties and Allowances by this Act granted and made payable, shall be paid and payable according to the Amount thereof in British Currency, except only such of the said Duties as are under the Sum of Six pence, or between the Sum of Six pence and One Shilling; and that in all cases where any Duties of Stamps or any Allowances in respect thereof are directed to be determined by the Amount of any Sum in respect whereof such Duties are imposed, or such Allowances are made, such Amount shall be estimated in British Currency, except when it is otherwise expressly directed.

Duties on
Devises and
Gifts and
on
Sums of Money
and
on
Sums of Money
(B.) (C.)

VI. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Allowances hereby granted and made payable shall be under the Government, Care and Management of the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland for the Term of Six Years.

Duties on
Devises and
Gifts and
on
Sums of Money
and
on
Sums of Money
(B.) (C.)

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys arising by the several Duties hereby granted shall be paid from time to time by the several Debitations of Stamps in Ireland, into the Hands of the Receiver General for the receipting of the Duties on Stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper in Ireland, and in no other Particular whatever, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding; and the said Receiver General shall give the same (the necessary Charges of rating, paying and accounting for the same being deducted) into the Receipt of the Exchequer of Ireland, at such time, and in such manner as the Duties on Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper are by Law directed to be paid; and all Moneys so paid into the said Receipt shall be and shall make Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

Duties on
Devises and
Gifts and
on
Sums of Money
and
on
Sums of Money
(B.) (C.)

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland shall cause to be kept a distinct Account of the Half or Money of the Mow, arising from the respective Duties of Twenty Pounds in the said Schedule (A.) mentioned, on the Admission of any Student into the Society of King's Inns, and on the Admission of any Heir into the Line of Covert; and of the Sum of Seven Pounds, Part of the Duty of Fifty Pounds in the said Schedule marked (C.) upon each Part of Testaments bearing an Appurtenance to an Attorney; and that the Receiver General of the Duties hereby granted shall pay the same at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer; and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, shall cause the said Money of the said Duty of Twenty Pounds, and the said Payment of the said Duty of Fifty Pounds, to be paid to the Treasurer of the said Society of King's Inns, to be applied by him in such manner as shall be directed by the said Society.

No. 4.

IX. Provided always, and he it enacted, That no Legacy gives for the Education or Maintenance of poor Children in Ireland, or to be applied in the Support of any public charitable Institution in Ireland, shall be liable to any Duty on Legacies under this Act; and that no Legacy consisting of Books, Prints, Pictures, Statues, Gems, Coins, Medals, Specimens of Natural History or other Specific Articles, which shall be given or bequeathed to or in Trust for any Body Corporate, whether aggregate or sole, or any Society, or any endowed School, in order to be kept and preserved by such Body Corporate, Society or School, and not for the Purposes of Sale, shall be liable to any Duty imposed on Legacies under this Act.

Legacies for Charitable purposes exempted.

X. Provided also, and he it enacted, That this Act shall not extend to charge with any of the Duties imposed in Schedule (B.) of this Act, on Advertisements, any Advertisements published by the Trustees of Hospitals relative to the Business of such Hospitals; nor to charge with any of the Duties imposed in the said Schedule on Pamphlets, any Act of Parliament, Declaration, Order of Council, Form of Prayer and Thanksgiving, or any Act of State which shall be ordered by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to be printed or published, or any Votes or other Matters which are or shall be ordered to be printed by either House of Parliament, or any Books commonly sold in any of the Schools of Ireland, or any Books concerning only Matters of Devotion and Piety, or any Weekly Bills of Mortality, or any Daily Accounts or Bills of Goods imported or exported, or any Daily Accounts or Bills of Goods imported or exported do contain any other Matter than Accounts of Goods imported into or exported from Ireland, and the Particulars relating to such Imports and Exports, and to be in the same to be printed and published by such Persons as Persons as shall be authorized therein by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Chief Governor of Ireland for the time being.

What Advertisements, Declarations, &c. printed, are liable to Duty, &c.

XI. Provided also, and he it enacted, That the Duties by this Act imposed on Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes and Drafts or Orders for Payment of Money, shall not be charged on any Draft or Order for the Payment of Money on Demand payable to Bearer, drawn upon any Banker or Bankers, or Person acting as a Banker, within Ten Miles of the Place where such Draft or Order shall be actually drawn and issued, except only so far as the same are expressly charged by the Schedule to this Act assessed; provided such Place shall be specified in such Draft or Order, and provided that such Draft or Order shall bear Date on or before the Day on which the same shall be issued, and provided that such Draft or Order shall be made by Bills or Promissory Notes.

When and where promissory notes &c. drawn, not to be liable to Duty, &c.

XII. And he it further enacted and declared, That where a Draft shall be referred to any Letter, and also a Free paid cheque, such Letter shall be liable to Two Shilling Duties, one according to the Amount of such Draft, and the other according to the Amount of such Free, as the same are specified and set forth in the Schedule to this Act assessed.

Two Shilling Duties not paid for a Letter, when a Draft is referred, and a Free paid. What shall be deemed a Cheque Party.

XIII. And he it further enacted, That any Deed, Instrument, Note, Memorandum, Letter or other Manuscript in Writing between the Captain, Master or Owner of any Ship or Vessel, and any Merchant, Trader or other Person in respect to the Freight or Conveyance of any Goods, Money, Wares, Merchandise or M.L.R.S. Rates or to be taken on board of any Ship or Vessel, shall be deemed and adjudged to be a Cheque Party, within the Meaning of this Act.

XIV. And whereas it is enacted that the Management of the Duties on Playing Cards and Dice in Ireland, should be transferred from the Care of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and should be placed under the Care of the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, and that for that Purpose the General Provision now in Force relating to such Duties should be repealed, and other Provisions made in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted, That if, under any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force in Ireland as heretofore or to be made, any Regulation for the Purpose of lessening the Collection or Management of any Duty on Cards and Dice, shall from and after the Commencement of this Act, and so long as any former Act or Acts of Parliament may be thereby repealed, and here as to any Proceeding for the Recovery or Enforcement of any Penalty or Forfeiture which shall have been incurred before the Commencement of this Act, or for the Payment of any Offence which shall have been committed against any of the said Provisions before the said time; and here as to any Regulation respecting any Countervailing Duty on the Importation into Ireland of Cards or Dice manufactured in Great Britain.

Regulations under this Act for Management of Duty on Cards and Dice repealed, &c.

XV. And he it further enacted, That on Playing Cards or Dice shall be sold or exposed to Sale or played with, which shall not be duly taxed, marked and stamped respectively according to Law, upon Pain that every Person who shall sell or expose to Sale, or knowingly play with any such Cards or Dice which shall not be so taxed, marked or stamped, shall forfeit for every such Pack of Cards and for every Die so sold or exposed to Sale or played with, the Sum of Five Pounds.

Cards and Dice to be taxed and stamped. Penalty.

XVI. And he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful and to be for the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time to appoint and procure Persons in the Cities of Dublin, Cork and Limerick respectively, who shall be called Stamp Blowers, and shall have the Collecting and Keeping of the Marks, Stamp or Seal upon the Paper, and the marking every such Pack of Cards, and One of the Cards of each Pack on the passed or by the said stamp blowers, which shall be duly set, sealed, or marked with the Duties there legally payable thereon shall be paid to the proper Officers in the said Cities respectively.

Stamp Blowers in Cork and Limerick, to be appointed in Dublin, Cork and Limerick.

XVII. And he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to do, and to cause to be done in Writing under their Hand to be published in the Dublin Gazette for Three successive Days of Publication, from time to time, and after so done, there in shall from and after so done, to appoint a Mile or, Stamp or Seal, such as they shall think fit to be put or stamped on the Label or Paper to be followed, to the

Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland to publish in Dublin Gazette a List of Miles, to be used on Wappers of

each Pack of Cards
Stamp Makers
to number each
Label.

Wrappers in which said Pack of Cards shall be enclosed or wrapped, and the said Label or Paper shall be printed and shall be so fastened on the said Wrappers so that the said several Stamps, Marks or Seals shall appear on the Side of each Pack of Cards, in such manner as the said Commissioners in that behalf direct; and that the several Stamp Makers respectively shall number each Label or architectural Prolegomena, under each Mark, Stamp or Seal, to be put thereon in manner aforesaid, in that the Number appearing on the side of every Pack of Cards, but included in the said Label, shall be like or corresponding Number; Provided always, that all Cards belonging to each Manufacturer shall be numbered in Prolegomena with the following or successive Numbers of the Cards of each Manufacturer, beginning with the Number One, and that every Stamp Maker shall on every Tuesday next after the Day of March, Twenty fourth Day of June, Twenty sixth Day of September and Twenty fifth Day of December, begin to number the Cards to be stamped by him with his Manufacturer's said Number One.

Marks of Cards
on either Name
or on either of
above
Faculty.

XXIII. And to be further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, every Pack of Cards, on the Left side on which any Number shall be printed or after it, shall be done up and packed in Cards now stamped or marked, and shall be fastened and fastened up and fastened up and fastened up the same to such, that it be liable to all Persons to which Persons by the Law then in being shall be subject for filling or refilling or Sale Cards not stamped at all.

Commodious
Makers, as
shall be
Wrappers
of Cards,
&c.

XIX. And to be further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time or times, make, counterfeit, or forge, or make or cause to be made, counterfeited or forged any Mark, Stamp or Seal, or do or cause to be done, or sell any Mark, Stamp or Seal, which is or shall be made and used for stamping any Label or Paper enclosing any Cards, or shall counterfeit or falsify the Impressions of the said paper, any Paper for enclosing Cards, or shall make or otherwise Numbers to be put on such Paper or Label as aforesaid, with Intent unlawfully to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of the Duties upon Cards, or shall utter, vend or sell any Cards with the Impressions of such Counterfeit Mark, Stamp or Seal on the Paper or Label enclosing such Cards, knowing the same to be counterfeited, or shall utter, vend or sell any Cards on the Paper or Label enclosing which any Number shall be printed or stamped, knowing the same to be printed or stamped, or shall fraudulently use any Stamp or Seal to be used in performance of this Act, thereby to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of any of the Duties upon Cards, then every such Person so offending and being thereof convicted shall be adjudged a Felon, and be transported for seven Years.

Transportation
Delinquents
of Persons
Number of Days
of their
Period of Cards
for which they
shall, and every
Contributors to a
Book, &c.

XX. And for preventing any Malice or Fraud in stamping or marking any Cards or Dies not duly entered, or for which the Duties by Law payable thereon shall not have been duly paid, be it further enacted, That the Distributors of Stamps in the said Cities of Carlisle and Liverpool respectively, and each Officer or Person so shall be appointed for that Purpose in London, by the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, shall upon Request of the Printer or Person who shall duly enter any Cards or Dies, and give the Duties then by Law payable thereon, certify in Writing the Number of Pairs of Dies and Packs of Cards which shall have been entered, and for which the said Duties shall have been so paid, and also the Names and Places of Abode of such Persons who shall have made such Entries and paid the said Duties upon the Delivery of which said Certificate to the Person who for the time being it shall be appointed to keep the said Mark, Stamp or Seal, the said Person so appointed shall enter the said Certificate in a Book to be kept by him for that Purpose, and afterwards with all convenient Speed shall mark, stamp or seal, each and every Pair of Dies and Packs of Cards as shall be mentioned to be contained in such Certificate; and the Person so marking, stamping or sealing the same, or being required to enter under the said Certificate in the said Book to be kept for that Purpose, the Number of the Pairs of Dies and Packs of Cards which he shall so mark, stamp or seal, pursuant to the said Certificate, with the Days and Times at his marking, stamping and sealing the same, till the full Number of Pairs of Dies and Packs of Cards, which shall be contained in such Certificate, shall be duly marked, stamped and sealed, which said Book at the End of every Year, or oftener if required by the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Writing, or by any Three or more of them, shall be returned to the said Commissioners to be examined by them, or any other Person or Persons to be appointed by them, or any Three or more of them, to examine the same.

Marking to
Makers
Number of Cards
to be stamped
to be stamped
to be stamped.

XXI. And to be further enacted, That if any Person appointed as aforesaid to mark, stamp or seal such Cards or Dies, shall wilfully neglect or refuse to mark, stamp or seal the Number of Pairs of Dies or Packs of Cards contained in such Certificate, then the Person so neglecting or refusing, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds: Provided always, that no Person shall be obliged to mark, stamp or seal any Dies or Cards but Three Times in every Week; that is to say, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday on every Week, and between the Hours of Nine in the Morning and Twelve at Noon, and between the Hours of Two and Four in the Afternoon, on the said Days.

Card Makers
to be stamped
to be stamped
to be stamped
to be stamped.

XXII. And to be further enacted, That as often as the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or any Three of them, shall think fit to alter, change or renew the Marks or Stamps for Cards, and the Paper enclosing the same, or any of them, it shall and may be lawful for all Persons who shall at such respective times have in their Custody or Possession any Cards and Papers enclosing Packs of Cards marked with the Stamp or Stamps so intended to be altered, changed or renewed, at any time within the Space of Two Months, upon such Notice of renewing, changing or altering such Stamps or Marks shall have been published in the Public Gazette for Three successive Days of Publication, to bring or cause to be brought to such said Cards marked with the Stamp or Stamps so intended to be altered, changed and renewed, and so to begin.

And shall
making on
label
to be stamped
to be stamped
to be stamped
to be stamped.

XXIII. Provided always, and to be further enacted, That if any Cards marked with the said Stamps shall remain upon hand and unsold, it shall be lawful for any Card Maker or Shopkeeper, or Retailer of Cards, at any time within the said Two Months, to bring or send such Cards and Papers, including Packs of Cards, with the said Stamps to the respective Makers, or to such Officer or Officers so shall be appointed in that behalf by the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, at their respective Offices in the Cities of London, York and Liverpool; and the said Stamp Makers and Officers respectively are hereby required to mark

with the new Stamps such Cards brought in, and in every Paper relating Packs of Cards, shall be equal in Number to the Papers be brought in, such new Stamps to be cut-off, and given in lieu of the old, free and exempt from the Payment of any Duty or Tax whatsoever for the same: Provided also, that if after the said Two Months any Cards with such old Stamps shall be found in the Possession of any Card Maker, Shopkeeper or Retailer of Cards, the same shall be forfeited; and it shall be lawful to and for any Person duly authorized for that Purpose, under Hand and Seal by the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or any Three of them, to seize and carry away the same; and the Performer Performer whose Possession the same shall be found shall be liable and subject to all such Penalties and Forfeitures as by, or they would be liable to if the said Cards or Papers containing Packs of Cards were had been stamped.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Pack or Packs of Playing Cards shall be found in the House, Shop, Room or Place of any Card Maker, Shopkeeper or Retailer of Cards, without being stamped, sealed or stamped, as shall be then by Law required, the same shall be adjudged to be so, and may be seized and carried away by any Person duly authorized for that Purpose, under Hand and Seal by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them; and the Card Maker, Shopkeeper or Retailer of Cards whose Possession such Pack or Packs of Cards shall be found, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That every unstamped Parcel of Printed, Spotted or Playing Cards enclosed in a Paper Cover or Paper Covers, which shall be exposed to sale by, or found in the Shop of any Shopkeeper or Retailer of Cards, shall to all Intents and Purposes be construed and taken to be a whole Pack of Playing Cards, within the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and such Shopkeeper or Retailer of Cards shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Packs shall sell or expose to Sale any Playing Cards which have been sold, opened or played with, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Cards exceeding in Quantity Two Packs, which shall be after be found in any House, Out-house, Warehouse or elsewhere, in the Possession of any Shopkeeper or Retailer of Cards, shall be deemed and construed as Cards exposed to sale within the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, whereby Card Makers, Shopkeepers and Retailers of Cards are subject to Penalties and Punishes for being or exposing to Sale, Printed, Spotted and Playing Cards, not stamped, marked or made up in manner and form as required.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Printed, Spotted or Playing Cards, which shall be found in the Possession of any Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman or other trading Person, travelling from Place to Place, shall be forfeited; and it shall and may be lawful to and for any Discharge of Stamps or other Person or Persons thereto duly authorized under Hand and Seal by the said Commissioners, at any Three or more of them, to seize such Cards, and to lodge the same in such Place as shall be appointed for that Purpose, by the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties for the time being.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Cards shall be deemed Waste Cards unless a Cover of every such Card shall be cut off, and unless the same be sold or exposed to Sale in Parcels without being enclosed in any Paper Cover whatsoever; and if any Card Maker, Shopkeeper or Retailer of Cards, shall sell or expose to Sale as Waste Cards any Cards enclosed in Paper Covers, or not cut in the manner aforesaid, by, or they so offending shall be liable to the Penalty, and incur all the Forfeitures inflicted for selling or exposing to Sale Printed, Spotted or Playing Cards without Stamps.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall set up or exercise the Employment of making Cards or Dice, or shall make or cause to be made any Cards or Dice in any Town or Place in Ireland, but in the Cities of Dublin, Cork and Limerick, or the respective Liberties thereof; and that every Person or Persons who shall set up or exercise the Employment of making Cards or Dice, or shall make or cause to be made Cards or Dice in any other Part of Ireland, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland, or any Three of them, to grant Licences to such Person or Persons as they shall think proper for the making of Playing, Blank or Message Cards for any Term not exceeding Three Years from the time of granting such Licences; and if any Person or Persons shall exercise or carry on the Trade or Employment of making any Playing, Blank or Message Cards without such Licence or Licences first had and obtained, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, together with all such Cards and all such Materials and Implements used in the making of Cards, as shall be found in his, her or their Possession, all which Cards, Materials and Implements, shall and may be seized, carried away and lodged, in such Place as shall be appointed by the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties for that Purpose, by any Commissioner of Stamps or other Person duly authorized thereto, under Hand and Seal by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be so licensed unless he, she or they shall with One or more sufficient Surety or Sureties have executed a Bond to His Majesty in the penal Sum of Two hundred Pounds conditioned that the Person or Persons so licensed, their Executors, Administrators, shall and may pay to His Majesty, all such Duties as such Person or Persons shall be liable to on account of making any Playing, Blank or Message Cards during the term such Person or Persons shall carry on the Business of a Card Maker under such Licence.

XXXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or any Three of them, upon Demand made in the Payment of any such Duty or Duties as such Person or Persons so licensed is allowed shall or may be liable to, or upon Condition of any Treaty or Offence the

Penalty

Penalty

Offences shall be deemed to be committed in the County of Dublin, or in the City of Dublin, or in the Liberties thereof.

Unstamped Parcels of Printed, Spotted or Playing Cards enclosed in a Paper Cover.

Playing Cards which have been sold, opened or played with.

Cards exceeding in Quantity Two Packs, which shall be found in any House, Out-house, Warehouse or elsewhere.

Cards found in the Possession of any Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman or other trading Person, travelling from Place to Place.

No Cards deemed Waste Cards unless a Cover of every such Card shall be cut off, and unless the same be sold or exposed to Sale in Parcels without being enclosed in any Paper Cover whatsoever.

No Person or Persons shall set up or exercise the Employment of making Cards or Dice, or shall make or cause to be made any Cards or Dice in any Town or Place in Ireland, but in the Cities of Dublin, Cork and Limerick, or the respective Liberties thereof.

No Person or Persons shall be so licensed unless he, she or they shall with One or more sufficient Surety or Sureties have executed a Bond to His Majesty in the penal Sum of Two hundred Pounds conditioned that the Person or Persons so licensed, their Executors, Administrators, shall and may pay to His Majesty, all such Duties as such Person or Persons shall be liable to on account of making any Playing, Blank or Message Cards during the term such Person or Persons shall carry on the Business of a Card Maker under such Licence.

Card Makers licensed.

Carrying on Trade without Licence.

No Person or Persons shall be so licensed unless he, she or they shall with One or more sufficient Surety or Sureties have executed a Bond to His Majesty in the penal Sum of Two hundred Pounds conditioned that the Person or Persons so licensed, their Executors, Administrators, shall and may pay to His Majesty, all such Duties as such Person or Persons shall be liable to on account of making any Playing, Blank or Message Cards during the term such Person or Persons shall carry on the Business of a Card Maker under such Licence.

Licences may be granted for any Term not exceeding Three Years.

Penalty

Penalty or Forfeiture for which shall amount to Ten Pounds, by Notice or Enforcement in Writing subscribed by them, or any Three of them, as aforesaid, withdrawn and set, by make or any such Licensee to such Prison or Prison for making Default as aforesaid; and if such Prison or Prison after such Licence or Licensee shall endeavour to exercise the Trade or carry on the Business of Card-making, he, she or they shall be liable to the Penalties and Forfeitures as if such Licensee or Licensee were a printer.

Penalty.

Card Makers and
Dyers

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That every Card Maker and Dyer at the time of entering and paying the Duties on any Number of Packs of Cards made Oath, or if a Quaker, solemnly affirm, before the Distributor or other proper Officer with whom such Entry shall be made, in the Words following, to wit,

Oath.

I, A. B. do swear, (or, if a Quaker, do affirm) That the Number of Packs of Cards now entered by me, is the full Amount of the Quantity of Printed, Spotted and Playing Cards manufactured by me, or for my Use, from the Day of _____ to the time of this my present Entry, except _____ Packs made up by me for Exportation, which are acknowledged in His Majesty's Stores, or have been exported (or the 25th of 1765).

Which Oath or Affirmation such Distributor or other proper Officer is hereby authorized and required to administer.

Condemnation of
such Entry
(Penalty)

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That every Maker of Cards and Dyer who shall endeavour to defraud His Majesty by any Concealment or undue Entry, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Card Makers or
Dyers Officers
of such an
Oath.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That every Card Maker who shall make any Cards, his Foreman, Head-Servant or Person employed to attend such Business from time to time, and as often as such Card Maker or other Person employed as aforesaid shall be required by the Officer or Officers appointed as aforesaid to view and take an Account of the same, shall show to such Officer or Officers, all the Stock then on hand of Cards, and all Materials for making the same belonging to such Card Maker or Card Makers, under the Penalty of Ten Pounds, in case of Refusal to be searched by such Card Maker or Card Makers, and of Five Pounds to be forfeited by the Foreman, Head-Servant or other Person employed; and that in case of such Offence shall be liable to the Payment of the said Sum of Five Pounds, such Foreman, Head-Servant or other Person so employed shall suffer One Month's Imprisonment; and that in case such Officer or Officers shall afterwards find any Card or Materials for making Cards of the Stock then on hand, or used above the Quantity so shown as aforesaid, such Cards and Materials shall be forfeited, and it shall and may be lawful for such Officer or Officers to seize and carry away the same; and such Card Maker or Card Makers shall respectively forfeit a Sum in the Rate of Twenty Pounds for every Twelve Dozen of Sheets of Paper Materials for Card-making which shall be found on and above the Quantity that shall have been shown as aforesaid.

Penalties.

Officers to take
An oath of
Card and
Dyers and for
making them in
the Name of
Card Makers.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, to appoint such Officer or Officers, as they shall think proper, to keep an Account of all Cards and Materials for making Cards, which shall from time to time be found by him or them in the Possession of any Card Maker or Card Makers, and upon any Default or Delinquency of such Stock of Cards and Materials not properly accounted for, to charge such Card Maker or Card Makers with all Charges payable for such Cards not accounted for, and also with the Amount of the Duties on so many Cards as might be made from or with such Materials not accounted for as aforesaid; the said Duties to be paid by such Card Maker or Card Makers upon Oath made by such Officer or Officers as aforesaid, before such Officer as shall be appointed for this Purpose by the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or any Three of them, in Public, and before the Distribution of Stamps in Cards and Labels respectively, mentioning the Quantity to be defrauded and brought to Charge, which Oath the said Officers respectively are hereby empowered and required to administer.

Books of Duties
to be kept
where the First
entry of Card
Makers is
entered in a
Book.
Penalties
to be paid
by such
Officers, who
shall
appoint.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any such Officer or Distributor or any Stamp Maker of Cards, after Proof made of such Delinquency, shall allow any Entry to be made by, or shall bring new Cards of or belonging to such Card Maker or Card Makers before he, she or they shall have answered or paid all Charges which are the result of such Default or Delinquency, that in every such case such Officer, Distributor or Stamp Maker shall and lawfully forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Books of Duties
to be kept
where the First
entry of Card
Makers is
entered in a
Book.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where a Forfeiture of Printed, Spotted or Playing Cards, or of Devices or Materials for making Cards, shall be incurred by virtue of any Act, now in force or which shall be hereafter enacted, it shall be lawful for the Officer or Officers who shall detain the said Card or Officer for which such Cards, Devices or Materials shall become forfeited, to seize and carry away any of the said Cards, and the same to hold in such Place as shall be appointed for this Purpose by the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or any Three of them, to be detained and kept until disposed of by the Courts of Law.

Cards or Pa-
per used in
making of
Cards, if
the Majesty's
Warranters.

XL. And be it further enacted, That as often as any Card Maker or Card Makers shall make up Cards intended for Exportation, he, she or they shall within One Hour after the same are made up, give Notice thereof to the Stamp-Maker of the Place where such Cards shall be made up, and shall, within the said One Hour, send the Stamp-Maker, duplicate such Cards in form of His Majesty's Stamps, or, if the Place where such Cards shall be made up, the said Cards then remain until a Certificate from the Collector of the Port shall be produced to the said Stamp-Maker, which Certificate shall express or import that all legal Requests relative to such Cards have been performed.

Cards to be re-
moved without
Penalty.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That if such Card Maker or Card Makers shall at any time remove such Cards in deposited as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, or shall suffer the same to be removed, made or produced of the Stamp-maker or Surveyor of His Majesty's Stores to be had and obtained, he, she or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XLII. And

| SCHEDULE (A.) | | Duty. |
|--|-----------|----------|
| Patent, Grant, &c.—continued. | | £. s. d. |
| Amounting to 100l. and not amounting to 250l. | - - - - - | 4 0 0 |
| Amounting to 250l. and not amounting to 500l. | - - - - - | 16 0 0 |
| Amounting to 500l. and not amounting to 750l. | - - - - - | 20 0 0 |
| Amounting to 750l. and not amounting to 1000l. | - - - - - | 30 0 0 |
| Amounting to 1000l. or upwards, for every 1000l. thereof | - - - - - | 5 0 0 |
| Any Grant from His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of any Annuity or Pension not amounting to One hundred Pounds per Annum | | 1 10 0 |
| Amounting to 100l. and not amounting to 200l. per Annum | - - - - - | 4 0 0 |
| Amounting to 200l. and not amounting to 400l. per Annum | - - - - - | 10 0 0 |
| Amounting to 400l. and not amounting to 600l. per Annum | - - - - - | 20 0 0 |
| Amounting to 600l. and not amounting to 800l. per Annum | - - - - - | 30 0 0 |
| Amounting to 800l. and not amounting to 1000l. per Annum | - - - - - | 40 0 0 |
| Amounting to 1000l. or upwards | - - - - - | 50 0 0 |
| But where any such Grant of Annuity or Pension shall be made in Confirmation, or by way of Renewal only, of any former Grant of the like Amount and Description, then only a Duty of | | 1 20 0 |
| And where several and distinct Annuities or Pensions shall be granted to or for the Benefit of different Persons by the same Instrument, the proper Duty shall be charged in respect of each Annuity or Pension; but, where the Grant shall be of any Annuity or Pension to or for the Benefit of Two or more Persons jointly, the Duty shall be charged in respect of the whole. | | |
| Any Grant or Appointment by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or by any other Person or Persons, Body Politic or Corporate in Ireland, of or to any Office or Employment, by Letters Patent, Deed or other Writing. | | |
| Where the Salary, Fees and Emoluments appertaining thereto shall not amount to 50l. per Annum | | 1 10 0 |
| And where the same shall amount to 50l. and not amount to 100l. per Annum | - - - - - | 5 0 0 |
| And where the same shall amount to 100l. and not amount to 200l. per Annum | - - - - - | 5 0 0 |
| And where the same shall amount to 200l. and not amount to 300l. per Annum | - - - - - | 10 0 0 |
| And where the same shall amount to 300l. and not amount to 500l. per Annum | - - - - - | 20 0 0 |
| And where the same shall amount to 500l. and not amount to 750l. per Annum | - - - - - | 30 0 0 |
| And where the same shall amount to 750l. and not amount to 1000l. per Annum | - - - - - | 40 0 0 |
| And where the same shall amount to 1000l. and not amount to 1500l. per Annum | - - - - - | 50 0 0 |
| And where the same shall amount to 1500l. and not amount to 2000l. per Annum | - - - - - | 75 0 0 |
| And where the same shall amount to 2000l. and not amount to 3000l. per Annum | - - - - - | 100 0 0 |
| And where the same shall amount to 3000l. per Annum or upwards | - - - - - | 150 0 0 |
| The said Fees and Emoluments to be estimated according to the average Amount thereof for Three Years preceding where practicable; and in other cases according to the best Information that can be obtained. | | |
| And where any such Grant or Appointment shall be made to or of Two or more Persons jointly, with separate and distinct Salaries, Fees or Emoluments, the same shall be charged with a separate and distinct Duty in respect of each Person, according to the Amount of the Salaries, Fees and Emoluments appertaining to each Person. | | |
| Provided always, that no Duty shall be charged in respect of any Person to whom any Office or Employment shall be granted anew, upon the Revocation of any former Grant or Appointment, and who shall have paid a Stamp Duty on any former Grant or Appointment, unless the Salaries, Fees and Emoluments appertaining to such Person, shall be in any Manner augmented; and, in that case, a Duty shall be charged in respect of such Person, only in Proportion to the Amount of the Augmentation. | | |
| Provided also, that no Duty shall be charged upon or in respect of more than One Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment on which any of the foregoing Grants may be signified, printed or written. | | |
| Any Grant of Elixenochap | - - - - - | 20 0 0 |
| Any Grant of any Land in Fee, Lease for Years, or other Grant or Profit not heretofore particularly charged, that shall pass the Seal of the Exchequer (Custodian Leases excepted) | - - - - - | 5 0 0 |
| Any Pardon or Respite, except Pardons passed in forma pauperis, or of or for any Crime or Offence, or of any Mercy or Pardon whatsoever, exceeding the Sum of 50l. | - - - - - | 6 0 0 |
| Any Admission of any Fellow of the College of Physicians or Surgeons | - - - - - | 10 0 0 |
| | | Any |

| SCHEDULE (A). | | Duty. |
|---|--|---------|
| PATENTS, GRANTS, &c. | | |
| Any Admission of any Brother into the Society of King's Inns | | 4 s. d. |
| Any Admission of any Brother into the Inns of Court | | 20 0 0 |
| Any Admission of any Advocate, Proctor, Attorney, Solicitor, Clerk or other Officer or Officers in any Court whatsoever, except any Officer in any inferior Court whose Office is under the Value of 10l. a Year in Salary, Fees and other Perquisites; and except any usual Officer in any Corporation | | 20 0 0 |
| Any Certificate to be taken out by any Attorney or Solicitor, Proctor, Agent, or Prosecutor, of his Admission, Enrolment or Registry, in any of His Majesty's Courts in Dublin, or in any Ecclesiastical Court, or in any Court of Admiralty in Ireland, or in any other Court in Ireland holding Plea, where Debt or Damage doth amount to 40s. or more. | | |
| If such Attorney or Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Prosecutor, has not been admitted for Three Years, yearly | | 1 0 0 |
| If such Attorney or Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Prosecutor, has been admitted for Three Years or more, yearly | | 3 0 0 |
| Any Appointment or Deputation of any Person to be a Sheriff or Steward of a Manor Court | | 1 0 0 |
| Any Entry, Minute or Memorandum of the Admission of any Person into any Corporation, Guild or Company [except a Corporation or Company for the Direction of any Charitable Institution only] who shall be so admitted in respect of his Birth, Apprenticeship or Marriage, entered or made in the Court Book, Roll or Record of any such Corporation, Guild or Company | | 0 10 0 |
| Any Entry, Minute or Memorandum, of the Admission of any other Person into any Corporation, Guild or Company [except a Corporation or Company for the Direction of any Charitable Institution only] | | 1 0 0 |
| II. INDENTURES, BILLS and other DEEDS and INSTRUMENTS, and EXEMPTIONS, FIDELMANTS, MEMORIALS or RECEIPTS thereof. | | |
| On the First Skin of any Indenture, Lease, Release, Deed or Instrument, set otherwise charged [except Indentures of Apprenticeship where an Apprentice for shall be given, or, if any be given, where such Apprentice for shall not exceed the Sum of 10l.] for the First Skin, or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, therein | | 0 10 0 |
| For every other Skin, or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein | | 0 5 0 |
| Any Indenture or other Deed, and every Article or Covenant, whereby any Person shall become bound to serve as an Apprentice or Clerk to an Attorney, or Solicitor, in order to his Admission as an Attorney or Solicitor in any of His Majesty's Courts in Ireland, on each Part of such Indentures, Deeds, Articles or Covenants | | 10 0 0 |
| Any Indenture or other Deed for binding an Apprentice to a Notary Public, in order to his becoming a Notary Public, on each Part of such Indentures | | 5 0 0 |
| Any other Indenture of Apprenticeship, where the Sum or Value given, paid or contracted or agreed for, with or in relation to such Apprentice, shall exceed 10l. and shall not exceed 50l. | | 0 5 0 |
| Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 50l. and shall not exceed 100l. | | 0 10 0 |
| - - - - - 50 - - - - 100 - - - | | 1 0 0 |
| - - - - - 100 - - - - 200 - - - | | 1 0 0 |
| - - - - - 200 - - - - 300 - - - | | 1 0 0 |
| - - - - - 300 - - - - 400 - - - | | 0 0 0 |
| - - - - - 400 - - - - 500 - - - | | 0 0 0 |
| And where such Sum or Value shall exceed the Sum of 500l. for every 1000l. of such Excess, a Duty of | | 3 0 0 |
| The First Skin, or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, in any Indenture of Lease, Release, or Deed, Minute, Memorandum, or legal or reputable Article for letting or demise of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in Ireland, for any Term not exceeding Three Lives, or Thirty one Years, whether with or without a Clause or Covenant for the Renewal thereof; [except Leases made by any Master in Chancery, or Officer of the Equity or Revenue Side of the Court of Exchequer, under the Orders of the said Courts respectively; and except Leases by Eldest Creditors, and also Leases of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments covenanted for Non Payment of Rent, and full redeemable, so as such Leases shall not exceed the Period during which the same shall continue redeemable, respectively]. | | |

Where

| SCHEDULE (A.) | | | | | | | | | | | | Duty. | | |
|---|----|----------------------|----|---------------------------------|----|----------------------|----|----|-----|----|----|--------|----|---|
| Indentures, &c. — continued. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| When the annual Amount of the Rent referred, or agreed to be referred, (any Penal Rent, or any Increase of referred Rent in the Nature of a Penal Rent, not being included in such Amount,) shall not exceed 10 <i>l.</i> and the Fine or Consideration for the same shall not exceed 10 <i>l.</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | 6 5 0 | | |
| When the annual Amount | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| of such Rent | | | | or of the Fine or Consideration | | | | | | | | | | |
| shall exceed | | and shall not exceed | | shall exceed | | and shall not exceed | | | | | | | | |
| £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. | | | |
| 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| 20 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 150 | 0 | 0 | 150 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| 30 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 200 | 0 | 0 | 200 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 40 | 0 | 0 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 250 | 0 | 0 | 250 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 0 |
| 50 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 300 | 0 | 0 | 300 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 60 | 0 | 0 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 350 | 0 | 0 | 350 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 10 | 0 |
| 70 | 0 | 0 | 70 | 0 | 0 | 400 | 0 | 0 | 400 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| 80 | 0 | 0 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 450 | 0 | 0 | 450 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 10 | 0 |
| 90 | 0 | 0 | 90 | 0 | 0 | 500 | 0 | 0 | 500 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| And when the annual Amount of such Rent, referred or agreed to be referred, shall exceed the Sum of 400 <i>l.</i> or such Fine or Consideration shall exceed the Sum of 2000 <i>l.</i> then for every 10 <i>l.</i> of the whole Amount of such Rent, and for every 100 <i>l.</i> of such Fine or Consideration, a Duty of | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 0 0 | | |
| Every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, in any such Indenture, Lease, Release or Deed, Minute, Memorandum or Legal or Equitable Article, after the First Skin or Sheet. | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 5 0 | | |
| The First Skin or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, in any Indenture, Lease, Release or Deed, Minute, Memorandum or legal or equitable Article, for setting or defining Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in Ireland, for any Term exceeding Three Years, or Thirty six Years, shall be subject to a Duty equal to the Whole or Drable the Amount of the foregoing Duties on the First Skin or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper in any Indenture, Lease, Release or Deed, Minute, Memorandum or legal or equitable Article respectively. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| And, in case such Indenture, Lease, Release, Deed, Minute, Memorandum or legal or equitable Article, shall be executed by the Lessor or Lessors thereof, or any of them, by virtue of any Letter of Attorney for that Purpose, then for every 1 <i>l.</i> of the annual Amount of such Rent, referred or agreed to be referred, and for every 1 <i>l.</i> of Fine or Consideration, a further Duty, in all cases, on the First Skin or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, in any such Indenture, of | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 1 0 | | |
| The First Skin or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, in any Indenture, Lease, Release, Deed or Instrument, for defining Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments in Ireland, executed by any Master in Chancery, or Officer of the Exchequer or Revenue Side of the Court of Exchequer, or executed by any Eldest Creditor, or any Lease of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, under Execution for Non Payment of Rent and allowable where such Lease shall not exceed the Period during which the same shall continue to be redeemable. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Where such Rent shall not exceed 100 <i>l.</i> by the Year, or that Rate for any Portion of a Year | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 10 0 | | |
| Where such Rent shall exceed the Rate of 100 <i>l.</i> by the Year, and shall not exceed the Rate of 400 <i>l.</i> by the Year | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 0 0 | | |
| Where such Rent shall exceed the Rate of 400 <i>l.</i> by the Year, then for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Yearly Rate of such Rent | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 10 0 | | |
| Every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, in any such Indenture, Lease, Release or Deed, Minute, Memorandum or Legal or Equitable Article, after the First Skin or Sheet | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 5 0 | | |
| Every Letter of Attorney, empowering any Person to receive Rents in Ireland, except Letters of Attorney to receive Rents under Confessions or Elegants | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 0 0 | | |
| Every Letter of Attorney, empowering any Person or Persons to execute any Lease or Lease of Lands in Ireland, on the Part and Behalf of any Lessor or Lessors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| When the Annual Amount of the Rent referred or to be referred, is such Lease or Leases [any Penal Rent, or any Increase of referred Rent in the Nature of a | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| SCHEDULE (A.) | Duty. |
|--|--------------|
| <i>Indentures, &c. continued.</i> | <i>d s d</i> |
| Any Award under Head and Seal, or under Head only, made in Ireland, and whether the same shall or shall not be recorded or enrolled, or made a Rule of, any Court | 0 10 0 |
| Any Instrument made in Ireland, not under Seal, whether the same shall contain an actual Contract, or shall be the Evidence only of a Contract, where the Matter thereof shall be of the Value of 20 <i>l.</i> or upwards | 0 10 0 |
| Any Exemplification, of what Nature soever, that shall pass the Seal of any Court, and hereby otherwise charged | 0 25 0 |
| Any Commission or Surrender of any Court or Courts, or Office or Offices, British or other Deed whatsoever (except Indentures of Attorneys' Appointments and Assignments thereof, and Assignments of Judgments), which shall be enrolled or recorded in any of the Courts of the City of Dublin, or in any Court or Record whatsoever, over and above all other Duties | 1 0 0 |
| Any Memorial of any Deed, Conveyance, Will or Devise, which shall be registered in the Public Office for registering such Memorials, or shall be entered in any of the Courts of Record in Ireland (except Memorials of Deeds, and except Memorials of Assignments of Judgments) | 0 10 0 |
| Any Memorial of any Devise, or of any Agreement to devise | 0 2 6 |
| Any Memorial of the Assignment of any Judgment, Where the Provisory of such Judgment is assigned shall not exceed 100 <i>l.</i> | 0 5 0 |
| And where the Provisory of such Judgment is assigned shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i> | 0 10 0 |
| Any attested Extract or attested Copy, or any Certificate of any Memorial from the Office for the Registry of Deeds | 0 0 4 |
| III. WRITS, PROCESSSES or other PROCEEDINGS, COMMISSIONS, PLAINDIFFS, JUDGMENTS, APPEALS and EXECUTIONS in SUITS or ACTIONS at LAW or in EQUITY. | |
| Any Writ of Covenant for levying a Fine | 2 0 0 |
| Any Writ of Entry for levying a Common Recovery | 2 0 0 |
| Any Petition in any of the Superior Courts of Law or Equity, or in the Prerogative Court, or Consistory Court of Dublin | 0 2 6 |
| Any Order, or Fiat for Order, made on any such Petition | 0 1 0 |
| Any Letters of Guardianship under the Great Seal of Ireland | 1 0 0 |
| Any Commission, or Writ of Debentur Prostatum, to take Answers, or to examine Witnesses, or for any other Purpose, which shall issue from the Courts of Chancery in England, or any Ecclesiastical Court, or the Court of Admiralty, or any other Court in Ireland, except Commissions of the Peace | 0 10 0 |
| Any original Writ, Subpoena, Writ of Habeas Corpus, Writ of Capias <i>quo minus</i> or any other Writ, Process or Mandate whatsoever, not heretofore otherwise charged, that shall issue out of or pass the Seal of any of the Courts in Dublin (whether the same be the Superior Courts of Law or Equity, or any of the Ecclesiastical Courts) | 0 1 0 |
| Any Copy of any such Writ which shall be served on any Defendant or Defendants therein named | 0 0 6 |
| Any Entry of any Process of Contempt for not appearing, or for not answering, which shall be entered in the Courts of Chancery or Exchequer, or in the Ecclesiastical Courts, whether such Process shall issue out | 0 1 0 |
| Any Warrant to any Attorney or Solicitor, Prothon or other Agent, to appear for any Plaintiff or Defendant in any Action or Suit in any Court holding Pleas in Ireland, where he shall be liable or answerable to Forty Shillings, or above, or where the Thing in Demand or Cause of Suit is of that Value, or to prosecute or defend such Action or Suit, or to confess Judgment therein | 0 2 6 |
| Any Appearance to be entered in any such Court or Courts in Ireland by any Solicitor, Attorney, Solicitor, Prothon or other Agent, for each and every Defendant named in such Entry | 0 1 0 |
| Any Warrant to any Prothon to prosecute or defend any Suit in the Court of Prerogative, or in any Ecclesiastical Court, or in the Court of Admiralty | 0 2 6 |
| Any Appearance to be entered in any such Court or Courts in Ireland by any Prothon, Plaintiff and every Defendant named in such Entry | 0 2 0 |
| Any special Bail to be taken in any of the Courts in Dublin, or before any of the Judges of the said Courts, or in any Court whatsoever | 0 1 0 |
| Any Appearance that shall be made on such Bail | 0 1 0 |
| Any Common Bail to be filed in any Court whatsoever, and any Appearance that shall be made on such Bail | 0 1 0 |

Writs

| SCHEDULE (A.) | Duty. |
|--|---------|
| Writs, Process, &c. — reversed. | £ s. d. |
| Public Purpote, or for accounting for any Public Money, or discharging Quotas on Protestants. | |
| Where the Amount of the Money to be presented, raised or accounted for, shall not exceed 50 <i>l</i> . | 0 2 0 |
| Where such Amount shall exceed 50 <i>l</i> . and shall not exceed 100 <i>l</i> . | 0 3 0 |
| Where such Amount shall exceed 100 <i>l</i> . and shall not exceed 200 <i>l</i> . | 0 4 0 |
| Where such Amount shall exceed 200 <i>l</i> . | 0 5 0 |
| Any Commission for taking Affidavits that shall be issued from any Court. | 1 5 0 |
| Any Summons or Writs issued by any Master or Chancery, or by the Chief or Deputy Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer, or by any of the Chief or Deputy Prothonotaries of the Courts of King's Bench or Common Pleas, or by the Chief or Deputy Clerk of the Pleas in the Exchequer, or by any of the Chief or Deputy Officers of the Court of Chancery or Court of Exchequer, or by any other Officer or Officers of any Court of Law or Equity, or any of the Ecclesiastical Courts, or of the Court of Admiralty, or in any other Court as is herein, for the Purpose of proceeding to settle any Decree or Proceeding in any Order of Reference or Taking Costs, or any other Purpote for which Summons or Writs are usually issued by such Officers respectively. | 0 1 0 |
| Any Summons of any Judge of the Superior Courts of Law or Equity in Ireland. | 0 2 0 |
| Any Rule or Order (except in Cases professional upon Affidavits or Protestants) made upon or before or Motion in any of the Superior Courts of Law or Equity, or in any Ecclesiastical Court, or in the Court of Admiralty, or in any other Court in the County of Dublin, or County of the City of Dublin, holding Pleas, where the Debt or Damage doth amount to 40 <i>l</i> . whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court, or by any Judge of such Courts respectively in his Chamber, by way of Fiat for an Order. | 0 1 0 |
| Any Copy of such Rule or Order, or any Copy of any other Record or Proceedings in any of the said Courts, not hereby otherwise charged. | 0 1 0 |
| Any Record of Nil Pias. | 0 10 0 |
| Any Writ of Exquare de Decegn. | 0 10 0 |
| Any Inquisition or Issue taken or found by any Jury in any Civil Action, whether in Nil Pias, or before any Sheriff or Sheriffs, or other Officer or Officers, or any Judgment by Default or otherwise, or on any Suggestion, or on any Writ of Elogit. | 0 10 0 |
| Any Interlocutory Judgment in any Court of Law in Ireland. | 0 5 0 |
| Any Final Judgment which shall be signed by the Master of any Office, or his Deputy or Secretary, or by any Prothonotary, or his Secretary, Deputy or Clerk, or any other Officer belonging to any of the Courts in the City of Dublin, who have Power, or actually do or shall sign Judgments, whether the said Judgment be signed under in any Action of Debt, or on the Call, or by Certificate, for any Sum under 100 <i>l</i> . | 0 5 0 |
| For 100 <i>l</i> . or upwards, and not exceeding 200 <i>l</i> . | 0 10 0 |
| And for every 100 <i>l</i> . exceeding the Sum of 200 <i>l</i> . a further Duty of. | 0 0 6 |
| Any Writ of Habeas Corpus Subjaco, or Writ of Releasation or Protection. | 0 10 0 |
| Any Warrant to any Attorney to testify a Judgment entered of Record in the Courts of King's Bench, Common Pleas or Exchequer in Dublin. | 0 2 6 |
| Any Warrant of Attorney to vacate any Recognisance entered into in the Court of Chancery, or in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer, and any Order obtained to vacate the same. | 0 5 0 |
| Any Decree or Decree made by or in the Court of Chancery, written on Paper and signed by the proper Officer. | 0 4 6 |
| Any attested Copy of any such Decree or Decree. | 0 4 6 |
| Any Decree or Decree made by or in the Court of Exchequer, written on Paper, and signed by the proper Officer. | 0 5 0 |
| Any attested Copy of any such Decree or Decree. | 0 5 0 |
| Any Expédition of a Decree of the Court of Chancery under the Great Seal. | 0 15 0 |
| Any Writ of Error or Coramur, or any Appeal in any Civil Cause (except from the Court of Admiralty or Prerogative Court, or any Sheriff or Ecclesiastical Court, or from any Decree or Decree on any Civil Bill, or from any Manor Court). | 1 0 0 |
| Except always in all cases, and as to all Stamp Duties, all Proceedings in any Court, Manor, or in any Suit in any of the Courts aforesaid, which shall be heard, prosecuted or had by any Parties admitted to sue or defend therein in <i>forma pauperis</i> . | |

W. 41.

| SCHEDULE (A.) | Duty. |
|---|-----------|
| Writs, Process, &c. — <i>continued</i> | |
| Any Entry of any Action in the Mayor's or Sheriff's Court, in the City of Dublin, and in Courts of all Corporations | £ 1 0 |
| Any Appearance to be entered in any such Action | 0 1 0 |
| Any Summons or Process whereby the Defendant or Defendants shall be required to appear or answer the Plaintiff's Bill, or to appear before any Recorder, Chairman, Assistant Recorder, Scirefacit or Seward of a Minor Court, or other Judge or Officer, in any Proceeding in a Summary way by Civil Bill | 0 0 2 |
| Any Copy of so, such Summons | 0 2 2 |
| Any Decree which shall be made or pronounced by, or any Warrant which shall issue under the Hand and Seal, or Hand only, of any Recorder, Chairman, Assistant Recorder, Town Clerk or Scirefacit, or by any Judge of Assize, or other Judge whatever, in Causes heard by Civil Bill | |
| Where the Sum decreed shall be under 5 <i>l</i> . | 0 3 0 |
| Full amount to 5 <i>l</i> and shall not amount to 10 <i>l</i> . | 0 4 6 |
| Full amount to 10 <i>l</i> or upwards | 0 7 6 |
| Any Decree made or pronounced by any Recorder, Chairman, Assistant Recorder or Judge of Assize | 0 4 0 |
| Any Decree made or pronounced by any Scirefacit, or Seward of any Minor, in any Proceeding by Civil Bill | 0 1 6 |
| Any Release of a Decree or Decree by whomsoever made on any Proceeding by Civil Bill | 0 1 6 |
| Any Recognizance on an Appeal from any Decree or Decree by whomsoever made or pronounced in any Proceeding by Civil Bill | 0 3 6 |
| Any Citation or Mandamus, Mandate, Prohibition, Summons, Requisition or other Process of what Nature or Kind soever, that shall issue out of any Ecclesiastical Court is levied (except in any Suit for Tithes, and not less otherwise charged,) and any Copy thereof respectively | 0 5 0 |
| Any Citation, Motion, Proceeding, Sentence or Decree, made in the Prerogative Court, or in any Ecclesiastical Court, in any Suit for Tithes, or any Copies of them respectively | 0 1 0 |
| Any Inventory lodged or exhibited to any Ecclesiastical Court in Ireland, and any Copy thereof | 0 5 0 |
| Any Warrant (except Warrants to Process to appear), Motion or Decree in the Court of Admiralty, except in Suits for recovery of Seamen's Wages | 0 7 6 |
| Any Decree, Sentence or Decree in any Ecclesiastical Court as herein before is stated | 0 7 6 |
| Any Sentence or Attachment (except in Suits for the Recovery of Seamen's Wages), that shall be given or made out of the Court of Admiralty, or any Relaxation of any such Attachment | 1 0 0 |
| Any Interlocutory Decree or Sentence in any of the Ecclesiastical Courts, or in the Court of Admiralty in Ireland, <i>in re ad litem</i> | 0 10 0 |
| Any Exemplification of any Decree, Sentence or Decree, in any Ecclesiastical Court in Ireland | 0 15 0 |
| Any Certificate issued out of any Ecclesiastical Court not heretofore particularly charged | 0 7 6 |
| Any Appeal from any Diocesan Court | 5 0 0 |
| Any Appeal from the Court of Admiralty or Prerogative Court, or any Archiepiscopal Court | 10 0 0 |
| Any Citation under the Seal of the Exchequer grounded on an Oath in any Civil Action | 0 5 0 |
| IV. PROBATES AND ADMINISTRATIONS AND RECEIPTS FOR LEGACIES. | |
| Any Probate of a Will (except such Probate as shall be taken out by any Executor or Legatee in other another Estate shall and may be taken out of the same), and any Letters of Administration when any, and any Administrators Executors, or De Bonis non, of whatever Number of Sins or Persons or Partners or Velants, or Heirs or Proxies of Papers, the same way shall be) | |
| Where the Estate and Effects for or in respect of which such Probate or Letters of Administration shall be granted (as aforesaid) shall have been possessed of or conveyed to as a Trustee for any other Person or Persons, and not beneficially) | |
| | Probates, |

| SCHEDULE (A) | | | Duty. |
|---|----------------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| Probates, &c. — continued. | Shall be of the Value of £ | and under the Value of | £100 |
| | 100 | 200 | 1 0 0 |
| | 200 | 300 | 2 0 0 |
| | 300 | 400 | 3 0 0 |
| | 400 | 500 | 4 0 0 |
| | 500 | 600 | 5 0 0 |
| | 600 | 700 | 6 0 0 |
| | 700 | 800 | 7 0 0 |
| | 800 | 900 | 8 0 0 |
| | 900 | 1,000 | 9 0 0 |
| | 1,000 | 1,500 | 15 0 0 |
| | 1,500 | 2,000 | 20 0 0 |
| | 2,000 | 3,500 | 35 0 0 |
| | 3,500 | 5,000 | 50 0 0 |
| | 5,000 | 7,500 | 75 0 0 |
| | 7,500 | 10,000 | 90 0 0 |
| | 10,000 | 12,500 | 110 0 0 |
| | 12,500 | 15,000 | 135 0 0 |
| | 15,000 | 17,500 | 160 0 0 |
| | 17,500 | 20,000 | 185 0 0 |
| | 20,000 | 25,000 | 210 0 0 |
| | 25,000 | 30,000 | 260 0 0 |
| | 30,000 | 35,000 | 310 0 0 |
| | 35,000 | 40,000 | 360 0 0 |
| | 40,000 | 45,000 | 410 0 0 |
| | 45,000 | 50,000 | 460 0 0 |
| | 50,000 | 60,000 | 510 0 0 |
| | 60,000 | 70,000 | 570 0 0 |
| | 70,000 | 80,000 | 630 0 0 |
| | 80,000 | 90,000 | 690 0 0 |
| | 90,000 | 100,000 | 750 0 0 |
| | 100,000 | 125,000 | 1,100 0 0 |
| | 125,000 | 150,000 | 1,400 0 0 |
| | 150,000 | 175,000 | 1,800 0 0 |
| | 175,000 | 200,000 | 2,000 0 0 |
| | 200,000 | 250,000 | 2,500 0 0 |
| | 250,000 | 300,000 | 3,000 0 0 |
| | 300,000 | 350,000 | 3,400 0 0 |
| | 350,000 | 400,000 | 4,000 0 0 |
| | 400,000 | 500,000 | 5,000 0 0 |
| | 500,000 and upwards | | 6,000 0 0 |
| Any Letters of Administration <i>Pro Bona Lite</i> | | | 5 0 0 |
| Except in all cases the Probate of any Will or Letters of Administration of the Goods, Chattels and Effects of any Non-Commenced Officer or Private Seaman, Marine or Soldier, who shall die in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and except Letters of Administration <i>De Bona Lite</i> | | | 0 0 0 |
| Any Copy of any Will attested by the proper Officers of any Ecclesiastical Court | | | 0 0 0 |
| Any Receipt or Discharge for any Legacy, Specific or pecuniary, or of any other Discharge, given by any Will or Testamentary Instrument, and charged upon or given out of any Real or Personal Estate, or Monies arising from the Sale of any Real Estate devised to be sold by any Will or Testamentary Instrument; or for the clear Residue, or for any Part or Proportion of the clear Residue of the Personal Estate of any Person dying, testate or intestate, or for the clear Residue, or for any Part or Proportion of the clear Residue devised to any Person or Persons, or Monies arising or that may arise by the Sale of any Real Estate devised to be sold by any Will or Testamentary Instrument (after deducting Debts, Funeral Expenses, Legacies and other Charges first made payable thereon, if any): | | | 0 0 0 |
| For every One hundred Pounds of the Value of any such Legacy or Residue, or Part or Proportion of Residue, and for any fractional Part thereof, over and above any Sum or proportion of Sums of 1000 the same following, <i>videlicet</i> , | | | |
| If such Legacy or Residue, or Proportion of the Residue, shall be given or paid to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of the Deceased, or any Defendant of such Brother or Sister | | | 1 5 0 |

1 5 0
Proton.

| SCHEDULE (A.) | | Duty. |
|---|---|------------|
| Probates, &c. — continued. | | |
| If the same shall be given or paid to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of a Father or Mother of the Deceased, or any Descendant of such Brother or Sister | | £ 0 0 |
| If the same shall be given or paid to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of a Grandfather or Grandmother of the Deceased, or any Descendant of such Brother or Sister | | 2 10 0 |
| If the same shall be given or paid to or for the Benefit of any Person in any other Degree of collateral Consanguinity to the Deceased than as above defined, or to or for the Benefit of any Stranger in Blood to the Deceased, or to any Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, or other Public Institutions, (except charitable Institutions) | | 5 0 0 |
| If any such Legacy or Residue, or Part of Residue, shall amount to the Sum of Five hundred Pounds or upwards, and shall be given or paid to or for the Benefit of any Child of the Deceased, or any Descendant of such Child, then, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value thereof | | 0 10 0 |
| Except, in all cases, any Receipt or Discharge for any Legacy, or any Residue, or any Part or Proportion of Residue, of any Real or Personal Estate, which shall be given or paid to or for the Benefit of the Husband or Wife of the Deceased; and except, in all cases, any Receipt or Discharge for any Legacy or any Residue, or Part of Residue, of any Real or Personal Estate, which shall be given or paid to or for the Benefit of any of the Royal Family. | | |
| V. MERCANTILE AND COMMERCIAL INSTRUMENTS. | | |
| (For the Duty on Inferences for Schedule B.) | | |
| Any Charter Party, Passport, Procuration, Letter of Attorney, Warrant of Attorney (except Warrants of Attorney and Letters of Attorney otherwise charged), or any Notarial Act not otherwise charged | | 0 4 0 |
| Any Bill of Lading which shall be signed for any Goods exported | | 0 0 6 |
| Any Instrument entitling any Person or Persons exporting any Goods, Wares or Mercandises from Ireland, to any Drawback or Bounty on exporting the same | | 0 0 6 |
| Any Policy of Assurance or Insurance, or any Writing commonly so called, for insuring Houses, Furniture, Goods, Wares or Merchandises, or other Property from Loss by Fire | | 0 1 0 |
| Any Bank Note or Bank Post Bill which shall be issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or by any Banker or Bankers who shall have registered his or their Name or Names, or Firm, in manner directed by Law, where the Sum exported therein shall not amount to 5 <i>l.</i> | | 0 0 14 |
| Shall amount to 5 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 10 <i>l.</i> | | 0 0 3 |
| Shall amount to 10 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 50 <i>l.</i> | | 0 0 4 |
| Any Foreign or Inland Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note or other Note, whether of Bankers or otherwise, Draft or Order (except Bank Notes and Bank Post Bills otherwise charged), and except Promissory Notes for any Sum not exceeding 5 <i>l.</i> paid on account of Tithes, or for Money lent by or payable to any Society for Charitable Loans, or by or to their Trustees or Trust for them) | | |
| Where the Sum exported therein shall not exceed 10 <i>l.</i> | | 0 0 3 |
| Where the Sum shall exceed 10 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 50 <i>l.</i> | | 0 1 0 |
| 50 <i>l.</i> - 100 <i>l.</i> | | 0 1 6 |
| 100 <i>l.</i> - 500 <i>l.</i> | | 0 3 0 |
| 500 <i>l.</i> - 1000 <i>l.</i> | | 0 3 0 |
| 1000 <i>l.</i> - 10000 <i>l.</i> | | 0 4 0 |
| 10000 <i>l.</i> - 50000 <i>l.</i> | | 0 7 0 |
| 50000 <i>l.</i> - 100000 <i>l.</i> | | 0 10 0 |
| Where each Sum shall exceed 10000 <i>l.</i> | | 1 0 0 |
| Any Draft or Order in Writing for the Payment of any Sum of Money not exceeding 10 <i>l.</i> Bank or Current, or Demand, payable to Bearer, or otherwise, drawn upon any Bank or Banker or Bankers, or any Person or Persons sitting as a Banker or Bankers in Ireland, within Ten Miles of the Place where such Draft or Order shall be usually made and issued, which shall be negotiated; or of which Payment shall be required at any time after the Expiration of Two Days from the Date thereof | | 0 0 3 |
| Any Payroll where the Amount of the Bill or Note specified therein shall be less than 50 <i>l.</i> | | 0 4 0 |
| Where each Amount shall be 50 <i>l.</i> or upwards | | 0 5 0 |
| | 7 | Mercantile |

| SCHEDULE (A.) | | Duty. |
|---|--|----------|
| Mercantile Instruments — <i>revised</i> | | d. s. d. |
| Exemptions from the preceding and all other Duties. | | |
| All Bills for the Pay and Allowances of His Majesty's Land Forces, or for the Expeditions liable to be charged in the public Regiments or Detachments, which shall be drawn according to the Forms now prescribed, or to be prescribed, by His Majesty's Orders by the Paymasters of Regiments or Corps, or by the Chief Paymaster or Deputy Paymaster and Accountant of the Army Depot, or by the Paymaster of Recruiting Districts, or by the Paymasters of Detachments, or by the Officers or Officers authorized to perform the Duties of Paymasterhip during a Vacancy, or the Abbots, Subalterns or Company of any such Paymaster as aforesaid; but except such Bills as shall be drawn in Favour of Contractors or others who furnish Bread or Forage to His Majesty's Troops, and who by their Contracts or Agreements shall be liable to pay the Stamp Duties on the Bills given in Payment for the Articles supplied by them. | | |
| Any Receipt or other Discharge given as the Payment of any Sum of Money, or on the Delivery of any Cheque, Draft, Bill or other Order for any Sum of Money, | | |
| Where the Sum shall amount to 2l. and not amount to 10l. | | 0 0 1 |
| Where the Sum shall amount to 10l. and not amount to 20l. | | 0 0 2 |
| Where the Sum shall amount to 20l. and not amount to 50l. | | 0 0 4 |
| Where the Sum shall amount to 50l. and not amount to 100l. | | 0 1 0 |
| Where the Sum shall amount to 100l. and not amount to 200l. | | 0 2 0 |
| Where the Sum shall amount to 200l. and not amount to 500l. | | 0 3 0 |
| Where the Sum shall amount to 500l. and upwards | | 0 5 0 |
| And where any Sum of Money whatever shall be therein expressed or acknowledged to be received in full of all Demands | | |
| | | 0 5 0 |
| Receipts for Money paid into the Bank of Ireland, or into any House of any registered Banker or Bankers, or into the Purse of Stock, or on the Back of any Bond, Bill, Note or Draft, and being for the Contents or Consideration, or any Part of the Contents or Consideration thereof, or by any Army or Navy Agent, Officer, Soldier or Sailor, for any Money received on Account of Pay, Allowance or other Military or Naval Perquisites or Emoluments, or by any Officer of the Exchange for Money received for His Majesty, or any Acknowledgment by Letter of Money, Bill, or Note or Notes received by Post; and except Receipts for the Stamp Duties on Perquisites and Advertisements; and except Receipts for Legacies otherwise charged. | | |
| Any Receipt Note or Requisition for any Permit required to be granted by any Officer of His Majesty's Revenue, or any Commissioner or Disburser of Stamps, or other Person duly authorized to grant the same, relative to any Excisable or other Goods, and any Receipt Note or Requisition for any Certificate of any such Permit required by Law | | |
| | | 0 1 0 |
| VI. LICENSES AND GAMB CERTIFICATES AND DERIVATIONS. | | |
| Any Marriage License to be issued from the Court of Prerogative is Included | | |
| | | 0 10 0 |
| Any License to any Person or Persons is Included for any of the Purposes hereafter mentioned, <i>viz.</i> | | |
| To sell as a Nuptial Supper | | 2 0 0 |
| To keep one or more Printing Press or Presses | | 1 1 0 |
| To distil or retail Stumps is Included | | 0 10 0 |
| To interfere against Fire | | 0 3 6 |
| To sell by Retail Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cyder or Perry, Mithogen or Mead, in the Places following, <i>viz.</i> | | |
| In the City of Dublin, and within the Circular Road surrounding the said City of Dublin, or within the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, or within the City of Cork, or the City of Waterford, or the City of Limerick, (excluding all Places surrounded by the said Cities respectively, and that Part of the City of Limerick called Saint Francis's Abbey,) or within the Town of Belfast | | |
| | | 40 0 0 |
| Within the Bill of the respective Counties of the said Cities of Cork, Waterford and Limerick, or within One Mile thereof respectively, or in any Place beyond the Circular Road surrounding the said City of Dublin, and the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, and not more than Two Miles | | |

| SCHEDULE (A.) | Duty. |
|--|-------------------|
| Licences—continued
defiant therefrom, or within One Mile of the Town of Belfast, or of the Public Lamp, thereon - | s. s. s. |
| In any other Place within the District of the Excise Office of Dublin, beyond the Circular Road and the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, distant more than Two Miles and not distant more than Five Miles therefrom, and within the Cities of Armagh, Londonderry and Kilkenny, and the Towns of Athlone, Ballinacree, Bandon, Carlow, Cashell, Castlebar, Clonsilla, Coleraine, Drogheda, Dundalk, Ennis, Enniskillen, Galway, Kesh, Lisburne, Longford, Malton, Newry, New Ross, Sligo, Tipperary, Tralee, Wicklow and Youghall, and within One Mile of the Market House or Market Place therein respectively - | 22 0 0
11 0 0 |
| In any other Part of Ireland than those Parts before described -
And if the Persons licensed in such other Parts of Ireland other than those so before described, shall also be licensed to sell Spirituous Liquors in Quantities exceeding Two Gallons, a further Duty of - | 11 0 0 |
| To sell by Retail Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cyder, Perry, Mead, or Honey, at any Encampment of Troops in Ireland for One Month -
And for every successive Month - | 1 0 0
1 0 0 |
| For each and every Day during any Fair in Ireland, for which any Person licensed to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Mead, or Honey, by Retail, shall be duly authorized by a Magistrate to sell such Spirituous or other Liquors in any Hut, Tent or Booth, or in any Street, Road or open Place at such Fair - | 3 0 0 |
| To sell Home-made Spirits on Commission or otherwise, in Quantities not less than 50 Gallons, in any Place in Ireland, the Person so selling not being a licensed Distiller - | 21 0 0 |
| To sell Spirits, not being Home-made Spirits, on Commission or otherwise, in Quantities not less than 50 Gallons, in any Place in Ireland, the Person so selling not being an Importer of such Spirits - | 21 0 0 |
| To keep a Malt House, the working or drying Floor whereof shall not exceed 1,000 square Feet, and to make Malt for Sale therein, or for the Purpose of being used in any Brewery or Distillery, for each and every Cistern or Kist, whichever shall be the greatest in Number, in each and every Malt House in which such Business shall be carried on - | 6 0 0 |
| To keep a Malt House of any other Size or Dimension, and make Malt for Sale, or to be used in any Brewery or Distillery, for each and every Cistern or Kist, whichever shall be the greatest in Number in each and every Malt House in which such Business shall be carried on in the following Places, viz. | |
| In the City of Dublin, and within the Circular Road surrounding the said City, or within the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, and in any Place beyond the said Circular Road, and the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not more than Two Miles distant therefrom, or within the City of Cork, or the City of Waterford, or the City of Limerick, (including all Places surrounded by the said Cities respectively, and that Part of the City of Limerick called St. Francis's Abbey,) or within the Town of Belfast - | 31 10 0 |
| Within the walls of the respective Counties of the said Cities of Cork, Waterford and Limerick, or within One Mile thereof respectively, or in any other Place within the District of the Excise Office of Dublin, beyond the Circular Road and Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not distant more than Five Miles therefrom, or within One Mile of the Town of Belfast, or of the Public Lamps thereon, or within the Cities of Armagh, Londonderry and Kilkenny, or the Towns of Athlone, Ballinacree, Bandon, Carlow, Cashell, Castlebar, Clonsilla, Coleraine, Drogheda, Dundalk, Ennis, Enniskillen, Galway, Kesh, Lisburne, Longford, Loughrea, Malton, Newry, New Ross, Sligo, Tipperary, Tralee, Wicklow and Youghall, and within One Mile of the Market House or Market Place therein, respectively - | 21 0 0
15 15 0 |
| In any other Parts of Ireland than those Parts before described - | 21 0 0 |
| To sell Malt (the Party selling the same not being licensed to make Malt) - | 21 0 0 |
| To brew Strong Beer, Porter or Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, for each and every Establishment in the following Places, viz. | |
| In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the said City of Dublin, or within the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, or beyond the said Circular Road and Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not | |

| SCHEDULE (A) | | Duty. |
|--|--|---------|
| | | £ s. d. |
| Licenses—continued. | | |
| more than Two Miles distant therefrom, or within the City of Cork, or the City of Waterford, or the City of Limerick (including all Places surrounded by the said Cities respectively, and that Part of the City of Limerick called St. Francis's Abbey), or within the Town of Belfast. | | 5 10 0 |
| Within the rest of the respective Counties of the said Cities of Cork, Waterford and Limerick, or within One Mile thereof respectively, or within One Mile of the Town of Belfast, or of the Public Lamps therein, or in any Place within the District of the Land Office of Dublin, beyond the Circular Road and Wall of the Maundy's Park (the Phoenix, distant more than Two Miles therefrom, and not distant more than Five Miles therefrom. | | 3 10 0 |
| Within the Cities of Armagh, Londonderry and Kilkenny, and the Towns of Athlone, Ballinacree, Bandon, Carrick, Cashel, Callisken, Clonsilla, Collesmore, Douglas, Dunsink, Ennis, Enniscorthy, Galway, Kesh, Lifford, Longford, Longshoro, Malton, Newry, New Ross, Sligo, Tipperary, Trillick, Wexford and Younghall, and within One Mile of the Market House or Market Place therein respectively. | | 26 5 0 |
| In any other Place in Ireland. | | 28 0 0 |
| To manufacture Tobacco in any manner. | | 8 8 0 |
| And further, for and upon every Tobacco Table exceeding One Table, which any Person manufacturing Tobacco shall be licensed to keep. | | 4 4 0 |
| To deal in Unmanufactured Tobacco, except in a Wholesale Importer only. | | 20 10 0 |
| To sell by Retail, or otherwise deal in Coffee, except Importers thereof, or Perfumes licenced to sell Tea or Groceries. | | 1 1 0 |
| To manufacture Candles and Soap, or either of them, for Sale; viz. | | |
| In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the same, and in any City or Town in Ireland (being a Member or Members to serve in Parliament, or within Two Miles of the Session House or Market House or Market Place thereof. | | 4 4 0 |
| In any other Part of Ireland. | | 2 2 0 |
| To manufacture Paper Hangings for Sale. | | 5 5 0 |
| To sell Paper Hangings, not being the Manufacturers thereof; viz. | | |
| In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the same, and in any City or Town in Ireland, (being a Member or Members to serve in Parliament, or within Two Miles of the Session House or Market House or Market Place thereof. | | 2 1 0 |
| In any other Part of Ireland. | | 1 1 0 |
| To keep a Still or Stills to rectify or compound Spirits and Strong Waters, for every Gallon which such Still or Stills is or are capable of containing. | | 0 10 6 |
| To keep a Mill or Mills for making Paper, for each Mill. | | 2 2 0 |
| To brew or make for sale any Liquor called Sweets or Made Wines. | | 5 5 0 |
| To make Mebeights or Maud for Sale. | | 2 2 0 |
| To make Vinegar for Sale. | | 5 5 0 |
| To sell Tea or Groceries, or either of them, including Foreign Grapes, Foreign Currants, Raisins and Figs, by Retail, viz. | | |
| In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the same, and in every City, Town and Place returning a Member or Members to serve in Parliament, or within Two Miles of the Session House, or Market House or Market Place of any such City, Town or Place. | | 5 5 0 |
| In any other Part of Ireland. | | 3 3 0 |
| To sell or make any Gold or Silver Plate, viz. | | |
| In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the same, and in any City or Town in Ireland (being a Member or Members to serve in Parliament, or within Two Miles of the Session House, or Market House or Market Place thereof. | | 5 5 0 |
| In any other Part of Ireland. | | 2 2 0 |
| To keep a Tan Yard or Tan Pit, or to tan Leather. | | 1 1 0 |
| To dress Hides and Skins in Oil. | | 1 1 0 |
| To make Velvet or Parchment. | | 1 1 0 |
| To exercise the Trade or Business of a Brazier or Worker in Brass, Copper, Tin or other Metal, for making of Stalls, Still-heads and Wreaths of Stalls, viz. | | |
| In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the same, and in any City or Town in Ireland (being a Member or Members to serve | | |

| SCHEDULE (A.) | Duty. |
|--|----------|
| <i>Licences—continued.</i> | s. d. c. |
| In Parliament, or within Two Miles of the Session House, or Market House or Market Place thereof | 6 6 0 |
| In any other Part of Ireland | 3 3 0 |
| To keep a Tavern, Hotel, Club House or Coffee House | 2 3 0 |
| To sell by Auction, &c. | |
| Within the District of the Metropolis, or within Six Miles of the Castle of Dublin, or within the City of Cork, or the City of Waterford, or the City of Limerick (including all Places fenced in by the said Cities respectively, and that Part of the City of Limerick called St. Francis's Abbey), and within the off of the respective Counties of the said Cities, and in the Town of Belfast | 10 10 0 |
| In any other Part of Ireland | 5 5 0 |
| To make Glass Bottles and other Vessels or Utensils of Common Bottle Metal | 1 1 0 |
| To exercise the Trade or Calling of a Hawker, Pedlar, Ferry Chaffer or other Travelling Person going from Place to Place in Ireland, and travelling either on Foot, or with Hacks or other Beasts of Burthen, or otherwise carrying to sell, or exposing to Sale, any Goods, Wares or Merchandises; also Licences to Travelling Tinkers and Callers of Iron and Metal, and to Persons hawking about Tea or Coffee for Sale | 2 2 0 |
| And further for every Horse or other Beast bearing or drawing Barthes which such Person shall be used to travel with, or carts to be used for the Purpose of carrying or drawing sea, hay or other Goods, Wares and Merchandises | 2 1 0 |
| To carry on the Trade of a Coachmaker, or Maker of any Carriage chargeable with Duty | 0 5 0 |
| To carry on the Trade of filling Carriages chargeable with Duty, by way of Auction or on Commission | 0 5 0 |
| To let to hire any Hacks, for the Purpose of travelling on Foot, by the Mile or from Stage to Stage | 2 2 0 |
| Any Commission to be granted by any Distributor of Stamps to authorize any Person to kill Game in Ireland | 2 2 0 |
| Any Disputation or Appointment of a Game Keeper, granted to any Person by a Lord or Lady of a Manor, or other Person in Ireland | 2 2 0 |
| VII. NEWSPAPERS, ALMANACS AND PUBLICATIONS. | |
| Any Newspaper or Paper containing Public News, Intelligence or Occurrences | s. d. c. |
| Any Hired Bill containing a Single Advertisement, not otherwise charged, except Hired Bills respecting Charities, Rebellions, Murders, Loss of Property and Sales under Distress, Warrants or Executions, or for Rent | 0 0 0½ |
| Any Almanack, or Calendar for any particular Year, or for any time less than a Year | 0 0 9 |
| Any Almanack or Calendar made to serve for any longer time than a Year, or for several Years | 0 2 6 |
| Any Dublin Directory | 0 0 6 |
| Any Army List (except such Lists respectively as shall be published with the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland at the time being) | 0 0 6 |
| Any Daily Account, or Daily Bill of Goods imported or exported from Ireland, or Abstract thereof, included in or with any other Publications (except such Daily Accounts or Bills of Imports or Exports as shall be printed or published by any Person or Persons authorized to print the same by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, and pursuant to the said Authority) | 0 0 1 |
| Any Account or Bill of Goods imported into or exported from Ireland, printed or published daily, weekly, monthly or at any other time or times in Accounts or Abstracts of Accounts of such Goods, for each Day's Account contained therein (except such Accounts or Bills of Imports or Exports as shall be printed or published by such Person or Persons as aforesaid) | 0 0 1 |

SCHEDULE (B.)

ARTICLES NOT STAMPED ON VELLUM, Parchment or Paper.

| ARTICLES. | Duty. | | |
|--|-------|---|----|
| | £ | s | d. |
| FOR every Advertisement to be contained or published in any Gazette, Newspaper, Journal or Daily Account, to be published weekly or oftener, or in any other printed Paper or Pamphlet dispersed or made public yearly, monthly or at any other interval of time, or in any Hand Bill containing more than one Advertisement, and for every Copy of any Proclamation, Order of Council or Act of State, made by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or the Poyn Council of Ireland, which shall be contained or published in any Gazette, Newspaper, Journal or Daily Account, other than the Dublin Gazette | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| For every Pamphlet or Paper not exceeding Six Sheets in Octavo, or in a letter Page, and not exceeding Twelve Sheets in Quarto, or Twenty Sheets in Folio, for every Sheet of any Kind of Paper contained in One printed Copy or Impression thereof, a Duty of | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| For any Assurance or Indurance of any Ship or Ships, Goods or Merchandise, or any other Property or Interest whosoever Indurance may be lawfully made against Loss in any Voyage or Voyages, or from the Danger of, or other Perils at Sea, where the Premium or Consideration in the Nature of a Premium, actually and bona fide paid or contracted for, shall not exceed the Rate of 20s. per Cent. | | | |
| For any Voyage to or from any Port or Place in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, Sea or to any other Place in the said Kingdom or Islands: | | | |
| Where the Sum insured shall amount to 1000. or any like Sum | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| And is progressively for every 1000. so insured | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| And where the Sum insured shall exceed 1000. or any progressive Sums of 1000. each, by any fractional Part of 1000. for each fractional Part | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| For any other Voyage where the Sum insured shall amount to 1000. or any like Sum | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| And is progressively for every 1000. so insured | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| And where the Sum insured shall exceed 1000. or any progressive Sums of 1000. each, by any fractional Part of 1000. for each fractional Part | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| And where the Premium, or Consideration in the Nature of a Premium, for such Indurance, actually and bona fide paid or contracted for, shall exceed the Rate of 20s. per Cent. for any Voyage, then a Duty in all cases equal to double the Amount of the foregoing Duties respectively. | | | |
| Any Assurance or Indurance for or upon any Sum of One hundred Pounds, or any like Sum, that is or shall be insured by any Person or Persons, in or by any Policy of Indurance, for insuring Houses, Goods, Furniture, Warehouses, Merchandises or other Property, from Loss by Fire, yearly | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| And for every Hundred Pounds of such Indurance, after the First Hundred, a like Sum of | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| And where the Sum insured shall exceed One hundred Pounds, or any progressive Sums of One hundred Pounds each, by any fractional Part of One hundred Pounds, for each fractional Part | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| For and upon every Pack of printed, painted or playing Cards, made, manufactured or vended in Ireland | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| For and upon every Pair of Dice made, manufactured or vended in Ireland | 0 | 1 | 0 |

SCHEDULE (C.)

ALLOWANCES.

TO any Person who shall bring Vellum, Parchment or Paper, to the Head Office of the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Dublin to be stamped, or who shall buy any stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper, at the said Head Office, the Duties whereof respectively shall amount to Twenty Pounds or upwards (five and every Vellum, Parchment and Paper, to be stamped with any Duty of Ten Pounds or upwards in the foregoing Schedules) or to be stamped with any Number of Stamps, amounting to the Whole to Ten Pounds or one Pair of Vellum, Parchment or Paper), an Allowance after the Rate of One Pound and Two Shillings for every One hundred Pounds, upon prompt Payment of the said Duty upon each Vellum, Parchment or Paper, is brought or stamped.

To

Schedule (C.) — *continued.*

To Stationers and Shopkeepers, who shall purchase Stamps for Receipts to the Amount of One and the same Time of $\frac{1}{2}$ in Consideration of their making no Charge in the Public for the Paper stamped for Receipts, but actually and lawfully taking the same for the Price of the Stamp only, $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. for every 1000. of the Amount of the Duty on such Stamps for Receipts; and for in Proportion for any greater or less Sum not under the Sum of $\frac{1}{2}$. This Allowance being over and above the Allowance on the prompt Payment of the Stamp Duties to the Amount of Twenty Pounds and upwards.

C A P. LXXXVIII.

An Act for granting to His Majesty certain additional Rates of Postage in Great Britain.

[5th July 1812.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, being desirous of raising the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty's Public Expenses, and of making a permanent Addition to the Public Revenue, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the additional Rates and Quotas hereinafter mentioned, and do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty's Postmaster General, and his Deputy and Deputies by him therunto authorized, for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to demand, have, receive and take for the Post and Conveyance of all Letters and Packets which he shall carry, convey or send Post, in manner hereinafter mentioned, the additional Rates and Duties hereinafter specified, the same being rated by the Letter or by the Quota; that is to say,

Additional Rates of Postage granted.

For the Post and Conveyance of Letters by the Post within Great Britain, above the Distance of Twenty Miles from the Office where such Letters may be put in, to the Office where the same may be directed,

Rate.

For every Single Letter, One Penny;
 For every Double Letter, Two pence;
 For every Triple Letter or other Letter under an Ounce in Weight, Three pence;
 And for every Quota in Weight, and for every Packet not exceeding an Ounce in Weight, Four pence, and so in Proportion for every other Letter or Packet of greater Weight than an Ounce;

For the Post and Conveyance of Letters by the Post to and from Ireland,
 For every Single Letter One Penny;
 For every Double Letter, Two pence;
 For every Triple Letter or other Letter under an Ounce in Weight, Three pence;
 And for every Quota in Weight, and for every Packet not exceeding an Ounce in Weight, Four pence, and so in Proportion for every other Letter or Packet of greater Weight than an Ounce;

For the Post and Conveyance of Letters by the Post to and from His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in America,

For every Single Letter an additional Rate of Two pence;
 For every Double Letter Four pence;
 For every Triple Letter or other Letter under an Ounce in Weight, Six pence;
 And for every Packet not exceeding an Ounce in Weight, Eight pence, and so in Proportion for every other Letter or Packet of greater Weight than an Ounce;

And for the Post and Conveyance of Letters by the Post to and from Parts beyond the Seas, whether within His Majesty's Dominions or not within His Majesty's Dominion,

For every Single Letter an additional Rate of Two pence;
 For every Double Letter, Four pence;
 For every Triple Letter or other Letter under an Ounce in Weight, Six pence;
 And for every Packet not exceeding an Ounce in Weight, Eight pence, and so in Proportion for every other Letter of greater Weight than an Ounce.

It, Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend the said additional Rates of Postage to Letters to be sent by the Post to and from the Islands of Georgia, Jersey and the Isle of Man, (except the Rates payable for Conveyance within Great Britain) nor thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; And for the Post and Conveyance by the Post of every Letter, Packet or Cover containing Patterns of Cloth, Silk, Stuff or Samples of other Goods or other Sort of Thing, not exceeding One Ounce in Weight, if the same Letter or Packet or Cover shall be closed or not opened at the Sale, an additional Rate of Two pence for every such Letter, Packet or Cover: And for the Post and Conveyance by the Post of every Letter or Cover containing One or more Paper or Papers with Patterns, or containing one or more Patterns or Patterns of Cloth, Silk or Stuff, or One or more Sample or Samples of any other Sort of Goods, or One or more Pans or Pieces of any other Sort of Thing included therein or affixed thereto through out on Paper, if the same do not weigh One Ounce, an additional Rate of One Penny

Rate not to extend to Georgia, &c. Rates for Letters over seas. Post and Goods.

For every such Letter, as every such Letter, Packet or Cover shall be first open at the Sides and without any Letter or Writing in, upon, or with such Packet or Cover other than the Name or Names of the Person or Persons sending the same, and the Place or Places of his, her or their Abode, and the Priors of the Articles contained therein or affixed thereto.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall increase or alter, or be construed to increase or alter the Assent or manner of charging the Rates of Postage upon Single Letters to be sent by the Post by or to Secretaries or Privies employed in His Majesty's Navy, Army, Militia, Feasible Engagements, Artillery or Marines upon their own private Concerns only: which such Secretaries and Privies shall be employed in the Public Service, made payable by an Act passed in the Thirty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for further regulating the sending and carrying Letters free from the Duty of Postage; for allowing Naval Commissioners, Secretaries and private Men in the Navy and Army whilst on Service to post and convey Letters at a low Rate of Postage; and for permitting Postmen and Senders of Goods to be transported by the Post at an easier Rate than is now allowed by Law; and* any thing heretofore contained to the contrary in any writ or statute.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Privileges, Advantages, Disabilities, Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities thereof, and all Clauses and other Matters and Things contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament without the Title of putting this Act, relating to the Post Office, or any Rates or Duties payable on the Post or Conveyance of Letters or Packets (and not repealed or altered by this Act), shall, in far as the same are applicable, continue in force, and be applied and extended, and shall be construed to apply and extend to this present Act, and to the Rates and Duties hereby granted, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That the several Rates and Duties heretofore granted shall be paid from time to time into the Hands of the Receiver General for the time being of the Revenue of the Post Office, who shall pay the same (the necessary Charges for collecting, paying and accounting for the same being first deducted,) into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, on such Days and Times, and in such manner as the several Acts and Statutes directed by Law to be paid, and the said Duties to be paid into the said Receipt as aforesaid shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all the Moneys arising and to arise by the said Rates and Duties, or any of them, shall be deemed an Addition made to the Revenue for the Purposes of defraying the necessary Charges occasioned by any Loan made or to be made, or Stock created or to be created by virtue of any Act or Acts passed or to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury now or for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, shall for the Term of Ten Years from the Commencement of this Act cause a separate and distinct Account of the additional Duties payable by this Act to be prepared and annually laid before Parliament, pursuant to an Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for directing certain Public Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, and for directing certain other Powers of Account now in use; and* the Moneys arising from the said additional Duties shall be deemed a permanent Income to the Public Revenue of Great Britain, for the Purposes of defraying any increased Charge occasioned by any Loan made or Stock created, by Authority of any Act of Parliament passed or to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time or times be sued, molested or prosecuted for any thing by him, her or them done or executed in pursuance of this Act, or of any Clause, Matter or Thing herein contained, such Person or Persons shall and may plead the General Issue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence for him, her or their Defence; and if upon the Trial a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become convicted, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs to him, her or them against any such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

IX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be shown, read or recited by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXXXIX.

An Act for changing an additional Duty on Copper imported into Great Britain, until the Expiration of Six Calendar Months after the Ratification of a definitive Treaty of Peace.

[10th July 1712.]

WHEREAS it is expedient, that the Duty on certain Sorts of Copper imported into Great Britain should be lessened for a limited time: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, an additional Duty of Customs of Twenty Pounds for every Two Weight of Copper of the following Descriptions, imported into Great Britain, and not warehoused for Exportation: to wit, Copper in Broken Pigs, Roff Copper, Cast Copper, Copper in Plates, Copper Coins, and Copper in Bars, Rods or Ingots, hammered or rolled, and Copper Ore; and that on the due Exportation of any such Copper, on which the Duties by this Act imposed shall have been paid, there shall be paid and allowed a

Duesh. 2

Drawback of the Whole of the said Duties; which additional Duty and Drawback shall be managed, raised, levied, collected, paid, recovered, allowed, appropriated and applied in such and the like manner, and by the like Ways, Means or Methods, as every respect, as the Duties and Drawbacks of Customs imported and allowed by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled An Act for extending the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, are managed, raised, levied, collected, paid, recovered, allowed, appropriated and applied.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Bill continue in force until the Expire of Six Calendar Months after the Ratification of a definitive Treaty of Peace.

C A P. XC.

An Act for raising the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds by Treasury Bills for the Service of Ireland, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve. [5th July 1812.]

" *That* Treasury may issue Bills to a certain Extent to bear Interest, &c. Bills issued not to exceed £ 500,000. Bills, if not paid off, shall be taken in Payment of the Revenue in Ireland, after such term as the Treasury shall appoint, and Interest shall cease. § 2, 3. Money to be carried to the Irish Exchequer &c Fund. § 4. Bills to be chargeable thereon. § 5. Bank of Ireland may advance the Sum of £ 200,000. 10. &c the Credit of the Act. § 6.

C A P. XCI.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty sixth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for the better Execution of the Law and Preservation of the Peace within Counties at large. [5th July 1812.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Twenty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled An Act for the better Execution of the Law and Preservation of the Peace within Counties at large; which said recited Act was continued and amended by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled An Act for the better and more convenient Administration of Justice, and for the Recovery of Small Debts in a summary Way, and for the better Execution of the Law within this Kingdom, except the County of Dublin; and for continuing and amending an Act, entitled An Act for the better Execution of the Law and Preservation of the Peace within Counties at large; and which said second Act was further continued by an Act made in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and in now more extending; and it is expedient that the same should be continued; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, shall be and the same is hereby further continued, and shall be in force until the Twenty sixth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

C A P. XCII.

An Act to continue, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, certain Acts for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the Fees, Gratitudes, Perquisites and Emoluments received at several Public Offices in Ireland, to enquire into any Abuses which may exist in the same, and into the Mode of receiving, collecting, issuing and accounting for Public Money in Ireland. [5th July 1812.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled An Act for appointing, until the Fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and four, Commissioners to enquire into the Fees, Gratitudes, Perquisites and Emoluments which are or have been lately received in the several Public Offices in Ireland therein mentioned; to enquire into any Abuses which may exist in the same, and into the proper Mode of receiving, collecting, issuing and accounting for public Money in Ireland; and the said recited Act has, by certain Acts made in the Forty fifth, Forty sixth, Forty seventh, Forty eighth and Fifty first Years of His present Majesty's Reign, been continued with Amendments until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve: And whereas it is expedient that the said recited Act of the Forty fourth Year be amended by the said other recited Acts, should be continued in manner hereinafter mentioned; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act of the Forty fourth Year amended, as amended by the said other recited Acts, shall be and the said Acts are hereby further continued until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, or the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and required to issue and cause to be issued order and where the same mentioned in the said recited Acts of the Forty fourth, Forty seventh, Forty sixth, Fifth and Fifty first Years aforesaid, a further Sum of Money not exceeding

exceeding Two thousand Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds or Pounds as the Commissioners within the said revised Acts or any Three or more of them, shall by Writing under their Hands and Seals, out of any Part of the Public Money remaining in His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland; which Sum so allowed and paid shall be employed for the Payment of Clerks, Messengers and other Officers, and in defraying all other necessary Charges as in and about the Execution of the Powers of the said several Acts and this Act, and in such manner, and in such Proportions as shall be appointed by the said Commissioners or any Three or more of them, by Writing under their Hands and Seals in that Behalf; and that each Sum shall be accounted for by the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be issued or paid according to the Course of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland, without any Ties or other Charges to be taken or demanded for the issuing or Payment of the same on the p. B. of the said Accounts, other than such Sums as the said Commissioners or any Three or more of them shall appoint.

C A P. XCIII.

An Act for granting to His Majesty certain new and additional Duties of Assessed Taxes; and for consolidating the same with the former Duties of Assessed Taxes. [26th July 1812.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

W E, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, humbly shew, towards raising the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty's Public Expenses, and making a permanent Addition to the Public Revenue of Great Britain, and freely and voluntarily resolved to grant certain new and additional Duties, in the manner and to the Amount specified in the respective Schedules hereto annexed; and we do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by Your Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there shall be assessed, raised, levied and paid, unto and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, throughout Great Britain in respect of Male Servants, and other Male Persons retained or employed by any Person or Persons in any of the several Capabilities mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (C.); and in respect of Carriages of any of the Descriptions mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (D.); and the Makers and Sellers thereof respectively; and in respect of Horns, Mares and Geldings, kept by any Person or Persons for any of the Purposes mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (E.); and of all other Horns, Mares or Geldings, not before charged, and upon Hides described in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (F.); and of all Dogs, of any of the Descriptions mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (G.); and upon all Horses Dealers residing within the respective Limits described in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (H.); and upon all Persons in respect of their taking or killing Game, or other Things mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (I.); and, as set forth in the said Schedule, the several new and additional Duties respectively intended, described and set forth in the said several Schedules, respectively marked as aforesaid.

I I. And whereas it is expedient that the said new and additional Duties should be consolidated with the Duties granted by the Two several Acts passed in the Forty eighth and Fiftieth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, on the same Articles respectively: Be it further enacted, That the said Duties granted by the said Acts of the Forty eighth and Fiftieth Years aforesaid, shall be consolidated with the Duties granted by this Act on the same Articles respectively; and that from and after the respective Periods mentioned in this Act, or in the said several Schedules, for the Commencement of the said Duties respectively, the several Duties granted by the said Acts, and this Act, shall be assessed, levied and paid, in one Sum, as set forth and described in the several Schedules annexed to this Act, and the Rules therein respectively mentioned; which several Schedules, Duties and Rules, shall be construed as part of this Act, and as if the same were incorporated therewith under a special Enactment.

I II. And be it further enacted, That the said new and consolidated Duties shall be assessed, raised, levied, paid and accounted for under the Provisions and Regulations of this Act and of the several Acts in force, at and immediately before the passing of this Act, in relation to the Duties granted by the said Acts, of the Forty eighth and Fiftieth Years aforesaid, or of any Act or Acts passed or to be passed in the present Session of Parliament; and this Act, shall be construed in such manner, and to the like Effect in all respects as if the Duties hereby granted and mentioned in the respective Schedules hereto annexed were expressly granted, as and subject to the several Provisions, Allowances and Penalties in the said several Acts contained, as if the several Provisions, Allowances and Penalties were expressly enacted in this Act; and that from the respective Periods in the said Schedules prescribed for the Commencement of the said Duties, the Schedules to this Act annexed shall be read and construed in ascertaining and charging the several Rates of Duty, in lieu of the several Schedules for the like Purposes contained in any of the said Acts before mentioned, which last mentioned Schedules, and the Rules and Exceptions therein contained, shall from thenceforth respectively cease and determine; and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Provisions, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in such Acts respectively, in so far as the same are respectively applicable to the Duties granted by this Act, except where other Provisions are made in this Act, shall severally and respectively in the Execution of this Act, be duly observed, put in force and put in Execution throughout the respective Parts of Great Britain aforesaid, as fully and effectually, to all Invents and Purposes, as if the same Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things (except as aforesaid), were particularly and respectively repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act, and shall severally be applied, construed, deemed and taken to belong to this Act, in like manner as if the same had been enacted therein, and expressly applied to the Duties hereby granted, (except as aforesaid).

Assessed
Duties on Male
Servants;

Carriages;
Horns;

Males;
Dogs;
Horse Dealers;
Game Dealers;
Guns.

Act 34 Geo. 3 c. 11.
20 G. 3 c. 104.
Duties consolidated with
former Duties.

Assessed
Duties on
Horse
Dealers,

Schedules, &c.
made in 1812.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Duties appointed or to be appointed Additions of the Duties granted by the said Acts of the Forty eighth and Fiftieth Years aforesaid for the Current Year, commencing in England and Wales from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and in Scotland from the Twenty fourth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall and they are hereby authorized and required, as soon after the passing of this Act as conveniently can be done, to give or leave as every Person, and to every Person residing therein, who shall be separately chargeable to the Duties by this Act granted, and to every Corporation, Company, Fraternity, Society or Partnership of Persons being able, such Notice in Writing as may be conformable to the Schedules to this Act contained, and according to which a due Affidavit of the Duties granted by this Act for the Current Year commencing aforesaid, respecting such Person respectively to prepare and produce, within Twenty one Days next ensuing the Date of such Notice, a List or Lists, or Declaration or Declarations in Writing, in the Forms and in the manner hereinafter required.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Person, Corporation, Company, Fraternity, Society or Partnership, who shall have employed any Male Person specified or defined, or intended to be specified or defined in the Schedule to this Act assented marked (C), or shall have kept any Carriage specified or defined, or intended to be specified or defined in the Schedule to this Act assented marked (D), or shall have carried on the Trade of a Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or have sold or repaired any Carriage in the said Schedule mentioned, or kept any House, Manse or Cellar, specified or defined, or intended to be specified or defined in the Schedule to this Act assented marked (E), or any other House, Manse or Ground, or Male Person specified or defined, or intended to be specified or defined in the Schedule to this Act assented marked (F), or any Dog specified or defined, or intended to be specified or defined in the Schedule to this Act assented marked (G), or who shall have used or exercised the Trade or Business of a Horse Dealer, as in each in the Schedule to this Act assented marked (H), within the Year preceding the Fifth Day of April and the Twenty fourth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twelve respectively aforesaid, shall (in every case where a due and sufficient Return, whereas the said new or additional Duties hereby granted can be computed, shall not have been made pursuant to the said Acts relating to the said several Duties on the same Articles respectively) within Twenty one Days next ensuing the Date of such Notice, cause to be prepared true and particular Lists in Writing, signed by such Person, Corporation, Company, Fraternity, Society or Partnership, or of his, her or their Bailiff, by some Person or Persons duly authorized for that Purpose, of the several Articles, Muttons and Things, in respect whereof such Person, Corporation, Company, Fraternity, Society or Partnership, shall be liable, and the particular Parts or Portions where the Affidavit or Affidavits of the Current Year is or are intended to be paid; which Lists shall respectively contain the several Muttons and Things required by the several Schedules to this Act assented, or the Rates relating to the same, and shall be made in such Form and Manner as shall be required in and by the said Notices respectively; and every such Person, Corporation, Company, Fraternity, Society or Partnership of Persons, shall be obliged and charged to the said new and consolidated Duties contained in the several Schedules to this Clause mentioned, for the Whole of the Current Year, commencing as aforesaid, at the total Rate specified in the several Schedules hereinafter mentioned, subject to such further Charges in default of sufficient Returns, and to such Power of Appeal as are prescribed and given by any of the Statutes in force in relation to the said Duties granted by the said Acts of the Forty eighth and Fiftieth Years aforesaid: Provided, that no Affidavit of the said additional Duties by this Act granted and contained in the Schedule to this Act, marked (L), shall be made for the Current Year, commencing as aforesaid, which said additional Duties last mentioned shall severally commence and take Effect from and after the Fifth Day of April and the Twenty fourth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and thirteenth, in the respective Parts of Great Britain, before mentioned, and not before: Provided also, that where a due and sufficient Return shall have been made before the passing of this Act, according to the said Acts relating to the said several Duties, whereas the said additional Duties as the like Articles may be charged and assessed, pursuant to the Rates contained in the said several Schedules, without any further Return for the Current Year, it shall be lawful for the respective Commissioners to make the said new and additional Duties to be computed and charged on the Returns so made pursuant to the said Acts, at the total Rate of the said present and additional Duties for the Current Year, subject to Appeal by the said Acts as aforesaid.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in every case where the Affidavits of the said Duties, granted by the said Acts of the Forty eighth and Fiftieth Years aforesaid, shall have been or shall be completed before the Returns required by this Act can be made of the several Articles on which new or additional Duties are by this Act granted, it shall be lawful for the respective Affidavits and Commissioners acting in the Execution of the said Acts and this Act, and they are hereby required, in every such case, to make separate Affidavits for the present Year, of the said new and additional Duties by this Act granted, and to cause the same to be collected, under the same Regulations and Provisions, as in respect of the said new and additional Duties had been added to the Affidavits of the said present Duties, in pursuance of the Directions of the said Acts before mentioned.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every Person, Corporation, Company, Fraternity, Society or Partnership, liable to the said new or consolidated Duties, shall, in every Year, commencing after the Determination of the Current Year as aforesaid, cause to be prepared and delivered to the respective Officers for that Year, or Persons acting as such for their respective Districts, Parishes or Places, or one of them, true and particular Lists or declared by the said several Statutes in force as aforesaid and this Act; which Lists shall be prepared in the Form herein prescribed, and as directed by this Act, and shall every the same in the same manner as every Year so long as such Person, Corporation, Company, Fraternity, Society or Partnership, shall be liable to the said Duties, or any of them, and shall be thereunto annually chargeable according to such

Meaning of
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Ltd, which ought to be delivered in each Year, by such ways and means as are directed by the said several Statutes in force as aforesaid and this Act; and every Affidavit so made shall be deemed an Affidavit for the Year in which such Lists ought to be delivered.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Persons who now are or for the time being shall be Commissioners for getting in Execution the said Acts respectively, and who shall be respectively qualified and authorized to do, and who shall have taken the Oaths as directed by the several Acts before mentioned, or any of them respectively as aforesaid, shall be Commissioners for getting in Execution this Act, and the Powers hereby conferred to or sustained, in all and every the respective Counties, Boroughs, Cities, Burghs, Cinque Ports, Towns and Places, privileged or not privileged, within England, Wales and Berwick upon Tweed, and in all and every the Shires, Hundreds, Cities and Boroughs in Scotland; and the several Affidavits, Certificates, Returns and Informations respectively appointed, or to be appointed to put in Execution the said several Acts, shall respectively be Affidavits, Certificates, Returns and Informations to put in Execution this Act, within the Limits of their respective Districts or Divisions to which they are or shall be respectively appointed; and they respectively are hereby empowered and required to do all things necessary for getting this Act in Execution, with relation to the Duties hereby imposed, in the like and in as full and ample a manner as they or any of them are, or shall be authorized to put in Execution the said several Acts; and the Duties hereby granted, when paid, shall be under the Care and Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes for the time being, appointed or to be appointed by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising by the Duties hereby imposed, or by the Duties hereby consolidated, (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster in one Sum, to the Account of Aided Taxes, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury now or for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, shall for the Period of Ten Years from the Commencement of this Act, make separate and distinct Accounts of the Produce of the Duties payable by virtue of this Act to be prepared at the Office for Taxes, to be annually laid before Parliament, pursuant to an Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for directing certain Publick Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, and for settling certain other Forms of Account* aforesaid; and the Monies arising from the said new and additional Duties shall be deemed a prominent Interest to the Publick Revenue of Great Britain, for the Purpose of defraying any necessary Charge occasioned by any Loan made or Stock created by Authority of any Act of Parliament passed or to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

XI. And be it further enacted, That this Act, or any of the Provisions thereof, may be altered, varied or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (C.)

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for every MALE SERVANT retained or employed by any Person or Persons in the several Capacities to be mentioned.

No. 1.

| NUMBER OF SERVANTS. | | | | | | Amount of Duty for each Servant. |
|---------------------|----------|-------------|----------|--------|-----------|----------------------------------|
| | | | | | | £ s. d. |
| For a | such | Servant | . | . | . | 0 4 0 |
| 2 | Do. | . | . | . | . | 0 6 0 |
| 3 | Do. | . | . | . | . | 0 9 0 |
| 4 | Do. | . | . | . | . | 0 9 0 |
| 5 | Do. | . | . | . | . | 0 9 0 |
| 6 | Do. | . | . | . | . | 0 9 0 |
| 7 | Do. | . | . | . | . | 0 9 0 |
| 8 | Do. | . | . | . | . | 0 10 0 |
| 9 | Do. | . | . | . | . | 0 10 0 |
| 10 | Do. | . | . | . | . | 0 12 0 |
| 11 | Do | and upwards | . | . | . | 0 12 0 |
| For every | such | Servant | retained | or | employed | by |
| any | Male | Person, | never | having | been | married, |
| any | and | above | the | before | mentioned | Duties, |
| the | further | Sum | of | - | - | 0 6 0 |
| In | addition | to | the | Duties | granted | thereon |
| by | the | Act | passed | in | the | Forty |
| eight | Year | of | the | Reign | of | His |
| present | Majesty. | | | | | |

RULES

RULES relating to the said Duties.

I.—The said Duties to be paid by the Master or Mistress of such Servants respectively, and to extend to what Ser-
 vants amount.
 and to be payable for every Male Servant retained or employed in any of the following Capacities, that is to say, Males of Household, Head Steward, Males of the Herds, Grooms of the Chamber, Valet de Chamber, Butler, Under Butler, Clerk of the Kitchen, Confectioner, Cook, Head Porter, Footman, Kensing Footman, Coachman, Green, Footman, Stable Boy or Helper in the Stables of the Master or Mistress, Gardener, Park Keeper, Game Keeper, Headman, Whipper-in, or by whatever Name or Names Male Servants usually acting in any of the said Capacities shall be called, or whether such Male Servants shall have been retained or employed in One or more of the said Capacities, (except where other Duties are imposed by this Act on Male Persons occasionally employed in One or more of the said Capacities,) and to every such Servant but to him a) his any Carriage or Horses for One Year, or any longer Period, and shall be charged upon the greatest Number of such Servants which the same Person shall have kept at one time in the course of the preceding Year, or any of the Capacities before mentioned.

II.—The said Duties shall extend to all Servants in any of the Capacities before mentioned, employed in Taverns, Coffee Houses, Inns, Ale Houses, or any other Houses licensed to sell Wine, Ale or other Liquors to Retail, and in Riding or Veterinary Houses, and in Hotels or Lodging Houses of whatever Description, although not licensed, except Hostlers and Helpers in the Stables of such licensed Persons, and Drivers employed by them to drive their Carriages with Horses let out to hire, and except Waiters.

III.—The said Duties on Gardeners shall extend to every Gardener who shall have contracted for the keeping of any Garden or Gardens whereas the constant Labour of a Person shall be necessary, or where a Person shall have been constantly employed therein, to be paid by the Person or Persons for whose Use, and in whose Garden such Gardener or Persons shall have been employed, except as hereafter mentioned.

IV.—The said Duties shall extend to all Apprentices retained or employed in any of the Capacities aforesaid, save and except such Apprentices as shall have been imposed upon any Master or Mistress under and by virtue of the Powers given to Magistrates and Parish Officers by any Act or Acts of Parliament, in or as the Number of such Apprentices for whom the Exemption shall be claimed by the same Person shall not exceed Two, being generally employed in the Affairs of Husbandry or Trade, and occasionally only as any of the Capacities herein enumerated, and not working Lovers.

V.—The said Duties on Game Keepers shall extend to every Person retained or employed to kill or preserve Game for the Use of any other Person or Persons, whether lawfully appointed to kill or preserve Game or not, to be paid by the Person or Persons retaining or employing such Person respectively for the Uses aforesaid, except Game Keepers, being the Servants of other qualified Persons duly returned by and charged to the said Duties or Servants of such other Persons.

VI.—The said Duties shall extend to every Person who shall be employed in the Capacity of a Coachman, Footman, Groom, or Helper in the Stables, although such Person shall have been retained for the Purpose of Husbandry, or any Manufacture or Trade, where the Master or Mistress of such Person shall be chargeable with Duty for any Carriage (other than a Taxed Cart), or for Two or more Horses chargeable with the Duty on Horses kept for the Purpose of riding or driving Carriages as hereinafter mentioned.

VII.—The said Duties shall extend to every Person who shall be employed as a Groom, Stable Boy or Helper in the Stables of the Master or Mistress, to take care of any Horse, Mare or Gelding, the Property of such Master or Mistress, kept for the Purpose of racing or running for any Place, Prize, Sum of Money or other Thing, or is crossing for any of the said Purposes.

SCHEDULE (C.)

No. 1.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for MALE SERVANTS and other Persons retained or employed in the several Capacities herein mentioned.

| | | |
|---|---|---------------------|
| For every Under Gardener or Person employed to work in any Garden, and for every Person chargeable to the Duties mentioned in Schedule (C.) No. 1; for every Gardener employed in any Garden whereas the constant Labour of a Person shall not be necessary; and for every Gardener who shall have contracted for the keeping of any such Garden whereas the constant Labour of a Person shall not be necessary, the Sum of | 4 | Under Gardener, &c. |
| In Addition to the Duty of 4s. granted by the Acts passed in the 4th and 5th Years of the Reign of His present Majesty. | 0 | |

To be paid by each Person in whose Garden such Person shall be employed, and charged upon the greatest Number of such Servants which the same Person shall have at one time employed in the same Capacity, in the course of the preceding Year.

EXEMPTIONS from the Duties as set forth in Schedule (C.) No. 1. and 2.

Day Labourers. Any Person employed by the Day or Work to work as a Day Labourer, at the usual Rate of Wages for Day Labourers in Agriculture, in any Garden belonging to a Dwelling House, being a Farm House, and excepted as such from the Duties mentioned in Schedule (B.) of the Act of 48th Geo. 3. Cap. 55. or in any Garden belonging to a Dwelling House, and chargeable to the Duties mentioned in the said Schedule, such Garden not requiring the constant Labour of one Person therein.

SCHEDULE (C.)

No. 3.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for every MALE PERSON retained or employed in the several Capacities herein mentioned, and not chargeable to the Duties in Schedule (C.) No. 1.

| | | |
|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| Travellers. | For every Male Person employed in the Capacity of, or as a Rider or Traveller, where the same Employer shall keep or employ one such Male Person only, the Sum of
In Addition to the Duty of 2 <i>l.</i> 8 <i>s.</i> granted by the Act passed in the 48th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.
And where the same Employer shall keep or employ more than one such Male Person, for each the Sum of
In Addition to the Duty of 3 <i>l.</i> granted by the said Act. | 2 8 0
0 12 0
1 10 0 |
| Clerks, &c. | For every Male Person employed in the Capacity of, or as Clerk, Book Keeper or Office Keeper where the same Employer shall keep or employ one such Male Person only, the Sum of
In Addition to the Duty of 1 <i>l.</i> 4 <i>s.</i> granted by the said Act.
And where the same Employer shall keep or employ more than one such Male Person, for each the Sum of
In Addition to the Duty of 2 <i>l.</i> granted by the said Act. | 0 15 0
0 18 0 |
| Stewards, &c. | For every Male Person employed in the Capacity of, or as a Steward, Bailiff, Overseer or Manager or Messenger or Clerk under a Steward, Bailiff, Overseer or Manager, the Sum of | 2 0 0 |
| Shopmen. | For every Male Person employed by any Person in Trade as a Shopman, for the Purpose of exposing to Sale, or selling Goods, Wares or Merchandise, in such Shop or Warehouse, whether by Wholesale or Retail, and every Male Person employed as a Warehouseman, Porter or Collector in such Shop or Warehouse, the Sum of
In Addition to the Duty of 1 <i>l.</i> 4 <i>s.</i> granted by the said Act. | 0 15 0 |
| Waiters. | And for every Male Person so employed, where the Duty granted by the said Act shall not be chargeable, the usual Sum of | 3 0 0 |
| Occasional Waiters. | For every Male Person employed as a Waiter to wait on Guests in any Tavern, Coffee House, Inn, Ale House, Eating or Victualling House, or in any Hotel or Lodging House, except occasional Waiters, the Sum of
In Addition to the Duty of 1 <i>l.</i> 5 <i>s.</i> granted by the said Act.
And for every Male Person so employed, where the Duty granted by the said Act shall not be chargeable, the Sum of | 0 15 0
3 0 0 |
| Stable-boys &c. | And for every Male Person so employed as an occasional Waiter therein for the Period of Six Calendar Months in any Year, the Sum of
And if so employed for a longer Period than Six Calendar Months in any Year, the Sum of | 2 0 0
1 0 0 |
| Printers, &c. | And for every Male Person employed by any Stable Keeper, for or in Expectation of Profit, to take Care of any Horse, Mare or Gelding, kept for the Purpose of racing or racing for any Plate, Prize, Sum of Money or other Thing, or any Horse, Mare or Gelding in training for any of the said Purposes, except Servants chargeable as Grooms or Helpers to Stables by Schedule (C.) No. 1. the Sum of
In Addition to the Duty of 1 <i>l.</i> 4 <i>s.</i> granted by the said Act. | 1 0 0
0 15 0 |
| Artificers in their Trades. | And for every Male Person so employed, where the Duty granted by the said Act shall not be chargeable, the Sum of | 2 0 0 |
| Household Servants. | For every Male Person retained for the Purpose of Housework, Manufacture or Trade wherein the Employer shall seek a Livelihood, and at any time employed in any domestic Employment, in any of the Capacities enumerated in Schedule (C.) No. 1. and where the Employer shall not be chargeable to the Duties in the said Schedule, or to any other of the Duties in the said Schedule, in respect of such Male Person, the Sum of
In Addition to the Duty of 6 <i>s.</i> granted by the said Act. | 0 4 0 |
| Household Servants. | And for every Male Person so retained and employed, where the Duty granted by the said Act shall not be chargeable, the Sum of | 0 10 0 |
| Household Servants. | For every Male Person retained for the Purpose of Husbandry, Manufacture or Trade, and at any time employed in the Capacity of a Groom, Stable Boy or Helper in the Stable where | |

Schedule (C.) No. 3. — continued.

| | £ | s. | d. | |
|--|---|----|----|---------------------|
| the Mail- or Messengers shall be chargeable for One Horse to the Duty contained in Schedule (E.) No. 1. or to the Duty on a Tandem Cart, and not on any other Carriage chargeable with Duty by this Act, and in respect of each Male Person shall not be chargeable to the Duties in Schedule (C.) No. 1. or to any other of the Duties in this Schedule, the Sum of | 0 | 4 | 0 | employed as Grooms. |
| In Addition to the Duty of 6s. granted by the said Act. | | | | |
| And for every Male Person so retained or employed, where the Duty granted by the said Act shall not be chargeable, the Sum of | 0 | 10 | 0 | Servants. |
| For every Male Person employed in any of the Capacities enumerated in Schedule (C.) No. 1. and not being a Servant to his Employer or Employers, where such Employer or Employers shall be chargeable to any of the Duties contained in Schedule (C.) No. 1. or for any Carriage to the Duties contained in Schedule (D.) No. 1. or No. 2. or for more than One Horse to the Duties contained in Schedule (E.) No. 1. the Sum of | 2 | 8 | 0 | |
| And where such Employer or Employers shall not be so chargeable to the said last mentioned Duties, the Sum of | 2 | 0 | 0 | |

The said Duties to be paid by the Employer or Employers of such Male Persons respectively, and to extend to every Body Public or Corporate, whether Aggregate or Sole, and to every Society, Fraternity or Partnership, although not Corporate, employing such Male Persons, and to every Trade, Manufacture or Concern whereby the Employer shall seek a Profit or Advantage. By whom paid.

EXEMPTIONS to Schedule (C.) No. 3.

Any Apprentice bound for the Term of Seven Years, during the Term of his Apprenticeship and Service with his original Master or his Assignee of the whole unexpired Term, where no Premium or other Consideration or Value shall have been taken or extended for with such Apprentice. Apprentices excepted.

SCHEDULE (C.)

No. 4.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable on SERVANTS let to Hire.

| | £ | s. | d. | |
|---|---|----|----|---------------------------|
| For every Coachman, Groom, Postilion or Helper, kept for the Purpose of being let to Hire for any Period of Time less than One Year, and in such manner that the Stamp Office Duty payable by Law or Horses let to Hire shall not be payable by any Postilion, Inkeeper or other Person duly licensed to let Post Horses by the Commissioners for managing the Duties on Roped Vessels, Purchasers and Paper, or by any Coachmaker or Maker of such Carriages, or other Person, the annual Sum of | 0 | 6 | 0 | Coachmen, as let to Hire. |
| In Addition to the Duty of 2s. 4d. granted by the said Act. | | | | |
| And for every Coachman kept for the Purpose of driving any public Stage Coach or Carriage, for the Purpose of conveying Passengers for Hire to and from different Places, and for every Person employed as a Guard to such Stage Coach or Carriage, the annual Sum of | 2 | 10 | 0 | Stage Coach men. |
| The said last mentioned Duties to be paid by the Employer or Employers of such Persons respectively. | | | | |

The said Duties to be paid by the Person or Persons keeping such public Stage Coaches or Carriages, or letting to Hire such Coachmen, Grooms, Postilions or Helpers; provided, that if the Person or Persons having any such Coachman, Groom, Postilion or Helper, shall not make a Return thereof according to the Directions of the said Acts in force as aforesaid, then and in every such case the progressive Duty made payable by the said Act of 48th Geo. 3d. Cap. 55 and this Act, or set forth in the respective Schedules of the said Acts enacted (C.) No. 1. shall be chargeable in respect of every such Servant, or the Person or Persons hiring such Servant, and making such Default as aforesaid, according to the Number of Servants employed by him, her or them, in the manner directed by the said Act. By whom paid.

EXEMPTIONS from the last mentioned Duties as set forth in Schedule (C.) No. 1. and 2.

1.—The said Duties not to be payable by any Person who shall have retained or employed, bona fide any Servant or Male Servant solely for the Purpose of Husbandry or Manufacture, or of any Trade or Calling, by which the Master or Mistress of such Servant shall earn a Livelihood or Profit, and who hath not at any Time or Occasion, or in any manner, or for any Purpose, been employed in any of the Capacities enumerated in Schedule (C.) No. 1 and 2, nor in any of the Capacities enumerated in Schedule (C.) No. 3 and 4, whereas any Duty is specifically made payable. Servants or Husbandry.

H.—The

Schedule (C.) *Exemptions—continued.*

Clerks, Sec.
Brevets.
Royal Family's
Servants.
Hospital Ser-
vants.

II.—The said Duties not to be payable by any College or Hall within either of the Universities of Oxford or Cambridge, or the several Colleges of Westminster, Eaton or Winchester, for any Butler, Miscellan, Cook, Gardener or Porter; nor by any of the Royal Family, for any Servant sitting in any of the Capacious Churches.

III.—The said Duties not to be payable by any of the Royal Hospitals of Chert, Saint Bartholomew, Bridwell, Bethlem, Saint Thomas, or the City of London and Borough of Southwark, or Guy's or the Foundling Hospital.

Officers Sec.
H.M.S.

IV.—The said Duties not to be payable by any Officer hereinafter described, such Officer retaining or employing as a Servant one Male Person only; that is to say by any Officer serving in any Regiment of Horse or Dragoons under the Rank or not receiving the Pay of a Field Officer, for one Servant being actually a Soldier in the Regiment, Troop or Squadron to which such Officer shall belong;

Not by any Officer serving in any Regiment of Artillery, Infantry, Royal Marines, Royal Garrison Battalions or Corps of Engineers, for one Servant being actually a Soldier in the Regiment or Company to which such Officer shall belong;

Not by any Officer in His Majesty's Navy, under the Rank of a Master and Commander, in actual Employ, for one Servant borne upon the Books of the Ship to which such Officer shall belong;

Not by any Officer or Half Pay from His Majesty's Navy, Army or Marines, who shall have been disabled by Loss of a Limb or Wound received in His Majesty's Service, for one Male Servant retained by him.

V.—The said Duties not to be payable for any Person retained or employed in the above Capacities in the Rooms of others, who may be called out under any Act which has been passed, or which shall be passed for raising and exercising a Military Force within their Kingdoms, during the time of such raising and exercising.

Persons to
supply of who
under Military
Training.

SCHEDULE (D.)

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable on all Carriages of any of the Descriptions to be mentioned.

No. 1.

Carriage.

| NUMBER OF CARRIAGES. | | Amount of
Duty for each
Carriage. |
|--|---|---|
| For Carriages with Four Wheels, of the Descriptions mentioned in the said Act passed in the 48th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty: | | |
| For 1 such Carriage the annual Sum of | - | 0 15 0 |
| 2 Do. | - | 0 15 0 |
| 3 Do. | - | 0 10 0 |
| 4 Do. | - | 1 0 0 |
| 5 Do. | - | 1 5 0 |
| 6 Do. | - | 1 5 0 |
| 7 Do. | - | 2 0 0 |
| 8 Do. | - | 1 7 0 |
| 9 Do. and upwards | - | 3 7 0 |
| And for every additional Body kept, to be successively used on the same Carriage or Number of Wheels, the further annual Sum of | | |
| In Addition to the Duty granted thereon by the Act passed in the 48th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty. | | 0 14 0 |

SCHEDULE (D.)

No. 2.

Carriage.

| | | |
|--|--|--------|
| For Carriages with less than Four Wheels, of the Descriptions mentioned in the Acts passed in the 48th and 50th Years of the Reign of His present Majesty: | | |
| For every such Carriage, except such Carriages for or in respect of which other Duties are herein hereof, the annual Sum of | | 0 12 0 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 5 <i>l.</i> 10 <i>s.</i> granted by the said Acts of the 48th and 50th Years of the Reign of His present Majesty. | | |
| And for every such Carriage where the Duty granted by the said Acts shall not be chargeable, the annual Sum of | | 5 20 0 |
| And for every such Carriage, drawn by Two or more Horses, Mares, Geldings or Males, the annual Sum of | | 0 15 0 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 8 <i>l.</i> 5 <i>s.</i> granted by the said Acts. | | |
| And for every additional Body kept, to be successively used on the same Carriage or Wheels, the further annual Sum of | | 0 7 0 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 2 <i>l.</i> 10 <i>s.</i> granted by the said Act. | | |

RULES

RULES for charging the said Duties in the Two foregoing Schedules.

I.—The said Duties to be respectively charged for every Coach, Berlin, Landau, Chaiselet, Chaise, Chaise Marine, Chaise, Sociable or Caravan, with Four Wheels or more; and for every Chaise, Chaise Marine, Chaise, Curricel, Chaise or Car, with less than Four Wheels, or any Number thereof respectively; and for every other Carriage with Four Wheels, or with less than Four Wheels, constructed for the like Purposes, by whatever Name or Names the same shall be called or known, kept by any Person or Persons; and upon all such Carriages hired by the Year, or any longer Period; and upon all such Carriages kept to be let out to Hire; and upon all such Carriages as may come employed to carry Passengers for Hire, (except such Carriages for which other Duties are heretofore made payable); and which Duties shall be respectively paid by the Person or Persons keeping such Carriages, and shall be chargeable upon the Body, or if more than One, upon the Bodies of such Carriages respectively, according to the Number thereof kept, and not in respect of the Wheels thereof, or any other Parts of such Carriages which the Wheels shall be attached.

SCHEDULE (D.)

No. 3.

| | | |
|---|----------|---------|
| For Carriages hired for any Period of Time less than One Year, or kept to be let to Hire, or to carry Passengers: | at s. d. | Coaches |
| For every Carriage kept for the Purpose of being let to Hire, without Horses to be used therewith, by any Coachmaker, or Maker of such Carriages, where such Carriage shall have four Wheels, the annual Sum of | 0 25 0 | |
| In Addition to the Duty of 11l. 5s. granted by the said Act passed in the 48th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty. | | |
| And where such Carriage shall have less than Four Wheels, the like Sums mentioned in Schedule (D.) No. 2 of this Act. | | |
| For every Carriage kept for the Purpose of being let to Hire, with Horses to be used therewith, by any Postmaster, Innkeeper, or other Person duly licensed to let Post Horses, by the Commissioners for managing the Duties on Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and where the Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode, of the Person or Persons to be used shall be marked or granted, according to the Direction of the Acts in that behalf made and provided, and in such manner that the Stamp Office Duty shall be payable by Law in respect of the Horses let thereunto, and shall be duly accounted for by the Delivery of a Ticket, according to the Directions of the said Acts, where such Carriage shall have Four Wheels, the annual Sum of | 1 1 0 | Chaises |
| In Addition to the Duty of 9l. 9s. granted by the said Act of the 48th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty. | | |
| And if such Carriage shall have less than Four Wheels, the respective Sums mentioned in Schedule (D.) No. 2 in Addition to the Duties respectively granted therein, by the said Acts passed in 48th and 50th Years of the Reign of His present Majesty. | | |
| For every Coach, Diligence, Caravan or Chaise, with Four Wheels or more, or other Carriage with Four Wheels or more, by whatever Name the same shall be called or known, which shall be kept and employed as a Public Stage Coach or Carriage, for the Purpose of conveying Passengers for Hire to and from different Places, and which shall be duly entered as such with the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, the like annual Sum of | 1 1 0 | Stages |
| In Addition to the Duty of 9l. 9s. granted by the said Act passed in the 48th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty. | | |

The said last mentioned Duty to be paid by the Person or Persons keeping the same for the Purposes aforesaid.

Provided, if a due Return thereof shall not be made by the Hire or Hires according to the Direction of the said Acts relating to the said several Duties, the pro-rata Duty made payable by the said Act of the 48th Geo. III. Cap. 55 and this Act, as set forth in the respective Schedules of the said Acts marked (D.) No. 2, shall be chargeable in respect of every such Carriage on the Person or Persons hiring the same, and making such Default as aforesaid, subject to the Provisions contained in the said Acts concerning the same.

And if such Carriage shall have less than Four Wheels, the respective Sums made payable by the said Act of 48th Geo. 3d. and this Act, as set forth in the respective Schedules of the said Acts marked (D.) No. 2, shall be chargeable and paid by the Person or Persons hiring the same and making such Default, subject to the like Provisions as aforesaid.

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE (D.)

No. 4.

For Taxed Carts.

| | |
|--|-----------|
| For every Carriage with less than Four Wheels, to be drawn by One Horse, Mare, or Gelding, and not otherwise, which shall be built and constructed wholly of Wood and Iron, without any Covering other than a tiled Covering, and without any Lining, and with a fixed Seat without Slings or Traces, and without any Ornament whatever, other than Paint of a dark Colour for the Protection of the Wood or Iron only, and which shall have the Words "A Taxed Cart," and the Owner's Christian and Surname, and Place of Abode, and also the Name and Place of Abode of the Maker thereof, and the full Value thereof, or the actual Price or Consideration paid or given for the same, marked or painted on a black Ground in white Letters, or on a white Ground in black Letters, on the Outside of the back Panel or back Part of such Carriage in Woods of full Length, and in Roman Characters, each of the Letters thereof being at least One Inch in Length, and of a Breadth in Proportion, and which shall be kept by any Person or Persons for his, her or their own Use, and not for Hire, there shall be charged the respective Duties hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, | 4 s. 6 d. |
| For every Carriage called a Taxed Cart, built and constructed according to the Regulations before mentioned, and which shall be constructed without any Spring or Springs of any Materials whatever, and the Price of which (Repairs excepted) shall not have exceeded, or the Value thereof shall not at any time exceed the Sum of 15 <i>l</i> . Sterling, and which shall not at any time be used with a covered or stuffed Seat or Cushion fixed or not fixed thereon, or with a covered Footboard or Agenes fixed or not fixed thereon, the annual Sum of | 0 s. 6 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 6 <i>s</i> . 6 <i>d</i> . granted thereon by the Act passed in the 50th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty. | |
| And for every Carriage called a Tax Cart, built and constructed according to the said Regulations, with a Spring or Springs of any Materials whatever, except of Iron, Steel or other metallic Substances, or any Composition of Iron or Steel, or other metallic Substances, either wholly or in Part, the original Price of which Carriage shall not have exceeded, or the Value whereof shall not at any time exceed the Sum of Twenty one Pounds Sterling, or which shall be used with a covered or stuffed Seat or Cushion fixed or not fixed thereon, or with a covered Footboard or Agenes fixed or not fixed, the annual Sum of | 0 5 0 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 2 <i>s</i> . 6 <i>d</i> . granted thereon by the Act passed in the 50th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty. | |
| And for every Carriage with less than Four Wheels, constructed with a Spring or Springs of Iron, Steel or other metallic Substances, or any Composition of Iron, Steel or other metallic Substances, the respective Sums mentioned in Schedule (D.) No. 2. In Addition to the respective Duties granted by the said Acts passed in the 48th and 50th Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, on Carriages with less than Four Wheels | |
| All which Duties in respect of Carriages herein mentioned shall be charged upon and paid by the Person or Persons keeping the same respectively. | |

Engraver.

Sure and except always all Carriages built and constructed as aforesaid, belonging to any Person or Persons who are or shall be liable to be affixed to the before mentioned Duties in respect of a Four wheeled Carriage, or who are or shall be liable to be affixed to the before mentioned Duties on Male Servants, contained in Schedule (C.) No. 1. in respect of Two such Male Servants, which Persons respectively shall be charged for such Carriages, although built and constructed as aforesaid, at the Rate preferred in the respective Schedules marked (D.) No. 2. of the said Act of 48th Geo. 3. c. 55. and this Act, for Carriages with less than Four Wheels.

EXEMPTIONS from the several DUTIES in Schedule (D.)

No. 1, 2, 3 and 4.

Case I. — Any Carriages belonging to His Majesty, or any of the Royal Family.

Case II. — Any Coach or Coaches, besides by the Commissioners for Hackney Coaches within the Cities of London and Westminster, and the Suburbs thereof, to be used as Hackney Coaches there, and numbered according to Law.

Case III. — Any Carriage kept by any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, at any time after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eleven, less than for the Purpose of Sale or of being lent to any Person whose Carriage being of the same Description or Description shall be then making, mending or repairing by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, and during the Time the same shall be necessarily under Repair; provided such Carriage shall not at any time, while in the Possession of such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, be employed for his or her own Use, or let to hire, or otherwise lent than as aforesaid.

Case IV. — Any Common Stage Cart which shall be kept truly and without Fraud to be used wholly in the Affairs of Husbandry, or in the Carriage of Goods to the Courts of Trade, and whereas the Name and

Place

Schedule (D.) Exemptions—*revised.*

Place of Residence of the Owner, and the Words "Common Stage Cart" shall be legally printed, although the Owner, or his or her Servant, shall or may, for the Purpose of driving or conducting the same only, accidentally ride thereon or thereon's when taken or when returning from any Place to which, or when going to any Place from which any Load shall have been or shall be so carried on such Cart in the County of Middlesex or Trade; or which shall be used for conveying the Owners thereof or their Families to or from any Place of Divine Worship on Sunday, or on Christmas Day, or on Good Friday; or on any Day appointed for a Public Fair or Thanksgiving; or for carrying Persons going to or returning from the Elections of Members to serve in Parliament; or else such Carriage shall not have been or be used for any other Purpose of Riding thereon or thereon's, save as aforesaid, or shall not have been or be let to hire for any of such Purposes of riding thereon or thereon's.

SCHEDULE (D.)

No. 5.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable by Coachmakers and Makers of other Carriages, chargeable with Duty by this Act, and on Carriages made, sold or repaired as herein mentioned.

| | | | |
|--|---|----|---|
| By every Person who shall carry on the Trade of a Coachmaker or Maker of any Carriage chargeable with Duty by this Act, and by every Dealer thereon, the annual Duty of | £ | s | d |
| In Addition to the Duty of 6s. granted thereon by the Act passed in the 48th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty; | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| And where the Duty granted by the said Act shall not be chargeable thereon, the annual Sum of | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| By every such Coachmaker or Maker of such other Carriages as aforesaid, and by every Dealer thereon, for every such Carriage with Two Wheels which he or she shall make, build, construct for Sale or Sell, the Sum of | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 1s. 6d. granted thereon by the said Act; | | | |
| And where the Duty granted by the said Act shall not be chargeable thereon, the Sum of | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| And for every such Carriage with less than Four Wheels which he or she shall make, build, construct for Sale or Sell, the Sum of | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 1s. 2d. granted thereon by the said Act; | | | |
| And where the Duty granted thereon shall not be chargeable by the said Act, the Sum of | 0 | 12 | 6 |
| By every Maker or Makers of, or Dealer in any Carriage built, constructed and used according to the Regulations prescribed by this Act for Taxed Carts, and of the Values limited by the Schedule of this Act, the annual Sum of | 0 | 6 | 6 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 2s. 6d. granted thereon by the said Act; | | | |
| And where the Duty granted by the said Act shall not be chargeable thereon, the annual Sum of | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| By every such Maker or Makers of Carriages as last aforesaid, for every such Carriage which he, or she, or they shall make, build or construct for Sale, or Sell, the Sum of | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 2s. 6d. granted thereon by the said Act; | | | |
| And where the Duty granted by the said Act shall not be chargeable thereon, the Sum of | 0 | 3 | 0 |

SCHEDULE (D.)

No. 6.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable by Persons selling any CARRIAGES chargeable with Duty by this Act, by Auction or on Commission, to be charged in Addition to the Duties granted thereon by the Act passed in the 48th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.

| | | | |
|--|---|---|---|
| By every Person who shall sell any Carriage chargeable with Duty by this Act, by way of Auction or on Commission, for or in Expectation of Profit or Reward, the Duty of | £ | s | d |
| For every such Carriage with Four Wheels, the Sum of | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| And for every such Carriage with Two Wheels, except Taxed Carts, the Sum of | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| And for every such Taxed Cart, the Sum of | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| | 0 | 3 | 0 |

SCHEDULE (E.)

No. 1.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for all HORSES, MARES and GELDINGS, kept by any Person or Persons for the Purpose of riding, or for the Purpose of drawing any Carriage chargeable with Duty by Schedule (D.) in Addition to the Duties granted thereon by the Act passed in the 48th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.

| NUMBER THEREOF. | An Act of Duty for each Horse, Mare or Gelding | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--------|
| | £ | s. d. |
| For 1 such Horse, Mare or Gelding | - | 0 4 0 |
| For 2 such Horses, Mares or Geldings | - | 0 5 0 |
| 3 | - | 0 6 0 |
| 4 | - | 0 8 0 |
| 5 | - | 0 8 6 |
| 6 | - | 0 8 6 |
| 7 | - | 0 9 6 |
| 8 | - | 0 9 6 |
| 9 | - | 0 9 6 |
| 10 | - | 0 9 6 |
| 11 | - | 0 9 6 |
| 12 | - | 0 9 6 |
| 13 | - | 0 9 6 |
| 14 | - | 0 9 6 |
| 15 | - | 0 9 6 |
| 16 | - | 0 9 6 |
| 17 | - | 0 9 6 |
| 18 | - | 0 9 6 |
| 19 | - | 0 10 0 |
| 20 | - | 0 11 0 |

RULES for charging the said Duties

The said Duties to be payable for every Horse, Mare or Gelding, kept for the Purpose of riding, or of drawing any Carriage for which any Duty is payable by this Act, or bred by the Year, or any longer Period, according to the greatest Number of such Horses, Mares or Geldings which the same Person shall have kept at one time in the Course of the preceding Year, and to be paid by the Person or Persons keeping the same, except as after mentioned.

EXEMPTIONS from the said Duties in Schedule (E.) No. 1.

Husbandry
Horses, &c.

I. — Any Person or Persons who shall keep any Horse, Mare or Gelding, which shall be used truly and without Fraud for the Purpose of Husbandry, or of drawing any Carriage (except such Carriages as are liable to any Duty by this Act), or carrying Burthens in the Course of the Trade or Occupation of the Person or Persons to whom such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall belong, for one such Horse, Mare or Gelding used for riding, on the Occasions and in manner hereafter mentioned; that is to say, when returning from any Place to which any Load or Burthen shall have by such Horse, Mare or Gelding been drawn or carried, or in going to any Place from whence any Load or Burthen shall be to be brought back by such Horse, Mare or Gelding, or for the Purpose of procuring Medical Assistance, or for the Purpose of riding to or from Market, or to or from any Place of Public Worship, or to or from any Meeting of Members to serve in Parliament, or to or from any Courts of Justice, or to or from any Meeting of the Commissioners of Taxes; provided such one Horse, Mare or Gelding shall not on any Occasion be used for any other Purpose save as aforesaid.

Farms or 70l.
a Year at Rack
Rent.

II. — Any Person occupying a Farm as Tenant at Rack Rent, the Rent of which shall be less than 70l. a Year, and making a Livelihood solely thereby; or any Person occupying any Estate or any other Tenure than as Tenant at Rack Rent solely, or such Estate, together with a Farm at Rack Rent, the Value of which in the whole shall be less than equivalent to a Farm at the Rack Rent of 70l. a Year (reckoning the Value of every Estate occupied by the Owner thereof, or as any Tenant other than as Tenant at Rack Rent, as equivalent or Double the Amount of the like Farm at Rack Rent), and making a Livelihood solely by such his own Estate, or by such Estate and Farm jointly, for one Horse, Mare or Gelding, bona fide kept and actually employed for the Purpose of Husbandry on his said Estate or Farm, although used occasionally for the Purpose of riding.

Horse for Trade
Cart.

III. — Any Person occupying a Farm as Tenant at Rack Rent, and making a Livelihood solely thereby, or any Person carrying on a Trade, and making a Livelihood solely thereby, or making a Livelihood by such Occupation and Trade jointly; or any Rack-rented Person not possessed of an Annual Income of 100l. or upwards, whether arising from any Ecclesiastical Prebend or otherwise, for one Horse, Mare or Gelding used

Schedule (E.) Exemptions—continued.

used only for the Purpose of drawing any Carriage with his team Four Wheels, liable to the Duty hereby made payable on Traced Carts.

Provided always, that in every such case the said Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be duly returned, and the **Provis** Exemption hereby granted shall be duly claimed in the manner and at the time directed by this Act.

SCHEDULE (E.)

No. 2.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable on HORSES let to Hire.

| | | | |
|---|---|----|----|
| For every Horse, Mare or Gelding, kept for the Purpose of riding, or of drawing any Carriage liable to Duty by this Act, and let to Hire in any manner to the Street Office Duty payable by Law on Horses let to Hire shall not be payable, the annual Sum of | £ | s. | d. |
| In Addition to the Duty of 21. 6d. granted by the Act passed in the 48th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty. | - | 0 | 4 |

To be charged on the Person or Persons letting the same; provided, if a due Return thereof shall not be made by the Rider or Riders, according to this Act, the progressive Duty made payable by the said Act of the 48th Geo. 3. Cap. 55. and this Act, as set forth in the respective Schedules of the said Acts, marked (E.) No. 1. shall be chargeable in respect of every such Horse, Mare or Gelding, on the Person or Persons letting the same, and making such Default as aforesaid, subject to the Provisions contained in this Act concerning the same.

SCHEDULE (E.)

No. 3.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable on RACE HORSES.

| | | | |
|---|---|----|----|
| For every Horse, Mare or Gelding, being bred kept for the Purpose of racing or running for any Plate, Prize or Sum of Money or other Thing, or kept in training for any of the said Purposes, whether in the Stables of the Proprietor or Proprietors, or of any other Person or Persons, the annual Sum of | £ | s. | d. |
| In Addition to the Duty of 21. 6d. granted by the Act passed in the 48th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty. | - | 0 | 4 |

The said Duty to be charged on the Person or Persons having the Custody, Care or Management of such Horses, Mares or Geldings.

SCHEDULE (F.)

No. 1.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable for all other HORSES, MARES or GELDINGS, not charged with any Duty according to the former Schedules of this Act, and on Mares (except such other Horses, Mares, Geldings and Males for which other Duties are hereinafter made payable).

| | | | |
|--|---|----|----|
| For every such other Horse, Mare or Gelding, being of the Height of 13 Hands or more, of Four Inches to each Hand, and for every Mule, the annual Sum of | £ | s. | d. |
| In addition to the Duty granted thereby by the said Act passed in the 48th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty. | - | 0 | 7 |
| For every such other Horse, Mare or Gelding, being under the Height of 13 Hands, of Four Inches to each Hand, the annual Sum of | - | 0 | 3 |

SCHEDULE (F.)

No. 2.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable on HORSES, MARES or Geldings kept for the Purpose of Husbandry.

| | | | |
|--|---|---|---|
| For every Horse, Mare or Gelding, being of the Height of 15 Hands or more, of Four Inches or less (as hereinafter mentioned), the annual Sum of | 4 | 4 | 0 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 12s. granted thereby by the Act passed in the 48th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty. | 0 | 3 | 6 |
| Any Person occupying a Farm at Rack Rent, the Rent of which shall be less than 20 ^l . a Year, and making a Livelihood solely thereby, or occupying any Estate or any other Tenure than as Tenant at Rack Rent solely, or such other Estate, together with a Farm at Rack Rent, the Value of which in the whole shall be less than equivalent to a Farm at the Rack Rent of 20 ^l . a Year, (reckoning the Value of every Estate occupied by the Owner thereof, or on any Tenure other than as Tenant at Rack Rent, as equivalent to Double the Amount of the like Farm at Rack Rent) and making a Livelihood solely by such his own Estate, or by such Estate and Farm jointly; or principally thereby, and likewise a Profit by any Trade or Employment; and keeping not more than Two Horses, Mares, Geldings or Mules, bona fide for the Purpose of such Occupation, shall be charged for each of such Two Horses, Mares, Geldings or Mules, the annual Sum of | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 2s. 6d. granted by the said Act. | | | |
| Any Person occupying a Farm at Rack Rent, the Rent of which shall be less than 10 ^l . Sterling a Year, and making a Livelihood, principally thereby, or occupying any Estate on any other Tenure than as Tenant at Rack Rent, or such other Estate, together with a Farm at Rack Rent, the Value of which in the whole shall be less than equivalent to a Farm at the Rack Rent of 10 ^l . Sterling a Year, (reckoning the Value of every Estate occupied by the Owner thereof, or on any Tenure other than as Tenant at Rack Rent, as equivalent to Double the Amount of the like Farm at Rack Rent) and making a Livelihood principally thereby, and likewise a Profit by any Trade or Employment; and keeping not more than Two Horses, Mares, Geldings or Mules, bona fide for the Purpose of such Occupation and of such Trade or Employment jointly, or either of them separately, shall be charged, for each of such Two Horses, Mares, Geldings or Mules, the annual Sum of | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 2 ^l . 10 ^s . granted by the said Act. | | | |

RULES for charging the Duties as set forth in Schedule (F.) No. 1 and 2.

The said Duties to be charged on the Person or Persons keeping or using such Horses, Mares, Geldings or Mules, and to be payable for every Horse, Mare or Gelding and Mule, which shall not be chargeable, nor have been charged with any Duty payable in that Year according to the Schedule of the said Act of 48th Geo. 3. Cap. 55. or the preceding Schedule of this Act respectively marked (E.) No. 2. except as hereinafter is mentioned.

EXEMPTIONS from the Duties in Schedule (F.) No. 1 and 2.

Any Person whatever for any Horse, Mare or Gelding, which shall not at any time whatever have been used for any Purpose of Labour or otherwise.

EXEMPTIONS from the several Duties as set forth in the several Schedules marked (E.) and (F.)

Royal Family.
Palaces, &c., &c.

Case 1.—Any Horse, Mare or Gelding, belonging to His Majesty, or any of the Royal Family.
Case II.—Any Postmaster, Postmaster or other Person licensed for that Purpose by the Commissioners appointed to manage the Duties charged on Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper in respect of any Horse, Mare or Gelding, let to hire by him or her; provided that such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall in every case be bona fide let to Hire by him or her in such manner, that the Stamp Office Duty shall be payable on such Horses let to Hire on each letting; and shall be accounted for by Delivery of the Ticket denoting the Stamp Office Duty payable, and be duly issued and paid on or left according to the Directions of the Act or Acts granting such Stamp Duty, without making Composition for the same; and provided that such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall not, in any Occasion, be used by such licensed Person, or any other, without such letting to Hire, and Payment of Stamp Duty as aforesaid.

Royal Coach
Males.

Case III.—Any Person or Persons duly licensed to keep any Carriage whatsoever, to be employed as a Public Stage Coach or Carriage for the Purpose of conveying Passengers for Hire from different Places in Great Britain, in respect of any Horses, Mares or Geldings, which are or shall be actually and solely used and employed by such Person or Persons in driving such Stage Coach or Carriage from Place to Place.

Case

Schedules (E.) and (F.) Exemptions—continued.

- Case IV.**—Any Person licensed by the Commissioners for Hackney Coaches within the Cities of London and Westminster, and the Suburbs thereof, to keep any Hackney Coach or Coaches, for any Horse, Mare or G. Horse, kept for the Purpose of drawing such Coach in respect of the Duties in the said respective Schedules marked (F.) No. 1. and for Two Horses, Mares or Geldings, and so more, kept for the Purpose of drawing, such Coach is licensed in respect of the Duties in the said respective Schedules marked (F.) No. 1.
- Case V.**—Any Dealer in Horses licensed by the Duties made payable by this Act on such Dealers, for any Horse, Mare or Gelding, belonging to such Dealer, and kept bona fide for Sale, and not used for any other Purpose or in any other manner.
- Case VI.**—Any Person who on account of Poverty shall be discharged from the Affidavit made in respect of his or her Dwelling House, in pursuance of the Regulations of any of the Acts herein mentioned, for One Horse, Mare, Gelding or Mule; provided such Person shall not keep more than One such Horse, Mare, Gelding or Mule, and the same shall not be let to Hire.
- Case VII.**—Any Rector, Vicar or Curate, actually doing Duty in the Church or Chapel of which he is Rector, Vicar or Curate, who shall not be possessed of an Income of Sixty Pounds per Annum or upwards, whether arising from Ecclesiastical Preferment or otherwise, and who shall not keep more than One Horse, Mare or Gelding or Mule, for the Purpose of riding, which otherwise would be chargeable with Duty, according to the Provisions of this Act, except such Person who shall occasionally perform the Duty appertaining to any Rector, Vicar or Curate, without being the regular officiating Minister of the Parish or Place in which such Duty shall be performed.
- Case VIII.**—Any effective Officer commanding a Volunteer Corps, claiming and retaining his Exemptions for not more than Two Horses, Mares or Geldings kept for His Majesty's Service in such Corps.
- Case IX.**—Any Field Officer, not being Commandant, and any Adjutant of any Volunteer Corps, and any Person serving in any Corps of Yeomanry Volunteer Cavalry, or providing a Horse, Mare or Gelding for any other Person serving in any such Corps, who shall be retained in the manner required by Law as aforesaid, and as being used any Horse, Mare or G. Horse, for such Service on the several Days of Muster and Exercise of such Corps; provided in every such last-mentioned case the Exemption shall be claimed and returned in the manner required by the said last-mentioned Act; and a Certificate shall be delivered of such effective Service in the manner required by the Eleventh Section of an Act passed in the 44th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled "An Act to consolidate and amend the Provisions of the several Acts relating to Corps of Yeomanry and Volunteers in Great Britain, and to make further Regulations relating thereto."
- Case X.**—Any Non-Commissioned Officer or Private of any of the Regiments of Cavalry, or in the Artillery, for any Horse used in His Majesty's Service.

Hackney Coaches

Hack Dealers

Poor Persons

Rector, &c.

Volunteer Officers

Officers and Privates of Volunteer Cavalry

44 G. 3. c. 36 s. 11.

Soldiers

SCHEDULE (G.)

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable on DOGS.

| | | | |
|--|---|---|---|
| For every Greyhound kept by any Person, which is the same below or her Property or the Property of any other Person or Persons, the annual Sum of | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 11s. 6d. granted by the said Act passed in the 4th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty | | | |
| For every Fox, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Terrier or Lurcher, and for every other Dog, where any Person shall keep Two or more Dogs, of whatever Description or Description the same may be, except Greyhounds, whether the same be the Property of him, her or them, or of any other Person or Persons, the annual Sum of | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| In Addition to the like Duty granted by the said Act. | | | |
| For every other Dog not being a Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Lurcher or Terrier, kept by any Person having One such other Dog, and so more, whether the same be the Property of him, her or them, or any other Person or Persons, the annual Sum of | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 3s. granted by the said Act. | | | |
| For every Pack of Hounds where the Duty is compounded for, the annual Sum of | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 3s. granted by the said Act. | | | |

The said Duties to be paid by the Person respectively keeping such Dogs, or having the same in his, her or their Custody or Possession, whether the same be the Property of him or them, or of any other Person or Persons, and not discharging the Owner or Owners thereof who shall have been duly notified for the same.

EXEMPTIONS from the Duties in Schedule (G.)

- Case I.**—Any Dog belonging to His Majesty, or any of the Royal Family.
- Case II.**—Any Person who, on account of Poverty, shall be discharged from the Affidavit made in respect of his or her Dwelling House, in pursuance of the Regulations of the said Acts relating to the said several Duties, and having One Dog, and so more, the same not being a Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Lurcher or Terrier.

Royal Family, Poor Persons

Schedule (G.) *Exemptions—continued.*

Whelps.

Case III. — Any Person in respect of a Dog or Whelp, which at the time of returning the List of Dogs as by the said Acts relating to the said proffered Duties shall not actually be of the Age of Six Calendar Months.

Duty of Hounds compensated for.

Case IV. — Any person, in respect of the whole Number of Hounds by him or her kept as Great Breams, who shall composed for the first, in any Year within Thirty Days after the 5th Day of April in each Year, in pursuance of Notice given to the Collector or Collectors of the said Duty for any Parish or Place, where such Person shall be liable to be affected, of his or her Intention to do so, and on Payment of the full Sum of Thirty Six Pounds Sterling to such Collector or Collectors, for which a Receipt shall be given within the Period before mentioned.

And where Two or more Persons join in keeping or firing such Hounds, then, in Default of their compensating for the same as aforesaid, any or all of the said Persons shall be chargeable for every such Hound kept by them, or any of them.

SCHEDULE (H.)

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable by HORSE DEALERS.

| | | | |
|--|---|----|---|
| Every Person who shall sell or execute the Trade and Business of a Horse Dealer within the Cities of London and Westminster, and the Liberties of the same respectively, the Parish of Saint Mary le Bone and Saint Pancras, in the County of Middlesex, the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or the Borough of Southwark, in the County of Surrey, the annual Duty of | £ | 10 | 0 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 22l. 10s. granted by the Act passed in the 48th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty. | | | |
| Every Person who shall sell or execute the Trade and Business of a Horse Dealer in any other Part of Great Britain, the annual Duty of | £ | 5 | 0 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 12l. 5s. granted by the said Act. | | | |

SCHEDULE (I.)

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable in respect of killing GAME.

| | | | |
|--|---|----|---|
| Upon every Person who shall use any Dog, Gun, Net or other Engine, for the Purpose of taking or killing any Game whatever, or any Woodcock, Snipe, Quail or Landrail, or any Coney, or shall take or kill, by any means whatever, or shall assist in any manner in the taking or killing, by any means whatever, any Game, or any Woodcock, Snipe, Quail or Landrail, or any Coney, by virtue of any Deputation or Appointment, duly required or entered as Game Keeper, for any Manor or Royalty in England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed, or for any Lands in Scotland: | £ | 1 | 0 |
| If such Person shall be a Servant to any Person duly charged in respect of such Servant to the Duties granted or Servants in Schedule (C.) No. 1. there shall be charged in respect of every such Person acting by virtue of such Deputation or Appointment, the annual Sum of | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 12l. 10s. granted in respect of such Person by the Act passed in the 48th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty. | | | |
| And where the Duty granted by the said Act shall not be chargeable in respect of such Person, the annual Sum of | 1 | 7 | 0 |
| And if such Person as last aforesaid shall not be a Servant for whom the said Duties on Servants shall be charged, there shall be charged in respect of every such Person acting by virtue of such Deputation or Appointment, the annual Sum of | 0 | 10 | 6 |
| In Addition to the Duty of 3l. 5s. granted by the said Act. | | | |
| And where the Duty granted by the said Act shall not be chargeable in respect of such Person, the annual Sum of | 3 | 13 | 6 |
| Upon every other Person who shall use any Dog, Gun, Net or other Engine, for any of the Purposes before mentioned, or shall take or kill, by any means whatever, or assist in any manner in the taking or killing, by any means whatever, any Game, or any Woodcock, Snipe, Quail or Landrail, or any Coney, there shall be charged the annual Sum of | 0 | 10 | 6 |
| In Addition to the like Duty of 3l. 5s. granted by the said Act. | | | |
| And where the Duty granted by the said Act shall not be chargeable upon such Person, the annual Sum of | 3 | 13 | 6 |

EXCEPTIONS to the above Duties.

I.—The taking of Woodcocks and Snipes with Nets or Springs.

II.—The taking or destroying of Conies by the Proprietors of Warrens, or on any enclosed Ground whatsoever, or by the Tenants of Lands, either by hand, or otherwise, or by his, her or their Direction or Command.

RULES

RULES for charging the said last mentioned Duties.

I.—Every Person who intends to sell or shall sell at any time after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, any Dog, Gun, Net or other Engine, for any of the Purposes mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (L.), shall before he shall so sell the same, in any Year, and every Person who intends to take or kill, or so assist in the taking or killing any Game, Woodcock, Snipe, Quail, Landrail or Coney, shall before he shall so take or kill, or assist in the taking or killing the same, pay or cause to be paid in each Year, unto the Collectors of the Duties contained or referred to in the other Schedules of this Act, for the Parish, Ward or Place where he shall reside, if in England, or to the Collector of the like Duties, or his Deputy or Sub Collector for the Shire, County, Borough or Place where he shall reside, if in Scotland, or any of them, respectively, as aforesaid, for the time being, the Duty hereby made payable, and shall obtain a Certificate thereof in the manner herein directed, which Certificate shall continue in force until and upon the Fifth Day of April next after the time of selling the same, and so longer.

II.—Every Collector, or his Deputy or Sub Collector, or Application to him made by any Person residing within the Limits of his Collection, as to the Payment to such Collector, or his Deputy or Sub Collector, of the Duty hereby made payable, shall give Receipts for the same, which Receipts shall be signed by such Collector, or his Deputy or Sub Collector, and made out conformable to such of the Forms for Certificates in the Schedule to this Act annexed, as the said party require; and every such Receipt shall be a Charge on the Parish or Place for which such Collector, or his Deputy or Sub Collector, shall be appointed for the Sum therein expressed, in like manner and to the like Effect as if the said Sum had been previously assessed and levied by such Collector, or his Deputy or Sub Collector, under the Warrant of the Commissioners sitting in the Execution of this Act, for which Receipt the said Collector, or his Deputy or Sub Collector, shall be entitled to demand and receive from such Person the Sum of One Shilling over and above the said Duty, and so more, which Sum shall be deemed the Compensation to such Collector and his Deputy or Sub Collector, for his Pains and Care in executing this Act; and the Duty so assessed shall be paid to the Receiver General or his Deputy, at his or their next Receipt of Duties, as aforesaid and without Deduction; provided that the Receipts given for the Duties contained in this Schedule shall not be liable to any Stamp Duty whatever.

III.—Every such Receipt, being delivered to the Clerk of the Commissioners sitting for the District where the Person aforesaid shall reside, shall be exchanged for a Certificate made out in one of the Forms in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (N.), corresponding with such Receipt, which Certificate the said Clerk is hereby required, on Demand, to make out and deliver gratis to such Person in Exchange for the said Receipt.

IV.—The said Receipts, so exchanged, shall severally be entered by the said Clerks respectively, in Books to be kept for that Purpose, in the manner to be directed by the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes; and the said Books, together with the said Receipts, being submitted to the Commissioners sitting in the Execution of this Act for the District, and examined by them, shall be a sufficient Authority in them, from time to time, to cause an Affidavit to be made on the several Persons mentioned in such Receipts in the respective Sums paid by them, which Affidavits shall be of the like Force and Effect in all respects, and shall be as binding on the several Collectors and others sitting in the Execution of this Act, and on the several Parishes and Places for which such Collectors shall have been respectively appointed, as any Affidavit to be made by the said Commissioners respectively, under the Regulations of the said Acts under which they act as Commissioners; and the said Commissioners shall return Duplicate thereof to the Receiver General, and to the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, in the manner directed by the said Acts.

V.—The Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes shall cause a sufficient Number of Receipts to be distributed amongst the several Clerks, and be them to the several Collectors in their respective Districts; and the said Clerks respectively shall be accountable to the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes for the same; and the several Collectors shall be accountable to the respective Clerks, for the Receipts delivered to them respectively; and the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes shall also cause a sufficient Number of Forms to be used for Certificates, according to the Forms specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (N.), to be distributed to the respective Clerks in like manner, for which Certificates the said Clerks shall be respectively accountable to the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes.

VI.—In any District where no Clerk shall be appointed to sit in the Execution of the said Acts, the Surveyor of the same District shall execute the Duty of such Clerk in all Matters and Things herein required to be done by such Clerk, and in every such case the Certificates hereby required shall and may be issued by such Surveyor according to the Directions of this Act; and in every Place for which one Collector only shall be appointed, who shall be chargeable to the Duty contained in this Schedule, an Acknowledgment in Writing under the Hand of such Collector, that he is chargeable with the said Duty, and delivered to such Clerk or Surveyor respectively as aforesaid, shall be a sufficient Authority for such Clerk or Surveyor to draw a Certificate on such Collector, and to make an Affidavit of the said Duty upon such Collector as in other cases under this Act.

VII.—Every Matter or Matters charged, or liable to be charged to the Duties as aforesaid mentioned in the said Schedule marked (C.) No. 2, annexed to this Act, in respect of any Game Keeper, whether such Person shall have been deputed or appointed by such Master or Mistress, or by any other Person or Persons; and every P^rive gunner, a Deputations or Appointment to the Service of any other Person, who shall be deputed to the said Duty on Services in respect of such Keeper, whether as Game Keeper, or in any other Capacity, with Power and Authority to take or kill any Game by any of the Ways directed in the Schedule,

Duty for every Dog, Gun, net or other Engine of Articles Taxes annually.

Collectors give Receipts

Fee.

Receipts exchanged for Certificates by Clerk to Commissioners

Certificates to the Public accordingly.

Commissioners to provide every of Receipts and Certificates.

Where no Clerk sitting at a Dist.

If a Clerk sit at a Dist. and a Surveyor of the same

Certificates to be given

And

Schedules (L.) Rules.—continued.

shall be at Liberty to obtain a Receipt and Certificate on Behalf of such Servant, in Pursuance of the Duty for the same in the manner before directed; and such Receipt and Certificate shall be a sufficient Authority to enable the Master or Mistress, or Person granting such Deposition or Appointment, and obtaining such Receipt and Certificate as aforesaid, and the Certificate to be filed thereupon shall be deemed and construed to exempt the Servant or Servants named therein, during his or their Continuance in the same Capacity and Service, and also to exempt any Servant or Servants of the same Master or Mistress who shall succeed to the Deposition or Appointment of the same Master or Mistress, or Lands, within the Year for which the Duty shall be so affected, for and during the Remainder of such Year; and no such Servant or whole Behalf a Receipt and Certificate hath been duly obtained as aforesaid, shall be required to obtain a Certificate for himself, nor be liable to the Duty hereby granted, nor to any Penalty by reason of not obtaining a Certificate in his own Name, or for not paying third Duty: provided always, that every Certificate granted under this Act to any Person acting under any Deposition or Appointment shall, upon the Revocation of such Deposition or Appointment, be from thenceforth void and of no further Effect, as in the Petition therein deposited or appointed: provided, that if any Lord or Lady of any Manor in England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed, or Proprietor of Lands in Scotland, shall, in the Revocation of any Deposition or Appointment, by virtue of which a Certificate hath been granted for any Year, make a new Deposition or Appointment within the same Year, to any Person in his or her Service, or in the Service of the same Master or Mistress, who shall have been changed, so well as the Duties on Servants as to the same Duties granted by this Act, it shall be lawful for the Clerk to the Commissioners of the District, and every such Clerk is hereby required as such Clerk to renew the Certificate for the Remainder of that Year, in Behalf of the Person so newly appointed, without any Duty or Fee, by indorsing on such Certificate the Name and Place of Abode of the Person to whom such last mentioned Deposition or Appointment had been granted, and declaring the same to be a renewed Certificate, free of Duty or Fee.

Commissioners to distribute Lists.

VIII.—The Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes shall once or oftener, in every Year, as soon as conveniently may be after such Certificates shall have been filed, cause the Names and Residences of the several Persons to or for whom such Certificates have been granted for that Year, in every County in Great Britain, distinguishing the Person acting under any Deposition or Appointment from others; and the Masters, Proprietors of Lands, for which Depositions or Appointments have been granted, and also distinguishing the Rate of Duty ad valorem, to be entered in these Newspapers circulated in each respective County, or in such other Newspaper, and in such manner as to them shall be proper.

Unqualified Persons not to be admitted by Commissioners.

IX.—Neither the Admission of the Duty hereby imposed, nor the Payment thereof, nor the Certificate delivered, nor any thing herein contained or done in pursuance of this Act, shall entitle or enable any Person to act in the manner described in this Schedule, at any time or place, or in any manner prohibited by any Statute in force at and immediately before the passing of this Act; nor shall any Person shall be duly qualified to do, undertaken by virtue of the said Statutes, and all Penalties and Forfeitures, Actions and Suits, for Offences against such Statutes, shall and may be prosecuted as if maintained for such Offences, as if this Act had not been made.

Commissions to be returned to His Majesty.

X.—No Affidavit or Certificate under the said Acts and this Act, or Payment of the Duty thereby imposed, by or for any Person acting under a Deposition or Appointment, shall be received in Evidence, or be available in Law or Equity, in any Suit or Proceedings, under this Act, where Proof shall be given of doing or having done any Act for any of the Purposes mentioned in this Schedule, out of the Proceeds or Losses of the Manors, Royalty or Lands for which such Deposition or Appointment was made or granted.

Commissions granted by Parliament to be deemed of Affairs, &c.

XI.—If any Person shall be discovered doing any Act whatsoever, in respect whereof such Person shall be chargeable as aforesaid, by any Adverser or Colleague of the Parish where any such Person shall then be, or by any Commissioner for the Execution of this Act, acting for the County, Riding, Division or Place, in which such Person shall then be, or by any Lord or Lady, or Game Keeper, of the Manors, Royalty or Lands, wherein such Person shall then be, or by any Inspector or Surveyor of Taxes, acting in the Execution of the said Acts or this Act, for the District in which such Person shall then be, or by any Person duly appointed to the Duties granted in this Schedule, or consolidated therewith, or by the Owner, Landlord, Lessee or Occupier of the Land in which such Person shall then be, it shall be lawful for such Adverser, Colleague, Commissioner or Game Keeper, Inspector or Surveyor or other Person as aforesaid, or such Owner, Landlord, Lessee or Occupier of Land as aforesaid, to demand and require from the Person so acting, the Production of a Certificate filed to him for that Purpose, which Certificate every such Person is hereby required to produce to the Person so demanding the same, and to permit him to read the same, and (if he shall think fit) to take a Copy thereof, or any Part thereof; or in case no such Certificate shall be produced to the Person demanding the same as aforesaid, then it shall be lawful for the Person having made such Demand to require the Person so acting forthwith to declare to him his Christian Name and Surname, and Place of Residence, and the Parish or Place (if any) in which he shall have been affected to the Duties by this Act granted or consolidated therewith; and if any such Person shall, after such Demand made, wilfully refuse to produce and show a Certificate filed to him for that Purpose, or in Default thereof as aforesaid, to give to the Person so demanding the same his Christian and Surname, and Place of Residence, and the Parish or Place (if any) in which he shall have been affected, or shall produce any false or fictitious Certificate, or give any false or fictitious Name, Place of Residence, or Place of Abode, every such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be paid for, recovered and applied in the manner hereinafter directed.

Penalty.

XII.—If

Schedule (L.) Rules — *revised.*

XII. — If any Person or Persons shall, after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, in England or Wales, or after the Twenty fourth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, in Scotland, do any Act for any of the Purposes mentioned in this Schedule, without having obtained such Certificate as is directed by this Act, in order to an Affidavit for the Year wherein such Person or Persons shall so do, every such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be paid for, recovered and applied in the manner hereinafter directed; and every such Offender shall also be liable to the Payment to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, to the full Duty of Three Pence Three Shillings and Six pence Sterling, over and above the said Penalty to be charged in the Affidavit of the Parish or Place where the Offence shall be committed, by way of increased Charge by the Inhabitant or Surveyor of the said Parish or Place; which increased Charge may be made at any time within Six Calendar Months after the Duty shall have accrued, and the said Charge shall be allowed by Two Commissioners according to the Directions of the Acts relating to the Duties of Assessed Taxes, subject to Appeal whenever such Commissioners shall appoint the Time and Place for hearing and determining the said Appeal.

XIII. — It shall be lawful for any Two Commissioners for executing this Act, or for any One Justice of the Peace of the County, Riding or Division, or the Sheriff's Stewary, or for any City, Borough, Liberty or Place wherein any Offence or Offences mentioned or described in this Schedule shall be committed, such Justice being also a Commissioner for executing this Act; and he and they is and are lawfully required, upon Information or Complaint in this behalf made of any such Offence or Offences committed within the District where he or they shall sit as such Commissioner or Commissioners, within Three Calendar Months after the Offence shall be committed, to summon the Person or Persons accused, and also the Witnesses on either Side, to appear before him or them; and upon the Appearance of the Person or Persons accused, or in default of his or their Appearance according to such Summons, to proceed to hear and determine the Matter in a summary way; and upon due Proof made thereof, either by the voluntary Confession of the Person or Persons accused, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, to give Judgment for the Penalty or Penalties, or for such Part thereof, to which Part thereof the said Commissioners or Justice shall think proper to mitigate the same (his name not being in any case registered in this behalf the One Moiety of the said Penalty or Penalties); and in default of Payment of the same at the time of Conviction, to award and issue his or their Warrant or Warrants, under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, for bringing the Penalty or Penalties so adjudged, together with the reasonable Costs and Charges attending the same, as hereinafter directed, of the Cattle, Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, and to cause Sale to be made of the said Cattle, Goods and Chattels to be disposed, in case they shall not be redeemed within Four Days; and the Money arising from such Sale shall in the first Place be liable for Payment of the said Penalty or Penalties adjudged to be paid, and in the next Place for Payment of the Costs attending the Information, Conviction and Warrant, or Informations, Convictions and Warrants, and also the reasonable Costs attending the Discovery and keeping the Goods and Chattels distrained, and maintaining the Cattle, if any, during the Four Days allowed to redeem the same, and also the Expence of the Sale thereof, and of returning the said Warrant or Warrants to the Commissioners or Justice, and covering the fees, with an Indorsement thereof of what has been done therein; and where sufficient Cattle, Goods or Chattels of such Offender or Offenders cannot be found, to commit such Offender or Offenders to the House of Correction, there to remain for any Space of time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, unless the said Penalty or Penalties shall be sooner paid; and if such Person or Persons shall feel himself or themselves aggrieved by the Judgment of such Commissioners or Justice, then he or they shall and may, upon giving Security to the Amount of double the said Penalty or Penalties, appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General Quarter Sessions for the County, Riding or Division, or to the Justice Clerk, or other Officer of the Court of Justiciary of the Shire, Stewary, City, Liberty or Place in Scotland; which Courts respectively are hereby empowered to examine Witnesses upon Oath, and finally to hear and determine the same; and in case the Judgment of such Commissioners, or Justice or Justices, shall be affirmed, it shall be lawful for the said Court of Quarter Sessions, or Court of Justiciary, to award the Person or Persons to pay Costs occasioned by such Information, Conviction and Appeal, as to themselves shall seem meet.

XIV. — If any Person or Persons shall be summoned as a Witness or Witnesses to give Evidence before such Commissioners or Justice receiving such Information, or before the Courts of Quarter Sessions or Justiciary, upon Appeal touching any of the Matters contained in such Information, either on the Part of the Prosecution or the Person or Persons accused, and shall neglect or refuse to appear at the Time and Place to be for that Purpose appointed, without a reasonable Excuse for his, her or their Neglect or Refusal, to be allowed by the Commissioners, or Justice or Justices, or Court before whom the Prosecution shall be depending, then and in every such case every such Person shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered, levied and paid in such manner, and by such means, as other Penalties mentioned in this Schedule may be recovered, levied and paid.

XV. — The Commissioners or Justice before whom any Offender shall be convicted shall cause the said Conviction to be made out in the Manner and Form following, or in any other Form of Words to the like Effect (entirely equivalent); that is to say,

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____ at _____ A. D. of _____ we were duly convicted by me [or, us] of [here state the Offence] and adjudged to pay the Sum of _____ for his said Offence.

Schedule (L.) Rules—continued.

- Gives under the Hands and Seals, or Hand and Seal of the Commissioners acting in the Execution of the Acts relating to Assessed Taxes for the District of
- being a Justice of the Peace for
- and a Commissioner acting in the Execution of the Acts relating to Assessed Taxes for the District of

Classification to be entered

And every such Certificate shall be entered and registered upon the Books of Assessment of the Commissioners of the District where the Officer was appointed; and after such Entry and Registry shall be transmitted to the Court of Appeal, as herein directed, to be filed there of Record; and the said Certificate or Entry of the facts in the said Books of Assessment, or any examined Copy thereof, shall be received as Evidence before the respective Commissioners for executing this Act, in all Matters relating to the Duties contained in this Schedule; and no Certificate of such Commissioners or Justice shall be receivable by any Person whatever, nor any other Court of Law or Equity, or be subject to Review in any manner, other than as aforesaid.

Application of Provisions.

XVI.—All Penalties and Shares of Penalties imposed by and recovered or paid under the Authority of the Rules contained in this Schedule, shall be added to the First or Supplementary Assessments of the Parish or Place where the Offence shall be committed (as the case shall require) and shall be paid to the Collector or Collectors of the Duties contained in this Schedule, for such Parish or Place, to be by him or them accounted for in the same manner, and paid to the Receiver General as the same cases as the Duties contained in this Act are to be accounted for and paid, and shall and may be distributed, apportioned and applied in such manner as other Penalties may by the said Acts relating to the said Duties be distributed, apportioned and applied.

EXEMPTIONS from the Duties in Schedule (L.)

Any of the Royal Family.

SCHEDULE (M.)

No. 1.

Further EXEMPTIONS from the several Duties in the several Schedules marked (C) (D) (E.) and (G.)

Irish Members of Parliament and Public Officers.

All Persons having ordinarily resided as Inland before the Commencement of the Session of Parliament in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and being Members of either House of the Parliament of the United Kingdom, whether as the Peers of Ireland, or as any Peers in Great Britain, and all Persons who shall hereafter be Members of the said Parliament as aforesaid, and who shall have ordinarily resided in Ireland previous to the Commencement of the Session of Parliament in which they shall respectively serve in Parliament; and all Persons having ordinarily resided in Ireland as aforesaid, or who shall hereafter be ordinarily resident therein, and now holding or who shall hereafter hold Offices of Public Employment in Ireland, and are now residing in Great Britain, or who shall hereafter reside in Great Britain, with the Approbation or by the Order or Direction of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of Ireland for the time being, or of his or their Chief Secretary for the time being, and which shall be certified under the Hand of the Lord Lieutenant, or Chief Governor or Chief Governors, or his or their Chief Secretary, to be therein resident for the Purposes of abiding in the Execution of Public Business, shall be wholly discharged and exempted from the Duties in both in the Schedules to this Act aforesaid, marked (C) (D.) (E.) and (G.); provided that this Exemption shall not extend to any Person ordinarily resident in Ireland as aforesaid, being a Member of either House of Parliament of the United Kingdom, who hath resided or shall reside in Great Britain longer than during the Session of Parliament, and Forty Days before and Forty Days after each Session, nor to any Article on which a Duty is by this Act made payable, which shall be retained, kept, employed or used by such Person in Great Britain, among the Residences of such Person in Ireland; provided also, that this Exemption shall not extend to any Person ordinarily resident in Ireland as aforesaid, holding an Office or Public Employment in Ireland, under the Approbation in Writing, or such Order or Direction of the said Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of Ireland for the time being, or of his or their Chief Secretary for the time being, and a Delegation of the Place of Abode in Great Britain of the Person respectively holding such Office or Employment shall have been before the passing of this Act delivered into the Office of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes in Somerset Place, or shall be so delivered within Twenty Days after the passing of this Act, with respect to Persons then in Great Britain, or within Thirty Days after the Arrival in Great Britain of such Persons respectively, who shall thereafter arrive; Provided also, that no Person shall, for the Purposes of claiming this Exemption, be deemed to be ordinarily resident in Ireland, unless he shall reside thence during each Portion of the Year as is now covered by the Provisions herein provided; And, for the better ascertaining the Fact of such Residence, every Person claiming the Benefit of this Exemption shall verify the same upon Oath (if required) before the Commissioners acting in the Execution of this Act, in the District where such Person shall reside.

Each

SCHEDULE (M.)

No. 2.

Further EXEMPTIONS from the several Duties in the several Schedules marked (C.) (D.) and (E.)

Any Sheriff of any County, or Mayor or other Officer in any Corporation or Royal Borough, serving as usual Officer therein, who, during each Year of Service, shall have kept or shall keep any Number of Ser-

Schedule (M) No. 2.—*continued.*

vests, Carriages or Horses, and that the Number such Person was affixed to prior to the Year of such Service, and who shall have been affixed for such greater Number for One Year, shall be exempt from further Affidavits for such greater Number for any other Year, although such Year of Service may have two or a Second Year of Affidavit.

SCHEDULE (N.)

I.—Form of CERTIFICATE to be delivered by Members of Volunteer Corps.

I, of an Age passed in the Fifty Second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act [see under the Title of this Act], that the several Persons herein named and described are lawfully enrolled and training in the said Corps, and have duly attended at the Muster and Examinations of the said Corps for Five, or the Course of the Year next preceding the Date hereof, which Muster Rolls have been duly returned, testifying the same pursuant to the said Act.

(Signed)

Commodore Officer.

Dated the _____ Day of _____

II.—Form of CERTIFICATE to be issued to every Game Keeper, being a Servant for whom the Master or Mistress, or the Lord or Lady of the Manor or Royalty (if in England), or the Proprietor of Lands (if in Scotland), shall be duly affixed to the Duty on Servants.

No. _____ Game Duty Certificate (A.)

[To be affixed where the Servant pays the Duty.]

By A. B. Clerk to the Commissioners acting in the Execution of the Acts for Assessed Taxes for the Division of I. in the County of L.

RECEIVED from C. D. residing in the Parish [or, Township] of [here name the Parish or Township] in the said County, an Assessed Servant of E. F. [here name the Master or Mistress] of [here name the Residence of the Master or Mistress] in Exchange for this Certificate, a Receipt under the Hand of G. H. one of the Collectors of Assessed Taxes for the said Parish [or, Township] of [here name the Parish or Township], for the Sum of One Pound Five Shillings Sterling, as the Game Duty chargeable upon the said C. D. in respect of his Deposition as Game Keeper of the Manor or Royalty of K. in the said County [if the Certificate is granted in England, or if in Scotland, in respect of his Appointment as Game Keeper of the Lands of K. in the said County]. Given in pursuance of Acts passed in the Forty eighth and Fifty second Years of the Reign of George the Third, and certified the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our

Lord

Day of

(Signed) Clerk.

This Certificate will expire on the Fifth Day of April next.

III.

No. _____ Game Duties Certificate (B.)

[To be affixed where the Master pays the Duty.]

By A. B. Clerk to the Commissioners acting in the Execution of the Acts for Assessed Taxes for the Division of I. in the County of L.

RECEIVED from E. F. [here name the Master or Mistress] residing in the Parish [or, Place] of [here name the Residence of the Master or Mistress] in the said County, on Behalf of C. D. an Assessed Servant of the said E. F. in Exchange for this Certificate, a Receipt under the Hand of G. H. one of the Collectors of Assessed Taxes for the said Parish [or, Township] of [here name the Parish or Township] for the Sum of One Pound Five Shillings Sterling, as the Game Duty chargeable upon the said Servant in respect of his Deposition as Game Keeper of the Manor or Royalty of K. in the said County [if the Certificate is granted in England, or if in Scotland, in respect of his Appointment as Game Keeper of the Lands of K. in the said County]. Given in pursuance of Acts passed in the 48th and 52d Years of the Reign of George the Third, and certified the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord

(Signed)

Clerk.

This Certificate will expire on the Fifth Day of April next.

IV.—Form of CERTIFICATE to be issued to every Game Keeper, not being an Assessed Servant to any Person or Persons.

No. _____ Game Duty Certificate (C.)

By A. B. Clerk to the Commissioners acting in the Execution of the Acts for Assessed Taxes for the Division of I. in the County of L.

RECEIVED from C. D. residing in the Parish [or, Township] of [here name the Parish or Township] in the said County in Exchange for this Certificate, a Receipt under the Hand of G. H. one of the Collectors

J Z 1

Schedule (B) — *continued.*

of Affixed Taxes for the said Parish [or, Township] of [see name the Parish or Township] for the Sum of Three Pounds Thirteen Shillings and Six pence Sterling, for the Game Duty chargeable upon the said G.D. in respect of his Dependants as Game Keeper of the Manor or Royalty of *K.* in the said County [if the Game is granted in England, or if in Scotland, in respect of his Appointment as Game Keeper of the Lands of *K.* in the said County], the said G.D. not being an Affixed Servant to any Parson or Persec. Given in pursuance of Acts passed in the 4th and 5th Years of the Reign of George the Third, and certified the Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____

This Certificate will expire on the Fifth Day of April next.

(Signed)

Clerk.

V.—Form of CERTIFICATE to be issued to every Parson not being a Game Keeper.

No. Game Duty Certificate (D.)

By *A. B.* Clerk to the Commissioners sitting in the Execution of the Acts for Affixed Taxes for the Division of *L.* in the County of *Z.*

RECEIVED from *C. D.* residing in the Parish [or, Township] of [see name the Parish or Township] in the said County [in Exchange for this Certificate], a Receipt under the Hand of *G. H.* one of the Collectors of Affixed Taxes for the said Parish [or, Township] of [see name the Parish or Township] for the Sum of Three Pounds Thirteen Shillings and Six pence Sterling for the Game Duty, chargeable upon the said *C. D.* in his own Right, throughout Great Britain. Given in pursuance of Acts passed in the Forty eighth and Fifty second Years of the Reign of George the Third, and certified the Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____

This Certificate will expire on the Fifth Day of April next.

(Signed)

Clerk.

C A P. XXIV.

An Act for granting to His Majesty additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain on Glass, Hides, and Tobacco and Snuff.

[9th July 1812.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty's Public Expenses, and making a permanent Addition to the Public Revenue, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the several additional Rates and Duties of Excise herein respectively mentioned; and do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid throughout Great Britain, in and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon the several Goods, Wares, Merchandise and Commodities mentioned and described in the Schedules marked (A.) and (B.) respectively hereunto annexed, the several Sums of Money and Duties of Excise as they are respectively inferred, described and set forth in the said Schedules, and that there shall be made, allowed and paid for or in respect of Goods, Wares, Merchandise and Commodities for or in respect whereof any Duty of Excise is by this Act imposed to the several Purposes aforesaid to the same, the several Drawbacks of Excise as the same are also respectively inferred, described and set forth in the Schedule marked (C.) hereunto annexed, and also all such special Allowances as are particularly inserted by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at and immediately before the passing of this Act, and the same respectively shall commence and take Effect from the respective Days or Days mentioned in the said Schedules, in cases where any special Date or Dates is or are inserted therein, and in cases where no such Date is inserted, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

II. And be it further enacted, That such of the Duties of Excise by this Act imposed, as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being.

III. And be it further enacted, That the several and respective Duties by this Act imposed shall be accounted for, allowed off, paid, certified and discharged by the Parson or Persecutor liable to the accounting for, clearing off, Payment, Satisfaction or Discharge thereof, at such time and times, and in such manner as the Duties of Excise chargeable upon the like Goods, Wares, Merchandise and Commodities respectively, or upon any Person for or in respect thereof, upon any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act to be accounted for, allowed off, paid, certified or discharged; and except that, until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, in line and instead of Persons who shall make or cause to be made Glass in London, or within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, paying and clearing off the additional Duties by this Act imposed, for or in respect of Glass made in Great Britain, or of the Materials or Mould or other Preparations made use of in Great Britain in the making of Ware Glass or of Common Bottles, within Four Weeks, such Persons respectively shall pay and clear off the same within Eight Weeks; and in line and instead of Persons who shall make or cause to be made Glass in any other Part of

Great Britain, paying and clearing off such additional Duties within Six Weeks, each Person respectively shall pay and clear off the same within Twelve Weeks after he, she or they respectively shall make or ought to have made such Entry as is required by the Laws in force, immediately before the passing of this Act, under the Penalties by the said Acts or any of them in that Behalf provided; save also and except that, certified upon the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, in and in behalf of Tanners of Hides and Skins within the Cities of London and Newcastle, and the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, paying, clearing off and discharging the additional Duties by this Act imposed, for or in respect of Hides and Skins, and Parts and Pieces of Hides and Skins tanned in Great Britain, within Fourteen Days, each Towner respectively shall pay, clear off and discharge the same within Four Weeks; and in and in behalf of Tanners in other Parts of Great Britain, paying, clearing off and discharging such additional Duties within Six Weeks, each Towner respectively shall pay, clear off and discharge within Twelve Weeks after each Hide and Skin respectively shall be marked and stamped as by the Laws in force immediately before the passing of this Act, under the Penalties by the said Acts or any of them in that Behalf provided.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where Duties are imposed or Drawbacks allowed by this Act on any specific Quantity of Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities, the same shall in every case be understood and deemed and taken to apply in the same Proportions and after the same Rate to any greater or less Quantity than such specific Quantity.

V. And whereas Commissions or Agreements may have been made before the passing of this Act by Makers or Manufacturers of or Dealers in the respective Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities, upon which additional Duties are by this Act imposed, for such Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities respectively to be delivered after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, be it therefore enacted, That such Makers, Manufacturers or Dealers delivering such Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities respectively, after the Day and Year last aforesaid, in pursuance of such Commissions or Agreements, shall be allowed to add to such Money as will be equivalent to the Duties by this Act imposed for or in respect of such Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities respectively, to the Price thereof, and shall be entitled by virtue of this Act to be paid for the same accordingly.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said several Sums of Money respectively inserted, described and set forth in the said Schedules hereto annexed marked (A.) and (B.) respectively, as the Duties of Excise in the Drawbacks of the Duties of Excise for forth in the said Schedule marked (C.) upon the several and respective Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities inserted therein, shall and may be respectively raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid, recovered, adjudged, mitigated and allowed in such and the like manner, and in or by any manner of the good or special Means, Ways or Methods by which the former Duties respectively and Drawbacks of Duties of Excise respectively upon Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities of the same Sorts or Kinds respectively were or might be raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid, recovered, adjudged, mitigated or allowed, and the Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities in or by this Act respectively made liable to the Payment of or chargeable with Duties of Excise, or entitled to Drawbacks of Duties of Excise as aforesaid inserted, described and set forth in the said Schedules hereto annexed, shall be and the same are hereby made subject to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Particulars to which Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities in general, and also to all and every the special Customs, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Particulars respectively, to which the like Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities respectively were subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, relating to the Duties of Excise; and all and every Pains, Penalties, Fines or Forfeitures of any nature or kind whatever for any Offence whatsoever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, made for levying the Revenue of Excise or for the Regulation and Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend to and shall be respectively applied, provided and put in Execution for and in respect of the several Duties of Excise and Drawbacks of Duties of Excise hereby charged and allowed, in as full and ample a manner to all Intents and Purposes whatever, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Penalties, or Forfeitures were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

VII. And whereas by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing an Act passed in the Fifth Year of King James the First, intitled An Act concerning Tanners, Curriers, Shoemakers and other Artificers concerning the setting of Leather; and also for repealing and amending certain Parts of several other Acts of Parliament relating thereto*, it is enacted, that no Person or Persons along the Trade or Business of tanning of Leather by himself or herself, or by any other Person or Persons, shall, during the time that he, she or they shall be in or carry on the said Trade or Business of Tanning, viz. occupy or in any manner carry on the Trade or Business of a Shoemaker, Currier, Leather Cutter or other Artificer exercising the setting or soaking of Leather, upon Pain of Forfeiture and loss of all and every such Hide and Hides, Skin and Skins, to be by him, her or them, or any of them, wrought or tanned, during the time he, she or they shall be in the Trade or Business of Tanning, or the said Value thereof, to any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt or on the Case, or by Bill, Suit or Information, together with Costs of Suit; And whereas the said recited Statute is intended to advance the good Purposes therein intended, it is therefore expedient to insert the further Penalty hereunto mentioned; Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, if any Person or Persons along or carrying on the Trade or Business of tanning of Leather, by himself, herself or themselves, or by any other Person or Persons, shall by himself, herself or themselves, or by any other Person or Persons during the

LAWES

Duties and Drawbacks to be assessed on less Quantity.

Duties added to Prices fixed by Contract for Goods delivered after July 30 1812.

Duties levied on former Duties of Excise on the same Articles.

48 G. 3. c. 10

13

TANNER 2007, by in Internet at Alexander, Va.

100

time that he, she, or they shall so use or carry on the Trade or Business of Tanning, Skinning, or any manner carry on the Trade or Business of a Shoemaker, Currier, Leather Goods, or any Artisan, involving the cutting or working of Leather, the Pelter or Packer of offending Hides, and besides the said retained Penalty by the said Act imposed, forfeit and lose the further Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be paid for, recovered, levied and impounded as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture as or may be lawfully for, recovered, levied, or impounded by any Law or Laws of Great Britain, or by Act(s) of Debs, Eds, Pleas or Informations, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer at Edinburgh; and that One Month thereof shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

Dates of the
Enquiries.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising by the Dates by this Act imposed, the necessary Charges of rating and assessing for the same excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and the said Monies be paid into the Receipt of Exchequer as aforesaid, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

Expense of
Duties of
Ports for 10
Years.

Act 2 c. 10.

IX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury now or for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, shall for the Period of Ten Years from the Commencement of this Act cause a separate and distinct Account of the additional Duties granted by this Act to be prepared and annually laid before Parliament pursuant to an Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for directing certain Public Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, and for determining certain other Parts of Account same in*; and the Monies arising from the said additional Duties shall be devoted a permanent Increase to the Public Revenue of Great Britain, for the Purpose of defraying any increased Charge occasioned by any Loan made or Stock created by Authority of any Act of Parliament passed or to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

Act altered, &c.

X. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

| | Pounds | | |
|---|--------|----|----|
| | £ | s. | d. |
| GLASS. | | | |
| For every Hundred Weight of Flat Glass and of Plate Glass respectively which shall be made in Great Britain | 2 | 9 | 0 |
| For every Hundred Weight of Spiced Window Glass, commonly called or known by the Name of Broad Glass, which shall be made in Great Britain | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| For every Hundred Weight of all other Window Glass not being Spiced Glass, whether flatted or otherwise, manufactured and commonly called or known by the Name of Crown Glass or German Sheet Glass, which shall be made in Great Britain | 1 | 16 | 9 |
| For every Hundred Weight of Materials or Metal, or other Preparations unknown, by what Name (under the same are or may be called or known, that shall be made use of in Great Britain in the making of Glass, the following Sums respectively, that unto by: | 1 | 9 | 0 |
| And in the making of Common Bottles, the same not being Phials, and of Vessels made use of in Chemical Laboratories, and of Garden Glasses, and of all other Vessels and Utensils made of Common Bottle Metal | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| For every Hundred Weight of Fine Glass, and of all other Glass Manufactures which shall be imported from Parts beyond the Seas into Great Britain, the same not being Flasks in which Wine or Oil shall or may be imported, nor Foreign Green Glass Bottles, nor Irish Glass or Glass Manufactures imported directly from Ireland | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| HIDES AND SKINS. | | | |
| For every Pound Weight Anhydrous of Hides of what Kind (except, and of Calf Skins, Kips, Hog Skins, Dog Skins and Seal Skins, which shall be tanned in Great Britain, and of Sheep Skins and Lamb Skins, which shall be tanned in Great Britain, for Gloves and Bags) | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| For every Dozen of Goat Skins tanned with Stomach or otherwise in Great Britain to零售, Spanish Leather | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| For every Dozen of Sheep Skins tanned for Russia, being also the Natives of Spanish Leather, in Great Britain | 0 | 9 | 3 |
| For every Pound Weight Anhydrous of all other Skins, and of all Parts and Pieces of Hides and Skins which shall be tanned in Great Britain, not heretofore particularly charged | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| For and upon all Hides of Horses, Mares and Geldings, which shall be dressed in Alum and Salt or Meat, or otherwise tanned in Great Britain, for every such Hide | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| For and upon all Hides of Steers and Cows, or any other Hides, of what Kind (except, those of Horses, Mares and Geldings) excepted, which shall be dressed in Alum and Salt, or Meat, or otherwise tanned in Great Britain, for every such Hide | 0 | 3 | 0 |

For

| SCHEDULE (A.) | | Duties |
|---|---|--------|
| Hides and Skins.—continued. | | |
| For every Pound Weight of American and of Cuban Skins, Kips and Seal Skins, which shall be so dressed in Alliance and Salt, or Mess, or otherwise tanned in Great Britain | £ | 0 1 1 |
| For every Dozen of Shag Cabe Skins, which shall be so dressed in Alliance and Salt, or Mess, or otherwise tanned in Great Britain with the Hair on | 0 | 3 0 |
| For every Dozen of Shag Cabe Skins, which shall be so dressed or tanned without Hair, and every Dozen of Dog Skins and of Kid Skins which shall be tanned as aforesaid in Great Britain | 0 | 1 0 |
| For every Pound Weight of Antelope's of Buck and Doe Skins which shall be so dressed in Alliance and Salt, or Mess, or otherwise tanned in Great Britain | 0 | 0 6 |
| For every Dozen of Goat Skins and of Beaver Skins which shall be so dressed in Alliance and Salt, or Mess, or otherwise tanned in Great Britain | 0 | 3 0 |
| For every Pound Weight of Antelope's of Sheep Skins and Lamb Skins which shall be so dressed in Alliance and Salt, or Mess, or otherwise tanned in Great Britain | 0 | 0 14 |
| For every Pound Weight of Antelope's of all other Skins, and of all Parts and Pieces of Hides and Skins, which shall be so dressed in Alliance and Salt, or Mess, or otherwise tanned in Great Britain, not heretofore particularly charged | 0 | 0 6 |
| For every Pound Weight of Antelope's of all Sheep and Lamb Skins which shall be dressed in Oil in Great Britain | 0 | 0 3 |
| For every Pound Weight of Antelope's of all other Skins, and of all Parts and Pieces of Skins which shall be dressed in Oil in Great Britain | 0 | 0 6 |
| For every Dozen of Vellum which shall be made in Great Britain | 0 | 3 6 |
| For every Dozen of Parchment which shall be made in Great Britain | 0 | 1 9 |
| TOBACCO AND SNUFF. | | |
| For every Pound Weight of Tobacco of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the Plantations or Dominions of Spain or Portugal imported into Great Britain | 0 | 0 48 |
| For every Pound Weight of Tobacco of the Growth or Production of His Majesty's Colonies, Plantations, Islands or Territories in America, or of the United States of America, imported into Great Britain | 0 | 0 3 |
| For every Pound Weight of Tobacco of the Growth or Production of any of the Territories or Dominions of the Emperor of Russia, or of the Ottoman or Turkish Empire, imported into Great Britain | 0 | 0 3 |
| For every Pound Weight of Tobacco imported into Great Britain by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies | 0 | 0 3 |
| For every Pound Weight of Snuff imported into Great Britain by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies | 0 | 0 53 |
| For every Pound Weight of Snuff imported into Great Britain from any British Plantation in America, or from the Spanish West Indies | 0 | 0 24 |
| For every Pound Weight of Snuff imported into Great Britain from any other Place, not being Irish manufactured Snuff imported directly from Ireland | 0 | 0 24 |

SCHEDULE (B.)

COUNTERVAILING DUTIES OF EXCISE on certain Commodities imported from IRELAND into GREAT BRITAIN.

| GLASS. | | Duties |
|--|---|--------|
| For every Square Foot superficial Measure of Irish Plate Glass | £ | 0 1 1 |
| For every Hundred Weight of Irish Crowned or Plate Glass | 0 | 3 33 |
| For every Hundred Weight of Flat Glass and of Plate Glass respectively, which shall be made in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain | 3 | 5 3 |
| For every Hundred Weight of Spread Window Glass, commonly called or known by the Name of Board Glass, which shall be made in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain | 0 | 25 0 |
| For every Hundred Weight of all other Window Glass, not being Spread Glass, whether melted or otherwise manufactured, and commonly called or known by the Name of Crown Glass or German Sheet Glass, which shall be made in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain | 3 | 4 78 |

For

| SCHEDULE (B.) | Duties. |
|---|---------|
| <i>Glass—continued.</i> | |
| For every Hundred Weight of Vessels made use of in Chemical Laboratories, and of Garden Gables, and of all other Vessels or Utensils of Common Bottle Metal manufactured in Ireland, Common Bottles excepted | 4 6 0 |
| For every Hundred Weight of any Sort or Species of Irish Glass, not heretofore enumerated or described | 3 3 0 |
| Bottles of Common Green Glass the Dozen Quarts | 0 0 0 |
| LEATHER unmanufactured. | |
| For every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Hides, of what Kind soever, and of Calf Skins, Kips, Hog Skins, Dog Skins and Seal Skins, tanned in Ireland, and of Sheep Skins and Lamb Skins so tanned for Gloves and Buzils, which shall be imported in the whole Hide or Skin, and neither cut nor dismantled in any respect whatsoever | 0 0 1 |
| For every Dozen of Goat Skins tanned in Ireland to resemble Spanish Leather, and imported from thence into Great Britain | 0 4 0 |
| For every Dozen of Sheep Skins tanned in Ireland for Rouas, being after the Nature of Spanish Leather, and imported from thence into Great Britain | 0 2 3 |
| For every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of all other Hides or Skins not heretofore enumerated and described, and of all Pieces or Parts of Hides or Skins which shall be tanned in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain | 0 0 6 |
| For all Hides of Horks, Mares and Geldings which shall be dressed in Alum and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise tanned in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain, for each and every such Hide | 0 1 6 |
| For all Hides of Steers, Cows or any other Hides, of what Kind soever, (those of Horses, Mares and Geldings excepted) which shall be dressed in Alum and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise tanned in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain, for each and every such Hide | 0 3 0 |
| For every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of all Calf Skins, Kips and Seal Skins, which shall be so dressed in Alum and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise tanned in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain, in the whole Skin, neither cut nor dismantled in any respect whatsoever | 0 0 1 |
| For every Dozen of Sheep Calf Skins which shall be so dressed in Alum and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise tanned with the Hair on, in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain | 0 3 0 |
| For every Dozen of Sheep Calf Skins which shall be so dressed in Alum and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise tanned without Hair in Ireland; and for every Dozen of Dog Skins and Kid Skins which shall be dressed in Alum and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise tanned in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain | 0 1 0 |
| For every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Buck and Doe Skins which shall be dressed in Alum and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise tanned in Ireland, and which shall be imported from thence into Great Britain in the whole Skin, and neither cut nor dismantled in any respect whatsoever | 0 0 6 |
| For every Dozen of Goat Skins and Beaver Skins which shall be dressed in Alum and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise tanned in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain | 0 2 0 |
| For every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Sheep Skins and Lamb Skins which shall be dressed in Alum and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise tanned in Ireland, and which shall be imported from thence into Great Britain, in the whole Skin, and neither cut nor dismantled in any respect whatsoever | 0 0 1 |
| For every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of all other Hides and Skins not heretofore enumerated and described, and of all Pieces and Parts of Hides or Skins which shall be dressed in Alum and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise tanned in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain | 0 0 6 |
| For every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of all Sheep and Lamb Skins which shall be dressed in Oil in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain | 0 0 3 |
| For every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of all other Skins and Parts and Pieces of Skins which shall be dressed in Oil in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain | 0 0 6 |
| For every Dozen of Irish Vellum imported from Ireland into Great Britain | 0 3 6 |
| For every Dozen of Irish Parchment imported from Ireland into Great Britain | 0 1 6 |
| LEATHER manufactured into Goods and Wares. | |
| For every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of tanned Leather manufactured and actually made into Goodser Wares in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain | 0 0 1 |
| For every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Irish-made Boots and Shoes and Gloves, and other | |

Manufacturers

| SCHEDULE (B) | | Duties |
|---|--|--------|
| Leather manufactured — <i>see</i> end. | | 4 2 4 |
| Manufactures made of tanned or dressed Leather, and imported from Ireland into Great Britain | | 0 0 1 |
| For every Pound Weight Averdupois of all Sheep and Lamb Skins dressed in Oil, and manufactured into Goods or Wares in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain | | 0 0 3 |
| For every Pound Weight Averdupois of all other Skins not heretofore enumerated or described, dressed in Oil, and manufactured into Goods or Wares in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain | | 0 0 6 |
| TOBACCO AND SNUFF. | | |
| For every Pound Weight of unmanufactured Tobacco of the Growth or Produce of Ireland, imported from thence into Great Britain | | 0 0 2 |
| For every Pound Weight of Irish manufactured Short Cut Tobacco, or Tobacco manufactured into what is commonly called or known by the Name of Spanish, imported from Ireland into Great Britain | | 0 0 3 |
| For every Pound Weight of Irish manufactured Stag Tobacco imported from Ireland into Great Britain | | 0 0 3 |
| For every Pound Weight of Irish manufactured Roll Tobacco imported from Ireland into Great Britain | | 0 0 3 |
| For every Pound Weight of Irish manufactured Corral Tobacco imported from Ireland into Great Britain | | 0 0 3 |
| For every Pound Weight of every other Sort of Irish manufactured Tobacco not heretofore enumerated or described, imported from Ireland into Great Britain | | 0 0 3 |
| For every Pound Weight of Irish manufactured Rappee Snuff imported from Ireland into Great Britain | | 0 0 2½ |
| For every Pound Weight of Irish manufactured Scotch Snuff imported from Ireland into Great Britain | | 0 0 3½ |
| For every Pound Weight of Irish manufactured Brown Scotch Snuff imported from Ireland into Great Britain | | 0 0 4½ |
| For every Pound Weight of Irish manufactured Tobacco Stalk Flour imported from Ireland into Great Britain | | 0 0 3½ |
| For every Pound Weight of every other Sort or Kind of Irish manufactured Snuff or Snuff Work not heretofore enumerated or described, imported from Ireland into Great Britain | | 0 0 3½ |

SCHEDULE (C.)

DRAWBACKS.

| GLASS. | | Drawback. |
|---|-----|-----------|
| For every Square Foot Superficial Measure of Plate Glass made in Great Britain from Materials or Metal, or other Preparations for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid and duly exported as Merchandise to Foreign Parts | | 0 3 3½ |
| For every Hundred Weight of Flint Glass, and of Flial Glass respectively, which shall be made in Great Britain, and which shall be made in Ireland and imported from thence into Great Britain, and exported from thence to Foreign Parts | | 5 5 3 |
| For every Hundred Weight of Spread Window Glass, commonly called or known by the Name of Broad Glass, which shall be made in Great Britain, or made in Ireland and imported from thence into Great Britain, and exported from thence to Foreign Parts | | 0 15 0 |
| For every Hundred Weight of all other Window Glass, not being Spread Glass, whether flinted or otherwise manufactured, and commonly called or known by the Name of Crown Glass or Common Sheet Glass, which shall be made in Great Britain, or made in Ireland and imported from thence into Great Britain, and exported from thence to Foreign Parts | | 2 6 7 |
| For every Hundred Weight of Vessels made use of in Chemical Laboratories, and of Garden Glasses, and of all other Vessels or Utensils of Common Bottle Metal manufactured in Ireland, Common Bottles excepted | | 0 4 0½ |
| For every Hundred Weight of Common Bottles, not being Flials, and of Vessels made use of in Chemical Laboratories, and of Garden Glasses, and of all other Vessels or Utensils of Common Bottle Metal made in Great Britain, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof, shall have been paid and duly exported to Foreign Parts as Merchandise | | 0 4 0½ |
| 52 Geo. III. | 4 A | SHIDES |

| SCHEDULE (C) | | Duties. |
|--|--|---------|
| HIDES AND SKINS. | | |
| For all Hides and Calf Skins, Sheep and Lamb Skins, and Seal Skins tanned or tawed in Great Britain, and duly reticled or tawed or tawed in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported from Great Britain to Foreign Parts as Merchandise | | 0 0 0 |
| For every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Leather tanned in Great Britain, or tawed in Ireland and imported from thence into Great Britain, and chargeable by this Act, to pay a Duty by Weight, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be manufactured and actually made into Goods or Wares, and duly exported from Great Britain as Merchandise to Foreign Parts | | 0 0 3 |
| For every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Goat Skin tanned with Shoosach in Great Britain; and for every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Sheep Skins tanned in Great Britain for Russia, being of the Nature of Spanish Leather, and exported as Merchandise to Foreign Parts | | 0 0 3 |
| For every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Boots and Shoes made in Great Britain, or made in Ireland and imported from thence into Great Britain, of tanned Leather, and exported from Great Britain as Merchandise to Parts beyond the Seas other than Ireland | | 0 0 3 |
| For every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Boots, Shoes, Gloves or other Manufactures made in Great Britain, or made in Ireland and imported from thence into Great Britain, of any Kind of tawed Leather chargeable by this Act to pay a Duty by Weight, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported from Great Britain as Merchandise to Foreign Parts | | 0 0 3 |
| For every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of all Sheep and Lamb Skins dressed in Oil in Great Britain, or dressed in Oil in Ireland and imported from thence into Great Britain, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be manufactured and actually made into Goods or Wares, and duly exported from Great Britain as Merchandise to Foreign Parts | | 0 0 3 |
| For every Pound Weight of all other Skins dressed in Oil in Great Britain, or dressed in Oil in Ireland and imported from thence into Great Britain, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be manufactured and actually made into Goods or Wares, and duly exported from Great Britain as Merchandise to Foreign Parts | | 0 0 6 |
| For every Pound Weight of all other Skins except Lamb Skins, and of all Hides dressed in Oil in Great Britain, or dressed in Oil in Ireland and imported from thence into Great Britain, and duly marked for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be exported from Great Britain as Merchandise to Foreign Parts | | 0 0 6 |
| TOBACCO. | | |
| For every Pound Weight of Short Cut Tobacco manufactured at any of the Ports of Great Britain into which Tobacco may lawfully be imported, or within Two Miles thereof, from Tobacco for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and exported as Merchandise by the Manufacturer thereof from such Ports to Foreign Parts | | 0 0 10 |
| For every Pound Weight of Sheet Tobacco so manufactured and exported | | 0 0 10 |
| For every Pound Weight of Roll Tobacco so manufactured and exported | | 0 0 10 |
| For every Pound Weight of Curvet Tobacco so manufactured and exported | | 0 0 10 |

C A P. XCV.

An Act to amend and regulate the Assessment and Collection of the Assessed Taxes, and of the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland. (5th July 1812.)

WHEREAS it is expedient that certain of the Powers and Provisions contained in an Act, passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for consolidating certain of the Provisions contained in any Act or Acts relating to the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and for amending the said Acts, so far as the same relate to that Part of Great Britain called Scotland*; and also in another Act passed in the same Year, intitled *An Act for extending the several Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof*; for granting new Duties in certain cases therein mentioned; for extending the Duties of Excise on Licences, and on Carriages registered by Constables, and granting new Duties thereon, under the Management of the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and also new Duties on Persons selling Carriages by Auction, or on Commissions and also an Act, passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend in such of an Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for consolidating certain of the Provisions of the said Acts relating to the Duties in Scotland, under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, as relate to the Appointment of Assessors and Sub Collectors, and the Notices required to be delivered*

Altered in Part as follows to the said Duties; and also in an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the
Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until
the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates as I
Duties in Great Britain, on the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and
Offices, and for repealing an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the present Majesty, for repealing various
Parts of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Contribution to the Profits
arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions
of a Statute in that behalf made; and also in an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His said
Majesty, intitled, An Act for repealing the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof,
and various additional Duties to be collected thereon, and also for repealing the Stamp Duties on Gene
ral Estates, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof, to be placed under the Management of the Commissioners for the
Redemption of Taxes; and also in an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intitled,
An Act for altering the Assesses of certain Duties of Assessed Taxes granted by an Act passed in the Forty sixth
Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and for granting to His Majesty certain other Duties of Assessed Taxes,
as the said Statute therein is amended, and in any other Act relating to the Taxes to be paid by Assessment under
the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, should be amended in the Particulars here-
inafter mentioned; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by the
King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal,
and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after
the passing of this Act, the Sheriff Depuie and Sheriff Substitute, in each Shire or Stewartry in Scotland, shall
and are hereby directed and required, by virtue of their Offices aforesaid, without other Qualification or Re-
quirement, to sit as Commissioners in the Execution of the said recited Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of
the Reign of His present Majesty, and of all and every other Act or Acts relating to the Rates and Duties on
Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, in the Shire or Stewartry or District thereof
far which they are appointed Sheriff Depuie or Sheriff Substitute respectively, and shall not be liable to an-
swer as Peers or Forfeiture for selling therein as Commissioners without the Qualification required by the afore-
said Act; and each Sheriff Depuie and Sheriff Substitute shall have the same Powers, Jurisdiction, Pro-
ceedings and Authority, as are by the said last recited Act vested in the Commissioners named and appointed in
virtue of the Provisions therein contained: Provided always, that before they sit as Commissioners aforesaid,
they shall take the Oath or Oaths prescribed by the said last recited Act: And the Commissioners named and
appointed in the several Shires and Stewartries in Scotland, in virtue of the Provisions contained in the said last
recited Act, are hereby required and directed to meet as soon after the passing of this Act as conveniently may
be, at the time of which Meeting due Notice shall be given to the Sheriffs Depuie and Sheriffs Substitute of
the said respective Shires and Stewartries; and the said Sheriffs Depuie and Sheriffs Substitute are hereby re-
quired to give their Attendance at such Meeting, and to take the Oath or Oaths prescribed by the said Act
or Acts, which Oath or Oaths any One of the said Commissioners is hereby authorized to administer: Pro-
vided always, that if it shall so happen that any of the said Sheriffs Depuie or Substitute shall be prevented,
by Sickness or otherwise, from attending such Meeting so to be appointed as aforesaid, he or they may attend
at any future Meeting of the said Commissioners to take the Oath or Oaths as aforesaid.

1. And whereas, in order to render the Assessment and Collection of the different Duties in Scotland
under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, so far as relates to the Assessed Taxes,
more convenient and efficient, it is expedient to give Power and Authority to the Commissioners of Supply
in each County, Shire or Stewartry, to divide themselves into Districts as such Counties, Shires or Stewar-
tries, wherein a Division shall be practicable and expedient; which Division to be approved of after con-
sultation with the Justice of the Peace, and that it shall be lawful for the Governor of each County, Shire or Stewartry,
with the Advice and Consent of the Justice of the Peace, for the Sheriff Depuie or Substitute of such County, Shire or Stewartry,
and they are hereby respectively directed and required, as soon after the passing of this Act as conveniently may
be done, to convene a General Meeting of the said Commissioners of Supply, to be held within the
Place where such Meetings are usually held, upon a Day to be named in the said Statutes, and which Statutes
shall bear the special Purposes of such Meeting; and the said Commissioners, or as many of them as shall
be present at the said Meeting, or the major Part of them then and there present, taking into their Consideration
the Extent and Population of their respective Counties, Shires or Stewartries, and the Number of Persons
resident therein, convenient and capable of being so Commissioned aforesaid, are hereby authorized, and it
shall be lawful for them so to divide their respective Counties, Shires and Stewartries into such and so many
Districts or Divisions, as to them shall seem expedient for the Purpose of carrying into Effect the Purposes
of the said recited Acts respectively, according to the Provisions of this Act, and they are hereby required upon
each Division so aforesaid and let down in Writing the Names of the several Parties favoring each and every
such District or Division, and to appoint Commissioners to sit for every such District or Division, from amongst
those who shall be resident within or near unto each District: So that not less than Three several Commissioners
shall be so let down and appointed to, each and every such District respectively, exclusive of the Sheriff Depuie or
Substitute in such District, and the said Commissioners shall do every thing in their respective Districts con-
cerning the said Duties, as is intended and directed to be done by the Commissioners appointed by the Acts
before recited, so far as the want of such County, Shire or Stewartry: Provided always, that no more than
One Sheriff Substitute shall sit at any Meeting in any County, Shire or Stewartry, or any Division or District
thereof: And provided also, that the said Commissioners or any of them shall not be appointed from sitting as
Commissioners in any other Part of the County, Shire or Stewartry, in which they are appointed Commissioners
and the said Commissioners, where they shall live at each General Meeting divided the County, Shire or Stewartry

entry into *Districts* or *Divisions* as directed by this Act, are hereby required to send a Roll or List of the several Persons owning each such *District* or *Division*, and also a List of the Names of the Commissioners who are to act as such *District* or *Division*, to the King's Remembrancer of the Exchequer at *Whitehall*, who shall by the same before the Baron of Exchequer for their Approbation, and if approved of by them shall record the said List in his Office.

And in witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the Seal of Great Britain, this first Day of June, in the second Year of his Majesty King George the Third.

III. And be it further enacted, That, for the better Execution of the aforesaid Acts for granting Dues on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, passed in the Tenth sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in any County which shall be divided into *Districts* in pursuance of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners at their General Meeting, and they are hereby directed to appoint such Number of Commissioners duly qualified agreeably to the said last mentioned Acts, as shall seem to them necessary and expedient, not exceeding seven a one less than Three, (consistive of the said Sheriff's Deputy and Sheriff's Substitutes) in all or Execution of the said last mentioned Acts in each such *District* or *Division* within the said County, Man or Stewary, and also to appoint a like Number, as above mentioned, of Persons in qualified as aforesaid, to supply Vacancies arising in such *District* or *Subdivision* within each *Shire* or *Stewary*, in manner directed by the said last mentioned Acts, who respectively shall be Commissioners for executing the said Acts in each of their said respective *Districts*.

And in witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the Seal of Great Britain, this first Day of June, in the second Year of his Majesty King George the Third.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners empowered to act for the several Cities and Boroughs in England, to divide the same into *Districts* or *Divisions*, and to appoint such Commissioners to act for each *District* or *Division* as are by Law at present authorized to act therein, and to do every thing that the Commissioners of Supply for the several Counties and Boroughs are authorized to do by this Act with regard to *Divisions* of *Districts*, but subject always to the Approbation of the Baron of Exchequer as aforesaid, and under the same Regulations and Provisions herein contained; and each *District* Commissioners shall have the same Powers and Authority within their said several *Districts*, as heretofore granted to the Commissioners of *Districts* of Counties or Stewaries.

And in witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the Seal of Great Britain, this first Day of June, in the second Year of his Majesty King George the Third.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said respective Commissioners to hear and determine Appeals under the said recited Acts passed in the Tenth sixth, Twelfth eighth, Fourteenth eighth, and Fifteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, respecting and regarding the Names of *Assessed Taxes*, and this Act, in those respective *Districts* for which they are respectively Commissioners, at the time or times therein mentioned, and at such Places as to them shall seem expedient; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or the major Part of them present at the said Meetings to be held for any Term, to appoint and employ a Fit Person to be their Clerk within each *District*, to attend them on each Day appointed to hear and determine Appeals under the said Acts during that Term, and to yearly, and the said Clerk shall diligently receive all Appeals brought before the said Commissioners, with the Determinations of the Commissioners thereon, in a Book to be kept by him for that Purpose, and shall carefully send the Determinations or Judgments of the said Commissioners, with the Amount of the Sum allowed, if any Relief is given, upon the Petition or other Demand concerning the Review of Appeal.

And in witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the Seal of Great Britain, this first Day of June, in the second Year of his Majesty King George the Third.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Clerk shall, for his Trouble in attending the Commissioners on Appeals relative to the said *Assessed Taxes*, and their dispatching such Matters in shall be required of him, receive an Allowance not exceeding such Allowance as shall from time to time be certified to be proper by Two or more of the said Commissioners to the said Baron of Exchequer in England, who may nevertheless and they are hereby empowered to withdraw the same in whole or in part as they shall think reasonable, and to grant Warrant for Payment thereof; and each Clerk shall not under any Pretence whatsoever demand, receive or take any Fee, Gratuity or Reward, for any Matter or Thing to be done by him touching the said Appeals, from any Person or Persons, other than the Allowance to be granted to him as aforesaid, under the Penalty of Fifty Pounds.

And in witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the Seal of Great Britain, this first Day of June, in the second Year of his Majesty King George the Third.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners for each *District* or *Division* shall hold their Meeting at some City, Borough, Town or Place situated within the said *District* or *Division*, which shall be most suited and convenient; and they are hereby authorized and required annually to appoint One or more *Assessed* Persons to be Sub Collector or Sub Collectors of the Moneys which shall be assessed under the said Acts within their respective *Districts* or *Divisions*, which Sub Collectors for *Districts* or *Divisions* shall have Power and Authority to collect and receive from all and every Person or Persons within each *District* or *Division* for whom they are appointed, all and every the Sums of Money for which such Persons are assessed under the Authority of the before recited Acts, both as to Duties arising from the *Assessed Taxes*, and upon Profits from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices; and the said Sub Collectors shall pay over the said Sums to be received by them, without Delay, or at farthest on or before the Fifth Day of the next Month after receiving the said Duties, to the Collector of the same Duties respectively for the County, Stewary, City or Borough, within which each *District* or *Division*, or Part thereof, is situate; and the said Collector for the County, Stewary, City or Borough is hereby required to grant to each Sub Collector a Receipt for such Moneys, in Duplicate, *gr. &c.* and shall be in Charge for the Moneys so received; one Duplicate, of which Receipts the said Sub Collectors are hereby required immediately to transmit to the King's Remembrancer of Exchequer at *Whitehall*, and which Receipts shall not be liable to any Stamp Duty whatever; and for their Trouble in collecting and receiving such Sums, each such Collector shall have an Allowance of such a Part of the Net Arrears of the said *Assessed Taxes* as he shall think reasonable, and which Allowance to be made shall be paid to the several Sub Collectors by the Collector of the same Duties respectively for the respective Counties, Stewaries, Cities or Boroughs, upon an Order from the said Baron, one of the said Intendant's Sealings; and which said several Sub Collectors shall, before entering into the Execution of the said Office,

And in witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the Seal of Great Britain, this first Day of June, in the second Year of his Majesty King George the Third.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Clerk shall, for his Trouble in attending the Commissioners on Appeals relative to the said *Assessed Taxes*, and their dispatching such Matters in shall be required of him, receive an Allowance not exceeding such Allowance as shall from time to time be certified to be proper by Two or more of the said Commissioners to the said Baron of Exchequer in England, who may nevertheless and they are hereby empowered to withdraw the same in whole or in part as they shall think reasonable, and to grant Warrant for Payment thereof; and each Clerk shall not under any Pretence whatsoever demand, receive or take any Fee, Gratuity or Reward, for any Matter or Thing to be done by him touching the said Appeals, from any Person or Persons, other than the Allowance to be granted to him as aforesaid, under the Penalty of Fifty Pounds.

And in witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the Seal of Great Britain, this first Day of June, in the second Year of his Majesty King George the Third.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Clerk shall, for his Trouble in attending the Commissioners on Appeals relative to the said *Assessed Taxes*, and their dispatching such Matters in shall be required of him, receive an Allowance not exceeding such Allowance as shall from time to time be certified to be proper by Two or more of the said Commissioners to the said Baron of Exchequer in England, who may nevertheless and they are hereby empowered to withdraw the same in whole or in part as they shall think reasonable, and to grant Warrant for Payment thereof; and each Clerk shall not under any Pretence whatsoever demand, receive or take any Fee, Gratuity or Reward, for any Matter or Thing to be done by him touching the said Appeals, from any Person or Persons, other than the Allowance to be granted to him as aforesaid, under the Penalty of Fifty Pounds.

and before he shall receive any Money on the said Duties, excises, Tolls, and any other thing in profit here-
required to be done by the said recited Acts, by the Collector for the County, Shire, Stewartry, City or Bur-
rough, so far as respects the Duties or Duties in which he or they shall be appointed Sub Collector or Sub
Collectors.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Commissioners appointed at any General Meeting held
for any County, Shire or Stewartry in Scotland, shall come to a Resolution, it shall be lawful for them, without
any Assent from the Governor or Sheriff as aforesaid, to divide such County, Shire or Stewartry into
Districts or Divisions, and to appoint Commissioners to act for such Districts or Divisions, and to do every thing
which they might have done or are authorized to do by the Act when such Meeting is specially summoned by
the Governor or Sheriff as aforesaid directed.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Duties in Arrear at the time when the said Com-
missioners, Shires, Stewartries, Cities or Boroughs, shall be first divided into Districts or Divisions in pursuance of
this Act, may be collected by the respective Collectors of the same Duties respectively for each County,
Shire, Stewartry, City or Borough; and the Commissioners for the respective Counties, Shires, Stewartries,
Cities and Boroughs in large may act in all Matters relating to such Arrears of Duties, as if no Division had
taken place, until the said Commissioners shall be of Opinion that the same should, and shall direct the same to
be collected by the Collectors of Districts, under the Control and Superintendance of the District Com-
missioners.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Failure shall happen on the Part of the Commissioners aforesaid
for any County, Shire, Stewartry, City or Borough in Scotland, to meet and divide their respective Counties,
Shires, Stewartries, Cities or Boroughs, into Districts or Divisions as aforesaid directed, and at the
times heretofore mentioned, it shall be lawful for the Burghs of the Kingdom in Scotland, if they think fit
proper and expedient, upon taking into their Consideration the Extent and Population of such County, Shire,
Stewartry, City or Borough, and of the Number of Persons resident therein, unincorporated and capable of acting
as Commissioners aforesaid, forthwith to cause such County, Shire, Stewartry, City or Borough, to be divided
into such and so many Districts and Divisions as to them shall seem expedient for the Purpose of carrying into
Effect the Purposes of this Act, and to fix and ascertain the Names of the Persons bearing such and every
such District or Division, and appoint Commissioners, Sub Collectors and Clerks, in the same manner and
under the same Regulations and Provisions as are heretofore enacted.

XI. And whereas, in the said Part of Great Britain called Scotland certain Burghs, Towns and Villages
in the Collection of the said Duties have been used to send, from the proper Mode of giving the Masters of
the said Burghs, which by the said recited Acts shall be given to the Parties charged with the said several Du-
ties; Be it therefore enacted, That the several Surveyors appointed under the Authority of the aforesaid
Acts shall and they are hereby required and required, on or before the First Day of November in each Year,
to deliver to the Persons charged with their respective Districts, either personally or at the Place of their last
Abode, or on the Premises charged with the said Burghs, of the said Burgh, a Note of the several Duties
for which such Person or Persons is or are allowed, and which Nature shall specify the Time and Place when
and where the said Duties are to be paid, and shall also specify within what time all such Person or Persons
who may consider themselves aggrieved by the said Affidavit may appeal to the said Commissioners for Re-
lief, agreeably to the Regulation in the said recited Acts in that behalf intended provided.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the several Clerks appointed under the Authority of the said recited
Acts, paid in the Fifth sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, imposing certain Rates and Duties
anding from Profits on Property, Possessions, Trades and Offices, shall and they are hereby authorized and
required, within Six Days after the Affidavit for the Year shall be made up for any District, to deliver to the
Affidavit of such District, appointed by the Commissioners acting under the said last recited Act, a Copy
under their Hands of the said Affidavit for such District, such an Order thereon for such Affidavit delivering
a Note of the Sum charged to the Parties charged therewith, either personally or at the Place of their last
Abode, or on the Premises charged with the Affidavit, as the said may require, and which Note shall specify
the Time and Place when and where the Duties to be charged are to be paid, and shall also specify within what
time all such Person or Persons, if they consider themselves aggrieved by such Charge or Affidavit, appeal for
Relief to the said Commissioners acting under the said recited Act, agreeably to the Regulation of the Statute
in that behalf made and provided; and the Affidavit on whom such Copy and Order shall be delivered, shall,
within Fourteen Days after Receipt thereof, make Notification as aforesaid directed, and return the said
Copy to the Clerks from whom he received the same, with a Certificate upon Oath before One of the Com-
missioners aforesaid, that he did notify the said Burgh in the manner prescribed by this Act.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons shall not pay the several Sum or Sums
charged upon him, her or them, by any Act or Acts hereto enacted, according to the Directions contained in
such Act or Acts as by the said Act, it shall be lawful to and for any Two of the Commissioners aforesaid for any
shire, Stewartry, City, Borough or District thereof respectively, or for the Sheriff Depute or Substitute for
such Shire or Stewartry, and they are hereby required respectively, under the Penalty of Two Pence Sterling,
upon Certificate made to them or either of them by the Sub Collector or Sub Collectors that such Duties are
owing and not duly paid, to issue and grant Warrants or Warrants, under their Hands for the said Sub Collector
recovering the said Duties, by seizing and distraining the Goods and Effects of any Person or Persons men-
tioned in such Certificate, and who shall not have paid the same thereby notified upon him, her or them; which
Warrant shall be executed by the Constables or Sheriff Officers of the County, Shire, Stewartry, City or
Borough, by seizing and distraining the Goods and Effects belonging to such Person or Persons in or upon
the said Duties become in Arrear; and the Goods and Effects so seized and distrained shall be detained and
kept on the Ground or at the Place where the same were seized or distrained, or in such other Place, or
whichever

Commissioners
to pay duties
Acted, for the
Districts or
General Meet-
ing, without
Assent from the
Governor
Assent from the
Governor or Sheriff
and Districts
collected by
former Collector

General Burghs
shall be made
and divide
Part, the
Burghs of the
do give may,
and to appoint
Com collectors
for the said
Districts, &c.

Shires are to
leave the rest of
Affidavits
under their
Hands

Clerks to deliver
to the Parties
charged with the
said Burghs of
Affidavits,
of Oath for
the said Burghs
shall, &c.

Act to be
made, &c.

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Penalty.

who shall be chosen Pleas and Notary, near to the said Court or Heald, as the Officer or Constable in pointing and distraining, persons shall think proper, by the Space of Four Days, during which time the said Goods and Effects, and Cattle, in the Custody of the said Officer or Constable, shall be the Payment of the said Levy in Arrear, and to the Cattle to be paid to the Officer or Constable who pointed the same, as hereafter directed, within the Space from when the same were pointed and distrained shall redeem the same within the said Space of Four Days by Payment of the said Duties in Arrear and Cattle to the Officer or Constable, to be killed to the same manner as if the said Goods and Effects had been sold to hereinafter directed.

XIV. And he is further enacted, That the Goods and Effects so pointed or distrained shall, after the Expiration of the said Four Days, be valued and appraised by any Two Persons to be appointed by the Officer or Constable, (which Two Persons shall be obliged to value the same, under the Penalty of Forty Shillings Sterling for each Neglect or Default) and shall be sold and disposed of at a Sale not less than the Value, by the Officer or Constable who does point the same, and the Value to be applied in the First Place to the Satisfaction and Payment of the Duties owing by the Parties whose Goods are so pointed, and in the Second Place to the Payment for the Trouble of the Officer or Constable in pointing, at the Rate of Two Shillings per Pound of the Duties for which the Goods shall be so pointed and distrained, unless the Owner from whom the same were pointed or distrained shall redeem the same by Payment of the appraised Value, within the Space of Four Days after the Valuation, to the Officer who pointed the same; and in case any Surplus shall remain of the Price or Value, after Payment of the said Duties, and after Payment of what is allowed to be retained by the Officer or Constable in manner herein directed, such Surplus shall be returned to the Owner from whom the Goods were pointed or distrained; and in case no Particular disappear at the said Sale, then the said Goods and Effects so pointed and distrained shall be consigned and lodged in the Hands of the Sheriff Deputy of the County, or his Substitute, and if not redeemed by the Owner within the Space of Four Days after the Consignment, in the Hands of the said Sheriff Deputy or Substitute, that the same shall be seized, sold and disposed of, by Order of the Sheriff, in such manner and at such Time and Place as he shall appear, he always being liable to the Payment of the Duties to the said Sheriff Collector, and to Payment to the Officer or Constable who shall have pointed and distrained the same, for their Trouble and Expence as before stated, and to the Fees due to the Officer or Constable, and shall be in the Third Place entitled to One Shilling per Pound of the Value of the Goods so disposed of, for his own Fees and Trouble, after Preference and Allowance of the said Duties, and of what is appointed to be paid to the Officer or Constable for their Trouble; and that there hereinto shall be allowed to the Officer or Constable in pointing and distraining, the Expence of preferring the said Goods and Effects, and of maintaining the Cattle, if there should happen to be any among the Goods and Effects so pointed and distrained, from the time of pointing and distraining the same, during the Period allowed to the Owner to redeem them, and also the Expence of the Sale; and in this manner the Expence shall be allowed to the Sheriff, for preferring and maintaining the Goods or Cattle pointed and distrained, during the Period that the Owner is allowed to redeem after Consignment in his Hands, and until the Sale thereof, and also the Expence of the Sale; and where no Goods or Effects sufficient for Payment of the said Duties can be found to be so pointed and distrained, and the Parties liable shall neglect or refuse to pay the same, in every such case any One of the Commissioners aforesaid, or the Sheriff Deputy or Substitute, shall be and is hereby authorized and required, under his Hand, to commit such Parties to the Common Goal, there to be kept without Bail until Payment shall be made.

XV. And he is further enacted, That every Collector and Collectress of the said several Duties, now appointed or hereafter to be appointed as aforesaid, or owner the said several Duties for any Shire, Stragwary, City or Borough in England, whereof the said several Duties or any Part thereof shall be taking and unpaid to the said Collector or Collectress on the First Day of August next ensuing the passing of this Act, shall within Thirty Days after the passing of this Act, and they respectively are hereby required to transmit to the King's Remembrancer of the Exchequer at Whitehall, a List or Schedule, containing the Names, Surnames and Places of Abode, of every Person in Arrear for the said Duties, together with the Sums due and owing by every such Person respectively, distinguishing the Year and Term in which the said Duties in Arrear were assessed, and the Day or Days when the same respectively became due, which List or Schedule being verified upon Oath in the manner hereinafter directed with respect to Arrears accruing in any Year now to come, shall be laid before the said Remembrancer like manner as it else hereinafter directed with respect to future Arrears, who may at their Discretion direct the said Arrears to be listed and paid in His Majesty and under the His Majesty's Power in the said Bureau are hereinafter empowered to cause the said future Arrears to be listed and paid.

XVI. And he is further enacted, That every Collector or Collectress of the said several Rates and Duties for the Shires and Stragwarys, Cities and Boroughs, or Districts thereof, shall and they are hereby required respectively under the Penalty of Twenty Pounds Sterling, on or before the First Day of August in each Year, or within Ten Days thereafter, to transmit to the King's Remembrancer of the Exchequer at Whitehall, a List or Schedule containing the Names, Surnames and Places of Abode of every Person in Arrear for the said Duties, together with the Sums due and owing by every such Person respectively for the Year preceding the said First Day of August in each Year as aforesaid; and which List or Schedule shall be verified upon Oath before the Sheriff Deputy or Substitute of the Shire or Stragwary, or before the Chief Magistrate of the City or Borough for which he or she is or are Collector or Collectress of the said several Duties; and the King's Remembrancer aforesaid shall, immediately upon receiving the said List or Schedule, lay the same before the said Bureau, or any One of them, who are or is hereby authorized and empowered, if he or they shall judge it expedient, to give his or their Order to the said several Commissioners of the same Shire, Stragwary, City or Borough or District thereof, to levy the Arrear or any Part thereof in the said List or Schedule contained,

and Triple Duties by Distills in the way and manner directed by the said recited Act passed in the Tenth third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty: Provided always, that the Barons or Barons of each such Order in the said Commissions to levy by Distills, may, if he or they think fit, withhold the Penalty of the Triple Duties to a Maltster or other smaller Part thereof; and the Warrant of the Commissioners to be issued thereupon to the Collector or Collectors shall name the Order of the Barons, and be issued for the Duties unpaid, and for the Triple Duties, or the Maltster or other smaller Part of the Triple Duties, as in said Order, and for the C. R., as directed by this Act.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That every Collector or Collector of the aforesaid Rates and Duties for the said Shires, Stewartries, Cities and Boroughs or Districts thereof, shall on or before the Twelfth Day of November in each Year (under the Penalty of Twenty Pounds Sterling) make up and transmit to the King's Remembrancer of the Exchequer at Edinburgh, an Account of all Sums which may have been levied and received by them under the Authority of the Order of the said Barons or any One of them as aforesaid; and which shall not have been paid over to the Collector of the said Duties respectively, for the same Shire, Stewartry, City or Borough, or to the Receiver General at Edinburgh; and also an Account of all such Sums as have been paid over by him or them to the said Receiver General; which Account shall be verified upon Oath before the Sheriff Deputy or Stewards Deputy of the Shire or Stewartry, or before the Chief Magistrate of the City or Borough for which he or they is or are Collector or Collectors of the said several Duties; and the King's Remembrancer shall, in case as aforesaid may be aforesaid, the Receipt thereof, for the same before the said Barons, who shall consider the same, and send the Account then referring with the said Collector or any of them, to be paid over to the Receiver General at Edinburgh, or his Deputy or Deputies, who shall receive and pay the same into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Duties aforesaid in Scotland shall not be paid to the Receiver General by virtue of any Failure of the Collection, either in the Performance of his Duty, or in not paying over the Money received by him according to the Direction of this and the said recited Acts or any of them, and any Deficiency shall remain after Deduction paid against such Collector or his Surety or Sureties, or in case of Death, against his Executors or Administrators, then and in such case a Bill be lawful for the said Barons, and they are hereby authorized and required to issue their Order to the Commissioners, or to the Surveyor or Surveyors of the District, requiring them to create the deficient Sum to be re-assessed within the said Shire, Stewartry, City or Borough or District thereof as aforesaid, where such Failure has happened, in case as the same can be done since the Assent of such Deficiency is aforesaid, upon their Petition (submitted to the Payment of the like Duties in the Year when the Re-assessment shall be made, by duly appearing to the Assent of such Deficiency amongst them, according to such Petition aforesaid, as near as the said will admit, and by the Rules and Modes by which the original Assessments were made of the Duties aforesaid in that Year; which Sum to be re-assessed shall be levied and collected in such manner as the said Barons may be advised and directed in that behalf.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all competent and legal Process of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, whether by Warrant or otherwise, directed by the before recited Statute passed in the Tenth third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, to issue upon Bonds granted by Collectors and their Sureties, for the faithful Performance of their Duty, and the duly paying over the several Duties collected by them to the Receiver General at Edinburgh, or his Deputy or Deputies, or by such Collection committed under the Authority of this Act, for the faithful Performance of their Duty, and for their duly paying over the Duties collected by them to the Collector of the same Duties respectively; may also in the Name of the said Receiver General at Edinburgh for the same being, or his Deputy or Deputies.

XX. And be it further enacted, That every Auctioneer or Seller by Commission, being by Auction in Scotland any Goods or Effects whatsoever by any Mode of Sale at Auction, shall, at least Three Days before he, or they do by any such Sale by way of Auction, deliver or cause to be delivered to the Collector of the said Duties respectively within whose District such Sale is intended to be, a Notice in Writing, signed by such Auctioneer or Seller by Auction, (specifying therein the particular Day when such Sale is to begin, and the Name and Residence of the Person or Persons, with his or their Place of Residence, whose Goods and Effects are to be sold; and if any such Auctioneer or Seller by Auction shall propose to sell any such Goods and Effects by way of Auction, without delivering the Notice hereunto required to be delivered, every such Auctioneer or Person selling by Auction, offending therein, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds Sterling.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That no Order or Certificate made or granted by the Commissioners appointed for the Enforcement of the said recited Act passed in the Tenth third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for Payment of the Penalties allowed by Law to the Clerk of the said Commissioners, or to his Assistant, or to any Officer of the said Duties, shall be valid or of effect, unless the Order of the Barons of Exchequer in Scotland be obtained thereunto; and it shall be in the Power of the said Barons, by their said Order, to withhold the Allowance of such Penalties or such Part thereof, in case of any culpable Neglect, Omission or Delay in the said Clerk or Assistant Clerk, or Officer, of the Enforcement of his or their respective Duties, as to the said Barons, or full Consideration of the said, shall appear just and proper; and in the Event of the Suspension or Dismissal of any such Clerk or Assistant or Officer from the respective Offices by the said Barons, it shall be lawful for and in the Power of the said Barons to nominate and appoint any Person or Persons to do the Duty of the said several Offices, in the Place or stead of such Person or Persons in Suspension or dismissed, until the said Commissioners shall nominate and appoint a fit Person or Persons to perform the several Duties of the said Offices, as empowered or required by the said recited Act; and the Person or Persons to be

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4 34.

For the 10th to the 12th of the month of November in each year to be made up of the 12th of the month of November.

And every of the Duties shall be in the Name of the Collector or Collectors, as directed by the Order of the Barons or of the Receiver General.

Provided that, in the case of the Barons of Exchequer in Scotland.

And the same shall be in the Name of the Collector or Collectors of the said Duties.

Penalty.

No Penalties shall be allowed to the Clerk of the said Commissioners, or to his Assistant, or to any Officer of the said Duties.

be appointed by the said Baron shall be entitled to the several Allowances authorized by Law to be made to the respective Clerks as follows.

Who Collects, may
Cl. is to hold
more than one
Office.

XXII. And he is further enacted, That no Clerk or Assistant Clerk, or Collector, acting as such by the Authority of the said Act received Act or this Act, shall on any Pretence whatsoever, directly or indirectly, hold or enjoy, or exercise, or be entitled to the whole or any Part of the Emoluments, more than one, of the said Stations of Clerk or Assistant Clerk, or Collector, under the said Act; and if any Clerk or Assistant Clerk, or Collector, shall do to the contrary, he or they shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds Sterling, and further be rendered incapable of again acting as Clerk or Clerk's Assistant, or Collector, in the Execution of the said Act, or of any other Act granting Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes.

Rules and Regu-
lations of that
nature have.

XXIII. And he is further enacted, That all Rules, Regulations, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the said several Acts, in so far as the same are applicable, and are not hereby altered or varied, shall be in force in substance to this Act, and shall be construed herewith in all respects, as if the same were inserted herein and formed a Part thereof.

Provision of
Penalties.

XXIV. And he is further enacted, That all penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act shall and may be sued for, recovered and applied, in such Manner and Form as is directed by the said several Acts respectively in regard to the respective Penalties and Forfeitures thereby imposed.

All altered, &c.

XXV. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That this Act, or any of the Provisions thereof, may be amended, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XCVI.

An Act for applying the Assessment of the Boonmen on certain Licenses exported from Great Britain towards defraying the Charge of the Loan made and Stock created on the present Session of Par-
liament.

[5th July 1812.]

21 G. 3. c. 44.

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Tenth third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting a Bounty upon the Exportation of Beards and both Beards and Tailoring, British, of Irish Linens, British Collieries and Coals, or Cotton mixed with Linen, printed, painted, stained or dyed in Great Britain*; And whereas the Bounty granted by the said Act will expire on the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve; And whereas it is expedient that the Amount of the said Bounty should be appropriated towards the Purpose of defraying the increased annual Charge occasioned by any Loan made or Stock created on the present Session of Parliament; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, there shall be allowed and set apart as the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, the yearly Sum of Three hundred and eight thousand eight hundred and seventy three Pounds, being the average yearly Amount of the said Bounty, by Four equal Portions, on the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, and the Tenth Day of October in every Year, towards defraying the increased annual Charge occasioned by any Loan made or Stock created by virtue of any Act or Acts passed or to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

21 G. 3. c. 44.
The sum of the
Bounty is to be
applied to the
payment of the
interest of the
Loan.

C A P. XCVII.

An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Revenue of Island Excise and Taxes in Ireland.

[5th July 1812.]

21 G. 3. c. 45.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to amend the Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; And whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be amended, altered or repealed, in so far as the same are applicable, and are not hereby altered or varied, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of the said Act, it shall be in force in substance to this Act, and shall be construed herewith in all respects, as if the same were inserted herein and formed a Part thereof.

21 G. 3. c. 45.

And he is further enacted, That the said Act shall be amended, altered or repealed, in so far as the same are applicable, and are not hereby altered or varied, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

After passing
the Act was
repealed by
the Act of
1812, c. 12, as
any other Act.

and Penalties, at full and may be lawful for the said Justice, and he is hereby required by Warrant to commit such Person to Prison, there to remain for any Space of time not less than Three and not more than Six Calendar Months from the Day of Conviction, and such Person so convicted shall not be longer discharged until he shall have paid the said Penalty, and every such Person when so paid shall be applied by such Justice in manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, One Moiety of every such Penalty so paid to be levied in the County of the City of Dublin, or the Liberties thereunto belonging, shall be paid to the Churchwardens of the Parish in which such Offence shall be committed, for the Use of the Poor therein, and One Moiety of such Penalty so paid to be levied in any other Part of Ireland shall be paid to the Treasurer of the Public Infirmary or Hospital of the County in which the Offence shall be committed, for the Use of such Infirmary or Hospital, and the other Moiety of such Penalty shall in all Cases be paid to the Officer who shall arrest the Person so convicted, such Moiety to be applied by such Officer in rewarding himself and his Assistants in such manner and in such Proportions as the said Commissioners of Excise shall order and direct.

Application of Penalties.

Persons convicted of Maliciously setting on fire any distillery, or Penalties.

VIII. And whereas it is further enacted, That whenever any Person shall be convicted of a Misdemeanor for making use of any unwholesome Still, Still Head or Worm, or for distilling, or for having or keeping in his Possession any such Still, Still Head or Worm, or for making any Low Wine, Snuggles or Spirits, or for brewing, making or fermenting any Worts, Wash or Pot Ale, whereunto and with Intent to distill Low Wine, Snuggles or Spirits, without having a License as aforesaid pursuant to Law for distilling, every such Person convicted of any of the Offences aforesaid shall, in Addition to any other Punishment to which such Person may be liable, forfeit a Sum not exceeding One hundred Pounds nor less than Ten Pounds, as the Court shall in its Discretion think fit, to be paid to the Professor; and such Person so convicted shall be imprisoned until such Fine shall be paid: Provided always, that the time of such Imprisonment shall not exceed in any case the Space of Six Calendar Months.

40 G 4 c 13 15th

IX. And whereas by an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *As to the Collection of the Mal Duty in Ireland, and regulating the Trade of a Malster*, it is amongst other Things enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise to enter into the Floors or Mills of any Person or Persons having Mal in his, her or their Possession, and to demand a Per cent thereof by the proper Officer, for all Mal that shall be found there, except such Mal as shall be made by any Maker or Maker of Mal, or by any Person making Mal for his or her own private Use and use of his Wife, and found in the Mal Stows of such Maker or Maker of Mal, or other Person duly registered, and if so Demand made by such Officer, a Permit or Certificate (as the case may be), of force for such Mal shall not be produced within a reasonable time after such Demand, then all such Mal shall be forfeited and may be seized, and every Person in whose Possession any Mal shall be found without such Permit or Certificate, shall be every Barrel of such Mal to found forfeit the Sum of Twenty Shillings: And whereas Deputies have often and many times in whole Mills Mal may be found without such Permit or Certificate as aforesaid to the several Penalties of Twenty Shillings imposed by the said Act for every Barrel of Mal so found without such Permit or Certificate: For the removing of which Deputies, it is hereby declared and enacted, That whenever any Mal shall be found by any Officer of Excise in the Mill of any Miller in Ireland, if so Demand by such Officer, a Permit or Certificate (as the case may require), of force for such Mal shall not be produced within a reasonable time after such Demand, all such Mal shall be forfeited and may be seized, and the Miller in whose Mill such Mal shall be found without such Permit or Certificate, shall for every Barrel of such Mal forfeit the Sum of Twenty Shillings.

intituled to Millers in which Mills Mal may be found without Permit, Penalties.

40 G 3 c 13 11th in the Resolution, Cap. 26, in Cook's Penalties, Sec. 1.

Enactings still after 24 Days from his being taken out of College, he shall be liable.

41 G 2 c 75.

X. And by a further enacted, That in such of the said last recited Act of the Forty fifth Year aforesaid, as enacts, that if any Corn or Grain shall be watted or sprinkled with Water in the Couch House or on the Floor, all such Corn or Grain, together with any Walk or Part thereof in which such Corn or Grain shall be found, shall be forfeited, and the Person or Persons in whose Possession the same shall be found, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Bushel of such Corn or Grain, shall be and the same is hereby repeated.

XI. Provided always, and to be it enacted, That if any Corn or Grain making into Mal in Ireland shall be watted, watered or sprinkled in any State or Stage of Operation at any time before the full End and Expiration of Twelve Days or Two hundred and eighty eight Hours after the same shall have been crushed, thrashed or taken from or out of the Coffers, Urns or other Vessels or Urns used for Keeping such Corn or Grain, the Malster or Maker of Mal, or whole Possessor the same shall be found, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XII. And whereas by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *As to amend the Tax Acts for the collecting the Mal Duties in Ireland, and regulating the Trade of a Malster*, it is amongst other Things, enacted, that no License shall be granted to any Malster or Maker of Mal, to make Mal in any Malhouse, the growing, working or drying Floor or Floors in which shall contain Two thousand Six hundred Square Feet in the Whole at the least, or the Kils Floor or Floors in which shall contain any Number of Square Feet exceeding the Proportion of Three hundred and twenty four Square Feet of such Kils Floor or Floors, for every Two thousand Six hundred Square Feet of the growing, working or drying Floor or Floors in such Malhouse: And whereas it is in and by the said last recited Act provided, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Excise and Taxes to grant a License to any Person to make Mal in any Malhouse which may have been erected pursuant to the selling of the Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for the Collection of the Mal Duties in Ireland, and regulating the Trade of a Malster, the growing, working or drying Floor or Floors in which shall contain less than Two thousand Six hundred Square Feet, and not less than One thousand Square Feet, and the Kils Floor or Floors of which shall be in the foregoing Proportions to the working or drying Floor or Floors therein: And whereas it is expressed, for the more effectual Suppression of unwholesome Stalls in Ireland, to authorize

the said Commissioners of Excise to grant Licences to Persons to keep Malshouses of such Dimensions as the said Commissioners shall think proper, notwithstanding such Malshouses may have been erected since the passing of the said Act, of the thirty fifth Year aforesaid; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes to grant a Licence to any Person to make Malt in any Malshouse of any such Dimensions or Content as such Commissioners shall think proper, and as shall be specified in such Licence, provided that the Capacity of the Kils Floor or Floors of such Malshouse shall be to the growing, working or drying Floor or Floors chosen, in the Proportion of Three hundred and twenty four Square Feet of Kils Floor, to Two thousand five hundred Square Feet of growing, working and drying Floor or Floors.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, to refuse to grant a Licence to any Person or Persons wherever to keep any such Malshouse, or to withdraw the Licence granted for any such Malshouse; Provided always, that the Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, be first had and obtained for every such Refusal or withdrawing of any such Licence.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all such Licences to any Person or Persons to make Malt in any such Malshouse, shall be signed by Three of the said Commissioners of Inland Excise, and shall be granted in such manner and under such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, as are provided in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland for the collecting of the Malt Duties in Ireland, and regulating the Trade of a Malster; and that every such Malster and Person to whom any such Licence shall be granted, shall be charged and chargeable with Duty, and shall be under and subject to all as if every the Rules, Regulations, Penalties, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures contained in all and every such Act and Acts.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person in Ireland shall make any Malt, or shall sell or keep, or shall have in his or her Possession any Corn or Grain vatted or fermented, whereas it and with Intent to make the same into Malt without having a Licence in force pursuant to Law for keeping a Malshouse, or without having made such Return and Certificate to the Collector of Excise as is by Law required to be made by every Person making Malt to be used by such Person for brewing Beer or Ale for his or her private Use and Consumption, and not for Sale, every such Person not having such Licence in force, or not having made such Return and Certificate as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace for the County in which such Misdemeanor shall have been committed, on Information on Oath of any such Officer, to issue his Warrant for the Apprehension of such Person, and with sufficient Bail shall be given to commit such Person to Custody, there to remain until delivered by due Certificate of Law; and in case any Indenture shall be found against such Person he or she shall before the next ensuing Assizes or Sessions be tried and convicted, to suffer such Punishment on such Person for the first Offence as may by Law be inflicted on Persons guilty of Misdemeanors, and for the second Offence to suffer such Person to be transported, to be transported for the Term of Seven Years.

XVI. And whereas by an Act made in the forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Collection of the Duties and Taxes on Carriages, Horses, Dogs and Dogs* in Ireland, it is amongst other things enacted, that, from and after the Expiration of One Calendar Month after the passing of the said Act, if any Person in Ireland shall receive or have in his or her Custody or Possession any Carriage which shall have been sold or disposed of to such Person at any time after the Expiration of such Calendar Month, and of the Sale and Disposal whereof the Notice shall not have been given according to the Directions of the said Act, every such Person shall be liable to and shall be charged with and pay Double the Duty which such Person ought otherwise by Law to be charged with in respect of such Carriage, for the Year in any Part of which such Carriage shall have been in the Custody or Possession of such Person without such Notice having been given as aforesaid; And whereas it is expedient to repeal so much of the said Act as is herein recited; Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of the said Act, so much of the said last recited Act as is herein recited before recited shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

XVII. And for the more easy Collection of the Duties payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon Hides and Skins tanned, and upon Hides and Skins dressed in Oil, and in Tallow and Parchment made in Ireland; Be it enacted, That in all cases where any Duties payable by any Tanner, Ball Tannor, Currier, Spanish Leather Dresser or other Dresser of Hides or Skins, or by any Maker of Tallow or Parchment, shall be levied at the time when such Duties are by Law made due and payable, it shall be lawful for the Collector of Excise or other Officer in Charge of the District in which such Duties shall be charged and payable, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal in writing, any Person or Persons to take and distress all or any Hides and Skins, and Pieces of Hides and Skins, whether the same shall have been tanned or dressed or not, and all or any Tallow or Parchment as any Tannery, Tallow-works or other Yard or Workhouse, Mill, Store or other Place whither by any such Tanner or other Person respectively for the tanning, dressing, drying or keeping any Hides or Skins, or any Places thereof, or for making or keeping any Tallow or Parchment, and to make the same to be sold by public Auction, giving Six Days previous Notice thereof; and of after the Payment of all Duties and Arrears of Duties due from such Tanner, Ball Tannor, Currier, Spanish Leather Dresser or other Dresser of Hides or Skins, or from any such Maker of Tallow or Parchment, together with the Costs and Expence of such taking, distressing and Sale, there shall be any Surplus of the Produce arising from the Sale thereof, such Surplus shall be forthwith recovered and paid to such Person or his Representatives: Provided

Commissioners of Excise empowered to license Malshouses of any Dimensions.

Licence may be refused or withdrawn.

Licence signed by Three Commissioners, and subject to Regulations of existing Laws.

Person making Malt without Licence or Receipt.

Misdemeanor.

Seven Offences.

49 G. 3. c. 12. s. 1. &c. repealed.

Collector of Excise may distrain upon Tanneries and other Places where Hides or Skins are made.

always, that when any of the Articles aforesaid shall be so taken and defined, it shall and may be lawful for such Person or his Representatives, at any time or times before the Day appointed for the Sale thereof, to require the same to be delivered up to him or them upon his or their paying to the Collector or other Officer in Charge as aforesaid, towards which paying the Duties is due and payable, the real Value of such Articles as he or they shall desire to have delivered up, and the same may be delivered up accordingly.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Duty shall be charged on the Sale by Auction by the Farming Society of Ireland, or by the Civil Institution at any Public Sale Room of the said Society or Institution, of any Wool the Growth or Produce of Ireland, and first to the best bidder or Instance to be allotted of, to any such Sale be the first Sale thereof, and to be made for the Account of the Owner of the Land, or of the Person occupying the Land on which such Wool was grown.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the several Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act, except such as are specially provided for, shall be levied and paid in King's Courts, as if they had been made, and as if applied in the same manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such writs and process, and according to such Rules and Directions as are appointed, directed and expressed for levying or recovering any Penalty or Forfeiture, as and by an Act made in Ireland in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, entitled *An Act for the better of the English or New England upon His Majesty, the Kings and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein appointed, as in and by an Act made in the Fifth Sixth Year of His present Majesty's Father, entitled An Act in pursuance of the better Execution of the several Acts relative to the Revenue, Matters and Things, under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Excise therein, and of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland, or made by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were herein expressed and enacted, with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as and by the last recited Act made in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided.*

XX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect immediately from and after the Expirement of One Calendar Month next after the passing thereof and not before, except in cases where any other Period is expressly mentioned for the Commencement of any Clause or Provision hereinafore contained.

C A P. XXVIII.

An Act to permit Sugar, Coffee and Cocoa to be exported from His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations to any Port in Europe to the Southward of Cape Finisterre, and also to be imported from any such Port, and from the Coast of Africa, into the said Colonies and Plantations, under Licences granted by the Collectors and Comptrollers of the Customs. [17th July 1812.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, intitled *An Act to permit, within the Year ending the 31st of March One thousand and two hundred and ten, Sugar and Coffee to be exported from His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations to any Port in Europe to the Southward of Cape Finisterre, and from such inland Ports, and from the Coast of Africa, into the said Colonies and Plantations; which Act be further Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act to amend an Act made in the Thirty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting the Remission of Duty from the Port of London to the Coast of New Providence, the Port of Havana, and the Port of Cienfuegos, in the Kingdom of Spain, in American Ships coming to England; and also an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting Sugar and Coffee to be exported from His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations, to any Port in Europe to the Southward of Cape Finisterre, and also to be imported from such Ports, and from the Coast of Africa, into the said Colonies and Plantations, and the Twentieth Day of March One thousand and two hundred and eleven, was commenced and the Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and extended to Cocoa in the Growth or Produce of any of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in America, as is provided for any of His Majesty's Statutes in this behalf made; and His Majesty's Sugar Colonies or Plantations in America, any Sugar, Coffee or Cocoa of the Growth and Produce of any such Colony or Plantation respectively, and to export the same direct to any Port in Europe to the Southward of Cape Finisterre, and to import into the said Colonies or Plantations any Port of Europe Southward from any such Port in Europe, or from any Port or Place on the Coast of Africa to the Northward of the Tenth Degree of North Latitude, in all Ships or Vessels, and under such Restrictions, Regulations, and Conditions as may therein particularly be declared, appointed, and established for that Purpose; And whereas the Provision under which such Exports from the said Colonies, and Imports into the same, to and from the Ports in Europe and Africa respectively aforesaid are allowed, have been so amended as to be in the first instance by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twelve, a Bill be laid by any of His Majesty's Subjects to be in any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies or Plantations in America, any Sugar, Coffee or Cocoa, being of the Growth and Produce of any such Colony or Plantation respectively, and to export the same direct to any Port in Europe to the Southward of Cape Finisterre, and to import into the said Colonies or Plantations any Port of Europe or Africa Southward from any such Port in Europe,*

direct, or if there shall be found any other Sugar, Coffee and Cocoa, but such as shall be so imported on such Convoys or Warrants taken out and delivered as aforesaid, or any other Goods than Sugar, Coffee and Cocoa, shall be delivered to have been laden or put on board any Ship or Vessel having Liberty to trade in Pursue to the Southward of Cape Finlayson by virtue of this Act, or shall be brought to be shipped on board such Ship or Vessel, or shall be put into any Hoop, Lighter, Boat or other Vessel, or order to be put on board such Ship or Vessel before such Entry or taking out such Convoys or Warrants, and owing and delivery of the same, and not being shipped in the manner aforesaid, but shall be put on board or conveyed to be put on board contrary to the Directions of this Act, all such Sugar, Coffee and Cocoa, and other Goods to be shipped or brought to be shipped in any of the cases aforesaid, shall be forfeited and lost, as also the Ship, Lighter, Boat or other Vessel or Carriage whatsoever, employed in shipping or attempting to ship the Goods with a such Sugar, Coffee and Cocoa, together with the Ship or Vessel on which such other Goods shall be laden, and the Owner of such Sugar, Coffee, Cocoa or other Goods, shall forfeit to His Majesty's Customs, to be recovered in the Court of Vice Admiralty held in any of His Majesty's Plantations in America, or in any other Court of Record in any of His Majesty's Plantations in America, in the Discretion of the Judge or Prothonotary; One Third Part to be the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Assigns, One Third Part to the Governor of the said Colony, and the other One Third Part to the Informer or Prothonotary; and before such Ship or Vessel shall depart from the said Colonies with the Sugar, Coffee and Cocoa, laden as aforesaid, the Master or other Person having or taking Charge thereof, shall receive the said Licence from the Collector or Comptroller, with a Certificate indorsed thereon or affixed thereto, under their Hands and Seals of Office, who are to make Two Copies of such Licence, Indorsements or Certificates, for all such Entries, Coasings, Indorsements and Certificates, or Copies, no more shall be taken by the said Officers; then the legal and warranted Tons, and the Master or other Person having or taking Charge of such Ship, shall before he receives the said Licence send the said Copies under his Hand, which are to be left with the Collector and Comptroller, who are hereby required, as soon as conveniently they can, to transmit One of the said Copies of the Indorsements or Certificates to the Commissioners of the Customs in England, and record in a Book to be kept for that Purpose the Notice in Writing of the Owner or Owners of the Ship or Vessel, the Address of the Shipper, the Licence granted for the Exportation of the Sugar, Coffee or Cocoa, together with the Clearance; but in ordinary Goods besides Sugar, Coffee and Cocoa, shall be found on board or carried by any such Ship or Vessel to any Foreign Parts other than such as are named by this Act, then the Liberty granted by such Licence shall cease and become void and of none Effect, and such Ship or Vessel, and the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge of such Ship or Vessel, and all others concerned, shall be subject and liable to all and every the same Penalties and Forfeitures as they would have been subject and liable to in case this Act had not been made.

Penalty.

Penalty.

And in granting Licences, Indorsements or other certificates with Customs.

Complying with Conditions of Licences, Coasings may be returned into Customs.

17 Car. 1. c. 7.

If any Penalties provided and applied.

General Use.

Trade Coas.

Granting such Certificates, Indorsements, Licences, &c. Penalty.

V. And be it further enacted, That upon such Licence being returned to the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs of the Port where the Sugar, Coffee and Cocoa was shipped, and an Account of the Lading being indorsed thereon or annexed thereto, and also upon such Certificate of the Coast, or Two known British Merchants of good Credit, being produced as aforesaid, and the several other Matters and Things required by this Act being duly complied with within Two Years from the Date of such Licence, the Bond given before granting such Licence shall be discharged and delivered up; any thing in the said Bond or in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in any such notwithstanding, otherwise such Bond shall be forfeited, and shall and may be prosecuted in the manner directed by alic Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That upon the Master or Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel complying in every respect to the Terms and Conditions of the said Licence and Bond, and obtaining a Certificate from the Coast or Two known British Merchants as aforesaid, at the Port where the Sugar, Coffee and Cocoa may have been laden, it shall and may be lawful for such Ship or Vessel to stop or load in the Port of Delivery, or at any Port or Place on the Coast of Africa to the Northward of the Latitude of Thirty Degrees North, any Sort of Corn or Grain the Produce of Large or Small for Exportation, and to the said Colonies or Plantations, and there load the same; any thing contained in an Act made in England in the Fifth or sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King Charles, intitled *An Act for the Encouragement of Trade*, or any other Act or Acts in force in the United Kingdom, or in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures incurred by this Act (except where it is otherwise provided) shall and may be prosecuted in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or Dublin, or the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, One Month whereas to be for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Assigns, and the other Month to him or them who will be for, prosecute and recover the same, whereas an Escheque, Forfeiture or Waiver of Law shall be allowed, nor any more than Our Imparience.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be fined or prosecuted for any thing done or to be done in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Prosecutor or Prosecutors, shall become Nullius or forbear the Prosecution, or discontinue his, her or their Action, or if a Warrant shall pass against him, her or them, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Trade Coas, and shall have the Nice Remedy for the same as in cases where Coas are by Law given to Defendants.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall grant a false Certificate, or countersign, write or alter any Licence, Oath or Certificate which shall be made or given pursuant to this Act, or shall knowingly or wilfully publish or make up thereof, such Person or Persons shall forfeit Two hundred Pounds, to be recovered and disposed of in the manner directed by this Act, and such Licence, Oath or Certificate is falsified, counterfeited, forged or altered, shall be void and of no Effect.

C A P.

C A P. XCIX.

An Act for allowing certain Articles to be imported into the *Bahama Islands*, and exported therefrom in Foreign Vessels; and for encouraging the Exportation of Salt from the said Islands.

[20th July 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that further Provisions should be made for encouraging the Exportation of Salt from the *Bahama Islands*; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, it shall and may be lawful for any Foreign Ship, Schooner or other Vessel whatsoever, imported in an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to consolidate and amend the several Laws now in force for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandise into and from certain Parts in the West Indies*, to come on Board, or to support into any Port of the *Bahama Islands* where there is a Custom House, the Articles allowed in the said Act to be so imported, and the same to export as allowed in the said Act to be so exported, conformably with the Regulations of the said Act; and also to export Salt, subject to the Duty of Tonnage, and under the Regulations imposed by an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for regulating the Trade between the Subjects of His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in North America and in the West India Islands and the Colonies belonging to the United States of America, and between His Majesty's said Subjects and the Foreign Islands in the West Indies*; any thing in an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for the encouraging and carrying of Shipping and Navigation*, or any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, it shall and may be lawful for any British Ship or Vessel, owned and navigated according to Law, and transported from any Port of the said *Bahama Islands*, any Quantity of Salt, without entering into the Bond and Security required by an Act passed in the Sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for repealing certain Duties on the British Colonies and Plantations granted by several Acts of Parliament, and also the Duties imposed by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament upon certain East India Ships exported from Great Britain, and for granting other Duties instead thereof; and for further encouraging, regulating and favouring several Branches of the Trade of this Kingdom and the British Dominions in America*.

C A P. C.

An Act to permit the Exportation of Wares, Goods and Merchandise from any of His Majesty's Islands in the *West Indies* to any other of the said Islands, and to send from any of the British Colonies on the Continent of *America*, and the said Islands and Colonies.

[20th July 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to permit the Exportation of any Goods or Commodities of the Manufacture of *Europe*, and also of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise which shall have been legally imported, and also Prime Goods from any one of His Majesty's Islands in the *West Indies* to any other of the said Islands, or to any of the British Colonies on the Continent of *America*, and from any one of the said British Colonies on the Continent of *America*, to any of the said Islands in the *West Indies*, or to any other of the said British Colonies on the Continent of *America*, in the same manner as is permitted from certain Islands named in an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to consolidate and amend the several Laws now in force for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandise into and from certain Parts in the West Indies*; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for any of His Majesty's Subjects to export in any Foreign-built Ship or Vessel, owned and navigated according to Law, from any one of the Islands in the *West Indies* belonging to His Majesty to any other of the said Islands, or to any of the British Colonies on the Continent of *America*, and from any one of the said British Colonies in *America* to any of the Islands in the *West Indies* belonging to His Majesty, or to any other British Colony or Plantation on the Continent of *America*, any Goods or Commodities whatsoever of the Manufacture of *Europe*, and also any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or Prime Goods, which shall have been legally imported into any of the said Islands or Colonies, under the Rules, Regulations and Restrictions in the said Act mentioned.

C A P. CI.

An Act to provide a summary Remedy in Cases of Abuses of Trade created for Charitable Purposes.

[20th July 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide a more summary Remedy in cases of Abuses of Trade created for Charitable Purposes, as well as for the just and upright Administration of the same; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, in every case of an Abuse of any Trade or supposed Branch of any Trade created for Charitable Purposes, or whenever the Direction or Order of a Court of Equity shall be desired

Any Vessel destined to go to any one of the said Islands, or to any one of the said Colonies, may come on Board, or to support into any Port of the said Islands where there is a Custom House, the Articles allowed in the said Act to be so imported, and the same to export as allowed in the said Act to be so exported, conformably with the Regulations of the said Act; and also to export Salt, subject to the Duty of Tonnage, and under the Regulations imposed by an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for regulating the Trade between the Subjects of His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in North America and in the West India Islands and the Colonies belonging to the United States of America, and between His Majesty's said Subjects and the Foreign Islands in the West Indies*; any thing in an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for the encouraging and carrying of Shipping and Navigation*, or any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Not exported without Bond required by Act 6 Geo. 3. c. 24. s. 25.

C. 100.

Not exported to the said Islands or Colonies from any one of the said Islands or Colonies, in the same manner as is permitted from certain Islands named in an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to consolidate and amend the several Laws now in force for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandise into and from certain Parts in the West Indies*; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for any of His Majesty's Subjects to export in any Foreign-built Ship or Vessel, owned and navigated according to Law, from any one of the Islands in the West Indies belonging to His Majesty to any other of the said Islands, or to any of the British Colonies on the Continent of America, and from any one of the said British Colonies in America to any of the Islands in the West Indies belonging to His Majesty, or to any other British Colony or Plantation on the Continent of America, any Goods or Commodities whatsoever of the Manufacture of Europe, and also any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or Prime Goods, which shall have been legally imported into any of the said Islands or Colonies, under the Rules, Regulations and Restrictions in the said Act mentioned.

Order, as the
Court shall
think proper,
and the Order
shall be
obeyed.

Apprentices
and Bank.

Parties Equal
and Confined.

Proceedings
shall be
as before.

And that any Bill for the Advancement of any Trade or Charitable Purpose shall be lawful for any Two or more Petitioners together to Petition the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners for the Great Seal of Great Britain, or any of the Justices for the same being, or for the Clerks of Chancery, Exchequer, High Court of Admiralty, and any of the Offices of the Revenue of the same way or ways; and it shall be lawful for the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners for the Great Seal of Great Britain, or the Judges of the said High Court of Admiralty, or any of the Justices, or the Clerks of Chancery, Exchequer, or any of the Offices of the Revenue of the same way or ways, to sign any such Bill, as if it were presented upon such Petition, so that within the Term next ensuing such Order thereunto made, and brought to the Court of each Appeal, one of the Clerks of Chancery, Exchequer, and High Court of Admiralty, or any one of the Clerks of the said High Court of Admiralty, or any one of the Clerks of the said Exchequer, or any one of the Clerks of the said High Court of Admiralty, shall be sworn, unless the Party or Parties who shall bring such Bill, or Bills, be or be deemed to be a Party or Parties who have performed an Oath or Oaths before the proper Officers, here performed or to be performed, from each Division to the Mace of Justice, to wit: in these Words, and Oath or Oaths as Appended to the Bill to be then taken.

II. Provided always, and to further enable, that any Petition, to be presented in Chancery shall be signed by the Parties performing themselves, or the Proctors of, and shall be verified by the Deeds, or the Attorney or Solicitor General, and such Affidavits shall be admitted to and be allowed by the Judge's Attorney or Solicitor General, and such Affidavits shall be verified by him before any such Petition shall be presented.

III. And that further enable, That neither the Petitioners, nor any Proceedings upon the same or relative Certificates, or the Copies of any such Petitions or Proceedings, shall be subject or liable to the Payment of any Stamp Duty whatever.

C A P. XII.

An Act for the registering and securing of Charitable Donations.

[1812 c. 45.]

WHEREAS Charitable Donations have been given for the Benefit of poor and other Persons *Realms,* and *Wales* to a very considerable Amount, and many of these said Donations appear to have been made, and others, from the Neglect of Payment, and the Inattention of those Persons who ought to be appointed to them, are in Danger of being left, or rendered very difficult to be preserved: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That a Memorial or

Declarations of the Real and Personal Estates, and of the Goods Annual Income, Inventory, and its approval and particular Description of all and every Charity and Charities, and Charitable Donations, for or benefit of any year or other Person in any Place in England and Wales, which shall have been founded, established, made, or confirmed, recorded or secured, mentioned with the Name of the respective Founder or Benefactor thereof, whose Name, and also of the Person or Persons to whose Charity, Pelf, or of General, the Deeds, Wills, and other Instruments whereby such Charities or Charitable Donations shall have been founded, established, made, bequeathed, recorded or secured, may be, and also of the Name of the then Trustee or Trustees, Test or Trustees, Executor, or Executors of such Real or Personal Estates, shall, from and after the Calendar Month next after the passing of this Act, be registered by such Person or Persons who shall then be the Trustee or Trustees, Executor or Executors, Executor or Executors thereof, or some one of such Person, in manner and in the Form contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, in the Office of the Clerk of the Peace of the County, or City, or Town, being a County of itself, within which such Person or other Person shall be, and such Memorial or Statement shall be signed by such Person or Persons making the same to be registered and left in the said Office of such Clerk of the Peace, who shall forthwith transmit a Duplicate or Copy of the same unto the Eschequer Office of the High Court of Chancery.

II. And to be further enabled, That whenever any such Charity or Charitable Donations shall be founded, established, made, or bequeathed, recorded or secured by any Deed, Will, or other Instrument in manner to be made or executed by some Person or Persons, that they (the Memorial) within twelve next after the Donations hereby so contained shall be registered, and left and transmitted as aforesaid, by such Person or Persons as are hereunto respectively mentioned, within Twelve Months after the Date of the same Deed or Wills: whose said Wills shall be, or shall be confirmed, shall last, be made executory.

III. And to be further enabled, That for the Purpose of such Registration of such Memorials or Statements, the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of such and every County of the City, or Town, being a County of itself, or having a separate Registry of Wills, shall, as there shall be Occasion, provide proper Books of Parchment or Vellum, wherein such Registrations shall be made and entered; and every such separate Memorial or Statement, in every such Book provided as aforesaid, shall be correctly entered and preserved in Public; this and every other Office to which it shall belong, together with a correct Copy, to be made from time to time into a Book of the House of such Charitable and Charitable Donations, to be kept ready to be viewed by the Name of the said Book of the House or Trustees thereof, where known, or the Application or Sale, and generally of the said Books of the Charitable Donations.

IV. And to be further enabled, That in any such Memorial or Statement to be presented by any such Charity or Charitable Donations, as aforesaid, shall be verified, and in any such Copy of the said Memorial or Statement, whereby such Charity or Charitable Donations shall be confirmed, shall forthwith insert in the said Memorial or Statement, as soon as shall be convenient, a Certificate from the Eschequer Office, which shall contain the Name of the Person or Persons who shall have been registered.

V. And to be further enabled, That in any such Memorial or Statement, as aforesaid, shall be presented, or confirmed, or in any such Copy of the said Memorial or Statement, whereby such Charity or Charitable Donations shall be confirmed, shall forthwith insert in the said Memorial or Statement, as soon as shall be convenient, a Certificate from the Eschequer Office, which shall contain the Name of the Person or Persons who shall have been registered.

VI. And to be further enabled, That in any such Memorial or Statement, as aforesaid, shall be presented, or confirmed, or in any such Copy of the said Memorial or Statement, whereby such Charity or Charitable Donations shall be confirmed, shall forthwith insert in the said Memorial or Statement, as soon as shall be convenient, a Certificate from the Eschequer Office, which shall contain the Name of the Person or Persons who shall have been registered.

VII. And to be further enabled, That in any such Memorial or Statement, as aforesaid, shall be presented, or confirmed, or in any such Copy of the said Memorial or Statement, whereby such Charity or Charitable Donations shall be confirmed, shall forthwith insert in the said Memorial or Statement, as soon as shall be convenient, a Certificate from the Eschequer Office, which shall contain the Name of the Person or Persons who shall have been registered.

V. And

V. And be it further enacted, That if any such Charity or Charitable Donation falling in the before-mentioned Statute and not yet being entered in the Prefecture of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Two Justices of Peace, who shall be such Charity or Charitable Donations, to prefer a Petition to the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lord Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, or either of them, for the time being, or the Court of such quarter, complaining thereof, and they are hereby authorized to send such Petition to a Secretary, and upon all writs, or such other Evidence as shall be produced upon such hearing, to determine the fact, and thereupon to make such Order, and with respect to the Costs of such Petition, as to him or them shall seem fit, and such Order shall be final and conclusive.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Proceedings under the Provision herebefore mentioned, shall extend or be construed to extend to such any Rights or Titles as to the Property that shall be registered, or as to the Persons who shall be entitled, or claim to be entitled, to the Benefit thereof, or any Interest therein.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Clerk of the Peace of the several Counties and Boroughs in England and Wales, shall, as often as required, make Searches concerning all Memorials and Statements directed by this Act to be entered in his or their Office as aforesaid, and shall also give Copies of the same under his Hand, if required by any Person whatsoever, who shall tender or be willing to pay him the Sum or Sums hereafter directed to be allowed to him for such Copies of such Memorials or Statements as aforesaid.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Clerk of the Peace shall be allowed for the registering every such Memorial or Statement as is by this Act directed, the Sum of Four Shillings, and no more, in each the first six not exceeding Four hundred Words in such Memorial or Statement shall be called. That worded Words, then after the Rate and Proportion of One Shilling as aforesaid for all the Words contained in such Entry, and the like Fees for such a Number of Words contained in every Copy of any such Memorial or Statement as aforesaid, and so every, and for every Notification in the London Gazette, the Collection of the same, and the further Sum of Two Shillings for drawing and inscribing the same, and transferring the Duplicate or Copy herebefore mentioned into the Records Office of the High Court of Chancery, and so there.

IX. And be it further enacted, That where any Difficulty shall occur in making and preparing such Memorial or Statement as aforesaid, so as to render it necessary to employ any longer time than is allowed by the Provision of this Act for registering such Memorial or Statement as herebefore is mentioned, it shall and may be lawful for the Court of Quarter Sessions for the County, or City or Town, being a County of itself, wherein such Memorial or Statement is intended to be registered, to allow, on Application made to them, and on Examination of the Circumstances, such further time, not exceeding Six Calendar Months, as to such Court shall seem necessary to be given for the Purpose of duly registering such Memorial or Statement as herebefore is mentioned.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Court of Quarter Sessions of the County, or City or Town, being a County of itself, wherein such Statements or Memorials shall have been registered, to allow such reasonable Costs and Charges attending the preparing and registering, certifying and transferring such Memorial or Statement, with Reference to the Income of the Charity or Charitable Donation, to such Person or Persons making the same to be registered, as such Court shall think fit; and it shall and may be lawful for such Person or Persons who shall have caused such Memorial or Statement to be registered, to deduct out of the Income, Funds, Rents and Profits as his or their Hands of such Charity or Charitable Donation to be him or them recommended and rated and registered, the Sum and Sums so allowed, and so more: Provided always, that the said Court of Quarter Sessions shall not, all or any Sum whatsoever, be and in respect of such Costs and Charges, which it shall be directed to allow upon the Declaration in Writing of the Person or Persons applying for such Allowance, and signed by him or them, that such Memorial or Statement is to the best of his, her or their Knowledge and Belief true in every respect, and that it shall extend to the best of his, her or their Knowledge and Belief, a true and full Account of the Real and Personal Estate, annual gross Income, Investment, and the particular or several Objects of the Charity or Charitable Donation of which such Memorial or Statement shall have been registered, together with the Names of the respective Donors or Benefactors thereof, where known and also of the Person or Persons in whose Custody, Possession or Control, the Deeds, Writs and other Instruments herebefore mentioned, shall at such time be, and also the Names of the Trustee or Trustees, Feoffee or Feoffess, Bailiff or Bailiffs of such Real and Personal Estate: Provided always, that none of the Provisions herebefore contained shall be construed to extend to any Charity or Charitable Donation not arising out of or secured upon any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or directed by the Founder or Donor thereof to be secured thereon, or to be permanently invested in Government or any Public Stocks or Funds, nor to any Charitable Institution whatsoever, when by the Direction of the Donor thereof, or by the lawful Rules of any Charitable Institution whatsoever, may be wholly or in part expended or used about the Charitable Purpose for which the same may have been given, or the Direction of the Governors, Directors, Managers, or the Trustee or Trustees of such Charitable Institution at any time whatsoever.

XI. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to extend to any Hospital, School or other Charitable Institution whatsoever, which shall have been founded, improved or established by or under the Authority of the King's Most Excellent Majesty, or any of His Royal Predecessors, or of any special Act of Parliament thereto particularly relating; nor to any Charitable Donation under the Superintendency of any such Hospital, School or Institution, nor to any Government of the Corporation of the Charity for the Relief of Poor Widows and Children of Chappin, nor to any Friendly Society, the Rules whereof shall have been confirmed according to the Provisions of the Act or Acts for the Encouragement and Relief

of Friendly Societies; nor to either of the Universities of Oxford or Cambridge, nor to any College or Hall therein belonging, nor to any Charitable Bequest, Deed, Gift or Foundation whatsoever belonging thereto, or under the Control, Direction, Superintendance or Management of the said Universities or either of them, or any College or Hall therein respectively; nor to the Reading Infirmary within the University of Oxford; nor to the College of Physicians, King or Newcastle, or any of them; nor to any Cathedral or Collegiate Church within England and Wales; nor to the Charter House; nor to the Corporation of the Trinity House of Dover Straits; nor to any Funds applicable to Charitable Purposes for the Benefit of any Persons of the several Nations.

XII. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to any Charitable Foundation or Donation which shall have been or shall be given to and for the Benefit of any Person or Persons of the Society of People called Quakers, and which shall be under the Superintendance and Control of Persons of that Profession.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to any Charity or Charitable Donation or Foundation, the Accounts of the Income and Expenditure whereof shall have been directed to be annually paid, as the High Court of Chancery, nor to any Charity or Charitable Donation or Foundation, the annual gross Income whereof shall not exceed Forty Shillings, and of which the Trustee or Trustees, Professor or Professors, Master or Masters, some or one of them, shall within ten Months after the passing of this Act deposit in the Hands of the Master of the Pews wherein any of the Charities of such Charity, Charitable Donation or Foundation shall be, a written Memorial or Statement in like form as in the Schedule hereunto annexed is contained, and which by such Master shall be forthwith deposited in the Pews Clerk.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That where any Body Corporate, Guild or Fraternity, shall be entrusted with the Custody or Distribution of Goods Charities or Charitable Donations or Foundations, or of the Rents and Profits thereof, that in such cases all such Charities, Charitable Donations and Foundations, may be registered and stated in one and the same Memorial.

XV. Seeing always to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, and to all other Persons, such Power of Superintending and regulating Charities and Charitable Endowments, and the Property and Funds thereof, as they respectively had before the making of this Act.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

A MEMORIAL, or Statement in pursuance of an Act for the registering and taxing of Charitable Donations; whereby it is declared by the Underwritten [*Show the Name or Names of the Persons who sign the Memorial or Statement*] That the Real or Personal Estate [*Show as the case may be*] of the [*Show the Title, or Application of the Charity or Charitable Donation*] consist of [*Show this as the case may be*] and if Real Estate, whether it be in Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, and of what Tenure, and where the same are situate, or whether of any Charity or Hereditaments in any Lands, Towns or Parishes, and where situate; and if Personal Estate, declare the Nature of it, and how valued; and the Gross Annual Income arising therefrom amounts to [*Show the Sum*] and the Objects of which Charity or Charitable Foundation are [*Show the general or particular Objects of the Charity*] and which Charity or Charitable Foundation was, according to the best of my [*or, our, as the case may be*] Knowledge and Belief, founded by [*Show by whom, and if founded, memorial or framed by any other Person, State the fact and by whom*] and the Deeds, Wills and other Instruments [*Show this as the case may be*] and if other Instruments, give [*Show the Date*] in, to the best of my [*or, our, as the case may be*] Knowledge and Belief, in the Custody, Possession or Control [*Show this as the case may be*] of [*Show the Name of the Body Corporate or natural Person*] and the Trustee, Trustees or Possessor [*Show this as the case may be*] of the said Real and Personal Estate [*Show this as the case may be*] are, to the best of my [*or, our, as the case may be*] Knowledge and Belief [*Show the Name of the Body Corporate or natural Person, as the case may be*].

(Signed)
A. B.
C. D.
E. F.

Trustee or Trustees, Professor, Possessor or Possessor of the Real or Personal Estate [*as the case may be*] of the Charity or Charitable Donation hereby memorialized and registered.

C A P. CIV.

An Act for the more easy Manning of Vessels employed in the Southern Whale Fishery.

[17th July 1782.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that Provision should be made for giving further Facility to the Manning of Ships and Vessels employed in the Southern Whale Fishery: Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That any Ship or Vessel employed in the said Fishery, the Master of which shall have taken the Oath or made the Declaration of Fidelity and Allegiance to the Majesty, required by an Act made in the Thirty fifth Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for further encouraging and regulating the Southern Whale Fishery*, shall not, the Consent of any Fishing Voyage, by reason that the said Master shall not have taken the Oath or made the said Declaration, or by reason that all or any of the Foreign Proceedings employed as Mates or as navigating such Ship or Vessel shall not have taken either of the said Oaths, or made either of the said Declarations.

C A P.

C A P. CIV.

An Act to render more effectual an Act, passed in the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for preventing the administering or taking Unlawful Oaths.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled 'An Act for more effectually preventing the administering or taking of Unlawful Oaths: And whereas it is expedient that more effectual Provisions should be made as to such Oaths: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person who shall in any Manner or Form whatsoever, administer or cause to be administered, or be aiding or assisting at the administering of any Oath or Engagement, purporting or intending to bind the Performer thereof to commit any Treason or Murder, or any Felony, punishable by Law with Death, or to do any Offence thereof by due Course of Law, be adjudged guilty of Felony, and suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy; and every Person who shall take any such Oath or Engagement, not being compelled thereto, shall, on Conviction thereof by due Course of Law, be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall be transported as a Felon for the Term of his natural Life, or for such Term of Years as the Court before which the said Offender or Offenders shall be tried shall adjudge.

17th Geo. 3. c. 104.

Persons committing Offences under this Act, within the Kingdom of Great Britain, shall be liable to be punished as a Felony.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That Conviction shall not justify or excuse any Person taking such Oath or Engagement, unless he or she shall, within Fourteen Days after the taking thereof, if not prevented by actual Force or Barriers, and then within Fourteen Days after the Hindrance produced by such Force or Barriers shall cease, declare the same, together with the Whole of what he or she shall know touching the same, and the Person or Persons by whom, and in what Manner, and when and where such Oath or Engagement was administered or taken, by Information on Oath before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, or One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, or His Majesty's Holy Court; or in case the Person taking such Oath or Engagement shall be in actual Service as His Majesty's Forces by Sea or Land, then by such Information on Oath as aforesaid, or by Information to his Commanding Officer.

Persons committing Offences under this Act, before being charged, shall be liable to be punished as a Felony.

III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That every Person who before he shall be charged with any Offence under the said recited Act or this Act, is taking any Oath or Engagement defined in the said recited Act or this Act, shall, within Three Months after the passing of the Act, appear before some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, and declare the same, and the Oath or Engagement to be taken, and when and where the same was taken, and in what Manner, and who shall at the same time take before such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, the Oath of Allegiance to His Majesty, shall he and is hereby understood against any Prosecution for any Offence under the said recited Act or this Act; and on Conviction to be made by any such Person shall be given in Evidence against the Person making the same in any Court or in any safe whatever.

Persons committing Offences under this Act, shall be liable to be punished as a Felony.

IV. And be it further enacted, That Persons aiding and assisting at the administering of any such Oath or Engagement as aforesaid, and Persons causing any such Oath or Engagement to be administered, though not present at the administering thereof, shall be deemed Principal Offenders, and shall be tried as such, and on Conviction thereof by due Course of Law, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as Felons, without Benefit of Clergy, although the Persons or Persons who actually administered such Oath or Engagement, or any such, then shall be, shall not have been tried or convicted.

In the Kingdom of Great Britain, shall be liable to be punished as a Felony.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be necessary in any Indictment against any Person administering or causing to be administered or taken, or taking any such Oath or Engagement as aforesaid, or aiding or assisting at, or present at and conferring to the administering or taking thereof, to set forth the Words of such Oath or Engagement, and that it shall be sufficient to set forth the Purport of such Oath or Engagement, or some material Part thereof.

Engagement or Oath taken in Great Britain, shall be liable to be punished as a Felony.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Engagement or Obligation whatsoever, in the Nature of an Oath, purporting or intending to bind the Performer taking the same to commit any Treason or Murder, or any Felony punishable by Law with Death, shall be deemed an Oath within the Intention and Meaning of this Act, in whatever Form or Manner the same shall be administered or taken, and whether the same shall be actually administered by any Person or Persons to any other Person or Persons, or taken by any other Person or Persons without any Administration thereof by any other Person or Persons.

Words Offences committed.

VII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That any Offence committed against this Act, in the High Seas or out of this Realm, or within that Part of Great Britain called England, shall and may be prosecuted, tried and determined before any Court of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery, for any County, in that Part or Great Britain called England, in such Manner and Form as if such Offence had been therein committed; and if committed in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall and may be prosecuted, tried and determined, either before the Judiciary Court in Edinburgh, or in any of the Circuit Courts in that Part of the United Kingdom.

VIII. Provided also, and it is hereby declared, That any Person who shall be tried and acquitted or convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall not be liable to be indicted, prosecuted or tried again for the same Offence or Felony, as High Treason or Misdemeanor of High Treason; and that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to extend to prohibit any Person guilty of any Offence against this Act, and who shall not be tried for the same as an Offence against this Act, from being tried for the same as High Treason or Misdemeanor of High Treason, in such manner as if this Act had not been made.

Persons committing Offences under this Act, shall be liable to be punished as a Felony.

C A P. CV.

An Act to continue, amend and extend the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for enabling the Secretary at War to receive Returns from Clerks of Subdivisions and others, in relation to Finns, Bounties and Sums due under any Act relating to the Defence of the Realm or Militia, for the Purpose of directing the Distribution and issuing the due Application thereof. [Sith July 1812.]

WHEREAS in an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to enable the Secretary at War to receive the making of Returns from Clerks of Subdivisions and others, in relation to Finns, Bounties and Sums due under any Act relating to the Defence of the Realm, for the Purpose of directing the Distribution thereof as Profess entitled therein*; And whereas it is expedient that the Provisions of the said Act should be continued and amended; And whereas the Act passed in the Thirty seventh Year of His said Majesty, entitled *An Act for regulating a certain Allowance to be paid to the Clerks of the Ordnance, for the Service of the Majesty's Army and Navy*; And whereas the Act passed in the Forty first Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for amending & extending the Statute in the said Act in England, and for amending the Statute*; And whereas the Act passed in the Forty second Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to enable His Majesty's Commissioners in Scotland, and whereas the Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, entitled*; And whereas the Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for the more speedy completing the Militia of Great Britain, except under Two Acts passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and for amending the said Acts*; And whereas the Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to enable His Majesty's Commissioners in England and additional Military Force, for the better Defence and Service of the United Kingdom, and for more vigorous Prosecution of the War*; and of another Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to enable His Majesty's Commissioners in England and for the better Defence and Service of the United Kingdom, and for the more vigorous Prosecution of the War*; And whereas the Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for establishing and maintaining a permanent additional Force for the Defence of the Realm, and in part for supporting His Majesty's Regular Forces, and for the gradual Reduction of the Militia of Great Britain*; And whereas an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for establishing and maintaining a permanent additional Force for the Defence of the Realm, and in part for supporting His Majesty's Regular Forces, and for the gradual Reduction of the Militia of Great Britain*; And whereas an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for the speedy completing the Militia of Great Britain, and amending the same, under various Limitations as respects*; And whereas an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for completing the Militia of Great Britain*; And whereas an Act passed in the Fiftieth Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to amend an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament for completing the Militia of Great Britain, and to make further Provision for completing the said Militia*; And whereas an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to amend several Provisions of the Militia of Great Britain made by several Acts of the Regular Forces, and to provide for the gradual Reduction of the said Militia*; And whereas large Sums of Money have from time to time been paid, under the Provisions of the last recited Acts and other Acts, and have otherwise come into, and now remain in the Hand of Clerks of Subdivisions Messengers and other Persons; which Sums ought to be speedily recovered from the said Clerks of Subdivisions and other Persons, and paid and distributed to the Persons entitled thereto, in so far as the same may be practicable, and the Removers, if any, be applied to the Public Service; But by reason of the Want of proper Returns, and of adequate Powers for enforcing Returns relating to such Sums of Money, such Sums are not ascertained, derived and applied, and it is therefore expedient and necessary that further and additional and more effectual Powers should be given for enforcing Returns and Payment of all such Sums of Money, and for enabling the Secretary at War to ascertain and make up the due Returns and Application of all Finns, Bounties and Sums of Money under the said recited Acts, and all other Acts relating to the Defence of the Realm and Volunteer and Yeomanry Corps, and such additional Forces as aforesaid, and to the Regular and Local Militia, and settling and relieving the duties of such Forces; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War to require from any Clerk of General or Subdivision Meetings, or from any Person who shall have or may hereafter sit as Clerk of General or Subdivision Meetings, in the Execution of any of the said recited Acts, or any other Act or Acts relating to the Defence of the Realm, or the Regular or Local Militia, or to the said Volunteer and Yeomanry Corps, or from any Person or Persons who may have had or shall now have, or shall hereafter have in their Hands any Finns or Bounties or Sums paid under any of the said recited Acts, or any Money arising from any Half Pains or Returns of any Sums of Money paid by or on account of any Person or Persons entitled to receive in the Militia or additional Force for the engaging of any Militiamen or Volunteers to be enrolled in their Bands, or from any Person or Persons or Persons for the non delivery or non receipt of their Quotas of Men, or from any Person or Persons or Persons as aforesaid, or from any Person or Persons to whom any such Finns, Bounties or Sums of Money or Half Pains or Returns shall have been or may hereafter be transferred or paid, or any other Finns, Bounties or Sums of Money under any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Regular or Local Militia, such Returns of all Money arising from such Finns, Bounties, Half Pains or Returns of any such Sums of Money received by any such

Secretary at War to be required to send to the Secretary at War a Return of the same, and to certify the same to the Secretary at War.

Clerks or other Persons, or Wives, Bounties and Sums of Money aforesaid, and all Moneys and Particulars relating thereto; and that all such Returns shall be made out in such Form, and shall contain such Particulars, as shall be directed by the Secretary at War in that respect.

III. And he is further enacted, That every such Clerk or other Person who shall be called upon to make such Returns, and shall wilfully neglect to do so for Ten Days after receiving any Request in that behalf from the Secretary at War, or shall wilfully inform in any such Return any false Statement of any Moneys excepted by the Secretary at War, under the Authority of this Act, to be listed therein, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

III. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War to make an Order upon such Clerk or other Person as aforesaid, to pay over any such Sum of Money as aforesaid to the Agent General of the Militia and Dragoon Acts, or other separate Accounts, at the Bank of England; and every such Clerk or other Person as aforesaid, having any such Money in his Hands, who shall wilfully neglect or refuse to pay over the same according to any such Order, within Ten Days after the Receipt thereof, shall forfeit for every such Neglect or Refusal, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and Double the Amount of the Money remaining in his Hands at the time of such Order being made as aforesaid.

IV. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War for the time being, to make all Accounts which may be required in pursuance of the said several Acts and of this Act, to be duly examined; and he is hereby authorized to call and allow the same; and out of such Moneys as may be recovered in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act to be laid, so far as may appear to him to be just and proper, all Bounties which may be made by any Person claiming the Return of any such Fees, Bounties, Mortality of Fines, Half Fees or Refunds of Bounties, or other Sums as aforesaid, or any Part or out in respect thereof.

V. And he is further enacted, That all Fees, Bounties and Forfeitures imposed by the Act, may be recovered in the manner in manner directed, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, at the Request of His Majesty's Attorney General for England or Advocate for Scotland in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, or the Courts of the Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, King's Bench and Exchequer in England, and in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland; wherein an Affidavit, Privilege or Protection, Writ of Law, or more than One Impetrate shall be allowed; and such Fees, Penalties and Forfeitures, when recovered, shall go and be applied to the Use of the Militia.

VI. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That every such Clerk or other Person, duly making all such Returns as he is here required to do under the Authority of this Act, and duly and faithfully giving over all Money in the manner prescribed by this Act, shall be and is hereby indemnified against and discharged from all Bounties, Penalties and Sums, to which he might have been liable by any former Act, or any Neglect or omission in making Returns, or in not paying over any such Money, any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That in every case in which any such Clerks of Exchequer, Messengers or other Persons whatsoever, having in their Hands any such Fees, Mortality of Fines, Half Fees, or Refunds of such Sums of Money, or any other Fees, Bounties or Sums of Money as aforesaid, and which shall not have been lawfully applied, shall wilfully neglect or refuse to make any such Return as is prescribed by this Act within Ten Days after being required to do so by the Secretary at War, or shall make an untrue Return, or shall not within Ten Days after receiving such Order for the Payment of any Money as aforesaid pay the same accordingly, it shall be lawful for His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, and such Court is hereby authorized on the Application of His Majesty's Attorney General for England, or of the Advocate for Scotland (in the case may be), by Motion to the said Court, or in any other way to hear and determine the Matter of such Application; and if upon Notice of such Application to the Clerk of the said Court, Messengers or other Persons as aforesaid, or respect of whom such Application shall have been made, no sufficient Cause shall be shown for such Default, Neglect or Omission, it shall be lawful for the said Court of Exchequer to attach such Penalties and Fines respectively as are herebefore imposed, and to make the same to be levied by Distress or other Process applicable to the Nature of the case, according to the Rules and Practice of such Court.

C A P. CVI.

An Act for increasing the Duty on Rum and other Spirits imported into Newfoundland from the British Colonies and Plantations on the Continent of America, and charging a Duty on Spirits imported into Newfoundland from His Majesty's Colonies in the West Indies. [20th July 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Duty now payable on Rum and other Spirits imported into the British Colonies and Plantations on the Continent of America, and that other Dues should be imposed in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by, and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and twelve, there shall be raised, collected and paid upon every Gallon of Rum, or other Spirits imported into the said Island of Newfoundland from any British Colony or Plantation in the West Indies, a Duty of Six pence; and upon every Gallon of Rum or other Spirits imported into the said Island of Newfoundland from any of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations on the Continent of America, or from Great Britain, or Ireland, a Duty of One Shilling and Six pence: such Duties to be had, levied and applied in the like manner and under the like Penalties and Forfeitures as are provided in an Act made in the Fifteenth Year of His

Clerks, or other Persons, to make Returns, as aforesaid.

Secretary at War to make an Order upon such Clerk or other Person as aforesaid, to pay over any such Sum of Money as aforesaid to the Agent General of the Militia and Dragoon Acts, or other separate Accounts, at the Bank of England; and every such Clerk or other Person as aforesaid, having any such Money in his Hands, who shall wilfully neglect or refuse to pay over the same according to any such Order, within Ten Days after the Receipt thereof, shall forfeit for every such Neglect or Refusal, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and Double the Amount of the Money remaining in his Hands at the time of such Order being made as aforesaid.

That it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War for the time being, to make all Accounts which may be required in pursuance of the said several Acts and of this Act, to be duly examined; and he is hereby authorized to call and allow the same; and out of such Moneys as may be recovered in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act to be laid, so far as may appear to him to be just and proper, all Bounties which may be made by any Person claiming the Return of any such Fees, Bounties, Mortality of Fines, Half Fees or Refunds of Bounties, or other Sums as aforesaid, or any Part or out in respect thereof.

That all Fees, Bounties and Forfeitures imposed by the Act, may be recovered in the manner in manner directed, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, at the Request of His Majesty's Attorney General for England or Advocate for Scotland in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, or the Courts of the Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, King's Bench and Exchequer in England, and in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland; wherein an Affidavit, Privilege or Protection, Writ of Law, or more than One Impetrate shall be allowed; and such Fees, Penalties and Forfeitures, when recovered, shall go and be applied to the Use of the Militia.

That in every case in which any such Clerks of Exchequer, Messengers or other Persons whatsoever, having in their Hands any such Fees, Mortality of Fines, Half Fees, or Refunds of such Sums of Money, or any other Fees, Bounties or Sums of Money as aforesaid, and which shall not have been lawfully applied, shall wilfully neglect or refuse to make any such Return as is prescribed by this Act within Ten Days after being required to do so by the Secretary at War, or shall make an untrue Return, or shall not within Ten Days after receiving such Order for the Payment of any Money as aforesaid pay the same accordingly, it shall be lawful for His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, and such Court is hereby authorized on the Application of His Majesty's Attorney General for England, or of the Advocate for Scotland (in the case may be), by Motion to the said Court, or in any other way to hear and determine the Matter of such Application; and if upon Notice of such Application to the Clerk of the said Court, Messengers or other Persons as aforesaid, or respect of whom such Application shall have been made, no sufficient Cause shall be shown for such Default, Neglect or Omission, it shall be lawful for the said Court of Exchequer to attach such Penalties and Fines respectively as are herebefore imposed, and to make the same to be levied by Distress or other Process applicable to the Nature of the case, according to the Rules and Practice of such Court.

11 G. 3. a. 10.
4. 20.

His most Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the Encouragement of the Fisheries carried on from Great Britain and Ireland, and the British Dominions in Europe, and for securing the Returns of the Fishermen, Sailors and others employed in the said Fisheries, in the Ports thereof, at the End of the Fishing Season.*

C A P. CVII.

An Act for extending the Allowance of the Duty on Salt used in making Originated Muriatic Acid for bleaching Linens, to Salt used in making such Acid for Making Thread and Cotton Twill. [25th July 1812.]

11 G. 3. a. 10.
1. 20.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His most Majesty King George the Third, among other things for transferring the Management of Salt Duties to the Commissioners of Excise, an Allowance or Drawback of the Duties on English Salt is made for such Salt as is used, employed, spent and consumed in the preparing and making of Originated Muriatic Acid for the Purpose of being made use of in the bleaching of Linens and Cotton: And whereas it is expedient to extend the said Allowance in manner hereafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the whole Duties now payable on Salt of English Manufacture shall be drawn back and allowed for all Salt of English Manufacture which shall be used, employed, spent and consumed in making any such Originated Muriatic Acid in England for the Purpose of being made use of in the bleaching of Linens, or Cotton Yarn or Twill; and also that the Duties now payable on Salt of the Manufacture of Scotland shall be drawn back and allowed for all Salt which shall be used, employed, spent and consumed in making any such Originated Muriatic Acid as aforesaid in Scotland, for the Purpose of being made use of as aforesaid; and the Whole of the Duties payable on Salt of English Manufacture which within the Space of Six Months now last past shall have been used, employed, spent and consumed in making any such Originated Muriatic Acid is required, for the Purpose of being made use of in the bleaching of Linens, or Cotton Yarn or Twill; and also the Whole of the Duties payable on Salt of the Manufacture of Scotland, which within the Space last aforesaid shall have been used, employed, spent and consumed in making any such Originated Muriatic Acid as aforesaid in Scotland, of which no Drawback has been already allowed, shall likewise be drawn back and allowed; which said Allowances respectively shall be made under and subject to the same Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions as are in or by the said Act contained, provided, limited or established for or in respect of the making of the said several Allowances respectively.

Drawback of Duty allowed on Salt used in making Originated Muriatic Acid for bleaching of Linens, &c.

Drawback allowed for Salt to be used for the Muriatic salt.

C A P. CVIII.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His most Majesty, for placing the Duties of Hawkers and Pedlars under the Management of the Commissioners of Hockney Coaches. [25th July 1812.]

11 G. 3. c. 40.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifth Year of His most Majesty, intitled *An Act for placing the Duties of Hawkers and Pedlars under the Management of the Commissioners of Hockney Coaches*: And whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be amended: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and so it is enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Person being a Wholesale Trader in Linn, or Woolens, Linens, Silks, Cottons or Mixed Goods, or any of the Goods, Wares or Manufactures of Great Britain, and selling the same by Wholesale, shall be deemed or taken to be a Hawker, Pedlar or Petty Chapman within the Intent and Meaning of the said recited Act, or any other Act relating to Hawkers, Pedlars or Petty Chapmans, or of any or either of them; and that all and every such Person and Person, his, her or their Apprentices, Servants or Agents selling by Wholesale only, shall go from House to House and from Shop to Shop to any of these Customers, who shall appear by Wholesale or Retail without being subject or liable to any of the Provisions or Penalties contained in the said recited Act, or in any of the said Acts touching Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty Chapmans; any thing in any of the said Acts contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Who shall be deemed a Hawker, or Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, or of any or either of them, and shall be liable to any of the Provisions or Penalties contained in the said recited Act, or in any of the said Acts touching Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty Chapmans.

Who shall not be deemed a Hawker, or Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, or of any or either of them, and shall not be liable to any of the Provisions or Penalties contained in the said recited Act.

It And be it further enacted, That nothing in the said recited Act contained shall extend to prohibit any Person or Persons from carrying about Coins or Cans, or any Horles, Mules and Asses, and selling the same by Retail, or subject any such Person or Persons to any Duty, Penalty or Forfeiture imposed by the said recited Act.

C A P. CIX.

An Act to empower the Commissioners of Chelms Hospital to constitute Penitents for a Sum of Money in certain Cases. [25th July 1812.]

WHEREAS several disabled or discharged Soldiers, become entitled to certain Pensions and Allowances from Chelms Hospital by reason of their Services or their having become maimed or disabled; And whereas many Persons, subjects of His Majesty, belonging to Foreign Plantations or Settlements, and resident out of the United Kingdom, and others the Native of Foreign Countries allowed by Law to serve His Majesty, become by Wounds or Service entitled to such Pensions and Allowances, but are deprived

as being discharged, when created to Out Pension, or returning to their Home, or of retiring out of England, and not put to great Trouble and Inconvenience in receiving their Pensions by reason of their retiring abroad; and it is expedient that the Commissioners of *His Majesty's* Exchequer should be enabled to commute such Pensions for an Equivalent in Money: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of *His Majesty's* Exchequer to give to any Soldier not a Native of the United Kingdom, who may have been or may be discharged, and may be entitled to any Out Pension or Allowance from *His Majesty's* Exchequer by reason of Service, or having become maimed or disabled, and shall be desirous of retiring out of England, and who may be recommended for that Purpose by any Order of His Majesty, to be granted to the said Commissioners by His Majesty's Secretary at War, such Sum of Money in Gross, to be used for the Purchase of such annual Pension or Allowance, as may be directed by the Secretary at War, with the Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of the Majesty's Treasury in that behalf; any thing contained in an Act passed in the Twentieth eighth Year of the Reige of His present Majesty, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Money to be paid as aforesaid to any such Person as an Equivalent for the Pension or Allowance to which he is entitled, shall be paid out of any Money voted for or applicable to the Payment of Pensions or Allowances to discharged Soldiers under the Management of the Commissioners of *His Majesty's* Exchequer, and the Receipt of the Person receiving such Equivalent shall be a full Discharge for the said Commissioners for the said Sum or Sums of Money so paid by them as aforesaid, and shall also be a Discharge by the Person giving such Receipt of all Claims to any future Payment of the said Pension or Allowance: Provided always that no such Receipt shall be liable to any Stamp Duty.

C A P. IX.

An Act for amending an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the more easy raising, collecting and keeping of County Rates*; and for the remedying certain Defects in the Laws relating to the repairing of County Bridges and other Works maintained at the Expence of the Inhabitants of Counties in England. [26th Jan. 1812.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the more easy raising, collecting and keeping of County Rates*, it is enacted, that no Part of the Money to be raised and collected in pursuance of this Act shall be applied to the Repair of any Bridges, Gaols, Prisons or Houses of Correction, and Provisions to be made by the respective Grand Juries at the Assize, Great Sessions, General Gaol Delivery or General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, held for any County, Riding, Division, City, Town Corporate or Liberty, of the Inhabitanes, Inconvenience, or Want of Reparation of their Bridges, Gaols, Prisons or Houses of Correction; and it is further enacted, that, from and after the First Day of June One thousand seven hundred and thirty-two, when any Public Bridges, Ramparts, Banks or Cops, or other Works, are to be repaired at the Expence of any County, City, Riding, Hundred, Division, Liberty or Town Corporate, it shall and may be lawful so and for the Justices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Sessions respectively, or the greater Part of them then and there assembled, if they think proper and convenient, after Provisions to be made as aforesaid of the Want of Reparation of such Bridges, Ramparts, Banks or Cops, to contract and agree with any Person or Persons for rebuilding, repairing and mending of such Bridges, Ramparts, Banks or Cops, as shall be within their respective Counties, Cities, Ridings, Hundreds, Divisions, Liberties or Towns Corporate, and all other Works which are to be repaired and done by Affidavit on the respective Comptes, Cities, Ridings, Hundreds, Divisions, Liberties or Towns Corporate, for any Term or Terms of Years not exceeding Seven Years, at a certain annual sum, Payment or Allowance for the same, such Contractor or Contractors giving sufficient Security for the due Performance thereof to the respective Clerk of the Peace for the time being, or the Town Clerk, High Bailiff or Chief Officer of any City, Town Corporate, or Liberty; and that such Justices at their respective General or Quarter Sessions shall give public Notice of their Intention of contracting with any Person or Persons for rebuilding, repairing and mending the Bridges, Ramparts, Banks or Cops, and other Works aforesaid, and that such Comptes shall be made at the most reasonable Price or Prices which shall be proposed by such Contractors respectively; and that all Contracts when agreed to, and all Orders relating thereto, shall be entered in a Book to be kept by the respective Clerk of the Peace for the time being, or the Town Clerk, High Bailiff or Chief Officer of any City, Town Corporate or Liberty, for that Purpose, who it and are hereby required to keep them amongst the Records of such County, City, Town Corporate or Liberty, so be from time to time inspected at all reasonable times by any of the said Justices within the Limits of their Commissions, and by any Person or Persons employed or to be employed by any Parish, Township or Place contributing to the Purposes of this Act, without Fee or Reward: And whereas great Expence is the Repair of County Bridges, Ramparts, Banks, Cops, and other Works appertaining to the same, and of the Roads over the same, and of the mending of the Roads at the Ends thereof as by Law is to be repaired at the Expence of any County, Riding, Hundred, Division, Liberty or Town Corporate, and great Inconvenience to the Public may be occasioned by a great Number of persons by the timely and immediate Repair of any accidental Damage, Injury, Defect or Sudden Want of Repair or Amendment of the same, without the Delay which would generally arise from the Necessity imposed by the aforesaid Act, of a Provisions by the Grand Jury at the Assize, Great Sessions or General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace held for any County, City, Riding, Division, Town

Corporate

Corporate Liberty, of the Want of Reparation of the same by means of which Delay the aforesaid Want of Repair is often very much increased, to the great Expense of the County, and great Inconvenience of the Public: And whereas it is also expedient that the Justices of the Peace of any County, City, Riding, Division, Town Corporate or Liberty, at their General Quarter Sessions respectively, before their Performance shall have been made as aforesaid, as directed by the aforesaid Act, of the Want of Repair of such Roads, should be enabled without any such Proviso to proceed and come with certain Persons hereafter mentioned, for the repairing and mending of the same, and also for laying the same in Repair where it is required and needed: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace of any County, City, Riding, Division, Town Corporate or Liberty, at their General Quarter Sessions or Great Sessions respectively, to be holden in the Week next after the Feast of Eglise, or the greater Part of them then and then assembled, to appoint usually Two or more Justices of the Peace sitting in and for any Division of Justices in such County, City, Riding, Division, Town Corporate or Liberty, as or near which any such County Bridge, or any Bridge which is in Part a County Bridge, Rampart, Banks, Cops or other Works appertaining to the same, or any Part or Parts thereof, or the Roads over the same, or in each of the Roads at the Ends thereof as by Law is to be repaired at the Expense of any County, City, Riding, Division, Town Corporate or Liberty shall be Justice, as aforesaid the same, and whenever it shall appear on their own Initiative to be necessary for the Purpose of preventing the further Decay and Injury of the same, to order any immediate Repair or Amendments to be done to the same or to any Part thereof; but it shall and may be lawful for any Two such Justices to be appointed as aforesaid, and any Two such Justices are hereby empowered by a written Order signed by their Hands respectively, to order such immediate Repairs to be done by such Person or Persons as to them shall seem fit and proper: Provided, that in no case the Sum to be expended by them in such Repairs shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and further, that such Appointments of such Justices as aforesaid shall remain in force until One Week after the following Eglise Sessions respectively, and that in case of the Death of, or Removal of, or Refusal to sit by any such Justice or Justices so appointed as aforesaid, the said Court of General Quarter Sessions or Great Sessions may, at any other of the Four Quarterly Sessions appoint any other Justice or Justices to fill for the Remainder of the then Current Year in the Place of any such Justice or Justices so dying, removing or refusing to sit as aforesaid.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace of any County, City, Riding, Division, Town Corporate or Liberty, at the General Quarter Sessions or Great Sessions which shall next happen after such Repairs be ordered as to be made by such Justice or Justices so appointed as aforesaid shall be completed, or the greater Part of them then and then assembled, to order the Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Ten Pounds, as shall be sufficient to pay, for such Repairs, to be made out of the County Rate, to such Person or Persons who shall have repaired the same by such Order of such Justices as aforesaid, although no Provisions shall have been made by any Grand Jury at the Assize, Great Sessions or General Quarter Sessions of the Peace of any County, City, Riding, Division, Town Corporate or Liberty in which such Repairs shall have been done, of the Want of such Reparations as by the last Act of the Twelfth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, above recited, was directed: Provided nevertheless, that before such Payment be ordered to be made as aforesaid, a Certificate be returned to such Justices of the Peace as assembled at such last mentioned Sessions, signed by Two at the least of such Justices so appointed as aforesaid, who shall have so ordered such Repairs as aforesaid, stating the Nature of such Repairs, and the Defects, Damage or Injuries, which they had so ordered to be repaired, and their Reason for so ordering such immediate Repairs as aforesaid: Provided also, that such Justices of the Peace, so assembled as last aforesaid, be satisfied by the Person concerned, that the Charges made by them for such Repairs are reasonable and just.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That, from and after the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace of any County, City, Riding, Division, Town Corporate or Liberty, at any General Quarter Sessions or Great Sessions respectively to be holden in any such County, City, Riding, Division, Town Corporate or Liberty, before the General or Great Sessions which shall be holden in such County, City, Riding, Division, Town Corporate or Liberty, in the Week after the Feast of Eglise next after the said First Day of July, or the greater Part of the same then and then assembled, if they shall so think proper, to make such Appointment or Appointments of Justices as they have been heretofore by this Act authorized to make at any such Eglise Sessions, and such Appointment or Appointments shall be in force until One Week after the then next Eglise Sessions.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in case of any such Appointment or Appointments being made as an herein fully mentioned and authorized by this Act, all the Provisions, Rules, Regulations, Powers, Directions and Authorities of this Act, which are applicable in case of any Appointment or Appointments being made at any such Eglise Sessions, shall apply in the like manner and in every respect whatsoever, in case of any such Appointment or Appointments being made, as are hereby authorized in aforesaid Sessions as shall be hold before the Eglise Sessions which shall be hold next after the said First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace of any County, City, Riding, Division, Town Corporate or Liberty, at their General Quarter Sessions respectively, or the greater Part of them then and then assembled, if they shall so think proper and convenient, to contract

and agree with the Commissioners or Commissioners, Trustees or Trustees, of any Turnpike Road within the said County, City, Riding, Division, Town Corporate or Liberty, or with their Surveyor or Clerk, or with both their Surveyor and Clerk, or with the Surveyor or Surveyors of the Highway of any Parish, Place or Tything within the said County, City, Riding, Division, Town Corporate or Liberty respectively, or with any other Person or Persons: for the maintaining and keeping in Repair, Roads over any County Towns, and of so much of the Road as the Ending thereof as by Law it is to be repaired at the Expence of any such County, City, Riding, Division, Town Corporate or Liberty, or any Part of the same, for any Term not exceeding Seven Years, nor less than One, although no Provisions shall have been made as directed by the said statute All of the Twelfth Yr of His late Majesty King George the Second, of the Sufficiency, Inconvenience, Decay or Want of Repair of the same; Subject however to all the Rules, Restrictions, Regulations, Directions and Conditions, required by the above recited Act in case where the same shall have been prefixed or directed by that Act.

11 G. 1. 7. 11.
§ 11.

C A P. CXI.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia and Local Militia in Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve. [26th July 1812.]

WHEREAS it is necessary that Provisions should be made for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Regular Militia (when disbanded) and Local Militia in Great Britain, for One Year from the Twentieth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and eleven: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in every County, Riding or Place in England, and in every County, Stewartry, City or Place in Scotland, where the Regular Militia or Local Militia is or shall be raised, the Secretary at War for the time being is hereby authorized and empowered, and required to make to be issued and paid the whole Sum required for the Regular Militia (when disbanded) and Local Militia respectively, in the manner and for the several Uses hereinafter mentioned, that is to say, for the Pay of the said Regular Militia or Local Militia or the Rate of Eight Shillings a Day for each Adjutant, when an Adjutant is appointed; and at the Rate of Five Shillings a Day for each Quarter Master, when the Establishment of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he is appointed shall exceed Three hundred and fifty private Men; and at the Rate of Three Shillings a Day to each Quarter Master, when the Establishment shall not exceed that Number; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Six pence a Day for each Sergeant resident at the Head Quarters of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, with the Addition of Two Shillings and Six pence a Week for each Sergeant Major, when a Sergeant Major is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Two pence a Day for each Corporal so resident as aforesaid, and at the Rate of One Shilling a Day for each Drummer so resident as aforesaid; with the Addition of Six pence a Day for each Drum Major, when a Drum Major is appointed; and also at the Rate of Three pence per Man for each private Man and Drumsman, for defraying the contingent Expences of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps; and also for the Clothing of the Regular Militia (when disbanded) or Local Militia for each County, Riding, Stewartry, City or Place, at the Rate of Four Pounds Nine Shillings and One Penny for each Sergeant Major, Three Pounds Nine Shillings and One Penny for each Sergeant, One Pound Nineteen Shillings and One Penny for each Corporal, Four Pounds and Ten pence for each Drum Major, Three Pounds and Ten pence for each Drumsman, and One Pound Eighteen Shillings and Seven pence for each private Man; and that such Sergeant Majors, Drum Majors, Sergeants, Corporals and Drumsmen, who may be retained on constant Pay, and resident at Head Quarters, shall be charged Over in Two Years; and that such Sergeants, Corporals and Drumsmen of Local Militia, beyond the Regular Establishment of the Regiment &c. thereof as may be having an allowed Pay, under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Eleventh Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act in and for Great Britain relating to the Local Militia of Great Britain*, shall be entitled to new Clothing when their present Clothing shall have been actually and necessarily worn for Two Years: Provided always, that when any Sergeant, Corporal or Drumsman shall be absent on Patrol or Licence, such Sergeant, Corporal or Drumsman shall, during such Absence, receive Pay at the following Rates instead of their above mentioned; that is to say, every Sergeant the Sum of One Shilling a Day, every Corporal the Sum of Eight pence per Day, and every Drumsman the Sum of Six pence per Day respectively, and so many; and it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War to make any such Pay to be from time to time paid as Advances, for any Period not exceeding Four Months from the Date for which such Advances shall be made.

It. And be it further enacted, That there shall be granted to the Sergeants of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Regular Militia when disbanded, a Sum of Money in Addition to his Pay, after the Rate of One Guinea for every One hundred Men of each such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, for the Expence of necessary Medicines for the Sick Non Commissioned Officers, Drumsmen and private Men of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps, during the Period or Periods of Absence for annual Exercise or Training; and to the Sergeants of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, the Sum of Five Shillings and Three pence for every Day's Training for the same Purpose, as also to the Sergeants of Regular Militia when disbanded, and to the Sergeants of Local Militia respectively, an Allowance of Six pence per Month for each of the Non Commissioned Officers and Drumsmen of any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps on constant Pay at Head Quarters, for the Expence of necessary Medicines and Allowances given to the Non Commissioned Officers and Drumsmen on constant Pay at Head Quarters, while such Regiment, Battalion or Corps is not called out for annual Training and Exercise.

Secretary at War to the Sec. Secretary for the Pay of the Regular and Local Militia, and the Clothing.

11 G. 1. 7. 11.

Enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty in the first Year of her Majesty's said most Excellent Majesty King George the Fourth.

Approved in Council.

IX. And whereas Persons appointed to act as Adjutants in the Regular or Local Militia may by Age or Infirmary be rendered incapable of doing the Duty aforesaid; and it is expedient that some Provision should be made for them in Consideration of their former Services; Be it enacted, That if any Adjutant of Regular Militia, who shall have served faithfully either in His Majesty's Regular Forces or in the Regular or Local Militia, for the full Term of Thirty Years in the Whole, Part or of which he shall have served as an Adjutant of Regular or Local Militia, shall by Age or Infirmary be rendered unfit for further Service, he shall, on producing to the Receiver General of the Land Tax for the County, Riding or Place to which such Regular or Local Militia shall belong if in England, or to the Receiver General for Scotland if in Scotland, a Certificate of such Service of Thirty Years as aforesaid, from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, be entitled to receive and the Receiver General aforesaid, respectively shall be, and they are hereby authorized and required to pay to such Person producing such Certificate as aforesaid, an Allowance at the Rate of Six Shillings per Day: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid who shall have served for a full Term than Fifty Years as an Adjutant of Regular or Local Militia, or who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, except as Regimental or Battalion Clerk of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Regular or Local Militia: Provided also, that no such Adjutant shall lose any Right he may have to Half Pay, by reason of receiving such Allowance as aforesaid, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

[*This Act, except the Clauses above intimated, and also except § 3. c. 107 which is inserted in this Act is similar to 31 G. 3. c. 105.*]

C A P. CXXII.

An Act for defraying, until the Twentry fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of Ireland; and for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace. [9th July 1812.]

[*This Act, except the Dates, is in all respects similar to 31 G. 3. c. 90.*]

C A P. CXXIII.

An Act for raising the Sum of One million two hundred and sixteen thousand six hundred and fifty Six Pounds Thirteen Shillings and Four pence Irish Currency, by Treasury Bills, for the Service of Ireland for the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve. [9th July 1812.]

1. These Treasury may issue Bills to a certain Extent to bear Interest, &c. Bills issued not to exceed = 1,216,656*l.* 1*3s.* 4*d.* Bills of not more than 10*l.* to be taken in Payment of the Revenue in Ireland, after such = sum as the Treasury shall appoint, and Interest shall not exceed 5*½*%. Money to be raised in the Irish = (Ireland Fund. &c. Said Bills to be chargeable thereon. § 5. Bank of Ireland empowered to advance = the Sum of 1,216,656*l.* 1*3s.* 4*d.* on the Credit of this Act. § 6.

C A P. CXXIV.

An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to issue Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of such Aids or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve. [9th July 1812.]

1. The amount may issue Exchequer Bills in manner prescribed by 4 G. 3. c. 1.—f. Clauses, &c. is recited = Act relating to Exchequer Bills extended to this Act. § 2. But not to the Exchequer Bills on the = 2*nd* of 31 G. 3. c. 2. in any other manner than they are authorized by that Act. Sec. 3. Interest of 5*½*%. = per Cent per Annum. § 4. Exchequer Bills may at the Expatriation of Four Months after Date, be taken in = Payment of the Revenue. § 5. Bank of England authorized to advance 6000,000*l.* on the Credit of this = Act, notwithstanding § 6 W. & M. c. 10.—f. 6.

C A P. CXXV.

An Act to make more effectual Provision for settling the Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of Dublin to erect, repair and maintain Light Houses and Lights round the Coasts of Ireland, and to make a Fund for defraying the Charge thereof. [9th July 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make more effectual Provision for the erecting, repairing and maintaining of Light Houses and Lights round the Coasts of Ireland; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, an Act made in the Twelfth Year of His present Majesty's happy Memory, intitled *An Act to enable the Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of Dublin to erect, repair and maintain Light Houses round the Coasts of Ireland, and to make a Fund for defraying the Charge thereof.* shall be and the same is hereby repealed, except only as to any Matters and Things had or done under or by virtue of the same at any time before the Commencement of this Act; and that so much and such Parts of an Act made in the Fifth Year of the said Majesty's happy Memory, intitled *An Act to amend and make more effectual several Acts for improving the Trade of Dublin, by providing a Port and Harbour more commodious; and for erecting, repairing and maintaining Light Houses round the Coast of Ireland,*

and to call a *Fee* for *defraying the Charge thereof*, shall be repeated, or imposed any Rates or Duties on any Ship or Vessel passing any Light House or Light House on the Coast of Ireland; or on any Ship or Vessel passing a Floating Light on the Irish Coast, or the South Side of Dublin Bay; and also to such and such Parts of the said several Acts as relate any Rates or Duties upon any Entry towards or outwards of any Ship or Vessel made in any Port of Ireland, or on any Entry, Cocket or Warrant, in any such Port for bringing any Goods, Wares or Merchandise; and also to such and such Parts of the said last recited Act, whereby the Collection or Application of the said several Duties is directed and appropriated, or whereby any of the Rates, Duties or Charges created by the said Act in respect of Ballast, or the additional Duties by the said Act imposed in respect of the Tonnage of Ships coming into the Harbour of Dublin, or either of them, are directed to be applied towards erecting a Light on the Irish Coast aforesaid, or a Light House on the Hill of Howth; and to such and such Parts of the said last recited Act as are herein mentioned, are hereby repealed accordingly.

41

52

53

42

repealed

II. And, for the making Provision for defraying the Expence of purchasing Ground for and for building new Light Houses, and for repairing, fitting up, completing and keeping in Repair the several Light Houses, Light Ships, Floating Lights, Beacons and Sea Marks, which have been or may be erected and built, or placed round the Coast of Ireland, be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, there shall be payable and paid to the said Corporation for performing and improving the Part of Dublin, by the Owners or Masters of every Ship or docked Vessel which shall pass any Light House or Floating Light on the Coast of Ireland, the Sums, Rates and Duties following; that is to say,

There shall be
Duties to be
defrayed
Employment
of Light Houses.

For every Brig or Sloop Ship or docked Vessel navigated according to Law, which shall pass any such Light House or Floating Light, for and in respect of every Light House or Floating Light which such Ship or Vessel shall pass, and for and in respect of every time of passing any and every such Light House or Floating Light, whether the said Ship or Vessel shall be coasted or homeward bound, or on a Foreign Voyage, or sailing Custom, or the Sum of One Farthing, being Carriage, for every Ton Burthen of such Ship or Vessel, for and in respect of every such Light House or Floating Light, and every time of passing the same:

And for every Foreign Ship or docked Vessel passing as afloat, the Sum of One Halfpenny, being Carriage, for every Ton Burthen, for and in respect of every such Light House or Floating Light, and every time of passing the same.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act shall not extend to change with the Rates or Duties hereby imposed on the Tonnage of Ships and Vessels any of His Majesty's Ships of War, nor any Ships or Vessels whatever being the Property of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or of the Royal Family; nor any Fishing Vessels, Brigs or Boats; and that all Coastwise Vessels sailing in Ballast only from any Port in Ireland to any other Port therein, shall pay only One Half of the said Rates and Duties; any thing heretofore mentioned and contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Exemptions

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Light House or Floating Light which shall not at the time of the passing of this Act be completed in such manner as to have the Lights or Signals put up therein, shall at any time after the passing of this Act be built or repaired, placed or erected on or near any Parts of the Coast of Ireland, then and in such case a Notice of the time when such Light House or Floating Light has been or will be completed in as to have Lights or Signals put up therein, shall be given by the said Corporation for performing and improving the Part of Dublin, Three several times in the Assizes and Dublin Courts, and the Dates by this Act granted on the Tonnage of Ships or Vessels passing any such Light House or Floating Light shall not commence or be payable until after the time mentioned in such Notice, nor until such Lights or Signals shall be put up in such Light House or Floating Light in the time mentioned in such Notice.

Notice also
when to be
given in the
assizes and
courts.

V. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, there shall be payable and paid to the said Corporation for performing and improving the Part of Dublin, the Rates and Duties following; that is to say, upon every Entry aforesaid on every Entry outwards of any Ship or Vessel made in any Port of Ireland, and upon every Entry, Cocket or Warrant, in any such Port for bringing any Goods, Wares or Merchandise (towards or outwards, or from any Port in Ireland to any other Port therein, where the Value of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall not exceed the Sum of Five Pence, the Sum of Six pence; and where such Value shall exceed the Sum of Five Pence, the Sum of Two Shillings.

Duties to be
payable upon
every such
entry and
warrant.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties by this Act granted on Ships or Vessels passing any Light House or Floating Light on the Coast of Ireland, shall be paid to and collected by the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs in the several Ports of Ireland and Great Britain respectively, in such Part of the United Kingdom into which any Ship or Vessel passing any such Light House or Floating Light shall arrive next after the passing of such Light House or Floating Light respectively; and that the Duty by this Act imposed on every Entry, Cocket or Warrant in any Port in Ireland, shall be levied, collected and received by the Collector or other Chief Officer of Customs in every such Port; and that the Collector of His Majesty's Customs, Comptroller, Receiver of Duties, Surveyors or Searchers, Warden and all other Officers of the Customs, wharves or their respective Deputies or Clerks at any of the Ports, Harbours or Places of the United Kingdom, shall not, after the Commencement of the Duties by this Act granted, take or receive any Entry or Cocket, or other Discharge or Clearance, or take any Report outwards for any Ship or Vessel liable or subject to the said Duties, until all the said Duties shall be paid pursuant to the Direction of this Act to the respective Collector of Customs in such Port, nor until the Master or Owner of any Ship or Vessel subject to the Payment of the said Duties shall have produced a Receipt for all such Duties according to the

Light Houses
Duties to be
levied and
collected in
such Part of
the United Kingdom
into which any
Ship or Vessel
shall arrive.

Office required to take or receive any such Entry, Coals, Discharge, Clearance or Report upwards, upwards; and that the said Duties shall from time to time be accounted for by the said Collector of Customs respectively, and shall be by such Collectors paid into the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer to be used for the Use of the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of Dublin, and shall be paid from time to time by the said Commissioners for carrying the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland to the said Corporation under the Authority of this Act; and the said Duties when so paid into the said Corporation shall be by the said Corporation be applied to the Purposes of this Act; that unto say, to wreat, build, maintain and repair Light Houses, Light Ships, Floating Lights, Beacons and Sea Marks on or near the Coasts of Ireland.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Writhe of the additional Duties granted by the said recited Act of the Fifth last Year intended in respect of Barks delivered or taken on board Ships, and of the additional Tonnage on Ships coming into the Harbours of Dublin granted by the said Act, shall be collected and levied in like manner and under the like Powers as other Duties of the like nature may by Law be collected and levied by the said Corporation, and the Produce thereof applied towards the aforesaid purposes of building and repairing Barks, and to the Improvement of the Port and Harbours of Dublin.

VIII. And whereas by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, for the Purpose, among other things, of vesting in His Majesty the several Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments wherever Light Houses were or should be built, Powers were given to certain Commissioners to be appointed under the said Act with respect to the building or repairing of Light Houses in Ireland: And whereas by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, in exercise, amend and make more effectual the said recited Act made in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, the Commissioners for Barks in Ireland were empowered to carry into Execution the Powers of the said recited Act of the Fourth Year of the Reign of King George the First, with respect to Light Houses: And whereas by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to empower the Commissioners of His Majesty's Revenue, with the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, as well Light Houses*

*round the Coasts of this Kingdom, and to lay a Tonnage Duty on all Shipping, certain Provisions were made for the Purposes in the said Act mentioned: And whereas by an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts, Statutes and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and the Commissioners of Ireland* and *Excise and Taxes* in Ireland, certain Powers were vested in the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, to enable them to purchase Lands and Tenements for building Light Houses: And whereas it is expedient that the Management of the Funds for erecting, repairing and maintaining the Light Houses round the Coasts of Ireland, and all Powers and Authorities relating to such Light Houses, should remain and be vested in the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of Dublin: It is therefore enacted, That all and every the Powers and Authorities which, in and by the said heretofore said recited Acts or any of them, or by any Act or Acts for amending or confirming the same, or any of them, or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, were at any time vested in or exercisable by the said Commissioners of Barks, or by the Commissioners of Revenue, or by the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, with respect to the erecting, building, rebuilding, repairing or maintaining of any Light House or Light House on or near the Coast of Ireland, and the Receipt and Management of all Light House Dues and other Duties and Funds at any time payable or appropriated in Ireland, for or in respect of the Erecting, Repair or Maintenance of Light Houses, and which by the said heretofore recited Act of the Fifteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign were vested in said given to the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of Dublin, shall be and continue to be had, used and exercised by the said Corporation as fully and effectually for the Purposes of this Act to all intents and Purposes as if all such Powers and Authorities were herein specially repeated and re-enacted, subject to the Provisions and Regulations in this Act contained.*

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of Dublin from time to time to repair and maintain all and any Light House and Light House, and all and every of the Beacons, Light Ships and Floating Lights, Marks and Signs for the Sea, Buoys or being in any Place or Places on or near or near the Coast of Ireland, and also that it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporation, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, and by and with the Consent of the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer, or any Three of them, and the said Corporation as hereby empowered, with such Consent and Approbation, from time to time to build, erect, repair, maintain or erect or procure to be built, erected, repaired and maintained, any one or other Light House or Light House in any Place or Places on or near or near the Coasts of Ireland, and also to alter the Light or Lights in any existing Light House or Light House, and to make, erect, set up, and place such and so many one or other Light Houses, Light Ships, Floating Lights, Beacons, Marks and Signs for the Sea, in such Place and Places of the Sea Shores and Uplands near the Sea Coasts of Ireland, or Forelands of the Sea, or elsewhere, as the Sea Marks, as in them had from time to time, erected and requisite, whereby the Danger may be avoided and escaped, and Ships the better come into their Ports without Peril; and all such Light Houses, Light Ships, Floating Lights, Beacons and Sea Marks to build, erect, repair and maintain at such Places and in such manner and of such Qualifications and Dimensions as shall appear to the said Corporation to be expedient: Provided always, that whenever the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of Dublin, shall think it expedient to

Build, or
Dues granted by
Act 35, c. 86
4 & 5, intitled as
above Dublin.

40 c. 1 (1) & 2.

70 c. 1 (1) & 2

36 c. 1 (1)
(1)

45 c. 1 & 2 105

5 c. 1 & 2.

Power for maintain-
ing Light Houses
given to and
exercisable by
Commissioners for
executing Port
of Dublin.

15 c. 1 & 2.

Commissioners in
build and keep
by Repair such
Light Houses as
shall be deemed
necessary.

Power given to
the Trinity
House of Dublin

Forasmuch as Light Hoofs, Buoys or Sea Marks, or to give any existing Light Hoof or Light Hoof, or to erect or fit up, or alter thereof any new or other Light or Light, Beacon or Sea Mark on any of the said Coasts, the said Corporation shall make a Commission or Writing of such their Intentions to the Mayor, Wardens and Aldermen of the said City, Præfector or Sheriffs of the said Most Excellent and Undivided Trinity, and of Saint Clement in the Parish of *St. Andrew* in the County of Kent so that Part of the said Commission called England, commonly called the *Copy of the Trinity Hoop, Hoop, Hoop, Hoop*, and in such Commission the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of *Dublin* shall first or else to be then by the said Corporation of Trinity Hoof of *Dublin* and the proposed Plans, Situation and Site of every such Light Hoof, Beacon or Sea Mark, with the Building, Ground and Moors for the Substructure thereof, and the Nature and Kind of the Light or Light proposed or intended to be used and exhibited thereon, with the intended Construction thereof, and the Use, Nature of any Beacon or other Sea Mark which the said Corporation for improving the Port of *Dublin* shall be so requisite to be erected or fit up, together with all such other Particulars as shall or may be so requisite to enable the said Corporation of Trinity Hoof to regulate a Difference therein; and shall also, upon Representation of the said Corporation of Trinity Hoof, furnish and give to them in all such further and other Informations touching the same, or in relation thereto, as well as Writing as aforesaid, as the said Corporation of Trinity Hoof shall or may require; and upon any such Commission, or in case the said Corporation of Trinity Hoof shall at any other time, or on any Occasion think it requisite and proper to do as aforesaid mentioned, it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporation of Trinity Hoof within Six Calendar Months after the Receipt of such Commission, or at such other time as they shall think fit, to suggest to the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of *Dublin*, any Alterations, Improvements or Amendments, either in relation to the Site and Situation of any such Light Hoof, Beacon or Sea Mark, or of the Plan or Construction thereof, or the Light or Lights to be put up and used, or to be fit up, used and exhibited therein for the Purpose of widening and making the Lane of the fullest and easiest practicable Use and Benefit to Navigation, and in order that the same may thereby be and become perfectly and completely distinguishable from any of the Light Hoofs on any Part of the Coasts of England, Wales or Ireland, and moreover to make and put up or any such other Suggestions affecting any such Light Hoof, Beacon or Sea Mark as to the said Corporation of Trinity Hoof shall seem fitting and necessary; and the same, if approved by the said Commissioners for improving the Port of *Dublin*, subject nevertheless to the Powers herein given to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor, and to the Lord High Treasurer and Comptroller for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland in that Behalf, shall be binding and conclusive, and shall in all respects, subject as aforesaid, be confirmed to and carried into Execution: Provided always, that if the said Corporation of Trinity Hoof shall not, within such Six Calendar Month after any such Commission to be made to them as aforesaid, make or propose any such Suggestions as aforesaid, to the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of *Dublin*, then and in such case the same shall be considered and taken to be approved of or acquiesced in and by the said Corporation of Trinity Hoof; and thereupon a shall and may be lawful for the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of *Dublin*, by and with such Consent and Approbation as aforesaid, to proceed in the erecting and building of any such new Light Hoof or Light Hoof, Beacon or Sea Mark, or in the altering any existing Light, as the case may be, according to such Plan and Commission as shall have been made to the said Corporation of Trinity Hoof as aforesaid: Provided also, that from time to time, and at all times, and on all Occasions whenever the said Corporation of Trinity Hoof shall deem or think it requisite to make and communicate any Suggestions or Representation whatever to the said Corporation for improving the Port of *Dublin*, on the Subject of or in relation to any of the said Light Hoofs, Beacons or Sea Marks, or on the Subject of or in relation to any of the said Light Hoofs, Beacons or Sea Marks for the Sea or on near the Coasts of Ireland, or toward the Improvement thereof, or for widening the Lane more fitful for the Safety of His Majesty's Ships, or of ships engaged in Commerce, or in His Majesty's Service, or shall transmit any Complaint which shall or may at any time be made to the said Corporation of Trinity Hoof, in relation to the Inhabiteness or Detriment of any of the said Light Hoofs, Beacons or Marks for the Sea, then the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of *Dublin* shall without Delay transmit a Copy of every such Suggestion, Communication, Representation or Complaint to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or to or their Chief Secretary, and also to the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or the Comptroller in or for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland; and that it shall and may be lawful for the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, and also to and for the said Lord High Treasurer or Comptroller for executing the said Office, or any Three of them, to make and give such Orders and Directions to the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of *Dublin*, with respect to any such Suggestions, Communications and Representations or Complaints, and in relation to the Matters and Things therein contained or referred to, as to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, or to the Lord High Treasurer or Comptroller aforesaid, or any Three of them, shall seem fitting and expedient; and the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of *Dublin* shall in all things conform to and obey all such Orders and Directions as hit mentioned, and shall proceed and do all things accordingly.

X. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers and Provisions contained in an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for promoting the Trade of Dublin, by widening its Port and Harbour more conveniently*, whereby the said Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of *Dublin* is empowered or authorized to purchase and acquire any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments for the Purpose of the said recited Act, and of and every Act, and Acts for amending the said Act, in respect to the Matters and Things therein, and all Powers and Provisions of any of the

an Act
intituled
An Act
for amending
the said Act

If Trinity Hoof
do not object in
Six Months,
Corporation may
proceed.

Suggestion of
the Trinity
Hoof shall be
Lawful.

Power of
the Act of 17
to be
used in
1781 & 1782

the

And *And*, as any other *And* or *And* whereby the said Corporation is required to account to the Commissioners of the Excise, or to the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts of Ireland, for the Disposal of the Funds under their Management, shall be applied in the Execution of this Act, so far as the same are applicable to the Purpose of this Act, so fully and effectually to all Ports and Purposes whatsoever as if the same were repeated and re-repeated in this Act.

* XI. And whereas by several Acts made in the Parliament of Great Britain, and by divers Charters and Grants of the Crown, certain Tonnage Rates, Tolls and Duties are made payable to the Lord High Treasurer or Trinity House of Dapford Street for Ships or Vessels passing certain Light Houses, in the Coast of Great Britain, and it frequently happens that Ships or Vessels, after passing such Light Houses do not come into any Part in Great Britain, but arrive in the Port of Ireland, and it is expedient to make official Provisions for the Collection of the said Duties in the Ports of Ireland on such Ships or Vessels, in respect of such Light Houses: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Collector or other Chief Officer of Customs in any Port in Ireland into which any Ship or Vessel shall arrive after passing any Light House or Light House on the Coast of Great Britain, in respect of which any Rate, Toll or Duty is payable for such Ship or Vessel to the said Corporation of Trinity House, and every such Collector or other Head Officer a hereby authorized, empowered, and required, to collect and receive such Rates, Tolls and Duties as shall be due for such Ship or Vessel, in respect of any such Light House or Light House, according to such Tolls or Tolls and other Directions as shall and may be constituted by the said Corporation of Trinity House, to all or any such Collector or other Officers in all or any of the Ports of Ireland; and that the Collector of His Majesty's Customs, Comptroller, Receiver of Excise, Surveyors or Storekeepers, Wardens and all other Officers of the Customs whatsoever, or their respective Deputies or Clerks at any of the Ports, Harbours or Rivers of Ireland where such Ships or Vessels shall be arrived, shall not, after the time hereinafter appointed for the Commencement of this Act, take or receive any Entry or Cocket or other Discharge or Clearance, or permit any Goods or Stoves to be laid on Land, or discharged or shipped out of, from or on any such Ships or Vessels, or take any Report outwards for any such Ship or Vessel to be made or lodged to the said Duties, and all such Rates, Tolls and Duties shall be paid to the respective Collectors of Customs in such Ports respectively, not until the Master or Owner, or Person having Charge of the Ship or Vessel subject to the Payment of the said Rates, Tolls or Duties, shall have and produce a Receipt for all such Rates, Tolls and Duties according to the Order required to take or receive any such Entry, Cocket, Discharge, Clearance or Report contained as aforesaid, and that the said Duties shall from time to time be accounted for by the said Collector of Customs or Officers respectively, and shall be by such Collector or Officers respectively from time to time returned and paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Customs of Ireland in the Port of Dublin, and shall from time to time be issued and paid by the Receiver General of His Majesty's Customs of Ireland, or his Deputy for the same being, for the Use of the said Corporation of Trinity House to such Person or Persons in the said Corporation shall appear for that Purpose.

* XII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect from the Twenty first Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twelve, in so far as relates to the Report of the several Duties in respect of Light Houses under the said recited Act of the Fifth last Year aforesaid, and also in so far as relates to the Payment of the several Rates and Duties by this Act imposed and to be payable on Ships or Vessels arriving, or which shall have arrived or shall arrive in any Port or Harbour in the United Kingdom at any time after the said Twenty first Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and that in case any of the Duties in respect of Light Houses granted by the said recited Act of the Fifth last Year and hereby repealed, shall have been paid or shall be paid to or received by any of the Collectors of Customs in any of the said Ports at any time after the said Twenty first Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twelve, it shall and may be lawful for the said Collector, and they are hereby authorized and required, out of any Money in their Hands, to repay or allow to the Person or Persons who shall have paid the said Duties the Amount of Three Fourth Parts of such sum or sums if they shall have so paid at any time after the said Twenty first Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twelve in respect of such Duties, and to retain the other One Fourth Part of such sum or sums in Satisfaction and Discharge of the Duties payable under this Act; and that in so all other Matters and Things, in this Act contained, the same shall take Effect and be in force immediately after the Expiration of Two Days next after the passing of this Act.

C A P. CXVI.

An Act to amend an Act of this Session of Parliament for amending the Laws relating to the Local Militia of England. [13th July 1812.]

* WHEREAS by an Act passed in the previous Session of Parliament, intitled *an Act to amend the Laws relating to the Local Militia of England*, it is, among other things, enacted and provided, that no Person being paid any Fee for not serving in the Local Militia shall be liable to serve until the Expiration of Two Years from the Period of having paid such Fee: And whereas it is expedient that a further Exemption from Service should be allowed to Persons who have served personally in the Local Militia: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person who shall have served personally in the Local Militia, during the Period which he may have been liable to serve, shall be exempted from being again balloted and enrolled in the Local Militia for Two Years from the Expiration of his Period of Service.

C A P.

C A P. CXVII.

An Act for imposing additional Duties of Customs on certain Species of Wood, and on Pot and Pearl Ashes imported into Great Britain. [19th July 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that additional Duties of Customs should be imposed on the Importation into Great Britain of certain Species of Wood, and on Pot and Pearl Ashes: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and twelve, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several additional Perquisites and Temporary or War Duties of Customs on Barks, Fir Quarries and Ulms, and on Pot and Pearl Ashes, imported into Great Britain, as the same are severally and respectively intimated, described and set forth in Figure in the Table hereto annexed, marked (A.); and that there shall be paid or allowed on the Exportation of such Barks, Fir Quarries and Ulms, the several Drawbacks of the said Duties of Customs as the same are respectively intimated, described and set forth, in the said Table hereto annexed, marked (A.)

Additional Duties on Barks, &c.

Drawback allowed.

Duty paid during the War, &c.

Duty on Barks, &c. imposed by Bond. 42 G. 3 c. 13.

Duty not to exceed 4 c. imposed on Barks, &c. Customs in America, &c.

Duties payable on America delivered or re-imbursed.

Duties under Comprehension of Customs.

Barks, &c. Five Inches Square or upwards liable to Duty payable on Fir Timber, &c.

Duties here intimated.

II. And be it further enacted, That in respect of the said additional Duties of Customs hereby imposed as full under the Title or Description of Temporary or War Duties, they shall be paid and payable during the Continuance of the present War, and for Six Months after the Ratification of a definitive Treaty of Peace.

III. And be it further enacted, That the additional Duties hereby imposed on Barks, Fir Quarries and Ulms, may be incurred by Bond under the Regulations of an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain to be stored in Warehouses without Payment of Duty.*

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to charge any Barks, Fir Quarries or Ulms, with the additional Duties hereby imposed, which shall be imposed chiefly from any British Colony, Plantation or Settlement in Africa or America, or which shall be imported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or any Part or Part thereof, being the Proprietor of any British Colony or Plantation in America, and imported chiefly from thence.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said additional Duties of Customs shall be charged and payable on any Barks, Fir Quarries and Ulms, and on any Pot or Pearl Ashes enumerated or described in the said Table hereto annexed, marked (A.), which having been warehoused or otherwise incurred under the Authority of any Act of Parliament without Payment of Duty, shall be taken out of any such Warehouse or Place where the same shall have been lodged or incurred for the Purpose of being used or consumed in Great Britain, after the said First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and twelve, notwithstanding such Barks, Fir Quarries, Ulms or Pot or Pearl Ashes may have been imported into Great Britain before the said First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

VI. And be it further enacted, That each of the Duties by this Act imposed as full set in that Part of Great Britain called England, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being; and each thereof as shall set in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland for the time being.

VII. And whereas it is expedient, that the Duties on Barks, Fir Quarries and Ulms imported into Great Britain, being Five Inches Square or upwards, should be ascertained and collected by Measure and not by

Tale: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the said First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and twelve, all Barks, Fir Quarries and Ulms, imported into Great Britain, being Five Inches Square or upwards, shall be liable and liable to the Duties payable on Fir Timber; any Law, Customs or Usage, to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that in case any Barks, Fir Quarries or Ulms, on which the Duties are by this Act directed to be charged according to the Measure thereof, and which having been warehoused or otherwise received under the Authority of any Act of Parliament without Payment of Duty, shall be taken out of any such Warehouse or Place for the Purpose of being used or consumed in Great Britain after the said First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and twelve, all such Barks, Fir Quarries and Ulms, shall be subject and liable to the Duties payable on Fir Timber, notwithstanding such Barks, Fir Quarries and Ulms, may have been imported into Great Britain, on or before the said First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said additional Duties of Customs and Drawbacks of Duties of Customs by this Act imposed and allowed, shall be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, allowed, paid, recovered and allowed in such and the like manner and by the like means, ways and methods as any Duties of Customs or Drawbacks of Duties of Customs of a like Nature are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, allowed, paid, recovered and allowed, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures now or to be in force in relation to or made for securing the Revenue of Customs in Great Britain, and all Points, Penalties, Powers or Forfeitures for any Offence whatever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation and Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall be in full Force and Effect as to the said Duties and Drawbacks, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if they were at large repeated and recited in this Act.

IX. And

A. 117, 118.

1812.

In case of Con-
sultation to be
made in France.

All other, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Messes from time to time arising from the said Duties, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively accepted, shall from time to time be paid out of the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied to the first purpose aforesaid pursuant to an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repaying the several Duties of Customs chargeable to Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and directed to be appropriated and applied.*

X. And whereas Contracts may have been made for the Sale of Wood, Pearl and Pot Ash prior to the publishing of this Act, be it therefore enacted, That in all cases where any Wood, Pearl and Pot Ash, whomsoever the respective Duties by this Act imposed shall be charged, shall be delivered in pursuance of such Contracts or Sales, it shall be lawful for the Dealer or Dealers to such Wood, Pearl and Pot Ash to deliver the same, to charge to such Money as shall be equivalent to the Duties by this Act imposed respectively therein, in Addition to the Price of such Wood, Pearl and Pot Ash, and such Dealer or Dealers shall be entitled by virtue of this Act to demand and be paid the same accordingly.

XI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be varied, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

TABLE to which this Act refers.

TABLE (A.)

A TABLE of additional Duties of Customs payable on certain Species of Wood imported into Great Britain, not being imported directly from any British Colony, Plantation or Settlement in Africa or America, or not being imported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and on Pot and Pearl Ashes not being the Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in America and exported directly from thence.

| | PERMANENT. | | Temporary
or
W. Duties. |
|--|------------|-------|-------------------------------|
| | Duty. | Dues. | |
| BARKS, videlicet,
under 5 Inches Square imported in a British-built
Ship, the 100 | £ | 14 6 | 1 18 2 |
| | £ | 16 6 | 1 18 10 |
| FIR QUARTERS, videlicet,
under 5 Inches Square imported in a British-built
Ship, the 100 | £ | 14 6 | 1 18 2 |
| | £ | 16 6 | 1 18 10 |
| YFERS, videlicet,
under 5 Inches Square imported in a British-built
Ship, the 100 | £ | 14 6 | 1 18 2 |
| | £ | 16 6 | 1 18 10 |
| ASHES, videlicet,
Pearl and Pot Ashes the Hundred Weight | 0 | 3 6 | 0 1 2 |

(See the Act to which this Table is annexed.)

C A P. CXVIII.

An Act to amend an Act made in the present Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to revive and continue until the Thirtieth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve, so much of an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, as prohibits the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain, in the United Kingdom, or subject to Great Britain, and to revive and continue under another Act made in the Forty-ninth Year aforesaid, to suppress the Importation of British or British-made Spirits into Great Britain or Ireland respectively; and for granting certain Duties on Wines or Wines made from Sugar during the Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain in Great Britain.* [17th July 1812.]

1812.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the present Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to revive and continue until the Thirtieth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve, so much of an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, as prohibits the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain,*

I refer to the
 Bill in Com-
 ments of the
 11th Dec.
 1812.

Bill in Com-
 ments of the
 11th Dec.
 1812.

IV And be it further enacted, That, from and after the said First Day of December next next ensuing, every Licence to be granted to any Distiller or Distillers in the Lowlands or elsewhere for the making or distilling of Spirits from Sugar for Home Consumption, shall commence and take Effect from the First Day of December in each Year, and shall be and remain in Force and Effect for and during any Period of time in which, by or under the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament passed or to be passed, the Distillers of Spirits from Corn or Grass in Great Britain shall be prohibited from extending the Space of One Year from every such First Day of December: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for and the said licensed Distiller or Distillers in the Lowlands of Scotland to deliver up to the Commissioners of Excise, or to the proper Supervisor or Surveyor of the District, his, her or their Licence to be executed or shewn as the Purse and Conditions, and at the time and in each instance as immediately before the passing of an Act of the thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grass for a limited Time*, were by any Act or Acts of Parliament then in force (notwithstanding the contrary in any former Statute or Statutes passed for the making or distilling of Spirits from Corn or Grass for Home Consumption in the said Lowlands) any thing herein or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

C A P. CXIX.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, as permits the Importation of Goods and Commodities from Turkey, Egypt or the Levant Seas, in Foreign Ships.

[12th July 1812.]

41-2 C 118.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to permit, during the Continuance of Hostilities, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, the Importation into Great Britain and Ireland, in several Parts, from States in Amity with His Majesty, of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandises*; and in consequence His Majesty, by Order in Council, to prohibit the Importation of Coffee, and to permit the Importation, in several Parts, from States not in Amity with His Majesty, of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandises; any Goods or Commodities which before the passing of the said Act had been usually imported from Turkey or Egypt, or from any Place within the Dominion of the Grand Signior within the Levant Seas, may, during the Continuance of Hostilities and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, be imported and brought in by any Person or Persons whatsoever, into the United Kingdom, from any Port or Place whatsoever, in any Ship or Vessel both in or belonging to Great Britain or Ireland, excepted and regulated according to Law, or in any Ship or Vessel belonging to any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, excepted with Foreign States: And whereas it is expedient to amend in respect to much of the said Act as permits the Importation of such Goods and Commodities in Ships and Vessels belonging to any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty excepted with Foreign States: It is therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said Act as permits Goods or Commodities which before the passing thereof had been usually imported from Turkey or Egypt, or from any Place within the Dominion of the Grand Signior within the Levant Seas, to be imported in any Ship or Vessel belonging to any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, excepted with Foreign States, shall from and after the First Day of November next One thousand eight hundred and twelve be repealed; and such Goods and Commodities, from and after the said First Day of November next One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall not be imported into any Part of the United Kingdom in any other than British-built Ships or Vessels, excepted and regulated according to Law; any thing contained in any Act of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

11.

repeal.

His Majesty
 may by Order
 in Council pro-
 hibit Importation
 of Goods from
 Turkey or Egypt,
 or from any
 Place within
 the said Do-
 minion.

It. Provided always, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty by his Order in Council, and in Accordance with the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors and the Privy Council of Ireland, from time to time, when and as often as he shall be judged expedient, to permit, during the Continuance of Hostilities and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, any Goods or Commodities hitherto usually imported from Turkey or Egypt, or from any Place within the Dominion of the Grand Signior within the Levant Seas, to be imported in any Ship or Vessel whatsoever excepted with Foreign States, any Law now in force to the contrary notwithstanding; and all such Goods, Wares and Merchandises, when so imported, shall be liable to all Duties of Customs and Excise, and shall be subject to all Rates, Regulations and Conditions, and to all Penalties and Forfeitures for the Breach thereof, to which they would have been liable and subject if they had been imported into Great Britain or Ireland, according to any Law or Laws in force at the time of the passing of this Act.

C A P. CXX.

An Act to explain, amend and extend the Provisions of an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling the Wives and Families of Soldiers to return to their Homes, to the Widows, Wives and Families of Soldiers dying or employed on Foreign Service.

[12th July 1812.]

116-3 C 104.

WHEREAS the Wives and Widows and Children of Soldiers on Foreign Service often return from Foreign Parts on account of the Death of their Husbands, or from other Causes, and, upon being landed in the Country, are destitute of any means of returning to their respective Homes: And whereas it is expedient that the Provisions of an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for*

1 making

* *enabling the Wives and Families of Soldiers embarked for Foreign Service to enjoy in their Names, Benefit by extended for the Relief of Prisoners so circumstanced; and that the said Act should be in other respects amended:* Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That when any Widow, Widower or Children of Soldiers employed on Foreign Service shall return to Great Britain, the Officers commanding the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to which the Husband or Father of any such Widow or Child is or did belong, shall give her a Certificate stating that the Person to whom such Certificate is given is or was the Wife of, or her Child or Children in or near the Child or Children of a Soldier in his Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detachment, in like Form and Manner as the Certificates given by Officers commanding Corps, to the Wives and Families of Soldiers embarked for Foreign Service under the Direction of the said recited Act; and of any Woman, the Widow or Widower of Soldiers on Foreign Service, or their Children, shall send to any Place in Great Britain without having such Certificates as are enacted by the Act, it shall be lawful for the General Officer commanding at the several Places to that where they shall so land, and he is hereby required, upon Application made to him, to give any such Women applying for it such Certificates as aforesaid, which shall entitle her to the Allowance for herself and her Children (if any) granted by this Act; and every such Widow or Wife shall, upon any Certificate granted under this Act, receive such Allowance for herself and Family as are allowed, granted and directed by the said recited Act, upon Certificates granted by Officers commanding Corps, in respect of Wives and Families of Soldiers embarked for Foreign Service, in like manner as if such Allowances were specially granted by this Act, and as if all the Rules and Regulations for the giving, regulating, paying and accounting for and returning the same, were specially and particularly enacted in this Act.

11. And be it further enacted, That every Widow or Wife of any Soldier to whom any such Certificate shall have been delivered, as is directed by the said recited Act or this Act, shall forthwith take the same to some Justice of the Peace, or Magistrate, who shall make out a Receipt and fill up and sign a Certificate specifying the Place to which such Widow or Wife and Family is going, specifying the Number of Children; and a Receipt to be taken for each Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, to be sent and offered of the Rate of Allowance directed by the said recited Act, to direct any such Allowance to be paid down necessary, not exceeding Three Halfpence per Mile for each such Woman, and One Penny per Mile for each of her Children; any thing in the said recited Act authorizing a Rate of Allowance to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. CXXI.

An Act to authorize the Transfer, to the *East India* Company, of Debts originally contracted there, on the Part of the *East India* Company, payable in England. [13th July 1812.]

* **WHEREAS** sundry Bills of Exchange have been heretofore drawn upon the Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the *East India*, for several Sums of Money payable in London, or Discharge of Debts contracted on the Part of the said United Company in the *East India*; and by Agreements made in London between the said Court of Directors and the Persons entitled to the Money issued by such Bills, the Money so issued has been remitted to the *East India*, to be received by way of Loan to the said United Company, (where to bear Interest, after an *India* Rate; and it may be convenient that similar Agreements for the Remittance to the *East India* of other Sums of Money, payable or to be payable in London, should be made and entered into, and that the Interest which may be so considered as due on the time of entering into such Agreements should be advanced here; and it is expedient, that all Doubts as to the Validity of such Agreements and Payments should be removed: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all such Agreements heretofore made or hereafter to be made for the Remittance from London to the *East India* of Sums of Money, to be received by way of Loan to the said United Company in the *East India*, there to bear Interest after an *India* Rate, and all Obligations and Securities entered into or to be entered into for the Payment of any such Sums of Money or Interest there of, shall be valid and effectual in Law, according to the true Intent and Meaning thereof, and of the Powers to that effect, and so Perform or Perform shall be held to any Process or Tortiousness for any thing done or to be done in consequence of any such Agreement; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

C A P. CXXII.

An Act to remove Doubts as to an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, relating to raising Money for the Service of the *East India* Company. [15th July 1812.]

* **WHEREAS** an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to amend the Act relating to the raising Money for the Service of the East India Company, and the carrying and selling such Money; and to make the Regulation Laws Martial: And whereas Doubts have arisen as to whether the Provision of the said Act extended to *Indians*; and it is expedient that such Doubts should be removed: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be so declared and enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and*

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Whereas the Act relating to the raising Money for the Service of the East India Company, and the carrying and selling such Money, was intended to extend to *Indians*; and it is expedient that such Doubts should be removed: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be so declared and enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and

Whereas the Act relating to the raising Money for the Service of the East India Company, and the carrying and selling such Money, was intended to extend to *Indians*; and it is expedient that such Doubts should be removed: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be so declared and enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and

Agreement made on the 15th July 1812, to transfer from London to the East India Company the sum of £100,000.

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and Temporal, and Commons, in this part of Petition, all, official, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act, and all the Provisions thereof, and all the things therein, and the manner and contents thereof, be extended to that Part of the United Kingdom called in Law, and all other the Dominions and Territories of His Majesty; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. CXXIII.

An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the Fiftheth Year of His present Majesty, to enable His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to grant Leases of certain Lands and Premises called *Prince's Meadows*, in the Parish of *Lambeth*, in the County of *Surrow*, Part of His said Royal Highness's Duchy of *Cornwall*, for the Purpose of building thereon.

[17th July 1812.]

WHEREAS His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales is seized in Right of his Duchy of *Cornwall* of certain Messuages, Erections, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments, Situate, and being in the Parish of *Lambeth*, in the County of *Surrow*, and called or known by the Name of *Prince's Meadows*: And whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to enable His Royal Highness's Grace Prince of Wales to make Leases, Grants and Grants of Office, Lands and Hereditaments, Part of the said Duchy of Cornwall, or annexed to the same; and for the better Purposes therein mentioned*, His said Royal Highness is empowered to make Leases and Grants of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, Part of the Possessions of his said Duchy of *Cornwall*, or annexed to the same, for Three Lives, or Lives, or for Thirty one Years or more, or for some Term of Years determinable upon One, Two or Three Lives, and not above, or for any Term of Years not exceeding Ninety nine Years, for the Purpose of improving the same Premises, by erecting substantial Buildings thereon, or for the Purpose of improving Waste Land by Cultivation or otherwise; and it is by the said Act also in Special provided, that upon all such last aforesaid Leases or Grants approved annual Ground Rents should be reserved, payable to His said Royal Highness, or to such as should here be the Inheritance or other Estate of the said Duchy; and that in all such cases of Leases or Grants to be made for Terms exceeding Thirty one Years, or exceeding the said Term determinable upon Three Lives, no Fine or other Consideration should be taken by His said Royal Highness, further or other than the expressed annual Ground Rents to be reserved as aforesaid; and in case he so exercised: And whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for building a Bridge over the River Thames, from the Strand to the City, or near thereunto, in the County of Middlesex, in the Parish of St. Dunstons, and for better regulating Roads and Passages to convenient thorough in the County of Surrow, and also, amongst other things, directed, that certain Persons therein mentioned should be united in a Company, to be called The *Company of Proprietors of the Strand Bridge*, and that it should and might be lawful to and for the said Company, and their Successors, and they were thereby authorized and empowered to design, direct, order and build, or cause to be built, and to complete, maintain and keep with Stone a Bridge across the said River Thames, from such Part of the Precincts of the City, or near or adjoining thereto, in the Parish of *St. Dunstons*, to the opposite Shore in the Parish of *St. Mary Lambeth* in the said County of *Surrow*; and that the said Company of Proprietors should from time to time improve and correct, and also to lay out and make a Road from the said Bridge to a certain Road leading from the East End of *Whitehall* Bridge to the Stones End in *Whitehall Street* in the Parish of *St. George's* in the Borough of *Southward*, near a certain Place called *St. Dunstons*, in *St. George's Field* in the said Parish of *St. George's* Southward, and that the said County of *Surrow* should be let out and make another Road from the said Bridge to a certain other Place called *Golden Lane* in the said Parish of *St. Mary Lambeth* in the said County of *Surrow*; and also to lay out and make another Road from a certain Street called *St. Dunstons Street*, in the Parish of *St. Dunstons* in the said County of *Surrow*, into the said said mentioned Road, and to continue the same across the said said mentioned Road to a certain Road called *The Whitehall Road* in the said Parish of *St. Dunstons* in the said County of *Surrow*; and that the said Company should from time to time improve and correct; and it was by the said Act also in Special provided, that the said Company of Proprietors should and might, and they were thereby authorized and empowered to purchase a certain triangular Slip or Piece of Land which should be thereby found: would increase between the Bridge Road and the said Estate called *Prince's Meadows*, and would provide a general Communication between the said Bridge Road and the said Estate called *Prince's Meadows*, and would design, transfer and let, over the same, and every Part thereof, unto His said Royal Highness, his Heirs and Successors, a Lease of a certain, thorough to be in certain Part and parcel of the Duchy of *Cornwall*, and that His said Royal Highness should and might, and he was thereby empowered to give over, in Consideration of such Assignment and Transfer from the said Company of Proprietors, and their Successors, to assign, transfer and let over to the said Company of Proprietors, and their Successors, all such Lands and Grounds, Part of the said Estate called *Prince's Meadows* situated, as should be required for the making and laying out of all or any of the said Roads, and which should be necessary and convenient in the said Roads, also granted; and that such mutual Assignment and Transfer should and lawfully and absolutely vest the said Lands to assign, transfer and let over, in the Parish in where the same should be respectively by, to, and transferred, and let over as aforesaid: And whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Fiftheth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, entitled *An Act to enable His Royal Highness's Grace Prince of Wales to grant Leases of certain Lands and Premises called Prince's**

• *Meadow, in the Parish of St. Andrew, in the County of Surrey, Parcel of His said Royal Highness's Duchy of Cornwall, with the Parcell of another Meadow, also situate in the said County of Surrey, Parcel of the said Duchy of Cornwall, and the making and constructing of the said Roads, together with the said Leases, of Land in settlement as aforesaid, and hereinafter in manner, would tend greatly to the Improvement of the said*
 • *Parcels called Prince's Meadows, in Consistency with all the adjoining Property, if Encouragement should*
 • *be given for the Erection of good and substantial Dwelling Houses and other Buildings, in lieu of the then*
 • *present Houses, most of which (as was thereby stated) were constructed chiefly of Wood, and were in a*
 • *ruinous State, then producing, with the Remainder of the said Premises, a gross Rental to the then Lessee*
 • *of about Three thousand two hundred Pounds only per Annum; and all the Encouragement should be*
 • *given for the Construction of other respectable Buildings in the Line of the said Roads, and forming of*
 • *other Roads or Streets in connection with the said last mentioned Roads, all which (as was thereby stated)*
 • *might be effected if His said Royal Highness was empowered to grant Leases of the said Premises upon such*
 • *Terms as might be for the mutual Benefit of His said Royal Highness and his Successors; and also recit-*
 • *ing, that the said Premises called Prince's Meadows contained altogether by Admeasurement Twenty eight*
 • *Acres, Three Roods and Ten Perches of Land or thereabouts, and comprised within the Limits thereof a*
 • *Range of Wharfs and Range Houses, altogether situate upon the River Thames, to the Extent of One*
 • *thousand two hundred and fifty two Feet, or thereabouts, behind which Wharfs and Range Houses there*
 • *was a narrow Road or Street called the Narrow Wall, the singular and sundry Causes whereof provided*
 • *several of the said Wharfs from occupying a sufficient Space in Depth from the said River, but which (as*
 • *was thereby stated) might be remedied, and the Public be more conveniently accommodated by the making*
 • *and constructing of another Road or Street across the said Premises called Prince's Meadows, in lieu of and*
 • *instead of the then removed from the said River than the said Road or Street called Narrow Wall, in which*
 • *Road or Street called Narrow Wall (as was thereby stated) the then Buildings were in the most ruinous*
 • *Condition of Wood, and otherwise were of a very inferior Description, and some of them in a very narrow State,*
 • *and that the Remainder of the said Premises then consisted principally of Meadow or Pasture Land and*
 • *Garden Ground, a small Portion only of the said Premises being then covered with Buildings; and also recit-*
 • *ing, that the said Meadows and herebefore recited Premises against the taking of Taxes now (as is men-*
 • *tioned to depart His said Royal Highness of the accustomed Benefit of Taxes to be assessed in the ordinary*
 • *Course of granting Reversions, in like manner as such Taxes might then be assessed by His said Royal High-*
 • *ness in respect to the said Premises called Prince's Meadows, by causing the same Leases or Grants*
 • *thereof to such Terms of Years, as with the existing Terms thereof would not exceed the Period of Thirty*
 • *one Years, but which Period (as was thereby stated) was of a Duration too limited, to afford sufficient En-*
 • *couragement for the erecting of any substantial Buildings, which the continuing to grant the said Premises for*
 • *short Terms of Years would not only have the Effect of excluding them from the Improvement wherof they*
 • *were then capable, but might at the same time occasion the said Premises to remain as Im-*
 • *provement a great Pain for the Improvement of the Neighbourhood; and also also reciting, that it*
 • *would not be advisable, under the circumstances therein and herebefore mentioned, to make any such im-*
 • *mediate Leases or Grants of the said Premises, called Prince's Meadows, for less Term only as was then*
 • *then existing Term or Terms thereof, would fill up the term to the ordinary Period of Thirty one Years,*
 • *more especially, as the said Premises could not be made to produce under a Lease or Leases to be granted for*
 • *each limited Term of Years, more or less than the Sum of Four thousand two hundred Pounds yearly,*
 • *clear of all Outgoings, which (as was thereby stated) under a Lease or Leases to be granted for exceeding the*
 • *Term to Ninety nine Years and a half, the Ground might be covered with respectable Houses, and the then*
 • *Income to be derived therefrom might be increased to Five thousand Pounds yearly; And also reciting, that*
 • *inasmuch as His said Royal Highness, by granting Building Leases for such an extended Term as Years,*
 • *would be deprived of the Benefit of such Fine or Fines as might rightfully belong to His said Royal High-*
 • *ness, and could be readily obtained by making Residual or Grants of the said Premises, for filling up to*
 • *the perfect Term thereof at Thirty one Years, it was therefore by the said Act now in Recital (as is*
 • *therein clearly from and after the passing thereof it should and might be lawful for His said Royal High-*
 • *ness, and he was thereby authorized and empowered to make Leases and Grants, to be construed and inter-*
 • *preted, by the Judges and Justices, to make Leases or Grants of all or any Part or Part of the said Prem-*
 • *ises, with the Appurtenances called Prince's Meadows, in any Part or Parts wheresoever, for such Term*
 • *or Terms of Years as with the Term or Terms then in being and to say their existing Lease or Leases should*
 • *not altogether exceed the Term of Ninety nine Years from the Date of any such Lease or Grant, or from*
 • *the Date of any such Contract or Agreement to be made in this behalf, was mentioned, as and after*
 • *each improved yearly Rent or Rents (in Addition to the yearly Rent or Rents then in being) should*
 • *be continued, and become payable to His said Royal Highness, his Heirs and Successors, from and after the*
 • *Expiry of Thirty one Years from the Date of any such Lease or Grant, Contract or Agreement in re-*
 • *spectively, or should pay, in the whole Amount of such Rent or Rents, but less than the clear Sum of Five*
 • *thousand Pounds yearly; and that in all cases of such extended Leases or Grants, Contracts or Agreements,*
 • *to be made in this behalf, was mentioned, of all or any Part or Part of the said Premises with the Ap-*
 • *purtenances called Prince's Meadows, it should be lawful for His said Royal Highness, and he was*
 • *thereby empowered to take an improved yearly Rent or Rents of such Sum of Five thousand Pounds, as might*
 • *be lawfully and lawfully be made, for such Part or Parts of the said Premises of Term or Terms of Years to be*
 • *granted or to be made or constructed, as with the Term or Terms then in being would in the ordinary Course*
 • *of granting Reversions within the said Period, here made up the Term of Thirty one Years only from the*
 • *Date of such Lease or Grant, Contract or Agreement: And whereas in pursuance of the Power or*

Authority for that Purpose, contained in the said herebefore recited Act, His said Royal Highness hath entered into a Contract for the granting of One Lease or several Leases of the said Premises called *Princes's Meadows*, under several yearly Rents, amounting altogether to the annual Sum of Seventy six pounds, on the Twelfth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and forty one, and thereupon according to the annual Sum of Five thousand and Seventy six Pounds, and for several Terms of Years in the said Contract mentioned, of the Periods respectively, being Terms of Years not exceeding Ninety nine Years: And whereas it is expedient, in order to the more efficient and permanent Improvement of the said Premises, and for the Purpose of better elucidating the general Plan of building thereon, that additional and more enlarged Powers should be given to His said Royal Highness, his Heirs and Successors for the time being, Dukes of Cornwall: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His said Royal Highness, his Heirs and Successors for the time being, Dukes of Cornwall, (Subject and without Prejudice to any existing Contract or Agreement so far as the same shall then be in force, and so far as the same shall not be entered or abandoned) from time to time and at all times after the passing of this Act, and he and they it and are hereby empowered to alter and vary off or any Part of any Contract or Agreement already entered into by His said Royal Highness as herebefore is mentioned, and, if Occasion shall require, absolutely to amend any such Contract or Agreement, and to enter into any new Contract or Contracts, Agreement or Agreements, and again from time to time to vary or amend such new or renewed Contract or Contracts, Agreement or Agreements, and throughout from time to time to enter into any further or other Contract or Contracts, Agreement or Agreements, for the Purpose of better elucidating the general Arrangement of building on the said Premises, and also from time to time to make new Allowments of the Measurements to respectively concerned to be demised, and new Appointments of the Rent or Rents thereby respectively intended to be referred; but so that no such new Contract or renewed Contract, Alteration or Variation, shall diminish the real Amount of the Rent or Rents by such original Contract or Agreement intended to be referred, or exceed the Term or Number of Years thereby originally contracted to be granted, and so that if previously to any such Alteration, Variation or Amendment as aforesaid, any actual Demise or Lease should have been made of any Part or Parted of the said Premises called *Princes's Meadows*, no such Alteration or Variation or Amendment shall in any manner affect the Allowment of the Periods intended in any such actual Demise or Lease, or the Appointments of Rent thereby actually referred.

II. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That such Contract or Contracts, Agreement or Agreements, as aforesaid, varied or amended as herebefore is mentioned, shall in all Intents, Effects, Conditions and Purposes, be as good, binding, valid and effectual as Law made in Equity as if such altered, varied or renewed Contract or Contracts, Agreement or Agreements, had been originally entered into by His said Royal Highness under and by virtue of the said recited Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the Power therein for that Purpose contained; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for His said Royal Highness, or his Heirs or Successors for the time being, Dukes of Cornwall, to accept a Surrender of any Lease or Leases granted or to be granted by virtue of the said recited Act of Parliament passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or of this Act, and also in lieu of such Lease or Leases, or in the Transfer of any such Lease or Leases, to make any other Lease or Leases, or Contract or Contracts for a Lease or Leases which might have been granted or made under or by virtue of the said recited Act of Parliament passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or of this Act, in or in such new or other Lease or Leases, or Contract or Contracts for a Lease or Leases, shall be for any further Period than the Expiry of the Term granted, or agreed to be granted by such former Lease or Leases, as shall be so surrendered or forfeited, and so as a Rent, or several appointed Rents, not less than the Rents to be referred by such former Lease or Leases, shall be referred, and so as no Fine or Premium shall be for any new Lease or Leases to be so granted.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His said Royal Highness, his Heirs and Successors for the time being, Dukes of Cornwall, and he and they it and are hereby empowered, by One or more Indenture or Indentures, to demise and lease the said Premises called *Princes's Meadows*, either as One Lease or by several Leases, and either unto the Parties or Parties who hath or have already undertaken to take the same as herebefore is mentioned, or unto such other Parties or Parties as such intended Lessee or Lessees, his, her or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, shall for that Purpose from time to time nominate and appoint, for and during all or any Part of the Remainder of the Term specified in such original Contract or Agreement in such Allowments, and under and subject to such Appointments of the said Two hundred annual Sums of Seventy six Pounds, and Five thousand and Seventy six Pounds, as shall be for that Purpose by some Writing under the Hand or Hands of such intended Lessee or Lessees, his, her or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, to be from time to time specified as is required.

IV. And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That every such Lessee or Lessees of the said Premises called *Princes's Meadows*, or any Part thereof, or to whom any Demise or Grant shall be made in such manner as herebefore is mentioned, shall be in all Intents, Intents, Conditions and Purposes, as original Lessee or Lessees of the Premises to be him or them respectively demised or leased; and that such Lessee or Lessees, or his or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, or the Premises to be comprised in any such respective Demise or Lease, be charged with or subject or liable to the Payment of any greater Pension or Share of the said Two hundred annual Sums of Seventy six Pounds, and Five thousand and Seventy six Pounds, than shall for that Purpose be specified and specified in any such Demise or Lease; and that the Conditions, Conditions and Agreements to be referred in any Lease shall be referred to be complied with or complied by any other Lease or Leases, nor shall the Rent to be referred by any Lease be less than Forty Shillings a Year, (save any Discharge from these Regulations in any One or more, of the said Leases shall affect the Validity of the Lease or Leases

Contract for the granting of One Lease or several Leases of the said Premises called Princes's Meadows, under several yearly Rents, amounting altogether to the annual Sum of Seventy six pounds, on the Twelfth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and forty one, and thereupon according to the annual Sum of Five thousand and Seventy six Pounds, and for several Terms of Years in the said Contract mentioned, of the Periods respectively, being Terms of Years not exceeding Ninety nine Years:

Contract for the granting of One Lease or several Leases of the said Premises called Princes's Meadows, under several yearly Rents, amounting altogether to the annual Sum of Seventy six pounds, on the Twelfth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and forty one, and thereupon according to the annual Sum of Five thousand and Seventy six Pounds, and for several Terms of Years in the said Contract mentioned, of the Periods respectively, being Terms of Years not exceeding Ninety nine Years:

Lease granted of Princes's Meadows.

Two hundred and Seventy six Pounds.

Lease only in which the Powers hereby given shall not be duly observed, and shall not affect the Validity of any other Lease or Leases, or Contracts or Contracts, to be made or granted under or by virtue of and pursuant to the Power aforesaid contained in this Act and in the said recited Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and in each or either of them; nor shall any such Lease or Leases whose Lease or Leases shall be made in Conformity with the said Powers, be obliged to enquire whether the full Amount of the original Rent or Rents hath been observed or contracted and agreed to be observed; nor shall the Lease or Leases to such Lessee or Lessees be affected by any Condition to relieve or make up the full Amount of the said Rent of Sixty six Pounds, or Five thousand and Seventy six Pounds, as the case shall require, from other Lessees.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Lease hereafter to be granted as hereinbefore is mentioned, and every such altered, varied or renewed Contract as aforesaid, shall be made in the Office of the Auditor for the time being, of the said Duchy of Cornwall; and said such Contract as aforesaid, the Lease or Contract to be granted or altered, varied or renewed as aforesaid, shall not be allowed as Evidence in any Court of Law or Equity.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His said Royal Highness, his Heirs and Successors for the time being, Dukes of Cornwall, and he and they as and are hereby respectively authorized and empowered from time to time, with the Advice of His and their Council or Commissioners of Revenue for the time being, at the Request or with the Consent of the Lessee or Lessees, or intended Lessee or Lessees of the time Presently respectively, his, her or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, who may be interested in the Land or Ground to be so appropriated or let apart, to cause to be appropriated and let apart any Part of the said Premises called *Prince's Meadows*, as and for a Road or Roads, Way or Ways, Street or Streets, Square or Squares, Passage or Passages, or other open Place or open Places, for the Improvement of the said Premises called *Prince's Meadows*, or any Part thereof, and to cause the same to be first up, altered, or otherwise made, as he or they shall deem expedient, but so as no Road or Way shall be stopped up, laid another Road or Way equally convenient to the Public, as far as the Public shall have just Right of Road or Way, shall be formed and appropriated for the public Use, and so as the Right of Soil of and in the said Roads, Ways, Streets, Squares, Passages and other open Places, may first and remain, and form Part of the Inheritance and Estate of the said Duchy of Cornwall; subject nevertheless to the Lease or Leases which shall or may have been granted thereof, and to the Estates, Rights and Privileges, which shall or may have been granted to the Lessee or Lessees respectively, and to his, her or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His said Royal Highness, his Heirs and Successors for the time being, Dukes of Cornwall, and he and they as and are hereby respectively authorized and empowered with such Advice and Consent, or at such Request as herebefore is mentioned, from time to time to cause such and in many Streets, Drains and Vents, as he or they may think sufficient and necessary to be dug and made in, under, along or across any of the said Roads, Ways, Streets, Squares, Passages and other open Places hereby authorized to be made and let apart as aforesaid; and also to cause any of the Sewers, public Drains and Vents, which now are or hereafter shall be so, under and along or across the said Premises, to be enlarged, raised, altered, renewed and repaired in such manner as he or they respectively shall from time to time see fit, in as such Sewers, Drains or Vents shall be altered or renewed without first making another Street, Drain or Vent equally convenient to the Public; and for any of the said Purposes shall and may from time to time cause to be dug, raised and carried out of or brought into any such Road, Way, Street, Square, Passage or other open Place, such Gravel, Stone, Bricks and other Materials, as he or they shall justly and lawfully see fit; and also to and may erect, build and lay many Gates, Bridges and Drawings to be made on any such Road, Way, Street, Square, Passage or other open Place, for the conveying and carrying off the Earth, Soil and other Matters from the Highways into or adjoining to such Streets, Squares and public Drains, as he or they shall see may think necessary or expedient for that Purpose; and the same or any of them to be enlarged, altered, renewed and repaired, as he or they shall from time to time think fit; and he or they, and any Part of the Power or Powers in the Lease or Leases, Tenants or Tenancies, Occupiers or Occupiers of any Part of the time Presently respectively, as aforesaid to such Streets, Drains, Streets, Squares and Passages, as may be for the better Accommodation of such Streets or Places respectively, and his, her or their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, and other Persons referring to or requesting the said Premises.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend, to deprive, alter or take away any of the Rights, Powers or Authorities vested in the Commissioners of Sewers, but of the Rights, Powers and Authorities vested in them shall be as good, valid and effectual as if this Act had not been made.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His said Royal Highness, his Heirs and Successors for the time being, Dukes of Cornwall, with their Advice and Consent, or at such Request as herebefore is mentioned, to embank, or cause to be embanked, any Part of the said Premises called *Prince's Meadows*, immediately adjoining to the River Tavy, as to cut, dig and make, or made to be cut, dug or made, proper and convenient Docks, Basins, Locks and Sluices, for the Purpose of Trade and Traffic.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend, to prejudice or derogate from the Rights, Interests, Privileges, Freedoms or Authorities of the Mayor and Commonalty, and Citizens of the City of Exeter, or their Successors, or the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, or to prohibit, diminish, alter or diminish any Power, Authority or Jurisdiction, which at the time of making this Act the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, or the

Leases and Con-
tracts to be

Any Part of
to make fit
apart for Road,
Ac.

Streets and
Drawings

Persons vested in
Commissioners of
Sewers may be
deprived.

Docks, to make
or to be made
along the
Tavy.

Rights of City
of Exeter not to
be affected, &c.

the said Lord Mayor for the time being as Chancellor of the River Thames and, lawfully chosen, safe or unsafe, use or exercise or require any Power or Privilege whatsoever from Wharfedale or Stroum, or any of them, to embark, unembark upon or otherwise with any Part or the whole of the River Thames, or the Banks or Shoars thereof, without the Licence and Consent of the Justices, Aldermen and Commoners of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, nor had and obtained in Writing for that Purpose; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereto in any such notwithstanding; nor shall any thing contained in this Act, or in the said recited Act, passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, extend or be deemed, taken or construed to extend, or prejudice, alter, affect or interfere with the Powers and Authorities, Immunities or Privileges of the said Company of Proprietors of the Strand Bridge, or any of them, or all or any of the Powers and Privileges contained in the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or with the Roads, Works, Matters and Things thereby authorized to be made and executed.

XI. And be it further enacted, That while the Dukedom of Cornwall shall from time to time be in Abeyance or Suspense, and also from time to time when there shall be a Duke of Cornwall, but he shall be under the Age of Twenty one Years, and no Council or Commissioners of Revenue shall have been appointed to him, then all or any of the Powers and Authorities contained in this Act, or in the said recited Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, shall be exercisable and shall so may be exercised by the King or Queen for the time being of their Heirs, to whom the Inheritance of the said Lands and Grounds shall for the time being belong; and further, that from time to time, while the Duke of Cornwall for the time being shall be under the Age of Twenty one Years, but shall have a Council or Commissioners of Revenue appointed to him, all or any of the same Powers and Authorities shall be exercisable, and shall or may be exercised by the Duke of Cornwall for the time being, with the Advice of his Council or Commissioners of Revenue for the time being, and notwithstanding his being under the Age of Twenty one Years; but all Revenues to be received by any Lands or Grants to be made by the King or Queen for the time being, or by the Duke of Cornwall for the time being, shall from time to time be had and so go along with the Reversion or Remainder of the Lands and other Hereditaments comprised in such Lands or Grants, as the same Reversion or Remainder shall be immediately reversion or Term or Terms granted by the same Lord, respectively, whether such Reversion or Remainder shall belong to the Duke of Cornwall for the time being, or to the King or Queen's Majesty for the time being.

XII. Saving always to all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, his and their Heirs, Successors, Executors and Administrators (other than and except His said Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and also other than and except to His said Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, his Heirs and Successors, and to all and every Person and Persons who shall hereafter have, inherit and enjoy the said Duchy of Cornwall, by force of any Act of Parliament or other Statute whatsoever), all such Estates, Rights, Tithes, Interests, Benefits, Property, Claims and Demands whatsoever, of, in, on, out of or upon the said Hereditaments called *Prims' Meadows*, and the Appurtenances thereto belonging, as he, he and they, and every or any of them, had before the passing of this Act, or would, could or might have had in and by this Act had not been made.

C A P. CXXIV.

An Act for vesting in His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, certain Lands or Grounds, formerly Part of the Waives of the Manor of Sandhury, in the County of Berks, freed and discharged of Commensurable and other Rights. [13th July 1812.]

WHEREAS the King's Most Excellent Majesty, in the Year One thousand seven hundred and sixty nine, was graciously pleased to establish a Royal Military College; and by His Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, bearing Date the Twenty seventh Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eight, His Majesty was graciously pleased to direct that the said Military College should be under the Control and Superintendance of certain Persons therein named, to be Commissioners of the said Royal Military College, and to compose and form from time to time a Board for the Control, Direction and Management of all Affairs belonging thereto; and that a College Board should be formed, as therein mentioned and directed, for the Purpose of taking under its Cognisance all Matters relating to the Interior Regulations and Cleanliness of the said Department, and which should consist of the Governor of the said College and the several other Persons therein named; and His Majesty was also graciously pleased, by His said Warrant, to direct that the Lands and Property belonging to the said Royal Military College should be under the Care of the Governor and College Board, subject to the Direction of the Board of Commissioners; And whereas the King's Most Excellent Majesty is, under and by virtue of an ancient Grant from the former Lords of the Manor of Sandhury in the County of Berks, bearing Date the Twenty sixth Day of May which was in the Year One thousand six hundred and forty seven, and made or expressed to be made between John Guald the younger, of Dunstable in the County of Bedfordshire, Gentleman, and John Guald the elder, of Sandhury in the County of Berks, Co-venturers, Father of the said John Guald, of the One Part, and Richard Lodge the younger, then 1. Fitzjames to the Old County of Berks, Gentleman, and Thomas Dymock, then of Sandhury also in the said County, of the other Part, joined to himself, his Heirs and Successors, of the One of Two Parts of Land as Ground Parcel of the Waive or Common of the said Manor of Sandhury, and lying within the said Manor and Parcs of Sandhury, therein and hereinafter particularly described, subject to the yearly Rent of Ten Shillings, payable to the Lord of the Manor of Sandhury aforesaid, as the Nature of a Quiet Rent, and being due to the Court Baron of the Lordship of

Warrant under His Majesty's Sign Manual, bearing Date the 27th May 1769, in the 9th Year of His Majesty King George the Third.

Warrant under His Majesty's Sign Manual, bearing Date the 27th May 1769, in the 9th Year of His Majesty King George the Third.

• said Manor, and upon Default thereof to forfeit for every time the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence ;
 • and also subject to the Sum of Ten Shillings, payable to the said Lord of the Manor of Sandhurst, upon every
 • Alienation and dying Seised of the Inheritance of the said Premises, as the Name and Nature of a Relief,
 • and subject also to Powers of Entry and Distress for Recovery of the said Quit Rent, Fine and Relief,
 • when and in case the same or either of them shall be in Arrear, as in the said Indenture are referred and ex-
 • pressed: And whereas Richard Boscawen Esquire is Lord of the said Manor of Sandhurst, and in Right
 • thereof is entitled to the said Quit Rent, Suit and Relief, he doth hereby in respect of the
 • said Pieces or Parcels of Land or Ground hereinafter mentioned and described: And whereas the King's
 • Most Excellent Majesty, and John Mordaunt Esquire, William Stuckley Esquire, Charles Steward, William
 • Steward, William Giles, John Rockingham, and several other Persons, are Owners and Proprietors of all the
 • Lands lying and being within the said Manor and Parish of Sandhurst, and claim to be entitled to
 • Commonable Rights as and over the said Two Pieces of Land or Ground: And whereas by an Order
 • under the Hand and Seal of His Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, and Major General John Mordaunt
 • General, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Berks, and John Tisdall and
 • Richard Boscawen Esquires, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Surrey, made at a
 • Special Sessions held on the Eleventh Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eleven, after
 • reciting that being upon View made that a certain Part of a Highway lying Part in the said Parish of
 • Sandhurst in the Hundred of Surrey in the said County of Berks, and Part in the Parish or Hundred of
 • Frenley in the Hundred of Woking in the County of Surrey, and lying between the South East End of
 • the Village of Sandhurst, near to a Farm Houfe the Property of the said William Stuckley Esquire, and
 • the High Turnpike Road between Bagshot and Blackwater, for the Length of One thousand Six hundred
 • and twenty five Yards or thereabouts, and particularly described in the Plan therewith annexed, might
 • be diverted and turned so as to make the same more convenient to the Public; and that having viewed a
 • Course proposed for the new Highway in and over the open Lands and Grounds of the said Richard
 • Boscawen Esquire, Lord of the Manor of Sandhurst, and of the said General and Collegiate Board
 • of the Royal Military College of Sandhurst situated, of the Length of One thousand two hundred and eighty
 • seven Yards or thereabouts, and of the Breadth of Thirty Foot or thereabouts, particularly described in the
 • Plan therewith annexed, and that having received Evidence of the Content of the said Richard Boscawen,
 • and of the said Governor and Collegiate Board, to the said new Highway being made through their respec-
 • tive Lands therewith delineated, by Writing under the Hand and Seal of the said Richard Boscawen, and
 • under the Hand and Seal of the Honourable Alexander Hope the Governor of the said College, they the said
 • Justices do hereby order that the said Highway should be diverted and turned through and over the Lands
 • aforesaid: And whereas the Commissioners of His Majesty's said Royal Military College have erected and
 • built the said College on Part of the said Pieces or Parcels of Land or Ground herebefore mentioned
 • and hereinafter described, and are desirous of covering the Remainder thereof to the Uses and Purposes of
 • the said Institution respectively: And whereas the Council Bearer of His Majesty's said Royal Military Col-
 • lege here, in Behalf of His Majesty, agreed with the said John Mordaunt, William Stuckley Esquire, Charles
 • Steward, William Steward, and the several other Owners and Proprietors of Lands and Hereditaments within
 • the said Manor and Parish of Sandhurst, for the Purchase of all their Commonable and other Rights and In-
 • terests in, upon and over the said Two Pieces of Land or Ground: And whereas the said Commissioners
 • have also agreed with the said Richard Boscawen, as Lord of the said Manor of Sandhurst, for the Purchase of
 • the said Quit Rent, Suit and Relief, and all such other Rights and Interests as he the said Richard
 • Boscawen hath as such Lord, in, out of, upon or in respect of, the said Two Pieces or Parcels of Land or
 • Ground: And whereas the Inhabitants of the said Two Pieces of Land or Ground, freed and discharged from
 • all Commonable and other Rights, will not only be very beneficial for the Purposes of the said Royal Military
 • College, but also of great public Utility: Yet nevertheless as the same cannot be effectually done without
 • the Aid and Authority of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be
 • so made by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spirit-
 • ual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same,
 • That all that Piece or Parcel of Waste or Common Parcel of the Manor of Sandhurst called *Berry Green*, con-
 • taining by Estimation Ten Acres, be the same more or less, lying near to a capital Messuage of His Majesty,
 • called *Trinity*, otherwise *Trotter's*, within the said Manor, and all the Pond within the same Parcel of Waste
 • or Common, and all the Village in the same Pond; and also all that Piece of Waste or Common, containing
 • by Estimation Two hundred Acres (be the same more or less), Parcel of the Waste or Common of the Manor
 • of Sandhurst aforesaid, next adjoining to the said Green called *Berry Green*, and also to *Selwyn and Naze*, and
 • called *King's Clay*, and against the Pond formerly made by William Clayton in *Wylmer Stream*, and to be
 • accounted and taken from the said *Wylmer Stream*, which is the Bound that parts the Parishes or Hundreds
 • of *Frenley* and *Sandhurst*, along by the said *Berry Eastward*, and from the North Corner of *Berry Green*
 • upright North East, and to account and bounded with Marks and Bounds from the other Part of the Waste
 • Green belonging to the said Manor, and as the same are now inclosed, set out and known, and by what-
 • ever other Names, Counties, Abarats, Boundaries or other Designations, the said Two Pieces or Parcels of
 • Land or Ground are now or as are these or were heretofore have been called, known or distinguished, shall be
 • and the same are hereby sold to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors for ever, freed, acquitted and absolutely
 • conveyed and discharged, of and from all and all Manner of Commonable Rights and other Rights what-
 • soever, as well of the Owners and Occupiers of Lands and Tenements within the said Manor and Parish of Sand-
 • hurst, as also for ever freed, acquitted and absolutely removed and discharged of and from all Quit Rents,

Lands in this
 bill sold to
 His Majesty, ac-
 cording to the
 Commonable
 Rights.

Sale, Service, Pledge, Release and all other Rights, Remedies, Innovations and Privileges whatsoever, of the Lord or Lords, or Owner or Owners of the said Manor of Sandhøj for the time being.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall not be enabled to, or have a claim on any Commensurable Rights in or over any Part or Parts of the Revenues of the Warden of the said Manor of Sandhøj, in or in respect of, or as appurtenant to the said Two Pieces of Land or Grounds by this Act vested in His Majesty as aforesaid.

III. Provided also, and it is hereby declared and enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall defray or in any wise abate or lessen the Rights of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in or over any such Commensurable and other Rights in His Majesty as aforesaid, in, over and upon the Rent of the Commons or Warden of the said Manor of Sandhøj, in or in respect of the said inclosed Lands called *Lodge's Farm*, or any other old inclosed Lands of His Majesty, within the said Manor and Parishes, but that His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the Owner and Owners for the time being of the said old inclosed Lands, shall have and be entitled to all such Commensurable and other Rights in, upon and over all the Revenues of the Warden of the said Manor of Sandhøj, in or in respect of each old inclosed Land, in as large and ample manner to all intents and Purposes as if it were the Tenants of the same Manor have or use thereof; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Principal Money to arise from the Sale of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be purchased for the Purpose of this Act, of any Body Corporate, Sole Individual or Civil Corporation, Aggregate or Sole, whether in Trade, Commerce, Commission or other Trade, or from any Trade or Trade-Corset, or other incorporated Person or Persons, such Money shall, in case the same amount to or exceed the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all arrears due, be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account there to appear the Governor of the said College, to the intent that such Money shall be applied, under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be signified by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a January way by the Petitor or Petitors who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in the Purchase of the said Land, Tenement or Hereditaments, standing charged therewith to the same or the like Use, Intents and Purposes; or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court, in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be conveyed and sold to, for and upon such and the like Uses, Trades, Intents and Purposes, and in the same manner as the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments which shall be so purchased, taken or sold as aforesaid, good title to be limited, or such of them as in the case of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be wanting and undetermined or capable of taking Effect; and in the mean time, and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall, by Order of the said Court of Chancery, upon Application thereto, be invested by the said Accountant General in the Name, in the Purchase of Three Perpetual per Centum Consolids, or Three Perpetual per Centum Reduced Stock Annuities; and in the mean time, and until the said Stock Annuities shall be ordered by the said Court to be sold for the Purpose aforesaid, the Dividends and annual Profits of the said Consolids or Reduced Stock Annuities shall from time to time be paid, by Order of the said Court, to the Petitor or Petitors who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to hereby devised to be purchased, in such such Purchase or Settlement was made.

V. Provided always and be it further enacted, That if any Money be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, purchased, taken or sold for the Purpose aforesaid, and belonging to any such Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall amount to or exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall, in the Opinion of the Petitor or Petitors for the same being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments so purchased, taken or sold, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands, be paid into the Bank, in the Name and with the Privy of the said Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in manner herebefore directed; or otherwise the same shall be paid, at the like Option, to Two Trustees, to be nominated by the Petitor or Petitors making such Option, and approved of by the Governor of the said College, (such Nominations and Approbations to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the nominating and approving Parties,) in order that such Principal Money and the Dividend arising thereon may be applied in manner herebefore directed, in as far as the case be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction or Approbation of the Court of Chancery.

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where such Money be agreed or awarded to be paid as aforesaid, and shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall be applied in the Use of the Petitor or Petitors who would for the same being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments so purchased, taken or sold as aforesaid, in such manner as the said Governor of the said College shall think fit, in or in case of Infancy or Lunacy, then to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons signified respectively.

* VII. And whereas the said Bond is intended to be diverted and shipped up river through and delimits the

* said Two Pieces or Parcels of Land or Grounds, and is near to the said Royal Military College as to be a

* good Improvement to the same, and it is therefore expedient that the aforesaid Order of the said Justices

* be

• for diverting and turning the same should be immediately carried into Execution, and the Soil of the said old Road be vested in His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors? Be it therefore further enacted, That the said Order of the Justices aforesaid shall forthwith be carried into Execution, and when and in how far the said Justices or any other Justices of the Peace have certified, that the new Road proposed to be substituted shall in any thereof shall have been made and put into good Repair, the said old Road be from the time forth the same stopped up and no longer used as a Road, and the Soil of it in each thereof to remain unto the said Two Persons or Persons of Land or Ground, or any other of the Lands of His said Majesty, he and the same is hereby vested in His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors.

VIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in respect of the said Farm called *Lodge's Farm*, on the Ocean or Common thereof for the time being, shall for ever thereafter, as he and their own Heirs and Assigns, stand and enjoy the said new Road to the Entrance of One thousand two hundred and eighty seven Yards, to be computed from the Turnpike Gate near the South End of the said new Road, according to and as mentioned in the said Order of the said Justices, together with any Bridge or Bridges that may hereafter be erected on or across the said new Road.

C A R. CXXV.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries.

[17th July 1812.]

C A P. CXXVI.

An Act to amend the several Acts for the Collection and Management of the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to make more effectual Regulations for collecting and managing the said Duties.

[18th July 1812.]

• WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for granting in His Majesty's several Dominions therein mentioned to be levied by the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland: And whereas another Act was passed in the said Forty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Duties upon Conveyances with respect to the selling of Game in Ireland: And whereas another Act was passed in the Forty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to repeal the several Duties upon Stamp Parchments, Papers and Papers in Ireland, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof; and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland: And whereas another Act was passed in the Forty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof; and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland: And whereas another Act was passed in the said Forty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to repeal certain Duties of Excise, and also certain Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof, and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland: And whereas another Act was passed in the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to repeal certain Duties of Excise in Ireland, and to grant certain Stamp Duties in lieu thereof; and also certain other Stamp Duties; and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland: And whereas another Act was passed in the Twelfth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to repeal certain Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland; and to grant new and additional Duties, and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland: And whereas it is expedient that, as far as the same is practicable, Regulations should be established for the Collection of all Duties which shall be from time to time for ever hereafter under the Management of the Commissioners of Stamp Duties: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, the said several Acts shall be, and the same are hereby repealed: And except in far as the said Acts or any of them repeal any former Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Clauses, Matters or Things therein contained; and save as is by Proceeding commenced or to be commenced in any Court Civil or Criminal, or otherwise, against any Person or Persons for any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, (not in respect of any Offence committed or to be committed against the said Acts or any of them, previous to the Commencement of this Act; and save that all Licences and Certificates granted under the said Acts respectively, before the Commencement of this Act, shall have Continuance, Force, Virtue and Effect, according to the Terms and Nature thereof respectively, as if the said Act had not passed, except where it is herein otherwise provided; and save any Provision in any of the said several Acts, making any Act, Matter or Thing which may have been done contrary to the Provisions of any former Act of Parliament valid or effectual, or for authorizing the Person or Persons concerned therein, or any of them, to do and save except as hereinafter specially provided.*******

• II. And be it further enacted, That His Majesty, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, shall have power from time to time and at all times, to appoint Commissioners for the stamping and marking of Vouchers, Parchments and Papers, and receiving the Stamp Duties in Ireland; and that the said Commissioners shall be called "The Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland;" and that the said Commissioners or any Three of them, with the Consent and Approbation of His Majesty, or of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, shall have Power under their Hands and Seals to appoint such inferior Officers as they shall from time to time think proper, for

Whereas
that certain
said Rights, of
said Stamp and
and Seals to
in His Majesty.

By whom the
new Road shall
be kept in
Repair.

41 G. 3. c. 31.

41 G. 3. c. 24.

46 G. 3. c. 46.

47 G. 3. c. 36.

47 G. 3. c. 36.

47 G. 3. c. 31.

30 G. 3. c. 14.

Repeal of
C. 17. c. 1.

Appointments of
Commissioners
and Officers.

the making or stamping of Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and for collecting and levying such Duties as shall from time to time be under the Management of the said Commissioners, and that every Commissioner or other Officer so appointed, before he shall proceed to the Execution of his Office under such Appointment, shall take and subscribe the Oath following; that is to say,

“ I, A. B. do swear, That I will, during my Continuance in the Office of _____, faithfully execute the Trust committed to me therein under Great and Good Consideration, and that I will from time to time true Account make of all such Acts as I shall do therein, and deliver the same to each Person or Persons as His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, such or have appointed or hereafter shall appoint to receive such Account; and that I will take no Fee, Reward or Profit for the Execution or Performance of the said Trust, or the Returns relating thereto, from any Person or Persons other than such as shall be paid and allowed by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by some Person or Persons for that Purpose authorized by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being.”

And such Oath shall and may be administered to any such Commissioner or Commissioners by the Chancellor, Treasurer, Lord Chief Baron, or any other of the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, or in their Absence by any of the Justices of any of His Majesty's superior Courts of Record in Dublin, and they are hereby respectively required and empowered to administer such Oath; and any of the said Commissioners, or any Justice of the Peace within Ireland, within his proper Jurisdiction, shall and may administer the like Oath to any of the subordinate Officers aforesaid.

III. Provided always, and he it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, an Act passed in Ireland in the Twelfth and Thirteenth Years of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to regulate the Qualification of Persons appointed to Office in His Majesty's Colonies Time or more Granted as under Our Great Commission or Appointment*; but that the said Act, and every Part thereof, shall remain in full Force, as if this Act had not been passed.

IV. And he it further enacted, That in all cases in which it shall not be otherwise directed or provided by any Act or Acts of Parliament, and all every Right, Power and Authority which from time to time shall be vested in the said Commissioners, shall and may be used and exercised by any Three or more of the said Commissioners, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as the same could be used or exercised by all the said Commissioners for the time being.

V. And he it further enacted, That the several Commissioners and inferior Officers herebefore appointed for the making or stamping of Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and managing the Duties thereupon, and now actually holding and exercising such Offices respectively, shall continue to act in the several Offices to which they last bore to be appointed, in like manner, with the same Powers and Authorities, and subject to such Restrictions and Limitations, as if appointed under this Act; and that every such Commissioner now appointed, or hereafter to be appointed, shall continue to hold and exercise his said Office until he shall die, resign or be removed therefrom by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the time being; and that every such inferior Officer now appointed, or hereafter to be appointed, shall continue to hold and exercise his said Office until he shall die, resign or be removed therefrom by the said Commissioners, with the Consent and Approbation of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the time being.

VI. And he it further enacted, That if in any Court whatsoever, on any Trial, Proceeding or Occasion whatsoever, and whenever shall be the Parties thereto, any Question shall arise concerning the Rights of the said Commissioners or inferior Officers, or any of them, to hold, exercise or enjoy their said Offices respectively, they and in every such case it shall be sufficient to prove that such Commissioners or Commissioners, or inferior Officers or Officers, were or was at the time in question commonly reputed to be such Commissioners or Commissioners, or Officers or Officers respectively, without producing any Patent, Appointment or Commission, and without giving any Evidence of having performed the several Requisites prescribed by Law to enable them to execute the said Offices respectively.

VII. And he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, out of the Proceeds of the Stamp Duties which shall from time to time be payable in Ireland, to cause such Sums and Sums of Money to be expended and paid from time to time for Salaries and Incident Charges as shall be necessary in and for the receiving, collecting and levying, or managing of the said Duties; any thing in this or any other Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And he it further enacted, That all Duties which shall from time to time be under the Care or Management of the said Commissioners, shall be deemed and accounted Stamp Duties, in whatever way the same shall or may be payable.

IX. And he it further enacted, That the said Commissioners, or other Officers herebefore appointed, or hereafter to be appointed as aforesaid, and all Officers employed or to be employed, or intrusted by or under them as aforesaid, shall from time to time observe such Rules, Methods and Orders in the Execution of their several Offices and Trusts as they respectively have received, or shall receive from time to time from His Majesty, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or from the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, or any Three of them, or the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland respectively, for the time being.

X. And

Cash.

How to affect
12 & 13 G. 1.
c. 21, respecting
Qualifications.

Three Comrs.
Court of
Queen.

Officers to hold
Employments
in Irish or
Revenue.

Requisites for
Sums Relative
of Appointments.

Salaries of Of-
ficers paid out of
Stamp Duties.

Discretionary
Stamp Duties.

Officers to ob-
serve Directions
of Lord Treas-
urer and Treas-
ury.

X. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties shall keep their Stamp Office in some convenient Place within the City of Dublin, and that none of the Duties which shall or may be from time to time under their Management, shall be received or collected by, or paid to the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or any of them.

Stamp Office in Dublin.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Stamp Duties for the time being, or any One or more of them, to administer Oaths and Affirmations, and take Affidavits and Affirmations in all cases where he or they shall respectively think an Oath or Oaths, or an Affirmation or Affirmations necessary to be administered or taken, for the Purpose of carrying into Effect this Act or any Part thereof, or any Matter or Thing relating thereto, or to the Management of any of the Stamp Duties now payable or hereafter to be payable.

Commissioners may take Affidavits.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons, appointed by the said Commissioners a Distributor or Distributors of Stamps, shall verify by Affidavit, or (if a Quaker or Quakers) by Affirmation, his, her or their respective Accounts, furnished by him, her or them, to the said Commissioners, each Affidavit or Affirmation, if made in Dublin, to be first and foremost affirmed before One of the said Commissioners, and if in the County, before a Justice of the Peace of the County in which the said Distributor or Distributors respectively shall reside, and which Affidavit or Affirmation, such Commissioners and Justice respectively are hereby required and authorized to receive and take as aforesaid, or, if the said Commissioners of Stamps or any One or more of them shall by Notice in Writing require the same, then before the Justice of the Peace at a Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the County in which such Distributor shall reside; and which Affidavit or Affirmation such Justice are hereby required and authorized to receive and take: And if any Distributor shall neglect or refuse to verify any of such Accounts in manner aforesaid, within such reasonable time as he or she shall be called upon by the said Commissioners of Stamps or any One or more of them to do, he or she shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds.

Some Testimony shall verify Accounts or Oath at Sessions.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Distributor or Distributors of Stamp Duties, with the Consent of the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any One of them, to appoint by Warrant under Hand and Seal any Person or Persons to be his, her or their Deputy or Deputies, or Sub-Distributor or Sub-Distributors, whose Name, her or their Debit, or any Part or Parts that may be specified in such Warrant, and every such Distributor or Distributors shall be admissible for the Conduct of every such Deputy or Sub-Distributor, in all Matters relating to the said Office of Distributor, and every such Deputy or Sub-Distributor shall have full Power to sell Stamps for the said Distributor or Distributors according to the Terms of such Warrant, in the same manner as the said Distributor or Distributors might perfectly do; but not to execute any other Part of the Business or Office of such Distributor or Distributors.

Deputy. Appointment of Sub-Distributors.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland, or any One or more of them, as often as it shall seem fit to him or them to do, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, to authorize any Person or Persons, with the Assistance of a Magistrate or any Peace Officer, in the Day time to enter into the House or Habitation of any Distributor of Stamps, or of any Deputy or Sub-Distributor, or Person or Persons acting for or under such Distributor, or having Charge of the Office or Business of such Distributor for any particular cause; and if on Demand and Notice of such Warrant, the Door of the House in which such Person shall dwell, or any lower Door thereof, shall not be opened, then to break open the same respectively, and to seize and take into his or their Possession all Stamped Wills, Parchment or Paper which shall be then found in the House, Custody or Possession of such Distributor or Sub-Distributor, or Person or Persons acting for or under such Distributor, or having Charge of the Office or Business of such Distributor for any particular time; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for such Person or Persons so authorized as aforesaid, with the Assistance of a Magistrate or Peace Officer, to enter accordingly, into the House or Habitation of any such Distributor or Deputy or Sub-Distributor, or other Person as aforesaid; and if on Demand and Notice of such Warrant, the Door of the House in which such Distributor or Deputy or Sub-Distributor or other Person as aforesaid shall dwell, or any lower Door thereof shall not be opened, then with the Assistance and in the Presence of a Magistrate or Peace Officer, to break open the same respectively, and to seize and take into his or their Possession all Stamped Wills, Parchment or Paper which shall be then found in the House, Custody or Possession of such Distributor or Deputy or Sub-Distributor, or Person or Persons acting under such Distributor, or having Charge of the Office or Business of such Distributor for any particular time as aforesaid; and all Magistrates and Peace Officers are hereby required, upon the Request of any Person or Persons acting under such Warrant, to aid and assist him and them in the Execution thereof.

Commissioners to grant Warrants to break Stamps in House of Distributors.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any Three of them, shall have Power from time to time by Warrant under Hand and Seal, to see any Distributor or Distributors of Stamps for any Breach or Neglect of Duty, or of the Orders of the said Commissioners, or of any One or more of them, in any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for any One Offence, the Amount of such Fine to be paid by such Distributor or Distributors to the Receiver General for the Use of His Majesty's Revenue, together with his, her or their next Payment, and as Part thereof; and it shall be lawful for such Receiver General and he is hereby required to apply the said Money that he shall receive from such Distributor, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, to the Payment of such Fine, whatever may be the Purpose for which the same may be fit.

Commissioners may fine Distributors.

Fine may be assessed by Receiver General.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Officer and Officers who shall be concerned in buying, collecting or receiving any Stamp Duty or Duties in Ireland, shall keep separate and distinct Accounts thereof, and that the several Distributors of Stamps in the County of Dublin, or County of the City of Dublin, shall pay all Moneys received by them for or by reason or on account of any of the said Stamp Duty or Duties, or

Times of Payment of Stamp Duties by Distributors to Receiver General, &c.

and by the said
said Exchequer.

of any Penalties imposed by this Act or by any other Act in anywise relating to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties, and then in the Hands of each Distributor respectively, to the Receiver General of Stamp Duties on every Day, or on such and on every Day or each Week as shall be appointed for the Purpose by the said Commissioners; and the Distributors of Stamps employed in other Parts of Ireland shall, on Wednesday in every Week, unless the same shall be on a Holiday, and then on the next ensuing Day which shall not be an Holiday, or on a Sunday after such Wednesday or other Day as the Delinquency of such Delinquents respectively shall permit, or on such other day as the said Distributors shall be required by the said Commissioners or any of them, pay or cause to be paid all Sums received by them in like manner, and then in their Hands respectively to the said Receiver General of Stamp Duties, and the said Receiver General shall on each and every Day, or on each Day or Days in every Week as shall be directed for the Purpose, by the said Commissioners on any Three of them, pay all Moneys so received by him, and then in his Hands, into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland; and the said Receiver General shall on each Day after his making any such Payment into the said Exchequer, and every Distributor of Stamps on each Day after his or her making any such Payment to the said Receiver General, or on the first Opportunity after the said times respectively, give Notice of such Payment and of the Account thereof, to the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, and if such Receiver General shall at any time neglect or omit to pay into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer the Sums so by him payable as aforesaid, at the time and in manner aforesaid, or shall detain any Part of the Moneys so by him payable, then and for each Offence he shall be deemed to be in default of his Employment, and shall be incapable to serve His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in any Civil Capacity whatsoever, and shall be charged with Interest for the Moneys so detained in his Hands after the Rate of Twelve Pence by the Hundred by the Year, the same to be recovered with Costs of Suit, by Action, Suit or Information, or by any other of the means whereby Debts may be recovered by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from Public Accounts or Debtors; and if any such Distributor or Distributors shall neglect or omit to pay or cause to be paid to such Receiver General as aforesaid, the same so by him, her or them payable as aforesaid, or shall detain the Moneys by him, her or them so payable as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, then for the first of such Offences, he, she or they shall forfeit all and every the Discount, Per Centage, or other Fee, Profit or Reward to which such Person or Persons in offending would or might otherwise be entitled for or by reason of the same so detained, or so neglected or omitted to be paid to such Receiver General, and for the Second of such Offences every such Distributor or Distributors shall forfeit the said Discount, Per Centage, Fee, Profit or Reward, and shall be deemed to be in default of his or her said Office, and shall from the time of such Default be incapable of serving His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in any Civil Capacity whatsoever, and shall also be charged with Interest for the Moneys so detained, after the Rate of Six Pence by the Year for every Hundred Pence, the same to be recovered in the like manner, and with His Costs as the Interest is recoverable from the said Receiver General as aforesaid; and the said Discount, Per Centage, Fee, Profit or Reward is forfeited by each Distributor or Distributors, shall in every of the said cases be paid to such Officers or Officers of the Stamps, as shall first deliver and inform the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties of such Neglect, Default or Delinquency, if the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or the major Part of them, shall think proper so to order the same, and if they shall make no Order thereupon, it shall be made as His Majesty's Revenue.

Receiver Gene-
ral's receipts.

Penalty.

Distributor
negligent.

First Offence.

Second Offence.

XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all cases where the Average of the Monthly Sales of any such Distributor, or of his Predecessor or Predecessors, for Twelve Months next preceding, shall not have exceeded the Sum of Twenty Pounds per Month, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or any Three of them, from time to time as often as they shall see just and necessary Occasion, by Order under their Hands to charge and extend for any time not exceeding One Month, the dues hereby allowed to such Distributors respectively, for paying unto such Receiver General the several Sums by them respectively from time to time received as aforesaid.

Number times
allowed to
Distributors by
Commissioners.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That there shall be kept in His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland One Book in which all Moneys that shall be paid into the said Treasury in Ireland by virtue of this Act or of any Act or Acts for imposing of Stamp Duties in Ireland, shall be entered apart and distinct from all other Moneys paid or payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from any Account whatsoever: And that neither the Six pence per Pound nor any other Fee shall be payable to or be deducted or received by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Treasury for or on Account of the filing or Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money and by, or which shall be received for or on Account of any Stamp Duties, or of any Payment to be made by the Receiver General of Stamp Duties in manner aforesaid, but that the same shall be received and duly accounted for to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and all the Money paid into the said Treasury on the Account of such Duties shall be carried to and be made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

Account.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the several Persons who have been or shall be respectively employed in receiving, collecting or paying any Stamp Duties, shall render their respective Accounts of such Duties to the Commissioners for settling the Public Accounts of Ireland for the time being, or the major Part of them, when called on by them or any One or more of them for that Purpose; and the said Commissioners of Public Accounts are hereby respectively authorized and required from time to time to examine upon Oath the said Persons who shall be so employed in raising, receiving or collecting the said Duties as to their said Accounts, and as to the Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been by them or any of them respectively raised, collected or received within the time of such their Accounts, and likewise what Part thereof shall have been by them or any of them paid to the Receiver General, or into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, and in ascertaining being the said Commissioners of Public Accounts, or the major Part of them, the said Persons

His Part of
Treasury for re-
ceiving Stamp
Duties.

Consolidated
fund.

Accounts
of Stamp Du-
ties settled.

are to produce proper Vouchers for any Sum or Sums of Money by them received and paid, and the said Commissioners of Public Accounts, or the major Part of them, are hereby authorized and required finally to adjust and settle such Accounts, which said Accounts when so adjusted and settled, shall be signed by the said Commissioners of Public Accounts, or the major Part of them, and shall be at all times to the Officers therein concerned, a full and sufficient Warrant and Discharge to all Issues and Payments, according to the true Intent, Meaning and Import thereof respectively.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the Types, Marks and Stamps which are already kept or used for denoting and marking on Vellum, Parchment and Paper, the several and respective Duties heretofore granted, or any of them, or which shall hereafter be kept or used at the Stamp Office in Dublin, for denoting and marking on Vellum, Parchment and Paper, the several and respective Stamp Duties which shall from time to time be payable by Law in Ireland, shall be the only true and lawful Types, Marks and Stamps, for the stamping and impressing of all Vellum, Parchment and Paper, on which any of the several Things is respect whereof any such Stamp Duties shall from time to time be payable, herebefore or shall be suggested or written, and that if at any time there shall not be any such Type, Mark or Stamp, denoting the precise Amount of any of the Stamp Duties which shall from time to time be payable, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, if they shall think proper, to direct that Two or more of such Types, Marks or Stamps, the Duties denoted whereby shall in the whole amount to the Stamp Duties so payable respectively, shall be used on the same Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, for denoting such Duties, or at their Discretion to cause to be provided new Types, Marks or Stamps for denoting such Duties or any of them, and to cause all Vellum, Parchment and Paper chargeable with such Duties to be stamped or marked with the same.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the Duties or Marks used or to be used for denoting and marking on Vellum, Parchment and Paper, the Stamp Duties which shall be payable from time to time, or any of them, may be changed, varied or altered from time to time, as His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or the Commissioners of Stamp Duties for the time being, or any Three of them shall think fit: Provided, that whenever such Duties or Marks shall be changed, varied or altered, then and in every such case public Notice of every such Change, Variation or Alteration, shall be given by Advertisement in the Dublin Gazette, and in some other public Newspaper, a convenient time before the Types, Marks or Stamps on which such new Duties or Marks shall be made to be used.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland shall cause separate and particular Stamps or Marks to be provided and used to denote the Duties which shall from time to time be payable, not only on any Article or Articles for or on both separate and particular Stamps or Marks shall be required from time to time by any Law or Laws, but also on such other Articles, Matters and Things as to the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties shall from equal to and necessary, or on the said Commissioners of Stamps shall be required by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or by the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland; and all such Articles, Matters and Things respectively which shall be heard or granted, made or written after One Month from the Day on which public Notice shall have been or shall be given in the Dublin Gazette, by the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, that such separate or new or particular Stamps or Marks for the same have been or are respectively provided, and which shall be suggested, written or printed on any Vellum, Parchment or Paper without such Stamps or Marks, or having any other Stamps or Marks than those so provided or used for the Purpose aforesaid respectively, although such Stamps may be of the Amount by Law required, or of any greater Amount, shall be of no other Effect than if they had been written or printed on Vellum, Parchment or Paper not marked or stamped; and all Persons who shall write or print any such Article, Matter or Thing on any Paper or Parchment, having any other Stamps than those so provided for the Purpose aforesaid, shall incur and suffer such Penalty as they would be liable to in case such Article, Matter or Thing respectively had been written or printed on Paper or Parchment not marked or stamped.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in cases as the Duties or Marks aforesaid, or any of them, shall be changed, varied or altered, it shall be lawful for all Persons who shall at the times respectively of such Alteration or Change have in their Custody or Possession any Vellum, Parchment or Paper marked with the Impression of the Type, Mark or Stamp, which shall have been so changed, varied or altered, and upon which case of the Matters or Things in respect whereof any Stamp Duties shall be payable shall have been suggested or written, to bring or send at any time within the Space of Four Months after the Publication of such Advertisement as aforesaid, such Vellum, Parchment or Paper to the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties at the Stamp Office in Dublin, or to any other Place of Stamp, or to any Person appointed to act as a Deputee of such Stamps; and thereupon the proper Officer at such Stamp Office, and such Deputee or Person appointed to act as such respectively, shall, and he, she and they in and are hereby required to deliver or cause to be delivered in less than the like Quantity of Vellum, Parchment or Paper as shall have been brought or sent as aforesaid, with the Impression of such new Type, Mark or Stamp, without depending or taking directly or indirectly for the same any Money or other Consideration whatsoever, under the Penalty of forfeiting for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and the said Stamps and Marks which shall have been so given or sent in, shall in every such case be immediately cancelled; and in case any Person shall neglect or omit, within the time aforesaid, to bring or send to be brought and delivered unto the said Commissioners or Officers as aforesaid, any such Vellum, Parchment or Paper so marked with the Type, Mark or Stamp, which shall have been so changed, the same is hereby declared to be of no other Effect than if such Vellum, Parchment or Paper had never been stamped; and that all Matters and Things which shall be suggested or written thereon, after such case as shall be appointed by such Advertisement as aforesaid, for making use of such changed or altered Types,

Do not Stamps provided.

Do not Stamps altered.

Particular Stamps for the same Duties.

Stamps may be changed.

Penalty.

Types, Marks or Stamps as aforesaid, shall be of no other Effect than if they had been engraved or written on Vellum, Parchment or Paper not marked or stamped; and all Persons who shall engrave or write any Matter or Thing chargeable with any of the Duties aforesaid, on such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, after the said time, shall incur and suffer such Penalty as is herein directed to be inflicted on Persons writing or engraving on Vellum, Parchment or Paper not marked or stamped.

Paper stamped
to be written
upon.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That all Vellum, Parchment and Paper intended to be charged with any Stamp Duty, shall before any of the Matters or Things in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be then payable shall be thoroughly engraved or written, be brought to the Stamp Office aforesaid, as to be stamped and marked, and the said Commissioners and Officers are hereby required upon Demand of the Person or Persons so bringing the same, forthwith without any Fee or Reward to stamp or mark any Quantity or Parcel of Vellum, Parchment or Paper in brought, such Person or Persons paying to such Officer or Officers as shall be appointed in that behalf, the respective Duties which they shall require to have stamped or marked on the same.

Officers stamping
Paper in the
Duty paid.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Commissioner or other Officer appointed or to be appointed as aforesaid, shall fix or imprint any such Mark or Stamp on or upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper which shall be brought to the Stamp Office aforesaid to be stamped or marked, before the Duty or Duties demanded thereby shall be duly ascertained or levied to be paid to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in such case where such Security may by Law be taken, he shall for every such Offence within the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Additional
Stamp not on
the Stamp

XXVI. And be it enacted, That in all cases where under or by the Provisions of this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, any Stamp shall at any time be made or become applicable to the Purposes for which the same were intended, then and whenever it shall so happen, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any of them, and they are hereby required upon Request of any Person or Persons producing any such Stamp or Stamps, in order either that such Vellum, Parchment and Paper be stamped with a Duty denoting a higher Duty, the Person or Persons requesting the same paying the Difference of Price between the said respective Stamps; or that such Vellum, Parchment or Paper as shall be brought for the Purpose, by the Person requesting the same, be duly stamped and marked with Stamps, denoting such Duties as the Person or Persons requesting the same shall require, in Exchange for such Vellum, Parchment and Paper as shall be offered for Exchange, the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be given paying the Difference (if any) between the said respective Stamps: Provided always, that the Stamps so previously marked on all such Vellum, Parchment and Paper so to be offered for Exchange be cancelled.

Stamps stamped
on the
value.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That upon Proof on Oath or solemn Affirmation (if by a Quaker) made before the said Commissioners, or any of them, or before any inferior Officer by them in that behalf appointed, (and which Oath or Affirmation such Officer is hereby empowered to administer) to his or their Satisfaction, that any Stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper printed, engraved or written upon, and unlawfully and unauthoritatively delivered, or by any other means received with for the Purpose intended, hath not been countersigned or signed by any Party or Parties, or used for any of the Purposes for which the same was or were intended, and that the Person making such Affidavit or Affirmation hath not, nor hath any other Person on his Account received, and that such Person will not receive any Money or other Consideration for the Stamp thereupon, and that the said Stamp or Stamps is or are really and truly the Property of the Person making such Affidavit, and that he or hath been paid for by such Person to the full Amount of the Duty thereon, and that such Person will be a Liable to such Amount, unless such Person shall receive other Stamps in lieu thereof; and upon the Petition or Petitions, who shall produce such Proof, delivering such stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper rendered credit for Use as aforesaid, and delivering also at the same time a like Quantity of Vellum, Parchment or Paper to be stamped, then and in every such case the said Commissioners shall cause the same to be stamped or marked with the several and respective Duties stamped, marked or impressed on the Vellum, Parchment or Paper so rendered credit for Use, without demanding or taking directly or indirectly for the Duty on the same, any Sum of Money or other Consideration whatsoever.

Stamping Duty,
to be written on
unstamped Paper.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person hath engraved or written at any time since the Commencement of any Act for imposing Stamp Duties in Ireland, or shall at any time hereafter engrave or write, or make to be engraved or written, upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, any of the Matters or Things for which such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, at the time of such Writing or Engraving was or shall be chargeable with any Stamp Duty, save and except a Bill or Note of any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, before such time as the said Vellum, Parchment or Paper hath been or shall be marked or stamped with such Mark or Stamp as was or shall be by law required for the same, or hath or have engraved or written the same, or caused the same to be engraved or written, or had engraved or write the same, or caused the same to be engraved or written, upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, not stamped with any Duty, or stamped or marked for any lower Duty than the Duty payable at the time for what hath been or shall be to be engraved or written thereon, then and in every such case there shall be paid to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Remainder or the whole of the Amount of the Duty (as the case may be) to be payable by Law for every such Debt, Indebment or Writing, and also the Sum of Ten Pounds, provided the same shall be brought to be stamped within the Space of Five Years from the Expiration of such Debt, Indebment or Writing, or at any time after the Expiration of such Term of Five Years, the Sum of Twenty Pounds over and above such Duty or Remainder of Duty payable as aforesaid; and the proper Officers respectively are hereby required, upon Payment or Tender of such Duty, or Remainder of Duty, and the Sum of Ten Pounds or Twenty Pounds, as the case may be, to give a Receipt for the same, and to mark and stamp such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, with the Mark or Stamp that shall be proper for such Debt, Indebment or Writing respectively.

XXXI. Provided always, and he is enacted, That when any Instrument, here and except a Bill or Note of any Bank or Banks, or other Perse or Persons, shall have been engrossed or written on Vellum, Parchment or Paper not duly stamped, and it shall manifestly appear to the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, upon Oath or Affirmance or otherwise, that the same hath happened either by Accident or Inadvertency, or from urgent Necessity, or unavoidable circumstances, and without any Intention in any Party to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of the Duty chargeable upon such Instrument, then and in any of the said cases, if such Instrument shall within Sixty Days from the First Execution thereof be brought to the Stamp Office in the City of Dublin to be stamped, and the Duty chargeable upon such Instrument shall be paid, it shall and may be lawful for such Commissioners as aforesaid the Penalty payable as aforesaid on stamping such Instrument, or any Part thereof is exacted without being stamped, and to cause such Instrument to be stamped with the proper Stamp; and every Person concerned in engrossing any such Instrument, or executing the same shall be exempted from all Penalties on account thereof.

Within Sixty Days from the first stamped without Penalty.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, and they are hereby authorized to Stamp any Instrument executed out of Ireland, upon Payment of the Stamp Duty which shall be payable thereon at the time of such stamping, without Payment of the said additional Duty of Ten Pence, or any other Duty or Penalty, within the Space of Six Calendar Months from the First Execution thereof respectively, in case of the same being executed in any Part of the United Kingdom, or within the Space of Two Years from the Execution thereof, in case of the same being executed in any Place out of the United Kingdom, Provided being first made to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners that such Instrument was executed out of Ireland, and in the United Kingdom, or out of the United Kingdom, as the case may be, and within the times aforesaid respectively.

Books entered out of Ireland stamped.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Minutes and Things, in respect whereof any of the said Stamp Duties shall be payable, shall be written or printed or written and printed in such manner, (and if printed in Part, before being stamped shall be re-stamped) that some Part of the Writing or Printing thereof shall be on the Stamps or Marks which shall be in possession of any Act or Acts to be placed on the Vellum, Parchment or Paper thereof, and such Writing or Printing shall from thence be so continued in the usual Form of Writing, printing, or engrossing Deeds or Writings, in that no Blank Space shall be left whereby such Stamps might be made applicable to any other Deed or Instrument whatever, upon Pain that the Person who shall write, engrave or print or stamp, or cause to be written, engrossed, or printed or stamped, any such Writing, Matter or Thing, contrary to the true Meaning hereof, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pence.

Part of Writing on Stamp.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall engrave, or write or print, or cause to be engrossed, written or printed upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, any Instrument, Writing, Matter or Thing for which such Vellum, Parchment or Paper ought according to the Laws which shall be then in force, to have a Stamp or Mark denoting the Payment of any Stamp Duty, such Vellum, Parchment or Paper being then not duly marked or stamped with such Mark or Stamp or shall be then by Law required, or marked or stamped for any lower Duty or Duties than the Duty or Duties which shall be then by Law payable thereon in respect to the Matter or Thing so engrossed, written or printed thereon, or marked or stamped with any Mark or Stamp which shall have been previously used for any other Purpose, such Person is offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pence; and in case any Person or Persons shall at any time file in any Court of Law or Equity, any Pleading, Affidavit, or other Proceeding, Matter or Thing whatsoever in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be then payable, and there shall not be any other authority allowed by Law for stamping the same after the filing thereof, and that such Pleading, Affidavit, Proceeding, Matter or Thing filed not at the time of filing thereof be duly stamped, then and in every such case every Person who shall file the same, or cause the same to be filed, and also every Officer of such Court who shall receive the same, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pence; and in case any Clerk, Officer or other Person who is subject of any Office or Employment is or shall be entitled or authorized to make, engrave or write any Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing whatsoever, which shall be then chargeable with a Stamp Duty, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts which shall be then existing and in force in Ireland, or to file any Pleading, or to file any Proceeding, or to do any Act in the Execution of his Office with respect to any Affidavit, Matter or Thing chargeable with any such Duty, shall be guilty of any Fraud, Practice or Neglect, by whomsoever His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, may be defrauded of any such Duty, by making, engrossing or writing any such Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing, or by making the same to be made, engrossed or written upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper not duly marked or stamped according to such Laws as shall be then existing and in force, or upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper marked or stamped with any Mark, Stamp or Impression which he shall know to be contrived, or by signing or writing any such Record, Deed, Instrument or other Writing upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper which shall be marked or stamped for a lower Duty than the Duty which shall be then by Law payable for the same, or by neglecting to do any thing required by him to be done in the Execution of his Office, or by doing any thing contrary to the Duty of his Office, in relation to any Stamp Duty or Duties, that then and at every such time, such Clerk, Officer or Person be guilty of any such Fraud, Practice or Neglect, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pence, and shall also upon Conviction of such Offence forfeit his Office, Place or Employment respectively, and be disabled to hold or enjoy the same for the future; and if any Attorney belonging to any Court whatsoever, shall be guilty of any such Fraud as aforesaid, and shall be convicted thereof, he shall be disabled for the future to practice as an Attorney; and if any Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing whatsoever, on which any Stamp Duty is charged and made payable by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, shall, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the Act, be written or engrossed by any Person or Persons whatsoever (not being a known Clerk or Officer who is subject of any

Penalty. Persons and Officers of Courts entitled Deeds on Paper not duly stamped.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Office or Employment in or shall be entitled to the making, writing or engraving the same) upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper not marked or stamped according to Law, or shall be written or engraved upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper marked or stamped for a lesser Duty than is by Law payable thereon, (except under the Rules, Regulations and Directions in this Act contained), then and in every such case these said shall be due and paid to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for every such Deed, Instrument or Writing, seal and about the Stamp Duty charged and payable thereon by Law, the Sum of Ten Pence: and on such Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing shall be placed or given in Evidence in any Court, or admitted in any Court, or by any Person, to be good, valid or available in Law or Equity, and as well such Stamp Duty as the said Sum of Ten Pence shall be held and paid to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and a Receipt produced for the same, under the Hand or Hands of some Officer appointed to receive the Duties of Stamps and so id the Vellum, Parchment or Paper on which such Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing shall be written or made, shall be marked or stamped with the proper Mark or Stamp, to denote the Duty payable thereon; and the proper Officer and Officers are hereby appointed and required upon Payment or Tender of such Duty and the Sum of Ten Pence upon him or them, to give a Receipt for the same, and to mark or stamp such Vellum, Parchment or Paper with the Mark or Stamp proper for such Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing respectively.

A reading
Dv. 15.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, for the Purpose of evading any of the Stamp Duties which shall at any time be payable under any Act or Acts then in force as aforesaid, execute any Stamped Instrument without a Date, or which shall bear Date prior to such Execution thereof, or shall fraudulently make or scrape out, or cause to be erased or scraped out the Name or Names of any Person or Persons, or any Date, Sum or Thing engraved or written in such Instrument, Matter or Thing as aforesaid, or shall fraudulently cut, tear or take off any Mark or Stamp from any Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or any Part thereof, with Intent to use such Stamp or Mark for any other Writing, Matter or Thing, in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be then payable, then and in any such case every such Person or Persons in any of the Particulars before mentioned, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds; and any Deed, Instrument or Writing wherein any of the said Pence shall have been committed, shall be deemed not to have been duly stamped: Provided nevertheless, that if any Deed or Instrument shall have been duly executed by any of the Parties thereto on the Day when the same bears Date, such Deed or Instrument may be lawfully excepted at any Time afterwards by the other Parties thereto, or any of them, notwithstanding any intervening Change in the Stamp Duty or Duties payable on such Deed or Instrument, if the same shall have been duly stamped at the time of such prior Execution thereof.

Provisy.

Penalty.

Stamps lawfully
written.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That all Clerks of Justice and Judges in Ireland, without Allegation or Proof to that Effect, take judicial Notice of the several Types, Marks and Stamps kept or used, or to be kept or used as aforesaid, as and for the only true and lawful Types, Marks and Stamps for denoting the Stamp Duties which shall from time to time be payable in Ireland; and that on Record, Deed, Instrument, Writing or Printing whatever, for which the Vellum, Parchment or Paper whereon the same is or shall be written or printed, is or shall be by Law chargeable with any Stamp Duty, shall, on any Proviso whatsoever, be pleaded or given or received in Evidence in any Court in Ireland, or admitted in any Court in Ireland to be good or available in Law or Equity, unless the said Vellum, Parchment or Paper whereon the same shall be written or printed, shall be duly marked or stamped with the Mark or Stamp that shall be proper for such Deed, Instrument, Writing or Printing respectively: Provided always, that if any Deed, Instrument or Writing shall happen to be executed on any Stamp of an Amount greater than the Stamp Duty payable for such respective Deed, Instrument or Writing at the time of the Execution thereof, the same shall be considered as duly stamped to all Intent and Purposes: Provided nevertheless, that if such Deed, Instrument or Writing shall be of a Kind for which separate and particular Stamps or Marks shall have been provided as aforesaid, then and in such case the same shall not be considered as duly stamped, for or in respect of having thereon any Stamp to an Amount greater than the Stamp Duty then payable thereon, unless such greater Stamp is expressed therein shall be one of the Stamps or Marks so appropriated to such kind of Deed, Instrument or Writing.

Stamps on higher
duties, when it
shall be held
valid in case of
unexpressed
Stamps.

Subjects of
Courts, and
Officers of
Courts thence.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Stamp Duties for the time being shall and may from time to time as they shall see Occasion, appoint One or more fit Persons or Persons to attend in any Court or Courts, Office or Offices in Ireland, where Persons or Persons shall have full Power and Authority to inspect and examine the Vellum, Parchment and Paper, upon which any of the Matters or Things in respect of which any Stamp Duty shall at any time be payable, shall have been engraved or written or put, and also the Marks or Stamps thereupon, and also all other Matters and Things relating to secure the Duties which have been or shall from time to time be payable upon Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper in Ireland; and that the Judges in the several Courts in Ireland, and such others to whom it may appear, at the Request of the said Commissioners, or of any of them, shall make such Orders in their respective Courts, and do such other Matters and Things for the better executing of the said Duties, as shall be lawfully and lawfully desired in that behalf.

Printed or stamped
Paper of all
kinds, and
Instruments
thereon in
Ireland.

XXXVI. And, for the better Definition of Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper in Ireland, and that all Persons may have the same with Certainty, and at an easy Rate, be it enacted, That the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being shall, as often as he or they shall think proper, fix the Prices at which all Sorts of Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper shall be sold; and the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties shall stamp the Press to be upon every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, and on every Piece and Sheet of Paper to be there to be sold; and that the said Commissioners shall take special Care that the several Parts of Ireland shall be from time to time sufficiently furnished with such Vellum, Parchment and Paper stamped or marked as aforesaid, so that all Persons may have it in their Elections to buy

the Name of the Officers or Persons to be employed by the said Commissioners at the said Rates above the said Duty, or to bring their own Vellum, Parchment and Paper to be stamped as aforesaid, or to furnish them from others who shall be legally entitled to utter or sell the same.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties in their Discretion to grant to any Person or Persons whom they shall think fit and proper for the Purpose, (such being a Distributor of Stamps appointed by the said Commissioners) a Licence to deal in and retail Stamps, which Licence shall be daily stamped; Provided always, that every Person requiring such Licence shall enter into a Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, with Two sufficient Sureties, which Bond the said Commissioners, or any of them are lawfully empowered to take for His Majesty's Use, in the Penalty of Two hundred Pounds, conditioned that such Person shall not sell or offer to sell, or have or keep in his or her Possession any forged or counterfeited Stamp, or purchase any Stamp or Stamps lawfully at the Office of the said Commissioners in Dublin, or from some Distributor of Stamps duly appointed by the said Commissioners: Provided also, that no such Licence shall be granted to any Person to deal in or to retail Stamps in any Town or Place in Ireland (except within the District of Dublin Metropolis), where a Distributor of Stamps shall have been appointed by the said Commissioners, and shall reside and act as such Distributor.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, by Notice under their Hands, at their Pleasure to revoke, annul, and make void any such Licence, or any Licence for selling Stamps, or stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper, or any of them in whole or in part, or to be granted.

XXXIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons who shall have had such Licence shall at the time of his or her Death, or at the Expiration or Revocation of such Licence, have in his or her or their Possession any Quantity of such stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper, and be he or she, if living, or if dead, then his or her Executors, Administrators or next of Kin, or any of them, shall within One Calendar Month next following send the same to the Stamp Office in Dublin, the said Commissioners or such Office as they shall appoint shall receive the same, and shall pay for the same the full Value thereof, deducting thereout such Per Centage Money, as such Person shall have been allowed for such Stamps on purchasing the same, on such Person or Persons who shall so carry the same making an Affidavit before the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or any of them, or any Justice of the Peace, that the same was in the Possession of the Person or Persons so dying, or having had such Licence (so expired or revoked, for the Purpose of Sale at the time when such Person or Persons is dead, or the said Licence expired or was revoked, and upon proving to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties that such Stamps were purchased at the Stamp Office, or from a Distributor of Stamps, by the Person or Persons who obtained such Licence, and thereupon such Stamps shall be immediately cancelled.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons other than such Distributor or Sub Distributor of Stamps as aforesaid, shall vend or sell in any Part of Ireland any Vellum, Parchment or Paper stamped with any of the Stamp Duties which shall be then payable, without having obtained from the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties such Licence for that Purpose, which shall be subsisting in force and unrevoked at the time of such vending or selling; and of any Person or Persons other than such Distributor or Sub Distributor as aforesaid, shall without having obtained such Licence, or after the same shall have expired or been revoked as aforesaid, utter, vend or sell any such Vellum, Parchment or Paper to be stamped, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if any Proceedings shall be taken for Recovery of the said Penalty, whether in any Court in Dublin, or by Civil Bill, or before a Magistrate, it shall not be necessary to prove that the Stamps so sold were true and genuine Stamps, nor shall it be any Defence for the Person against whom such Proceedings shall be taken to shew that such Stamps were false, forged or counterfeited, but the Person so selling the same without Licence shall be deemed and taken to have sold stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper, as the case may be, without Licence, within the true Intent and Meaning of this Act: Provided however, that nothing herein contained shall exempt any Person so selling such forged Stamps from the Condemnation of being taken the same knowing the same to be forged; if such Knowledge shall be duly proved in a Proceeding properly taken for that Purpose.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any One or more of them, as often as it shall seem fit to him or them so to do, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, to authorize any Person or Persons, with the Assent of a Magistrate or any Peace Officer, in the Day time to enter into the House or Habitation of any Person licensed to sell stamps as aforesaid, and if an Unlawful and Notorious Dealer of such Warrant, the Door of the House in which such Person shall dwell, or any Inner Door thereof, shall not be opened, then to break open the same respectively, and to search for, inspect and examine such stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper, as shall be in the House whereas such Person shall dwell, in order to be whether the Stamps thereof or any of them be forged; and that it shall so may be lawful to and for such Person and Persons so authorized as aforesaid, with the Assent of a Magistrate or Peace Officer, in the Day time to enter into the House or Habitation of such Person or Persons licensed to sell Stamps, and if an Unlawful and Notorious Dealer of such Warrant the Door of the House in which such Person shall dwell, or any Inner Door thereof, shall not be opened, then to break open the same with the Assent and as the Presence of a Magistrate or Peace Officer, to break open the same respectively; and in case the said Stamps or any of them shall appear to be counterfeited or forged, then and in that case to seize and carry away the same.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person in any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any of the Dominions thereto belonging, shall counterfeit or forge, or make or procure to be counterfeited or forged, any Type, Die, Mark or Stamp, to resemble any Type, Die, Mark or Stamp at any time heretofore kept or used, or hereafter to be kept or used at the Head Office of the Commissioners of Stamp

Commissioners may have the Privilege to deal in stamps.

Licence method.

Stamps in Part before of the Licence, have in his or her dying, or a half Licence revoked altered.

Persons not being Distributors selling stamps without Licence.

Penalty.

Forfeits.

Commissioners to give Warrant to search for forged Stamps.

Persons forging Dies.

or having been
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Post Office
Stamps Office

Licenses

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6 10

Comptroller
and
Licenses

Dates in Duties, for changing the charging or marking on Villains, Parchment or Paper, or other Matter directed to be stamped, any of the Duties charged thereon by any Act or Acts which has been or shall be at any time in force in Ireland, although such Act or Acts may not be in force, or such Type, Die, Mark or Stamp may not be kept or used at the said Head Office at the time of such charging or countercharging; or if any Person or Persons (after well except such Person or Persons as shall be lawfully entitled so to do) or the Agent, for the Purpose of charging Villains, Parchment or Paper, by or under the Authority of the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties for the time being) shall have in his, her, or their Possession any Type, Die, Mark or Stamp to be kept or used at the Head Office, for changing the charging or marking on Villains, Parchment or Paper, or other Matter directed to be stamped, any of the Duties to be charged or to be changed thereon as aforesaid, although such Type, Die, Mark or Stamp should or shall be kept or used at the said Head Office, or the Duty directed thereby should not be then payable in Ireland; or shall mark or impress, or cause or procure to be marked or impressed, on any Villain, Parchment or Paper, or other Matter which heretofore was or hereafter shall be directed to be stamped, any Device, Mark or Impression which has been or shall be used, kept or made at the Head Office aforesaid, for changing the charging or marking on Villains, Parchment or Paper, or other Matter or Thing to be directed to be stamped, any of the Duties charged thereon by any Act of Parliament which shall have then been in force in Ireland at or before the time when such Mark or Device shall have been so used or kept at the said Head Office, though such Act or Acts may not be in force, or such Device, Mark or Impression may not be used or kept at the said Head Office at the time of such Offence committed; or if any Person shall use, utter, vend or sell, or cause to be used, uttered, vend or sold, or shall have in his or her Possession with Intent to sell, utter, vend or sell the same, any Villain, Parchment or Paper, or other Matter, with any counterfeit Die, Mark or Impression or Impressions, to be stamped on any Device, Mark or Impression which has been or shall be used, kept or made at the Head Office aforesaid for the Purpose aforesaid, or any of them, though not then used or kept at the said Head Office, or any of them, or though the Duty directed thereby shall not be then payable in Ireland, knowing such Device, Mark or Impression to be counterfeit; or if any Officer or Officers in the Employment of the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or any other Person or Persons whomsoever, shall with Intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, mark or impress, or cause or procure to be marked or impressed, or by selling, or giving or affixing in marking or impressing, or in causing or procuring to be marked or impressed, any Stamp, Mark or Impression directing any of the Duties aforesaid, on any Villain, Parchment or Paper not delivered to him or them by or by the Authority of the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, for the Purpose of being stamped with any Type, Die, Mark or Stamp which has been or shall be used, kept or made at the Head Office aforesaid, for the directing the charging or marking on Villains, Parchment or Paper any of the Duties charged, or to be charged thereon by any Act of Parliament, though such Type, Die, Mark or Stamp should not be then kept at the said Head Office, or the Duty directed thereby should not be then payable in Ireland; or if any Person or Persons shall, with Intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, knowingly have in his, her or their Possession any Villain, Parchment or Paper to be stamped or marked with any of the aforesaid Duties; and in every of such cases, every such Person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall, for the Term of the Offence aforesaid whereto he or she shall be convicted, be transported for the Term of Seven Years; and for any of the Offences aforesaid which he or she shall commit after such Conviction, shall suffer Death as in cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

XXIII. And, for the better regulating and securing the Payment of the Stamp Duty on the several Licenses granted to Stamp Duties, be it enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, all Licenses for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail in Ireland, shall be granted in manner and under the Rules and Regulations prescribed and contained in an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Regency, intitled *An Act for regulating Licenses for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wines, Beers, Ale and Cider by Retail, and for dispensing the Immunities of Spirituous Liquors in Ireland*, in the form as amended by an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Regency, intitled *An Act to make further Regulations with respect to Licenses for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail in Ireland*, and by any subsequent Act or Acts in force at the time of the passing of this Act, and that all Licenses to Persons in Ireland dealing as Exciseable Commodities shall be granted in manner and under the Rules and Regulations prescribed and contained in an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Regency, intitled *An Act for the Payment of the Duties on Licenses granted in Great Britain or Ireland dealing in Exciseable Commodities*, in the form as amended by any subsequent Act in force at the time of the passing of this Act: Provided always, that no Collector of Excise or Taxes shall receive any Duty payable on such Licenses, nor shall receive the Sum of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount of such Duty; but the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any One of them, or any Person or Persons appointed by the said Commissioners, or by any Three of them, shall and may and they are lawfully authorized, empowered and required to grant such Licenses on Villains, Parchment or Paper duly stamped, with the Duty required by Law for any such License or Licenses respectively, to any Person or Persons who shall respectively require the same, in such Form or Forms, in such manner and under such Regulations as the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes shall from time to time order and direct, under or by virtue of the said printed Act of the Forty seventh Year aforesaid, or any Act or Acts in force in Ireland at the time of granting such Licenses respectively.

XXIV. And it is further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties or any One of them, and such Deputies of Stamps in Ireland, in their respective Districts, or such other Person or Persons as shall be appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, shall and may under his or their

Head or Heads upon any Licence or Licences on which any Stamp Duty is or may be imposed by Law, and which shall not by any Law be required to be granted by any other Person or Persons to any Person or Persons who shall require the same in Writing, and shall be duly qualified for the same; and such Licence shall be granted without Fee or Reward, on Payment of the Stamp Duty due thereon; and that in all such Licences shall be contained and set forth the Purposes of such Licence as hereinafter mentioned; and also the Name or Names, and Place or Places of Residence of the Person or Persons to whom such Licence shall be granted, the Date of issuing the same, and the time for which the same shall be in force, in Manner and Form as may be from time to time directed by the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties for that Purpose; and the Place or Places in which the Duties for which such Licence is granted is to be levied on, so far as the Nature of the Duties shall allow it to be confined to any Place or Places capable at the time of being specified or defined.

Particulars of Licences granted.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That every such Licence to be granted under the Authority of the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties shall have force from the day of granting the same, or from such Day subsequent thereto as shall be mentioned in said Licence, until the Twenty fifth Day of March next following the Day on which the said Licence shall so begin to have force, and so longer, unless otherwise just clearly directed by any Act of Parliament; but if such Licence shall be granted to Two or more Persons, and any one or either of them shall die before such Twenty fifth Day of March next following, nevertheless such Licence shall continue in force for the Benefit of the Survivors or Survivors during the time aforesaid.

Annual Continuance of Licences.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That no Person in England shall sell, convey or deliver any Trade, Business, Occupation or Calling, on the Licence for the doing or exercising whereof a Stamp Duty is imposed, without having previously taken out such Licence duly stamped, and is assented by Law directed; and that every Person offending herein shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Pounds, (and in such particular cases wherein any other Penalty may be annexed to the said Offence by any Act or Acts of Parliament).

Wholesale Price Lists carrying Trades applicable to Licences Penalty.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Licence shall at any time be granted by the Authority of the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties to any Person or Persons to sell Stamps, or any other Matter or Thing, or to carry on any Trade, Business, Profession or Calling whatsoever, in any particular House, Place or District mentioned in such Licence, such Person or Persons shall not be thereby authorized or entitled to sell such Stamps or other Matter or Thing, or to carry on such Trade, Business, Profession or Calling in any other House, Place or District, but that, as to every such other House, Place or District, be considered as unknown, and subject to all Fines and Penalties as such, (and as herein otherwise particularly provided).

Licences not to extend to the sale of Stamps.

XLVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if the Person who shall have obtained any such Licence shall be minded to remove from the Place mentioned in such Licence for carrying on such Business, and to carry on the same in any other House in the same City, Town or Town Land, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Person to carry or send such Licence to the said Commissioners or any of them, or to any Officer or Officers to be by them appointed for that Purpose, or who shall be entitled to grant such Licence, who shall register the same on the said Licence, and thereupon and from thenceforth such Licence shall be good, valid and effectual, according to the Contents thereof, and the said Indentment in the same manner to all Letters and Patents, as if such House in reference was mentioned in the Body of such Licence for carrying on such Business, and not otherwise; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

On Removal of Person from the Place in which Licence is granted.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who is or shall be authorized or empowered to grant or issue any Licence on which a Stamp Duty is or shall be by Law imposed, shall grant or issue any such Licence on unstamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or on Vellum, Parchment or Paper not stamped with the Stamp which is or shall be by Law required, or in any other Manner or Form than that which shall be required by Law, or directed by the said Commissioners, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Pounds, and if Judgment shall be entered against any Person on any Information for such Offence, such Person shall forfeit his Office, and shall be for ever disabled from being again appointed thereto.

Penalty for Printing Licence on unstamped Paper.

L. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties shall chide to be granted or written on every Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, on which shall be stamped any of the Duties which are or from time to time shall be by Law payable in respect of any Licence, the Purpose of such Licence, and the time for which it is to continue, and the Place or Places wherein it is to be of force, in like manner as may be directed.

Penalty.

Purpose of the Licence and Duration.

LI. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall keep any Printing Press, or Types for printing in England, without first taking out a Licence for that Purpose from the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties; and that the said Commissioners shall from time to time under their Hands and Seals grant such Licence for keeping Printing Presses or Types, to such Person or Persons as shall apply for the same, and shall have performed the Qualities which shall by any Law then in force be necessary to be performed previous to the granting thereof, which Licence shall state the House where such Press or Presses, or Types, are to be used; and every Person or Persons who shall keep or use such Press, or a Printing Press, or Types for printing, without having obtained such Licence, or in any other House save the House in which it is mentioned in such Licence, shall forfeit such Printing Presses and Types, and the Sum of Forty Pounds.

Licences for Printing Presses.

LII. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall at any time either publicly or privately import or open or keep any Office in England for importing Goods, Furniture, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or other Property from Leds by Sea, or for relading Goods, Wares or Merchandise from the Danger of the Seas, or other Parts at Sea, without having first taken out, and continuing to take out annually a Licence

Penalty for Importing Goods by Sea or other Parts at Sea.

for that Purpose from the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, in manner hereinafter mentioned, and having such Licence in force at the time of making such Informers, or opening or keeping such Office.

Informers granted by Commissioners of Stamp Duties.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties for the time being, shall under their Hands and Seals usually grant a Licence for informing Hoofles, Furniture, Goods, Wares, Merchandises or other Property from Loss by Fire; and also for informing Goods, Wares or Merchandises from the Danger of the Seas, or other Perils at Sea, to and for every Body and Bodies Politick or Corporate, or Person or Persons applying for the same; which Licence shall be for both the Name or Names and other Description of the Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, or Person or Persons taking out the same; and also the House or other Place where such Business of Informing from Loss by Fire, or from the Danger of the Seas, or other Perils at Sea, shall at the time of taking out such Licence be principally carried on.

Licences for Companies or Partnerships.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That where such Business of Informing is or shall be carried on by a Company consisting of a greater Number of Persons than Four, the Licence is to be granted by the said Commissioners or any of them in manner aforesaid, shall be granted to such Two or more of such Company or Partners as and for the whole Company or Partnership as shall be named in the said Commissioners under Authority from such Company or Partnership; and to every such case the Licence is granted shall continue in full force for the Benefit of such Company or Partnership, until the regular time of Expiration thereof herein mentioned, notwithstanding the Death of the Persons to whom such Licence shall be granted, or of either or any of them.

Informers made in Ireland by the British Commission shall only be Irish Duties.

LV. And be it further enacted, That all Informers for informing Hoofles, Furniture, Merchandises or other Property from Loss by Fire, or from Danger of the Seas, or other Perils at Sea, which shall be made or effected by any Person resident in Ireland, and attested by the Corporation of the Royal Exchange or otherwise in London, or by the Corporation of London Aldermen, or either of them, or by any Company in Great Britain for informing Property, as the Agents of such Corporations or Companies respectively, shall be subject and liable only to the Duties which shall from time to time be payable on such Informers in Ireland, and to no other Duties whatsoever, although the Persons by which such Informers shall be made shall be under the Common Seal of the said Corporations or Companies respectively, and although the same shall be completed in the Whole or in Part previous to their being sent to such Agents in Ireland; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Informers made in Ireland shall be Irish Duties notwithstanding.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That all Informers whatever, for informing Property from Loss by Fire, or from the Danger of the Seas, or other Perils at Sea, for which Subscriptions shall be received, or Policies or Receipts shall be delivered out, or respecting which any other Matter or Thing shall be done in Ireland, by any Person or Persons who shall act for or on Behalf of any Person or Persons, or for or on Behalf of any Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate in Great Britain, shall be liable to all Duties made payable on subjects of the several Informers under or by virtue of any Act or Acts which shall from time to time be in force in Ireland, and that all and every Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate in Great Britain, and every Person or Persons acting in Ireland for or on Behalf of such Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate in Great Britain, who shall effect such Informers or cause the same to be effected, shall in respect of such Informers be liable and liable to all such Rules, Regulations, Orders, Penalties, Forfeitures, Mutes and Things as are or shall be contained in any Act or Acts which shall from time to time be in force in Ireland, relating to Informers by any Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, or their Agents, in Ireland.

Such Copies to take printed Name of such Informers to keep.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That all Clerks of Justice and Judges in Great Britain shall, without Adgrace or Proof in that Behalf, take printed Notice of the several Types, Marks and Stamps which shall from time to time be kept or used at the said Head Office in Dublin, for stamping or marking such Informers or whereon the same may or ought to be stamped, as and for the only true and lawful Types, Marks and Stamps for the said Purpose, and that no such Informer shall on any Pretence whatsoever be pleaded or given or received in Evidence in any Court in Great Britain, or admitted in any Court in Great Britain to be given or available in Law or Equity, unless the said Vellum, Parchment or Paper whereon the same shall be in writing as aforesaid shall be duly stamped.

To be made by Informers and Agents.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, and Body and Bodies Politick or Corporate who now or hereafter shall inform or set up or keep in Ireland any Office for informing Hoofles, Furniture, Goods, Wares, Merchandises or other Property from Loss by Fire, or for informing Goods, Wares or Merchandises from the Danger of the Seas, or other Perils at Sea, without such Licence as aforesaid, or in any other House or Place except the House or Place to be named in such Licence as aforesaid, or in any other House or Place as shall be subordinate to the House or Place to be named in such Licence, and be kept by such Person or Persons employed as Agent or Agents to such Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, or other Person or Persons having such Licence as aforesaid, or in any other manner contrary to such Licence, or to the Inward and Manner of the Act, or of any Act or Acts which may from time to time be in force in Ireland relating to any wife to the Collection or Regulation of Stamp Duties, shall be liable for every Day or Days which such Office shall be committed the Sum of Forty Pounds, and also Double the Amount of the Forfeiture or Penalties of Informers which such Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, or other Person or Persons shall receive on any such Day in such House or Place.

Penalty

Agents in Ireland to be

LIX. And, for the more effectual Prevention of Frauds to evade the Duty on Informers applied Loss by Fire, or from the Danger of the Seas, or other Perils at Sea, be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall act in Ireland as Agent or Agents for any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, in publicly or privately informing, or receiving Subscriptions for informing, or delivering out Policies or Receipts for Informers from Loss by Fire, or from the Danger of the Seas, or other Perils at Sea, except for Irish Perils

or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, as shall be duly licensed as aforesaid, every such Person shall, for every such Office, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds.

LX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, as when any such License as aforesaid shall be granted, shall at the time of receiving such License give good Security with fit and Sufficient Sureties to be approved of by the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, by and to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in such Sums respectively as the said Commissioners may think reasonable, having respect to the possible Amount of the Duty payable by such Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or Person or Persons respectively for Half a Year, with Condition that if such Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, shall truthfully make out, sign and deliver an Account of all Moneys received for such License upon Information, and well and truly make Payment of all such Sums of Money as shall be due and payable thereon, in such manner as shall from time to time be required by Law, and also do and shall truly and lawfully observe and perform all the Conditions, Matters and Things then by Law required, or hereafter to their Behalf to be observed and performed, such Bond shall be void, but otherwise shall remain in full force.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, so to be licensed, who shall grant any Policy of Insurance for insuring Property from Loss by Fire, or from the Danger of the Seas, or other Perils at Sea, or from continue to insure as any Policy, shall by themselves, or such other Person or Persons as are, is, or shall be employed by or under their power in the granting or continuing such Policy of Insurance, demand and receive for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, of and from the Person or Persons for or on Behalf of whom such Insurance shall be so effected, or his, her or their Agent or Agents, the Duty which shall be then by Law payable on such Insurance, and such Person shall give a Receipt for the Duty so paid, expressing the Proceed for which the same was so paid, and such Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate so granting such Policy, shall in all cases be accountable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors for said Duty, as if the same had actually been so received.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That no Policy of Insurance upon any Ship, or upon any Slave or Branch thereof, shall be made in England for a certain Term longer than Twelve Calendar Months, and every Policy which shall be made expressly for any longer Term shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Body and Bodies Politic and Corporate, or other Person or Persons who shall have obtained a License for any Office of Information, or who shall receive or take any Premium for Insurance against Loss by Fire, or the Danger of the Seas, or other Perils at Sea, shall from time to time keep true and faithful Accounts in Writing, of the Number of every such Policy or Instrument of Insurance, which shall be issued or granted or continued, by such Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or Person or Persons, as also of the Name or Names of the Person or Persons insuring, and the Place or Places of his, her or their Abode, the Sum insured, and the use for which the same shall be so insured, and also of the Day of the Month and Year in which every such Policy shall be issued, upon Pain of forfeiting for not keeping such Accounts, or for a falsly making any false Entry thereon, or omitting thereupon any Entry which ought to be contained therein, the Sum of Five hundred Pounds; whose Accounts shall at all times be open for the Inspection of any Person or Persons duly authorized under the Hand and Seal or under the Hand and Seal of One or more of the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties to inspect the same, without Fee or Reward; and if any Person who shall have any such Account as his or her Peer or Country, shall not so diligently produce the same, without Fee or Reward, to any Person so authorized, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Body and Bodies Politic and Corporate, and other Person and Persons who shall have any License for any Information Office in England, shall from time to time within the Space of Two Months after every Twenty fourth Day of June, Twenty sixth Day of September, Twenty fifth Day of December, and Twenty fifth Day of March, and also at such other time and times as they shall by Written Warrant under Notice in Writing be required by the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or any of them, if liver or called: be delivered true Copies of the Accounts heretofore directed to be kept by such licensed Information Office or Offices, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or such other licensed Person or Persons respectively for the Quarters which shall have been completed next before each Day of Delivery or Notice, as the said shall be, and at the same time shall pay all such Sums and Sums as shall appear to be due on such Accounts, every such Delivery and Payment to be made as follows respectively: That as to any, if the House named in the Licence of such Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or Person or Persons for conducting the Business of such Information shall be in the County of Middlesex, or County of the City of Dublin, then such Accounts shall be so delivered to such Person or Persons as shall be appointed to receive the same at the Stamp Office in Dublin, and such Payment shall be made to the Receiver General for the time being, for receiving the said Duties, at the said Office; and if such House shall be in any other Part of England, then such Accounts shall be furnished, and such Payments made to the Informers or Distributors of the District in which such House shall be, or the Person or Persons appointed by the said Commissioners to act as Distributors or Distributors for the said District, upon Pain of forfeiting for every Default in not delivering such Copy of the said Accounts as aforesaid, the Sum of Forty Pounds, and for every Default in not paying the Money due on the said Accounts as aforesaid, Double the Amount of the said Money due on the said Accounts respectively at the time of such Default.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, and Bodies Politic or Corporate, so to be licensed as aforesaid respectively, shall be entitled to make for their own Use, for their Care and

Penalty.
Bond by Persons
so licensed as aforesaid.

Duty demandable from Persons making Information.

Receipts.

Ships insured for 12 Months.

Information Comptrollers, &c. to keep Accounts of Insurances.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Accounts delivered to Stamp Commissioners, and Duty paid quarterly.

Penalty.

Allowance to Informers for Accounts, &c.
Tenthly.

Treasure in receiving the said Duties and making out such Accounts as herein directed, after the Rate of One Shilling in the Pound out of the Month, by them accounted for and paid to the Receiver General or Distributor, or Person acting as such respectively, according to the Directions herein contained.

Policy of the
Revenue different.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That every Deed, Instrument, Note or Memoir of an, Letter, Mandamus or Warrant, for the Payment of any Sum of Money, or for making any valuable Compromise for or on the Part of any Ship or Vessel, Goods, Morses or Effects, or upon any Letts by Force, or from any Letts whatsoever from the Danger of the Sea, or other Perils at Sea, shall be confirmed, drawn and adapted to be a Policy of Indemnity within the Meaning of this Act, and of all Acts by which any Duty has been or shall or may be hereafter imposed on such Policies of Indemnity, unless the contrary shall be expressly provided.

Licensees to be
sworn Public

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties for the time being may, under their Hands and Seals, grant a License to any Person to enable him to act as a Public Notary, and that no Person shall act as a Public Notary in Ireland without having obtained such License for that Purpose; and that no Person who shall act as a Public Notary in Ireland's behalf having obtained such License, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds; provided however, that such License shall not authorize or empower any Person to act as such Notary Public, who shall not be duly authorized and empowered to do so.

Penalty.

LXVIII. And whereas it hath been the Custom for Public Notaries to issue Bills of Exchange for Non Payment or Non Acceptance, and Promissory Notes for Non Payment, and not to protest the same respectively in proper Form of Law, for which the Payment of the Duties upon such Notes or several Affairs has or has not been provided: For Remedy whereof, be it enacted, That every Public Notary in Ireland shall once in every Two Months deliver or cause to be delivered to the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland, at the Stamp Office in Dublin, or to some Person authorized by them or any One of them to receive the same there, a certified and true Account in Writing and upon Oath before the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, if such Notary shall reside in the County of Dublin, or County of the City of Dublin, or before a Justice of the Peace if he shall reside in any other Part of Ireland, of such Bills of Exchange and Notes as aforesaid, which shall have been noted by such Public Notary since the last preceding Account is delivered by the said Notary, or if so such Account shall have been discovered by him, then since the obtaining of his License, and shall at the same time pay unto the Receiver General of the Stamp Duties the Duty which would if such a Law be made for or in respect of every such Bill of Exchange or Note if protested; and in case any Public Notary shall neglect to account as aforesaid, or to pay the Duties aforesaid, every such Public Notary shall for every such Neglect or Default in delivering a true Account of such Notes, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds for every Default of Payment of the Money due on such Account, and Double the Amount of the Money due on such Account at the time of such Default.

Notaries to keep
Accounts of
Bills noted and
pay Duty on
Penalty.

Penalty.

Proof of License
to be in Part)

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Profection or Proceeding shall be had or commenced against any Person for carrying on any Trade, Business, Profession or Calling, or doing any Matter or Thing without having a License for so doing from the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in manner required by Law, the Proof that such Person has obtained such License duly stamped shall be on the Party against whom such Profection or Proceeding shall be had or commenced, and not in the Party complaining; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Law Stamp.

LXX. And for the better securing the Payment of the several Duties payable by Attorneys, Solicitors and Proctors, and on Proceedings in Courts of Justice in Ireland, be it enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, every Person to be sworn or admitted as Attorney in any of His Majesty's Courts of Law, or any Court of Record whatsoever in Ireland, or a Solicitor of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, shall, previous to such Admission into such Court, produce to the proper Officer to whom he shall apply to be admitted as Attorney or Solicitor as aforesaid, a Certificate signed under the Hand or Hands of some Person appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland for the time being, stating that such Person has paid such Duty as he shall be then by Law payable on such Admission, and stating the Amount thereof, which Certificate shall be lodged with such Officer of every Court into which he shall be admitted, and shall remain in his Custody, to be consumed by, the said Commissioners, or any of them, or by any Officer by them appointed for that Purpose, at any time that or he shall think fit; and that every Person who shall be bound as Appraiser to an Attorney in Ireland, shall also obtain a written Certificate from some Person appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners, of his having paid the Duty which shall by Law payable on such Indemnities of Appraiser, at the time of executing the same, which Certificate shall be lodged with the proper Officer of the Court in which such Indemnities shall be made, or of the Court or One of the Courts to which the Matter of such Appraiser shall belong; and such Officer or Officers of such Court or one and one only required to take Charge of and keep such Certificates, in that the same may and shall be produced and read in open Court before the Admission of such Person to be an Attorney, and produced to a Justice of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, before he shall be admitted and sworn a Solicitor as aforesaid; and that no Person shall be capable of practicing as an Attorney or Solicitor respectively in Ireland, unless he shall have paid the Stamp Duty on Stamp Duties, if any, which have been or shall be by Law payable by him when bound as Appraiser, and when admitted as Attorney or Solicitor, at or previous to the time of his being admitted as Attorney or Solicitor as aforesaid.

Appraiser not to
practice except
in Courts where
Sworn.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That no Attorney shall practice in his own Name, or in the Name of any other Attorney in any of His Majesty's Courts of Law, or in any Court of Record whatsoever in Ireland, unless he shall have been admitted, except only in such Court or Courts in which he shall actually have been admitted and sworn as Attorney, on Oath of the Person so practicing being tendered acceptable of being sworn

or

or practising as an Attorney or Solicitor in any Court in *Ireland*; and every Attorney who shall be practising in any Court in which he shall not have been educated and sworn an Attorney, shall be disabled from recovering the Costs of any Proceedings carried on by him in any Court.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person admitted, sworn, enrolled or registered as a Solicitor or Attorney, or as a Proctor, Agent or Procurator in any of His Majesty's Courts in *Dublin*, or in any Ecclesiastical Court, or in any Court of Admiralty in *Ireland*, or in any other Court in *Ireland* holding Pleas, where the Debt or Damages doth amount to Forty Shillings or more, shall assend before the First Day of January, during each Term as he shall conclude to practise in any of the said Courts, or if not before the said Day, then before each Term he shall convene, carry on or defend any Action or Suit, or any other Proceeding whatsoever in any of the said Courts, deliver or cause to be delivered to the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or to any Officer or Officers appointed by them for that Purpose, at the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, a Paper or Note in Writing, containing the Name and usual Place of Residence of such Person, and stating whether he has been so admitted Three Years or not, and thereupon, and upon Payment of the Duties which shall then be by Law imposed on him as such Solicitor, Attorney, Proctor, Agent or Procurator, according to the time he has been admitted, as stated in such Paper or Note in Writing, every such Person shall be entitled to a Certificate duly stamped, to denote the Payment of the said Duty by him, denoting him to be such Certificate according to the Descriptions contained in the said Note so given in by him, which Certificate the said Commissioners, or such Person or Persons as shall be appointed by them for that Purpose, shall cause to be immediately Ward under the Hand and Name of the proper Officer, in such Manner and Form as the said Commissioners shall direct.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Certificate shall be to any Solicitor or Attorney, Proctor, Agent or Procurator, under the Direction of this Act, shall bear Date as the Day on which the same shall be issued, and shall commence and be of force on and from the Day of issuing the same, or on and from the First Day of January next following, according as the Person obtaining the same shall desire; and every such Certificate shall cease and determine on the First Day of January next after the Day on which the same shall be commenced and be of force.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That every Certificate so to be obtained as aforesaid shall be produced in One of the Courts in which the Person described therein shall be admitted, practised, sworn or registered, to some Officer or Officers of the said Court, to be appointed for that Purpose by the Judges of the said Courts respectively, either before the First Day of Hilary Term in each Year, or if after the said First Day of Hilary Term, then before each Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator shall be permitted to practise as aforesaid; and every such Officer so to be appointed shall and he is hereby required from time to time upon the Production of such Certificate duly stamped, and upon the Payment of the Fee of One Shilling, to enter in his Order alphabetically the Name of the Person described in such Certificate, together with the Place of such Person's Residence, and the time he has been admitted as aforesaid, and the Date of such Certificate, in a Book or Roll to be prepared for that Purpose, to all which Books or Rolls in the said Courts respectively, all Persons shall and may at all reasonable times have free Access without Fee or Reward.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the said First Day of Hilary Term in each Year, any Person who shall in his own Name or in the Name of any other Person or Persons, for out any Will or Power, or commission, procuring, carry on or defend any Action or Suit, or any Proceedings as an Attorney or Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator in any of the Courts aforesaid, without having obtained such Certificate which shall be then in force, and caused the Matters therein stated to be entered in one of the Courts in such manner as aforesaid is directed, or shall deliver or cause to be delivered to the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or to the Officers to be appointed by them for the Purpose of Stamp, granting or registering such Certificate, any false or fictitious Place of Residence, or any false or fictitious Statement of his having been admitted an Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator, or of the time when he shall have been so admitted, every such Person for every such Offence shall forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and shall be and is hereby made incapable to maintain or prosecute any Action or Suit in any Court of Law or Equity for the Recovery of any Fee, Reward or Disbursement on account of prosecuting, carrying on or defending any such Action, Suit or Proceeding.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Declaration, Plea or Demurrer in any Action or Suit at Law in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in *Ireland*, nor any Bill or Answer, Plea or Demurrer in any Court of Equity in *Ireland*, shall be received or filed, unless the Attorney or Solicitor tendering the same to be filed shall, at or before the time he shall so tender the same to the Office of the Court with whom the same ought to be filed, deposit with such Officer the Warrant empowering him to prosecute or defend such Suit or Action, which Warrant such Officer shall without Fee or Reward take and keep in his Office; and if any Officer of any such Court shall receive any of such Filings without such Warrant having been so deposited with him, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds with Costs of Suit, to any Person who shall sue for the same in any of His Majesty's Superior Courts in *Dublin*.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Motion, nor any Petition or Memorial to require the Appearance of any Person or Person whatsoever, in any Suit, shall issue or pass the Seal of any Ecclesiastical Court, or of the Court of Admiralty in *Ireland*, nor shall any Appearance be received or entered in any Suit in any of the said Courts, unless and until the Proctor who shall file such Process or Mandate, or who shall enter such Appearance, shall have first filed, or cause to be filed with the proper Officer of the Court who shall issue such Proctor's Mandate, or shall cause or file such Appearance, a Warrant of Attorney duly stamped from the Proctor or Person at whose Suit or on whose Behalf such Process or Mandate shall be issued, or such

Annual Certificate of practising Attorneys &c.

Certificates to be in all January yearly.

Entry of Certificates in Rolls of Courts.

Attorneys practising without Certificate.

Fines.

Filing Warrants of Attorney to appear.

Fines.

Filing Warrants in Ecclesiastical or Admiralty Courts.

Appearance shall be entered, empowering such Prothon or other such Process or Mandate, or to cause such Appearance, as the case may be.

Prothon or other
such Process or
Mandate.

LXXXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case the Party by whom any such Warrant of Attorney ought to be executed shall be out of Ireland, the Attorney, Solicitor or Prothon or Defendant prosecuting or defending the Issue, shall be received to so prosecute or defend the Issue, in all cases in which he would be so received if this Act had not passed, but not otherwise, on his making an Affidavit before the proper Officer, which said Officer is hereby empowered to administer, that he is Clerk or out of Ireland as he verily believes, and on paying the Duty which shall be then payable on such Warrants of Attorney respectively, of which the said Officer is hereby directed to keep an Account, as he is also required to pay over the same to the proper Officer for receiving Stamp Duty.

Execution to be
delivered by
Clerk, or Secy.

LXXXIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend to oblige any Attorney to cause or file a Warrant of Attorney in any Proceeding to Judgment by *Ex parte Affidavit* on any Bond or Bill, or on entering Satisfaction on any Judgment or Recognizance.

Attorney, Secy.
or other Person
charged.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Attorney, or Solicitor, or every Prothon or any Ecclesiastical or Admiralty Court of Ireland, shall charge or receive from the Plaintiff or Defendant prosecution or impugned in any Suit, or any other Point whatsoever, the Amount of any Stamp Duty, and shall not have actually made use of or allowed or filed the Writs, Writs, Returns, Pleas, Pleadings, Returns, Orders, Records, Inferences or Proceedings for which such Charge shall be made, or such Amount shall be received, duly stamped with the Duty which shall be payable thereon at the time of its being done or filed the same, such Attorney, Solicitor or Prothon shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Charge to be
paid by Party
prosecuting or
defending in these
cases, and to be
paid to Clerk
respective.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That where any Bill of Costs in any of His Majesty's Courts of Chancery or Exchequer in Ireland, in which there shall be any Charge or Charges for drawing or for signing or on Pleadings or any Bills, Answers or other Equity Pleadings in the said Courts respectively, which shall be engrossed or written, or filed in either of the said Courts, shall be taxed, the Officer who shall tax such Bill of Costs shall tax the Charges for drawing and engrossing such Bills, Answers and other Pleadings respectively & as yet to exceed the usual Charge by the Statute, according to the Number and Amount of the Stamps actually appearing on such Pleadings; and such Officer of the Bill of Costs to be taxed be in a Cause in the Court of Chancery, shall equally at the Foot of such Bill of Costs, that the Number and Amount of Stamps appearing on the Pleadings mentioned therein hath been certified to him by the Master or Keeper of the Rolls of the Court of Chancery or his Deputy; and if such Bill of Costs be in a Cause in the Court of Exchequer, the Officer who shall tax the same shall equally at the Foot of such Bill that he hath deposited the Engrossment of the Pleadings mentioned in such Bill of Costs; and in case such Officer respectively who shall tax such Bill of Costs as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to apply to the Clerk of the Rolls for such Certificate as aforesaid, or to impose the Engrossment of the Pleadings mentioned in such Bill of Costs, or shall neglect or refuse to tax the Charges for drawing or engrossing such Bills, Answers or other Pleadings in manner herebefore directed, every such Officer neglecting or refusing respectively as aforesaid, shall forfeit for every such Neglect or Refusal the Sum of Ten Pounds; and in case the Master, or Keeper or Keeper of the Rolls of the Court of Chancery, or his or their Deputy, shall neglect or refuse to sign and certify the Number and Amount of Stamps appearing on every such Pleading as aforesaid to the proper Officer of such Court, upon oath, applied to or by him for that Purpose, such Master, or Keeper or Keeper of the Rolls or his or their Deputy, shall, for every such Neglect or Refusal forfeit in like manner the Sum of Ten Pounds, which said several Forfeitures, together with the Costs of recovering the same, shall be recovered in a Summary way upon Motion by Order of the said Courts of Chancery or Exchequer, upon Complaint made to them respectively against any Officer who shall be guilty of any such Neglect or Refusal, and shall cure to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors.

Penalty
thirteen, &c.

Penalty.

If Two Sheets or
more be used.

LXXXII. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to the Charge to be made for engrossing any Bill, Answer or other Pleading in Equity, for which Contents of which shall not amount to the Number of Two thousand one hundred and Fifty Words.

Charge on
Letters of Ad-
mission.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Copy of every Affidavit which shall be read in any Court whatever in Ireland, shall be engrossed or written in such manner as that the Quantity of Writing contained on any One Sheet or Piece of Paper shall not be deemed more than One Sheet, according to the manner in which the Officers of the Courts in which such Affidavit shall be respectively filed, charge by the Sheriff for such Affidavit; and if any Officer of any Court shall charge or demand for the Quantity of Writing contained in any One Sheet or Piece of Paper on which any Copy of such Affidavit shall be written, more than the Fees to which he should be entitled for One Sheet, according to the Custom of the Court in which such Affidavit shall be filed, he shall for every such Charge so made or demanded, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, with Treble Costs of Suit, on any Petition or Petitions who shall sue for the same.

Penalty.

Attorneys
charged on each
Bill.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That where more than One Side or Page of any Sheet of Paper shall be stamped or marked with the Name which shall then be by Law charged on Paper in which such Copy of an Affidavit shall be written, each Side or Page so marked or stamped shall be deemed a separate Sheet or Piece of Paper within the Intend and Meaning of this Act, and of every Act by which any Stamp Duty has been or shall be imposed, unless the contrary shall be expressly declared.

If any Copy of
Record or In-
terrogatory be
deposited in
any Court.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted, That every Record or Transcript of Records to be brought into the said Court of Exchequer Chamber in Ireland shall, when copied for the Judges or others, be copied in like manner as in the former Court of Exchequer Chamber in Ireland.

Records, for
which an Act
was made.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That all Records, Writs, Pleadings and other Proceedings in the Courts of Law and Equity, and Ecclesiastical Courts, Courts of Admiralty, and all other Courts in Ireland

and all Office Copies thereof respectively, which shall from time to time be charged with any Stamp Duty, shall be registered or written in such manner as they usually have been accustomed to be entered, save as herein otherwise mentioned, or as shall be provided by any Law which may hereafter be passed.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That every attested Copy of any Interrogatory or Interrogatories, or Depositions or Depositions in the Court of Chancery, or in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer, shall be signed by the Examiners of the said Courts respectively, and every such Examiner shall state and appoint in Writing at the Foot of every such attested Copy, whether the same is to be read by or on the Part of any Complainant or Plaintiff, or by or on the Part of any Defendant in the Book in which such Interrogatories or Depositions shall have been taken; and it shall not be lawful for any such Complainant or Plaintiff to read or give in Evidence any Copy of any such Interrogatories or Depositions which shall be supposed to be read on Behalf of any Defendant in such Book, nor for any Defendant to read or give in Evidence any such Copy which shall be so appointed to be read on Behalf of the Complainant, unless the same respectively shall be duly stamped; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Officer of any Court of Law or Equity, in Ireland, shall make out or deliver any attested Copy of any Pleading or Proceeding of any Nature or Kind whatever in such Court, such Officer shall, in the Book in which every such Copy shall be made of any such Pleading or Proceeding, mark in Figures the Number of Office Sheets of which such Copy shall consist, and shall in like manner mark on the Back of every such Copy the Number of Office Sheets contained therein.

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That every Officer or Clerk belonging or that shall hereafter belong to the Court of King's Bench, Court of Common Pleas, or Law Side of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, who shall sign any Writ or Process before Judgment to avoid any Pardon or Pardon thereupon, shall at the time of signing thereof fix down upon such Writ or Process the Day and Year of signing the same, which shall be entered upon the Remembrance Book, or in the Book wherein the Abstract of such Writ or Process shall be entered, upon Pain to forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds for every Offence or Neglect of such Officer or Clerk as aforesaid.

XC. And, for the more conveniently performing the Duties on Rules and Orders to be from time to time made and given in Chancery depending in the several Courts in Ireland, the Rules of which are or shall from time to time be taken in any Stamp Duty, but last heretofore made, That it shall and may be lawful for the Officers or Officers of each and every such Court respectively, having the legal Custody of the Rule Books belonging thereto respectively, within Ten Days after the last Day of each and every Term, to produce and bring such Rule Books to the proper Officers, to be appointed by the said Courts for the Stamp Duties for that Purpose at the Office of the said Court Clerks in Dublin; and such Officer or Officers shall insert in each and every such Rule Book, immediately after the said Rule entered therein, at the time of producing the same, a Certificate duly signed by such Officer or Officers of the said Courts respectively, stating the Number of Rules and Orders of such Courts respectively made or entered in such Rule Books in such preceding Term and Vacation; and such Officer or Officers shall also cause to be paid the full Amount of all such Stamp Duties so shall be due by Law payable for or in respect of such Rules or Orders respectively, and the said Rule Books shall thereupon be stamped with the same Stamp or Stamps denoting the full Amount of the whole of the Stamp Duties, which shall be then payable in respect of the several Rules so made, and entered in such preceding Term or Vacation, which Stamp or Stamps shall be as few in Number as shall be requisite to show the Amount of Duty to be paid in Pence, Shillings and Pence, and shall be placed in the same Page or Pages which the Certificate of such Officer or Officers shall be written as aforesaid; and if any Officer of any of the said Courts shall neglect or omit to bring such Rule Book or Rule Books, or to furnish such Certificate or Certificates, or pay such Duties as aforesaid, then and in every such case, every such Officer shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds, and in such case, whenever afterwards such Book shall be produced at the said Stamp Office, if such Certificate shall not appear therein, the proper Officer at the said Office shall himself make the said Certificate, and on Payment of the Duties appearing thereby to be due, the said Book shall be duly stamped as aforesaid.

XCI. And be it further enacted, That all Process which shall be entered or obtained to enforce the Appearance or Appearances of any Defendant or Defendants in any Court of Law or Equity in Ireland, or to enforce the Answer or Answers of any Defendant or Defendants in any Court of Equity in Ireland, shall be registered and made out upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper stamped with the Duty which shall be then payable upon such Process; and in case the Officer or Officers who shall cause or cause such Process to be made or to be entered, shall neglect to have such Process made out as aforesaid, he or they shall for every such Neglect forfeit to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Sum of Ten Pounds, which Sum shall be collected in a summary way upon Motion, by Order of the Court in which such Process shall be entered, together with the Costs of recovering the same.

XCII. And be it further enacted, That the Payment of the Stamp Duty on all Judgments shall be deemed in manner here following respectively; that is to say, the Payment of the Duty which shall from time to time be payable on Judgments upon *Cognovit Affidavit* shall be deemed by the proper Stamp for every such Judgment, respectively being stamped on such Affidavit, and the Payment of the Duty which shall from time to time be payable on all other Judgments whatsoever in Ireland, shall be deemed in manner following; that is to say, a small Page or set of Parchment whereon shall be written the Title of the Cause and the Day of making Judgment thereon shall be stamped with the proper Stamp for every such Judgment respectively, and such Piece of Parchment so stamped shall be filed in the proper Court on the File of the Proceedings thereof, and thereupon every such Judgment shall be deemed and taken to be duly stamped to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and every Officer or Officers who shall neglect or omit to obtain such Piece of Parchment properly stamped

Attested Copy of Deposition, &c. in Equity.

Number of Sheets marked on attested Copies of Pleadings.

Signing Writ or Process.

Process.

Stamping Rule Books of Courts.

Penalty.

Stamps on Process to enforce Appearance.

Penalty.

Stamping Judgments by Clerks or other writ.

Stamped for any such Judgment, and to file the same as aforesaid, shall for every such Neglect or Omission forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Penalty.
One Month
allowed for
Judgments by
Capeverdeans.
Satisfied.

XCIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the proper Officer of the Court on receiving from the Parties bringing any such Causes the Amount of the Stamp Duty payable thereon, shall and may receive and file the same as if stamped, and shall within One Calendar Month next after such Neglect bring or send the said Causes and the Amount of said Duty to the Head Office in Dublin to be stamped, and thereupon such Causes shall and may be stamped with the proper Stamp within One Calendar Month next after the same shall have been so filed, without Payment of any Penalty or other Sum save only the said Duty in payable thereon, but an Affidavit shall be allowed thereon; and every Person concerned in the expediting, signing or filing the same, shall be exempt from all Penalties on account thereof; and if any such Officer shall neglect or omit to bring or send such Causes and the Amount of such Duty to the Head Office in Dublin, within One Calendar Month after the time shall have been so filed, he shall for every such Neglect or Omission forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Penalty.

Book for enter-
ing Minutes
of marking
Judgments
by Officers.

XCIV. And be it enacted, That a Book shall be kept in every Court in Ireland by the proper Officer for marking Judgments therein, in which Book shall be entered within Seven Days next after the marking of any Judgment, which shall be marked in such Court after that time, a Minute or Memorandum of the Entry of such Judgment, stating the Names of the Parties in the Cause, and the Day of the marking of such Judgment, and also the Day of making such Entry, and whether the said Judgment was duly stamped as aforesaid or not, and such Entry or a Copy thereof duly attested and compared, or any such Entry which before the Expiration of the said Period of One Calendar Month shall have been duly made in the manner under any Law then in force, or such Copy thereof, shall be taken as Evidence that such Judgment was duly stamped or the contrary, as the case of making such Entry; and if any such Officer shall omit to keep such Book or to make such Entry therein relative to any such Judgment, within the said Period of Seven Days after marking the same respectively, or shall make any such Entry falsely, every such Officer shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds.

Penalty.

Certificate of
Judgments
Stamped.

XCV. And be it further enacted, That an attested Copy of any such Judgment which shall be entered in Ireland shall be given or exhibited in Evidence, unless the Officer attesting the same shall certify not only that the same is a true Copy of such Judgment, but that such Judgment has been duly stamped as aforesaid respectively; and if any Officer shall certify the same falsely, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds.

Penalty.

Stamping Allig-
ment of Bail
Bonds after Ex-
amination thereof.

XCVI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be arrested by virtue of any Writ or Process of any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin at the Suit of any Common Person, and the Sheriff or other Officer shall take Bail from such Person against whom such Writ or Process shall issue, and the Sheriff or other Officer at the Request and Call of the Plaintiff in such Action or Suit, or of his lawful Attorney, shall duly affix to the Plaintiff in such Action or Suit the Bail Bond or other Security taken from such Bail by Enforcement according to Law, and also when and so often as it shall become necessary for any Plaintiff in Application to the Attorney or Deponent in such Action, then and in every of the said cases such Affirmation may be made without any Stamp; provided however that an Affidavit shall be brought under any such Affirmation, until the time shall have been first duly stamped with such Stamp as shall be then by Law required for such Affirmation; and the said several Affidavits shall on Application at the Head Office in Dublin at any time before any Action be brought therein, be duly stamped in such manner as shall be then required by Law, without Payment of any Penalty or other Sum save only the Duty which shall be then payable thereon.

Affidavit for
proving Pro-
cesses.

XCVII. And be it further enacted, That an Affidavit made for the Purpose of proving three or any Part thereof of any Grand Jury for raising Money for Repairs of Roads or for any other public Purpose shall be lodged with or received by the Secretary of any Grand Jury, one shall be returned in any Schedule delivered to any Grand Jury, one shall any such Affidavit be delivered by him to, or laid by him before any Grand Jury, unless such Affidavit shall be written on Paper stamped with the Stamp which shall be then by Law required for the same, one shall any Affidavit for conveying for any Money granted by any Grand Jury to be laid before any Grand Jury by the Secretary be read in Court, or otherwise the Court to discharge any Quare, unless it shall be written on Paper duly stamped.

Stamping Ad-
missions into
Corporations.

XCVIII. And whereas the Payment of Stamp Duties imposed on the Admissions of Freeman and others into Corporations, Guilds or Companies in Ireland has been and may be erected; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for every Body Politic or Corporate, Corporation, Guild or Company or Person, which shall admit any Person or Persons into any such Corporation, Guild or Company by themselves, or by some Person or Persons employed by such Corporation, Guild or Company, and they are hereby required previously to the Admission of any such Person into such Corporation or Company, to demand and receive for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, of and from the Person so admitted, the several and respective Stamp Duties which shall be then by Law payable on the Entry, Minute or Memorandum of Admission of such Person into such Corporation, Guild or Company; and the Town Clerk, or Clerk, or other Officer of such Body Politic or Corporate, Corporation or Company, shall make an Entry, Minute or Memorandum of such Admission, upon the proper Stamp, in some Book, Roll or Record of such Corporation or Company, within One Month after such Person shall be so admitted into such Corporation or Company; and if such Town Clerk, Clerk or other Officer shall neglect or refuse to do so, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds; and every such Corporation, Guild or Company shall be answerable

Penalty.

for all such Duties, without any Proof of the same having been so received, or whether the same respectively shall have been so received or not.

XCIX. And be it further enacted, That any and every Town Clerk, Clerk or other Officer who shall from time to time have in his Custody any Public Books, File, Record, Remembrance, Docket or Proceeding, the Right or Knowledge whereof may tend to the clearing any of His Majesty's Stamp Duties, which now are or shall at any time be by Law payable in Ireland, or to the Proof or Discovery of any Fraud or Offence in relation thereto, or to any of those, shall at all reasonable times permit any Officer or Person directed or authorized by the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or any Three of them, to inspect and view all such Books, Files, Records, Remembrances, Dockets and Proceedings as aforesaid, without Fee or Reward, and to take thereout such Notes and Memorandums as shall be necessary for the Purposes last mentioned, without Fee or Reward; and if any Town Clerk, Clerk or other Officer shall refuse or neglect to do so upon Demand made by such Officer or Person as aforesaid, such Town Clerk, Clerk or other Officer so refusing or neglecting, shall, for every such Refusal or Neglect, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

C. And for the better securing the Payment of Stamp Duties on Bills, Notes and Receipts by Bankers and others in Ireland, be it enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, the whole Sum for which any Receipt shall be given in Ireland shall be really expended in such Receipt, unless the same shall have the Stamp for a Receipt in full of all Demands; and all Persons who shall give or cause to be given in Ireland any Receipt or other Discharge in which a less Sum shall be expressed than the Sum actually received, with an Intent to evade any of the Duties which shall be then payable on such Receipt or Discharge, or shall divide or cause to be divided the Sum actually paid into divers Receipts, or shall by any general Acknowledgment or Use of the Words "Settled," or "Paid," or "By Cash," or "Entered," or by such like or any other Word or Words, or by any Signature or Initials, or by any other Words, Letters or Marks intended to defraud the Purposes of a Receipt, or to denote that the Money for which a Receipt ought to be given has been paid, or by any means whatsoever to evade any of the Duties which shall be then payable on Receipts, or be guilty of or concerned in any fraudulent Contrivance whatever to evade any of the said Duties, such Person or Persons so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

CI. And be it enacted, That any Receipt shall be received in Evidence as a Discharge, or as any Proof of the Payment of any Sum not actually expressed and specified therein, unless such Receipt shall have the proper Stamp for a Receipt in full of all Demands.

CII. And be it further enacted, That all Duties which shall at any time be charged on Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, Drafts, Orders or Receipts, shall unless otherwise expressly provided, be paid by the Person or Persons giving the same respectively: Provided always, that if any Person shall on paying any Sum of Money demand a Receipt in full of all Demands, the Person so requiring the same shall be liable to pay to the Person giving the same the Difference (if any) between the Duty payable in respect of the Sum so then paid, and a Receipt in full of all Demands: Provided also, that every Receipt or other Discharge given by any Officer of the Revenue on Payment of Money for or on account of any Duty on Dwelling Houses in respect of Hearths or Windows, or on Carriages and other Carriages, or on Horses, or on Male Servants, shall be written or printed, or written and printed on the proper Receipt Stamp according to the Amount of the Sum to be paid; and that the Duty on every such Receipt shall be paid by the Person to whom such Receipts shall be given by the Officers of the Revenue.

CIII. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons who shall have Occasion to pay any Sum of Money to any Person or Persons whatsoever, whether for himself, herself or themselves, or for any other Person or Persons whatsoever, to bring and tender in Part of the Sum so to be paid, a Piece of Yellow, Parchment or Paper, of sufficient Size, and duly stamped with the proper Stamp denoting the Duty payable on a Receipt for such Sum, and to require a Receipt thereon, or on some other Piece of Yellow, Parchment or Paper duly stamped; and thereupon the said Piece of Yellow, Parchment or Paper so tendered shall be received in the Payment of such Sum as if the same were lawful Money to the Amount of such Duty, and the same shall be a good Tender for that Amount.

CIV. And be it enacted, That every Person receiving Payment in Ireland, either by Money, or by any Bill or Bills, Draft or Drafts, Cheque or Cheques, Note or Notes, or other Security or Securities for Money, who shall, upon Demand, refuse to give a Receipt for the same, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

CV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person in Ireland in the Employment of another or others shall, for the Use of his Employer or Employers, whether in the Name or Names of such Employer or Employers, or in his own or any other Name, give any Receipt or other Discharge, in which a less Sum shall be expressed than the Sum actually received, either in Cash, or by any Cheque, Draft, Bill, Note or other Security for Money, with an Intent to evade any of the Stamp Duties which shall be then payable, or divide the Sum actually paid as aforesaid into divers Receipts, or by any general Acknowledgment or Use of the Words "Settled," or "Paid," or "Entered," or "By Cash," or such like or any other Word or Words, or by any Signature or Initials, or by any other Words, Letters or Marks intended to defraud the Purposes of a Receipt, or to denote that the Money for which a Receipt ought to be given has been paid, or by any means whatsoever to evade any of the said Duties, or be guilty of or concerned in any fraudulent Contrivance to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of any of the said Duties, such Person or Persons so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and each Act of such Person or Persons so offending shall, in so far as it shall be so committed, be considered as if the same were committed by any other Act of Parliament, be considered as the Act of the Person or Persons in whose Employment the Person so offending shall be, and the Clerk or other Person so committing any of the Offences herebefore mentioned,

Implication of
Corporate Bodies
by Stamp
Officers.

Fines.
Bills, Notes and
Receipts.

Fines.
Receipts not
so full.

Duty on Bills
and Receipts by
other paid.

Receipt Stamp
tendered as
Part of Money
paid.

Refusing to give
Receipt.
Fines.

Clerk giving
Receipts un-
stamped.

Fines.

upon being certified thereof, shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanour, and be punished by Fine and Imprisonment, and other Corporal Punishment, or any One or Two of the said Modes, at the Discretion of the Court before whom he or she shall be tried.

CVI. And be it further enacted, That *Separate and distinct Stamps and Marks shall be kept at the Stamp Office in Dublin, for denoting the Stamp Duties, which shall from time to time be payable on any Bank Notes or Bank Post Bills of the Bank of Ireland, or of any private Bank or Banks whatsoever.*

CVII. And be it further enacted, That all Bank Notes and Bank Post Bills which shall be issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, shall be exempt from the Stamp Duties which may vary from time to time be charged thereon respectively (unless otherwise expressly provided in the Act or Acts charging the same) from every Twenty fifth Day of March for One whole Year next following, provided the Governor and Company of the said Bank bill on the said Twenty fifth Day of March respectively have paid into His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, such Sums of Money as shall have been from time to time agreed upon by and between the said Governor and Company and the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, as a Compensation for said to be in lieu of and in full Satisfaction for all Stamp Duties payable upon all Notes and Bills to be issued by the said Bank during the Year next ensuing respectively; and that any such Compensation heretofore made shall be in force according to the Terms thereof, as if this Act had not passed.

CVIII. And be it enacted, That, although any Bank or Bankers Note or Notes shall be signed by or otherwise executed by any Banker or Bankers duly registered in manner hereafter mentioned, or by his or their Servant or Servants, yet if the same shall come to a Bank, and be First of the Leaves or any One Leaf thereof, and cut out or separated themselves, then and in every such case, if such Note or Notes remaining in such Bank shall be brought to the Stamp Office in Dublin, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any of them, or any Officer by them duly authorized, and they are hereby required to cancel the Stamps thereon respectively, and to mark or Stamp any Vellum, Parchment or Paper which shall be brought to the said Office by the Bank or Persons for bringing such Note or Notes with any Marks or Stamps which be or they may require, on such Parchment or Vellum, paying the Difference of Price (if any) between the Stamps so cancelled, and the Stamps or Marks so marked or stamped on the Vellum, Parchment or Paper so brought to the said Head Office.

CIX. And be it enacted, That the Acceptance of every Bank Post Bill shall be written on and across the Face of such Post Bill, and the original Words or Figures thereof.

CX. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Bankers in Ireland to register the Firm of the Bank or Banks to which they do or shall respectively belong, or the Name or Names of the Partners in such Bank or Banks with the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland.

CXI. And be it further enacted, That all Persons so registering themselves as Bankers shall to all Intents and Purposes be considered as Bankers within the Meaning of the Laws now in force in Ireland, and of all Laws which hereafter shall be in force in Ireland, respecting Bankers, in which the contrary shall not be expressly declared.

CXII. And, for the better bearing the Payment of the Stamp Duties on Professions, Administrations and Legacies in Ireland, be it enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, every Person who shall administer the Personal Estate, or any Part of the Personal Estate of any Person dying after the Commencement of this Act, without having proved the Will of the Decedent, or when not Legatee or Administrator of such Person's Estate within Twelve Calendar Months after the Death of the Person so dying (or with respect to Professions having died before the passing of this Act, within six Calendar Months after the passing of this Act), shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Pence, to be recovered and applied in the same manner as any Penalty may by this Act be recovered and applied.

CXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Executor, Administrator, next of Kin, Creditor or other Person, whether acting as a Principal, or as Agent or Attorney for any Person or Persons out of Ireland, who shall administer, or come upon the Possession or Management of all or any of the Personal or Moveable Estate or Effects of any deceased Person in Ireland, who shall have left a Personal Property of the Value of Two hundred Pounds or upwards, or who hath entered upon the Possession or Management of any Personal or Moveable Estate or Effects, and hath not fully administered the same, hath, before disposing of, or distributing any Part or remaining Part of such Estate or Effects, or at all Events within six Calendar Months after the passing of this Act, or after taking out Probate or Administration, or entering on the Possession or Management of such Personal Estate, or of any Part thereof, submit upon Oath in the proper Ecclesiastical Court in Ireland, a full and complete Inventory or Statement of such Estate and Effects, in so far as they shall have been recovered at the time of exhibiting such Inventory, or shall be known to be owing, distinguishing whether the same in Ireland or elsewhere; and also of all Debts due by the Decedent at the time of his or her Death, and payable out of his or her Personal Estate, and the Name and Kind thereof; and in case at any time or times hereafter a Discovery shall be made of other Effects belonging to the Decedent, which at account of their not being known at the time were omitted in the said original Inventory, an additional Inventory or Inventory of the same shall in like manner be exhibited on Oath within three to time by any Person or Persons administering or assuming the Management or Disposal thereof together with such Debts due by such deceased Person as aforesaid, as may not have been referred in such former Schedule; any such Oath so administered to be administered by the said Person or Persons, under the Oath mannered as aforesaid as if administered by a Judge, and in case any such Person or Persons shall neglect or refuse to exhibit any such original or additional Inventory, or shall knowingly omit to include any Part of any such Estate

and

and Effects therein, every Perfon to neglecting, refusing or omitting, shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds for each such Neglect, Refusal or Omission.

CCIV. And be it further enacted, That every Perfon which shall be taken out by any Executor after the Will therein mentioned hath or shall have been proved, and Probate thereof hath been or shall have been duly obtained by another Executor named therein, shall and may be good, valid and effectual without any Stamp to all Intents and Purposes as if stamped, and that all Perfons concerned in this writing, or taking out the same, shall be and they are respectively hereby freed and indemnified from and against all Fines and Penalties for or in respect thereof in any manner whatsoever.

CCV. And be it further enacted, That every Perfon, whether Executor, Administrator or otherwise, who shall administer the Personal Estate of any Perfon deceased, and shall retain, whether for his or her own Use, or otherwise, any Legacy, or Part of the Residue of such Perfon's Estate, shall, in a reasonable time after the Death of the Perfon so deceased, be accountable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for any Duty which shall be then by Law payable on any Receipt or Discharge for any such Legacy, Residue or Part of Residue, without obtaining a Receipt duly stamped for the same, then such Perfon in administering shall be obliged to deduct thereout the Amount of the Stamp Duty which shall be then payable on such Receipt; and in case he shall so deduct the same, the Amount of such Stamp Duty shall then immediately be a Debt from such Perfon acknowledging to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and if any such Perfon so administering shall pay any such Legacy or Residue, or Part of Residue, without obtaining for the same a Receipt duly stamped, or without deducting the Amount of such Stamp Duty thereon, then and in every such case the Amount of such Stamp Duty therein shall be a Debt to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, as well from the Perfon or Perfons so administering as from the Perfon or Perfons, Body or Bodies to whom the same shall have been so paid respectively.

CCVI. And be it enacted, That where any Real Estate shall by any Will be directed to be sold, charged with any Legacy or Legacies, the Perfon or Perfons entitled to sell the same or bound to pay such Legacy or Legacies, and also the Perfon beneficially entitled to such Legacies, or to the Residue or any Parts of the Residue of the Probate Money thereof, shall respectively be held to pay the Stamp Duties which shall then be by Law payable thereon respectively, in the same manner as all respects aforesaid as concerning the Administration of Personal Estate in heretofore provided.

CCVII. And be it further enacted, That in every case in which any Executor or Administrator, or other Perfon or Perfons taking the Benefit of the Execution of the Will, or other Testamentary Instrument, or the Administration of the Personal Estate of any Perfon deceased, or any Trustee or other Perfon to whom any Real Estate shall be devised to be sold, or who shall be entitled to any Real Estate subject to any Legacy, shall not have paid any Stamp Duties, which shall have been or may be payable by Law on any Receipts or Discharges for any Legacy, or for any Residue, or Part of any Residue pursuant to the Direction of this Act, within a proper and reasonable time, it shall be lawful for His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Ireland, upon Application to be made for that Purpose on Behalf of the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties upon such Affidavit or Affidavits as to the said Court may appear to be sufficient, to grant a Rule requiring such Executor, Administrator, Trustee or other Perfon or Perfons to show Cause why he, she or they should not deliver to the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties an Account upon Oath of all the Legacies, and of all the Property respectively paid or to be paid or administered by such Executor or Administrator, or other Perfon or Perfons, or given or bequeathed to such Trustee or other Perfon entitled to any Real Estate subject to any such Legacy, in the case may be, and why the Duties on any such Legacies, or any Shares or Residue of any such Estate Real or Personal, have not been paid or should not be forthwith paid according to Law, and to make any such Rule of Court absolute, in every case in which the same may appear to the said Court to be proper and necessary for enforcing the Payment of any of the said Duties, together with the Costs of so recovering the same.

CCVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or any One or more of them, in respect of every Register or other Office of any Ecclesiastical Court in Ireland, having the Custody or Care of any Wills proved in any such Court, or having the Custody of any Entry or Register of any Administrations granted in any such Court, or Account of all such Wills and Letters of Administrations, together with the Particulars relating thereto, and such Entries from any such Wills as may from necessity to such Commissioners, or Commission, or Payment of such Fees as shall be agreed upon for the same, or any One of any Delegate shall be lent and allowed by the Ecclesiastical Court for the Payment, and every such Office as aforesaid is hereby authorized and required, within One Calendar Month after any such Requisition to be made by the said Commissioners, or any One or more of them, or by any Perfon authorized by them for that Purpose, to make out and deliver such Account as aforesaid, and if any such Register or other Office as aforesaid shall refuse or neglect to make out and deliver any such Account as aforesaid, within One Calendar Month after any Demand made as aforesaid, or shall knowingly or wilfully make out and deliver any such Account, every such Register or other Office shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Forty Pounds, to be recovered with Costs of Suit by Information, in the Names of His Majesty's Attorney General for Ireland, to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors.

CCIX. And be it further enacted, That any Gift by any Will or Testamentary Instrument of any Perfon which by virtue of such Will or Testamentary Instrument shall have Effect or be limited out of the Personal Estate of such Perfon so dying, or out of any Personal Estate, which such Perfon shall have Power to dispose of as he or she shall think fit, shall be deemed and taken to be a Legacy within the Intent and Meaning of this Act, and of all Acts whereby any Stamp Duty now or shall be imposed, or in anywise relating to the Manage-

the Duties on Probate by several Executors

Duties on Legacies retained by Executors.

Law not changed on Real Estates

Executors collect on Court report on account by Legacy Duty

Cases of Wills not bound to Stamp Duties.

Penalty

Legacies chargeable with Stamp Duty defined.

next or Collection of any Stamp Duty, whether the same shall be given by way of Annuity, or in any other Form, and whether the same shall be charged only on such Personal Estate, or charged also on the Real Estate of the Testator or Testatrix who shall give the same, except in so far as the same shall be paid or satisfied out of such Real Estate in due Execution of the Will or Testamentary Instrument by which the same shall be given, and every Gift which shall have Effect as a Donation *Mortis Causæ*, shall still be deemed a Legacy within the Intent and Meaning of this Act, and of all other such Acts as aforesaid.

A donation of Personal Estate and real estate by Legacy.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Annuity or other Benefit shall be given by any Will or Testamentary Instrument in such Terms that the Amount or Value of such Benefit can only be ascertained from time to time by the actual Application for that Purpose of the Fund allotted for such Purpose, or made chargeable therewith, or of the Amount or Value of any Benefit given by any Will or Testamentary Instrument cannot by reason of the Form and manner of the Gift be so ascertained, that the Duty to which the same shall be then subject can be charged thereon, under any of the Directions herein contained, then and in every such case such Duty shall be charged upon the several Payments of such Annuity when and as the same shall be from time to time paid to the Party entitled to the same, and in the manner upon the several Sums of Money or Effects which shall be applied from time to time for the Purpose directed by such Will or Testamentary Instrument, as if such Payments of such Annuity or such several Sums were separate and distinct Legacies or Bequests, and shall be paid by the Party or Parties receiving such Annuity or other Sum of Money, or out of any Fund which may be applicable for such Purpose, or charged with answering the same.

Valuation of Legacies given in succession.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That the Duty which shall from time to time be payable on a Legacy or Residue or Part of Residue of any Personal Estate given to, or for the Benefit of, or in that the same shall be enjoyed by different Persons in Succession who shall be chargeable at one and the same Rate with the same Duty, which shall then be payable, shall be charged upon and paid out of the Legacy or Residue or Part of Residue legacies, as in the case of a Legacy to one Person; and where any Legacy or Residue or Part of Residue shall be given to or for the Benefit of or in that the same shall be enjoyed by different Persons in Succession, some or one of whom shall be then chargeable with no Duty, or some or one of whom shall be chargeable with different Rates of Duty, in that one Rate of Duty cannot be immediately charged thereon, all Persons who under or as consequence of any such Bequest shall be entitled for Life only, or any other temporary Interest, shall be chargeable with the Duty in respect of such Bequest in the same manner as if the annual Proportion thereof had been given by way of Annuity, and each Person respectively shall be so chargeable with such Duty, and the same shall be payable when they shall respectively become entitled to, and begin to receive such Pension, and where any other partial Interest shall be given, or shall arise out of such Property to to be enjoyed in Succession, the Duty on such partial Interest shall be charged and paid in the same manner as if the Duty in heretofore directed to be charged and paid in like case of partial Interests charged on any Property given otherwise than to different Persons in Succession; and all and every Person and Persons who shall become absolutely entitled to any such Legacy, or Residue or Part of Residue to be enjoyed in Succession, shall when and as such Person or Persons respectively shall receive the same, or begin to enjoy the Benefit thereof, be chargeable with, and pay the Duty for the same, or such Part thereof as shall be so received, or of which the Benefit shall be so enjoyed, in the same manner as if the same had come to such Person or Persons immediately on the Death of the Person by whom such Property shall have been given to be enjoyed, or in such manner that the same shall be enjoyed in Succession.

Duties on Legacies in Succession here paid.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Duty which shall from time to time be payable on any Legacy or Residue or Part of Residue to, or to be enjoyed by different Persons in Succession, upon whom the Duty shall be chargeable at one and the same Rate, shall be deducted and paid by the Person or Persons having or taking the Burthen of the Execution of the Will or Testamentary Instrument under which the Title thereof shall arise, upon Payment or other Satisfaction or Discharge of every or any Part of such Legacy or Residue or Part of Residue to any Trustee or Trustees, or other Person or Persons to whom the same shall be payable or paid, or Trust or for the Benefit of the Persons so entitled therein in Succession, and of the same shall not be so paid or satisfied to any such Trustee or Trustees, then such Duty shall be deducted and paid out of the Capital of the Property so given, upon Receipt by any of the Persons so entitled in Succession of any Proceeds of such Capital or any Part thereof, according to the Assent of the Capital of which such Proceeds shall be so received; and where the Duty chargeable upon any such Bequest for the Benefit of, or to be enjoyed by different Persons in Succession, shall be chargeable at different Rates in that the same cannot be paid at one and the same time, but such be paid in Succession as aforesaid, then and in such case all and every the Person and Persons having or taking the Burthen of the Execution of the Will or Testamentary Instrument in which such Bequest shall be contained, shall be chargeable with such Duties in Succession in the same manner as such Persons would be chargeable with the like Duties in case of several Bequests, unless the Property bequeathed shall have been paid or otherwise satisfied to or vested in any Trustee or Trustees as aforesaid, in which case such Trustee or Trustees, or his, her or their Representatives shall be chargeable with the Duties then payable for or in respect of such Property to be so held, but or then respectively, in such way the same manner as if he, she or they had taken the Burthen of the Execution of the Will or Testamentary Instrument by which such Bequest shall have been made; and in like manner where any partial Interest shall be given or shall arise out of any such Property to to be enjoyed in Succession, and such partial Interest shall be granted or paid by the Person or Persons so enjoying such Property, such Person or Persons shall be chargeable with the Duties then payable for and in respect of such partial Interest, and shall retain and pay the same accordingly in such and the same manner as if he, she or they had taken the Burthen of the execution of the Will or Testamentary Instrument by which such partial Interest shall have

been

been created; and in all such case the Person or Persons so chargeable with Duty shall be Debtors to the King's Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in like manner, and shall be subject to the like Penalties as the Person or Persons having or taking the Execution of such Will or Testamentary Instrument shall from time to time be chargeable and subject to.

CCXIII. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That, notwithstanding the contrary shall be expressly enacted, no Duty shall at any time be paid on any Articles of Plate, Furniture or other Things not yielding any Income, and given to or for the Benefit of or for as that the same be enjoyed by different Persons in Succession, whilst the same shall be so enjoyed in Kind only by any Person or Persons not bearing any Power of selling or disposing thereof in as to convert the same into Money or any other Property yielding no Income, but if the same shall be actually sold or disposed of, or shall come to any Person or Persons having Power to sell or dispose thereof, or having an absolute Interest therein, then and in such and every such case the same Duty shall be chargeable and paid thereon, as if the same had been originally given absolutely and with full Power to sell or dispose thereof, and shall be chargeable upon and paid by the Person or Persons for whose Benefit the same shall be sold, or who shall have Power to sell or dispose thereof or any absolute Interest therein, and shall become the Debt of such Person or Persons, but shall not be a Charge on any Person or Persons by reason of his, her or their having assigned to such Bequest as the Person or Persons having or taking the Execution of the Will or Testamentary Instrument by which such Bequest shall have been made.

CCXIV. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That where any Legacy or any Residue or Part of Residue shall be given by any Will or Testamentary Instrument that different Persons shall become entitled thereto in Succession, the Duty shall be charged thereon as given to be enjoyed in Succession, whether the Person or Persons entitled thereto shall take the same under or by virtue of such Will or Testamentary Instrument, and the Dispositions therein contained, or in Default of such Dispositions, and as entitled by Intestacy.

CCXV. And he is further enacted, That where at any time any Legacy or Residue or Part of Residue shall be given to or for the Benefit of any Person or Persons in Joint Tenancy, lease or one of whom shall be then chargeable with any Stamp Duty, and some or one of whom shall not be so chargeable, the Person or Persons chargeable with such Duty shall pay such Duty in Proportion to the Several of such Person or Persons respectively in such Bequest; and if any Person or Persons to be chargeable with such Duty, and entitled in Joint Tenancy as aforesaid, shall become entitled by Survivorship, or by Severance of the Joint Tenancy, as any larger Interest in the Property bequeathed than that in respect of which such Duty shall have been paid, then and in such case all and every such Person or Persons to become entitled by Survivorship, or by Severance, shall be charged with the same Duty as if the Property which such Joint Tenancy or Joint Tenants shall so become entitled to had been originally given to or for the Benefit of such Person or Persons only.

CCXVI. And he is further enacted, That when any Legacy or any Residue, or Part of Residue, shall be given, (subject to any Contingency which may defeat such Gift, and whereupon the same may go to some other Person or Persons, such Bequest (unless chargeable as an Annuity under the Provisions herein contained) shall be charged with Duty as an absolute Bequest to the Person or Persons who shall take the same, subject to such Contingency, and such Duty shall be paid out of the Capital of such Legacy or Residue, or Part of Residue, notwithstanding the same may upon such Contingency go to some Person not chargeable with the same Duty, or with any Duty; and if such Contingency shall afterwards happen, and the Property be bequeathed shall thereupon go in such manner that the same, if taken immediately after the Death of the Testator or Testatrix under the same Title, would have been chargeable with a higher Rate of Duty than the Duty so paid, the Person or Persons becoming entitled thereto shall be charged with and shall pay the Difference between the Duty so paid and such higher Rate of Duty.

CCXVII. And he is further enacted, That where any Legacy or the Residue or any Part of the Residue of any Personal Estate shall be subject to any Power of Appointment to or for the Benefit of any Person or Persons specially named or described as Objects of such Power, such Property shall be chargeable with Duty as Property given to different Persons in Succession, and so in charging such Duty not only the Person and Persons who shall take preference as Object to such Power of Appointment, but also any Person and Persons who shall take under or in Default of any such Appointment when and as they shall take respectively, shall, in respect of their several Interests whether preference or subject to or under or in Default of such Appointment, be charged with the same Duty, and in the same manner, as if the same Interests had been given to him, her or them respectively, and by the Will or Testamentary Disposition conferring such Power, in the same Order and Course of Succession as shall take place under and by virtue of such Power of Appointment, or in Default of Exercise thereof, as the case may happen to be; and where any Property shall be given for any limited Interest, and a general and absolute Power of Appointment shall also be given to any Person or Persons to whom the Property would not belong, in Default of such Appointment, such Property upon the Execution of such Power shall be charged with the same Duty, and in the same manner as if the same Property had been immediately given to the Person or Persons having and executing such Power, after allowing any Duty before paid in respect thereof; and where any Property shall be given with any such general Power of Appointment, which Property in Default will belong to the Person or Persons to whom such Power shall also be given, such Property shall be charged with and shall pay the Duty in the same manner as if such Property had been given to such Person or Persons absolutely in the full Intestate without such Power of Appointment.

CCXVIII. And he is further enacted, That any Sum of Money or Personal Estate directed to be applied in the Purchase of Real Estate, shall be charged with and pay Duty as Personal Estate, unless the same shall be given to be enjoyed by different Persons in Succession, and then such Person entitled thereto in Succession shall pay Duty for the same in the same manner as if the same had not been directed to be applied in the

Duty on Plate given to Legacy in Succession.

Duty on Leg. Residue under Intestacy.

Duty on Legacy in Joint Tenancy.

Duty on certain great Legacies.

Legacies subject to Power of Appointment.

Personal Estate directed to purchase Real Estate.

Purchase of Real Estate, which the same shall have been actually applied in the Purchase of Real Estate before such Duty accrued; but no Duty shall accrue in respect thereof after the time shall have been actually applied in the Purchase of Real Estate, for so much thereof as shall have been so applied: Provided nevertheless, that in case before the time or times Past thereof shall be actually so applied, any Person or Persons shall become entitled to an Estate of Inheritance in Real Estate in the Real Estate to be purchased therewith, or with so much thereof as shall not have been applied in the Purchase of Real Estate, the same Duty which ought to be paid by such Person or Persons if absolutely entitled thereto as Freehold Estate, by virtue of any Bequest thereof as such, shall be charged on such Person or Persons as entitled, and raised and paid out of the Fund remaining to be applied in such Purchase.

Person or
Persons
Vc.

Duty left to
my Legacy
Duty of a
chargeable.

Duty on Pro-
perty not re-
quired into
Money ac-
crued.

CXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That Estates *per animum* shall be applicable by Law in the same manner as Personal Estates, shall be charged with Stamp Duties imposed or to be imposed on Personal Estates.

CXXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if at any time any Direction shall be given by any Will or Testamentary Instrument for Payment of the Duty which shall be chargeable upon any Legacy or Bequest out of some other Fund, in that such Legacy or Bequest may pass to the Person or Persons to whom or for whose Benefit the same shall be given free of Duty, no Duty shall be chargeable upon the Money so to be applied for the Payment of such Duty, notwithstanding the same may be deemed a Legacy to or for the Benefit of the Person or Persons who would otherwise pay such Duty.

CXXXI. And be it further enacted, That in case of Specific Legacies, and where the Residue of any Personal Estate shall consist of Property which shall not be reduced into Money, it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons having or taking the Benefit of the Administration of such Estates, or the Person or Persons by whom the Duty thereon ought to be paid, to set a Value thereon, and to offer to pay the Duty according to such Value, or to require the Commissioners for Management of the Stamp Duties to appoint a Person to set and appraise such Value, at the Expense of the Person or Persons by whom such Duty ought to be paid; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners to accept the Duty offered to be paid upon the Value set by the Person or Persons having or taking the Administration of such Estates, or by whom the Duty for the same shall be payable, without such Appraisement, if the said Commissioners shall think fit so to do; but if the said Commissioners shall not be satisfied with the Value so set, on which the Duty shall be offered, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to notwithstanding such Offer, to appoint a Person to appraise such Estates, and to set the Value thereon, on which Value to set the said Commissioners shall offer the Duty payable in respect thereof, and require the same to be paid; but if the Person or Persons by whom such Duty shall be payable shall not be satisfied with the Valuations made under the Authority of the said Commissioners, and pay the Duty accordingly, it shall be lawful for such Person or Persons at any time within Three Calendar Months after the, he or they shall have Notice of such Valuation, to appeal therefrom to, and to cause the Valuations to be made under the Authority of the said Commissioners, to be reviewed by the Commissioners of the Treasury in Person (or the time being); and the said Commissioners of the Treasury shall and may (if they shall think fit) appoint a Person to appraise such Estates and set a Value thereon, and shall and may decide thereon in a summary way, and their Judgment shall be final; and if the Valuation under the Authority of the said Commissioners of the Stamp Duties, in the case last mentioned, shall not be duly appealed from within the time aforesaid, or shall be affirmed upon Appeal, the Duty shall be paid according to such Valuation; and if any Variation shall be made on such Appeal, the Duty shall be paid according to such Variation; and if the Duty offered in manner aforesaid shall exceed the Duty offered to and retained by the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, the Expense of such Appraisement and other Proceedings in affixing such Duty, shall be borne by the Person or Persons by whom such Duty shall be payable; and if any Dispute shall arise between any Person or Persons entitled to any such Legacy or Residue, or Part of Residue, and any Person or Persons having or taking the Benefit of the Administration of such Estates, with respect to the Value thereof, or with respect to the Duty to be paid thereon, the Duty shall be offered by the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties on Reference to them by either Party for that Purpose; and if the Value of any Property on which such Duty ought to be paid shall be in Dispute, the said Commissioners of the Stamp Duties shall cause an Appraisement to be made thereof in the Expense of the Person or Persons by whom such Duty ought to be paid, in the manner hereinafter directed in other cases, and offer the Duty thereon accordingly; and if such Person or Persons by whom such Duty ought to be paid shall be dissatisfied with such Valuation, or with the Assessment of Duty made upon such Valuation by the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, the same shall be reviewed and finally determined by the said Commissioners of the Treasury, upon Appeal to them within the time and in the manner hereinafter directed in other cases; but if such Valuation or Assessment shall not be duly appealed from within the time limited for that Purpose, or shall be affirmed upon Appeal, the Duty shall be paid according thereto; and if any Variation shall be made thereon on such Appeal, the Duty shall be paid according to such Variation; and in case the Life-time thereof any such Duty shall be payable shall be at the Discretion of Two Justices of the Peace, then and in such case it shall be lawful to make the like Appraisement to such Person as shall be directed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties at their Office, in such cases within the County or District in which such Estates shall be; and such Person in respect of such act in such cases as all respects in the same manner as the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties are hereby authorized to act, subject nevertheless to the Instructions and Control of the said Commissioners of Stamp.

Appeal.

Duty on Leg-
acy not chargeable
on, &c.

CXXXII. And be it further enacted, That where any Legacy or Part of any Legacy, or Residue or Part of Residue, whereas any Stamp Duty shall as any time be chargeable, shall be directed otherwise than by Payment of the Money or Application of Specific Estates for that Purpose, or shall be directed for Consideration, or compounded for less than the Amount or Value thereof, then, and in such case, the Duty thereon shall be charged and paid in respect of such Legacy or Part of Legacy, or Residue or Part of Residue, according

according to the Amount or Value of the Property taken in Satisfaction thereof, or in the Satisfaction for Refrains thereof, or Compensation for the same: Provided always, That if any Legacy or Bequest shall be made in Satisfaction of any other Legacy or Bequest, or Title to any Releife or Part of Releife, of any Personal Estate remaining unpaid, the Duty shall not be paid on both Subjects, although both may be chargeable with Duty, but shall be paid on the Subject yielding the largest Duty.

CXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons having or taking the Benefits of the Execution of the Will or other Testamentary Instrument, or the Administration of the Personal Estate of any Person deceased, or any Person or Persons chargeable with Duty, shall declare himself, herself or themselves ready and willing, and shall accordingly offer to pay any pecuniary Legacy or Releife, or Part of Releife, deducting the Duty which shall be due by Law payable thereon, or shall in like manner offer to deliver or otherwise dispose of any Specific Legacy, or any Specific Property, Part of any Releife of any Personal Estate, so as for the Benefit of the Person or Persons entitled thereto, or to any Trustee or Trustees for such Person or Persons, upon Payment of the Duty payable in respect thereof, and the Person or Persons entitled to such Legacy or Releife, or Part of Releife, or the Trustee or Trustees for such Person or Persons shall refuse to accept such Offer, and to give a proper Releife and Discharge for such Legacy or Releife, or in such thereof as shall be offered to be paid, delivered or otherwise disposed of as aforesaid, then, and in such case, although no actual Trustee shall be made, if any Suit shall be afterwards instituted for such Legacy or Releife respecting which such Offer shall have been made, it shall be lawful for the Court in which such Suit shall be instituted, or in any other Court, Charges and Expenses attending the same to be paid by the Person or Persons who shall have refused to accept such Offer, and to give or join in such Releife or Discharge, or to order such Costs, Charges and Expenses to be deducted and retained out of such Legacy or Releife, together with the Duty payable thereon, as the said Court shall see fit; and in any such Suit shall be instituted for Payment of any Legacy or Releife, or Part of Releife of any Personal Estate, and the Person or Persons sued for the same shall be defensible of staying Proceedings in such Suit, on Payment of the Money due, or delivering or otherwise disposing of the Specific Effects demanded, after deducting or recovering the Duty payable thereon, it shall be lawful for the Court in which such Suit shall be instituted, if it shall see fit, on Application in a summary way, to make such Order for Payment of such Legacy or Releife, or Part of Releife, or for delivering or otherwise disposing of such Effects, and for Payment of the Duty there payable thereon, and all such Costs, Charges and Expenses attending such Suit as shall be paid.

CXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Suit shall be instituted concerning the Administration of the Personal Estate of any Person dying testate or intestate, or any Part of such Estate in which any Direction shall be given touching the Payment of any Legacies or Legacy of such Person, or the Releife of his or her Personal Estate or any Part thereof, the Court wherein such Suit shall be instituted shall, in giving Directions concerning the same, provide for the due Payment of the Duties which shall be then payable thereon; and in taking any Account of any Personal Estate or otherwise adding recovery the same, such Court shall take Care that an Allowance shall be made in respect of any Legacy or Part of Legacy, or of any Releife or Part of Releife in any manner whatsoever, without due Proof of the Payment of the Duties so payable.

CXXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person or Persons having or taking the Benefits of the Execution of any Will or other Testamentary Instrument, or the Administration of the Personal Estate of any Person deceased, may from time to time pay, deliver or otherwise dispose of any Legacy, or any Part of any Legacy, or make Satisfaction of any Part of the Releife of any Personal Estate, on Payment from time to time of such Proportions of the Duty then payable thereon, as shall accrue in respect of such Part of such Personal Estate as shall be so administered.

CXXXVI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That the several Duties charged and to be charged by Law in Ireland upon any Probates or Letters of Administration, or Receipts for Legacies, or Shares or Proportions of any Estate or Effects, shall be deemed and taken to be charged and payable only in respect of the Amount or Value of such Estate and Effects as shall be granted or allowed, and of such Legacies as shall be payable out of such Estate and Effects in Ireland.

CXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the Probator of the Will of any Person deceased, or the Letters of Administration of the Effects of any Person deceased, Invention granted, or to be hereafter granted as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be valid and available by the Executors or Administrators of the Decedent, for recovering, transferring or assigning any Debt or Debts or other Personal Estate or Effects thereof or whereto the Decedent was entitled or entitled, either wholly or partially as a Trustee, notwithstanding that the Amount or Value of such Debt or Debts or other Personal Estate or Effects, or the Amount or Value of the same thereof, or such Interest therein as was Trust Property in the Decedent, (as the case may be) shall not be included in the Amount or Value of the Estate, in respect of which the Stamp Duty was paid on such Probate or Letters of Administration.

CXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That where the Executors or Administrators of any Person deceased shall be defensible of transferring or of recovering the Dividends of any Share standing in the Name of the Decedent, or of and in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stock or Funds, transferable at the Bank of Ireland, or of and in the Stock and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or of and in the Stock and Funds of any other Company, Corporation or Sole Proprietorship, paying by Treasurer in the Books of such Company, Corporation or Society, under and by virtue of any such Probate or Letters of Administration as aforesaid, and shall sledge that the Decedent was entitled thereto or entitled therein, either wholly or partially as a Trustee, it shall be lawful for the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, and for any such other Company, Corporation or Society as aforesaid, or their respective Officers for

Probate

Protections where Legacies relate to other Duty.

On Suits for Administration Probates made for Legacy Duty.

Part of Legacies paid on transferring Duty in payment.

Duty payable only for Estates granted in Ireland.

Probates of Wills of Trustees.

Transfer of Stock, under Probates of Trustees.

their Indebtedness and Professions, to require such Affidavit or Affirmation of the Truth as hereinafter is mentioned, if the Truth shall not otherwise satisfactorily appear, and thereupon to permit such Executors or Administrators to transfer the Stock or Fund in question, or receive the Dividends thereof, without regard to the Amount of the Stamp Duty on the Probate of the Will of the Decedent, or Letters of Administration of his or her Effects; and where the Executors or Administrators of any Person decedent shall have Occasion to recover any Debt or Debts or other Personal Effects due or apparently belonging to the Decedent, and shall allege that the Decedent was justified thereof or entitled thereto, either wholly or partially as a Trustee, it shall be lawful for the Parties or Parties liable to pay or deliver such Debt or Debts or other Effects, to require such Affidavit or Affirmation of the Truth as hereinafter is mentioned, if the Truth shall not otherwise satisfactorily appear, and thereupon to pay, deliver or make one the Debt or Debts or other Effects in question to such Executors or Administrators, or as they shall direct, without regard to the Amount of the Stamp Duty on the Probate of the Will of the Decedent, or the Letters of Administration of his or her Effects; and where the Executors or Administrators of any Person decedent shall have Occasion to assign or transfer any Debt or Debts due to the Decedent, or any Chattels Real or other Personal Effects whereof or whereon the Decedent was justified or entitled, and shall allege that the same respectively was or were due or vested in the Decedent either wholly or partially as a Trustee, it shall be lawful for the Parties or Parties to whom or for whose Use such Debts or Debts, Chattels Real or other Personal Effects shall be assigned or transferred, to require such Affidavit or Affirmation of the Truth as hereinafter is mentioned, if the Truth shall not otherwise satisfactorily appear, and thereupon to accept the proposed Assignment or Transfer, without regard to the Amount of the Stamp Duty on the Probate of the Will of the Decedent, or the Letters of Administration of his or her Effects.

CXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That upon any such Requisition as aforesaid the Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators of the Decedent, or some other Parties or Parties to whom the Facts shall be known, shall make a special Affidavit or Affirmation of the Truth and circumstances of the case, stating the Property in Question; and that the Decedent had not any beneficial Interest whatsoever in the same, or no other beneficial Interest therein, than shall be particularly mentioned and set forth (as the case may be), but was justified thereof or entitled thereto, either wholly or in Part (as the case may be), in Trust for some other Person or Persons whose Name or Names, or other sufficient Description shall be Specified in such Affidavit or Affirmation, or for such Purposes as shall be specified therein; and that the beneficial Interest of the Decedent, if any, in the Property in Question doth not exceed a certain Value to be therein also specified according to the best Estimate that can be made thereof, if necessary or contingent, and that the Amount or Value of the Estate for which the Stamp Duty was paid on the Probate of the Will of the Decedent, or on the Letters of Administration of his or her Effects, is sufficient to include and cover such beneficial Interest of the Decedent, as well as the rest of the Personal Estate, whereof or whereon the Decedent was beneficially justified or entitled, and for which such Probate or Letters of Administration shall have been granted, as far as the same have come to the Knowledge of such Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators; and where the Affidavit or Affirmation of the Truth and circumstances of the Truth shall be made by any other Parties than the Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators of the Decedent, such Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators shall make Affidavit or Affirmation that the same are true to the best of his, her or their Knowledge, and that the Property in Question is intended to be applied and disposed of accordingly; which Affidavits or Affirmations shall be sworn or made before a Judge in Chancery, Ordinary or Ecclesiastical, (who is lawfully authorized to take the same, and administer the proper Oath or Affirmation for that Purpose) and shall be delivered to the Party or Parties requiring the same, and shall be sufficient to indemnify and protect the Party or Parties acting upon the Faith thereof; and if any Parties or Parties making any such Affidavit or Affirmation as aforesaid, shall knowingly and wilfully make a false Oath or Affirmation of or concerning any of the Matters to be therein specified and set forth, every Parties so offending and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject and liable to such Pain and Penalties as, by any Law now in force, Parties convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

CXL. And for the better securing the Payment of the Stamp Duties on Hand Bills, Almanacks, Pamphlets and Newspapers as aforesaid, be it enacted, That in case any Person or Persons shall at any time after the Commencement of this Act, hawk, carry about, dispense or distribute any Hand Bill not being stamped or marked with the Stamp Duty which shall be then by Law required, every such Person being thereof duly convicted before any Justice of the Peace shall forfeit the Sum of Five Shillings to the Person who shall prosecute for the same; and in Default of immediate Payment thereof, shall and may be committed by such Justice to any Common Goal within his Jurisdiction for One Week, or until he or she shall pay such Penalty, and it shall and may be lawful for any Person to seize, apprehend and carry before any Justice of the Peace of the County, City or Place where such Offence shall be committed, any such Person so offending as aforesaid.

CXLI. And be it further enacted, That if any Printer shall print or cause to be printed any unstamped Hand Bill containing a Single Advertisement, such Hand Bill being then subject to a Stamp Duty, and shall duly be convicted thereof before any Justice of the Peace, such Printer shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds to any Person who shall prosecute for the same.

CXLII. And be it further enacted, That every Hand Bill or other printed Paper which shall contain more than One Advertisement shall be deemed and taken to be a Newspaper to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

CXLIII. And

Affidavit made by Executors, or by Trust Property

Perjury

Hand Bills, Almanacks, Pamphlets, Newspapers and Advertisements, Penalty.

Printing of Hand Bills, &c.

Penalty. Definition of Hand Bills.

CXLIII. And he it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall print, publish, sell, hawk, carry about, utter or expose to Sale any Almanack or Calendar, or Dublin Directory, or any Book, Pamphlet or Paper deemed or considered to be or serving the Purpose of an Almanack, Dublin Directory, or daily Account of Goods imported and exported, not being marked or stamped with a proper Stamp, if any Stamp Duty shall be then by Law payable thereon, every such Person shall for every such Almanack, Calendar, Dublin Directory, Book, Pamphlet or Paper so printed, published, sold, hawked, carried about, uttered or exposed to Sale, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, which Penalty shall be to the sole Use and Benefit of the Person or Persons who shall without Fraud or Covin first sue for the same.

Selling or exposing
of Almanacks.

Penalty.

CXLIV. And he it further enacted, That all Books and Pamphlets serving chiefly for the Purpose of an Almanack or a Directory, by whatever Name or Names entitled or described, are and shall be considered as Almanacks and Directories, and not as Pamphlets or other printed Papers within the Meaning of this Act, and of every Act by which any Stamp Duty has been or shall be imposed, or so any with relating to the Collection or Management of any Stamp Duty, unless the contrary shall be expressly provided, and that where any Almanack shall contain more than One Sheet or Piece of Paper, it shall be sufficient to stamp one of the Pieces of Paper upon which such Almanack shall be printed.

Books or of
Directories.

CXLV. And he it further enacted, That one printed Copy of every Pamphlet which shall be printed or published within the City of Dublin, shall within the Space of Six Days after the printing thereof be brought to the Stamp Office in Dublin, and the Title thereof with the Number of Sheets contained therein, and any Stamp Duty which shall be then by Law payable thereon, shall be registered or entered in a Book to be there kept for that Purpose, which Duty shall be thereupon paid to the proper Officer or Officers appointed to receive the same, or his or their Deputy or Clerks, who shall thereupon give a Receipt for the same on each printed Copy; and that one printed Copy of every such Pamphlet that shall be printed or published in any Place in Ireland, not being within the City of Dublin, shall within the Space of Fourteen Days after the printing thereof, be brought to some Distributor of Stamps or Persons employed by the said Commissioners, or any of them, to receive the Office of Distributor for the time being, who is hereby required forthwith to enter the Title thereof, with the Number of Sheets contained therein, and the Duty which shall be then payable thereon as aforesaid, in a Book to be by him kept for that Purpose, which Duty shall be thereupon paid to such Distributor, who shall give a Receipt for the same on each printed Copy.

One Copy of
every Pamphlet,
brought to
Stamp Office.

CXLVI. And he it further enacted, That if any such Pamphlet shall be printed or published as aforesaid, and the Duty which shall be then by Law payable thereon as aforesaid, shall not be duly paid as aforesaid within the respective times aforesaid, then the Printer or Publisher, and all and every other Person or Persons concerned in and about the printing or publishing of such Pamphlet, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds, and all and every Author, Printer and Publisher of such Pamphlet shall forfeit and lose all Copy Right therein.

Not paying
Duty on
Pamphlets.

Penalty.

CXLVII. And he it further enacted, That on all Trials whatever of Actions, Informations, Complaints or Suits, for Recovery of the aforesaid Penalty for Non payment of the aforesaid Duty within the respective times aforesaid, the Proof of the Payment of the said Duty shall be upon the Printer or Publisher of such Pamphlet.

Ons Proband.

CXLVIII. And he it further enacted, That no Person shall sell or expose to Sale in Ireland any Pamphlet or Newspaper, or any Paper serving the Purpose of a Newspaper, without the true Name and Surname, or Names and Surnames, and Place or Places of Abode of some known Person or Persons, by or for whom the same shall have been or shall be really and truly printed or published being written or printed thereon, upon Pain that every Person offending herein shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds; and that on all Trials of Actions, Informations, Complaints or Suits, for Recovery of such Penalty, the Proof that the true Name and Surname, or true Names and Surnames, and Place or Places of Abode of some known Person or Persons by or for whom such Pamphlet or Newspaper shall have been really and truly printed or published, was or were written or printed thereon shall be upon the Defendant in such Action, Information, Complaint or Suit.

Printer's Name
on Newspapers
and Pamphlets.

Penalty.

Ons Proband.

CXLIX. And he it further enacted, That in Ireland, every Printer, Publisher and Proprietor of any Newspaper, Intelligence or Occurrences, or any Paper serving the Purpose of a Newspaper, Intelligence or Occurrences, whether for himself or in Trust for any Bankrupt, Lunatic or other Person, shall as often as the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties or any of them shall, by Notice in Writing or otherwise, require the same, within Ten Days after being so required, give in to the said Commissioners at their Office in Dublin, or to the proper Officer at their respective Offices where stamped Paper shall be distributed nearest to the Place where such Paper shall be printed or published, such Affidavit and of such Import as Printers, Publishers or Proprietors of Newspapers or shall be by any Law or Laws directed to make, which Affidavit or Affidavits shall remain with such Commissioners of Stamps or Officers, to be produced in manner hereinafter mentioned as often as Occasions may require; and every Printer, Publisher or Proprietor of any Newspaper, Intelligence or Occurrences, in Ireland, whether for himself or in Trust for any Bankrupt, Lunatic or other Person, who shall when required therein as aforesaid neglect or omit to give in such Affidavit within the time and at the Place aforesaid, shall for every such Offence, Neglect or Default, pay a Penalty of Forty Pounds, and shall be disabled from receiving any Stamps for printing such Newspapers upon, and shall be deemed and taken as if he, she or they, never had been qualified to print or publish any Newspaper, until he, she or they, shall make and deliver to such Affidavit as aforesaid.

Affidavit of
Proprietors of
Newspapers.

Penalty.

CL. And he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any of the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or for such other Officer or Officers by them appointed for the Distribution of Stamped Paper as aforesaid, to take such Affidavit and Affidavits as aforesaid, which Affidavit or Affidavits shall be so made and

Before whose
Affidavits shall

Perj. taken without Fee or Reward; and if any Person shall wilfully swear any such Affidavit or Affidavits, and the same or any Part thereof shall contain a Falshood, every such Person so swearing any such Affidavit or Affidavits may be indicted for wilful and corrupt Perjury thereon; and shall upon due Conviction of such Offence in Court and suffer such Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities as Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are or shall then be by Law liable and subject to.

Admitt. Ev. done against them. C.LI. And be it further enacted, That such Affidavits shall be produced as Occasion may require at or before the Trial of all such Actions, Suits, Prosecutions, Informations or Indictments as shall be had or come to pass, and of or upon touching such Newspapers or any Publication therein contained; and such Affidavits or Affidavits shall on every such Trial be received and admitted against all and every the Parties and Persons who shall have signed and sworn the same, as conclusive Evidence of all such Matters therein shall be by Law required to be therein contained, and all of the Continuance of all such Matters in the same Manner and Condition to the time in Question on such Trial, which it shall be proved that previous to such time such Parties or Persons became Lawyers or served a Notice in Writing at the Office where such Affidavit shall have been sworn of any of the said Matters therein being charged, or unless it shall appear, that previous to such time a new Affidavit of the same or a similar Nature respectively was or were made concerning the same Newspaper, in which the Parties or Persons sought to be affected on such Trials did not join.

Original Newspapers brought to Stamp Office, &c. C.LII. And be it further enacted, That every Printer or Publisher of a Newspaper or Daily Account of Goods imported or exported, printed or published in the County or County of the City of Dublin, which in or upon time to time shall be liable to any Stamp Duty, shall on every Day of Publication thereof, or on each Day next following which shall not be a Holiday, between the Hours of Ten and Three on each Day, cause to be delivered to the Registrar of Paupers, or to such other Person as shall be appointed to act as Registrar in the Office of such Registrar, or of such Person so appointed to act as Registrar, in the Stamp Office in the City of Dublin, One Impression or Copy of the Newspaper or daily Account so printed or published, with his or her Name written thereon, after the same shall be posted, by his or her own proper Hand Writing, in his or her accustomed manner of signing the same; and every Printer or Publisher of a Newspaper printed or published in any other Place in Ireland, shall, on the Day of the Publication of such Newspaper, or on each Day next following which shall not be a Holiday, in like manner between the Hours of Ten and Three of the Clock, cause to be delivered to the next Distributor of Stamps to the County in which such Newspaper shall be printed or published, Two Impressions or Copies of every such Newspaper so printed or published, with his or her Name written thereon, after the same shall be posted, by his or her proper Hand, in his or her accustomed manner of signing the same; for which several Copies or Impressions to be delivered the respective Printers or Publishers thereof shall be paid the usual and Current Price of such Impressions or Copies; which said several Copies or Impressions to be delivered as aforesaid shall be used they are hereby declared to be Evidence against the several Proprietors, Publishers and Printers of such Newspapers respectively, in all Compositions, Suits, Actions, Indictments, Informations, Prosecutions and Proceedings to be commenced and carried on, as well touching such Newspapers respectively, as any Matter and Thing therein contained, and touching any other Newspaper, and any or every Matter and Thing therein contained which shall be of the same Nature, Purpose or Effect with such Impression or Copy so delivered as aforesaid, although the same should vary in Sentences; and the Printers and Publishers and Proprietors of the Impressions or Copies so delivered as aforesaid, shall to all Intents and Purposes be deemed Printers, Publishers or Proprietors respectively of all Newspapers which shall be of the same Nature, Purpose or Effect with such Copies or Impressions to be delivered as aforesaid, unless such Printers, Publishers or Proprietors respectively shall prove that such Newspapers respectively were not printed or published by them respectively, or by or with their Knowledge, Privity or Direction; and every Printer, Proprietor or Publisher of such Newspaper or Newspapers, or daily Account of Goods imported and exported, who shall neglect or omit to deliver or cause to be delivered such Copies or Impressions, or Copy or Impression, signed as aforesaid, as heretofore directed, shall, for every such Offence, pay a Penalty of One hundred Pounds.

Secord Edition of Newspapers. C.LIII. And whereas many Printers and Publishers of Newspapers strike off a Secord Publication or Impressions, containing more Advertisements or other Matter than are contained in the Copy or Copies given in at the Stamp Office in Dublin as aforesaid, or to the Distributor, if in the County, by which means the same are payable in respect of such Newspaper may be evaded and other Mischiefs and Inconveniences arise; Be it therefore enacted, That any Printer or Publisher so foresaid who shall vary any of the daily Publications, or publish such Secord Impression, without giving in, in manner aforesaid, a Copy of such Secord Impression signed as aforesaid, if in Dublin to the Head Office as aforesaid, or if in the County without giving in, in manner aforesaid, Two Copies to the Distributor of Stamps, signed as aforesaid, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and every such Secord or other varied Impression shall be deemed to be counterfeit, and the Printer and Publisher thereof shall be liable to all such Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities as if the same were counterfeit.

Writs of Habeas Corpus against Prisoners. C.LIV. And, for the Purpose of facilitating the Proof of such Offences respectively, be it enacted, That upon all Writs of Habeas, Informations or Suits, for any of the said Offences, any Newspaper of the same Title as that for which any Defendant in any such Action, Information or Suit shall be imprisoned at the Stamp Office as Printer, Proprietor or Publisher, shall be the best Evidence thereon: such Paper was printed and published by such Printer or Person so registered, unless the Defendant in such Action, Information or Suit, shall show the contrary by satisfactory Evidence; and further, that upon all such Writs the Proof of the Defendant or Defendants thereof being given, in manner aforesaid, a Copy of such Impression signed as aforesaid, if in Dublin to the Stamp Office, aforesaid, or if in the County, Two Copies to the Distributor of Stamps signed as aforesaid, shall in every such Defendant or Defendants.

CLV. And be it further enacted, That if the Printer, Publisher or Proprietor of any Newspaper, or Paper serving the Purpose of a Newspaper in *Ireland*, upon any Trial in any Complaint, Suit, Action, Indictment, Information or Prosecution, to be commenced or carried on touching such Newspaper, shall not admit that the Impression or Copy of the Paper left at the Stamp Office in the City of *Dublin*, or with the Distributor of Stamps in the County in which such Newspaper shall be printed or published, was printed or published by him or her, then and in such case any such Copy or Impressions which shall have been left at the Stamp Office in the City of *Dublin*, or with the Distributor of Stamps in the County wherein such Newspaper shall be printed at the times hereinafter described, shall be considered as printed and published by him or her, though the same shall not appear to be duly signed in his or her Hand-writing, and though it shall not appear by whom the same was so left, unless he or she shall prove that he or she left or caused to be left on the time by this Act required, a printed Copy or Impression, or Two printed Copies or Impressions of the Paper published by him or her with the Officer or Persons with whom he or she is by this Act directed to have the same, with his or her Name written thereon in his or her own Hand writing in the manner directed by this Act.

Printed Copy
left at Stamp
Office.

CLVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Printer or Publisher of any Newspaper, or other Paper serving the Purpose of a Newspaper in *Ireland*, shall be by due Course of Law outlawed for any Criminal Offence, or shall receive Judgment for printing or publishing a treasonous or seditious Libel, the said Comptroller and other Officers for distributing Stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper respectively, are hereby prohibited to sell or deliver to or for the Use of any such Printer or Publisher in outlawed, or who shall have so received Judgment for such Libel, any Stamped Paper for printing any Newspaper.

Persons out-
lawed are not
to be stamped
for Papers.

CLVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Printer, Publisher or Proprietor of any Newspaper, which shall be at any time published in *Ireland*, shall have become a Bankrupt, or a non compos mentis, or shall be outlawed for any Crime, or shall receive Judgment for printing or publishing any treasonous or seditious Libel, then and in every such case such Printer or Person, Publisher or Publishers, Proprietors or Proprietors respectively, shall no longer be entitled to print or publish such Newspaper, but shall as to any such Right be considered from the moment it is so, as they never had made such Alliance as aforesaid.

Persons become
Bankrupts
&c.

CLVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend to prevent the Affairs of any Bankrupt or Bankrupts, or the Committee or Committees of any Lunatic, or other Person, from printing or publishing such Newspaper, upon making the Affidavit and entering into Recognizance or Bond respectively by Law required, that they are the Printers and Publishers of such Newspapers respectively, in a Bill for the Estate of such Bankrupt, Lunatic or other Person respectively.

Affairs of
Bankrupts dis-
posed to print.

CLIX. And be it further enacted, That the leaving or Service of any legal Process in any Suit to be brought against any Printer, Publisher or Proprietor of any Newspaper or Pamphlet in *Ireland*, for the Purpose of recovering any Debt or Penalty under this Act, or any other Act which shall from time to time be in force in *Ireland*, relating to any site to the Collection or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duty at the Printing Office or Place where such Newspaper or Pamphlet respectively shall be then usually printed or published, shall be deemed and considered to all Intents and Purposes good Service of such Person.

Service of Pro-
cess in Printing
Offices follows.

CLX. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall buy or sell, or shall, without lawful Cause, have or keep in his, her or their Possession in *Ireland*, any unstamped Newspaper, shall be subject and liable to the Penalty of Ten Pence for every unstamped Newspaper so bought or sold, or so found in his, her or their Possession, and every Printer, Proprietor or Publisher of any unstamped Newspaper, or daily Account, or Paper serving the Purpose of a Newspaper, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pence for every Paper so unstamped, which he, she or they shall print or publish, or cause to be printed or published.

Buying, &c. or
having unstamped
Newspapers.

Penalty.

CLXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Printer, Publisher or Proprietor of a Newspaper, Intelligence or Occurrence, or any Paper serving the Purpose of such, shall have in his, her or their Possession in *Ireland*, such Paper not duly stamped, or if such Paper shall be found in the House, Office or Printing Office of such Printer, Publisher or Proprietor, which shall be related, or as a Part printed upon unstamped Paper, such Printer, Publisher or Proprietor shall be subject and liable to all the Penalties and Forfeitures by any Act then in force in *Ireland*, enacted, or to be enacted upon Penalties, Publishers or Proprietors, for printing or publishing such Newspapers as aforesaid upon unstamped Paper.

Persons having
unstamped
Newspapers.

Penalties.

CLXII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Person or Persons who is, are or shall be entitled to claim from the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties in *Ireland*, or their Officers, Stamped Paper for the printing of any Newspaper or other Paper as aforesaid, of which he, she or they is, are, or shall be Printer or Printers, Publisher or Publishers, Proprietor or Proprietors, shall furnish or supply any other Person or Persons with any such Stamped Paper, every such Printer, Publisher or Proprietor shall, for every such Offence, forfeit a Sum of Forty Pence; and if any Person or Persons shall make use of any Stamped Paper for the printing of any Newspaper or other Paper as aforesaid, which he, she or they shall receive or be furnished with by any other Person or Persons than the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties in *Ireland*, or their Officers, or Distributors, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit a Sum of Forty Pence.

Interest of the
Stamp Duties
not exempt.

Penalty.

Penalty.

CLXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall print or publish in *Ireland* any Advertisement or Advertisement in any Pamphlet, Newspaper or other literary Bookmanuscript, shall within the Space of Thirty Days next after the last Day of each Month, if such Advertisement or Advertisements shall be printed or published within the City of *Dublin*, pay or cause to be paid the Stamp Duty or Duties which shall be then by Law charged thereon, to the respective Persons appointed to receive the same, or to their respective Deputies or Clerks; and if printed or published in any Part of *Ireland*, out of the Limits of the

Payment of
Duty on Adver-
tisements.

City.

City of Dublin, then to the next adjacent Officer for the time being, appointed for the Collection of Stamp Duties, and the said Commissioners and Officers, or such of them to whom it shall appear, are hereby required upon Payment of the said Duties on such Advertisements to give a Receipt or Receipts for the Duty or Duties so paid, and upon Payment thereof in the manner and within the time hereinafter for that Purpose limited, the said Commissioners or their Officers receiving the same shall make to the Printer or Printers paying the same out of the same or to be paid such Allowance thereon, if any, as shall be then warranted by Law; and in Default of such Payment within the time hereinafter for that Purpose limited, the Printer or Publisher of every such Advertisement shall be liable to pay Twelvè the Amount of the Duties then by Law chargeable thereon, to be recovered by His Majesty with the full Costs of Suit; and if any Printer, Publisher or Proprietor of a Newspaper or other Paper bearing the Purposes of a Newspaper, shall within the time hereinafter limited for Payment of the said Duties on Advertisements neglect to pay the same, the said Commissioners and their Officers for distributing Stamps, Stamped Vellum, Paper and Parchment respectively, are hereby prohibited to sell or deliver to or for the Use of such Printer, Publisher or Proprietor, any Stamped Paper for printing any Newspaper upon, until such Printer, Publisher or Proprietor to the Amount shall have paid and discharged all Arrears of Advertisement Duty, to the Payment of which he was subject, up to, and for the last Day of the Month, next preceding the Month in which such Payment shall be made; and if any Officer acting under the said Commissioners shall knowingly sell or deliver any Stamped Paper for printing a Newspaper upon, contrary to the aforesaid Prohibition, he shall upon Conviction thereof forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds, and if Judgment shall be entered against any such Officer upon Information for such Offence, every such Person shall forfeit his Office, and shall be for ever disabled from holding any Office under the Commissioners of Stamp Duties.

Allowance.

Penalty.

Magistrates to
Pay Duties.

Officers acting,
&c.

Penalty.

Bond for Pay-
ment of Duty.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Printing Mater-
ials seized for
Duty.

Game Keep-
ers.

Made of every
Complaint
by Henry Col-
ville on

CLXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Printer or other Person or Persons shall publish or print any Newspaper, or any Paper bearing the Purposes of a Newspaper, which be, or they, together with the Proprietor or Proprietors of such Paper, and together with Two sufficient Sureties, shall previously thereto have entered into Security by Bond in a Sum not exceeding Three hundred Pounds, or less than Two hundred Pounds, to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, conditioned for the Payment of the Duties which shall or may from time to time be payable upon all Advertisements which shall be printed therein, upon Pen that every Person so offending shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds; and that no Officer appointed for distributing Vellum, Parchment or Paper in Ireland, shall sell or deliver any Stamped Paper for printing any public Newspaper, Intelligence or Occurrences, to any Person, which such Person shall have previously given such Security for the Payment of the said Duties; and if any Officer shall sell or deliver any Stamped Paper for printing a Newspaper on, to any Person who shall not have entered into such Security, knowing that such Security was not entered into, he shall upon Conviction thereof forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if Judgment shall be entered against any such Officer upon Information for such Offence, every such Person shall forfeit his Office, and shall be for ever disabled from holding any Office under the Commissioners of Stamp Duties.

CLXV. And be it further enacted, That all the Materials and Utensils for Printing, used in and kept in or belonging to any Printing House in Ireland, in which any Newspapers, or any Paper bearing the Purposes of a Newspaper as aforesaid, hath been or shall be printed, into which Housesoever the same shall have come, or shall come, or by whatsoever Conveyance or Title the same shall be claimed, shall be in the first Place, liable and subject to and be hereby charged with all and every such Sums and Sums of Money as shall have become due for the Duties which are or have been, or from time to time shall be by Law, charged on the Advertisements which have been, or shall be printed or published in such Newspaper or other Paper as aforesaid, and as shall be due for Fines or Penalties adjudged against the Printer or Printers, Publisher or Publishers, Proprietor or Proprietors of such Newspaper, under and by virtue of any Act or Acts which shall be then of force in Ireland, relating in any way to the Collection or Regulation of any Stamp Duties or Duty during such time as such Materials or Utensils shall have belonged to, or been used in, or kept at such Printing House as aforesaid; and it shall also be lawful in all cases to levy such Sums and Sums of Money, upon such Materials and Utensils in like manner as if the Printer or Printers of such Newspaper or other Paper as aforesaid, were the Proprietor or Proprietors of such Materials and Utensils at the time of levying the same.

CLXVI. And, for the better Securing the Payment of Stamp Duties on Certificates with respect to the killing of Game in Ireland, be it enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, every Person in Ireland not acting as a Game Keeper, under or by virtue of a Deputation or Appointment duly registered as hereinafter directed, who shall keep or sit any Dog, or any Gun, Net or other Engine, for the taking or Destruction of Game, shall previously thereto in a Paper or Account in Writing, containing the Name and Place of Abode of such Person in some Distributor of Stamps in Ireland, and shall annually take out a Certificate thereof from One of such Distributors, and that every Deputation or Appointment of a Game Keeper, granted to any Person by any Lord or Lady of a Manor, or other Person having a Right to make any such Deputation or Appointment in Ireland, shall be registered with the Distributor of Stamps in the City of Dublin, or with a Distributor of Stamps in any One County, wherein such Deputation or Appointment is to be of force, and the Game Keeper so appointed, shall annually take out a Certificate thereof on Vellum, Parchment or Paper, duly stamped according to such Law as shall from time to time be in force relating thereto, which said Vellum, Parchment or Paper respectively, with such Stamp thereon respectively, shall be issued and provided by the Printer or Printers regarding such Certificates respectively.

CLXVII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the First Day of January in each Year, every Person delivering into the Office of any such Distributor of Stamps in Ireland as aforesaid, a Paper or Account containing as it heretofore required, and every Game Keeper to whom any such Deputation or Appointment shall be granted as aforesaid, registering the same in manner aforesaid, and producing a Piece of Vellum, Parchment

sent or Paper, stamped with the Duty which shall be then by Law required thereon; and also paying the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence to each Distributor of Stamps as aforesaid for his Trouble, and requiring a Certificate thereof, shall be successively sent to such Certificate; and every such Distributor of Stamps shall thereupon file a Certificate on each Stamped Paper, Vellum or Parchment, in the Form or to the Effect following; that is to say,

I, *A. B.* Distributor of Stamps for the County of _____ [or, for the District of _____] do hereby certify, that
 in the Parish of _____ and County or City [or the City
 may be] of _____ both this Day delivered into my Office a Paper, containing his Name
 and Place of Abode, [or the copy may happen to be] both this Day registered a Deposition, whereby he
 is appointed a Game Keeper by _____ Dated this
 Day of _____

Certificate

CLXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That each Distributor of Stamps after he shall have signed such Certificate shall forthwith file the same stamped as aforesaid is directed, to the Perfor or Perforin respectively requiring the same in manner aforesaid; and shall, previous to the Delivery thereof, be examined to demand and receive of and from each Perforin the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence as aforesaid for his own Trouble in that behalf; and in case any such Distributor of Stamps shall upon Payment or Tender to him of the said Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence, and on Production of such Paper, Vellum or Parchment to be stamped as aforesaid, neglect or refuse else to such Perforin as aforesaid to deliver such Paper or Account as Writings, or registering such Deposition as aforesaid, a Certificate in manner and Form as herein before is directed, every such Distributor of Stamps shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and moreover be liable to pay to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Duty payable on such Certificates.

Distributor or sub-
siding in
Gamekeepers

CLXXIX. And be it further enacted, That every Certificate filed by any Distributor of Stamps as aforesaid, shall bear Date on the Day of the Month in which the same shall be filed, and shall endure and remain in force from thence until the Twenty fifth Day of March next following the Date thereof, and no longer; and if any Distributor of Stamps shall file any Certificate to any Perforin otherwise than as aforesaid is directed, he shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Certificates to continue in force
until 25th
March annually.

CLXXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Perforin shall have, keep or use any Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setter Dog, Spaniel or other Dog, or any Gun, Net or other Engine for the Taking or Detention of any Hare, Pheasant, Partridge, Heath Fowl, commonly called *Black Game*, or Grouse, commonly called *Red Game*, or any other Game whatsoever, without having duly obtained a Certificate for the same according to Law, every such Perforin shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Employing Gun-
dog or engine.

CLXXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Perforin to whom any Deposition or Appointment of a Game Keeper shall be granted after the Commencement of this Act, shall for the Space of One Calendar Month next after the time of granting the same, neglect or refuse to register the same, and take out a Certificate thereof according to Law, every such Perforin to aforesaid shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Game Keeper
not taking out
Certificate.

CLXXXII. And be it further enacted, That the several Distributors of Stamps in Ireland, shall on or before the Fifth Day of every Month transmit to the Commissioners of Stamp Duties at their Office in Dublin, a correct List in Alphabetical Order of the Certificates by them respectively issued in the same last preceding Month, and shall keep in their respective Offices correct Copies of such Lists, and in case any Distributor of Stamps shall neglect or refuse to make out and transmit any of such Lists as aforesaid, or to keep a correct Copy thereof, or shall omit or refuse in such Lists, a full, true and perfect Account as aforesaid is directed, of all the Perforins the same ought to contain therein and in every such case every such Distributor shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Duty to be
made by
Commissioners
of Stamps.

CLXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That every such List upon such Transmission thereof as aforesaid, shall be deposited and kept at the Stamp Office in Dublin, and that the same and also the Copy thereof to be kept by the Distributor sending the same, shall and may within the respective Office Hours be referred to and inspected by any Perforin whatsoever, on Payment of One Shilling and no more; and if any such Distributor on Demand duly made within Office Hours, and on Payment or Tender to him of the said Sum of One Shilling, shall refuse, neglect, or omit to produce such Copy to be kept in the Office of such Distributor to the Perforin or Perforins so demanding the same, every such Distributor shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds to the Perforin or Perforins so appointed, or any One or more of them, who shall first sue for the same; the same to be recovered by Civil Bill in the Court of proper Jurisdiction.

Perforin
Lists of Certi-
ficates in
Stamp
Office.

CLXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland, if it shall seem to them expedient so to do, and so often and at such times, once in every Year, as they shall think fit, shall and may publish the Lists so transmitted to them, or cause the same to be inserted in the Newspapers circulating in each respective County, or in such public Newspapers as to them shall seem most proper.

Lists published.

CLXXXV. And whereas such Depositions of Game Keeper may be revoked or void by Death, R. signification or Removal, before the Expiration of such Certificate; and the Perforin entitled thereon to make a new Deposition, may be unable to get Paid-off of such Certificate; he it therefore enacted, That if any Lord or Lady of a Manor, or other Perforin as aforesaid, shall make any new Deposition or Appointment within the Year, if a Game Keeper for any Manor or Lands, in the Manor of the Perforin previously appointed, and to whom such Certificate as aforesaid shall have been previously issued; and such Perforin be newly appointed, and register his new Deposition or Appointment with the Distributor of Stamps, in the same Manner in which such

New Deposition
to be made
in a
Year.

| | |
|---|--|
| Printed
in
1812. | <p>former Certificate was granted, and shall obtain a new Certificate thereof, every former Certificate granted in the same Year, on a Deputation signed by the same Person, shall from thenceforth be null and void; and any Person signing under any such former Certificate, after the granting of such new and other Certificates, having Notice thereof, shall be liable to a Penalties which are or shall be prescribed by Law, in the same manner as if an Certificate had been granted to such Person. Provided always, that in every such case the Distributor granting such further Certificate within the Year, shall write at the Foot thereof such Words, to wit, "Second;" (That is, Fourth, and so on, as the case may be); Certificate written thus Year; and shall subscribe such Memorandum with his Name, and that every such further Certificate so subscribed shall not require any Stamp, but shall be good and valid, and duly stamped; any Act now made, or hereafter to be made, notwithstanding, unless that Provision shall be by such former Act expressly repealed.</p> |
| Bills
of
Exchange. | <p>CLXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be found signing any Dog, Gun, Net or other Engine, for the Taking or Detraction of Game, it shall and may be lawful for the Owner of the Land where the same shall be found, or for any Person or Persons having any Estate whatsoever in the said Land, whether as Bailiff, Receiver, Reversion or Interest Interest, or for any Person who hath obtained a Certificate in manner herebefore directed, and shall produce the same, to demand and require from the Person so signing such Dog, Gun, Net or Engine as aforesaid, to produce and show a Certificate issued to him for that Purpose, as herebefore is directed, and every such Person shall, upon such Demand and Requirement as aforesaid, produce such Certificate to the Person so demanding and requiring the same, and permit the same to be inspected accordingly; and if any such Person shall wilfully refuse to produce and show a Certificate issued to him for that Purpose, or shall decline to produce or show the same, or not having produced and shown such Certificate, shall refuse to Demand thereof to give in his Name and Residence, and the Place of his Residence, or shall give in any false or fictitious Name or Place of Residence, every such Person so offending shall forfeit, and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.</p> |
| Raiding. | <p>CLXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Certificate hereby directed to be issued by any Detention of Stamps, shall not authorize or enable any Person to use any Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, or other Dog, or any Gun, Net, or other Engine for the Taking or Detraction of Game at any time or times, or in any Place, or in any manner prohibited by any Law now in being, or hereafter to be made, nor shall give to any Person any Right to any such Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel or other Dog, or any Gun, Net, or other Engine for the Taking or Detraction of Game, unless such Person shall be otherwise duly qualified by Law to do so, nor in any Place in which such Person would not otherwise have a Right to do the same.</p> |
| Penalty
on
Qualifications. | <p>CLXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That whosoever any Prosecution or Proceedings shall be had or commenced against any Person for keeping or using any Dog, Gun, Net or Engine for the Taking or Detraction of Game, without having obtained a Certificate duly stamped in manner required by Law, the Proof that such Person has obtained such Certificate duly stamped, shall be on the Party against whom such Prosecution or Proceedings shall be had or commenced, and not on the Party complaining; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.</p> |
| Time
of
Prosecution. | <p>CLXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done under the Authority of or in pursuance of this Act, or of any Act which shall here be in force in Ireland, relating to any note or the Payment or Regulation of Stamp Duty or Duties, then and in every such case the said Action or Suit shall be commenced with Six Calendar Months after the Fact committed, and not afterwards, and shall be brought in the County or Place where the Cause of Action shall arise and not elsewhere, and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit to be brought may plead the General Issue, and give the special Matter in Evidence in any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act or such other Act as aforesaid; and if it shall appear to be in force, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought after the time herebefore limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought in any County, City or Place, other than as aforesaid, then and in every such case the Plaintiff or such Action shall be reversed, and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be to or otherwise satisfied, or shall discontinue his, her or their Action, or do Verdict shall give against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or do upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant or Defendants shall or have for Costs of Suit in other suits by Law.</p> |
| Time
of
Action. | <p>CLXXX. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties which shall be incurred under this Act, or under any Act or Acts which is, are or shall here be in force in Ireland, in any note relating to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty, or Duties, shall be paid and payable, and recovered and receivable in British Currency, unless otherwise expressly directed.</p> |
| County
of
the
Action. | <p>CLXXXI. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures imposed or to be imposed by or under this Act, or any Amendment thereof, or any other Act or Acts which is or are or shall be in force in Ireland, in any note relating to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty, may be recovered with Costs of Suit by any Person who shall sue for the same, save where the contrary is particularly directed, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, or any of His Majesty's Superior Courts of Record in Dublin, in which an Effraye, Profranchise or Wager of Law, are more than One Imparsoned shall be allowed, or by Civil Bill in the Court of the Recorder, Clerks or Assistant Clerks within whose Local Jurisdiction such Offence shall have been committed; and that every such Penalty or forfeiture directed to be recovered against such Offender, One Moiety thereof to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Use of the Person suing for the same, and that the like Appeal shall and may be lawful from the Decision on any such Civil Bill, and under all</p> |
| Treachery
of
the
Action. | |
| Penalty
on
Treachery. | |
| Recovery
of
Penalty
in
Civil
Bill. | |
| Appeal. | |

the same Terms, Regard being had to the nature of any Civil Bill for any Sum exceeding Twenty Pounds in an Action of Debt and Bond, Bill or Specialty for Payment of Money.

CLXXXII. And be it further enacted, That in every case in which by or under the Provisions of this Act, or of any other Act or Acts in force, or which shall at any time be in force, any Judgment, relating in anywise to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duties or Taxes, may hereafter be lawfully procured to be made, the Petitioner or Petitioners making such Service as it shall within Ten Days from the date of making of such Service, leave at the Office of the Distributor of the Dividend wherein such Service shall first be made, a Note in Writing signed by such Petitioner or Petitioners, stating the Time and Place of such Service, and the order for making the same, which Note shall be immediately filed at the said Office; and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the Owner or Owners, or any of the Owners of such Goods to ward, or of any Part thereof, at any time after the filing of such Note and within Twenty one Days from the Date of such Service, to require and obtain at such Office a Copy of such Note, paying for the same a Sum of One Shilling and no more, and to have at such Office a Claim in Writing signed by such Petitioner or Petitioners, stating his or her Place of Abode, and claiming such Goods to be freed, or any Part thereof that may be specified therein, as in or to half of the Owner or Owners, or One of the Owners thereof, and thereupon it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Petitioner or Petitioners to make such Service, at any time not exceeding Thirty Days from the making of such Service, to require a Copy of such Claim, paying for the same One Shilling and no more, and to make Application to any Justice of the Peace in and for the County, County of a City, or County of a Town wherein such Service shall have been so made, for a Summons to the Petitioner or Petitioners in making such Claim, and such Justice of the Peace shall issue such Summons accordingly, thereby requiring every such Claimant to appear before him at a Time and Place to be therein named for the Defence of such Claim; and such Summons being duly served on such Claimant or Claimants, either personally, or at his, her or their Place or Places of Abode as mentioned in such Claim, and Copies of such Notice Notwithstanding Claim, attached by the Distributor of such Dividend, or Petitioner or Petitioners acting as such, being produced before such Justice of the Peace, he shall and may proceed to hear the Merits thereof, and such Evidence or Affidavits, if any, as may be produced or made applicable thereto, and shall thereupon, or upon the Non Appearance of either Party, decide on the Merits of such Service, and make his Adjudication thereon accordingly: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for either Party against whom such Adjudication shall be made, at any time within Ten Days from the making thereof, to appeal therefrom in manner hereafter mentioned to the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be held after Fourteen clear Days from such Adjudication, who shall in a convenient way hear and decide on the same; and in case of Judgment of such Justice of the Peace shall be affirmed, it shall and may be lawful for the said Justice or Justices at Sessions as aforesaid, to award the Petitioner or Petitioners to pay such Costs ascertained by such Appeal as to him or them shall seem meet.

CLXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if the Petitioner or Petitioners in making such Service shall not leave such Note in Writing at such Distributor's Office as aforesaid, or in case of such Claim being put in as aforesaid, shall not make such Summons to be Ward and Inward as aforesaid, such Service shall be deemed and taken to be Intents and Purposes to have been unlawfully made; and if, after the filing of such Service Note as aforesaid, such Claim shall not be made as aforesaid, such Service shall be deemed and taken to be Intents and Purposes to have been lawful and just, and in such Summons shall have been Ward, then the Adjudication of such Justice, if not effectually appealed from, and in case of such Appeal the Decision of such Court of Quarter Sessions shall be final and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes.

CLXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Party defendant in making such Appeal shall within Ten Days from the making of such Adjudication enter into a Recognizance with Two sufficient Sureties before the Justice making such Adjudication, or in his Absence before any other Justice of the Peace of the same County, or County of a City, in such Sum as such Justice shall think proper, to pay the Costs, if any, which may be adjudged against him, her or them thereon, and that if he, she or they shall not do so, such Appeal shall be considered as void and null.

CLXXXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace in Ireland at whomsoever he presides as an Officer for which the Penalty shall not exceed Forty Pounds shall be authorized upon this Act, or against any other Act or Acts in force, or which shall at any time be in force to be lawfully returned in anywise to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duties or Taxes, in which it is not expressly directed to the contrary, and every such Justice is hereby authorized, empowered and required upon any Information or Complaint in such case to summon the Party accused of such Offence, and also the Witnesses on either Side, and to cause to issue the Writ, and upon Proof thereof made to his Satisfaction, either by the Confession of the Party or Parties accused of such Offence, or by the Oath of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses, to give Judgment for such Penalty, and thereupon to issue his Warrant under his Hand and Seal, for levying such Penalty on the Goods of such Offender, and to cause Note to be made thereof of an order the same shall not be returned within Six Days, returning to the Party the Overplus, if any; and where Goods sufficient cannot be found to answer such Penalty, such Justice of the Peace or any other Justice of the Peace of the same County, or County of a City or Town in which such Conviction shall be, is hereby authorized and empowered to commit such Offender or Offenders to Prison for such time as he shall judge to be proper, not less than One Calendar Month nor more than Three Calendar Months, which such Penalty shall be sooner paid; and if any Person, whether Prosecutor or Party convicted, shall find himself or herself aggrieved by the Judgment of any such Justice of the Peace, then and in such case it shall be lawful for such Person upon giving sufficient Security by Recognizance, with Two sufficient Sureties, before such Justice, in such sum as shall be by the Prosecutor, to pay such Costs as shall be awarded in case such Judgment shall be affirmed; and in case such Appeal shall be by the Party convicted, then upon giving such Security to

Conductors of Courts in Ireland, who may appoint Clerks.

Fee

Appeal

Provision made for the use of Statute, &c.

Recognizance on Appeal.

New Penalties on executing and returning.

Appeal.

pay the Amount of the Penalty imposed by such Conviction, together with such Costs as aforesaid, to appeal to the Justice or Justices at the next General Sessions of the County which shall be held after Fourteen clear Days from such Conviction shall have been made, in the District in which such Offence shall have been committed, if such County shall be divided into Divisions, or if not so divided, then at the General Sessions of the County or County of a Town or City which shall happen next after Fourteen clear Days after such Conviction shall have been made, of which Appeal Notice in Writing shall be given to the aforesaid Justice: Yet clear Days previous to the First Day of such Quarter Sessions respectively; and such Justice or Justices shall examine and examine Witnesses upon Oath and testify here and determine such Appeal; and in case the Judgment of such Justice of the Peace shall be affirmed, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice or Justices as aforesaid, to award the Prison or Prisons in appealing to pay such Costs occasioned by such Appeal as on him or them shall from great, and such Justice or Justices of the said Court of Quarter Sessions shall and may thereupon proceed in the same manner in all respects as the Justice making such Conviction might or could have done if such Appeal had not taken place, and no Certiorari shall in any case be granted to examine or remove any such Convictions whether before or after such Appeal.

Enrolled

1 year from the Commencement

Witnesses may be sworn.

Penalty.

Informers competent Witnesses

1 year of Imprisonment

CLXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Prison shall be lawful to be committed before any Justice of the Peace for any Offence committed against the Act or any other Act, empowering or in any wife relating to the Collection or Management of any Stamp Duty or Duties, unless Complaint shall be made within Twelve Months from the time of committing such Offence.

CLXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Prison or Prisons shall be committed as a Witness or Witnesses to give Evidence in any of the said cases before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or before any Justice or Justices at the Sessions, and shall neglect or refuse to appear, (the Expenses of such Witnesses or Witnesses being first paid or tendered, without a reasonable Excuse to be allowed by such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Justice or Justices at Sessions respectively,) or, upon appearing, shall refuse to be examined upon Oath, or to give Evidence before such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Justice or Justices at Sessions respectively, and shall not make reasonable Excuse for such Refusal, to be allowed by such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Justice or Justices at Sessions respectively, then such Prison or Prisons shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

CLXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That on any Trial or any other Proceeding for Recovery of any Penalty under this Act, or under any Act empowering or in any wife relating to the Collection or Management of any Stamp Duty or Duties, whether in any Suit to be instituted in any of the said Superior Courts, or by Civil Bill, or before a Justice or Justices, or at Sessions, any Informer or other Person who in the Event of a Conviction would be entitled to the Penalty to be recovered thereon, or in any Part, Share or Proportion thereof, or in any Fee, Profit, Reward or Emolument whatsoever, shall nevertheless be received and admitted as a Witness on such Trial or other Proceeding; and such Testimony shall, if believed, be sufficient thereon to all Intents and Purposes, as far as the same Testimony could be, if given by any different Person.

CLXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Justice of the Peace before whom any Offender shall be committed of any of the Offences aforesaid, or of any Offence under any Act in any wife relating to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties in Ireland, shall cause the said Conviction to be made out in manner and Form following, or in any other Form of Words to the like Effect, *mutatis mutandis*; which Conviction shall be good and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes, without setting forth the Evidence, or stating the case in any more particular manner; that is to say,

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____ A. D. of _____ in the County of _____ [or, County of the City _____, or Town of _____, as the case may be], was committed before me C. D. One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of _____ [or, County of a City, &c.], for that the said A. B. on the _____ Day of _____ now last past, at _____ in the said County of _____ did [show how the Offence], contrary to the Statute in that case made and provided; and I do therefore adjudge the said A. B. to have forfeited a Sum of _____ British Currency.

Given under my Hand and Seal the _____ Day of _____

Conviction to be made in Clerk of the Peace.

Penalty.

Form of Warrant for bringing Prisons.

Which Conviction the said Justice shall cause to be written fully upon Parchment, and returned within Ten Days from the Day of such Conviction to the Clerk of the Peace for the County, or County of a City, or County of a Town, as the case may be, or Place where such Conviction was made, to be filed by him, and to remain and to be kept among the Records of the said County or Place, and of any such Justice shall ought or must to do, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit Ten Pounds.

CXC. And be it further enacted, That any Warrant to be issued by such Justice of the Peace for bringing any Prisoner under any such Conviction from the Goods of such Offender, shall be in the Form following, or in any other Form of Words to that or the like Effect, which Form shall be good and valid to all Intents and Purposes; that is to say,

County of _____ to wit. To M. and N. and each of them, and their and each of their Assigns.

WHEREAS on the _____ Day of _____ now last past, E. F. of _____ was duly committed, for that he [or, she] on the _____ Day of _____ in the said County of _____ [or, County of the City or Town _____, or _____, as the case may be] did [show how the Offence]; and whereas the said E. F. hath become liable to a Fine or Penalty of _____ British Currency. I do therefore by their Pro-

* I do therefore hereby authorize and command you and each of you to take into your Possession the Goods of the said E. F. or a sufficient thereof for levying the said Sum thereon, wherever you shall find the said Goods in the County of [] and of the said Goods shall not be redeemed by the Payment of the said Sum within Six Days hereof. Day of taking the same, you are by public Sale thereof to levy the said Sum, rendering to the said E. F. the Overplus, if any, and the said Sum so levied you shall bring to me without Delay, or be disposed of according to Law. Given under my Hand and Seal, this Day of [] at []

And if Goods sufficient cannot be found to answer such Penalty, and Warrants shall be thereupon issued for committing such Offender or Offenders, the same shall be in the same Form as the said Warrant last mentioned, so the Words 'I do therefore hereby authorize and command you' which Words and all from thence to the Words 'disposed of according to Law' inclusive, shall be omitted, and the Form following, or some other Form of Words to that or the like Effect, shall be inserted in their Place; to wit,

* And whereas on the Day of [] a Warrant was issued to levy the said Sum from the Goods of the said Offender, and such Goods could not be found sufficient to answer the said Sum, I do therefore hereby authorize and command you and each of you to take the Body of the said E. F. where soever you shall find him in the said County, and bring him before me the said C. J. or any other Magistrate of the said County.

And the Form of Commitment for committing any such Offender to Prison shall follow the Form of such Warrant, save only that the Direction thereof shall be to the proper Gaoler, and that from and after the Words 'I do therefore hereby authorize and command you' there shall follow these Words 'to receive into your Custody the Body of the said E. F. and him [or, her] safely to keep for [] Days hereof, unless the said Sum shall be sooner paid. Given under my Hand and Seal, this Day of []

And each and every of the said Forms or any Form of Words to the like Effect respectively, shall be good and valid in Law to all Intents and Purposes.

ENCL. And be it further enacted, That if any such Conviction as aforesaid shall be affirmed or the Sentence, the Warrant or Warrants, Commitment or Commitments for carrying the same into Execution shall be granted by the Justice or Justices so affirming the same, or any of them, and shall be in the Form here following respectively, or some other Form of Words of the same Import respectively:

* County of [] to wit. To M. and N. and each of them, their and each of their Heirs

* WHEREAS on the Day of [] in the Year [] of the said E. F. of [] was duly convicted before a Justice of the Peace for the said County, for that he [or, she] on the [] then last past, at [] in the said County did [] [or, she] of the said [] and thereupon the said E. F. became liable to a Fine or Penalty of [] [or, he] of the said [] and whereas the said E. F. appealed from the said Conviction to the Justices, which he [or, she] hath affirmed the same with [] Costs, making together with the said Fine or Penalty the Sum of [] They are therefore to authorize and command you and each of you to take into your Possession the Goods of the said E. F. or a sufficient thereof, for levying the said last mentioned Sum thereon, wherever you shall find the said Goods in the County aforesaid; and if the said Goods shall not be redeemed by the Payment of the said Sum, within Six Days from the Day of taking the same, you are by public Sale thereof to levy the said Sum, rendering to the said E. F. the Overplus, if any, and the said Sum so levied you shall bring to us or one of us, [or, to me, or, she, or, he] without Delay, to be disposed of according to Law. Given under our Hands and Seals, [or, under my Hand and Seal] this Day of []

And if Goods sufficient cannot be found to answer such Penalty, and Warrants shall thereupon be issued for committing such Offender or Offenders, the same shall be in the same Form as the said Warrant last mentioned, so the Words 'there are therefore to authorize and command you' which Words and all from thence to the Words 'disposed of according to Law' inclusive, shall be omitted, and the Form following, or some other Form of Words to that or the like Effect, shall be inserted in their Place; to wit,

* And whereas on the Day of [] a Warrant was issued to levy the said Sum from the Goods of the said Offender, and such Goods could not be found sufficient to answer the said Sum, We [or, I] do therefore hereby authorize and command you and each of you to take the Body of the said E. F. wheresoever you shall find him in the said County, and bring him before us [or, me.]

And the Form of Commitment for committing any such Offender to Prison shall follow the Form of such Warrant, save only that the Direction thereof shall be to the proper Gaoler, and that from and after the Words 'We [or, I] do therefore hereby authorize and command you' there shall follow these Words, 'to take into your Custody the Body of the said E. F. and him [or, her] safely to keep for [] Days hereof, unless the said Sum shall be sooner paid. Given under our Hands and Seals, [or, my Hand and Seal] this Day of []

And each and every of the said Forms or any Form of Words to the like Effect respectively, shall be good and valid in Law to all Intents and Purposes.

ENCL. And be it further enacted, That every Clerk of the Peace in England shall within One Calendar Month after any such Conviction shall have been returned to his Office, furnish to the next Districtor of []

Form of Warrant of Commitment

Form of Commitment

Form of Warrant, the Warrant or Warrants, Commitment or Commitments of Conviction or Appeal

Form of Warrant of Commitment

Clerk of Peace to send Copy of Statute,

of Commissioners
of any District,
shall signify to
Commissaries.

Penalty.

The King's
Share of Distil-
lery, not paid to
Bazovs House,
&c. &c.

Stamps, or to four Distributors of Stamps; or and for the County in which such Commissions shall have been made, a Copy of such Commissions signed by himself, for which he shall receive from each Distributor the Sum of One Shilling and no more; and every such Distributor shall forthwith transmit such Copy to signed to the said Commissioners of Stamps at their Head Office in Dublin; and if any such Clerk of the Peace or Distributor shall neglect or omit to do so respectively, he or she shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds.

Penalty.

The Penalty
for one Offence.

CXCIII. And be it further enacted, That such Part, Share and Proportion as shall be payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, of, from or out of any Penalty, Forfeiture or Fine payable or recoverable under this Act, or any Amendment thereof, or under any Act or Acts which shall in any wise relate to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duties in Ireland, and the Taxes payable by Distributors as aforesaid, shall unless otherwise particularly directed, within One Calendar Month after the time shall be levied or received, be paid by the Justice of the Peace or other Person by whom the same shall have been levied or received, to the Receiver General of Stamp Duties, if the same shall have been levied in the County of Dublin, or County of the City of Dublin, and if in any other Part of Ireland, then to some Distributor of Stamps residing in the County where the Offence was committed, and if any such Justice of the Peace or other Person shall neglect or omit to do so, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Three or Four Pounds.

Proviso.

Indorse, &c.,
relating to s^d.

CXCIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if different Proceedings shall be had or taken against the same Person for the same Offence, in the several Modes authorized by this Act, such Person shall never- theless be liable only to One Penalty, the Right to which shall depend on the Priority of the Proceedings for Recovery of the same; and if any Question shall arise concerning the Priority of such Proceedings, there and in such case the Proceeding under which the Party complained of shall have been first duly served with Summons or other Process, which shall be allowed, proceeded on without Delay by the Party informing or prosecuting, shall be considered as entitled to, and shall have Priority over any other Proceeding for the same Offence, and shall accordingly vest the Right to the Penalty duly sought thereby: Provided never- theless, that if the Person against whom any such Proceedings shall be taken, shall be an Attorney of any of the Supreme Courts in Dublin, then the Service of Notice of a Declaration filed shall for the Purpose intended be of the same Effect as the Service of Summons or Process as aforesaid.

Penalty.

Indorsement
on every Pen-
alty under Order
of Excise

CXCV. And be it further enacted, That if any Justice of the Peace, Magistrate or Peace Officer, in Ireland, shall neglect or omit to sign any Indorsement on every such Executing this Act, or any Act or Acts which in or shall be in force in Ireland, relating to any writ to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties, or any of the Provisions thereof, upon a proper Application made to him, such Justice of the Peace, Magistrate or Peace Officer, shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds for every such Neglect or Refusal.

Commissioners
of A.C.

CXCVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, by Order and under the Direction of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, to nominate any Fees, Penalties or Forfeitures which shall be incurred by any Distributor of Stamps as aforesaid, or which shall at any time be imposed under the Authority of any Justice of the Peace under this Act, or under any Act or Acts which shall from time to time be in force in Ireland relating to any writ to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties in Ireland, in so far as concerns the Proportion of such Fees, Penalties or Forfeitures imposed by such Justice of Peace, payable to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors; any thing in this or any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

CXCVII. And be it further enacted, That the Act, and the several Clauses, Provisions and Regulations therein contained, shall continue in full force and full Effect from and after the Expiration of Three Calendar Months next after the passing thereof, and not longer.

C. A. P. CXXVII

An Act in private, until the Fifth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the making of Starch, Hair Powder and Blue, from Wheat and other Articles of Food; and for imp-
proving Part of the Duties now payable on the Importation into Great Britain of Starch.

[18th July 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the making of Starch from Wheat or any other Article or Articles of Food for the Food of Man, should be prohibited for a limited term: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, during the Continuance of this Act, no Starch, Hair Powder or Blue, shall be made or prepared from any Wheat, Barley, Rice, Potatoes, Flour, Meal, or any other Article or Thing used for the Food of Man, or any Mixture with Wheat, Barley, Rice, Potatoes, Flour, Meal or any other Article or Thing used for the Food of Man.

No Starch, &c.,
made from
Wheat, &c.

Making Starch
from Wheat, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That if, during the Continuance of this Act, any Maker or Makers of Starch, or sales Persons or Persons whoever, shall make or begin to make Starch, Hair Powder or Blue from any Wheat, Barley, Rice, Potatoes, Flour, Meal or any other Article or Thing used for the Food of Man, or any Mixture with Wheat, Barley, Rice, Potatoes, Flour, Meal or any other Article or Thing used for the Food of Man, or shall put or lay on sale or prepare to be put or laid in any Vessel, Trough or other Utensil or Vessel, any Wheat, Barley, Rice, Potatoes, Flour, Meal or any other Article or Thing used for the Food of Man, or any Mixture with Wheat, Barley, Rice, Potatoes, Flour, Meal or any other Article or Thing used

for

for the Food of Man, for the Purpose of making Starch, Hair Powder or Blue, then and in each and every such safe each Maker or Makers of Starch, Hair Powder or Blue, or other Perfum or Perfums in offending, and the Persons or Persons in whose Colliery or Possession any Vat, Trough or other Utensil or Vessels which shall be made use of contrary to the Intention of this Act shall be found, shall severally and respectively (over and above all other Penalties imposed by any Act or Acts of Parliament already in Force) forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and all such Wheat, Barley, Rice, Potatoes, Flour, Meal or any other Article or Articles for being used for the Food of Man, together with every Sift Van, Trough or other Utensil or Vessel shall be forfeited and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise: Provided always, nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend to subject any Starch Maker to the said Penalty of Two hundred Pounds, for or by reason of his committing or causing any Operation of Starch making from any Wheat, Barley, Rice, Potatoes, Flour, Meal or any other Article or Thing used for the Food of Man, openly put in Fermentation in his covered Starch Hoods, or as before the Tenth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, in that such Operation shall be continued without unil Delay; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Penalty.

Proviso.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Wheat, Barley, Rice, Potatoes, Flour, Meal or any other Article or Thing used for the Food of Man, shall, during the Continuance of this Act, be found in any Starch Hoods, or in any Place wherein Starch shall be preparing or making, or whereas any Starch shall have been prepared or made, or which shall have been or shall be intended for making or preparing Starch, all such Wheat, Barley, Rice, Potatoes, Flour, Meal or any other Article or Thing used for the Food of Man respectively shall be forfeited, together with the Vessels, Sacks, Bags and other Things containing the same, and the same shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise, and the Persons or Persons in whose Possession or Occupation such Starch Hoods or Places shall be, shall, for every such Offence respectively, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Wheat, &c. found in any Starch Hoods, &c. forfeited.

Penalty.

IV. And be it further enacted, That, during the Continuance of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to authorise any Justice or Justices who shall be authorised for that Purpose by the Commissioners of Excise for the time being, or any Two or more of them, within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, by One or more Justices or Justices of the Peace in any other Part of Great Britain, at any time or times with any Officer or Officers of Excise, or for any Officer or Officers of Excise to enter into any Starch Hoods or any other Place whatsoever, wherein any Starch, Hair Powder or Blue, shall be or shall be supposed to be preparing or making or prepared or made; and every such Officer of Excise and Justice or Justices so authorised as aforesaid shall have full Authority and may subject all the Materials, Vessels and Utensils contained in any such Starch Hoods or other Place (going thereby in little Intervals as may be to the lawful Business which shall be then carrying on), and in case any such Officer of Excise shall have reason to suspect that any Wheat, Barley, Rice, Potatoes, Flour, Meal or any other Article or Thing used for the Food of Man is mixed in any Vats or Liquors, or with any other Materials or Preparations whatsoever, or is otherwise in Operation for preparing or making Starch, Hair Powder or Blue, it shall be lawful for such Officer at any time or times during the Continuance of this Act, upon Payment of Three pence per Pound Weight (if demanded) to take a Sample not exceeding Fifty Pounds Weight of any such Materials or Vats or Liquors or other Materials or Preparations which shall be found in any such Starch Hoods or other Place aforesaid; and to call any Maker of Starch, Hair Powder or Blue, or the Owner or Occupier of any such Starch Hoods or Place, or any Workmen or Servants belonging to any such Maker or Makers, or Owner or Occupier, shall refuse to admit such Justice or Persons as shall be so authorised, or any Officer or Officers of Excise into any such Starch Hoods or Place, or shall obstruct or hinder any such Officer or Justice or Justices in making such Inspections as aforesaid, or shall not allow any such Officer to take such Sample after the said Sum of Three pence per Pound Weight shall be paid or tendered for the same, every such Maker, Owner or Occupier shall, for every such Offence respectively, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and it shall be lawful for any such Officer of Excise or other Justice or Justices authorised as aforesaid, having a Warrant for that Purpose from any Two or more of the Commissioners of Excise, or any Justice or Justices respectively as aforesaid, to enter, take and carry away all such Wheat, Barley, Rice, Potatoes, Flour, Meal or any other Article or Thing used for the Food of Man, and also all such Materials or Vats or Liquors, or other Materials or Preparations as shall be found in any such Starch Hoods or other Place, together with all the Vessels, Sacks, Bags and other Things in which the said Commodities or any of them shall be contained.

Starch Hoods or other Places inspected and sealed.

Samples taken of Preparations as paying 3d. per Pound.

Refusing.

Penalty.

Refusing entry of Warrant, &c. forfeited.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Maker or Makers of Starch, Hair Powder or Blue, to have or keep for his, her or their ordinary Use in any Dwelling House, Room or Place (not being an covered Hoods, Sacks or Place for making or preparing of Starch) any Quantity of Wheat, Barley, Rice, Grass, Potatoes, Flour or Meal, not exceeding at any one time the Quantity of Eight Bushels of Wheat, Barley, Rice, Grass, Potatoes, Flour and Meal; and that if any such Maker or Makers shall, during the Continuance of this Act, be possessed of or have in his, her or their Colliery or Possession, or in the Colliery or Possession of any Person or Persons in Trust or for the Use or Benefit of such Maker, more than Eight Bushels of Wheat, Barley, Rice, Grass, Potatoes, Flour or Meal, at any one time, in any one or more Place or Places, every such Maker or Makers shall, for every such Offence, respectively forfeit all such Wheat, Barley, Rice, Grass, Potatoes, Flour and Meal, exceeding the said Quantity of Eight Bushels, and also the Sum of Five Pounds for every Bushel so forfeited: Provided always, nevertheless, that this Act shall not extend to subject the said last mentioned Offence or Penalty or either of them, upon any Maker of Starch who shall be the actual Grower of Wheat, Barley or other Grass, and shall be possessed of any Quantity of such Wheat, Barley or other Grain in the Straw grown by him, or after such Wheat, Barley or other Grain is thrashed out or separated from the Straw, provided that such Wheat, Barley or other Grain shall

Makers of Starch, &c. may have more than Eight Bushels of Wheat, &c. in Possession.

Penalty.

Penalty for Growers of Wheat and Malts being Starch Materials.

shall

shall not be kept in his Possession or in the Possession of any other Person or Persons in Town for him, for a greater Space of time than Twenty Days after the same shall be checked or separated from the Straw, and so in each Wheat, Barley or other Grain he may keep in any Place used for making, preparing or dressing Straw: Provided also, that this Act shall not extend to inflict the said full respective Duties and Penalty on either of them upon any Maker of Straw who purchases the Trade of a Miller, and who was possessed of and as a Miller worked any Mill or Mills for the grinding of Wheat, Barley or other Grain, on or before the Eighteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, for or upon account of any Quantity of Wheat, Barley or other Grain, which shall during the time herebefore limited be found not checked or checked in any such Mill or Mills; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Officer or Officers of Excise, or any other Person or Persons shall at any time or times here made to suspect that any Wheat, Barley, Rice, Grass, Potatoes, Flour or Meal, exceeding the Quantity of Eight Bushels of such Wheat, Barley, Rice, Grass, Potatoes, Flour and Meal belonging to any Maker or Makers of Straw, Hair Powder or Soap, shall be hid or kept in any Storehouse, Warehouse, Cellar or other Place or Places contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, then and in every such case, upon Oath made by such Officer or Officers or other Person or Persons before the Commissioners of Excise, or any Two or more of them, in England, for the time being, or before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace residing near the Place where such Officer or Officers or other Person or Persons shall suspect the same to be hid or kept, sitting forthin the Ground of his or their Jurisdictions, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively, before whom such Officer or Officers or other Person or Persons shall make Oath as aforesaid, (if he or they shall judge it reasonable) by special Warrant under his or their respective Hands and Seals, to authorize and empower such Officer or Officers or other Person or Persons authorized as aforesaid by Day or by Night, (as it is the Night shall be in the Presence of a Constable or other lawful Officer of the Peace) to enter into all and every Storehouse, Warehouse, Cellar or other Place or Places where he or they shall so suspect that any Wheat, Barley, Rice, Grass, Potatoes, Flour or Meal exceeding the Quantity of Eight Bushels of Wheat, Barley, Rice, Grass, Potatoes, Flour and Meal belonging to any such Maker or Makers shall be hid or kept, and to seize, take and carry away all such Wheat, Barley, Rice, Grass, Potatoes, Flour or Meal, as he or they shall so find over and above the said Quantity of Eight Bushels, together with all the Wrecks, Sacks, Bags or other Things whereon the same shall be contained; and such Maker or Makers or the Person or Persons in whose Custody or Possession such Wheat, Barley, Rice, Grass, Potatoes, Flour or Meal belonging to such Maker or Makers as aforesaid, shall be found, shall, for every such Offence, respectively forfeit and pay the said Penalty of Five Pounds for every Bushel exceeding the said Quantity of Eight Bushels; and the said Officer or Officers or other Person or Persons in and are hereby empowered by such Warrant, together with such other Person or Persons as he or they shall take to be of their Assistance, to enter such Storehouse, Warehouse, Cellar and other Place or Places, and break open the Doors thereof, in case they be not forthwith opened on Demand.

VII. And whereas there may have been Comports made by Makers of Straw with several Persons for Search or Hair Powder to be delivered and received at future times after the passing of this Act; be it therefore further enacted, That all Comports or Bargains made by any Maker or Makers of Straw, or by any Maker or Makers of Hair Powder, with any Person or Persons whatsoever for any Search or Hair Powder to be delivered at any time during the Continuance of this Act, shall be and are hereby declared to be null and void.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the sorting, sipping or preparing of Flour, Meal or Potatoes, for the Purpose of making Soap Lye or Sifting Materials to be employed, or of the Sort or Kind usually employed or made use of by Bleachers or others in dyeing Manufactures of Laces or Cotton to a finished State, shall be deemed and taken to be a Dressing to make Straw from Flour within the Meaning of this Act, and the making of any such Soap Lye or Sifting Materials from Flour, Meal or Potatoes, shall be deemed and taken to be a making of Straw from Flour, Meal or Potatoes (as the case may require) within the Meaning of this Act.

IX. And whereas by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intituled *An Act for regulating the Duties of Customs chargeable on Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, a certain Imperial Duty of Customs of Six Pounds and a certain General Duty of Two Pounds are imposed respectively Hundred Weight of Straw imported into Great Britain: And whereas it is expedient that for a limited time the Duties on Straw imported should be lowered: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the Tenth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and until and upon the First Day of November One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the Pounds Nine Shillings and Eight Pence per Hundred Weight of Straw, Part of the said Duties of Customs imposed upon Straw imported into Great Britain, shall be and the same is hereby suspended for and in respect of all such Straw as shall be imported into Great Britain after the said Tenth Day of July and before the said First Day of November, and the Money arising from the said Duty shall be paid into the Exchequer and carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

X. And whereas it is expedient to allow Straw to be imported into and exported from Great Britain in Packages of One hundred Pounds, as it there is enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful to import into and export from Great Britain any Straws in Packages not exceeding less than One hundred Pounds Awardeport; any thing in this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Straw imported or brought into this Kingdom shall, in order to ascertain the Duties payable thereon, have been weighed by the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs, the proper Officer or Officer of the Customs shall secure the same until the Delivery thereof into the

Charge

Charge and Custody of the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, and upon the Delivery thereof into the Custody of the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, the Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, or Consignee or Consignees thereof shall at his, her or their own proper Costs and Charges, remove all such Starch to and deposit the same in such convenient House, Warehouse or Place as the proper Officer or Officers of Excise shall direct; and thenceupon such Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, or Consignee or Consignees, shall on being required by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise be to do, immediately wrap all such Starch in Papers of the Colours or one of them hereafter mentioned and so other, each such Paper containing not less than Four Pounds Weight nor more than Seven Pounds Weight of Starch, and also tie up every such Wrappers, where the Ends of the Paper containing such Starch shall be folded, and also strongly affix or paste with warm Pale made from Glue, on the Outside of every such Wrapper, after the same shall be so tied, a Label of very fine Paper Three Inches long and Three Inches broad at the End, and of a different Colour than the Paper in which the Starch shall be wrapped; that is to say, if such Starch shall be wrapped in blue or brown Paper the said Label shall be white, and if such Starch shall be wrapped in white Paper such Label shall be blue, and shall also affix and paste every such Label on the Foldings of both Ends of the Paper enclosing such a Quantity of Starch, and so fast a closure as to prevent the opening of the said Paper containing such Starch without tearing such Label; and the proper Officer or Officers of Excise shall attend to tie such Starch papered and tied in manner aforesaid, and such Label affixed and pasted on every such Paper containing such Starch; and such Officer or Officers shall cause every such Label affixed and pasted on every such Paper containing Starch to be stamped or sealed with such Stamp or Seal as shall be provided by the Commissioners of Excise in England and Ireland respectively for that Purpose; and if any such Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, or Consignee or Consignees of Starch imported or brought into this Kingdom shall neglect or refuse to remove any such Starch, or to deposit the same as aforesaid, or to wrap any such Starch in Paper as aforesaid, or to tie up any such Paper as aforesaid, or to affix or paste any such Label as aforesaid, and all every such Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, or Consignee or Consignees is offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Not comply
with Regulations.

Penalty.

Stamps, &c. provided by Com-
missioners of
Excise for
stamping, &c.
Labels on Starch
on Importation.

XII. And he is further enacted, That the Commissioners of Excise or the major Part of them in England and Scotland respectively shall provide proper Stamps or Seals for the stamping or sealing the Labels affixed or pasted on Paper containing of Starch which shall be imported or brought into this Kingdom and prepared in pursuance of this Act, and shall cause such Stamps or Seals to be distributed to the proper Officers of Excise for the Purposes before mentioned, which Officers are hereby required and required, in using the same, to do no Hurt or Damage or the least Hurt or Damage that may be, to the Starch or to the Paper wherein the same shall be so wrapped; which Stamps or Seals shall and may be varied, altered or removed from time to time as the said Commissioners of Excise respectively or the major Part of them respectively shall think fit.

Stamping Stamp
or Seal.

XIII. And he is further enacted, That if any Person or Persons fail at any time to forge or counterfeit any Stamp or Seal to authenticate Starch or Seal which shall be provided in pursuance of this Act for stamping or sealing Starch imported, or that counterfeit or resemble the Impression of the same upon any Paper containing any Starch, thereby to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of any of the Duties upon Starch, then every Person so offending being thereof convicted in due Form of Law shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall be imprisoned for any Term not exceeding Seven Years; and if any Person or Persons fail at any time to sell any Starch with any such forged or counterfeited Stamp, Seal or Impression thereon, knowing the same to be forged and counterfeited, and with an intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of any of the Duties upon Starch, or shall knowingly, with intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of any of the Duties upon Starch, do or cause to be tied the Label of any Paper stamped or sealed according to the Directions of this Act in any Starch other than that which was inclosed in such Paper at the time when the Label thereof was stamped or sealed by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise according to the Directions of this Act, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Transmittion-
making with
Impress, &c.
Stamps, &c.

Penalty.

Starch imported
found not wrapped
up in Paper
in manner re-
quired, or wrap-
ped in Paper
not stamped,
&c. &c.

Penalty.

Excise.

XIV. And he is further enacted, That if any Starch imported or brought into this Kingdom shall be found in any Place belonging to any Starch Maker or Dealer in Starch, or in the Custody or Possession of any Person or Persons before the Sale or Receipt of any such Maker or Makers or Dealer or Dealers in such Starch, not being wrapped in Paper as aforesaid, or wrapped in Paper which shall be found not stamped or labelled as aforesaid, all such Starch shall be forfeited, together with all and singular the Cases, Chests, Cases, Bags or other Packages containing the same; and such Starch, Cases, Chests, Cases, Bags and other Packages respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise, and the Starch Maker or Dealer in Starch to whom such Paper shall belong, and also each other Person or Persons as aforesaid in whose Possession such Starch shall be found, shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always, nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to forfeit any such Starch which shall have been imported into the Kingdom, nor any such Cases, Chests, Cases, Bags or other Packages containing the same, nor to any reason of such Starch being found not wrapped in Paper stamped or labelled as aforesaid, such Starch being made into Hair Powder, or being taken out of the Papers in the Possession of any Hair Powder Maker or Hair Maker, for the Purpose of immediately manufacturing the same into Hair Powder or into Hair; or any Quantity of Starch not exceeding Twenty eight Pounds Weight in the Possession of any Dealer in or Seller of Starch, and taken out of the Papers for immediate or current Sale; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary in any writ notwithstanding.

XV. And whereas it may happen that the Paper wherein any Starch imported shall be contained, after the same has been stamped as aforesaid, may by Accident be broken or damaged; or that therefore may happen, That when the Paper wherein any such Starch shall be contained shall by any Accident be broken or damaged, and the Starch Maker or Dealer in Starch to whom the same belongs shall be desirous of having the same rewrapped

Paper containing
Starch damaged
by Accident re-

Printed on
Wed. Mar. 12
E. 1812

and re-impaled, each Maker or Dealer shall give to the proper Officer or Officers of Excise within whose Stave he or she shall be, Twenty four Hours Notice in Writing that such Maker or Dealer desires to have such Starch re-impaled and re-impaled, that thereupon and upon the Production of such Writen Paper, with 1. a Label and Stamp, or Seal thereof to such Officer or Officers, and leaving the same with him or them, it shall be lawful for such Officer or Officers, being satisfied that such Starch had before been duly stamped or sealed as aforesaid, and that the Paper or Papers containing the same had been broken or damaged by Accident, or loss as is convenient after the Expiration of such Twenty four Hours, to re-impale or re-seal such Starch, the same being re-impaled and re-sealed, and such Label as aforesaid being affixed thereon in manner herebefore directed.

Districting
Officers.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise in the Execution of any of the Powers and Authorities to him or them given by this Act, the Person or Persons offending therein shall, for every such Offence (for which no other Penalty is by this Act imposed) forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty.
Penalties, Ac.
not for by
Order of Com-
missioners of
Customs, but
Repealed.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures created or imposed by this Act, and which shall be paid for or prosecuted under or by virtue of the Order or Permission of the Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland respectively, or by any Officer or Officers of the Customs, shall and may be paid for, prosecuted, recovered and disposed of in such manner and by such ways and means and methods as any Fines or Penalties incurred or any Goods forfeited for any Offence against the Laws of Customs may now lawfully be paid for, prosecuted, recovered and disposed of; and the Officer or Officers of the Customs concerned in any such Sentence or Prosecution shall be entitled to and receive full Share of the Produce arising from the Sale as they are now by Law entitled to upon Prosecutions of Sentence for unlawful Importations, and to such Share of the Produce arising from any pecuniary Penalty or Composition paid for any Offence against this Act, as they are now by any Law or Regulation created or upon Prosecutions for pecuniary Penalties.

Penalties, Ac.
not for by
Commissioners
of Customs, but
Repealed.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, and which shall be paid for by Order of the Commissioners of Excise in England or Scotland respectively, or by any Officer or Officers of Excise, shall be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated by such ways, means or methods as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Act of Debt, Bill, Plein or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who will inform, discover or sue for the same.

Limitation of
Actions.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within the Space of One Calendar Month next after the Offence shall be committed; and if such Action or Suit shall be commenced or prosecuted in that Part of Great Britain called England, the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon; and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to be so have been done, the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, and if the Plaintiff shall be acquitted, or discharge his Action after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if Judgment shall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other suits by Law; and if such Action or Suit be commenced or prosecuted in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, the Court before whom such Action or Suit shall be brought shall allow the Defendant to plead this Act in his Defence; and if the Parties shall not hold as his Action, or if Judgment shall be given against such Parties, the Defendant shall and may recover the full and real Expenses he may have put to by any such Action or Suit.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

Scotland.

XX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case His Majesty in any time after the First Day of November next shall in His Royal Determination judge it to be meet for the Benefit and Advantage of this Kingdom further to continue the Prohibition of the making of Starch from Wheat, Barley, Rice, Grain, Potatoes, Flour, Meal or any other Article or Thing used for the Food of Man, from the said First Day of November next Forty Days after the then next Meeting of Parliament, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful so and for His Majesty, by his Royal Proclamations, Proclamations to be issued by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, or by His Majesty's Order in Council to be published from time to time in the London Gazette, to continue throughout that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, from the said First Day of November until Forty Days after the then next Meeting of Parliament the Prohibition heretofore mentioned; that in to for, that throughout that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, during the Continuance of such Prohibition, no Starch, Hair Powder or Blue shall be made from Rice, Potatoes, Flour, Meal or any other Article or Thing used for the Food of Man; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

His Majesty, by
Proclamations,
Ac. may continue
Proh. since of
making of Starch
from Wheat,
Ac. after 14 Dec.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect as to all such Matters and Things therein contained relating to Starch, in respect whereof no special Commencement is hereby directed or provided, from and after the passing of this Act, and shall be and remain in force until and upon the First Day of November next thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Comm. and term
of Act.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act to be made in this Session of Parliament.

All decrees, &c.

[Continued, 31 G. 3. v. 2.]

C A P. CXXVIII.

An Act for better securing the Duties on Malt.

[18th July 1812.]

WHEREAS it has been found that the existing Regulations are insufficient to protect the Revenue arising from Malt, and that various Frauds are practised in respect thereof: It is therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this behalf Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Master or Maker of Malt shall first, make and construct every Cistern by him, her or them intended to be used for the setting or steeping of Corn or Grains to be made into Malt, in such Manner and Form that any Officer or Officers of Excise may easily, safely and lawfully have Access to the same, and conveniently gauge, in any Part of Two Inches of such Cistern, the Corn or Grain which shall at any time be contained therein; and if any such Master or Maker of Malt shall, for the setting or steeping any Corn or Grains to be made into Malt, have or use any Cistern of greater Length or Breadth than the Length or Breadth of Nine Feet, such Master or Maker of Malt shall and provide a good and sufficient Ladder of a proper and convenient Length and Breadth, with a good and sufficient movable Board or Plank of a proper and convenient Length, Breadth and Thickness, to be laid across such Cistern, in any Part thereof, so as to enable any Officer of Excise easily, safely and lawfully to move along and stand upon such Board or Plank, and to gauge in any Part of such Cistern the Corn or Grain which shall at any time be contained therein; and such Master or Maker of Malt shall from time to time, and at all times, permit and suffer any Officer or Officers of Excise to sit such Ladder and Board or Plank respectively on his or their free Wall and Parters, for the Purpose in that behalf aforesaid; and if any Master or Maker of Malt shall neglect or refuse to erect, make or construct any Cistern for the setting or steeping of Corn or Grains to be made into Malt, in such Manner and Form as aforesaid directed and required, or if any Master or Maker of Malt, who shall for the setting or steeping of any Corn or Grains to be made into Malt, have or use any Cistern of greater Length or Breadth than the Length and Breadth in that behalf aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to ladder and board or plank as aforesaid, or either of these, or shall not permit or suffer any Officer or Officers of Excise to sit the same or either of them, in manner aforesaid, then and in every such case the Master or Maker of Malt so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

II. And be it further enacted, That no Master or Maker of Malt shall at one and the same time have or keep in any Malt House to him, her or them belonging, more than five Floors or Quantities of Malt, or Corn or Grain making into Malt (in the Couch or on the Floor or Kils, or all or any of them) wetted or arising from, or pretended to have been wetted in, or to have arisen from, or decanted by its Place of Deposit in such Malt House to have been wetted in or to have arisen from one and the same Cistern, Using Vat or other Vessel or Utensil; and if any Master or Maker of Malt shall at one and the same time have in any Malt House to him, her or them belonging (in the Couch, or on the Floor or Kils, or all or any of them) more than five Floors or Quantities of Malt, or Corn or Grain making into Malt, wetted or arising from, or pretended to have been wetted in, or to have arisen from, or decanted by its Place of Deposit in such Malt House to have been wetted in, or to have arisen from one and the same Cistern, Using Vat or other Vessel or Utensil, the Master or Maker of Malt so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always, nevertheless, that nothing hereinbefore contained shall extend or be construed to extend to subject any Master or Maker of Malt to the said last mentioned Penalty, for or by reason of his, her or their separating or dividing any one or more of his, her or their Floors or Quantities of Malt, either into Two or more Floors, for the Purpose of working such Floors separate and apart from each other, in the same Malt House in which such Floors or Quantities of Malt respectively were kept; nor for or by reason of any such Master or Maker of Malt separating or dividing the said his, her or their Floors solely for the Purpose of the Removal thereof to the Kils for the immediately drying thereof; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary in any writ notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Master or Maker of Malt shall put, lay and deposit on the Floor or Floors of his, her or their Malthouse, all and every of his, her or their Floors or Quantities of Corn or Grain making into Malt, in regular Succession one before another according to the Quantity of such Floors or Quantities of Corn or Grain making into Malt; and if any Master or Maker of Malt, shall put, lay or deposit on the Floor or Floors of his, her or their Malthouse, any or either of his, her or their Floors or Quantities of Corn or Grain making into Malt, otherwise than in regular Succession set before the other, according to the Quantity of such Floors or Quantities of Corn or Grain, or shall put, lay or deposit any Floor or Quantity of Corn or Grain making into Malt, of a later Age or later time of taking from or out of the Cistern, Using Vat or other Vessel or Utensil, before; that is to say, more remote from such Cistern, Using Vat or other Vessel or Utensil than any Floor or Quantity of Corn or Grain making into Malt of a previous Age or earlier time of taking from or out of the Cistern, Using Vat or other Vessel or Utensil, then and in every such case the Master or Maker of Malt so offending, shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no Master or Maker of Malt shall empty or take any Corn or Grains into or out of any Cistern, Using Vat or other Vessel or Utensil by him, her or them used for the setting or steeping of Corn or Grains to be made into Malt, within the Space of Ninety Six Hours, to be computed and reckoned from the time of the last preceding emptying or taking of Corn or Grain from or out of the said Cistern, Using Vat or other Vessel or Utensil; nor shall any Master or Maker of Malt, within the Space of Ninety Six Hours, to be computed and reckoned from the time of the last preceding emptying or taking of Corn

Malters to be
contracted for
to be used for
the setting or
steeping of
Corn or Grains
to be made
into Malt, to
have or use any
Cistern of greater
Length or
Breadth than
the Length or
Breadth of Nine
Feet, such
Master or
Maker of Malt
shall and
provide a good
and sufficient
Ladder of a
proper and
convenient
Length and
Breadth, with
a good and
sufficient
movable Board
or Plank of a
proper and
convenient
Length, Breadth
and Thickness,
to be laid
across such
Cistern, in any
Part thereof,
so as to enable
any Officer of
Excise easily,
safely and
lawfully to
move along
and stand upon
such Board or
Plank, and to
gauge in any
Part of such
Cistern the
Corn or Grain
which shall at
any time be
contained therein;

Malters are to
have more than
five Floors or
Quantities of
Malt, or Corn
or Grain making
into Malt, in
the same
Malt House to
him, her or
them belonging,
more than
five Floors or
Quantities of
Malt, or Corn
or Grain making
into Malt, wetted
or arising from,
or pretended to
have been
wetted in, or to
have arisen from,
or decanted by
its Place of
Deposit in such
Malt House to
have been
wetted in, or to
have arisen from
one and the
same Cistern,
Using Vat or
other Vessel or
Utensil;

Penalty.
Forfeiture.

Malters to lay
Floors of Corn
or Grain in
regular
Succession,
according to
the Quantity
of such
Floors or
Quantities.

Penalty.
Malters are to
empty or take
any Corn or
Grains into or
out of any
Cistern, Using
Vat or other
Vessel or
Utensil, by
him, her or
them used for
the setting or
steeping of
Corn or
Grains to be
made into
Malt, within
the Space of
Ninety Six
Hours, to be
computed and
reckoned from
the time of
the last
preceding
emptying or
taking of
Corn or
Grains from
or out of the
said Cistern,
Using Vat or
other Vessel
or Utensil;

or Grain from or out of any Cellars, Utensils, Vats or other Vessels or Utensils used as above said, empty, or take any Corn or Grain from or out of any other Cellars, Utensils, Vats or other Vessels or Utensils used as aforesaid, in the same House or Building, or under one and the same Roof, with such Cellars, Utensils, Vats or other Vessels or Utensils; and if any Malster or Maker of Malt shall empty or take any Corn or Grain from or out of any Cellars, Utensils, Vats or other Vessels or Utensils for him, her or them used for the wetting or steeping of Corn or Grain to be made into Malt, within the Space of Twenty six Hours, to be computed and reckoned from the time of the last preceding emptying or taking of Corn or Grain from or out of the said Cellars, Utensils, Vats or other Vessels or Utensils, or shall within the Space of Twenty six Hours, to be computed and reckoned from the time of the last preceding emptying or taking of Corn or Grain from or out of any Cellars, Utensils, Vats or other Vessels or Utensils used as aforesaid, empty or take any Corn or Grain from or out of any other Cellars, Utensils, Vats or other Vessels or Utensils used as aforesaid, in the same House or Building, or under one and the same Roof with such Cellars, Utensils, Vats or other Vessels or Utensils; then and in every such case the Malster or Maker of Malt is offending; shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Malsters to empty or take from all Cellars.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Malster or Maker of Malt, shall, for the wetting or steeping of Corn or Grain to be made into Malt, use or employ Two or more Cellars, Utensils, Vats or other Vessels or Utensils, in one and the same House or Building, or under one and the same Roof, then and in every such case no such Malster or Maker of Malt shall empty or take Corn or Grain from or out of such Cellars, Utensils, Vats or other Vessels or Utensils, on different Days, or at different times from each other, but shall empty and take all such Corn or Grain from and out of all such Cellars, Utensils, Vats and other Vessels or Utensils on the same Days and at the same Hours of the same Days respectively: And if any such Malster or Maker of Malt shall empty or take any Corn or Grain from or out of any such Cellars, Utensils, Vats, or other Vessels or Utensils, at different times or on different Days, or at different Hours of the same Day, then and in every such case the Malster or Maker of Malt is offending; shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always, nevertheless, that nothing herein-before contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend, to subject any Malster or Maker of Malt to the last last mentioned Penalty, for or by reason of his, her or their emptying or taking Corn or Grain from or out of any Two or more Cellars, Utensils, Vats or other Vessels or Utensils, at different times of the same Day, if the emptying or taking of the Corn or Grain from or out of the last of such Two or more Cellars shall have been finished within Three Hours from the time of beginning the emptying and taking of Corn or Grain from and out of the Cellars, Utensils, Vats or other Vessels or Utensils which shall have been first begun to be emptied, any thing herebefore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Penalty.

Forbid.

Malsters not to keep Corns more than 26 Hours in Steep.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Malster or Maker of Malt, having wetted or begun to wet any Corn or Grain to be made into Malt, shall continue the time or any Part thereof to Steep or covered with Water for any longer Space of time than Fifty six Hours from the time of his being first begun to be wetted; and if any Malster or Maker of Malt, having wetted or begun to wet any Corn or Grain to be made into Malt, shall continue the time or any Part thereof to Steep or covered with Water, for any longer Space of time than Fifty six Hours from the time of his being first begun to be wetted; then and in every such case the Malster or Maker of Malt, is offending; shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Malsters not to mix Corn of different Writings within one House or Kilo.

Penalty.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

Forbid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Malster or Maker of Malt shall mix, either in the Couch or on the Floor, or on the Kilo, any Corn or Grain of one Writing or Steeping with or amongst any Corn or Grain of another or different Writing or Steeping; and if any Malster or Maker of Malt shall mix, either in the Couch or on the Floor, or on the Kilo, any Corn or Grain of one Writing or Steeping with or amongst any Corn or Grain of another or different Writing or Steeping, then and in every such case the Malster or Maker of Malt is offending; shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall assault, oppress, molest, obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in the due Execution of this Act, or of any of the Powers or Authorities to him or them by this Act given or granted, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, shall be paid for, recovered, levied or satisfied, by such ways, means or methods as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be paid for, recovered, levied or satisfied by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in England respectively; and that One Month of such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Money to him, her or them who shall receive, deliver or sue for the same.

X. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Rules, Regulations, Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, which is and by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intituled *in this behalf for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries and Treasuries in Capite, and for Regulating Services and Perquisites, and for giving a Revenue upon His Majesty's own thereof, or by any other Law or Laws now in force relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, are provided, settled or established for assessing, raising, levying, collecting, satisfying, recovering, satisfying, accounting or having the Duties on Malt, or any of them; or for preventing, searching or passing Frauds relating thereto; shall be professed, used and put in Execution in and for the Purposes of this Act, as fully and effectually in all Instances and Purposes as if all and every the said Rules, Regulations, Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things were more particularly repeated and re-enacted in this present Act.*

XI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect, as to all such Matters and Things therein contained or referred to which no express Commencement is hereby directed or provided, from and immediately after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

C A P.

C. A. P. CXXIX.

An Act for amending Two Acts passed in the Forty eighth and Forty ninth Years of His present Majesty, for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *Act for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities*,

the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt were enabled under certain Limitations and Restrictions to grant Life Annuities charged upon and payable out of the Sinking Fund, in Consideration of the Transfer to them of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities; and which

Act was amended by another Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities*: And whereas no Provision is made in the said first recited Act

or in the Tables thereto annexed, for the granting of any Life Annuities in case the average Price of the Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities shall be under Sixty or above Eighty one: And whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made for granting Life Annuities, in case and

whenever the average Price of the Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities shall be under Sixty or above Eighty one; and that the said first recited Act should be amended in other respects: Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That whenever

the average Price of the Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated, or Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Bank Annuities respectively, shall be above Fifty and under Sixty, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt under the several Limitations, Restrictions and Regulations directed and

provided in the said several recited Acts and this Act, to grant Life Annuities, either on a Single Life, or on the Continuance of Two Lives, in the case may be, of such annual Amounts respectively, as are specified in the Tables in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A.) and (B.); and that whenever the average

Price of the Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities respectively shall be Eighty one or at any higher average Price, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners under the like Limitations, Restrictions and Regulations, to grant Life Annuities, either on a Single Life or on the Continuance of Two

Lives, in the case may be, of the like annual Amounts respectively, as under and by virtue of the said first recited Act might have been granted, in case the average Price of the Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities were Eighty and under Eighty one.

II And whereas the Affidavits or Affirmations by the said first recited Act required, in order to enable the granting of any Life Annuity, or the Exchanges thereof under the same, are in certain cases directed to be taken, if in England, before One or more of the Judges of any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or if in Scotland or Ireland, before One or more of the Barons of Exchequer in Scotland or Ireland respectively: And whereas the said Provisions have been found productive of Inconvenience: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all Affidavits or Affirmations in any of the cases before referred to, made or taken, if in England or Ireland, before the Justices or Magistrates appointed at the Quarter Sessions for any County, Riding, City, Town or Place, and certified by any Two or more of such Justices or Magistrates, to have been so made or taken, or if in Scotland, before any Sheriff, or Steward Depute or Substitutor, and certified by him to have been so made and taken, shall be as valid and

effectual in all respects and to all Intents and Purposes as if such Affidavits or Affirmations had been made or taken in England before a Judge of one of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in Scotland or Ireland before One of the Barons of the Exchequer in Scotland or Ireland respectively; any thing in the said recited Acts to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

III. And whereas it is provided by the said first recited Act, that upon the Death of any Single Nominee or of the Survivors of any Two Joint Nominees, a Sum equal to One fourth Part of the Annuity depending upon his or her Life (and above all Arrears thereof respectively, shall be payable to the Person or Persons entitled to the said Annuity, or to his or her Executors, Administrators or Assigns, as the case may be, on the Half yearly Day of Payment next succeeding the Death of such Nominee, provided the same shall be claimed within the Period limited by the said Act, upon the Production of a Certificate

of the Death of such Nominee, (certifying the Day on which he or she shall have died, together with an Affidavit in Proof of the Identity of such Nominee;) So it further enacted, That a Certificate of the Death of any such Nominee, together with an Affidavit in Proof of the Identity of such Nominee, such Affidavit being made the Day on which such Nominee shall have died, to be respectively granted and taken by and before such and the like Persons as by the said first recited Act are authorized and empowered to grant Certificates and to administer Affidavits in Proof of a Nominee being living, shall, on Production thereof to the proper Officer, be as valid and effectual to enable the Person or Persons entitled to an Annuity, or his or her Executors, Administrators or Assigns, in the case may be, to claim One fourth Part thereof, and also to enable the proper Officer to grant his Certificate, as provided in the Schedule to the said first recited Act marked (G.) as if a Certificate of the Day of the Death of such Nominee had been produced.

IV. And it is further enacted, That in any case where Two or more Annuities shall have been purchased upon the Life of the same Nominee or Nominees, and a Certificate or Certificates in the Terms of the said first recited Act as of this Act, in Proof of such Nominee or Nominees being living, shall have been produced to the proper Officer by or as the Subject of the Person or Persons entitled to any One of such Annuities,

48 G. 3. c. 129.

49 G. 3. c. 44.

Life Annuities granted on Terms specified in Schedule annexed.

48 G. 3. c. 129. 1. 5.

Before whom Affidavits or Affirmations taken.

48 G. 3. c. 129. 1. 42.

On the Day One fourth of Annuity depending on Life of Single, or Two Nominees, Certificate of Death of Nominee, with Affidavit of Identity produced.

In case where Two or more Annuities purchased on Life of same Nominee,

Production of
Certificates as to
Money Affairs.

In respect of One of such Annuities, it shall and may be lawful for the proper Officer to grant a Certificate or Certificates in the Form specified in the Schedule to the said first recited Act annexed, for the Purpose of enabling the Person or Persons entitled to any other Annuities payable in respect of the Life of such Annuity or Annuities, to receive his, her or their Annuity, without requiring the Production of any further Certificates; but upon the Production of the Affidavit or Affidavits, Affirmation or Affirmations, as to the Identity of such Nominer as are required by the said recited Acts or by this Act.

48 G. 3. c. 139.
Schedule B.
Revised.

V. And whereas it is expedient that the Schedule marked (C.) to this Act annexed, should be substituted and adopted in lieu of the Schedule marked (B.) to the said first recited Act annexed; Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the said Schedule marked (B.) annexed to the said first recited Act shall be and the same is hereby repealed, and the Schedule marked (C.) to this Act annexed shall be substituted for and in lieu of the said Schedule marked (B.) to the said first recited Act annexed, and shall be cited and applied in the same manner and for all the Purposes to which the said Schedule marked (B.) annexed to the said first recited Act was cited or applicable.

Book to make
up to 31st Dec.
 yearly Account
of unclaimed
Annuities for
Three Years.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall and they are hereby required to make an Account to be made up to the Fifth Day of January in every Year, of all Life Annuities granted in pursuance of the said recited Acts or of this Act, which shall have remained unclaimed for the Space of Three Years; and all such Accounts so remaining unclaimed, together with the unclaimed Annuity thereof, shall come to the Banking Office, and shall be applied by the said Commissioners in the same manner as Life Annuities owing are by the said first recited Act directed to be applied: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to defeat or prejudice the Rights of the Person or Persons entitled to any such Annuity to claim the Arrears and future Payments thereof, upon Production of the proper Certificates and Affidavits, or Affirmations required by the said recited Acts or this Act; and in every such case it shall and may be lawful for the said Governor and Company, out of any Sums whatever which shall have been paid to them or carried in their Books to the Account of the said Commissioners, to set apart and retain from time to time so much thereof as may be necessary for paying such Annuity and all Arrears thereof.

Perjury.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person in any Affidavit or Affirmation to be taken under the Provisions of this Act, shall wilfully or corruptly swear or affirm any Matter or Thing which shall be false or untrue, every such Person so offending and being thereof duly convicted, shall be and is hereby declared to be guilty and liable to such Fine and Penalties as by any Laws now in force any Person convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

Forging Affidavits
or Certificates.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge, counterfeit or alter, or cause or procure to be forged, counterfeited or altered, or knowingly or wilfully sell or assist in the forging, counterfeiting or altering any Affidavit or Affirmation, or any Certificate required or authorized to be taken or granted under the Provisions of this Act, or shall wilfully deliver or produce to any Person or Persons acting under the Authority of the said recited Acts or of this Act, or shall utter any such forged Affidavit or Affirmation, or Certificate, knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited or altered with Intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, then and in every such case all and every Person or Persons so offending, and being lawfully convicted thereof, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

Death.

General.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Three or more of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt for the time being, to execute and do all Matters and Things which by the said recited Acts and this Act the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt are required and empowered to do.

Provisions of
Acts, except
where altered,
do apply to Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Rules, Powers and Provisions of the said recited Acts, except in far as the same are altered and varied by this Act, shall be applied and put in Practice in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever as if the said Clauses, Rules, Powers and Provisions had been expressly repeated and re-enacted in this Act; and that the said recited Acts and this Act shall be construed together as one Act to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, so far as the same are compatible or consistent with each other, and as the said recited Acts are amended and altered by this Act.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

TABLE No. 1.

Showing the Annual Amount of LIFE ANNUITIES granted on the Continuance of Single Lives, which will be payable for every shilling of Stock transferred, according to the Average Price thereof, and the Age of the Nominor at the time of the Transfer.

| AGE. | Price of $\text{£}3$. per Cent. Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities. | | | | | | | | | | AGE. | |
|------|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|----|
| | 50 and under | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | | 60 |
| | 51- | 52- | 53- | 54- | 55- | 56- | 57- | 58- | 59- | 60- | | |
| 36 | 4 4 | 4 6 | 4 8 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 10 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 36 | |
| 37 | 4 4 | 4 6 | 4 7 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 9 | 4 10 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 37 | |
| 38 | 4 4 | 4 6 | 4 7 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 9 | 4 10 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 38 | |
| 39 | 4 4 | 4 6 | 4 7 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 9 | 4 10 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 39 | |
| 40 | 4 9 | 4 10 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 12 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 40 | |
| 41 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 12 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 41 | |
| 42 | 4 10 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 12 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 42 | |
| 43 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 12 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 43 | |
| 44 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 12 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 44 | |
| 45 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 12 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 45 | |
| 46 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 12 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 46 | |
| 47 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 12 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 47 | |
| 48 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 12 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 48 | |
| 49 | 5 0 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 49 | |
| 50 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 50 | |
| 51 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 51 | |
| 52 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 52 | |
| 53 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 53 | |
| 54 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 54 | |
| 55 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 55 | |
| 56 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 56 | |
| 57 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 57 | |
| 58 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 58 | |
| 59 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 59 | |
| 60 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 60 | |
| 61 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 61 | |
| 62 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 62 | |
| 63 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 63 | |
| 64 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 64 | |
| 65 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 65 | |
| 66 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 66 | |
| 67 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 67 | |
| 68 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 68 | |
| 69 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 69 | |
| 70 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 70 | |
| 71 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 71 | |
| 72 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 72 | |
| 73 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 73 | |
| 74 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 74 | |
| 75 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 1 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 5 2 | 75 | |

SCHEDULE (B.)

TABLE No. 2.

Showing the Annual Amount of Love Assurances granted on the Continuance of Two Lives, and the Life of the longer Liver of them, which will be payable for every dollar of the Stock transferred, according to the Average Price thereof, as also the Numbers shall be of equal Ages, or being of different Ages, in case the Age of the elder Nominee shall not exceed the Age of the younger Nominee by more than Five Years at the time of the Transfer.

| Age of Liver, or younger Life. | Price of the 4 th per Cent. Consolidated or Reduced Annuities. | | | | | | | | | | Age of Liver, or younger Life. | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|--------------------------------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-----|
| | 50 | | 51 | | 52 | | 53 | | 54 | | | 55 | | 56 | | 57 | | 58 | | 59 | | 60. |
| | under | and | under | and | under | and | under | and | under | and | | under | and | under | and | under | and | under | and | under | and | |
| 51. | 52. | 53. | 54. | 55. | 56. | 57. | 58. | 59. | 60. | 51. | 52. | 53. | 54. | 55. | 56. | 57. | 58. | 59. | 60. | | | |
| 37 | 2 4 | 2 11 | 2 18 | 2 25 | 2 32 | 2 39 | 2 46 | 2 53 | 3 0 | 3 7 | 3 14 | 3 21 | 3 28 | 3 35 | 3 42 | 3 49 | 3 56 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 38 |
| 38 | 2 10 | 2 17 | 2 24 | 2 31 | 2 38 | 2 45 | 2 52 | 2 59 | 3 6 | 3 13 | 3 20 | 3 27 | 3 34 | 3 41 | 3 48 | 3 55 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 39 | |
| 39 | 2 11 | 2 18 | 2 25 | 2 32 | 2 39 | 2 46 | 2 53 | 3 0 | 3 7 | 3 14 | 3 21 | 3 28 | 3 35 | 3 42 | 3 49 | 3 56 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 40 | |
| 40 | 2 12 | 2 19 | 2 26 | 2 33 | 2 40 | 2 47 | 2 54 | 3 1 | 3 8 | 3 15 | 3 22 | 3 29 | 3 36 | 3 43 | 3 50 | 3 57 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 41 | |
| 41 | 2 13 | 2 20 | 2 27 | 2 34 | 2 41 | 2 48 | 2 55 | 3 2 | 3 9 | 3 16 | 3 23 | 3 30 | 3 37 | 3 44 | 3 51 | 3 58 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 42 | |
| 42 | 2 14 | 2 21 | 2 28 | 2 35 | 2 42 | 2 49 | 2 56 | 3 3 | 3 10 | 3 17 | 3 24 | 3 31 | 3 38 | 3 45 | 3 52 | 3 59 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 43 | |
| 43 | 2 15 | 2 22 | 2 29 | 2 36 | 2 43 | 2 50 | 2 57 | 3 4 | 3 11 | 3 18 | 3 25 | 3 32 | 3 39 | 3 46 | 3 53 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 44 | |
| 44 | 2 16 | 2 23 | 2 30 | 2 37 | 2 44 | 2 51 | 2 58 | 3 5 | 3 12 | 3 19 | 3 26 | 3 33 | 3 40 | 3 47 | 3 54 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 45 | |
| 45 | 2 17 | 2 24 | 2 31 | 2 38 | 2 45 | 2 52 | 2 59 | 3 6 | 3 13 | 3 20 | 3 27 | 3 34 | 3 41 | 3 48 | 3 55 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 46 | |
| 46 | 2 18 | 2 25 | 2 32 | 2 39 | 2 46 | 2 53 | 3 0 | 3 7 | 3 14 | 3 21 | 3 28 | 3 35 | 3 42 | 3 49 | 3 56 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 47 | |
| 47 | 2 19 | 2 26 | 2 33 | 2 40 | 2 47 | 2 54 | 3 1 | 3 8 | 3 15 | 3 22 | 3 29 | 3 36 | 3 43 | 3 50 | 3 57 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 48 | |
| 48 | 2 20 | 2 27 | 2 34 | 2 41 | 2 48 | 2 55 | 3 2 | 3 9 | 3 16 | 3 23 | 3 30 | 3 37 | 3 44 | 3 51 | 3 58 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 49 | |
| 49 | 2 21 | 2 28 | 2 35 | 2 42 | 2 49 | 2 56 | 3 3 | 3 10 | 3 17 | 3 24 | 3 31 | 3 38 | 3 45 | 3 52 | 3 59 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 50 | |
| 50 | 2 22 | 2 29 | 2 36 | 2 43 | 2 50 | 2 57 | 3 4 | 3 11 | 3 18 | 3 25 | 3 32 | 3 39 | 3 46 | 3 53 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 51 | |
| 51 | 2 23 | 2 30 | 2 37 | 2 44 | 2 51 | 2 58 | 3 5 | 3 12 | 3 19 | 3 26 | 3 33 | 3 40 | 3 47 | 3 54 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 52 | |
| 52 | 2 24 | 2 31 | 2 38 | 2 45 | 2 52 | 2 59 | 3 6 | 3 13 | 3 20 | 3 27 | 3 34 | 3 41 | 3 48 | 3 55 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 53 | |
| 53 | 2 25 | 2 32 | 2 39 | 2 46 | 2 53 | 3 0 | 3 7 | 3 14 | 3 21 | 3 28 | 3 35 | 3 42 | 3 49 | 3 56 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 54 | |
| 54 | 2 26 | 2 33 | 2 40 | 2 47 | 2 54 | 3 1 | 3 8 | 3 15 | 3 22 | 3 29 | 3 36 | 3 43 | 3 50 | 3 57 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 55 | |
| 55 | 2 27 | 2 34 | 2 41 | 2 48 | 2 55 | 3 2 | 3 9 | 3 16 | 3 23 | 3 30 | 3 37 | 3 44 | 3 51 | 3 58 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 56 | |
| 56 | 2 28 | 2 35 | 2 42 | 2 49 | 2 56 | 3 3 | 3 10 | 3 17 | 3 24 | 3 31 | 3 38 | 3 45 | 3 52 | 3 59 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 57 | |
| 57 | 2 29 | 2 36 | 2 43 | 2 50 | 2 57 | 3 4 | 3 11 | 3 18 | 3 25 | 3 32 | 3 39 | 3 46 | 3 53 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 58 | |
| 58 | 2 30 | 2 37 | 2 44 | 2 51 | 2 58 | 3 5 | 3 12 | 3 19 | 3 26 | 3 33 | 3 40 | 3 47 | 3 54 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 59 | |
| 59 | 2 31 | 2 38 | 2 45 | 2 52 | 2 59 | 3 6 | 3 13 | 3 20 | 3 27 | 3 34 | 3 41 | 3 48 | 3 55 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 60 | |
| 60 | 2 32 | 2 39 | 2 46 | 2 53 | 3 0 | 3 7 | 3 14 | 3 21 | 3 28 | 3 35 | 3 42 | 3 49 | 3 56 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 61 | |
| 61 | 2 33 | 2 40 | 2 47 | 2 54 | 3 1 | 3 8 | 3 15 | 3 22 | 3 29 | 3 36 | 3 43 | 3 50 | 3 57 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 62 | |
| 62 | 2 34 | 2 41 | 2 48 | 2 55 | 3 2 | 3 9 | 3 16 | 3 23 | 3 30 | 3 37 | 3 44 | 3 51 | 3 58 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 63 | |
| 63 | 2 35 | 2 42 | 2 49 | 2 56 | 3 3 | 3 10 | 3 17 | 3 24 | 3 31 | 3 38 | 3 45 | 3 52 | 3 59 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 64 | |
| 64 | 2 36 | 2 43 | 2 50 | 2 57 | 3 4 | 3 11 | 3 18 | 3 25 | 3 32 | 3 39 | 3 46 | 3 53 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 4 49 | 65 | |
| 65 | 2 37 | 2 44 | 2 51 | 2 58 | 3 5 | 3 12 | 3 19 | 3 26 | 3 33 | 3 40 | 3 47 | 3 54 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 4 49 | 66 | |
| 66 | 2 38 | 2 45 | 2 52 | 2 59 | 3 6 | 3 13 | 3 20 | 3 27 | 3 34 | 3 41 | 3 48 | 3 55 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 4 49 | 67 | |
| 67 | 2 39 | 2 46 | 2 53 | 3 0 | 3 7 | 3 14 | 3 21 | 3 28 | 3 35 | 3 42 | 3 49 | 3 56 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 4 49 | 68 | |
| 68 | 2 40 | 2 47 | 2 54 | 3 1 | 3 8 | 3 15 | 3 22 | 3 29 | 3 36 | 3 43 | 3 50 | 3 57 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 4 49 | 69 | |
| 69 | 2 41 | 2 48 | 2 55 | 3 2 | 3 9 | 3 16 | 3 23 | 3 30 | 3 37 | 3 44 | 3 51 | 3 58 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 4 49 | 70 | |
| 70 | 2 42 | 2 49 | 2 56 | 3 3 | 3 10 | 3 17 | 3 24 | 3 31 | 3 38 | 3 45 | 3 52 | 3 59 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 4 49 | 71 | |
| 71 | 2 43 | 2 50 | 2 57 | 3 4 | 3 11 | 3 18 | 3 25 | 3 32 | 3 39 | 3 46 | 3 53 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 4 49 | 4 56 | 72 | |
| 72 | 2 44 | 2 51 | 2 58 | 3 5 | 3 12 | 3 19 | 3 26 | 3 33 | 3 40 | 3 47 | 3 54 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 4 49 | 4 56 | 73 | |
| 73 | 2 45 | 2 52 | 2 59 | 3 6 | 3 13 | 3 20 | 3 27 | 3 34 | 3 41 | 3 48 | 3 55 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 4 49 | 4 56 | 74 | |
| 74 | 2 46 | 2 53 | 2 60 | 3 7 | 3 14 | 3 21 | 3 28 | 3 35 | 3 42 | 3 49 | 3 56 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 4 49 | 4 56 | 75 | |
| 75 | 2 47 | 2 54 | 2 61 | 3 8 | 3 15 | 3 22 | 3 29 | 3 36 | 3 43 | 3 50 | 3 57 | 4 0 | 4 7 | 4 14 | 4 21 | 4 28 | 4 35 | 4 42 | 4 49 | 4 56 | 76 | |

Schedule (B.)—continued.

TABLE No. 3.

Showing the ANNUAL AMOUNT of LIFE ANNUITIES granted on the Continuation of Two Lives, and the Life of the longer Liver of them, which will be payable for every £1000 Stock transferred, according to the Average Price thereof, in 1872 the Age of the older Nominer shall exceed the Age of the younger Nominer by more than Five Years, but not by more than Ten Years at the time of the Transfer.

| Age of younger
Life | Price of the $\text{£}1000$ per Cent. Consolidated or Reduced Annuity. | | | | | | | | | | Age of
older
Life | | |
|------------------------|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----|--|
| | 50 | | 51 | | 52 | | 53 | | 54 | | | 55 | |
| | and under
51- | and under
52- | and under
53- | and under
54- | and under
55- | and under
56- | and under
57- | and under
58- | and under
59- | and under
60- | | | |
| 35 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 35 | |
| 36 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 36 | |
| 37 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 3 11 | 37 | |
| 38 | 3 10 | 3 10 | 3 10 | 3 10 | 3 10 | 3 10 | 3 10 | 3 10 | 3 10 | 3 10 | 3 10 | 38 | |
| 39 | 3 9 | 3 9 | 3 9 | 3 9 | 3 9 | 3 9 | 3 9 | 3 9 | 3 9 | 3 9 | 3 9 | 39 | |
| 40 | 3 8 | 3 8 | 3 8 | 3 8 | 3 8 | 3 8 | 3 8 | 3 8 | 3 8 | 3 8 | 3 8 | 40 | |
| 41 | 3 7 | 3 7 | 3 7 | 3 7 | 3 7 | 3 7 | 3 7 | 3 7 | 3 7 | 3 7 | 3 7 | 41 | |
| 42 | 3 6 | 3 6 | 3 6 | 3 6 | 3 6 | 3 6 | 3 6 | 3 6 | 3 6 | 3 6 | 3 6 | 42 | |
| 43 | 3 5 | 3 5 | 3 5 | 3 5 | 3 5 | 3 5 | 3 5 | 3 5 | 3 5 | 3 5 | 3 5 | 43 | |
| 44 | 3 4 | 3 4 | 3 4 | 3 4 | 3 4 | 3 4 | 3 4 | 3 4 | 3 4 | 3 4 | 3 4 | 44 | |
| 45 | 3 3 | 3 3 | 3 3 | 3 3 | 3 3 | 3 3 | 3 3 | 3 3 | 3 3 | 3 3 | 3 3 | 45 | |
| 46 | 3 2 | 3 2 | 3 2 | 3 2 | 3 2 | 3 2 | 3 2 | 3 2 | 3 2 | 3 2 | 3 2 | 46 | |
| 47 | 3 1 | 3 1 | 3 1 | 3 1 | 3 1 | 3 1 | 3 1 | 3 1 | 3 1 | 3 1 | 3 1 | 47 | |
| 48 | 3 0 | 3 0 | 3 0 | 3 0 | 3 0 | 3 0 | 3 0 | 3 0 | 3 0 | 3 0 | 3 0 | 48 | |
| 49 | 2 11 | 2 11 | 2 11 | 2 11 | 2 11 | 2 11 | 2 11 | 2 11 | 2 11 | 2 11 | 2 11 | 49 | |
| 50 | 4 4 | 4 5 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 7 | 4 8 | 4 9 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 50 | |
| 51 | 4 5 | 4 6 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 8 | 4 9 | 4 10 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 51 | |
| 52 | 4 6 | 4 7 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 9 | 4 10 | 4 11 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 52 | |
| 53 | 4 7 | 4 8 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 10 | 4 11 | 4 12 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 53 | |
| 54 | 4 8 | 4 9 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 11 | 4 12 | 4 13 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 54 | |
| 55 | 4 9 | 4 10 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 12 | 4 13 | 4 14 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 55 | |
| 56 | 4 10 | 4 11 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 13 | 4 14 | 4 15 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 56 | |
| 57 | 4 11 | 4 12 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 14 | 4 15 | 4 16 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 57 | |
| 58 | 4 12 | 4 13 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 15 | 4 16 | 4 17 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 58 | |
| 59 | 4 13 | 4 14 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 16 | 4 17 | 4 18 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 59 | |
| 60 | 4 14 | 4 15 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 17 | 4 18 | 4 19 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 60 | |
| 61 | 4 15 | 4 16 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 18 | 4 19 | 4 20 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 61 | |
| 62 | 4 16 | 4 17 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 19 | 4 20 | 4 21 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 62 | |
| 63 | 4 17 | 4 18 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 20 | 4 21 | 4 22 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 63 | |
| 64 | 4 18 | 4 19 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 21 | 4 22 | 4 23 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 64 | |
| 65 | 4 19 | 4 20 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 22 | 4 23 | 4 24 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 65 | |
| 66 | 4 20 | 4 21 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 23 | 4 24 | 4 25 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 66 | |
| 67 | 4 21 | 4 22 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 24 | 4 25 | 4 26 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 67 | |
| 68 | 4 22 | 4 23 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 25 | 4 26 | 4 27 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 68 | |
| 69 | 4 23 | 4 24 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 26 | 4 27 | 4 28 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 69 | |
| 70 | 4 24 | 4 25 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 27 | 4 28 | 4 29 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 31 | 4 31 | 70 | |

Schedule (B) — *continued*.

TABLE No. 4.

Showing the Annual Amount of Life Annuities granted for the Certain Part of Two Lives, and the Life of the longer Lives of them, which will be paid for every £100 of stock purchased, according to the Average Price thereof, in each, the Age of the said Purchaser, &c. &c. 1/2% Above the younger Name by more than Ten Years, but not by more than Fifteen Years, & the Date of the purchase.

| Age of Purchaser
Lives. | Price of £1. per Cent. Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities. | | | | | | | | | | Age of younger
Lives. | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 50 | | 51 | | 52 | | 53 | | 54 | | | 55 | | 56 | | 57 | | 58 | | 59 | |
| | and under
54. | and under
54. | and under
55. | and under
55. | and under
56. | and under
56. | and under
57. | and under
57. | and under
58. | and under
58. | | and under
59. | and under
59. | and under
60. | and under
60. | and under
61. | and under
61. | and under
62. | and under
62. | and under
63. | and under
63. |
| 26 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 38 |
| 27 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 3 13 | 37 |
| 28 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 3 15 | 36 |
| 29 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 3 16 | 35 |
| 30 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 3 17 | 34 |
| 31 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 3 18 | 33 |
| 32 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 3 19 | 32 |
| 33 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 4 0 | 31 |
| 34 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 4 1 | 30 |
| 35 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 4 2 | 29 |
| 36 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 28 |
| 37 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 27 |
| 38 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 26 |
| 39 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 4 6 | 25 |
| 40 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 4 7 | 24 |
| 41 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 4 8 | 23 |
| 42 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 4 9 | 22 |
| 43 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 4 10 | 21 |
| 44 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 4 11 | 20 |
| 45 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 4 12 | 19 |
| 46 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 4 13 | 18 |
| 47 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 4 14 | 17 |
| 48 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 4 15 | 16 |
| 49 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 4 16 | 15 |
| 50 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 4 17 | 14 |
| 51 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 4 18 | 13 |
| 52 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 4 19 | 12 |
| 53 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 4 20 | 11 |
| 54 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 4 21 | 10 |
| 55 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 4 22 | 9 |
| 56 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 4 23 | 8 |
| 57 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 4 24 | 7 |
| 58 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 6 |
| 59 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 4 26 | 5 |
| 60 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 27 | 4 |
| 61 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 4 28 | 3 |
| 62 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 4 29 | 2 |
| 63 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 4 30 | 1 |

Schedule [B.]—continued.

TABLE No. 5.

Showing the Annual Amount of Loan Annuities granted on the Certificates of Two Lives, and the Lik. of the Issue & Term of them, which will be payable for every £1000 of such annuity, according to the Average Price thereof, in only the Age of the older Mortality shall exceed the Age of the younger Mortality by more than Three Years, but not by more than Five Years in the Case of the Two Lives.

| Age of younger Mortality. | Price of the £3. per Cent. Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities. | | | | | | | | | | | | Age of older Mortality. | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----|
| | 50 | | 51 | | 52 | | 53 | | 54 | | 55 | | | 56 | | 57 | | 58 | | 59 | | |
| | under | under | under | under | under | under | under | under | under | under | under | under | | under | under | under | under | under | under | under | under | |
| 20 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | 25 | |
| 21 | 3 14 | 3 13 | 3 12 | 3 11 | 3 10 | 3 9 | 3 8 | 3 7 | 3 6 | 3 5 | 3 4 | 3 3 | 3 2 | 3 1 | 3 0 | 2 29 | 2 28 | 2 27 | 2 26 | 2 25 | 2 24 | 26 |
| 22 | 3 22 | 3 21 | 3 20 | 3 19 | 3 18 | 3 17 | 3 16 | 3 15 | 3 14 | 3 13 | 3 12 | 3 11 | 3 10 | 3 9 | 3 8 | 3 7 | 3 6 | 3 5 | 3 4 | 3 3 | 3 2 | 27 |
| 23 | 3 30 | 3 29 | 3 28 | 3 27 | 3 26 | 3 25 | 3 24 | 3 23 | 3 22 | 3 21 | 3 20 | 3 19 | 3 18 | 3 17 | 3 16 | 3 15 | 3 14 | 3 13 | 3 12 | 3 11 | 3 10 | 28 |
| 24 | 3 38 | 3 37 | 3 36 | 3 35 | 3 34 | 3 33 | 3 32 | 3 31 | 3 30 | 3 29 | 3 28 | 3 27 | 3 26 | 3 25 | 3 24 | 3 23 | 3 22 | 3 21 | 3 20 | 3 19 | 3 18 | 29 |
| 25 | 3 46 | 3 45 | 3 44 | 3 43 | 3 42 | 3 41 | 3 40 | 3 39 | 3 38 | 3 37 | 3 36 | 3 35 | 3 34 | 3 33 | 3 32 | 3 31 | 3 30 | 3 29 | 3 28 | 3 27 | 3 26 | 30 |
| 26 | 3 54 | 3 53 | 3 52 | 3 51 | 3 50 | 3 49 | 3 48 | 3 47 | 3 46 | 3 45 | 3 44 | 3 43 | 3 42 | 3 41 | 3 40 | 3 39 | 3 38 | 3 37 | 3 36 | 3 35 | 3 34 | 31 |
| 27 | 4 02 | 4 01 | 4 00 | 3 59 | 3 58 | 3 57 | 3 56 | 3 55 | 3 54 | 3 53 | 3 52 | 3 51 | 3 50 | 3 49 | 3 48 | 3 47 | 3 46 | 3 45 | 3 44 | 3 43 | 3 42 | 32 |
| 28 | 4 10 | 4 09 | 4 08 | 4 07 | 4 06 | 4 05 | 4 04 | 4 03 | 4 02 | 4 01 | 4 00 | 3 59 | 3 58 | 3 57 | 3 56 | 3 55 | 3 54 | 3 53 | 3 52 | 3 51 | 3 50 | 33 |
| 29 | 4 18 | 4 17 | 4 16 | 4 15 | 4 14 | 4 13 | 4 12 | 4 11 | 4 10 | 4 09 | 4 08 | 4 07 | 4 06 | 4 05 | 4 04 | 4 03 | 4 02 | 4 01 | 4 00 | 3 59 | 3 58 | 34 |
| 30 | 4 26 | 4 25 | 4 24 | 4 23 | 4 22 | 4 21 | 4 20 | 4 19 | 4 18 | 4 17 | 4 16 | 4 15 | 4 14 | 4 13 | 4 12 | 4 11 | 4 10 | 4 09 | 4 08 | 4 07 | 4 06 | 35 |
| 31 | 4 34 | 4 33 | 4 32 | 4 31 | 4 30 | 4 29 | 4 28 | 4 27 | 4 26 | 4 25 | 4 24 | 4 23 | 4 22 | 4 21 | 4 20 | 4 19 | 4 18 | 4 17 | 4 16 | 4 15 | 4 14 | 36 |
| 32 | 4 42 | 4 41 | 4 40 | 4 39 | 4 38 | 4 37 | 4 36 | 4 35 | 4 34 | 4 33 | 4 32 | 4 31 | 4 30 | 4 29 | 4 28 | 4 27 | 4 26 | 4 25 | 4 24 | 4 23 | 4 22 | 37 |
| 33 | 4 50 | 4 49 | 4 48 | 4 47 | 4 46 | 4 45 | 4 44 | 4 43 | 4 42 | 4 41 | 4 40 | 4 39 | 4 38 | 4 37 | 4 36 | 4 35 | 4 34 | 4 33 | 4 32 | 4 31 | 4 30 | 38 |
| 34 | 4 58 | 4 57 | 4 56 | 4 55 | 4 54 | 4 53 | 4 52 | 4 51 | 4 50 | 4 49 | 4 48 | 4 47 | 4 46 | 4 45 | 4 44 | 4 43 | 4 42 | 4 41 | 4 40 | 4 39 | 4 38 | 39 |
| 35 | 5 06 | 5 05 | 5 04 | 5 03 | 5 02 | 5 01 | 5 00 | 4 59 | 4 58 | 4 57 | 4 56 | 4 55 | 4 54 | 4 53 | 4 52 | 4 51 | 4 50 | 4 49 | 4 48 | 4 47 | 4 46 | 40 |
| 36 | 5 14 | 5 13 | 5 12 | 5 11 | 5 10 | 5 09 | 5 08 | 5 07 | 5 06 | 5 05 | 5 04 | 5 03 | 5 02 | 5 01 | 5 00 | 4 59 | 4 58 | 4 57 | 4 56 | 4 55 | 4 54 | 41 |
| 37 | 5 22 | 5 21 | 5 20 | 5 19 | 5 18 | 5 17 | 5 16 | 5 15 | 5 14 | 5 13 | 5 12 | 5 11 | 5 10 | 5 09 | 5 08 | 5 07 | 5 06 | 5 05 | 5 04 | 5 03 | 5 02 | 42 |
| 38 | 5 30 | 5 29 | 5 28 | 5 27 | 5 26 | 5 25 | 5 24 | 5 23 | 5 22 | 5 21 | 5 20 | 5 19 | 5 18 | 5 17 | 5 16 | 5 15 | 5 14 | 5 13 | 5 12 | 5 11 | 5 10 | 43 |
| 39 | 5 38 | 5 37 | 5 36 | 5 35 | 5 34 | 5 33 | 5 32 | 5 31 | 5 30 | 5 29 | 5 28 | 5 27 | 5 26 | 5 25 | 5 24 | 5 23 | 5 22 | 5 21 | 5 20 | 5 19 | 5 18 | 44 |
| 40 | 5 46 | 5 45 | 5 44 | 5 43 | 5 42 | 5 41 | 5 40 | 5 39 | 5 38 | 5 37 | 5 36 | 5 35 | 5 34 | 5 33 | 5 32 | 5 31 | 5 30 | 5 29 | 5 28 | 5 27 | 5 26 | 45 |
| 41 | 5 54 | 5 53 | 5 52 | 5 51 | 5 50 | 5 49 | 5 48 | 5 47 | 5 46 | 5 45 | 5 44 | 5 43 | 5 42 | 5 41 | 5 40 | 5 39 | 5 38 | 5 37 | 5 36 | 5 35 | 5 34 | 46 |
| 42 | 6 02 | 6 01 | 6 00 | 5 59 | 5 58 | 5 57 | 5 56 | 5 55 | 5 54 | 5 53 | 5 52 | 5 51 | 5 50 | 5 49 | 5 48 | 5 47 | 5 46 | 5 45 | 5 44 | 5 43 | 5 42 | 47 |
| 43 | 6 10 | 6 09 | 6 08 | 6 07 | 6 06 | 6 05 | 6 04 | 6 03 | 6 02 | 6 01 | 6 00 | 5 59 | 5 58 | 5 57 | 5 56 | 5 55 | 5 54 | 5 53 | 5 52 | 5 51 | 5 50 | 48 |
| 44 | 6 18 | 6 17 | 6 16 | 6 15 | 6 14 | 6 13 | 6 12 | 6 11 | 6 10 | 6 09 | 6 08 | 6 07 | 6 06 | 6 05 | 6 04 | 6 03 | 6 02 | 6 01 | 6 00 | 5 59 | 5 58 | 49 |
| 45 | 6 26 | 6 25 | 6 24 | 6 23 | 6 22 | 6 21 | 6 20 | 6 19 | 6 18 | 6 17 | 6 16 | 6 15 | 6 14 | 6 13 | 6 12 | 6 11 | 6 10 | 6 09 | 6 08 | 6 07 | 6 06 | 50 |
| 46 | 6 34 | 6 33 | 6 32 | 6 31 | 6 30 | 6 29 | 6 28 | 6 27 | 6 26 | 6 25 | 6 24 | 6 23 | 6 22 | 6 21 | 6 20 | 6 19 | 6 18 | 6 17 | 6 16 | 6 15 | 6 14 | 51 |
| 47 | 6 42 | 6 41 | 6 40 | 6 39 | 6 38 | 6 37 | 6 36 | 6 35 | 6 34 | 6 33 | 6 32 | 6 31 | 6 30 | 6 29 | 6 28 | 6 27 | 6 26 | 6 25 | 6 24 | 6 23 | 6 22 | 52 |
| 48 | 6 50 | 6 49 | 6 48 | 6 47 | 6 46 | 6 45 | 6 44 | 6 43 | 6 42 | 6 41 | 6 40 | 6 39 | 6 38 | 6 37 | 6 36 | 6 35 | 6 34 | 6 33 | 6 32 | 6 31 | 6 30 | 53 |
| 49 | 6 58 | 6 57 | 6 56 | 6 55 | 6 54 | 6 53 | 6 52 | 6 51 | 6 50 | 6 49 | 6 48 | 6 47 | 6 46 | 6 45 | 6 44 | 6 43 | 6 42 | 6 41 | 6 40 | 6 39 | 6 38 | 54 |
| 50 | 7 06 | 7 05 | 7 04 | 7 03 | 7 02 | 7 01 | 7 00 | 6 59 | 6 58 | 6 57 | 6 56 | 6 55 | 6 54 | 6 53 | 6 52 | 6 51 | 6 50 | 6 49 | 6 48 | 6 47 | 6 46 | 55 |
| 51 | 7 14 | 7 13 | 7 12 | 7 11 | 7 10 | 7 09 | 7 08 | 7 07 | 7 06 | 7 05 | 7 04 | 7 03 | 7 02 | 7 01 | 7 00 | 6 59 | 6 58 | 6 57 | 6 56 | 6 55 | 6 54 | 56 |
| 52 | 7 22 | 7 21 | 7 20 | 7 19 | 7 18 | 7 17 | 7 16 | 7 15 | 7 14 | 7 13 | 7 12 | 7 11 | 7 10 | 7 09 | 7 08 | 7 07 | 7 06 | 7 05 | 7 04 | 7 03 | 7 02 | 57 |

TABLE No. 6.

Showing the Annual Amount of Loan Annuities granted on the Certificates of Two Lives, and the Lik. of the Issue & Term of them, which will be payable for every £2000 of such annuity, according to the Average Price thereof, in only the Age of the older Mortality shall exceed the Age of the younger Mortality by more than Three Years, but not by more than Five Years in the Case of the Two Lives.

| Age of younger Mortality. | Price of the £3. per Cent. Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities. | | | | | | | | | | | | Age of older Mortality. | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----|
| | 50 | | 51 | | 52 | | 53 | | 54 | | 55 | | | 56 | | 57 | | 58 | | 59 | | |
| | under | under | under | under | under | under | under | under | under | under | under | under | | under | under | under | under | under | under | under | under | |
| 20 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | £ 6 | 25 | |
| 21 | 3 14 | 3 13 | 3 12 | 3 11 | 3 10 | 3 9 | 3 8 | 3 7 | 3 6 | 3 5 | 3 4 | 3 3 | 3 2 | 3 1 | 3 0 | 2 29 | 2 28 | 2 27 | 2 26 | 2 25 | 2 24 | 26 |
| 22 | 3 22 | 3 21 | 3 20 | 3 19 | 3 18 | 3 17 | 3 16 | 3 15 | 3 14 | 3 13 | 3 12 | 3 11 | 3 10 | 3 9 | 3 8 | 3 7 | 3 6 | 3 5 | 3 4 | 3 3 | 3 2 | 27 |
| 23 | 3 30 | 3 29 | 3 28 | 3 27 | 3 26 | 3 25 | 3 24 | 3 23 | 3 22 | 3 21 | 3 20 | 3 19 | 3 18 | 3 17 | 3 16 | 3 15 | 3 14 | 3 13 | 3 12 | 3 11 | 3 10 | 28 |
| 24 | 3 38 | 3 37 | 3 36 | 3 35 | 3 34 | 3 33 | 3 32 | 3 31 | 3 30 | 3 29 | 3 28 | 3 27 | 3 26 | 3 25 | 3 24 | 3 23 | 3 22 | 3 21 | 3 20 | 3 19 | 3 18 | 29 |
| 25 | 3 46 | 3 45 | 3 44 | 3 43 | 3 42 | 3 41 | 3 40 | 3 39 | 3 38 | 3 37 | 3 36 | 3 35 | 3 34 | 3 33 | 3 32 | 3 31 | 3 30 | 3 29 | 3 28 | 3 27 | 3 26 | 30 |
| 26 | 3 54 | 3 53 | 3 52 | 3 51 | 3 50 | 3 49 | 3 48 | 3 47 | 3 46 | 3 45 | 3 44 | 3 43 | 3 42 | 3 41 | 3 40 | 3 39 | 3 38 | 3 37 | 3 36 | 3 35 | 3 34 | 31 |
| 27 | 4 02 | 4 01 | 4 00 | 3 59 | 3 58 | 3 57 | 3 56 | 3 55 | 3 54 | 3 53 | 3 52 | 3 51 | 3 50 | 3 49 | 3 48 | 3 47 | 3 46 | 3 45 | 3 44 | 3 43 | 3 42 | 32 |
| 28 | 4 10 | 4 09 | 4 08 | 4 07 | 4 06 | 4 05 | 4 04 | 4 03 | 4 02 | 4 01 | 4 00 | 3 59 | 3 58 | 3 57 | 3 56 | 3 55 | 3 54 | 3 53 | 3 52 | 3 51 | 3 50 | 33 |
| 29 | 4 18 | 4 17 | 4 16 | 4 15 | 4 14 | 4 13 | 4 12 | 4 11 | 4 10 | 4 09 | 4 08 | 4 07 | 4 06 | 4 05 | 4 04 | 4 03 | 4 02 | 4 01 | 4 00 | 3 59 | 3 58 | 34 |
| 30 | 4 26 | 4 25 | 4 24 | 4 23 | 4 22 | 4 21 | 4 20 | 4 19 | 4 18 | 4 17 | 4 16 | 4 15 | 4 14 | 4 13 | 4 12 | 4 11 | 4 10 | 4 09 | 4 08 | 4 07 | 4 06 | 35 |
| 31 | 4 34 | 4 33 | 4 32 | 4 31 | 4 30 | 4 29 | 4 28 | 4 27 | 4 26 | 4 25 | 4 24 | 4 23 | 4 22 | 4 21 | 4 20 | 4 19 | 4 18 | 4 17 | 4 16 | 4 15 | 4 14 | 36 |
| 32 | 4 42 | 4 41 | 4 40 | 4 39 | 4 38 | 4 37 | 4 36 | 4 35 | 4 34 | 4 33 | 4 32 | 4 31 | 4 30 | 4 29 | 4 28 | 4 27 | 4 26 | 4 25 | 4 24 | 4 23 | 4 22 | 37 |
| 33 | 4 50 | 4 49 | 4 48 | 4 47 | 4 46 | 4 45 | 4 44 | 4 43 | 4 42 | 4 41 | 4 40 | 4 39 | 4 38 | 4 37 | 4 36 | 4 35 | 4 34 | 4 33 | 4 32 | 4 31 | 4 30 | 38 |
| 34 | 4 58 | 4 57 | 4 56 | 4 55 | 4 54 | 4 53 | 4 52 | 4 51 | 4 50 | 4 49 | 4 48 | 4 47 | 4 46 | 4 45 | 4 44 | 4 43 | 4 42 | 4 41 | 4 40 | 4 39 | 4 38 | 39 |
| 35 | 5 06 | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | |
|---|--|
| 40 G. 3. c. 15. | <p><i>George the Third, enacted An Act for the more effectual punishing wicked and evil disposed Persons, young or old, as Highway-robbers, Highwaymen and Villains in the Highway and Properties of His Majesty's Subjects, and for the more speedy punishing the Offenders in Public: And whereas an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled An Act for the more effectual Punishment of such Persons as shall steal or purloin, burn or otherwise deface or spoil any Mail or Mails, or for preventing the defacement or damage of Letters by a drawing, Callowing and Mending, Waggons, Kays or other Things used in conveying Letters, and whereas an Act passed in the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intitled An Act for the further Protection of Persons injured by the forcible pulling down and demolishing of Mills, or of Works, Structures belonging to Persons lawfully and justly entitled: And whereas an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intitled An Act for the further Protection of Persons injured, and attempting to be injured, headed by Fire Arms, Balling, cutting, wounding, poisoning, and the malicious using of Mines to prevent the Mischance of Waters; and also the malicious firing of Mines, Buildings; and also for punishing a certain Act, made in England in the Tenth Year of the late King James the First, intitled An Act to prevent the defrauding and murthering of English Children; and also an Act made in Ireland in the Sixth Year of the Reign of the late Queen Anne, who intitled an Act to prevent the defrauding and murthering of English Children, and for making other Provisions in this behalf: And whereas it is expedient and necessary that more effectual Provisions should be made for the Protection of Property out within the Provisions of the said Acts of May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and he it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person who shall, from and after the passing of this Act, wilfully or maliciously burn or set fire to any Buildings, Erections or Engines, which shall be said or employed in the carrying on or conducting of any Trade or Manufactory, or any Branch or Department of any Trade or Manufactory of Goods, Wares or Merchandize, of any Kind or Description whatsoever, or in which any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, shall be warehoused or deposited, shall, upon being lawfully convicted thereof, be adjudged guilty of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy, and shall suffer Death as in case of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.</i></p> |
| Wright's Act on Building, &c. | <p><i>II. And he it further enacted, That if, after the passing of this Act, any Person or Persons wilfully, maliciously and unlawfully assembled together in Disobedience of the public Peace, shall wilfully and with Force demolish or pull down, or begin to demolish or pull down, any Erection and Building or Engine which shall be used or employed in the carrying on or conducting of any Trade or Manufactory, or any Branch or Department of any Trade or Manufactory of Goods, Wares or Merchandize, of any Kind or Description whatsoever, or in which any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, shall be warehoused or deposited, that then every such demolishing or pulling down, or beginning to demolish or pull down, shall be adjudged Felony, without Benefit of Clergy, and the Offenders therein shall be adjudged Felons, and shall suffer Death as in case of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.</i></p> |
| Death. | |
| Demolishing Buildings, &c. | <p><i>III. And he it further enacted, That the Person or Persons seized or demolished by such demolishing or pulling down, wholly or in Part, of any such Erection, Building or Engine as aforesaid, shall be entitled to, and may and he lawfully empowered to recover the Value of such Erection, Building or Engine, and of the Machinery belonging thereto, as aforesaid, which shall be destroyed in such demolishing as aforesaid, or the Amount of the Damage which may be done to any such Erection, Building or Engine or Machinery aforesaid, in such demolishing and removal of anything as Part or otherwise; and such Value or Damage shall and may be recovered, heard, raised and re-embursed, in such Manner and Form, and by such ways and means as are particularly provided, directed or referred to, in the said recited Act of the First Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, in respect of the several Defractions of Buildings therein mentioned.</i></p> |
| Death. | |
| Value of or Damage done to Machinery, &c. recoverable in Law. | <p><i>IV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall be entitled to recover any Damages by virtue of this Act, unless he or they, by themselves or by their Servants, within Two Days after such Damage or Injury done to them by any such Offender or Offenders as aforesaid, shall give Notice of such Offence done and committed upon some of the Inhabitants of some Town, Village or Hamlet, over whom the Place where any such Fact shall be committed, and shall within Four Days after such Notice, give in to him, her or their Lieutenant upon Oath, or the Eschevier upon Oath of him, her or their Servant or Servants, that had the Care of him or their Erection, Buildings, Engine or Machinery so destroyed or damaged as aforesaid, and show any Justice of the Peace of the County, Liberty or Division where such Fact shall be committed, and in writing to the said Hundred where the said Fact shall happen to be committed, or write to the same, whether he or they do know it or Person or Persons that committed the said Fact, or any of them; and if upon such Examination it is certified that he or they do so in the Person or Persons that committed the said Fact, or any of them, that then he or they do certify that he or they do certify that he or they do certify that such Offender or Offenders by themselves or by their Servants, acting to the Law of this Realm: Provided also, that no Person who shall suffer any Damage by reason of any Offence to be committed by any Offender contrary to the Act, shall be thereby or shall be liable to bring any Action against any Inhabitants of any Hundred where such Offence shall be committed, except the Party or Parties suffering such Damage shall commence his or their Action or Suit within Six Year next after such Offence shall be committed: Provided nevertheless, that the Justice hereby required may and he it given as aforesaid to the Sheriff or Eschevier Deputy or Substitutes of the County or Shire where such Fact shall happen to be committed, in order that such Justice may be taken as the Law of England prescribes in such cases.</i></p> |
| 4 G. 1. Stat. 1. c. 7. | |
| Proceedings to prevent Damages. | |
| Recompence. 1. 1700. | |
| Death. | |

C A P. CXXXI.

An Act to exempt from the Payment of One Shilling and of Six pence in the Pound, certain Augmentations made to the Stipend of Parishes in Scotland. [18th July 1812.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for augmenting parished Stipends in certain Parishes in Scotland*; And whereas it is expedient that certain of the Augmentations made under the said recited Act should be exempted from the Duties of One Shilling and Six pence respectively payable under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for continuing and making perpetual several Duties of One Shilling and Six pence, repealed by an Act of the 3^d Year of Parliament, in Offices and Employments of Profits, and an Assessor, Professor and Stipendiary, and thereby granted for One Year, in the Twenty fifth Day of March*; And whereas the said Act is entitled 'That it should be the Duty of His Majesty that it may be enacted; and he is enabled by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, he and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and a temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Augmentations made and payable or paid under or by virtue of the Provisions of the said recited Act of the Fifth Year should be the Stipend of any Parish in Scotland, which do not exceed in their yearly Amount or Value to the Sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds Sterling, shall be chargeable or be charged with the Duties of One Shilling or Six pence, contained and made perpetual by the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, or either of them, or any Part thereof; any thing in the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year elapsed to the contrary notwithstanding.

20 G. 3. c. 14.

49 G. 3. c. 74.

Act repealed but not being repealed only exempted.

C A P. CXXXII.

An Act for explaining, amending and extending the several Laws relative to the Payment of forfeited and unclaimed Shares of Army Force Money, to the Royal Hospital at Chelsea; and for directing the Mode of making up the Accounts of Pensions paid to the Widows of Officers of the Army. [18th July 1812.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen, and for the better and more effectually serving of His Majesty's Navy during the present War*, it is, among other things, enacted, that all and sundry Officers of Soldiers serving in any company Expedition with His Majesty's Naval Forces as defined in the 1st Act, should be paid to the Treasurer of Chelsea Hospital for the Use of the said Hospital, within six Months after Discharge commenced, subject nevertheless to be returned to any Individual entitled to the same, and satisfying his Claim thereon within Six Years immediately Payable to the said Treasurer; and that it should be lawful for the said Treasurer to compel the Agents for the Army to exhibit and verify these Accounts, and pay over such Balances in like manner as the Treasurers of Greenwich Hospital do by the said Act; but empowered to compel the producing and verifying of Accounts and Payment of unclaimed Shares from the Naval Force Agents; and the High Court of Admiralty is authorized to consult the same Powers and Authorities for the recovery and compelling the Payment of all Shares of Soldiers in a private expedition in the War then existing, or in former War, in like manner as the said Court is enabled to do by the now existing or any other Act respecting the unclaimed Shares of Mariners serving in His Majesty's Ships of War; And whereas an Act was passed in the Forty sixth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to explain an Act and an Act and to amend the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the Encouragement of Seamen, and for the better and more effectually serving His Majesty's Navy during the present War*; and for the better and more effectually providing for the Interest of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, and the Royal Hospital for Soldiers at Chelsea; and to amend the Provisions of the said Act in respect of the recovery of Balances due; and for the passing of the said Act: And whereas an Act is passed in the Fifty first Year of His said Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act for continuing and amending the Royal Writs now in Force relative to the Payment to the Royal Hospital at Chelsea, and for the better and more effectually serving of His Majesty's Navy*; And whereas Doubts have arisen whether the said recited Provisions of the said Act of the Forty fifth, or the several Provisions relative to Chelsea Hospital, in the said recited Acts are applicable to Captains or Grants upon Captains made in any War not ended at that time included in the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty now passed; and it is expedient that the said recited Acts, some or one of them should in that respect be explained and amended; and amended; and be therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, he and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, all and any the Provisions, Regulations, Authorities, Powers, Privileges, Duties, Matters and Things in the said recited Acts or either of them and in this Act contained, shall be as they relate to the said Royal Hospital at Chelsea, shall be and be deemed to be applicable, as well to all Pensions and other Grants made in the War which was in being at the passing of the said Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty; and things fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Provisions, Regulations, Authorities, Powers, Privileges, Matters and Things were severally repeated as directed in the Body of and made Part of the said Act, and shall be applicable also to all Salvage Money which shall here or shall be payable to any Officers, Soldiers and Troops, or account of any Receipt or otherwise.

41 G. 3. c. 28. s. 142.

49 G. 3. c. 122.

50 G. 3. c. 104.

Provisions of Acts relating to Chelsea Hospital, applicable as well to subsequent Wars as to War existing at passing of Act of 41 G. 3. c. 122.

II. And

herby respectively authorized and empowered to file a Bill in Equity against such Person or Persons in order to such Account being regularly taken and examined, and other Proceedings being had relative thereto, as owing to the usual Course of Courts of Equity, such Bills to be filed in the Name of the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital at 10 o'clock for the time being, and not to be considered defective on account of the Persons beneficially entitled to the Moneys which shall be the Subject of them, not being made Parties thereto.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Provisions of this and the said recited Acts and every of them, with respect to Persons who shall have received Moneys to which the said Provisions are applicable by virtue of any Power or Order, Powers or Orders, shall, in case of the Death of such Persons, be in every respect applicable to their legal personal Representatives.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Oath or Affidavit by which the Accounts to be rendered in Obedience to such Provisions as aforesaid shall be verified, shall be sworn or subscribed to such Account, and shall be in the Form or to the Effect in the Schedule to this Act set forth.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall fully make Oath to any of the Matters either by this or the said recited Acts or either of them required to be sworn to, Oath, by as they shall be directed to have committed willful and corrupt Perjury, and shall be subject to the like Penalties and Forfeitures as Persons adjudged guilty of that Offence are liable to.

XV. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for accelerating the making up, Examination and Audit of the Accounts of the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces*, certain Rules are prescribed for annually making up as well the General Account of the said Paymaster General, as separate Accounts of Moneys received and paid on account of Half Pay of Officers, Soldiers, and of Persons on the Complement of Land; And whereas it is expedient that the Payment of Persons to the Widows of Officers of His Majesty's Land Forces which is heretofore been made by an Officer appointed for that Purpose, should hereafter be made in the Office of the said Paymaster General; Be it therefore enacted, That in the General Annual Account which shall be made up by the said Paymaster General under the Heading of the said recited Act, in the Year ending on the Twenty fourth Day of December next, he shall charge himself with the Balance which hath been or shall be transferred to his Account from the last Payment of such Half Pay, and also in the same Account, and in the General Annual Account which shall be made up by him in all future Years, he shall and may be lawful for the said Paymaster General on Addition to the Items which by the said recited Act he is allowed to place on the Credit Side of said General Account, to place on the same Side thereof all Sums within the Period of such Account by him issued or transferred to the Account of any Person for the Payment of Pensions to the Widows of Officers of His Majesty's Land Forces; and also that at the time of making up said General Account from Year to Year he shall, besides the separate Accounts directed by the said Act, make up another separate Account of Moneys received and paid within the Period aforesaid; the said General Account on account of the same Persons, in like manner as all other accounts being ordered by the said recited Act to make up the separate Accounts therein specified, and that such separate Account shall be transmitted, examined and declared, and the said Paymaster General shall be directed and authorized therein in the same manner as all other accounts by the said recited Act provided with regard to the separate Accounts thereby directed to be made up.

XVI. And whereas by reason of the Number of Letters and Packets necessarily sent from the Office of the said Paymaster General, it is expedient to prevent such Letters and Packets to be sent free from the Duty of Post, in the manner hitherto accustomed; Be it therefore enacted, That all Letters and Packets to be delivered to the Duties of the said Office which shall be forwarded by the Accountant General of the Army Pay Office, or by the Carrier for the Payment of Half Pay and Widows' Pensions respectively shall be sent free from the said Duty of Postage, provided that the same be under Covers with the Words "Paymaster to" *All of Postmaster* and "Army Pay Office" printed upon the same; and the said Accountant or Carrier respectively (whose Names shall for that Purpose be transferred to the Post Office), do write his Name under the same, and they are hereby expressly prohibited from including or inserting under any such Covers any Writing, Paper or Parcel of anything, excepting such as relate to the Duties of the said Office.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if such Accountant or Carrier respectively shall perform to send or convey under any of the Covers aforesaid, any Writing, Paper or Parcel, other than those relating to the Duties of the said Office, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered with full Costs of Suit, by any Person by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, where, in all Matters, Privilege, Protection, Wages of Law, or more than One Imparison shall be allowed, One Moiety of which Penalty shall go to the Person who shall sue for the same, and the other Moiety thereof to and for the Use of His Majesty.

SCHEDULE to which the Act refers.

FORM OF AFFIDAVIT to be made by Persons who have been authorized by Powers or Orders to receive Army Pensions, &c.

I, *A. B.* of _____ do hereby certify that the annexed (see before written) Account is a full and true Account of all Moneys received by him, or by any other Person or Persons by his Order or Authority to his Knowledge or Belief, made or by virtue of any Powers of Attorney or Power of Attorney, Order or Order, by which he, the Dependent, hath been authorized to receive any Part of Moneys

Monies or other Monies payable to the Army, to which the several Acts of the 49th Geo. 3. c. 78.—49th Geo. 3. c. 125.—51st Geo. 3. c. 204. and 52d Geo. 3. c. . . are applicable; and that the said Account contains also a just and true Statement of all Payments made by him or by his Order and Direction, out of such Monies to the Persons entitled to receive the same, and that the several Payments in the said Account in such were really and truly made to the several Persons in the said Account, named as the Persons to whom such Payments have been made.

FORM OF AFFIDAVIT to be made by the Representatives of Persons who have been authorized by Powers or Orders to receive Army Prize Money.

I, *A. B.* of *such Place* and *Rank*, That he is the acting Executor (as, Admistrator, or the next of kin) of *such Person*, who had in his Lifetime been authorized to receive certain Prize Monies and other Monies payable to the Army, to which the several Acts of the 49th Geo. 3. c. 78.—49th Geo. 3. c. 125.—51st Geo. 3. c. 204. and the 52d Geo. 3. c. . . are applicable, under certain Powers of Attorney or Power of Attorney, Orders or Order granted to him for that Purpose, and who had received Monies by Authority thereof, and that the aforesaid (or before written) Account is a just and true Account, as appears by the Books and Accounts of the said *Person*, and to the best of the Knowledge and Belief of this Deponent, of all Monies received by the said *Person* made by the said *Person* in his Lifetime, or by his Order and Direction, out of such Monies to the Persons entitled to receive the same, as appears also by the Books and Accounts of the said *Person*, and to the best of the Knowledge and Belief of this Deponent: And this Deponent further saith, that since the Death of the said *Person*, the Deponent, both made various Payments out of such Monies, of which Payments the said Account herewith annexed (or before written) contains also a just and true Statement, and that such last mentioned Payments have been really and truly made by this Deponent, or by some Person or Persons by his Authority and Direction, to the several Persons whose Names are named in the said last mentioned Account as the Persons to whom such Payments have been made.

C A P. CXXIII.

An Act for taking an Account of the Population of Ireland, and of the Increase or Diminution thereof. [18th July 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to take an Account of the Total Number of Persons now within that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, called Ireland: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, such Persons as shall be for that Purpose appointed in the manner hereinafter mentioned to sit in and for every Barony and Half Barony in Counties, and every Parish in Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns, shall, at the time and in the manner hereinafter directed, severally take an Account of the Number of Persons who shall be actually found at the time of taking such Accounts to be within the Limits of such Baronies and Half Baronies in Counties, and Parishes in Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns respectively, and shall lay down the several Particulars respecting the same, according to the Form prescribed in the Schedule annexed to this Act.

Account taken of Number of Persons in Ireland

II. And, for the more speedy and effectual obtaining of such Accounts, be it further enacted, That a sufficient Number of printed Copies of this Act, and of the Schedule thereto annexed, shall, within Thirty Days after the passing of this Act, be transmitted, by His Majesty's Printer in Ireland, to the Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks of the several and respective Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns, in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland; and that the said several Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks shall and they are hereby required, with all convenient Speed, to cause the said Act to be distributed to the Secretaries of the several Juries within their respective Limits.

Printed Copy of Act transmitted to Clerks of the Peace, and to Town Clerks in Ireland

III. And be it further enacted, That the several Great Juries of the Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns in Ireland, are hereby empowered and required (in the County of Dublin and County of the City of Dublin, at the next following Term, and in the other Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns, at their respective Spring Assizes which shall be held next after the passing of this Act) in each of the Counties of Counties of Counties of Towns to appoint in and for each Parish One (or if the said Headholder residing therein, to take an Account within the said Parish of the several Matters required by this Act, and in all other Counties in Ireland, to cause the High Constables of each Barony and Half Barony to take an Account within the said Barony and Half Barony respectively, of the several Matters and Things required by this Act, and that such Justice is appointed in Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns, taking to their Assistance and Employ, if they shall think fit, the Churchwardens, Constables and other Peace Officers in such Parish respectively, and in the other Counties of Ireland, taking to their Assistance and employing, if they shall think fit, the Sub-Constables and all Persons employed in appointing and collecting the Grand Jury Assessments (such several Persons being hereby required not to be asked and sitting therein for that Purpose) shall proceed on the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, to take Account of the Number of Persons at that time within the Limits of their respective Baronies, Half Baronies or Parishes, and inform themselves of the several Particulars relating to all the Matters specified in the Schedule herewith annexed.

One Account to appoint Justice of the Peace

sworn, by proceeding from Month to Month in the before mentioned Day, and continuing each their Examination from Day to Day, without Interruption or any great or usual Delay, until the same shall be fully completed; and from each Information as aforesaid shall prepare with all convenient Speed an Answer or Return to all the said Questions, according to the Form prescribed in the said Schedule; and the several Persons so authorized and appointed shall thereafter sign the same with their Names and ordinary Designations, and attach the Certificates directed by such Signatures before some Justice of the Peace of the County or City within which they reside; and, the better to enable them to make such Answers or Returns as aforesaid, they and their said Attendants and Persons by them employed are hereby authorized and empowered to all all such Questioners of the Parties within their respective Parishes, Barons and Half Barons, requiring themselves and the Number and Quality of the Persons constituting their respective Families, to shall be necessary for stating the Particulars required to be stated concerning them in the said Answers and Returns; and every such Person refusing to answer, or wilfully giving a false Answer to such Questions, or any of them, shall, for every such Refusal or false Answer, forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings, at the Discretion of any Justice of the Peace before whom the Complaint thereof shall be made.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the several Affidavits to be taken in Writing by the Persons so appointed as aforesaid, for the Purpose of preparing the several Answers and Returns, and also the said Answers and Returns prepared thereupon, shall be duly delivered or transmitted by them to the several Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks of the Counties, Cities and Corporations of Towns, wherein they were respectively appointed; which said Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks are hereby authorized and required in like to keep and preserve the said Accounts in their respective Offices, and to deliver them over to their Successors in Office respectively; and that the said Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks shall, on or before the Twentieth Day of June next thereafter eight hundred and thirteenth, transmit with all convenient Speed such Answers and Returns as they shall have received in manner aforesaid (together with a List of the Parties within the Counties of Cities and Corporations of Towns, and of the Barons and Half Barons within the other Counties respectively, from whence no Returns have been made to them) to the Office of His Majesty's Chief Secretary for Ireland; and the same shall be digested and reduced into Order by such Officer or such Secretary shall appoint for the Purpose, and that an Abstract thereof shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within the first Forty Days of the Session then next ensuing.

V. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where no Return shall have been made, or where there shall appear, on Examination at the Chief Secretary's Office, good Reason to believe that the Returns made have been defective or inaccurate, the said Chief Secretary is hereby empowered and directed to cause a List of such Parties, Barons and Half Barons, from which no Returns or defective or inaccurate Returns have been received, to be transmitted to the Grand Jury of each County wherein the said Parties, Barons or Half Barons are respectively seated, with Directions that they shall forthwith proceed to cause due Returns to be made therein, under such Provisions and with like Powers as have been given to the Grand Jurors by the aforesaid Statutes.

VI. And be it further enacted, That there shall be paid and allowed for the Trouble and Expence of the several Persons employed in the Transmissions aforesaid, for every Return which shall be so made and transmitted to the Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks respectively, pursuant to the Directions aforesaid, the Sums following; to wit, to the Clerk of the Peace or Town Clerk, for every Return which shall be made from every such Parish, Barony or Half Barony, the Sum of One Shilling, and to the several Headsboroughs and Constables as appointed a reasonable Compensation for the Trouble by them severally taken, and also for the Expence (if any) by them severally incurred in the Execution of the Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jurors of the several Counties, Cities and Corporations of Towns in Ireland, to prefer such Sums or Sums of Money as they may deem reasonable Payment pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, for the Services heretofore rendered, to be raised and levied together and in like manner with the other County Charges, and paid over to the Persons thereto entitled, upon Proof made to the Satisfaction of such Grand Jury, by the Oaths of the Persons respectively employed, that they have faithfully performed the Duties enjoined them by this Act; such Performances being always submitted to the Inspection and Fiat of the Judge of Assize, in like manner with other Provisions.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk, High Constable or other such Officer as aforesaid, and also every such Headsborough or other Person so appointed as aforesaid, making wilful Default in any of the Matters required of them respectively by this Act, shall, for every such wilful Default, forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings, in the Discretion of the Justice or Justices before whom Complaint thereof shall be made; and in case of any of the Headsboroughs or Persons appointed to make such Returns shall by his Signatures attest any Returns as aforesaid, knowing the same to be false, such Person so attesting the same, and being convicted thereof, shall incur and be subject to like Penalties as if he had been guilty of Perjury, by attesting such false Returns on Oath before a Magistrate.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Court of King's Bench, and all and every Judge and Judges of Assize and General Gaol Delivery in Ireland respectively, are hereby directed and required, from time to time, as Occasion shall require, to give this Act in Charge to the Grand Jurors of the several Counties and Cities in Ireland, and to require them to comply therewith as the Law directs; and for that Purpose to define the said Grand Jurors to select and appoint on the First Day of the Assize, immediately after they shall have been sworn, a Committee of their Body, consisting of not more than Five, nor less than Three, to every the Provisions of this Act into Effect.

X. And

K. And be it further enacted, That each and every of the said Grand Jurors which shall be sworn in and sworn of Towns that profess the Laid of Household, be furnished by them or some or several of them, Judge of Assize, together with their other Justices, for the Part of Appointment; and the Laid of Household shall be deemed themselves competent to the Purposes of this Act.

SCHEDULE.

QUESTIONS to which, by Direction of an Act passed in the Tenth Year of the Kings of the Most Noble King George the Third, entitled An Act for taking an Account of the Population of 'Inland,' within England are to be returned by the Householders and High Constables appointed and for the several Parishes, Barons and Half Barons therein mentioned, signed by them respectively, and attested as aforesaid:

Who are respectively required to take an Account of the Resident Population, by proceeding from House to House on the First Day of September, and on the Days immediately following the same, if one Day shall not be sufficient; and they are also required to specify in Writing the Name of the Parish, Barony or Half Barony respectively.

- 1st. How many inhabited Houses are there in your Parish, Barony or Half Barony, and by how many Families are they occupied?
- 2^d. How many Houses are now building, and therefore not yet inhabited?
- 3^d. How many other Houses are uninhabited?
- 4th. What Number of Families in your Parish, Barony or Half Barony, are chiefly employed in and maintained by Agriculture; how many Families are chiefly employed in and maintained by Trade, Manufactures or Handicraft; and how many Families are not comprised in either of the Two preceding Classes.

[N. B. The Total Number of Families in Answer to this Question, shall correspond with the Number of Families in Answer to the 1st Question.]

- 5th. How many Persons (including Children of whatever Age) are there actually found within the Limits of your Parish, Barony or Half Barony, at the time of taking this Account; distinguishing Males and Females, and exclusive of Men actually serving in His Majesty's Regular Forces or in the Militia, and exclusive of Seamen either in His Majesty's Service, or belonging to Registered Vessels?
- 6th. How many of the whole Number of Persons mentioned by you in Answer to the 5th Question, are Inhabitants of any City, Town or Village; distinguishing the Number which are found in each City, Town or Village respectively?
- 7th. Are there any other Matters which you may think it necessary to remark, in Explanation of your Answers to any of the preceding Questions?

FORM of ANSWERS to the Questions contained in the Schedule to an Act, &c. Geo. 3. Intituled, 'An Act for taking an Account of the Population of Ireland.'

| Name and Distinction of Parish, &c. | Question 1 st . | | Question 2 ^d . | Question 3 ^d . | Question 4 th . | | | Question 5 th . | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|--|----------------------------|----------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Inhabited Houses. | By how many Families occupied. | Houses now building. | Other Houses unoccupied. | Families chiefly employed in Agriculture. | Families chiefly employed in Trade, Manufactures and Handicraft. | Are other Families not comprised in the two preceding Classes. | Males. | Females. | Total of Persons. | Number of Towns, Cities and Villages. | Whether the same be a City. |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

[N. B.—If any Family occupies Two or more Houses in different Parishes, Towns or Half Towns, the Individuals belonging to such Family are to be numbered only in that Parish, Town or Half Town, where they generally happen to be at the time of taking the Returns.]

7th Question. ARE there any other Matters which you may think it necessary to remark, in Explanation of your Answers to any of the preceding Questions?

FORM of ATTESTATION of the Truth of Returns.

I, *A. B.* having been appointed by the Grand Jury of the County of _____ to take an Account of the Population in the Parish, Barony or Half Barony of _____ pursuant to an Act of Parliament passed in the Fifth Session Year of George the Third, and intituled, 'An Act for taking an Account of the Population of Ireland,' do certify, That the above Returns contain, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, a full and true Answer to the Questions contained in the Schedule to this Act.

The above mentioned *A. B.* attested the above Returns before us, the Justices of the Peace for said County, this _____ Day of _____ } *G. D. and E. F.*

Weighmaster in
public Weigh-
houses, &c.

III. And he is further enacted, That all and every public Weighmaster, or Weighmasters, his or their Successor or Successors in each Office, herebefore mentioned and again herein to hereafter to be appointed and appointed pursuant to this Act, shall provide or cause to be provided one or more efficient and convenient Weigh Hoses or Weigh Houses in each City or the Suburbs thereof, Town Corporate, Burgh or Place of Export, and Market Town, where as each Weigh Hauling Weigh Hoses have been heretofore provided, together with Weights, Hooks, Scales, Boulding, Leases and other Necessaries, as he and they own proper Cuffs and Chains, and shall attend on his and their respective Weigh Hoses or Weigh Houses by himself, themselves, or by a sufficient Deputy or Deputies appointed or to be appointed under the Hand and Seal of such public Weighmaster or joint public Weighmasters and Takers (such Deputy or Deputies to be removable at Pleasure of the Person or Persons so appointing such Deputy or Deputies, or in manner hereafter mentioned) every Day in the Week (Sundays, Christmas Day, Saint Stephen's Day and New Year's Day excepted), from Eight of the Clock in the Morning until One, and from Two in the Afternoon until Four, from the Twenty sixth Day of September until the Twenty fifth Day of March, and from thence until the Twenty sixth Day of September, from Six of the Clock in the Morning until One, and from Two in the Afternoon until Seven, and thus and there weigh, haul and mark all such Butter and Cakes as by this Act they are required, each Butter being first telled and appraised of by each Taker or Takers, which they are hereby required to do.

Hours of Ap-
pointment.

Weighmasters,
his or their
Successors.

IV. And he is further enacted, That the Mayor, Aldermen and Common Council of each City, Chief Magistrate and Burgesses of each Town Corporate, Justices of the Peace of each County in which each Burgh or Place of Export and each Market Town respectively be, at their General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for each County, together with the sitting Assistant Barriers of each County, shall and may from time to time, upon Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, or upon the Affirmation or Affirmations, of such Witnesses or Witnesses be of the Profession of a Quaker (and which Oath or Affirmation the Persons aforesaid before whom any Complaint shall be so made is hereby empowered to administer) and upon full Proof of the Misdemeanour of such public Weighmaster or joint public Weighmasters, his or their Successor or Successors, Deputy or Deputies, or any of them, in his or their Office, upon full hearing of him or them, or upon his or their being duly summoned and unwilling to appear, (such Summons being in Writing, and under the Hand and Seal of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate, or Two or more Justices of the Peace, and served upon the Party complained against, Forty eight Hours at the least previous to the Day on which such Party is required to appear,) remove such public Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Successor or Successors, Deputy or Deputies, Taker or Takers, or any of them, as the case may be.

Appoi-
nted.

V. And he is further enacted, That if such public Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Deputy or Deputies, Successor or Successors, Taker or Takers, or any of them who shall be so removed, or if the Person or Persons complaining of him or them, shall think himself or themselves aggrieved by the Determination of the said Mayor, Aldermen and Common Council, Chief Magistrate and Burgesses, or Justices of the Peace and sitting Assistant Barriers, or any of them, as shall be lawful for the Party or Parties who shall think himself or themselves so aggrieved, to apply by Petition to the next ensuing Justice or Justices of Assize for the County of the City, County of each Town Corporate, or County at large, in which the Place for which such public Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Successor or Successors, Deputy or Deputies, Taker or Takers is constituted and appointed and so complained of; which Justice or Justices of Assize as and are hereby empowered to hear and finally to determine the Matter of such Petition, and to remove said public Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Successor or Successors, Deputy or Deputies, Taker or Takers, or any of them, if the Complaint be thought just, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, and at his or their Discretion to award reasonable Costs to the Party, who, upon hearing such Petition, shall appear to be aggrieved; which Costs shall be paid by the Party against whom the same shall be awarded, within a time to be appointed by such Justice or Justices of Assize: such Costs, if any shall be awarded, together with the same limited for the Payment thereof, to be returned and advertised to the Body of such Warrant; and in Default of Payment of the Party against whom such Costs are awarded, shall be committed under said Warrant to the Goal or Marshalls of the County of the City, Town Corporate or County at large from which such Warrant of such Justice or Justices of Assize issued, until the same are paid: such Warrant to be lodged with the Keeper of such Goal or Marshalls, at the time of the Commitment of such Party to such Goal or Marshalls.

Final

Calls

In Default of
Payment, com-
mitted to Prison

Weighmasters to
give Security

VI. And he is further enacted, That each and every public Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Successor or Successors, Taker or Takers, is to be nominated and appointed by virtue of and in pursuance of this Act, before he or they or any of them shall enter on the Execution of said Office, shall provide a Bond with sufficient Security to the Mayor of each City, Chief Magistrate of each Town Corporate, and Justices of the Peace of each County, at their County Sessions, wherein such public Weighmaster or public Weighmasters, Taker or Takers shall be so appointed and nominated, in such Readily as said Mayor, Chief Magistrate, or Justice, as the case may be, shall think reasonable, not exceeding Five hundred Pounds Sterling, or less than Fifty Pounds Sterling, for his or their true and faithful Performance and Execution of his or their Office; and that the said Weighmaster or Weighmasters, and their Deputy or Deputies to be by them employed, together with the Taker or Takers, shall take and subscribe before the said Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justices of the Peace, as the case may be, the Oath (or, if a Quaker the Affirmation) following:

And to take Oath

I, *A. N. Nover*, [or, *others*] That I will diligently and faithfully execute the Office of public Weigh-
master [or, Taker of Butter, or of any way &c.] of the City of [or, of the Town Cor-
porate of] _____ in the County of _____ being a Place
of Export; or, Market Town of _____ in the County of _____
during the time I shall continue in said Office: I will take Care truly, without Fraud or Deceit, to weigh or
mark

scale to be weighed all Butter, and to weigh and brand, or scale to be weighed and branded, all Cakes, as
 each Order as the said Goods shall be brought in to be weighed and branded, and will take and truly
 try all Butter required to be taken in pursuance of any Office as Teller of Butter, and in all other respects, as
 the lack of any Skill and Judgment, I will truly execute my said Charge.

Which Oath or Affirmation the said Mayor, Chief Magistrate and Justice, as the case may be, are hereby
 empowered and required to administer; and which Oath or Affirmation all and every former Weighmaster and
 Weighmasters, he or their Deputy or Deputies, who shall be in Office at the Commencement of this Act, are
 hereby required to take and observe.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Bonds heretofore executed or hereafter to be executed by any
 public Weighmaster or public Weighmasters, for the due Execution of his or their respective Office or Offices,
 and the Oath or Affirmation which he, or th y or he, or their Deputy or Deputies have already taken or shall
 take or may take on the Office of public Weighmaster or joint public Weighmasters, Deputy or Deputies, pur-
 suant to any former Acts before recited, shall be deemed and are hereby declared to be sufficient to oblige
 them to observe all the Provisions of the said Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Weighmaster, Deputy Weighmaster and Teller, before
 he take upon himself to act as the Deputee of any Office, shall file or lodge or cause to be filed or lodged such
 Bond and Oath or Affirmation as aforesaid, and made and subscribed as aforesaid respectively in the Office
 of the Clerk of the Peace for the County, City, County of a City or County of a Town, in which such
 Weighmaster, Deputy and Teller shall act as such; and the said Clerk of the Peace shall give to the Party so
 lodging such Bond and Oath or Affirmation, a Certificate thereof, in which shall be set both the Names and
 Addresses of the Parties in such Bond; and Oath or Affirmation, as aforesaid as aforesaid, shall by each
 Clerk of the Peace be kept and preserved amongst the public Records of his Office.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person be becoming a Surety shall be or become Bankrupt or an
 Insolvent, the Person for whom such Person became Surety shall, within One Calendar Month after the Death,
 Bankruptcy or Insolvency of such his Surety, give Notice or give Notice, to be appeared in like manner
 as is elsewhere mentioned, and in like manner lodge or cause the same to be lodged with the Clerk of the
 Peace.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall act as Weighmaster, Deputy Weighmaster or
 Teller, shall, upon the Request or Demand of any Magistrate or Steward, or Mayor of Burgh, and also
 take the Certificate of his having taken such Oath and given such Security respectively as heretofore
 directed.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who hath been or shall be appointed a Weighmaster,
 shall alien, sell or leave his Office of Weighmaster, that then and in every such case his said Office shall cease
 and determine.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any public Weighmaster or joint public Weighmasters, or his or
 their Deputy or Deputies, Teller or Tellers, shall neglect or refuse to attend on the Days and during the
 respective times hereby appointed, his public Weighmaster or joint public Weighmasters, he or their Deputy
 or Deputies, Teller or Tellers, shall for each Offence of himself or themselves forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds
 Sterling, to be recovered by such Person or Persons who shall sue for the same by Civil Bill in the County
 of the City or County at large where such Offence shall be committed and such Civil Bills are usually tried,
 with like remedy of Appeal for either Party in any cases of Civil Bills, or in any manner way before Two Justices
 of the Peace where such Offence shall be committed.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Mayor of each City, Chief Magistrate of each Town Corpora-
 tion, or a Justice of the Peace of the County at large in which there is a Place of Export or Market Town,
 where a public Weighmaster or joint public Weighmasters be, or shall be nominated and appointed as aforesaid,
 in the Absence of such public Weighmaster or joint public Weighmasters of such City, Town Corporation,
 Place of Export or Market Town, the said shall happen to be, shall and may, upon Complaint or Writing,
 and upon full Proof upon Oath or Affirmation as aforesaid of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses,
 (which Oath or Affirmation such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice aforesaid, in the said may be, is hereby
 empowered and required to administer) of the Misbehaviour of the Deputy or Deputies of such public Weigh-
 master or joint public Weighmasters, or any of them, and upon full Proof of him or them, or being duly
 summoned to appear before such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, at the said shall happen to
 be, having Forty eight Hours Notice as aforesaid, and engaging to appear, have Power from time to time to
 remove such Deputy or Deputies from his or their Office or Offices, and to suspend and appoint another
 or others to act in his or their Place or Places, during the Absence of such public Weighmaster or joint public
 Weighmaster from time to time as aforesaid.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall sell or expose to Sale any Cask or Casks within any
 City or Liberties thereof, Town Corporation, Place of Export or Market Town, for packing of Butter for Sale
 or Export, or shall make up or pack any Butter in any Cask or Casks to be exported to Sale or the Export in
 such City, Town Corporation or Market Town or Place of Export, unless such Cask or Casks be made of good
 seasoned white Oak, or Ash, or any other Birch, (whereof no Part to be of Bog Timber) and shall be full
 headed and made tight, so that such Cask shall hold Twelve, with Head and Bottom equally doled, and be to
 the Craft, with good and sufficient Hoops on each Cask; and that every Person to whom or exposing to Sale
 any Cask or Casks for packing Butter within any such City and Liberties, Town Corporation, Place of Export
 or Market Town, shall be liable to be taken, arrested, or any being of the Weight heretofore required,
 being thereof convicted before the Mayor of such City, Chief Magistrate of such Town Corporation, or a Justice
 of the Peace for the County, in which such Place of Export or Market Town shall be, on a Summary Hearing

End of
 of Weigh-
 masters, &c.

Revenue
 and Oath, and
 with Clerk of
 Peace.

Certificates.

Where the
 Act shall be
 of the

Weighmaster,
 &c. in presence
 of Magistrate.

If Weighmaster
 Act, in Office
 cease.

Weighmaster,
 &c. neglecting
 to attend.

Penalty.

Appeal.

In case of Ab-
 sence of Weigh-
 master Deputy
 responsible for
 his or her acts
 and another
 appointed.

City of London,
 of Oak or Ash,
 &c. as directed.

Penalty on Sale
 of Cask or Casks
 as directed.

by the Oath or Affirmation, in the case may be, of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, (which Oath or Affirmation the said Mayor, Chief Magistrate and Justice, in the case may be, is and are to be duly empowered and required to administer) or upon the Certificate of such Officer, before such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, in the case may be, shall for every such Cask for the Sale of Tea Shillings Sterling, to be landed by Warrant under the Oath or the Goods and Chitties, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, in the case may be, which Warrant he or they, as the case may be, are to be duly empowered and required immediately to issue, in case of New Payment upon such Certificate or Certificate or otherwise, and in case such Officer shall not have sufficient Goods and Chitties to satisfy such Warrant, then such Officer, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, in the case may be, (which Warrant he and they are hereby empowered and required to issue) shall be committed to the Goal of such City, Town Corporate or County, at large, as the case may be, during so many Months as shall be expressed in any Space of time not exceeding One Month, nor less than One Week, at the Discretion of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, in the case may be; and every Person taking up or putting up any Barrels to be exported to Sea, or for Export within any City or Liberty, in the County, Town Corporate, Place of Export or Market Town, in any Cask or Casks made otherwise than as herein directed, or not having the Weight as hereunto required, or not having the Staves, Head and Butt in form, or the Thickness thereof as required, being thereof convicted on a summary Hearing, by the Oath or Affidavit, in the case may be, of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, before the Mayor of such City, Chief Magistrate of such Town Corporate, or a Justice of the Peace of the County in which such Place of Export or Market Town shall be, where such Officer shall be committed, as the case may be, and which Oath or Affirmation such Officer and Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, is hereby required and empowered to administer, or upon such Certificate or Certificate before such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, as the case may be, shall be taken of the Tea Shillings for every Fifty lbs Pounds Weight of Butter, and from Provisions for every 100 Quantity which shall be in such Cask or Casks, to be recovered by Distress and Sale of the Officer's Goods and Chitties, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, in the case may be, (which Warrant the said Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, in the case may be, is hereby empowered and required immediately to issue, in case of New Payment upon such Certificate or Certificate to forfeit) and in case such Officer shall not have sufficient Goods and Chitties to satisfy such Warrant, then such Officer shall by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, in the case may be, (which Warrant the said Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice or Justice of the Peace, as the case may be, is and are hereby empowered and required to issue) be committed to the Goal of such City, Town Corporate or County, at large, as the case may be, during so many Months as shall be expressed in any Space of time not exceeding One Month, nor less than One Week, at the Discretion of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, in the case may be, and that the said public Weighmaster or weighers public Weighmaster of such City, Town Corporate, Place of Export or Market Town, for the time being, his or their Deputy or Deputies, shall not weigh or brand any Butter used the same, shall be made up in Casks made according to the Direction of this Act, if an Invoice shall be, full or equal for Sale, or any empty Cask or Casks, for packing of Butter, within any City or Liberty in the County, Town Corporate, Place of Export or Market Town, before such Cask or Casks shall be weighed and branded, or shall be public Weighmaster or public Weighmaster, his or their Deputy or Deputies, shall not weigh or brand any such empty Casks, and in case or occasion of Sealing, Two Pounds weight of such Casks shall contain Fifty lbs Pounds Weight of neat Butter, and Three Pounds for every Cask which shall contain Twenty Pounds Weight of neat Butter, or Three Quarters of an Hundred Weight of such, and for a proportion to every 100 lbs the Weight of which empty Casks, with the Allowance of leakage allowed of, the said Weight shall be or proportionable Weighmaster, his or their Deputy or Deputies, is and are hereby required to brand the Side and Bottom of every such empty Cask or Casks in Figures and not in Letters, and in case any Public shall buy, sell or export to Sea, within any City or Liberty thereof, Town Corporate, Place of Export or Market Town, any empty Cask or Casks for packing of Butter, not weighed and branded as aforesaid, then such Person (being thereof convicted before the Mayor of such City, Chief Magistrate of such Town Corporate, or a Justice of the Peace of the County in which such Place of Export or Market Town shall be, and where such Officer shall be committed, on a summary Hearing by the Oath or Affirmation, in the case may be, of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, (which Oath or Affirmation the said Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, is hereby empowered and required to administer) or upon the Certificate of such Officer, shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Shillings Sterling for every Cask so brought, or sold or exported to Sea as aforesaid, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Officer's Goods and Chitties, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, in the case may be, (which Warrant he and they are hereby empowered and required to issue) immediately upon such Certificate or Certificate, in case of New Payment; and in case such Officer shall not have Goods and Chitties sufficient to satisfy the said Penalty, then such Officer shall, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, in the case may be, (which Warrant every such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, in the case may be, is hereby empowered and required to issue) be committed to the Goal of such City, Town Corporate, Place of Export or Market Town shall be, and where such Officer shall be committed, during so many Months as shall be expressed in any Space of time not exceeding One Month, nor less than One Week, at the Discretion of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, in the case may be; and whenever any such Cask or Casks of Butter shall be brought to any such Weighmaster or Weighmaster, his or their Deputy or Deputies, for the Purpose of being weighed, which shall not have the Two brands and marked upon the Side and Bottom of such Cask or Casks by the said Weighmaster or Weighmaster, his or their Deputy or Deputies,

Deputies, that they shall be lawful for each Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Deputy or Deputies, and he and they to cause hereby required to make such Calks or Calks to be weighed, and shall weigh and read the same in the manner as if such Calk or Calk had been brought, according to the Weigh-bills, which they shall not give any Allowance for Seepage on any such Calk, and it shall be lawful for said Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Deputy or Deputies, to take any other Bread or Allowance in Addition to the same, which the said Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Deputy or Deputies, shall think fit to take, and if any Calk or Calks, or Calk or Calks of Better weight shall be brought to any Weigh-house of any City, Town, Corporation or Place of Export or Market Town, to be weighed and weighed, shall have the Mark of the Cooper who made such Calk or Calks, branded in a legible manner on some conspicuous Part of it or them; and if such any empty Calk or Calks, or Calk or Calks of less weight, shall be brought to any of the said Weigh-houses, to be weighed and branded as aforesaid, not having the Mark of the Cooper, then if it or them as aforesaid, the said Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Deputy or Deputies, is and are hereby empowered and required to take and carry such empty Calk or Calks, or such Calk or Calks of Better weight, before the Mayor of such City, Chief Magistrate of such Town Corporation, or a Justice of the Peace of the County in which such Weigh-house shall be, or the same may be, who is hereby empowered and required to enquire into the same; and if such Calk or Calks shall, upon Examination, Inspection or the Proof, appear not to be branded with the Name of said Cooper as aforesaid, he shall advise such Calk and Calks to be forfeited, and the Person to whom such Calk or Calks of Better, or empty Calk or Calks shall belong, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Shillings Sterling for every Fifty or Possible Weight of Better weight such Calk or Calks shall contain; and the said Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace aforesaid, as the case may be, is hereby empowered and required to detain such Calk or Calks of Better weight such Penalty shall be forfeited; and if such Penalty shall not be satisfied within Fourteen Days, such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, as the case may be, is hereby empowered and required to cause such Calk or Calks of Better to be sold by public Auction, and shall, out of the Money for which the same shall be sold, deduct such Penalty and the reasonable Expenses of such Auction; and shall pay the Overplus to the Owner of such Calk or Calks of Better, and in case the said Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Deputy or Deputies, shall weigh and brand any Calk or Calks of Better, or for packing of Butter, not made as herein, or not being of the Weight hereinafter directed, or not having the Stamp, Mark and Head thereof of the Thickish hereinafter mentioned and required, or not branded with the Name of the Cooper as herein required, or shall make or brand any Calk or Calks falsely as containing more or less than the true Weight, such Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Deputy or Deputies being thereof convicted before the Mayor of such City, Chief Magistrate of such Town Corporation, or Justice of the Peace of the County in which such Place of Export or Market Town shall be, as the case may be, on a Verdict, Hearing by the Oath (or Affirmation, if a Quaker) of one or more credible Witnesses, or Witnesses and Oath or Affirmation of any such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace of the County, as the case may be, is hereby empowered and required to advertise shall for every such Calk not made or branded as herein aforesaid, or not being of the Weight hereinafter prescribed, or not having the Stamp, Mark and Head thereof of the Thickish hereinafter required, to be weighed and branded by him or them, to wit the Sum of Fifty Shillings Sterling, and the same Calk is washed or branded alike, the Sum of Five Shillings to be taken out of the Payment by Duties and Sums of the Offence; and Costs and Charges by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, as the case may be; which Warrant shall be signed by such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace aforesaid, is hereby empowered and required to do.

XV. And he is further enacted, That all empty Calk and Calks of Better weight shall be brought to any City or Liberties thereof, Town Corporation, Sea Port or Place of Export or Market Town, for Sale or for Repackage, shall, before the same is sold or exposed to Sale in, or exported from such City or Liberties aforesaid, Town Corporation, Sea Port or Place of Export or Market Town, be brought to some one of the Weigh-houses aforesaid, there to be weighed, weighed and passed by the said Weighmaster or Weighmasters, Teller or Teller of such City, Town Corporation, Sea Port or Place of Export or Market Town, as the case may happen to be, his or their Deputy or Deputies, who is and are hereby required strictly according to their respective Duties to weigh the same, and before he or they make or brand or approve the same, to see that such Butter be made sellable; and if any such Butter shall appear not merchantable, the said Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Deputy or Deputies, Teller or Teller, is hereby empowered and required to seize the same, and carry it, and cause the Person who sold or exposed the same for Sale, or the Owner thereof, by agreement, to appear before the Mayor of such City, Chief Magistrate of such Town Corporation, or a Justice of the Peace for the County in which such Place of Export or Market Town shall be, where such Butter shall be sold or exposed to Sale, as the case may be, who is hereby empowered and required to enquire into the same, and if such Butter shall, upon Examination or Inspection, or due Proof, appear to him to be merchantable, he shall deliver the same to be forfeited, if any such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace aforesaid, shall be doubtful of the Quality of such Butter, or if either Party require the same, such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, as the case may be, is hereby empowered and required to send the same, or any Part thereof, to any one of the said Weigh-houses, or to any other Weigh-house, or to any other Place, as the case may be, to be weighed and weighed by the said Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, as the case may be, or by any other Justice of the Peace, or by any other Judge, or by any other Justice or Justice of the Peace, or by any other Judge or Justice of the Peace, as the case may be, who is hereby empowered and required to do as he shall think fit, and if such Butter, as is brought to be sold, weighed or exposed to Sale, is found to be not sellable, shall apply to such Mayor, Justice or Justice of the Peace, his or their Deputy or Deputies, Teller or Teller, to be merchantable, the said Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Deputy or Deputies, shall not be liable to be seized or weighed the same, and to brand and mark as the Sale of such Calks to goods Weighmaster, or Justice, or Justice of the Peace, and to use any other Bread or

City of New York

County

Weight

Penalty

City of New York

Duties

Weight

Mark in Addition thereto, which the said Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Deputy or Deputies, shall think most liable to be counterfeited; and in case the said Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Deputy or Deputies, shall make use of numbered Letters or branding any empty Calks or Calks, or Calks or Calks of Butter, such Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Deputy or Deputies, being thereof convicted, on a summary Hearing, upon the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, (or Affidavits, if a Quorum) before such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace aforesaid, as the case may be, (and which Oath or Affidavits every such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace aforesaid, is hereby empowered and required to administer) shall within the Space of Two Months for every Calk so branded, as he is hereby directed and Sole of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, as the case may be, which Warrant the said Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace aforesaid, as the case may be, is hereby empowered and required to issue.

Every empty
piled
branded before
Mayor, &c.

XVI. And he is further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall in any Calk or Calks pack up or mix old Butter with new, or mix any such mixture of White Salt or packing fat, or greater Quantity of Salt than what enters in working it up, and shall bring the same to any of the said Weighhouses, that it shall and may be lawful for every such Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Deputy or Deputies, and he and they is and are hereby empowered and required to issue and carry such Calk of Butter, and cause the Person who brought the same to be weighed, or the Owner thereof, to be imprisoned to appear before the Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace of the County as aforesaid, as the case may be, who is hereby empowered and required to require into the same, and if such Calk shall, upon Examination, Inspection or due Proof, appear to him to contain old Butter mixed with new, or that any such mixture of White Salt shall have been used in packing such Butter, or that greater Quantity of Salt than what enters in it hath been used in packing it up, he shall adjudge such Calk or Calks with the Butter contained therein, to be forfeited; and if such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace aforesaid, as the case may be, shall be doubtful concerning such Butter, or if other Party require it, such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace aforesaid, as the case may be, is hereby empowered and required to summons, examine and hear upon Oath or Affidavits as aforesaid, as the case may be, (which Oath or Affidavits the said Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace aforesaid, as the case may happen to be, is hereby empowered and required to administer) Two Justices, disinterested and impartial Persons, whom he shall consider and believe to be competent Judges in relation to the Nature and Quality of such Butter, that it may be the better able to determine concerning the same.

Penalty.

Mayor, or
such Justice as
shall.

XVII. And whereas the weighing, examining and branding such empty Calks or Calks, and Calks or Calks of Butter, are attended with great Expence and Trouble: Be it therefore enacted, That the Weighmaster or Weighmasters of each City, Town Corporate, Place of Export and Market Town for the time being,

Every Weigh-
master, &c.

shall have and receive from the Person bringing the same to be weighed and branded, or from the Owner thereof, the Sum of One Penny, and no more, for every such empty Calk if weighed and branded; and for the weighing and branding every Calk of Butter, Two pence; and for sealing, proving and marking the Quality One Penny, to be paid to the Person so sealing, proving and marking the said Butters; and that no Butter shall be packed, sold or exposed to Sale as any Calk exceeding in Weight more than Eighty four Pounds in the Gross; and that the said Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Deputy or Deputies, shall not brand any empty Calk which when full of Butter may weigh more than Eighty four Pounds Gross, nor less than Twenty eight Pounds Gross; and that the Tare of every such Calk or Calks shall be Twenty Pounds Weight per Hundred Weight on the gross Weight thereof, or so to be deducted in that Proportion though it shall weigh less; and that upon Refusal to pay the respective Fees aforesaid, or any of them, by the Person or Persons liable by this Act to pay the same, it shall and may be lawful for any such Mayor, or Weighmaster, his or their Deputy or Deputies, Teller or Tellers, or other such Calk or Calks-master or Surveyors be made according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and that every such Calk or Calks shall have the Name thereof so nearly as an equal Thing can be made to appear on the Head and Bottom of every Calk shall be brought to any of the Weighhouses aforesaid, shall have the Butter in it packed above the Riddle of such Calk, such Calk of Butter shall not be weighed until the Surface of such Butter shall be raised to a Level with the Corner Edge of such Riddle; and in case the Tare marked on any Calk or Butter which shall be brought to any of the said Weighhouses to be weighed, shall not be in the Proportion aforesaid to the gross Weight of such Calk, it shall be lawful for the said Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Deputy or Deputies, and he and they are hereby required to strain such Tare from such Calk, and to mark and brand therein such Tare as shall bear that Proportion to the gross Weight thereof which by this Act is required.

Every in Calks
shall be raised
to the
Level.

Tare in Proportion
on Gross
Weight.

Every Head
and Bottom of
Calks
shall be
raised above
Riddle,
Tare according
to proportionate
Weight of Calks.

Every, the
Calks of the
are
examined.

XVIII. And he is further enacted, That if any Calk or Calks of Butter shall be tried or bored at any other Place than only at one of the said Weighhouses, or brought, sold or exposed to Sale, within any City or the Liberties thereof, Town Corporate, Place of Export or Market Town, before the time that shall be a duty tried, weighed and branded at any one of the said Weighhouses herebefore appointed or hereafter to be appointed pursuant to the Directions of this Act, both the Mayor and Seller of such Calk, or the Person or Persons so trying or having such Calk or Calks of Butter, and the Person or Persons so buying, selling or exposing to Sale such Calk or Calks of Butter before the time that shall have been duly tried, weighed, approved and branded as aforesaid, being thereof convicted before such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace of the County, as the case may be, on a summary Hearing, by the Oath (or Affidavits, if a Quorum) of one or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, (which Oath or Affidavits the said Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, as the case may be, is hereby empowered and required to administer) or on Certificate of the Party

or Parties before such Mayor, Magistrate or Justice, as the case may be, shall each of them forfeit for each Cask of Butter to be sold, brewed, bought, sold or exported to Sale, the Sum of Twenty Shillings, to be levied by Deeds, in and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, as the case may be, (which Warrant every such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, as the case may be, is hereby empowered and required immediately to issue upon such Conviction in case of Non-payment of said Penalty); and in case such Offender or Offenders shall not have Goods and Chattels sufficient to answer and satisfy such Penalty or Penalties, such Offender or Offenders shall be committed to the Goal of such City, Town Corporate or County Goal, as the case may be, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, as the case may be, (which Warrant every such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, as the case may be, is hereby empowered and required to issue), there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any Space of time not exceeding Two Months or far less than One Week, as the Discretion of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, as the case may be, shall see proper to be; and if any Person or Persons who shall have any Cask or Casks of Butter within any City or Liberties thereof, Town Corporate, Place of Export or Market Town, shall not deliver the Butter taken out by such being returned upon proper Copy in such Cask or Casks, such Person or Persons being thereof convicted in manner aforesaid, by such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace aforesaid, as the case may be, shall forfeit for every such Cask the Sum of Ten Shillings, to be levied by Deeds and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace aforesaid, as the case may be, (which Warrant every such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice aforesaid, as the case may be, is hereby empowered and required to issue); and in case such Offender or Offenders shall not have sufficient Goods and Chattels to satisfy and answer such Penalty; then such Offender or Offenders shall be committed, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice aforesaid, as the case may be, (which Warrant every such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice aforesaid, as the case may be, is hereby empowered and required to issue) to the Goal of such City, Town Corporate or Place of Export, or County at large, as the case may happen to be, there to remain without any Bail or Mainprize, for a Space of time not exceeding One Month or less than One Week, as the Discretion of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice aforesaid, as the case may be.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons who shall either buy or sell any Cask or Casks of Butter of any greater or less Tare, or shall take or give any greater or less Quantity or Allowance than the Tare or Allowance as the same are directed on such Cask or Casks of Butter, or who shall buy or sell any Cask or Casks of Butter by Hand and not by Weight, such Person or Persons in buying or selling at a greater or less Quantity or Tare, or Allowance as the same are directed, or who shall buy or sell any Contract between the Person or Persons in selling, and the Person or Persons in buying by Hand and not by Weight, or being convicted thereof before the Mayor of any City, Chief Magistrate of any Town Corporate, or a Justice of the Peace of the County where there is a Market or Place of Export or Market Town is aforesaid, and where such Offence shall be committed, as the case may be, by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, or Affirmation, of a Quaker, (which Oath or Affirmation every such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace aforesaid, as the case may happen to be, is hereby empowered and required to administer, or on the Conviction of the Party or Parties before such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice aforesaid, as the case may be,) shall each of them forfeit the Sum of Ten Shillings for every such Cask of Butter so bought or sold by Hand as aforesaid, to be levied by Deeds and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace aforesaid, as the case may be, (which Warrant every such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice aforesaid, as the case may be, is hereby empowered and required to issue); and if in case such Offender or Offenders shall not have Goods and Chattels sufficient to answer and satisfy such Penalty or Penalties, such Offender or Offenders shall by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice aforesaid, as the case may be, (which Warrant every such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice aforesaid, as the case may be, is hereby empowered and required to issue) be committed to the Goal of such City, Town Corporate or County at large, as the case may be, there to remain without any Bail or Mainprize, for a Space of time not exceeding One Month or less than One Week, at the Discretion of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice aforesaid, before whom such Conviction shall be had.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if, from and after the Commencement of this Act, any Landowner or other Revenue Officer concerned with the landing or putting on board any Butter for the Purpose of being exported from Ireland, shall permit or suffer any Cask or Casks of Butter to be shipped or taken on board any Ship, Boat or Vessel, in order to be exported or Merchandised, (any Quantity of Butter in Casks received and received for the said and said use of the Crew of such Ship, Boat or Vessel, only excepted) without having been previously weighed, branded and marked by the Weighmaster of the Support or Place of Export where such Butter shall be shipped or put on board, as directed by this Act, every such Landowner or other Revenue Officer who shall be allowed, shall forfeit and pay like Sum of Ten Shillings for every Cask which he shall permit to be so shipped or loaded on board any Ship, Boat or Vessel, to be recovered, deposited or applied, as is herebefore said, respectively directed and appointed as to other Penalties of the like Amount.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That no Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Deputy or Deputies, Teller or Tellers, or any Cooper or other Person employed in any Weigh-house aforesaid, or any Person in Trust for him, them or any of them, shall buy, sell, contract or treat for any Cask or Casks of Butter; and in case any Weighmaster or Weighmasters, his or their Deputy or Deputies, Teller or Tellers, such Cooper or other Person in employed in any such Weigh-house or Weigh-houses, or any Person in Trust for him, them or any of them, shall buy, sell, contract or treat for any Cask or Casks of Butter, the said Weighmaster,

Penalty.

Imprisonment.

Tarry in Goal or County from whence removed.

Penalty.

Imprisonment.

Buying or taking otherwise than directed.

Penalty.

Imprisonment.

Revenue Officers, receiving Butter not branded as is directed.

Penalty.

Butter bought by Weighmaster, his or Persons in Trust for him.

Weighmaster.

Major Cooper, in relation to the *Measure and Quality of the Iron*, that he may be better able to determine concerning the same.

XXIV. And he it farther enacted, That whenever the Mayor of any City, Chief Magistrate of any Town, Corp^s or, Justice of the Peace for the County in which there is such Place of Export, or Mark^t Town, or other Place, as the said Act be, shall deliver any Cask or Casks of Barter to be furnished pursuant to the Statute given herein in this Act, he shall within Fourteen Days make the same to be sold by public Auction to the highest Bidder; and that the Money for which such Cask or Casks of Barter shall be sold shall, after deducting the reasonable Expenses of such Sale by Auction, be equally divided, One Half thereof to go to the Bidder or Bidders who shall have offered such Cask or Casks, and the other Half to go to the Government of the Workhouse or House of Industry of such City, Town, Corporation or County at large, as the case may happen to be, to be by them applied in Aid of the Fund of such Workhouse or House of Industry; and in case there shall not be any such Workhouse or House of Industry, then that each Half shall be given and shall go to the Poor of the Parish where such Office shall have been committed; and that every Fifth part to be levied by District for any Office under this Act, and not herein otherwise directed, shall be equally divided, One Half thereof to go to the Party voluntarily agreed and consenting every such Office, (and which Part is and are hereby declared to be competent to take for competent Warrants in any such case,) and the other Half to go to the Government of such House of Industry or Workhouse aforesaid, as the case may be, to be by them applied as aforesaid; and in case of no such House of Industry or Workhouse, such Half to go to the Poor of the Parish where such Office shall have been committed; and the Parties to whom any Warrants of District for levying such District, and who shall actually levy the same, shall, for the Trouble, Cost and expence the following Part; to-wit: Two Shillings of the Penalty due on every Shilling, One shilling in the Pound for every Penny above Forty Shillings and not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling, and 2d piece in the Pound for every Penny above Five Pounds; and Two to be levied on the Goods and Chattels of the Tenant or Person who shall incur such Penalties, in like manner as the Penalties themselves are by this Act directed to be levied.

XXV. And he it farther enacted, That the Weighmaster or Weighmaiden aforesaid, his or their Deputy or Deputies, and he and they as and are hereby directed and required to receive all such Penalties and Forfeitures on this Act are to go to the Government of any House of Industry or Workhouse, as the case may be, and shall receive Quarterly upon Cash, or Assignment, if a Quaker, with such Governors (and such Cash or Assignments such Governors are hereby empowered and required to administer) for the said Penalties and Forfeitures received by them respectively, deducting Five Pence Sterling out of every Hundred Pence, and in Proportion, as a Recompense for his Trouble.

XXVI. And he it farther enacted, That whenever any empty Cask or Casks for packing up Barter shall be found or brought before the Mayor of any City, Chief Magistrate of any Town, Corporation, or Justice of the Peace for any County where there is such Place of Export or Market Town aforesaid, as the said Act is, or shall be adjudged and condemned, or whenever any Districts as or shall be made pursuant to this Act, (as Replevy shall be, but the Judgment of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, shall be final and conclusive;) and that if any Person or Persons shall be fined, mulcted or troubled, for putting in Execution any of the Powers contained in this Act, or for doing any Matter as Thing pursuant thereto, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and give the Special Matter in Answer; and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be satisfied, or Judge of great wrong done, he or they in Default, or upon Demurrer, or a Verdict shall pay for the Defendant or Defendants, shall lose his or their Treadle Casks, to be recovered in such manner as when by Law Casks are awarded given to Defendant.

XXVII. Provided also, and he it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed, construed or taken to extend, to the Barter Trade of the City of Cork, or the Liberties thereof.

XXVIII. And whereas, by several Actures or Acts in force, Weighmasters and Weighmaidens have been long established in the Liberties of *Sancti Sepulchri* and *Yemen Cove* and *Green*, which said Liberties are situate within the County of the City of *Dublin*: And whereas it may happen that Weigh^{er} houses and Weighmaiden may have been established by virtue of certain Letters and Charters in force in certain other Liberties as aforesaid, and it is expedient that Weighhouses should be continued within all such Liberties, and be by and subject to the same Regulation as which any Weighhouse or Weighmaiden, to be continued, established, appointed or continued in any Place by virtue of this Act, or may be held or enjoyed: Be it therefore enacted, That the Lord of any Manor, or Beneficial of any Liberty, under and by virtue of any Law or Custom in force at the time of the passing of this Act, and which shall have been put in force or acted under for the Space of Six Years before the passing of this Act, shall respectively according to such Law or Custom have full Power and Authority to appoint One Weighmaster for each and every such Manor or Liberty, for Butter and Tallow, to weigh, brand and mark all such Casks and Commodities, and take and receive all such Fees and Sums of Money for weighing, branding and marking the same, every Weighmaster or Weighmaiden nominated and appointed, or to be appointed by or in pursuance of this Act, can or may here, execute, take or receive by virtue of this Act, and after such Casks or Commodities shall be weighed, branded or marked by the Weighmaster of the said respective Liberties as aforesaid, such Casks or Commodities shall and may be exposed in such Sort and Manner as if weighed by the Weighmaiden of any Place under the Direction of this Act; any Clause, Matter or Thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding; which said Weighmasters and their respective Deputies shall be subject and liable to all the Regulations, Powers and Penalties to which any other Weighmaster or these Deputies appointed by this Act or in pursuance thereof are subject and liable, under the Direction and Control of the Lord or Beneficial of any such Manor or Liberty respectively.

XXIX. And,

And it is further
enacted, That any
Person who shall
violate any of the
Provisions of this
Act, shall be liable
to be punished as
in and by the said
Act.

XXX. And, for the more effectually enforcing and carrying into Execution the Provisions of this Act, he it is further enacted, That on Complaint or Information in Writing before the Mayor of any City, Chief Magistrate of any Town Corporate, or Justice of the Peace for the County in which there is such Place of Execution or Market Town, as aforesaid, as the case may be, of any Offence having been committed against this Act, every such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, as aforesaid, as the case may be, shall be bound and required to summon the Person or Persons charged with being an Offender or Offenders against this Act, to appear before him at a certain Time and Place to be specified, and which time for such Appearance shall not be less than Forty eight Hours after the issuing of such Summons, such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, as the case may be, shall be bound to appear according to such Summons, having been first made, which Oath the said Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, as aforesaid, shall swear to administer, of the Service of such Summons upon such Person or Persons, by delivering the same to him, her or them personally, or leaving the same at his, her or their usual Place of Abode or Place of Residence Forty eight Hours at least before the time specified in such Summons for his, her or their Appearance, shall make and affix his Warrant or Warrants for apprehending the Person or Persons so summoned, as if it appearing as aforesaid, and for bringing him or them before such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice as aforesaid, as the case may be, and it shall be lawful for such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice aforesaid, as the case may be, to take such Person or Persons either by apprehending and bringing before him, or upon his or their appearing upon such Summons, such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice aforesaid, as the case may be, a Person authorized and required to make Registry touching the Matters complained of, and to proceed thereon according to the several Provisions of this Act.

XXXI. And it is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for every such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice of the Peace aforesaid, and before whom any such Complaint or Information shall be made as aforesaid, and here by further authorized and required, at the Request of any of the Parties, to affix his Summons to any Witness or Witnesses, to appear within the Space of Twenty four Hours, and give Evidence before such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice aforesaid, as the case may be, at the Time and Place appointed for hearing and determining such Complaint, and which Time and Place shall be specified in such Summons; and if any Person or Persons so summoned to appear as a Witness or Witnesses as aforesaid, shall not appear, or shall not give a sufficient Evidenc in his, her or their Default, or if any Person or Persons appearing according to such Summons shall not follow to be examined as a Witness or Witnesses, and give his, her or their Evidence touching the Matter of such Complaint, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice aforesaid, as the case may be, and he is hereby required and empowered and authorized, upon or Oath (which Oath the said Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice aforesaid, as the case may be, is hereby required and empowered to administer) in the case of any Person not appearing according to such Summons) having been first made of the due Service of such Summons on every such Person, by delivering the same to him, her or them, or by leaving the same at his, her or their usual Place of Abode, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice aforesaid, as the case may be, to commit such Person or Persons to making Default in appearing, or appearing and refusing to give Evidence, to the Goal of such City, Town Corporate or County, as the case may be, to remain without Bail or Mainprize until such Person or Persons shall submit himself, herself or themselves to be examined and give his, her or their Evidence touching the Matter of such Complaint as aforesaid.

XXXII. And it is further enacted, That whenever any Letter made in Ireland, shall at any time after the Commencement of this Act be imported into any Part of Great Britain, it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers of Customs of such Part of Great Britain, to search and examine the Casks in which such Letter shall be packed; and in case any Letter so imported shall be packed in any Cask or Casks not authorized by this Act, or in any manner contrary to the Direction of this Act, such Letter and Casks in which the Letter shall be imported shall be forfeited, and may be seized by such Officer of the Customs, and his, her or their authorized and empowered to seize the same accordingly; and One Half of the Value of the Letter so seized and seized shall go to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Half to the Officer or Officers seizing the same; and such Forfeitures shall and may be recovered by all such ways and means as the same as any Forfeitures may be recovered under any Act or Acts relating to the Customs in force in Great Britain.

XXXIII. And it is further enacted, That this Act, and all and singular the several Provisions and Regulations therein contained and mentioned, shall continue and be in force from the First Day of April which will be the first Year One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and not longer, except where any other time is specially mentioned for the Commencement of any Clause or Provision herebefore contained.

C. P. CXXXV.

An Act for advancing Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds to the *East India Company*, to enable them to discharge Part of the Indian Debt. [18th July 1812.]

WHEREAS it has been judged, that a Sum not exceeding Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds be granted to His Majesty, for the Purpose of enabling His Majesty to advance the like Sum to the United Company of Merchants of England, for their Relief under their present Circumstances; and it has been provided that the said Sum of Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds shall be paid, together with other Sums amounting to Twenty two millions five hundred thousand Pounds by the Terms of the Loan in which the said Sum of Twenty two millions five hundred thousand

• thousand Pounds to be raised, the Capital Stock created in respect of the said Sum of Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds amount to Three millions Reduced Three Pounds per Centum Annually, and to One million four hundred thousand Pounds Consolidated Three Pounds per Centum Annually, respectively transferable at the Bank of England; and it has been agreed, that the Interest or Annuities to be payable in respect of the said Sum of Three millions Reduced Three Pounds per Centum Annually, and the said Sum of One million four hundred thousand Pounds Consolidated Three Pounds per Centum Annually, and the Annual Sums to be paid on account of the Sinking Fund for Redemption and for Charges of Management thereof respectively, should be charged and be deemed and considered to be a Charge upon the Revenues of the Kingdom of Great Britain, and shall be advanced by the said United Company • in London, to secure the said Interest, Sinking Fund and Charges of Management; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and lawfully be lawful to and for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby required at any time before the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, to advance and pay to the said United Company, out of the said Sum of Twenty two millions five hundred thousand Pounds to be raised as herebefore is mentioned, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the said Sum of Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds, and at such times as shall be required by the said United Company, for their Relief as herebefore is mentioned, and that such Sums shall be advanced and paid without any Fee or other Deductions whatsoever: Provided always, that it shall be lawful to and for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, to order and direct that a Sum after the Rate of Eight hundred Pounds, for every Million of the said Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds, shall be deducted out of the Sum or Sums of Money to be advanced and paid to the said United Company, to reimburse the Charges to be incurred in and about the receiving, paying, and accounting for the said Loans.

Commissioners of Treasury authorized to take Money out of the said Sum of Money.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said United Company, previous and in preference to the Payment of any Dividend to the Proprietors of *East India Stock*, shall pay annually into the Hands of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, by Two equal Half-yearly Payments, the Sum of Ninety thousand Pounds, being the Interest after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum on the said Sum of Three millions Reduced Three Pounds per Centum Annually, created in respect of the Principal Sum of Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds, Part of the said Loan of Twenty two millions five hundred thousand Pounds; and also the further Sum of Fifty five thousand four hundred and ten Pounds, by two equal Half-yearly Payments, on account of the Sinking Fund, for the Redemption of the said Sum of Three millions Reduced Three Pounds per Centum; the said Half-yearly Payments to commence on the Fifth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and to continue to be made on or before the First Day of April and the Fifth Day of October in each succeeding Year.

Company to pay annually into Bank certain Sums on account of Reduced Annuities.

III. And be it also enacted, That the said United Company shall pay annually into the Hands of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England to the Account herebefore mentioned, in Two equal Half-yearly Payments, the Sum of Forty two thousand Pounds, being the Interest after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum on the said Sum of One million four hundred thousand Pounds Consolidated Three Pounds per Centum Annually, created in respect of the said Principal Sum of Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds, Part of the said Loan of Twenty two millions five hundred thousand Pounds; and also of the further Sum of Fifty five thousand four hundred and ten Pounds, by Two equal Half-yearly Payments, on account of the Sinking Fund, for the Redemption of the said Sum of One million four hundred thousand Pounds Consolidated Three Pounds per Centum Annually; the said last mentioned Half-yearly Payments to commence on the First Day of July, and to continue to be made on or before the First Day of January and First Day of July in each succeeding Year.

And also certain Sums on account of Consolidated Annuities.

IV. And be it further enacted, That over and besides the said several Sums of Money thousand Pounds, and Fifty five thousand four hundred and ten Pounds, and Forty two thousand Pounds and Fifty five thousand four hundred and ten Pounds herebefore mentioned, the said United Company shall pay into the Hands of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, by Half yearly Payments, such Sums and Sums of Money as pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to authorize the borrowing for the Public Service, upon certain Conditions, a Sum of the Balance remaining in the Bank of England, for Payment of Unclaimed Dividends, Annuities and Lottery Prizes, and for regulating the Allowances to be paid for the Management of the National Debt*, shall be payable in respect of the Charges of Management of the said Two several Sums of Three millions Reduced Three Pounds per Centum Annually, and One million four hundred thousand Pounds Consolidated Three Pounds per Centum Annually, or of so much thereof respectively as from time to time shall remain unclaimed.

Company to pay the Charges of Management.

§ 10. c. 2.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said several Sums payable for Interest, Sinking Fund and Charges of Management on the said Sum of Three millions Reduced Three Pounds per Centum Annually, and One million four hundred thousand Pounds Consolidated Three Pounds per Centum Annually, when paid into the Bank as herein is mentioned, shall be carried to the Account of the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, on account of the Interest, Sinking Fund and Charges of Management on the Loan made for the Service of the *East India Company*.

Application of these Acts.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in case Default shall at any time be made by the said United Company in any of the Payments herebefore mentioned, to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, at the several times herebefore mentioned for that Purpose, then and in every such case so much Money from time to time shall be set apart and placed at the Receipt of the Treasurer in England, out of any Moneys or out of any of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, to the Collector or Collectors of the said Governor and Company.

In case of Default, such Money may be charged on the Consolidated Fund.

of the Bank of England, as shall be sufficient to satisfy and pay the Annuities granted in respect of the said Three millions Reduced Three Pounds per Centum Annuities, and One million four hundred thousand Pounds Consolidated Bank Annuities, together with the Sinking Fund and Charges hereinafter provided in respect thereof, and in Payment of which the said United Company shall make Default.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said United Company, if they shall be fit, at any time and from time to time, to pay into the Hands of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England any further Sums or Sums of Money beyond the said Two several several Sums of Fifty five thousand four hundred and ten Pounds and Fifty five thousand four hundred and ten Pounds, on account of the Sinking Fund, for the Redemption of the said Two Capital Sums of Three millions Reduced Three Pounds per Centum Annuities and One million four hundred thousand Pounds Consolidated Three Pounds per Centum Annuities.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Sums of Ninety thousand Pounds and Forty two thousand Pounds hereinafter provided to be paid by the said United Company to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, shall be applied by them in Payment of the said Annuities, in respect of the said Principal Sums of Three millions and One million four hundred thousand Pounds, as the same shall become due, and that the said Two several Sums of Fifty five thousand four hundred and ten Pounds, and Fifty five thousand four hundred and ten Pounds, and each other Sum or Sums of Money as shall from time to time be paid to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or their Cashier, on account of the Sinking Fund, for the Redemption of the said several Capital Sums of Three millions Reduced Three Pounds per Centum Annuities and One million four hundred thousand Pounds Consolidated Three Pounds per Centum Annuities, shall be by the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England placed to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, instead of the Sums which would have been paid and placed to the Account of the said Commissioners in respect of the said Capital Sums of Three millions Reduced Annuities, and One million four hundred thousand Pounds Consolidated Annuities, under the Act passed in the Thirty second Year of His present Majesty's said Majesty, entitled *An Act in relation more effectual to Acts made in the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty's said Majesty, intended as to settling certain Sums on Commissioners at the End of every Quarter of a Year, in so far then applied to the Reduction of the National Debt, and to direct the Application of an additional Sum to the Reduction of the said Debt, in case of future Loans*; and the said Commissioners shall from time to time apply the same, and all the Dividends payable on any Stock redeemed or purchased therewith, in the Purchase of Capital Stock of the Public Annuities of Great Britain bearing an Interest of Three Pounds per Centum, in such manner as is directed by any Act or Acts now in force with respect to any other Sums (due to the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt); and all and every the Powers and Authorities, Regulations and Provisions contained in any such Act or Acts respecting the Application of Monies due or placed to the Account of the said Commissioners, shall be extended and applied and be in full force with respect to the Monies (due or placed to the Account of the said Commissioners by virtue of this Act, in so far as the same are applicable, and except where the same are herein expressly varied, so fully as if the same were particularly so made herein.

IX. And be it further enacted, That a separate Account shall be kept of the Account of the Capital Stock of the Public Annuities of Great Britain bearing an Interest of Three Pounds per Centum, purchased as is directed by the Operation of the said Two several Sums of Fifty five thousand four hundred and ten Pounds and Fifty five thousand four hundred and ten Pounds, and each other Sum or Sums of Money as from time to time may be paid into the Hands of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or their Cashier, on account of the Sinking Fund, for the Redemption of the said Two several Capital Sums of Three millions Reduced Three Pounds per Centum Annuities and One million four hundred thousand Pounds Consolidated Three Pounds per Centum Annuities, and all the Dividends payable out of any Stock redeemed or purchased therewith; and whenever and in case as the Sums of Four millions four hundred thousand Pounds Capital Stock of the Public Annuities of Great Britain bearing an Interest of Three Pounds per Centum, being the Account of the said Two several Sums of Three millions Reduced Annuities and One million four hundred thousand Pounds Consolidated Annuities, created by the said Sum of Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds, shall here be purchased or redeemed by the Operation of the said Two several Sums of Fifty five thousand four hundred and ten Pounds and Fifty five thousand four hundred and ten Pounds, and each other Sum or Sums of Money as may be paid on account of the said Sinking Fund as hereinafter mentioned, and all the Dividends payable on any Stock redeemed or purchased therewith; then and from thenceforth the several Payments hereinafter provided for the Sinking Fund and Charges of Management thereof respectively, shall wholly cease and determine, and the said United Company shall be wholly exempted from all future Demands in respect thereof.

X. And be it further enacted, That in case the said United Company or their Secretaries shall make Failure in any of the Payments hereby required and appointed to be made into the Hands of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, on or before the respective Days or times hereinafter limited, that then, and from time to time as often as such case shall so happen, the Money whereof such Failure in Payment shall be made, shall and may be recovered to His Majesty's Use by Action of Debt or upon the Case, Bill, Suit or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, whereas no Affidavits, Prothonotaries, Printing or Wages of Law shall be allowed, or any more than One Argument; in which Affidavit, Bill, Suit or Information, it shall be lawful to declare that the said United Company or their Secretaries are indebted to His Majesty in the Manner in which they have made Default in Payment, according to the Form of the Statute, and have not paid the same, which shall be sufficient; and as or upon such Affidavit, Bill, Suit or Information, there shall be further recovered to His Majesty's Use, against the said United Company or their Secretaries, Damages above the Rate of Fifteen Pounds per Centum per Annum, for the respective Monies so unpaid contrary to this Act,

-with

Company allowed to pay to the Bank for account of Sinking Fund.

Application of Sums paid to Bank for Sinking Fund.

§ 2. 3. 4. 5.

Expense Account of Sums and interest Sinking Fund kept.

When Stocks are redeemed or purchased, Payments to make.

In case of Failure of Payment by Company, how recovered.

with full Costs of Suit; and the said United Company and their Successors, and all their Stock and Vendors, and all other their Elders and Property whatsoever and whosoever shall be and are lawfully made liable; and liable to the Payment of such Morning, Damages and Costs.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the several Sums of Money payable or to be paid for the Interest, Sinking Fund and Charges of Management of the said several Sums of Three millions Reduced Three Pounds per Centum Annuum, and One million four hundred thousand Pounds Confirmed Three Pounds per Centum Annuum, shall be and be deemed and considered to be a Charge upon the Revenues of the Territorial Acquisition in the *East India*, in like manner as if the Interest payable in respect of the *Indian Debts*, which have been or may be discharged by means of the said Principal Sum of Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds had remained payable on the *East India*; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said United Company to cause Vendors for the Payment of such Interest, Sinking Fund and Charges of Management, and all Sums of Money which they shall have become liable to pay in respect thereof, to be appropriated and provided out of the Indian Revenues, and to be received to be Employed in the same Order of Preference in which the Interests on such Debts for discharge would have been payable if they had remained due and owing to the *East India*; any Law, Usage or Statute to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Property Tax in respect of the Name heretofore devised or ascribed to be paid into the Bank of England by the said United Company, shall not be paid or levied by the said United Company, and the same Sums of Money shall be paid by the said United Company without any Deduction or Abatement whatsoever in respect of the Property Tax or otherwise lawfully levied; but such Property Tax shall be deducted from the Dividends payable in respect of such Sums of Money, in such manner as the Proprietors of the said United Company shall think proper; and the said Property Tax in respect of any other Part of the Reduced Three Pounds per Centum Bank Annuity and Confirmed Three Pounds per Centum Bank Annuity is or ought to be deducted and paid.

Payment
Charge on Ter-
ritorial Acquisi-
tion in East
India.

Payment of
the Bank in-
terest from
the said Debts.

C A P. CXXXVI.

An Act to enable the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland to regulate the Price of Coals to be bought for the Service of the Poor of the City of Dublin. [18th July 1812.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Kings, entitled *An Act to prevent the excessive Price of Coals in the City of Dublin*, it was, amongst other things, enacted, That One or more Yards or Yards should be taken at the Expense of the Public, for the Purpose of laying in a sufficient Quantity of Coals for supplying the Journeymen, Tradesmen and Manufacturers, and the Poor of the City of Dublin, with Coals, in the manner and subject to the Regulations and Provisions thereunto contained; and that the said Coals should be bought in at the public Expense, and when Coals should be under Sixteen Shillings the Ton: And whereas the Price of Coals in the City of Dublin has not for several Years last past been so low as Sixteen Shillings by the Ton: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Director or Superintendent of the Coal Yard from time to time, and at all times, to buy Coals for the Supply of every or any such Coal Yards, in manner as the said Act mentioned, at any Price or Prices that shall be approved of by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being; such Approbation to be signified in Writing to such Director or Superintendent, previous to every such Purchase, by the Chief Secretary, or in his Absence by the Under Secretary for the Coal Department, and that such Coals shall and may be afterwards sold in manner and under and subject to the Regulations in the said Act mentioned.

II. And whereas since the Enactment of the Price of Coals many large Quantities of Coals have from time to time been purchased for the Use of such Coal Yards, at Prices exceeding the Rate fixed by Law as aforesaid, and where such Purchases were lawfully made it is reasonable that the Parties concerned should not suffer thereby: Be it therefore enacted, That whenever the Commissioners of Imprest Accounts in Ireland shall be of Opinion that any such Purchases hath been lawfully and lawfully made for the public Benefit, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby required to allow the same in Account, and to debit the Price paid for such Coals as just and fair Discharge for and on Behalf of the Director or Superintendent of such Coal Yards, or of any other Person or Persons who so paid the same respectively.

1 G. 3. (1) a.

Director of Coal
Yards to buy
Coals at Prices
approved by
Lord Lieuten-
ant.

Commissioners of Imprest Ac-
counts to allow
Discharge thereof
for Coals if Pur-
chased lawfully
made.

C A P. CXXXVII.

An Act for extending the Time for the Payment of certain Sums of Money, advanced by Way Loan under an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to dire the Issue of Exchequer Bills, to a limited Amount, for the Purposes and in the Manner there mentioned. [20th July 1812.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for enabling His Majesty to direct the Issue of Exchequer Bills, to a limited Amount, for the Purpose and in the Manner therein mentioned*: And whereas Exchequer Bills were issued under the said Act, to certain Commissioners therein named, and were by them advanced to Manufacturers, Merchants and Persons engaged in Trade, on certain Terms and Conditions: And whereas Circumstances have occurred which render it expedient to extend the time for the Repayment of the said Advances remaining due on the said Loans of Exchequer Bills, upon the Terms and Conditions hereinafter specified: Be it therefore enacted by the King's

1 G. 3. c. 135.

Performance apply to Commissions to give Loans for Enlargement of Loans extended, who may extend as specified.

King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons to whom any such Relief shall here be granted under the said recited Act, his, her or their Heirs, Executors and Administrators, and his, her or their Sureties, and who respectively shall be desirous of enlarging or extending the time limited by the said Act for the Repayment of any Part of any Loans of such Exchange Bills, to make Application to the Commissioners named and appointed under the said Act, or such of them as shall be still living, who are hereby nominated and appointed Commissioners for extending the Act, for any Enlargement or Extension of the time limited for such Repayment, not exceeding the time or the Proportions of any such Loan heretofore specified; and the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to enlarge and extend the time for the Repayment of any such Loan in the Proportions as to what may be due thereon, and for the time heretofore specified, either upon the Obligation or Obligations, Security or Securities, Surety or Sureties heretofore accepted and made liable for the Repayment of any such Loan, or any Interest thereon, without any other or new Obligation, Debt or other Security or Agreement whatsoever, other than such Consent of Sureties as heretofore mentioned, or upon such other and new Security or Securities, or other and new Surety or Sureties, either for the Whole of any such Loan, or for any part or parts of any such Loan, upon new and separate and distinct Security or Securities, either with the former Sureties, or separate and new Sureties for each separate and distinct Part of any such Loan, as in or by any further Security or Securities, Surety or Sureties, as to them the said Commissioners shall from proper and lawful Inquiry; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized to require any new Security or Securities, Surety or Sureties, whenever they shall think the same expedient, and in case and need any former Obligation or Obligations, Security or Securities, and to separate and divide any such Loan or Loans, and to grant such Enlargement and Extension of time for each Part separately of any Loan so divided under this Act, and to require and take separate and distinct Securities for any such divided Part of such Loan; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, if they think necessary, to require the Appearance of any Party or Parties in any such Loan, and to proceed to examine them and determine the Sufficiency of any such old or new Security or Securities, Surety or Sureties, in like manner as they respectively are empowered by the said recited Act to do with respect to any Security or Securities, Surety or Sureties, to be proposed and given previous to the Assenting or Issue of any Exchange Bills under the said recited Act.

Persons willing to receive or to give Loans or to extend, and others, who signify Consent to Enlarge in Form in Schedule (A.)

II. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons liable as Sureties or Surety for the Repayment of any such Loan or Advances at the times limited by the said heretofore mentioned Act, and who shall be willing to remain Sureties or Surety for the Repayment of such Loans or Advances, or of any Part or Proportions thereof, separated and divided under this Act as aforesaid, at such enlarged or extended time as shall be granted under this Act, shall signify their Consent to remain such Sureties or Surety, by signing their, or his Name or Name to a Writing to be kept with the Secretary of the said Commissioners for the time being, according to the Form in the Schedule of this Act marked (A.), and every such Consent so signified and delivered, shall be binding upon the respective Sureties or Surety in signifying the same, then, his or her Heirs, Executors or Administrators, in like manner as such respective Sureties or Surety were or was, by the original Bonds or Bond entered into by them or him, bound for the Repayment of such Loan or Advances at the times thereby limited for the Repayment thereof.

Meetings of Commissioners.

III. And be it further enacted, That within Seven Days after this Act shall have received the Royal Assent, the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, shall meet to receive, or to appoint a proper Person or Persons to receive all such Applications in Writing as shall be made to them for such Enlargement or Extension of the times for the Repayment of the Amount of any such Loans of Exchange Bills, and shall sit at proper and convenient Days for the Purpose of taking into Consideration all such Applications, and shall meet together for that Purpose, and proceed to take into Consideration all such Applications as shall specify the times to which such Payments are required to be extended (and according to the Limits or Proportions heretofore mentioned).

Commissioners may grant or refuse to grant or to extend Loans or to receive or to give Loans or to extend, and others, who signify Consent to Enlarge in Form in Schedule (A.)

IV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons making such Application to the said Commissioners, shall be required by the said Commissioners to give any new Security or Securities, or to produce any new or other Surety or Sureties, and shall not previous to or upon any of the said Intimations becoming due and payable under the said recited Act, be prepared to render such sufficient Security or Securities, or Sureties or Surety, as shall by the said Commissioners be deemed requisite or in case such Person or Persons shall prove to the Satisfaction of such Commissioners that by reason of the Distress at which any Sureties or Surety are then residing, the Consent of such Sureties or Surety under this Act cannot immediately be procured, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, by Writing under the Hands of any Three or more of them, to grant to such Person or Persons, such further time for the procuring and tendering such Security or Securities, or procuring the Consent of any such Surety or Sureties, as they in their Discretion shall think fit; and not exceeding the Period of One Month from the time of granting such further time as aforesaid; and every Grant of such further time as aforesaid shall be in the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (B.); and in the mean time, and until the Expiration of the time so allowed by the said Commissioners for the Purpose aforesaid, such Person respectively shall not be deemed or taken to have made Default in Payment of such Interest of the said Loans, under the said recited Act, nor shall any Process, suit or other Proceeding be used, commenced or had, nor any Writen for the same granted against the said Parties respectively, or their Executors or Sureties, their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, or upon or in respect of any Securities or Sureties, made, signed or deposited for the Purpose in the said Act mentioned, or otherwise, for the Purpose of recovering or compelling Payment of the said Loans, or any Part thereof: Provided,

always,

above, & that the Services now hereof shall consist to each

Extension of time, and shall in the mean time remain

valid under their previous Security. And he is further enacted, That, from and after the signing of such Contract by such Societies or Society for the said Act, and the Deposit of such further Security or Securities, Society or Societies (where any such shall be required by the said Commissioners) it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to grant and allow in manner hereinafter mentioned, to such Parties respectively, such Enlargement or Extension of the times of Repayment of such Loans as they the said Commissioners shall in their Discretion think proper, regard being had by the said Commissioners as well to the Merits of the case of the Party it applying, as to the Sufficiency of the Security or Securities, Society or Societies, so tendered by them, so that the said Loan be made payable in Proportions not less, and Periods not longer, than hereinafter particularly mentioned; that is to say, One Third Part of the said Loan as remains unpaid, with Interest for the same, at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, on the First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and thirtieth; One other Third Part thereof, with the like Interest for the same, on the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirtieth; and the remaining Third Part thereof, with the like Interest for the same, on the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirtieth: And such Parties respectively, to whom the said Commissioners shall allow such Enlargement or Extension of the times of Payment of the said Loan, shall not be deemed or taken to have made

After signing Contract by several Societies, the Commissioners may grant Extension of time of Repayment of Loans.

Liability in Payment of the said Loan, in manner directed by the said recited Act, nor shall any Process, Suit, or other Proceeding, be used, commenced or had, nor any Warrant for the same granted against the said Parties respectively, or their Executors or Society, their or any of their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, or upon or in respect of any Securities, or Security made, assigned or deposited for the Purpose in the said Act mentioned, or otherwise, in order to recover or compel the Repayment of the said Loan, or any Part thereof, until the Expulsion of such enlarged or extended times as aforesaid, except in the cases in the said Act specified.

Or in Case of Failure to pay Part of a Loanable Sum.

VI. And he is further enacted, That in all cases in which the said Commissioners shall think fit to grant or allow any such Enlargement or Extension of time for the Repayment of any Proportion of any such Loan, they the said Commissioners shall certify each such Allowance by a Writing under the Hand of any Three or more of them, according to the Form or the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (C.), and such Certificate shall be delivered to the respective Parties to whom such Extension of time shall be granted as aforesaid; and a Copy or Mosaic of all such Certificates shall be entered in a Book or Books to be kept by the said Commissioners for that Purpose.

Provision for receiving Certificate of Extension of time, and thereof due paid.

VII. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That all and every Period and Periods to whom such Enlargement or Extension of time for the Payment of any Part of any such Loan shall be granted or allowed as aforesaid, shall, previous to the receiving any such Certificate as aforesaid, pay or make to be paid to the said Commissioners, or such Parties or Parties as they, or any Three or more of them, shall appoint to receive the same, all Interest then due and payable on every such Loan at the time of granting any such Extension of time as aforesaid.

VIII. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That the said recited Act, and all Remedies thereby provided for executing or compelling the Repayment of the Amount of the Exchange Bills issued and advanced under the same as aforesaid, or enforcing any such Security or Securities, or Proceeding against any Society or Societies, shall continue and be in full Force as against all Parties, and in all cases where the time for Repayment shall not have been changed and extended according to the Provision of this Act and also against all Parties, and in respect of all Securities and Securities, where any further time shall have been allowed under the said Act or any or either of these, or this Act, for the Payment of any such Loan, or any Part of any such Loan, in the manner in every respect as if the Bonds, Mortgages, Obligations or other Securities given, or Securities who shall have become bound as respects of any Loan, for the Repayment whereof, or of any Part whereof any such further time shall have been or shall be granted in pursuance of this Act, had been given, renewed and entered into, or such Securities had become bound under this Act, or original Bonds, Mortgages, Obligations, Securities or Securities.

Remedies of recited or other Acts, to remain in force until repayment of Loans, or creation of.

IX. And he is further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall have all such Powers and Authorities, with respect to any Parties applying for Relief under the said Act, and shall have all such Remedies for the Purpose of recovering or compelling Repayment of any Loans or Advances already made, the times of Repayment of which have been or may be enlarged or extended by the Authority of this Act, as are given to the said Commissioners, and provided by the said recited Act in respect of any such Loan, or of any Default or Repayment of any Loan made under the said Act.

Commissioners to have same Powers as aforesaid under said Act.

X. And he is further enacted, That if any Parties or Parties contracting to receive Services or Society for any Parties to whom such Enlargement or Extension of the times of Repayment of any Loans advanced to them as hereinafter mentioned shall be allowed, or receiving Services or Society for any Parties or Parties to whom any such Loan shall have been originally made by the Authority aforesaid, their or his Executors or Administrators shall pay or satisfy such Loan, or any Part thereof, or any Costs or Charges incurred in recovering or compelling Payment of any such Loan, or any Part thereof, such Services or Society shall have all such Remedies as against their or his Personal or Personal, or their or his Co-Contractor or Co-Party (if any), as are provided by the said recited Act for the Benefit of the Parties obtaining a Loan of Exchange Bills under the said Act; and moreover, all moneys or such Mortgages or Mortgage as shall be accepted or taken by the said Commissioners, under the Authority of the said Act given to them for that Purpose, as Securities or Security for any Loans or Advances or made under the Authority of the said Act, shall stand and remain as Securities or Security for the Debentures or for such Securities respectively, their Executors and Administrators, of the Whole or any Part or Some of Money which shall be paid and received

Services not to be taken unless given Remedy against them, as in Co-Contractor, as aforesaid recited Act, and all moneys taken by, or made in, or taken for the said purposes.

by them as such Securities, and shall and may be enforced and rendered voidable by and under the Authority of the said Commissioners, in the manner and with the same Force and Effect as by the said Act is provided for the Purpose of recovering Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money that shall or may be advanced by the said Commissioners upon the Security of such Mortgage or Mortgages under and by virtue of the said Act.

These Comml.
Shewt may off.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Matters and Things, which the said Commissioners are hereby or by the said recited Act required or empowered to do or execute, shall and may be done and executed by any Three or more of them; any thing herein or in the said former Acts contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Signature taken
by Comml.
Shewt, &c. and
shall be Stamp
Duty.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Obligations on His Majesty, taken by the said Commissioners under this Act, nor any Contract signed by any Securities or Surety for the Purposes herebefore mentioned, nor any Promissory Note to be given to the Secretary of the said Commissioners, as a Security for the Re-payment of the Amount of any such Sum or Sums of Money as aforesaid, nor any Affidavit, Deposition, or Receipt taken or made by virtue of the said Act, shall be liable to any Stamp Duty whatsoever.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refer.

SCHEDULE (A.)

WHEREAS the Names are hereunto subscribed, do hereby severally and respectively certify and agree, That the Resolutions already enacted by us under an Act, passed in the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled "An Act for enabling His Majesty to divert the Issue of Exchequer Bills, to a limited Amount, for the Purposes and in manner therein mentioned," as therein for *A. N.* for the Re-payment of a Loan of Exchequer Bills made to the said *A. N.* under the said Act of the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, shall remain and continue as a Security for Re-payment of the said Sum of remaining unpaid as the Loan, with Interest thereon, at the Rate of per Centum per Annum, at the extended Periods allowed herein; and that the said Commissioners shall be at Liberty to grant to the said the said Extension of time for Payment, either upon the Security already received for the same or other Security, as they in their Discretion shall think fit to accept, either for the Whole of the Money remaining due on the said Loan, or upon such Loans (repaid and discharged) as such Parts as shall be allowed by the said Commissioners.

Dated the

Day of

SCHEDULE (B.)

WE the Commissioners under an Act of Parliament, passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled "An Act for enabling His Majesty to divert the Issue of Exchequer Bills, to a limited Amount, for the Purposes and in Manner therein mentioned," do hereby grant to and the said and no longer, for procuring and tendering to us good and sufficient new Security or Securities, with Sureties (or, the Consent of the Sureties of the said to remain severally as such Sureties) under an Act, passed in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled "An Act [here refer to the Title of the Act] for the Re-payment of the Sum of with Interest, due on a Loan of Exchequer Bills made to the said under the said Act of the Fifty first Year aforesaid; and of the said document produce the same on or before the said Day of the Securities already given and entered into by the said and his Sureties, will be forthwith put in Execution recovering the Money due on the said Loan.

Dated the

Day of

SCHEDULE (C.)

WHEREAS the Sum of was advanced to in Exchequer Bills, on certain Conditions, pursuant to an Act, passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled "An Act for enabling His Majesty to divert the Issue of Exchequer Bills, to a limited Amount, for the Purposes and in manner therein mentioned:" And whereas the said hath given Security, with Sureties, pursuant to the Directions of the said Act of Parliament respecting such Relief as aforesaid, for the Re-payment of the said Loan (by certain Installments, payable at certain Periods in such Security [or, Securities] mentioned: And whereas the Sum of shall remain unpaid on the said Loan: And whereas an Application has been made to us the said Commissioners, for an Extension of the time for repaying such Loan: Now We, whose Names are hereunto subscribed, of the Commissioners under the said Act, do, in pursuance of the Directions contained in an Act, passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled "An Act [here refer to the Title of the Act] hereby, That we have granted and allowed to the said the further time [or, times] for Re-payment of the Sum of Installment or Installments of the said Sum of or the [as the case may be] that is to say [write the Time, and Sums.]

C A P.

C A P. CXXXVIII.

An Act for the further Prevention of the counterfeiting of Silver Tokens issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, called Dollars, and of Silver Pieces issued and circulated by the said Governor and Company, called Tokens; and for the further Prevention of Frauds practised by the imitation of the Notes or Bills of the said Governor and Company. [20th July 1812.]

WHEREAS the Governor and Company of the Bank of England have for the Convenience of the Public caused to be coined or stamped and circulated a large Quantity of Silver Dollars, containing on the Obverse Side thereof an Impression of His Majesty's Head, and the following Words and Letters, *videlicet* "George III. Dei Gratia Rex," and on the Reverse Side thereof the Impression of Britannia, and the following Words and Figures, *videlicet* "Five Shillings Dollar Bank of England 1807." And whereas the said Governor and Company, with the Approbation of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council have also issued and circulated, for the Convenience of the Public, a Quantity of Silver Pieces, denominated Tokens, for the respective Sums of Three Shillings, and One Shilling and Six pence, such Tokens for the Sum of Three Shillings containing on the Obverse Side thereof an Impression of His Majesty's Head, and the following Words and Letters, *videlicet* "George III. Dei Gratia Rex." and on the Reverse Side thereof the following Words and Figures, *videlicet* "Bank Token, 3 SHILLINGS" with the Addition of the Year in which the same were respectively made and stamped, and such Tokens for the Sum of One Shilling and Six pence, containing the same Impression, Words and Letters on the Obverse Side thereof, as upon the said Tokens for Three Shillings, and on the Reverse Side thereof the following Words and Figures, *videlicet* "Bank Token, 1s. 6s." with the Addition of the Year in which the same were respectively coined or stamped: And whereas the said Governor and Company issued to His said Majesty's use like Tokens for the respective Sums of Three Shillings and One Shilling and Six pence: And whereas the Circulation of the said Dollars and Tokens has been of great public Utility, but many Inconveniences occurred in which the same have been counterfeited, whereby the Public have been greatly defrauded, and the Facilitation inhibited upon Persons convicted of counterfeiting and uttering the same has been found inadequate to prevent such Offences: For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person shall, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, make, coin or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be made, coined or counterfeited, or wilfully sell or offer in the making, coining, or counterfeiting, any Gold, Silver or Device whatsoever, resembling or made with intent to resemble, or look like the said Dollars or Tokens, or any of them, or to pass as such, every Person so offending, and being thereof convicted by the Course of Law, shall be deemed and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and shall be transported for the Term of Fourteen Years.

Counterfeiting Bank Tokens.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, if any Person shall utter, offer or tender in Payment, or sell or give in Exchange, or pay or put off to any Person or Persons, any such false or counterfeit Dollar or Dollars, Token or Tokens, as aforesaid, knowing the same to be false or counterfeit, and shall either on the same Day or within the Space of Ten Days thereafter afterwards, utter, offer or tender in Payment, or sell or give in Exchange, or pay or put off any more or other such false or counterfeit Dollar or Dollars, Token or Tokens, as aforesaid, knowing the same to be false or counterfeit, to the same Person or Persons, or to any other Person or Persons, or shall at the time of his so selling, offering, tendering in Payment, selling or giving in Exchange, paying or putting off, have in his or her Custody or Possession, one or more such counterfeit Dollar or Dollars, Token or Tokens, as aforesaid, or any Piece or Pieces of counterfeit Money whatsoever, besides what was or were so stored, offered, tendered in Payment, sold, given in Exchange, paid or put off, then such Person so storing, offering, tendering in Payment, selling or giving in Exchange, paying or putting off the same, shall be deemed and taken to be a Common Utterer of such counterfeit Dollars or Tokens, and being thereof convicted shall suffer One Year's Imprisonment, and shall find Sureties for his or her good Behaviour for Two Years more, to be accounted from the End of the said Year; and if any Person having been Once so convicted as a Common Utterer of such counterfeit Dollars or Tokens shall afterwards again utter, offer or tender in Payment, sell or give in Exchange, pay or put off, any such false or counterfeit Dollar or Dollars, Token or Tokens, as aforesaid, to any Person or Persons, knowing the same to be false or counterfeit, then such Person, being thereof convicted, shall, for each Second Offence, be deemed and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and shall be transported for the Term of Fourteen Years.

Transportation.

Penalty of Counterfeit Tokens.

First Offence.

Second Offence.

III. And be it hereby further enacted, That if any Person, being out of Prison, shall, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, commit any of the Offences aforesaid, and shall afterwards discover Two or more Persons who shall, after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, have committed any of the said Offences, for as such Two or more Persons shall be thereof convicted, such Discoverer shall not be seized or liable to Prosecution for any of the said Offences which he may have previously committed.

Persons guilty of Offences not liable to Prosecution.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall be convicted of uttering, offering, tendering in Payment, selling or giving in Exchange, paying or putting off any such false or counterfeit Dollar or Dollars, Token or Tokens as aforesaid, and shall afterwards be guilty of the like Offence in any other County, City, District or Place, the Clerk of the Assize or the Clerk of the Peace for the County, City, District or Place where such Conviction was to be had, shall at the Request of the Prosecutor or any other Person on His Majesty's Behalf, certify the same by a Transcript in a few Words, containing the Effect and Tenor of such Certificate,

Certification of Conviction in other County, City, District or Place.

No.

For which Certificates Two Shillings and Six pence and no more shall be paid, and such Certificates being produced in Court, shall be sufficient Proof of such former Conviction.

Persons who
graze Pines,
or Imprint
taken from
which shall be
under such
Mines, or upon
any Paper re-
specting them

V. And whereas Divers Persons have been practised by making and publishing Papers with certain Words and Characters in secretly reflecting the Names and Bills of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, as to appear to ignorant and unwary Persons to be the Notes or Bills of the said Governor and Company: For the Prevention whereof, be it enacted, That if any Person, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall engrave, cut, write, stamp, or by any other Means or Device make, or shall cause or procure to be engraved, cut, written, stamped, or by any other Means or Device made, or shall knowingly or wilfully in the engraving, cutting, writing, stamping, or by any other Means or Device making, in or upon any Plate of Copper, Brass, Steel, Pewter, or of any other Metal or Mixture of Metals, or upon Wood or any other Materials, or upon any Plate whatsoever, any Word or Words, Figure or Figures, Character or Characters, the Imprints taken from which shall resemble or be apparently intended to resemble the Whole or any Part of any of the Notes or Bills of the said Governor and Company commonly called *Bank Notes* and *Bank Post Bills*, or shall contain any Word, Number, Figure or Character in White on a black, white or dark Ground, without an Authority in Writing for that Purpose from the said Governor and Company, to be produced and proved by the Party accused, or shall (without such Authority as aforesaid) use any such Plate, Wood or other Material to engrave, cut, write, stamp, or by any other Means or Device make, or shall use any other Instrument or Device for the making or printing upon any Paper or other Material, any Word or Words, Figure or Figures, Character or Characters, which shall be apparently intended to resemble the Whole or any Part of any of the said Notes or Bills of the said Governor and Company, or any Word, Number, Figure or Character in White on a black, white or dark Ground; or if any Person or Persons shall, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, (without such Authority as aforesaid) knowingly have in his, her or their Custody, any such Plate, Instrument or Device, or shall knowingly and wilfully write, publish or display of or put away any Paper or other Material containing any such Word or Words, Figure or Figures, Character or Characters as aforesaid, or shall knowingly or wilfully have in his, her or their Custody or Possession, any Paper or other Material containing any such Word or Words, Figure or Figures, Character or Characters as aforesaid, (without lawful Excuse, the Proof whereof shall lie upon the Person accused) every Person so offending in any of the cases aforesaid, and being convicted thereof according to Law, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall be transported for the Term of Fourteen Years.

Transportation.
To what Paper
this Act to apply.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall apply to any Paper or Writing whatsoever (other than Papers or Writings resembling such Notes or Bills as aforesaid) containing an Imprint from any Plate or Plates, or other Device whatsoever, with White Letters upon black, white or dark Ground, which shall previous to the passing of this Act have been in the Custody of any Person or Persons whatsoever.

C A F. CXXXII.

An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Duties on Stone Bottles made in or imported into Great Britain. [22d July 1812.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, thinking it expedient to grant the Duties hereinafter mentioned towards raising the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty's Public Expenses, and making an Addition to the Public Revenue of Great Britain, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and twelve, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several Duties of Excise hereinafter mentioned, for and in respect of Stone Bottles; that is to say,

Duties on Stone
Bottles.

Duties.

For every Hundred Weight of Stone Bottles not exceeding Two Quarts Measure made in Ireland, and exported from thence into Great Britain, a countervailing Duty of Excise of Two Shillings and Six pence:

For every Hundred Weight of Stone Bottles not exceeding Two Quarts Measure imported from any other Place beyond the Seas, as Excise Duty of Two Shillings and Six pence:

And for every Hundred Weight of Stone Bottles not exceeding Two Quarts Measure made in Great Britain, Two Shillings and Six pence.

Duties for
quantity less
than
two Cwt.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties, and also the Drawbacks granted by this Act, shall in every case be understood and deemed to apply in the same Proportions and after the same Rate to any greater or less Quantity than a Hundred Weight of Stone Bottles.

Importance of
Stone Bottles to
the Navy.

III. And be it further enacted, That within Twenty Days next after the Mailing or Parting for that Voyage of the Ship or Vessel whereas any such Stone Bottles shall be exported or brought into Great Britain, shall have or ought to have made a full and true Entry or Report upon Oaths of the Duties, Contents and Lading of such Ship or Vessel, in pursuance of an Act made in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of King George the Second, entitled *An Act for preventing Frauds and regulating Trade in His Majesty's Customs, the Provisions or Provisions, Importer or Importation, Consigner or Consigners of any* such

17th 14 Geo. 2.
c. 11.

Each Stone Bottle, shall make due Entry with the Collector of Excise in the Office or Place where such Stone Bottle shall be so imported, of all such Stone Bottles on board of such Ship, or Vessel belonging to such Proprietor or Proprietors, Importer or Importers, Consignor or Consignee, and shall thereupon, in the hearing of any such Stone Bottles satisfy and pay the Duty by this Act imposed for or imposed thereon, and shall also within ten Days, send all such Stone Bottles, on Pain to forfeit the same, to some Officer or Officer of Excise, or to make due Entry of such Stone Bottles, or to pay the Duty for or to respect thereof, and shall the same according to the Directions of this Act, all such Stone Bottles on board such Ship or Vessel belonging to such Proprietor or Proprietors, Importer or Importers, Consignor or Consignee of the same, by neglecting or refusing, and which shall and may be proved by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Stone Bottles, whether they shall profess to make or manufacture any Stone Bottles, shall make a true and particular Inventory in Writing of every Head, Workhouse, Millhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Shop, Room and Place by him, her or them respectively made use of or intended to be made use of for or in the writing, filling up, grinding, preparing, mixing or keeping of any Clay, Earth or other Material or Materials commonly used or employed, or fit or proper to be made use of or employed for or in the making or manufacturing of Stone Bottles, or for or in the making or manufacturing, hardening, drying, baking, burning or laying or keeping of any such Bottle at the Office of Excise, within the Compass or Limits whereof such Head, Workhouse, Millhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Shop, Room or Place respectively shall be situate; and all and every Maker and Maker of Stone Bottles shall also make a true and particular Entry in Writing of every Case, Kila, Stone, Vat, Coffer, Mill, Lathe, Treadle or other Machine, Implements, Vessel or Utensil by him, her or them kept or made use of, or intended to be made use of for or in the making, manufacturing, turning, hardening, drying, baking or burning of any such Bottle at the Office of Excise, within the Compass or Limits whereof such Case, Kila, Stone, Vat, Coffer, Mill, Lathe, Treadle or other Machine, Implements, Vessel or Utensil respectively shall be situate, kept or made use of respectively; and if any Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles shall make use of any Heads, Workhouses, Millhouses, Warehouses, Sheds, Shops, Rooms or Place for or in the writing, filling up, grinding, preparing, mixing or keeping of any Clay, Earth or other Material or Materials commonly used or employed or fit or proper to be made use of or employed for or in the making or manufacturing of Stone Bottles, or for or in the making, manufacturing, hardening, drying, baking, burning, laying or keeping of any such Bottle without having made thereof such Entry as in that behalf aforesaid, or shall make use of any Case, Kila, Stone, Vat, Coffer, Mill, Lathe, Treadle or other Machine, Implements, Vessel or Utensil for or in the making, manufacturing, turning, hardening, drying, baking, burning or glazing of any Stone Bottle without having made thereof such Entry as in that behalf aforesaid, the Maker or Makers so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds, together with all the Stone Bottles and other Material and Materials aforesaid, which shall at any time be found at any such Head, Workhouse, Millhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Shop, Room or Place, or in or on any such Case, Kila, Stone, Vat, Coffer, Vessel or Utensil aforesaid, whereof no such Entry as in that behalf aforesaid shall be made, and the laws shall and may be proved by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

V. And be it further enacted, That each of the Duties by this Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being; and each thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officers of Excise, or any or either of them, from time to time, and at all times between the Hours of Ten in the Morning and Eleven at Night, without the Presence of a Constable or other lawful Officer of the Peace, and between the Hours of Eleven at Night and Five in the Morning, then in the Presence of a Constable or other lawful Officer of the Peace, to enter into all and every the Heads, Workhouses, Millhouses, Warehouses, Sheds, Shops, Rooms and other Places entered or made use of by any Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles for or in the making, manufacturing, hardening, drying, baking, burning, laying or keeping of any Stone Bottles, or for or in the writing, filling up, grinding, preparing or keeping of any Clay, Earth or other Material or Materials commonly used or employed, or fit or proper to be made use of or employed in the making or manufacturing of Stone Bottles, and by weighing, tale or otherwise, as to such Officer or Officers shall seem best, to take an Account of the Weights, Kinds and Quantities of the Stone Bottles which shall have been made, manufactured, hardened, dried, baked, burnt or be found in the Custody or Possession of such Maker of Stone Bottles from time to time.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Stone Bottles being obliged to put or deposit any Stone Bottles in any Kila, Stone or Oven for the Purpose of baking or burning the same, shall by the Space of Six Hours next before the Beginning to put or deposit any such Stone Bottles into or in any such Kila, Stone or Oven, give to the Officer of Excise under whose Survey he, she or they shall then be, a Notice in Writing of his, her or their Intention so to do, specifying in such Notice the particular Time and Hour at which it is intended to put or deposit the same; and if any such Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles shall neglect or refuse to begin to put and deposit such Stone Bottles specified in such Notice in the Kila, Stone or Oven also specified in such Notice within One Hour after the time therein by that Officer or Officers, then such Notice shall be void, and such Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles shall give the aforesaid Notice in Writing to such Officer before he, she or they begin to put or deposit any Stone Bottles in any such Kila, Stone or Oven; and if any Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles shall put or deposit any Stone Bottle in or

Produce.

Offices of Excise
Commissioners of
Excise in England
Scotland

Not necessary
Notice

Part of

Duties under
Commissioners
of Excise

Officers to enter
Presence of
Magistrate of Peace
Bottles and take
Accounts of
Weights, &c.

Notice given to
Officers before
putting of Stone
Bottles into
Kilns, &c.

or in any Kils, Stoves or Ovens without having given such previous Notice as is last before aforesaid, he, she or they, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty.

Declaration of
Masters, then,
Sec. of the
Bottles delivered
to Officers before
stripping up Kils,
&c.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That before any Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles shall begin to strike or strip up any Kils, Stoves or Ovens containing any Stone Bottles, he, she or they shall deliver to the proper Officer of Excise a Declaration in Writing, specifying the true Numbers of the Stone Bottles of each particular Size, Sort, Kind or Description; that it is by, the Names by which the Stone Bottles of each particular Sort or Kind are commonly called or known, with the reputed Measure of each Stone Bottle of each particular Size, and the Number thereof respectively put, laid or deposited and contained in each and every such Kil, Stove or Oven respectively; and if any Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles shall neglect or refuse to deliver such Declaration, every such Maker or Makers is offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds: Provided always notwithstanding, that no Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles shall incur or be liable to the said last mentioned Penalty for or by reason of any Declaration by him, her or them delivered, signed for such Declaration as aforesaid, not specifying the true Numbers of the Stone Bottles of any particular Size, Sort, Kind or Description respectively put, laid or deposited and contained in any such Kil, Stove or Oven, provided the Number of the Stone Bottles of that particular Kind or Description respectively specified in such Declaration is delivered full and very more than at and after the Rate of Five per Centum from the true Numbers of the Stone Bottles of such particular Size, Sort or Kind respectively laid, put, placed or deposited and contained in such Kil, Stove or Oven; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary in any writ notwithstanding.

Penalty.

Masters to give
Notice by light,
by Five before
Kilns, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That when any Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles shall be desirous to prepare, light or kindle any Fire to heat his, her or their Kils, Stoves or Ovens into which any Stone Bottles are intended to be put or deposited for the Purpose of baking or burning the same, such Maker or Makers shall give to the Officer of Excise under whose Survey he, she or they shall then be, Six Hours Notice in Writing of his, her or their Intention to do so: Provided always notwithstanding, that no Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles shall be or Liberty to light or kindle any Fire for the Purpose aforesaid, or to heat any such Kil, Stove or Oven for that or any other Purpose till after the Expiration of One Hour, to be computed and reckoned as aforesaid, the Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles is offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and if any such Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles shall neglect or refuse to prepare, light and kindle such Fire with One Hour after the time mentioned, then such Notice shall be void, and such Maker or Makers shall give the like and a fresh Notice in Writing to such Officer before he, she or they shall prepare, kindle or light, any Fire as or under any such Kil, Stove or Oven; and if any such Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles shall light or kindle a Fire in any such Kil, Stove or Oven, without having given such previous Notice as aforesaid, he, she or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty.

Such Notice.

Penalty.

Masters to pre-
pare Weights,
&c.

X. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Stone Bottles shall, and he, she and they is and are hereby required, at his and their own Expence, to find and provide, or well, build, make and maintain a good, sufficient and convenient weighing Room in or adjoining to such Kil, Stove and Oven by him, her or them made use of for the burning of Stone Bottles.

Masters required
to have Scales
and Weights, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Stone Bottles shall, and he, she and they is and are hereby required to keep sufficient and just Scales and Weights at the Place or Places where he, she or they shall make or manufacture Stone Bottles, and also permit and suffer any Officer or Officers of Excise to sit the same for the Purpose of weighing and taking an Account of, and reweighing, the Stone Bottles which shall at any time be made or manufactured by or be in the Possession of such Maker or Makers; and if any Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles shall neglect to keep such Scales and Weights or either of them, or shall not permit or suffer any Officer or Officers of Excise to sit the same, or any of them, such Maker or Makers shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any such Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles shall in the weighing or reweighing of any Stone Bottles make use of, or make or procure or cause to be made use of any false, unjust or insufficient Scales or Weights, or shall provide any such Device or Contrivance by which any such Officer shall or may be prevented or hindered from or delayed in taking the full and true Weight of any such Stone Bottles, then and in every such case such Maker or Makers shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and all such false, unjust or insufficient Scales and Weights respectively, and the same shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

Penalty.

Such Scales, &c.

Penalty.

Masters to give
Notice to Officers
to draw out
any Stone
from Kils,
&c.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Stone Bottles being desirous to draw or take any Stone Bottles from or out of any Kil, Stove or Oven to him, her or them belonging, shall by the Space of Twelve Hours next before the beginning to draw or take any such Stone Bottles from or out of any such Kil, Stove or Oven give to the Officer of Excise under whose Survey he, she or they shall then be, a Notice in Writing of his, her or their Intention to do so, specifying the particular Kil, Stove or Oven from or out of which such Stone Bottles are intended to be drawn or taken, and the particular Time and Hour at which it is intended to be given, to draw or take the same from or out of such Kil, Stove or Oven; and if any Officer or Officers of Excise shall attend at the time mentioned in such Notice, such Maker or Makers shall, when and so long as such Officer or Officers shall be attended, immediately and with a proper and sufficient Number of his, her and their Workmen or others begin to draw and take such Stone Bottles from and out of such Kil, Stove or Oven, and shall without any unnecessary Delay or Incon-

weigh, and with all due Diligence and Dispatch, and with a proper and sufficient Number of his, her or their Workmen or Servants, proceed and continue in each drawing and taking of each Stone Bottle from and out of each Kilo, Stone or Oven, until the whole of each Stone Bottle shall be drawn and taken from and out of each Kilo, Stone or Oven respectively; and all and every Maker and Makers of Stone Bottles shall, when and so soon as any Stone Bottle not exceeding Two Quarts Measure shall be drawn or taken from or out of his, her or their Kilo, Stone or Oven, remove, carry and convey, or cause the same and every Part thereof to be removed, carried and conveyed directly into the said weighing Room, and shall forthwith lay, place, put and deposit, or cause or procure the same and every Part thereof to be laid, put, placed or deposited in the said weighing Room, and shall forthwith lay, put and place the same in the said weighing Room, in such Manner and Form that all the said last mentioned Stone Bottles may, so far as the nature of the case will admit, be the most easily and satisfactorily viewed, weighed and examined, and the Numbers of the several Stone, Stone Kinds and Measurements of each last mentioned Stone Bottle respectively be judged of and ascertained by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and each Maker or Makers shall immediately on the whole of each last mentioned Stone Bottle being so removed, carried and conveyed into the said weighing Room, and put and placed as aforesaid, and if the proper Officer or Officers of Excise shall then be in Attendance, and if not, then so being required by such Officer or Officers to so do, proceed to weigh, and shall weigh the whole and every Part of each last mentioned Stone Bottle in the said weighing Room with such Scales and Weights as aforesaid, in the Presence of such Officer; and each Maker or Makers shall be charged with and pay the Duty for and in respect of all such last mentioned Stone Bottles as are aforesaid, according to such Weight; and if any such Maker or Makers having given such Notice, and begun to draw or take any such Stone Bottle from or out of his, her or their Kilo, Stone or Oven, shall not, if any Officer or Officers of Excise shall be attired at the Time specified in such Notice, without any unnecessary Delay or Interruption, and with all due Diligence and Dispatch, and with a proper and sufficient Number of his, her or their Workmen or Servants, proceed and continue in each drawing and taking of each Stone Bottle from and out of each Kilo, Stone or Oven until the whole of each Stone Bottle shall be drawn and taken from and out of each Kilo, Stone or Oven respectively; or if any Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles shall not, as his, her or their Stone Bottle not exceeding Two Quarts Measure shall be drawn or taken from or out of his, her or their Kilo, Stone or Oven respectively, remove, carry and convey the same and every Part thereof, or cause the same and every Part thereof to be removed, carried and conveyed directly into the said weighing Room, or shall not lay, put, place and deposit, or cause or procure the same or any Part thereof to be laid, put, placed or deposited in the said weighing Room, or shall not forthwith lay, put and place the same or any Part thereof in the said weighing Room in such Manner and Form as is hereinbefore in that Behalf directed and required, or if such Maker or Makers shall not proceed to weigh, and weigh the Whole and every Part of each last mentioned Stone Bottle as hereinbefore in that Behalf directed and required, every such Maker and Makers so offending shall forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles shall neglect or refuse to begin to draw or take his, her or their Stone Bottle from or out of his, her or their Kilo, Stone or Oven immediately at the time mentioned in such Notice, or within One Hour after that time, such Notice shall be void, and each Maker or Makers shall give the like and a fresh Notice in Writing to such Officer: Provided always, that no Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles shall be at Liberty to give any such Notice to draw or take any Stone Bottle from or out of any Kilo, Stone or Oven to him, her or their behoof, except at the Day time, and that between the Hours of Six in the Morning and Six in the Afternoon, and that every Notice given for the drawing or taking any such Stone Bottle from or out of any Kilo, Stone or Oven at any Hour or Time other than in the Day-time, and that between the Hours of Six in the Morning and Six in the Afternoon, shall and the same is hereby declared to be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in the weighing at aforesaid of any such Stone Bottles the Tare of the Scale shall be given in Favour of the Crown, and so less thereof shall be allowed to each Maker and Makers One Pound Weight upon each and every One hundred Pounds of such Stone Bottles so weighed.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all Stone Bottles chargeable with the said Duties by this Act imposed, or any of them, shall be from time to time weighed, taken an Account of, and charged with the said Duties by the proper Officer of Excise when and so soon as the same shall be baked or burned; and if any Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles, or his, her or their Workmen or Servants, or other Person or Persons, shall neglect, hinder or obstruct any Officer of Excise so weighing or taking an Account of such Stone Bottles, he, she or they shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Stone Bottles, whose Stone Bottles not exceeding Two Quarts Measure shall have been weighed by any Officer or Officers of Excise, shall, for the full Space of Six Hours after the same shall have been so weighed, keep and continue each Stone Bottle in the said weighing Room, and in the same State and Position in which the same were left by the foregoing Officer or Officers: the Time shall have been longer so weighed by the respective Surveyors or Superintendants of Excise, or the End that the said Surveyors or Superintendants respectively may have an Opportunity to weigh or reweigh the same; and the said respective Surveyors or Superintendants are hereby authorized and empowered to weigh or reweigh all such Stone Bottles, and if upon the Reweighing thereof any additional Weight shall be discovered or found, such additional Weight of Stone Bottles shall be chargeable and charged with the respective Duties by this Act imposed for each Stone Bottle respectively; and if any such Maker or Makers shall neglect or refuse to keep or continue any such Stone Bottles which shall have been weighed by the

Stone Bottles when they are measured so they are from and imported and weighed

Makers employing

Faculty.

Makers given the Drawing required.

Allowance the Tare of Scale.

Stone Bottles charged with Duty in Soap is taken.

Stone Bottles weighed into Makers that are returned to him, the said Weighing Room for the last time.

proper Officer or Officers of Excise, or shall receive or convey, or cause or procure or suffer to be received or conveyed from or on of such weighing Room as aforesaid, any Stone Bottle before the End or Expiration of Six Months next after the time that have been so weighed by the proper Officer of Excise, unless the same shall have been longer weighed by the respective Surveyors or Supervisors of Excise, the Petrus or Petruses in offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Makers, to be
of all Officers to
weighing, &c.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Stone Bottles shall, and so often as he, she or they shall be thereto required by the Officer or Officers of Excise under whole Survey he, she or they shall then be, or by the respective Surveyor or Surveyors, or Supervisor or Supervisors of Excise, with a proper and sufficient Number of his her or their Workmen or Servants, and shall assist to the amount of ten, her or their Power each Officer or Officers, or Surveyor or Surveyors, or Supervisor or Supervisors in weighing and taking an Account, or in reweighing and taking an Account of all Stone Bottles of such Makers or Makers, on Pain of forfeiting for every Neglect or Refusal the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Makers to make
Stone Bottles
to be weighed
and to be weighed
and to be weighed

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles shall convey away Stone Bottle or Stone Bottles not exceeding Two Quarts Measure from any Kils, Stems or Cans before the proper Officer of Excise shall have weighed the same, or shall neglect or refuse to produce any such Stone Bottles to such Officer that he may weigh the same according to the Direction of this Act, or if any Petrus or Petruses shall clandestinely deposit, hide or conceal any such Stone Bottle or Stone Bottles with Intent to defraud His Majesty of any of the Duties by this Act imposed, all and every such Maker or Makers or other Petrus or Petruses in offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Stone Bottles
not weighed
and to be weighed

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Stone Bottles shall from time to time and at all times keep all Stone Bottles in his, her or their Custody or Possession, and which shall not have been weighed by the Officer of Excise according to the Direction of this Act, separate and apart from all Stone Bottles which shall have been weighed by such Officer or Officers, upon Pain of forfeiting for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Makers to make
Stone Bottles
to be weighed
and to be weighed
and to be weighed

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Stone Bottles shall once in every Six Weeks make a true Entry to Writing at the Office of Excise within the Limits whosoever such Stone Bottles shall be made or manufactured of all the Stone Bottles not exceeding Two Quarts Measure by him, her or them made or manufactured within such Six Weeks respectively, and such Entries shall contain the true Number and Sorts or Kinds of the said Stone Bottles, with the separate Measures of each particular Sort, Kind or Description of such Stone Bottles, with the aggregate Weight of the total Number of such Stone Bottles of each such Sort, Kind or Description by such Maker or Makers to be made or manufactured within such Six Weeks, on Pain of forfeiting for every Neglect to make such Entry the Sum of One hundred Pounds; which Entry shall be written upon Oath by the Maker or Makers by or for whom such Stone Bottles respectively shall have been made or manufactured, or he, her or their Chief Workmen or Servants employed in making or manufacturing the same: Provided always nevertheless, that no such Maker or Makers shall be obliged to go further than the Market Town next to the Place where such Stone Bottles respectively shall be made for the making of any such Entry as aforesaid; which Oath shall and may be administered by the proper Collector, Surveyor or Supervisor of Excise without any Fee or Charge for administering the same.

Penalty.

Makers to make
Stone Bottles
to be weighed
and to be weighed
and to be weighed

XX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Stone Bottles shall from time to time within six Weeks after he, she or they shall make or ought to have made such Entry of such Stone Bottles respectively by him, her or them made or manufactured as aforesaid, pay and clear off all the Duties of Excise for all such Stone Bottle by or for him, her or them respectively made or manufactured, upon Pain of forfeiting Double the Amount of such Duties.

Penalty.

Makers to make
Stone Bottles
to be weighed
and to be weighed
and to be weighed

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Officer or Officers of Excise, and all such Officers are hereby authorized and empowered to take at any time or times a Sample or Samples of any Stone Bottles or other Earthen Ware, either baked or unbaked, or burnt or unburnt, at any time in the Custody or Possession of any Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles, paying for the same, if demanded, the Value or wholesale Price thereof; and in case any Maker or Makers of Stone Bottles shall refuse to permit any such Officer or Officers to take such Sample or Samples as aforesaid, upon him, her or their refusing such Price for the same (if demanded) such Maker or Makers in offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Makers to make
Stone Bottles
to be weighed
and to be weighed
and to be weighed

XXII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Stone Bottles shall be deposited, hid or concealed in any Place or Places whatsoever, with an Intent to defraud His Majesty of any of the Duties by this Act imposed, all such Stone Bottles shall be forfeited, together with the Packages containing the same respectively, and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise, and the Petrus or Petruses in whole Custody or Possession the same shall be found liable to forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and, the better to enable such Officer or Officers to discover such Stone Bottles so forfeited, if any such Officer or Officers shall have Cause to suspect that any such Stone Bottles shall be so deposited, hid or concealed in any Place or Places whatsoever, then and in every such case, if such Place or Places shall be within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, upon Oath made by such Officer or Officers before the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being, or any Two or more of them, or before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, City or Liberty where such Place or Places shall be in any Part of Great Britain, upon Oath made by such Officer or Officers before such Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Shire, Division or Place where such Officer or Officers shall suspect the same to be deposited

Supposed these
Bottles

field, led or conveyed, sitting forth the Ground of his or their Subjects, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, or the Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively, as the case may require, before whom such Oath shall be made, if he or they shall judge it reasonable, by special Warrant or Warrants under his and their respective Hands and Seals to summon and empower such Officer or Officers by Day or by Night (but if in the Night, then to the Professor of a Coffinable or other lawful Officer of the Peace) to enter into all and every such Place and Places where he or they shall be suspected such Stove Bottles to be deposited, hid or concealed, and to take and carry away all such Stove Bottles which he or they shall then and there find so deposited, together with the Packages containing the same.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Maker or Makers of Stove Bottles shall for the making, manufacturing, harnessing, drying, baking, burning, buying or keeping of any Stove Bottles, make use of any private or concealed Coal, Kilo, Stone or Oven, or any private or concealed Vat, Columns, Mill, Lathes, Trundles or other Machines, Implements, Utensils or Place whatsoever, other than his, her or their known Coal or Coals, Kilo or Kilns, Stone or Stones, Oven or Ovens, Vat or Vats, Chimney or Chimneys, Mill or Mills, Lathes or Lathes, Trundle or Trundles, or other Machines or Machines, Implements or Implements, Vessel or Vessels, Utensils or Utensils, or Place or Places entered for that Purpose, all and every such Maker or Makers shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That every Bottle made of Earthen or Stone Ware, or of Earth or Clay, the Mouth or Orifice of a such Bottle not exceed in Diameter the Diameter of the Neck thereof by more than One Quarter of an Inch, and which shall not exceed Two Quarts in Measure, and in other, shall be deemed and taken to be a Stove Bottle within the Meaning of this Act.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That upon the Exportation of any Stove Bottles made in Great Britain, or made in Wales and imported into Great Britain, for and in respect whereof the Duties by this Act imposed shall have been paid, to any Port or Place beyond the Seas, except the Islands of Faro and Frow, under and subject to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions for or in respect of the Exportation of Glass, in order to obtain the Drawback, in far as the same can or may be applied (excepted, contained, provided, limited or established in and by an Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, among other things "for the Amendment of several Laws relating to the Duties" under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise," there shall be paid and allowed an Excise Drawback of Two Shillings and Six pence for every Hundred Weight, and in a Proportion for any greater or less Quantity of such Stove Bottles; and all and singular the said Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, and Provisions shall be cited, applied and put in Execution for and in respect of any such Stove Bottles, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if all and singular the said Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions had been repeated in the Body of this Act, and here thereby re-enacted for and in respect of and made applicable to the Exportation of such Stove Bottles, in order to obtain the Drawback by this Act granted or allowed, Save and except that in and in respect of the Oath required by the said Act, that the Exporter believes the Duties on the Materials have been fully paid, the Exporter shall make Oath that he believes that the Duties by this Act imposed had been fully paid or in respect of such Bottles to be exported.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That all the Stove Bottles and all the Machines and Implements and Utensils for the making thereof in the Capacity or Possession of any Maker or Makers of Stove Bottles, or of any Person or Persons in the Use of or in Trade for any such Maker or Makers, shall be liable and subject to and the same respectively are hereby made chargeable with all the Duties and Duties for Stove Bottles made or manufactured, as aforesaid and owing by such Maker or Makers for any Stove Bottles made by him, her or them, or as he, her or their House, Workhouse, Millhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Shop, Room or other Place, and shall also be subject and liable to satisfy all Process and Processes incurred by such Maker or Makers or other Person or Persons using such House, Workhouse, Millhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Shop, Room or other Place, for any Offence against this Act; and it shall and may be lawful to and for any Justice of the Peace, Deputies and Possibles on such Stove Bottles, Materials and Utensils, or any of them, and to sit forth Proceedings as may be lawfully done in relation to Stove Bottles, in case the Debtor or Offenders were the true and lawful Owners of the same.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons whatsoever, being a Maker or Makers of Stove Bottles, or who is or shall be so any wife interested or concerned in the Trade or Business of making, manufacturing or dealing in Stove Bottles, shall, during such time as he or they shall be so interested or concerned in the Trade or Business of making, manufacturing or dealing in Stove Bottles, act as a Justice of the Peace in any Matter or Thing whatsoever which shall in any wise concern the Execution of the Powers or Authorities given or granted by this Act; and if any Person or Persons shall, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, presume to exercise any such Powers or Authorities, or do any Act hereby authorized to be done by any Justice or Justices of the Peace, in such Acts as aforesaid or done by such Person or Persons shall be utterly null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall assault, vex, oppress, molest, obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of the Peace in the due Execution of this Act, or if any of the Powers or Authorities hereby given or granted to any such Officer or Officers, or shall by Force or Violence, or any such Officer or Officers shall have seized any Stove Bottle, or any Clay, Earth or other Material or Materials aforesaid, or any Vat, Columns, Mill, Lathes, Trundles or other Machines, Implements, Vessel or Vessel aforesaid, or any Clay, Earth or other Material or Materials aforesaid, or any Vat, Columns, Mill, Lathes, Trundles or other Machine, Implement, Vessel or Utensils aforesaid, or shall attempt or endeavour to do, all and every such Person

Makers and
use of same, &
Place.

Penalty.

Stove Bottles
defined.Duties to be
paid on Exportation.

§ 5. 2. 4. 77.

Oath.

Stove Bottles
and Machines
to be liable
to Duties.Makers of
Stove Bottles
not to be
Justices of
the Peace.Offences
against
Officers.

Penalty.

Perfon or Perfons offending Shall, for each and every fuch Offence, forfeit and lofe the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Offending Parties to Offences.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Perfon or Perfons whatsoever shall give or offer to give any Bribes, Rewards or Rewards whatsoever to any Officer or Officers of Excise, in order to corrupt, pervert, or prevail upon any fuch Officer or Officers either to do or perform any Act or Acts, Thing or Things whatsoever contrary to the Duty of fuch Officer or Officers in the Execution of this Act, or to neglect or omit to do or perform any Act or Acts, Thing or Things whatsoever belonging or appertaining to the Duties or Duty of fuch Officer or Officers in the Execution of this Act, or to connive at or conceal any Fraud or Frauds relating to any of the Duties by this Act impofed, or not to difcover the fame, all and every fuch Perfon or Perfons fo offending Shall, for each and every fuch Offence (whether fuch Officer or Perfon be accepted or not) forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Penalty.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That any Perfon or Perfons who fhall be convicted of wilfully taking a falfe Oath in any cafe in which an Oath is required to be taken by virtue of this Act, fhall be liable to the Pain and Penalties to which Perfons are liable for wilful and corrupt Perjury.

Penalty on Perfon convicted.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures impofed by this Act fhall be paid for, recovered, levied or enforced, by fuch ways, means or methods as may be thought proper by the Perfon or Perfons who fhall be authorized in that behalf by any Law or Laws of Excife, or by Act of Parliament, Bill, Private or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Wefminfter, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland refpectively; and that One Moiety of every fuch Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture fhall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her or them who fhall inform, difcover or fue for the fame.

Money paid into Exchequer.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That all the Moneys arising by the Duties by this Act impofed, (the expofed Charges of making and accounting for the fame excepted) fhall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Wefminfter, and the faid Moneys to be paid into the faid Receipt of Exchequer as aforesaid fhall be carried to and made Part of the Fund called the Consolidated Fund.

Separate Account of Duty kept.

XXXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Comptroller of His Majesty's Treasury now or for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, fhall, for the Period of Ten Years from the Commencement of this Act, caufe a feparate and diftinct Account of the Duty of Excife granted by this Act to be prepared and annually laid before Parliament, previous to an Act paffed in the Party fecond Year of the Reign of His prefent Majesty, intituled *An Act for directing certain Public Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, and for difcharging after Form of Accounts now in ufe*, and the Moneys arising from the faid Duties fhall be deemed a particular Account to the Public Receiver of Great Britain, for the Purpofe of defraying any increased Charge occafioned by any Loan made or Stock created by Authority of any Act of Parliament paffed or to be paffed in the prefent Session of Parliament.

44 G. 3. c. 70.

Parties of 44 G. 3. c. 70. Act.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Powers, Directions, Rules, Penalties, Penalties, Claufes, Matters and Things which are and by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intituled *An Act for taking away the Grant of Wards and Liveries, and Tenancy in Capite, and by Knight Service and Parsonage, and for failing a Revenue upon His Majesty, in two thirds, or by any other Law or Laws now in force relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excife are provided or established for carrying, making, levying, collecting, enforcing, recovering, recovering, enforcing or difcharging the Duties thereby impofed or any of them, fhall be repealed, abrogated and put in Execution as and for the carrying, making, levying, collecting, enforcing, recovering and paying the Duties of Excife by this Act impofed, and for providing, directing and granting Penalties relating thereto, as fully and effectually to all Interefts and Purpofes as if all and every the faid Powers, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Penalties, Claufes, Matters and Things were particularly repeated and re-enacted in this prefent Act.*

Commencement of Act.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That this Act fhall commence and take Effect as to all fuch Matters and Things therein contained, in refpect whereof no fpecial Commencement is hereby directed or provided, from and immediately after the Fifth Day of September One thoufand eight hundred and twelve.

C A P. CXL.

An Act to permit the Exportation of certain Articles to the *Ile of Man* from Great Britain.

[22 July 1812.]

WHEREAS by the Laws now in force, certain Quantities of Wine, Brandy, Geneva, Rum, &c. Tea, Coffee or Tobacco, are allowed to be exported from Great Britain, by Licence from the Comptroller of the Customs, and imported into the Port of Douglas in the *Ile of Man*, on Payment of the Duties due on fuch Importation: And whereas it is expedient to permit any fuch Goods to be imported into Veffels out of his Berths thro' Fifty Tons, and alfo to permit any fuch Goods to be shipped directly from the Warehouse in which they may have been licensed without the Duties due on the Importation into Great Britain being fully paid: Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's fpecial Command, Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this prefent Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That, from and after the Twentieth Day of July One thoufand eight hundred and twelve, it fhall and may be lawful for any Perfon or Perfons to export from Great Britain to the Port of Douglas in the *Ile of Man*, in Single-built Ships, owned, navigated and registered, according to Law, and out of his Berths thro' Fifty Tons, any Quantity of Wine, Brandy, Geneva, Rum, Tea, Coffee or Tobacco, which any fuch Perfon or Perfons may be authorized to export by virtue of any Licence or Licences granted by the Comptroller of the Customs in England or Scotland refpectively, in pur-
tance

* 44 G. 3. c. 70. Part of the Act of Man by Parliament bearing Licence of British-built Ships of one built above 50 Tons.

Issue of the Powers vested in them by former Acts or this Act; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

It. And be it further enacted, That any such Goods intended to be exported to the said Part of *Switzerland* by virtue of any such License, shall and may be taken out of any Warehouse or Warehouse where the same may have been lodged or stored, for the Purpose of being so exported as aforesaid, without Payment of any Duty of Customs or Excise; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding; Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed so extended to permit the Exportation from *Great Britain* or the Importation into the *Isle of Man* of any greater Quantity of any of the said Articles in any One Year than are now allowed by Law, or to permit any such Goods to be exported from *Great Britain*, or imported into the *Isle of Man*, in any other Package than such as are now directed and required by Law; and that on the Exportation of any such Goods from *Great Britain*, and on the Importation of the same respectively into the *Isle of Man*, pursuant to this Act, all the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Securities, Penalties and Forfeitures contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force relating to such Goods respectively to be exported or imported, and to the Payment, Recovery and Appropriation of any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture relating thereto, and all the Clauses, Provisions, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures contained in any Act or Acts or Laws in force in relation to the *Isle of Man* shall, in far as they are not hereby altered or varied, and in respect of which no other Provision is made by this Act, be and are hereby declared to be in full force, and to extend to this Act, and shall be construed therein and as Part thereof, in far as the same respectively apply, so fully as if the same were particularly expressed and mentioned in the Body of this Act.

Regulations of
the said Part
Switzerland.

Proviso

Exportation

C A P. CXL.

An Act to regulate the Manner of licensing Boats by the Commissioners of the Customs, and the delivering up of Licences in Cases of Loss or Capture of Vessels licensed; and for enabling the Commissioners of the Customs to purchase certain Boats at a Valuation.

[2nd July 1812.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Eighth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, entitled *An Act to prevent the clandestine running of Goods, and the Danger of Infection thereby, and to prevent Ships breaking their Quarantines; and to subject Copper Ore, of the Production of the British Plantations, to such Regulations as other unenumerated Commodities of the said Plantations are subject to*, and amongst other things enacted, that if any Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Gallies, rowing or made or built to row with more than Two Oars (not belonging to His Majesty or any of the Royal Family, or not being a Long Boat, Barge or Pinnace, belonging to or used in the Service of any Merchant Ship or Vessel) shall be found upon the Water, or in any Place within the Counties of *Middlesex, Surrey, Kent or Sussex*, or in the River of *Thames*, either above or below *London Bridge*, or within the Limits of the Ports of *London, Sandwich or Spithead*, without a License as therein directed, such Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Gallies, with all her Tackle and Furniture, or the Value thereof, should be forfeited, and the Owner or Owners thereof, or any Person aiding or covering the same, should also forfeit and lose the Sum of Forty Pounds: And whereas by another Act, passed in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for the more effectual preventing the piratical Practices of Smugglers in the Kingdom, and for punishing any Person who shall be guilty of Offences against the Laws of the Customs and Excise, upon the Terms therein mentioned*, the said in Part recited Act, and the several Clauses, Provisions and Restrictions and Restrictions therein contained (not altered by this Act) were extended to all Boats, Wherries, Pinnaces, Barges or Gallies wherewith, rowing or made or built to row with more than Six Oars, which shall be found either upon the Land or Water, within any Harbour, Port or Place whatsoever, in any other Part of *Great Britain*, or within Two Leagues of the Coast thereof; but it was nevertheless provided, that nothing therein contained should extend or be construed so extended to Boats commonly called *Tow Boats* (used in the towing of Ships or Vessels) belonging to licensed Ports within the Port and Jurisdiction of the City of *London*: And whereas by another Act, passed in the Forty-Eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to make more effectual Provisions for the Prevention of Smugglers*, Boats belonging in the Whole or in Part to His Majesty's Subjects, or wherewith One Half of the Crew on board are Subjects of His Majesty, being rowed with, or constructed to row with more than Six Oars, (except Boats employed in the Whale Fishery, or belonging to Merchant Ships or Vessels touching the Coast of *Town Landed and City Town, or Life Boats, or Boats employed solely in River or Inland Navigations*) found within the Limits of any Port in the United Kingdom, or in any Part of the *British or Irish Colonies*, or elsewhere on the High Seas, within One hundred Leagues of any of the Coasts of *Great Britain*, are subject to Parliament, with all her Furniture, Tackle and Apparel, which such Boats are licensed by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in *England or Scotland* respectively, to no more than Six Oars: And whereas it is expedient, in order to check and suppress the illegal and noxious Transactions carried on upon the Coasts of *Great Britain* by Row Boats, whether to require the Owner or Owners of Boats in *Great Britain*, rowing with more than Four Oars, to take out Licences in certain cases, for using or navigating such Boats, from the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in *England or Scotland*, as the case may be, and to provide that no Licences for Boats rowing with more than Six Oars shall in future be granted, except as herein mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority

4 G. 1. c. 18.

13.

49 G. 1. c. 19.

45.

46.

47 G. 1. c. 24. s. 2. & 4.

48 G. 1. c. 13.

None, but if
any of the
said Ships
shall be
employed, the
Officers and
Crews shall
be allowed
the same
allowance as
before.

It shall be
lawful for
any of the
said Ships
to be
employed.

It is enacted
that the
Officers and
Crews of the
said Ships
shall be
allowed the
same
allowance as
before.

It is enacted
that the
Officers and
Crews of the
said Ships
shall be
allowed the
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It is enacted
that the
Officers and
Crews of the
said Ships
shall be
allowed the
same
allowance as
before.

Authority of the fact, That if any Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley, being seized with, or made or built or contracted to row with more than Four Oars, belonging in the Whole or in Part to His Majesty's Subjects, or whereof One Half of the Persons on board are Subjects of His Majesty, shall, from and after the Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, be found within the Limits of any Part of Great Britain, or in any Part of the British or Irish Channel, or elsewhere on the High Seas within One hundred Leagues of the Coast of Great Britain, or shall be discovered to have been within the said Limits or Distance, the Owner or Owners of which shall not have obtained a License for using or employing such Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley, from the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England or Scotland, as the case may be, or from the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, prior to the passing of the before-mentioned Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty; every such Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley, with her Tackle and Furniture, shall be forfeited, and may and shall be seized by any Officer of the Army, Navy or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise: Provided always, that nothing heretofore contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to any Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley, belonging to His Majesty or any of the Royal Family, or in the Service of Government, or in the Employment of the Customs or Excise, or to any Long Boat, Yawl, Pinnace or other Boat belonging to any licensed-rigger Ship or Vessel employed in the Merchants Service, or to any other Merchant Ship or Vessel exceeding the Burthen of One hundred and fifty Tons, not otherwise requiring a License for the Use thereof, or to any Boat employed in the Wharf Fisheries, or to any Life Boat or any Tug Boat used in the towing Ships or Vessels belonging to licensed Piers within the Port and Jurisdiction of the City of Bristol, or to any Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley employed solely in River or Inland Navigation.

III. And be it further enacted, That such and every License which may be granted by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England or Scotland for any Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley, rowing with Six Oars or otherwise requiring License, from and after the Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall contain the proper Description thereof, the Name or Names of the Owner or Owners, together with his or their Place or Places of Abode, and in what manner intended to be employed, together with any other Particulars which may be required by the said Commissioners respectively, to be described and entered in such manner as the said Commissioners may respectively think proper to require and direct; and the Owner or Owners thereof shall also give Security by Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in double the Value of such Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley, according to the Direction of an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to amend the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty for granting certain Privileges to the Inhabitants of Great Britain, in other Articles not therein mentioned; and to alter the Condition of the Bond directed to be given by an Act of the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, by the Masters and Owners of Pinnaces and Boats hired by the Lords of the Admiralty, on Failure whereof the Licensee shall be void and of no Force or Effect; and such Bond, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley, shall be liable to Seizure and Forfeiture in the same manner as if no such License had been granted for the same.*

III. And be it further enacted, That no License shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be granted by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England or Scotland, for any Boat whatsoever made, built or contracted to row with more than Six Oars; and if any such Boat belonging in the Whole or in Part to His Majesty's Subjects, or whereof One Half of the Persons on board are Subjects of His Majesty, shall be found within the Limits of any Part of Great Britain, or in any Part of the British or Irish Channel, or elsewhere on the High Seas within One hundred Leagues of the Coast of Great Britain or Ireland, such Boat not having been licensed previous to the passing of this Act shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Army, Navy or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise; and every such Officer and Officers may and he and they it and are hereby authorized and required to arrest and detain every Person being a Seaman or Sea-going Man found on board any such Boat (not being a Passenger on board) and to convey him to any Ship or Vessel in His Majesty's Service, or to the Custody of any Officer employed in His Majesty's Imperial Service; and any Person being such Seaman or Sea-going Man may Detainees, if fit and able to serve His Majesty, be appointed into His Majesty's Naval Service, and shall continue so long therein for the Period and under the Regulations mentioned in the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year of His said Majesty; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland respectively to direct the Officer or Officers, by whom the Persons so found on board any such Boat shall have been detained, to be paid any sum not less than Five Pounds, and not exceeding Twenty Pounds, the said Sum to be divided and apportioned into His Majesty's Service: Provided, that nothing heretofore contained, as to Boats rowing with more than Six Oars, shall extend or be construed to extend to any Boat or Boats commonly called Two Men, when in the towing Ships and Vessels belonging to licensed Piers within the Port and Jurisdiction of the City of Bristol, or to any Boats employed in the Service of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or to any Boat employed in the Service of the Customs or Excise, or belonging to His Majesty, or to any of the Royal Family, or to any Life Boat, or any Boat used solely in Rivers or Inland Navigation, or to any licensed-rigger Ship or Vessel employed in the Merchants Service, or to any other Merchant Ship or Vessel exceeding the Burthen of One hundred and fifty Tons.

IV. And whereas it is expedient to make further Provision for compelling the Owners and also the Masters of certain licensed Ships, Vessels and Boats left, broken up, captured, burnt, seized and condemned, sold, or otherwise disposed of, to deliver up the Licenses which shall have been granted for the same, within a certain time than at present provided: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, whenever any licensed Boat of any Description whatsoever, (not belonging to any Ship or Vessel, and being under the Burthen of Fifteen Tons) shall be left, broken up, captured,

captured, burnt, seized and condemned, sold, or otherwise disposed of, the Licence which shall have been granted for the same shall be delivered up to the Collector of the Customs at the Port to which such Boat shall belong, within Six Weeks from the time such Boat shall be so lost, broken up, captured, burnt, seized and condemned, sold, or otherwise disposed of; or in case of the said Licence being lost or taken by the Enemy, satisfactory Proof thereof as Oath shall be within the same Period made to the Collector or Controller of such Port, which Oath they are hereby authorized and required to administer; and in case such Licence shall not be produced and so delivered up, and no such Proof shall be made within such Period as aforesaid, the Owner or Owners of such Boat shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Thirty Pounds.

Oath.

Penalty.

V. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the said Thirty full Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, whenever any licensed Ship or Vessel exceeding Fifteen Tons Burthen shall be lost, broken up, captured, burnt, seized and condemned, sold, or otherwise disposed of, the Licence which shall have been granted for the same shall, in case the Ship or Vessel was licensed for the Coasting or Fishing Trade only, be delivered up to the Collector of the Customs at the Port to which such Ship or Vessel shall belong, within the Period of Two Months from the time such Ship or Vessel shall be so disposed of; or in case the Ship or Vessel was licensed for trading to Ports beyond the Seas, then the said Licence shall be delivered up to the Collector of the Customs at the Port to which such Ship or Vessel shall belong, within the Period of One Calendar Month from the time when the loss, burning, capturing, breaking up, seizure or condemnation of such Ship or Vessel shall come to the Knowledge of the Owner thereof; and in case the Licence shall have been lost, or taken by the Enemy, satisfactory Proof thereof as Oath shall be made within the same Periods respectively, before the Collector and Controller of such Port, which Oath they are hereby authorized and required to administer; and in case the Licence shall not be produced, and so delivered up, and no such Proof shall be made within the said Periods respectively, the Owner or Owners, and also the Master of such Ship or Vessel, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds, if of the Burthen of Fifteen Tons and under the Burthen of One hundred and Fifty Tons, and One hundred Pounds, if of the Burthen of One hundred and Fifty Tons or upwards: Provided always, that all Licences required on behalf of the Proprietors of this Act shall be granted without any Stamp, Fee or Reward, or any Payment whatever by the Parties requiring the same.

Every Licence
Authorized within
aforesaid to be
lost.

Oath.

Penalty.

Stamp Duty, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, if the Owner or Owners, or Master of any licensed Ship, Vessel or Boat, lost, broken up, captured, burnt, seized and condemned, sold, or otherwise disposed of, shall, prior to or after such Disposal of the Ship, Vessel or Boat, knowingly make use of the Licence granted for the same, in order to prevent from burning and Prohibition any other Ship, Vessel or Boat; or if the Owner or Owners, or Master of any Ship, Vessel or Boat whatsoever, licensed by the Commissioners of the Customs in England or Ireland, shall make use of such Licence for any other Ship, Vessel or Boat, than that for which the same was granted, such Owner or Owners, and also the Master knowing thereof, shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Making use of
Licence granted
for one purpose
for another
Ship, Vessel or
Boat.

Penalty.

VII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England and Ireland respectively, and they are hereby authorized, whenever it may appear expedient to do so, to purchase any Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley, or any other small Boat, with more than Six Oars, which may have been licensed previous to the passing of this Act; and the Owner or Owners of every such Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley shall, and he and they or any one are hereby required to sell and dispose of his or their interest therein to the said Commissioners respectively, at a fair Valuation, to be ascertained by the Oaths of Two disinterested and independent Persons named in the Value of said Vessel, or Craft of the like Indolence, one of such Persons to be named by the said Commissioners respectively, and the other by the Owner or Owners of the Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley intended to be purchased; and in case of Disagreement as to the Value, the Persons so named shall call in a Third disinterested and independent Person, each Two Persons and each Third Person to be paid any Sum which may be reasonable by the Owner of such Boat or other Vessel, and by the said Commissioners, in equal Proportions, and the Determination as to the Value of any Two such Persons, or of such Third Person called in, shall be binding and conclusive upon all Parties; and after Payment being made to the Owner or Owners of the Boat so ascertained to be the Value of such Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley, the Property shall vest in His Majesty; and the Owner or Owners shall, and he and they or any one are hereby required to deliver such Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley, or any other small Boat, to the Customs appointed to receive the same by the Order and Direction of the said Commissioners respectively, or in case of refusal on the Part of such Owner or Owners, to receive the Amount of the Purchase Money, such Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley shall and may be seized and taken Possession of by any His Majesty's Officer of the Property of His Majesty.

Boats with more
than Six Oars,
licensed previous
to passing of Act,
to be purchased
by Commissioners
of Customs.
Value of Boats
to be ascertained.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That after the said Commissioners respectively shall have obtained Possession of any such Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley, they are hereby authorized and required to make and register the same in the Office of the Receiver, or under the Hand to be broken up, and the Materials sold, according as in their Judgment may appear to be the most conducive to the public Service.

Boat purchased
may be
broken up
Materials to
be sold.

IX. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Thirty full Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, whenever any small Boat belonging to the Whole or in Part to any of His Majesty's Subjects, or subject to His Majesty's Service, shall exceed the Length of His Majesty, and more of the Length of Thirty Feet and upwards, shall be licensed by being or being up, or for being and falling, the Length of which shall be more than six Oars, and the Burthen of the Boat shall be more than Twelve of the Width or Breadth of such Boat, to be measured by a Gunner's Line from the Forepart of the Stern to the aft End of the Transom or the a Post, &c., it is enacted after the said Thirty full Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, be licensed within the Limits of any of the Ports of Great Britain, or in any Part of the British or Irish

Boat exceeding
in length or
breadth
shall be
licensed
by a Gunner's
Line.

Channels, or on the High Sea within Our bounded Longans of the Coast of Great Britain or Ireland, such Boat shall be lawfully, and shall not be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Army, Navy or Marine, or of the Customs or Excise, unless such Boat, being a church-boat Boat, shall have Plank of not less than Half an Inch thick, and Timbers of the following Dimensions; that is to say, for every Boat exceeding the Length of Thirty Feet and being under the Length of Forty Five Feet, Timbers of not less than One Inch and a Quarter square; for every Boat of the Length of Thirty five Feet and under the Length of Forty Feet, Timbers of not less than One Inch and Three Eighths of an Inch square; for every Boat of the Length of Forty Feet and being under the Length of Forty five Feet, Timbers of not less than One Inch and a Half square; for every Boat of the Length of Forty five Feet and being under the Length of Fifty Feet, Timbers of not less than One Inch and Three Quarters square; and for every Boat of the Length of Fifty Feet and upwards, Timbers of not less than Two Inches square, such Timbers respectively not being more than Ten Inches apart: Provided, that nothing herebefore contained as to Boats of the Length of Thirty Feet and upwards shall extend or be confined to Boats belonging to Ships or Vessels exceeding the Burthen of One hundred and Fifty Tons, provided such Boats are Sealed by the said Commissioners respectively, not as Life Boats, nor to Boats employed in the Whale Fisheries, nor to the Boats belonging to any Square-rigged Ship or Vessel employed in the Merchant Service, or to any other Merchant Ship or Vessel exceeding the Burthen of One hundred and fifty Tons, or used solely in River or Inland Navigation, or employed in the Service of Government, or to extend to any Boat which may have been licensed by the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, prior to an Act passed in the Tenth Month Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to make more effectual Provisions for the Prevention of Smuggling*, or by the Commissioners of the Customs in England or Scotland prior to the passing of this Act: Provided always, that nothing herebefore contained or required respecting the Length, Width or Plank or Timbers of Boats, shall extend or be confined to extend to such Boats belonging to Ships or Vessels returning from the East Voyage to Foreign Parts, upon which East Voyages they had last left Great Britain before or within Fourteen Days after the passing of this Act, provided the Owners or Masters of such Ships or Vessels shall duly take out a Licence from the said Commissioners of Customs for such Boats, within Our Calendar Month after the returning into Port of such such Ship or Vessel from such East Voyage.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Boats fitted under any of the Provisions of this Act, and all Prizels and Performances whatsoever in this Act mentioned, may and shall be managed, kept, detained, proceeded against, sued for, prosecuted, redressed, discharged, recovered and applied in England or Scotland respectively, according to the Laws now in force relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs in Great Britain, in so far as the same may or can be made applicable, and are not by this Act altered or varied.

C A P. CXLII.

An Act to permit the Removal of Goods from one Bonding Warehouse to another, in the same Port. [1812 July 18.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain to be stored in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, as Goods, Wares or Merchandise which shall have been lodged in any Warehouse or Warehouses, or otherwise secured according to the Directions of that Act, not to be delivered from or taken out of any such Warehouse or Place, but upon Condition that such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall not be exported to Foreign Parts, or be used or consumed in Great Britain; and it is expedient, under certain Regulations, to permit Goods so lodged or otherwise secured to be removed to other Warehouses or Places in the same Port, where the like Articles are allowed to be stored under the Regulations of the said Act; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Importer, Proprietor or Consignor of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise which have been or may be lodged or deposited in any Warehouse or Warehouses, or otherwise secured in the Port of London, under the Regulations of the said Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain to be stored in Warehouses without Payment of Duty*; or which have been or may be lodged or deposited in any Warehouse or Warehouses, or otherwise secured in any other Port of Great Britain, under the Regulations of an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to authorize the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to permit certain Articles to be warehoused in different Ports in Great Britain, upon giving Security for the Payment of Duties upon the Articles therein mentioned*; or of another Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, among other Things, to extend the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for permitting certain Articles to be warehoused in Great Britain in other Articles not therein mentioned, to remove any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise from the Warehouse or Place wherein or at which the same may have been first deposited or otherwise secured in the Port of London, or any other Port in Great Britain, under the Regulations of the said Acts, or either of them, to any other Warehouse or Place in the same Port, wherein or at which the like Articles are allowed to be warehoused or otherwise secured, provided that Permission for that Purpose shall have been previously obtained from the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England or Scotland, in the case may be, and also from the Commissioners of Excise in England or Scotland, in the case may be, if such Goods, Wares or Merchandise to be removed shall be subject to any Duty of Excise, and that the Removal takes Place at the Risk and Expence of the Importer, Proprietor or Consignor, under such Regulations as the*

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and Commissioners respectively may from necessity for the Security of the Revenue, and such Goods, Wares or Merchandises, shall not may be lodged or deposited, or otherwise secured, at or in any such other Warehouse or Store, than in the Places of the Period allowed for clearing such Goods, Wares or Merchandises, (which nevertheless in all and every the Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Penalties, Forfeitures, Regulations, Restrictions, Aids, Duties and Things relative to the warehousing, keeping, inspecting, taking account of, or otherwise clearing of Goods, Wares or Merchandises aforesaid and provided by the said Act of the Tenth third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating thereto, is in like manner and in every respect, and so fully and amply as if the said Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Penalties, Forfeitures, Regulations, Restrictions, Aids, Duties and Things had been repeated and re-enacted in this Act;) and any Act which may have been made for the due Execution or Payment of the Duties on such Goods, Wares or Merchandises, shall be void and of no use in force, and the Obligees held to the due Performance of such and every the Conditions thereof, in the like manner as they would have been compelled to fulfil the said Conditions, if the Removal of the Goods, Wares or Merchandises from the original Place of the Deposit had not taken place.

II. And whereas by an Act made in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for encouraging the Exportation of Rum and Spirits of the Growth, Produce and Manufacture of the British Sugar Plantations from this Kingdom, and of British Spirits made from Malaga Wine*, enacted, that all Rum and Spirits of the Growth, Produce and Manufacture of the said British Sugar Plantations in America, which should, before the Payment of the Duties of Excise charged on the Importation thereof, be exported as Merchandise under the Rules, Restrictions and Regulations thereunto established and referred to, from any Warehouse or Warehouse in which such Rum or Spirits had been or should be lodged or deposited by virtue and in pursuance of an Act made in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of the Reign of His then present Majesty, intitled *An Act to empower the Importers or Proprietors of Rum or Spirits of the British Sugar Plantations to land the same before Payment of the Duties of Excise charge thereon, and to lodge the same in Warehouses at their own Expence; and for the Relief of such Importers in respect to the Duty on some such Rum and Spirits of the Growth of France and Spain*, should be freed and discharged from all Duties of Excise, in such manner as was in the said Act of the Thirty third Year aforesaid after mentioned: And whereas the said Act made in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years aforesaid is expired, and it is expedient that all Rum and Spirits which shall, before the Payment of the Duties of Excise charged upon the Importation thereof, be delivered from or out of any Warehouse or Store at the *Wells of Dept.* and belonging to the *Wells of Dept. Dock Company*, mentioned in the said Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or from any Warehouse at any Port of Great Britain in which His Majesty, under or by virtue of the said last mentioned Act, by his Order in Council, hath already permitted, or shall hereafter permit Rum or Spirits to be lodged without Payment at the time of the said Entry of the Duties of Customs or Excise due on the Importation thereof, or from any Warehouse at any other Port of Great Britain in which the same shall have been lodged or secured under or by virtue of the said Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, should, on the Shipping of any such Rum or Spirits as hereunto mentioned, be freed and discharged from all Duties of Excise: It is therefore enacted, That all such Rum and Spirits as shall, under, subject and according to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions contained, limited or established in or by an Act made in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, among other things, for allowing a Drawback of the Duties on Rum shipped as Stores to be consumed on board Merchant Ships on their Voyages, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament for or in respect of the lugging any Rum or Spirits to be spent and consumed on board in any Voyage to Parts beyond the Seas, be delivered from or out of any such Warehouse, to be shipped as Stores to be spent and consumed on board any Ship or Vessel in any Voyage to Parts beyond the Seas, shall be freed and discharged from all the Duties of Excise, and all and singular the said Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, and all Fees, Penalties and Forfeitures contained, provided, limited or established in or by the said Acts, or any of them, for or in respect of any such Rum shipped or to be shipped as Stores, shall be void, applied and put in Execution for and in respect of all such Rum and Spirits as delivered from or out of any such Warehouse as last aforesaid, as Stores to be spent and consumed as last aforesaid, so fully and effectually, to all intents and Purposes, as if all and singular the said Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions had been repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act, for and in respect of such Rum and Spirits as last aforesaid.

III. And whereas by the said Act made in the Tenth third Year aforesaid it is enacted, That on Foreign Brandy, Rum, Geneva, Spirits or *Appa Pile* shall be warehoused before Payment of the Duties, which the same shall be imported in Casks of One hundred Gallons at the least: And whereas by the Laws now in force, Rum of the Growth or Produce of the British Sugar Plantations may be imported into Great Britain in any Cask of lesser Gallons; and it is therefore expedient to allow of the same being warehoused in any such manner as Foreign Brandy, Rum, Geneva, Spirits or *Appa Pile* imported in Casks of One hundred Gallons, are by the said Act allowed to be warehoused: It is therefore enacted, That any Rum of the Growth or Produce of the British Sugar Plantations imported into Great Britain in any Cask of fifty Gallons or upwards, shall be allowed to be warehoused in the like manner as Foreign Brandy, Rum, Geneva, Spirits or *Appa Pile* is or are by the said Act allowed to be warehoused.

IV. And both further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Officer or Officers of Excise, before the Delivery of Brandy, Rum, Geneva or other Spirits for Exportation, or of Rum or Spirits of the British Sugar Plantations to be shipped as Stores as aforesaid from or out of any such Warehouse or Warehouse, and at any time afterwards, to take as many Samples as he or they shall think fit, (number of such

Stamples exceeding Half a Pint) out of each of the Casks or Packages containing such Brandy, Rum, Geneva or other Spirits, paying for each Stample (if demanded) at and after the Rate of Three Shillings per Gallon; and if any Portion or Portion shall be stolen or broken up by such Officers or Officers of Excise in taking any such Sample or Stample, upon his or their offering to pay for the same as aforesaid (if demanded) the Portion or Portion offending therein shall, for each and every such Offence, severally forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

34 G. 3. c. 43.

V. And whereas from the Expiration of the said Act made in the Fifthteenth and Sixteenth Years aforesaid, several Quantities of Rum and Spirits of the Growth, Produce and Manufacture of the British Sugar Plantations in America, imported into the Kingdom of Great Britain directly from the said Sugar Plantations, have upon Entry thereof forthwith and before Payment of any of the Duties of Excise been landed, carried and put into such Warehouses as are mentioned in the said last mentioned Act, and have also been delivered from and out of the said Warehouses without Payment of the Duties of Excise, have thereof been Exportation, and some thereof to be shipped as Stores, to be sold and consumed on board Ships and Vessels according to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, in the several Acts in that behalf respectively made during the Continuance of the said Act of the Fifthteenth and Sixteenth Years aforesaid; and it is proper that the Commissioners and Officers of Excise should be informed for and in respect of such Landings, Warehouseings and Deliveries respectively: Be it therefore enacted, That all such Landings, Warehouseings and Deliveries respectively shall be deemed and taken to have been so and to be legally made as if the said Act made in the Fifthteenth and sixteenth Years aforesaid, and the several other Acts depending thereon, had remained and continued in force at the time of such Landings, Warehouseings and Deliveries; and the Commissioners and Officers of Excise in England and Scotland respectively concerned in any such Landing, Warehouseing or Delivery respectively, shall be and they respectively are hereby fully indemnified; and that it shall and may be lawful to deliver all Rum and Spirits of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of the British Sugar Plantations in America, as is mentioned in any such Warehouse as last aforesaid, from and out of such Warehouses for Exportation or Stores, according to the last mentioned Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, and the same respectively, together with all Fees, Penalties and Forfeitures for any Breach or Defaultness thereof respectively, shall be and remain in full Force and Effect in and in respect of all such Deliveries as last aforesaid.

Rum or Spirits
imported into
Great Britain
directly from
the said Sugar
Plantations
shall be deemed
and taken to
have been so
and to be
legally made
as if the said
Act made in
the Fifthteenth
and sixteenth
Years aforesaid,
and the several
other Acts
depending
thereon, had
remained and
continued in
force at the
time of such
Landings,
Warehouseings
and Deliveries
respectively.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to remove any Rum or Spirits of the Growth, Produce and Manufacture of the British Sugar Plantations in America, imported into the Kingdom of Great Britain directly from the said Sugar Plantations, and which such or have been so landed and carried and put into such Warehouses as last aforesaid from any such Warehouse, either by Sea or Inland Navigation, to any other Part of Great Britain where Foreign Spirits are by Law allowed to be landed in Warehouses under the Regulations of the said Acts of the Forty third and Forty fifth Years of His present Majesty's reign, or either of them, for the Purpose of being exported from such Part, under and subject to the Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, (save and except in so far as the same are not allowed by the Act, or are repugnant to any of the Regulations or Restrictions in that Act contained, or hereby prohibited, limited or qualified, in and in respect of the Removal of Goods, Wares and Merchandises, subject to any Duty of Excise) mentioned in another Act, made in the Fifthteenth Year of His present Majesty's reign, entitled *An Act to amend the Removal of Goods, Wares and Merchandises from the Port in Great Britain where they warehouseed, or any other warehousing Part, for the Purpose of Exportation*, for and in respect of the Goods, Wares and Merchandises, by the said last mentioned Act authorized and allowed to be removed in manner therein mentioned.

30 G. 3. c. 44.

Goods, Wares
and Merchandises
imported into
Great Britain
directly from
the said Sugar
Plantations
shall be deemed
and taken to
have been so
and to be
legally made
as if the said
Act made in
the Fifthteenth
and sixteenth
Years aforesaid,
and the several
other Acts
depending
thereon, had
remained and
continued in
force at the
time of such
Landings,
Warehouseings
and Deliveries
respectively.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Proprietor or Importer of Brandy, Rum, Geneva or other Spirits lodged and put into any Warehouse or Warehouses under the Duties and Authority of the said Acts, or any of them, shall by any means, Act, Device or Contrivance whatsoever, upon any such Warehouse or Warehouses, except in the Presence of the proper Warehouse Keeper, or other Officer of the Customs or Excise, then and in every such case every such Importer or Proprietor shall forfeit and lose for every such Offence the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Provision in
the said Act
entitled *An Act
to amend the
Removal of
Goods, Wares
and Merchandises
from the Port
in Great Britain
where they
warehouseed,
or any other
warehousing
Part, for the
Purpose of
Exportation*,
for and in
respect of the
Goods, Wares
and Merchandises,
by the said
last mentioned
Act authorized
and allowed
to be removed
in manner
therein
mentioned.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That provision to the Removal of any Goods, Wares or Merchandises, which are or shall be subject to any Duty or Duties of Excise under or by virtue of an Act made in the Fifthteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend the Removal of Goods, Wares and Merchandises from the Port in Great Britain where they warehouseed, or any other warehousing Part, for the Purpose of Exportation*, for the Purpose in that Act mentioned, or under or by virtue of the said Act, for neither of the Purposes herein mentioned, the Importer, Proprietor or Consignor of any such Goods, Wares or Merchandises, shall, with One sufficient Surety, enter into Bond on His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Twelve the Value of such Goods, Wares or Merchandises, with Condition that the same and every Part thereof shall be duly delivered, without Act or use or Detraction, into the Custody and Possession of the proper Officer of Excise at the Port or Place in Great Britain to which the same are intended to be removed, and to be carried and deposited in such Condition, and to produce a Certificate under the Hand and Seal of the proper Officer of Excise at such Port or Place, that the said Goods, Wares or Merchandises had been so delivered into his Custody and Possession, and that such Certificate shall, within Three Months from the Date of such Bond, be produced to the Commissioners of Excise in England, if such Goods, Wares or Merchandises are removed from the Port of London, or to the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, if removed from Leith, and to the principal Officer of Excise of such Part, if such Removal takes place from any other Part of Great Britain.

Certificate.

On the Arrival of
such Goods, Wares
and Merchandises,
at the Port
to which the
same are
intended to
be removed,
the Entry
shall be made
thereof with
the proper
Officers of
Excise,
specifying
the Weight,
Quantity and
Species of the
Goods, Wares
or Merchandises.

IX. And be it further enacted, That upon the Arrival of such Goods, Wares or Merchandises at the Port to which the same are intended to be removed, due Entry shall be made thereof with the proper Officers, Superintendent or other proper Officers of Excise, specifying the Weight, Quantity and Species of the Goods, Wares or Merchandises,

Merchandise, with the Marks and Numbers of the Packages, the Date of Importation, the Ship or Vessel in which the same were imported, and by what Person or Persons the same were entered inward, and also the Port from whence removed, the Place to which the same are intended to be exported, and the Name of the Ship or Vessel in which the same are to be exported; and the Exporter or Exporters shall, together with the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel in which such Goods, Wares or Merchandise are intended to be exported, and one other sufficient Surety, to be approved of by the Collector, Supervisor or other proper Officer of Excise at the Port of Exportation, shall enter into Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Tenable the Value of the said Goods, Wares and Merchandise, for the due Exportation thereof; and for producing to the Commissioners of Excise in England, if such Goods, Wares or Merchandise are exported from the Port of London, or the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, if exported from Leith, and to the Collector, Supervisor or other proper Officer of Excise of such Port from which such Goods, Wares or Merchandise are to be exported, a Certificate of the landing thereof, at the Port or Place for which the same are entered to be exported, specifying and containing the several Matters and Things preferred and required in and by the last Act of the Forty third Year of His Majesty's said Regency and in respect of the Certificate therein mentioned, and to produce such Certificate to the Collector, Supervisor or other proper Officer of Excise, within such time as is or by the said last mentioned Act is limited or prescribed, for the bringing or Production of the Certificate as therein mentioned, as the said Regency.

to be entered
with proper Offi-
cer of Excise, &c.

43 G. 3. c. 142.

X. And by a further enactment, That if after the Arrival of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, subject to any Duty of Excise at any such other Warehousing Post, the Proprietor thereof shall not have an Opportunity of shipping the same for Exportation, it shall not be lawful to lodge or deposit the Articles in any Warehouse approved under the Regulations of the said Acts of the Forty third and Forty fifth Years of His present Majesty's Regency, or either of them, unless ever and besides the Entry and Bond required by the said Act of the Fifthth Year of His present Majesty's Regency, an Entry be also made for the same with the Collector, Supervisor or other proper Officer of Excise, and Bond be also given to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by the Proprietor or his Agent, and one sufficient Surety, to be approved of by the Commissioners of Excise in England or Scotland, as the case may require, or such Collector, Supervisor or other proper Officer of Excise in Double the Amount of the full Duties of Excise due or payable on the Importation of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise with Conditions that the said Goods, Wares and Merchandise shall not be duly exported, or that the full Duties of Excise due or payable on the Importation thereof shall be paid to the proper Collector with the said Bond and surety as was allowed for that Purpose, at the Port where the same were first entered and warehoused; and if the Proprietor shall fail or neglect to make such Entry, and give such Surety, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Excise in England or Scotland, as the case may require, to cause all such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, which shall not be shipped for Exportation, as he shall and doth of in the same manner as Goods, Wares and Merchandise are directed to be disposed of by the Commissioners of the Customs, on the last Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Regency, and as every such Sale by them the said Commissioners of Excise, then the said last mentioned Commissioners shall apply the Produce thereof in the same manner and to the same Uses and Purposes as is by the said last mentioned Act prescribed and directed in the Sale of Goods, by or under the Authority of the Commissioners of the Customs, under or by virtue of the said last mentioned Act.

If not shipped
for Exportation,
such goods
may be sold
as the Regulations
are.

Goods when in
the Majesty's
Bonds.

XI. And by a further enactment, That all such Bonds as are by this Act authorized or required shall be taken in His Majesty's Name and to His Majesty's Use, by the Commissioners of Excise in England and Scotland respectively, of the said Regency, or the proper Officer or Officers of Excise appointed or employed for that Purpose: Provided always nevertheless, that such Bonds heretofore or continued shall entered or be drawn or executed to extend to require any Bond to be given to the Excise, in or in respect of the Removal of Coffee or Cocoa Nuts; any Thing heretofore contained to the contrary in any such Act notwithstanding.

XII. And whereas by the said Act made in the Forty third Year aforesaid, no Coffee or Cocoa Nuts are to be warehoused in manner by the said Act mentioned, or left therein shall be contained in Casks, Bags, Boxes or other Packages, of or at least One hundred and twelve Pounds net Weight each: And whereas in another Act made in the Forty eighth Year of the Regency aforesaid, among other Things, for reducing the Excise on Coffee imported into Great Britain, it is enacted, that it shall and may be lawful to import into and export from Great Britain any Coffee in Packages containing not less than One hundred Pounds Avoirdupois weight; and it is therefore expedient to allow of the same being warehoused: Be it therefore enacted, That any Coffee imported into Great Britain in Packages containing not less than One hundred Pounds Avoirdupois shall be allowed to be warehoused in the same manner as that Coffee contained in Casks, Bags, Boxes or other Packages of or at least One hundred and twelve Pounds net Weight each, is by the said Act of the Forty third Year aforesaid allowed to be warehoused.

43 G. 3. c. 142.
12

47 G. 3. c. 220.
42

Coffee imported
in Packages not
less than
one hundred
Pounds.

XIII. And by a further enactment, That all Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act shall be paid for, recovered, levied and remitted, in such ways, means or methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture is or may be paid for, recovered, levied or remitted, by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Act of the House of Commons, or otherwise, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer at Westminster; and that One Half of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Half to him, her or them who shall discover, inform or sue for the same.

Penalties how
levied.

XIV. And by a further enactment, That the said Bond mentioned and take Effect in all such Matters and Things therein contained, in respect whereof no special Commencement is hereby directed or provided, from and immediately after the passing of this Act.

Commencement
of Act.

C A P. CXLIII.

An Act for amending and reducing into One Act, the Provisions contained in any Laws now in force imposing the Penalty of Death for any Act done in Breach of or in Resistance to any Part of the Laws for collecting His Majesty's Revenue in Great Britain. [23^d July 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient, that the Provisions contained in any Laws now in force, for collecting His Majesty's Revenue in Great Britain, whereby the Penalty of Death is imposed for any Act done in Breach of or in Resistance to the said Laws, or any of them, should be amended and reduced into one Act: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in all cases where any Act to be done or committed after the passing of this Act, in Breach of or in Resistance to any Part of the Laws for collecting His Majesty's Revenue in Great Britain, was or by the Laws now in force subject the Offender to (after Death, or guilty of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy, by virtue of the said Laws, or any of them, that Act, to be done or committed, shall be deemed and taken to be Felony with Benefit of Clergy, and punishable only as such, unless the fact shall otherwise be declared to be Felony without Benefit of Clergy by this Act.

Offences against Revenue Laws.

Offences of Perjury committed by the Post Office.

II. And be it declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Deputy, Clerk, Agent, Letter Carrier, Post Boy or Rider, or any other Officer or Person whatsoever employed by or under the Post Office of Great Britain, in receiving, bringing, carrying, conveying, forwarding, conveying or delivering Letters or Packets, or in any other Business relating to the said Office, shall, after the passing of this Act, counterfeit, falsify or defraud any Letter or Packet, or Bag or Mail of Letters, with which he, or the said he, have been entrusted in consequence of such Employment, or which shall in any other manner have come to his or her Hands or Possession, whether he employed, receiving the whole or any Part or Parts of Bank Notes, Bank Post Bills, Bill of Exchange, Exchange Bill, South Sea or East India Bond, Dividend Warrant, either of the Bank, South Sea, East India, or any other Company, Society or Corporation, Navy or Victualling or Transport Bill, Ordnance Detachment, Seaman's Ticket, State Lottery Ticket or Certificate, Bank Receipt for Payment of any Loan, Note of Assignment of Stock in the Funds, Letter of Attorney for receiving Annuities or Dividends, or for selling Stock in the Funds, or belonging to any Company, Society or Corporation, American Provincial Bill of Credit, Goldsmith's or Banker's Letter of Credit, or Note for or relating to the Payment of Money, or other Bond or Warrant, Draft, Bill or Promissory Note whatsoever for the Payment of Money, or shall steal and take out of any Letter or Packet with which he or she shall have been entrusted or which shall have come to his or her Hands or Possession, the Whole or any Part or Parts of any such Bank Note, Bank Post Bill, Bill of Exchange, Exchange Bill, South Sea or East India Bond, Dividend Warrant, either of the Bank, South Sea, East India, or any other Company, Society or Corporation, Navy or Victualling or Transport Bill, Ordnance Detachment, Seaman's Ticket, State Lottery Ticket or Certificate, Bank Receipt for Payment of any Loan, Note of Assignment of Stock in the Funds, Letter of Attorney for receiving Annuities or Dividends, or for selling Stock in the Funds, or belonging to any Company, Society or Corporation, American Provincial Bill of Credit, Goldsmith's or Banker's Letter of Credit or Note for or relating to the Payment of Money, or other Bond or Warrant, Draft, Bill or Promissory Note whatsoever for the Payment of Money, every Person so offending, being thereof convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death with Benefit of Clergy.

Death.

Offences against Post Office.

III. And be it further declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person shall, after the passing of this Act, steal and take from any Chaise, or from the Possession of any Person employed to convey Letters sent by the Post of Great Britain, or from or out of any Post Office or House or Place for the Receipt or Delivery of Letters or Packets, or Bag or Mail of Letters sent or to be sent by such Post, any Letter or Packet, or Bag or Mail of Letters sent or to be sent by such Post, or shall steal and take any Letter or Packet out of any such Bag or Mail, every Person so offending, and being thereof convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death with Benefit of Clergy: and such Offences shall and may be enquired of, tried and determined either in the County where the Offence shall be committed, or where the Party shall or may be apprehended.

Death.

Offences of Perjury committed where employed by the Post Office.

IV. And be it further declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person shall, after the passing of this Act, counterfeit, falsify, or defraud, or in any other manner have come to his or her Hands or Possession, or shall, with a Fraudulent Intention, buy or receive the Whole or any Part or Parts of any such Letter or Instrument as heretofore aforesaid, which shall have been committed or, and which, at the time of buying or receiving thereof, he or she shall know to have been committed as any such Letter or Packet for Seaman, counterfeit, stolen or taken by any Deputy, Clerk, Agent, Letter Carrier, Post Boy or Rider, or any other Officer or Person so employed as aforesaid, in which such Letter is buying or receiving as aforesaid shall at the time of buying or receiving thereof know to have been committed in and stolen and taken out of any Letter or Packet stolen and taken from or out of any Mail or Bag of Letters sent and conveyed by such Post, or from or out of any Post Office or House or Place for the Receipt or Delivery of Letters or Packets, or Bag or Mail of Letters sent or to be sent by such Post; every Person so offending, and being thereof convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felony, without Benefit of Clergy, and shall

Death.

and may be tried, convicted and attainted of such Felony, as well before as after the Trial or Conviction of the principal Felon, and whether the said principal Felon shall have been apprehended or shall be amenable to Justice or not.

VI. And be it further declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person shall, after the passing of this Act, make, forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be made, forged or counterfeited, the Mark or Seal of the Receiver of the Post-office at the Receiver's Office, upon any Writ of Conventus, whereby such Receiver or any other Person shall or may be defrauded, or suffer any Loss thereby; every Person so offending, and being thereof convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

Forgery against Receiver's Office.

Death.

VII. And be it further declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person shall, after the passing of this Act, forge, counterfeit or alter, or cause or procure to be forged, counterfeited or altered, or knowingly or wilfully sell or still in the forging, counterfeiting or altering any Contract, Assignment, Certificate, Receipt or attested Copy of any Certificate made out, or purporting to be made out, by any Person or Persons authorized to make out the same by any Act of Parliament touching the Redemption or Sale of the Land Tax, or of any Part thereof; or if any Person shall wilfully utter any such forged, counterfeited or altered Contract, Assignment, Certificate, Receipt or attested Copy of Certificate, knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited or altered, with intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or any Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or other Person or Persons; every Person so offending, and being thereof convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

Forgery Contract, Assignments or Sale of Land Tax.

Death.

VIII. And be it further declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person shall, after the passing of this Act, forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, any Mark, Stamp, Die or Plate, which in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament shall have been provided, made or used by or under the Direction of the Commissioners appointed to manage the Duties on Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper, or by or under the Direction of any other Person or Persons legally authorized in that behalf, for expressing or denoting any Duty or Duties, or any Part thereof, which shall be under the Care and Management of the said Commissioners, or His Majesty or His Majesty's Payment of any such Duty or Duties, or any Part thereof, or for directing any Device appointed by the said Commissioners for the Aer of Spades, to be used with any playing Cards; or shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, the Impression, or any Representation of the Impression, of any such Mark, Stamp, Die or Plate as aforesaid, upon any Vellum, Parchment, Paper, Card, Engraving, Gold or Silver Plate, or other Material; or shall stamp or mark, or cause or procure to be stamped or marked, any Vellum, Parchment, Paper, Card, Engraving, Gold or Silver Plate, or other Material, with any such forged or counterfeited Mark, Stamp, Die or Plate as aforesaid, with intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of any of the Duties, or any Part of the Duties under the Care and Management of the said Commissioners; or if any Person shall utter or sell, or expose to Sale, any Vellum, Parchment, Paper, Card, Engraving, Gold or Silver Plate, or other Material having thereupon the Impression of any such forged or counterfeited Mark, Stamp, Die or Plate, or any such forged or counterfeited Impression as aforesaid, knowing the same respectively to be forged or counterfeited; or if any Person shall privately or secretly utter any such Mark, Stamp, Die or Plate, which shall have been so provided, made or used, by or under such Direction as aforesaid, with intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of any of the Duties or any Part of the Duties under the Care and Management of the said Commissioners, every Person so offending, and being thereof convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon, without Benefit of Clergy.

Forgery of Stamp on Paper, &c.

Death.

IX. And be it further declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person shall, after the passing of this Act, transport or remove, or cause or procure to be transported or removed, from one Piece of Wrought Plate of Gold or Silver to another, or to any Vessel or Ware of half Metal, any Impression made with any Mark, Stamp or Die, provided, made or used by or under the Direction of the said Commissioners of Stamps, or by or under the Direction of any other Person or Persons legally authorized in that behalf, for denoting any Duty or Duties, or the Payment of any Duty or Duties, granted to His Majesty on Gold or Silver Plate; or shall stamp or mark, or cause or procure to be stamped or marked, any Vessel or Ware of half Metal with any Mark, Stamp or Die, which shall have been forged or counterfeited in violation of, or to resemble any Mark, Stamp or Die so provided, made or used as aforesaid; or shall sell, exchange or expose to Sale, or expose out of one's own Shop, any Wrought Plate of Gold or Silver, or any Vessel or Ware of half Metal, having thereupon the Impression of any forged or counterfeited Mark, Stamp or Die, for denoting any such Duty or Duties, or the Payment of any such Duty or Duties, or any forged or counterfeited Impression of any Mark, Stamp or Die so provided, made or used as aforesaid; or any Impression of any such Mark, Stamp or Die, which shall have been transported or removed from any other Piece of Plate as aforesaid, knowing the same respectively to be forged or counterfeited, or transported or removed as aforesaid; or shall wilfully and without lawful Excuse (the Proof whereof shall lie on the Person accused) have or be possessed of any such forged or counterfeited Mark, Stamp or Die, for denoting any such Duty or Duties, or the Payment thereof; every Person so offending, and being thereof convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

Forging Stamp on Vessel or Ware of Gold or Silver, &c.

Death.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person (not being lawfully appointed or authorized to do so) shall make, or cause or procure to be made, or shall knowingly aid or assist in the making, or without being so appointed or authorized as aforesaid, shall knowingly have in his, her or their Custody or Possession, without lawful Excuse (the Proof whereof shall lie on the Person accused), any Frame, Mould or Instrument, for the making of Paper, with the Words 'Excise Office' visible in the Substance of such Paper, or shall make or cause or procure to be made, or knowingly aid or assist in the making any

Making Frames and making of Paper.

Page,

Paper, in the Substance of which the Words 'Lords Officers' shall be visible; or if any Person (except as before excepted) shall by any Art, Mystery or Contrivance, craft or guile procure the said Words 'Lords Officers, to appear visible in the Substantion of any Paper whatsoever; or if any Person (not being appointed or authorized as aforesaid) shall engrave, cut, cast or strike, or shall cause or procure to be engraved, cut, cast or made, any Mark, Stamp or Device, in Imitation of or so resembling any Mark, Stamp or Device made or used by the Direction of the Commissioners of Excise in England or Scotland, or the Major Part of them respectively, for the Purpose of printing, stamping or marking in any Paper to be sold as or for a Patent or Permits to accompany any suchlike Commodity or Commodities now being or to be introduced from any Part of Great Britain to any other Part thereof, in pursuance of the Directions of any of the several Statutes regarding such Papers; every Person so offending, and being thereof convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon, without Benefit of Clergy.

Death

Printing, Delivering for Sale or Return of Money from Customs or Excise.

X. And he it further declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person shall, with Intent to defraud His Majesty, falsify make, forge, counterfeit or alter, or cause or procure to be falsified, made, forged, counterfeited or altered, or wilfully sell, to be sold, making, forging, counterfeiting or altering any Debenture, or any Certificate for the Payment or Return of any Money, or any Part of any such Debenture or Certificate, or any Signature thereon, in any case in which such Debenture or Certificate is by any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Duties of Customs or Excise required or directed to be given or granted; or shall wilfully, with such Intent as aforesaid, utter, publish or make use of any such Debenture or Certificate, or Part thereof, or being wholly or in Part falsified, made, forged, counterfeited or altered, every Person so offending, and being thereof convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon, without Benefit of Clergy.

Death

Altering with Intent to defraud the Payment of Wood or other Goods, or to any other Law, &c.

XI. And he it further declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Persons, to the Number of Three or more, armed with Fire Arms or other offensive Weapons, shall hereafter within Great Britain, or within the Limits of any Port, Harbour or Creek thereof, or within the *Isle of Man*, or within the Limits of any Port, Harbour or Creek thereof, be assembled in order to be aiding and assisting in the illegal Exportation of Wood or other Goods prohibited to be exported; or in the carrying of Wood or other such Goods in order to such Exportation; or in the illegal ransacking, loading or carrying away prohibited or unlicensed Goods, or Goods liable to pay any Duty or which shall not have been paid or licensed; or in the illegal releasing of any Goods whatsoever, which shall have been shipped or exported upon Debentures or Certificates; or from any Warehouse whereof such Wood or other Goods shall have been deposited under any Act of Parliament for the bettering the Home Consumption Duties thereon; or in refusing or taking away any such Wood or other Goods as aforesaid after Seizure, from any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise, or other Officer or Officers authorized to force the same, whether such Person or Persons employed by him or them, or assisting him or them, or from the Place where the same shall have been lodged by him or them; or in selling any Person who shall have been apprehended for any of the Offences made Felony by any Act relating to the Revenues of Customs or Excise of Great Britain, or in preventing the apprehending any Person who shall have been guilty of any such Offence; or in calling any Person, to the Number of Three or more, in or near as aforesaid, shall hereafter within Great Britain, or within the Limits of any Port, Harbour or Creek thereof, or within the *Isle of Man*, or within the Limits of any Port, Harbour or Creek thereof, be found or assisting; or if any Person shall wilfully shoot at or upon any Ship, Vessel or Boat belonging to His Majesty's Navy, or in the Service of the Customs or Excise within the Limits of any Port, Harbour or Creek of Great Britain, or within the *Isle of Man*, or within the Limits of any Port, Harbour or Creek thereof, or in any Part of the Army or Royal Customs, or on the High Seas within One hundred Leagues of the Coast of Great Britain or Ireland; or if any Person shall, either on Shore or on the Water, within the Limits last aforesaid, unlawfully shoot at, man or dangerously wound, any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Army, Navy, Marines, Militia or Volunteers, or any other His Majesty's Military or Naval Forces, or of the Customs or Excise, or any other Person or Persons aiding or assisting any such Officer or Officers when doing in the due Execution of his or their Duty and in any of the Powers, Authorities or Functions of any Act relating to the Revenues of Customs or Excise of Great Britain, or of any Act for the Prevention of Smuggling; every Person so offending, and every Person aiding, abetting or assisting therein, shall, being thereof convicted, be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon, without Benefit of Clergy; and every such Offence which shall be committed with any Port, Harbour, Creek, Haven or Roadstead, of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Rhé respectively, the same may and shall be enquired of, tried as it is determined, in the said Islands respectively; and every such Offence committed elsewhere out of the United Kingdom may and shall be enquired of, tried and determined in any County of the United Kingdom; and every such Offence committed within England, Scotland or Ireland respectively, may and shall be enquired of, tried and determined within such Part of the said United Kingdom in which such Offence shall have been respectively committed, but in any County or Shire of such Part of the said United Kingdom, in such Manner and Form as if the Offence had been committed in the County or Shire in which the same shall be enquired of, tried and determined.

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Offences in the Execution of the same shall be enquired of, tried and determined.

Proceedings in Cases of the same shall be enquired of, tried and determined as in and by the Statute in that behalf made.

XII. And he it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person shall be charged by Information or Oath before any Justice of the Peace, or other Person competent to take such Information in any Part of the United Kingdom, with being guilty of the Counting, aiding or assisting, or of being wilfully loading, unloading or unloading as aforesaid, within the Limits herebefore respectively specified, in any case when in any such Offence as aforesaid, or any Person aiding or assisting any such Offence as the Execution of his Duty as aforesaid, shall have been in Hand, such Information, shall be taken and certified by the Justice or other Person taking the same under his Hand and Seal, to one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, who shall forthwith lay the same before His Majesty or His Privy Council; and His Majesty may thereupon, if he shall so think fit, by His Order in Council, require and command the Person so charged with such Offence, that he

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do, within the Space of Sixty Days, or such longer time as His Majesty shall from His Majesty's Bench, or any other Justice of the King's Bench, or to any Justice of the Peace, or other Person competent to take such Surrender as in such Order shall be specified; and may further order and require such Order to be proclaimed by the Sheriff of the County where the Offence shall have been committed, or committed within any County of the United Kingdom, and if not committed within any such County, then by the Sheriff of any County near to the Place wherein the Offence shall have been committed; and the Clerks of His Majesty's Privy Council shall cause such Order to be forthwith printed and published in the London Gazette, and such Publications to be repeated once in every Week after such First Publications, until the Expiration of the said Sixty Days, or such other time as shall be appointed by such Order for the continuance of such Offences, and shall also cause a Copy of such Order, attested by the Signature of One of the said Clerks, to be transmitted to the Sheriff of the County specified in such Order, who shall, within Fourteen Days after the Receipt of such Copy, cause the same to be proclaimed between the Hours of Ten in the Morning and Two in the Afternoon, in the respective Market Places, upon the respective Market Days of Two Market Towns, in the said County, if there shall be Two such Towns; and if there shall be only One such Town, then in such Town, and in some other Place of general Resort within such County, and shall also cause a true Copy of such Copy of such Order to be affixed upon some public Place in each of such Market Towns or other Place where such Proclamations shall be made; and if the Person charged with such Offence is arrested, shall surrender himself according to such Order, the Justice or other Person to whom he shall so surrender shall commit him to some Goal or Prison within the Limits of his Jurisdiction, to be there detained, until according to Law; but if such Person is charged and proclaimed as aforesaid, shall not so surrender himself within the time limited in such Order, or shall after Surrender and before Trial for such Offence escape from Justice, such Person shall, from the Day appointed for such Surrender, be adjudged to be a Person attainted of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon, without Benefit of Clergy, if the Offence shall be charged on him to have been committed in England, or within the Limits of any Part, Harbour, or Creek in England or Wales, or within One hundred Leagues of the Coast thereof; and it shall be lawful for the Court of King's Bench, or the Justices of Oyer and General Gaol Delivery, or Great Sessions for the County or Place where such Offence shall be, to award Execution against such Offender, in such manner as if he had been convicted and attainted in the said Court of King's Bench, or before such Justices of Oyer and Tynners, or General Gaol Delivery or Great Sessions respectively; and if the Offence shall be charged to have been committed in Scotland, or within any Part or Harbour or Creek thereof, or within One hundred Leagues of the Coast thereof, such Offender shall in the like case be adjudged, detained and taken to be convicted of a Capital Crime, and shall suffer the Pain of Death, and Contempts of Misdemeanors, as in the case of a Person found guilty of a Capital Crime and under Sentence for the same; and it shall be lawful for the Court of Justiciary, or the Lords of Justiciary in their Circuits in Scotland, to award Execution against such Offender, in such manner as if he had been found guilty and condemned in the said Courts of Justiciary or Circuit Courts respectively.

Death.

Scotland.

C. A. P. CXLIV.

An Act to improve and finally vacate the Seats of Members of the House of Commons, who shall become Bankrupts, and who shall not pay their Debts in full within a limited Time.

[1812, c. 143.]

WHEREAS it is highly necessary, for the Preservation of the Dignity and Independence of Parliament, that Members of the House of Commons of the United Kingdom, who become Bankrupts, and do not pay their Debts in full, shall not retain their Seats; Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, whatsoever a Commission of Bankruptcy shall issue and be awarded against any Person being a Member of the House of Commons, and he shall be found and declared a Bankrupt under the same, such Member shall be and shall remain during Twelve Calendar Months from the time of the issuing thereof, utterly incapable of sitting and voting in the said House of Commons, which within the said Period such Commission shall be superseded, or unless after the said Period the Condition of such Member of the House of Commons proving their Debts under the Commission of Bankruptcy shall be paid or satisfied to the full Amount of their Debts, under the said Commission: Provided always, that such of the Debts, if any, as shall be disputed by such Bankrupt, if he shall, within the time aforesaid, enter into a Bond or Bonds, in such Sum or Sums, with Two Justices of the Peace to be approved by the Commissioners under the said Commission of Bankruptcy, or the major Part of them, to pay such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be recovered in any Action, Suit or other Proceeding in Law or Equity, concerning such Debts or Debts, together with such Costs as shall be given in the same, shall be considered for the Purpose of this Act as paid or satisfied.

It is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if the said Commission shall not within Twelve Calendar Months from the time thereof be superseded, nor the Debts satisfied in manner aforesaid, then the Commissioners, or the major Part of them named in such Commission, shall and they are hereby required, immediately after the Expiration of Twelve Calendar Months from the issuing of the said Commission, to certify the Ineligibility of such Member to sit or vote in the House of Commons of the United Kingdom, and to propose the Election of such Member shall be and he is hereby declared to be void; and it shall and may be lawful for the Speaker of the House of Commons for the time being, during any Session of the said House, whether by Prorogation or Adjournment, and he is hereby required forthwith after receiving such Certificate, to cause Notice thereof to be entered in His Majesty's Gazette, and upon the Expiration of Fourteen Days after

Seals of Members to be given to the Clerk of the House of Commons.

Seals to be given to the Clerk of the House of Commons.

Title.

Printed at
the Office of the
Printer of the
Acts of Parliament,
in the Strand.

the Day of inferring such Writs in the County, to file his Warrant to the Clerk of the Crown, to make out a new Writ for sending another Member in the Room of such Member who shall have so vacated his Seat: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to make the Speaker of the House of Commons to file his Warrant for the Purposes aforesaid, unless such Certificate shall have been delivered to him in long before the first next Meeting of the House of Commons for the Discharge of Business, as that the Writ for the Election may be filed before the Day of such next Meeting of the House of Commons.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every of the Powers contained in an Act of the Tenth fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for extending to each of Two former Acts an authority to the Speaker of the House of Commons after his Warrant to the Clerk of the Crown for making out Writs for the Election of Members to serve in Parliament in the manner therein mentioned, and for substituting other Provisions for the like Purposes, in so far as such Powers enable the Speaker of the House of Commons to nominate and appoint other Persons, being Members of the House of Commons, to file Warrants for the making out of new Writs during the Vacancy of the Office of Speaker, or during his Absence out of the Realm, shall be and they are hereby made to be in force for the Purpose of enabling him to make the like Nominations and Appointments for issuing Warrants under the like Circumstances, and Conditions, for the Election of Members of Parliament in the Room of such whose Seats shall become vacant under the Provisions of this Act.

C A P. CXLV.

An Act to explain the Exemption from Toll in several Acts of Parliament, for Carriages employed in Towns, &c.; and for regulating the Tolls to be paid on other Carriages, and on Horses, as therein and therein specified. [23^d July 1812.]

WHEREAS an Exemption from Toll has, by several Acts for signing Turnpike Roads, been granted, in respect of Cattle or Carriages carrying or drawing any Dragg, Messes or Compost for manuring the Land, or Fodder for Cattle: And whereas in some of the said Acts there is no express Provision made for any Exemption from the Payment of Toll for and in respect of any Carriage, or of Cattle drawing the same, going empty for such Loading, or returning empty, having been so laden; and by reason of such Omission, Toll has in some cases been lately demanded, & demanded, in respect of Carriages going empty for such Loading; and in other cases Disputes have arisen concerning the same: And whereas the excluding from such Exemption the sale of Carriages going empty for such Loading, or returning empty having been so laden, would operate to the Disadvantage of Agriculturists, and to the disadvantage of the Trade, and in many instances the Benefit intended by the Exemption from Tolls of Carriages carrying Dragg, Messes or Compost, or Fodder for Cattle: And whereas by a Clause in an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to explain, amend and reduce into one Act of Parliament the several Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of Great Britain called England; and for other Purposes*, it is enacted, that the Regulations of Weights & Measures therein mentioned, should not be deemed or construed to extend to any Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, employed only in Husbandry, or carrying only Messes for Land, Hay, Straw, Fodder or Corn collected: And whereas great Inconvenience will result to Persons employed in Husbandry, if the said Exemption, in respect of Waggon, Cart or other Carriages laden with Messes, and the Cattle drawing the same, should be prevented from taking place, by reason only of any empty Barrel or Basket, empty Sack or Sacks, being in or upon any such Waggon, Cart or Carriage, if the Loading thereof is habitually Messes, Hay, Straw, Fodder or Corn collected: And whereas great Uncertainty has prevailed, as to the Tolls claimed on Carriages or Horses, laden to separate Tolls, when affixed, tied or loaded to some Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, and much Inconvenience has arisen therefrom: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twentieth sixth Day of September in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and twelve, in every case in which under any Act of Parliament for making, widening and enlarging, repairing or otherwise relating to any Turnpike Road, there is an Exemption from Toll or Duty in respect of any Horse, Mule, Ass, Oxen, Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, carrying or drawing any Dragg, Messes, Soil, Manure, Lime or Compost, of any Nature or kind known, for manuring or improving the Land, or Hay, Straw or any other Fodder for Cattle: such Exemption shall be deemed to extend, in respect of every such Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, and also in respect to the Cattle drawing the same, going empty, or loaded only with Implements necessary for more convenient Carriage, or loading or unloading such Loadings, or returning empty, or with such Implements as aforesaid, having been so laden, notwithstanding the said Waggon, Cart or other Carriage shall for the Purposes aforesaid go to or return from any Particular Place, in which either the said Turnpike Road does not lie.

II. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That, for the preventing of Breach on Toll Collectors, by Carts or Waggon going empty, or loaded only with Implements necessary for the more convenient Carriage of, or for loading or unloading Messes, through Turnpike-Gates, under Pretence of going for such Messes, the Owner or Driver of every empty Waggon, Cart or Carriage, claiming the Exemption hereby extended, any or either of them, shall in all such case pay the Toll in respect of such Waggon, Cart or Carriage, before the same shall be permitted to pass through such Turnpike-Gate, and that the Collector of such Toll shall thereupon deliver to such Owner or Driver a Ticket, to be received: Messes, Compost, with the Name of the Gate and the Date when delivered, and the Amount of the Toll so paid; all which shall and

shall

Exemption from
Toll extended to
cattle, &c.
&c. see the 10th &
11th Acts
by Great Acts.

Printed at
the Office of the
Printer of the
Acts of Parliament,
in the Strand.

See by Dutton
and Waggan.

liable to the same Toll, and no more, as the same would have been if passing through the said Gate down by One Horse only; and where any Horse shall be followed to his stall or in driving any Waggan, Cart or other Carriage, such Horse shall not be liable to a higher Toll than a single Horse; provided, that if any Coach, Chaise, Chair, Cart or other Carriage, is seized, tied or locked to any Waggan or Cart, shall have any Goods covered therein, other than the Marshes thereof, and such Articles of Passage as may be necessary for the Protection of such Carriages, the same shall be liable to Double the Toll herein imposed.

Title A.D.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

C A P. CXLVI.

An Act for the better regulating and preserving Parishes and other Regillies of Baptes, Baptists, Marriages and Burials in England. [with 2nd Part.]

WHEREAS the exceeding the Manner and Form of keeping and of preserving Registers of Baptes, Marriages and Burials of His Majesty's Subjects in the several Parishes and Places in England, will greatly facilitate the Proof of Pedigree of Persons claiming to be entitled to Real or Personal Estate, and be otherwise of great public Benefit and Advantage: Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty King George the Third, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Third (18th) Day of November One thousand eight hundred and twelve, Registers of Public and Private Baptes, Marriages and Burials, licensed according to the Rites of the United Church of England and Ireland, within all Parishes or Chapels in England, which are subject to the Ordinary or Pastors, or other Jurisdiction, shall be made and kept by the Rector, Vicar, Curate or Officiating Minister of every Parish, (or of any Chapel) whose the Duty of Baptes, Marriage and Burial have been usually and may according to Law be performed; for the time being, in Books of Parchment, or of good and durable Paper, to be provided by His Majesty's Printer as therein may require, at the Expense of the respective Parishes or Chapels, in which shall be printed, upon each Side of every Leaf, the Heads of Informations herein required to be entered in the Register of Baptes, Marriages and Burials respectively, and every such Entry shall be numbered progressively from the Beginning to the End of each Book, the First Entry to be distinguished by Number One; and every such Entry shall be divided from the Entry next following by a printed Line, according to the Forms contained in the Schedule (A.) (B.) (C.) herein annexed; and every Page of every such Book shall be numbered with progressive Numbers, the first Page being marked with the Number 1. in the Middle of the upper Part of such Page, and every subsequent Page being marked in like manner with progressive Numbers, from Number 1. to the End of the Book.

Containing
Manner in which
Registers of Baptes
and Private
Marriages and
Burials, shall
be made and
kept in the
Books for that
Purpose.

King's Printer
to send to each
Parish a printed
Copy of Act,
and Register
Books adapted
to same
provided.

II. And, for better enforcing the Regularity and Uniformity of such Register Books, be it further enacted, That a printed Copy of this Act, together with the Book so prepared as aforesaid, and adapted to the Form of the Register of Baptes preferred in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed; and also one other Book so prepared as aforesaid, and adapted to the Form preferred for the Register of Marriages in the Schedule (B.) to this Act annexed; and also one other Book so prepared as aforesaid, and adapted to the Form preferred for the Register of Burials in the Schedule (C.) to this Act annexed, shall, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, be provided and transmitted by His Majesty's Printer to the Officiating Ministers of the several Parishes and Chapels in England respectively, who are hereby required to file and apply the same in and to the Purposes of this Act; and such Books, respectively shall be proportioned to the Population of the several Parishes and Chapels, according to the last Returns of such Populations made under the Authority of Parliament; and one Book of like Size and Quantity shall be provided for the like Purpose to be furnished from time to time by the Churchwardens or Churchwarden of every Parish or Chapel, at the Expense of the said Parish or Chapel, who respectively shall be required by the Rector, Vicar, Curate or Officiating Minister to provide the same; and all such Books shall be of Paper, which required to be of Parchment by such Churchwardens or Churchwarden respectively.

Registers in
several Register
Books.

III. And be it further enacted, That such Register Books kept in such separate Books aforesaid, and that every such Rector, Vicar, Curate or Officiating Minister, shall as soon as possible after the publication of every Baptes, whether Private or Public, or Burial respectively, record and enter in a fair and legible Hand-writing, in the proper Register Book to be provided, made and kept as aforesaid, the several Particulars described in the several Schedules heretofore mentioned, and sign the same; and in so do, unless provided by Statute, or other unavoidable Impediment, under that which was before Days after the Ceremony of any such Baptes or Burial shall have taken place.

Provision of
Books, for
Baptes, Marriages
and Burials
in every Parish
and Chapel, by
the Churchwarden
or Churchwarden,
at the Expense of
the same.

IV. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Ceremony of Baptes or Burial shall be performed in any other Place than the Parish Church or Church Yard of any Parish (or the Chapel or Chapel Yard of any Chapel), providing it was defined Register) and such Ceremony shall be performed by any Minister not being the Rector, Vicar, Minister or Curate of such Parish or Chapel, such Minister who shall perform the same, shall, as soon as conveniently may be, send a true Copy of such Baptes or Burial to the Rector, Vicar or other Minister of such Parish or Chapel, or his Curate, or Substitute of such Rector or Minister in the same manner as the Schedule (B.) to this Act annexed, and to the Rector, Vicar, Minister or Curate of such Parish or Chapel, that if some or either of such Baptes or Burial according to this Statute, are in the Book kept pursuant to this Act for such Purpose; and that add to such Entry the following Words, "According to the Statute of the Reverend" as limited to one or two

V. And

V. And be it further enacted, That the several Books wherein such Entries shall respectively be made, and all Register Books hereafter to be made, shall be deemed to belong to every such Parish or Chapel respectively, and shall be kept by and remain in the Power and Custody of the Rector, Vicar, Curate or other Officiating Minister of each respective Parish or Chapel, as aforesaid, and shall be by him safely and securely kept in a dry well secured Iron Chest, to be provided and repaired as Occasion may require, at the Expence of the Parish or Chapel, and which said Chest containing the said Books shall be constantly kept locked in some dry, safe and secure Place within the usual Place of Residence of such Rector, Vicar, Curate or other Officiating Minister, if resident within the Parish or Chapel, or in the Parish Church or Chapel; and the said Books shall not, nor shall any of them be taken or removed from or out of the said Chest, at any time or farrow Cause whatever, except for the Purpose of making such Entries therein as aforesaid, or for the Inflicting of Penalties directed to make search therein, or to obtain Copies from or out of the same, or to be produced as Evidence in some Court of Law or Equity, or to be inspected as to the State and Condition thereof, or for some of the Purposes of this Act; and that immediately after making such respective Entries, or producing the said Books respectively for the Purposes aforesaid, the said Books shall forthwith again be safely and securely deposited in the said Chest.

VI. And be it further enacted, That at the Expiration of Two Months after the Thirty fifth Day of December or One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and at the Expiration of Two Months after the End of every subsequent Year, for Copies of all the Entries of the several Baptisms, Marriages and Burials, which shall have been taken down, or shall have taken place within the Year preceding, shall be made by the Rector, Vicar, Curate or other resident or Officiating Minister, (or by the Churchwardens, Chapelwardens, Clerk or other Person duly appointed for the Purpose, and so by the Direction of such Rector, Vicar, Curate or other resident or Officiating Minister, or Parson, in the same Form as prescribed in the Schedule hereto annexed (to be provided by the respective Parishes); and the Contents of such Copies shall be verified and signed in the Form following, by the Rector, Vicar, Curate or Officiating Minister of the Parish or Chapel, to which such respective Register Book shall appertain:

I *A. B.* Rector (or, as the case may be) of the Parish of *C.* [or, of the Chapel of *D.*] in the County of *E.* do hereby solemnly declare, That the several Writings hereunto annexed, purporting to be Copies of the several Entries contained in the several Register Books of Baptisms, Marriages and Burials, of the Parish or Chapel aforesaid, from the Day of _____ to the Day of _____ are true and correct Copies of all the several Entries in the said several Register Books respectively from the said Day of _____ to the said Day of _____; and that no other Entry during such Period is contained in any of such Books respectively, are truly made according to the best of my Knowledge and Belief.

Signed _____ *A. B.*

Which Declaration shall be fully written, without any Stamp, on the said Copy immediately after the full Entry thereof; and the Signature to such Declaration shall be attested by the Churchwardens or Chapelwardens, or One of them, of the Parish or Chapel, to which such Register Books shall belong.

VII. And be it further enacted, That Copies of the said Register Books, verified and attested as aforesaid, shall, whether such Parish or Chapel shall be subject to the Ordinary, Peculiar or other Jurisdiction, be transmitted by such Churchwardens or Chapelwardens, after they, or One of them, shall have signed the same, by the Post, to the Registers of each Diocese in England within which the Church or Chapel shall be situated, as or before the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and as or before the First Day of June in every subsequent Year.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Register of every Diocese in England shall, as or before the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and as or before the First Day of July in every subsequent Year, make a Report to the Bishop of such Diocese, whether the Copies of the Registers of the Baptisms, Marriages and Burials, in the several Parishes and Places within such Diocese have been sent to such Register, in the manner and within the time herein required; and to the Extent of any Part of the Transmittion of the Copies of the Registers as herein required, by the Churchwardens or Chapelwardens of any Parish or Chapel in England, the Registrar shall bear the Defect of the Parish or Chapel, (especially in his Report to the Bishop).

IX. And be it further enacted, That in case the Rector, Vicar or other Officiating Minister or Curate of any Parish or Chapel shall neglect or refuse to send and sign such Copies of such several Register Books, and such Declaration as aforesaid, to the Churchwardens or Chapelwardens, shall not be able to transmit the same, as required by this Act, to such Churchwardens or Chapelwardens, within the time required by this Act for the Transmittion thereof, certify such Defect to the Registrar of the Diocese within which such Parish or Chapel shall be, who shall specify the same in his Report to the Bishop of such Diocese.

X. And for the obtaining of Returns and Registers of Baptisms and Burials in Extra-parochial Places in England, where there is no Church or Chapel, it is further enacted, That in all such of the Parishes of any Diocese, or the Parishes of any Extra-parochial Place in England, according to the Rate of the Established Church, where there is no Church or Chapel, it shall be lawful for the Officiating Minister, within One Month after such Baptisms or Burials, as delivered to the Rector, Vicar or Curate of such Parish immediately adjoining to the Place in which such Baptisms or Burials shall take place, as the Ordinary shall direct, a Memorandum of such Baptisms or Burials, signed by such Parson of the Church before or of a Minister of some of such Parish, signed by the Parson employed about the same, or some other Person who can certify the same, according to the Nature of the said, may respectively register and convey such Burials and Baptisms, and shall continue all such Particulars as are hereinafter required; and every such Memorandum delivered to the

Register Books kept in Church or other Officiating Minister in such Diocese, according to the Direction of Parishes.

Annual Copies of Registers made; and such Books being delivered to the Registrar.

Annual Copies of Registers to be sent to the Registrar of the Diocese.

Registers to be sent to the Bishop of the Diocese, as or before the First Day of July in every subsequent Year.

Officiating Ministers to certify the Defect of Registers to the Registrar of the Diocese.

Officiating Ministers to certify the Defect of Registers to the Registrar of the Diocese.

Refer, View or Copy of any such almsing Parish or Chapel, shall be entered in the Register of the Parish, or in the same Part thereof.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Superintendant upon all Letters and Papers concerning the Copies of such Books or other Registers, to be so provided by the Clerk to the said Offices of the said Registrars in such Parish, shall be under the Seal of the said Registrars, and be delivered to the respective Parishes and Chapels as aforesaid, as the Form contained in Schedule (E.) in this Act made all such Letters and Papers shall be carried and conveyed by a Messenger of His Majesty's Post Office, and be delivered at the Office of the said Registrars, ~~and be delivered to the respective Parishes and Chapels as aforesaid.~~

XII. And be it further enacted, That when and at what time the Copies of the Registers, or Lists of Baptisms, Marriages and Burials, as aforesaid, and also the said Lists of Births, Deaths, Marriages or Burials as aforesaid, shall be delivered to the Office of the said Registrars as aforesaid, as aforesaid, pursuant to the Direction as in and by the Statute in that behalf made, the said Registers shall only remain open at the said Office and List to be forth and securely deposited, kept and preserved from Damage or Destruction by Fire or otherwise, and to be carefully reviewed by the Parishes or Clergy aforesaid as to Omissions any respecting, and the said Registrars respectively shall the same with all additional Lists to be made and kept in Books furnish, to the Parishes, of the Names of all Persons and Places mentioned in such Books and Lists as shall here be transmitted to the said Registrars respectively, ~~whereupon the said Lists and Books, and also the Copies of Registers and Lists so transmitted to the said Registrars as aforesaid, shall be open to public View at all reasonable times on Payment of the usual Fees.~~

XIII. And when any Messenger of His Majesty's Post Office shall deliver the Copies of the Parishes Registers of Baptisms, Marriages and Burials, as well as the aforesaid Wills proved under the same respectively as aforesaid, or any additional for these being prepared with due Care; for which a Penalty is to be applied in these Words where it shall be so made necessary: Be it further enacted, That, in order to a due Examination thereof, the Bishop, together with the Cathedral Archbishop of the several Counties within each Diocese, and the Chancellor thereof, shall, before the First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, make a careful Survey to be made of the several Places in which the Parishes Registers, and the Wills proved under the same, are kept; and shall make a Report to His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, of the State of the same, on or before the First Day of March following, setting forth in each case whether the Buildings are in all respects fit and proper for the Performance of Papers of the above Descriptions, as well with respect to Space as to Security from Fire, and to Precautions from Damp, and if not, at what or public Expense they can be made fit; and where the Instruments and Papers before mentioned are kept in Dwelling-houses or other Places, which cannot be made fit and secure for the due Performance thereof, then and in such case the Persons before named shall request and report in like manner at what Expense proper Buildings may be provided, and in what Places, so as to have one Place within each Diocese for the due Performance of all such Registers and Wills; together with their Opinions upon the most feasible Mode of removing the Offices employed in such Registry, for their additional Trouble and Expense in carrying the Performance of the said due Execution.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall knowingly and wilfully insert, or cause, or permit to be inserted in any such Register Book of such Baptisms, Births or Marriages or other Lists, or in any such Copy of any such Register so directed to be transmitted to the Registrars as aforesaid, or in any such Lists or Declarations also directed to be transmitted to such Registrars as aforesaid, any false Entry of any Matter or Thing relating to any Baptism, Birth or Marriage, or shall insert or cause, or permit, or cause to be inserted, or cause or procure, or wilfully permit to be falsly made, altered, forged or counterfeited, any Part of any such Register, List or Declaration, or of any such Copy of any such Register; or shall wilfully destroy, deface or wipe, or cause or procure, or permit to be destroyed, defaced or wiped, any such Register Book, or any Part thereof, or shall knowingly and wilfully sign, or cause any Copy of any such Register hereby required to be transmitted as aforesaid, which shall be false in any Part thereof, knowing the same to be false, every Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be deemed and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and shall be punished for the Term of Fourteen Years.

XV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Bishop, Vicar, Curate or Officiating Minister of any Parish or Chapel, who shall deliver any Entry so here before mentioned in the Form or Substances of the Entry in the Register Book of any such Baptism, Birth or Marriage, respectively by him submitted, shall be liable in all or any of the Penalties herein mentioned, if he shall within one Calendar Month after the Delivery of such Entry, in the Presence of the Parents or Parents of the Child whose Baptism may have been entered in such Register, or of the Parties married, or in the Presence of Two Persons who shall have attended at any Burial, or in case of the Death or Absence of the respective Parties aforesaid, then in the Presence of the Churchwardens or Clergymen, (who shall respectively attend the same) alter and correct the Entry which shall have been then entered, according to the Truth of the Facts, by Entry in the Margin of the Book wherein such erroneous Entry shall have been made, without any Alteration or Disobedience of the original Entry, and shall sign such Entry in the Margin, and add to such Signature the Day of the Month and Year when such Correction shall be made: Provided also, that in the said Copy of the Registers aforesaid which shall be transmitted to the Registrars of the several Dioceses, the said Bishop, Vicar, Curate or Officiating Minister shall certify the Alterations so made by him as aforesaid.

XVI. Provided also, That nothing in this Act contained shall in any manner diminish or increase the Fees heretofore payable or to be paid for the Performance of any of the before mentioned Duties, or to any Minister or Registrar, for giving Copies of such Registers, but that all due legal and accustomed Fees on such Occasions, and all Powers and Remedies for Recovery thereof, shall be and remain as though this Act had not been made.

XVII. Passed 4

XVII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That no Baptism or Copy of any Register of Baptism, Marriage or Burial, made under the Direction and for the Purposes of this Act, shall be chargeable with any Stamp Duty thereon; any Act not in force to the contrary thereof in any writ or writs thereto.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That One Half of the Amount of all Fees or Payments to be levied in pursuance of this Act shall go to the Person who shall reform or fee for the same; and the Remainder of such Fees as shall be imposed on any Churchwarden or Chaplain shall go to the Poor of the Parishes for which such Churchwarden or Chaplain shall serve; and the Remainder of such Fees as shall be imposed on any Rector, Vicar, Minister or Curate or Rectorial, shall be paid and applied to such Charitable Purposes, in the County within which the Parish or Place shall be, as shall be appointed and directed by the Bishop of the Diocese.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Rector, Vicar, Curate or Officiating Minister of every Parish and Chapelry in England, whether subject to the Ordinary, Peculiar or other Jurisdiction, shall transmit to the Registrar of the Diocese in which the Parish or Chapelry shall be situated, before the 1st Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, a List of all Baptisms which are to be in such Parish or Chapelry respectively, listing the Parishes at which they respectively commenced and terminated, the Persons (if any) for which they are deficient, and the Places where they are deposited.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Provisions in this Act shall extend, so far as circumstances will permit, to Cathedral and Collegiate Churches, and Chapels of Colleges or Hospitals, and the burying Grounds belonging thereto; and to the Ministers who shall officiate in such Cathedral or Collegiate Churches, and Chapels of Colleges or Hospitals, and burying Grounds respectively, and shall likewise extend to every any Parish or Place, although such Cathedral or Collegiate Churches or Chapels of Colleges or Hospitals, or the burying Grounds belonging thereto, may not be parochial, or the Minister officiating therein may not be, as such, parochial Minister, and there shall be no Churchwarden or Churchwardens thereof; and in all such cases, the Books heretofore directed to be provided, shall be provided at the Expense of the Body having Right to appoint the Officiating Minister in every such Cathedral or Collegiate Church or Chapel of a College or Hospital; and Copies thereof shall be transmitted to the Registrar of the Diocese within which such Cathedral or Collegiate Church or Chapel of a College or Hospital shall be, by the Officiating Minister of such Church, in like manner as is herein directed with respect to parochial Ministers, and shall be attested by Two of the Officers of such Church, College or Hospital, as the Copies of parochial Registers are herein directed to be attested by Churchwarden. *Repealed statute that, according to 44th Geo. 3rd contained shall extend to repeal any Provision contained in an Act passed in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled An Act for better preventing clandestine Marriages.*

Copy of Register of Baptism, Marriage or Burial, made under the Direction and for the Purposes of this Act, shall be chargeable with any Stamp Duty thereon; any Act not in force to the contrary thereof in any writ or writs thereto.

List of all Baptisms which are to be in such Parish or Chapelry respectively, listing the Parishes at which they respectively commenced and terminated, the Persons (if any) for which they are deficient, and the Places where they are deposited.

Act to amend the Statute in that behalf made, intitled An Act for better preventing clandestine Marriages.

Statute Act, 25 G. 3. c. 12. intitled An Act for better preventing clandestine Marriages.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

| 2. | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|-----------|---------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| BAPTISMS taken in the Parish of St. A. in the County of S. in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. | | | | | | |
| When Baptized. | Child's Christian Name. | Parents Name. | | Place. | Quality, Rank or Profession. | By whom the Ceremony was performed. |
| | | Christian | Surname. | | | |
| 1811.
1 st February | Johanna | WILSON | ELIZABETH | LONDON. | | |
| No 1. | | | | | | |
| 3 rd March | Ann | HARR | MARIE | PARSON. | | |
| No 2. | | | | | | |

SCHEDULE (B.)

| | | | | |
|--|------------------|--------|---------------------|--------------------|
| I. | | | | |
| MARRIAGES solemnized in the Parish of <i>A.</i> in the County of <i>B.</i> in the Year One thousand eight hundred and thirteen | | | | |
| <i>A. B.</i> of | <i>St. A. B.</i> | Parish | | |
| and <i>C. D.</i> of | <i>St. A. B.</i> | Parish | | |
| were married in this | Church | } | by | } |
| the | Chapel | } | { <i>James</i> | } with Consent of |
| Day of | } | } | { <i>Living</i> | } { <i>Parsons</i> |
| | | | in the Year | } <i>Guardians</i> |
| | | | By me, <i>J. L.</i> | } <i>Refere</i> |
| | | | } <i>Parson</i> | |
| | | | } <i>Curate</i> | |
| This Marriage was solemnized between us { <i>A. B.</i> | | | | |
| In the Presence of { <i>C. D.</i> | | | | |
| { <i>E. F.</i> | | | | |
| { <i>G. H.</i> | | | | |

SCHEDULE (C.)

| I. | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| BURIALS in the Parish of <i>A.</i> in the County of <i>B.</i> in the Year One thousand eight hundred and thirteen. | | | | |
| Name. | Abode. | When Buried. | Age. | By whom the Ceremony was performed. |
| <i>John Wilson</i> | <i>Dale Street, Wylmington.</i> | <i>21st</i> | <i>62</i> | |
| No. 1. | | <i>of May.</i> | | |

SCHEDULE (D.)

I do hereby certify, that I did on the _____ Day of _____
 baptize according to the Rites of the United Church of England and Ireland, _____ Son
 (or Daughter) of _____ and _____ his Wife, by the Name of _____
 To the Rector (or, as the case may be) of _____

I do hereby certify, that on the _____ Day of _____ *A. B.* of
 _____ aged _____ was buried in [_____ Place of Burial], and that the
 Ceremony of Burial was performed according to the Rites of the United Church of England and Ireland,
 by me,
 To the Rector (or, as the case may be) of _____

SCHEDULE (E.)

| | |
|--|--|
| To the Register of the Diocese of _____ | |
| <i>A. B.</i> Churchwarden (or Chapelwarden) of the Parish (or Chapel) of _____ | do hereby certify, that _____ |
| <i>C. D.</i> _____ | [or such other Description as the case shall require]. |

C A P.

C A P. CXLVII.

An Act for regulating the Allowances granted out of the Duties of Assessed Taxes, to Persons in respect of the Number of their Children, by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty; and for extending the Limitation mentioned in the said Act in Proportion to the Increase of the said Duties. [18th July 1812.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *As all the great several Allowances out of the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, in respect of the Number of their Children, certain Allowances were granted to Persons having respectively more than Two Children born in lawful Wedlock, and born alive, mentioned at their Estates, to be computed on the Amount of the Duties assessed on them by virtue of certain Acts therein recited, to make the Total Amount thereof for One Year should be under Forty Pounds; And whereas the Duties granted by the Acts therein recited have been consolidated, and certain other Duties have been added thereto, by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the Duties of Assessed Taxes and granting new Duties in lieu thereof, and certain additional Duties to be consolidated therewith; and also for repealing the Stamp Duties on Goods Conveyances, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof, to be placed under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes; and certain other additional Duties of Assessed Taxes have also been granted by an Act of the present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain new and additional Duties of Assessed Taxes; and for consolidating the same with the former Duties of Assessed Taxes: And whereas it is expedient to authorize the said Allowances, to be computed and granted on the Amount of the Duties to be assessed under the said last mentioned Acts, and the Limitation thereof to be extended in Proportion to the several Amounts as hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Allowances granted by the said first recited Act shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be computed and granted on the Amount of the Duties chargeable by virtue of the said Acts of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid and of the present Session of Parliament: Provided, that the Total Amount of all the Allowances on each Chargee for the whole Year shall in such case be under Forty five Pounds Sterling.***

C A P. CXLVIII.

An Act to enable the Keeper of His Majesty's Exchequer for the Time being, to dispose of and transfer all such Public Stocks or Funds, as now do or shall hereafter stand in his Name, in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, in Trust for His Majesty. [18th July 1812.]

WHEREAS certain Sums of Money are now standing in an Account intitled in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, intitled *The Account of the Keeper of His Majesty's Exchequer, in Trust for His Majesty*; and it is necessary to sell and dispose of such Stocks or Funds, or a competent Part thereof, to enable the Keeper of His Majesty's Exchequer to make such Payments as he may by Law directed to make, and Doubts are suggested whether the Keeper of the Exchequer hath any Authority to make and execute Transfers of such Stocks or Funds, to the Person or Persons who may become the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or whether the Governor and Company of the Bank of England could lawfully permit and suffer such Transfers to be made without the Authority of Parliament for so doing: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Keeper of His Majesty's Exchequer for the Time being be and he is hereby authorized and empowered, when and as he shall in his Discretion think fit, to make Sale of and transfer and assign all or any Part of the Public Stocks or Funds now standing, or which shall or may at any time or times hereafter stand, in the Books of the said Governor and Company, or an Account, intitled *The Account of the Keeper of His Majesty's Exchequer*; and the said Governor and Company are hereby authorized and required to permit and suffer the same to be transferred and assigned accordingly, and shall be and they are hereby authorized for so doing.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enacted, That the Keeper of His Majesty's Exchequer for the Time being shall and he is hereby required to account for the Proceeds of all such Stocks or Funds as shall be sold by him by virtue of or under the Authority of this Act, to such Person or Persons by Law authorized to receive and receive such Accounts.

C A P. CXLIX.

An Act to regulate the Separation of Damsters from Ground Coffee, and to permit Dealers to send out any Quantity of Coffee not exceeding Eight Pounds Weight without Permit, until the End of Two Years from the passing of this Act. [18th July 1812.]

WHEREAS by the Laws in force, the roasting of Coffee in the Warehouse, and the Separation of the damaged Part from the Sound, is only permitted when the Article is intended for Exportation.

and it has been found that very great Quantities of unclean and unwholesome Coffee have been brought into Home Use, to the great Injury of the Subjects of the Crown and the Health and Comfort of the Colonies; For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Assent of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, upon the Importation of Coffee the Growth of any British Colony, Plantation or Settlement in Asia, Africa or America, or upon the Importation of Coffee condensed as Paris, it shall and may be lawful within Fourteen Days after the same shall have been deposited in any Warehouse (whenever the same may be Secured according to the Laws in Force), or if the Duty is paid down upon the said Entry thereof, then before the Delivery of such Coffee, for every Importer thereof, under the Superintendance of the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs and Excise, to separate the damaged Coffee from the undamaged Paris thereof, in order that the undamaged and merchantable Paris may be repacked into Casks or Bags, and that the damaged Paris may be packed in Casks; and in every such case the said Importer, under the Superintendance of such Officer or Officers, shall mark or mark to be marked on every Bag or Cask containing the Coffee so separated as undamaged the Word "Sound;" in black Paint on the front of such Bag or on the Head of such Cask, in Letters at least Two Inches long, and upon the Casks containing the Coffee so damaged, the Words "For Exportation;" and the said Officer or Officers of the Customs and Excise is and are hereby empowered and directed to sell in his or their Assistance in such Selection, the proper Officer or Officers who is or are authorized to buy and sample Coffee in the public Warehouses and Docks on Behalf of such Importer.

II. And be it enacted, That in all public Docks and Warehouses in the United Kingdom in which Coffee is at present received and stored, or shall or may at any time hereafter be received and stored, the damaged Coffee shall be carefully selected and separated from the sound Coffee, and the proper Officer or Officers in the said Docks and Warehouses are hereby required and directed to make such Selection and Separation accordingly: Provided always, that before any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs and Excise shall proceed to separate the damaged and unmerchantable Coffee, such Officer or Officers is and are hereby required upon Application in Writing of the Parties or Persons in whose Name the said Coffee shall have been warehoused, to give Notice to him or them of the precise Parted where it is the Intention of the said Officer or Officers to proceed to separate the same, in order that he or they may attend or appoint some Person to attend such Separation in his or their Behalf; and if no such Separation is thought proper to the said Party, or his or their Agent, he is to be appointed and being present upon the Operation, that from Negligence or Ignorance of the Quality of the Coffee on the Part of the Officer or Officers, or from any other Cause, a greater or lesser Proportion thereof is selected as damaged and unfit for Use in the Country, than in the Judgment of such Importer, or his, her or their Agent, should have been so selected, that then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs and Excise respectively, or any Three or more of them, upon the Affidavit of such Importer, or his or their Agent, and upon Application for that Purpose, to order and direct that the said Coffee shall be reexported by Two indifferent and disinterested Merchants or Bankers experienced in the Nature and Value of the Article, who upon viewing the same shall certify and declare upon their respective Oaths before the principal Officers of the Customs (who are hereby authorized to administer the same) their Opinion and Determination as to the Nature and Extent of the Damage sustained, which Opinion and Determination shall be binding and conclusive on all Parties: Provided always, that in every such case the reasonable Expence of the Parties to be employed shall be borne by the Importer of the said Coffee: Provided also, that such damaged Coffee shall not be delivered out of the Warehouse until the same shall have been repacked for Exportation in Casks containing each not less than Four Hundred Pounds or Two Hundredweight, except by the special Permission of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs and Excise in England and Scotland respectively, which they, or any Three of them, are hereby authorized to grant, on Proof to their Satisfaction of the Expediency of permitting the same to be exported in smaller Packages, and on Security to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of the Customs being full given by the Exporter at the Rate of Ten Pence per Hundred Weight that the same shall be duly reexported.

III. And be it further enacted, That in Casks where the damaged Parts of any particular or distinct Parcel of Coffee shall in the Whole be less in Quantity than Four hundred Pounds wt, it shall and may be lawful for the proper Officer of the Customs and Excise, at the Request of the Importer or Proprietors, upon due Notice being given to the proper Officers of Customs and Excise, to mix the same with any other damaged Coffee belonging to him or them which may likewise be set apart for the Purpose of Exportation in Casks containing not less than Four hundred Pounds or half a Tonne; and in like manner it shall be lawful for the said Officer or Officers, at the joint Request of any Two or more Importers or Proprietors, to mix any Parcels of such Coffee to them respectively belonging, for the Purpose of making the Packages of the Weight required by this Act previous to Exportation, such Request being made in Writing by the said respective Importer or Proprietors to the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs and Excise respectively as aforesaid.

IV. And whereas it is apprehended, that as far as practicable the Identity of the Packages in which the Coffee so exported shall be preserved, be it otherwise enacted, That upon the Separation of any Coffee separated either in Casks or Bags, the undamaged Parts shall in the said Place be put into the Packages in which the same were imported, beginning with the lowest Number and following in regular numerical Order; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Importer or Exporter, or Proprietor or Proprietors, to enter and pay the Duties here and in respect of such undamaged Coffee for Home Consumption, and to remove the same from and out of the Warehouse notwithstanding the Quantity of such undamaged Coffee may be less in

Quantity

Importers may enter separate Parcels of Coffee, separate damaged Coffee from sound.

Bags or Casks where Coffee is packed.

Notice given by Officer of time wanted for Separation of Sound from damaged Coffee.

The Complaint of Importers, Commissioners of the Customs may enter Coffee separate to be reexported.

Provincial Coffee and C. & W. are all imported for Consumption in C. & W. in this case.

Damaged Coffee mixed with the wt of damaged Coffee to make up Quantity of goods.

How Coffee is packed.

Quantity than One hundred Pounds Weight; any thing contained in any former Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That where such Separation of the undamaged from the Damaged Coffee shall have been made as aforesaid, a correct Account shall be taken by the proper Officer or Officers of the undamaged Coffee remaining in the original Packages, and of the Quantities of damaged Coffee packed into Casks as aforesaid; and such Application in Writing to the said Officer or Officers, a Copy of such Account shall be delivered forthwith by him or them to the Importer or Proprietor thereof with the Mark, Number and Weight of such Package, distinguishing such Parts as are undamaged from those which have been set apart for Disposition.

VI. And whereas by an Act made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, among other Things, for repealing certain Duties therein mentioned payable upon Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, Chocolate and Cocoa Pills imported, and for granting certain inland Duties in lieu thereof, and for better allowing the Duties payable upon Coffee, Tea and Cocoa Nuts imported, it was, among other things, enacted, that no Coffee exceeding the Quantity of Six Pounds Weight should be removed, or carried from any Part of this Kingdom by Land or by Water without a Permit or Certificate as therein mentioned, upon Pain of forfeiting the Coffee which should be found carrying from one Place to another without such Permit or Certificate, together with the Casks, Bags, Jars, Tubes, Boxes, Casks and other Vessels or Packages whosoever containing the same: And whereas it is expedient to exempt from the said Provisions all such Coffee not exceeding the Weight of Eight Pounds, and the Casks, Bags, Jars, Tubes, Boxes, Casks and other Vessels or Packages whatsoever containing the same: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Coffee of the Quantity of Eight Pounds Weight or under, nor any Casks, Bags, Jars, Tubes, Boxes, Casks or other Vessels or Packages whatsoever containing the same, shall be subject or liable to Forfeiture for being found carrying or carried from one Place to another without such Permit or Certificate: any thing in the said Act or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the several Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Powers, Clauses, Matters and Things enacted by the Laws of Customs and Excise in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, in relation to Coffee imported and warehoused, not being expressly repealed, revoked, altered or controlled by this present Act, or repugnant to the Provisions herein contained, shall remain and continue in as full Force and Effect as if this Act had not been made.

VIII. And whereas it is expedient that the Importers and Proprietors of Coffee now lodged in the several Docks and Warehouses of this Kingdom, or which may be imported previously to the passing of this Act, should be permitted to send themselves of the several Clauses, Provisions and Regulations hereinafter contained and provided: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Importers or Proprietors of any Coffee, which shall at the time of passing this Act be in any Warehouse in which Coffee may by the Laws now in Force be lodged or stored before the passing of the Duties, or which shall be imported previous to the Commencement of this Act, to signify by Writing or otherwise, or by or their Agent or Agents in Writing to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs and Excise, the Wish or Desire of such Importers or Proprietors to take in respect of any such Coffee, the Benefit of the several Clauses, Provisions and Regulations hereinafter contained and provided, as so Coffee to be imported after the Commencement of this Act, and all such Importers or Proprietors of any such Coffee, or his, her or their Agent or Agents, shall in every such case be entitled to have the damaged Part of any such Coffee separated from the undamaged Part thereof, in the same manner and subject to the same Regulations and Provisions in all respects as so hereinafter contained or provided with respect to Coffee to be imported after the Commencement of this Act.

IX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force from the passing thereof until the End of Two Years and so long.

C A P. CL.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for granting Stamp Duties in Great Britain, as far as regards the Duties granted on Medicines and on Licences for vending the same.

[28th July 1812.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to amend the several Duties under the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon Stamp Papers, Parchment and Paper in Great Britain, and to grant new and additional Duties on the same*, certain of the said Stamp Duties were impetated down Medicines and Medicinal Preparations (specified and defined in the Schedule of Drugs, Herbs, Pills, Waters, Elixires, Tinctures, Powders, Preparations and Compositions therein contained): And whereas it is expedient that the said Schedule should be repealed and an amended Schedule enacted in lieu thereof, and that the said Act should be amended: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and best enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the schedule of Drugs, Herbs, Pills, Waters, Elixires, Tinctures, Powders, Preparations and Compositions annexed to the said recited Act, and so much of the same Act as relates to the said Schedule, or to the extending of the Provisions thereof to the said Schedule, shall be and the same are hereby repealed: and that instead and in lieu thereof the Schedule annexed to this Act shall be read with the said recited Act and be deemed and taken as Part thereof, and shall, in the Execution of the said recited Act, be applied

Account taken.

to C. 10. s. 28.

s. 24.

Coffee of the Quantity of 8 lbs. covered without Permit not included.

Regulations respecting Coffee not thereby altered in anywise.

Regulations of Act to extend to Coffee now lodged before passing of Act.

Commencement of Act.

to C. 10. s. 28.

s. 2.

Schedule to be repealed and to be read thereof Schedule hereby amended with.

applied and confined to such and the same manner as if the said Schedule to this Act had been annexed to the said several Acts and especially enacted therein; and that the Duties by the said several Acts imposed on the Drugs, Herbs, Pills, Waters, Elixires, Tinctures, Powders, Preparations and Compositions mentioned in the Schedule thereto annexed, shall be deemed and taken to extend to and attach upon the several Drugs, Herbs, Oils, Waters, Elixires, Tinctures, Pills, Powders, Preparations and Compositions mentioned and set forth in the Schedule annexed to this Act by the respective Names or Descriptions therein specified, or by whatsoever other Name or Names, Description or Descriptions, the Name or any of them have heretofore been, now are, or hereafter shall be called, known or distinguished, as fully and effectually as if the Schedule heretofore annexed had been annexed to the said recited Act; and that all the Powers, Privileges, Grants, Regulations and Dispositions, Fines, Penalties, Forfeits and Punishments contained in and imposed by the said several Acts and in and by the Act of the Forty second Year of His Majesty's Reign, hereinafter recited, in any way relating to the Articles, Matters and Things mentioned in the Schedule thereto respectively annexed, shall be of full Force and Effect, and shall be observed, applied, enforced and put in Execution with regard to the several Articles, Matters and Things mentioned in the Schedule annexed to this Act, in fact and in the same manner and as fully and effectually as if the Schedule annexed to this Act had been annexed to the said several Acts.

Proviso relating
to the Power
granted by
Commissioners
of Customs.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, whether located or not, shall utter, vend or expose to Sale, or offer or keep ready for Sale, whether for Foreign or Home Consumption, or buy, or receive, or keep for the Purpose of selling by Retail, either on his, her or their own Account, or as the Account or Retail of any other Person or Persons, any Packet, Box, Bottle, Pot, Flask or other Inclosure containing any of the Drugs, Herbs, Oils, Waters, Elixires, Tinctures, Pills, Powders, Preparations or Compositions mentioned and set forth in the Schedule annexed to this Act, without a Paper Cover, Wrapper or Label, provided and supplied by the Commissioners of Stamps, pursuant to the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, or to the Act of the Forty second Year of His Majesty's Reign hereinafter recited, and duly stamped, for denoting the Duty charged on such Packet, Box, Bottle, Pot, Flask or other Inclosure, being properly and sufficiently packed, packed, labelled or affixed thereto, in and in such manner as that such Packet, Box, Bottle, Pot, Flask or other Inclosure cannot be opened and the Contents poured out or taken thence without unsealing such Stamped Cover, Wrapper or Label, in so to prevent as being made use of again, then and in such case the Person or Persons so offending shall, for every such Offence, suffer the sum of Two Pounds, to be recovered and applied to such and the same manner as the necessary Penalties imposed by the said Acts of the Forty second and Forty fourth Years of His Majesty's Reign, or either of them, in relation to the Duties on Medicines, are or ought to be recovered and applied.

Proviso.

21. C. 3. 4. 5.

III. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty second Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend an Act passed in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for granting Stamp Duties on certain Medicines, and for changing other Duties in law thereof, and for making effectual Provisions for the better Collection of the said Duties*, it was enacted, that every Brewer, Proprietor, Maker and Compounder of, and every Person in Great Britain, sending, vending or exposing to Sale or keeping ready for Sale any of the Drugs, Herbs, Pills, Waters, Elixires, Tinctures, Powders or other Preparations or Compositions whatsoever, used or applied or to be used or applied externally or internally as Medicines or Medicaments for the Prevention, Cure or Relief of any Disorder or Complaint incident to or in or to any part affecting the human Body, or any Packets, Boxes, Bottles, Pots, Flasks or other Inclosures with any such Contents as aforesaid, subject to the Duties theretofore granted, should annually take out a License, which Provision is occasioned and evoked by the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, with regard to the Drugs, Herbs, Pills, Waters, Elixires, Tinctures, Powders, Preparations and Compositions, upon which certain Stamp Duties are thereby imposed as aforesaid; and by the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, certain Stamp Duties are imposed on the Licenses required to be taken out by such Persons as aforesaid, except that by Article the Ninth of the Statute in relation to Licenses to be taken out by Persons resident within the City of Edinburgh is not referred to the Statute intitled "Scotland," as it should have been, whereas Deputies have since whether such Licenses available to any Duty? As it is therefore further enacted, That every such Person as aforesaid resident within the City of Edinburgh, shall be liable to take out a License annually, and every such License shall be charged with a Stamp Duty of Two Pounds, as fully and effectually as if the Sum of Two Pounds had been referred to the Statute intitled "Scotland," in the Schedule marked (A.) annexed to the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, as the Duty payable on Licenses to be taken out by such Persons as aforesaid resident within the City of Edinburgh.

24. B. 3. 4. 5.

Art. A.

Proviso relating
to the Duty
annexed to
Licenses
annually.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall not be necessary for any Vintner, Confectioner, Baking Cook, Provisions or other Shopkeeper in Great Britain, who shall sell any of the several or other Waters mentioned in the Schedule heretofore annexed, to be drunk in his or her House or Shop, and which shall be actually drunk therein, to take out a License for that Purpose under the Provisions of the said Acts of the Forty second and Forty fourth Years of His Majesty's Reign, provided such Waters shall be sold by him or her in Bottles with Paper Covers, Wrappers or Labels duly stamped, properly and sufficiently packed, packed, labelled or affixed to the same in the manner heretofore accustomed; any thing to the said Acts contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Witness, that
we the said King
have caused our
Letters to be
signed in this
Behalf at the
City of London
the 22^d of April
1812.

The SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

Adam's Solvent.
Adams's Reconstituting European Balm.
Adams's Anodyne Spirit.

Agar and Peary Drops (by White).
Alan's Nipple Linctus.
Ambroya Linctus.

Ambroya

- Anodyne Mouth Powder.
 ———— Tooth Powder.
 American Alterative Pills.
 ———— Salve.
 ———— Scalding Syrup.
 ———— Tincture.
 Anodyne Water.
 Anodyne's Severe Pills.
 Angell's Liqueur of Blood.
 Anodyne Nocturnal.
 Antispasmodic Pills.
 Appleby's Tea.
 Arabian Balsam.
 Arnold's Drops.
 ———— Pills.
 Argemone Water.
 Arsenical Spirit of Veaupe.
 ———— Condensed.
 Arterial Effluvia Pills.
 ———— Tonic Tincture.
 Arterial Chalybeate Pills.
 ———— Linctus.
 Balsam of Mecca.
 ———— of Quina.
 Balsam of Iceland Liverwort.
 Barclay's Anodyne Pills.
 ———— Atlantic Candy.
 ———— Ointment.
 Barlow's Specific Medicines.
 Barrow's Chocou de Rose Lozenges.
 Barrow's Abstractive Pomade.
 ———— Vital Wine.
 Baston's Drops.
 ———— Golden Spirit of Soury Grains.
 ———— Fluid Spirit of Do.
 Bath's Pills.
 Bayley's British Tooth Powder.
 ———— Ointment.
 ———— Pectoral Pills.
 Bayley's Family Plaster.
 Beauvois de Vin.
 Beaker's Tincture.
 Belle's Rheumatic Pills.
 Bennett's Worm Powder.
 Bennett, Effluvia of.
 Berry's Balsam Pills.
 Berne's Breath Oil.
 Bird's Apple Tincture.
 Bird's Mineral Balsam.
 Blair's Cephalic Fluid.
 Blackley's Balsam Pills.
 Blackman's Antiscorbutic Wine.
 Blackman's Worm Candy.
 Blackman's Specific.
 Blackman's Atlantic Tincture.
 Blacklock's Cordial.
 ———— Grand Elixir.
 Black's Cass Salve.
 ———— Tooth Powder.
 Black's Aetherial Effluvia.
 Black's Magnesia Lozenges.
 Blackman's Oil.
 Brande's Composition or Medicine for the Eyeball.
 ———— Scrophula.
 Brand's Salts.
 Brand's Botanic Pills.
 ———— Botanical Syrup.
- Brewster's Nervous Cordial.
 Brewster's British Pills.
 ———— Rheumatic Powder.
 ———— Tincture of Yellow Bark.
 Bryant's Effluvia of Colicium.
 Brindley's Specific for Rheumatic Cost and Rheumatism.
 Bryson's Pills.
 Bynell's Pectoral Lozenges.
 Campbell, Aetherial Effluvia of.
 Carbarn in Water.
 Carleton's Edinburgh Ointment.
 ———— Water.
 Cephalic Scuff.
 Chamberlain's Ointment.
 ———— Pills.
 Chapman's Curate.
 ———— Chiffins Water.
 Ching's Worm Lozenges.
 Chisner's Pills.
 Church's Anodyne Effluvia.
 ———— Antispasmodic Elixir.
 ———— Chiffins Ointment.
 ———— Cough Drops.
 ———— Eye Salve.
 ———— Pectoral Pills.
 ———— Volatile Tincture.
 Clavel's Syrup.
 Clavel's Oil for Distichs.
 ———— Scuff.
 Clyde's Balsam.
 ———— Ointment.
 Coate's Cough Drops.
 Collier's Aetherial Pills.
 ———— Ointment.
 ———— Remedy for Ulcers and Flesk.
 Coople's Specific.
 Cooke's Rheumatic Pills.
 ———— Family Pills.
 Cordial Balm of Gilead.
 Corneil's Fruit Lozenges.
 ———— Opodeldoc.
 ———— Oriental Vegetable Cordial.
 Costello's Curate.
 ———— Collyrium.
 ———— Linctus.
 Cotner's Relieves and Healing Plaster.
 Cox's Tincture.
 Cressel's Casser Oil Medicine.
 Colpepper's Herb Cordial.
 Cressel's Balsam of Honey.
 Carlin's Syrup.
 Dally's Elixir, by wharfeners made.
 Dally's Commission.
 Dalway's Sal Purgans.
 ———— Tincture Salts.
 Dawson's Lozenges.
 Deering's Drops.
 Deleford's Myrtle Opium.
 De Velos' Pills.
 ———— Syrup.
 Deery and Co's Sinking Spirit.
 Dickson's Cephalic Drops.
 ———— Red Drops for Constipation.
 ———— Drops for Fits.
 Dixon's Anodyne Pills.
 Dawson's American Vegetable Syrup.

Dover's

Derazhkov's Opodeldoc.
 Dutch Drops.
 Earl's Remedy for the Hooping Cough.
 Eau de Cologne.
 Eau Medicinale de Hoffman.
 Edge's Chinese Emulsion.
 ----- Universal Cure.
 Edward's Agar Tincture.
 ----- Nipple Ointment.
 Elixir of Longevity, or Swedish Preparation.
 Ellis's Aperient Pills.
 Effence Kayser Pearl.
 Falck's Cortex.
 ----- Universal Pills.
 Falcon's Mixture of Marsh Mallows.
 Faxon's Drops.
 Father's Golden Snuff.
 Fleasney's Wart Disolvent.
 Foggan's Tincture.
 Ford's Balsam of Horchound.
 Fordyce's Cooling Opening Pills.
 Foreign Medicines of all Kinds, except Drops.
 Forberg's Pepporal Pills.
 ----- Balsamic.
 France's Elixir.
 Franke's Tincture of Bark.
 Freeman's Basting Spirit.
 ----- Eye Water.
 ----- Gutta Serotina.
 Fraz's Balsam.
 Friend to Man.
 Futh's Anodyne Elixir.
 Fyfe's Worm Pills.
 Galt's Anodyne Pills.
 Gamble's Aromatic Snuff.
 ----- Sassaia Tea.
 Garzanti's Symplic.
 Gardner's Ointment.
 ----- Pills.
 German Corn Plaster or Salve.
 Gifford's Pills.
 Gilbert's Rofinac Lotion.
 Gillet's Magnesia.
 Godbold's Balsam.
 Godfrey's Cordial.
 ----- Rofa Lozenges.
 Gordon's Pills.
 Gould's Powder and Lotion.
 Gouland's Lotion.
 Grand Specific or Infalible Asthma to Con-
 sumption.
 Grant's Drops.
 ----- Likor Tonic Pills.
 Green's Honey Lozenges.
 ----- Oil, or Infalible Oil.
 ----- Toothache Pills.
 Greenough's Tincture.
 ----- Tolu Lozenges.
 Grey's Lozenges.
 ----- Tooth Powder.
 Griffin's Aftmatic Tincture.
 Grubb's Purgan Drops.
 Gueff's Lotion.
 ----- Pills.
 ----- Powder.
 ----- Tooth Powder.
 ----- Welcome Oint.

Hardon's Drops.
 Harley's Convulsion Powder.
 Hatten's Anise of Quaffin.
 ----- Antispasmodic Pills.
 ----- Quaffin Do.
 Haubroe's Aftmatic Effortin.
 ----- Chamber Drops.
 ----- Corn Salve.
 ----- Pectoral Mineral Water.
 ----- Vegetable Balsamic Tincture.
 Henny's Walls.
 Herrick's Pile Lozenges.
 Harry's Anti-Venereal Pills.
 ----- Grand Balsamic Drops.
 Herfeld's Tincture.
 Hayman's Mercurial Drops.
 Hayward's Stomach Lozenges.
 ----- Anti-Acid Do.
 ----- Sassaia Water.
 Homet's Elixir of Pearl.
 ----- Pearl Detritic.
 Honyag's Fine Red Lozenges.
 Henry's Aftmatic Spirit of Virginia.
 ----- Magnesia.
 Hewitt's Anodyne Pills.
 Hickman's Pills.
 Hill's Balsam of Honey.
 ----- Balsam Drops.
 ----- Canada Balsam.
 ----- Elixir of Water Dock.
 ----- Great Elixess.
 ----- Tincture of Castorey.
 ----- Sage.
 ----- Valerian.
 Hinde's Powder.
 ----- Drops.
 Hodge's Aromatic Nervine Tea.
 ----- Impregn Oil.
 ----- Prælia Refrigerant.
 ----- Syrup.
 Hoheworth's Lozenges.
 Hollinghead's Balsam.
 Hooper's Female Pills.
 Hooping Cough Drops.
 Hope's Hædic Pills.
 Howell's Powder for Epilepsy.
 Hutton's Tablets for the Worms.
 Hungary Balsam for the Stone and Gravel.
 Hunt's Family Pills.
 Hunter's Elixir.
 ----- Pills.
 ----- Refrigerant.
 Jackson's Aftmatic Candy.
 ----- Corn Salve.
 ----- Ointment.
 ----- Tincture.
 Jacobson's Cough Drops.
 James's Anodyne Pills.
 ----- Anodyne Pills.
 ----- Fever Powder.
 ----- Medicine for the Dropsy.
 ----- Tea Powder for the Worms.
 John's, Sr Richard, Elixir.
 ----- Pills.
 Johnson's Salve.
 Johnson's Drops.
 Imperial Anodyne Opodeldoc.

Infalible Elixire.
 Ingh's Scots Pils.
 Johnson's Golden Ointment for the Eyes.
 Johnson's Elixire of Horsehoind.
 Johnson's Tooth Powder.
 Jones's Rheumatic Tincture.
 Irvine's Pink Loxogon.
 Juniper's Elixire of Peary Royal.
 ——— Peppermint.
 Kemp's Gargosse Ointment.
 Kennedy's Cam Salve or Plaster.
 Keyler's Pils.
 Knight's Pils.
 Lambert's Balsam.
 Lassar's Black Drop.
 Leake's Ointm.
 ——— Childen Water.
 ——— Pils.
 ——— Purging Drops.
 Leach's Lotzon.
 Le Coeur's Imperial Oil.
 Lee's Loxogon.
 Lewis's Salve.
 ——— Specific Pils.
 ——— Tincture of Angelica Bark.
 Lighed Shell for the Stone and Gravel.
 Lobb's Stomach Tincture.
 Lockyer's Pils.
 Lord's Cam Salve or Plaster.
 Lowne's Consumption Pils.
 Lowne's Eye Water.
 Lowther's Drops.
 ——— Nervous Powder.
 Lorraine's Anilred.
 ——— Bezoars.
 ——— Camomile.
 ——— Cassia.
 ——— Horchard.
 ——— Licamenadit.
 ——— Peruvia.
 ——— Peppermint.
 ——— Peppry.
 ——— Ruls.
 ——— Rulsed Liqueur.
 ——— Specific.
 ——— Spermach.
 ——— Tels.
 Lucate Pan, Drops of Lof.
 Lucate's British Pils.
 Lygman's Antiscorbic Drops.
 ——— Lotzon.
 ——— Pils.
 Lyph's Elixiration.
 Madden's Vegetable Elixire.
 Maggels Tablets.
 Mance's Cough Medicine.
 Mepson's Scurvie Salve.
 Marshall's Conne.
 ——— Wart Dissolvent.
 ——— Hualoil.
 Melen's Ointment.
 Matthew's or Matthew's's Alveolar Medicine.
 ——— Chemical Tincture.
 ——— Remedy for curing Filula and Pils
 without Cutting or Pain.
 ——— Saccharin Elixire.
 Mayrbach's Balsam Pils.

Mayrbach's Mixture.
 ——— Elixire of Prunes.
 Medley's Aromatic Herb Seed.
 Metallic Tincture.
 Military Drops.
 Millman's Irish Ointment.
 Molinoux's Ointment.
 Minley's Rheumatic Powder.
 Nader's Cam Ointment.
 Newton's Elixire of Tooth Powder.
 Norman's Syrup.
 Norris's Chalybeate Pils.
 ——— Drops.
 ——— Tonic Elixire.
 Norton's Marcellin's Drops.
 Okensteln's Elixir for Tooth Ache.
 Olsson's Remedy for Consumption.
 Olsson's Ointment for the Pils.
 Ouse's Medicine.
 Ousebeck's Medicine for the Bite of a Mad Dog.
 Ouley's Elixire of Jamaica Ginger.
 ——— Stomach Tincture.
 Palmer's Laxative Pils.
 Pansguy's Lotzon.
 Para Ointment.
 Patrick's Toothache Remedy.
 Peffer's Elixire of Colicoid.
 Perkins' Metallic Tincture.
 Perrot's Balsam of Lycopodium.
 ——— Antiscorbie or Cough Pils.
 ——— Pils Ointment.
 ——— Powder for the Hooping Cough.
 Perry's Elixire.
 Puer's Pils.
 ——— Tincture.
 Piddings' Balsam of Lycopodium.
 Pike's Ointment.
 Pissade Divine.
 ——— Royal.
 Potter's Pils.
 Powell's Camphor Lintment.
 ——— Eye Salve.
 Price's Bead Salve.
 Prichett's Symplic.
 Price's Ruffia Oil.
 Puler's Antiscorbic Pils.
 ——— Purging Pils.
 Purcell's Expectoration Pils.
 Pymont's Tablets.
 Radcliffe's Purging Elixir.
 ——— Rheumatic Tincture.
 Radcliff's Elixire of Ginger.
 Ralston's Bath Oil.
 Ralle's Nipple Ointment.
 Richardson's Beath Cam Salve or Plaster.
 Rips Balsam.
 Robberd's Cough Drops.
 Robert's Warm Sugar Plana.
 Robertson's Vegetable Julep.
 Roche's Embrocation.
 Row's English Coffee for Nervous Disorders.
 Ruger's Antiscorbie Elixir.
 ——— Antiscorbic Pils.
 Rusk's Balsam.
 Ruls Tablets.
 Raigner's Symplic.
 ——— Tincture.

Rulph's

Rafin's Tincture for the Tooth Ache.

- Tooth Powder.
Ryan's Essence of Colubac.
Rymer's Cardiac and Nervous Tincture.
 ———— Detergent Pills.
 ———— Essence of Gentian.
 ———— Peppermint Medicine.
 ———— Tonic Pills.
Salmon's Citric Vine.
Savage's Oil.
Saville's Ointment.
Schubert's Liquid Dietetics.
Schubert's Vegetable Acid Aë.
Scott's Gout Pills.
Seaton's Aromatic Steel Lozenges, or Lozenges of Steel.
Seaton's Warm Tea.
 ———— Agar Cubes.
Shoep's Hyaline Pills.
Shoep's Drops for Cancers.
Shaw's Sovereign Rich Gustam.
Shin's Specific Drops.
 ———— Pills.
 ———— Preventive Lotion.
Sibbey's Lunar Tincture.
 ———— Solar Do.
Sinclair's Infalible Ethereal Tincture.
Singleton's Golden Ointment.
Slime's, Sr Moss, Pills.
Smart's Tincture of Calcutta Bark.
Smolken's Eye Salve.
Smith's Antiphlogistic Pills.
 ———— Astringent Balsam.
 ———— Cooling Opening Pills.
 ———— Drops.
 ———— Purifying Pills.
 ———— Refrigerative Medicated Wine.
Smith's Drops.
 ———— Refrigerative.
Solander's Sarsaparil Tea.
Soley's Essence of Squills.
Solomon's Abdergom.
 ———— Anti Impetiginous.
 ———— Bals of Gilead.
Spald's Balsam of Oil.
Spiegel's Sarsaparil Pills.
Specific Cassation Drops.
 ———— for the Yellow Fever.
 ———— Remedy (by Weidels).
 ———— Tincture.
Spencer's Dietetics.
Spilbury's Antiphlogistic Drops.
 ———— Compound Essence.
Spunk's Aromatic Balsam Cordial.
Spure's Elixir.
Spurrell's Drops.
 ———— Tonic Pills.
 ———— Powder.
Stewart's Cambrick Drops.
 ———— Compound Elix. of Wine.
 ———— Cassation Oil.
 ———— Nour Drops.
 ———— Oxydides.
 ———— Purgative Lozenges.
 ———— Purgative Elixir.
 ———— Solution of Myrrh.
Stewart's Balsamic Elixir.

Stewart's Sarsaparil Tablets.

- Tincture of Gout Drops.
Stewart's Warm Cakes.
Stoughton's Bitters.
 ———— Elixir.
Sturges's Essence of Myrrh.
 ———— Myrrh Decantion.
 ———— Purgative Lozenges.
Swedish Preparations, or Effluvia of Longevity.
Swediaur's Anti-Acid.
 ———— Electuary.
 ———— Ointment.
 ———— Warm Sugar Cakes.
Swiss Balm.
Sylvia's Corn Plaster.
Talbot's Agar Drops.
 ———— Nerve Drops.
Taylor's Antiphlogistic Pills.
 ———— Remedy for Deafness.
 ———— Refrigerative Balsam for the Eyes.
Thomas's Tonic Elixir.
Thompson's Agar Tincture.
 ———— Paris Medical Water.
Tickell's Astringent.
Tincture for the Teeth and Gums.
Tooley's Cordial.
Tooth Ache Fluid.
Tooth Powder, Astring.
 ———— Purgative.
 ———— Royal.
Touty's Aëreus Tooth Powder.
Townbridge's Golden Pills.
Tucker's Vine or Citric Water.
Turkington's Balsam.
Vander's Nervous Pills.
Van Swieten's Great Cordial.
Vegetable Embrocation.
Vital Balm.
Waite's Warm Nuts.
Walker's Purgative Powder.
Walker's John's Drops.
 ———— Specific Remedy.
 ———— Sarsaparil Wine.
Walker's Tooth Powder.
Wall's Chastity.
Wall's Antiphlogistic.
 ———— Colicous Lozenges.
 ———— Ginger Seeds.
 ———— Pills.
Ward's Druggery Pills.
 ———— Elixir for the Head Ache.
 ———— Liquid Sacks.
 ———— Pills.
 ———— Powder.
 ———— Red Pills.
 ———— Sack Drops.
 ———— Sweating Powder.
 ———— White Drops.
Warr's Astringent Drops.
Warr's Assumptive Powder.
 ———— South Tooth Powder.
Warr's, substituted—All artificial Mineral Waters, and all Waters impregnated with Soda or Mineral Acids, or with Carbonic Acid Gas, and all Compositions in a liquid or solid State, to be used for the Purpose of compensating or making up of the lost Waters.

Walden's

Wolfe's Diet Diet.

Wolfe's Female Pills

Woolley's Ointment.

————— Fluid.

Witchell's Cream.

————— Effluvia of Muffet.

————— of Harlewood.

————— Pills.

Whitell's Black Drops.

Williams' Aperient Pills.

————— Effluvia of Essencia or Palmatic Drops.

Williams' Spa Chalyb. or Robustness Drops

Willis's Asthmatic Pills.

Willis's Balms.

————— Opening Pills.

————— Powders.

Wind's Cough Drops.

Wisher's Effluvia of Cassowai.

Wray's Ague Pills

York Medical Preventive Lotion

Zinzerman's Stimulating Lard

And also all other Pills, Powders, Lascopes, Tinctures, Potions, Cordia's, Electuaria, History, Ur-
gents, Salves, Ointments, Drops, Lotions, Gels, Sprays, Medicated Herbs, and Waters, should
and official Preparations whatsoever, to be used or applied externally or internally as Medicines or
Medicaments for the Prevention, Cure or Relief of any Disorder or Complaint incident to or in any
wife affecting the human Body, made, prepared, uttered, vended or exposed to Sale by any Person
or Persons whatsoever, whereas the Person making, preparing, uttering, vending or exposing to
Sale the same, hath or claims to have any occult Secret or Art for the making or preparing the
same, or hath or claims to have any exclusive Right or Title to the making or preparing the same,
or which hath at any time heretofore been, now are or shall hereafter be prepared, uttered, vended
or exposed to Sale under the Authority of any Letters Patent under the Great Seal, or which hath
at any time heretofore been, now are or shall hereafter be by any Public Notice or Advertisement,
or by any written or printed Papers or Hand Bills, or by any Label or Words written or printed,
affixed to, or delivered with any Packet, Box, Bottle, Pinal or other Inclosure containing the same,
held out or recommended to the Public by the Makers, Vendors or Proprietors thereof as Medicines
or Proprietary Medicines, or as Specifics, or as beneficial to the Prevention, Cure or Relief of any
Distemper, Malady, Ailment, Disorder or Complaint incident to or in any wife affecting the human
Body.

SPECIAL EXEMPTIONS.

All Drugs named or contained in the Book of Rates published with the Name of Sir Harcourt Galeshous
Baronet, and mentioned and referred to by the Act of Tonnage and Passage made in the Twelfth Year of
the Reign of King Charles the Second, and in another Book of Rates intituled "An Additional Book of
Rates of Goods and Merchandises usually imported and not particularly rated in the Book of Rates re-
ferred to in the Act of Tonnage and Passage made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles
the Second, with Rules, Orders and Regulations signed by the Right Honourable Spencer Compton,
Speaker of the Honourable House of Commons, and mentioned and referred to by an Act made in the
Eleventh Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the First."

All Medicinal Drugs whatsoever which shall be uttered or vended entire without any Mixture or Composition
with any other Drug or Ingredient whatsoever by any Surgeon, Apothecary, Chundri or Druggist who hath
learned a regular Apprentiship, or by any Person who hath served as a Surgeon in the Navy or Army under
any Commission or Appointment duly entered at the War Office or Navy Office, or by any other Person
whosoever licensed in Illany of the Medicines chargeable with a Stamp Duty.

And also all Mixtures, Compositions or Preparations whatsoever mixed or compounded with or prepared from
Medicinal Drugs, Medicated or Chemical Preparations or Compositions, or other Ingredients bearing different
Demonstrations, or having different Properties, Qualities, Virtues or Efficacies, which shall be uttered
or vended by any such Surgeon, Apothecary, Chundri or Druggist as aforesaid, or by any such Person who
hath served as a Surgeon in the Navy or Army under any such Commission or Appointment as aforesaid, the
different Demonstration, Properties, Qualities, Virtues and Efficacies of which Mixtures, Compositions
and Preparations as aforesaid are known, situated and approved of in the Preservation, Cure or Relief of any
Distemper, Malady, Ailment or Complaint incident to or in any wife affecting the Human Body, and wherein
the Person making, compounding, preparing, uttering or vending the same, hath not nor claims to have any
occult Secret or Art for the mixing, compounding or preparing the same, nor hath nor claims to have any
exclusive Right or Title to the mixing, compounding or preparing, or to the vending of the same, and
which Mixtures, Compositions or Preparations have not been, now are, nor shall hereafter be prepared,
uttered, vended or exposed to Sale under the Authority of any Letters Patent under the Great Seal, nor at
any time heretofore has been, now are or shall hereafter be by any Public Notice, Advertisement, or by
any written or Printed Papers or Hand Bills, or by any Label or Words written or printed and affixed to
or delivered with any such Packet, Box, Bottle, Pot, Pinal, or other Inclosure aforesaid, held out or recom-
mended to the Public by the Owners, Proprietors, Makers, Compositors, Original or First Venders thereof
as Medicines or Proprietary Medicines, or as Specifics, or as beneficial to the Prevention, Cure or Relief of
any such Distemper, Malady, Ailment or Complaint as aforesaid.

C A P. CII.

An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act of the last Session of Parliament, relating to the Half Pay and Allowance of Officers retiring from Service; and to authorize the allowing to Foreign Officers who sold, the like Provisions and Allowances as are given to British Officers under the Circumstances. [24th July 1812.]

WHEREAS an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, entitled *An Act to authorize the allowing to Officers retiring from Half Pay or other Allowance, under certain Restrictions*; And whereas it is expedient that the Provisions of the said Act should be further extended; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this behalf lawfully assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to allow any Officer who shall have been appointed or shall be appointed, to any Post, Office, or Station, in His Majesty's Service, or for the Postoffice of Revenue, Districts, the Half Pay of Officers who shall have held in the Period of being so appointed; and every such Officer who shall have been appointed to any such Post, Office, or Station, for the Purpose of being appointed to act as such Post Office, Station, or Office, shall be entitled to and shall receive, all Amounts of Half Pay which may have become due to and are lawfully due to him; in and as follows, to wit:

I. That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to allow any Quarter Master, serving in His Majesty's Service, for the Course of Forty, in the Expedition of Thirty Years actual Military Service, Twelve Years of which he shall have been as a Quarter Master, and who shall be entitled to be with the British Troop, and to have, on such respective Periods as aforesaid (such Conditions to be made and given by such Quarter Master, or others, and in such Terms and Manner as shall be agreed by the Secretary at War in that behalf named) under the Provisions of this Act, and to receive the Half Pay of the Commission which he shall have held at the time of his being allowed to retire as aforesaid.

II. And whereas an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the said Majesty, relating to Foreign Service to be paid to Soldiers in His Majesty's Service, and to extend the said Act to certain other Persons*; and in and to the said Act is granted unto His Majesty's Subjects of Foreign Birth and Residence in Foreign States to sell as Soldiers in His Majesty's Service, and for enabling His Majesty to grant Commissions to Subjects of Foreign States to serve as Officers, or as Ensigns, under certain Restrictions; and to indemnify all Persons who may be appointed His Majesty's Council any such Soldiers, or grant any such Commissions as aforesaid; And whereas an Act passed in the Forty-fourth Year of the said Majesty, entitled *An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the said Majesty, relating to Foreign Service to be paid to Soldiers in His Majesty's Service, and to indemnify all Persons who may be appointed His Majesty's Council any such Soldiers in this Kingdom*; And whereas it is just and expedient that Provision should be made for authorizing the granting to Officers having or who have held Commissions of the Provisions of the said Acts, such Privileges and Allowances as are granted to Officers who sold to His Majesty's Service under the like Circumstances; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to allow by any Treaty, Office in His Majesty's Service, in any other any of the Provisions of the said recited Acts, and who shall have been or shall be wounded in His Majesty's Service, such and the like Privileges and Allowances as are or may be allowed and granted to any Officer in His Majesty's Service under similar Circumstances, by any Law or Regulation now in Force, which may be found in the said recited Acts, or any other Act, or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. CIII.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the Forty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for better regulating the Office of Agent General for Victualling and Local Militia*, and for the more effectively regulating the said Office. [24th July 1812.]

WHEREAS the Regulations by Law established in the different Offices for the Army and Navy and for Public Mosaic required for Army and Navy Services, have been found beneficial; And whereas an Act, entitled *An Act for better regulating the Office of Agent General for Victualling and Local Militia* requires and amends, and it is expedient that many of the Provisions contained in the said Act relating to the same, should be amended, and that it is the Purpose of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, that it be amended by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in the present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, as Acts passed in the Forty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for better regulating the Office of Agent General for Victualling and Local Militia*, shall be and the same be hereby amended.

II. And it is further enacted, That the said Agent General for Victualling and Local Militia shall be and is hereby authorized and empowered to apply for Money for the different Services to which he may here be or shall be authorized to act as Agent General, in the same manner as the Money required for such Services

Foreign Officers
wounded should
like Privileges.
As in 42 granted
to any Officer
of His Majesty's
Service.

44 G. 3 c. 74
45 G. 4 c. 15

49 G. 4 c. 11
enacted.
Agent General
to apply for
Money for dif-
ferent Services.

views have heretofore been applied for, through the Secretary at War and the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Land Forces.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary at War for the time being shall approve of and authorize the Issues of such Bills for the said Services to be paid down proper, by Warrants addressed to the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Land Forces; in which Warrants the Secretary at War shall specify for what particular Service or Services the said Money is wanted; and the said Paymaster General shall, in all Memorials to be by him presented to the Treasury for Money for such Services, pray that such Bills as are required may be issued to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England on his Account, (specifying in every such Memorial the Sum required, and for what particular Service or Services; and the Consideration of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them) by their Letter from time to time shall direct the Assistant of the Exchequer in like manner to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, on account of the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces, among such Paymaster General for the time being, the Sum specified in such Letter upon the aforesaid Order of the Exchequer in favour of the said Paymaster General; for which the Receipt of the Cashier or Cashiers of the said Governor and Company shall be a sufficient Discharge; and all Bills for which such Letters of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall be issued from the Exchequer to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and not to the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces, and shall be placed to the Account of the said Governor and Company, intimated the Amount of the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Land Forces, entering the Name of such Paymaster General for the time being; and the said Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces for the time being shall be and he is hereby required to write off or transfer all such Bills as shall be so placed to his Account as aforesaid to the Account in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, intimated the Amount of the Agent General for Volunteers, Local Militia, and Militia and Detachments, which Account the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England are hereby required to open, in which Transfer and Account shall be intimated the Name of such Agent General for the time being; for which Bills as aforesaid or transferred the Receipt of the Cashier or Cashiers of the said Governor and Company shall be a sufficient Discharge in the Accounts of the said Paymaster General of His Majesty's Land Forces.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no Fees whatsoever shall be paid at the Exchequer or Treasury by means of the Transfers aforesaid, beyond the Amount of what has been actually paid upon Exports and Accounts heretofore made, according to the Form or Custom of settling Balances between the Exchequer Pay Office and Bank Treasury.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia for the time being, by himself or his Deputy, or the Purser or Purser in his Office, duly authorized by the said Agent General, to accept all Bills of Exchange (which shall be drawn upon him by any Officers of Volunteers or Local Militia or other Persons duly authorized by the Secretary at War, payable at the Bank of England) and every such Bill shall specify the particular Head of Service to which the Sum therein mentioned is to be applied; and no Bill so accepted shall be deemed a sufficient Voucher to the said Governor and Company, unless the Service for which it is drawn shall be specified thereon, and unless it shall be actually paid by the said Governor and Company; and the Master is to be obliged to the said Governor and Company on account of the said Agent General that no Bill shall be paid out of the Bank unless for the Public Services for which his said Account is opened, and in pursuance of Bills of Exchange drawn upon the said Agent General and accepted as aforesaid, on which shall be specified the Heads of Service to which the Sum therein mentioned is to be applied; and which Bills so drawn and accepted shall be sufficient Authority to the Bank of England to pay such Money to the Purser or Purser mentioned in such Bills, or to their Order or Orders, according to the usual Course in respect of Bills of Exchange.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War from time to time to authorize and empower the said Agent General to draw on the Bank of England for such Sums as the Secretary at War shall deem proper for the Payment of the Salaries and Allowances to the Persons employed in his Office, and for such Sums as shall be necessary for Payments on his Petty Accounts; and the said Agent General shall not draw any Draft or Check upon the Bank of England, unless he shall have been so authorized; unless they shall also receive a Letter from the Secretary at War, directing that the same may be paid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That Accounts shall be kept by the Bank of England of all Monies offered or directed to be paid through the said Agent General for the time being for Public Services; and the said Agent General, observing the Rules and Regulations hereby prescribed, shall not be answerable for any Money which he shall not actually receive, or which shall not be actually drawn for by him or paid upon the Bills accepted by him, or his Deputy or other Purser or Purser authorized by him as aforesaid; and the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall be answerable for all the Monies which shall be actually received by them for such Public Services.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money received by the said Agent General for Public Services, shall be immediately paid by him into the Bank of England, and placed to his Account there in manner aforesaid; and such Money shall be issued, paid and applied in such and such manner, and in the due time Regularly and Reasonably as the Money to be issued for such Services is herein directed to be issued, paid and applied under the Direction of the Secretary at War.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary at War may have frequent Knowledge of the Balance of Cash in the Hands of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, on Account of the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, and thereby be enabled to take of the Necessity and Expediency of further Issues, and

Secretary at War to send to the Office of Sums for Services, which Money paid into Bank.

Used Pass.

Discharge, accepted payable at the Bank.

Bank of England to be paid into Bank Treasury.

Secretary at War may employ the Agent General to draw on Bank of England for Payment of Salaries.

Agent General to keep Accounts in Bank.

Money received for Public Services paid into Bank.

Secretary at War may have frequent Knowledge of the Balance of Cash in the Hands of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, on Account of the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, and thereby be enabled to take of the Necessity and Expediency of further Issues, and

Account by
Agent General,
&c.

present the necessary Accruals of Public Money in the Hands of the said General and Company, be k
enacted, That once in every Month, or oftner if required, each Agent General or his Deputy, shall draw to the
Secretary at War the Sum Total of the Balance of Public Money on Account of the Agent General, in the
Hands of the Governor and Company, together with an Account of all outstanding Drafts or Bills with which
such Balance is chargeable, and to which it is to be applied.

The Death or
Removal of
Agent General,
Balance shall
not be transfer'd.

X. And be it further enacted, That upon the Death, Resignation or Removal of any Agent General for
Volunteers and Local Militia, the Balance of Cash which shall at that time remain at the Credit of his Account
or Accounts as Agent General, with the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, shall, as soon as a
Successor shall be appointed, actually set in Cash Successor in Trust for the Public Service for which the
Same were paid, and shall forthwith be transferred, credited over and placed to the Account of such Successor,
to be applied to the said Service in the manner hereinafter directed; and the succeeding Agent General
shall and he is hereby directed and required to submit Statements to the Secretary at War, and to accept Bills
as aforesaid, for all arrear'd Charges and Demands on account of Public Services, although the same shall
have accrued to the time of any preceding Agent General; and all outstanding Bills which may have been ac-
cepted by such preceding Agent General or his Deputy, or the Perfor or Persons duly authorized as aforesaid
shall be paid from the said Accounts by the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, notwith-
standing the Death, Resignation or Removal of such Agent General: Provided always, that such succeeding
Agent General shall not be held accountable for any Sum or Sums of Money which may be raised upon such
outstanding Bills, notwithstanding the Payment of the same may take place after the Date of his Appointment,
but the Agent General so dying or going out of Office, his Heirs and Executors, shall be charged with the total
Amount of all such outstanding Bills so accepted by him or his Deputy, or the Perfor or Persons duly autho-
rized as aforesaid, and which may have been or shall be paid by any succeeding Agent General; and all Bills,
Drafts or Orders, so paid by the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England for such Acceptances
as aforesaid, shall be delivered by such Agent General so going out of Office, or by the Heirs, Executors or
Administrators of any Agent General so dying, as he or they can proper Vouchers, and shall be delivered by him
or them to the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts.

Succeeding
Agent General
to accept Bills
for Charges, and
for outstanding
Bills.

Not to charge
such Bills on
succeeding Pre-
decessor.

Vouchers de-
livered to
Auditors.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in the Event of the Death, Resignation or Removal of any Agent
General within the Year, the Accounts shall be so made up as to include and distinguish the actual Payments
made on the Bills accepted by such Agent General, or by his Deputy or Deputies, or the Perfor or Persons
duly authorized by them or either of them respectively within the Year, and to specify and distinguish the
respective Balances (if any) remaining on the Death, Resignation or Removal of any Agent General, on his
several Accounts as aforesaid, and transferred over to the succeeding Agent General, so as to enable the Com-
missioners for auditing the Public Accounts to distinguish each Account, and to examine and declare the
Accounts of any Agent General so dying or going out of Office, as a separate and distinct Account; and the
Transfer of such Balances to any succeeding Agent General shall be a sufficient Discharge to the Heirs,
Executors or Administrators of any Agent General so dying or going out of Office, for the Amount of such
Balances, and a Quittance and full Acquittance shall be given to the Heirs, Executors or Administrators of any
Agent General so dying, or to the Agent General, or his Heirs, Executors or Administrators so going out
of Office, for his Account or Accounts as aforesaid, when and as soon as the same shall have been examined
and declared; and the succeeding Agent General shall become charged with the Balances so transferred as
aforesaid.

Mode of making
up Accounts,
and on Death,
&c. of Agent
General within
the Year.

Quittance.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the said Agent General for the time being shall transmit to the
Secretary at War, Monthly Accounts of all his Receipts and Payments applicable to each separate Head
of Service, and also a separate and correct List of all the Payments made by him within the Month; and
shall specify the Authorities under which the same were made; and that the Secretary at War shall cause
such Accounts and Lists of Payments to be checked by the Books of his Department; and if the same shall
be found correct, shall return such Lists certified accordingly, specifying in each Certificate the Amount
authorized to be paid by such Agent General.

Monthly Ac-
counts of Re-
ceipts to be
transmitted at
Wars, who shall
verify, &c. &
correct.

Agent General
to make up ac-
count Accounts.

Mode of making
up

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia shall make
up Annual Accounts ending on the Twenty fourth Day of December in each Year, applicable to each separate
Head of Service, of all Monies received and Payments made by him, within the Period of the said Accounts
respectively; in which Accounts the said Agent General shall charge himself with the Balance actually trans-
ferred to his Account at the Bank of England, from the Account of the preceding Agent General, or with
the Balance brought forward from his Account for the Year preceding (as the case may be), and also with
all Sums carried to his Account at the Bank within the Period of the Account; and the said Agent General
shall state, on the Credit Side of such Account, the Amount of each of his Monthly Lists of Payments, which
List have been duly certified by the Secretary at War.

Mode of account
ending there on
and the date of
same to be given
any other
upon demand.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the general Annual Accounts of the Agent General for the time
being, is made up as aforesaid, together with the separate Monthly Lists of Payments certified by the Secre-
tary at War, with the proper Vouchers for the actual Payment of the Same therein contained, shall, within
Three Months after the Twenty fourth Day of December in each Year, be transmitted to the Commissioners
for auditing the Public Accounts; who shall and they are hereby directed and required, with as soon as possible
Delivery after the Receipt thereof, to examine or cause to be examined the same, and shall deliver to the said
Agent General of all Sums paid in preference of the Aliphancy of the Secretary at War, and the said Com-
missioners shall, after such Examination, prefer or cause to be preferred to the proper Office for Declaration,
the said Accounts as aforesaid, specifying the Amount discharged by proper Vouchers, and the Amount with
which the Agent General is to remain charged for the succeeding Year, on account of Balances (if any)

remaining on such Accounts as aforesaid; and when such Accounts be discharged as aforesaid shall be declared, a Quotient or Acquittance, or in the usual Form, shall be made out to the Agent General, his Heirs, Executors and Administrators for such Account as aforesaid.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all Books of Accounts and all Vouchers whatsoever kept in the Office of Agent General for Volantiers and Local Militia shall belong to the said Office, and shall not be in the Disposal of the Agent General to take and dispose of the same as his private and proper Books of Account and Vouchers; provided that nothing herein contained shall extend to prevent any Person who hath surrendered the Office of Agent General, or his or their Executors or Administrators, by himself or themselves, or by any Person or Persons authorized by him or them from taking Copies or Extracts thereof, and as Acquittance in the Enchiquin shall be made out for such Agent General, his Heirs, Executors and Administrators, nor the Transmission of the Vouchers at due time to the Commissioners for making the Public Account.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall knowingly and wilfully forge or counterfeit, or make or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or knowingly or wilfully sell or assist in forging or counterfeiting the Name or Head of the Agent General for the same being, or his Deputy, or Person or Persons duly authorized as aforesaid, to any Bill of Exchange, Acquittance, Draft or Instrument in Writing whatsoever, for or in order to the receiving or obtaining any of the Money in the Hands or Custody of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England on account of the Agent General for Volantiers and Local Militia, and shall keep or counterfeit, or make or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or knowingly and wilfully sell or assist in the forging or counterfeiting any Bill of Exchange, Acquittance, Draft, Instrument or Writing in form of a Draft made by such Agent General or his Deputy, or the Person or Persons authorized as aforesaid, or shall utter or publish any such, knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited, with an Intention to defraud any Person whatsoever, every such Person or Persons so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be and is and is lawfully declared and adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in case of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all Bills, Drafts and Orders drawn upon the said Agent General on account of the Pay or Allowances of the Militia or Local Militia, or of any Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps, or of any Staff Officers, or which may be drawn by any Clerks or Subalterns, or any Persons under the Direction of the Secretary at War, for the Payment of Bounties or any other Public Service whatsoever, and also all Bills, Drafts or Orders by which any Balances, Fees, Perquisites, Bounties or any other Sum of Money whatsoever are remitted to the Bank of England, or the said Agent General for Public Services, may and shall be drawn upon unstamp'd Paper; and so such Bill, Draft or Order shall be void by reason of being so drawn or written upon unstamp'd Paper; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A F. CLIII.

An Act to rectify a Mistake and to carry into more effectual Execution the Purposes of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, relating to the *British White Herring Fishery*.

[18th July 1812.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for amending an Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the British White Herring Fishery*: And whereas it was intended by the said Act that the Bounty granted by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the further Encouragement and better Regulation of the British White Herring Fishery, until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and thirtieth, and from thenceforth to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, to Vessels of not less than Sixty Tons Burthen, should be extended to Vessels of not less than Forty five Tons Burthen; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Bounty of Three Pounds per Ton granted by the said Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, to the Owner or Owners of any whole decked Boat or Vessel of not less than Sixty Tons Burthen, shall and may be paid to the Owner or Owners of any whole decked Boat or Vessel of not less than Forty five Tons Burthen, being *British-built*, owned in Great Britain, and manned, equipped and employed according to Law, which were the Twenty fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirtieth and shall be fitted out and actually employed in the Deep Sea *British White Herring Fishery*, on the Coast of Great Britain or Ireland, in the manner and subject to all the Regulations and Provisions prescribed by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty.*

II. And be it further enacted, That on each Vessel of less than Sixty Tons and not less than Forty five Tons Burthen shall be deemed to have been or to be properly fitted out for and duly employed in the *British Deep Sea White Herring Fishery*, in as to the Owner or Owners thereof to any Bounty on the Tonnage thereof, by virtue of the said Act or this Act, which such Boat or Vessel shall have been or shall be manned with Two Men or with Eight Men and Two Boys not under Thirteen Years of Age.

C A F. CLIV.

An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand

Orders.

Books of Accounts and Vouchers in being in Office of Agent General, and all accounts of private Property.

Payroll Drafts in Name of Agent General, &c.

Drafts.

Bills for Pay, &c. on Order for conversion, & copy on account of the said Militia or unstamp'd Paper.

11 C. 2. 102.

15 C. 2. 110.

Bounty of 3l. per Ton by 48th. A. D. 1789 on Owners of Vessels of not less than 45 Tons intended to Vessels of 45 Tons.

New Vessels fitted out.

and eight hundred and twelve; and for further appropriating the Supply granted in this Session [20th May 1812.]

| | | | | | |
|-------|--|---|---|---|----------------|
| I. | 4,400,000 | 0 | 0 | Out of Surplus of <i>1811</i> Consolidated Fund. | |
| II. | 6,000,000 | 0 | 0 | Part of Sum remaining in the Exchequer to complete 10,000,000 granted out of Produce of War Taxes for 1811 | |
| III. | 20,400,000 | 0 | 0 | From the following Duties, viz. | |
| | | | | Additional Excise under | |
| | | | | Excise on Tobacco, &c. | 45 G. 3. c. 70 |
| | | | | Duties on Property | 46 G. 3. c. 55 |
| | | | | Excise on Brandy | 47 G. 3. c. 57 |
| | | | | Cutwax | 49 G. 3. c. 58 |
| | | | | Additional Duty on Wood | 51 G. 3. c. 43 |
| | | | | Lease | 52 |
| | | | | Copper | 53 |
| | | | | New Duties on Importation of Hides in the Hair | 54 |
| | | | | Additional Duties on Coffee | 55 |
| | | | | For Tea | 56 |
| | | | | on Mahogany | 57 |
| | | | | on Wood and Pot and Pearl Ashes | 58 |
| IV. | 1,200,000 | 0 | 0 | Exchequer Bills charged upon Supplies for 1811, subscribed to by funded payments to the Bankers of the House of Commons of 17th February and 9th March 1812 | |
| V. | 440,000 | 0 | 0 | From Sale of Old Naval and Victualling Stores | |
| VI. | The following Sums, viz. | | | | |
| | Produce of Mail and Post-office Act, not exceeding | | | | |
| | 3,000,000 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | 10,500,000 | 0 | 0 | Exchequer Bills | 59 G. 3. c. 1 |
| | 1,500,000 | 0 | 0 | Duties | 60 |
| | 6,700,000 | 0 | 0 | Assesses | 61 |
| | 22,500,000 | 0 | 0 | Duties (after receiving 4,500,000, to Ireland, and 2,000,000, for <i>Exp^{ts} India Company</i>) | 62 |
| | 3,000,000 | 0 | 0 | Exchequer Bills | 63 |
| | 10,000,000 | 0 | 0 | (including One-third for Ireland) | 64 |
| | 8,000,000 | 0 | 0 | Part of Sums remaining to be received 18th Jan. 1812, to complete 10,000,000, granted out of Produce of War Taxes 1811. | |
| | 20,400,000 | 0 | 0 | (granted above, § III) | |
| | 440,000 | 0 | 0 | (granted above, § V.) | |
| | 5,000,000 | 0 | 0 | (granted above, § I.) | |
| VII. | The following Sums, viz. | | | | |
| | 1,500,000 | 0 | 0 | Assesses and Treasury Bills | 65 G. 3. c. 70 |
| | 4,500,000 | 0 | 0 | Assesses | 66 |
| | 500,000 | 0 | 0 | Treasury Bills | 67 |
| | 1,210,000 | 0 | 4 | Duties | 68 |
| VIII. | Appropriations, viz. | | | | |
| | 20,442,540 | 0 | 0 | For Naval Services: that is to say, | |
| | 3,045,000 | 0 | 0 | For 157,000 Men, | At per 1 12 6 |
| | 4,415,000 | 0 | 0 | For Victuals, | At per 2 7 3 |
| | 3,000,000 | 0 | 0 | For Wear and Tear of Ships, | At per 1 19 0 |
| | 850,000 | 0 | 0 | For Outfits for Sea Services, | Month, 0 7 0 |
| | 2,000,000 | 0 | 0 | For Salaries and Expenses of Admiralty, &c. | |
| | 400,000 | 0 | 0 | For Half Pay, &c. to Officers of Navy and Marine, &c. | |
| | 0,000 | 0 | 0 | For Superannuations, &c. in Admiralty and Transport Service | |
| | 1,000,000 | 0 | 0 | For Building and Repairing Ships of War and Stores | |

Granted to make good the Supply for Service of Great Britain for 1812.

For Naval Services hereafter specified. See § VIII.

Appropriated to Uses after specified. See § VIII, &c.

Appropriated to the Uses after specified. See § XV., &c.

For 15 Months.

| | | | | | |
|-----|------------|----|----|--|---|
| | 1,578,970 | 0 | 0 | For Perquisites for Troops and Garrison on Foreign Stations, and Bounties for Troops embarked on board Transports | From 1 st Year 1811. |
| | 157,702 | 12 | 0 | For Hire of Transports | |
| | 1,280,316 | 4 | 0 | For Sick and Wounded Soldiers at Home and Abroad | |
| | 578,542 | 0 | 0 | For Profits of War in Health at Home and Abroad | |
| | 90,000 | 0 | 0 | White Sick | |
| | 34,199 | 4 | 0 | For Salaries, Stationary and Contingencies of Transport Office | |
| | 40,000 | 0 | 0 | For purchasing Quarrers for <i>Plymouth Break Water</i> . | |
| IX. | 3,000,000 | 0 | 0 | For <i>Pensions</i> "to enable His Majesty to continue to maintain in his Pay a Body of <i>Pemwobeg</i> Troops, and to give such further Aid and Assistance to the Government of <i>Pemwobeg</i> as the Nature of the Contest in which His Majesty is engaged may appear to him to require." | |
| X. | 400,000 | 0 | 0 | For Engagements with His <i>British Majesty</i> | |
| XI. | 15,274,075 | 15 | 0 | For Land Forces and other Services; that is to say, | |
| | 7,667,408 | 11 | 6 | For Land Forces at Home and Abroad (except in the <i>East India</i> , <i>Swiss</i> Corps in <i>Swiss</i> Pay and Embedded Militia) | |
| | 3,099,975 | 0 | 3 | For Embedded Militia of <i>Great Britain</i> and <i>Ireland</i> , and of the Royal Corps of Militia of <i>Devon</i> and <i>Cornwall</i> | |
| | 770,070 | 0 | 0 | For Local Militia Forces in <i>Great Britain</i> | |
| | 27,743 | 19 | 2 | For Five Troops of <i>Dragoons</i> and <i>Militia</i> Companies of Foot for recruiting Corps serving in <i>India</i> | |
| | 571,363 | 24 | 5 | For General and Staff Officers and Officers of Hospitals at Home and Abroad, and Charge of Garrison | |
| | 31,044 | 0 | 2 | For Full Pay for Supernumerary Officers of Forces | |
| | 192,492 | 17 | 00 | For principal Officers of several Public Departments in <i>Great Britain</i> and <i>Ireland</i> , their Deputies, Clerks and Messengers, Expenses, and Amount of Excessive Fees to be paid by the <i>Paymaster General</i> | |
| | 219,511 | 0 | 10 | For Half Pay to reduced Officers of Land Forces including <i>British American</i> Forces and <i>Swiss</i> Brigade, late in the Service of the <i>Swiss General</i> | |
| | 13,103 | 19 | 6 | For Military Allowances to reduced Officers of Land Forces, including <i>British American</i> Forces | |
| | 241,471 | 08 | 9 | For In and Out Professions of <i>Chaplain</i> and <i>Assistant</i> Hospitals, and Expenses of the Hospitals | From 1 st Dec. 1811,
to 24 th Dec. 1812. |
| | 59,369 | 02 | 6 | For Pensions to Widows of Officers of Land Forces and Expenses attending the same in <i>Great Britain</i> and <i>Ireland</i> | |
| | 221,169 | 17 | 11 | For Volunteer Corps in <i>Great Britain</i> and <i>Ireland</i> | |
| | 1,145,642 | 12 | 10 | For Foreign Corps in Service of <i>Great Britain</i> and <i>Ireland</i> | |
| | 21,705 | 13 | 10 | For Allowances to retired <i>Chaplains</i> and Allowances to <i>Chaplains</i> officiating with Forces at Home and Abroad; and Expenses of Office of <i>Chaplain General</i> , &c. | |
| | 124,468 | 14 | 10 | For Medicines and Surgical Materials for Land Forces and Hospital Contingencies | |
| | 83,089 | 6 | 8 | For Allowances on the <i>Compensation</i> List to Children of deceased Officers of Land Forces, and to Widows of Officers of Land Forces not entitled to Pensions, including Allowance to of His Majesty's Royal Bounty to General Officers, and to Retired Officers deceased Officers | |
| | 474,080 | 7 | 0 | For Barracks Departments in <i>Ireland</i> | |
| | 407,814 | 3 | 0 | For Commissariat Departments in <i>Ireland</i> | |
| | 86,547 | 3 | 11 | For Allowances, <i>Commissions</i> and <i>Landwarrants</i> in the Nature of <i>Superannuation</i> or retired Al- | |

| | | Payments to Persons belonging to several Public Departments in Great Britain and Ireland in respect of their having held Public Offices of a Civil Nature. | | | |
|--------|----------------------------|--|----|---|---------------------------------|
| | 434,441 | 0 | 0 | For Barrack Department in Great Britain | For the Year 1811. |
| | 1,355,445 | 17 | 9 | For Comptrolly in Chief's Department | From 25th Dec. 1810, |
| | 2,301,495 | 8 | 3 | For Extraordinary Expenses of Army not provided for | to 24th Dec. 1811. |
| | 3,000,000 | 0 | 0 | For Extraordinary Expenses of Army of Great Britain and Ireland | For the Year 1811. |
| XII. | 3,873,005 | 3 | 6 | For Office of Ordnance for Land Services for Great Britain | For the Year 1811. |
| | 100,456 | 0 | 1 | Do do in 1810. | |
| | 32,554 | 10 | 5 | Do do in 1811. | |
| | 72,689 | 4 | 0 | For Office of Ordnance for Great Britain on Account of Allowances to Superannuated, In-Office, to Officers Secured, to Officers for good Services, to Superannuated and disabled Men, and Pensions to Widows, &c. of deceased Officers, late belonging to Ordnance Military Corps | For the Year 1811. |
| | 5,357 | 3 | 10 | Do do not provided for in the Year 1811. | |
| | 19,847 | 15 | 0 | For Allowances, &c. in the Nature of Superannuated or retired Allowances to Persons late belonging to Office of Ordnance in Great Britain in respect of their having held any Public Offices or Employments of a Civil Nature, and also for Widows Pensions | For the Year 1811. |
| | 370 | 11 | 0 | Do do not provided for in the Year 1811. | |
| | 49,385 | 18 | 1 | For Office of Ordnance for Ireland | |
| | 11,000 | 13 | 00 | Do do on Account of Pay of retired Officers of late Irish Artillery and Pensions to Widows of deceased Officers of the same | |
| | 2,819 | 18 | 1 | For Allowances, &c. in the Nature of Superannuated or retired Allowances to Persons late belonging to Office of Ordnance in Ireland in respect of their having held any Public Offices or Employments of a Civil Nature, and also for Widows Pensions | For the Year 1811. |
| XIII. | 10,500,000 | 0 | 0 | For discharging outstanding Exchequer Bills under | § 1 G 3-4, 5. |
| XIV. | 1,000,000 | 0 | 0 | Do do | — c 4. |
| XV. | 8,000,000 | 0 | 0 | Do do for the Service of the Year 1811. | — c 24. |
| XVI. | 3,500,000 | 0 | 0 | Do do | — c 25. |
| XVII. | 1,381,000 | 0 | 0 | Do do | — c 54. |
| XVIII. | 1,647,000 | 0 | 0 | Do do | c 113. |
| XIX. | 1,000,000 | 0 | 0 | By a Convey for discharging Treasury Bills under | — c 7. |
| XX. | 105,565 | 13 | 4 | Do do | — c 28. |
| XXI. | 113,46 | 19 | 0 | To make good the Sum issued pursuant to Address of the House of Commons, and made good by Parliament. | |
| XXII. | 8,426 | 17 | 0 | Do do. | |
| XXIII. | Civil Establishments, viz. | | | | |
| | 3,400 | 0 | 0 | Sabine's Band | |
| | 1,000 | 0 | 0 | Barristers at Law's Band | |
| | 500 | 0 | 0 | Dumfries | |
| | 8,400 | 0 | 0 | Upper Canada | |
| | 10,000 | 0 | 0 | New Scotia | |
| | 5,000 | 0 | 0 | New Brunswick | |
| | 4,000 | 0 | 0 | Cape Breton | |
| | 3,000 | 0 | 0 | Prince Edward Island | |
| | 3,000 | 0 | 0 | Newfoundland | |
| | 14,000 | 0 | 0 | St. Lucia | |
| | 11,000 | 5 | 0 | New South Wales | |
| | 8,500 | 0 | 0 | For Force on Coast of Africa during 1811, 1812. | |
| XXIV. | 80,000 | 0 | 0 | For American Loyalties | |
| | 110,000 | 0 | 0 | For Emigrants and Canadian Emigrants | |
| | 8,000 | 0 | 0 | For Saint Domingo Soldiers | |
| | 3,800 | 0 | 0 | For Dutch Emigrants | |
| | 11,500 | 1 | 0 | For Clergy and Lady of France | From 1st Jan to 31st Dec. 1811. |

| | | | | |
|--------|----|----|---|-------------------|
| 5411 | 16 | 0 | For Emigrants in <i>Asiatick Company</i> | |
| 4794 | 13 | 0 | For French Refugee Larky | |
| 1018 | 4 | 0 | For French Refugee Clergy | |
| 800 | 0 | 0 | For President Disting. Ministers of <i>France</i> | |
| 1,500 | 0 | 0 | Idem | <i>England</i> |
| 1,000 | 12 | 0 | For Superintendance of <i>Albion</i> | |
| 11,000 | 0 | 0 | For Public Office, <i>Bow Street</i> | |
| 70,500 | 0 | 0 | For Councils at Home | |
| 10,000 | 0 | 0 | For Law Clerks | |
| 6,000 | 0 | 0 | For Extraneous & Expensive this was to be accounted for Discretion, &c. relating to Law | |
| 11,000 | 0 | 0 | For Printing for House of Lords, and Printing Act of Parliament | |
| 16,000 | 0 | 0 | For Printing Bills, &c. by Order of House of Commons | |
| 3,000 | 0 | 0 | For Printing Vests | |
| 4,467 | 6 | 6 | For Deficiency of Grant 1810, for printing Bills, &c. by Order of House of Commons | |
| 374 | 0 | 8 | For Deficiency of Grant 1810, for printing 1,750 Copies of <i>Vestments</i> in Journals of House of Commons | |
| 3,500 | 0 | 0 | For Stationary for both Houses | |
| 10,108 | 5 | 4 | For Bill of <i>James Mackintosh</i> in the Field | For the Year 1812 |
| 244 | 10 | 0 | To <i>E. Walsby</i> Esquire, for preparing Vols. 40. 41. of <i>Lords Journal</i> for Press | |
| 100 | 13 | 5 | To <i>G. Decker</i> and <i>J. Church</i> , Esquires, for Stationary sent to <i>New South Wales</i> | |
| 418 | 12 | 0 | To <i>T. N. Winstone</i> Esquire, for examining <i>Eng India Accounts</i> | |
| 373 | 18 | 10 | To <i>M. Chassey</i> Esquire, for items supplied by the <i>Ministry</i> at <i>New South Wales</i> | |
| 940 | 10 | 0 | To Magistrate of <i>Thomas P. Lee</i> , for Plan for Securing Shipping in Port of <i>London</i> | |
| 4,640 | 11 | 0 | To <i>J. Reed</i> Esquire, for Hook Patrols round the Metropolis, for Three Quarters of a Year | |
| 1,453 | 14 | 0 | To <i>P. Green</i> Esquire, Secretary to Commissioners of Military Enquiry, for Expenses of said Commissioners | |
| 106 | 20 | 6 | To <i>E. Walsby</i> Esquire, for preparing Vol. 42. of <i>Lords Journal</i> for Press | |
| 842 | 0 | 3 | To Messrs. <i>Goring</i> Expenses as Commissioners of Houses of Parliament in 1810, 1811. | |
| 128 | 0 | 6 | To <i>J. P. Hardy</i> Esquire, for surveying <i>Wharfedale Harbours</i> | |
| 371 | 11 | 0 | To <i>Dr. J. B. Clark</i> , for Retains of Non-resident Clergy for the Half Year | |
| 301 | 11 | 0 | To <i>P. J. Mathis</i> Esquire, to pay Bills drawn on <i>R. Conderhead</i> Esquire, as Agent for <i>New South</i> | |
| 1,081 | 8 | 0 | To <i>W. Weyler</i> Esquire, Sergeant at Arms to House of Lords, during Session 1811. | |
| 210 | 14 | 0 | To <i>J. Clancy</i> , Esquire, Deputy Sergeant at Arms to House of Commons, for Years Rent of House, in Six of Apartments lodged at House of Commons | |
| 1,146 | 5 | 11 | To <i>T. Fisher</i> Esquire, for surveying <i>Wharfedale and Farnsworth Roads</i> | |
| 410 | 3 | 0 | To <i>Sir J. Colpoys</i> , Treasurer of <i>Greenwich Hospital</i> , in part Payment of Five shillings on Receipt of 500,000. granted by Parliament, and disbursed into 2 Offices and Branches in House of <i>Yielders</i> | |
| 1,004 | 17 | 81 | To <i>G. Smeath</i> Esquire, for Works done at <i>Flow and King's Dock</i> Prices | |
| 1,081 | 3 | 0 | To <i>T. Smith</i> Esquire, for Index to Journals of House of Peers, and Balances paid by him, &c. | |
| 1,051 | 4 | 6 | To <i>Lord Walsingham</i> , as Chairman of Committee of House of Peers, during Session 1811. | |
| 1,080 | 0 | 0 | To <i>E. Smeath</i> Esquire, as Clerk upon Chairman of Committee of House of Peers, during Session 1811. | |
| 480 | 15 | 0 | To <i>J. Fisher</i> Esquire, for Assistance in forming Index to Rolls of Peers &c. | |
| 10,000 | 0 | 0 | To Affairs Committee for repairing, &c. <i>Swash Fort</i> , &c. on Coast of <i>Africa</i> | |
| 854 | 12 | 71 | To <i>M. Chassey</i> Esquire, to pay Bills drawn by Collector of Customs at <i>Amoy</i> , for Cure and Support of Cargo of captured Negroes. | |

To make good Money paid out of Civil List

| | | | | |
|-----------|----|----|--|---|
| 354 | 0 | 0 | To <i>M. Merle</i> Esquire, towards paying his bill for a Plan for engraving into the Stone of Merle, the Map of the Metropolis | |
| 354 | 10 | 0 | | To <i>R. Pinfold</i> Esquire, in Re-emboursement of Fees paid by them on Receipt of a Bill voted by Parliament for publishing Collection of Manuals |
| 8,000 | 0 | 0 | To <i>A. Taylor</i> Esquire, in Re-charge Fees paid on selling Public Accounts. | |
| 6,783 | 12 | 3 | The Charges heretofore paid out of Proceeds of Old Naval Stores, To the Peace Office. | |
| 200,000 | 0 | 0 | For Fees on public Public Accounts | |
| 30,000 | 0 | 0 | For Expenses on other secret services | |
| 17,500 | 0 | 0 | For Sheriff's Constables of Felons and Out-pagings | For the Year 1812. |
| 14,000 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 50,000 | 0 | 3 | For Interest on { 25th April 1812 } of Part of Annuities under 39 th G. 1 st 1812 | |
| 40,000 | 0 | 7 | | { 10th October — } 25, and 25 G. 2. 1812. |
| 1,310 | 0 | 0 | For Captain <i>Atkyn's</i> Allowance and travelling Expenses in carrying into Execution his Plan for saving the Lives of Misspent and Madmen | |
| 4,899 | 4 | 4 | For repairing <i>St. Mary the Seventh's</i> Chapel | |
| 10,000 | 0 | 0 | For Hall for the Charge of a Bridge at <i>Garby</i> | For the Year 1812. |
| 1,000 | 0 | 0 | For Salaries of certain Officers of Type Houses of Parliament | |
| 2,118 | 4 | 7 | To the Under of the Court of Exchequer for supplying the Court and Officers with Stationery, &c. | |
| 20,500 | 0 | 0 | For Naval Military College | From 25th Dec. 1811 to 24th Dec. 1812. |
| 23,000 | 0 | 0 | For <i>Edwards's</i> Royal Military College at <i>Sandhurst</i> | |
| 127,000 | 0 | 0 | For Board of Agriculture | |
| 50,000 | 0 | 0 | For Island Navigators from the English to the African Sea, by <i>Admiral's</i> and <i>Port</i> Wills | |
| 20,000 | 0 | 0 | For Roads and Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland | |
| 11,000 | 0 | 0 | For extra Charge for Contingencies of Three Secretaries of State | For the Year 1812. |
| 6,000 | 0 | 0 | Secretaries | |
| 48,000 | 0 | 0 | For probable Amount of Bills drawn from <i>New South Wales</i> | |
| 94 | 12 | 11 | For Deficiency of Grains for 1811, for extraordinary Expenses of Post-boys, &c. relating to the Coast | |
| 17,000 | 0 | 0 | For <i>St. Andrew's</i> Harbour | |
| 850 | 0 | 0 | For further Remuneration to <i>Mr. Gooden</i> for his Invention of the Life Boat. | |
| 1,700,000 | 0 | 0 | For Interest on Exchequer Bills. | |
| 24,488 | 0 | 0 | For Deficiency of Grains for 1812 for reprinting 2 Vols. of Journals and 2 Vols. of Reports of House of Commons. | |
| 3,000 | 0 | 0 | For Expenses incurred in 1812 for Printing 1,750 Copies of Vol. 65. of Journals of House of Commons for 1812. | |
| 10,000 | 0 | 0 | For reprinting 6 Volumes of Journals of the House of Commons | For the Year 1812. |
| 3,600 | 0 | 0 | For Expenses incident to Two Houses of Parli. | |
| 50,000 | 0 | 0 | For the 12 Children of the late Right Honourable <i>Spencer Perceval</i> . | |
| 7,500,000 | 0 | 0 | For Relief of <i>E. of India</i> Company. | |
| 291 | 5 | 6 | For Deficiency of Grains in 1812 to defray Bills of Under of Exchequer for supplying Court, &c. with Stationery, &c. | |
| 3,000 | 0 | 0 | For National Vaccine Establishment | |
| 4,000 | 0 | 0 | For Bills from abroad on Account of Allowances to <i>Spain</i> and <i>Canton</i> Emigrants | For the Year 1812. |
| 23,487 | 7 | 10 | For Royal Naval Office from 25th April 1812 to 25th March 1813. | |
| 3,000 | 12 | 11 | For Titles of <i>British</i> Voyages. | |
| 1,000 | 0 | 0 | Do. Do. | For purchasing Books respecting the British Islands and Possessions of the British Empire. |
| 4,550 | 0 | 7 | For Expenses of Printing 1,000 Copies of Vols. 43. 44. and 45. of Journals of House of Peers. | |
| 20,000 | 0 | 0 | To complete the Shell of New Hospital of <i>St. James</i> for 1812. | |
| 6,000 | 14 | 9 | For Printing by Order of Commissioners of Records. | |

| | | For Commissioners of Public Expenditure in Military Departments. | |
|---------|----|--|---|
| 7714 | 4 | 00 | To <i>W. Glavey Esquire</i> to pay Bills drawn by <i>S. M. Phillips Secretary</i> to the Commissioners for enquiring into Losses of Officers of Jansen, &c. in <i>Jeyla</i> . |
| 322 | 0 | 0 | |
| 115 | 13 | 8 | To <i>W. Palfrey Esquire</i> for Reimbursement of Fees on Appointment of |
| 33 | 4 | 4 | To <i>W. Glavey Esquire</i> to pay Bill drawn by Collector of Customs at the <i>Balacas</i> for Expenses incurred in Distribution of Cargo of <i>Nepoon</i> Landed in <i>Prize of War</i> . |
| 154 | 13 | 6 | To <i>Rev. J. Pringle</i> and <i>J. P. Mchale</i> for collecting Calendar of <i>Leeds Journals</i> . |
| 3053 | 14 | 0 | To <i>J. Reed Esquire</i> , for Expenses of Horse Patrol round the <i>Metropolis</i> , for half a Year, to 31 st April 1812. |
| 272 | 21 | 0 | To <i>Doctor T. B. Clarke</i> for Retainer of Non-Resident Clergy for half a Year ending 31 st Dec. 1812. |
| 269 | 7 | 0 | To <i>Ditto</i> for extra Indignities in preparing Copies called for by Parliament in Two Years, ending 25 th March 1812, of Returns to <i>Priny Council</i> under 43 rd & 54 th . |
| 424 | 0 | 0 | To <i>T. Knolly Esquire</i> , for publishing Weekly Returns of Average Price of <i>Bacon</i> or <i>Malabarado Sugar</i> , for One Year, to 18 th Oct. 1812. |
| 11,573 | 0 | 0 | To <i>W. Mells Esquire</i> , for Supply of Provisions and Articles of 8 th Month for Relief of Inhabitants of <i>Stanh Settlements in Bona's Straits</i> . |
| 443 | 16 | 0 | To <i>E. Walsby Esquire</i> , for preparing Vols 43. and 44. of <i>Leeds Journals</i> for the <i>Press</i> . |
| 521 | 17 | 0 | To <i>P. Grant Esquire</i> , Secretary to Commissioners of Military Enquiry, for Expenses of his Commissioners. |
| 222 | 4 | 8 | To <i>W. Glavey Esquire</i> } To pay Bill drawn by Governor <i>Arnold</i> for Expenses under Abolition of Slave Trade Act, for Support of Captured }
Negroes. |
| 328 | 8 | 6 | To <i>W. Spar Esquire</i> , }
To the <i>Magistrates</i> of the <i>Manus Police</i> for further Expenses incurred in carrying into Effect Plan for securing Shipping in Port of <i>London</i> . |
| 613 | 6 | 0 | To <i>T. M. Wainor Esquire</i> , for examining <i>Exp India Accounts</i> for One Year, to 31 st Dec. 1811. |
| 420 | 10 | 6 | To <i>R. Fremant Esquire</i> , in discharge of Balance including Interest due to him and the late <i>A. Wallis Esquire</i> , as Account of Impignation of <i>Warren Hastings</i> . |
| 1,254 | 3 | 11 | To <i>J. Spide Esquire</i> , <i>Warden of the Mint</i> , for Expenses incurred in Occasional Reports. |
| 463 | 3 | 11 | To <i>W. O'Connell</i> , and <i>H. Robinson Esquires</i> , and to <i>M. Smalley Doctor</i> of <i>Civil Law</i> , 20,000 each, for Services performed by them as Commissioners }
for examining Laws relating to El. Iron of <i>Jarvis</i> in the Month of <i>July</i> . |
| 3,000 | 0 | 0 | To <i>J. N. Phillips Esquire</i> , <i>Comptroller for Services as Secretary to Commissioners</i> . |
| 508 | 0 | 0 | To <i>Officers and Clerks of Tally Clerk</i> in the <i>Exchequer</i> for having To be paid 31 st Dec. 1812, to 31 st Dec. 1812. |
| 1,500 | 2 | 0 | To <i>Charles</i> for having paid out 100,000 of <i>GM</i> 25 th 1812. |
| 4,50 | 8 | 0 | To <i>Messrs</i> for loss of one of our <i>Machines</i> used in <i>Works</i> . |
| 10 | - | - | For Improvements at <i>Wilmington Mill</i> , &c. |
| 447 | 0 | 1 | For Improvements at <i>Wilmington Mill</i> , &c. |
| 52 | 0 | 0 | For Improvements at <i>Wilmington Mill</i> , &c. |
| 150 | 0 | 0 | To <i>J. Roper</i> , formerly <i>Assistant Registrar at the Mint</i> }
For the Year 1812. |
| 410 | 4 | 6 | — To <i>J. Roper</i> , formerly <i>Clerk at Lottery Office</i> }
— On 25 th Dec per <i>Act</i> in <i>J. P. Mchale</i> , formerly <i>one of Paymasters of Exchequer Bills</i> , from and <i>July</i> 1812 to 31 st <i>Dec</i> 1812. |
| 520 | 0 | 0 | To two retired Clerks of Commissioners for auditing public Accounts to 25 th |
| 25,000 | 0 | 0 | Towards building a <i>Penitentiary House</i> . |
| 240,000 | 0 | 0 | To the <i>Officers of Queen Anne's Bounty</i> . |
| 46,000 | 0 | 0 | Mint—For Balance of Bills for Printing, &c. pro- }
vided for Year for making <i>Notes</i> , &c. and for additional <i>Works</i> . }
For the Year 1812. |
| 4658 | 7 | 0 | — For <i>Machinery</i> used by <i>Melior House</i> , and other <i>Works</i> by <i>James</i> & <i>Co</i> . |
| 5,000 | 18 | 4 | For <i>Military</i> <i>Reserve</i> in <i>Spain</i> . |
| 70,453 | 17 | 1 | For <i>Industry</i> of <i>Genoa</i> for 1792. |

To make good Money spent out of Civil List.

| XXV. Irish Currency. | | [In Ireland.] | | | |
|----------------------|--------|---------------|---|--|---|
| 250 | 0 | 0 | His-Majesty's General of Requests and Taxation, preparing Accounts of Ireland. | | |
| 200 | 0 | 0 | Exr. Clerk of Great Sessions, Accounts. | | |
| 200 | 0 | 0 | Examiner of Events, Dates. | | |
| 150 | 0 | 0 | Assistant Examiner of Events, Dates. | | |
| 200 | 0 | 0 | Examiner of Care Receipts, for keeping Accounts. | | |
| 200 | 0 | 0 | Clerk in Office of Auditor of the Exchequer, for preparing Accounts for Parliament. | | |
| XXVI. | 30,500 | 9 | 4 | Board of Works | For the Year ending 31st Dec. 1812. |
| | 10,500 | 0 | 0 | Procurations and other Matters in Dublin Castle, &c. | For One Year ending 31st Dec. 1812. |
| | 21,750 | 8 | 7 | Printing, &c. for Secretaries' Offices, and other Public Offices in Dublin Castle, &c. | |
| | 25,000 | 0 | 0 | Tax Crowned Post-roads and other Law Expenses | From 31st Dec. 1811, to 31st Dec. 1812. |
| | 2,000 | 0 | 0 | Apprehending Public Offenders | |
| | 1,047 | 10 | 3 | Expence of Prizes at the Port of Dublin | |
| | 4,000 | 0 | 0 | Incident of the Treasury | |
| | 2,875 | 6 | 0 | For Lottery Office for One Year, due 14th Jan. 1812. | |
| | 9,480 | 9 | 0 | Non conforming Ministers | From 31st Dec. 1811, to 31st Dec. 1812. |
| | 3,951 | 0 | 0 | Support of Sealing Machines from Speed of <i>Water</i> | From 27th March 1812, to 25th March 1813. |
| | 8,000 | 0 | 0 | Demising Boats under 40 ft. 5. c. 100. | |
| | 35,000 | 0 | 0 | Harbour at Wick, Works at | |
| | 1,000 | 0 | 0 | For Printing, &c. 150 Copies of Public General Acts, 52 G. 3. | |
| | 15,000 | 0 | 0 | To Commissioners for Enquiry into Fees and Abuses in Ireland | |
| XXVII. | 10,000 | 0 | 0 | Board of Public Trusts for building Churches and | From 31st Dec. 1811, to 31st Dec. 1812. |
| | | | | Glebe Houses, and purchasing Glebes | |
| | 20,000 | 0 | 0 | Trustees of the Linn and Hemp Manufactures | For One Year ending 31st Dec. 1812. |
| | 10,000 | 0 | 0 | Dublin Society for promoting Husbandry, &c. | From 31st Dec. 1811, to 31st Dec. 1812. |
| | 5,000 | 0 | 0 | Farming Society | |
| | 30,000 | 0 | 0 | Trustees and Commissioners of Public Trusts, towards Building, &c. Churches and Chapels, &c. | |
| | 64,045 | 0 | 0 | Commissioners for making wide and convenient Streets in Dublin | From 31st Dec. 1811, to 31st Dec. 1812. |
| XXVIII. | 1,500 | 0 | 0 | Card Inducement | |
| | 41,325 | 0 | 0 | For Protestant Charity Schools | |
| | 30,000 | 0 | 0 | Freezing Hospital in Dublin | |
| | 41,000 | 0 | 0 | Houses of Industry, Hospitals and Asylums for Insane Children in Dublin | From 31st Dec. 1811, to 31st Dec. 1812. |
| | 15,000 | 0 | 0 | Infirmary Society for Soldiers' Children at Dublin | |
| | 2,826 | 0 | 0 | Marine Society | |
| | 8,071 | 0 | 0 | Roman Catholic Society | For the Year 1812. |
| | 1,825 | 0 | 0 | Female Orphan House near Dublin | |
| | 5,467 | 0 | 0 | Workhouse Lock Hospital in Dublin | |
| | 3,771 | 0 | 0 | Lying-in Hospital in Dublin | |
| | 3,000 | 0 | 0 | For erecting Buildings at the East Wing of Sir Patrick Dun's Hospital in Dublin | |
| | 1,004 | 0 | 0 | Dodder Street Hospital at Dublin | |
| | 4,100 | 0 | 0 | For Improvements and Repairs of Saint Patrick's Hospital | From 31st Dec. 1811, to 31st Dec. 1812. |
| | 2,000 | 0 | 0 | For 180 Patients in House of Recovery and Fever Hospital in Dublin | |
| | 500 | 0 | 0 | For Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests | |
| | 1,423 | 0 | 0 | Allocation for disseminating Vaccines and promoting Christian Religion | |
| | 2,466 | 0 | 0 | For Building additional Discharging Rooms to College of Surgeons at Dublin. | |
| | 500 | 0 | 0 | For Green Coat Hospital of City of Cork | For the Year 1812. |

Expenses applied
for Purposes
specified.

XXIX. And it is hereby also enacted, That the said Acts and Statutes provided in a schedule shall not be used and applied to any Life, Interest or Purport whatsoever, unless than the Words and Purposes before mentioned, or for the said Inducement or other Payments directed to be furnished thereunto, by any Act or Acts, or any particular Clause or Clauses for that Purpose contained in any other Act or Acts of this present Session of Parliament, or to the Payment or Compensation herebefore allowed for or in lieu of the Privilege and Bargains of Wines in Ireland.

XXX. Rules

- XXX. Rules for Application of Half Pay
- XXXI. Half Pay to Officers of Marine Forces
- XXXII. ——— to Chaplains of Regiments although in Possession of *Commodore* A. in G. 3. 117.
- *Colonel* ——— 119—120.
- XXXIII. Appointments of Surgeons of Sea under G. 3. 117. 115
- *Squad Officers*

C A P. CLV.

An Act to repeal certain Acts, and amend other Acts relating to Religious Worship and Assemblies and Persons teaching or preaching therein. [25th July 1812.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that certain Acts of Parliament, made in the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second; relating to Non-Conformists and Conventicles, and relating to take Oaths, should be repealed; and that the Laws relating to certain Congregations and Assemblies for Religious Worship, and Persons teaching, preaching or officiating therein, and enforcing thereof, should be amended: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, no Act of Parliament, made in the Session of Parliament hold in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for governing the Meetings and Disorders that may arise by certain Persons called Quakers, and others, relating to take Oaths*; and another Act of Parliament, made in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for reforming Non-Conformity from inhabiting in Corporations*; and another Act of Parliament, made in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of the late King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act to prevent and suppress seditious Conventicles*, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

13 & 14 Car. 2. c. 2.
17 Car. 2. c. 11.
20 Car. 2. c. 2.
Repealed.

Places of Religious Worship created and regulated.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, no Congregation or Assembly for Religious Worship of Protestants (in which there shall be present more than Twenty Persons besides the immediate Family and Servants of the Parson in whose House or upon whose Premises such Meeting, Congregation or Assembly shall be had) shall be permitted or allowed, until the Place of such Meeting, if the same shall not have been duly certified and registered under any former Act or Acts of Parliament relating to regulating Places of Religious Worship, shall have been or shall be certified to the Bishop of the Diocese, or to the Archbishop of the Archbishopric, or to the Justices of the Peace at the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town or Place in which such Meeting shall be held; and all Places of Meeting which shall be certified to the Bishop or Archbishop's Court, shall be returned by such Court once in each Year to the Quarter Sessions of the County, Riding, Division, City, Town or Place; and all Places of Meeting which shall be certified to the Quarter Sessions of the Peace shall be also returned once in each Year to the Bishop or Archbishop; and all such Places shall be registered in the said Bishop's or Archbishop's Court respectively, and recorded at the said General or Quarter Sessions; the Register or Clerk of the Peace whereof respectively as hereby required to register and record the same; and the Bishop or Register or Clerk of the Peace to whom any such Place of Meeting shall be certified under this Act shall give a Certificate thereof to such Parson or Parsons as shall request or demand the same, for which there shall be no greater Fee nor Reward taken than Two Shillings and Six pence; and every Parson who shall knowingly permit or suffer any such Congregation or Assembly as aforesaid to meet in any Place occupied by him, until the same shall have been certified as aforesaid, shall forfeit for every such Congregation or Assembly that meet contrary to the Provisions of the Act, a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Twenty Shillings, at the Discretion of the Justices who shall concur for such Offence.

Certificates.

Fee.

Penalty.

Teaching, preaching, Conduct of Clergymen, Penalties.

Places where licensed Persons preaching in Churches, or in Assemblies, or in other Places, except in Churches, Penalties of 10 l. to 20 l. 5 s. 6 d.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Parson who shall teach or preach in any Congregation or Assembly as aforesaid, in any Place, without the Consent of the Occupier thereof, shall forfeit for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Thirty Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings, at the Discretion of the Justices who shall concur for such Offence.

IV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, every Parson who shall teach or preach in, or officiate in, or shall refer to any Congregation or Congregations, Assembly or Assemblies for Religious Worship of Protestants, whose Place of Meeting shall be duly certified according to the Provisions of this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the certifying and registering of Places of Religious Worship, shall be exempt from all such Oaths and Penalties under any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Religious Worship, as any Parson who shall here take the Oaths, and make the Declarations prescribed by or intimated in an Act, made in the First Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, intitled *An Act for exempting Their Majesty's Protestant Subjects dwelling from the Church of England, from the Provisions of certain Laws, or any Act extending the said Act, in by Law made, so fully and effectually as if all such Oaths and Penalties, and the several Acts enforcing the same, were repealed in this Act, and such Exceptions as aforesaid were severally and separately enacted in relation thereto.*

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Parson not having taken the Oaths and subscribed the Declaration hereafter specified, who shall preach or teach in any Place of Religious Worship certified in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act, shall, unless otherwise required by any one Justice of the Peace, by any Writing under his Hand or Sign, be him, take and make and subscribe, in the Presence of such Justice of the Peace, the Oaths and Declarations specified and contained in an Act, passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled *An Act for the better Relief of Protestant Dissenting Ministers and Preachingers*; and as such Parson who, upon being so required to take such Oaths and make such Declaration as aforesaid, shall refuse to attend the Justice requiring the same, or to take or subscribe

Oaths, &c. when required by Provisions Act, when required by Magistrate.

29 Geo. 3. c. 44

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to affect the Celebration of Divine Service according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the United Church of England and Ireland, by Ministers of the said Church, in any Place where such Rites, Customs, or Usage now or hereafter duly continued or used by any Archbishop or Bishop or other Person lawfully authorized to celebrate or solemnize the same, or to affect the Jurisdiction of the Archbishops or Bishops or other Persons exercising lawful Authority in the Church of the United Kingdom over the said Church, according to the Rules and Discipline of the same, and to the Laws and Statutes of the Realm, but such Provisions shall extend and continue as if this Act had not passed.

Penalty for Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction of the Church.

XIV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to the People usually called Quakers, or to any Meetings or Assemblies for Religious Worship held or exercised by such Persons; or in any manner to alter or repeal or affect any Act, other than as excepted the Acts passed in the Kings Charles the Second herebefore repeated, relating to the People called Quakers, or relating to any Assemblies or Meetings for Religious Worship held by them.

All not to extend to Quakers.

XV. And be it further enacted, That every Person guilty of any Offence, for which any pecuniary Penalty or Forfeiture is imposed by this Act, in respect of which no special Provision is made, shall and may be convicted thereof by Information upon the Oath of any One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses before any Two or more Justices of the Peace either in and for the County, Riding, City or Place wherein such Offence shall be committed; and that all and every the pecuniary Penalties or Forfeitures which shall be incurred or become payable for any Offence or Offences against this Act, shall and may be levied by Distress under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of Two Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, City or Place, in which any such Offence or Offences were or were committed, or where the Forfeiture or Forfeitures were or were incurred, and shall when levied be paid One Money to the Informer, and the other Money to the Poor of the Parish in which the Offence was committed; and in case of no sufficient Distress whereto to levy the Penalties, or any or either of them imposed by this Act, a Warrant may be issued for any such Justice respectively before whom the Offence or Offences shall be committed, to commit such Offender or Offender for such time not exceeding Three Months, as the said Justice in these Directions shall think fit.

Offences committed before Two or more Justices.

Penalties levied by Distress.

Imprisonment.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons who shall heretofore be convicted of any of the Offences punishable by this Act, shall sometime here, or as themselves to be aggrieved by such Conviction, then and in every such case a Warrant may be issued for such Person or Persons respectively, and by, to or they shall or may appeal to the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace holden next after such Conviction in and for the County, Riding, City or Place, going over the Justice before whom such Conviction shall be made, Notice in Writing within Eight Days after any such Conviction, of his, her or their Intention to prefer such Appeal; and the said Justice in their said General or Quarter Sessions shall make, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to proceed to the Hearing and Determination of the Matter of such Appeal, and to make such Order thereon, and to award such Costs to be paid by and to either Party, not exceeding Forty Shillings, as they in their Discretion shall think fit.

Appeal after Conviction in General Quarter Sessions.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That no Penalty or Forfeiture shall be recoverable under this Act, unless the same shall be demanded, or the Offence in respect of which the same is imposed is prosecuted before the Justices of the Peace or Quarter Sessions, within Six Months after the Offence shall have been committed; and no Person who shall suffer any Imprisonment for Nonpayment of any Penalty shall thereafter be liable to the Payment of such Penalty or Forfeiture.

Limitation of Penalties.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, that every such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Three Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards, and shall be laid and brought in the County wherein the Cause or alleged Cause of Action shall have occurred, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence in any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to be done, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought after the time limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought in any other County, City or Place, than that and so forth before the Jury shall be led for such Defendant or Defendants; and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become satisfied, or discontinues his, her or these Action or Actions, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or the Defendant or Defendants shall have and may recover Ten Pence Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same, as any Defendant or Defendants shall or have by Costs of Suit in other suits by Law.

General Issue.

Ten Pence Costs.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without specially pleading the same.

Public Act.

C A P. CLVI.

An Act for the more effectual Parliament of Perfect siding Prisoners of War to escape from His Majesty's Dominion.

[April July 1812.]

WHEREAS many Prisoners of War confined and so bound in different Parts of His Majesty's Dominion have of late escaped by the Aid and Assistance of many of His Majesty's Subjects and others; and it is necessary to repair such Practices and Violations of the Allegiance due to His Majesty and of the Law by many of His Majesty's Subjects: Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present

present

Printing of Orders
of War to
slaves

perfect Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person who shall, from and after the passing of this Act, knowingly and wilfully aid or assist any Abu-Enemy of His Majesty, being a Professor of War in His Majesty's Dominions, whether such Professor shall be considered as a Professor of War in any Part or other Place of Controversy, or shall be believed to be at large in His Majesty's Dominions or any Part thereof as last aforesaid, or escape from such Part or other Place of Controversy, or from His Majesty's Dominions, or at large upon Parade, shall, upon being convicted thereof, be adjudged guilty of Felony, and be liable to be transported as a Felon for Life, or for such Term of Years or Seven Years, as the Court before whom such Person shall be convicted shall adjudge.

First printed

Adding through
an Act of Parliament
the force in passing
of it

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Person who shall knowingly and wilfully aid or assist any such Professor at large on Parade in quitting any Part of His Majesty's Dominions where he may be on his Parade, although he shall not aid or assist such Person in quitting the Coast of any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, shall be deemed guilty of aiding the Escape of such Person under the Provisions of this Act.

Adding on
with the 15th
Section 156

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons owing Allegiance to His Majesty, after any such Professor as aforesaid hath quitted the Coast of any Part of His Majesty's Dominions in such his Escape as aforesaid, shall knowingly and wilfully upon the High Seas aid or assist such Professor in his Escape to or towards any other Dominion or Place, such Person shall also be adjudged guilty of Felony, and be liable to be transported as aforesaid; and such Offences committed upon the High Seas and not within the Body of any County, shall and may be required of, tried, heard, determined and adjudged in any County within the Realm, in like manner as if such Offences had been committed within such County.

Interpretation

Offences where
tried

Offences tried
elsewhere than
under Provisions
of Act

IV. And be it also enacted, That this Act shall not be deemed or taken to prevent any Person, committing any Offence mentioned in this Act, from being prosecuted, in such manner as he might by Law have been prosecuted if this Act had not passed; but nevertheless no Person prosecuted otherwise than under the Provisions of this Act, shall be liable to be prosecuted for the same Offence under the Provisions hereof; and no Person prosecuted under the Provisions of this Act shall for the same Offence be liable to be otherwise prosecuted.

C A P. CLVH.

An Act to prevent the issuing and circulating of Pieces of Gold and Silver, or other Metal, usually called Tokens, except such as are issued by the Bankers of England and Ireland respectively.

[24th July 1812.]

WHEREAS various Pieces of Gold or Silver, and mixed Metal composed in Part of Gold or Silver, or actually disseminated Tokens, have lately been and are issued and circulated by Persons residing in various Parts of the United Kingdom, in great Quantities, for nominal Sums of Money usually expressed thereon, much above the real Value of the Metals of which the same are composed: And whereas it is expedient that the further making and issuing of such Tokens should be prohibited, and that the Circulation of those already made or issued should also be prohibited after a limited Period: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, no Piece of Gold or Silver, or mixed Metal composed in Part of Gold or Silver, of whatever Value the same may be, shall be made or manufactured, or originally issued as a Token for Money, or as purporting that the Bearer or Holder thereof is entitled to demand any Value denoted thereon, either by Letters, Words, Figures, Marks or otherwise, whether such Value is to be paid or given in Money or Goods, or in any manner whatsoever; and every Person who shall after the passing of this Act make or manufacture, or originally issue or procure to be made, manufactured or originally issued, or procure or suffer to be issued as his or her Behalf as for any nominal Value in Money or Goods, any such Token, shall for every Token so made, manufactured or issued, or procured or permitted to be so made, manufactured or issued as aforesaid, forfeit any Sum not less than Five Pence or more than Twenty Pence, at the Discretion of the Judges or Justices of the Peace who shall hear and determine such Offence.

Tokens not
issued

Making, &c.
Tokens

Penalty

It hath been
revised after
a 24th March
1812

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, no Piece of Gold or Silver, or of any mixed Metal composed partly of Gold or Silver, or of whatever Value the same may be, shall pass or circulate as a Token for Money, or as purporting that the Bearer or Holder thereof is entitled to demand any Value denoted thereon, either by Letters, Words, Figures, Marks or otherwise, whether such Value is to be paid or given in Money or Goods, or in any manner whatsoever; and every Person who shall after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, circulate or pass, or for any nominal Value in Money or Goods, any such Token, shall for every such Token so circulated or passed, whether such Person shall be or have been concerned in the original issuing or circulation of any such Token, or only the Bearer or Holder thereof for the time being, forfeit any Sum not less than Five Pence, or more than Twenty Pence, at the Discretion of the Judges or Justices of the Peace who shall hear and determine such Offence; provided that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent any Person from presenting any such Token for Payment to the original Issuer thereof, or to discharge or satisfy any such original Issuer from his Liability to pay the same.

Penalty

Original Issues

All not to be
used in Tokens

III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Token issued or circulated by or under the Authority of the Governor and Company

party of the Bank of England, or by or under the Authority of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland respectively, or in any manner to affect any such Tokens or the Circulation thereof, or to falsify any Company or Companies, or Person or Persons to any Penalty for affixing or circulating any such Tokens.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace sitting for the County, Riding, City or Place within which any Offence against this Act shall be committed, to hear and determine the same in a summary way; and such Justice or Justices upon any Information exhibited or Complaint made upon Oath in that behalf, shall summon the Party accused, and all the Witnesses on either Side, and shall examine into the Matter of Fact, and upon due Proof made thereof, either by the voluntary Confession of the Party or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or otherwise (which Oath such Justice or Justices are as lawfully authorized to administer) shall commit the Offences, and adjudge the Penalty for such Offences.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall be summoned as a Witness to give Evidence before such Justice or Justices, either on the Part of the Prosecuter or the Person accused, and shall neglect or refuse to appear at the Time or Place to be for that Purpose appointed, without a reasonable Excuse for such Neglect or Refusal, to be allowed by such Justice or Justices, then such Person shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be levied and paid in such manner and by such means as are directed for Recovery of other Penalties under this Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Justice or Justices before whom any Offence shall be committed as aforesaid, shall cause the said Conviction to be made out in the Manner and Form following; that is to say,

BE remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____ A. B. having appeared before me [or, us] or [or, more] of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace [as the case may be] for the County, Riding, City or Place, [or the case may be] and due Proof having been made upon Oath by One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, or by Confession of the Party [as the case may be] is convicted of [describing the Offence]. Given under my Hand and Seal [or, our Hands and Seals] the Day and Year aforesaid.

Which Conviction the said Justice or Justices shall cause to be returned to the then next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace of the County, Riding, City or Place where such Conviction was made, to be filed by the Clerk of the Peace, to remain and be kept among the Records of such County, Riding, City or Place.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Clerk of the Peace for any County, Riding, City or Place, and be it lawfully required, upon Application made to him by any Person or Persons for that Purpose, to cause a Copy or Copies of any Conviction or Convictions filed by him under the Direction of this Act, to be forthwith delivered to such Person or Persons, upon Payment of One Shilling for every such Copy.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the pecuniary Penalties and Forfeitures hereby imposed and made payable upon any Conviction against this Act, shall be levied and paid by the Persons convicted in full, one Moiety of the Penalties to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish or Place where the Offence shall be committed; and in case such Person shall refuse or neglect to pay the same, or to give sufficient Security to the Satisfaction of such Justice or Justices to prosecute any Appeal against such Conviction, such Justice or Justices shall, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, cause the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, together with all Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale, returning the Overplus (if any) to the Owner; and which said Warrant of Distress the said Justice or Justices shall cause to be made out in the Manner and Form following; that is to say,

To the Constable, Headborough or Tythingman of _____ in this County of _____ WHEREAS A. B. of _____ is this Day convicted before me [or, us] or [or, more] of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace [as the case may be] for the County of _____ [or, for the Riding of the County of _____] [or, for the Town, Liberty or District of _____ as the case may be] upon the Oath of _____ or _____ a credible Witness or Witnesses [or, by Confession of the Party, as the case may be] for that the said A. B. hath [done for such the Offence] contrary to the Statute in that behalf made and provided, by reason whereof the said A. B. hath forfeited the Sum of _____ so be distributed as herein is mentioned, which he hath refused to pay; that we therefore, in His Majesty's Name, do command you to levy the said Sum of _____ by Distress of the Goods and Chattels of him the said A. B., and if within the Space of _____ Days next after such Distress by you taken, the said Sum, together with the reasonable Charges of taking the same, shall not be paid, then that you do sell the said Goods and Chattels to him by you delivered, and out of the Money arising by such Sale, that you do pay Over Half of the said Sum of _____ to who informed me [or, us, as the case shall be] of the said Offence, and the other Half of the said Sum of _____ to the Overlord of the Poor of the Parish, Township or Place, where the Offence was committed, to be employed for the Benefit of such Poor, returning the Overplus (if any) upon Demand to the said A. B., the reasonable Charges of taking, keeping and selling the said Distress being first deducted; and if sufficient Distress cannot be found of the Goods and Chattels of the said A. B. whome to levy the said Sum of _____ that then you certify the same to me [or, us, as the case shall be] together with this Warrant. Given under my Hand and Seal [or, Hands and Seals] the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of Our Lord _____

By what name
the Approvers

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for each Justice or Justices to order each Offender to be detained in safe Custody until Return may conveniently be had and made to each Warrant of Distress, unless the Party be certified that good Sufficient Security to the Satisfaction of each Justice or Justices, for his Appearance before the said Justice or Justices on each Day as shall be appointed by the said Justice or Justices for the Day of the Return of the said Warrant of Distress, [such Day not exceeding Five Days from the taking of such Security] which Security the said Justice or Justices is and are lawfully empowered to take by way of Recognizance or otherwise.

Offenders committed for want of Distress

X. And be it further enacted, That if upon each Return so taken as aforesaid can be had, then and to each of the said Justice or Justices shall and may commit each Offender to the Common Gaol or House of Confinement of the County, Riding, Division or Place where the Offence shall be committed, for the Space of Three Calendar Months, unless the Money forfeited shall be sooner paid, or unless or until each Offender, thinking him or herself aggrieved by such Commitment, shall give Notice to the Justices that he or she intends to appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the County, Riding or Place wherein the Offence shall be committed, and shall enter into Recognizance before some Justice or Justices, with Two sufficient Sureties conditioned to try each Appeal, and to abide the Order of said pay each Costs as shall be ascertained by the Justice or such Quarter Sessions; which Notice of Appeal, being not less than Eight Days before the Trial thereof, shall entitle each Party so aggrieved to be lawfully empowered to give; and the said Justice or Justices, upon due Proof of such Notice being given as aforesaid, and of the entering into such Recognizance, shall lawfully and finally determine the Costs and Matters of each Appeal in a summary way, and award each Costs to the Party so appealing or appealing against, as they the said Justices shall think proper; and the Determination of each Quarter Sessions shall be final, binding and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes.

Provision for Warrants

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be debilitated from being a Witness in any Prosecution for any Offence against this Act, by reason of his being an Inhabitant of the Parish wherein each Offence was committed.

Constitution and Powers of Justices

XII. Provided always, That no Proceedings to be had touching the Constitution or Commission of any Offender or Offences against this Act, shall be questioned or reversed in any Court of Law, or be reviewed by Writ of Habeas Corpus, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or elsewhere.

Execution of Actions

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done or omitted in pursuance of this Act, then and in every such case such Action or Suit shall be commenced or prosecuted within Three Calendar Months after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and the same and every such Action or Suit shall be brought within the County where the Fact was committed, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence in any Trial to be had thereupon; and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if the same shall appear on the Trial to be done, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought after the time limited for bringing the same, or be brought or laid in any other Place than as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become Moribund, or die, or become Insane, he or their Action after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, and, upon Demand, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the Recovery thereof as any Defendant or Defendants here or here in any other Act by Law.

Treble Costs

C A F. CLVIII.

An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the Relief of Persons equitably entitled to Stocks and Annuities transferable at the Bank of England, and of an Act passed in this present Session for the Relief of Infant Sisters entitled to the like Stocks and Annuities, to all other transferable Stocks and Funds.

[14th July 1812.]

34 G. 3. c. 30.
51.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *“An Act for the Relief of Persons equitably entitled to or interested in the several Stocks and Annuities transferable at the Bank of England, Provision is made for the Transfer and Receipt of Dividends and for the Directions of His Majesty's High Court of Chancery, or of the Court of Exchequer, or of any Stock and Annuity transferable at the Bank of England, standing in the Name or Names of any Person or Persons who being Trustee or Trustees, or the legal personal Representative or Representatives of any such Person or Persons, shall be absent, out of the Jurisdiction, or not amenable to the Process of the Courts of Chancery and Exchequer, or who are Bankrupt or Insolvent, Lunatic or Lame, or who shall refuse to transfer the Stock or Annuity legally vested in him, her or them, or to receive or pay over the Dividends of such Stock, or Annuity to the Person or Persons beneficially entitled thereto, or to take any necessary or necessary measures whether such Trustee or Trustees, Representative or Representatives, or are now living or dead; and by the same Act Provision is made for the Transfer, under the Direction of the Lord Chancellor, of Stocks and Annuities transferable at the Bank of England, standing in the Names of Persons declared or adjudged Bankrupt or Insane, or who are Lame, or of the Dividends of such Stock and Annuity; and by the same Act Provision is made for Trustees, under the like Direction, of Stock and Annuities transferable at the Bank, standing in the Name or Names of a Lunatic or Lunatics*

• In his, her or their own Right, or in the Name or Names of the Committee or Committees of his, her or
 • their Estate or Estates, in Trust for the said Letters or Letters, or as Part of his, her or their Property;
 • And whereas by an Act passed in this present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for the Relief of Infants*
 • *Yetors in Cases of Equity*, enacted in such or some of the Public or other Books, transcribed as
 • the Book of England, it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Courts of Chancery and Exchequer as
 • order and direct all or any Dividends due to any Infant or Infants, or any of the public or other Stocks,
 • Funds or Annuities, transcribable in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England,
 • standing in the Name or Names of such Infant or Infants, and to which such Infant or Infants in or are he-
 • reafter entitled, to be paid for the Use and Benefit of such Infant or Infants: And whereas it is ex-
 • pressly declared that the Operation of the said Acts respectively should be extended to such *Sea Stock, East India*
 • *Stock*, and all other transcribable Stocks, Annuities and Funds; Be it therefore enacted by the King's
 • Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and
 • Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and every the
 • Provisions and Expressions in the said several Acts contained, in any way relating to any Stocks or Annuities
 • transcribable in the Bank of England, or transcribable in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank
 • of England, or to any Dividends on such Stocks or Annuities, shall be deemed and construed to extend, and
 • so, hereby amended to such *Sea Stock, East India Stock*, and all other Stocks, Annuities and Funds transcribable
 • or to be made transcribable in the Books of the said Sea Company, or in the Books of the United
 • Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or in the Books of any other Company or
 • Society established or to be established, and in the Dividends payable thereon respectively, as fully as if such
 • several Provisions and Expressions were respectively more fully inserted in length.

As inserted in
 Book 2nd, Part
 1st, and all
 other Books.

Copy of the
 Act in the
 Secretary's Office.

A Copy of the
 Act is also
 printed.

II. Provided always, and so it is enacted, That in all cases in which by the said Act intitled *An Act* is
 • directed to be done by the Accountant General, or the Secretary or Deputy Secretary for the time being of
 • the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, the same Acts, so far as they relate to such *Sea Stock,*
 • *East India Stock*, or any other Stocks or Annuities in which the Executors and Provisions of the said
 • several Acts are hereby extended, shall be done by such Person as shall be appointed for that Purpose by the
 • several Orders of the Court of Chancery or Court of Exchequer, or of the Lord High Chancellor, under the
 • Authority of which such Acts respectively are to be done.

III. And be it enacted, That this present Act shall be, and is hereby declared to be, a full and complete
 • Indemnity and Discharge to the said Sea Company, the *East India Company*, and all other Companies and
 • Societies, and their Officers and Servants, for all things done or permitted to be done pursuant thereto, and
 • that the same shall not be questioned or impeached in any Court of Law or Equity to their Prejudice or
 • Detriment.

C A P. CLXX.

An Act for changing Foreign Liquors and Tobacco dutiable, *Jessam, Florina, Lagan or Wrock,*
 • brought or coming into Great Britain, with the Duties payable on Importation of such Liquors
 • and Tobacco. [19th July 1812.]

WHEREAS Doubts have arisen whether Foreign Liquors and Tobacco dutiable, *Jessam, Florina,*
 • *Lagan or Wrock*, brought or coming into this Kingdom, are by the Laws now in force subject and
 • liable to the Payment of Duties; and such Foreign Liquors and Tobacco have of late such Duties
 • been sometimes sold and carried into Consumption without any Duties having been paid for or in respect
 • thereof, to the great Loss of His Majesty's Revenue, and Injury of Persons dealing in such Liquors and
 • Tobacco, for or in respect whereof the Duties have been paid on Importation; Be it therefore declared
 • and enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spi-
 • ritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same,
 • That all such Liquors and Tobacco dutiable, *Jessam, Florina, Lagan or Wrock*, brought or coming into this
 • Kingdom, are and shall be subject and liable to the Payment of the same Duties as Liquors and Tobacco
 • of the like Kind, equally imported, are by any Law or Laws now in force subject and liable to, and shall also
 • be entitled to such Drawbacks, and be subject to such Allowances and Abatements as Liquors and Tobacco
 • of the like Kind regularly imported are entitled and subject to; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary
 • notwithstanding.

Liquors and
 Tobacco dutiable,
 to be liable to
 Duties.

Regulations
 of the
 Excise.

II. And, for the better Securing the Payment of the Duties upon such Liquors and Tobacco respectively,
 • be it enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July, One thousand eight hundred and twelve, all
 • and every Person and Persons bringing into this Kingdom, or landing or delivering on the Coasts of this King-
 • dom, any Foreign Liquors or Tobacco dutiable, *Jessam, Florina, Lagan or Wrock*, for or in respect whereof
 • any Duty of Customs or Excise is by Law imposed, shall, within Twenty four Hours next after he, she or they
 • shall have so brought, landed or delivered such Liquors or Tobacco, if the same be found on Land, or within
 • Twenty four Hours next after the same shall have been landed, if the same be found at Sea, give Notice thereof
 • to the nearest Customs House or Excise Office, or to some neighbouring Officer of Customs or Excise, specifying
 • the Place where such Liquors or Tobacco then is or are deposited, and the proper Officers of Customs and
 • Excise shall thereupon forthwith take a particular Account of the Kinds and Quantities of such Liquors or
 • Tobacco, and shall demand of the Person or Persons in whose Possession such Liquors or Tobacco may be, or
 • who shall have found or brought, to land, the same, the full Duties of Customs and Excise due in respect thereof;
 • and so soon as such Duties shall not on such Days be paid by such Person or Persons, the said Officer of Customs
 • or Excise shall cause such Liquors or Tobacco to be safely and securely lodged and deposited in a Warehouse
 • or Warehouse, to be kept in such Warehouse or Warehouse under His Majesty's Lock, until the Duties of
 • Customs

| | |
|--|--|
| | <p>Customs and Excise payable for or in respect thereof shall be paid and satisfied, or until such Liquors or Tobacco shall be sold in manner hereinafter mentioned; and if any Person or Persons shall, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, bring into this Kingdom, or find or deliver on the Coast of this Kingdom, any Foreign Liquors or Tobacco, Brandy, Jamaica, Flouza, Lager or Wreck, for or in respect whereof any Duty of Customs or Excise is by Law imposed, and shall not give such Notice thereof as aforesaid, every such Person and Persons shall, for every such Offence, before the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Person or Persons shall, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, remove, open or alter in Quantity or Quality, or cause to be removed, opened or altered in Quantity or Quality, or add or still in the remaining, opening or altering in Quantity or Quality, any such Liquors or Tobacco, or break, leak or destroy, or cause to be broken, leaked or destroyed, or add or still in the breaking, opening or destroying any of the Casks or Packages containing any such Liquors or Tobacco before such Liquors or Tobacco shall have been taken an Account of by the proper Officers of Customs and Excise as aforesaid, and before the said Liquors or Tobacco shall be by them lodged and deposited in a Warehouse or Warehouses as aforesaid, every such Person and Persons in offending shall, for every such Offence, before and to the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and all such Liquors and Tobacco respectively in removed, opened or altered in Quantity or Quality, together with the Casks and other Packages respectively containing the same, shall be forfeited, and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise: Provided always, that if the Duties on such Liquors and Tobacco shall not be paid or discharged within Eighteen Months next after the said Liquors and Tobacco shall be lodged and deposited in such Warehouse or Warehouses as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs or Excise, and they are hereby respectively authorized and empowered to sell and dispose of such Liquors or Tobacco or any Part thereof, for and towards the satisfying the Duties payable in respect of such Liquors and Tobacco, and also the Costs, Charges and Expenses attending the conveying such Liquors and Tobacco to such Warehouse or Warehouses, and of the loading and Sale of such Liquors and Tobacco, rendering the Overplus (if any) of the Money arising by the said Sale, after Payment of the said Duties, Cost, Charges and Expenses, to such Person or Persons as shall be by Law entitled to the same; and if upon such Liquors and Tobacco being put up or offered to Sale, no Person or Persons shall offer or bid for the same as much or more Money than the Duties payable in respect thereof, together with the Warehouse Rent, Costs, Charges and Expenses taken together would amount to, then and in such case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Customs or Excise, and they are hereby respectively authorized and empowered to grant the Person or Persons by Law entitled to the same, to consign or to sell and dispose thereof for Exportation only, subject to the usual Regulations in such case, or if such Person or Persons should refuse to do so, then to sell and dispose of such Liquors or Tobacco for Exportation, or to destroy the same, as such Commissioners respectively may deem most expedient: Provided also, that nothing hereinbefore contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to prevent any such Liquors or Tobacco as the said Commissioners may deem necessary for that Purpose being sold Duty free, for the Payment of the Salvage Expenses incurred in respect thereof.</p> |
| Penalty. | <p>III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the Load of the Mace on which such Liquors or Tobacco shall be found, having by Law just Claims thereon, or where no such Lord of the Mace shall exist, upon the Person or Persons bringing into this Kingdom, or finding or delivering on the Coast thereof, any such Foreign Liquor or Tobacco, shall be at Liberty to retain the same on his, her or their own Custody or Possession for the Space of One Year and One Day, to be computed and reckoned from such bringing, finding or delivering thereof, as his, her or their entering into Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, with Two sufficient Sureties to be approved of by the proper Officers of Customs or Excise in Triple the Value of such Liquors or Tobacco, as the case may require, for the due Payment of the Duties for or in respect thereof at the End and Expiration of such Year and Day, or in Default of such Payment to enforce such Liquors and Tobacco at the End or Expiration of such Year and Day to the proper Officers or Officers of the Customs or Excise, in the same State and Condition as the same was or were in at the time of such bringing, finding or delivering thereof; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary in any writ notwithstanding.</p> |
| Goods received in Custody of Queen for One Year, if Bond entered into for Payment of Duties. | <p>IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall offend, with, against, molest, offend or hinder any Officers or Officers of the Customs or Excise in the due Execution of this Act, or if any of the Powers or Authorities hereby given or granted to any such Officers or Officers, all and every such Person or Persons in offending shall forfeit for each and every such Offence the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.</p> |
| Addressing Officers. | <p>V. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures created or imposed by this Act, and which shall be had for or prosecuted under or by virtue of the Order or Permission of the Commissioners of the Customs or Excise and Seized respectively, or by any Officers or Officers of the Customs, shall and may be had for, recovered, recovered and disposed of, in such manner, and by such ways, means and methods as any Fines or Penalties incurred, or any Goods forfeited for any Offence against the Laws of Customs may now legally be had for, prosecuted, recovered and disposed of; and the Officers or Officers of the Customs concerned in any such Seizures or Forfeitures shall be entitled to and receive each Share of the Produce arising from the said Seizures as they are now by Law entitled to upon Prosecution of Seizures for unlawful Importation, and to such Share of the Produce arising from any such Penalty or Compensation paid for any Offence against this Act, as they are now by any Law or Regulation entitled to upon Prosecution for necessary Prohibition.</p> |
| Penalty for using Customs, law break. | <p>VI. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures created and imposed, and which shall be prosecuted or had for by Order of the Commissioners of Excise in England or Scotland respectively, or by any Officers or Officers of Excise, shall be had for, recovered, tried or adjudged, by such ways, means or methods as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be had for, recovered, tried or adjudged by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Act of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fine,</p> |
| Penalty for using Customs, law break. | <p>Penalty</p> |

Heir or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, his or them who shall inherit, discover or sue for the same.

C A P. CLX.

An Act to enable Justices of the Peace to order Parochial Relief to Prisoners confined under Meise Process for Debt in such Goods as are not County Goods. [17th July 1812.]

WHEREAS great Distress is suffered by poor Persons confined under Meise Process for Debt in such Goods as are not County Goods, in consequence of their not receiving any Allowance whither to subsist during the time of such Confinement: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this purpose Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for any One Justice of the Peace sitting for the County, Riding or Division, wherever any Good (which is not a County Good) is situated, to order (the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish, Township or Place wherein any such Good (which is not a County Good) shall be situated, so where any poor Person who shall be confined in such Good under Meise Process for Debt, and who shall appear to such Justice to be unable to support himself or herself, and who shall have applied for Relief to such Overseers as aforesaid.

Justice to order Parochial Relief to Prisoners in Goods not County Goods.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the same to be given for the Relief of any such poor Person shall not exceed Six pence per Diem, during the term of his or her Confinement in such Good under Meise Process for Debt.

Sum limited.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Overseers of the Poor of any such Parish, Township or Place to whom any such Application for Relief shall be made as aforesaid, if they shall doubt whether such poor Person is legally confined in such Parish, Township or Place, shall cause him or her to be examined upon Oath before One or more Justices or Justices of the Peace, residing in or near his legal Settlement, upon which Examination it shall be lawful for Justices to make an Order for the Removal of such poor Person to the Place of his last legal Settlement, and to suspend the Execution of such Order of Removal during the term of such Person being confined in such Good under such Meise Process, which Suspension of the same shall be intimated on the said Order, and signed by such Justices, and the subsequent Provisions to execute the same shall be also intimated on the said Order, and signed by such Justices, or by any other Two Justices of the Peace sitting for the same County, Riding or Division.

Legal Settlement of Prisoner ascertained.

Order of Removal suspended while Prisoner imprisoned.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That a Copy of the Order of Removal, and of the Order for suspending the Execution of the same as aforesaid, shall, as soon as may be after the making thereof respectively, be served upon the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish, Township or Place in which such poor Person shall by such Order of Removal be adjudged to be legally settled.

Served on Overseers of the Poor of Parish.

V. And be it further enacted, That although such poor Person shall not have been actually removed in pursuance of such Order of Removal as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace to direct the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish, Township or Place in which such Person is adjudged to be settled, to repay to the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish, Township or Place wherein such Good shall be situated, all the Charges incurred upon such of any such Overseers of the Parish, Township or Place where the Good is situated, to have been incurred in granting Relief to such Person during the time of his Confinement and the Suspension of such Order, not exceeding Six pence per Diem; and if the Overseers of the Parish, Township or Place to which such Order of Removal shall be made, or any or either of them, shall refuse or neglect to pay any such Sum as is aforesaid as aforesaid within Twenty one days after Demand thereof, and shall not within the said time give Notice of Appeal in heretofore mentioned, it shall be lawful for One Justice of the Peace, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to cause the Money so directed to be paid as aforesaid to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons so refusing or neglecting to pay the same, and also to take Costs attending the same, not exceeding Forty Shillings, as such Justice shall direct; and if the Parish, Township or Place to which the Removal was ordered to be made, be without the Jurisdiction of the Justice of Peace issuing the Warrant, then such Warrant shall be transmitted to any Justice of the Peace having Jurisdiction within such Parish, Township or Place as aforesaid, who upon Receipt thereof is hereby authorized and required to collect the same for Execution: Provided nevertheless, that if the Sum is ordered to be paid on account of such Costs and Charges exceed the Sum of Five Pounds, the Party or Parties aggrieved by such Order may appeal to the next General Quarter Sessions for the County, Riding or Division in which such Good is situated, a month before the same, as they may do against an Order for the Removal of poor Persons by any Law now in being, and if the Court of Quarter Sessions shall be of Opinion that the Sum is awarded by more than the Right ought to have been directed to be paid, such Court may and is hereby directed to strike out the Sum contained in the said Order, and inform the Sum which is the Judgment of the said Court, ought to be paid, and in every such case the said Court of Quarter Sessions shall direct that the said Order be amended shall be carried into Execution by the said Justices by whom the Order was originally made, or either of them, by such other Justice or Justices as the said Court shall direct.

Overseers to repay Expenses on making Process.

In case of Refusal, Money to be raised by Distress.

Appeal.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish, Township or Place wherein such poor Person shall, by such Order of Removal, be adjudged to be legally settled, to appeal against such Order to the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County, Riding or Division in which such Good is situated, before the Reviewer of the Copy of such Order of Removal, in such Copy shall have been served upon such Overseers Twenty one Days before the holding of such next General Quarter Sessions, but in such case shall not be served Twenty one Days before the holding of such next General Quarter Sessions, then the Appeal may be to the next succeeding General Quarter Sessions holden for the

Appeal.

Provis.

the said County, Riding or Division, and upon such Appeal the like Proceedings may be had as are observed in other cases of Appeals against Orders of Removal of poor Persons by any Law now in being: Provided always that in case such Order of Removal and Suspension is not appealed against in manner aforesaid, or if upon Appeal such Order shall be confirmed, such poor Person shall be deemed and taken to be legally settled in the Parish, Township or Place in which he shall by such Order of Removal be adjudged to be legally settled.

Single Poor
relief, order
made on England
or Wales, &c.
For removal out
of every Man

VII. And last further method, That in case any poor Person applying for Relief under the Provisions of this Act shall, upon his Examination as to his last legal settlement, be found not to be legally settled in any Parish, Township or Place within England and Wales, it shall be lawful for any One Justice of the Peace to order the Overseer of the Poor of the Parish, Township or Place where the said Person is situated (in which Parish poor Person shall be settled under the Statute in that behalf made) or where such poor Person with a Sum not exceeding Six pence per Week out of the Funds in their Hands applicable to the Relief of the Poor, which Sum shall be reimbursed to the Overseer of the Poor of the said Parish, Township or Place, for the Use of such Person, out of the County, Rate, or the Treasurers of the County, Riding or Division in which such Parish, Township or Place shall be situated, at the Expence of the Comptroller of such poor Person upon such Notice Paverth as aforesaid.

C A F. CLXI.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to grant Leases under certain Circumstances, and for the better carrying into Effect the Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirtieth ninth and Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, touching the Formation of a Map of the New Forest in the County of Southampton, and continuing and extending other Provisions of the said Act; for further appropriating the Monies arising or to arise from the Sale of certain Crown Lands under the Authority of divers Acts of Parliament; for assigning certain Lands within the Forest of Rockingham to His Majesty's Manor of King's Cliffe; and for enabling the Commissioners of the Treasury to appropriate small Portions of Land for Ecclesiastical Purposes. [19th July 1812.]

24 G. 3. c. 25.

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Thirtieth fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for the better Management of the Land Revenue of the Crown, and for the Sale of the Parks and other unimproved Lands, touching and respecting a Provision contained in an Act, made in the First Year of the Reign of Queen Anne, intitled An Act for the better Support of Her Majesty's Household, and for the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, in so far as the same was contrary to any of the Provisions of the said Act of the Thirtieth fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign: And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to improve the Land Revenue of the Crown of England, and also of His Majesty's Duchy of Lancaster*, it was enacted, that where any Land or Ground belonging or hereafter to belong to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, within the Ordering and Survey of the Duchesop, or of the Duchy of Lancaster, shall be deemed by the Lord High Treasurer or the Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster for the time being, fit and proper for Gardens, Yards, Cartilages and other Appurtenances to be used and enjoyed with any House or Houses or Buildings erected or to be erected upon Ground belonging either to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or to any other Proprietors, it should be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, to divide or grant such Land or Ground to any Person or Persons, or to any Bodies Politic or Corporate, under the Great Seal of Great Britain, or the Seal of the Duchesop, or the Seal of the Duchy and County Palatine of Lancaster, for any Term or Terms not exceeding Ninety nine Years, to be computed from the Date or making any such Lease or Grant respectively; or if any such Lease or Grant be made to take Effect in Reverfion or Expectancy, that the Term and Estate thereby to be granted, together with the Term or Estate, Term or Estate in Possession of and on the same Lands and Grounds should not exceed Ninety nine Years, computed from the Date or making thereof as aforesaid; and it was thereby further enacted, that no Land or Ground for Gardens, Yard, Cartilage or other Appurtenances to be used and enjoyed with any House or Buildings or houses or to be holden under any Lease from His Majesty, or His Royal Predecessors, should be granted or demised for any Term or Estate exceeding in Duration the Term or Estate for which the House or Buildings to which such Land or Ground should be so attached in Gardens, Yard, Cartilage or other Appurtenances should be holden: And whereas it would tend much to the Improvement of the Revenue belonging to His Majesty in Right of the said Duchy of Lancaster, if the Power of granting Leases for the Erection, repairing or rebuilding of Houses and other Buildings, on Lands within the Survey of the said Duchy, and of Gardens, Cartilages and Appurtenances to be used therewith, were enlarged, and if the Provisions in the said second Act of the Thirtieth fourth Year of His present Majesty were extended to Leases granted under the Seals of the Duchy and County Palatine of Lancaster: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said second Provisions of the said Act of the First Year of Queen Anne, contained in so far as the same is contrary to any of the Provisions of this Act, shall be and the same shall be hereby repealed; and that where any Land or Ground belonging or hereafter to belong to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, within the Ordering and Survey of the Duchesop and Council of His Majesty's Duchy of Lancaster for the time being, fit and proper for the Erection of Houses or other Buildings therewith, or for the erecting Gardens, Yards, Cartilages and other Appurtenances to be used and enjoyed therewith, and shall be by their Order desired to be reserved or let apart and appropriated to that Use; or where the Lessee or Grantee, Lessee or Grantee, shall agree and consent to erect Buildings thereof of greater Yearly Value than the Land or Ground to so be holden, or granted; or*

where

1 Ann. Stat. c. 7. s. 6. repealed. His Majesty may build Lands &c.

where the greatest Part of the Yearly Value of any Tenements or Hereditaments belonging to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors as aforesaid, shall or shall at the time of making any Lease or Grant thereof consist of any Building or Buildings thereupon; and all and every any of such cases it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to demise or grant the Land or Grounds to be let apart as aforesaid, or the Tenements or Hereditaments of the Description last aforesaid respectively, to any Person or Persons, or to any Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, under the Seal or Seals of the said Duchy and County Palatine of Lancaster, for any Term or Terms, in or for each Term or Estate do not exceed Ninety nine Years or Three Lives, to be computed from the Date of making of such Lease or Grant respectively; or if any such Lease or Grant be made to take Effect at Retention or Expectancy, then that the Term and Estate thereby to be granted, together with the Term or Estate, Term or Estates in Possession of and in the same Land and Ground, Tenements and Hereditaments respectively, shall not exceed Ninety nine Years or Three Lives, computed from the Date of making thereof as aforesaid, and in or the respective Rents hereinafter specified, or reserved for the Lease; that it is to be, where there shall happen to be any substantial Building or Buildings upon the Grounds to be demised, or that the Building or Buildings thereupon shall not require or not be intended and agreed to be rebuilt, then shall be reserved to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, an annual Rent or Rents, not being less than Two Third Parts of such annual Rent as shall be decreed by the Chancellor and Council of the said Duchy for the time being, a reasonable Rate or Consideration for such Building or Buildings and Grounds respectively, for the Term and Estate intended to be granted of and in the same, and in or there to be paid to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, a Fine or Fines to the Amount of the remaining Part of such annual Rent as aforesaid, subject to a Discount which shall not be computed at a higher Rate than the highest legal Interest at the time of making any such Grant or Lease; and where there shall happen to be an substantial Building upon the Land or Grounds to be demised, or that the Building or Buildings thereupon required or should be intended and agreed to be both with rebuild, or other new Buildings to be erected upon such Land or Grounds, then and in that case there shall be reserved such annual Rent or Rents as shall be decreed by the Chancellor and Council of the said Duchy for the time being, to be a reasonable Rent or Consideration for such Land and Ground and old Buildings respectively for the Term and Estate intended to be granted of and in the same, without taking any Fine for the same, and in or in every Lease or Grant of Land or Ground and Buildings of the Description last aforesaid, there be contained a Covenant or Condition, on the Part of the Lessee or Lessees, for the erecting of proper and substantial Houses or other Buildings thereon, within a reasonable time to be in such cases limited for that Purpose, and such other Covenants for keeping Buildings Repair, and doing all such other Acts as the Chancellor and Council of the said Duchy of Lancaster for the time being shall think reasonable, and in or all and every such Rent and Rents be referred to be paid for and clear of all manner of Taxes and Assessments whatsoever, for and during the whole of the Term or Terms to be granted or demised, except such Rent or such Part thereof, and during such Part of such Term or Terms as the Chancellor and Council of the said Duchy of Lancaster for the time being fall in any such thing it and expedient to be allowed, not exceeding in any one the Term of Three Years, and in or every such Grants or Leases, Covenants or Conditions, shall and lawfully sign, seal and deliver a Counterpart or Counterparts of the same, or their respective Grant or Lease, Grants or Leases; and that all and every such Grants and Leases be made as aforesaid, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, shall be good, valid and effectual in the Law; any thing contained in the said Act of the First Year of Queen Anne, or any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And whereas by the last recited Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, it was enacted, That whenever it should appear to the said Chancellor and Council of the said Duchy, that it would be to the Advantage of the Land Revenue of the Crown to exchange any Parcel or Parcels of Land belonging to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, for Land of equal or nearly equal Value, belonging to any other Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, and such other Person or Persons, or Bodies, should consent to such Exchange, it should be lawful for the Surveyor General of the said Duchy to cause the Value to well of the said Parcel or Parcels of Land belonging to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, as of the said Parcel or Parcels of Land proposed to be exchanged for such Land of His Majesty, to be ascertained by some able and practical Surveyor of Land, who should assess to his Survey, Estimate or Valuation thereof, when completed, as Oath, on being of the People called Quakers, an Affirmation) taken and subscribed by him before any Judge of the Peace or Magistrate of the United Kingdom, who is respectively thereby authorized to administer Oath or Affirmation as aforesaid; which shall, according to the Tenor and Effect therein contained, which Oath and Affirmation respectively should be filed with the Survey and Estimate in the Office of the Clerk of the Council of the said Duchy; and the said Surveyor General of the said Duchy should report to the Chancellor and Council of the said Duchy, the Grounds of his Recommendations of the proposed Exchange, together with the said Valuation of the respective Parcels of Land; and if the Chancellor and Council of the said Duchy should, upon due Consideration had, approve of such Exchange taking place; they should authorize the proper Officers of the said Duchy to carry the same into Effect, upon such Terms and Conditions as they should think fit, provided the same should be situated to be by the Person or Persons, or Body, with whom such Exchange is proposed to be made, and the said Chancellor should thereupon cause the said Parcel of Land belonging to His Majesty to be conveyed to the said Person or Persons or Bodies respectively, with whom the said Exchange was proposed to be made; and such Person or Person, or Body, should at the same time convey to the said Chancellor and Council, or Trust for and on the Behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Right of his said Duchy, the said Parcel or Parcels of Land to agreed to be given in Exchange for such Parcel or Parcels of Land as aforesaid; and from and immediately after the Completion of such Exchange

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Exchange, the said Parcels of Land belonging to His Majesty, and given in Exchange as aforesaid, shall sell in the Perfon or Perfons, or Body, to whom the same were conveyed, for the same Estate or Interest, and as fully and effectually as the said Parcels of Land in given in Exchange did before such Exchange; and the said Parcels of Land so conveyed in Exchange to His Majesty, shall sell in His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Right of his Duchy as fully and effectually, and be subject to the same Application, as the said Parcels of Land in conveyed in Exchange to such Person or Persons, or Body, was sold in law before such Exchange; And whereas Doubts have arisen with respect to the Form of the Conveyance in cases of Exchange, empowered by the said recited Act of the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty: Be it enacted, That whenever a Bill shall appear to the Chancellor and Council of the said Duchy, that such Exchange can be executed into Effect with Advantage to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Regulations directed by the said Act, it shall be lawful for the said Chancellor and Council, and they are hereby empowered to grant and convey to the said Person or Persons, or Bodies, respectively, with whom the said Exchange is proposed to be made, any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, Parcel of the said Duchy or County Palatine, in the Name of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, under the Great or Seal of the said Duchy or County Palatine, and such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies, shall at the same time convey to the said Chancellor and Council, in Trust for and on the Behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Right of his said Duchy or County Palatine, the said Parcel or Parcels of Land to agree to be given in Exchange as aforesaid; and from and immediately after the Completion of such Exchange, the said Parcels of Land to belong to His Majesty, and given in Exchange as aforesaid, shall sell in the Person or Persons, or Body, to whom the same were conveyed, for the same Estate or Interest, and as fully and effectually as the said Parcel of Land in given in Exchange did before such Exchange; and the said Parcels of Land in conveyed in Exchange to His Majesty, shall sell to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Right of his said Duchy and County Palatine, as fully and effectually, and be subject to the same Application as the said Parcels of Land in conveyed in Exchange to such Person or Persons, or Body, was sold in law before such Exchange; any thing in the said Act or any other Act or Acts contained in the Statute in this behalfing.

27 G. 3. c. 11.
§ 4.

III. And whereas by the said recited Act of the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty it was enacted, That it should be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors to demise or grant, or Land or Ground belonging to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, within the Ordering or Survey of the Exchange of the Duchy of Lancaster, which should be devised in and proper for Gardens, Yards, Curtilages and other Appurtenances, to be used and enjoyed with any House or Houses or Buildings erected or to be erected upon Ground belonging either to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or to any other Person or Persons, for any Term or Estate not exceeding Ninety nine Years, to be computed from the Date or making such Lease or Grant respectively: And whereas it is expedient that the said Power should be extended so as to enable His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, to demise or grant for a like Term or Estate, any Land or Ground which shall be devised in and proper to be used or appropriated for any other Purpose calculated to afford Accommodations or Conveniences to the Inhabitants or Occupiers of any such House or Houses, or Buildings, although the same may not be devised with or attached to any such House or Houses or Buildings, or be an Intra Garden, Yard or Curtilage thereof: Be it therefore further enacted, That where any Land or Ground belonging or hereafter to belong to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, within the Ordering or Survey aforesaid, shall be devised by the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, or the Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster for the time being, fit and proper to be so used for or appropriated to any Purpose calculated to afford Convenience or Accommodations to the Occupiers or Inhabitants of any House or Houses erected or to be erected upon Ground belonging either to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or to any other Proprietor or Proprietors, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, to demise or grant such Land or Ground to any Person or Persons, or to any Body or Bodies Politic or Corporations, under the Great Seal of Great Britain, or the Seal of the Exchequer, or the Seal of the Duchy and County Palatine of Lancaster, for any Term or Estate not exceeding Ninety nine Years, to be computed from the Date or making thereof, with all such Powers, Privileges and Authorities as may be thought fit and requisite for the effecting or promoting the Object and Intent of such Demise or Grant, so as there be referred upon every such Demise or Grant such annual Rent or Rents as shall be deemed by the Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or the Chancellor and Council of the Duchy of Lancaster for the time being, a reasonable Consideration for every such Demise or Grant, without taking any Year for the same.

22 G. 3. c. 2.
c. 26.
§ 49.

IV. And whereas by an Act passed in the Parliament holden in the Thirtieth sixth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for the better Preservation of Timber in the New Forest in the County of Southampton, and for allotting the Boundaries of the said Forest, and of the Lands of the Crown within the same*; a Power was given to the Commissioners of the Treasury, for Ten Years, from and after the passing of this Act, to contract for the Exchange of any of the Waste Lands lying in the New Forest belonging to the Crown, or the manner therein mentioned, for any other Lands lying in the same Forest belonging to the Heirs of the Nature, Situation and Extent, as the said Act particularly specified: And whereas the Power granted to His Majesty by the said Act in relation to Exchanges, was continued by an Act, passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to extend and amend the Terms and Provisions of an Act of the Thirtieth sixth and Fortieth Years of His present Majesty for the better Preservation of Timber in the New Forest in the County of Southampton, and for allotting the Boundaries of the said Forest, and of the Lands of the Crown within the same, until the Twentieth eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven*; which last said continued Act was continued until the Twentieth fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament; and

30 G. 3. c. 114.
§ 4.

31 G. 3. c. 96.

• VII. And whereas there are in some of His Majesty's Forests, Quarries of Forests, Lewdowns, Blate
 • and other Stoves, and Straits or Vents of Coal and Iron Ore, and of Marl, the Produce of which is of great
 • Value, but by reason of the Scarcity of the Ground in being Places, and the Want of Depth of the Soil
 • is either, the Access to the same is in many Instances at all times difficult and often impracticable: And
 • whereas it would in many Cases greatly facilitate the getting and carrying away of the said Forests, Mines,
 • Irons, and other Mines, Stone, Coal, Iron Ore and Marl, if Privileges were given to erect Fire or Steam
 • Engines for cutting the same, and the Water collecting at the Pits where they are got, and to form Rail or
 • Tram Roads and Inclosed Places for carrying away the said Forests, Lewdowns and other Forests, Stone,
 • Coal, Iron Ore and Marl; and many Individuals might be willing to make such Railways or Tram Roads
 • and Inclosed Places, or to erect such Fire or Steam Engines, if they should obtain Leave for that Purpose: It
 • Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, whenever Application shall be made by
 • any Person to the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or to the said Surveyor
 • or General of His Majesty's Woods and Forests for the same being, for Leave to make any Railway, Tram
 • Road or Inclosed Place, or to build or erect any Fire or Steam Engine as aforesaid, and it shall appear to the
 • said Commissioners, or to the said Surveyor General, that it would be for the Advantage of the Public, and
 • not detrimental to the Interests of the Crown, that such Railway, Tram Road or Inclosed Place should be made,
 • or that such Fire or Steam Engine should be built or erected, it shall be lawful for the said High Treasurer,
 • or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, to authorize the said Commissioners
 • of Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the said Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods and Forests
 • by the time being, to grant a Lease for any Term not exceeding Thirty one Years, of such Part of the Royal
 • Forests as may be necessary for the Purpose of making any such Railway, Tram Road or Inclosed Place, or
 • for erecting such Fire or Steam Engine, with a License to such Lease to make or erect the same under such
 • Modifications and Restrictions, for such yearly Rent, and upon such Terms and Conditions, as to the said
 • Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or to the said Surveyor General of
 • His Majesty's Woods and Forests for the time being, may seem expedient: which Lease may be according to
 • the Form hereunto annexed, and marked with the Letter (A.) or as near thereto as may be: Provided always,
 • that no such Lease or License for the Purpose of making such Railway, Tram Road or Inclosed Place, or
 • of erecting such Fire or Steam Engine, shall be granted in any Case where the 1/3rd of the same would interfere
 • with or in any way abridge or prove inconsistent with the Exercise of the Rights vested in either of the
 • Companies established by Two Acts of Parliament passed in the Forty sixth Year of King George the Third,
 • the one intituled *An Act for making and maintaining a Railway or Tram Road from the Summit of the Hill
 • above Chatterbox Engine, in the Parish of Duns, in the County of Gloucester, to a certain Place in the Field
 • Firsfield called Chinderford Bridge*; the other intituled *An Act for making and maintaining a Railway from the
 • River Wye, or as near to a Place called Lidbrook, in the Parish of Hardham, in the County of Gloucester,
 • or as near to a Place called The Lower Forge, below Newent, in the Parish of Lydney, in the said County, and
 • for making after Ratification thereof intended, in the Parish of Duns, in the County of Gloucester*; without the
 • previous Consent and Concurrence of the Companies incorporated under the said Acts

• VIII. And whereas many Privileges, Encroachments, and Trespases have been made and continued
 • in and upon the Soil of His Majesty, within the Boundaries of the Royal Forests, some of them contiguous
 • and similar to Soil, Situations and Expanses to Parts of the said Forests well calculated for the Growth of
 • Timber for the Use of the Navy, and some in particular within the Parts of the New Forest and Forest of
 • Dean, which have been already let out for that Purpose under the Statutes in that Case made and provided;
 • and it is expedient that more effectual Provisions than has hitherto been obtained, should be made for dealing
 • with all such Privileges and Encroachments, in such manner as shall best answer the Purpose of preserving
 • and maintaining His Majesty's Rights over the same: It is therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing
 • of this Act, in case of any Privileges or Encroachments done in Parts of any of the Forests fit for the
 • Growth of Timber, which Privileges or Encroachments shall appear to have been made, or used and
 • enjoyed by the Parties or Persons then in Possession thereof, or by any Parties or Persons under whom the
 • same may or are respectively claimed to be held, without any official Investigation by or on the Part of His
 • Majesty for any Period not less than Ten Years, and where Evidence shall appear to have been received to the
 • Impugnment thereof by the Evidence of Buildings or otherwise, and the Claimant or Claimants, Occupier
 • or Occupers shall have relinquished the same on receiving Notice to so do, it shall be lawful for the Com-
 • missioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the Surveyor General of His Majesty's
 • Woods and Forests for the time being, by and with the Authority of the said High Treasurer or Lords
 • Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, to make such Satisfaction or Compensation in
 • Money, as shall be by the said Commissioners or the said Surveyor General for the time being, to be deemed rea-
 • sonable and proper, under all the circumstances of the case, or to grant a Lease of some other Part or Parts
 • of the Forests situated in the Straits or Borders thereof, which on account of such Situations or other circum-
 • stances shall not be deemed fit for the Growth of Timber, or likely to interfere with any Inclosures or Plantations
 • to be made for that Purpose, for such Term of Years, not exceeding Thirty one, as shall be deemed a
 • reasonable Allowance by way of Compensation for the Expenses which shall appear to have been incurred in
 • such Impugnment; provided that there shall be referred to be paid to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors,
 • by the Parties or Persons to whom such Lease shall be so granted, such Annual Rent or Rents as, under all
 • the circumstances of the case, shall by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land
 • Revenues, or the said Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods and Forests for the time being, be deemed
 • reasonable and proper.

Treasury one
 general or se-
 cretary under
 of that year, &c.
 to be made, &c.
 in Partibus et
 Compositio[n]e
 of Woods, &c.
 as Surveyor the
 said of Woods,
 as to great
 Estates.

Forests.

49 G. 3. c. 46.

49 G. 3. c. 46.

Surveyor or
 Secretary of
 Woods, &c.
 as Secretary
 of Woods, &c.
 as Surveyor the
 said of Woods,
 as to great
 Estates.

X. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, in cases where Perpetuities and Executions shall have been made Twenty Years or less before the passing of this Act, (and which shall not within that Period have been altered or preferred at any Court or in the Shires and Borders of any of the said Forests, or upon Parts thereof not adapted to or consistent for the Growth of Timber, or likely to interfere with any Inclosures or Plantations to be made for that Purpose, and where the Persons in Possession of the same shall be defunct or retaining such Possession under a Lease or Leases thereof, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or for the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods and Forests for the time being, under the Authority of the Lord High Treasurer or the Lord Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, to grant such Lease or Leases for any Term not exceeding Thirty one Year, in Consideration of the Payment of such Annual Rent or Rents, and under such Conditions, Conditions and Expectations as, according to the circumstances of the case, shall by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the said Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods and Forests for the time being, be deemed reasonable and proper; and such Lease or Leases shall be made out accordingly, and may be according to the Form set forth in the Schedule hereto annexed, and marked with the Letter (D.) or as near thereto as may be, without any Fine, Fee or Reward to be paid for the same, or other Charge, except the Expenses already incurred for writing and engrossing such Leases.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Agreement, Deed, Conveyance and Lease authorized by this Act, together with a Map or Plan of the Land exchanged, sold or demised thereby, shall be enrolled in the Office of the Auditor of His Majesty's Land Revenue, and a Minute or Douquet thereof entered and preserved in the Office of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or in the Office of the said Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods and Forests for the time being; and that from and after such Enrolment or Entry, His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Right of the Crown, shall be deemed to be in the actual and lawful Possession and Possibilities of any Land which is Exchanged; and that the Party with whom such Exchange shall be made, shall have, hold and enjoy the Lands and Premises so given in Exchange, or of the same Tenure, and subject to the same Charges and incumbrances with the same Rights and Privileges, as the Land taken in Exchange was before such Exchange legally subject to and incumbered with, but freed and discharged from any other Right, Title or Claim of the Crown to the said Land, (such as shall be incident to the Nature of such Tenure, and from all Common of Pasture and other Rights of Common;) and the Party to whom any Land shall hereafter be sold, or conveyed by Exchange, shall hold and enjoy the same, freed from any Right, Title or Claim of the Crown, and from all Common of Pasture or other Right of Common.

XII. And whereas the Number of unlawful Enclosures, Perpetuities, Encroachments and Trespasses in the Royal Forests has of late Years been much increased, and the Fees of many of such Encroachments, and the Houses and Buildings erected thereon, though at different times obtained and thrown down by the Keepers or other Officers of the said Forests, have again been re-edified by the Trespassers who originally made them, or by others subsequently occupying or claiming the same: And whereas it is expedient that more effectual Provision should be made for the Prevention of such Offences, and for the Punishment of the Offenders in future: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all such unlawful Enclosures, Perpetuities, Encroachments and Trespasses which shall have been actually made, or created or procured to be made, by any Person or Persons, in and upon any of the Royal Forests, or shall be wilfully held, occupied and made use of by any Person or Persons (subsequently occupying or claiming the same, first and except such as have been decided or in respect of which any Treaty for a Demise shall or may be pending between the said Commissioners of Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, and the Party or Parties who shall be pretended Owners or actual Occupiers thereof, shall and may be removed, by the Viewers of the respective Forest or Forests within which such unlawful Enclosures, Perpetuities, Encroachments or Trespasses shall have been made, in the Court or Courts of Attachment of the said Forest or Forests; and the Parties or Parties guilty of making, continuing and renewing any such unlawful Enclosures, Perpetuities, Encroachments or Trespasses, here as aforesaid, shall and may be punished for the same in the said Court or Courts; and upon Proof being made thereof, on the Oath of five credible Witnesses, the Viewers of the said Forest or Forests, or any Two of them, present at the said Court or Courts, shall have Power, and they are hereby authorized to use any Process or Process of outlawing, for every such Offence, in any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to be recovered and applied to make satisfaction provided for, and to return and direct every such unlawful Enclosure, Perpetuity, Encroachment and Trespass, here as aforesaid, to be abated by the Viewers, Under Warrant, Under Process or other Officers of the said Forests or Forests, who are hereby authorized and empowered to abate the same accordingly: Provided nevertheless, that in case it shall be settled upon by any Person or Persons, who shall be proceeded against in any of the said Attachment Courts or Courts as herebefore directed, that the Place where the Enclosure, Perpetuity, Encroachment or Trespass shall have been or shall be alleged to have been made, was not within the Boundaries of the said Forest or Forests, or within the Lands belonging to His Majesty within the same, the said Viewers shall not proceed to Commissions, but shall certify the Proceedings of such Offence to His Majesty's Attorney General, to the End that such Proceedings may be had thereby by Information of Indictment, or otherwise, as by Law might have been had before the passing of this Act.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Viewers of any of the said Forests, or any Two of them, at any Court of Attachment holden for any of the said Forests, by Warrant or Warrants under the Hand and Seal of them, or any Two of them, to nominate and appoint any Person or Persons to be the Officer or Officers of the said Court or Courts, Forest or Forests, for the Purpose of executing the

Encroachments made on the said Forests, or on Parts not suited for Growth or Timber, Commissioners of Woods, &c. or Surveyor General empowered to grant Leases.

Enrollment enrolled in Office of Auditor of Land Revenue.

Unlawful Enclosures, &c. to be removed by Viewers, &c.

Process.

Process.

Viewers may appoint Officers for executing Orders of Courts.

Judgments and Orders of the said Court or Courts, from time to time given and made; and the Petition or Petitions so appointed shall, during the time mentioned in each Warrant or Warrants, or until the same shall be recalled, or their Appointment or Appointments revoked by the said Justices, have full Power and Authority to execute the Judgments and Orders of the said Court or Courts, within the said Forest or Forests, in such and the same manner, and by such and the same means, as any Constable or other Peace Officer can or may by Law execute the Warrants of any Justice of the Peace for any County; and the said Justices, or any Two of them, shall and may be and shall have full Power to be paid to or taken by such Officer and Officers, in the said Forests (shall in their Discretion think fit.

XIII. And he it further enacted, That every Regarder, Under Forester, Under Keeper or other Officer of any of the said Forests, shall, within the Space of One Calendar Month next before the holding of the next Court of Attachments in each Year, and within a reasonable time before the holding of any other Court or Courts of Attachments for any of the said Forests, carefully inventory such Part or Parts of the said Forests as shall be within his or their Regard, View or Cognizance, or within the respective Walks of the several Under Foresters or Under Keepers of any of the said Forests, and shall take an Account of all unlawful Encroachments, Purprestices, Encroachments and Trespasses whatsoever, made, done or committed within the same, since any preceding Survey or Surveys which shall have been made by them or any of them, as any Part or Parts of any of the said Forests as aforesaid, or which were not noticed in such preceding Survey or Surveys; and every such Regarder, Under Forester, Under Keeper or other Officer, shall, at every Court or Courts of Attachments holden for any of the said Forests, make and deliver to the Verdictors thereof then present, a true Return and Prefacement of all such unlawful Encroachments, Purprestices, Encroachments and Trespasses, to be or they shall find to have been made, done or committed, within any Part or Parts of the said Forests which shall be within his or their Regard, View or Cognizance, or within the respective Walks of the several Under Foresters and Under Keepers of any of the said Forests, or which he or they shall not have returned or prefaced at the preceding or last former Court or Courts, or which having been made before such last Survey or Surveys, shall not have been observed, and at what time or times and in what particular Part or Parts of any of the said Forests, and by whom, any such unlawful Encroachments, Purprestices, Encroachments and Trespasses, have been made, done or committed, in so far as they have been able to ascertain the same; and every such Regarder, Under Forester, Under Keeper or other Officer, shall at the time of making or delivering in his said Return or Prefacement, make Oath before the said Justices (which Oath they or any One of them is hereby authorized to administer) that to the best of his Knowledge, Information and Belief, no unlawful Encroachments, Purprestices, Encroachments or Trespasses, hath been made, done or committed, or then exists, within such Part or Parts of any of the said Forests as shall be within his Regard, View or Cognizance, or within the respective Walks of the several Under Foresters or Under Keepers of any of the said Forests, other than such as are contained and delivered in the Return or Prefacement then made and delivered in by him, or made or delivered in at the preceding or at some former Court, specifying the time at which the same was held.

XIV. And he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Verdictors of any of the said Forests, or any Two of them, at any Court or Courts of Attachments to be holden for any of the said Forests, to enquire into the Conduct and Behaviour of the Regarders, Under Foresters, Under Keepers or other Officers of the said Forests, in their said Offices; and if the said Verdictors shall find that any Regarder, Under Forester, Under Keeper or other Officer, hath wilfully given or delivered in to them any untrue Return or Prefacement, or hath concealed or wilfully omitted to insert in such Return or Prefacement, any unlawful Encroachments, Purprestices, Encroachments or other Trespasses, which ought to have been declared or noticed therein, or hath wilfully and without good Cause neglected to make such Survey as a heretofore directed, or hath been guilty of any wilful Neglect in the Care of the Timber or other Trees, Woods, Thorns or Belches, Grates within such Part or Parts of any of the said Forests as shall be within his or their Regard, View or Cognizance, or within the Walk or Walks of any of the said Under Foresters or Under Keepers, or other Officers of any of the said Forests, or in any other respects hath wilfully omitted to perform the Duty of his Office, it shall be lawful for the Verdictors of any of the said Forests, or any Two of them, (having due Proof made before them on Oath of any such wilful Neglect, Omission or Default) and they are hereby authorized to let and impose a Fine not exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds on each Regarder, Under Forester, Under Keeper or other Officer, for every such his wilful A.D., Neglect, Omission or Default, to be recovered and applied as herein first mentioned; and for the second Offence, such Regarder, Under Forester, Under Keeper or other Officer, shall forfeit and be deprived of his Office, and shall not at any time afterwards be suffered to hold Office, unless the Verdictors, or any Two of them, shall by Order to be made by them at a Court of Attachments, signify that in their Judgment such Regarder, Under Forester, Under Keeper or other Officer, may properly be re-appointed or restored to his said Office; and if any such Officer shall be again convicted of a like Offence whereby his Office shall become forfeited, he shall be incapable of being again appointed to such Office, or of holding any Office or Employment whatsoever within any of the said Forests.

XV. And he it further enacted, That all pecuniary Penalties imposed, and Fees authorized by this Act, and not heretofore directed to be recovered before the Verdictors of any of the said Forests, or in the said Courts of Attachments, shall and may be recovered in a summary way, before any Justice or Justices of the Peace for any County, Riding, Division or Place, in which the Petition having recovered the same shall happen to be; and in case any Penalty recovered before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or before the Verdictors of any of the said Forests, or any Two of them, or in the said Courts of Attachments, or any Fine let or imposed, by the said Verdictors, or any Two of them, or in the said Courts, shall not be paid forthwith, it shall be lawful for the Justice or Justices, or Verdictors, or the said Courts by whom such Fine shall be let, imposed, or before whom such Penalty shall be recovered, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or their Heirs

Department of
Land Revenue.

the said Department of His Majesty's Land Revenue, in like manner as they are by the said above mentioned Act empowered to do in all Matters and Things relating to the Department of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chases; and if any Officer or other Person shall in any such Verification or Examination upon Oath as aforesaid, knowingly and wilfully swear falsely, perjure or otherwise, such Officer or other Person so offending shall be liable to be punished in such manner as is provided by the different Laws and Statutes now in force for the Punishment of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

For ever.

The Council,
Secrets of Woods,
&c. may sit.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That where any thing is directed, required or provided to be done under this Act, by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, the same may be done by any Two of such Commissioners.

11 G. 3. c. 49.

XXV. An Act wherean an Act was passed in the Thirty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to enable His Majesty to grant to the Right Honourable John Earl of Upper Offley of Hampshire, in the County of Bedford, his Heirs and Assigns, in Fee Simple, all the Estate, Right, Title and Interest remaining in His Majesty or and upon the Waste of Hunting Woods, in the Parish of Rockingham, in the County of Northampton, in which the said Earl of Upper Offley is entitled for Three Lives, under a Grant from His present Majesty, upon a full and adequate Consideration to be paid for the same: And whereas an Act was passed in the Thirty*

7^d G. 3. c. 48.

four Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to enable His Majesty to grant to John Earl of Westmoreland, his Heirs and Assigns, in Fee Simple, all the Estate, Right, Title and Interest remaining in His Majesty, or or upon the Mises or Waste of Nelsing, Fines and Sherburn and Marbury, in the Parish of Rockingham, in the County of Northampton, upon a full and adequate Consideration to be paid for the same: And whereas another Act was passed in the*

3^d G. 3. c. 43.

said Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to enable His Majesty to grant to Henry Earl of Exeter, his Heirs and Assigns, in Fee Simple, all the Estate, Right, Title and Interest remaining in His Majesty, or and upon the Mises or Waste of Well Hay in the Parish of Rockingham, in the County of Northampton, upon a full and adequate Consideration to be paid for the same: and it was thereby enacted, that where such Grant should be so made, the Woods, Woodlands, Enclosures and Premises to be comprised therein should immediately thereupon become and be Part and Parcel of the said Henry Earl of Exeter's Manor of Duddinghoe, in the County of Northampton: And whereas*

26 G. 3. c. 44.

another Act was passed in the said Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to enable His Majesty to grant to George Finch Hatton Esquire, his Heirs and Assigns, in Fee Simple, all the Estate, Right, Title and Interest remaining in His Majesty or and upon the Lanes of Beestfield, and the Dukewoods of Beestfield, in the said Parish of Rockingham, in the County of Northampton, upon a full and adequate Consideration to be paid for the same: And whereas in pursuance of the Powers, Authorities and Directions of the said first*

26 G. 3. c. 43.

mentioned Act, the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Land Revenue did demand for the said Grant to the said John Earl of Westmoreland, and did ascertain and fix the Sum of Eleven thousand eight hundred and eighty one Pounds Twelve Shillings and Eight pence to be a full and adequate Consideration for the said Grant, and the said Sum of Eleven thousand eight hundred and eighty one Pounds Twelve Shillings and Eight pence was accordingly paid by the said John Earl of Westmoreland under the Direction of the said Earl of Exeter, and the said Sum of Eleven thousand eight hundred and eighty one Pounds Twelve Shillings and Eight pence was accordingly paid by the said John Earl of Exeter under the Direction of the said Earl of Westmoreland, in the Name of the Lord High Treasurer of England, and was laid out in the Purchase of Seventeen thousand eight hundred and forty three Pounds and Eight Pence Three Penns and a farthing Consolidated Bank Annuities in the first manner and to and for the same Uses and Purposes as the same were or to be by the Sale of the Free Farm Rents not devoted to the said use by an Act of Parliament passed in the Thirty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the better Management*

4th G. 3. c. 72.
1812.

*of the Land Revenue of the Crown, and for the Sale of the same and other unappropriated Rents, or by the said last recited Act is directed: And whereas an Contract or Agreement has heretofore been made by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, with the said Henry Earl of Exeter, or his Heirs or Assigns, or with the said George Finch Hatton, or with the said John Earl of Upper Offley, under the said recited Acts in respect of the said Grants to be made to them, and the Sums of Money to be paid under the said recited Acts as a Consideration for the said Grants never full satisfied: And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to improve the Land Revenue of the Crown in England, and of His Majesty's Demesne of Lancaster, the said Surveyor General for the time being was authorized to contract and agree with any Person or Persons, or any Bodies Politic or Corporate, for the Sale of the said Manors or other Messuages, or other Substiances or Herbage, or any other Rights or Interests of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in the Circuit Parish of Beestfield, in the County of Beestfield, or any Part thereof, or in any manner appertaining thereto, or relating thereto, within the time, at or for the**

§ 12.

said Time, and which should be appraised of by the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, and the Purchase Money to be paid for the same should from time to time be paid into the Bank of England, and should be invested in the Purchase of Stock, and the Stock so purchased and the Interest and Yearly Dividend arising therefrom should be applied in the same manner, and subject to the same Regulations as are provided in the said last recited Act, with respect to the Purchase Money arising from the Sale of Crown Lands thereby authorized to be made: And whereas from the great and increasing Difficulty of procuring a sufficient Supply of Timber for the Use of the Navy, it would be of great Benefit and Advantage to the Public in general, if the said Sums of Money so received from the said John Earl of Westmoreland, and the Moneys to be paid by the Heirs of the said Henry Earl of Exeter, and the said George Finch Hatton, and the said John Earl of Upper Offley, (the same having arisen from the Sale of the several Rights belonging to His Majesty) and also the Moneys arising from the Sale of the Forest of Beestfield, were laid out in the Purchase of Lands fit and proper for the Growth of Timber, and of any Rights of Inclosures, or Lands fit for that Purpose: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Com-

Money laid out
as Purchase of

missioners

officers of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, or the Surveyor General of Crown Lands for the time being, with the Approbation of and by the Direction of the Lord High Treasurer, or Comptroller of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, to contract and agree with any Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, or Person or Persons for the Sale of and to Sell the said Stone or Stones of several right hewed and squared Iron Posts and Rails upon Three Several good Causes Confirmed by Act of Assembly, or any Part thereof, and apply the Proceeds and all the Monies to be received from the said Iron or Stone of the said Stone late Earl of Essex, the said George Fourth Stone, and the said John Earl of Upper Ossery, or either of them, say any thing in the said several Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; and all or any other Matters or things which may arise from the Sale of the said Forest of Woodstock, or any Part thereof, or of Lands in any Forest, repeated Town or Waste, belonging to His Majesty, or of His Majesty's Woods and Forests thereof, is the Purchase of any Lands the Property of Individuals, or is the Purchase of any Rights of Individuals (where the Revenue of such Rights shall be vested in His Majesty) to or any any Land which shall in the Judgment of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, or the Surveyor General of Crown Lands for the time being, be fit and proper for the Growth and Cultivation of Timber and such Lands and Rights shall when so purchased be held by and be and become the Property of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors.

XXVI. And whereas the above named Henry Earl of Essex, afterwards created Marquis of Northampton, departed this Life without having completed the Purchase of the Woods, Woodlands, Woodpastures and Pastures, mentioned in the said recited Act of the Thirty Sixth of His present Majesty, but the Deeds or Treaties, named and appraised by his Will, are at present in Treaty with the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue for the Purchase thereof, and also for the Purchase of His Majesty's Manor of King's Cliff, in the said County of Northampton, and are delivered in the Event of such Treaty being carried into Effect, that the said Woods, Woodlands, Woodpastures and Pastures, mentioned in the said recited Act, should become and be Part of the said Manor of King's Cliff. Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Completion of such Purchases as aforesaid, the Woods, Woodlands, Woodpastures and Pastures to be comprised in any Letters Patent, Indenture or Instrument, to be made or granted under the Authority of the said recited Act of the Thirty Sixth of His present Majesty, shall become and be Part of the said Manor of King's Cliff, and not of the Manor of Dunstable.

XXVII. And whereas it was by an Act passed in the Fifth and Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, inserted in the Statute Book under the Title of the Act for amending the Act for erecting George the Third, in providing for building, repairing and supporting the Churches and Chapels, and of making for the Relief of Ministers, and for providing for Church Funds and Gifts, it was, among other things, enacted, That the King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, should have full Power, Licence and Authority, by Deed or Writing, under the Great Seal, to give and grant, and sell to any Person or Persons, Bodies Public and Corporate, and their Heirs and Successors respectively, all Lands, her, his or their Estate, Interest or Property, in any Lands or Townships, within the Survey of the Court of Exchequer, for or towards the building, rebuilding, repairing, purchasing or providing any Church or Chapel where the Livings and Rents of the United Church of England and Ireland are or shall be used or offered, or any Messuages, Houses, or the Residence of any Member of the said United Church (existing or to exist) in any such Church or Chapel, or any Churches, Offices, Church Yards or Cloisters, for the same respectively, and to be for those Purposes applied in and by such Deed as aforesaid expressed, provided that nothing in this Act now or hereafter contained should extend or be construed so farred as to enable His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, to grant more than Five Acres in any One Grant for any of the Purposes aforesaid: And whereas it is found expedient that the Power of the said Act should be extended to Ground for Churches, or Cloisters or any other Concessions or Accommodations of or to any of such Churches or Chapels as aforesaid: And whereas the pulling of Deeds or Writings under the Great Seal for the Purposes aforesaid, by reason of the great Expence attending the same, may in some cases produce Inconvenience and frustrate the Intention of the said Act: Be it therefore enacted, That His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall have full Power, Licence and Authority to give and grant, and sell in any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, and their Heirs and Successors respectively, in manner hereafter mentioned, all such Lands, her or their Estate, Interest or Property in any Lands or Townships within the Survey of the Court of Exchequer, or of the Duchy of Lancaster, for Churches, or for Academies, or for any other Concessions or Accommodations of any such Churches or Chapels as aforesaid, and such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, and their Heirs and Successors respectively, shall have full Capacity and Ability to receive, take, hold and enjoy the same according to the Intent and Meaning of the said Act, and wherever it shall be the Pleasure of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, to make a Grant for any of the Purposes aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Comptroller of the Treasury, or any Three of them, to grant a Warrant under his or their Hand or Hands to any such Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, specifying the Premises to be vested in such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, as aforesaid, which Warrant shall be sealed in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue for the Deeds or Comptroller within which the Premises shall be situate, and also in the Office of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, or in the Office of the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Land Revenue for the same being, and such Auditor, and such Commissioners, or Surveyor General having sealed the said Warrant, shall certify such Instrument at the Foot or on the Back thereof under their Hands, and return the said Warrant to the Grantor or Grantors of the Premises therein named, and from and immediately after such Instrument and thereof both for ever the respective Grantors named in such Warrants, and their Heirs and Successors, shall by force of the said Act be adjudged, deemed and taken to be in the actual Seizin and Possession of the Premises in the said Warrants

Specified.

specified, and shall hold and enjoy the same peacefully and quietly, freed and discharged of and from all Claims and Demands which can or may be made by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by any Prince or Princess lawfully claiming by, from or under him or them, and of and from all manner of Incumbrances whatsoever as fully and amply to all Intents and Purposes as His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, might or could lawfully hold or enjoy the same: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend to enable His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to grant more than *Five Acres* in any One Grant for any of the Purposes aforesaid.

Proviso

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

(A.)

FORM OF DEED FOR AN EXCHANGE OF FREEHOLD LANDS.

BE it known, That the Right Honourable *A. B.* and *C.* Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, being duly authorized by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, in Exercise of the Powers vested in them by an Act [referred to in the Act], do by their Proctors on Behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, give, grant and convey to *X. Y.* his Heirs and Assigns, All that Piece or Parcel of Land coloured _____ in the Map or Plan annexed to these Proctors, containing _____ Acres _____ Roods and _____ Perches, and shewing, &c. [as the said may be]: And the said *X. Y.* doth by these Proctors, for himself and his Heirs, by the Direction of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, give, grant and convey unto His said Majesty King George the Third, and his Heirs and Successors, all that Piece or Parcel of Land coloured _____ in the said Map or Plan, in Exchange for the Piece or Parcel of Land distinguished by a _____ Colour in the said Map or Plan: Provided always, That if His said Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or the said *X. Y.* his Heirs or Assigns, shall at any time without their respective written Consent, be credited of the same Piece or Parcel of Land hereby respectively given, granted and conveyed to him or them respectively as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Party or Parties so credited to enter into the Piece or Parcel of Land contracted by him or her to be given in Exchange as aforesaid, and to hold and enjoy the same in his or their former Estate, in the same manner as if the Exchange hereby made had not been made. In Witness, &c.

(B.)

FORM OF DEED FOR AN EXCHANGE OF LEASEHOLD PREMISES.

BE it known, That the Right Honourable *A. B.* and *C.* Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, being duly authorized by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, in Exercise of the Powers vested in them by an Act [referred to in the Act], do by their Proctors on Behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, give, grant and demise unto *X. Y.* his Executor, Administrators and Assigns, for the Term of _____ Years, commencing from the Day next before the Day of the Date of these Proctors, All that Piece or Parcel of Land coloured _____ in the Map or Plan annexed to these Proctors, containing _____ Acres _____ Roods and _____ Perches, and shewing, &c. [as the said may be]: And the said *X. Y.* doth by these Proctors, for himself, his Executors and Administrators, and by the Direction of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, give, grant and surrender to His Majesty King George the Third, his Heirs and Successors, all that the said Piece or Parcel of Land coloured _____ in the said Map or Plan, and which is now vested in him the said *X. Y.* under a Lease from the Crown, for a Term of Years, of which _____ Years are yet to come and unexpired, in Exchange for the said Piece or Parcel of Land, distinguished by a _____ Colour in the said Map. In Witness, &c.

(C.)

FORM OF CONVEYANCE.

THREE are to witness, That in Consideration of the Sum of _____ paid by *A. B.* to the Commissioners of Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, [or, to the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, &c. as the said may be] for and on account of His said Majesty, *C. D.* and *E. F.*, Two of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, being duly authorized by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, do, he and on the Behalf of His said Majesty, by their Proctors give, bargain and sell unto the said *A. B.* his Heirs and Assigns, [referred to in the Act], to have and to hold, [the said Premises, &c.] hereby bargained and sold, with all Benefits and Advantages thereto belonging, unto and to the Use of the said *A. B.* his Heirs and Assigns for ever. In Witness whereof, the said *C. D.*, *E. F.* and *G. H.* have hereunto set their Hands and Seals, this _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____

FORM

(D.)

FORM OF LEASE.

THESE are the several Conditions of the Annual Rent or Sum of hereinafter
 entered to be paid by to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue
 as, for, the Service of His Majesty's Woods and Forests, as *he hath say &c* by the Authority of
 the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, for and on Behalf of His Majesty, *God so, &c* by
 their Petitions, grants, leases, and to farm let unto the said *X. F.* his Executors, Administrators and
 Assigns, All *whenever the Parcel of Land, &c* To have and to hold the said Forests, *as hereby Granted,*
 and all Benefits and Advantages thereto belonging, unto him the said *X. F.* his Executors, Administrators and
 Assigns, for and during the Term of Years, yielding and paying by Half yearly Payments
 to the said Surveyor General, or to the said Commissioners *as he hath say &c* for the term being, the Annual
 Rent or Sum of In Wards whereof the said and the said *X. F.*
 have hereunto by their Hands and Seals, this Day of in the Year, *to*
 Witness.

C A P. CLXII.

An Act for the Preservation of the Public Peace in certain disturbed Counties in England, and to give, until the Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, additional Powers to Justices for that Purpose. [20th July 1812.]

WHEREAS Areas have for some time past been indelicately collected by evil disposed Persons, for
 Purposes dangerous to the Public Peace, and have been also taken by Force from the Houses of
 Persons unable to resist such Violence: And whereas illegal Assemblies have been formed to General Con-
 sults, and which are in many cases connected with each other by Delegates and numerous Outrages have
 been committed by Persons so affected, and by other evil disposed Persons who assemble to destroy
 Manufactures and Machinery: And whereas Meetings are held, as well by Night as by Day, by many
 evil disposed Persons, for the Purpose of training and learning the Use of Arms, in order to enable them
 more effectually to execute their evil Purposes: And whereas such Practices endanger the public Peace
 and Security; and it is therefore necessary to empower Magistrates, and others acting under their Au-
 thority, in Protection of the Public Peace, upon Suspicion, to search for and seize all Rules or Weapons and
 concealed Arms, Weapons and Ammunition, and to exercise for safe Custody the Arms, Weapons and
 Ammunition belonging to Persons unable to resist such unlawful Outrages as aforesaid; and also to
 authorize the dispersing of all unlawful Assemblies and Meetings, and the apprehending of Persons engaged
 therein, or aiding and abetting therein, or acting as Delegates or of to such Assemblies or Assemblies, or
 engaged in having Persons to join in such illegal Practices: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most
 Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons,
 in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for any Justice
 of the Peace or Magistrate, or for any Constable or other Peace Officer acting under any Warrant issued by
 any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate or for any Person or Persons acting with or as Aid of any Constable
 or other Peace Officer having a Warrant from any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, to search for and seize
 any Rules or concealed or secreted Muskets, Guns, Pistols or other Fire Arms, or Swords, Bayonets, Pikes,
 Pike Heads, Dirks, Daggers, Spears or Instruments serving for Pikes or Spears, or any Parts of such Arms
 or Weapons, or any Gunpowder or Ballets, or other Ammunition, or any House or Building, or any Place
 whatsoever in which the Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, making or granting any Warrant for the seeking
 of any such Search, may suspect any Rules, Arms, Weapons or Ammunition to be, or any Arms, Weapons or
 Ammunition to be concealed or secreted; and in such Advertisements shall be related or not obtained within
 a reasonable time after it shall have been so demanded, to enter by Force, by Day or by Night, into every
 such House or Building, or any Place whatsoever, and to carry away the Arms, Weapons and Ammunition
 there so found, and deliver the same to such Person or Persons, to be deposited in such Place or Places as shall
 be appointed for that Purpose, as hereinafter mentioned.

Arms collected for Purposes dangerous to Public Peace searched for and seized.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Two or more Justices of the Peace or
 Magistrates, by any Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to require the Delivery of any Arms, Weapons
 or Ammunition which may be in any House or Place, in which, in the Judgment of such Justices or Magis-
 trates, such Arms, Weapons or Ammunition shall not be sufficiently secure against any Attempts which may
 be made by any evil disposed Persons to obtain Possession thereof; and if the Person possessed of such Arms
 or Weapons or Ammunition shall refuse to deliver up such Arms, Weapons or Ammunition, upon such Demand
 as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for such Justices or Magistrates, or any Person acting under any such Warrant
 as aforesaid, to search for and take and secure the same, and for that Purpose to enter by Force in the Day
 time, if Entry should not be allowed in a reasonable time after Demand thereof, into any House or Building,
 or any Place whatsoever; and all Arms, Weapons or Ammunition so taken, shall be marked by the Person
 taking the same, in such a manner as to ascertain from whom the same were taken, and a Receipt shall be
 given by the Person receiving or taking the same, to the Person by whom the same shall be delivered, or
 from whom the same shall be taken; and all such Arms, Weapons and Ammunition, shall be deposited
 for safe Custody in such Place and put in Charge of such Person or Persons as shall be appointed to take
 Care of such Arms, Weapons or Ammunition, for the Purpose of being returned as hereinafter mentioned.

Arms not taken from Persons demanded by Warrant of Justices, and lodged in Place of Security.

31 Geo. III.

7 A.

III. Provided

Appel.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice or Magistrate of any County, Wapona or Amunition shall be taken as his steward, to call the Justices or Magistrates upon whose Warrant the same shall have been taken full, upon Application made for that Purpose, refuse to return the same, to apply to the next Special or General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace of the County or Riding, for the Return of such Armes, Weapons or Amunition, or any Part thereof; and the Justice attended at such Special or General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace shall make full Order for the Return of or for the Custody of such Armes, Weapons or Amunition, or any Part thereof, as upon such Application, shall appear to them to be proper: And, from and after the passing of this Act, and during the Continuance thereof, Special Sessions of the Peace shall be hold in every County, Riding, City or Place in which Sessions of the Peace are held, once in every Three Weeks at the least, for receiving and hearing such Applications as to Armes as aforesaid; and the Day of which Sessions shall be hold on the second Friday next after the passing of this Act; and all such Special Sessions may be adjourned from time to time, as may be deemed necessary by the Justice attending the same.

Deputy of said Amunition.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace assembled at any such Special or General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in every County or Riding or Division of any County within the Provision of this Act, and they are hereby required, in all cases where the same shall be necessary, to appoint proper Places for Depots for all Arms, Pistols or other fire-arms, Collets, and also proper Persons to keep the Custody and Care of such Armes; and the Expence of such Depots and such Accommodation as the Justices at any such Special or any subsequent Sessions shall deem reasonable and proper, to be paid to the Persons having the Custody and Care of such Armes, for their Trouble, and for the Care and Expence thereof, shall be paid out of the Rates of the County, Riding or Division, where the Depots shall respectively be.

Armes to be registered and taken care for by Lieutenant and Quarter Sessions.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Person having the Care of any Depot for fire Collets of any such Armes, Weapons or Amunition assembled, under the Provision of this Act, shall keep an accurate Register thereof, and shall produce such Register or other an accurate Copy thereof, or of any Part thereof, whenever the same shall be demanded, to the Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant, or Deputy Lieutenant, and to the Clerk of the Peace of the County, Riding or Division, or City, Town or Place where the same shall be deposited, for the Use of the Lieutenant, or of the Justice assembled at any Special or General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace as aforesaid.

Special or General or Quarter Sessions may determine how Armes to be disposed of.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Justice assembled at any Special or General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace may and shall from time to time, as the case may require, examine the Returns of Registry of all Arms, Weapons and Amunition deposited under the Provision of this Act, and also, if they shall be so satisfied, any Person or Persons who may be able to give any Information as to such Armes, Weapons or Amunition, or any other Matter or Thing relating thereto, upon Oath (which Oath they are hereby respectively authorized to administer); and it shall be lawful for the Justice assembled at any such Special or General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in order that any such Armes, Weapons or Amunition, shall remain deposited while the County or Part of the County where the same shall have been taken, in the Judgment of the Justice assembled at any such Special or General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace as aforesaid, as much as is directed, as to make it expedient to cause the same to be sold publicly, or that the same shall be removed during the Continuance of this Act, or that the same shall be returned to the Owner thereof; and the said Justice shall also make full Order for the Delivery of all such Armes to the Persons entitled thereto, without Fee or Reward, at the Expence of this Act, as they may deem proper and necessary.

What Allowance shall be made in respect of any Arms, Weapons or Amunition being taken from, or seized by the Constable of a Manery.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Assemblies of Persons meeting to be treated or drilled, or for the Purpose of being trained in Bodies or having the Use of Armes, without any lawful Authority from His Majesty, or any Lieutenant of any County by Commission or otherwise, for so doing; and all Assemblies of Persons meeting together for the Purpose of Regularly taking any Armes, Weapons or Amunition, or for the Purpose of collecting or having of any Depots of any Armes, Weapons or Amunition, or for the Purpose of keeping and exercising of any Armes, Weapons or Amunition, or for the Distribution of any Heads, Balls, Shot, Machine or other Property, or for the Purpose of selling, offering or in any manner giving or selling any such Depots aforesaid, or for the Purpose of raising any Sums of Money for the Purpose of selling and selling any such Depots as aforesaid, or for the selling and selling or offering in the supporting and maintaining of any such Assembly as aforesaid, or of any other unlawful Combination or Confederacy, shall be and the same are hereby prohibited and dangerous to the Peace and Security of His Majesty's Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, and every Person present at, or selling or offering any such Assembly, Meeting, Combination or Confederacy as aforesaid, or selling or offering in the getting together of any such Assembly, Meeting, Combination or Confederacy as aforesaid, or who shall knowingly be employed or concerned in the collecting or receiving or delivering of any such Sums of Money as aforesaid, for any such Purpose as aforesaid, shall upon being convicted thereof be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor.

Misdemeanor. Person convicted of Treason or Felony shall be liable to be arrested, and to be kept in Prison.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, or for any Constable, or other Officer or other Person acting under the Warrant of any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, or acting without it, and of any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, or of any Constable or other Peace Officer having such Warrant as aforesaid, to detain any such unlawful Assembly or Meeting before mentioned, and to arrest and detain any Person present at or selling, offering or showing any such unlawful Assembly or Meeting, and also any Person found carrying Armes in such manner and at such times as to afford full Grounds of Suspicion that the same are carried for Purposes dangerous to the Public Peace; and it shall be lawful for the Justice or the Peace or Magistrate who shall arrest any such Person, or before whom any Person arrested upon

any such Warrant shall be brought, to commit such Person by Trial for a Misdemeanor under the Provisions of this Act, unless such Person can and shall give sufficient Bail for his Appearance at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, to answer to any Indictment which may be preferred against him for any Offence against the Act.

Ed.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace or Magistrates, upon Application upon Oath by any One or more credible Witnesses, that any Person, is the best of the Knowledge or Belief of the Person giving such Information, acting as a Director, or of Delegates to or from any such unlawful Assembly or Meeting as aforesaid, or is employed or engaged or concerned in the receiving or collecting of any Contributions of Money, or detaining of any such Money, for any unlawful Purpose as aforesaid, or is Aid of any unlawful Assembly, Meeting, Combination or Conspirency, as aforesaid, or has the Care and Custody of any such Money, or of the Books, Papers, Documents or other Things relating to any such unlawful Assembly, Meeting, Combination or Conspirency, or possessing any Accounts of any such Money, to grant a Warrant for the Apprehension of any such Person or Persons, and for the seizing any such Books, Accounts, Papers, Documents or other Things as aforesaid; and upon Examination had thereon, if he shall be found to commit such Person to the Goal of House of Correction of the County, Riding, Division, City, Town or Place, for Trial thereon unless such Person can and shall give sufficient Bail to the Satisfaction of such Justices or Magistrates for his Appearance to answer to any Indictment which may be preferred against him for any such Offence under this Act, at the ensuing General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace for such County, Riding, Division, City, Town or Place.

Ed. 1812. 1091. 1092. 1093. 1094. 1095. 1096. 1097. 1098. 1099. 1100. 1101. 1102. 1103. 1104. 1105. 1106. 1107. 1108. 1109. 1110. 1111. 1112. 1113. 1114. 1115. 1116. 1117. 1118. 1119. 1120. 1121. 1122. 1123. 1124. 1125. 1126. 1127. 1128. 1129. 1130. 1131. 1132. 1133. 1134. 1135. 1136. 1137. 1138. 1139. 1140. 1141. 1142. 1143. 1144. 1145. 1146. 1147. 1148. 1149. 1150. 1151. 1152. 1153. 1154. 1155. 1156. 1157. 1158. 1159. 1160. 1161. 1162. 1163. 1164. 1165. 1166. 1167. 1168. 1169. 1170. 1171. 1172. 1173. 1174. 1175. 1176. 1177. 1178. 1179. 1180. 1181. 1182. 1183. 1184. 1185. 1186. 1187. 1188. 1189. 1190. 1191. 1192. 1193. 1194. 1195. 1196. 1197. 1198. 1199. 1200. 1201. 1202. 1203. 1204. 1205. 1206. 1207. 1208. 1209. 1210. 1211. 1212. 1213. 1214. 1215. 1216. 1217. 1218. 1219. 1220. 1221. 1222. 1223. 1224. 1225. 1226. 1227. 1228. 1229. 1230. 1231. 1232. 1233. 1234. 1235. 1236. 1237. 1238. 1239. 1240. 1241. 1242. 1243. 1244. 1245. 1246. 1247. 1248. 1249. 1250. 1251. 1252. 1253. 1254. 1255. 1256. 1257. 1258. 1259. 1260. 1261. 1262. 1263. 1264. 1265. 1266. 1267. 1268. 1269. 1270. 1271. 1272. 1273. 1274. 1275. 1276. 1277. 1278. 1279. 1280. 1281. 1282. 1283. 1284. 1285. 1286. 1287. 1288. 1289. 1290. 1291. 1292. 1293. 1294. 1295. 1296. 1297. 1298. 1299. 1300. 1301. 1302. 1303. 1304. 1305. 1306. 1307. 1308. 1309. 1310. 1311. 1312. 1313. 1314. 1315. 1316. 1317. 1318. 1319. 1320. 1321. 1322. 1323. 1324. 1325. 1326. 1327. 1328. 1329. 1330. 1331. 1332. 1333. 1334. 1335. 1336. 1337. 1338. 1339. 1340. 1341. 1342. 1343. 1344. 1345. 1346. 1347. 1348. 1349. 1350. 1351. 1352. 1353. 1354. 1355. 1356. 1357. 1358. 1359. 1360. 1361. 1362. 1363. 1364. 1365. 1366. 1367. 1368. 1369. 1370. 1371. 1372. 1373. 1374. 1375. 1376. 1377. 1378. 1379. 1380. 1381. 1382. 1383. 1384. 1385. 1386. 1387. 1388. 1389. 1390. 1391. 1392. 1393. 1394. 1395. 1396. 1397. 1398. 1399. 1400. 1401. 1402. 1403. 1404. 1405. 1406. 1407. 1408. 1409. 1410. 1411. 1412. 1413. 1414. 1415. 1416. 1417. 1418. 1419. 1420. 1421. 1422. 1423. 1424. 1425. 1426. 1427. 1428. 1429. 1430. 1431. 1432. 1433. 1434. 1435. 1436. 1437. 1438. 1439. 1440. 1441. 1442. 1443. 1444. 1445. 1446. 1447. 1448. 1449. 1450. 1451. 1452. 1453. 1454. 1455. 1456. 1457. 1458. 1459. 1460. 1461. 1462. 1463. 1464. 1465. 1466. 1467. 1468. 1469. 1470. 1471. 1472. 1473. 1474. 1475. 1476. 1477. 1478. 1479. 1480. 1481. 1482. 1483. 1484. 1485. 1486. 1487. 1488. 1489. 1490. 1491. 1492. 1493. 1494. 1495. 1496. 1497. 1498. 1499. 1500. 1501. 1502. 1503. 1504. 1505. 1506. 1507. 1508. 1509. 1510. 1511. 1512. 1513. 1514. 1515. 1516. 1517. 1518. 1519. 1520. 1521. 1522. 1523. 1524. 1525. 1526. 1527. 1528. 1529. 1530. 1531. 1532. 1533. 1534. 1535. 1536. 1537. 1538. 1539. 1540. 1541. 1542. 1543. 1544. 1545. 1546. 1547. 1548. 1549. 1550. 1551. 1552. 1553. 1554. 1555. 1556. 1557. 1558. 1559. 1560. 1561. 1562. 1563. 1564. 1565. 1566. 1567. 1568. 1569. 1570. 1571. 1572. 1573. 1574. 1575. 1576. 1577. 1578. 1579. 1580. 1581. 1582. 1583. 1584. 1585. 1586. 1587. 1588. 1589. 1590. 1591. 1592. 1593. 1594. 1595. 1596. 1597. 1598. 1599. 1600. 1601. 1602. 1603. 1604. 1605. 1606. 1607. 1608. 1609. 1610. 1611. 1612. 1613. 1614. 1615. 1616. 1617. 1618. 1619. 1620. 1621. 1622. 1623. 1624. 1625. 1626. 1627. 1628. 1629. 1630. 1631. 1632. 1633. 1634. 1635. 1636. 1637. 1638. 1639. 1640. 1641. 1642. 1643. 1644. 1645. 1646. 1647. 1648. 1649. 1650. 1651. 1652. 1653. 1654. 1655. 1656. 1657. 1658. 1659. 1660. 1661. 1662. 1663. 1664. 1665. 1666. 1667. 1668. 1669. 1670. 1671. 1672. 1673. 1674. 1675. 1676. 1677. 1678. 1679. 1680. 1681. 1682. 1683. 1684. 1685. 1686. 1687. 1688. 1689. 1690. 1691. 1692. 1693. 1694. 1695. 1696. 1697. 1698. 1699. 1700. 1701. 1702. 1703. 1704. 1705. 1706. 1707. 1708. 1709. 1710. 1711. 1712. 1713. 1714. 1715. 1716. 1717. 1718. 1719. 1720. 1721. 1722. 1723. 1724. 1725. 1726. 1727. 1728. 1729. 1730. 1731. 1732. 1733. 1734. 1735. 1736. 1737. 1738. 1739. 1740. 1741. 1742. 1743. 1744. 1745. 1746. 1747. 1748. 1749. 1750. 1751. 1752. 1753. 1754. 1755. 1756. 1757. 1758. 1759. 1760. 1761. 1762. 1763. 1764. 1765. 1766. 1767. 1768. 1769. 1770. 1771. 1772. 1773. 1774. 1775. 1776. 1777. 1778. 1779. 1780. 1781. 1782. 1783. 1784. 1785. 1786. 1787. 1788. 1789. 1790. 1791. 1792. 1793. 1794. 1795. 1796. 1797. 1798. 1799. 1800. 1801. 1802. 1803. 1804. 1805. 1806. 1807. 1808. 1809. 1810. 1811. 1812.

Ed.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Person indicted for any Offence under this Act, shall forthwith plead to the Indictment, and Trial shall proceed thereon in the Sessions of the Peace at which the Indictment shall be preferred against him, unless the Court shall, upon any sufficient Ground, postpone the pleading to such Indictment to such Trial; and then and in such case the Person indicted shall remain in Custody, unless sufficient Bail shall be given to the Satisfaction of the Court for his Appearance and answering to such Indictment at the time appointed for his Pleading to or Trial thereof, without further Notice.

Ed. 1812. 1091. 1092. 1093. 1094. 1095. 1096. 1097. 1098. 1099. 1100. 1101. 1102. 1103. 1104. 1105. 1106. 1107. 1108. 1109. 1110. 1111. 1112. 1113. 1114. 1115. 1116. 1117. 1118. 1119. 1120. 1121. 1122. 1123. 1124. 1125. 1126. 1127. 1128. 1129. 1130. 1131. 1132. 1133. 1134. 1135. 1136. 1137. 1138. 1139. 1140. 1141. 1142. 1143. 1144. 1145. 1146. 1147. 1148. 1149. 1150. 1151. 1152. 1153. 1154. 1155. 1156. 1157. 1158. 1159. 1160. 1161. 1162. 1163. 1164. 1165. 1166. 1167. 1168. 1169. 1170. 1171. 1172. 1173. 1174. 1175. 1176. 1177. 1178. 1179. 1180. 1181. 1182. 1183. 1184. 1185. 1186. 1187. 1188. 1189. 1190. 1191. 1192. 1193. 1194. 1195. 1196. 1197. 1198. 1199. 1200. 1201. 1202. 1203. 1204. 1205. 1206. 1207. 1208. 1209. 1210. 1211. 1212. 1213. 1214. 1215. 1216. 1217. 1218. 1219. 1220. 1221. 1222. 1223. 1224. 1225. 1226. 1227. 1228. 1229. 1230. 1231. 1232. 1233. 1234. 1235. 1236. 1237. 1238. 1239. 1240. 1241. 1242. 1243. 1244. 1245. 1246. 1247. 1248. 1249. 1250. 1251. 1252. 1253. 1254. 1255. 1256. 1257. 1258. 1259. 1260. 1261. 1262. 1263. 1264. 1265. 1266. 1267. 1268. 1269. 1270. 1271. 1272. 1273. 1274. 1275. 1276. 1277. 1278. 1279. 1280. 1281. 1282. 1283. 1284. 1285. 1286. 1287. 1288. 1289. 1290. 1291. 1292. 1293. 1294. 1295. 1296. 1297. 1298. 1299. 1300. 1301. 1302. 1303. 1304. 1305. 1306. 1307. 1308. 1309. 1310. 1311. 1312. 1313. 1314. 1315. 1316. 1317. 1318. 1319. 1320. 1321. 1322. 1323. 1324. 1325. 1326. 1327. 1328. 1329. 1330. 1331. 1332. 1333. 1334. 1335. 1336. 1337. 1338. 1339. 1340. 1341. 1342. 1343. 1344. 1345. 1346. 1347. 1348. 1349. 1350. 1351. 1352. 1353. 1354. 1355. 1356. 1357. 1358. 1359. 1360. 1361. 1362. 1363. 1364. 1365. 1366. 1367. 1368. 1369. 1370. 1371. 1372. 1373. 1374. 1375. 1376. 1377. 1378. 1379. 1380. 1381. 1382. 1383. 1384. 1385. 1386. 1387. 1388. 1389. 1390. 1391. 1392. 1393. 1394. 1395. 1396. 1397. 1398. 1399. 1400. 1401. 1402. 1403. 1404. 1405. 1406. 1407. 1408. 1409. 1410. 1411. 1412. 1413. 1414. 1415. 1416. 1417. 1418. 1419. 1420. 1421. 1422. 1423. 1424. 1425. 1426. 1427. 1428. 1429. 1430. 1431. 1432. 1433. 1434. 1435. 1436. 1437. 1438. 1439. 1440. 1441. 1442. 1443. 1444. 1445. 1446. 1447. 1448. 1449. 1450. 1451. 1452. 1453. 1454. 1455. 1456. 1457. 1458. 1459. 1460. 1461. 1462. 1463. 1464. 1465. 1466. 1467. 1468. 1469. 1470. 1471. 1472. 1473. 1474. 1475. 1476. 1477. 1478. 1479. 1480. 1481. 1482. 1483. 1484. 1485. 1486. 1487. 1488. 1489. 1490. 1491. 1492. 1493. 1494. 1495. 1496. 1497. 1498. 1499. 1500. 1501. 1502. 1503. 1504. 1505. 1506. 1507. 1508. 1509. 1510. 1511. 1512. 1513. 1514. 1515. 1516. 1517. 1518. 1519. 1520. 1521. 1522. 1523. 1524. 1525. 1526. 1527. 1528. 1529. 1530. 1531. 1532. 1533. 1534. 1535. 1536. 1537. 1538. 1539. 1540. 1541. 1542. 1543. 1544. 1545. 1546. 1547. 1548. 1549. 1550. 1551. 1552. 1553. 1554. 1555. 1556. 1557. 1558. 1559. 1560. 1561. 1562. 1563. 1564. 1565. 1566. 1567. 1568. 1569. 1570. 1571. 1572. 1573. 1574. 1575. 1576. 1577. 1578. 1579. 1580. 1581. 1582. 1583. 1584. 1585. 1586. 1587. 1588. 1589. 1590. 1591. 1592. 1593. 1594. 1595. 1596. 1597. 1598. 1599. 1600. 1601. 1602. 1603. 1604. 1605. 1606. 1607. 1608. 1609. 1610. 1611. 1612. 1613. 1614. 1615. 1616. 1617. 1618. 1619. 1620. 1621. 1622. 1623. 1624. 1625. 1626. 1627. 1628. 1629. 1630. 1631. 1632. 1633. 1634. 1635. 1636. 1637. 1638. 1639. 1640. 1641. 1642. 1643. 1644. 1645. 1646. 1647. 1648. 1649. 1650. 1651. 1652. 1653. 1654. 1655. 1656. 1657. 1658. 1659. 1660. 1661. 1662. 1663. 1664. 1665. 1666. 1667. 1668. 1669. 1670. 1671. 1672. 1673. 1674. 1675. 1676. 1677. 1678. 1679. 1680. 1681. 1682. 1683. 1684. 1685. 1686. 1687. 1688. 1689. 1690. 1691. 1692. 1693. 1694. 1695. 1696. 1697. 1698. 1699. 1700. 1701. 1702. 1703. 1704. 1705. 1706. 1707. 1708. 1709. 1710. 1711. 1712. 1713. 1714. 1715. 1716. 1717. 1718. 1719. 1720. 1721. 1722. 1723. 1724. 1725. 1726. 1727. 1728. 1729. 1730. 1731. 1732. 1733. 1734. 1735. 1736. 1737. 1738. 1739. 1740. 1741. 1742. 1743. 1744. 1745. 1746. 1747. 1748. 1749. 1750. 1751. 1752. 1753. 1754. 1755. 1756. 1757. 1758. 1759. 1760. 1761. 1762. 1763. 1764. 1765. 1766. 1767. 1768. 1769. 1770. 1771. 1772. 1773. 1774. 1775. 1776. 1777. 1778. 1779. 1780. 1781. 1782. 1783. 1784. 1785. 1786. 1787. 1788. 1789. 1790. 1791. 1792. 1793. 1794. 1795. 1796. 1797. 1798. 1799. 1800. 1801. 1802. 1803. 1804. 1805. 1806. 1807. 1808. 1809. 1810. 1811. 1812.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, or for any Two or more Justices or Magistrates acting together on any Common or Field, or any other open or inclosed Ground, at the Night; that is to say, between the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Evening and Six in the Morning, from the First Day of October to the First Day of February, or between the Hours of Ten at Night and Four in the Morning, from the First Day of February to the First Day of October, which such Justice of the Peace may suspect to be assembled for any unlawful Purpose, to disperse; and if the Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, or the Justice having such Warrant, shall see, upon the View of such Assembly or otherwise, be satisfied that such Person or Persons are assembled upon some lawful Occasion, and shall in consequence thereof order such Assembly to disperse, and such Person shall pay, upon such Order, discharge, then and in such case such Assembly shall be deemed an unlawful Assembly, and if the Person there assembling together after such Order may be arrested and detained, and dealt with as any Person found at any unlawful Meeting may be dealt with under the Provisions of this Act.

Ed. 1812. 1091. 1092. 1093. 1094. 1095. 1096. 1097. 1098. 1099. 1100. 1101. 1102. 1103. 1104. 1105. 1106. 1107. 1108. 1109. 1110. 1111. 1112. 1113. 1114. 1115. 1116. 1117. 1118. 1119. 1120. 1121. 1122. 1123. 1124. 1125. 1126. 1127. 1128. 1129. 1130. 1131. 1132. 1133. 1134. 1135. 1136. 1137. 1138. 1139. 1140. 1141. 1142. 1143. 1144. 1145. 1146. 1147. 1148. 1149. 1150. 1151. 1152. 1153. 1154. 1155. 1156. 1157. 1158. 1159. 1160. 1161. 1162. 1163. 1164. 1165. 1166. 1167. 1168. 1169. 1170. 1171. 1172. 1173. 1174. 1175. 1176. 1177. 1178. 1179. 1180. 1181. 1182. 1183. 1184. 1185. 1186. 1187. 1188. 1189. 1190. 1191. 1192. 1193. 1194. 1195. 1196. 1197. 1198. 1199. 1200. 1201. 1202. 1203. 1204. 1205. 1206. 1207. 1208. 1209. 1210. 1211. 1212. 1213. 1214. 1215. 1216. 1217. 1218. 1219. 1220. 1221. 1222. 1223. 1224. 1225. 1226. 1227. 1228. 1229. 1230. 1231. 1232. 1233. 1234. 1235. 1236. 1237. 1238. 1239. 1240. 1241. 1242. 1243. 1244. 1245. 1246. 1247. 1248. 1249. 1250. 1251. 1252. 1253. 1254. 1255. 1256. 1257. 1258. 1259. 1260. 1261. 1262. 1263. 1264. 1265. 1266. 1267. 1268. 1269. 1270. 1271. 1272. 1273. 1274. 1275. 1276. 1277. 1278. 1279. 1280. 1281. 1282. 1283. 1284. 1285. 1286. 1287. 1288. 1289. 1290. 1291. 1292. 1293. 1294. 1295. 1296. 1297. 1298. 1299. 1300. 1301. 1302. 1303. 1304. 1305. 1306. 1307. 1308. 1309. 1310. 1311. 1312. 1313. 1314. 1315. 1316. 1317. 1318. 1319. 1320. 1321. 1322. 1323. 1324. 1325. 1326. 1327. 1328. 1329. 1330. 1331. 1332. 1333. 1334. 1335. 1336. 1337. 1338. 1339. 1340. 1341. 1342. 1343. 1344. 1345. 1346. 1347. 1348. 1349. 1350. 1351. 1352. 1353. 1354. 1355. 1356. 1357. 1358. 1359. 1360. 1361. 1362. 1363. 1364. 1365. 1366. 1367. 1368. 1369. 1370. 1371. 1372. 1373. 1374. 1375. 1376. 1377. 1378. 1379. 1380. 1381. 1382. 1383. 1384. 1385. 1386. 1387. 1388. 1389. 1390. 1391. 1392. 1393. 1394. 1395. 1396. 1397. 1398. 1399. 1400. 1401. 1402. 1403. 1404. 1405. 1406. 1407. 1408. 1409. 1410. 1411. 1412. 1413. 1414. 1415. 1416. 1417. 1418. 1419. 1420. 1421. 1422. 1423. 1424. 1425. 1426. 1427. 1428. 1429. 1430. 1431. 1432. 1433. 1434. 1435. 1436. 1437. 1438. 1439. 1440. 1441. 1442. 1443. 1444. 1445. 1446. 1447. 1448. 1449. 1450. 1451. 1452. 1453. 1454. 1455. 1456. 1457. 1458. 1459. 1460. 1461. 1462. 1463. 1464. 1465. 1466. 1467. 1468. 1469. 1470. 1471. 1472. 1473. 1474. 1475. 1476. 1477. 1478. 1479. 1480. 1481. 1482. 1483. 1484. 1485. 1486. 1487. 1488. 1489. 1490. 1491. 1492. 1493. 1494

Justice in the
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Persons in Offi-
ce, by the
passing of the
Act.

tion whatever, as fully and effectually as all Juries and Jurors as if they were included in the general Com- mission of the Peace for the Counties or Ridings in which they are appointed, and were duly qualified, and had duly qualified according to Law in such Juries of the Peace in such Counties or Ridings.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace assembled at any Special or General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, to appoint any such Person as may appear to them to be fit and proper to be designated Special Constables for any Hundred or Hundreds, or Division or Divisions of any County, or for any Part of any Hundred or Division of any County, although the same may consist of several Parishes, Townships or Places; and all such Special Constables shall be subject to the general Control and Superintendance of the Chief Constable of the Hundred or Division for which they shall be appointed to be provided that no Person shall be appointed such Special Constable as aforesaid without his Consent.

XV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to prevent any Prosecution by Indictment or otherwise for any thing which shall be an Offence within the Intent and Meaning of this Act, and which might have been prosecuted if this Act had not been made, unless the Offender shall have been prosecuted for such Offence under this Act, and convicted or acquitted of such Offence; and only that no Person shall be prosecuted under the Provisions of this Act, for having been before the passing of this Act a Member of any Assembly or Association by this Act declared to be unlawful, if such Person shall not in any manner hereafter against the Provisions of this Act after the passing thereof; Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to discharge any Person in Custody at the passing of this Act, or who having been in Custody shall have been discharged on Bail or Recognizance, from any Prosecution which might have been had against such Person if this Act had not been made.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall knowingly prevent any Meeting of any Assembly or Meeting lawfully declared to be lawful, be of any Division, Branch or Committee of such Assembly or Meeting, to be held in his or her House or Apartment, such Person shall for the said Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, and shall for any such Offence committed after the Date of his or her Conviction for such said Offence, be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Two or more Justices of the Peace sitting for any County, Riding, Division, City, Town or Place, upon Evidence on Oath that any Meeting of any Assembly, Meeting or Association by this Act declared to be unlawful, or any Meeting by any unlawful Party or Parties mentioned in this Act, shall have been held after the passing of this Act at any House, Room or Place, licensed for the Sale of Ale, Beer, Wine or Spirituous Liquors, to seize and declare the License or Licenses for selling Ale, Beer, Wine or Spirituous Liquors granted to the Person or Persons keeping such House, Room or Place, to have been forfeited; and the Person or Persons in keeping such House, Room or Place, shall from and after the Notice of such Adjudication as aforesaid, be subject and liable to all and every the Penalties and Forfeitures for any Act done after that Day, which such Person or Persons would be subject and liable to if such License or Licenses had expired or otherwise determined on that Day.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and all the Provisions thereof, shall extend to the several Counties of Gloger and Lancaster, and the West Riding of Yorkshire, and such other Counties or Ridings in England as His Majesty shall from time to time upon the Representation made by any General Meeting of the Liverymen of any County or Riding in consequence of any Disturbance therein, by any Proclamation made by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, declare to be so disturbed as to make it necessary that the Provisions of this Act should be enforced therein; and then and in such case this Act shall be in full Force as to any such County or Counties or Riding, from the Day specified in any such Proclamation, as if such County or Riding had been mentioned in this Act.

XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, by Proclamation, to declare that this Act shall be no longer in force in any County specified in this Act, or in any County which the Provisions of this Act shall have been extended by Proclamation as aforesaid, and from and after the Period specified in any such Proclamation, the Powers of this Act shall no longer be in force in such County: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall prevent or be construed to extend to prevent His Majesty upon such Representations, and by such Advice as aforesaid, declaring by Proclamatory such County to be again within the Powers of this Act.

XX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in Force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and no longer.

C. A P. CLXIII.

An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in Ireland.

[4th July 1812.]

WHEREAS it may be expedient in the public Goodness of the Princes and People in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, called Ireland, that some of the Prisoners who are now confined therein should be set at Liberty; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all and every Keeper or Guardians of any Prison in any County, City, Town, Place or Liberty within that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, shall and he and he and he is hereby required to make a true, exact and perfect List, alphabetically, of the Names or Names of all and every Person or Persons, who upon the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, was or were, or have since continued to be under the Terms and Conditions herein expressed, and at the time of making out every such List shall be under an actual Prison or Prisons in the Custody of any Keeper or Keepers, Guards or Guardians of such Prison

respectively, upon any *Warrant* whatsoever, for or by virtue of any Debt, Damage, Costs, Sum or Sums of Money or Compensation for Payment of Money, and an Account of the same when such Prisoner or Prisoners was or were respectively committed to Custody or received as Prisoner, together with the Name or Names of the Prisoner or Prisoners in whose Suit or Prosecution such Prisoner or Prisoners is or are detained, together with the Amount of such Debt as the said Prisoner or Prisoners are detained for, and shall deliver the same to the Officers of the Peace at their First or Second General Quarter Session or General Session of the Peace, to be held after the passing of this Act, or at some Adjournment thereof, for each County, City, Town, Place or Liberty respectively.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Marshal of the Four Courts Marshalls, and every other Keeper and Clerk of any other Prison in any Place or Liberty in Ireland, shall severally on the following day of appointment of Prisoner in their respective Custody, viz. on Oath in open Court of such General Quarter Session or General Session of the Peace, or Adjournment thereof, make the Oath following, that is to say,

I, J. B. upon my corporal Oath, in the Presence of Almighty God, do solemnly swear, profess and declare, That all and every Prisoner and Person whose Name or Names is or are referred and named as in and to the said Part of the List by me now delivered to and subscribed, was or were to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, really upon the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and truly Prisoner in actual Custody in the Prison of [insert the Name of the Prison] in the Suit or Name of the several Prisoner or Prisoners therein respectively mentioned; and also that all in every Prison or Person whose Name or Names is or are referred or contained in the second Part of the said List, now by me delivered to and subscribed as aforesaid, have from the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve been committed or committed to the said Prison of [insert the Name of the Prison] at the Suit or Name of the several Prisoner or Prisoners whose Name or Names is or are therein mentioned, was or were to the best of my Knowledge and Belief really and truly Prisoner in actual Custody on the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, as appears by the Returns made to me on that and their respective Commissions.

So help us, GOD.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Justices at their First or Second General Quarter Session or General Session aforesaid, or at some Adjournment thereof, within their respective Jurisdictions, may lawfully enquire and inquire to and take order in open Court, and the Words of the said Oath respectively directed to be taken by the said Marshal and other Keeper or Clerks of any Prison respectively shall be entered or entered at the End or Bottom of the List which shall be delivered to them respectively, and shall be subscribed and sworn to by them respectively in open Court, and every such List which shall be so delivered to, subscribed and sworn to in pursuance of this Act, shall be kept by the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Person acting as Clerk of the Peace of every such County, City, Town, Place or Liberty respectively, in which any such List is aforesaid that he swears to, for the better Satisfaction of the said Justices and Information of all or any Prisoner or Prisoners therein named, and so at the time may from time to time be seen and examined by any Cardinal or Cardinal, or Justice or Justices, without Fee or Reward.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every Keeper or Clerks of any such Prison or Goal, in and we hereby require Ten Days at least before the First or Second General Quarter Session or General Session of the Peace shall be held after the passing of this Act for the County, City, Town, Place or Liberty in which any Prison or Goal shall be or to which the same shall belong, to file upon some conspicuous Place or Places in every such Prison or Goal, and at the most frequented or usual Gate, Door or Entrance into every such Prison or Goal, true Copies of the List or Lists proposed or intended to be delivered in by any such Keeper or Clerk at the said General Quarter Session or at some Adjournment thereof.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Prisoner and Person who on the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve were charged in any Writ or Writ or in the Management of any Debt or Debt, Sum or Sums of Money which did not in the Whole amount to a greater Sum than Two hundred Pounds, and whose Name or Names shall be referred in any such List to be delivered as is aforesaid, taking the Oath hereby directed to be taken, and who shall perform on his or her Part what is required to be done by law or her by this Act, shall, as to his Prison and Matters respectively, be forever released, discharged and acquitted, to such Extent and in such manner as is hereinafter provided, and no otherwise.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace of any County, City, Town, Place or Liberty within this Kingdom, upon the Petition of any such Prisoner or Prisoners, to any Justice or Justices of the Peace within his or their respective Jurisdictions, upon every such Prisoner or Prisoners in petitiō, and at the time of his or her so petitioning having with the Justice or Justices of the Peace in petitiō a true Copy of the Schedule, containing his or her intended Discovery of his or her Real and Personal Estate, as he swears to at the First or Second General Quarter Session next ensuing after every such Petition or some Adjournment thereof, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or under the Hand and Seal, to require the Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keepers or Clerks of any such Prison within the Jurisdiction of any such Justice or Justices, to bring before the Justice at the First or Second or some General Quarter Session or General Session of the Peace, or some Adjournment thereof, to be held in the next half-holiday to next after the Expiration of Ten Days from the Date of such Warrant, for each respective County, City, Town, Place or Liberty, the Body of any Prisoner being in the said Prison as aforesaid, with the Warrant or Warrants of his or her Detainers, together with a Copy of Copies of the Causes or Causes which he, she, or they is or are charged with in any Prison or Goal as aforesaid, at the time aforesaid; for which Copy or Copies of such Causes or Causes such Prisoner shall apply to the said Keeper or Clerks of such Prison, who shall make out and transmit the same at least Six Days before the time of his or her Appearance, which Warrant of every

C. 163. 1093
to be delivered
by Lists

Oath

Oath administered
in open
Court.

Lists kept by
Clerks of the
Peace, and
returned
again.

Copies of Lists
sent up to
Justices before
Delivery to
Justices.

Prisoner to
submit in
discharge

Justice may, by
Petition deliver
any individual,
like Petitioner
in being, access to
Quarter Sessions.

every such Justice or Justice every such Sheriff and Sheriffs, Keeper or Gaoler, is and are hereby com-
manded to obey.

VI. And whereas considerable time may intervene between the passing of this Act and the next General
Quarter Session or General Session of the Peace, which would be the means of detaining in Prison a Number
of Prisoners who with their Families are to the great Disadvantage of the said Prisoners, their Families and
may be useful for any Two or more of the Justices of the Peace for any County, City, Town, Place or
Liberty, upon Petitions from Debtors as aforesaid, so all while their respective Counties as aforesaid may be after
passing this Act, for the Purpose of administering the Oaths and other the Matters required by this Act, and
to appoint such Day or Days for the Discharge of Prisoners as they shall see proper.

Schedule to be
in with Clerk
of the Peace.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Copy of every such Schedule which shall be left or delivered in as
aforesaid shall be forthwith transmitted to the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as
Clerk of the Peace for the County, City, Town, Place or Liberty in which the same shall have been left, there
to remain and to be inspected from time to time as Occasion shall require, by any Creditor of any such
Prisoner who shall desire to inspect the same.

Debtors intend-
ing to apply for
Discharge to be
in with the
Gaoler.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Debtor or Debtors confined as any Gaol of that Part
of the United Kingdom called England, who shall intend to apply to be discharged and executed under this
Act, shall first make public Notice to be entered in Three several Public Gazettes, previous to such General
or Quarter Session or General Session, or the Adjournment thereof, at which such Application shall be made ;
and if such Debtor shall be in Custody in any Gaol out of Dublin or the County of Dublin, or shall have married
himself by Public Contract from one Gaol to another, then also in some Newspaper or near the County, City,
Town or Liberty, in the Gaol where he or she shall be or have been in or in Custody, containing the Name,
Trade, Occupation and Description, and the Two last Places of Abode, if so many, of every such Debtor and
Debtors, and the Prison where he, she or they is or are confined, and of his, her or their Intention to take
the Benefit of this Act, and inserting such Notice in such Gazette or Newspaper respectively, to be the First,
Second or Third Notice, according to the name of publishing such of such Notices ; the last of each of
the said Notices in the Public Gazettes, or in any other Newspapers, then shall be sold each time by every
Prisoner the Sum of Four pence and no more ; the Part of which said Notices shall be so inserted in the said
Gazettes respectively, and in the said other Newspapers, as the case may require, Twenty one Days at the least,
and the last of the said Notices Six Days at the least, before any such Gaol or Sheriff General Quarter Session
or General Session or Adjournment thereof, shall be held as aforesaid, so that as well all the Creditors as he
have not charged the said Debtor or Debtors in Custody, as those Creditors who have charged such Debtor or
Debtors as Executives or on Middle Process or otherwise, may have sufficient Notice thereof.

Debtors in the
Gaol shall deliver to
Clerks previous
to last Notice

IX. And, to the intent that all Creditors may have full and sufficient time to consider the Matters and
Things contained in the Schedule or Schedules intended to be delivered in by any Debtor or Debtors, be it
further enacted, That every such Debtor where he or she shall, according to the Directions of this Act, publish the
First Notice of an Intention to take the Benefit of this Act, he or she shall in such Notice declare that the
Schedule containing hereof his intended Discovery of his or her Real and Personal Estate, to be sworn to in
consequence as by this Act is directed, is lodged in the Hands of the Keeper or Gaoler, or the Deputy of such
Keeper or Gaoler of the Prison wherein any such Debtor shall be confined ; and every such Debtor is hereby
directed and required to deliver such Schedule to such Keeper or Gaoler or Deputy, as the Case may be, before
he shall publish such First Notice as aforesaid, Agreed with his or her own Counsel and Barrister, to be attested
by any such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy, and in case any Debtor shall neglect or refuse to deliver the said
Schedule to such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy, prior to such his First Notice to be given as aforesaid, he or she,
upon due Proof made of such Neglect to the Satisfaction of the Court to which such Debtor shall make Ap-
plication, shall be remanded back to Prison, there to remain until he or she shall have complied with the Direc-
tions aforesaid ; and every such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy is hereby directed and required to strike the Signa-
ture of the Debtor's Name on such Schedule, and to receive the same into his Custody and Charge, giving a
Duplicate thereof to every such Debtor, with an Acknowledgment of his having received the Original, and he
is hereby further required to deliver a true Copy of any such Schedule, signed by himself, upon Request made
to him by any Creditor for that Purpose on Writing, such Copy to be delivered to the Creditor himself, or to
such Person as he shall appoint to receive the same, within Three Days after Demand made.

Meaning of Notice

X. And be it further enacted, That the Notice to be given by every Debtor in manner directed by this Act,
shall be to the Effect following ; that is to say,

I *signed the Name, Trade, Occupation and Description, and Two last Places of Abode, if so many* now con-
fined in *(to be of Prison and County)* and not being charged to Custody on the Fifth Day of
January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, with any Debt or Debts, Sum or Sums of Money, (amounting
to the Whole the Sum of Two thousand Pounds, do hereby give this public Notice, that I intend to take the
Benefit of an Act passed in the Fifth second Year of His present Majesty's Royal Majesty, intitled *An Act for the
Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors* in Ireland, and do hereby give Notice, that I do hereby give Notice,
containing the Discovery of all my Real and Personal Estate (averant to be taken to, is now ready to be
delivered in any Creditor applying for the same to the Keeper or Gaoler, or his Deputy of the said Prison.

And every such Notice shall be signed by the Debtor, and countersigned by the Keeper or Gaoler, or Deputy
of such Keeper or Gaoler of such Prison.

Debtors giving
Notice must
be in open
Court before

XI. And be it further enacted, That every such Debtor as aforesaid not being charged as aforesaid on the
Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and twelve, with any Debt or Debts, Sum or Sums of Money,
in the Whole to a greater Amount than the Sum of Two thousand Pounds, who shall apply to the General or
Quarter

Quarter Session, or any Adjournment thereof, shall in case it shall be proved upon Oath, or by producing the said Three Gazette and Newspapers respectively before mentioned, to the said Justices at any Fifth Session or the Adjournment thereof, that such Notices were not read in the Public Gazette and other Newspapers respectively, as were required in manner aforesaid; and that the Petitioner or Petitioners in applying for or more adjudge a Petition or Petitions on the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, in the Petition or Oath in which his, her or their Name or Names or are specified in the List delivered in at such First or Second Session, or any Adjournment thereof, or in some other Petition or Petitions as aforesaid, in pursuance of this Act; and shall in open Court at the said General Quarter Session or General Session, or any Adjournment thereof, subscribe and deliver in a true Schedule or Account of all his or her Real Estate in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, and of any other lands and kind whatsoever, and also the Whole of his or her Personal Estate which he or she or any Petitioner or Petitioners in Trust for him or her, or for her or her UK, Birth or Advantage, is or are indebted to, interested in or entitled to, or was or were in or to my Petitioner, Custody or Power of; and of any such Debt or Debts or Contracts as any time since his or her Commencement to Petition, with the Names of his or her Creditors, and where they respectively live or may be met with, and the several Sums of Money from them respectively owing; and how the same respectively became due and are secured, and if by Mortgage, Specialty, Contract, Note or other Writing, then the Name and Names, and Places of Abode of the several Creditors who can prove such Debts or Contracts (if there be any, such); and shall also make Oath and swear to the following Effect, according to the special Circumstances, in far as the same shall be consistent with the Provisions hereinafter contained; that is to say,

I, A. B. upon my corporal Oath, in the Presence of Almighty God, do solemnly swear, protest and declare, that on the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, I was lawfully and truly a Petitioner in the said Custody of _____ in the Petition or Oath of _____ at the Seat of _____ without any Fraud or Collusion whatsoever, and that I have ever since my Commencement continued a Petitioner within the Petition of _____ in the said Custody of the Keeper or Keeper of the said Prison of _____ without any Fraud or Collusion whatsoever; and that the Schedule now delivered by me and subscribed doth contain to the best of my Knowledge, Remembrance and Belief, a full, just, true and perfect Account and Discovery of all the Goods, UKs and Estates, Real and Personal, in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, and of every other estate and kind whatsoever, which for any Petitioner in Trust for me or for my Birth or Advantage are leased or possessed of, interested in or entitled to, or was or were in my Possession, Custody or Power, or in the Possession, Custody or Power of any such Petitioner as aforesaid, or which I or such Petitioner had any Power of disposing of or charging for my Benefit or Advantage at any time since my Commencement to Petition, and of all Debts to me owing, or to any Petitioner or Petitioners in Trust for me, and of all the Securities and Contracts whereby any Money now or will or may hereafter become payable, or any Benefit or Advantage may accrue to me or to my UK, or to any Petitioner or Petitioners in Trust for me, and the Names and Places of Abode of the several Persons from whom such UKs are due and owing, and of the Writings that can prove such Debts or Contracts (if any such there be); and that neither I, nor any Petitioner or Petitioners in Trust for me or for my UK, have any Lands, Money, Stock or any Estate Real or Personal, in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, or of any nature or kind, or any Power of disposing of or charging for my Benefit or Advantage other than what is in the said Schedule contained, except Wearing Apparel and Holding for myself and Family, Working Tools and the necessary Implements for my Occupation and Calling, together with a Sum of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, and that in the Whole not exceeding the Value of Thirty Pounds; and that I have not nor any Petitioner for me hath directly or indirectly sold, leased or otherwise conveyed, disposed of in Trust, or conveyed all or any Part of my Lands, Money, Goods, Chattels, Stock, Debts, Securities, Contracts or Estates, Real or Personal, whereby to incur the same, or to receive or expend any Profit or Advantage therefrom, or with an Intent to defraud or deceive any Creditor or Creditors to whom I am or was indebted in any such business. So help me GOD.

And the said Schedule and Oath shall be by every such Debtor subscribed in the Presence of the Justices in open Session of the Peace as hereby directed, and shall be kept by and remain with the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace for the County, Corp. Liberty, Town or Place where the same shall be subscribed and taken, for the better Information of all the Creditors of such Debtors, who shall desire or may have Occasion to refer thereto, and every such Creditor shall be at Liberty at reasonable time in the Daytime to peruse and examine the same.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace within their respective Jurisdictions at any such General Quarter Session or General Session or Adjournment thereof, at the Request of any Creditor or Creditors of any such Debtor, are hereby authorized to cause the Marshal of the Four Courts Marshal or his Deputy, or any other Justice Officer, Tipstaff and Tumbler of any Prison or Goal, and any other Persons within their respective Jurisdictions, to come before them and to examine them respectively as Oath, touching any of the Matters contained in any of the Oaths prescribed by this Act to be taken and the Truths thereof; and of the Oath which shall have been taken in open Court by any Debtor or Debtors, shall not be determined by good Fellowship of any credible Person or Persons on Oath; and such Justices, or the major Part of them, present at any such General Quarter Session or General Session or any Adjournment thereof, shall be lawful with the Truth of the Oath taken by such respective Debtor, then such Justices shall as such Session or some Adjournment thereof, adjudge such Debtor or Debtors to be confined in the Bench of this Act, and shall

Subscribed, and
taken Oath.

Oath.

Subscribed
Oath
by Debtor.

Creditor Request
Examine may
in open Court
on Oath.

order

order the said Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers, or any of the said Prison or Prisons, to sit at Liberty each Prisoner or Prisoners; and to give each Order of the said Prison or Prisons, to the Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers of each Prison or Prisons, and to all such Order, to be given against any Allegor or Allegors, Actions or Actions whatsoever for Damages which shall or may be done, commenced or prosecuted against him or them.

Edits, &c. of
Debtors dis-
charged called in
Clerk of the
Peace to be
affixed to each
Creditor or
Creditors as
Count shall direct
in Law.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Edits, Writs, Warrants and Orders of such Prisons, shall immediately after such Adjudication be and the same be hereto directed to the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer sitting as Clerk of the Peace of and for the County, City, Town, Corporate, Liberty or Place where any Debtor shall be respectively discharged; and to the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer sitting as Clerk of the Peace, is hereto directed and required to make an Assignment and Conveyance of every such Debtor's Edits and Effects related in such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer sitting as Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid, to such Creditor or Creditors of the said Debtor, at the Jailhouse at any General or Quarter Session of the Peace, or at any Adjournment thereof, which shall be held by them within their respective Jurisdictions, shall order and direct, what Assignment and Conveyance shall be good and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, without being writen or Parchment or Paper stamped, to wit the Edits thereby assigned and conveyed to the Party or Parties to whom the same shall be so assigned and conveyed, his, her and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, according to the Edits and Inverth the Debtor had therein; and every such Assignment and Conveyance shall be in Trust for the Benefit of the Creditor or Creditors of every such Debtor to whom the same shall be made, and the roll of the Creditors of every such Debtor, in respect of or in Proportion to their respective Debts; and every Person or Persons to whom any such Assignment and Conveyance as aforesaid shall be made, is and is lawfully empowered to sue from time to time, as there may be Occasion, in his, her or their own Name or Names, for the Recovery and obtaining any Edits or Effects of any such Debtor, and also to execute any Trust or Power vested or created for the Use or Benefit of any such Debtor, but in Trust for the Benefit of him or them and the roll of the Creditors of every such Debtor, and to give such Discharge and Discharges to any Person or Persons who shall respectively be indebted to such Debtor as may be required; and every such Assignor or Assignors shall with all convenient Speed, after his or their accepting, such Assignment or Conveyance, sit his and their said Debtor's to receive and get in the Edits and Effects of every such Debtor, and shall with all convenient Speed make Sale of all the Edits and Effects of such Debtor vested in such Assignor or Assignors; and if such Debtor shall be interested in or entitled to any Real Edits, either in Possession, Reversion or Expectancy, the same, within the Space of Two Months after such Assignment and Conveyance, shall be sold by Public Auction, in such manner and at such Place as the major Part of the Creditors of any such Debtor who shall assemble together on any Notice in Writing published in the Dublin Gazette, or in some Daily Paper printed and published at Dublin, and if elsewhere, then in some Newspaper which shall be published in or near the County, City, Town, Liberty or Place in which such Debtor dwelled before he or she was committed to Prison Thirty Days before any such Sale shall be made, shall under his Hand or their Hands agree on; and every such Assignor or Assignors, at the End of Three Months at farthest, from the time of his or their accepting any such Assignment or Conveyance as aforesaid, shall make a fair and just Dividend of all such Debtor's Edits and Effects which shall have been then recovered amongst his or her Creditors, in Proportion and in regard to each Creditor's respective Debt; but before any such Dividend shall be made, such Assignor or Assignors shall make up an Account of such Debtor's Edits, and make Cash in Writing before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace in which any such Debtor shall have been discharged, that every such Account contains a fair and just Account of the Edits and Effects of every such Debtor got in by or for such Assignor or Assignors, and of all Payments made in respect thereof, and that all Payments in every such Account charged were truly and lawfully made and paid; and Notice of the making of every such Dividend shall be published in like manner as a Meeting of the Creditors is heretofore directed to be published, Thirty Days at least before the same shall be made; and no Creditor shall be allowed to receive any Share of such Dividend until he shall have made out the Jailhouse and Identity of his Debt by Oath or the Proof in Writing before some Justices or Justices, and if any Creditor of such Debtor shall be dissatisfied with the Reality or Force of any Debt claimed by any other Creditor, then the same, at the Request of any such Creditor or Creditors so dissatisfied, shall be examined into by the Justices of the County, City, Liberty or Place in which such Debtor shall have been assigned to have been entitled to the Benefit of this Act, at the next General Quarter Session, or four Adjournments thereof.

Assignor to get
in Debtor's
Effects.

and to make
Dividends.

Notice of
making Div-
idends given.

Assignor or
Assignors not to
take any part
Effects, or the
same assigned.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Assignor or Assignors of the Edits and Effects of any Prisoner discharged by virtue of this Act, or the Heirs, Executors, or Administrators of any deceased Assignor or Assignors, shall not deliver over any Part of such Edits or Effects, or pay the Balance of the Proceeds of any such Edits or Effects found to be in the Hands of such Assignor or Assignors, or of such Heirs, Executors or Administrators as aforesaid, according to the Tenor of this Act, a Bill be lawful for the Court before which the Prisoner was discharged, to order the Person or Persons so offending to be arrested and committed to the next County Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, until such Person or Persons shall have fulfilled the Duty required by the Act, or until such Court shall make other Order to the contrary.

Creditor for
Accounts given
in Law
may receive

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all and every Creditor and Creditors of any Debtor who shall be discharged by virtue of this Act, for any Sum or Sums of Money payable by way of Indemnity or otherwise at any future time or times, by virtue of any Bond, Covenant or other Securities of any nature whatsoever,

whatsoever, may be and shall be deemed to be admitted a Creditor or Creditors, and may and shall be entitled to receive a Dividend or Dividends of the Estate of such Debtor, as shall appear and upon such Terms and Conditions as such Creditor or Creditors would have been entitled unto by the Laws now in force, if such Debtor had become Bankrupt, and without Prejudice as to his or their respective Securities, otherwise than as the same would have been provided by a Bond made in and by virtue of the Creditor under a Commission of Bankrupt, and a Certificate obtained by the Bankrupt under such Commission.

Debtors on the Commission of Bankruptcy.

XVI. And, in the instant that no Lists are made to any Creditor or Creditors, from any Neglect or Omission in the Schedule made containing the whole of the Estate Real or Personal belonging to any Debtor who shall apply for his or her Debt to be under the Authority of this Act, here inserted, That all the Estates, whether Real or Personal, which shall belong to any Debtor or Debtors, and of which he, she or they shall be actually possessed or entitled unto at the time of making such Schedule, shall be deemed and taken to be Part of the Estate comprised in such Schedule, though whatsoever things; and shall in like manner become vested in the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as such, in all Intended Purposes, as if the same had been contained in such Schedule, and had been delivered into the Court according to the Directions of this Act.

Estates of Debtors not intended in Schedules vested in Clerk of the Peace.

XVII. Provided always, and he it is enacted, That no Person holding any Security whatsoever, for which such Debtor ever received any valuable Consideration, shall be entitled to receive any Benefit from the Estate of such Debtor, unless the Person holding such Security shall make it appear to the Satisfaction of the Justices at some General Quarter Session or Adjournment thereof, that he or she became possessed of the same long after and for good and valuable Consideration.

Holders of Securities of Debtors not entitled to Benefit.

XVIII. Provided always, and he it is enacted, That in case of the Death or Removal of any Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid, in whom the Estate, Right, Title, Interest or Trust of any Debtor or Debtors shall have vested by the Authority of this Act, every such Estate, Right, Title, Interest and Trust shall become vested in the Successor or Successors to every such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace aforesaid respectively, as the case may be, in all Intents and Purposes whatsoever under the Provisions of this Act.

Death or removal of Clerk of the Peace to whom being.

XIX. Provided further, and he it is also enacted, That no Suit in Equity shall be commenced by any Assignee or Assignees of any such Debtor or Debtors' Estate and Effects, without the Consent of the major Part as Value of the Creditors of such Debtor, who shall meet together pursuant to a Notice to be given at least Ten Days before such Meeting, in the Public Gazette or other Newspaper which shall be published in the Neighbourhood of the said Residence of such Debtor or Debtors for that Purpose.

No Suit in Equity without Consent of Major Part of Creditors.

XX. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend, or be construed to hinder or prevent any Mortgage or Mortgages, Charges or Liens upon the Estate of such Debtor or Debtors, or any Part thereof, to take place upon the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Personal Estate or Effects comprised in or charged or affected by such Mortgage or Mortgages, Charges or Liens respectively, nor to prevent any Statute Staple, Statute Merchant, Recognition or Judgment, acknowledged by or obtained against any such Debtor or Debtors, to take place upon the Lands, Tenements or Real Estates of such Debtor or Debtors; and also where any Indenture shall have been taken upon any such Statute or Recognition, or any Writ or Execution shall have been taken out and delivered to the Sheriff or proper Officer upon any such Judgment, before such Discharge shall be given in open Session to any such Debtor as aforesaid, the Personal Estate of any such Debtor respectively shall be subject thereto, in the first place, for so much as shall remain due upon such Mortgage, Charge, Lien, Statute, Recognition or Judgment respectively, in like manner as such Mortgage and Persons having such Charges or Liens, and Creditors by Statute, Recognition or Judgment, who have been preferred to others, Creditors of an inferior Nature, against the Real or Personal Estate of such Debtor or Debtors respectively of this Act, had not been made; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary thereof in any Act notwithstanding.

Mortgages to take place of Charge of an inferior nature.

XXI. And whereas many Professions may be entitled to and claim the Benefit of this Act in relation and possession of Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, to hold to such Debtors for the Term of their natural Lives, with Power of granting Leases and taking Terms, or giving small Rents on such Estates for One, Two or Three Lives in Possession or Reversion, or for some Number of Years determinable upon Lives, or have Powers over Real or Personal Estates, which such Debtors could execute for their own Advantage, and which said Powers ought to be executed for the Benefit of the Creditors of such Debtors: Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in every such case all and every the Powers of leasing such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and all such other Powers as aforesaid over Real or Personal Estates, which are or shall be vested in any such Professor or Professors as aforesaid, shall be and are hereby vested in the Assignee or Assignees of the Real and Personal Estate of such Professor by virtue of this Act, in like manner as a Deputy or Assignees executed for the Benefit of all and every the Creditors of such Professor as aforesaid.

Powers of leasing Lands, to vest in Assignees.

XXII. And he it further enacted, That the Justices at any General or Quarter Session of the Peace, or Adjournment thereof, so which any such Professor shall be brought in pursuance of this Act, shall, if required by any Creditor or Creditors of any such Professor or Professors who shall appear for or her Discharge, administer and give to the Keeper or Keeper of any such Prison or Goal at the time of bringing up any such Professor in order to be discharged under this Act, in such to the Effect following; that is to say,

Justice on Request of Creditor sworn.

I do swear, That _____ was really, and truly a Professor in my Office
 of _____ or in Colliery in some other Office (as the case may be)
 of _____ at the time of my Knowledge and Belief, at or upon the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and that the Copy or Copies of the Cause or Causes of his [or, her] Commission or Detention
 is or are _____

• now by me brought, with the Body of the said and produced to the said
 • Court, in or as a true Copy or Copies of the Cause or Causes of such Commitment or Detention, without:
 • any Fraud or Deceit by me or any other Person whatsoever, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief.
" So help me GOD."

If Petition de-
 manding an Act
 of Grace or Pardon
 shall be presented
 to the said Court
 at any time
 following aforesaid

And if any Person who was a Keeper or Gaoler, or deputed Keeper or Gaoler of any such Prison or Goal as the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, or here, shall not happen to be the Keeper or Gaoler or deputed Keeper or Gaoler of any such Prison or Goal at the time any such Act as aforesaid is hereby required to be delivered in, then the Justices at any such Sessions, or at any Adjournment thereof, may and are hereby required to administer and give to the respective Petition or Petitions who shall be Keeper or Gaoler, or deputed Keeper or Gaoler, of any such Prison or Goal, and deliver in such Act as aforesaid at any such General or Quarter Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, an Oath touching the Commitments or Books of Commitment of any such Prison or Goal as the said Fifth following; that is to say,

Oath.

• I do swear, That I have examined the Commitments or Books kept or
 • according to the Commitments of Prisoners to the Prison of and that I do verily believe
 • that the said Commitments or Books of Commitments are really true and not fictitious, nor calculated for
 • the Purpose; and by them it doth appear that was, on the Fifth Day of June One
 • thousand eight hundred and twelve, really and truly a Prisoner to the said County of for, or other Prison, as
 • the then Keeper or Gaoler, or Deputy Keeper or Gaoler of the said Prison or Goal, the said Person, as
 • the said Person, without Fraud or Deceit by me or any other Person or Persons to my Knowledge and Belief.
" So help me GOD."

Persons de-
 manding Com-
 pensation for
 the Detention of
 any Person
 shall be

XXIII. And he it further enacted, That no Person entitled to the Benefit of this Act shall at any time hereafter be impeached by reason of any Judgment or Decree obtained for Non-payment of Money only, or for any Debt, Bond, Damages, Costs, or for Non-payment of Money, Costs, Sums or Sums of Money contracted, received, acknowledged, owing or growing due before the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve; but that upon every Assize upon every Judgment or such Decree, or for such Debt, Damages, Costs, Sums and Sums of Money, it shall and may be lawful for any Judge of the Court where the French Ward, or for any Two Justices of the Peace, upon showing the Copy of the Order of Judicature as aforesaid, to retake and discharge out of Custody such Prisoner as aforesaid, and at the same time to order the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Suit or Suits to pay such Prisoner or Prisoners the Costs he, she or they shall have incurred on such Occasion, or so much thereof as to such Judge or Justices shall seem just and reasonable; and every such Judge or Justice empowered to do so on such Prisoner sending a Common Appearance to be entered for him on every such Assize or Suit.

Persons de-
 manding Com-
 pensation for
 the Detention of
 any Person
 shall be

XXIV. And whereas under former Acts of this kind, Doubts have arisen what was to be done with
 • such Prisoners who applied at any Session to be discharged, who owed and stood charged with Debts as well
 • previous as subsequent to the Day limited by the respective Acts; to remedy which, be it therefore enacted,
 That on Prisoner or Prisoners shall be discharged of any Debts incurred subsequent to the Fifth Day of June
 One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and if it shall appear to the Justices at any Sessions or Adjournment,
 that any Prisoner or Prisoners then applying to them to be discharged, shall stand charged as well with Debts
 previous to as subsequent to the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, that in such
 default shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices to discharge the Prison of such Prisoner on account of
 all Debts incurred previous to the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and to re-
 main him or her back to the Custody of the Keeper of the Prison from whence he or she was brought, for all
 Debts which he or she stands charged with in his Custody incurred subsequent to the said Fifth Day of June
 One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

XXV.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Action of Escape, or any Suit or Action be brought against
 any Justice or Justices of the Peace, Sheriff, Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison, for performing their Office in
 pursuance of this Act, they may plead the General Issue, and give this Act in Evidence, and if the Plaintiff be
 convicted or adjudged his Action, or Verdict pass against him or Judgment upon Demurrer, the Defendant
 shall have Treble Costs.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Suit, Fines or Action of Debt or upon Judgment shall be
 brought against any Prisoner, his or her Heirs, Executors or Administrators, upon any Judgment or Obligation
 against any such Prisoner, or on any Statute or Recognizance acknowledged by him or her before the said
 Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, with respect to Prisoners committed to any such
 Prison on the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, it shall and may be lawful for any such Prisoner,
 his or her Heirs, Executors or Administrators, to plead generally that such Prisoner was actually a
 Prisoner in such Prison on some other Prison at such Prisoner's Suit, on the Fifth Day of June One thousand
 eight hundred and twelve, and was or were duly discharged according as this Act, at the General Quarter
 Sessions or General Sessions or Adjournment thereof, held at such Time and Place for such County, Liberty,
 City, Town or Place (as he or she or their case is) without pleading any Maximality; and in case any
 other Suit or Action shall be commenced against him, her or them, for any other Debt, Bond or Sums of
 Money due before the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, to plead in discharge of
 his or her Obligation from such Statute, Fine and where such Statute as aforesaid that such Debt or Sums of Money
 (as the said Act happens) was contracted or due before the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred
 and twelve, without pleading any other Matter specially, where the Plaintiff shall so may apply generally,
 and drop the Matter pleaded as aforesaid, or reply any other Matter or Thing which may show the said De-
fendant

debt as not to be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, or not duly discharged according to it, in the first instance as the Plaintiff might have replied in case the Defendant had pleaded this Act, and his Discharge by virtue of this Act specially; and if the Plaintiff be satisfied, discontinues his Action, or Verdict puts a quietus to him or Judgment or Demurrer, the Defendant to have Traffic Costs: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to revoke or discharge any Attorney at Law, Solicitor or any other Person or Persons acting or pretending to act as such, with regard to any Debt with which he or they shall stand charged for any Money or other Effects recovered and received by him or them, for the Use of any Person or Persons, Bodies Corporate or Politic, and by any Attorney, Solicitor or other Person or Persons acting as such, embedded, concealed or converted to his or their own Use, or to revoke or discharge any Bond or Agree, or any other Person or Persons employed or entrusted as such with regard to any Debt or Demand with which he, she or they shall stand charged for or on account of any Money, Goods or other Effects received or possessed by him, her or them, for the Use and on account of his, her or their Maker or Maker, or Employer, and by such Director or Agent embedded, concealed or converted to his, her or their own Use; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any writ notwithstanding.

XXVII. And whereas many and dispersed Persons, to support such prodigious way of Life, have by various subtle Stratagems, Trueries and Deceits, fraudulently obtained Money, Goods or Securities, Wares, Merchandises, Bonds, Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes or other Securities, to the great Injury of substantial Families, and to the manifest Prejudice of Trade and Credit: Be it enacted, That no Person who, knowingly and deliberately by his Pretence or Pretences, shall have obtained from any Person or Persons, Money, Goods, Wares, Merchandises, Bonds, Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes or other Securities of Money, shall have or receive any Benefit or Discharge by or under this Act; but the Justices at any General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or any Adjudgment thereof, before whom any such Person shall be brought, upon due Proof of the Matter made to their Satisfaction, shall commit such Person to the Custody of the Gaoler or Keeper of the Prison from whence he or she shall have been brought; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVIII. Provided always, That no Person who shall have been committed to Prison under any Act heretofore passed for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, for having fraudulently obtained Money, Goods or Securities for Money on false Pretences, or for having secretly or fraudulently removed Stock, Cattle or other Effects, which were subject or liable to be distrained for Rent, or who shall have hid or concealed the Benefits of any such former Act, by having made any fraudulent Sale, Transfer, Conveyance or Assignment, since his or her Impignoring, to the Prejudice of the said true and honest Creditor, or who shall have obtained a Discharge under such former Act fraudulently, or shall have taken as such under such Act, any Part of which was not true, shall have or receive any Benefit or Discharge by or under this Act; but the Justices at any General or other Session of the Peace, or any Adjudgment thereof, before whom any such Person shall be brought, upon due Proof of the Matter made to their Satisfaction, shall commit such Person to the Custody of the Gaoler or Keeper of the Prison, from which he or she shall have been brought; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided also, that no Person charged in Execution for Damages recovered in any Action for Criminal Conversation with the Wife of the Plaintiff in such Action, or in any Action for seducing or carnally knowing the Daughter or Female Servant of the Plaintiff, or in any Action for a malicious Prosecution, or in any Action for any other malicious Injury, shall have any Benefit under this Act, except only in case where the Plaintiff in such Actions respectively shall be dead, and no Person shall have obtained Payment of the Writ or Letters of Administration of the Effects of such Plaintiff within Twelve Months after the Death of such Plaintiff.

XXIX. And whereas many Debtors for Rents of Lands, Millings, Hoards and other Premises have, with fraudulent Intent to dispossess the Right of their respective Landlords, removed the Stock, Cattle, Goods or other Effects which were subject and liable to be distrained for the Satisfaction of the said Rents: Be it therefore enacted, That no Debtor or Person who in a secret, clandestine or fraudulent manner, shall have removed or caused to be removed within Six Years any such Stock, Cattle, Furniture, Goods or Effects of the Value of Twenty Pounds or upwards, which were subject or liable to be distrained by their respective Landlord or Landlords, for or in Payment of such Rent or Rents, whereby such Landlord or Landlords shall have lost all or some Part of the Rent or Rents due to him, her or them as aforesaid, shall be discharged by or under this Act, but that, on due Proof of the Matter as aforesaid, he committed in manner heretofore mentioned; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding provided such Proof shall be thereof made in a heretofore required upon Objections or Exceptions to be made under this present Act.

XXX. And whereas many Debtors have, with a View to defraud their Creditors, &c. transferred, conveyed or assigned their Estate and Effects to some Person or Persons, subsequent to their being in Custody of Law or imprisoned under some Process for Debt: And whereas such Sale, Transfer, Conveyance or Assignment hath been fraudulently made to the Intire Prejudice of the said true and honest Creditors, though sufficient Proof could not be obtained to convict the Party of a fraudulent Deceit: Be it enacted, That whenever it shall be proved by One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses to the Satisfaction of the Court to which any Person shall be brought up in order to obtain his or her Discharge, that such Person has sold, transferred, conveyed or assigned to any Person or Persons after any Part of his Estate or Effects subsequent to the time of his Impignoring without full Cash for the doing, to be allowed by the Justices presiding in such Court as aforesaid, every such Debt shall hold all the Benefits and Advantages that he might have otherwise claimed under the Authority of this Act, and shall not be entitled to his or her Discharge, and every such Sale, Transfer, Conveyance or Assignment is hereby declared null and void.

XXXI. And

Traffic Costs
All the Costs
to be paid
by the
Defendant
in any
Action
whereby
the
Plaintiff
shall be
satisfied
at Law
or by
Verdict

No Person
who, knowingly
and deliberately
by his Pretence
or Pretences
shall have
obtained from
any Person
or Persons,
Money,
Goods,
Wares,
Merchandises,
Bonds,
Bills of
Exchange,
Promissory
Notes or
other
Securities
of Money,
shall have
or receive
any Benefit
or Discharge
by or under
this Act;

No Person
who, knowingly
and deliberately
by his Pretence
or Pretences,
shall have
obtained from
any Person
or Persons,
Money,
Goods,
Wares,
Merchandises,
Bonds,
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or Persons,
Money,
Goods,
Wares,
Merchandises,
Bonds,
Bills of
Exchange,
Promissory
Notes or
other
Securities
of Money,
shall have
or receive
any Benefit
or Discharge
by or under
this Act;

Debtors relating
to different
Prisons, but of
Whom it should
appear that such
Prison is one of
the Prisons
of Act

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Debtor being thereunto required by any Creditors, shall refuse to discover and declare the Trade or Occupations, and Habitation or last Place of Abode of the Person or Persons at which he or she or it was demanded or charged in Custody, or if any Prisoner being called for, and delivered by any Creditor or Creditors to come to the Lodge of the Prison in which any such Prisoner shall be confined, shall refuse to come, and that some reasonable Cause being made appear to the contrary, every such Debtor upon Proof being made thereof before the Justices at any General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or any Adjournment thereof, to be held as aforesaid, shall not have or receive any Benefit or Discharge by or under this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any will notwithstanding.

Prisoners to
be liable to
the same
Provisions

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That all Debtors and others who were in Prison on or before the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and Twelve, in any of the Courts of this Kingdom, and now remain for not paying their Fees, Rent or other Demands due or claimed to due to the Keeper or Keepers of any Prison respectively, or to any other Officer of such Prison, and upon so other Account, shall be discharged therefrom, as, he or she or they taking the Oath by this Act required to be taken by Prisoners.

Prisoners of
the same
Prisons to
be liable to
the same
Provisions

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Prisoners committed by any Courts of Law or Equity for Contempt in not paying Money ordered or assigned to be paid, or for not paying of Costs duly and regularly ordered to be taxed and allowed by the proper Officer after proper Demand made, that Payment, or upon any Writ of Executions, Capias, or other Process for or proceeded as the Non Payment of Money, Costs or Expenses in any Cause or Proceedings, any Ecclesiastical Court, or for Contempt of such Court relating thereto, and who were in Custody on the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and Twelve, and have ever since continued, and now are in Custody for the same, shall be related to all the Benefits and Provisions of this Act, subject to the same Terms, Conditions, and Restrictions, in all Matters specified and declared with respect to Prisoners for Debt only.

All persons
liable to
the same
Provisions
of Act

XXXIV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That this Act shall not extend unless continued to extend to discharge any Prisoner taking the Benefit of this Act, with respect to any Debtor bound with oath by or for the said Bond charged at the Suit of the Crown, or of any Person for any Offence committed against any Act of Parliament relative to His Majesty's Revenues of Customs, Excise, Stamps or Salt Duties, or any of them, or any Branches of the Public Revenue, or at the Suit of any Sheriff or other Public Officer, upon any Bail Bond entered into for the Appearance of any Person prosecuted for any Offence committed against any Act or Acts of Parliament relative to His Majesty's said Revenues of Customs, Excise, Stamps or Salt Duties, or any other Branches of Public Revenue, unless any Three of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being shall certify their Opinion under their Hands to the said Justices at their said Sessions of Adjournment thereof, for the Discharge of such Prisoner as aforesaid.

Provisions of
Act to be
applied to
Debtors
not of the
Prisons
of Act

XXXV. And whereas under former Acts, Creditors have been put to great Expence and Trouble in attending every Session and Adjournment during the whole Continuance of this Act, to oppose the Discharge of Debtors clearly excluded from any Benefit under the said respective Acts, but who, having been before the Session and before a Discharge, to demand their Creditors, constantly gave forth Notices for each subsequent Session and Adjournment of their intended Application to be discharged, to remedy which, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all cases where the Determination of the Justices in Session or Adjournment shall be final to all Issues and Protests, unless otherwise ordered and commanded by His Majesty's Court of King's Bench in Freedom, by His Majesty's Writ of Mandamus to be issued forth of the said Court, unless the Debtor shall, during the Continuance of this Act, get rid of the Objections or Objections for which they refused his Discharge; and that the same may be clear and certain, the Justices are hereby required to state the Objections why such Debtor's Discharge is refused by them, and in all cases whatever it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices at some one subsequent Session or Adjourned Session, within the Space of Twelve Calendar Months after he shall have been so committed, upon Application from such Debtor, and due Proof on Oath made to them by Two or more credible Witnesses (which Oath they are hereby empowered to administer) of such Objections or Objections being removed, and on Proof of Notice served in last Twenty Days previous to such Application on the Creditor or Creditors who before opposed his Discharge, and of Notice likewise intimated in the Public Gazette in manner before directed by this Act, to order such Debtor to be once more, but only one time more, brought before them, and if no other Objection or Objections shall then be made to the Discharge of such Debtor by any Creditor or Creditors, or being made, the same shall be over-ruled by the Justices then present, and they shall then be of Opinion the said Debtor is entitled to the Benefit of this Act, to enjoy the same as he or she is entitled to the Benefit of this Act, and to order him or her to be discharged, he or she taking the Oath, and in all other respects conforming to the Direction of this Act.

Prisoners to
be liable to
the same
Provisions
of Act

XXXVI. And whereas it may happen that several Persons who may claim and be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, are listed on an Estate that is here to be sold, Transferred or Mortgaged, which Estate, with the Residue of the same, is to be sold, either by Law Power or otherwise, or by leaving a Place or Places falling to a Common Recovery or Common Recovery, whereby such Person or Persons and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, would be liable to the Payment of such Debts, and be delivered up according to the Terms of this Act for the Benefit of their Creditors; be it therefore further enacted, That in every such case, such Person or Persons is to be sold as aforesaid, and who shall be entitled to and claim the Benefit of this Act, that, so all Issues and Protests shall be as in Law, be deemed to be taken, and it is and shall be hereby declared to be the Will of such Lords, Trustees and Mortgagors in this, and the same shall be delivered up to such Creditor or Creditors of every such Person, in the same manner

maner as if such Parties or Persons had actually levied a Fine, suffered a Common Recovery or Recovery, and thereby had become liable to Fees; any Law or Constitution of Law to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

XXXVII. And whereas many Parties who may be entitled to and claim the Benefits of this Act have been great Debtors, or otherwise engaged in large Transactions, whereby they may be entitled to Land, and great Debts and Demands of various and intricate Nature, and they may be entitled to Estates of Realty, Redemption of Estates, subject and liable to Mortgages, Judgments or other Incumbrances, or to Residues, Remainders or other contingent Estates, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to other Tracts or Interests in Estates both Real and Personal, which may not be sufficiently described or discovered in the Schedule or Inventory before directed to be delivered in upon Oath by the Prisoner to be discharged as aforesaid, or which may want his Aid and Assistance to adjust, make out, remove or manage, for the Benefit of his Creditors: Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the respective Assignees of the Estate and Effects of such Debtor or Debtors who shall obtain his, her or their Discharge in pursuance of this Act, or any other Parties or Persons duly authorized by them for that Purpose, from time to time to apply to any Two or more of the Justices of the Peace for the County, City, Town, Place or Liberty, where such Debtor or Debtors shall be then residing, shewing that they think such Debtor or Debtors may be further examined as to any Matters or Things relating to his, her or their Estate or Effects, whatsoever such Justices shall send for or call before them such Debtor or Debtors, by such Warrant, Summons, Ways or Means, as they shall think fit, and upon such Debtor or Debtors appearing shall examine him, her or them, as well upon Oath as otherwise, as to such Matters and Things as such Assignees shall desire, touching the Estate and Effects of such Debtor or Debtors: and if any Debtor or Debtors, on Payment or Tender of Payment of such reasonable Charges as such Justices shall judge sufficient, shall neglect or refuse to come or appear, or shall refuse to be sworn or to answer to such Justices and by them allowed, or being come before them shall refuse to be sworn or to answer to all such Questions as by such Justices shall be put to him or them relating to the Discovery of his, her or their Estate or Effects to reflect or extend as he is entitled to such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace of such Assignees as aforesaid, then it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justices, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to apprehend such Debtor or Debtors for offending as aforesaid, and him, her or them to commit to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize until such time as he, she or they shall submit him, her or themselves to such Justices, and answer upon Oath to all such lawful Questions as shall by such Justices be put to him, her or them, for the Purposes aforesaid.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That notwithstanding the Discharge of any Debtor or Debtors by virtue of this Act, if it shall hereafter appear that the same was obtained fraudulently, or that any Part of the Oath taken by any such Debtor was not true, then and in every such case every such Discharge shall be void and of none Effect.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful at all times hereafter for any Assignee or Assignees of the Estate or Effects of any Debtor or Debtors who shall be chosen in pursuance of this Act, by and with the Consent of the major Part in Value of the Creditors of such Debtor or Debtors who shall be present at a Meeting, to be had on Tuesday next Day's Notice being previously given for the Purpose hereafter mentioned, if in Custody at Debtors or in the County of Debtors, in the Dublin Gaol, and if in any other Place in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, then also in some Newspaper which shall be published in the County, City or Place or near which such Parties or Persons shall have been in Gaol, to make Compositions to any Parties or Persons or Accountants to such Debtor or Debtors, where the same shall appear necessary or reasonable, and to take such reasonable Part of any such Debt as can upon any Discharge or Discharge between such Assignee or Assignees, and any Parties or Persons for or on account or by reason or means of any Matter, Cause or Thing relating to the Estate or Effects of such Debtor or Debtors, or to any Debt or Debts due or claimed to be due to or from such Debtor or Debtors, to the said End and Intention of Satisfaction to be chosen by the said Assignee or Assignees, and the major Part in Value of his Creditors, and the Party or Parties with whom they shall have such Differences, and to perform the Award of such Arbitrators, or of any Umpire to be chosen by them, or otherwise to settle and agree the Matters in Difference and Dispute between them, in such manner as the said Assignee or Assignees with such Consent as aforesaid shall think fit and can agree, and the same shall be binding to all the Creditors of such Debtor or Debtors; and every such Assignee or Assignees to and are hereby authorized for what they shall think fit in the Premises in pursuance of this Act.

XI. And whereas Provision ought to be made as to what should become of the Estate and Effects of any Debtor or Debtors not put by, satisfied or recovered by, any Assignee or Assignees chosen pursuant to the Direction of the several Acts, at the time of his or their Death or Death, and whose Heir or Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assignees refuse to sell or mortgage therein; to remedy which, be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Creditors of every such Debtor or Debtors to elect a new Assignee or Assignees in manner and Form as herebefore is directed, and to obtain a new Assignment from the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace pursuant to the Order of the Justices, and which said Order the said Justices are hereby empowered and authorized to do as if on due Proof on Oath being made to them of the Death of such former Assignee or Assignees, and Refusal of his or their Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assignees, to sell or mortgage (herein) and if the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, is hereby empowered to obey the same, and execute such Assignments accordingly, in manner and Form, as if

Assignees by Act, for the better Payment of Debts in Great Britain.

Days' Notice

Practical Discharge void.

Assignees with Consent of the Party in Value of Creditors, may compound Debts and take such Discharge in Arbitration.

If Assignees refuse therein.

no former Assignments had ever been made, the said Assignee or Assignees, Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, hereby conforming to all Orders and Directions made by this Act relative to them or any of them, and to be published in such Papers and Periodicals as are inflicted on them or any of them, by this Act, for Publication in any Part thereof or Neglect of Duty whatever; and in case any such Assignee or Assignees shall die, and his Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns shall refuse to do, that then and in such case it shall be lawful for such Justice of the Peace to appoint a new Assignee or Assignees, with like Powers and Authorities as are given by this Act; and the said Justice shall have Power to remove and deliver up all such Estate and Effects as shall remain to be in their Hands, to be applied for the Purposes of this Act.

XLII. And, to the Intent and Purpose that the Estate and Effects of such Debtor or Debtors as shall be discharged by virtue of this Act may be duly and lawfully applied for the Benefit of his, her or their real Creditors, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the respective Courts at Sessions, and the Courts of limited Jurisdiction in that Part of the United Kingdom called England, from whence any Process shall issue which are such Debtor or Debtors was or were committed, or where the Process issued of any other County, to and for the Judges of the Court of King's Bench, Common Pleas and Exchequer in England, or any One of them, from time to time, upon the Petition of any such Debtor, or the Creditor or Creditors of such Debtor, complainant of any Insolvency, Fraud, Mismanagement or other Misdemeanor of any Assignee or Assignees of the Estate or Effects of any such Debtor or Debtors, so far as all Parties concerned, and upon having the Parties concerned therein to make and give such Orders and Directions therein, either for the Removal or Discharge of such Assignee or Assignees, and appointing any new Assignee or Assignees in the Place or Stead of such Assignee or Assignees to be removed or displaced, and for the conduct, full and equitable Management or Distribution of the Estate and Effects of any such Debtor for the Benefit of the respective Creditors; as the said Courts and Judges respectively shall think fit; and in case of the Removal or displacing of any Assignee or Assignees, and the appointing of any new Assignee or Assignees, the Estate or Effects of such Debtor or Debtors shall from thenceforth be directed out of the Assignee or Assignees to be removed or displaced, and be applied in and delivered over to such new Assignee or Assignees, in the same manner and for the same Intent and Purpose as the same were before vested in the Assignee or Assignees first chosen as aforesaid; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all cases where mutual Credits both have been given between any Debtor who shall be discharged in pursuance of this Act, and any other Person or Persons, or Bodies Corporate or Politic, before the Delivery of such Schedule or Inventory of the Estate and Effects of such Debtor or Debtors, upon Oath as aforesaid, the respective Assignee or Assignees of such Debtor or Debtors so and are hereby authorized and required, as he and their Parts, so far as and allow an Account between them and the other Party or Parties concerned, and nothing more shall be demanded to be settled in such Clerk of the Peace or Town Clerk, or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, or such Assignee or Assignees as aforesaid, as the Estate or Effects of such Debtor or Debtors, than what shall appear to be justly due to him, her or them respectively, as and for the Balance of such Account when truly due.

XLIV. And whereas many Persons are often committed by the Courts of Law and Equity for Contempt for not paying Money ordered or awarded to be paid, and also for not paying of Costs duly and regularly taxed and allowed by the proper Officer, after proper Demands made for their Purposes, and also upon the Writ of Executions, Capias or other Process, for or provided on the Non Payment of Money, or Costs or Expenses, in some Cause or proceeding in some Ecclesiastical Court, or for Contempt in such Court relating thereto; it is hereby declared and enacted, That all such Persons are and shall be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, as and subject to the same Terms, Conditions and Restrictions as are herein expressed and declared with respect to Prisoners for Debt only.

XLV. And whereas a great Number of poor Persons have been and are now imprisoned for Debt upon a Process issuing out of Courts of Conscience, it is hereby enacted and declared, That all such Prisoners shall be entitled to have the Benefit of this Act, and be discharged under the same, provided he, she or they conform to the Directions heretofore prescribed touching other Prisoners who shall be discharged by virtue of this Act.

XLVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person who shall have taken the Benefit of any Act heretofore passed for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors within the Space of Five Years last past, shall have or receive any Benefit or Advantage of or under this Act, nor be directed to be within the Intent and Meaning thereof in so as to be discharged under the same, any thing heretofore contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases whatsoever the Insolvent, upon his releasing any Interest he or she may have in the Release of his or her Estate, shall and may be admitted as a good and sufficient Witness in any Action or cause to be instituted by him or her Assignee or Assignees, for the Recovery of any Debts due to the said Insolvent, in the same manner as a Bankrupt may after obtaining his Certificate.

XLVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Prisoner against whom any Commission of Bankruptcy shall have issued and shall remain in force, and who shall not have obtained a Certificate of his or her Conformity to the several Statutes concerning Bankrupts under such Commission duly allowed, shall be discharged by virtue of this Act from any Debt which shall have been or may be proved under such Commission, unless such Commission shall have issued, and such Bankrupt shall have duly surrendered himself or herself

Court or Com-
plaint may re-
move Assignee.

Where mutual
Credits given,
Balance must

Persons not pay-
ing Money
ordered, Costs,
&c. and 4th
Benefit of Act.
Such an im-
prisonment by Court
of Conscience
warranted in Statute
of this Act.

Persons taken
Benefit of Act within
Five Years not
admitted to Relief.

Insolvent on re-
leasing admitted
Witness of
1st and good
Witness.

Bankrupts here
not entitled by
Act.

himself to the Commissioner or the major Part of those named in the said Commission, Two Years at the least before the passing of this Act, and shall in all things here duly conform himself or herself to the several Statutes concerning Bankrupts, and such is the major Part of the Commissioners named in such Commission shall specially certify, which if they are hereby authorized to do if they shall think fit, that such Bankrupts do duly conform, and has in their Opinions made a full and true Disclosure of all his or her Estate or Effects, and in all things conformed himself or herself properly under such Commission; and in all such cases such Bankrupt shall be capable of being discharged in respect of all Debts which cannot be proved under such Commission, in the same manner and upon the same Terms as any other Prisoner may be discharged by virtue of this Act, and shall and may be discharged as to Persons Arrived, for Debt in respect of all Debts proved or capable of being proved under such Commission; but nevertheless such Bankrupt and his or her Effects shall in all other respects whatsoever remain subject to the Laws in force concerning Bankrupts, as he or she would have been if this Act had not been made: Provided always, that in the Returns to be given by such Bankrupt and the Oath to be taken by him or her according to the Provisions of this Act, such Bankrupt shall be defined as a Person against whom a Commission of Bankrupt has issued and is still in force, and who has not obtained a Certificate of his or her Conformity to the Statute concerning Bankrupts duly allowed; and such Bankrupt, instead of swearing to the Truth of a Schedule of his or her Estate and Effects, shall swear that he or she has made a full Disclosure of his or her Effects under the said Commission, and that he or she has on Estate or Effects which can be proved as an Assignee under this Act, all the Estate and Effects of such Bankrupt being vested in the Assignee or Assignees under such Commission, by virtue of such Commission, and the Assignments made in pursuance thereof: Provided always, that in case such Commission shall at any time thereafter be superseded, then and in such case, the Discharge which shall be obtained by virtue of this Act, shall be null and void.

Notes of Bankrupts to be kept.

When Committed to Prison by the Court of Bankrupts.

What Oath to be sworn by a Bankrupt in a full and true Disclosure of his Estate and Effects.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench, the Lord Chief Justice of the Court of Common Pleas, and the Lord Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer respectively, to nominate and appoint a Sheriff, and each of them is hereby required so to do, for the Purpose of taking into Consideration Applications in cases of Impediment where the Debt shall amount in a Sum exceeding Two thousand Pounds, and of granting Relief as in the same, according to the Provisions of this Act, under the Authority of Rules to be made by the said Superior Courts, when it shall appear to them to be just and fitting.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That the Justices at any General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace or any Adjourned Sessions of the Peace are hereby authorized, at the request of any Creditor of any Prisoner, to cause before them, at some certain time to be appointed by them, any Person or Persons who was or were Keeper or Keeper or Deputy Keeper or Keeper or Gaol of any Prison or Gaol within their respective Jurisdictions on the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, or at any other time, and examine every such Keeper or Keeper or Deputy Keeper or Keeper or Gaol, touching the Commitment and Confinement of any such Prisoner, as the Justice at any such Sessions or Adjourned Sessions shall think fit, and if any such Keeper or Keeper, Deputy Keeper or Keeper, shall refuse or neglect to attend or being examined as aforesaid, or answering that he will make Answer and Discovery on the Premises he shall be reasonably required, in such Sessions or Adjourned Sessions, he or they is offending in the Premises, that, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds to any Person who shall sue for and recover the same in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record as Justice by Action of Debt.

At request of Creditors Debtors committed to Gaol as well as Sessions touching Commitment.

Debt pay'd by default of Answer.

Penalty.

L. And be it further enacted, That if any Keeper or Keeper of any Prison, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, shall without just Cause, to be approved by the Justice at some General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace or some Adjourned Sessions of the Peace within their respective Jurisdictions, refuse or delay to bring any such Prisoner or Prisoners as aforesaid to any such General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace, or Adjourned Sessions of the Peace, as shall be directed and required by Warrant of any Justice or Justice as aforesaid, or shall neglect or refuse, or negligently omit to refer to any such Justices aforesaid, the Name or Names of any such Prisoner or Prisoners who was or were actually in Custody in his or their respective Prisons or Gaol on the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, or shall neglect or refuse to make out, fill up or deliver such Lists as aforesaid, or to take any of the Oaths before mentioned and by this Act required to be taken by him, or to conform to the Directions hereby given him in respect to the Schedules aforesaid to be approved as by any such Prisoner or Prisoners; or shall detain any such Prisoner after he or she shall be discharged as aforesaid; or at the Prayers of the Debtor Committed or other Person (paper as aforesaid shall signify) refuse or neglect to assist therein the Nature by this Act directed to be given, or reasonable Request made to him for that Purpose, every such Keeper or Keeper, and his or their Deputy or Deputies, and every such Justice as aforesaid for every such Offence shall respectively forfeit and pay to such Prisoner in every such case, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, which shall and may be recovered with Treble Costs of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record as Justice, wherein he Suits, Plea, or Wager of Law, or more than One Experience shall be allowed.

Warrant to be made by Justice at any Sessions touching Commitment of Prisoners.

Penalty.

Penalty.

LI. And be it further enacted, That if any Keeper or Keeper or Deputy Keeper or Keeper of any Prison shall, in making any of the Oaths aforesaid, give a false and proper answer, and shall be thereof lawfully convicted, such Keeper or Keeper, Deputy Keeper or Keeper, shall (over and above the Penalties to be attached on Persons convicted of Perjury) upon every such Conviction, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered, with full Costs of Suit, by Bill, Plea or Information, or Action of Debt, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record as Justice, wherein he Suits, Plea, or Wager of Law, or more than One Experience shall be allowed, by and in the Name of any Creditor or Creditors of any such Prisoner or Prisoners who shall sue for the same; and the same shall be recovered shall be applied Our Majesty to such

Justice.

Creditor or Creditors suing for the same, and the other Money towards Satisfaction of the Debts of such Prisoner or Prisoners.

*Endorsement
Bills Entered.*

LII. And be it further enacted, That if any Gable or Keeper or Deputy Gable or Keeper of any Prison, shall make or cause to be made any false Entry of Entries on any Book belonging to any Prison under his Care, or shall purport to keep or cause to be kept any false Book or Books in order for any false or untrue Entry or Entries to be made thereon, or shall knowingly and wilfully produce and show any Book whereon any false or untrue Entry or Entries have or hath been made as and for a Book containing true and genuine Entries, or shall import in any Libel to be delivered in as aforesaid, the Name or Names of any Person or Persons who were or was not in actual Custody as aforesaid, (except as in the Oath of any such Keeper or Gable, Deputy Keeper or Gable shall be excepted) every such Keeper or Gable, Deputy Keeper or Gable shall for every such Fraud, overt and above the Payment which he shall be liable for every such Fraud, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered with full Costs of Suit, by and as the Name and for the Use of any Person or Persons who shall be injured by any such Fraud, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, wherein no Habeas, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparance shall be allowed.

*Prisoners not per-
mitting Prisoners
to be taken
with, or taken
in Banks of Pro-
duct to be sent*

LIII. And be it further enacted, That every Gable or Keeper or Deputy Gable or Keeper of any Prison shall and he is hereby required to suffer any Person or Persons to bring the same, to be and speak with, in the Day-time, between the Hours of Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon, and Six of the Clock in the Afternoon, in some convenient Room or Place in the said Prison, any Prisoner or Prisoners whose Names are referred to the before mentioned List or Lists, or the Dublin Gazette, or other Newspapers, in manner aforesaid, and also to be in the true and genuine Book or Books of the said Prison the Entry and Entries made of the Name and Name of each Prisoner or Prisoners, together with the Names or Name of the Person or Persons at whose Suit he, she or they are detained; and if any such Gable or Keeper, Deputy Gable or Keeper, shall refuse or neglect so to do, every such Gable or Keeper, Deputy Gable or Keeper in offending, shall forfeit and pay to the Person so refused and approved the Sum of Forty Pounds, to be recovered, with Costs of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, wherein no Habeas, Protection, Wager of Law or more than One Imparance shall be allowed, by and as the Name or Names of the Prisoner or Prisoners so refused and approved.

*Clerk of the
Peace not giving
Copies of Adju-
dications of
Benchmen.*

LIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, or Town Clerk, or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, shall delay or refuse to give any such Prisoner adjudged to be confined to his Discharge, as aforesaid, within Fourteen Days after such Adjudication, a Copy of the Order of such Adjudication, on being paid for the same the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence, or full demand or take more for the same than the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence, or shall take more than Two Shillings for an Affidavit or Conveyance of any Prisoner's License or Effects, every such Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, or Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, or Adjudged Sessions of the Peace, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay to every such Prisoner the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and the Justice in such Session or Adjudged Sessions are hereby authorized and empowered to order and cause the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods of any such Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, or Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace so offending.

Forgery.

LV. And be it further enacted, That if any Professor who shall come or be brought up at any General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace, or Adjudged Sessions of the Peace, under the Provisions of this Act, shall wilfully and corruptly or perjury himself or herself in any Oath to be taken under this Act, and shall be lawfully convicted thereof, he or she so offending shall suffer such Punishment as by Law may be inflicted on Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury, and moreover shall not be entitled to any Benefit, Privilege or Advantage under this Act; any thing in the same to the contrary in any writ notwithstanding.

*Affirmation of
Quakers &c.*

LVI. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where by this Act an Oath is required to be taken, the solemn Affirmation of any Person being a Quaker shall and may be taken and accepted in lieu thereof; and that every Person who shall, in making such solemn Affirmation, knowingly and wilfully affirm what is false and untrue, and shall be thereof convicted, shall incur and be liable to such and the same Punishment, Penalties and Disabilities as Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury by Law are liable to and incur, and shall further and moreover incur and suffer such and the same Penalties as are inflicted and imposed by this Act upon Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury in like cases.

Perjury.

C. A. P. CLXIV.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sum of Three Millions for the Service of Great Britain, and for applying the Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds Druggs Excise for the Service of Ireland.

[18th July 1812.]

- = Treasury to make Exchequer Bills for 3,000,000, to be made out in manner directed by 25 G. 3. c. 1 = § 10, 11.
= Exchequer Bills chargeable on the First Supplies. § 1. Exchequer Bills to bear an interest not exceeding
= 3 per Cent. per Annum. § 4. Exchequer Bills to be taken in Payment at the Exchequer after April 5,
= 1813, &c. Bank may advance 3,000,000 to the Credit of the A. S. notwithstanding; & G. W. & M.
= c. 22. — § 6. 2,000,000 out of the Supplies granted for Ireland. § 7.

C. A. P.

C A P. CLXV.

An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in England.

[20th July 1812.]

W^HEREAS it may be convenient in the perfect divided State of the Prisons and Gaols in England and Wales, that some of the Prisons and Gaols, truly answering their Ends to their Creditors, should be liberated, and enabled to pursue their different Professions and Occupations; Be it therefore enacted by the Kings Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all and every Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison or Gaol in any County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Place or Liberty within England or Wales, shall and is and are hereby required to make a true, exact and perfect List, alphabetically, of the Name or Names of all and every Person or Persons who upon the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve was or were, or have since continued to be under the Terms and Conditions herein mentioned, and at the time of making out every such List shall be really an actual Prisoner or Prisoners in the Custody of such Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers of any Prison respectively, upon any Process whatsoever, for or by reason of any Debt, Damage, Costs, Sum or Sums of Money, or Contract for Non-payment of Money; and an Account of the Time when such Prisoner or Prisoners was or were respectively charged in Custody or confined in Prison, together with the Name or Names of the Person or Persons at whose Suit or Prosecution such Prisoner or Prisoners is or are detained, together with the Amount of such Debts as the said Prisoner or Prisoners are detained for; and shall deliver the same to the Justices of the Peace at their First or Second General Quarter Sessions or General Session of the Peace, to be held after the passing of this Act, or at some Adjournment thereof, for each County, Riding, City, Division, Town, Place or Liberty respectively.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Wardens of His Majesty's Prisons of the Fleet, and Marsh of the King's Bench Prison, and every other Keeper or Gaoler of any other Prison in any Place or Liberty in England or Wales, shall knowingly, on the delivering in of any such List of Prisoners in their respective Custody, take an Oath in the open Court of such General Quarter Sessions or General Session of the Peace, or Adjournment thereof, to the Effect following, that is to say,

I, A. B., upon my corporal Oath, in the Presence of Almighty God, do solemnly swear, profess and declare, That all and every Person and Persons whose Name or Names is or are inserted and contained in the First Part of the List by me now delivered in and subscribed, was or were, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, upon the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, really and truly Prisoners in actual Custody in the Prison of [superscribe the Name of the Prison] at the Suit or Suits of the Person or Persons therein respectively mentioned; and also that all and every Person and Persons whose Name or Names is or are inserted or contained in the Second Part of the said List, now by me delivered in and subscribed as aforesaid, have, since the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, been committed or surrendered to the said Prison of [superscribe the Name of the Prison] at the Suit or Suits of the several Person or Persons therein respectively mentioned; and that the Person or Persons whose Name or Names is or are therein contained, was or were, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, really and truly Prisoners in actual Custody on the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, as appears by the Returns made to me on this and their respective Commitments. So help me GOD.

Which the said Justices, at their First or Second General Quarter Sessions or General Session of the Peace aforesaid, or at some Adjournment thereof, within their respective Jurisdictions, are hereby empowered and required to administer in open Court; and the Words of the said Oath herebefore recited to be taken by the said Wardens and Marshes respectively, and other Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison respectively, shall be uttered or sworn at the End or Bottom of the List which shall be delivered in by them respectively, and shall be subscribed and sworn to by them respectively in open Court; and every such List which shall be so delivered in, subscribed and sworn to as aforesaid of this Act, shall be kept by the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace of every such County, City, Town, Place or Liberty respectively in which any such List as aforesaid shall be taken in, for the better Satisfaction of the said Justices, and Information of all or any Prisoner or Prisoners therein named, and to as the same may from time to time be less and examined by any Creditor or Creditors, or Prisoner or Prisoners, without Fee or Reward.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Keeper or Gaoler, Keepers or Gaolers of any such Prison or Gaol is and are hereby required, The Days next before the First or Second General Quarter Sessions or General Session of the Peace shall be held after the passing of this Act, for the County, City, Town, Place or Liberty in which any Prison or Gaol shall be, or to which the same shall belong, to fix up in some conspicuous Place or Places in every such Prison or Gaol, and in the most frequented or usual Gate, Door or Entrance unto every such Prison or Gaol, true Copies of the List or Lists proposed or intended to be delivered in by any such Keeper or Gaoler at the said General Quarter Sessions or General Session, or at some Adjournment thereof.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons who on the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve were charged in any Prison or Gaol for the Non-payment of any Debt or Debts, Sum or Sums of Money, which did not in the whole amount to a greater Sum than Ten thousand Pounds, and whose Name or Names shall be inserted in any such List to be delivered in as aforesaid, taking the Oath hereby directed to be taken, and who shall perform on his or her Part what is

Gaoler to make and file in Prisons or Gaols on June 5, 1812

Gaoler to take Oath on delivering in a List

Oath administered in open Court.

List kept by Clerk of Peace, and examined from time to time.

Copy of Lists fixed up in Prisons, before Delivery in to Court.

Prisoners who do not exceed 10,000 discharged.

required to be done by him or her by this Act, and as to his Profits and Efforts respectively be for ever released, discharged and exonerated, to such Extent, and in such manner as is hereinafter provided, and so otherwise.

Chief Justice of King's Bench to appoint Receiver to manage estate of Imprisoned where Debt exceeds 1000*l*.

V. And he is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench, the Lord Chief Justice of the Court of Common Pleas, and the Lord Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer respectively, to nominate and appoint a Receiver, and each of them is hereby required to do, for the Purpose of taking into Consideration Applications to Writs of Imprisonment where the Debt shall amount to a Sum exceeding Two thousand Pounds, and of granting Relief in the Lane according to the Provisions of this Act, under the Authority of Relief to be made in the said Superior Courts, or by a Judge's Order in Chambers, where it shall appear to them as he shall siting.

Prothonotaries in Cities where Prisoners have been in Custody Two or Ten Years.

VI. And whereas many honest but unfortunate Persons whose Debts exceed the Sum of Two thousand Pounds, although willing to forego their Efforts for the Benefit of their Creditors, have been confined in Goal many Years, and but for the Interpretation of the Legislature will be deemed as perpetual Imprisonment: Be it therefore enacted, That all and every the Prisoner or Prisoners who on the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, or were charged to Execution with any Debt or Debts not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Three thousand Pounds, and who shall have been confined in any Goal or Goals of the United Kingdom of Great Britain for the Space of Five Years for such or any other Debt or Debts, and all and every Prisoner or Prisoners on the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve who or were charged in Execution with any Debt or Debts to any Amount, and who shall have been confined in any Goal or Goals of the United Kingdom of Great Britain for such or any other Debt or Debts for the Space of Ten Years, shall on taking the Oath lawfully directed to be taken by other Debtors claiming their Discharge under this Act, and in all other respects performing on his or her Part what is required to be done by him or her by this Act, be respectively discharged, released and exonerated, as to his Profits and Efforts, to such Extent, and in such manner as is hereinafter provided, and so otherwise.

Justices may, on Petition, discharge or suspend Warrants, or bring them in Queen or General Sessions.

VII. And he is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace of any County, City, Town, Place or Liberty within England and Wales, upon the Petition of any such Prisoner or Prisoners to any Justice or Justices of the Peace, within his or their respective Jurisdictions, upon every such Prisoner or Prisoners so petitioning, and on the oath of his or her so petitioning, leaving with the Justice or Justices so petitioning, a true Copy of the Schedule containing his or her intended Discovery of his or her Real and Personal Estate, to be taken at the First or Second General Quarter Session or General Session of the Peace, or some Adjournment thereof hereinafter after every such Petition, (and at the Foot of a such said Schedule the Clerk or other proper Officer shall set forth and sign the Amount of the Debt or Debts with which such Prisoner was charged on the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve) by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or under their Hands and Seals, to require the Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keeper or Keepers of any such Prison within the Jurisdiction of any such Justice or Justices, to bring before the Justices at the First or Second next General Quarter Session or General Session of the Peace, or any Adjournment thereof, to be held on the date that shall happen to be, next after the Expiration of Ten Days from the Date of such Warrant, for such respective County, City, Town, Place or Liberty, the Body of any Prisoner being in the said Prison as aforesaid, with the Warrant or Warrants of his or her Detainers, together with a Copy or Copies of the Quads or Quads which he, she or they is or are charged with in any Prison or Goal situated at the time aforesaid, for which Copy or Copies of such Quads or Quads such Prisoner shall apply to the said Keeper or Keeper of such Prison, or to the Clerk of the Papers, or other proper Officer or Officer, who shall make out and transcribe the same, within Six Days before the time of his or her Appearance; which Warrant of every such Justice or Justices shall be signed by such Sheriff, Keeper or Keeper, and so otherwise as they shall be directed to do.

Special Justices

VIII. And whereas considerable time may intervene between the passing of this Act and the next General Quarter Session or General Session of the Peace, which would be the means of detaining in Prison a Number of Prisoners who with their Families are in the greatest Distress: Be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Two or more of the Justices of the Peace for any County, City, Town, Place or Liberty, upon Petition from Detainers as aforesaid, to attend their respective Courts as soon as may be after passing this Act, for the Purpose of admitting the Oaths and other the Matters required by this Act, and so appear each Day or Days for the Discharge of Prisoners as they shall be proper.

Schedules to be submitted to Clerk of the Peace.

IX. And he is further enacted, That the Copy of every such Schedule, which shall be left or delivered in as aforesaid, shall be forthwith transmitted to the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace for the County, City, Town, Place or Liberty in which the same shall have been so left, there to remain and be inspected from time to time as occasion shall require, by any Creditor of any such Prisoner who shall desire to inspect the same.

Detainers attending to apply for Discharge, to give Notice in Quads, &c.

X. And he is further enacted, That all and every Detainer and Detainers confined in any Goal of that Part of the United Kingdom called England and Wales, who shall stand to apply to be discharged and exonerated under this Act, shall first cause public Notice to be inserted in Three several London Gazettes, previous to such General or Quarter Session or General Session of the Peace or Adjournment thereof, at which such Applications shall be made; and if such Detainer shall be in Custody in any such Goal, out of London or the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or shall have been moved by *Rabat Copies* from any such Goal out of London, or the Weekly Bills of Mortality, then also in some Newspaper which shall be published in or near the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Place, in the Goal whereof he or she shall be or have been so in Custody, containing the Name, Trade, Occupation and Detention, and the Two last Pages of *Abode* (if he

may] of every such Debtor and Debtors, and the Prison wherein he, she or they is, or are confined, and of his, her or their Intestates to take the Benefit of this Act, and maintaining such Notice in such Gazette or Newspaper respectively to be the First, Second or Third Notice, according to the time of publishing each of such Notices; and for the inserting each of the said Notices in the London Gazette, or in any other Newspaper, there shall be paid each time by every Prisoner the Sum of Four pence and no more; the First of which said Notices shall be so inserted in the said Gazette respectively and in the said other Newspapers, as the case may require, Twenty one Days at the least, and the last of the said Notices Six Days at the least before any such First or Second General Quarter Session or General Session, or Adjournment thereof, shall be held as aforesaid, in that as well as all the Creditors who have not charged the said Debtor or Debtors in Custody, as those Creditors who have charged such Debtor or Debtors in Execution, or on Motion Process or otherwise, may have sufficient Notice thereof.

XI. And, to the Intent that all Creditors may have full and sufficient time to consider the Matters and Things contained in the Schedule or Schedules hereunto to be delivered in by any Debtor or Debtors, he or further certified, That every such Debtor, where he or she shall, according to the Directions of this Act, publish the First Notice of an Intention to take the Benefit of this Act, he or she shall in such Notice declare that the Schedule containing his or her intended Discovery of his or her Real and Personal Estate, to be taken in or pursuant to this Act is directed, is lodged in the Hands of the Keeper or Gaoler, or the Deputy of such Keeper or Gaoler of the Prison wherein any such Debtor shall be confined; and every such Debtor is hereby directed and required to deliver such Schedule to such Keeper, or Gaoler, or Deputy, as the case may be, before he shall publish such First Notice as aforesaid, signed with his or her own Christian Name and Surname, to be attested by any such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy; and in case any Debtor shall neglect or refuse to deliver One such Schedule in such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy's office to such his, her Notice to be given as aforesaid, he or she upon due Proof made of such Neglect or Refusal, to the Satisfaction of the Court to which such Debtor shall make Application, shall be remanded back to Prison, there to remain until he or she shall have complied with the Directions aforesaid; and every such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy, is hereby directed and required to attest the Signature of the Debtor's Name to such Schedule, and to receive the same into his Custody and Charge, giving a Duplicate thereof to every such Debtor, with an Acknowledgement of his having received the Original, and he is hereby further required to deliver a true Copy of any such Schedule, signed by himself, upon Request made to him by any Creditor for that Purpose in Writing, such Copy to be delivered to the Creditor himself, or to such Person as he shall appoint to receive the same, within Thirty Days after Demand made.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Notice to be given by every Debtor, in manner directed by this Act, shall be to the Effect following; that is to say,

I *[insert the Name, Trade, Occupation and Description, and the True last Place of Abode, if it may] now confined in [insert the Name of the Prison] and not being charged in Custody on the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, with any Debt or Debts, Sum or Sums of Money exceeding in the Whole the Sum of [or the rate may be, and if claiming to be discharged on account of the Length of Time of Imprisonment, then to fit forth the Time] do hereby give this [First, Second or Third] public Notice, that I intend to take the Benefit of an Act passed in the Fifth second Year of His present Majesty's Regency, intituled [then fit forth the Title of the Act, and if it be the said Notice, then add] And I do hereby give Notice, that a true and perfect Schedule, containing a Discovery of all my Real and Personal Estate hereunto to be taken in, is now ready to be delivered to any Creditor applying for the same to the Keeper or Gaoler or the Deputy of the said Prison.*

And every such Notice shall be signed by the Debtor, and countersigned by the Keeper or Gaoler or Deputy of such Keeper or Gaoler of such Prison.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Debtor as aforesaid, not being charged as aforesaid, on the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, with any Debt or Debts, Sum or Sums of Money, in the Whole to a greater Amount than the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds, who shall apply to the General Quarter Session or General Session of the Peace, or any Adjournment thereof, shall, in case it shall be proved upon Oath, or by producing the said Three Gazettes and Newspapers respectively before mentioned to the said Justices in any such Session or Adjournment thereof, that such Notice were inserted in the London Gazette and other Newspapers respectively, as was required in manner aforesaid, and that the Prison or Prisons to applying was or were actually a Prisoner or Prisoners on the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve in the Prison or Prisons in which he, her or their Name or Names is or are specified in a Bill delivered in at such First or Second Session, or any Adjournment thereof, is or are some other Prison or Prisons as aforesaid, in pursuance of this Act, and shall in open Court at the said General Quarter Session or General Session, or any Adjournment thereof, subscribe or deliver in a true Schedule or Account of all his or her Real Estate in Possession, Receipts, Remainder or Expectancy, and of any other Name and Kind whatsoever, and also the Whole of his or her Personal Estate which he or she, or any Person or Persons in Trust for him or her, or for her or her Use, Benefit or Advantage, is or are Gifted of, interested in or entitled unto, or was or were in his, her or their Possession, Custody or Power, or which he, she or they, or such Person or Persons had any Power of disposing of, or charging for his, her or their Benefit or Advantage, at any time since his or her Commitment to Prison, with the Name of his or her several Debtors, and when they respectively live or may be met with, and the several Sums of Money from them respectively owing, and how the same respectively became due and are secured, and if by Mortgage, Specialty, Contract, Note or other Writing, then the Name and Names and Places of Abode of the several Witnesses who can

Debtors to deliver Schedules to Creditors, pursuant to said Notice.

Form of Notice.

Debtors to give Notice before being taken into Custody and taken Oath.

prove such Debts or Contracts; and shall also make Oath and swear to the following RESOLVING, according to the special circumstances, so far as the same shall be consistent with the Provisions hereinafter contained; that

Oath.

I, A. B. upon my corporal Oath, in the Presence of Almighty God, do solemnly swear, protest, and declare, that on the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, I was really and truly a Prisoner in the actual Custody of _____ in the Prison or Goal of _____ without any Fraud or Collusion whatsoever; and that I have ever since my Condemnation continued a Prisoner within the Prison or _____ in the actual Custody of the Keeper or Gaoler of the said Prison of _____ for a certain Term or Terms, as the said may be; or within the Liberties thereof, without any Trial or Collusion whatsoever; and that the Schedule now delivered by me and subscribed, doth contain, to the best of my Knowledge, Remembrance and Belief, a full, just, true and perfect Account and Discovery of all the Goods and Effects, Estates Real and Personal, or Professions, Revenues, Rents, or Expences; and of every other Manner and Kind whatsoever, which I or any Person in Trust for me or for me, Heirs or Assignments are liable or supposed to, owe, hold in or entitled unto, or was or were in my Possession, Custody or Power; or in the Possession, Custody or Power of any such Person as aforesaid, or which I or such Person had any Power of disposing of or charging for my Benefit or Advantage, at any Time from any Commencement to this present; and of all Debts to me owing or to any Person or Persons in Trust for me, and of all the Articles and Contracts whereby any Money due to or for me or for me or for my Executors, Administrators or Assignments may accrue to me or to my Heirs, or to any Person or Persons in Trust for me, and the Names and Places of Abode of the several Persons from whom such Debts are due and owing, and of the Witnesses who can prove such Debts or Contracts [if any such there be]; and that neither I nor any Person or Persons in Trust for me, or for my Heirs, have any Lands, Manors, Tenements, or any Estates Real or Personal, in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, or of any Nature or Kind known, or Power of disposing of or charging for my Benefit or Advantage, within this Kingdom of Great Britain, except Wearing Apparel and Bidding for myself and Family, Working Tools, and the necessary Implements for my Occupation and Calling, together with a Sum of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, and the Value of the Whole not exceeding the Value of Thirty Pounds; and that I have not, nor any Person for me, had directly or indirectly sold, gifted or otherwise conveyed, disposed of in Trust, or contracted for or any Part of my Lands, Manors, Tenements, Chattels, Stocks, Debts, Securities, Contracts or Estates Real or Personal, whereby to improve the same, or to receive or expect any Profit or Advantage therefrom, or with an Intent to defraud or deceive any Creditor or Creditors to whom I am or was indebted in any wise whatsoever. So help me GOD.

Schedule and Oath subscribed by Debitors.

And the said Schedule and Oath shall be by every such Debtor subscribed in the Presence of the Justice in open Session of the Peace so lawfully directed, and shall be kept by and remain with the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer sitting as Clerk of the Peace for the County, City, Liberty, Town or Place, where the same shall be subscribed and taken, for the better Information of all the Creditors of such Debtors who shall desire or may have Occasion to refer thereto; and every such Creditor shall be at Liberty, at reasonable Times in the Day-time, to peruse and examine the same.

Consent of Creditors, may remove Debtors to Debt.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Justice of the Peace within their respective Jurisdictions at any such General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions, or Adjournment thereof, at the Request of any Creditor or Creditors of any such Debtor, are hereby authorized to cause the Deputy Warden and Marshal of the Fleet and King's Bench Prisons, or any other under Officer, Tipstaff and Turnkey of any Prison or Goal, or any other Person within their respective Jurisdictions, to come before them, and to examine them respectively as to the Truth thereof; and of the Oath which shall have been taken in open Court by any Debtor or Debtors that shall be disposed by good Testimony of any credible Person or Persons on Oath, and such Justice, or the major Part of them sitting at any such General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, shall be bound with the Truth of the Oath taken by such respective Debtors, that such Justice shall, in such Sessions or same Adjournment thereof, adjudge such Debtor or Debtors to be entitled to the Benefit of the Act, and shall write the said Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers of such Prison or Prisons, respectively to let at Liberty such Prisoner or Prisoners; and every such Order shall be a sufficient Discharge to the Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers, of such Prison or Prisons, and shall not be liable him or them against any Escape or Elopement, Return or Address whatsoever for Escape, which shall or may be brought, committed or prosecuted against him or them.

Prison, Act of Debtors discharged, voided in Case of the Peace, when it is signed into by such Creditors as Consents shall direct to Trust.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, and Term of such Debtor, or Debtors, and of all and every of the Real Estates well Freehold and Copyhold as Customary, and of all the Personal Estates, Debts and Effects of every such Debtor, shall immediately after such Adjournment be, and the same shall be, in the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer sitting as Clerk of the Peace of and for the County, Riding, City, Town Corporate, Division, Liberty or Place where any Debtors shall be respectively discharged; and every such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer sitting as Clerk of the Peace, is hereby directed and required to make an Assignment and Conveyance of every such Debtor's Estate and Effects, vested in such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer sitting as Clerk of the Peace aforesaid, to such Creditor or Creditors of the said Debtor, in the Justice at any General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace, or at any Adjournment thereof, which shall be held by them within such respective Jurisdictions, shall order and direct; which Assignment and Conveyance shall be good and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, without being written on Parchment or Paper stamped, to wit the Estates thereby assigned or conveyed in the Party or Parties to whom the same shall be

to

be assigned and conveyed, by, for and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, according to the Estate and Interest which the Debtor had therein; and every such Assignment and Conveyance shall be in Trust for the Benefit of the Creditor or Creditors of every such Debtor to whom the same shall be made, and the said of the Conditions of every such Debtor in respect of or in Proportion to their respective Debts; and every Petition or Process to whom any such Assignment and Conveyance as aforesaid shall be made, it and be lawfully empowered to file from time to time as there may be Occasion, in his, her or their own Name or Names by the Receiver and standing any Estate or Estates of any such Debtor, and able to execute any Writ or Power which is or may be required for the Use or Benefit of any such Debtor, but in Trust for the Benefit of him or them and the rest of the Creditors of every such Debtor, and to give such Discharge and Discharges to any Petitioner or Process who shall respectively be indebted to such Debtor as may be requisite; and every such Assignor or Assignees shall with all convenient Speed after his or their accepting such Assignment or Conveyance, file his and their both Endorsements to receive and get in the Estate and Effects of every such Debtor, and shall with all convenient Speed, make Sale of all the Estates of such Debtor vested in such Assignor or Assignees; and if such Debtor shall be interdicted or excluded to any Real Estate, either in Possession, Reversion or Expectancy, the same within the Space of Two Months after such Assignment and Conveyance shall be sold by public Auction, in such manner and at such Place as the major Part of the Creditors of any such Debtor, who shall assemble together on any Notice in Writing published in the London Gazette, or in some Daily Paper printed and published in London, if the Debtor before him or her going to Prison resided in London, or within the Bills of Mortality, and if elsewhere, then in some printed Newspaper which shall be published in or near the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Place in which such Debtor resided before he or she was committed to Prison, Thirty Days before any such Sale shall be made, shall order his or their Heirs or Heirs executors; and every such Assignor or Assignees, at the End of Three Months at the furthest from the time of his or their accepting any such Assignment or Conveyance as aforesaid, shall make a fair and full Dividend of all such Debtor's Estate and Effects which shall have been then recovered amongst him or her Creditors, in proportion and in regard to each Creditor's respective Debt; but before any such Dividend shall be made, such Assignor or Assignees shall make up an Account of such Debtor's Estate, and make Oath in Writing before any One or more of His Majesty's Justices or Justices of the Peace, that every such Account contains a fair and just Account of the Estate and Effects of every such Debtor got in by or for such Assignor or Assignees, and of all Payments made in respect thereof, and that all Payments in every such Account charged, were truly and lawfully made and paid; and Notice of the making of every such Dividend shall be published in like manner as a Notice of the Creditors is heretofore directed to be published, Thirty Days at least before the same shall be made, and no Creditor shall be allowed to receive any Share of such Dividend, until he shall have made out the Justitude and Identity of his Debt, by Oath, or due Proof in Writing before some such Justice or Justices; and if any Creditor of such Debtor shall be defrauded with the Receipt or Payments of any Debt claimed by any other Creditor, then the same, at the request of any such Creditor or Creditors in dissatisfied, shall be examined into by the Justices of the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Place in which such Debtor shall have been adjudged to have been entitled to the Benefit of this Act at the next General Quarter Sessions or General Session of the Peace, or at some Adjournment thereof.

Assignor or Assignees

and to receive

Notice of making

In case Assignor or Assignees do not file or send in the said Account

Creditor or Assignee liable if they receive the money or goods or effects of the Debtor

And in case of Debtor's death

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Assignor or Assignees of the Estate and Effects of any Petitioner discharged by virtue of this Act, or the Heirs, Executors or Administrators of any deceased Assignor or Assignees, shall not deliver over any Part of such Estate or Effects, or pay the Balance of the Produce of any such Estate or Effects found to be in the Hands of such Assignor or Assignees, or of both Heirs, Executors or Administrators as aforesaid, according to the Trust of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Court before which the Petition was discharged, to order the Petitor or Petitress to offering to be arrested and committed to the next County Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize until such Petitor or Petitress shall have satisfied the Duty required by the Act, or until such Court shall make other Order to the contrary.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all and every Creditor and Creditors of any Debtor who shall be discharged by virtue of this Act, for any Sum or Sums of Money payable by way of Annuity or otherwise at any future time or times, by virtue of any Bond, Contract or other Securities of any Nature whatever, may be and shall be entitled to be admitted a Creditor or Creditors, and shall be entitled to receive a Dividend or Dividends of the Estate of such Debtor, in such manner and upon such Terms and Conditions as such Creditor or Creditors would have been entitled unto by the Laws now in force if such Debtor had become Bankrupt, and without Prejudice in favour of their respective Securities, otherwise than as the same would have been affected by a Proof made in respect thereof by the Creditor under a Commission of Bankruptcy, and a Certificate obtained by the Bankrupt under such Commission.

XVIII. And, to the Intent that no Debt or Debts shall be owing to any Creditor or Creditors from any Neglect or Omission to the Schedule not containing the Whole of the Estate Real or Personal belonging to any Debtor who shall apply for his or her Discharge under the Authority of this Act, be it enacted, That all the Debts, whether Real or Personal, which shall belong to any Debtor or Debtors, and of which he, she or they shall be actually possessed or entitled unto at the time of making such Schedule, shall be deemed and taken to be Part of the Estate contained in such Schedule, though not referred therein, and shall in like manner become vested in the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as such, in all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been contained in such Schedule, and had been delivered into the Court according to the Direction of this Act.

XIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person holding any Security whatsoever, for which such Debtor ever received any valuable Consideration, shall be entitled to receive any Benefit from the Estate of

Debtor or Assignee

Confessions, and certified or Sworn.

Officers to call on Clerk of the Peace for their being.

No Suit or Law or Force, with or without Consent of Debtors.

Mortgages take Place of Interest on certain Matters.

Power of lending Lands, by will or in Allegiance.

Writ, or Execution of Creditors, &c.

Oath.

If Prison demanding a Bill to sue Creditor and Prisoner, &c. to take Oath.

of such Debts, and the Parties holding such Security shall make it appear to the Satisfaction of the Justices at some General Quarter Session, General Session of the Peace, or Adjournment thereof, that he or she became possessed of the same bona fide, and for good or valuable Consideration.

XX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case of the Death or Removal of any Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer sitting as Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid, in whom the Estate, Right, Title, Interest or Trust of any Debtor or Debtors shall have vested by the Authority of this Act, every such Estate, Right, Title, Interest and Trust, shall become vested in the Successor or Successors to every such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer sitting as Clerk of the Peace, as aforesaid respectively, as the case may be, to all Intents and Purposes within or under the Provisions of this Act.

XXI. Provided further, and be it also enacted, That no Suit at Law or Equity shall be commenced by any Assignee or Assignees of any such Debtor's Estate and Effects, without the Consent of the major Part in Value of the Creditors of such Debtor, who shall meet together pursuant to a Notice to be given at least Two Days before such Meeting in the London Gazette, or other Newspaper which shall be published in the Neighbourhood of the said Residence of such Debtor or Debtors, for that Purpose.

XXII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to hinder or prevent any Mortgagee or Mortgagee, Chargee or Lien upon the Estate of such Debtor or Debtors, or any Part thereof, to take place upon the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments or Personal Estate or Effects comprised in or charged or affected by such Mortgage or Mortgagee, Charge or Lien respectively, nor to prevent any Statute Staple, Statute Merchant, Recognizance or Judgment, acknowledged by or obtained against any such Debtor or Debtors, to take place upon the Lands, Tenements or Real Estate of such Debtor or Debtors; and also, where any Inquisition shall have been taken upon any such Statute or Recognizance, or any Writ or Executions shall have been taken out and returned to the Sheriff or proper Officer upon any such Judgment before such Discharge shall be given in or upon a Bill to any such Debtor as aforesaid, the Profound Estate of any such Debtor respectively shall be help'd thereto in the full place, so far as such as shall remain due upon such Mortgage, Charge, Lien, Statute, Recognizance or Judgment respectively, in like manner as such Mortgagee and Parties having such Charge or Lien, and Creditors by Statute, Recognizance or Judgment respectively would have been preferred to other Creditors of an inferior Nature, against the Real or Personal Estate of such Debtor or Debtors respectively if this Act had not been made; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIII. And whereas many Persons who may be entitled to and claim the Benefit of this Act, are seized and possessed of Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, to hold to such Debtors for the Term of their natural Lives, with Power of granting Leases and taking Fines, reserving Small Rents on such Estates for One, Two or Three Lives, in Possitions or Reversions, or for some Number of Years determinable upon One, or more Persons over Real or Personal Estate, which such Debtors would execute for their own Advantage, and which said Persons might be prejudiced for the Benefit of the Creditors of such Debtors; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in every such case all and every the Powers of lending such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and all other such Powers as stand over Real or Personal Estate, which are or shall be vested in any such Person or Persons as aforesaid, shall be and are hereby vested in the Assignee or Assignees of the Real and Personal Estate of such Person by virtue of this Act, to be by such Assignee or Assignees executed for the Benefit of all and every the Creditors of such Person as aforesaid.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Justices at any General Quarter Session or General Session of the Peace, or Adjournment Session of the Peace, to which any such Prisoner shall be brought in pursuance of this Act, shall, if required by any Creditor or Creditors of any such Prisoner or Prisoners who shall appear in or before Discharge, administer to the Keeper or Caretaker of any such Prison or Goal, at the time of bringing up any such Prisoner in order to be discharged under this Act, an Oath to the Effect following: that is to say,

I do swear, That I am really and truly a Prisoner in my Custody in the Prison of _____ or in Custody in some other Prison [as the case may be] to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, at or upon the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and that the Copy or Copies of the Commitment or Commitments of [or, her] _____ contained or contained, now by me brought, with the Body of the said _____ and produced to the said Court, is or are a true Copy or Copies of the Commitment or Commitments, without any Fraud or Deceit by me or any other Person, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief. So help me GOD.*

And if any Prisoner who was a Keeper or Caretaker, or deputed Keeper or Caretaker of any such Prison or Goal, on the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, or since, shall not happen to be the Keeper or Caretaker or Deputy Keeper or Caretaker of any such Prison or Goal at the time any such Bill as aforesaid is hereby required to be delivered in, then the Justices at any such Session, or at any Adjourned Session, may and are hereby required to administer to the respective Person or Persons who shall be Keeper or Caretaker of any such Prison or Goal or deputed Keeper thereof, and deliver in such Bill as aforesaid in any such General Quarter Session or General Session of the Peace, or Adjourned Session, an Oath touching the Commitments or Books of Commitment of any such Prison or Goal, to the Effect following; that is to say,

• I do Oath, That I have examined the Commitments or Books of, or con-
 • taining the Commitments of Prisoners to the Prison of [in the County, City,
 • Riding, Division, Town, Place or Liberty] and that I do verily believe that the said Commitments or
 • Books of Commitment are truly true and not fictitious, nor calculated for this Purpose; and by them it
 • doth appear, that was on the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve
 • really and truly a Prisoner in the said Custody of the then Keeper or Gaoler, or
 • Deputy Keeper or Keeper of the said Prison or Gaol [or other Prison, or in any way so] without Fraud
 • or Deceit by me or any other Person or Persons, to my Knowledge or Belief. So help me GOD.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That no Prisoner committed to the Execution of this Act shall at any time
 hereafter be imprisoned by virtue of any Judgment or Decree obtained for Payment of Money only, or for
 any Debt, Bond, Damages, Costs, or for Non-payment of Money, Costs, Sums or Sums of Money con-
 veyed, incurred, contracted, owing or growing due before the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight
 hundred and twelve, but that upon every Arrest upon every Judgment or such Decree, or for such Debts,
 Damages, Costs, Sums and Sums of Money, it shall and may be lawful for any Judge of the
 Court where the Process issued, or for any Two Justices of the Peace, upon seeing the Copy of the Order
 of Adjournment as aforesaid, to release and discharge out of Custody such Prisoner as aforesaid, and at the
 same time to order the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Suit or Suits to pay such Prisoner or Prisoners the Costs
 which he, she or they shall have incurred on such Quotations, or to make thereof as to such Judge or Justices
 shall seem just and reasonable; and every such Judge or Justice empowered so to do on such Prisoner's making
 a Common Appearance to be ordered for him on every such Arrest or Suit.

XXVI. And whereas under former Acts of this kind Debtors have written what was to be done with
 such Prisoners who applied at any Session to be discharged, who were and had charged with Debts as
 well previous as subsequent to the Day limited by the respective Acts; to remedy which be it therefore
 enacted, That no Prisoner or Prisoners shall be discharged of any Debts incurred subsequent to the Fifth Day
 of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and if it shall appear to the Justices at any Session or
 Adjournment, that any Prisoner or Prisoners then applying to them to be discharged, shall stand charged as
 well with Debts previous to as subsequent to the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and
 twelve, that in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices to discharge the Person of such
 Prisoner on account of all Debts which shall appear to their Satisfaction, by the Oath of such Prisoner or
 eight hundred and twelve, and so commit him or her back to the Custody of the Keeper of the Prison from
 whence he or she was brought, for all Debts which he or she stands charged with in his Custody, which shall
 appear to the Justices to have been incurred subsequent to the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight
 hundred and twelve; and their Order for such Discharge shall indemnify the Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keeper or
 Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers, against any Escape or Escapes, Adress or Actions whatsoever for Escapes,
 which shall or may be brought, commenced or prosecuted against him or them; any thing to the contrary
 herein notwithstanding.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Act of Escape, or any Suit or Action be brought
 against any Justice or Justices of the Peace, Sheriff, Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison, for performing their
 Office in pursuance of this Act, they may plead the General Issue, and give this Act in Evidence; and if
 the Plaintiff be confessed or discontinue his Action, or Verdict pass against him, or Judgment upon Demurrer,
 the Defendant shall have Treble Costs.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any *Sine Felix* or Action of Debt or upon Judgment
 shall be brought against any Prisoner, his or her Heirs, Executors or Administrators, upon any Judgment
 obtained against any such Prisoner, or on any Statute or Recognizance acknowledged by him or her before
 the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, with respect to Prisoners as aforesaid
 Custody on the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, it shall and may be lawful
 for any such Prisoner, his or her Heirs, Executors or Administrators, to plead generally that such Prisoner
 was actually a Prisoner in such Prison, or in some other Prison, at such a Prisoner's Suit on the said Fifth
 Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and was or were duly discharged according to this
 Act, at the General Quarter Session or General Session, or Adjournment thereof, both at such Term and
 Place for such County, Liberty, City, Town or Place (according to his, her or their case) without plead-
 ing any Matter specially; and so such any other Suit or Action shall be commenced against him, her or them,
 for any other Debt, Sum or Sums of Money due before the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight
 hundred and twelve, to plead in discharge of his or her Prison from Execution, (over and above such Matters
 as aforesaid) that such Debt or Sum of Money (as the case may be) was contracted or due before the said
 Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, without pleading any other Matter specially,
 whereas the Plaintiff shall or may reply generally, and deny the Matters pleaded as aforesaid, or reply any
 other Matter or Thing which may show the said Defendant not to be entitled to the Benefit of this Act,
 and not duly discharged according to it, in the same manner as the Plaintiff specially have replied in case the
 Defendant had pleaded the Act, and his Discharge by virtue of the Act specially; and if the Plaintiff be
 confessed, discontinue his Action, or Verdict pass against him, or Judgment or Demurrer, the Defendant to
 have Treble Costs.

XXIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Prisoner being a Prisoner
 charged or convicted on the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and having
 before or since that Day petitioned any Court to be discharged as an Insolvent Debtor, and having confessed

Dish.

Prisoner to be
 charged with
 Debts to be repaid
 under the Act
 prior to June 5
 1812.

Prisoners
 discharged of
 Debts subsequent
 to June 5 1812.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

All pleaded
 generally by
 Prisoners.

Treble Costs.

Prisoners who
 are Applicants
 as Insolvents

Debtors, re-
solved to
make a
debt
of
the
said
Debtors.

to the several Provisions of the Laws in being for that Purpose, shall have been brought up, and by the Court remanded back to the Prison or Goal from which such Prisoner was brought up, there to continue in Execution, on the Undertaking of his or her Plaintiff or Plaintiffs to pay to him such weekly or other Allowance as by Law is directed to be paid in such case, during such time as such Prisoner should remain in Execution at the Suit of such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, and such Prisoner is continued in Execution shall have been or shall be discharged from such Execution by his or her Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, without his or her own Petition or Consent, subsequent to the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and before the Day whereon he or she might otherwise have applied to take the Benefit of this Act, every such Prisoner shall be entitled, notwithstanding such Discharge, to the same Relief and Advantage, as all Debtors and Persons whatsoever, which he or she might or could otherwise have obtained by virtue of this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

All such
Prisoners, or
any
of them,
except
where
confined
for
Ten
Years.

XXX. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to punish or discharge any Attorney at Law, Solicitor, or any other Person or Persons acting or pretending to act as such, with regard to any Debt with which he or they shall stand charged for any Money or other Effects received or received by him or them for the Use of any Person or Persons, Bodies Corporate or Politick, and by any Attorney, Solicitor or any other Person or Persons acting as such, whatsoever, committed or committed to him or their own Use; or to punish or discharge any Merchant or Agent, or any other Person or Persons employed or entrusted as such, with regard to any Debt or Demand with which he, she or they shall stand charged, for or on Account of any Money, Goods or other Effects received or paid by him, her or them, for the Use and on Account of his, her or their Master or Masters or Employers, and by such Merchant or Agent whatsoever, committed or committed to him, her or their own Use; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding; except where such Person shall have been confined in Prison for the Space of Ten Years last past.

Who in Prison
obtaining Money
or Goods under
false Pretences,
do, except con-
fined for Ten
Years.

XXXI. And whereas many evil disposed Persons, to support their prodigious Way of Life, by various and various Means, and under assumed and fictitious Names or Names for the Purpose of obtaining Credit, have fraudulently obtained divers Sums of Money, or Securities for Money, Goods and Merchandises, to the great Injury of Trade and Credit: Be it enacted, That no Person, who knowingly and deliberately, by false Pretences or Pretences, or under any fictitious Name or Names assumed for the Purpose of obtaining Credit, shall have obtained from any Person or Persons Money, Goods, Wares, Merchandises, Bonds, Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes or other Securities for Money, shall have or receive any Benefit or Discharge by or under this Act; but on due Proof of such fraudulent Conduct as aforesaid, the Justice shall commit such Prisoner to the Custody of the Gaoler or Keeper of the Prison from which he or she shall have been brought up to take the Benefit of this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; except where such Person shall have been confined in Prison for the Space of Ten Years last past.

Who in Prison
obtaining
Money
under
false Pretences,
do, except
confined
for
Ten
Years.

XXXII. Provided always, That no Person who shall have been remanded to Prison under any Act heretofore passed for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, for having fraudulently obtained Money, Goods or Securities for Money on false Pretences, or for having secretly or fraudulently removed Stock, Cattle or other Effects, which were subject or liable to be seized for Rent, or who shall have lost or forfeited the Benefit of any such former Act, by having made any fraudulent Sale, Transfer, Conveyance or Assignment, since his or her Imprisonment, to the Prejudice of his Creditor or Creditors, or who shall have fraudulently obtained a Discharge under such former Act, or shall have taken a false Oath under such Act, shall have or receive any Benefit or Discharge under this Act, but shall be remanded to Prison as aforesaid by the Justice before whom he or she shall be brought up to take the Benefit of this Act: Provided also, That no Person charged in Execution for Damage recovered in any Action for Criminal Conversation with the Wife of the Plaintiff in such Action, or in a Case for seducing or carnally knowing the Daughter or Female Servant of the Plaintiff, or in any Action for a malicious Prosecution, or in any Action for any other malicious Injury, shall have any Benefit under this Act, except only in so far as the Plaintiff or such Actions respectively shall extend, and no Person shall have obtained Protection of the Will or Letters of Administration of the Effects of such Plaintiff within Twelve Months after his Decese: except where such Person shall have been confined in Prison for the Space of Ten Years last past.

Who in Prison
obtaining Money
or Goods under
false Pretences,
do, except con-
fined for Ten
Years.

XXXIII. And whereas many Debtors have, with a View to defraud their Creditors, sold, transferred, conveyed or assigned their Estate or Effects to some Person or Persons, subsequent to their being in Custody of Law or imprisoned under some Process of Debt; And whereas such Sale, Transfer, Conveyance or Assignment hath been fraudulently made, to the Injury of his Creditor or Creditors, though it hath been difficult to search the Writings of a fraudulent Debtor: Be it enacted, That whenever it shall be proved by One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses that such Person has sold, transferred, conveyed or assigned to

All such
Prisoners,
except
where
confined
for
Ten
Years.

XXXIV. And whereas many Debtors have, with a View to defraud their Creditors, sold, transferred, conveyed or assigned their Estate or Effects to some Person or Persons, subsequent to their being in Custody of Law or imprisoned under some Process of Debt; And whereas such Sale, Transfer, Conveyance or Assignment hath been fraudulently made, to the Injury of his Creditor or Creditors, though it hath been difficult to search the Writings of a fraudulent Debtor: Be it enacted, That whenever it shall be proved by One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses that such Person has sold, transferred, conveyed or assigned to

any Person or Persons all or any Part of his Estate or Estates subsequent to the time of his Imprisonment without just Cause for so doing, to be determined by the Justices before whom such Prisoner shall be brought up to take the Benefit of this Act, every such Debtor shall hold all the Benefits and Advantages that he might have otherwise obtained under the Authority of this Act, and shall be reinstated in a name heretofore mentioned; and every such Sale, Transfer, Conveyance or Assignment hereby declared null and void, except where such Person shall have been confined in Prison for the Space of Two Years full past.

What to do
in Case of
Prisoners
except confined
to 2 Years

XXXV. And whereas many Prisoners Squander and spend great Part of their remaining Property by playing at Cards, Dice or other unlawful Games, to the great Injury of their Creditors; Be it enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to discharge or release any Prisoner who hath or shall have lost, in any one Day since the Date of his Commitment to Prison for any Debt which he is bound charged on the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred twelve, the Sum or Value of Twenty Pounds, or on the Whole since such Commitment as aforesaid, the Sum of One hundred Pounds in playing at or with Cards, Dice, Tables, Tennis, Bowls, Billiards or other Game or Games whatsoever, or in or by having a Share or Part in the Stocks, Wagers or Advantages, or in or by betting on the Sides or Heads of such or any Game so aforesaid; but on the Proof thereof, to the Satisfaction of the Justices assembled at such Quarter Session or Adjourned Session before which such Prisoner shall be brought, it shall be lawful for such Justices, and they are hereby required to remove such Prisoner to Goal, any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding, except where such Person shall have been confined in Prison for the Space of Two Years full past.

How to Pay
Money at
Prison for im-
prisoned Two
Years

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Debtor, being thereto required by any Creditor or Creditors, shall refuse to come to the Lodge of the Prison in which any such Prisoner shall be confined, or when come so fully Lodge shall refuse to discover and deliver the Trade or Goods and the full Place of Abode or Habitation, to the best of his or her Knowledge or Belief, of the Person or Persons at whose Suit he or she is detained or charged in Custody, without some reasonable Cause being shewn for such Refusal, every such Debtor, on Proof being made thereof before the Justices at any General or Quarter Session of the Peace or any Adjournment thereof, to be held as aforesaid, shall not have or receive any Benefit or Discharge by or under this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any writ notwithstanding.

Prisoners refusing
to discover
Trade and Goods
of Prisoner at
whom Sum de-
manded, and full
Place of Abode

XXXVII. Provided always, and be it hereby further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County of Jersey, to issue his or their Warrant or Warrants for the bringing up of any Prisoner or Prisoners in order to his, her or their Discharge under the Provisions of this Act, at any Session or Adjourned Session of the Peace, other than such as shall be holden at the Session House in *Hertsmere Lane*, in the Parish of *Manningtree* in the said County.

Prisoners refused to be
brought to Discharge
but from Session
House

XXXVIII. And whereas there is but one Common or County Goal for each of the respective Counties of *York or Lincoln*, which said Counties are each of them divided into several Ridings or Divisions, all of which have several Commissions of the Peace; and if the Clerk of these Goals be obliged to carry the

Debtors, Prisoners thereto, to the Quarter Session of each Riding or Division, the same will be a very great Charge, not only to such Goals, but also to the Prisoners in their large Counties; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for Two or more Justices of the Peace for any of the Ridings or Divisions in the respective Counties, (or any other County or Counties where the Prison are at a Distance from the Place where the Sessions are held) at the Common or County Goal thereof respectively, or at any other Goal or Goals within the said Counties, or at some convenient Place near thereto, and they are hereby required to assemble and meet at the said Sessions there by Appointment from their respective Quarter Sessions, from time to time, for the Discharge of the respective Prisoners thereto, according to the Powers, Limitations and Directions of this Act.

Justices for York
and Lincoln may
hold Sessions
and to County
Goal

XXXIX. And whereas the District or Division of *Holland*, in the said County of *Lincoln*, is distant near Forty Miles from the said County Goal, and it is highly inconvenient and expensive for the Justices of the Peace sitting for the said Division, to be obliged to travel to the said Goal, for the sole Purpose of discharging the Prisoners under the Powers by this Act given; Be it therefore enacted, That, for the several Purposes aforesaid, the Justices for the said Division or District of *Holland* may appear their original Sessions to the County Goal, or to some Place near thereto; and it shall and may be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace sitting either for the Place of *Leafield*, *Ngilston* or *Holland*, to hold such Adjourned Sessions for the sole Purpose of discharging such Prisoners, Notice of the Adjournment of such original Sessions being given by the Clerk of Sessions to such Justices, and who shall attend there to register the Proceedings of the said Courts, insofar as the same relate to or effect the Discharge of any Prisoner detained for Debt in the Division of *Holland*, and claiming the Benefit of this Act.

Justices for
District of Hol-
land may hold
Adjourned
Sessions

XL. And be it further enacted, That all Debtors and others, who were in Prison on or before the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred twelve, in any such Goals and now remain, for not paying their Fees, Rent or other Demands law or claimed as due to the Keeper or Keepers of any Prison respectively, or to any other Officer of such Prison, and upon no other Account, shall be discharged themselves, he, she or they taking the Oath by this Act required to be taken by Prisoners.

Prisoners in Custody
for Fees, or
other Demands

XLI. And be it further enacted, That all Persons committed by any Courts of Law or Equity for Contempt in not paying Money ordered or awarded to be paid, or for not paying of Costs duly and regularly ordered to be taken and allowed by the proper Officer after proper Demands made for the same, or upon any Writ of *Excoimunicacion Capiendo*, or other Process law or grounded on the Non-payment of Money, Costs or Expenses in any Cause or Proceedings in any Ecclesiastical Court, or for Contempt of such Court relating thereto, and who were in Custody on the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred twelve, and have ever since continued, and now are in Custody for the same, shall be entitled to all the Benefits and Pro-

Prisoners in
Custody for Con-
tempt of Court,
are discharged

Officer sitting as Clerk of the Peace, of such Assignees as aforesaid, then it shall and may be lawful to and for each Justice by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to apprehend such Debtor or Debtors to be offending as aforesaid, and bring her or them to answer to the Court aforesaid, there to remain without Bail or Sureties until such time as he, or she shall release him, her or herself from such Jail, and so deliver upon Oath to all such lawful Creditors as shall by such Justice be put to him, her or them for the Purposes aforesaid.

Impoverished.

XLVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That notwithstanding the Discharge of any Debtor or Debtors by virtue of this Act, if it shall hereafter appear that the same was obtained fraudulently, or that any Part of the Oath taken by any such Debtor was not true, then and in every such case every such Discharge shall be void and of none Effect.

Provisional Discharge and.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful at all times hereafter, for any Assignee or Assignees of the Estate or Effects of any Debtor or Debtors, who shall be chosen in pursuance of this Act, by and with the Consent of the major Part or Value of the Creditors of such Debtor or Debtors who shall be present at a Meeting to be had on Tuesday one Days Notice being previously given for the Purpose hereafter mentioned, in the London Gazette, if the Debtor was in Custody in London, or in the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and if not, then in its best Newspaper which shall be published in the County, City or Place in or near which such Person or Persons shall have been in Custody, to make Compulsions with any Person or Persons or Accessories in such Order or Orders, where the same shall appear necessary or reasonable, and to take such reasonable Part of any such Debt or sum upon any such Compulsions he makes, in full Discharge of such Debt and Accounts; and also to submit any Difference or Dispute between such Assignee or Assignees and any Person or Persons for or on account or by reason of any Matter, Cause or Thing relating to the Estate and Effects of such Debtor or Debtors; and every such Assignee or Assignees in and are hereby authorized for what they shall lawfully do in the Premises in pursuance of this Act.

Assignees with Consent, or Majority of Value of Creditors may lay personal Debt, and obtain Discharge in Arbitration.

XLVIII. And whereas Provision ought to be made as to what should become of the Estate and Effects of any Debtor or Debtors not yet, obtained or recovered by any Assignee or Assignees at the time of his or their Death or Deaths, and while Heir or Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns refuse to act or to do certain things, to remedy which, be it enacted, That in all such cases it shall and may be lawful to and for the Creditors of every such Debtor or Debtors to choose a new Assignee or Assignees, and to obtain a new Assignment from the Clerk of the Peace, or his Deputy, Town Clerk or other Officer sitting as Clerk of the Peace pursuant to the Order of the Justices, and which said Order the said Justices are hereby required and empowered to do, (on due Proof on Oath being made to them of the Death of such former Assignee or Assignees, and refusal to do as their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, to act or do the said things), and the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, Town Clerk or other Officer sitting as Clerk of the Peace, is hereby empowered to obey the same, and cause such Assignments accordingly, in manner and Form as if a former Assignment had ever been made, the said Assignee or Assignees, Clerk of the Peace, or his Deputy, Town Clerk or other Officer sitting as Clerk of the Peace hereby conforming to all Orders and Directions made by the Act relative to them or any of them, and to be liable to all such Fines and Penalties as are inflicted on them or any of them by the Act in Disobedience to any Part thereof or Neglect of Duty wherever; and no such Assignee or Assignees shall die, and his Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, shall refuse to act, that there and in such case it shall be lawful for such Justices of the Peace to appoint a new Assignee or Assignees with like Powers and Authorities as are given by this Act; and the said Justices shall have Power in any ordinary way, to oblige their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns of such Assignee or Assignees to account for and deliver up all such Estate and Effects as shall remain in his or their Hands, to be applied for the Purposes of this Act.

If Assignees die, others chosen.

XLIX. And, to the Intent and Purpose that the Estate and Effects of such Debtors or Debtors as shall be discharged by virtue of this Act, may be duly and faithfully applied for the Benefit of his, her or their real Creditors, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the respective Courts at Westminster, and the Courts of Great Sessions in Wales, and the Common Pleas of Chester, Lancaster and Durham respectively, from whence any Process issued upon which any such Debtor or Debtors was or were committed, or where the Process issued out of any other Court, to send for the Judges of the Court of King's Bench, Common Pleas and Exchequer, or of Great Sessions, or Common Pleas aforesaid, within their respective Jurisdictions, or any of them, from time to time, upon the Petition of any such Debtor, or the Creditor or Creditors of such Debtor, complaining of any Insufficiency, Fraud or Misconduct of any Assignee or Assignees of the Estate or Effects of any such Debtor or Debtors, to examine all Parties concerned, and upon hearing the Parties concerned therein to make and give such Orders and Directions therein, either for the Removal of such Assignee or Assignees, and appointing any new Assignee or Assignees in the Place of such Assignee or Assignees to be removed, and for the prudent, just and equitable Management or Distribution of the Estate and Effects of any such Debtor, for the Benefit of the respective Creditors, as the said Courts or Judges respectively shall think fit; and in case of the Removal of any Assignee or Assignees and the appointing of any new Assignee or Assignees, the Estate and Effects of such Debtor or Debtors shall from thenceforth be divided out of the Assignee or Assignees so removed, and be vested in and delivered over to such new Assignee or Assignees, in the best manner and for the best Tenure and Purposes as if the same were before vested in the Assignee or Assignees first chosen; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Courts may Compel any new Assignees.

L. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all cases where mutual Credit hath been given between any Debtor who shall be discharged in pursuance of this Act and any other Person or Persons, or Bodies Corporate or Politick, before the Delivery of such Schedule or Inventory of the Estate and Effects of such Debtor or Debtors upon Oath as aforesaid, the respective Assignee or Assignees of such Debtor or Debtors in

In case of mutual Credit Balance Retain.

and are lawfully authorized and required on his and other Parts to state and allow an Account between them and the other Party or Parties concerned; and nothing more shall be deemed to be void in such Clerk of the Peace, or Town Clerk, or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, or such Assignee or Assignees as aforesaid, as the Estate and Effs of each Debtor or Debtors than what shall appear to be justly due to him, her or it or respectively, as and for the Balance of such Accounts who truly stated.

Parties may
be called in
by the Clerk
of the Peace
or other Officer
acting as Clerk
of the Peace
or Town Clerk
or other Officer
acting as Clerk
of the Peace.

LII. And whereas great Numbers of poor People have been and are now imprisoned for Debt upon Provisions made out of Courts of Conscience; it is hereby enacted and declared, That all such Prisoners shall be sent out to have the Benefit of this Act, and be discharged under the same, provided he, she, and they conform to the Directions hereinafter prescribed, touching their Professions who shall be discharged; by virtue of this Act; and the Keeper, Keeper, Gaoler, or Gaoler, of all and every Court, Prison or other Place of Confinement, in which any Prisoner or Prisons are confined, or charged in Execution with Debts under Process or Process being out of or from such Courts of Conscience, are hereby required to make out and deliver to the Justice appointed at the next General Quarter Session or General Session of the Peace or Adjourned Session of the Peace, a true List or Lists of the Prisoners; these Lists to contain and shew, of an Execution, in like manner as the Gaoler or Keepers of other Prisons are directed by this Act.

Prisoners may
apply to the
Justice of the
Peace for
Release of
them.

LIII. And whereas Debtors are frequently, at the Deary of themselves and their Creditors, committed back to Prison, on account of mere Errors or Omissions in point of Form relating to their Notices, as the making out of these Schedules, or other Proceedings directed by this Act; it is hereby enacted and declared, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justice appointed at such General Quarter Session or General Session of the Peace, or Adjourned Session as aforesaid, to amend such Matters in Form, or to supply such Omissions, or to correct such Errors in the said Notices, Schedules, or other Proceedings directed by this Act, as shall appear to the said Justice to have arisen from Ignorance or Mistake of the Parties, without removing back the said Prisoner or Prisoners, any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Prisoners, on
relating, may
apply to the
Justice.

LIII. And it is further enacted, That in all cases whatsoever the following, upon his releasing any Inmate or she may have in the Possession of his or her Estate, shall and may be deemed to be a good and sufficient Writ in any Action or Cause to be instituted by him or her Assignee or Assignees for the Recovery of any Debt due to the said Inmate, in the same manner as a Bankrupt may after obtaining his Certificate.

Parties may
be called in
by the Clerk
of the Peace
or other Officer
acting as Clerk
of the Peace.

LIV. And he is further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be deemed or taken to discharge the said Assignee or Assignees, Real or Personal, of any Debt or Debts discharged under this Act, whether such Debt or Debts shall or shall not have been charged in Execution of or from the Payment of any Debts, Damages, Costs, Fees or Sums of Money due, owing or demandable from any such Prisoner or Prisons, or in respect of which any such Prisoner or Prisons was or were in Custody; and all and every Prisoner or Prisons entitled to receive or be paid any such Debt, Damages, Costs, Fees or Sums of Money, shall have all such and the like Remedies in Law or Equity against such Estate Estate and Effects, other than and except the necessary Apparel and Bedding of such Prisoner or Prisons and their Family, and the necessary Tools for his, her or their Trade and Occupation, not exceeding the Value of Forty Pounds; but not against the Prisoner of the Party for Payment thereof, as he, she or they might have had if this Act had not been made; and in any case in which the Payment or Recovery of such Demandable Sums of Money could, before the passing of this Act, have been enforced only by Committal, either on the Ground of Contempt or otherwise, of the Prisoner liable therein, the Party interested therein shall be and is hereby enabled to sue the Prisoner or Prisons who ought to have paid the same for what shall remain unsatisfied thereof, in like manner as if the same money aforesaid had been Money lent and advanced by or Money had and received for the Use of the Prisoner having such Demand; but shall be entitled to recover or have Execution out of or against such Estate Estate and Effects only, and shall not be entitled to arrest or take in Execution the Party against whom such Demand shall be enforced.

Prisoners may
be called in
by the Clerk
of the Peace
or other Officer
acting as Clerk
of the Peace.

LV. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That no Prisoner who shall have been at a Space of Five Years previous to the passing of this Act taken the Benefit of any Act heretofore passed for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, shall have or receive any Benefit or Advantage of or under this Act, nor be deemed to be within the Intent and Meaning thereof, in so to be discharged under the same; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Prisoners may
be called in
by the Clerk
of the Peace
or other Officer
acting as Clerk
of the Peace.

LVI. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That no Prisoner against whom any Commission of Bankruptcy shall have issued and shall remain in Prison, and who shall not have obtained a Certificate of his or her Conformity to the several Statutes concerning Bankrupts; under such Commission duly allowed, shall be discharged by virtue of this Act from any Debt which he shall have been or may be proved under such Commission, unless such Commission shall have effect, and such Bankrupt shall have duly surrendered himself or herself to the Commissioners, or the major Part of them named in the said Commission, Two Years at the least before the passing of this Act, and shall in all things have duly conforming himself or herself to the several Statutes concerning Bankrupts; and unless the major Part of the Commissioners named in such Commission shall specially certify, which they are hereby authorized to do if they shall think fit, that such Bankrupt has duly conforming, and has in their Opinion made a full and true Disclosure of all his or her Estate or Effects, and in all things conforming himself or herself properly under such Commission; and in all such cases such Bankrupt shall be deemed to have discharged in respect of all Debts which cannot be proved under such Commission, in the same manner and upon the same Terms as any other Prisoner may be discharged by virtue of this Act; and shall and may be deemed to be a good and sufficient Writ in respect of all Debts proved or capable of being proved under such Commission; but notwithstanding such Bankrupt, and his or her Estate, shall in all other respects whatsoever remain subject to the Laws in Force concerning Bankrupts, as he or she would have been if this Act had not been made.

L.VII. Pro-

LXVII. Provided always, That in the Notices to be given by each Bankrupt, and the Oath to be taken by him or her according to the Provisions of this Act, such Bankrupt shall be defended as a Person against whom a Commission of Bankrupt has issued and is full in Law; and who has not obtained a Certificate of his or her Conformity to the Statute concerning Bankrupts duly allowed; and such Bankrupt, instead of swearing to the Truth of a Schedule of his or her Estate and Effects, shall swear that he or she has made a full Declaration of his or her Effects under the said Commission, and that he or she has no Estate or Effects which can be seized in an Allegiance under this Act, all the Estate and Effects of such Bankrupt being seized in the Allegiance or Allegiances under such Commission by virtue of such Commission, and the Allegiance made in performance thereof.

Notice of Bankrupt, here required.

LXVIII. Provided always, That in case such Commission shall at any time thereafter be superseded, then and as such case the Deficiency which shall be obtained by virtue of this Act shall be well and good.

Commission superseded, Def. here reqd.

LIX. And whereas it is expedient that the Relief granted by this Act should be extended to the several Prefectures or Settlements of *Port William*, *Port Louis George*, *Seahay* and *Prince of Wales's Island* in the *East Indies*; It is therefore enacted, That the same shall be extended thereto, and that the Courts of Directors of the *East India Company* shall, and they are hereby required to transmit this Act to their several Governments in the said Prefectures or Settlements, by the first Ships of the said Company which shall sail for India after the passing of this Act; and that the said Governments shall immediately on the Receipt thereof communicate the same respectively to the Supreme Courts of Judicature at *Port William* and *Port Louis George*, to the Recorder's Court at *Seahay*, and to the Court of Judicature at *Prince of Wales's Island*, which said Courts shall, upon such Communication, with the least possible Delay, give their Precepts to the several Gardens and Keepers of Prisons within the local Limits of and subject to their respective Jurisdictions, requiring them to make out and deliver unto the said Courts, within a time to be limited in the said Precepts, such Lists as are herein directed to be made out by Gardens and Keepers of Prisons of all Persons who, on the Day Five Months preceding the Date of such Precepts, shall have been, and shall at the time of giving such Precepts continue to be in their Custody in any such Prisons as are heretofore mentioned, Hither and of any Court created by or under the Authority of any Act of Parliament, or any Charter of His Majesty within the said Prefectures or Settlements; and all such Gardens and Keepers of Prisons shall make out and deliver such Lists accordingly, and shall take and subscribe such Oaths as are herein required upon the Delivery thereof, and shall fix up Copies of the said Lists in the said Prisons and Goals in manner herein directed, with Translations thereof into the Languages and Character commonly in Use among the Natives of India in the said Prefectures or Settlements respectively.

Act to extend to Port William, &c. on the East Indies.

LX. And in order to execute all Directions in the Execution of this Act within the said Prefectures or Settlements, for want of the Courts, Magistrates, Deputie Officers or other local Means herein specially appointed to carry the same into Effect, be it further enacted, That all the Powers hereby vested in any Courts or Judges shall be vested in like manner, and in the same Purpose and Extent, in the said Supreme Courts of Judicature, and in the Judges thereof at *Port William* and *Port Louis George* respectively, and in the said Recorder's Court, and the Judges thereof at *Seahay*, and in the said Courts of Judicature, and the Judges thereof at *Prince of Wales's Island*; and that the said Courts shall respectively, in and for their several Jurisdictions, have Power, and they are hereby required with the least possible Delay, to frame and publish a Rule or Rules of Court, appointing by or through what Officers, Sergeants or Informants to the said Courts; and also at what times and in what Form the several Acts and Matters herein directed to be done in order to the Execution of this Act shall be carried into Effect; and also in what manner and at what times the several Notices herein required shall be given; and also to make all other necessary Provisions for carrying this Act into Effect within the Provisions herein particularly contained shall be found utterly inapplicable within the said Prefectures or Settlements.

Courts at Port William, &c. to carry Act into Effect within their respective Jurisdictions, as directed by Act respectively.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That from the time of publishing such Rule or Rules by the said Courts respectively, all the Provisions and Penalties herein contained for enforcing the Performance of any Duty under this Act, or for punishing the Neglect or Refusal to perform the same by any Public Officer or other Person, shall be deemed to be applicable to all such Public Officers or other Persons in any manner subject to the Jurisdiction of the said Courts respectively as may be appointed to perform the said Duties by such Rule or Rules, in like manner as if such Public Officers and Persons had been specially appointed thereof by this Act.

Penalty appointed by such Rules to which no Exemption of Act, or of several thereof.

LXII. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize the said Courts to create or to extend, or in any manner to alter the Nature of the Relief hereby intended to be given; and that all such Rules as aforesaid shall be made as nearly conformable to the Provisions of this Act as the circumstances of the case will admit.

Not to extend in other cases of Relief.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where Assessments of Money are mentioned in this Act, the Equivalents of the Pound Sterling within the said Settlements shall, for all Purposes of this Act, be deemed to be as follows, that is to say, at *Port William* in Royal Eight Beca Rupees, at *Port Louis George* Two Paganas and a Half, at *Seahay* Eight Seahay Rupees, and at *Prince of Wales's Island* Four Dollars; and that the same Rate shall be used for the Purpose aforesaid in estimating the Equivalents of every Fractional Part of a Pound Sterling.

Rate for converting Money mentioned in Act into Indian Currency.

LXIV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That this Act shall not extend or be construed to extend within the said Settlements to discharge any Person seeking the Benefit of this Act there, with respect to any Debt or Penalty with which he or she shall stand charged at the Seat of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the *East Indies*, or to which it shall appear or be proved to the Satisfaction of the Court in which such Benefit is sought, that the said United Company are the real Plaintiff or Parties interested,

Act not to extend in India to Debts of Company, unless such Debts have been incurred.

intended, until the Governor General in Council as *First Prisoner*, or the Governor in Council as *First Saver* George, Bishop and Prince of Wales's Island, respectively, shall certify their Consent under their Hands to the said Court for the Discharge of such Prisoner as aforesaid.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That the Justices at any General Quarter Session or General Session of the Peace, or any Adjoined Session of the Peace, are hereby authorized, at the Request of any Creditor of any Prisoner, to examine before them at some certain time to be appointed by them, any Petition or Petitions who was or were Keeper or Gaoler or Deputy Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison or Gaol within their respective Jurisdictions, on the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, or at any other time, and examine every such Keeper or Gaoler or Deputy Keeper or Gaoler on Oath, touching the Commitment and Continuance in Custody of any such Prisoner, as the Justices at any such Session or Adjoined Session shall think fit; and if any such Keeper or Gaoler or Deputy Keeper or Gaoler shall refuse or neglect to attend as being concerned as aforesaid, or knowingly shall refuse to make Answer and Discovery in the Premises as shall be lawfully required, at such Session or Adjoined Session, he or they be offending in the Premises, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds to any Petitioner who shall sue for and recover the same in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster by Action of Debt.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, shall without just Cause, to be approved by the Justices at their General Quarter Session or General Session of the Peace, or their Adjoined Session of the Peace, withdraw their respective Jurisdictions, refuse or delay to bring any such Prisoner or Prisoners as aforesaid to any such General Quarter Session or General Session of the Peace, or Adjoined Session of the Peace, as shall be directed and required by Warrant of any Justice or Justices as aforesaid; or shall neglect or refuse, or negligently omit to return in any such List as aforesaid the Name or Names of any such Prisoner or Prisoners who was or were actually in Custody as aforesaid their respective Prison or Gaol on the said Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve, or shall neglect or refuse to make out, fit up or deliver such Lists as aforesaid; or to take any of the Oaths before mentioned, and by this Act required to be taken by him, or to conform to the Direction hereof given him in respect of the Schedule intended to be delivered in by any such Prisoner or Prisoners, or shall detain any such Prisoners after he or she shall be discharged as aforesaid; or if the Pointer of the London County or other Newspapers as aforesaid shall wilfully refuse or neglect to insert therein the Notices by this Act directed to be given, on reasonable Request made to him for that Purpose, every such Keeper or Gaoler, and his or their Deputy or Deputies, and every such Prisoner as aforesaid, for every such Offence shall respectively forfeit and pay to such Prisoner, in every such case aforesaid, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, which shall and may be recovered with Treble Costs of Suit by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Effraign, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparience shall be allowed.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Keeper or Gaoler or Deputy Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison, shall, in taking any of the Oaths thereunto required, swear and profess himself, and shall be thereof lawfully convicted, such Keeper or Gaoler, Deputy Keeper or Gaoler, shall (as well above the Punishes to be inflicted on Persons convicted of Perjury) upon every such Conviction forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered with full Costs of Suit, by Bill, Plea or Information, or Action of Debt, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Effraign, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparience shall be allowed, by or in the Name of any Creditor or Creditors of any such Prisoner or Prisoners who shall sue for the same, and the same when recovered shall be applied One Moiety to such Creditor or Creditors suing for the same, and the other Moiety towards Satisfaction of the Debts of such Prisoner or Prisoners.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Gaoler or Keeper or Deputy Gaoler or Keeper of any Prison, shall make or cause to be made any false Entry or Entries in any Book belonging to any Prison under his Care, or shall profess to keep, or cause to be kept, any false Book or Books, in order for any false or untrue Entry or Entries to be made therein, or shall knowingly and wilfully produce and show any Book wherein any false or untrue Entry or Entries have or hath been made, and for a Book containing true and genuine Entries, or shall deliver in any List to be delivered in as aforesaid, the Name or Names of any Petitioner or Petitioners who were or was not in actual Custody as aforesaid (except as in the Oath of any such Keeper or Gaoler, Deputy Keeper or Gaoler shall be required), every such Keeper or Gaoler, Deputy Keeper or Gaoler shall, for every such Fraud, (over and above the Punishes for which he shall be liable for every such Fraud) forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered with full Costs of Suit, by and in the Name and for the Use of any Petitioner or Petitioners who shall be injured by any such Fraud, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Effraign, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparience shall be allowed.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That every Gaoler or Keeper or Deputy Gaoler or Keeper of any Prison, shall and he is hereby required to suffer any Petitioner or Petitioners desiring the Same, to be and speak with in the Day next, between the Hours of Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon and Six of the Clock in the Afternoon, in some convenient Room or Place in the said Prison, any Prisoner or Prisoners whose Names are inserted in the before mentioned List or Lists, or the London Gazette or other Newspapers, in manner aforesaid, and also to be in the true and genuine Book or Books of the said Prison the Entry and Entries made of the Name and Names of such Prisoner or Prisoners, together with the Name or Names of the Petitioner or Petitioners at which such List, he or they are demanded; and if any such Gaoler or Keeper, Deputy Gaoler or Keeper shall refuse or neglect to do so, every such Gaoler or Keeper, Deputy Gaoler or Keeper so offending shall forfeit and pay to the Petitioner so entitled and aggrieved the Sum of Forty Pounds, to be recovered with

Costs

Calls of Suit by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Informaſion, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Windsor*, wherein an *Escoign*, *Procellus*, *Wager of Law* or more than *One Impellance* ſhall be allowed, by and in the Name or Names of the Parties or Parties be refused and aggravated.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Clerk of the Peace, or his Deputy, or Town Clerk, or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, ſhall delay or refuſe to give any ſuch Priſoner adjudged to be entitled to his *Discharge* as aforeſaid, within *Fourteen Days* after ſuch *Adjudication*, a Copy of the Order of ſuch *Adjudication* on being paid for the ſame the Sum of *Two Shillings and Six pence*, or ſhall demand or take more for the ſame than the Sum of *Two Shillings and Six pence*, or ſhall take more than *Five Shillings* for an *Adjournment* or *Conveyance* of any Priſoner's *Liberty* or *Exeſts*, every ſuch Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, or Town Clerk, or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, who ſhall ſo offend, and be convicted thereof at any ſuch *General Quarter Seſſion* or *General Seſſion* of the Peace, or *Adjourned Seſſion* of the Peace, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay to every ſuch Priſoner the Sum of *Twenty Pounds*; and the Juſtices at ſuch Seſſion or *Adjourned Seſſion* are hereby authorized and empowered to order and make the ſame to be levied by *Direſts* and *Sale* of the Goods of any ſuch Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, or Town Clerk, or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace ſo offending.

Clerk of the
Peace not
giving Copies of
Adjudications of
Discharge.

Fines.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Priſoner who ſhall come or be brought up at any *General Quarter Seſſion* or *General Seſſion* of the Peace, or *Adjourned Seſſion* of the Peace, under the Proviſions of this Act, ſhall wilfully forbear or perjure himſelf or herſelf, or any Oath to be taken under this Act, and ſhall be lawfully convicted thereof, he or ſhe ſo offending ſhall ſuffer ſuch Penalties as by Law may be inflicted on Parties convicted of wilful and corrupt *Perjury*, and moreover ſhall not be entitled to any *Benefit*, *Privilege* or *Advantage* under this Act; any thing in the ſame to the contrary in any writ notwithstanding.

Perjury.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That in all caſes wherein by this Act an Oath is required to be taken, the Solemn *Affirmation* of any *Witness* being a *Quaker*, ſhall and may be taken and accepted in ſtead thereof; and that every *Witness* who ſhall in making ſuch Solemn *Affirmation* knowingly and wilfully affirm what is falſe and untrue, and ſhall be thereof convicted, ſhall incur and be liable to ſuch and the ſame Penalties, *Fines* and *Disabilities* as Parties convicted of wilful and corrupt *Perjury* by Law are liable to and incur, and ſhall further and moreover incur ſuch and the ſame Penalties as are inflicted and impoſed by this Act upon Parties convicted of wilful and corrupt *Perjury* in like caſes.

Affirmation of
Quakers when.

Perjury.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED,

OR PRINTED COPIES WHEREOF ARE DECLARED TO BE EVIDENCE.

N. B.—The Continuance of each of the following Acts as are temporary will be known (where it is not expressly stated) by referring to the following List, according to the corresponding Letter at the End of the Title.

- (a) For 21 Years, &c. (y. c. in the End of the next Session) from a Day named in the Act.
 (b) For 21 Years, &c. from the passing of the Act.
 (c) For 21 Years, &c. after the End of the Term under former Acts.

All Acts in this List, not distinguished by the Letters (a, b, c) are PUBLIC ACTS; in each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form following:

“ And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.”

(a, b, c) Quod Publick Acts, i. e. Acts in each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form following:

“ And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be printed by the several Printers to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, duly authorized to print the Statutes of the United Kingdom, and a Copy thereof impressed by any of them shall be admitted as Evidence thereof by all Judges, Justices and others.”

Cap. i.

An Act for embosoming and draining certain Lands adjoining the Water Works in the Parishes of *Steeple and Suxipare and Sales Lanes* in the County of *Essex*. [25th February 1812.]

Cap. ii.

34 G. 2. c. 25.

An Act for settling in the Clerk of the Peace of the County of *Stafford*, a House for the Accommodation of His Majesty's Judges at the Assizes, and for maintaining and supporting the same; and for amending an Act of His present Majesty for building a new *Shire Hall* for the said County. [25th February 1812.]

Cap. iii.

18 G. 2. c. 72.
20 G. 2. c. 202.

An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of the Tenth and Thirteenth Years of His present Majesty for amending and widening the Road from *Stair Stephen's Gate*, in the County of the City of *Warwick*, to the *Windmill* in the Town of *Wotton*, in the County of *Northfolk*. (r) [25th February 1812.]

Cap. iv.

An Act for repairing the Road from *Rehorough Down* to the Turnpike Road near *Dart Moor Prison* of War, and to *Two Bridges*, in the County of *Devon*. (s) [25th February 1812.]

[Double Toll on Sunday.]

Cap. v.

An Act for inclosing *Hidal Moor*, Estate within the Township of *Higwood*, in the Parish of *Stoddon*, in the County of the Bishopric of *Lincoln*. (q, p.) [25th February 1812.]

Cap. vi.

An Act for inclosing *Great Croft* Meath, in the Manor of *Great Croft*, and Parish of *Sythen*, in the County of *Lincoln*. (q, p.) [25th February 1812.]

Cap. vii.

24 G. 2. c. 81.
27 G. 2. c. 127.

An Act for confirming the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Alfriston* to *Manfield*, in the Counties of *Derby* and *Nottingham*, and other Roads therein mentioned. (t) [25th March 1812.]

[Additional Tolls.— Former Toll as usual, and new Toll granted. Double Toll on Sunday. Additional Half Toll in Winter.]

4

Cap.

Cap. vii.

An Act for enlarging the Town and Powers of Two Acts of King George the Second, and Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening Old Street Road, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of Middlesex. (a)

26 G. 2. c. 27.
18 G. 3. c. 24.
21 G. 3. c. 25.
25 G. 3. c. 21.

[25th March 1812.]

Cap. ix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Erith* in the County of *Kent*. (q. P.)

[25th March 1812.]

Cap. x.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Deophan*, in the County of *Worcester*. (q. P.)

[25th March 1812.]

Cap. xi.

An Act for building a Church or Chapel of Ease in *Livingstone*, in the Parish of *Seyfield*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.

[25th March 1812.]

Cap. xii.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor in the Hundred of *Wangford*, in the County of *Suffolk*.

[25th March 1812.]

4 G. 2. c. 31

Cap. xiii.

An Act for the better Employment and Support of the Poor in the Parishes of *Wiggles*, *Scottingham* and *Glynde*, in the County of *Salisbury*.

[25th March 1812.]

Cap. xiv.

An Act for better paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the Streets, Lanes and other public Passages and Places, within the Manor of *Southward*, otherwise called *The Chalk*, or *Bishop of Worcester's Liberty*, in the Parish of *Saint Saviour*, *Southward*, in the County of *Warwick*.

[25th March 1812.]

26 G. 2. c. 122.
enacted.

Cap. xv.

An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Three Acts, of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Harbour of *Maryport*, in the County of *Cumberland*. (q)

[25th March 1812.]

22 G. 3. c. 1.
25 G. 3. c. 37.
26 G. 3. c. 127.* [Formerly called *Ellington*.]

Cap. xvi.

An Act to alter and increase the Rates of Tonnage, authorized to be taken by the Company of Proprietors of *The Grand Oldford Canal*, and to amend the several Acts passed for making the said Canal.

[25th March 1812.]

26 G. 3. c. 46.
25 G. 3. c. 128.

Cap. xvii.

An Act for altering the Lands in the Parish of *Mongford*, in the County of *Warwick*, and for the Drainage of the Marshes or Fen Grounds within the said Parish, and of certain other Marshes, Meadows and Low Grounds, within the several Parishes of *Hoggsburgh*, *Eclos*, *Polney* and *the Fen*, *Luffington* and *Jupham*, in the County aforesaid.

[25th March 1812.]

Cap. xviii.

An Act for inclosing and draining Lands in the Parish of *Harpy*, in the County of *Warwick*.

[25th March 1812.]

Cap. xix.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for rebuilding the late Theatre Royal Drury Lane.

[25th March 1812.]

• **W**HEREAS by an Act passed in the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled
An Act for rebuilding the late Theatre Royal Drury Lane, upon the Conditions and under the Regulations therein mentioned; it was enacted, That the several Persons therein named, together with such other Persons and Persons as should afterwards towards raising the Capital Sum thereinfor mentioned, and their several and respective Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, being a Proprietor or Proprietors of any Share or Shares in the Undertaking therein referred to, paying and contributing to the Capital Sum to be raised as thereinfor mentioned, should be, and they were thereby accordingly united into a Company for rebuilding the said Theatre and surrounding Buildings, and carrying into Execution the Purposes of the said Act, and should for that Purpose be one Body Corporate and Polite, by the Name and Style of *The Theatre Royal Drury Lane Company of Proprietors*; and by that Name should have perpetual Successors and a Common Seal, and by that Name should and might sue and be sued: And it was further enacted, That it should be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors to sell and contribute, in such Proportions as they should think proper, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Three hundred thousand Pounds; which said Sum or Sums of Money should be laid out and applied, in the first

26 G. 3. c. 129.

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Place, in discharging the Expenses of obtaining and selling the said Aft, and of the Survey, Plan, and
 • Estimates, and other incidental Expenses relating thereto; and in the next Place, in Payment to certain
 • Persons therein named, of such Sums or Sums of Money as might be due and owing to them in respect of
 • their Shares, Rights, and Interests, in certain Letters Patent granted by His late Majesty King Charles the
 • Second, to Thomas Killymore Esquire; and in the next Place, in making due and just Payment or Compen-
 • sation to the Renters and several other Claimants on the said Property, upon such Terms as the said
 • Claimants and the said Company of Proprietors should agree; and chiefly, in purchasing the entire Property,
 • and Interests of the said Proprietors and Parties beneficially and ultimately interested in the Property of
 • the said late Theatre Royal Drury Lane, and the Profits and Property thereof; and then for and towards
 • rebuilding, erecting and finishing a new Theatre, and the necessary Buildings and Improvements necessary
 • thereto, and in purchasing, making and completing the Scenery, Machinery, Warehouse, Furniture, Music,
 • Decorations and other Appurtenances, or otherwise for carrying the said Aft into Execution; Provided that
 • in case the said Company of Proprietors should not contract and agree with all the Parties interested in the
 • said Theatre and other Property, for the Purchase of such several Interests, within the Term of Two Years
 • from the passing of the said Aft, then and in such case the said Aft, and all the Matters and Things therein
 • contained, should become null and void: And it was thereby further enacted, That for better forwarding the
 • Purposes of the said Aft, and the Interests of the said Company, they should be's Committee of Ten Pro-
 • prietors, and that the Profits therein named should be the said Committee; and the said Committee were
 • thereby authorized to sell any Number of Proprietors not exceeding eleven to the said Committee, and the
 • said Committee were thereby also authorized to arrange and complete Terms of Settlement and Compen-
 • sation with the several Claimants on the said Property, and to determine upon and settle the Plan for rebuild-
 • ing, and to make Contracts and Bargains for settling the said Theatre, as thereafter is mentioned; and
 • also for arranging the Terms upon which all Rights and Interests of the said Proprietors should be made
 • over to the said intended Company of Proprietors, and all other necessary Purposes: And the said Com-
 • mittee were by the said Aft also empowered to arrange the Terms upon which a limited Number of Private
 • Boxes might be let, should the said Committee find it advisable and expedient for the Completion of the
 • Plan: And it was also enacted, and the said Committee which should meet under the said Aft were thereby
 • directed to form and arrange a Plan for the future Government and Conduct of the Theatre Property, to be
 • submitted to a General Meeting of the said Company, to be specially called by Advertisement in the
 • London Gazette, and each of the London Newspapers as the said Committee should think proper, at least
 • Three Months previous to the opening of the said Theatre: And whereas the Committee of the said Company
 • of Proprietors assembled and appeared to and by virtue of the said recited Aft, have proceeded in the Exe-
 • cution of the Powers thereof; but several of the Provisions of the same Aft have been found inadequate to the
 • several Purposes thereby intended, and it is expedient that the same should be altered, amended and enlarged,
 • and it would tend greatly to facilitate the Execution of the Purposes intended to be provided for by the
 • said Aft, if certain Parts thereof were repealed, and further and better Provisions granted: May it there-
 • fore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty,
 • by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present
 • Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in each of the said Afts so made and given
 • under that name, and all the Matters and Things therein contained, shall be null and void, in case the said
 • Company of Proprietors shall not have contracted and agreed with all the Parties concerned in the said late
 • Theatre and other Property, for the Purchase of such several Interests within the Term of Two Years from
 • the passing of the said Aft, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Company of Proprietors, and
 they are hereby empowered at any time or times from and after the passing of this Aft, to contract and agree
 with, and make due and just Payment in Compensation to such Renters, Assignees, and other Claimants on
 the said Theatre and Property, whose Claims shall not have been adjusted prior to the passing of this Aft,
 upon such Terms as such Renters, Assignees and other Claimants, and the Company of Proprietors for the time being of
 the said Company of Proprietors, shall agree; any thing in the said recited Aft contained to the contrary
 notwithstanding.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when and immediately after the said intended new
 Theatre shall have been completely and opened for the Representation of Plays, if any Renters, Assignees
 or other Parties having Claims upon the late Theatre, and the Profits and Property thereto belonging
 (except the Renters or Claimants aforesaid, and New Renters) shall not have been discharged by the said
 Committee, or whose Title or Title shall be doubtful or disputed, it shall and may be lawful for the said Com-
 mittee, and they are hereby authorized, by and from the Money to be forthwith, and to be forthwith, to lay
 out and invest in the Name of the Trustees of the said Company of Proprietors for the time being, in the
 Title Bonds for Cash or Consolidated Bank Annuities, such Sums or Sums of Money as shall be adequate
 to the said Claims (unless in such undischarged Renters, Assignees or other Claimants respectively, upon
 such and the like Terms, and according to the like Rate of Compensation as shall have been agreed upon and
 accepted by the Majority of Parties having similar Interests or Claims upon the said Theatre and other Pro-
 perty; and that the Dividend of the Annuities to be purchased, and of the Accumulations thereof, shall
 from time to time, in the like Manner, be received and be in like manner laid out and invested as such An-
 nuities; and that the Profits or Profits for whom or for which by such such Compensation or Compen-
 sation respectively shall have been invested, his, her or their respective Executors, Administrators or Assigns, shall
 from time to time, upon Application duly made to such Committee for the time being, be as effectually entitled
 to have and receive the respective Proportions of such Three Pounds for Certain Consolidated Bank Annuities,

and the Dividends and Accumulations thereof, as if he, he or they had originally agreed to accept and take such Compensation or Compensation, (the respective Interests, Claims and Titles of such Claimants respectively upon and to the said late Theatre, and the Patents and Property thereto belonging, having been first ascertained and manifested to the Satisfaction of the Committee for the time being of the said Company of Proprietors, or their Council learned in the Law;) and thenceforward the same shall be transferred unto him, her or them respectively.

IV. And he it further enacted, That such Assent to be levelled as aed, for such Compensation or Compensation as aforesaid, when the same shall have been transferred to the Person or Persons respectively entitled to have and receive the same, and are hereby declared to be in full Satisfaction and Discharge of such respective Interests and Claims, and the same and each and every of them so compensated shall cease; and the said intended new Theatre, and the Property and Patents which belonged and appertained to the said late Theatre, shall be for ever discharged therefrom, and of and from all Annuity due and owing on account of the same respectively.

V. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That whereas any Assistant or Assistants, Renter or Renters, or other Claimant or Claimants, or his, her or their respective Executors, Administrators or Assigns, shall have commenced any Action at Law, or Suit in Equity, or other Proceeding, for or in respect of his, her or their Claim or Claims, or shall have given Notice in Writing to the said Committee of this, her or their Intention so to do, except any Action or Suit for the Purpose of establishing his, her or their Title or Title to such Compensation or Compensation, or any Part thereof, or shall have given Notice in Writing to the said Committee of his, her or their Refusal to take or accept such Compensation or Compensation as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Trustees of the said Company for the time being, and they are hereby empowered to transfer the Proportion of every such Assistant, Renter or Claimant of such Three Pounds per Course Consolidated Bank Annuitant, and the Accumulations thereof, to the general Fund hereinafter directed to be created for the further Infrance of the said intended new Theatre and the Property thereto belonging from Time, and in Augmentation thereof, and to be applicable to all such and the same Uses, Intents and Purposes, as the said Fund is to be created hereinafter directed to be applied.

VI. And he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Committee for the time being of the said Company of Proprietors, and they are hereby authorized to grant, make and execute any Deed, Indentment or Writing, Deeds, Indentments or Writings, for granting to each of the Persons commonly called New Renters respectively, as shall have agreed to accept the same, an Assent or Rent Charge of One Shilling and Three pence for each Night of Performance at the said intended new Theatre, and five Admissions thereto, and for fulfilling and accomplishing the several Articles, stipulations and Conditions contained in certain Agreements entered into by such New Renters, according to the true Intent and Meaning thereof (subject as hereinafter is mentioned) as by the said Committee of the said Company of Proprietors, and the Committee of the said New Renters, or their respective Councils learned in the Law, shall be deemed necessary.

VII. And he it hereby further enacted, That the said several Persons respectively, their respective Executors, Administrators or Assigns, shall hold, take, receive and enjoy the said Rent Charges or Rent Charge of One Shilling and Three pence, and Right of Admission, with the Keys and Powers for receiving, holding and receiving the same, according to the Deed, Indentment or Writing, Deeds, Indentments or Writings to be executed in pursuance of this Act; and every such Rent Charge and Right of Admission shall, from and immediately after the said intended new Theatre shall have been built, and opened for the Representation of Theatrical Performances, be and remain a Charge upon the said Theatre and the Property thereof; any thing in the said recited Act or this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And he it further enacted, That a Bill and may be lawful for the Committee for the time being of the said Company of Proprietors, and they are hereby empowered at any time from and after the passing of this Act, to contract and agree with such of the Claimants commonly called New Renters, as shall not have been agreed with, upon such Terms as the Majority of the New Renters have consented to accept and take; and so and by the same or any other similar Deed, Indentment or Writing, to grant a like Rent Charge of One Shilling and Three pence for each Night of Performance at the said intended new Theatre, and five Admissions thereto, to and for the Use and Benefit of such New Renters as the said Committee shall in contract with, but subject to the Direction herein contained respecting such Agreements and Claims.

IX. And he it further enacted, That if any of the said Claimants called New Renters shall not have been discovered, or shall not by the said Committee have been agreed with at the time when the said Nightly Rent Charge of One Shilling and Three pence shall become payable, or within Three Calendar Months next thereafter, then the said Committee for the time being of the said Company of Proprietors may and they are hereby authorized and empowered to lay out and well to the Purchase of Three Pounds per Course Consolidated Bank Annuitant, or the Names of the Trustees for the time being of the said Company of Proprietors, in such Manner as would have become due and payable in respect of the Nightly Performances to the New Renters who shall not have been discovered, or shall not have been agreed with, in case they should respectively agree to accept such Compensation as aforesaid for their respective Claims, to be transferred and paid, with the Dividends and Accumulations thereof, to the Person or Persons respectively claiming as New Renters, upon their respectively agreeing and consenting to accept such Compensation, such Persons respectively having first manifested their Title to it, first, to the said Committee of the said Company of Proprietors, or their Council learned in the Law; but subject nevertheless to the several Provisions hereinafter contained respecting such Claimants as shall not have been discovered.

Compensation also accepted, Discharge for Claims.

McClintock's statement Proceedings in respect of Claims, might there be no success, Compensation, Book, etc. was found in Company in Augmentation of Fund.

Company authorized to build Agreements with New Renters, &c.

Rent Charge and Right of Entry upon Theatre.

Committee empowered to contract with New Renters.

Committee to make Provision for undiscovered New Renters.

After Ratification of Deed of Gift Charities, Beneficent Societies, and all Accessions, and the said Hospital.

Proviso for New Restorers.

Agreement entered into with Claimants, with

Agreements with Restorers may or cannot enter into before.

Claimants not agreeing to take Compensation may refuse to Remedies unless it is made only before passing of Act.

Parties willing to accept Compensation, but unable to take same, Claim to Satisfaction of Committee, may have Recovery.

Claimants may take of or Part of Compensation, and entitled to defend them in other Instances.

Restorers give to Claimants who have agreed to perform Restorers.

X. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Execution of the said Deed of Gift, I do consent or Intendment in Writing for securing the Payment of the said Majesty's most Excellent Majesty and Three pence and Right of Admission, the several Next Charges of Two Shillings and six pence for every Night of Performance at the said late Theatre and Right of Admission, granted in pursuance of a certain Indenture bearing Date the Fourteenth Day of June One thousand five hundred and twenty three, so far as regards the Parties consenting to accept the said Compensation of One Shilling and Three pence nightly and Right of Admission, shall cease; and the said aforesaid late Theatre, and the Property and Patents thereto belonging, shall be for ever discharged therewith, and of and from all Arrears thereof.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Person claiming as a New Restorer, who shall not have agreed to accept such Compensation or Compensation as aforesaid or Intendment defined, his, her and their respective Executors, Administrators or Assigns, shall be entitled to, and may sue or exercise all such Right and Remedy at Law or in Equity for the Recovery of his, her or their Right, Interest or Claim, as he, she or they would have been entitled unto if the said recited Act or the Act had not been passed; any thing in this Act or in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XII. And be it further enacted, That as well the said Agreements entered into by or on the Behalf of the said Committee with the said New Restorers, as all and every the Agreements made by the said Committee with any other Assistant, Restorer or Claimant on the said late Theatre, Patents and Property, and with the several Proprietors and Parties beneficially and ultimately interested in the Property of the said late Theatre and the Profits thereof, shall be good and valid, notwithstanding the same may not be fulfilled and performed on or before the Day or Days respectively appointed for the Performance thereof, in as the same be performed by and on the Part of the said Committee on or before the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and the said aforesaid Theatre shall then have been built and completed, and ready for the Representation of Plays.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any Assistant, Restorer or Creditor, (Gave and except such New Restorers as aforesaid) who shall have signed any or either of the said Agreements, shall within one Month after the passing of this Act, by Notice in Writing under his, her or their Hand or Hands, to the Secretary of the said Committee, signify his, her or their Intention, that the Agreements signed or entered into by him, her or them shall be void, by reason of any blunder or Thing therein contained not being done and performed at the time or times limited for that Purpose, that then the Person or Persons giving such Notice shall be discharged from such Agreement not so performed, and he, she or they shall and may have, use and exercise such and the same Powers and Remedies at Law or in Equity for the Recovery of the Value of his, her or their Right, Interest or Claim, as he, she or they would have been entitled to if the said recited Act or this Act had not been made; any thing in this Act or in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, Restorers or Restorers, Assistants or Assistants, here and except such New Restorers as aforesaid, having any Right, Title or Interest in or to, or Incumbrance, Charge, Claim or Demand upon the said late Theatre, or the Patents, Suits or Property or Profits thereof, who have not agreed or shall not agree to accept and take such Compensation or Compensation as aforesaid, shall be entitled to such Rights and Remedies at Law or in Equity as he, she or they would have been entitled unto for Recovery of the Value of his, her or their Share or Shares, Right or Interest in the same, as he, she or they would have been entitled to if the said recited Act or this Act had not been made; any thing in the said recited Act or in this Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for each and every Restorer, Assistant or other Person having or claiming to have any Right, Title or Interest, in, to or upon any of the Funds or Property of the said late Theatre, and who shall be desirous and willing to accept of such Compensation as aforesaid from the said Company of Proprietors or their Committee for the time being, but shall be unable to satisfactorily discharge his or her Claim, Right or Title to such Compensation, to the Satisfaction of the said Committee, to commence any Action or Actions, Suit or Suits against the said Company of Proprietors, for the Recovery of such Compensation; and the said Company of Proprietors shall and they are boundly required to pay such Compensation to the Person or Persons who shall by any such Action or Actions, Suit or Suits, have satisfied his, her or their Claim, Right or Title thereto.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Committee for the time being of the said Company of Proprietors, to contract and agree with any and every Claimant upon the said Theatre, Property and Patents, for the Grant or Admission to or of such Claimant or Claimants to any Share or any Number of Shares in the said Undertaking partly or wholly in Satisfaction of such Compensation, as the said Committee and the said Claimant or Claimants may agree upon in respect of the Claim or Interest of such Claimant or Claimants in the said Theatre Property; and thereupon such Claimant or Claimants shall be taken and considered to be a Proprietor or Proprietors in the said Undertaking, and shall be entitled to all Profits, Privileges and Advantages of or in the same, in respect of the Share and Shares to which such Claimant or Claimants shall be admitted, as if he, she or they had subscribed for and paid the full Sum of One hundred Pounds for each and every such Share; any thing in the said Act or in this Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Committee for the time being of the said Company of Proprietors, may by Power of them, at a Meeting convened for that Purpose, shall, and lawfully may, and they are boundly authorized and empowered to give Bonds as and for the Bonds of the said Company of Proprietors, with their Common Seal affixed thereto, unto the several Persons who may or shall here be concerned in the Performance

of their respective Claims until after the building of the said intended Theatre shall have been completed, or in Satisfaction of any Debt or Debts incurred or to be incurred for the building, holding or forwarding the same as Security or Securities for the Payment of any Sum or Sums which may have been agreed to be paid, and taken in Satisfaction of such Claim or Claims, Debt or Debts respectively; each Bond to bear Interest at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum upon the Sums to be secured by such Bonds respectively, and the Interest thereupon to commence from the Day of the opening of the said intended new Theatre, or from the respective Date thereof, and the Payment of the Principal Money and Interest upon the said Bonds to be thereby secured out of the Receipts of the said intended Theatre, at such Periods as shall be agreed upon by the said Committee, and such several Persons respectively; and each said Bond or Bonds, when executed, shall stand void in Favour to the said Nightly Rent Charges of One Shilling and Three pence, and shall be good and valid, and the same are hereby respectively confirmed; any thing in the said recited Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: Provided that each Bond to give shall bear the Number of Shares to be taken by the said Company for raising the said Sum of Three hundred thousand Pounds, by the Amount of the Principal Money to be raised by each Bond.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the said Committee for the time being to give or assign any Bond or Bonds, or to give any Security or Securities under the Common Seal of the said Company, or on their behalf, in Consideration or Satisfaction for any Sum or Sums less than the Amount of the Sum or Sums for which the said Bond or Bonds shall purport to be issued, and shall have been executed respectively.

XIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case the Committee for the time being of the said Company of Proprietors shall, after the executing and signing all or any of such Bond or Bonds, be desirous of paying off all or any such Bond or Bonds or any Part thereof, that they and otherwise, and as often as they shall so think fit, they shall and may be at Liberty, and they are hereby authorized to raise by Subscriptions, by Means of One hundred Pounds each, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding the Amount of the Principal Money due and focused in and by each Bond or Bonds from time to time intended to be paid off, and to pay and apply the Money from time to time to be subscribed and raised in paying off and discharging all or any such Bond or Bonds respectively, or any Part or Parts thereof; any thing in the said recited Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Sum and Sums of Money due and owing from any and every the Society or Societies, Company or Companies, established for the Inheritance of Buildings or other Property from Fire, in respect of the Inheritance of the said late Theatre from Fire, shall be paid to Samuel Whitbread, Peter Moore and Harvey Gleggian Gamb, Esquires, the Trustees named in the said Act, whole Receipt or Receipts, or the Receipt or Receipts of any Two of them, shall be good and sufficient Discharge or Discharges for the same; and such Masters shall, under the Order and Direction of the said Committee, be by the said Trustees laid out and applied in and towards the building and completing of the said intended new Theatre.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons by whom or in whose Name or Names any and every Inheritance or Inheritances hath or have been made or effected, as, by or with any and every of the said Society or Societies, Company or Companies, for or in respect of the Warehouse, Storehouse, Machinery or other like Property or of belonging to the said late Theatre, and they are hereby required to pay to the said Samuel Whitbread, Peter Moore and Harvey Gleggian Gamb, the Trustees in the above recited Act named, all and every the Sum and Sums of Money to be paid, first deducting thereout each Sum or Sums of Money as shall, by the said Person or Persons have been applied and expended respectively, in and towards the Provision of the Property remaining upon the Site of the said late Theatre after the said Fire, or to which such Persons may be liable on account thereof, and other Payments and Expenses, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Three thousand Pounds, to be by the said Trustees, in the said recited Act named, applied in and towards the completing and finishing the said intended Theatre, the Machinery, Storehouse, Warehouse and Decretations thereof; and it is hereby declared, that the Receipt or Receipts of the said Samuel Whitbread, Peter Moore and Harvey Gleggian Gamb, or of any Two of them, shall be good and sufficient Discharge or Discharges for all and every such Sum and Sums of Money to be so received.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Committee of the said Company of Proprietors, and they are hereby empowered, out of the Money already subscribed, or hereafter to be so subscribed, under the Authority of this or the said recited Act, after Payment for the said Share of the said Letters Patent as directed by the said recited Act, to apply in the first Place, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding together One Half of the Amount of the whole Money so subscribed or to be so subscribed, when and as the said Committee shall be Occasion, in and towards completing and finishing the said intended new Theatre, and the Offices and Buildings belonging thereto, and in purchasing, making and completing the Scenery, Machinery, Warehouse, Furniture, Mafks, Decretations and other Appurtenances thereto, and otherwise for carrying the Purposes of this and the said recited Act into Execution; any thing in this or the said recited Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Committee for the time being, or any Five of them, at any Meeting or Meetings duly convened for that Purpose, and they are hereby authorized at any time or times after the passing this Act, to grant any Lease or Leases under the Common Seal of the said Company, of any Box or Boxes in the said intended new Theatre, as and in the Nature of Private Box or Boxes, the Number of which Private Boxes before the Opening shall not at any one time exceed Fourteen, exclusively of the Boxes to be reserved for His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, his Grace the Duke of Bedford, the Box to be reserved for Thomas Coster Esquire, and also the Box to be appropriated for the Widow

Number of Shares intended in Proportion to Amount of Securities Bonds are given for any Sum less than Five, and the whole Bonds appear to be Blank. Committee may deliver Bonds by Means of 2000, each, on executing Amount of Principal Sums for which Bonds given.

Application of Money intended on Theatre.

Application of Money raised on Warehouse, &c.

Part of Liberty given applied towards completing Theatre.

Considered as given Leases, of Private Boxes, some certain Conditions.

of the late David Garrick Esquire, during the Term of her natural Life, (any Condition made by or on the Part of the said new Owners to the contrary thereof notwithstanding) with an exclusive Right of Admissions to such Boxes as every Night of Theatrical Performance at the said intended new Theatre, for such Consideration or Considerations as the said Committee can reasonably obtain for the same; and the Considerations or Considerations for the Great or Grands of such Seats or Lodges of such Private Boxes or Private Boxes, or any Part thereof, may be made payable in Advance before the said intended new Theatre shall be completed, if the said Committee shall so think fit; and every such Lease or Leases to be subject to such referred Rent, Covenants, Conditions and Agreements, as the said Committee at any such Meeting or Meetings shall think proper to be referred by and referred in any such Lease or Leases respectively: Provided that the said Private Boxes before the Ordinance shall not, nor shall any or either of them be granted for any longer Term or Terms than Twenty one Year; nor shall any such Great or Grands contain any Covenant for Renewal.

Leases to be granted void.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Execution of such Lease or Leases in manner aforesaid, and the Payment of the full Consideration Money or Monies therein expressed to be paid, or a Part thereof, the same shall, subject to the Rent and Rents, Covenants, Conditions and Agreements to be thereby and therein respectively referred and contained, be good and valid; and the Consideration or Considerations to be received for the Great or Grands of every such Lease or Leases shall be applied by the said Committee as and towards completing the said intended new Theatre, for the Representation of Plays; and after the same shall have been completed, then the said Consideration or Considerations, Rents or Rents, and all other Sums or Sums of Money which shall hereunto be from time to time received by the said Committee on account thereof, shall be applied by them for the Purpose of discharging any Claim or any Bond or Debt contracted for the building, completing and furnishing the said intended new Theatre, and then and thereafter for such Purposes as they shall deem necessary for the Benefit of the said Company of Proprietors; any thing in the said several Acts to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Amount of Shares reserved for Private Boxes, as set forth in Schedule of Shares distributed in Proportion. Committee may grant Leases, &c.

XXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Amount of the several Sums or Sums of Money which from time to time shall be paid to the said Committee, as the Consideration for granting such Lease or Leases respectively, shall leave the Number of Shares for making the said Sums of Things hereunto thought fit to be taken by the said Company of Proprietors as the Proprietors such Consideration or Considerations would amount to in Shares of One hundred Pounds each.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the said intended new Theatre shall have been built, completed, finished and made ready for the Representation of Plays, it shall and may be lawful for the said Committee for the time being, or any Five of them, and they are hereby empowered, if they shall so think fit, to make, grant and execute any Lease or Leases, under the Common Seal of the said Company, of the said intended new Theatre, or any Part or Parts thereof, or of any Rooms, Offices, Houses, Buildings or Grounds thereunto belonging, or of the Profits of the said intended new Theatre, for such Yearly Rent or Rents, yearly Consideration or Considerations as the said Committee shall on the Part of the said Company be able to obtain, or of the Profits of the said intended Theatre; which Sum or Sums of Money to arise from or on account of the said Rent or Rents, Consideration or Considerations, shall be by the said Committee from time to time applied and paid towards the Discharge of the Monthly Payments by the Act directed to be paid, and of the Interest accruing upon, or the Principal of any Bond or Bonds issued under the Common Seal of the said Company, and then and thereafter for the Benefit of the said Company of Proprietors; any thing in this Act or the said several Acts to the contrary thereof notwithstanding; subject nevertheless to the Claims and Demands of all and every Parties and Parties for any Right or Interest therein, for which Competence shall not have been accepted in pursuance of the said recited Act or of this Act.

Subscribers of Shares, or Monies, entitled to free Admissions or Seats, &c.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That every Subscriber of Five Shares of One hundred Pounds each towards the Capital Sum to be raised for the Purpose of rebuilding the said Theatre shall, upon and after the complete Payment of all the said Sums due and to become due upon the said Shares so subscribed, be entitled to nominate and appoint one Person who shall have free Admissions to the said Theatre, into the public Boxes, Pit and Galleries thereof, at every Theatrical Performance which shall take place in such Theatre, for and during the natural Life of such Person; which said free Admissions shall not be transferrable; and that every Subscriber of Ten Shares shall be entitled to nominate and appoint Two Persons who shall each have free Admissions under the Conditions herebefore defined, and to us as the Proprietors of One Newcomer for every Five Shares subscribed by any one Subscriber: Provided always, that each and every Subscriber entitled to nominate to such free Admissions or Admissions, in right of his or her Subscription respectively as aforesaid, shall and lawfully required as aforesaid in Writing under his or her Hand to the Secretary of the said Committee for the time being, seven Days at the least previous to the Execution of such Right or Rights of free Admissions, the Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode of each Person or Persons to be or to be nominated upon the Receipt of such Notice or Notices as aforesaid, be by the said Secretary registered in a Book, which is hereby directed to be kept by the said Committee for the time being for that special Purpose, and every Nomination so registered shall be final and irrevocable.

Free Admissions granted by Committee.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the free Admissions to the said intended new Theatre, as well of the Nominees of such Subscribers of Five or more Shares, as by virtue of free Admissions made or executed, or to be made or executed to any Person or Persons by virtue of this Act or otherwise, and every other free Admission in or to any Part of the said intended new Theatre, shall be subject and liable to such Regulations and Conditions as the said Committee for the time being of the said Company of Proprietors, here-

after

after directed to be leased for the Management of the said Theatre and Theatrical Performances, shall from time to time draw necessary or expedient, and shall make for the Government and Management of the said intended new Theatre, for the Privileges of French, relative to Admittance therein; and all such Regulations and Conditions shall be good and valid; any thing in the said recited Act or in the Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That in such of the said Act as directs that the Plan for the future Government and Conduct of the said intended new Theatre Property, shall be submitted to a General Meeting of the said Company to be specially called by Advertisements in The London Gazette, and such of the London Newspapers as the said Committee shall think proper, at least Three Months previous to the opening of the said intended Theatre, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the present Committee (their Number being first made up to the full Number of Twenty five), or any Seven of them, or a Meeting to be convened by them for the special Purpose, shall and they are hereby directed to cause any Five of the said Committee, being Subscribers for not less than Five Shares each, to be a Sub Committee for the Management of the said Theatre and Theatrical Performances; and that whenever and as often as such Sub Committee shall have been appointed and named for the Management of the said Theatre and Theatrical Performances, Notice thereof shall be given in The London Gazette, and Four London Daily Newspapers at the said; and the said Committee are hereby authorized and directed to give such Notice accordingly, and at the same time to convene a General Assembly of the Subscribers to the said Theatre, to be held on a Day to be named in the said Advertisement, which General Assembly shall be held on some Day not less than Six - and not exceeding Fourteen Days from the Publication of the said Advertisement, for the Purpose of taking into Consideration the Property of the Nominations of the said Sub Committee of Management; and it shall and may be lawful so and for such Subscribers to be admitted at such General Assembly to be directed to be convened as aforesaid, or a Majority of them, to adopt or reject all or any of the Petitions presented by the said Committee to be a full Sub Committee of Management, and to substitute any other Petition or Petitions among Members of the said Committee, and being Subscribers for not less than Five Shares each, and in the Rooms of any Petition or Petitions so rejected; and such Sub Committee of Management so elected, constituted and approved, shall act without any Fee, Reward or Emolument whatsoever, save and except the Profit which may arise from the benefits derived to such each Petition in constituting the said Sub Committee of Management respectively may be entitled by virtue and in respect of the Subscriptions Shares held by each such Petition in common with the other Subscribers to the said Theatre; which Sub Committee may and immediately after being so constituted, elected and approved, shall and may, and they are hereby authorized and directed, to form and arrange the Plan for the Government and Management of the said intended Theatre, and to engage all such Performers and other Persons as by the said recited Act are authorized to be employed on, about, and for the said intended new Theatre, and the Affairs thereof, in such manner and on such Terms, and with such Salaries and Allowances, as such Sub Committee shall from time to time see fit and expedient for the Benefit of the said Company of Proprietors.

XXXIII. Provided always, That it is enacted, That such Plans and Regulations for the Government and Management of the said intended Theatre, may from time to time be continued or altered by such full Sub Committee, during the time they shall continue such Sub Committee, or by any future Sub Committee to be elected under this Act; but no such Alteration shall extend to the cancelling or changing the Terms of any positive Engagement or Appointment, Engagements or Appointments entered into by such full Sub Committee, or any subsequent Sub Committee for any certain Term or Terms of Years with any Performer or Performers, or other Person or Persons as above mentioned; and such full Sub Committee, and all future Sub Committee from time to time to be elected, shall also have and be vested with the full Powers and Authorities for the Management of the said Theatre and Theatrical Performances as are by this Act and by the said recited Act given to and vested in the present Committee; any thing in this Act or in the said recited Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That in such of the said Act as directs that the full Committee shall continue in Office until Three Months after the opening of the said Theatre, and that on each Day Seven of the said Committee shall go out of Office and stand to be upon the Committee of the said Company, shall be and the same is and as is hereby repealed.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That the present Committee, and such full Sub Committee to be elected, constituted and approved as in and by the said recited Act, shall respectively continue and remain for the respective Purpose there mentioned in the Third Calendar Month next after the Expiration of the Third Session of Theatrical Performances at the said intended Theatre, and exercise all such Powers and Authorities as are given to and vested in them under and by virtue of the said recited Act and this Act, and do and perform the Duties of neither General Committee or Sub Committee shall have respectively taken place pursuant to the Direction herein contained; any thing in the said recited Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding; And in case any Member or Members of the said Committee, or of the Sub Committee to be elected, constituted and approved as aforesaid, shall die, resign or become incapable of acting in, or die in Writing his Desire to be discharged from such Committee or Sub Committee, the said Committee shall and may, and they are hereby authorized to such another or others qualified as aforesaid in the stead of such Member or Members so dying, resigning or becoming incapable, or desiring to be discharged as aforesaid, to be Member or Members of such Committee and Sub Committee respectively.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in the said General Assembly which shall take place after the Expiration of Three Calendar Months from the Conclusion of the said Third Session of Theatrical Performances, Six of the said Committee appointed and elected under the said recited Act and this Act

17 G. 3. c. 12.
12.
Repeal'd.

Persons of a full Committee for carrying Plan for Management of Theatre.
Notice given of General Assembly by Appointment of the said Committee.

General Meeting may adopt or reject any Members of Sub Committee.

Plans and Regulations for Management of Theatre may be altered.

17 G. 3. c. 12.
12. Sec. 12. to be repealed.

Committee and Sub Committee to continue for longer Period.

General Assembly of Proprietors to hold a full Six of Committee.

Who, who are to
Direct by Res-
olution.

shall be withdrawn by Ballot from the said Committee, (except the Trustees for the time being of the said Company of Proprietors, who shall always remain and continue, and some Part of every General Committee for the time being of the said Company) and their Numbers shall be replaced in the manner by the said recited Act directed, as to the withdrawing and replacing Sevens of the said Committees; and it shall and may be lawful for the new Committee, or any Seven of them, and they are hereby directed, as a Meeting to be forthwith convened for that special Purpose, to nominate and elect a Sub Committee of Management, according to the Rules and Regulations heretofore contained for such Nomination and Election, which Sub Committee of Management shall be taken to be and be in the Place of such original Sub Committee of Management to be first elected, constituted and approved as aforesaid, and shall be vested with all the Powers by this Act given to the said Sub Committee of Management, which said General Committee and Sub Committee is respectively to be appointed, nominated and elected, shall continue for the Purpose of the said recited Act and this Act, until the Expiration of Three Calendar Months after the then next succeeding Session of Theatrical Performance, or until another Committee and Sub Committee of Management shall have been nominated and elected in the Room of the said General Committee or of the said Sub Committee; and such Nomination and Election of such General Committee and such Sub Committee respectively shall take place in each and every succeeding Year at the Expiration of Three Calendar Months from the Close of the then next preceding Session of Theatrical Performance, and each such General Committee and Sub Committee is respectively elected, constituted and approved, shall be and they are hereby invested with the same Powers and Authorities as are by the said recited Act and by this Act respectively given to the said General Committee and the said Sub Committee of Management to be elected, constituted and approved; and each such Executive General Committee and Sub Committee shall continue in Office respectively, and continue to be vested with such Powers and Authorities, until the Nomination and Election of another General Committee and Sub Committee respectively, in the Room thereof, and so longer.

Members of Sub
Committee are not
re-elected at
next Assembly,
no vacancy till
Place supplied.

XXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if in any General Assembly to be held according to the Powers and as the times in the said recited Act directed, for the Purpose of electing Members to supply the Places of Members going out by Ballot or Rotation from such General Committee, it shall so happen that any One or more or all of the Members constituting the said Sub Committee of Management for the time being, shall be withdrawn by Ballot or Rotation, and shall not be re-elected into the said General Committee, then and in such case, each such Member of such Sub Committee is withdrawn by Ballot or Rotation from the General Committee, shall nevertheless continue to act as Member or Members of such Sub Committee of Management, until a fresh Election and Nomination, in the Room of such Member or Members is withdrawn shall have taken place according to the Powers herein prescribed.

Committee re-
powered in fill-
ing Vacancies in
said Committee.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in every such call such Committee shall, on the Day immediately succeeding the Day on which such Vacancy or Vacancies shall have been created in the said Sub Committee of Management in the manner aforesaid, or as soon after as conveniently may be, not exceeding Two Days from the Day on which such Vacancy or Vacancies shall have taken place, and they, or any Seven of them, are hereby directed to nominate and elect some other Person or Persons, being Members of the said Committee, and duly qualified as aforesaid, to be Member or Members of the said Sub Committee in the Room of the Member or Members so withdrawn as aforesaid; and such Member or Members so elected shall be and they are hereby vested with all and the like Powers as aforesaid, and shall continue in Office for the same Period and under the same Conditions, as if he or they had been in the ordinary Course elected, nominated and appointed Members of such Sub Committee of Management, and no longer: Provided also, that all or any of the Six Persons who shall from time to time, by Ballot or Rotation, go out of Office as above mentioned, and all or any of such Sub Committee who from time to time shall go out of Office in the manner herein prescribed, shall and may from time to time be re-elected Member or Members of the said Committee or Sub Committee, and thereupon shall be Member or Members of the said General Committee or of the said Sub Committee to which he or they shall from time to time be respectively re-elected, as aforesaid as if he or they had not previously been a Member or Members of such General or Sub Committee; any thing in this or the said recited Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Members of
General or Sub
Committee may
be re-elected.

In case of Va-
cancy in General
or Sub Commit-
tee, others ap-
pointed.

XXXVII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons who shall have been nominated or elected a Member or Members of the said General Committee or of the said Sub Committee for the time being, and by virtue of the said recited Act or of this Act, shall die or decline to act or become incapable of acting in such Committee or Sub Committee, (such Person or Persons, if he or they shall declare to act in either of such Committees, having first given Two Calendar Months Notice in Writing under their Hand or Hands, of his or their Intention not to act as a Member or Members of such General or Sub Committee, as the case may be, which Notice such Member or Members in and not hereby respectively required to give under his or their Hand or Hands, directed to the Secretary for the time being of the said Committee), then they and in either and every of such cases, and as often as it shall so happen, some other Person or Persons shall be named, appointed and elected to be a Member or Members of such General Committee or Sub Committee, in the Room of such Member or Members who shall from time to time die, decline to act, or be incapable of acting in such General Committee or Sub Committee, in each and the same manner as is directed for the Election of such Committee and Sub Committee, and when so elected shall be vested with the like Powers as are given and directed in and by virtue of this Act, or in the said recited Act, and not herein and hereby expressed, altered or varied, any thing in this Act or in the said recited Act respectively contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

• 1138 a. 1812.

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XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees for the time being named in the said recited Act, and the Trustees from time to time hereafter to be appointed by virtue of this Act, or the Majority of them,

shall

shall from time to time appoint the Banker or Bankers to the said Company of Proprietors, whose the said new Treasurers Accounts and Minutes shall be kept; and from time to time shall and may change such Banker or Bankers, and in his or their stead appoint any other Banker or Bankers as they may think proper; and that such Treasurers for the time being shall always remain and continue to be and form Part of every future General Committee of the said Company; any thing in the said recited Act or in the Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: And in case any of the Treasurers named and appointed by the said recited Act, or any Trustee or Trustees hereafter to be named or appointed in pursuance of this Act, shall die, or declare to continue or become incapable of sitting as such Trustee or Trustees, (such Trustee or Trustees who shall at any time or times declare in writing, having first given Two Calendar Months Notice in Writing under his or their Hand or Hands of his or their Intention to this Effect, which Notice he or they are hereby respectively required to give under his or their Hand or Hands, directed to the Secretary for the time being, of the said Committee), then and in any or either of such cases, and in every of the same shall occur, the Committee of the said Company for the time being shall and may and they are hereby authorized and directed at any Meeting or Meetings duly convened for that special Purpose, to nominate and elect a new Trustee or Trustees, being a Holder or Holders of not less than Five Shares each in the said Undertaking, in the Room of such Trustee or Trustees who shall die, or declare to continue or become incapable of continuing as such Trustee or Trustees; and such new Trustee or Trustees shall be vested with such and the like Powers and Authorities as the Trustee or Trustees who shall die, declare or become incapable of sitting as aforesaid; any thing in the said recited Act or in the Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: Provided, that it shall not be lawful for any of the said Trustee, directly or indirectly, to derive, obtain or receive for himself, or for any other than the said Company of Proprietors, any Profit, Emolument or Advantage whatsoever, for or by reason of the Appointment of any such Banker or Bankers, or for, by or from the Deposit, Investment, Use or Interest, of any of the Money of the said Company.

Appointments of New Trustees.

Trustee

Company authorized to make Theatricals.

Fund established for the Purpose

Committee empowered to the said 25. Item Profits of Shares applied towards forming Inheritance Fund.

The same profit of the Funds.

Inheritance Fund hereby to make good Grants by the said General Committee

When Fund shall not be so received, such as may be made, or received, or applied towards the said Inheritance Fund.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful as and for the said Company of Proprietors, and their Secretaries for the time being, to make and effect any Inference or Inferences on the said recited Theatres, and the Warehouse, Scenery, Machinery, Furniture, Books, Music and other Property which shall at any time or times belong to the said Theatre, against Loss or Damage by Fire.

XL. And to the intent that the same may be carried into Effect, be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors and their Successors, and they are hereby directed to cause a Stock or Fund to be created and established by and from the Yearly Payment of Five Shillings upon every Share of One hundred Pounds each, subscribed or to be subscribed by the said Company of Proprietors for rebuilding the said recited Theatre, and carrying the Purposes of the said recited Act and of this Act into Effect, and the Fund to be created and established shall have accented to the Capital Stock of Twenty five thousand Pounds Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuity.

XLI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That, for and towards creating the said Inheritance Fund, it shall and may be lawful, and the Committee for the time being are hereby empowered and directed, from and out of the Interest and Profits which may arise out of the said Capital Stock to be subscribed or to be subscribed for building the said Theatre, to deduct Five Shillings out of every Share or Sum of Money in arrear or becoming payable upon such and every One hundred Pounds Share of such Capital Stock, to be applied and carried to the said Inheritance Fund to be formed.

XLII. And be it enacted, That all and every the Sum or Sums of Money to from time to time payable and to be paid for the said last mentioned Purpose of creating the said Inheritance Fund, shall from time to time as the same shall arise or be received as aforesaid, be laid out in the Purchase of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuities, in the Names of the Trustees of the said Company of Proprietors for the time being, and together with the Dividends arising therefrom shall be added to the Trustees for the time being of the said Company of Proprietors, or Trustees of the Theatre Royal Drury Lane Company of Proprietors, and shall form and be an accumulating Fund, until the same shall amount to the Capital Stock or Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuity; when the Dividends from such Annual Payments on account of such Inheritance Fund shall cease and be no longer made, until the General Committee for the time being shall deem it expedient to increase the said Capital Stock higher than the Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds Capital Stock herein mentioned; and which the said Committee are hereby authorized to do from time to time, if such Committee for the time being shall deem it advisable for the Benefit of the said Company to do.

XLIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when and so often as any Damage by Fire shall happen to the said Theatre or Property, the said Fund or Capital Stock, and the Dividends to be accumulated, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, shall be transferred to and taken and received by the General Committee for the time being, of the said Company of Proprietors, and applied from time to time, for and towards repairing and making good the Damage or Damages so occasioned by Fire, and all Expenses, Costs and Charges attending thereupon.

XLIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever and so often as the said Fund to be applied shall, together with the Dividends accruing thereupon, amount to the Capital Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuity, or to such larger Sum of Capital Stock as the said Committee for the time being shall think proper to direct, then and in such case, and so long as the said Fund is created shall not be applied for or applied towards the repairing, making good or rebuilding of the said Theatre or any Part thereof, or towards the said Theatre or Property named, the Dividends arising therefrom shall be applied in the manner herebefore mentioned; that it is the first Place, to and towards the Discharge of any Debt or Liabilities which may have been created or be then existing upon the

said Theatre Property, or any Part thereof, in the Order or according to the Priority in point of Date in which such Debts or Incumbrances may respectively stand, or in order where no Claim of Priority shall exist with regard to such Debts or Incumbrances, in such Order or Succession as the said Committee for the time being shall appoint; and from and after the Payment of all such Debts and Incumbrances, then and thereafter the Dividends arising thereon shall be paid and payable to such Proprietors or Proprietors for the time being, or his, her or their Representatives, in Proportion to the Shares or Shares held by each such Proprietor, his, her or their Representatives respectively.

When Fund re-
quired, Com-
mittee may
again collect fr-
om Profits of
each Share.

XLV. Provided also, and he it enacted, That in case and so often as any Part of such accumulating Fund or Capital Stock, or any Part thereof, after the same shall have been accumulated to the said Capital Stock of Twenty five thousand Pounds, or to such other Sum of Capital Stock over and above the said Capital Stock or Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds, as the said Committee for the time being shall think proper to direct as aforesaid, shall have been laid and applied towards rebuilding, repairing or making good any Damage or Loss which may have been occasioned to the said Theatre Property by Fire, theft, and from whatsoever, and as often as such Capital Stock shall have been so reduced, by the Payments thereof on account of such Damage it is au-
thorized by Force, the said Committee for the time being are hereby authorized and directed to deduct yearly and every Year the Sum of Five Shillings from and out of the Interests and Profits from time to time arising or becoming payable upon each and every One hundred Pounds Share of the said Capital Stock so subscribed or to be subscribed for building the said Theatre, and the other Purposes in the said recited Act mentioned, to be applied and carried to the said Insurance Fund to be formed until the said Capital Stock or Fund of Twenty five thousand Pounds Three Pounds per Centus Consolidated Bank Annuity, or such higher Capital Stock, or Fund as the said Committee for the time being shall think proper to direct, shall have been so raised, and then and thereafter to be again applied as aforesaid.

Insurance Fund
to be in Addi-
tion to that in-
ferred by Com-
pany in Infor-
mation Office.

XLVI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That such Insurance Fund, to be created as aforesaid, shall be and the same is hereby directed to be in Addition to and exclusive of any Sum or Sums which shall hereafter be insured in any of the Societies or Companies created or to be created for the Purpose of Insurance against Damage by Fire, by virtue of any Agreement or Agreements, Contract or Contracts, entered into or to be entered into by and between His Grace the Duke of Bedford as Lordlord, and the said Committee on behalf of the said Company of Proprietors or any other Insurer or Insurers to be effected by the said Committee on the Behalf of the said Company of Proprietors.

No Part of In-
sured will fall
without
Money insured
repaired.

XLVII. And he it enacted, That no Part of such Insurance Fund is to be created by virtue of this Act, shall be applied for and towards the repairing, making good or rebuilding the said Theatre, or Buildings be-
longing to or forming Part thereof, which may have been damaged or destroyed by Fire, and all and every the Sum or Sums so insured, or so to be insured by virtue of such Agreements or Agreements, Contract or Contracts as aforesaid, or otherwise as aforesaid shall have been so expended.

Committee may
make Bye-Laws

XLVIII. And he it further enacted, That a Hall and may be lawful for the Committee for the time being of the said Company, and they are hereby authorized to make such Bye-Laws, Ordinances and Regulations, and from time to time to alter and amend the same, for the Management and Government of the said Theatre and the Property and Concerns thereof, not repugnant to or inconsistent with the said recited Act and this Act, as such Committee for the time being of the said Company of Proprietors shall from time to time deem expedient and necessary; and that such Bye-Laws, Ordinances and Regulations, from time to time to be made, shall, to all Intents, Effects, Qualifications and Purposes whatsoever, have the same Force and Effect as if the same had been enacted and made in this Act.

New Theatre,
when erected
shall be Con-
veyed.

XLIX. And whereas the said Committee have the passing of the said Act have made diligent Enquiry touching the several Claimants on the said late Theatre and the Property thereof; but the said Committee, notwithstanding their utmost Endeavours, have not been able to discover all the Parties interested therein, and that such Parties now remaining unknown are few in Number, andasmuch as it will be highly prejudicial and unreason to the Interests of the great Majority of the several Classes of Claimants in or upon the said late Theatre and Property, and who have consented to accept and take Competitions for the same, as well such Property and the said intended new Theatre were respectively vested in the said Company of Proprietors, as to the Provision of this Act; he it therefore enacted, That, from and immediately after the said intended new Theatre, shall have been built, so far the Representatives of Players, the said intended new Theatre, and all and singular the Scenery, Machinery, Wardrobe, Furniture, Fixtures, Music, Articles, Matters and Things, and all the Erections and Buildings therewith respectively belonging, and all and every the Patents, Licenses and Property of or belonging to the said late Theatre, shall (subject to such of the Provisions of the said recited Act as are not hereby altered, varied or repealed, and also subject to the Provisions of this Act, and also subject to the Rights, Titles, Interests, Claims and Demands of all and every Person and Parties whomsoever for the Value of his, her and their respective Rights, Titles, Interests, Claims or Demands in or upon the same, as shall not have consented to accept Competitions for such Rights, Titles, Interests, Claims and Demands respectively) be and become vested in, and the same are hereby respectively vested in the said Company of Proprietors and their Successors, for the general Purposes of this Act.

Provisions of
former Act (not
altered or re-
pealed) extended
to this Act.

L. And he it further enacted, That the said recited Act, and all and every the Enactments, Powers, Pro-
visions, Regulations, Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained, or all and every such of them, and all such Parts thereof as are not hereby repealed, altered or varied shall continue and remain in full Force and Effect, and shall be applied and construed, and be construed, deemed and taken to apply to this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the same had been re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

LJ. Provided

LII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That the said Trustees, Committee and Sub-Committee for the time being of the said Theatre or Company of Proprietors, or any or either of them, their or any of their Executors or Administrators, shall not be answerable or accountable, nor any or either of them, for the debts or other of them, or for the Acts, Receipts, Negligence or Defaults of any other or others of them; nor shall they or any or either of them be answerable or accountable for any more Monies than what shall be received by or actually come to him or their Hands by virtue of or under the Trusts and Powers aforesaid; nor shall they or any or either of them be answerable or accountable for any Bonds, Bankrupt or other Persons with whom or in whose Hands any Monies or Securities of or belonging to the said Company of Proprietors shall or may be deposited or lodged, in the Execution of the aforesaid Trusts or Powers; nor with or for any other Loss, Damage or Misfortune which may happen in the Execution of the aforesaid Trusts and Powers, or any or either of them, or in relation thereto; but shall be acquitted and saved harmless by the said Company of Proprietors in respect of all such Acts, Matters and Things as shall be done by them or any or either of them, under the said recited Act or of this present Act, or in the Management and Execution of the several Trusts and Powers in them respectively repugled, or to be referred as aforesaid, and of and from all Actions, Suits, Damages, Claims and Demands in respect thereof; and also that they the said Trustees and other the Members of the said Committee, and such Committee and the Trustees for the time being respectively, him and their respective Executors and Administrators and every of them, shall be reimbursed and paid by and out of the Stock or Monies for the time being to the said Theatre and Company of Proprietors belonging, all such Loss, Costs, Charges, Damages and Expenses, as they and every or any of them shall bear, pay, suffer, sustain, expend or be put unto, for or by reason or on account of any of the Trusts, Powers and Authorities in them repugled, or to be repugled as aforesaid, or in the Management or Execution thereof, or of any other Matter, Cause or Thing whatsoever, in any way relating thereto.

Trustees, &c.
only accountable
for such Acts.

To whom, &c.
paid Money, &c.

Expenses of Act
paid.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors shall pay and discharge all the Costs and Charges of obtaining and passing this Act, and the Expenses aforesaid therein, and of investigating the Title of the Proprietors and Claimants on the said Premises and Powers, and obtaining Conveyances and Assignments thereof, and such other Expenses as they may put in in the Execution of this Trust, with and out of any of the Monies already subscribed or hereafter to be subscribed by the said Company as aforesaid.

General Statute.

LIIII. Saving always to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and to all and every other Person and Persons, Body and Bodies Politic and Corporate, his, her and their Heirs, Successors, Executors and Administrators, all such Right, Title and Interest (other than such as are so hereby expressed, and intended to be compensated for, saved and extinguished) as they, every or any of them, could or might to have had or enjoyed of, in, or out of, the said late Theatre, or the Patents, Property or Profits thereof, in case this Act had not been made.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Public Act.

Cap. xx.

An Act to enable the Grand Jury of the County of Dublin to raise a sufficient Sum of Money, by Parliament, for completing the rebuilding Lanes Bridge over the River Liffy in Luccan, in the Parish of Lanes in the County of Dublin. [20th March 1812.] 26 G. 3. (3) 224

Cap. xxi.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of King George the Second, and Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Ashby to Hull, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of York. (c) [20th March 1812.] 26 G. 3. c. 21.
26 G. 3. 217

Cap. xxii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of King George the Second, and Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Hull to Beverley, and from Howland Bridge to Gillingham, in the County of York. (c) [20th March 1812.] 26 G. 3. c. 22.
26 G. 3. 217

Cap. xxiii.

An Act for repairing the Roads from Ighite to Whitchingham, and to Debachery, and from H. rymington to Gillingham, in the County of Suffolk. (d) [20th March 1812.]

Cap. xxiv.

An Act for repairing the Road from Ighite to Broysted Saint Mary, in the County of Suffolk. (d) [20th March 1812.]

Cap. xxv.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading to and through the Borough of Yarmouth, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of Bedford, Warwick and Derby, and in the County of the City of Leicestershire. (d) [20th March 1812.] 26 G. 3. c. 25.
26 G. 3. 217

[Double Table on Sunday]

7 F 2

Cap.

Cap. xxvii.

An Act for making and mending a Road from *Star River Head* at *Oldbury*, in the County of *Surrey*, to join a Branch of the *Weydon and Guildford Road* at *Worsham*, in the County of *Wilt.* [c.] [20th March 1762.]

[Double Toll on Sunday.]

Cap. xxviii.

13 G. 3. c. 204. An Act to continue the Terms, and alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act, passed in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty, for completing the Road from *Chorleyton*, in the County of *Gloucester*, through *Tisbury* to *Weyfield Curves*, and a Road from thence to or near *Leadbroke*, near the City of *Bath*, and for other Purposes relating thereto; and also to repair a certain Road from *Dugby* to *Uolebridge*, in the Parish of *Alstone Meizes*, in the said County. [c.] [20th March 1762.]

[Additional Tithes. Former Tolls repealed, new Tolls granted. Double Toll on Sunday.]

Cap. xxix.

14 G. 3. c. 40.
15 G. 3. c. 109. An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing Roads in the Counties of *Fife*, *Devon* and *Cornwall*, so far as the same relate to *The Great Ayles* and *Gerney Dyff*, with (s) of Roads. [c.] [20th March 1762.]

[Additional Tithes.] [s] [See as to *Fife*, *Heljwood* and *Nglva Dyff*, *Psyl. c. xxviii.*]

Cap. xxx.

16 G. 3. c. 98.
17 G. 3. c. 111. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts passed in the Tenth and Thirteenth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Mansfield*, in the County of *Chesler*, to the *Thames*; the Road at *Steady Carr Lane Head*, in *Farraf*, in the County of *Derby*, leading to *Clapel in the Field* in the same County. [c.] [20th March 1762.]

[Additional Tithes. Former Tolls repealed, new Tolls granted. Double Toll on Sunday.]

Cap. xxxi.

17 G. 3. c. 100. 1.
2. 14.
18 G. 3. c. 107.
19 G. 3. c. 112.
20 G. 3. c. 113.
repealed as to Roads comprised in Title to the Act.
21 G. 3. c. 45.
22 G. 3. c. 85.
23 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 6.
An Act for more effectually repairing the Roads from *Wendover* to the End of *Old Lane*, and from the River *Coln*, for Half a Mile, towards *Stonesfield*, in the County of *Buck.* [c.] [20th March 1762.]

[Double Toll on Sunday.]

Cap. xxxii.

An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of an Act of King *George the Second*, and Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Chilchfield* to *Harpley Lane Road*, with its Branches; and for amending and making a certain other Road to communicate therewith, all in the County of *Derby*. [c.] [20th March 1762.]

[Former Tolls repealed, new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xxxiii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in *Coughlan*, in the County of *North.* [q. P.] [20th March 1762.]

Cap. xxxiiii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bayford*, in the County of *North.* [q. P.] [20th March 1762.]

Cap. xxxv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Cayton*, near *Great Tarewest*, in the County of *North.* [q. P.] [20th March 1762.]

Cap. xxxvi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *East Divesdon*, in the County of *North.* [q. P.] [20th March 1762.]

" Assent to His Majesty. [c.]

Cap. xxxvii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Kerby Boken*, in the County of *North.* [q. P.] [20th March 1762.]

Cap. xxxviii.

An Act for enlarging the powers or providing a new Workhouse for the Use of the Parish of *Iswood*, in the County of *West*; for better governing, maintaining and employing the Poor of the said Parish; and also for repairing or rebuilding the Church and Tower of the same Parish, and for other Purposes relating thereto. [29th March 1762.]

Cap.

Cap. xxxviii.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from *Beverlybridge*, in the County of *York*, to the City of *Derham*. (P.) 20 G. 3 c. 128.
[25th March 1812.] 21 G. 3 c. 129.
22 G. 3 c. 130.
23 G. 3 c. 131.

[Double Toll on Sunday.]

Cap. xxxix.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Brugh Ferry* to *Sand Nook* in the County of *York*, and for extending the Road from *Brugh* to *Wether*, on the East Riding. (P.) 21 G. 3 c. 122.
[25th March 1812.] 22 G. 3 c. 123.

[New Tolls. Former Tolls repealed, new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xl.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening several Roads in the County of *Cardigan*, and also for making other Roads in the said County. (P.) 20 G. 3 c. 125.
[25th March 1812.] 21 G. 3 c. 126.

Additional Tolls for *Cardigan* and *Merthyr-y-Dyffryn*. Tolls of 10 G. 3 in part to 1815, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xli.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering the Powers of an Act made in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads leading from *Reamford* through *Fillyard*, to *Stratton*, in the County of *Pembrokeshire*, and from *Fillyard* to the City of *Swansea*, in the said County. (P.) 17 G. 3 c. 106.
[25th March 1812.]

[Former Tolls to 1815, new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. xlii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Llanvachog* *Nantmelan*, in the County of *Salisbury*. (P.) [25th March 1812.]

Cap. xliii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Cyhan*, in the County of *Weymouth*. (P.) [25th March 1812.]

Cap. xliiii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wick*, in the County of *Salisbury*. (P.) [25th March 1812.]

= Alteration to His Majesty's 5 G. 2 c. 22.

Cap. xlv.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor and Parish of *Southwell*, in the County of *Leicester*. (P.) [25th March 1812.]

Cap. xlvi.

An Act for altering, amending and enlarging the Powers of Three Acts of His present Majesty, for improving the Navigation of the River *Thames*, Westward of *London Bridge*, within the Liberties of the City of *London*; and for further improving the said Navigation. 24 G. 3 c. 90.
[20th April 1812.] 25 G. 3 c. 91.
26 G. 3 c. 92.

[Tolls of 50 G. 3, in 1815, new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xlvii.

An Act to authorize the Commissioners for improving and completing the Navigation of the River *Thames* and *Jin*, from the Jurisdiction of the City of *London*, near *Yatton*, in the County of *Middlesex*, to the Town of *Erith*, in the County of *Windsor*, to make a navigable Canal out of the River *Thames*, near *Abbey's Point*, in the Parish of *Egham*, in the County of *Surrey*, to communicate with the said River at or near *Abb's Weir*, in the said Parish of *Egham*; and to erect several Locks in each Cut, with necessary Weirs and other Works on the said Navigation. 21 G. 3 c. 45.
[20th April 1812.] 22 G. 3 c. 46.
23 G. 3 c. 47.
24 G. 3 c. 48.

Cap. xlviii.

An Act for empowering the Commissioners of Sewers for the City and Liberty of *Windsor*, and Part of the County of *Middlesex*, to purchase a Mill Race and Ponds for holding their Sewage; and for enlarging the Powers of the said Commissioners. [20th April 1812.]

W^HICH REAS in the Twenty-third Year of the Reign of His Majesty King *Henry the Eighth*, an Act passed concerning the Commissioners of Sewers, entitled *The Act of Sewers*, with a new Proviso, &c. &c. to be inserted into all Parts within His Majesty's Realm, was enacted, and made to continue in force for Twenty Years then next following; and the said Act, and all the Clauses, Articles and Provisions in the same, were, by an Act of the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of His Majesty King *Edward the Sixth*, amended *An Act for the Continuance of the Statute of Sewers*, which perpetual Effect to certain new Regulations expressed and contained in the last mentioned Act: And whereas by an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth*, entitled *An Act for the Continuance of Sewers*; and by an Act passed in the Third Year of the Reign of King *James the First*, intitled *An Act for the Continuance* 24 E. 6 c. 1.
5 l.
25 Th. c. 9.
16 J. c. 10.

of W. & M.
S. C. 1. 1.

7 Ann. c. 12.

47 G. 3. Stat. L.
c. 41.

Letters Patent
29th March and
29th April
47 G. 3.

of the Statute of Sewers; and an Act passed in the Second Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, intitled *An Act for joining and cleansing the Streams in the County of London and Westminster, and the Boroughs and Liberties thereof, and the Parishes in the County of Middlesex, and in the Borough of Southwark, and other Places within the Weekly Bills of Mortality in the County of Surrey, and for regulating the Markets therein mentioned*; and an Act passed in the Seventh Year of the Reign of Queen Anne, intitled *An Act for reviving, amending and enlarging the Lease conveyance Commissioners of Sewers*; and an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intitled *An Act to enlarge the Powers and extend the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners of Sewers for the City and Liberty of Westminster, and Part of the County of Middlesex*; the Provisions and Provisions contained in the said Acts of the Twenty third Year of the Reign of His Majesty King Henry the Eighth, and the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of His Majesty King Edward the Sixth, have been varied, altered, enlarged and extended: And whereas by His Majesty's Letters Patent, now under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing Date the Twentieth sixth Day of March in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the other under the Seal of the Duchy of Lancaster, bearing Date the Twentieth eighth Day of April in the said Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, the Right Honourable Thomas Lord Egerton, then Lord High Chancellor of that Part of Great Britain and Ireland called Great Britain, Charles Duke of Devon, George Duke of Northumberland, Edward Lord Egerton, Esq. Sir William Grant Knight, Sir James Mansfield Knight, and others therein named, have been appointed Commissioners of Sewers for the City and Liberty of Westminster, and Part of the County of Middlesex: And whereas an account of the great Increase of Building, and the extensive Progress for Building now in Construction or carrying into Effect, within the City and Liberty of Westminster, and the Part of the County of Middlesex to the said Commissioners, it is rendered necessary and expedient that the said Commissioners should be enabled to purchase a Messuage and Premises for holding their Meetings, and for keeping the Records, Books and Papers of the said Commission, or for any other Concern relating thereto, and that the Powers of the said Commissioners should be enlarged: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and it is enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Sewers for the time being for the Limits aforesaid, and they, or any Six or more of them, are hereby authorized and empowered to fill a certain Messuage and Premises, with the Appurtenances, where the Business of the said Commissioners has been carried on, situate in *Covent Street, St. James's, in the Parish of St. James, within the Liberty of Westminster, in the County of Middlesex*, for all such Rates, Taxes and Interest therein, as the said Commissioners here, and the Goods, Furniture and Fixtures therein, belonging to the said Commissioners, and to apply the Produce thereof in or towards the Payment of the Purchase Money for the Premises hereinafter mentioned, or for or towards any of the Purposes authorized to be done and executed by the said Commissioners under or by virtue of the said Commission; and also to treat and agree with all and every the Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, Trustee or Trustees, or other Person or Persons whatsoever interested therein, for the Purchase of the Fee Simple and Intereast of a certain Messuage or Tenement, situate the Corner House on the South Side of St. James's, and at the North End on the East Side of Great Street, in the Parish of St. James, within the Liberty of Westminster, in the said County of Middlesex, with the Coach Horses, Stables, Outbuildings and Appurtenances thereof belonging, late the Property of Thomas Ward Esquire, deceased, and now in the Occupation of the said Commissioners, and more particularly mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, for the Purposes of holding their Meetings, and for keeping the Records, Books, Writings and Papers of the said Commissioners, or for any other Concern relating thereto; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to hold such Messuage and Premises to be purchased, without incurring or being subject to any of the Provisions of the Statute of Mortmain, or of any other Law or Statute whatsoever to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding: Provided always, that no greater or larger Sum shall be given for the Purchase of the said Messuage and Premises than the Sum of Two thousand Pounds.

It And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, from time to time, to borrow and take up or interest such Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Five thousand five hundred Pounds as the Credits of the Rates, Taxes, Loans and Wages, to be made, levied, let and collected by virtue of the said recited Acts, or some or One of them; and by Writing under their Hands and Seals, or of any Six or more of them, to assign all or any Part of the said Rates, Taxes, Loans and Wages, to such Person or Persons as shall lend or advance any Money thereon, or to his, her or their Trustee or Trustees, as a Security for the Principal Money to be advanced, with lawful Interest for the same; and the Charges and Expenses of such Assignments (to be made as hereinafter mentioned) shall be from time to time debited by the said Commissioners out of the Money, to be so borrowed; and every such Assignment shall be on the Words or to the Effect following; that is to say,

Commissioners
may take with
Debtors for Pur-
chase of Mes-
suage, &c. in
Covent Street,
St. James's.

Premises

Provision for
Money.

Form of Assign-
ment.

WE, being
of the Commissioners of Sewers for the City and Liberty of West-
minster, and Part of the County of Middlesex, sitting in parliament of an Act passed in the Fifty
second Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intitled *[see per Verba in Titulo huius Actus]* in Con-
sideration of the Sum of
advanced and lent by
of
on the Credits and for the Purposes of the said Act, do hereby grant
and assign unto the said
[or, to his Trustee or Trustees, as the said may be.] his [or
her] Executors, Administrators and Assigns, such Proportion of the Rates, Taxes, Loans and Wages, to be
made, levied, let and collected by virtue of the said recited Acts, or some or One of them, as the said

Sum of $\frac{\text{Half or shall bear to the whole Sum, which may at any time be borrowed or become due and owing, or be charged upon the Credit of the said Rates, Taxes, Loans and Wines; to be had and} \frac{\text{helden from the}} \frac{\text{Day of}} \frac{\text{with Interest after}} \frac{\text{the Rate of}} \frac{\text{per Centum per Annum for the Loan, shall be fully paid and satisfied. In}} \frac{\text{Witness whereof, we the said Commissioners have hereunto set our Hands and Seals, the}} \frac{\text{Day of}} \frac{\text{in the Year of our Lord}}$

And every such Security shall be good, valid and effectual in the Law, and shall entitle the Parties or Parties to whom the same shall be made, his, her or these Executors, Administrators and Assigns, to the Payment thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Commissioners shall think it advisable to raise all or any Part of the Money for the Purpose aforesaid, by granting Annuities for Lives instead of Assignments as aforesaid, then and in such case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are lawfully authorized and empowered so to do, and by Writing under their Hands and Seals, or of any Six or more of them, to grant an Annuity or Annuities to any Person or Persons who shall contribute, advance and pay into the Hands of the Treasurer or Treasurers of the said Commissioners, any Sum or Sums of Money for the absolute Purchase of any Annuity or Annuities to be paid and payable during the natural Life or natural Lives of such Contributor or Contributors, and the Life of the Survivor, or the natural Life of each Person, or the natural Lives of each Person, and the Life of the Survivor, as shall be mentioned by or on the Behalf of such Contributor or Contributors at the Payment of his or her Contribution or Purchase Money; so that no such Annuity do exceed the Rate of Ten Pounds per Centum per Annum upon a Single Life, or the Lives of such Persons, and the Life of the Survivor; and the Expense of every such Annuity shall be paid by the said Commissioners out of the Moneys so contributed; and the Grant of every such Annuity shall be in the Words or to the Effect following:

"**W**E, being $\frac{\text{of the Commissioners of Sewers for the City and Liberty of Wythe-}} \frac{\text{and Part of the County of Middlesex, acting in pursuance of an Act passed in the Fifty second}} \frac{\text{Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled []} \frac{\text{here set forth in the Title of this Act]} \frac{\text{in Confirmation}} \frac{\text{of the Sum}} \frac{\text{paid by}} \frac{\text{to}} \frac{\text{the Treasurer to the said Com-}} \frac{\text{missioners, do hereby grant unto the said}} \frac{\text{an Annuity or yearly Sum of}} \frac{\text{to be paid out of the Rates, Taxes, Loans and Wines, to be raised, levied, set and collected by virtue of}} \frac{\text{the said recited Acts, or some or One of them; which Annuity or yearly Sum of}} \frac{\text{shall be}} \frac{\text{paid to the said}} \frac{\text{or his [or, her] Assigns, during the Life of him [or, her] natural Life,}} \frac{\text{[or, as the case may be] to the said}} \frac{\text{his [or, her] Executors, Administrators or Assigns,}} \frac{\text{during the natural Life of}} \frac{\text{or during the natural Life of}} \frac{\text{and the Life of the Survivor of them, on the}} \frac{\text{Day of}} \frac{\text{of}} \frac{\text{the}} \frac{\text{Day}} \frac{\text{in every Year, during}} \frac{\text{the natural Life or Lives of him, her or these, the said}} \frac{\text{at the}} \frac{\text{of}} \frac{\text{the said}} \frac{\text{Payment thereof, to be made on the}} \frac{\text{Day of}} \frac{\text{next ensuing the Date hereof.}} \frac{\text{In Witness whereof, We the said Commissioners have hereunto set our Hands and Seals, the}} \frac{\text{Day of}} \frac{\text{in the Year}}$

Commissioners may take Money by Annuities.

Term of Lives of Annuity.

And every such Grant shall be good, valid and effectual in the Law, without any Involment or Registry of the Monorial thereof in the High Court of Chancery, or elsewhere, except as heretofore mentioned; any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding; and every Annuity so to be granted as aforesaid, shall be deemed lawfully charged upon, and shall be payable and paid by the Treasurer to the said Commissioners, out of the said Rates, Taxes, Loans and Wines respectively, according to the Grant of each Annuity; and that the said Commissioners shall and may, if they think it most advisable, by indenture of any Moneys in the Hands of the said Commissioners, or their Treasurers, pay the said Purchase Money of Five thousand Pounds, and the Costs and Charges of executing and setting up the Premises, as well as all other usual and reasonable Expenses that may be incurred by the Commissioners in carrying the said Commissioners into Effect.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Parties entitled to any of the Securities for the Money to be borrowed or legal loaned as aforesaid, or to be raised by granting of Annuities as aforesaid, and their respective Executors, Administrators or Assigns, [as the case may be] at any time, by Writing under their Hands and Seals, to transfer such Securities to any Person or Persons whatsoever; and every such Transfer may be in the Words or to the Effect following:

Assignees and Annuities transferred.

"**I**, *A. B.*, being entitled to the Sum of $\frac{\text{or an Annuity of}} \frac{\text{incurred to}} \frac{\text{and his Assigns, [as the case may be] by virtue of an Assignment, [or Grant of an}} \frac{\text{Annuity] bearing Date the}} \frac{\text{Day of}} \frac{\text{under the Hands and Seals of the Commissioners of}} \frac{\text{Sewers for the City and Liberty of Wythehampton, and Part of the County of Middlesex, acting in the Execu-}} \frac{\text{tion of an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled []} \frac{\text{here set forth in the Title of this Act]} \frac{\text{on the Credit of the Rates, Taxes, Loans and Wines, charged and made charge-}} \frac{\text{able by the said Act, do hereby transfer all my Right and Interest in and to the said Sum [or, Annuity,}} \frac{\text{and all Interest and other Money now due and owing [thereto] unto}} \frac{\text{his [or, her] Executors,}} \frac{\text{Administrators and Assigns. Dated the}} \frac{\text{Day of}} \frac{\text{of}} \frac{\text{of}}$

Term.

And

Copy of Affidavits, for entry in Books for Inspection.

Fee.

Payment of Creditors preferred for Debt.

And a Copy of every such Security or Assignment, and of every Grant of Assuety which shall be made in pursuance of this Act, and an Extract or Memorial of every Transfer thereof respectively, shall be entered in a Book to be kept for that Purpose by the Clerk to the said Commissioners; which Extract or Memorial shall specify and contain the Date, Names of the Parties, and Sums of Money thereby transferred; to which Book any Person interested shall at all reasonable times have Access, and shall have free Liberty to inspect the same without Fee or Reward; and for the entering of every such Transfer, the Clerk to the said Commissioners shall be paid, by the Parties in whom such Transfer shall be made, the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence, and so on over; and every such Transfer, after Entry thereof as aforesaid, shall entitle the Parties to whom the Transfer shall be made, and to or for Executors, Administrators and Assigns, to the Benefit of the Security thereby transferred, without any Registry or Indorsement thereof.

V. And, in order that no Preference may be given to any of the Parties who shall have advanced and lent Money on the Credit of the said Rates, Taxes, Lots or Wines, be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners (if there shall be more Creditors than One) shall make the Number or Numbers of all Assignments or Securities granted, in such case than the Sum of One hundred Pounds shall be lent and advanced upon any such Assignment or Security as aforesaid, and then in force for securing the Principal Moneys lent and advanced on the Credit of the said Rates, Taxes, Lots or Wines, of which Part shall be three intended to be paid off, to be written upon distinct Pieces of Paper of an equal Size, each Piece of Paper to contain only One Number in respect of every One hundred Pounds to be lent or advanced as aforesaid, and all such Papers shall be rolled up in the same Form, as near as may be, and be put into a Box or Wheel, and the Number or Numbers of the said Assignments or Securities shall be drawn separately out of the said Box or Wheel by the Clerk to the said Commissioners; and after every such Ballot, the said Commissioners shall cause Notice, signed by their Clerk, to be given to or left at the last or next Place of Abode of the Parties or Parties who shall be entitled to the Money to be paid off, either in full or part Payment of their respective Assignments or Securities as aforesaid, pursuant to such Notice; and where there is only One Creditor, to give Six Calendar Months Notice to such Creditor of the Intention of the said Commissioners to pay him or her as aforesaid, and every such Notice shall express the Sum to be paid off, together with the Interest due thereon, and that the said Sum shall be paid on a Day and at a Place to be specified in such Notice, such Day not being sooner than Six Calendar Months after the Day of giving or leaving such Notice as aforesaid; and the Interest of the Principal Money to be so paid off, shall, from and after the Day so specified, and, and be so long paid or payable, until such Money shall be demanded pursuant to such Notice, and not paid; but the Principal Money is to be repaid whenever such Notice shall be given, and after the Interest thereof to the Day so specified, shall nevertheless be payable as Demanded; but nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to require the said Commissioners to pay off and discharge any Money lent on the Credit of the said Rates, Taxes, Lots and Wines, by way of Assuety, until all other the Creditors on the said Rates, Taxes, Lots and Wines, shall be paid off and discharged, and the several Parties so lending Money by way of Assuety, shall agree to accept the Sum or Sums of Money offered by the said Commissioners for the repayment of such loan, for or their Assuety or Assurances.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case the said Commissioners can at any time borrow or take up any Sum or Sums of Money at a lower Rate of Interest than the Assignments or Securities which shall be there in force shall bear, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners from time to time to charge the said Rates, Taxes, Lots and Wines, in manner aforesaid, with such Sum or Sums of Money as they shall think proper, and the Interest thereof at such low Rate as aforesaid, and to pay off and discharge the Assignments or Securities bearing a higher Rate of Interest, according to the Directions and Regulations therein prescribed for paying off Assignments or Securities.

VII. And whereas great Difficulty has arisen to the Commissioners of Sewers for the Limits aforesaid, in laying an equal Rate from time to time upon the several Inhabitants within the Limits of the said Commissioners' Town, occasioned by their not being authorized, under any of the Statutes now in force concerning Sewers, to call for and inspect the Private Rates of the several Parties within the Limits aforesaid: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Sewers for the Limits aforesaid, from time to time, as the said Commissioners shall for Occasion, by an Order in Writing, to direct the Clerk for the time being of the said Commissioners, or any other Person on their behalf, to inspect and take a Copy of the said Rates or Assignments for the Relief of the Poor of any Parish or Parishes within the Jurisdiction of the said Commissioners of Sewers, and on Production of such Order, by the Clerk of the said Commissioners or other Person as aforesaid, to the Vestry Clerk or other Person entrusted with the Custody of the several Rates aforesaid, such Vestry Clerk, or other Person entrusted with the Custody of the said Rates of every such Parish, shall produce the same forthwith to the said Clerk of the said Commissioners, and permit him to inspect and take a Copy thereof from time to time; or otherwise shall furnish, with all convenient Speed, to the Clerk of the said Commissioners for the time being, a true Copy of the Book of Rates of such Parish or Parishes as aforesaid, on being paid for the same such Fees as are directed by an Act of the Nineteenth Year of King George the Second, intitled the Act to alter the form of the Poor or other public Notice of Rates made for the Relief of the Poor, and to produce the same, in order to enable the said Commissioners of Sewers to lay an equal Rate or Assignments on the several Inhabitants within the Limits of the said Commissioners, or any Parties thereof.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That when any Distress shall be made for any Sum of Money, to be levied by virtue of the said second Act, or this Act, or any of them, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor shall the Party or Parties making the same be considered a Trespasser or Trespassers, on account of any Default or want of Form in the Information, Summons, Citation, Warrant of Distress, or in any

Money borrowed at a lower Interest to discharge Securities at higher Rate.

Commissioners authorized by Clerk to inspect Books of Rates of Parishes within Limits.

§ 11. L. C. 1.

Distress not unlawful or Want of Form.

either Proceeding relating thereto, nor shall the said Party or Parties dissenting be considered a Trespasser or Trespassers as to or on account of any Irregularity which shall afterwards happen to be committed by the Party or Parties in dissenting; but the Party or Parties agreed by such Irregularity shall and may recover full Satisfaction for the special Damage which he, she or they shall have sustained thereby, with usual Costs, and no more, in an Action of Trespass, or on the Case.

IX. And be it further enacted, That no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover in any Action to be commenced against any Person for any thing done in pursuance of the said recited Acts or this Act, or any of them, until Notice in Writing shall have been given to the Defendant or Defendants, Twenty eight Days before such Action shall be commenced, of each intended Action, signed by the Attorney for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, specifying the Cause of such Action; nor shall the Plaintiff recover in any such Action if Tender of sufficient Amounts shall have been made to him, her or them, or his, her or their Attorney, by or on the behalf of the Defendant or Defendants, before such Action brought; and in case no such Tender shall have been made, or shall be lawful for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action, by Leave of the Court, after such Action shall have been brought, at any time before Verdict joined, to pay into Court such Sums of Money as he, she or they shall think fit; whereupon such Proceedings, Order and Judgment, shall be made and given as and by such Court, as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of the said recited Acts or this Act, or any of them, after the Expiration of Six Calendar Months next after the Act committed; and every such Action shall be brought and tried in the County of Middlesex, and not elsewhere; and if any such Action or Suit shall be brought before Twenty eight Days Notice shall have been given, or after sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, or after the time limited for bringing the same as aforesaid, then and in every such case the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants; and if upon such Verdict the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be considered, or situate as he, her or their Attorney or his, her or their Attorney or his, her or their Attorney, then and in every such case the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Double Costs, and shall have Remedy for Recovery of the same, as any Defendant hath for Costs of Suit in other cases by Law.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Acts, and all the Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained, shall remain and be in force as fully and effectually in all respects, and to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this present Act, except only in so far as the same are hereby varied or altered.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all Costs, Charges and Expenses of obtaining and passing this Act, and of carrying the same into Execution, (except as herein otherwise provided for) shall be paid out of the Rates, Taxes, Lites and Wages, to be levied, collected or set, by virtue of the said recited Acts, or some or one of them.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

The SCHEDULE to which this Act refers, so far as relates to the Premises in Greek Street, Soho.

A CAPITAL Messuage or Tenement, with the Stables, Coach Houses, Outbuildings and Appurtenances, situate on the South Side of Sacke Square, and at the North End and on the East Side of Greek Street, in the Parish of Saint Ann, in the Liberty of Whitechapel, and County of Middlesex.

The SCHEDULE to which this Act refers, so far as relates to the Premises in Carlisle Street, Soho.

A MESSUAGE or Tenement, with the Appurtenances, situate on the North Side of Carlisle Street, in the Parish of Saint Ann, Whitechapel, aforesaid, lately in the Occupation of the said Commissioners of Sewers.

Cap. xlii.

An Act for erecting a new Gaol in or near the Borough of Dover, in the County of Kent, and for other Purposes relating thereto. [10th April 1812.]

Cap. l.

An Act for the Engagement of certain Parts of the Harbour of Cowes with the Mayor of Plymouth in the County of Devon; and for the more effectually providing for the Security of the Communications from Plymouth Point across the contiguous Water of Lery within the said Harbour. [10th April 1812.]

Cap. li.

An Act for paving, cleansing and otherwise improving the Town of Galloway, in the County of Surrey. [10th April 1812.]

Cap. lii.

An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Crystal Hill Water Works to raise more Money for the further Supply of the City and Suburbs of Glasgow, and Places adjacent, with Water. [10th April 1812.]

Cap. liii.

An Act for empowering the Grand Jurors for the County of the City of Dublin and of the County of Down, and the Corporation, to preserve and improve the Port of Dublin, to vary the Same heretofore used for the
52 Geo. III. ; C. intended

Plaintiff not to recover without Notice, or after Tender of Amount.

Limitation of Actions. Wherever.

Double Costs.

Private Acts in force.

Costs and Charges of Act.

Publick Act.

intended Bridge over the River *Assa Liffy*, in the said City (in place of *Gravel Bridge*) from a Spot opposite the *Four Courts*, to a Spot opposite *Charles Street* or *High Lane*, in the said City; and for other Purposes relating thereto. [*Each April 1812*]

40 D. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.

WHEREAS in pursuance of an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for promoting the Trade of Dublin, by rendering its Port and Harbour more commodious; and for repairing and improving the Walls of the River Assa Liffy in the City of Dublin; and also for empowering the Corporation for performing and improving the Part of Dublin to build and repair Bridges over the said River within certain Limits, the said Corporation for performing and improving the Part of Dublin did, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eight, by before the Court of King's Bench and the Grand Jurors of the County of the City of Dublin and County of Dublin, the Plan and Estimate of a Bridge to be built over the River Assa Liffy; which said Plan and Estimate the said Court and the said Grand Jurors did approve of, and did fix upon a Site for the said Bridge, opposite to the *Four Courts* in the said City: And whereas the said Plan and Estimate were afterwards, in the ensuing *Michaelmas Term*, approved of by the Grand Jurors of the County of the City and County of Dublin, and the same mentioned therein as the Estimate of the Expenses thereof was preferred by them: And whereas, upon more mature Consideration, the Grand Jurors for the County of the City of Dublin and County of Dublin, in reference it would tend more to public Convenience and Economy to build the said Bridge over the River Assa Liffy, opposite to *Charles Street* or *High Lane*, instead of opposite to the *Four Courts*, in the said City: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Grand Jurors of the County of the City of Dublin and County of Dublin shall and may hereafter, at any *Easter* or *Michaelmas Term* after the passing of this Act, alter and change the Site of the said Bridge, from the Spot opposite the *Four Courts*, to a Spot opposite *Charles Street* or *High Lane*, in the City of Dublin; and that when such Alteration and Change shall take place, the said Bridge shall then be proceeded on under and subject to the Powers, Provision and Directions, contained in the said recited Act.*

Grand Jurors of County of City of Dublin and County of Dub. In any, and whether Site of Bridge. Corporation empowered to borrow Money for building Bridge.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Corporation to take up and borrow such Sum or Sums of Money as they shall think fit, for the Purpose of building the said Bridge, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Two hundred Pounds at any Rate or Rates not exceeding legal Interest in that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, and to use the same for the same under their Common Seal, in such manner and Form as they shall think proper; and which Sum or Sums of Money so borrowed shall be lent upon the best Conditions made for building the said Bridge, by the Grand Jurors of the County of Dublin and the County of the City of Dublin; and the said Grand Jurors are hereby authorized and required to perfect such further Sum or Sums of Money so lent or may be necessary to pay the Interest upon the same so borrowed, until such Principal Sum shall be paid by such Performers.

Grand Jurors of County of D. authorized to build Bridge by Corporation. Corporation empowered to remove Obstructions.

III. And whereas the said Corporation have expended a Sum of One thousand and forty one Pounds and Eighteen Shillings and Eight pence, in repairing *Liffy Bridge* over the said River Assa Liffy: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Grand Jury for the County of the City of Dublin, and to and for the Grand Jury for the County of Dublin, at any *Easter* or *Michaelmas Term* after the passing of this Act, to perfect the said Sum of One thousand and forty one Pounds Eighteen Shillings and Eight pence, to be raised, in Addition to any Sum already preferred by them for building Bridges or repairing the Quay Walls of the said City of Dublin.

40 D. 3. (7) 1-2.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporation to prevent and remove all Obstructions, Encroachments and Nuisances whatsoever, on the Quays, Walls and Bridges, of the said River Assa Liffy, within the Care, Management and Superintendance of the said Corporation as aforesaid, and to drain and fill in much thereof by Public Contract, as shall or may be necessary to pay the Expenses of such Removal, and also to expend from time to time, in temporary necessary Repairs of the said Bridges over the said River Assa Liffy, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Two hundred Pounds in any One Year, the same to be paid out of the Funds applicable to rebuilding and repairing the Walls of the said River Assa Liffy, Withstood of *Charles Bridge*.

40 D. 3. (1) 1-2.

40 D. 3. (1) 1-2.

V. And whereas an Act was made in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repairing and improving the Walls of the River Assa Liffy, in the City of Dublin, and for amending an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled An Act for promoting the Trade of Dublin, by rendering its Port and Harbour more commodious; And whereas one other Act was made in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for amending the said Act; and whereas one other Act was made in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for amending and rendering more effectual Two former Acts, one passed in the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled An Act for promoting the Trade of Dublin, by rendering its Port and Harbour more commodious; and another Act, passed in the Thirty second Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled An Act for repairing and improving the Walls of the River Assa Liffy, in the City of Dublin, and for amending an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled An Act for promoting the Trade of Dublin, by rendering its Port and Harbour more commodious; And whereas it has been found that some of the Provisions in the said recited Acts, relative to the Sales of the Lots and Grounds therein mentioned, are insufficient for the said Purposes: Be it therefore enacted, That the said Corporation for performing and improving the Part of Dublin shall and may, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, under their Common Seal, to convey in Fee Simple the said North Lots and South Lots and Grounds in the**

Corporation empowered to convey Grounds.

bid bid several related Acts mentioned, or each competent or convenient Parts thereof respectively as shall be bid by the said Corporation for the Purposes in such Acts, or any of them, mentioned, and so sell the Free Stamps thereof to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof; and that on the Sale or Sales of any of the said North Lots, or South Lots and Grounds, or of any Part or Parts thereof, the Costs and Expenses of Printing and including such Part of such Lot or Lots or Grounds, together with the Expenses of all such Sales, and of delivering Writings to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, shall be deducted out of the Produce of such Sale; and that in case at the time appointed for any Sale or Sales of the said Lots and Grounds, or any of them, or any Part or Parts thereof, there should not be sufficient Bidders for the same, or that the said Corporation should think proper to adjourn such Sale or Sales, that then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the said Corporation to adjourn the same from Day to Day, or for or until such time or times as they shall think fit, and so hold such Sale accordingly without being obliged to give any further or other Notice of such Ad- justment or Adjournments, save what they as any Three or more Members of the said Corporation shall think it necessary to give, either verbally at the time of such Adjournment or Adjournments, or otherwise as they shall think fit; and that all Sales of the said Lots and Grounds, or any of them, or any Part or Parts thereof, shall be holden at the Royal Exchange, or at the Commercial Buildings, in the City of Dublin; and that all Notices of Sales of the said Lots and Grounds, or any of them, or of any Part or Parts thereof, shall be published up at the Royal Exchange and in the Commercial Buildings of the said City, and that it shall not be necessary to post the same or hold any Sales at the Town of the said City; and that all Notices of Sales of the North Lots, or any of them, or any Part or Parts thereof, shall be posted Three Calendar Months previous to such Sale or Sales, and not less than Three Times in the Dublin Gazette One Calendar Month at least previous to such Sale or Sales; and that all Notices of Sales of the said South Lots and Grounds, or any of them, or any Part or Parts thereof, shall be posted Twenty one Days previous to such Sale or Sales, and not less than Two in the Dublin Gazette Twenty one Days at least before the Days which shall be therein appointed for such Sale or Sales; and that a Receipt or Receipts, or Acknowledgment for the Amount of the Purchase Money referred or contained in the Body of any Deed or Deeds of Conveyance from the said Corporation, to the Purchaser or Purchasers of any Lot or Lots, or any Part thereof, or included in such Deed or Deeds, shall be a sufficient Discharge or Discharges to the said Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, for his, her or their respective Purchase Money; and that the Purchaser or Purchasers of any Lot, or of any Part of any Lot, or Lots or Grounds, shall hold the same free and clear of and from all former Gifts, Grants, Conveyances, Leases, Mortgages, Judgments and Incumbrances whatsoever.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be paid, or agreed or awarded to be paid, for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, purchased, taken or sold, by virtue of the Powers of the said recited Acts or of this Act, or any of them, for the Purposes thereof, which shall belong to any Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or to any Person as Trust, Executor, Administrator, Husband, Guardian, Committee or other Trustee, or as on behalf of any Infant, Lunatic, Idiot, Feme Covert or other Person of Unsound Mind, or any Person whose Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, are leased in fee or other settlement, or to any Person under any other Disability or Incapacity whatsoever, such Money shall, on sale the same shall amount to Two hundred Pounds, with all convenient Speed be paid into the Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with the Consent of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account there, as soon as the Corporation for carrying the said recited Acts and this Act, to the extent that such Money shall be applied, under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be applied by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred as hereinafter by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Revenues and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in Discharge of any Debt or Debts, or such other Incumbrances, or Part thereof, as the said Court shall otherwise be paid affecting the same Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or affecting other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, having failed therewith to the same or the like Uses, Intents or Purposes; or when such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested, under the Direction and Approbation of the said Court, in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be conveyed and settled to, for and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Intents and Purposes, and in the same manner as the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be so purchased, taken or sold as aforesaid, had been so bought or leased, or each of them so at the time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be ending, understood and capable of taking Effect; and in the meantime and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall, by Order of the said Court upon Application therein, be invested by the said Accountant General, in his Name, in the Purchase of Government Securities; and in the same time and until the said Government Securities shall be ordered by the said Court to be laid for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and annual Produce of such Government Securities shall from time to time be paid, by Order of the said Court, to the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Revenues and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, in respect to be purchased by virtue of the said recited Acts and this Act, or their such Purchaser or Settlements were made.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, purchased, taken or sold for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any other Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall exceed or be equal to the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall, at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Revenues and Profits of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, so purchased, taken or sold, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in case of Infancy, Idiocy or Lunacy, to be specified in Writing under their respective Hands, be paid into the Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with

Application of
Corporations of
amounting to
20000.

Application of
Corporations of
less than 20000,
and not exceed-
ing 200.

the *Privity of the said Accountant General* in the High Court of Chancery; *as before*, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, or applied in manner directed; or otherwise the same shall be paid, as the like Option, to Two Trustees to be nominated by the Petitor or Petitors making such Option, and approved of by the said Corporation for executing the said recited Acts and this Act, (such Nominations to be signed under the Hands of the remaining Parties, and such Approbation under the Common Seal of the said Corporation) in order that such Principal Money, and the Dividends arising thereon, may be applied in any one or more before directed, in far as the said be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the *Declaratory Approbation of the Court of Chancery*.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That where such Money is agreed or awarded to be paid as aforesaid, or directed shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall be applied to the Use of the Petitor or Petitors who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments so purchased, unless or used for the Purposes of the said recited Acts or this Act, or any of them, in such manner as the said Corporation shall think fit; or in case of Infancy, Idiotry or Lunacy, then such Money shall be paid to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Petitor or Petitors as aforesaid respectively.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in case the Petitor or Petitors to whom any Sum or Sums of Money shall be awarded for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be purchased by virtue of the said recited Acts or this Act, or any of them, shall refuse to accept the same, or shall not be able to make a good Title to the Premises, or the Satisfaction of the said Corporation; or in case such Petitor or Petitors to whom such Sum or Sums of Money shall be so awarded as aforesaid cannot be found, or if the Petitor or Petitors entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, be not known or discovered, then and in every such case it shall be lawful to and for the said Corporation to order the said Sum or Sums of Money to be awarded as aforesaid, to be paid into the Bank of Ireland in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to His Account to the Credit of the Parties interested in the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments [*following them*], subject to the Order, Control and Disposition of the Court of Chancery, which said Court of Chancery, on the Application of any Petitor or Petitors making Claim to such Sum or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, by Motion or Petition, shall be and is hereby empowered, in a summary way of Proceeding or otherwise as to the same Court shall from time to time, to order the same to be laid out and invested in the Public Funds, and to order Distribution thereof, or Payment of the Dividends thereof, according to the respective Estate or Estates, Title or Titles, of the Petitor or Petitors making Claim aforesaid, and to make such other Order in the Premises as to the said Court shall from time to time seem just and reasonable; and the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of Ireland, who shall receive such Sum or Sums of Money, is and are required to give a Receipt or Receipts for such Sum or Sums of Money, mentioning and specifying for what and for whose Use the same is or are received, to such Petitor or Petitors as shall pay any such Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank as aforesaid.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Petitor to any Money to be paid into the Bank of Ireland in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or of any Estate, Right or Interest, in any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be purchased in pursuance of the said recited Acts or this Act, or any of them, or to any Government Securities to be purchased with any such Money, or the Dividends or Interest of any such Government Securities, the Petitor or Petitors who shall have been in Possession of such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, at the time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Petitor or Petitors, or under the Possession of such Petitor or Petitors, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, according to such Possession, and the contrary shall be shown to the Satisfaction of the said High Court of Chancery; and the Dividends and Interest of such Government Securities, and also the Capital of such Government Securities, shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, which in shall be made agree to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Petitor or Petitors was or were lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

XI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where, by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of the Petitor or Petitors, or Corporation, entitled to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be purchased under the Authority of the said recited Acts, or this Act, the Purchase Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the Court of Chancery, and to be applied to the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be sold in the like Manner, in pursuance of the said recited Acts, or this Act; it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court of Chancery to order the Expenses of all Purchases from time to time to be made in pursuance of the said recited Acts, or this Act, or in respect of such Expenses as the said Court shall deem reasonable to be paid by the said Corporation out of the Moneys to be received by virtue of the said recited Acts, or this Act, who shall from time to time pay such Sums of Money for such Purposes as the said Court shall direct.

XII. And whereas under and by virtue of the said recited Acts passed in the Thirty second, Thirty third and Fourth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, the said Corporation are empowered, in case of Non Payment of certain Rates therein and thereby chargeable on the said North and South Leas, upon due Notice given as by said Acts directed, to sell and dispose of such Leas, whereof the Rates is chargeable, and to let, lease and assign: And whereas Diversities may arise in claiming Possession of such Leas as may be so sold? For remedy whereof, be it further enacted, That all and every Petitor and Petitors in Possession of any Lot or Lots of Ground which shall be sold by the said Corporation as aforesaid, or of any Part thereof,

Application of Corporation of
Ireland Act.

To what Title
may relate any

of Petitor
and by a Petitor
Money
paid into Bank.

Whose Question
shall arise touching
the Title to
Money to be
paid, Petitor or
Possession of
Land, or of
some of Part
thereof, deemed
reasonable.

Court of Chan-
cery may order
reasonable Ex-
penses of Pur-
chases to be paid
by Landlord.

24 G. III. c. 25.
34 G. III. c. 24.
41 G. III. c. 21.

Petitors to the
Court of Chan-
cery.

shall immediately upon each Sale, deliver up the Possession thereof to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or to such Person or Persons as shall be authorized by the said Corporation to take Possession thereof; and in case any Person or Persons be in Possession as aforesaid, shall refuse or decline to give such Possession as aforesaid, then it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporation to issue their Precept or Precepts to the Sheriff or Coronator of the County of Dublin, or to the Sheriff or Coronator of the County of the City of Dublin, commanding as such Lot or Lots of Grounds may respectively be found, commanding him or them to deliver the Possession of such Lot or Lots of Ground, or of such Part or Parts of such Lot or Lots of Ground, to such Person or Persons as shall be nominated in the said Precept or Precepts to receive the same; and the said Sheriff or Sheriff, Coronator or Coronator, are hereby required to deliver up such Possession accordingly, and to levy such Costs as shall be incurred by the issuing and carrying of such Precept or Precepts, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons so refusing or declining to give Possession as aforesaid.

Penalty of Process
not to exceed

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Authorities, Powers, Privileges, Exemptions, Provisions, Aids, Rates, Duties, Fines, Penalties, Claims and Emoluments, in the said several Acts contained (first and except such Parts of the same as are revised, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts, or by the present Act) shall be as good, valid and effectual for carrying this Act into Execution, as if the same were repeated and recited in the Body of the present Act.

Penalty of
former Act re-
pealed to extend

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporation for preserving and improving the Port of Dublin, to pay and discharge out of their Funds, all such Costs and Expenses as have been or may be incurred in and about obtaining and passing this Act; and, in order that the said Corporation may be re-embursed all such Sums as shall be so paid and advanced by them, it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of the County of the City of Dublin at any preceding Term, to present, to be raised of the said County of the said City, and paid to the said Corporation, all such Sums as the said Corporation shall have so paid and advanced, together with legal Interest for the same.

Costs, &c. of
Act not paid

XV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices, Juries and others, without being specially pleaded.

Public Act.

Cap. Iv.

An Act for making further Provision for the Clerks in the Office of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, after a certain Length of Service.

[both April 1812.]

WHEREAS under and by virtue of an Act passed in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to improve the High Court of Chancery by lay out a further Sum of six Hundred Pounds, upon proper Securities, and for applying the Interest thereof to defray the Expenses of the Office of the Accountant General, and for building Offices for the Masters in Chancery, and a Public Office for the Suters of the said Court, and Office for the Secretaries of Bankrupts and Lunatics, and for building Regulators for housing the Title Deeds of the Suters of the said Courts and the Records and Proceedings of the Commissioners of Bankrupts and Lunatics, and of the several Acts in the said Act mentioned, divers Sums of Money have been, by virtue of the several Orders of the said Court made for that Purpose, taken out of the Common and General Casks belonging to the Suters of the said Court of Chancery, which by deed and unexecuted in the Death of His said Majesty, and have been placed out in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, on Government or Parliamentary Securities, and such Government or Parliamentary Securities have been, in pursuance of the said Act passed in the Thirty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, served to an Account, intituled *An Account of Money placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Suters of the High Court of Chancery*, and out of the Dividends and Interest of the Securities purchased in pursuance of the said several Acts of Parliament, the several annual Sums and Salaries, and the several other Payments thereby directed to be made and paid (and also the several other Payments directed to be made, by two several Acts of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, one of them, intituled *An Act for making Provision for such Masters in Ordinary of the High Court of Chancery, as from Age or Infirmary shall be desirous of resigning their Office, with the Approbation of the said Courts; and for augmenting the Income of the Masters in Ordinary of the said Courts; and the other of such Acts, intituled *An Act to provide additional Salaries for the principal Clerks in the Office of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and to provide additional Clerks for the said Office and Salaries; and to make other Payments in respect of the said Office*); and by an Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for making Provision for such of the Sub Registrars or Deputy Registrars of the High Court of Chancery, as from Age or Infirmary shall be entitled with permanent Disability, and be incapacitated for the due Execution of their Office, and for making further Provision for the Two Clerks of the said Registrars, for the better service of the Registrars Office, for the Master of the Register Office, and for providing additional Clerks in the Register Office of the said Court, and for making other Payments and Regulations in respect of the said Office; and by an Act of the Fifth year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for building certain Offices for the Receivers, Clerks, and Clerks of the Petty Bag of the High Court of Chancery; and for making certain Regulations in the Receiver's Office of the said Court, and for making Provision for such of the Receivers, Deputy Receivers and Clerks, as from Age or Service, or from Age and Infirmary, are or shall be incapacitated for the due Execution of their Office, and for making Provision for other Officers of the said Court, and for making other Payments in respect of the said Office, have been made and paid, and the several Interest and annual Produce arising from the said Securities, Legals, and what was before lent to satisfy the Purposes of the said several Acts, and also the Interest produced from the Securities purchased with such Supplies Interest and annual Produce, have been from time to time, as upon****

31 G. 3. c. 22.

46 G. 3. c. 108.

46 G. 3. c. 129.

49 G. 3. c. 101.

5 G. 4. c. 48.

• Issues of the said first and last mentioned Acts, laid out in the Purchase of Government or Parliamentary Securities, in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, and placed to the Credit of an Account, intitled *Account of Securities purchased with Sums hereof arising from Securities*, carried to an Account of *Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Debtors of the High Court of Chancery*: And whereas by the said last mentioned Act it was, among other things, enacted, that out of the Cash belonging to the Deans of the said Court of Chancery, which then lay or which should the same be paid and unemployed in the Bank of England, a Sum not exceeding Two hundred thousand Pounds should and might, by virtue of an Order or Orders of the said Court, be made for that Purpose from time to time to be placed out in one entire Sum or in Parts, in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court of Chancery, according to the General Rules and Orders of the said Court, or such Government or Parliamentary Securities as in and by such Order should be directed, so the Interest that the said principal and annual Proceeds arising from the Money so to be placed out, might be applied for the Purpose hereof in the manner and that all such Government or Parliamentary Securities or Securities when purchased, should be carried to the said Account, intitled *Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Debtors of the High Court of Chancery*: And whereas order and by virtue of an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act to improve the High Court of Chancery* to lay out upon proper Securities, any Money not exceeding a Sum therein limited, out of the Common and General Cash in the Bank of England, belonging to the Debtors of the said Court, for the Use of the said Debtors, by applying the Interest arising therefrom for improving the Charges of the Office of the Accountant General of the said Court: And by another Act passed in the Fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to improve the High Court of Chancery* to lay out, upon proper Securities, a further Sum of Money not exceeding a Sum therein limited, out of the Common and General Cash in the Bank of England, belonging to the Debtors of the said Court, and for applying the Interest arising therefrom towards improving the Charges of the Office of the Accountant General of the said Court: And by another Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to improve the High Court of Chancery* to lay out upon Government Securities, a further Sum of Money not exceeding a Sum therein limited, out of the Common and General Cash in the Bank of England, belonging to the Debtors of the said Court, and to apply the Interest arising therefrom towards improving the Charges of the Office of the Accountant General of the said Court: And by the aforesaid mentioned Acts of the Thirtieth and Forty Sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and of several Orders of the High Court of Chancery made in pursuance of the said several Acts, the present Clerks in the Office of the said Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, have and receive, out of the Interest and Dividends of the Government or Parliamentary Securities carried to the said Account, intitled *Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Debtors of the High Court of Chancery*, and out of the Interest and Dividends of the Government or Parliamentary Securities carried to the said Account, intitled *Account of Securities purchased with Sums hereof arising from Securities*, carried to an Account of *Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Debtors of the High Court of Chancery*, the several Payments and Sums hereunto measured, namely, the First Clerk the Yearly Sum of Five hundred Pounds, the Second Clerk the Yearly Sum of Four hundred Pounds, the Third Clerk the Yearly Sum of Four hundred Pounds, the Fourth Clerk the Yearly Sum of Four hundred Pounds, the Fifth Clerk the Yearly Sum of Three hundred Pounds, the Sixth Clerk the Yearly Sum of Three hundred Pounds, the Seventh Clerk the Yearly Sum of Three hundred Pounds, the Eighth Clerk the Yearly Sum of One hundred and eighty Pounds, the Ninth Clerk the Yearly Sum of One hundred and eighty Pounds, the Tenth Clerk the Yearly Sum of One hundred and eighty Pounds, and the Eleventh Clerk the Yearly Sum of One hundred and eighty Pounds: And whereas here the calling of the said last mentioned Act, the Duties of the said Accountant General's Office of the Court of Chancery is greatly increased and necessarily increasing: And whereas owing to the great Expence in the necessary Expenses of Living, the Income provided by the said Acts for the Clerks in the said Office are greatly reduced in Value, and they have not the means of making any Provision for themselves in their advanced Age or for their Families (thereas); and considering the Nature of their Employment, it is reasonable, that after a long Service of Years (even in the Service of the Honourable the said Court) some Provision should be made for them: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and so be enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, or the Lord Keeper, or the Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the time being, by any Order or Orders of the High Court of Chancery, to be made from time to time or a Petition preferred to him or them for that Purpose by the Accountant General, or any of the Clerks in his said Office, in order such or Annuity or other yearly Sum of Money to be paid to any Clerk who shall have added to the Capacity of Clerk in the said Office for the Space of Thirty Years or who having added to the Capacity of Clerk in the said Office for the Space of Fifteen Years, shall be considered capable of performing the Duties of a Clerk in the said Office (who yet possesses Health or Infirmary, as the said Lord High Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners shall think fit and for Occasion, not exceeding the yearly Salary payable to such Clerk in the Case of making such Application; the same to be paid out of the Interest and Dividends arising from Securities purchased and to be purchased in pursuance of the said several Acts or any of them; in which Order or Orders the Cause or Ground of making the same shall be distinctly stated and specified, and the Accountant yearly Sum mentioned in such Order or Orders shall be paid by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England out of the Interest and Dividends of the said Government or Parliamentary Securities (but subject and without Prejudice to the Payment of all Salaries and other

The Lord Chancellor or Lord Keeper or the Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain, and the Clerks having authority therein, may follow.

Some of Money which by the several Acts heretofore mentioned or referred to, or any other Act heretofore made and passed, are directed or authorized to be paid thereby by every and equal Quarterly Payments, on the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, and the Tenth Day of October in every Year, to the Clerk named in each Order, from the time therein to be mentioned, for and during the Term of his natural Life, together with a proportionable Part thereof up to the time of his Death.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be deemed or taken to prevent or hinder any present or future Clerk in the said Office from being removed or displaced at any Time, in such manner and by such Authority as Clerks in the said Office can now be removed or displaced.

III. And be it further enacted, That in the Place of any Clerk to whom any Assize or Forty Sum shall be ordered to be paid in pursuance of this Act, some other Person of fullness Ability shall be appointed a Clerk in the said Office, in the manner and by the Authority by and by which the Clerks in the said Office have heretofore been appointed.

IV. And when as by the said Act, made and passed in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it was enacted, amongst other things, that, out of the Dowries and Interest of the Securities to be purchased in pursuance of the said Act, there should be paid by virtue of any Order or Orders of the Court of Chancery, to be made for that Purpose, the Expenses of preparing and passing the said Act, and certain yearly Sums to the Clerks of the said Accountant General therein mentioned; and that such Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding the Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds, as the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Lord Keeper, or the Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the time being, should, by any Order or Orders of the said Court, direct to be applied in purchasing Ground for, and in building and completing the Offices and Repositories thereunto directed to be built and completed; and that further Sums of Money, either yearly or in gross, as should be necessary for keeping the said Offices and Repositories, and also the Offices of the Register and the Accountant General in respect, and for repairing all the said Offices and Repositories from Fire; and it was thereby further enacted, that under the Direction of the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, or the Lord Keeper, or the Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the time being, by any Order or Orders of the Court of Chancery to be made for that Purpose, proper and necessary Offices for the said Masters in Ordinary in Chancery and their Clerks, for the Secretaries of Bankrupts and Lunatics and their Clerks, and also and several Repositories for the Deeds, Books, Papers and Writings of and belonging to the Suitors of the said Court, delivered or to be delivered to the said Masters in Ordinary in Chancery, and the Records, Proceedings, Deeds, Books, Papers and Writings delivered or to be delivered or to be left in the Custody of the said Secretaries of Bankrupts and Lunatics respectively, together with a Public Office for the Suitors of the said Court of Chancery, in the Strand or Place of the then Public Office, should be built and made fit for the Reception of the said Masters and Secretaries, and the Transcripts of their respective Books and Records, and that for that Purpose a proper Piece of Ground should be purchased and such House or Buildings as might be upon such Ground; and that the Ground and House to be purchased should be from time to time conveyed to, and the same were then by Act directed to be sold in His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for the Purposes of the said Act; and it was thereby further enacted, that a House and might be lawful to and for the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, or the Lord Keeper, or the Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain, for the time being, from time to time, by any Order of the said High Court of Chancery, to apply such Sum or Sums of Money as should be necessary in keeping the said Offices and Repositories to be built and completed as aforesaid, and the Offices of the Register and Accountant General, in good and sufficient Repair, and in raising the same Premises respectively from Ruin by Fire: And whereas in pursuance of the said Act, a Piece of Ground situate on the South Side of a Street called *Seabourne Buildings*, in the Parish of *St. Andrew Holborn*, in the County of *Middlesex*, hath been purchased, and Offices for the said Masters in Ordinary in Chancery and their Clerks, and for the said Secretaries of Bankrupts and Lunatics and their Clerks, and Repositories for the Deeds, Books, Papers and Writings of and belonging to the Suitors of the said Court, together with a Public Office for the Suitors of the said Court, have been built and made fit for the Reception of the said Masters and Secretaries, and the Transcripts of their respective Books and Records; and the said Offices and Repositories, and the said Offices of the Register and the Accountant General have been kept in Repair out of the Dowries and Interest of the Securities heretofore mentioned: And whereas from the Inconvenience of Building, it may be necessary to make some Additions, or Alterations in the said Offices and Repositories, and to purchase some Buildings and Pieces of Ground adjoining or near thereto, in order to render the same more convenient for the Transcripts of Books and Records, and more secure from Damage by Fire: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful to and for the said Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, or the Lord Keeper or the Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain, from time to time, by any Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery, to order any Additions or Alterations to be made to or in the said Office and Repositories, both in pursuance of the said recited Act of the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the said Offices of the Register and the Accountant General; and also to order any Piece or Pieces of Ground adjoining or near to the said Offices, or any of them, with or without any Buildings thereon, to be purchased, and the Buildings (if any) on such Piece or Pieces of Ground when purchased, to be pulled down, to be or they shall think fit to be erected; and all such Piece or Pieces of Ground to be purchased, shall be conveyed to, and the same are hereby declared to be sold in His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for the Purposes of the said recited Act and of this Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to and for the said Lord High Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal, from time to time, by any Order or Orders of the said

Clerks removed or displaced.

Clerks appointed in Place of such as shall receive an Assize.

in G. 3. c. 21. s. 2.

14

15

Land, &c. may be purchased to enlarge Buildings and for Offices and Repositories, &c.

Money laid out in Improvements of the said Court.

used for
Bank of Pounds
& Year.

Court of Chancery, to apply any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, in any One Year, in making any such Addition or Alteration as hereinafter mentioned, or in the Purchase of any such Piece or Pieces of Ground, as hereinafter mentioned, and in pulling down the Buildings, if any thereon; and all such Sums and Sums of Money (not exceeding the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, in any One Year) as the said Lord High Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners shall from time to time order to be applied for the Purposes aforesaid, or any of them, shall, by virtue of any Order or Orders of the said Court, be paid by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, (not subject and without Prejudice aforesaid) out of the Dividends and Interest of the Government or Parliamentary Securities, purchased and to be purchased in pursuance of the Acts heretofore made, mentioned or referred to, or any of them.

And, unless the
said Court shall
so direct,
do.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations aggregate or sole, and for all Executors or Administrators, Habenda, Guardians, Committees and other Trustees whatsoever, for and on Behalf of themselves, their Heirs and Successors, and also for Tenants for Life of Estates in Settlement, if of Age, other than Feoffees Convey, and for the Guardians for such Tenants for Life as may be Infants, and the Habenda of such Tenants for Life as may be Feoffees Convey, for and on behalf of themselves, and all Infants, Ifors, Executors, Trustees, Heirs, Feoffees Convey, or under any other Disability, and also for Persons who are or shall be seized or possid sed, or interested in any Messuages, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Estates or Privileges which may be thought proper and convenient to be purchased for the Purposes and in pursuance of the said Act, to treat, contract and agree for the Sale of all and every such Messuages, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Estates and Privileges for the Purposes aforesaid, and to grant, sell and convey the same for the Purposes aforesaid; and that all Contracts, Agreements, Sales and Conveyances which shall be so made, shall be void to all Intents and Purposes; any Law, Statute, Usage, Custom, Will, Custom or other Matter or Thing whatsoever to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding; and all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations aggregate or sole, Trustees, Executors, Administrators, Habenda, Guardians, Committees and all other Persons whatsoever, are and shall be hereby authorized for what they shall do by virtue or in pursuance of this Act.

Application of
Compendious
Money account-
ing to be used.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be agreed to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments purchased, taken or sold by virtue of the Power of this Act, for the Purposes thereof, which shall belong to any Body Politic, Corporation, Guardian, Committee, Trustee, Feoffee Convey, Infant, Lessee or other incorporated Person or Persons, such Money shall, of the same amount to the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all convenient Speed be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, according to the General Rules and Orders of the said Court, to the Intent that such Money shall be applied under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be applied by an Order made upon a Petition, to be preferred in a January, may by the Petitioner or Petitioners who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in the Purchase or Redemption of the Land Tax, or towards the Discharge of any Debt or Taxes, or such other Incumbrances, or Part thereof, as the said Court shall authorize to be paid, affecting the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or affecting other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments standing charged therewith, to the same or like Uses, Intents or Purposes; or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested, under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court, in the Purchase of other Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be conveyed and settled to, for and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Intents and Purposes, and in the same manner as the Hereditaments which shall be so purchased, taken or sold as aforesaid, had settled or leased, or such of them as at the time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be existing, undetermined and capable of taking Effect; and in the mean time, and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall, by Order of the said Court of Chancery, upon Application shewing, certified by the said Accountant General, in his Name, in the Purchase of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Bank Annuities; and in the mean time and until the said Bank Annuities shall be ordered by the said Court to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and annual Produce of the said Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities shall, from time to time, be paid, by Order of the said Court, to the Petitioner or Petitioners who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments to be purchased in such such Purchase or Settlement were made.

Application of
Money if less
than cost.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money be agreed to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments purchased, taken or sold for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then, and in all such cases, the same shall, at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Hereditaments to be purchased, taken or sold, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing, under his or their respective Hands, be paid into the Bank in the Name and with the Privity of the said Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in manner hereinafter directed; or otherwise the same shall be paid as the said Option, to Two or more Trustees, to be nominated by the Person or Persons making such Option, (such Nomination to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the nominating Parties) in order that such Principal Money, and the Dividends arising thereon, may be applied in any manner hereinafter directed, to be as the said shall be applicable, without charging, or being required to repay, the Director or Approbation of the Court of Chancery.

8

IX. Provided

IX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where such Money so agreed to be paid as next before mentioned, shall be less than the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases, the same shall be applied to the Use of the Petitioner or Petitioners who shall for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Hereditaments so purchased, taken or sold, for the Purpose of this Act, in such manner as they shall think fit; or in case of Infancy or Lunacy, then to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Petitioner or Petitioners as aforesaid respectively.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Petitioner or any Money to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the said Accountant General in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or of any Estate, Right or Interest, in any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased in pursuance of this Act, or to any Bank Annuities to be purchased with any such Money, or the Dividends or Interest of any such Bank Annuities, the Petitioner or Petitioners who shall have been in Possession of any such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, at the time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Petitioner or Petitioners, or under the Possession of such Petitioner or Petitioners, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shown to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery; and the Dividends and Interest of the Bank Annuities to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Bank Annuities shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person was or were lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

XI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where, by virtue of any Disability or Incapacity of the Petitioner or Petitioners, or Corporation entitled to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the said Court, and to be applied in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be sold to the like Uses in pursuance of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court to order the Expenses of all Purchases from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or in respect of such Expenses as the said Court shall deem reasonable, together with the necessary Costs and Charges of obtaining such Order, to be paid out of the Interest and Dividends of the said Government or Parliamentary Securities purchased and to be purchased as aforesaid, in the same manner as the Expenses of holding the said Office and Regulations are hereby directed to be paid.

XII. And be it further enacted, That out of the Interest and Dividends of the said Government or Parliamentary Securities purchased and to be purchased as aforesaid, the Expenses incurred in procuring and paying this Act, and the Costs, Charges and Expenses of all Proceedings had or to be had in consequence thereof, shall be paid by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England by virtue of an Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery to be made in that Purpose.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Surplus Interest and annual Produce which shall arise from the Money placed out and to be placed out on Securities pursuant to the several Acts of Parliament therein and hereinafter mentioned or referred to, or any of them, beyond what shall be sufficient to answer the Purpose of the said Acts and the Purpose of this Act, shall from time to time be placed out on Government or Parliamentary Securities, and shall be placed to the Credit of the said Accountant General in pursuance of the said Act of the Twenty second Year of the Kings of His present Majesty, and intitled Account of Securities purchased with Surplus Interest arising from Securities carried in an Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and Advantage Service of the Sectors of the High Court of Chancery; and which Fund shall be applied to answer the Demands of the said Sectors of the said Court of Chancery in case it shall at any time be necessary to call in any of the Money of the said Sectors which hath been or may be placed out on Securities.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to and for the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, or Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the time being, by any Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery, to change the Security or Securities, or any Part of the Securities purchased or to be purchased pursuant to the several Acts of Parliament hereinafter mentioned or referred to, or pursuant to this Act.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared, That for and notwithstanding any of the Provisions contained in this Act, at any time hereafter the whole or any Part of the Money placed out pursuant to the said several Acts of Parliament or any of them, or to be placed out in pursuance of this Act, shall be granted to answer any of the Demands of the Sectors of the High Court of Chancery, and also in such case the said Court may and shall direct the whole or any part of such Money to be called in, and the Securities in which the same and the Surplus Interest and Dividends hereinafter mentioned shall be placed, to be sold and disposed of, in order that the Sectors of the said Court may at all times be paid their respective Demands out of the Commes and General Cask belonging to such Sectors.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall prejudice, delay, hinder or prevent, any Reform or Abolition of all or any of the Offices herein mentioned, by any Petitioner or Petitioners having Authority to reform or abolish the same.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Application of
Provisions of
this Act.

Where any
Question shall
arise touching
This to be paid,
Petitioner or Petitioners in Public
See section.

Court of Chan-
cery may order
Expenses of
Purchase to be
paid.

Expenses of
Act provided
for.

Surplus Interest
placed out on
Securities.

25 Geo. 2. c. 48.

Application.

Securities may
be changed.

Proviso for
calling annuities.

All are to pro-
ceed without an
Office, &c.

Public Act.

Cap. lv.

- 27 G. 3. c. 27.
27 G. 3. c. 28.
27 G. 3. c. 29.
43 G. 3. c. 10.
44 G. 3. c. 10.
45 G. 3. c. 10.
continued on to
- An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of several Acts for making and repairing certain Roads in the County of Rye, for building a Bridge or Bridges at Inschman, and regulating the Statute Labour of the said County, and for other Purposes relative thereto. (P.) [10th April 1812.]
[New Rate of Passage at Inschman Bridge. Tolls of 43 G. 3. to cease, new Tolls granted.]
Roads under the Act.

Cap. lvi.

- 17 G. 3. c. 99.
18 G. 3. c. 2.
c. 100. repealed.
- An Act for repairing the Roads from Worsley, and from Frore, to the Barb Road; and from Newburn to the Townbridge Road, in the Counties of Wilt and Somset. (P.) [10th April 1812.]
[Additional Tolls from November to February.]

Cap. lvii.

- An Act for improving the Public Roads to and through the City of Coventry. (P.) [10th April 1812.]
[Double F. D. on Sunday.]

Cap. lviii.

- 14 G. 3. c. 10.
15 G. 3. c. 7.
- An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Peckford Gate, in the City of Norwich, to New Barchingham, in the County of Norfolk. (P.) [10th April 1812.]

Cap. lix.

- 25 G. 3. c. 112.
Repealed.
- An Act for amending the Roads from Gilling, in the County of Leicestershire, to Ripponden, in the County of York; and from Donhow to Broadbald, and from Greave to Dole, all within Southwark, in the said County of York. (P.) [10th April 1812.]

Cap. li.

- 10 G. 3. c. 96.
c. 97. c. 98.
- An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from Northwales Moor, to Stratford upon Avon, in the County of Warwick. (P.) [10th April 1812.]

Cap. lii.

- 11 G. 3. c. 67.
12 G. 3. c. 14.
- An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Dymock Rectory to Great Langton and Holywell Rectory, in the County of Warwick. (P.) [10th April 1812.]
[Additional Tolls. Former Tolls repealed, new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. liii.

- 41 G. 3. c. 100.
- An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Maidstone Bridge to Aylesley, and to Holy Bridge in the County of Berks, in so far as relates to the Second District of the said Roads. [10th April 1812.]
[Additional Tolls. Double Tolls on Sunday. For Remainder of Term under former Act.]

Cap. liiv.

- An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Goringham, Bynell Saint Peter and Bynell Saint Andrew, in the County of Northumberland. (Q. P.) [10th April 1812.]

Cap. liv.

- An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Dyfford and Llanabon, in the County of Radnor. (Q. P.) [10th April 1812.]

Cap. lv.

- An Act for inclosing Lands in Throbbards, in the Parishes of Cragthorpe, and County of Cumberland. (Q. P.) [10th April 1812.]

Cap. lvi.

- An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor and Parish of Great Blagden otherwise Wyf Blagden, in the County of Berks. (Q. P.) [10th April 1812.]

Cap. lvii.

- An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Cragford, in the County of Kent. (Q. P.) [10th April 1812.]

Cap. lviii.

- An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Becland Saint Andrew, Becland All Saints and Becland Saint Peter, in the County of Norfolk. (Q. P.) [10th April 1812.]
Cap.

Cap. lxi.

An Act for making a Navigable Canal from the River *Asa* and *Burn*, at or near *Weyford Bridge*, near *Dilham*, to the Town of *Wood Wiffham* and *Abingdon*, in the County of *Northampton*. [5th May 1812.]
[The Company of Proprietors of The North Wiffham and Dilham Canal Navigation incorporated.]

Cap. lxi.

An Act for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from the River *Midway*, near *Brandford* in the Parish of *East Peckham* in the County of *Kent*, to extend to and unite with the Royal Military Canal in the Parish of *Apulsham* in the said County; and also certain Navigable Branches and Railways from the said intended Canal. [5th May 1812.]
[The Company of Proprietors of The Mouth of Kent Canal incorporated.]

Cap. lxi.

An Act for building a Chapel in the City of *Gloucester*, in the County of *Gloucester*. [5th May 1812.]

Cap. lxi.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for amending certain Railways leading to *Camford*, and making Improvements in the University and City of *Camford*, the Suburbs thereof, and adjoining Parish of *Lower Gosport*, and for other Purposes. [5th May 1812.]

Cap. lxi.

An Act for more effectually paving, cleaning, lighting and watching the Highways, Streets and Lanes within the Town and Borough of *Deal*, in the County of *Kent*, and for amending and preserving Encroachments, Wallages and Annoyances therein. [5th May 1812.]

Cap. lxi.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for paving, repairing, cleaning, lighting, watering and watching such Part of the Parish of *Lower Peasemore*, in the County of *Middlesex*, as lies on the West Side of *Tottenham Court Road*. [5th May 1812.]

Cap. lxx.

An Act for amending and rendering more effectual several Acts, for better altering and collecting the Taxes and other Rates of the Parish of *Lower John of Happing*, in the County of *Middlesex*; and for more effectually paving, widening and improving the Streets and other Places within and adjoining to the said Parish. [5th May 1812.]

Cap. lxx.

An Act for lighting and watching the Streets and other Places without the Walls, but within the Liberties of *Newcastle upon Tyne*. [5th May 1812.]

Cap. lxx.

An Act for better supplying with Coal the Town of *Newcastle under Lyme*, in the County of *Stafford*. [5th May 1812.]

Cap. lxxv.

An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Government of the Watermen working on the Passage between *Gosport*, *Parisham* and *Pease*, and other Places within *Parisham Harbour*, and to and from *Spithead*, *Saint Helen*, and other Parts within the *Sh of Wight*, in the County of *Southampton*, and to and from certain Places in the said Island, and for regulating the Fees of such Watermen. [5th May 1812.]

WHETHERAS an Act was passed in the Forty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled
*An Act for the better Government of the Watermen working on the Passage between Gosport, Portsmouth, Pease and other Places, within Parisham Harbour, and to and from Spithead, Saint Helen, and other Parts within the Sh. of Wight, in the County of Southampton, and to and from certain Places in the said Island, and for regulating the Fees of such Watermen: And whereas the said Act has been found inefficient for attaining the good Purposes thereby intended, and it is expedient that the same should be altered and amended: May it therefore please Your Majesty, That it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, that the Part thereof of Parliament for the time being, the Lieutenant Governor of *Parisham* for the time being, the Junior Port Admiral for the time being, the Commandant of the Royal Engineers for the time being, the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs at *Parisham* for the time being, the Agent Victualler at *Parisham* for the time being, the Resident Agent for Transports at *Parisham* for the time being, *Herbert Allen, Elias Bruce Arnold Lipkin, Elias Arnold, Thomas Arnyon, John Ashin, William Berwick, John Bar-**

49 G. 2. c. 17
The Commis-
sioners.

viz, Nathaniel Baker, William Brandy, John Baker, Admiral Sir Roger Curtis Boscawen, James Carter, Charles Corrie Esquire, the Reverend James Collins, William Downs Esquire, George Dumas, Robert Forbes the Younger, George Garrett, Joseph Gilpin, Archibald Houston, John Huxford Esquire, Andrew Houston, Henry Hicks, Thomas Hoggan the Younger, William Johnston, Robert Laidlaw Esquire, John Lindsay, Thomas Maitley, John Towner Morris, Myles Smith, James Matheson, Robert Mowbray Esquire, George McKinley Esquire, Luke Nisbet, George Perrenon, Thomas Peck, James Peck, Joseph Periton, Nathaniel Portland Esquire, John Reid, John King, George Sears, William Spence, John Stoen Mather, Jonathan Stone, William Tucker Esquire, Thomas Walker M. D., Henry White, James White, Daniel Woodruff Esquire, Thomas Smith Williams and David Wilson Woodhill, being qualified in the manner directed by the said Act, shall be added to and joined with the Commissioners appointed for putting the said Act into Execution, and shall have the like Powers and Authorities as if they had been named and appointed as and by the said Act.

28 G. 3 c. 10.
§ 10. to be
repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Full Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, in each of the said Acts as directed the said Commissioners to make and settle Two distinct Tables of Rates and Fares payable in his Weather, and in bad Weather, and to provide Flags to be hoisted in order to determine the time when such Rates and Fares may be respectively demanded, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Commissioners
may add the
Rates of Fares.

III. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners for putting the said Act in Execution, or any Seven or more of them, at any Meeting to be held in pursuance of the said Act, to make and settle such and in many Tables of Rates and Fares, to be taken by the said Watermen from and after the said Full Day of August for the Carriage and Convoys of any Persons or Persons, Horses, and other Cattle and Goods, Wares and Merchandise, as to the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall appear to be necessary; and, in order to determine the time when such Rates and Fares may be respectively demanded, the said Commissioners shall provide such and in many Flags to be hoisted at some convenient Place or Places in Glasgow, Perthburgh or Perth, by each Person or Persons, and in such manner and Form as the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall, at any Meeting to be holden in pursuance of the said Act, from time to time, order and appoint; and which said Person or Persons shall be paid such Sum or Sums of Money as the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall, from time to time direct, and so long as any Flag or Flags to be provided as aforesaid shall remain hoisted, the extra or Full weather Fares to be demanded thereby shall be respectively payable, and at all other times except as hereinafter mentioned, the Fares to be demanded the Fine-weather Fares shall be payable: Provided always, that if the said Flag or Flags shall be hoisted or hoisted down while the said Waterman or Watermen, or any or other of them, is or are in the Act of carrying any Person or Persons or or less any Place or Places as aforesaid, the said Waterman shall be paid the Rate or Rates, Fee or Fees, which was or were payable at the time such Person or Persons shall be the Shore or Place in the Boat of such Waterman or Waterman.

Fines.

Flags for bad and
for Weather.

IV. And be it further enacted, That One of the said Flags, to be provided by the said Commissioners, shall denote dangerous Weather, and, during such time as the said Flag for denoting dangerous Weather shall be hoisted, no such Waterman shall be compelled or compellable to carry or convey any Person or Persons, Horses, or other Cattle, Goods, Wares or Merchandise, to or from any Place or Places within the Limits of the said Act, or of the said Act; nor shall any such Waterman be liable to any Fine or Penalty whatsoever for refusing to carry or convey any such Person or Persons, Horses, Cattle, Goods, Wares or Merchandise, during the time such Flag shall be hoisted, nor for taking or receiving any such Sum or Sums of Money as he may contract or agree with any Person or Persons to receive for Carriage or Conveyance, in case any such Waterman shall think proper to work during the time such Flag shall be hoisted.

49 G. 3 c. 100.
§ 12. to be
repealed.

Night Fares.

V. And, for the better Regulation of the Night Fares to be taken by the said Watermen, be it further enacted, That, from and after the said Full Day of August, in each of the said Acts as authorized the said Watermen to demand double the Rate of Fare fixed by the Table of Rates between certain Hours, shall be and is hereby repealed; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Watermen to demand and receive such an increased Rate of Fare for working in the Night, as the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall from time to time authorize and direct.

49 G. 3 c. 100.
§ 13.

Watermen not
obliged to have
Affiliates in
the Weather.
Affiliates to be
hoisted Water-
men.

VI. And whereas by the said Act it is enacted, That whenever any licensed Waterman shall be hired to go to any Place, Ship or Vessel, within the said Harbour of Portmouth, every such Waterman shall, on such Occasion, have, at least, One Affiliate: And whereas such Regulation hath been found inconvenient, Be it therefore further enacted, that, from and after the passing of the said Act, the said Watermen shall not be required to take an Affiliate, nor be obliged or liable to the Penalty by the said Act imposed for not having an Affiliate at any time when the Rates or Fares to be appointed for the Weather shall be payable.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons employed by any licensed Waterman shall be deemed and considered as Affiliate within the Intent and Meaning of the said Act, unless such Person shall be licensed as a Waterman in pursuance of the said Act, or this Act.

Persons appointed
to examine
Watermen, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, if they shall think fit, to nominate and appoint any Number of Persons not exceeding Three, of known and approved natural Skill, to examine the several Watermen who shall apply for Licenses under the said Act, and to report their Opinions to the said Commissioners as to the Qualifications, Skill and Ability of such Watermen; and also to make out, for the Approbation of the said Commissioners, such several Tables of Rates and Fares as are by the said Act directed to be made, and to recommend to the said Commissioners such Flags and Signals as are directed by this Act to be hoisted, and to inspect the Boats and Tackle to be used by the said Watermen; and that the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall and may allow and

pay

pay to the said several Parties, to be appointed by them, such Yearly Salary as to the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall seem proper, not exceeding the Yearly Sum of Thirty Pounds to each such Person; and that no such Person or Persons shall be capable of acting in the Execution of the several Duties hereby appointed, until he or they shall have taken an Oath to execute, perform and discharge the said several Duties faithfully and impartially, without Fear or Affection, which Oath the said Commissioners, or any One or more of them, are and are lawfully empowered and required to administer.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall hereafter be entitled to a Licence under the said Act from the said Commissioners, unless such Person shall have served at Sea for the Space of Three Years, or for the like Period shall have worked in the said Harbour of Portsm^oth, previous to the passing of this Act, or shall have served an Apprenticeship of Three Years to a Waterman licensed by virtue of this Act.

X. And whereas His Majesty has written under the said recited Act, the Commissioners for carrying the same into Execution have Power to refuse to renew any Licence or Licences, which may have been granted to any Waterman or Watermen in pursuance of the said Act: Be it therefore enacted, That the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, at every Meeting to be held on the First Tuesday in the Month of November, in each Year, or at any Adjournment or Adjournments of such Annual Meeting, shall have full Power and Authority, at their Discretion, to refuse to renew any such Licence or Licences, in the manner as they are by the said recited Act authorized and empowered to refuse any original Licence or Licences to any Person or Persons applying for the same.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk to the said Commissioners shall, and he is hereby required to make out and deliver to the Town Clerk of the said Borough of Portsm^oth for the time being, a true Copy of the List, directed by the said recited Act, to be made of the Persons who shall have obtained any original or renewed Licence from the said Commissioners, with the Number, Name and Place of Abode of every such Person or Persons so licensed, within Fourteen Days after every such List shall have been annually made out, in pursuance of the said Act; and that all Persons may have Access to such Copy of the said List in the Office of the said Town Clerk, and be at Liberty to inspect the same at any time between the Hours of Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon and Three in the Afternoon, on Payment of the Sum of One Shilling, if the Person desiring such Inspection be not a licensed Waterman, and without any Fee or Reward if he be.

XII. And whereas it is expedient to exempt certain Watermen and other Persons from the Provisions of the said Act, and that Act: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Waterman or other Person or Persons residing at Gosport, Spide Grove, or any other Place in the Isle of Wight between Sand Nelson and Cowes, to work on the Passage to and from the said Isle of Wight, in any Boat or Boats kept at the said Island, without any Licence from the said Commissioners, and without being in any respect liable to the Regulations or Restrictions of the said Act or this Act, provided always, that if any such Waterman or other Person or Persons shall ply for Hire at Gosport, Portsm^oth or Purton, or at any Place within Portsm^oth Harbour, or shall carry, or engage to carry, any Person or Persons for Hire or Reward, from thence to Spithead, Sand Nelson, the Motherbank, Sander Key, or any other Part within the Isle of Wight, or to any Ship or Vessel lying thereat, or to any Place between Sand Nelson and Cowes (other than and except the Person or Persons by and for whom such Waterman or other Person or Persons shall previously on the same Day have been hired or engaged at the said Island) such Waterman or other Person or Persons so plying for Hire, or carrying, or engaging to carry, any Person or Persons, Horses or Cattle, or any Goods, Wares or Merchandise for Hire, to any of the said Places, shall be subject to the Penalty by the said Act and this Act imposed for working for Hire within the Limits of the said Act, without a Licence from the said Commissioners.

XIII. And, for the greater Safety of Passengers, be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Waterman working on the said Passage to take, receive into or carry in any Wherry or Boat any more than Six Persons at one and the same time, when such Flag as shall denote the highest Rate of Fare to be payable, shall be or remain hoisted, or more than Eight at one and the same time, when such Flag shall not be hoisted; and in case any such Waterman shall take or receive into or carry in any Wherry or Boat any greater Number of Persons than are respectively allowed to be carried as aforesaid, every such Waterman shall be subject and liable to the Penalty in the said Act or this Act imposed, for carrying a greater Number of Persons than therein mentioned.

XIV. And whereas by the said recited Act it is enacted, That if any Master, or other Person, having the Command of any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge, Boat, Boat of Burthen, or other Boat, shall place or permit, or suffer any such Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge, Boat of Burthen, or other Boat, to lie over or upon the Hard or Landing Place on the Gosport Side of the said Harbour of Portsm^oth, every such Master or other Person should for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds, to be levied, recovered, paid and applied in manner thereunto mentioned: Be it enacted, That so much of the said recited Act as relates to the Application of the Penalty thereby imposed shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

XV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all and every Penalty and Penalties which shall or may be paid and recovered for any Offence against the said recited Clause of the said Act, shall be paid and applied in and towards the maintaining and repairing of the said Hard or Landing Place at Gosport aforesaid.

XVI. And whereas very serious Danger is frequently experienced in crossing the said Harbour of Portsm^oth, by reason of Hawkers and Rogues standing by a considerable Distance from Ships and Vessels lying in the said Harbour, or the Stern on either Side of the said Harbour, or from one Ship or Vessel to another,

Cork.

Watermen to have licence Three Years at Sea, or from an Apprentice.

Commissioners may refuse to grant Licences.

List of licensed Persons to delivered to Town Clerk of Portsm^oth.

Certain Watermen exempted from Act.

Penalty.

Number of Passengers in Wherryboats.

§ 2. § 4. mod. § 12.

§ 2. § 4. mod. § 12. As to Application of Penalty repealed.

Application directed.

- another, and also by such Ships and Vessels lying in such a Situation as to obstruct the said Passage to and from *Parrysooth, Parryso, and Gaffney*, and great Inconvenience is occasioned by Vessels lying on the Beach at *Parrysooth*, whereby Boats are hindered from landing their Passengers there; Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, every Master or other Person having the Command of any Ship or Vessel lying in the said Harbour, who shall permit, or suffer any Ship or Vessel to be moored or detained, or shall place or lay out, or permit or suffer to be placed or laid out, any Mast or Hoop from such Ship or Vessel to the Shore, on either Side of the said Harbour, or from such Ship or Vessel to any other Ship or Vessel, or shall lay such Ship or Vessel in such a Situation as the said Harbour acts obstruct the Passage to and from *Parrysooth, Parryso, or Gaffney*, or shall lay any such Ship or Vessel for more than One Tide on the said Beach at *Parrysooth*, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, to be recovered by Information before any Justice of the Peace sitting in and for the Borough of *Parrysooth*, with Power of Appeal by any Person who may think himself aggrieved by the Admittance of any such Ship to the Mayor and Justice aforesaid at the next Quarter Sessions of the said Borough, on giving Ten Days Notice of his Intention to appeal, such Penalties and Forfeitures, when recovered, shall be applied in such manner as by the said Act, or this Act, is directed; provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to any Ship or Vessel belonging to His Majesty or to His Majesty's Service; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.
- XVII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines and Penalties by the said Act imposed, for Offences committed against the same, shall be and they are hereby repealed; and that, from and after the passing of this Act, all Offenders, or whom any Fines or Penalties are imposed by the said Act, shall for every Offence committed against the same forfeit and pay, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom such Offender shall be brought, any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, except for working upon the said Passage, or between any of the Places mentioned in the said Act, without having obtained a License from the said Commissioners, or which said mentioned Offence every Offender shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and all and every the said Fines and Penalties by this Act imposed, shall be levied and recovered in the same manner as the Fines and Penalties by the said Act imposed are thereby directed to be levied and recovered.
- XVIII. And, for the due Encouragement of the Watermen working on the said Passage, be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, by and out of the Money arising under the said Act or this Act, to form and establish a Fund for the Purpose of allowing any Servant Watermen working, or who had been accustomed to work on the said Passage, or of relieving the Widows or Children of any deceased Waterman who shall have been accustomed to work on the said Passage, under such Regulations as the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, at any Meeting under the said Act shall order and direct.
- XIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Clerk to the said Commissioners to obtain the Sum of Twelve Shillings and Six pence for his own Trouble, out of every Sum paid for any License to be granted under the said Act, whether the same be an original or a renewed License.
- XX. And whereas it is by the said Act enacted, That the said Commissioners may make such Allowance to their Clerk and Treasurer for the time being, as to them should seem reasonable, not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Six Pounds a Year: And whereas the said Allowance has been found quite inadequate; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, to make such additional Allowance to their Clerk and Treasurer as they shall think a fair and adequate Remuneration for his Trouble, not exceeding Fifty Pounds a Year.
- XXI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall at any Public Meeting to be held pursuant to the said Act cause a Majority of such Commissioners attending such Meeting shall to think proper, nominate and appoint an additional Clerk to the One already appointed, or he or she to be appointed, in pursuance of the Provisions of the said recited Act; and that such additional Clerk shall not be retained as one of the Fees or Salary of the Clerk already appointed, or who shall or may be appointed in pursuance of the said Act, but such additional Clerk shall have such Annual Salary as the Majority of the said Commissioners shall, at such Meeting, settle and determine; provided also, that whenever Days Notice shall be given in the manner prescribed by the said Act, of the Intention to elect such additional Clerk,
- XXII. And be it further enacted, That all Meetings under the said Act shall be held alternately at the Borough of *Gaffney* and Borough of *Parrysooth*, and that all Notices and other Matters and Things directed by the said Act, to be effected on certain Places in the said Act specified, shall and may be effected on such Place, or on such other Places as the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall from time to time at any Meeting under the said Act, order or direct.
- XXIII. And, in order to determine the Jurisdiction upon the Water of the Justice of the Peace for the said County of *Southampton* and those for the said Borough of *Parrysooth*, be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the said respective Justices shall and may have and exercise a concurrent Jurisdiction over all Offences committed upon the Water, within the Limits aforesaid against the said Act or this Act; and the Party aggrieved may in such case make Complaint thereof to the Justice of the Peace for the said County, or to that for the said Borough, as they shall think proper.
- XXIV. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said Act as relates to the Power given to the Justices of the Peace for the County of *Southampton* and the Borough of *Parrysooth* respectively, to determine Offences against the said Act upon the Water, and to Appellate against any thing done in pursuance thereof, by the said Justices, shall be and they are hereby repealed.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves App^l approved by any thing done in pursuance of the said Act or this Act, such Person or Persons shall and may, as to any thing done by any Justice of the Peace for the County of Southampton, appeal to the Justices of the Peace for the said County, and as to any thing done by any Justice of the Peace for the said Borough of Portsmouth, to the Justices of the Peace for the said Borough, at the time next General or General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, which shall be holden as and for the said County or Borough respectively, after the Expiration of Twenty Days from the Cause of such Appeal, such Appellants first giving, or causing to be given, Ten Days Notice at least, in Writing, of his, her or their Intention to bring such Appeal, and of the Cause thereof, to the Clerk to the said Commissioners, and within Two Days next after such Notice given, causing one or more Recognizances or Recognizances, before some Justice of the Peace for the said County or Borough, at the sole may require, with Two sufficient Sureties, in the Penalty of Thirty Pounds, conditioned to try such Appeal at such Sessions, and shew the Order of, and to pay such Costs as shall be awarded by the said Justices upon the Hearing of the said Appeal; and the said Justices, upon due Proof of such Notice being given as aforesaid, and of the entering into such Recognizances, shall, at the said Sessions, in which the said Appeal shall be made, or if they shall see fit to adjourn the same, to the Sessions then next following, at lawfully, law and finally determine the Causes and Matters of such Appeal in a summary way, and award such Costs for the Appellant or Appellants, or Respondent or Respondents, as they the said Justices respectively shall think proper; and the Determination of such Justices shall be final, binding and conclusive to all Parties concerned or interested therein.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That all the Costs, Charges and Expenses incident to or attending the obtaining and passing of the said former Act and of this Act, shall be borne and paid out of the Money arising from the Sums paid for Licences by the said Watermen, under the said Act, and from the Fines thereby imposed.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be construed, adjudged, deemed and taken as Part of the said revised Act, as much as in the same manner, to all Insects and Parasites whatsoever, as if the several Clauses, Powers and Authorities herein contained had been enacted and inserted in the Body of the said revised Act; and all Clauses, Provisions, Authorities, Powers, Matters and Things in the said revised Act contained, for the Parasites and the Executions thereof, are hereby declared to be extended to, and shall and may operate, and be allowed, performed, executed and put in Force (in all cases where the same are not hereby altered or repealed) for the due Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually, to all Insects and Parasites, as could or might have been, in each such Clause, Provisions, Authorities, Powers, Matters and Things in the said revised Act, had been particularly expressed and mentioned in this present Act.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be publicly taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. lxxix.

An Act for amending Two Acts passed in the Fifth last Year of His present Majesty, for more effectually repairing and maintaining certain Roads and Bridges in the County of North, and for regulating and improving the Statute Services in the said County, and more effectually making and regulating the Highways, Bridges and Ferries within the same.

[This Term of the Assizes under the First revised Act is for 20 Years, &c.]

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for taking down and rebuilding certain Parts of the Bridge over the River Avon, at or near Stouford upon Avon, in the County of Warwick, and for widening the same Bridge, and improving the Approaches thereto.

[17th May 1812.]

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for repairing the Road from Glaston to Gasterbury, in the County of Som.

[17th May 1812.]

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for repairing and widening the Road from Epsly Bridge, in the County of Warwick, to the Town of Hestley, in the County of Leicesters.

[17th May 1812.]

[Double Toll on Sunday.]

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for continuing the Term and amending the Powers of an Act made in the Thirty last Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from Swadlow to the Centre of Clifton Meadford Bridge, and from Calve to Lynton Green, and from the Direction Post to Long Leaze Lane, near Lyford Marsh, to Crickhatch, in the County of Wilt.

[17th May 1812.]

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for repairing the Roads from Battersea Moor End to the Turnpike Road from Exton to Aldrove, from Mutton Moor to the same Turnpike Road near Northampton; and from Wyke to Eton Moor, in the Counties of Bedford and Berks.

[17th May 1812.]

[Additional Provs. Former Toll is now, new Toll granted. Double Toll on Sunday.]

Cap.

Cap. lxxxv.

- 29 G. 3. c. 118. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Drakely* to the *Norwich* and *Raynham* Roads, and from *Ston* to *Wald*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for extending the Powers of the said Act to an adjoining Branch of Road. (r)

[5th May 1811.]

[Additional Tryfers. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. lxxxvi.

- 29 G. 3. c. 119. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of the Ninth and Thirty first Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Darby Moor*, in the County of *Stafford*, and from thence to the Turnpike Road between *Lod* and *Ashbourn*, in the said County of *Derby* and *Stafford*. (r)

[5th May 1811.]

Cap. lxxxvii.

- 31 G. 3. c. 118. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering the Powers of an Act made in the Thirty first Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads leading from *Howeyburgh*, to the City of *Leeds* *Divells*, and from the said City to *Cawley*, in the County of *West-riding*. (r)

[5th May 1811.]

[Former Tolls to cease, new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. lxxxviii.

- 30 G. 3. c. 86. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads to and from *Toghol*, in the County of *Stafford*. (r)

[5th May 1811.]

[Additional Tryfers.]

Cap. lxxxix.

- 33 G. 3. c. 31. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Tornall* to *Newport*, in the County of *Salop*. (r)

[5th May 1811.]

[Additional Tryfers. Double Tolls on Sunday as Newport Division.]

Cap. xc.

- 32 G. 3. c. 91. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts, of the Tenth and Thirty first Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Woolley* to the Turnpike Road at *Kilham*, and from *Dalshill Hill* to the Great Northern Road at *South Myleham*, in the County of *West-riding*; and the Road branching out of the said Road at or near *Knafl* and leading to the Great North Road at or near *Carston upon Tees*; all in the same County. (r)

[5th May 1811.]

[Additional Tryfers.]

Cap. xc1.

- 33 G. 3. c. 100. An Act for more effectually repairing and maintaining certain Roads in the Counties of *Perth* and *Forfar*. (r)

[5th May 1811.]

Cap. xcii.

- An Act for repairing the Road from *Stavering* to *Balds Hay*, in *Wadhwa*, in the County of *Stafford*. (r)

[5th May 1811.]

[Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. xciii.

- 30 G. 3. c. 118. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Reade* *Perth* to *Red Hill*, in the County of *Stafford*.

[5th May 1811.]

[Former Tolls repealed, new Tolls granted. All continued for 21 Years, &c. from Term under former Act as to Road in the Title.]

Cap. xciv.

- An Act to enable Trustees, with the Consent therein mentioned, to grant Building Leases of a certain Field or Clove, in the Parish of *St. Mary*, *Magpie*, in the County of *Middlesex*; Part of the Inclosed Estates late of the Reverend *Richard Sutton Yates*, Doctor in Divinity, deceased; and for other Purposes therein mentioned. (q. P.)

[5th May 1811.]

Cap. xcvi.

- An Act to enable the Guardian of *Stony Cross*, a Manor, to make Leases of certain Parts of said Manor's Estates, to and near the City of *Leeds*. (q. P.)

[5th May 1811.]

Cap. lxxv.

An Act for establishing and confirming an Exchange of a Messuage and Lands in the Parish of *Alford*, in the County of *Derby*, purchased with the Sum of One hundred Pounds bequeathed by the Will of *George Spenser* for charitable Purposes, for a Messuage and Lands of *Joseph Thomas Goodwin*, in the Parish of *Mastley*, in the said County. [4 P.] [5th May 1812.]

Cap. lxxvi.

An Act to change the Powers of an Act passed in the Tenth sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to enable the Rector of the Parish and Parochial Church of Saint Mary, Wincoburgh, in the County of Kent, for the better, to grant Building Leases of the Public Lands belonging to the said Rectory, and to sell the same for Rectory House and Garden, and to build a new Rectory House*. [4 P.] [5th May 1812.]

Cap. lxxvii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Capflem*, in the Parish of *Stilly L. Ghalis*, in the County of *Wylmarland*. [4 P.] [5th May 1812.]

Cap. lxxviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Burgell Cogh* and *Borroughs*, in the County of *Suffolk*. [4 P.] [5th May 1812.]

Cap. lxxix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in *Crisdleton, Bradford, Waddington and Epsham*, in the Parish of *Milnes*, in the County of *York*. [4 P.] [5th May 1812.]

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Townships of *Southwold-ridge, Hay and Haven* in the Parish of *Sturdy*, in *Kenel*, in the County of *Wylmarland*. [4 P.] [5th May 1812.]

Cap. lxxxi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in *Togge*, in the Parish of *Belen in the Manor*, and County of *Leicester*. [4 P.] [5th May 1812.]

Cap. lxxxii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Alford*, in the County of *Derby*. [4 P.] [5th May 1812.]

Cap. lxxxiii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Blythol* in the County of *Suffolk*. [4 P.] [5th May 1812.]

Cap. lxxxiv.

An Act for improving the Port and Harbour of *Hydra*, in the County of *Lowelo*; and for fixing the Wharfrage of Goods landed within the said Port and Harbour; and for better maintaining the Beams, Buoys and Seemarks, belonging thereto. [20th May 1812.]

Cap. lxxxv.

An Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the *Key Railway* to amend, vary and extend the Line of the said Railway, and for sharing and enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the Fifty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining the said Railway. [20th May 1812.]

Cap. lxxxvi.

An Act for making and maintaining a Railway from the End of the *Edwardsburgh Railway*, in the Parish of *Thornburgh Greenway*, in the County of *Monmouth*, to or near to the Twelfth Mile Stone, in the Road leading from the Town of *Aberegevoch*, in the County of *Monmouth*, to the City of *Hereford*. [The Greatmore Railway Company incorporated.] [20th May 1812.]

Cap. lxxxvii.

An Act for rendering more effectual an Act of His present Majesty, for draining Lands lying on both Sides the River *Widdow*, in the County of *Lowelo*, and relieving the Navigation of the said River; and for repealing an Act of His present Majesty, in relation to the said Drainage and Navigation. [The Company of Proprietors of the *Widdow Navigation* incorporated.] [20th May 1812.]

Cap. lxxxviii.

An Act for repairing the Parochial Church of *Saint Andrew*, in the City and County of the City of *London*. [20th May 1812.]

Cap. lxxxix.

An Act for repairing the Parochial Church of *St. Mary St. Andrew*, in the County of *Hereford*. [20th May 1812.]

Cap. cxi.

An Act for paving the Footpaths and for lighting and watching that Part of the *Road* at *Stour Road* which leads from *King Street End* into the *Bridge*, next immediately below the *Great Mills Turnpike*, situated within the Parishes of *Saint George the Martyr*, *Southward*, in the County of *Surrey*, and several *Parishes*, *Worship*, *Square*, *Lower*, *Palmer* and *Place*, commencing thorough, respectively, situated within the said Parishes, or within the Parishes of *Saint Mary Magdalene*, *Kennington*, and *Saint Mary Newington*, adjoining thereto; and for removing and preventing Obstructions and Annoyances thereon.

[18th May 1812.]

Cap. cxii.

An Act for lighting and watching the Road leading from *Stow-upon-Avon* to the *King's Head*, on the *Wendlebury Road*, and several other Roads and Places commencing thorough, situate in the Parishes of *Saint Mary Lemish*, *Claydon* and *Stow-upon-Avon*, in the County of *Surrey*.

[18th May 1812.]

Cap. cxiii.

8 G. 3. c. 12.
13 G. 3. c. 36.
41 G. 3. (U. K.)
c. 3222.
c. 262nd.

An Act for better paving, lighting, watching, cleansing and otherwise improving the Town of *Birmingham*, in the County of *Warwick*; and for regulating the Police and Markets of the said Town.

[18th May 1812.]

Cap. cxiv.

An Act for allowing further Time for the Completion of the Docks, Entrances and other Works and Buildings, belonging to the *London Dock Company*.

[18th May 1812.]

48 G. 3. c. 1.
49 G. 3. c. 126.
49 G. 3. c. 160.
49.

WHEREAS the time limited for the Completion of the Docks, Basins, Entrances and other Works and Buildings of the *London Dock Company*, under an Act passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cais and other Works*, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London; and other Acts passed to amend and extend the Powers of the said Act; and a short Period was extended by an Act, passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to alter and extend an Act passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cais and other Works*, for the greater Accommodation and Security of the Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London, and for extending the Powers and Privileges of the said Act, will expire on the Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twelve: And whereas the greater Part of the Docks, Basins, Entrances, Wharfs and other Works and Buildings authorized to be erected, made and built, by the said *London Dock Company*, have been long completed, and in Use; but the whole of the Commerce, Works and Buildings, authorized to be erected and made, cannot be completed within the said Period, and it is therefore expedient that such Period should be extended, to enable the said Company to complete the same, for the Use of the Public: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be, and shall be, as follows: That the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commoners, in their present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Period limited by the said last recited Act of the Forty fifth Year aforesaid, for the Completion of the Docks, Basins, Entrances, Cais, Quays and Wharfs, and other Works and Buildings, authorized to be made, erected and built by the said *London Dock Company*, under the said Act, shall be and the same lawfully extended to the Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fourteen: And that all Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Provisions, Conditions, Clauses, Matters and Things, in relation to the making, erecting, building and completing of such Docks, Basins, Entrances, Works and other Buildings, contained in any Act made and now in force relating to the Completion thereof, shall be and remain in full Force and Effect, for the Purpose, and without Violating to the Docks, Basins, Entrances, Works and Buildings of the said *London Dock Company*, and the Completion thereof, during such further Period as aforesaid; as fully in all respects as if no such Extension and Prolongation of such Period had been given by the last recited Act of the Forty fifth Year aforesaid; and as if such Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Conditions, Privileges, Clauses, Matters and Things, had been specially and particularly recited and made part of the said Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be generally taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. cxv.

An Act for repairing the Road from *Upton* to *Dischalling*, in the County of *Stafford*. (s)

[18th May 1812.]

Cap. cxvi.

An Act for making and repairing a Turnpike Road from or near *Banner Cross*, in the *West Riding* of the County of *York*, through the Township of *Dare*, to or near to *Five Holes*, in the County of *Derby*; and also a Branch from *Doncasterford*, to or near to *Cudde Runy*, in the said County of *Derby*. (s)

[18th May 1812.]

[Double Toll on Sunday.]

C 24

Cap. cxvii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His said Majesty, for repairing Roads in the County of West and Derby, in so far as the same relate to the First, Second and Third & Fourth of Road. (c) 27th 28th 29th 30th 31st May 1812.

[Additional Trench. Double Yell. or Sunday.]

† [See also the Short Act of the County of Derby, viz. c. cxviii.]

Cap. cxviii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His said Majesty, for repairing the Road from Whitchurch, in the County of Southampton, to Alderbury Great Bridge, in the County of Berks. (c) 27th 28th 29th 30th 31st May 1812.

Cap. cxix.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Roads from Bury Saint Edmunds to Newmarket, and from Brandon to Bury Saint Edmunds, in the Counties of Suffolk and Cambridges. (a) 27th 28th 29th 30th 31st May 1812.

[Additional Trench.]

Cap. cxx.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for making a Public Carriage Road from Kempston to Upper Holloway, in the County of Middlesex. (d) 27th 28th 29th 30th 31st May 1812.

Cap. cxxi.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from Tidywell to Blackwell, and thence to Stoph Lane, and also from Edgely to Ashford, all in the County of Derby. (a) 27th 28th 29th 30th 31st May 1812.

[Double Yell. or Sunday.]

Cap. cxxii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the East End of a Clove called Lane's Clove, in the Parish of Newchurch, in the County of Wiltshire, to the Town of Purton, in the County of Wiltshire, and by building a Bridge in the Line of the said Road over the River Emsay, which divides the said Counties of Wiltshire and Cumberland. (d) 27th 28th 29th 30th 31st May 1812.

Cap. cxxiii.

An Act for confirming and rendering valid and effectual an Exchange made between Thomas Fenby Gentleman, and Mary his Wife, both deceased, and the Viscountess of Wallerstein, in the County of Sussex, of Lands and Hereditaments of the said Thomas Fenby, in the Parishes of Wallerstein, for a small Part of the Glebe belonging to the said Parishes. (g. P.) 27th 28th 29th 30th 31st May 1812.

Cap. cxxiv.

An Act for selling Part of the settled Estates of Sir Mark Mordaunt Bt Baronet, in Trenchard, to be sold, subject to the Approbations of the High Court of Chancery; and for applying Part of the Purche's Money for the Purposes therein mentioned, and for giving unto the Executors of such Purche's Money, under the like Direction, in the Purchase of other Estates to be vested to the former Use. (g. P.) 27th 28th 29th 30th 31st May 1812.

Cap. cxxv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in such Part of the Parishes of Eglewysland as lie in the County of Derby, and in the several Parishes of Llangynydd Glas Conway and Llanfyllin in Wales, in the said County. (g. P.) 27th 28th 29th 30th 31st May 1812.

= Allotment to His Majesty. § 25. 45. 49. 50.

Cap. cxxvi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parishes of Merrid, in the County of York. (g. P.) 27th 28th 29th 30th 31st May 1812.

Cap. cxxvii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in East Wray Extraordinary Part Stradun in the County of Southampton. (g. P.) 27th 28th 29th 30th 31st May 1812.

= Allotments and Compensation for Taxes. § 24. 32. 34.

Cap. cxxviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of Alport, and in the several Parishes of Alport, Arnesford and Ashbourn, in the County of Cheshire. (g. P.) 27th 28th 29th 30th 31st May 1812.

= Allotments and Compensation for Taxes. § 18. 22—25.

Cap. cxxix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Abingdon*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. (4 P.) [20th May 1812.]

Cap. cxxx.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Pepples*, in the County of *York*. (4 P.) [20th May 1812.]

— Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 15, 28, 29, 30.

Cap. cxxxi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Offton*, in the County of *Oxford*. (4 P.) [20th May 1812.]

— Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 15, 30.

Cap. cxxxii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stones*, in the County of *Leicester*. (4 P.) [20th May 1812.]

— Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 19, 21—25.

Cap. cxxxiii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Johnston*, in the County of *Southampton*. (4 P.) [20th May 1812.]

Cap. cxxxiv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Warfield*, in the County of *York*. (4 P.) [20th May 1812.]

— Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 20.

Cap. cxxxv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Great Brighthelm*, in the County of *Essex*. (4 P.) [20th May 1812.]

Cap. cxxxvi.

An Act for inclosing the Parish of *Dolmores*, in the County of *Cheshire*. [25th June 1812.]

— Title See. § 42.

Cap. cxxxvii.

An Act for enabling the Right Honourable Thomas Lord Dundas to sell certain Fee and Titled Estates and Estates, of the Earldom of Orkney, and Lordship of Zetland, upon certain Lands registered in Value Office. (4 P.) [25th June 1812.]

Cap. cxxxviii.

An Act for maintaining the Road leading from the City of *Card* to the Town of *Traroch*, in the County of *Kerry*. (4) [25th June 1812.]

Cap. cxxxix.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the *Old Farm* to *Winkfield* and *Mariner Tyedell*, in the County of *Gloucester*, and from *Mariner Tyedell* to the Bridge over the River *Taff*, which divides the Counties of *Gloucester* and *Brecon*. (4) [25th June 1812.]

[Double Toll on Sunday.]

Cap. cxli.

An Act to explain, amend and enlarge the Powers of certain Acts passed for making and maintaining the Great Junction Canal. [25th June 1812.]

§ 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

Cap. cxli.

An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Canal with Aqueducts, Feeders and Reservoirs, from the River Navigation at or near *Bishop's Stortford*, in the County of *Hertford*, to join the River *Great Ouse*, near *Chapeltown*, in the County of *Cambridge*, with a navigable Branch or Cut from the said Canal at *Swanton* to *Whitton*, in the County of *Cambridge*. [25th June 1812.]

[The Company of Proprietors of the London and Cambridge Junction Canal incorporated.]

Cap. cxlii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Railway from *Parishamoor*, in the Parish of *Linsington* *Episcopy*, in the County of *Lincolnshire*, to the Parish of *Wigboldus*, in the County of *Lincolnshire*; and also a Dock in the Parish of *Wigboldus* aforesaid. [25th June 1812.]

[The *Anglicy Railway Company* incorporated.]

Cap.

Cap. cxlii.

An Act for draining, inclosing and improving the Lands called *Stoughton Fen Common*, and the *Four Hundred Acre Common*, in the County of *Northampton*; and for forming the same into a Parish, to be called *New-stoughton*; and for building and endowing a Church for such Parish. [5th June 1812.]

* Allocated and Compensated to His Majesty and others in such Titles established. § 24, 25.

Cap. cxliii.

An Act for forming into Townships certain Extra-parochial Lands in *Wilden Fen*, and in the *Wig* and *Egft Fens*, in the County of *Lincoln*. [5th June 1812.]

Cap. cxliv.

An Act for embanking *The Hundred Five Weyler*, in the Great Level of the Fens called *Bedford Level*. [5th June 1812.]

39 G. 3. 11.

Cap. cxlv.

An Act for enabling *The Highgate Archway Company* to raise a further Sum of Money, to complete their Works. [5th June 1812.]

40 G. 3. 11.
1812.

Cap. cxlv.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for crossing a Bridge across the River *Thames*, near *Fenchale*, and making Roads thence, in the Counties of *Middlesex* and *Surry*. [5th June 1812.]

40 G. 3. 11.
1812.

Cap. cxlvii.

An Act for establishing a Ferry over the River *Thames* from *Greenwich*, in the County of *Kent*, to the *Isle of Dogs*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for making and maintaining Roads to communicate thencewith. [5th June 1812.]

[*The Poplar and Greenwich Ferry Company incorporated. Double Toll on Sundays, except on Carriages or Horses drawing the same.*]

Cap. cxlviii.

An Act for widening and improving the Street or Road leading from *Tower Hill* to the Street called *Upper Egft Southfields*, in the Parish of *St. Dunstons without Aldgate*, in the County of *Middlesex*. [4] [5th June 1812.]

[5th June 1812.]

Cap. cl.

An Act for enlarging the Town and Powers of an Act of King George the First, Two Acts of King George the Second, and an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Gloucester* towards *Hereford*, and other Roads therein mentioned, all in the County of *Gloucester*. [2] [5th June 1812.]

[*New Tolls. Former Tolls repeated, new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sundays.*]

33 G. 3. 11.
30 G. 3. 11.
25 G. 3. 11.
24 G. 3. 11.

Cap. cli.

An Act for continuing the Term, and for altering and amending several Acts passed in the Third, Twentieth fourth and Forty third Years of His present Majesty, for repairing, amending and inclosing in Repair, several Roads within the County of *Cornwall*. [2] [5th June 1812.]

[*Additional Tolls. Former Tolls as usual, new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sundays.*]

1 G. 3. 11.
24 G. 3. 11.
2 G. 3. 11.
43 G. 3. 11.

Cap. clii.

An Act for making a new Branch of Road from the Town of *Cornwall* to *Lampier*, in the County of *Gloucester*, and another Branch of Road from the Great *Moatdale* to *Lendley*, in the same County. [5th June 1812.]

[*For Term of 31 G. 3.*]

25 G. 3. 11.
41 G. 3. 11.
C. 1.

Cap. cliii.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts passed in the Parliament of *Sweden* in the Thirtieth and Thirty second Years of His present Majesty, and of an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing in Repair, several Roads in the Counties of *Camden*, *Gloucester* and *Worcester*; and also for more effectually repairing and maintaining the Road leading from the Town of *Gloucester*, through the County of *Worcester*, to the Cross Roads of *Northfield*, in the County of *Worcester*. [2] [5th June 1812.]

[*For Term of 31 G. 3.*]

25 G. 3. 11.
24 G. 3. 11.
24 G. 3. 11.
24 G. 3. 11.
43 G. 3. 11.

[*For Term of 31 G. 3.*]

[*For Term of 31 G. 3.*]

[*For Term of 31 G. 3.*]

[*For Term of 31 G. 3.*]

[*For Term of 31 G. 3.*]

[*For Term of 31 G. 3.*]

Cap. cliv.

An Act for making a Public Carriage Road from the *western Turnpike Road*, near the South End of *High-bury Place*, *Wigan*, to *Roborough Wall*, in the Parish of *Saint Leonard*, *Shroveton*, in the County of *Cheshire*. (2.) [5th June 1812.]

[Noth Toll from 25th Sep. to 25th March.]

Cap. clv.

21 G. 3. c. 24.
22 G. 3. c. 25.

An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of the [Eleventh and Thirteenth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Market House to the Town of *Great Faringdon*, in the County of *Berk*, to *Newfield*, in the County of *Oxford*. (2.) [5th June 1812.]

[Additional Provisions.]

Cap. clvi.

An Act to vest the Coins and Medals given by the Will of *Robert Aylemer Esquire*, deceased, in the Governor and Company of the Bank of England. (1. P.) [5th June 1812.]

Cap. clvii.

An Act for incorporating the Governors of the Free Grammar School of the Borough of *Wigan*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*, and for enlarging the Trusts and Powers of the said Governors, for the Benefit of the said School. (1. P.) [5th June 1812.]

[The Governors of the Free Grammar School of the Borough of *Wigan*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster* incorporated.]

Cap. clviii.

An Act to enable the Vicar, for the time being, of the Vicarage of *Kilburne*, in the County of *Warwick*, to grant Building Leases of certain Glebe Lands, belonging to the said Vicarage, and to fill the present Vicarage House, Garden and Out Offices occupied therewith, and certain Part of the Glebe Land, and to purchase Land and build thereon a new Vicarage House. (1. P.) [5th June 1812.]

Cap. clix.

An Act for dividing, allotting and enclosing Lands in the Tything or Hamlet of *Wyl Copsey*, in the Parish of *Chington*, in the County of *Berk*. (1. P.) [5th June 1812.]

Cap. clx.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Wylcopse* otherwise *Wylcopstun*, *Stapfold* and *Harrington*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. (1. P.) [5th June 1812.]

Cap. clxi.

An Act for inclosing and encroaching from Tythes Lands in the Parish of *Brayley*, in the County of *Hertford*. (1. P.) [5th June 1812.]

Cap. clxii.

An Act for inclosing and encroaching from Tythes Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Upton*, in the County of *Huntingdon*. (1. P.) [5th June 1812.]

Cap. clxiii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Stibbald* and *Wilsford*, in the County of *Lincoln*. (1. P.) [5th June 1812.]

Cap. clxiv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in *Bickleton*, in the County of *Bedford*. (1. P.) [5th June 1812.]

Cap. clxv.

21 G. 3. c. 25.
22 G. 3. c. 26.

An Act to amend an Act of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the several Parishes of *Alfordbury*, *Llans*, *Llanidloes* and *Llanerchogwell* *Merthyr*, in the County of *Cardiganshire*. (1. P.) [5th June 1812.]

Cap. clxvi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Windslyham*, in the County of *Somerset*. (1. P.) [5th June 1812.]

= Allotment and Compensation for Tythes. § 20. "No Lease of Allotment to Rector of *Windslyham* without Consent of the King or Prince of the Bishopry. § 45.

Cap. clxvii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in *Stagley*, in the County of *Bedford*. (1. P.) [5th June 1812.]

Cap. clxviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Barvis upon Trent*, in the County of *Stafford*, and for selling Part of the said Lands, and applying the Proceeds thereof in Aid of the Poor's Rates of the said Parish. (1. P.) [5th June 1812.]

Cap. clxxvii.

An Act for amending a Court House, County House, or Sessions House, &c. in the Town of the City and County of Westminster. [14th June 1812.]

Cap. clxxviii.

An Act for amending the Road for watching, lighting, cleaning, watering and repairing *St. Andrew's Church*. [14th June 1812.]

Cap. clxxix.

An Act for regulating the Sale of Part of the settled Estates of the Honourable Charles Earl of Sandwich, and for raising out the Money to be paid by such Sale in the Purchase of other Estates, and for settling the same to the said Earl. (q. P.) [14th June 1812.]

Cap. clxxx.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of King George the Second, and an Act of His present Majesty, for the more effectual repairing and maintaining of the Piers and Harbour of *Whitby* in the County of York. [18 July 1812.]

[For Thirty one Years, &c.]

Cap. clxxxvi.

An Act for separating the Management of the Harbour of *Margate*, in the County of Kent, from the Tiding and Lighthousing of the Town of *Margate*, and for settling the future Management of the said Harbour to a Joint Stock Company of Proprietors. [18 July 1812.]

[The Company of Proprietors of *Margate Pier and Harbour* incorporated.]

Cap. clxxxvii.

An Act for vesting the settled Estates in the County of *Northampton* of *Richard Almonstle Esquire* Lord *Broghdaun*, and Part of the devised Estates in the County of *Essex* of *John Griffin Lord Rowland de Wulke* and *Lord Broghdaun*, devised in Trust, to be sold; and for laying out the Money thereunto, under the Direction of the High Court of Chancery, in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled in the same Uses. (q. P.) [18 July 1812.]

Cap. clxxxviii.

An Act for further continuing, until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament, the Powers of the Commissioners appointed in pursuance of an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for settling the Commissioners' affairs in pursuance of an Agreement between the *East India Company* and the private Creditors of the *Missions of the Company*, to carry the same into Effect. [14th July 1812.]

Cap. clxxxix.

An Act for exchanging Part of the settled Estates of the Right Honourable *Francis Earl of Mordaunt*, Situate in the County of *Leicestershire*, for Part of the devised Estates of the said Earl, situate in the County of *Derby*. (q. P.) [14th July 1812.]

Cap. ccc.

An Act to enable *Francis Earl of Mordaunt*, and the Persons entitled in Reversion upon any of his Estates for Life, to grant Leases of Mines and Minerals Propriety on their Estates, in *Shropshire* and *Staffordshire* in the County of *Leicestershire*, and *Staffordshire* in the County of *Derby*. (q. P.) [14th July 1812.]

Cap. cccii.

An Act for enabling the Right Honourable *Montagu Earl of Sandwich* to grant Leases for Lives, or for Years determinable on Lives, of his settled Estates in the Parish of *St. Andrew's Church*, and *Whitby* in the County of *York*, upon the Terms and Subject to the Restrictions therein contained. (q. P.) [14th July 1812.]

Cap. cccv.

An Act for confirming and carrying into Execution certain Articles of Agreement, made and entered into between the Right Reverend Father in God *John Lord Bishop of London*, *Sir John Frederick Boscawen*, *Arthur Dundas Esquire*, *Francis de Grey Mordaunt Esquire*, *Sir John Mordaunt Boscawen*, and *James Mordaunt his Wife*, and *John de Mordaunt*; and the Company of Proprietors of *The Grand Junction Canal*. (q. P.) [14th July 1812.]

Cap. cccvii.

An Act to enable the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of *London* to sell, and the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of *London* and his Lessees of the Estate of *Paulingrove*, situate in the Parishes of *St. Andrew's Church* and *Whitby* in the County of *York*, to purchase out of the said Lord Bishop's and his Lessees' Lands, and other Appurtenances thereto, within the several Parishes of *Mary le Bow* and *Paulingrove*, in the County of *Middlesex*. (q. P.) [14th July 1812.]

Cap.

Cap. cxciv.

An Act for selling a Messuage, with the Appertinements, Situate in *Droughlax Square* in the City of London, and a Messuage and Land Situate at *Wykehouse* in the County of *Surrey*, Part of Estates bequeathed by the Will of *Abraham Aquilar* deceased, in Trust, to be sold, and for other the Purposes therein mentioned. [q. P.]
[15th July 1812.]

Cap. cxcv.

An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Canal from *The Grand Junction Canal* in the Parish of *Pauldreyes*, in the River *Thames* in the Parish of *Linsbath*, with a Collateral Cut in the Parish of *Saint Leonard Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*. [15th July 1812.]
[The Company of Proprietors of the Regent's Canal incorporated.]

Cap. cxcvi.

An Act for making a Pier and Landing Place at *Ryde*, in the Isle of *Wight*. [15th July 1812.]
[The Ryde Pier Company incorporated.]

Cap. cxcvii.

An Act for widening and lightening Part of the High Road leading from *London* to *Croydon*, commencing at the Turnpike Gate at *Northfleet*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Lambeth*, in the County of *Surrey*, and leading from thence on the East of the said Road, to *Brissay Hill*, and as far as the said Parish extends in that Direction. [15th July 1812.]

Cap. cxcviii.

An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty, for making a Road from the *Kiver Road* in the County of *Surrey*, to *Defford* in the County of *Hereford*, and a Branch therefrom to *Streyghedon*, in the said County of *Surrey*. [18th July 1812.]

Cap. cxcix.

An Act for extending the Term and Powers of Two Acts of King *George the Second*, and Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Fyfield*, in the County of *Berk*, to *Saint John's Bridge*, in the County of *Gloucester*. [18th July 1812.]
[Additional Trifles. Former Tolls repealed, new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sundays.]

Cap. cc.

An Act for enabling the Deacons in Trust named in the Will of *George Shaw* deceased, to grant Building Licences across Estates Situate in the Parish of *Saint Dunstons Stepney* otherwise *Stephenshott*, in the County of *Middlesex*, thereby devised. [q. P.] [18th July 1812.]

Cap. cci.

An Act for selling in Trust Part of the Great Tithes of the Parsonage of *Stretton and Kenningburgh*, in the County of *York*, to Trust, to be sold; and for laying out the Money thereon, as in the Parsonage of Estates to be divided and annexed to the said Parsonage. [q. P.] [18th July 1812.]

Cap. ccii.

An Act for enabling the Trustees of the bequeathed Estates of *Edmund Walter Esquire*, deceased, to raise Money upon Mortgage of the same Estates, for the Purpose of satisfying the Taxes payable to the Bishops of *Windsor*, for the Lease of the Manor of *Musgrave*, in the County of *Bedfordshire*; and for selling the said Leasehold Premises in the Trust, upon Trust, corresponding to the Uses of the bequeathed Estates. [q. P.] [18th July 1812.]

Cap. cciii.

An Act for selling the devised Estates of *John Pross Esquire*, deceased, in Trust, upon Trust to sell certain Parts thereof, and out of the Purchase Money to discharge a Mortgage Debt due to the Representatives of *Charles Gray Esquire*, deceased, and to lay out the Residue, under the Direction of the High Court of Chancery, in the Purchase of other Estates, and to stand sold of and convey the Estates to be purchased, as well as their remaining unsold, to the Uses of the said *John Pross's* Will. [q. P.] [18th July 1812.]

Cap. cciv.

An Act for selling Part of the bequeathed Estates of *Maurice Nugent O'Connell Esquire*, in the County of *King's county*, in *Ireland*, in Trust, to be sold for Payment of Incumbrances, and for settling other Estates in the *King's County*, in *Ireland*, in lieu of the Estates to be sold. [q. P.] [18th July 1812.]

Cap. ccv.

An Act to enable the Dean of *Saint Paul* *London* to grant a Lease of Messuages, Tenements, Lands and Hereditaments in the Parish of *Saint Paul* *London*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and to enable the Lessee to grant Sub Leases for building on and repairing that Estate. [4 P.] [22d July 1812.]

Cap. ccvi.

An Act for effectuating an Exchange of the Advowson of the Rectory of the Church of *South Cow* in the County of *Stafford*, belonging to His Majesty, for the Advowson of the Rectory of the Church of *Dunlap* otherwise *Diplax*, in the same County, belonging to Sir *Thomas Gresham*. [4 P.] [22d July 1812.]

Cap. ccvii.

An Act for selling Part of the dissolved Estates of *George Philipps Esquire*, deceased, situate in the County and County Borough of *Gloucester* in *Truelars*, to be sold, and for buying out the Messuages siting in the Parishes of other Estates, to be killed to the same Use. [4 P.] [22d July 1812.]

Cap. ccviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Redgrave*, with the Manor of *Sawden*, in the County of *Surrey*. [4 P.] [22d July 1812.]

Cap. ccix.

An Act for building a new Prison in the City of *London*, for receiving therein Prisoners confined under Civil Process in the Guild of *Newgate* and the *Two Compters* of the said City, and also the Prison of *London*, and for converting the Building now containing the said *Two Compters* and *London* into a Goal for Convicts in the said *Two Compters* and into a House of Correction for the said City of *London*. [29th July 1812.]

Cap. ccx.

An Act for enabling the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of *London* to improve and grant Building Leases of the Ground in *Mincing Lane*; also to sell all the Ground comprised in such Leases when improved, and to apply the Produce thereof towards increasing the *Orphan Fund*. [29th July 1812.]

Cap. ccxi.

An Act for the further Improvement of *Saint George's Fields*, in the County of *Surrey*. [29th July 1812.]

Cap. ccxii.

An Act for allowing Leases in the Parishes of *Longham*, *Kingsley*, *Milbourn*, and *Boyles* near *Milbourn*, in the County of *Worcester*. [4 P.] [5th May 1812.]

END OF THE FOURTH VOLUME.

AN
INDEX TO THE STATUTES
 OF
THE UNITED KINGDOM,

VOLUME THE FOURTH,

Containing the Acts passed, 50, 51, 52 GEO. III. (1810, 1811, 1812.)

IN THIS INDEX the Acts which relate to ENGLAND or SCOTLAND exclusively, are classed under those General Heads; but arranged in Subdivisions according to their several Subjects, with References to and from other Parts of the Index.

Other Acts respecting particular Places are to be looked for according to their several Subjects, by referring to the General Heads under which the Acts are respectively arranged in Alphabetical Order of the Names of Places; such, for example, as *Bridges, Canals, Gaols, Harbours, Penning, Piers, and others*;—the Acts under the Titles *Indians and Territories* are classed in Alphabetical Order of the Countries in which the Judiciary takes place, or the Road begins.

All the Acts relating to Individuals or Corporations are arranged in Alphabetical Order of the Names of the Persons or Corporations, under the general Title, *Personal Acts*.

The Public Local and Personal Acts are referred to in the Roman Numerals by which their Series is distinguished in the respective Sections.

Missive References are also made from one Head to another, and from the various Heads, under which the Subject may be looked for, to the Head under which the Statute is actually entered.

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 24. *Portland (Dorset.)* Constructing Harbour, 51 G. 3. c. 103.
 25. *Portsmouth*. Harbour, regulating the Waters there, (amending 49 G. 3. c. 102.) 51 G. 3. c. 102.
 26. *Rye (Ile of Wight.)* Making a Pier and landing Place, 52 G. 3. c. 102.
 27. *Southampton (Port)* Improvements of, (amending 43 G. 3. c. 123.) 50 G. 3. c. 113.
 28. *Tilbury (Ile)*. Harbour at *Salvo Morda Bay* and Canal thence to *Canterbury*, 51 G. 3. c. 114.

19. *Whitby*

29. *Wherry* (Harbour). Repairing and maintaining (enlarging 33 G. 3. c. 39. and 34 G. 3. c. 12.) 32 G. 3. c. 12.

Hats.

1. Duties on Hats and Licences for vending them, to cease after 31st July 1811. 31 G. 3. c. 70. § 1.
2. Dealers may deliver up Hat Licences duly stamped to Commissioners, who, on being satisfied that they have not been used, shall allow Duty, and within what Time, &c.
3. Distributors may receive Hat Licences, &c.
4. Punishment of Perjury, under this Act, § 4.

Hawkers and Pedlars.

1. Forfeiting the Duties of Hawkers and Pedlars, under the Management of the Commissioners of Hackney Coaches. 30 G. 3. c. 41. (amended by 31 G. 3. c. 108. for 31—33. 34.)
2. Statute 34 to 37. 3. and all Acts relating to the Duties thereby imposed, &c. repealed, § 1. And see § 31. of this Act.
3. Licences under former Acts in Force, § 2.
4. Commission for licensing to trade, § 3.
5. Allowances to Commissioners of Hackney Coaches, § 4.
6. Petitions to Commissioners for licensing Hawkets, § 4.
7. Goods may be exposed to Sale in public Markets, § 5.
8. Duty to be paid for Licences, § 6.
9. Penalty of 50s. on Hawkets (not being residents) selling by Auction, § 7.
10. Duties to be under Commissioners for licensing Hackney Coaches, § 8.
11. Licences to be Assued, § 9.
12. The Duties to be paid on receiving Licences, § 10.
13. Proviso for Petitions already authorized to grant Licences, § 11.
14. Hawkets to produce Certificate of Character, § 12.
15. Form of such Certificate, § 13.
16. Packages of Hawker to have the Words 'Licensed Hawker,' &c. on Penalty of 10s. for each Default, § 14.
17. Penalty of 10s. on unlicensed Persons using such Words, § 15.
18. Penalty on Hawkets dealing in smuggled Goods, § 16.
19. Penalties on trading contrary to Licences; on forging or using a forged Licence; on hiring or lending Licences; and on trading without Licences, or refusing to produce it; and on Certificates relating to 45th, § 17—21.
20. Hawkets duly licensed may let up Trade in Place of Residence, § 22.
21. Proviso for certain Trades, § 23.
22. Penalties above and under 10s. how to be recovered, § 24, 25.
23. Term of Commission under this Act not to exceed Three Months, § 26.
24. Appeal allowed, § 27.
25. Form of Certificate, § 28.
26. Coroner's, &c.
27. Justices to transmit Accounts of Certificates and Penalties, and to pay over the Money to the Clerk of Peace, who is to remit the same, § 29.
28. The Statute of 3 to 10 W. 3. c. 17. where applicable, extended to this Act, § 31.
29. Penalty on Witnesses refusing to attend, or give Evidence, § 32.
30. Application of Duties, General Note; Table Costs, § 33, 34.
31. To amend the 30 G. 3. c. 41. for placing the Duties of Hawkets and Pedlars under the Management of the Commissioners of Hackney Coaches, 31 G. 3. c. 108.

32. No Wholesale Trader deemed a Hawker; nor shall he or his Servants be liable to Penalties for going from House to House, selling Goods by Wholesale only, 31 G. 3. c. 108. § 1.
33. Persons not prohibited from carrying about Coals in Carts, &c. § 1.

Hides, See Customs; 25—33. ; Excise, 125—132.

Horses (Duties on). See Taxes II. (*Assessed Taxes*, 12—21.)

Horses (Regulation of Tolls on). See Toll.

House of Commons. See Offices, 36—52.

Household (Royal). See King, 46—63.

I.

Importation and Exportation.

1. Statute 45 G. 3. c. 117. for permitting the Importation of Timber for Naval Purposes from the British North American Colonies, Duty free (continued by 46 G. 3. c. 59. till 25th March 1812.) further continued [till 25th March 1812.] by 50 G. 3. c. 121. [continued till 10 Months after Conclusion of the War] 52 G. 3. c. 33.
2. For further continuing [to 25th March 1812.] certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain; and for suspending the countervailing Duties and Bounties on Sugars, when the 25th G. 3. c. 48. shall be suspended, 50 G. 3. c. 121. [to 25th March 1812.] 51 G. 3. c. 119. [to 25th March 1815.] 52 G. 3. c. 115.
3. Drawbacks in 45 G. 3. c. 98. and Bounties in Schedule to 45 G. 3. c. 99. to be paid as heretofore, 50 G. 3. c. 118. § 1. 51 G. 3. c. 119. § 1.
4. In what cases Drawbacks allowed, &c. 50 G. 3. c. 118. § 2. 51 G. 3. c. 119. § 1. 51 G. 3. c. 119. § 2.
5. In what case Treasury may suspend countervailing Duties, &c. 50 G. 3. c. 118. § 1. 51 G. 3. c. 119. § 1. 51 G. 3. c. 119. § 3.
6. Continuation of 45 G. 3. c. 111. *ibid.* § 4.
7. Stat. 45 G. 3. c. 97. for consolidating and extending the Laws in force, for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandises, into and from certain Parts in the West Indies, amended and continued [to 25th March 1812.] by 50 G. 3. c. 21. § 1. 51 G. 3. c. 21. continued [to 25th March 1812.] by 51 G. 3. c. 220. § 1.
8. Vessels having more than one Deck, allowed to export and import, as mentioned in 48 G. 3. c. 57. 50 G. 3. c. 21. § 1.
9. For allowing the Exportation of British and Irish made Malt from one part of the United Kingdom to the other, 50 G. 3. c. 34.
10. Entry to be made of Malt imported, 50 G. 3. c. 35. § 1.
11. Duties on Ungrained Malt, imported into Great Britain from Ireland, &c. &c. 50 G. 3. c. 34. § 1.
12. Amount of Duties, 50 G. 3. c. 34. § 2.
13. To be paid before Landing, on Pen of Forfeiture, 50 G. 3. c. 34. § 1.
14. Officers may go on board and search Vessels, 50 G. 3. c. 35. § 1.

15. *ibid.*

43. Malt imported, headed before Duty paid, forfeited, 30 G. 3. c. 73. § 3.
44. Penalty on exporting Malt, § 4.
45. Regulations for Malt exported, § 4.
46. Bond for Exportation, § 5.
47. Malt, intended to be exported to *Ireland*, shall be returned on board, in Presence of Officer of Customs, § 6.
48. Penalty on making unsealed Casks with Malt for Exportation, § 7.
49. Certificate of Payment of Duty to be produced on exporting Malt for *Ireland*; and Oath made that Malt is the same measured in Certificate, § 8.
50. What Drawbacks shall be allowed on Exportation, 30 G. 3. c. 73. § 9.
51. Description of Buttol and Barrel, 30 G. 3. c. 74. § 4.
52. Duties and Drawbacks on *Great Britain* to be under Excise; and *Ireland*, under Customs, &c. 30 G. 3. c. 74. § 5.
53. Duties under this Act to form Part of Consolidated Fund, 30 G. 3. c. 74. § 6.
54. In what case Commissioners of Excise to give a Debitum for Drawback, 30 G. 3. c. 75. § 9.
55. Penalty on allowing Malt shipped for *Ireland*, 30 G. 3. c. 75. § 10.
56. Drawbacks to be paid out of Malt Duties, on producing Certificate of Shipment for Exportation, § 11, 12.
57. No Entry to pass, &c. but in Owner's Name, § 13.
58. Penalty on allowing Malt shipped for *Ireland*, § 14.
59. Proce donee thereon, § 14.
60. Provis for making Malt for Exportation, without Duty, &c. § 15.
61. Penalties on abstracting and selling Officers, § 16, 17.
62. Penalties, how recovered, § 18.
63. Former Acts in force, § 19.
64. Commencement of Act, 30 G. 3. c. 74. § 7. i. and c. 74. § 20.
65. For discontinuing the Bounty on Exportation of Oil of Vernal, and allowing a Drawback of a Proportion of the Duties paid on the Importation of Foreign Brimstone, used in making Oil of Vernal, 30 G. 3. c. 75. § 1.
66. Statute 45 G. 3. c. 33. repealed, § 1.
67. Allowance of Duty for Brimstones used in preparing Oil of Vernal; Regulations for Manufacturers, § 2.
68. Oath as to Quantity of Brimstone used, &c. § 3.
69. Penalty on delivering false Accounts, § 4.
70. To prohibit the Importation of Indian Silk, Crapes, and Tullines; and to increase the Shares of Securities payable to Officers in respect of Foreign-wrought Silks, and Foreign-manufactured Leather Gloves, 30 G. 3. c. 77.
71. Penalty of exporting Foreign Silk, &c. (except of Glass or the *Silk India*, for Exportation), 30 G. 3. c. 77. § 1.
72. If made up with Apparel, &c. both forfeited, Penalty on Buyer, Seller, &c. § 1.
73. Penalties to be recovered under the 6 G. 3. c. 28. § 2.
74. Producer of Securities, how disposed of, § 1.
75. For permitting Exportation to *Newfoundland* of Foreign Salt, Duty free, from the import Warehouses at *St. John*, and for exporting Part of 45 G. 3. c. 47. i. 30 G. 3. c. 60.
76. Foreign Salt may be exported to *Newfoundland* from Import Warehouses at *St. John*, Duty free, § 1.
77. Regulations of 30 G. 3. c. 67. accorded to *St. John*, § 2.
78. If of 45 G. 3. c. 47. is to Salt, repealed, § 3.
79. To prevent the Removal of Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, from the Port in *Great Britain* where they were first warehoused, to any other warehousing Port, for the Purpose of Exportation, 30 G. 3. c. 62.
80. Goods secured in Warehouse under 43 G. 3. c. 131. 45 G. 3. c. 87. and 46 G. 3. c. 132. may be removed to another Port, on what Conditions, § 1.

81. Officer to take Account, and Duty paid or Deficiency, 30 G. 3. c. 64. § 1.
82. Contents of Package to be marked and entered, and Bond given for due Delivery, § 2.
83. Certificate of Delivery, § 3.
84. Account of Packages to be transmitted by Collector, &c. of one Port to Collector, &c. of the other; and Bond given for Exportation under 43 G. 3. c. 131. § 3.
85. In what case, if Goods covered by warehouse, Bond for Exportation shall be taken, § 4.
86. Powers of 43 G. 3. c. 131. relating to Warehousing, &c. accorded to this Act, § 5.
87. Additional Bounties on exporting Double Refined Sugar granted by 47 G. 3. c. 112. (continued by several Acts) further continued [to 25th March 1812.] 51 G. 3. c. 13. § 3.
88. Bounty on Raw Sugar to be governed by Average Prices of Brown Sugar, 51 G. 3. c. 13. § 4.
89. Statute 29 G. 3. c. 13. for granting a Bounty upon certain Species of *Brandy* and *Spice* Lovers exported, and taking off the Duties upon the Importation of Foreign Raw Lanes Yarn made of Flax [to 25th March 1812.] 51 G. 3. c. 14. § 1.
90. Statute 49 G. 3. c. 25. for permitting the Importation of Tobacco into *Great Britain* from any Place whatever, continued [to 25th March 1812.] 51 G. 3. c. 14. § 2. i. [to 25th March 1812.] 51 G. 3. c. 25. § 1.
91. Statute 48 G. 3. c. 67. imposing an Additional Duty on Copper imported into *Great Britain*, continued during the War, and till six Months after a Treaty of Peace, 51 G. 3. c. 25. § 2.
92. On Exportation of such Copper, a Drawback of One-half of the Duty shall be allowed, § 2.
93. So much of 47 G. 3. c. 112. as relates to Brimstone or Raw Sugar, continued [to 25th March 1812.] 51 G. 3. c. 15. § 1.
94. Sugar to be governed by Average Prices of Brown Sugar, published in London Gazette, § 6.
95. Bounty of 1s. 6d. per Cask, granted by 43 G. 3. c. 69. on the Exportation of Pickled, cured and continued [to 25th June 1812.] by 51 G. 3. c. 22.
96. Additional Duty of 2d. per Ton of Copper imported; and Drawback on Exportation, 51 G. 3. c. 22. § 1.
97. On Re-exporting Sugar of *Morocco*, and other conquered Islands in the *West Indies*, Duties there not to be chargeable with higher Duty than Sugar of *St. Domingo*, 51 G. 3. c. 2.
98. For allowing, on Exportation of manufactured Flax for the private Use of Persons residing or going to reside abroad, the same Drawback as is now allowed on the Exportation of such Flax by way of Merchandise, 51 G. 3. c. 22. See also *British Customs* 1. 2. IRELAND (Customs and Excise, Importation); Portugal.

Imprisonment, See Debtors.

Inclauses; Draining, Embanking, and Improving of Commons, Waste Lands, and Marshes.

- Particular Acts for *Settlement* in various Counties, viz.
1. A. 1700. 12. *Northampton and Northamptonshire*, (allowing 20 G. 3. c. 71. and 30 G. 3. c. 72.) 51 G. 3. c. 22. 22.
 2. ———— *Longford*, and other Places, 31 G. 3. c. 22. 22.

Inclauses.

Inclauses.

Inclauses.

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4. ——— *Bilbourn Park, 51 G. 3. c. 102.*

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6. **BASSA.** *Township or Hamlet of Chisney, 50 G. 3. c. 104.*

7. ——— *Salway, Hamstead Marchall, Salway, and Anthony Parishes, 50 G. 3. c. 105.*

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13. ——— *Drayton Parishes, 51 G. 3. c. 111.*

14. ——— *Saltford, (Athens and Saxford) Parishes, 51 G. 3. c. 112.*

15. ——— *Sandford, See King (in General Index) 84.*

16. ——— *Great Skifford, Mazon and Parishes, 51 G. 3. c. 113.*

17. ——— *Wyl Combe Hamlet, 50 G. 3. c. 114.*

18. **BEVER.** *Bevingly Parishes, including and encroaching from Tythes, 50 G. 3. c. 115.*

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23. **CAMBRIDGE.** *(Sh of Ely), draining, preserving and including Lands in Marsh, Wimbledon, and Ufford (according to G. 2. c. 35. and 51 G. 3. c. 101.) 50 G. 3. c. 121.*

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27. **CHICHESTER.** *Chichester Parishes, 50 G. 3. c. 125.*

28. ——— *Chichester Townships, 51 G. 3. c. 126.*

29. ——— *Liphinst and Thornton Townships, 51 G. 3. c. 127.*

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32. **CUMBERLAND.** *Wigham, Mazon, or Parishes, 51 G. 3. c. 130.*

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39. ——— *Soley Township, 51 G. 3. c. 137.*

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43. **ESSEX.** *Chiffell (Great and Little) Parishes, including and encroaching from Tythes, 51 G. 3. c. 141.*

44. ——— *Sturcedale, Rufford, and Harroving Parishes, 51 G. 3. c. 142.*

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47. **FLINT.** *Deverdun Parishes, 50 G. 3. c. 145.*

48. ——— *Roancliffe and Gwyn Parishes, 51 G. 3. c. 146.*

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50. **GLOUCESTER.** *Tidwale, Wotton, and Llanant Parishes, 50 G. 3. c. 148.*

51. ——— *Ragworthy Hamlet, 51 G. 3. c. 149.*

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53. ——— *Almy Parishes, 51 G. 3. c. 151.*

54. **HANTS.** *Keyham Parishes, 51 G. 3. c. 152.*

55. **HANTS.** *Calton, Wotton, and Southward Parishes, including Lands, 50 G. 3. c. 153.*

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59. **HUNTINGDON.** *Great Parishes and Tipton Parishes, including and encroaching from Tythes, 51 G. 3. c. 157.*

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61. **LEICESTER.** *Barlow Parishes, 51 G. 3. c. 159.*

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72. **LANCASHIRE.** *Levens Parishes, 50 G. 3. c. 170.*

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78. ———

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Inclusions.

Inclusions.

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156. *Swanton and Langton Parishes, 50 G. 3. c. 101.*

157. *Langton, Thorne, and Langton Parishes, 51 G. 3. c. 101.*

158. *Langton Manor, 51 G. 3. c. 101.*

159. *Langton and Langton Townships, 51 G. 3. c. 101.*

160. *Langton Parishes, including and including from Tyburn, 51 G. 3. c. 101.*

161. *Langton Parishes, 50 G. 3. c. 101.*

162. *Langton, in Langton Parishes, 50 G. 3. c. 101.*

163. *Langton, 51 G. 3. c. 101.*

Income, See Taxes, III. (Tax on Property.)

Indemnity Acts.

1. Annual Qualification Indemnity Act, 50 G. 3. c. 4. 1 51 G. 3. c. 28. 1 51 G. 3. c. 26.
2. To indemnify such Persons as have consented to give Securities, and register Memorials thereof, under 50 G. 3. c. 13, and for extending the Times limited for their Purposes respectively, till two Months after the next Session of Parliament, 51 G. 3. c. 26.
3. In what case Persons required by aforesaid Act to give Securities, and who have consented to do so, or to register Memorials thereof, indemnified, 51 G. 3. c. 26. § 4.
4. Such Securities and Memorials to be given and registered by the proper Persons; General Issue, § 2, 3.
See Oath, 1.

Infants.

1. For the Relief of Infant Factors in Courts of Equity, instituted to Stock or Annuities, or any of the Public or other Funds, transferrable in the Bank of England, 50 G. 3. c. 32.
2. Court of Chancery or Exchequer may order Dividends or Stocks, &c. belonging to Infants, to be paid to Guardians or Administrators of Infants, 51 G. 3. c. 32.
3. Provisions of 50 G. 3. c. 32. extended to South Sea and all other Stocks, 51 G. 3. c. 26. § 1.
4. Court of Chancery to give ancillary Orders, § 2.
5. Acts done under 50 G. 3. c. 32. not impeached, § 3.

Inductures, See Apprentices (Parish).

Indictment, See Justice, 1—3.

Inland Navigation, See Canals.

Insurgency, See Soldiers, 1, 3, 4.

Insolvent Debtors.

1. For the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in England, 51 G. 3. c. 27. See 268, 29.
2. Oaths to make and take Oath when they deliver in Lists; which Oaths to be taken in open Court, and the Lists to be kept by the Clerk of the Peace, 51 G. 3. c. 27.
3. Copy of Lists to be filed up in Prison, before Delivery to the Sheriff, § 1.
4. Prison for Debt, not exceeding 2000. to be discharged, § 2.
5. Further Extension of Relief to Debtors not exceeding 2000. whose Names have been in Custody 600 or ten Years, § 6.
6. On Petition exhibiting Schedules of all their Estates, Debtors may also Warrants to bring them to Quarter Sessions, § 7.
7. Justices empowered to hold Special Sessions for the Purposes aforesaid, § 8.
8. Debtors, applying to us by for their Debt up and give Petition (under 50 G. 3. c. 26. or, or other Newspaper) a Schedule of all their Estates, to the Clerk of the Peace, presently to be till Next, 50—50. Terms of Notice, § 11.
9. Lists, proving that N.G. have been 500, shall in open Court deliver a Schedule of all their Property as

- Oath; which Oath and Schedules such Debtors must subscribe. And the Court, at the Request of Creditors, may examine Debtors on Oath. The Schedules to be delivered in to the Court to remain with the Clerk of the Peace, 51 G. 3. c. 27. § 11, 12, 8.
- The Estate and Effects of Debtors discharged, to be sold in the Clerk of the Peace; who is to assign the same, or Trust for Benefit of Creditors, to such Creditors as the Court shall direct. And such Assignees are to get in the Debtor's Effects, and make Dividends thereof, giving thirty Days Notice of making such Dividends, § 14.
- Assignees or their Heirs, not delinquent, over such Estate or Balance, are liable to Imprisonment for the same, § 15.
- Creditors for Annuities to receive Dividends as under Commission of Bankruptcy, § 16.
- Effects of Debtors, not referred in Schedules, referred in Clerk of the Peace, § 27. And all Estates to refer to Clerk for 60—time being, § 19.
- Holders of Securities, without Consideration, are not entitled to Benefit, § 28.
- No Suit to be commenced at Law or in Equity, without the Consent of the Majority of Creditors, § 20.
- Mortgages to take place of Debts of an inferior Nature, § 21.
- Power of leasing Lands, &c. with a Assignees, § 22.
- Clerk on Request of Creditor to be sworn; and if Petition delivered in List was not under on the 18. May 1812., he shall take Oath of his Belief as to the Cause of Debtor's Commission, § 23.
- At the Request of Creditors, Debtors may be examined as Oath or Schedules touching Commitments; and if they refuse to answer near a Jury of 120. Sheriffs, &c. delinquent Orders of Justices are liable to six Months Imprisonment, § 24.
- Printers—On Order and Printer of Newspaper not complying with Act, 2001. 1 on Golden Commission Petition, 2001. Hold to Informer and remainder to Creditors; on Clerk of Peace not giving Copies of Adjustments of Discharge, not to Debtors; Debtors liable forswearing, guilty of, and punishable for, Petition, 200—20.
- Persons not discharged of Debts incurred subsequent to 18. May 1812. Act may be pleaded in Action of Escape, &c. and may be pleaded generally by Petition, § 20—22.
- Persons who, on Application as Insolvent Debtors, have been removed back, and those discharged without their Consent, entitled to Benefit of Act, § 23.
- This Act not to extend to Attorneys or Servants collecting Money; nor to Persons obtaining Money or Goods under false Pretences or Seditious Names, unless such Persons have respectively been in Prison for ten Years, § 24, 25; nor to Persons who, within the Benefit of any Insolvent Act within ten Years, § 26.
- Evidence of Oaths to be given. Petition as to Persons removed to Prison under any Insolvent Act, for fraudulently obtaining Money, &c. and as to Persons charged in Execution for Damages recovered in Actions for Criminal Conversation; and as to Persons removing Effects of the Value of 500. liable to be delivered for Rent; and as to Persons fleeing or absconding with their Creditors; and as to Persons taking Money at Play, except where such Persons respectively have been in Prison for ten Years, § 26—27.
- Act to be sworn by Debtors not paying Debtors to be paid in Cash or Entry in the Prison Books to be sworn, and good. Five on making Mile Error, § 26, 41.
- Debtors refusing to discover the Truth and Abuses of the Prison at which they are detained, excluded the Benefit of the Act, § 44.

27. Justice of Peace may appear to Justice of Peace in High-marshal Lane, 21 G. 3. c. 113. § 49. For Peace and Lowmarty may hold a office near to County Gaol; and for the District of Dublin may hold an Adjourned Session. 29. 29.
 28. Professor in College, for Prizes Post discharged, § 28.
 29. Act not to act in Debtors of the Crown, or Officers against the Customs, Excise, or Revenue, unless the Treasurer Consent, § 47.
 30. Discontinuation of Justice final, unless Debtor gets rid of Objections to his Discharge, § 48.
 31. Effects of which Professions are seized on Tail delivered up to Creditors, § 49.
 32. Assignees may apply for further Examination of Debtors in two Instances, § 50.
 33. Insolvent Discharges used, § 51.
 34. Assignees, with the Consent of Majesty in Value of Conditions, may compound Debts, and release Debtors to Authorisation. If Assignees die, others may be chosen; and Creditors, on Complaint, may remove Assignees, § 52—54.
 35. In case of mutual Credit, Release to be fixed, § 55.
 36. Professions authorised by Courts of Conscience, entitled to Benefit of Act; and Lists of them to be returned to Justices, § 56.
 37. Affirmation of Quakers taken, § 57.
 38. Assignees may amend Notices and Schedules in Matter of Form, § 58.
 39. Insolvent Debtor, on releasing his Interest, is a good Witness, § 59.
 40. Future Estate of Debtors discharged under this Act, liable, § 60.
 41. Bankruptcy, how far availed by this Act, § 61.
 42. Notices of such Bankrupts repleaded, and when Commission superseded. Discharge used, § 62, 64.
 43. The Benefit of 21 G. 3. c. 113, extended to Professions committed for Contempt in not paying Money awarded, or Costs, 21 G. 3. c. 113.
 44. An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in England, 21 G. 3. c. 113.
 45. Professions for Debt not exceeding 2000*l.* to be discharged, § 4.
 46. Chief Justice of K. B. &c. respectively to appoint a Bailiff, to consider Cases of Imprisonment, where Debt exceeds 2000*l.* § 5.
 47. Further Extension of Relief in Cases where Professions have been in Custody five or ten Years, § 6.
 48. If Commission of Bankrupt be superseded, Discharge void, § 18.
 49. Extension of Act to Peer Widows, &c. in the Engl Order, § 19—54.
 50. Professions to be presented to speak to Professions in convenient Room, where Names are inserted in Lists, &c., § 69.
- [The remaining Clauses of this *Act* are published in the same as those of 21 G. 3. c. 113. See ante, 1042.]
3. Commissioners' Seal, in Part. 21 G. 3. c. 113. § 3.
 4. Lord Lieutenant's Oath appears Secretary and Officers, and 21 G. 3. c. 113. § 4.
 5. Oath of Office to be taken by each Commissioner and Officers, and before signing, § 5—8.
 6. Expenses, follow—In a case of Appearance, § 9.
 7. With a certain Condition in it made, § 10, 11.
 8. Professions receiving Money for Military Purposes, to account to the said Commissioners, § 12.
 9. Commissioners may proceed in Accounts before Controversy of Army Accounts, &c. § 13.
 10. Accounts to be audited when Lord Lieutenant shall death, § 14.
 11. Auditor General to send Accounts to Commissioners, of some stated by him, § 15.
 12. Commissioners subject to Orders of Lord Lieutenant, § 16.
 13. Accountants to deliver to Commissioners Accounts of Receipts and Payments, § 17.
 14. Commissioners to call on Accountants to account; and on Default, after Notice, Commissioners may proceed summarily to audit Accounts in his Office, § 18, 19.
 15. Commissioners may require into France, not allow undue Expensiture in Discharge, § 20.
 16. Commissioners shall report to Lord Lieutenant and Parliament, § 21.
 17. Embarrassments charged against Commissioners, § 22.
 18. Commissioners may call Parties before them with Books and Vouchers, § 23.
 19. Commissioners may examine on Oath all Parties concerned in Expensiture of Money granted, § 24.
 20. Parties in Contempt may be brought by Bailiff before Commissioners to be examined, § 25.
 21. Commissioners may allow Payments without Vouchers, or so amended Vouchers; but Allowances above 20*l.* must be confirmed by Lord Lieutenant, § 26.
 22. On Examination, Commissioners shall make up Accounts, and deliver Copy to Accountant, § 27.
 23. Lord Lieutenant, empowered to return against some disallowed by Commissioners, § 28.
 24. Accounts audited by Commissioners, final, § 29.
 25. Relief of Accountants not in *Act* of, in Time of auditing Accounts, § 30.
 26. Vouchers delivered or given up, § 31.
 27. Penalty on Parties concerned relating to attend, § 32.
 28. Affirmation of Quaker allowed, § 33.
 29. Penalty of Perjury on false Oath or Affirmation, § 34.
 30. Penalty on Officers of Corporations, &c. relating to attend Sessions of Commissioners, § 35.
 31. Commencement, &c. of Act, § 37, 38.

Accounts (Public). See Commissioners of Public Accounts.

Annulments, See Revenue, IV. (In General Index).

Appeals, See Commissioners of Appeals.

Archbishops and Bishops.

1. To enable Creditors to Archbishops and Bishops in Ireland, to exercise the Powers of Archbishops and Bishops respectively, 21 G. 3. c. 50.
2. Creditors may exercise the Powers of Archbishops and Bishops, for whom they are appointed, § 1.
3. Not act in pretent to Bankrupt, § 2.

IRELAND.

Accounts (Military).

1. To provide for the more speedy Examination, controlling, and finally settling the Military Accounts of Ireland, 21 G. 3. c. 51.
2. His Majesty may appoint three Commissioners of Military Accounts, their Salaries, &c., § 2.

Arms.

- To continue for two Years, and from thence until the End of the three next Sessions of Parliament, and to give of the 47 G. 3. *Act* c. 254. for preventing improper Persons from having Arms in Ireland, 30 G. 3. c. 100.
- Stat. 47 G. 3. *Act* c. 254. continued, except as repealed by this *Act*, § 1.
- Two Justices, on Suspicion that Arms are unlawfully in Possession of any Person, may report to Lord Lieutenant, who shall issue his Warrant for their Seizure, § 1.
- Two Justices instead of one (as required by 47 G. 3. *Act* c. 254.) may search for Arms, &c. § 3.
- Proviso for Persons having a License for using Arms, § 4.

Arms, See Arms.

Bank of Ireland.

- To issue to the Bank of Ireland the Repayment of all Monies advanced by them, for certain Purposes therein mentioned, 31 G. 3. c. 35.
- [See Traders (Bills of), in this Article, and Bank, &c. in General Index.]

Bishops, See Archbishops and Bishops.

Bogs.

- Stat. 49 G. 3. c. 122. for appointing Commissioners to inquire into the Nature and Extent of Bogs in Ireland, and the Feasibility of draining and cultivating them, continued [to 10 Jan. 1813.] 31 G. 3. c. 122. [to 10 Jan. 1814.] 32 G. 3. c. 74.
- Both Treasury may issue 20,000*l.* to defray Expenses, 31 G. 3. c. 122. § 2.
- Both Treasury empowered to issue 5,000*l.* for the Purchase of 49 G. 3. c. 122. 32 G. 3. c. 74. § 2.

Bridges, See Local Acts.

Butter, See Buttery.

Butter.

- For the better Regulation of the Butter Trade in Ireland, 32 G. 3. c. 134.
- After 18 April 1813. former Acts (repealed) shall cease as to Butter and Butter Casks, § 1. 32.
- Weightmasters to be appointed, and their Duties, § 2—13. 22. 28.
- Casks to be of seasoned Oak or Ash, as directed, on what Penalty, § 14.
- Regulations as to Casks, § 14. 15. 23. 24.
- Butter improperly packed, to be brought before Mayor or Chief Justice, who may condemn as Cask, and for the Offender, § 15.
- Regulations, as to the Tying, Weighing, Packing, and Sale of Butter, § 17—20. 24.
- Penalty on Persons having in their Possession Boards for marking other Coopers' Marks, § 19.
- Penalties going to any House of Industry received by Weight Master, § 20.
- R-plevin, General Issue, Treble Costs, § 20.
- Act not to extend to Cork, § 27.
- Mayor, &c. may issue Warrants against Offenders summoned, and set afooting, § 29.
- Proceedings before Mayor, &c. and Penalty on Wharfies refusing to appear or give Evidence, § 30. 31.

- Coffee-house Officers may seize Butter illegally packed, imported into any Port in Great Britain, 32 G. 3. c. 134. § 31.

Cards and Dice, See Stamps.

Coadjutors, See Archbishops and Bishops.

Commissioners of Public Accounts.

- To provide for the speedy and regular Commission and Audit of the Public Accounts of Ireland, and to repeal certain former Acts respecting therein, 30 G. 3. c. 212.
- Statutes, 23 & 24 G. 3. (*L.*) c. 26. 25 G. 3. (*L.*) c. 63. 38 G. 3. (*L.*) c. 96. and 43 G. 3. c. 53. § 6. repealed, § 1.
- His Majesty may appoint five Commissioners of Accounts in Ireland, with Salaries, § 1. 2.
- Said Commissioners shall sit in Parliament, § 3.
- Lord Lieutenant may appoint a Secretary and Officers, and direct Payment of Salaries, § 5. 6.
- Oath of Office, before whom to be taken, by Commissioners and Officers, § 7. 8.
- Representatives Evidence of Appointment, § 9.
- What Accounts shall be subject to Examination, &c. of Commissioners, § 11—15.
- Matters to be done by or in Commissioners of Imprest Accounts, shall refer to Commissioners under *Act*, § 16.
- Proceedings before former Commissioners continued by new Commissioners, § 17.
- Lord Lieutenant or Treasury may order Accounts [except Military Accounts] to be submitted to Commissioners, § 18. 19.
- Commissioners subject to Order of Lord Lieutenant, § 20.
- Auditor General and Accountants shall send quarterly to Commissioners, Accounts and Returns of Public Money advanced, § 21. 22.
- Delivery thereof not to preclude the transmitting of other Accounts required, § 23.
- Commissioners shall call on Accountants to account, and compel them to do, by Application to Attorney General, &c. § 24.
- On Default of Accountants, Commissioners may, after Notice, proceed summarily to audit Accounts in his Absence, § 25.
- When Money granted by Parliament generally, Accountants shall draw Accounts of all their Funds, § 26.
- Money shall not be paid by Treasury, till former Sums accounted for, § 27.
- Period of commencing Accounts by Commissioners, § 28.
- No Deduction allowed from Grants except Fells and Passage, § 29.
- Commissioners may call Parties before them with their Books and Vouchers, § 30.
- Commissioners may examine on Oath all Persons concerned in Expediture of Money granted, § 31.
- Commissioners may require into Vouchers, and shall not allow unless Expediture in Discharge, § 32.
- Commissioners shall report to Lord Lieutenant, the Treasury, and Parliament, § 33.
- Parties in Controversy may be brought before Commissioners by Motion Capias, to be examined, § 34.
- Commissioners may allow Payments without written Vouchers, or on imperfect Vouchers; but Allowances shall not to be confirmed by Lord Lieutenant, § 35.
- Qualities of Board of Full Proofs and Certificates of Bishops, allowed as Vouchers, § 36.
- On Examinations, Commissioners shall make up Accounts, and deliver Copies to Accountants, § 37.

29. Accounts submitted by Officers, Seal, and Receipts, to be paid by the Commissioners, 32 G. 3. c. 53. § 39.
30. Lord Lieutenant's power of appointing agents, to be allowed by the Commissioners, 32 G. 3. c. 53.
31. Relief of Accountants to be allowed at the Time of settling Accounts, 32.
32. Vouchers to be produced by Officers, 34.
33. Penalty on Officers, who neglect to bring to attend, &c. § 42.
34. Affairs of the Customs, 34.
35. Half-Cent on Affidavits, 34.
36. Penalty on Officers of the Customs, who refuse to attend on Business, &c. § 47.
37. Commissioners, Sec. of Act, 34, 47.

Commissioners of Appraisals (to Revenue Customs.)

1. To make better Provisions in the Commissioners of Appraisals Revenue Customs, 32 G. 3. c. 75.
2. Seal. Yearly to be paid to each Commissioner, Payment returned to be computed in 31st December next, 31, 2.
3. Assizes may be granted to Commissioners of Appraisals, not exceeding 300^l. § 3.

CUSTOMS AND EXCISE.

I. Acts in Force for granting Duties.

II. Importing, Exporting, and Warehousing of Goods.

III. Acts relating to particular Subjects.

I. Acts in force for granting Duties.

1. For granting certain Rates and Duties, and for allowing certain Drawbacks and Bounties imported into and exported from Ireland, and to grant additional Duties on the Importation, and to allow Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Goods from Ireland, 30 G. 3. c. 97.
2. The Duties and Drawbacks imposed by 25 G. 3. c. 28. (which had been continued and modified by several successive Acts) are further continued, except as to Drawbacks and Bounties on Sugar, (see Sugar Act,) [to July 31st 1812.] 30 G. 3. c. 97. § 44. [to July 31st 1812.] by 31 G. 3. c. 86 § 1. except as to Modifications heretofore made; and further continued by 31 G. 3. c. 87.
3. Duties and Drawbacks in Schedules A.) and (B.) granted and allowed, § 2.
4. Such Duties to be paid on Goods not entered, &c. and also on Goods Warmed 1. pursuant to the Act, § 3, 4.
5. What Wares were imposed before the passing of this Act, to be charged with additional Duty, § 5.
6. Additional Excise Duties on Wines, &c. § 6.
7. Duties to be paid on Brandy Curried and carried to Countries of the East, § 7.
8. Duties and Drawbacks to be under the Regulation of 13 & 25 Car. 2. &c. with like Remedy of Appeal, § 8.
9. Additional Duty may be levied by Bond, § 9.
10. Importers to deliver an Account of Stock to Collector of each District, on what Penalty, § 10.
11. Officers of Bonds may order Vendors of Wine Dealers, — Penalty on disobeying them, § 11.
12. In Case of Diligence, Officers may take Samples of Wine, &c. Penalty on disobeying them, § 12.
13. Officers taking an Account of Wares, to make a Return to Collector, and Duties charged accordingly, § 13.
14. Bond may be taken for Duty of Wine in Stock, § 14.
15. No Power for Removal, until Duties paid, § 15.
16. Relief for wrong Payments, § 16.
17. Discount allowed for prompt Payment, § 17.
18. Dealers may charge additional Duty to Buyer before Delivery, § 18.

4. Commissioners to make better Provisions for the better Payment of the Duties imposed, 32 G. 3. c. 75. § 4.

Commissioners of Inquiry.

1. For continuing 24 G. 3. c. 106. (continued by 25 G. 3. c. 67. 25 G. 3. c. 68. c. 69. and 26 G. 3. c. 71.) for appointing Commissioners to inquire into the Fees, Gratifications, Perquisites and Emoluments received in several Public Offices in Ireland, to examine into any Abuses which may exist in the same, and into the Mode of receiving, collecting and accounting for Public Money in Ireland, 30 G. 3. c. 86. § 1. 31 G. 3. c. 86. § 1. 32 G. 3. c. 92. § 1. [to March 1st 1812.]
2. Treasury of Ireland (to be used for Payment of Clerks, &c. *ibid.* § 2.

Coroners.

1. For regulating the Fees payable to Coroners in Ireland, upon holding Inquests, 30 G. 3. c. 30.
2. What Sum Grand Jury may pay for French Inquest, § 1.
3. Not to attend on Inquests held in Quails in Dublin, § 2.

19. Continuance of Act, which may be altered, &c. 31 G. 3. c. 67. § 19. 30.
20. New Duties of Customs imposed; according to Schedule, by 31 G. 3. c. 86. § 4.
21. American Timber, imported into Ireland, and Wood, to pay Duties, as Wood of Foreign Countries, § 5.
22. Additional Duty on Tobacco. Drawback on Exportation, § 4.
23. Conserving Duty on Brandy Caskings exported into Ireland. Equivalent Drawback on Irish Carriage, § 5.
24. Conserving Duty on Brandy Tobacco and Snuff, § 6.
25. Drawback on Manufactured Tobacco and Snuff exported to Foreign Parts, § 7.
26. Conserving Duty and equivalent Drawback on Irish Spirits exported to Great Britain, § 8.
27. Excess of Duty in what Case refunded, § 9.
28. Staves imported Duty Free from Brandy Colonies, § 10.
29. Duties paid in Brandy Currency and carried to Consolidated Fund, § 11.
30. Duties payable on Goods not entered and also on Goods warehoused, § 12, 13.
31. Additional Duties levied, § 14.
32. Foreign Raw Sugar warehoused in Ireland, § 15.
33. Payment of Lightship Duties in Ports of Ireland, § 16.
34. Duties and Drawbacks under Regulation of 14 & 15 Car. 2. c. 2. &c. and 26 G. 3. c. 206. &c., § 17.
35. Continuance, &c. of Act, 31 G. 3. c. 10.
36. To amend several Acts relating to the Fees, Duties and the Revenue of Customs in Ireland, 32 G. 3. c. 105.
37. Act, 19. of 31 G. 3. c. 105. c. 106. c. 107. § 1.
38. Manner of relaying Entries on Entry of Goods, either in Quantity or Amount of Duty, § 1.
39. Merchants having Goods warehoused, to attend on receiving Notice, § 2.
40. Customs or Coopers plying on Custom House Quay to have Barges of Appointments, on what Penalty, § 4.
41. Revenue, &c. of Prisons, § 5.
42. Wool sold by Farming Houses, passage from Auction Duty, 32 G. 3. c. 99. § 18.

II. Importing

II. Importing, Exporting, and Warehousing of Goods.

- To enter the Provisions of 48 G. 3. c. 32. for preventing certain Goods imported into Ireland, to be warehoused or focused without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid, and to amend the same, 30 G. 3. c. 258.
- Goods included in Warehouse order 48 G. 3. c. 31. may be removed Civilly, on what Conditions, § 1.
- Manner of Writ to take out a Coast Comport, and first Importer to enter into Bond for Delivery of Goods, on Penalty of 100*l.* § 2.
- Importer of Goods removed to enter into Bond, to export the same or pay Duty, § 1 and if Goods be not cleared, the Bond to be sold, and Penalty applied under the 48 G. 3. c. 31. § 3.
- In what case first Bond required, § 4.
- Unpacked sugar of compressed or solid Mass, and Foreign or Bay Salt may be warehoused under 48 G. 3. c. 30., § 5.
- In what case, on Exportation of Foreign or Bay Salt, Drawback all well, § 6.
- Act may be cited, *ibid.* § 7.
- The Drawback allowed by 47 G. 3. c. 12. § 1. 2. for re-exporting the Export of Salted Beef and Pork from Ireland, extended to Tongues, Hams and Bacon, taken as *Ireland*, &c., 51 G. 3. c. 37.
- Allowing the Free Importation between Great Britain and Ireland of Home-made Chocolate; to prevent the Importation of Foreign Chocolate into Ireland, so long as the same shall be prohibited in England; and to grant certain Duties on Cocoa Nuts imported into Ireland, 41 G. 3. c. 58.
- Duties and Drawbacks of Home-manufactured Chocolate as usual, § 1.
- Which manufactured Chocolate only to be imported into Ireland, § 2.
- Duties and Drawbacks on Importation of Cocoa Nuts into Ireland, § 3.
- Duties, Drawbacks and Forfeitures, how levied and paid, § 4.
- To suspend the Exportation of Spirits, made or distilled in Ireland, from Corn or Grass, [to 30th December 1812.] 52 G. 3. c. 45.

*III. Acts relating to Particular Subjects.**Malt, Malsters, and Brewers.*

- To amend former Acts relating to the Making of Malt, and the granting of Permits and Certificates, and the Regulations of Brewers, and of Persons employing more than one Still, 30 G. 3. c. 299.
- Sched. 43. 47. of 47 G. 3. c. 53. repealed, § 1.
- Malt to undergo, to remain a certain Time on the Floor, on what Penalty, § 2.
- Licence for Malsters of certain Dimensions granted, on what Conditions, § 3.
- Mixing Corn and Malt intended to be exported; Penalties of the laws, and 36. Penalty for Breach before, § 4.
- Penalties not incurred on account of the Exportation of Corn (not for Consumption of any single Goods which Notice be given by the Officer, § 5.
- Salt, &c. of 48 G. 3. c. 288. and 49 G. 3. c. 299. repealed, § 6.
- Penalty on Brewers having in their Possession Stills of less Content than 45 Gallons, § 7.
- Regulations for Distillers in working overgreen Stills, &c.
- Sched. 48. of 47 G. 3. c. 53. extended to Stillers in whole Malt Malt is brewed without Permit, 38 G. 3. c. 297. § 9.
- Sched. 11. of 48 G. 3. c. 299. as to breaking Corn in Coats, Presses, &c. repealed, and breaking malt after Twelve Days from its being thrown out of Coats prohibited, § 10. 21.

- Commissioners of Excise empowered to license Malsters of any Dimensions, 51 G. 3. c. 277. § 12.
- Licence may be refused or withdrawn, § 13.
- Licence to be signed by Three Commissioners, and subject to Regulations of excise Laws, § 14.
- Persons making Malt without Licence or Registry, guilty of a Misdemeanor, § 15.

Spirits (with Distilling, Warehousing, Bottling, and Selling by Retail.

- Spirits, Distilling, and Warehousing.*—To grant Duties upon Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, from Corn to allow certain Drawbacks on Exportation thereof; to make further Regulations for the Encouragement of licensed Distillers; and for amending the Laws relating to the Distillery in Ireland, 30 G. 3. c. 319.
- Duty on Corn Spirits, in lieu of former Duties, 30 G. 3. c. 15. § 1.
- Duty on Corn Spirits, under 48 G. 3. c. 78. § 1., and on the Strength under 49 G. 3. c. 78. § 2. repealed, § 2.
- Regulations of 47 G. 3. c. 78. § 3. 4. 5. to be Allowance for Malt Duty, repealed, 30 G. 3. c. 15. § 2.
- Drawback on Corn Spirits exported, § 3.
- Duties on Spirits to be a Charge on Distiller, and the Provisions of 48 G. 3. c. 88. and of former Acts applied to this, § 4.
- 48 G. 3. c. 88. § 77. repealed, § 5.
- What Stills Commissioners of Excise may license, less than 44 Gallons, § 6.
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7. 48 G. 3. c. 78, 49 G. 3. c. 78, 50 G. 3. c. 78.
8. Regulations for Permits for conveying Tobacco, § 9, 10.
9. Tobacco conveyed without Permits, which for Exportation, &c., § 11, 12.
10. Certificate from Surveyor, of his having inspected Manufacturer, produced before Licence granted, § 12.
11. Stock in Possession of Manufacturer to be certified, &c., by what in such Account of Officer, &c., § 13.
12. To be in a Cask may be allowed, § 14.
13. Contracts for Sale of Tobacco, where Commissioners not to be as mentioned in Act, with § 15.
14. If Tobacco be sold for a lower Price, Buyer not to receive Duty from the Seller, § 16.
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17. No Tobacco to be imported into Ireland from certain Places after the Periods mentioned in Act, on what 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.
18. Duties and Penalties, how levied and paid, &c., § 20—22.

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1. To prevent Masters agents Embarkments by their Servants in Ireland, 50 G. 3. c. 38.
2. Servants or Clerks taking into their Possession Money, &c. on their Master's Account, and fraudulently converting the same, are guilty of a Misdemeanor, and shall be punished, § 1.

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1. To amend the Laws relative to the Sale of Flax Seed and Hemp Seed, in Ireland, 50 G. 3. c. 84.
2. On what Conditions Auctioneers for selling unlicensed Flax Seed, &c. shall be brought, § 1.

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1. For improving and completing the Harbour on the North Side of the Hill of Howth, near Dublin, and amending a like Situation for the King's Packet, 50 G. 3. c. 72.
2. Who shall be Commissioners for executing this Act, 50 G. 3. c. 72, § 1.
3. Commissioners to take and subscribe in Oath, § 2.
4. May appoint Officers and make Contracts, § 3.
5. Contracts by whom to be signed, § 4.
6. Commissioners may bring and defend Affidavits the Name of their Secretary, who shall be reimbursed his Expenses, § 4.
7. Commissioners empowered to execute Act, § 5.
8. Ground, &c. vested in them, § 5.
9. Lands may be entered for Survey, and Satisfaction made for Damages, § 6.
10. Powers to Commissioners to enter on Lands, and take Materials; and to make Roads for conveying the same, § 7.

11. Commissioners may make Roads, Quays, and Works, giving Sanctions for Damages, 30 G. 3. c. 72. § 8.
12. Commissioners empowered to agree with Librators of Ground for the Purposes of this Act, and give Sanctions for Damages, § 9.
13. Expenses of Contracts, how defrayed, and Form of such Contracts, § 5.
14. In Default of Agreement, Jury to be summoned, § 10.
15. Process to Sheriff, who, on a certain Feealty, shall return a Jury, which Parties concerned may challenge, § 10.
16. Witnesses to be examined by Jury, who shall enquire into the Facts of the Case, and award Damages accordingly, § 10.
17. Judgment of such Jury conclusive, § 10.
18. Jury to value Ground according to its actual State, § 11.
19. Expense of Justice, how paid, § 12.
20. Parties expending Justice, to enter into a Bond to prosecute, § 13.
21. On Payment of Sums awarded, Conveyance to be made to Commissioners, § 14.
22. Verdicts to be returned, and Copies thereof to be Evidence, § 15.
23. On Payment of Money awarded, Provision to vest in Commissioners, § 15.
24. Conveyances of Estate, &c. effectual, § 16.
25. Compensation Money, how to be applied by the Commissioners, § 17—19.
26. In case of not making out Titles, or Prizes entitled not being found, the Purchase Money to be paid into the Bank, subject to the Order of the Court of Chancery, § 20.
27. In what case Particular deemed entitled according to Possession, § 21.
28. Court of Chancery may order Expenses of Particulars to be paid by Trustees, § 22.
29. Commissioners may hold Pleas, &c. at certain Places, which Pleas, &c. shall be void in them, § 23.
30. Penalty on obstructing the Execution of this Act, § 24.
31. Obstructing the Course of Water, &c. Penalty, § 24.
32. Recovery of Penalties, § 24.
33. Limitation of Actions—General Issue—Double Costs, § 25.
34. Duties. See Title Harbours, in General Index.
35. To amend and render more effectual several Acts for promoting the Trade of Dublin, by rendering its Port and Harbour more commodious, and for erecting, repairing and maintaining Light-houses round the Coast of Ireland, and to raise a Fund for defraying the Charge thereof, 31 G. 3. c. 86.
36. Rates to be paid by Vessels passing Light-houses on the Coast of Ireland, § 1. [repealed by 32 G. 3. c. 115. § 1.]
37. And by Vessels passing Floating Light on the Irish Coast, &c. [repealed by 32 G. 3. c. 115. § 1.]
38. Rates for Buoys of Ships, § 2. [repealed by 32 G. 3. c. 115. § 1.]
39. Additional Balled and Tonnage Rates, § 3.
40. Duties to be in Addition to former Duties, § 4.
41. How Duties to be collected and disposed of, § 5. [repealed by 32 G. 3. c. 115. § 1.] See 54. infra.
42. Proviso for Ships of War and Fishing Vessels, § 4.
43. Notice of completing Light-houses, in Gazette, § 5.
44. But Duty not to be till Light set up, § 5.
45. River Acts 1792, and the Harbours, &c. to be under Corporation for preserving Port of Dublin, § 10.
46. Proviso for Grand Jurors appointing Overseers in respect of Bridges, § 11.
47. Corporation may borrow Money on Credit of Rates, § 12.
48. Fund established for paying off Debt, § 13.
49. Members of Corporation not to hold Office under it, § 14.
50. Proviso as to present Officers, § 14.

51. Officers to take Oath, 31 G. 3. c. 86. § 15.
52. Treasury may direct Sums remaining in Charge applied Corporation for Harbours, &c. to be struck out in settling their Accounts, § 15.
53. General Idea, § 16.
54. To make more effectual Provisions for enabling the Corporation for preserving and improving the Port of Dublin to erect, repair and maintain Light-houses and Lights round the Coast of Ireland, and to defray the Expense thereof, 31 G. 3. c. 115. See Light-houses.

Hans.

1. All Duties thereon, and Regulations for securing the same, repealed by 31 G. 3. c. 86.

Hemp, See Linen.

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Indebted Debtor.

1. For extending and amending the Provisions of 37 G. 3. (A) c. 56. for the Relief and Maintenance of Insolvent Debtors, detailed in Preface, 30 G. 3. c. 47.
2. Statute, 32 G. 3. c. 86. and 37 G. 3. (A) c. 56. § 1. repealed, 30 G. 3. c. 47. § 2.
3. Within what Time Declarations to be delivered, and Trial had, § 3.
4. Charging Prisoners in Execution, § 4.
5. Application for Maintenance; Debts not to exceed £50, § 5.
6. When Prisoners may petition for Discharge, § 6.
7. Objections to Discharge, how made, § 7.
8. Weekly Allowance to Prisoners received, § 8.
9. Duration of the Confinement of Prisoners receiving weekly Allowance, § 9.
10. Allowance to Prisoners remanded, on Application of Attorneys, § 10.
11. Act not to extend to Attorneys, &c. embracing, except they have been imprisoned for 10 Years, § 11.
12. Prisoners for Contempt of Courts entitled to Benefit of this Act, § 12.
13. Prisoners may defend in Prison, § 13.
14. Prisoners not having taken Benefit of recited Act, to have Benefit of this, § 14.
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17. Prisoners in Custody on the 1st of May, 1811, for Debts not exceeding 1000l. discharged, on complying with the Act, § 1. &c.
18. An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in Ireland, 32 G. 3. c. 115. [none in substance as 31 G. 3. c. 115. See *Insolvent Debtors*, in General Index.]

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Judges.

1. For augmenting the Salaries of Judges in Ireland, 30 G. 3. c. 31.
2. Statute 36 G. 3. (A) c. 26. relating to Amount of Salaries, repealed, § 1.
3. Additional Salaries to be paid to the Judges, § 3.
4. Period of Commencement, § 4.
5. Provision of recited Act, &c. for as repealed, to extend to this Act, § 5.

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Law.

- 1. Statutes of G. 3. c. 20. 26 G. 3. c. 23. and 24 G. 3. c. 27. (H. S. Act), for the better Execution of the Law and Preservation of the Peace, within Counties at large, contained [to 25th March, 1814.] 31 G. 3. c. 22.

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Light-houses.

- 1. To enable the Corporation for preferring and improving the Port of Dublin, to erect, repair and maintain Light-houses round the Coasts of Ireland, and to raise a Fund for defraying the Charges thereof, [30 G. 3. c. 35. repealed by] 32 G. 3. c. 117. § 1.
- 2. Duties paid to the Corporation for defraying Erection of Light-houses, &c.
- 3. Regulations concerning Payment of such Duties, § 5—7. 11.
- 4. Notice to be given when Light-houses completed, and also to the Trinity House, when any new Light-house is intended, § 3. 9.
- 5. Powers for erecting Light-houses given to and exercised by Corporation for improving Dublin Port, § 11.
- 6. Corporation to build and keep in Repair such Light-houses as shall be deemed necessary, § 9.
- 7. If Trinity House dissent object to building new Light-houses in Six Months, Corporation may proceed, § 9.
- 8. Suggestions of Trinity House laid before Lord Lieutenant, § 9.
- 9. Powers of 26 G. 3. [L.] c. 17, &c. applied to this Act, § 10.
- 10. Commencement of Act, &c. § 12.

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- 1. 30-31. 32. of 3 G. 3. [L.] c. 34. which made the dealing of Cloth from Bleaching Grounds Tenable without Clergy, repealed, 31 G. 3. c. 35. § 1.
- 2. Stealing Lanes from Bleach Yards, Transportation, &c., § 2.

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- 1. *Boonies* (Earl), Purveyor of Estates, 31 G. 3. c. lxxviii.
- 2. *Bullifl* "Academical Institution," Incorporation of, 30 G. 3. c. cxxvii.
- 3. *Carlow, Tipperary, and Kilkenny Roads*, repairing, &c., 31 G. 3. c. lxi.
- 4. *Card, Road from, to Trillick, Co. Kerry*, 31 G. 3. c. cxxxviii.
- 5. *Conventry, Henry*, Guardian of, enabled to grant Leases, 32 G. 3. c. cccv.
- 6. *Drumshelva Harbour*, 30 G. 3. c. 2.
- 7. *Dublin*, Expanding public Roads in the County of Dublin, (amending 26 G. 3. [L.] c. 14.) 30 G. 3. c. 18.
- 8. ——— *Padding Ropery*, better Management of, (amending and continuing 20 G. 3. [L.] c. 33. and 26 G. 3. [L.] c. 35.) 30 G. 3. c. cxxx.
- 9. ——— *Parish*, &c. (explaining 42 G. 3. [L.] c. cxc. relating to *St. Andrew Square*.) 30 G. 3. c. cccv.
- 10. ——— *Dues of Cathedral Church of Holy Trinity*, accepting Surrender, and granting Leases, 31 G. 3. c. lxxxviii.
- 11. ——— *City*, Statutes 11 & 22 G. 3. [L.] c. 17. 23 & 24 G. 3. [L.] c. 18. 30 G. 3. [L.] c. 19. 40 G. 3. c. 72. in so far as they relate to the Improvement of *Dublin*, continued till 25th March, 1825. 31 G. 3. c. 50. § 1.
- 12. ——— To enable the Lord Lieutenant to regulate the Price of Coals bought for the Benefit of the Poor of the City of *Dublin*, 31 G. 3. c. 116.
- 13. ——— For completing the rebuilding of *Lanes Bridge*, over the River *Dow Liffey*, 32 G. 3. c. 22.

- 14. *Duffin City*, Empowering Grand Jurors of *Dublin*, &c. to vary the Site hereof for the intended Bridge over the *Liffey* (instead of Ormsud Bridge), 31 G. 3. c. 111. And for *Barbarosa*, § in General Index.
- 15. *Hamilton, George, Esq.* Second, Sale of Estates, 31 G. 3. c. lxxxviii.
- 16. *Kildare*, Removal of County Infirmary from *Kildare* to *New*, 30 G. 3. c. 111.
- 17. ——— *Lynn, Kilt, Glenville, Colbridge, and Downcomport Parishes*, including Leases, 31 G. 3. c. cccvii.
- 18. *Limerick (City)*, Parish, &c. St. Michael's Parish, (amending 42 G. 3. [L.] c. cxxx.) 31 G. 3. c. cxi.
- 19. *Londonderry*, Erecting a Court House, 32 G. 3. c. lxxxviii.
- 20. *Newry*, Building Parish Church, 31 G. 3. c. 100.
- 21. *O'Connor, Maurice Nugent, Esq.* Sale of forfeited Estates, 30 G. 3. c. cccv.
- 22. *Swick, Sir George*, Bart. Sale of Estates, 31 G. 3. c. lxxxv.

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- 1. Annual. Yearly (Fifth Curtesy), to be added to Salary of Lord Lieutenant, 31 G. 3. c. 89.

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- 1. For encouraging the Consumption of Malt Liquor in *Ireland*, 30 G. 3. c. 26. [repealed by 32 G. 3. c. 46. § 19.]

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Members of Parliament (Election of).

- 1. To amend the Laws for regulating the Election in *Ireland* of Members to serve in Parliament, 31 G. 3. c. 77.
- 2. In what case Oaths respecting Registry of Freeholds declared to be valid, § 1.
- 3. Months deemed Calendar Months, § 2.
- 4. Polls taken in Oaths, &c. under 13 & 14 G. 3. [L.] c. 35. and 23 G. 3. [L.] c. 21. verified to vote as under 27 G. 3. [L.] c. 73. § 3.
- 5. Returning Officer to appoint Persons to administer Oaths, &c., § 4.
- 6. Clerk of Peace to give Certificate to Persons applying, § 4.
- 7. Duty by Persons administering Oaths, § 4.
- 8. Oath by Clerk of the Peace, § 4.
- 9. Proper Officer to transmit to the Office of Rolls, Rolls containing Names, &c. of Persons taking Oaths, &c., § 5.
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- 11. In what case vote Certificate allowed, § 7.
- 12. Penalty on Officer of Court neglecting to transmit Rolls, or make out Lists, &c., § 8.

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Militia.

- 1. Annual Acts for defraying Charge of Pay and Clothing of the Militia of *Ireland*, and for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia, during Peace, 30 G. 3. c. 29. 31 G. 3. c. 20. 32 G. 3. c. 122.
- 2. Rate of Pay, and Modes of issuing the same, 30 G. 3. c. 29. § 1—6.

3. Half-pay Officers allowed to receive Pay in Militia, see Oath, 35 G. 3. c. 39. § 7.
4. Treasury to issue Money for Clothing, &c. § 8.
5. How Expenses of Plant for depositing Arms and Stores defrayed, § 9.
6. In what case Adjutants and Sergeants entitled to Allowance, § 10.
7. Annual Allowance to Subalterns after attending Militia, § 11—17.
8. Senior Lieutenants to have the Preference, § 18.
9. To amount 40 G. 3. c. 122. and 51 G. 3. c. 228. relating to the Militia of Ireland, 35 G. 3. c. 39.
10. Not exceeding One-fourth of Number of Militia called to assist of Boys, of Age 14, and upwards, § 1.
11. As to the Interchange of *Irish* and *British* Militia, see *Militia*, *infra*, in General Index.
12. Commander in Chief to exercise the same Powers over *Irish* Militia as of *Ireland*, as Officer commanding Forces in *Ireland*, 35 G. 3. c. 39. § 2.
13. To amend the several Acts for enabling His Majesty to accept the Services of Volunteers from the Militia of *Ireland*, 35 G. 3. c. 10.
14. So much of 25 G. 3. c. 122. and 28 G. 3. c. 64. as confers authority on certain Persons, repealed, § 1.
15. His Majesty may direct Regulations of the Line to receive Volunteers from the Militia of *Ireland*, § 2.
16. Commanding Officers shall appoint Persons of Excellence, all Number required is filled, § 3.
17. Proportion allowed is fixed, § 4.
18. If Number allowed do not suffice, calling in according to List allowed, § 5.
19. When Lord Lieutenant shall issue Orders to enrol Volunteers for augmented Militia, he shall direct Treasury to advance Money for Payment of Bounty, § 6.
20. To make Provision in certain Cases for the Wives and Families of Sergeants, Corporals, Drummers and Privates, serving in the Militia of *Ireland*, 35 G. 3. c. 78. (amended by 35 G. 3. c. 28.) See 35—60. *infra*.
21. Sect. 40 G. 3. c. 28. repealed, § 1.
22. Militia Men desirous of obtaining Relief for their Family, to make Declaration contained in the Act, &c. (and see 35. *infra*.)
23. Commanding Officer to sign Certificate, § 2.
24. Declaration and Certificate to be attested by Adjutant, &c., § 4.
25. Rates of Allowance to each Family, § 5.
26. Limitation as to Children, § 6.
27. Subalterns Families not entitled to Allowance, § 7.
28. Further Regulations as to Allowance, § 8.
29. Justices to enquire into the Circumstances of Family of Militia Men, and to renew such Enquiry every Three Months, and inform Officers on Certificates, § 9. *see*
30. Order for Payment, § 9.
31. Abstracts of Orders (or Rules) to be sent by Barrical Collector to Collector of Excise, who shall keep them as Vouchers, § 10.
32. Barrical Collector to pay Allowance, § 12.
33. Allowance, when payable, § 13.
34. Allowance paid by Barrical Collector, to be repaid Quarterly by Collector of Excise, § 14.
35. Collector of Excise may make Monthly Payments, § 15.
36. No Payment as to Allowance, § 16.
37. Abstract of Payments to be laid before Quarter Sessions, § 17.
38. Allowances stopped or reduced according to Circumstances, § 18.
39. Family entitled to Relief only while Militia Men serves, § 19.
40. State of Families given to Adjutant every Month, § 20.

41. Adjutant to make Monthly Returns of Families, to Collector of Excise, &c., 35 G. 3. c. 28. § 19.
42. Copies of Returns to Barrical Collector, to enter Abstractions at Foot of Orders made by Justices, § 20.
43. No Payment, until Returns received, § 21.
44. Payments made according to Returns, § 22.
45. Remittance to Barrical Collectors for their Trouble, § 23.
46. Penalties on Barrical Collectors for Neglect of Duty, and for neglecting to pay Sums due to Militia Men's Families, § 24. 27.
47. Form of Certificate, § 25.
48. Affidavits before Justice—Penalty of Perjury, § 29.
49. Half Barony, deemed a whole, § 30.
50. Commencement of Act, which may be altered, &c., § 31, 32.
51. When any Regiment of Militia is out of *Ireland*, Commanding Officer shall give a Certificate on Behalf of Men remaining in *Ireland*, attached to other Regiments, 35 G. 3. c. 28. § 1.
52. Declaration of Militia Men required by 35 G. 3. c. 78. § 2. [*Supra*, 22.] Subscribed at Foot of Certificate, § 2.
53. Form of Certificate chosen, of Commanding Officer in *Ireland*, § 3.
54. All such Declarations and Certificates shall be countersigned by Adjutants, who shall keep Registers thereof, § 4.
55. Act not shall render Certificate and Declaration to Militia Men, to be transmitted to his Family, § 5.
56. Declaration to be presented as, agreeably to 35 G. 3. c. 78. § 6.
57. Justices may inquire into Circumstances, which might enable Families to relief under recited Act, § 7.
58. On Justices certifying Amount of Allowance on their Order, Families shall receive pecuniary Monthly Allowance, § 8.
59. Returns, &c. made by and to Adjutants of Regiments to which Militia Men are attached, § 9.
60. Current Allowance continued to be paid to Families, &c. of Men in Militia at the Time of paying 40 G. 3. c. 28. with Arrears, § 10.

Naval Stores.

1. So much of 22 Geo. 2. c. 7. § 2. & 10 W. 3. c. 41. § 6. c. 1. c. 8. 17 G. 2. c. 40. and 32 G. 3. c. 289. as relates to Naval Ordnance and Victualling Stores, enacted in *Ireland*, 35 G. 3. c. 12. § 1.
2. Offence against 35 & 40 G. 3. c. 89. § 29. &c. law tried, § 1.

Oaths, See Unlawful Oaths.

Offenders.

1. To authorize the Punishment, by Confinement and hard Labour, of Persons in *Ireland* liable to Transportation, § 1. and to apply in such a manner as relates to that Subject, 35 G. 3. c. 65.
2. Sect. 1. of 27 & 28 G. 3. (I.) c. 9. and § 8. of 40 G. 3. (I.) c. 26. in part repealed, § 1.
3. Crimes punishable by Transportation may be punished by Confinement in some Heads of Conviction, &c., § 2.
4. In what case the Clerk of the Peace, &c. to commit Punishment to Sheriff or Gaoler, with other Jurisdiction, § 3.
5. Expenses of Sheriff or Gaoler, &c. to be paid by County, § 4.
6. Punishment of sitting the Refuse of Offenders, § 5.
7. Offenders sleeping liable to further Punishment, § 6.

1. Mode of Proceeding to Conviction in such case—*See*, 51 G. 3. c. 83. § 7, 8.
2. Offenders to be kept separate, § 9.
3. Returns of Offenders to be made to Judges and Justices, § 10.
4. Offenders, on being referred to Liberty, to receive a Bath and Clothing, § 10.
5. Their Time of Confinement may be shortened, in what case, § 11.
6. County to pay Expenses of Allowance and Clothing, § 11.
7. General Issue—*Trial Costs*, § 11.
8. Limitation of Allowance, § 12.
9. Offenders may be removed from one House of Correction to another, § 13.

Officers, See Commissioners of Inquiry.

Population.

1. For taking an Account of the Population of Ireland, and of the Increase or Diminution thereof, 28 G. 3. c. 133.
2. Account to be taken of Number of Persons in Ireland, § 1.
3. Printed Copies of A.C. transmitted to Clerk of Peace, &c. for Distribution; and Grand Jurors to appoint proper Persons to take Account, § 2, 3.
4. Persons taking Accounts to transmit the same to Clerks of Peace, &c. who shall transmit the same to Office of Chief Secretary to be laid before Parliament, § 4.
5. Defective Returns to be transmitted to Grand Jurors, to be made perfect, § 5.
6. Allowance to Persons employed in executing A.C., § 6.
7. Grand Jurors empowered to perfect such Returns, to be referred the other County Rates, § 7.
8. Penalty of making or signing false Returns, § 8.
9. Judges give A.C. in charge to Grand Jurors, § 9.
10. Grand Jurors to perfect List of Householders to Judge of A.R.B., § 10.
11. Schedule of Returns, &c. referred to in A.C.

Post Office.

1. For granting additional Duties on Letters and Packets, sent by the Post, within Ireland, 30 G. 3. c. 34.
2. Additional Rates imposed within Ireland, § 1.
3. And from Ireland to Great Britain, &c., § 1.
4. Sections 16. and 17. of 43 G. 3. c. 28. repealed, § 2.
5. Rates to be paid in Irish Currency, and levied as under 48 G. 3. c. 28., § 3.

Provisions.

1. 41 G. 3. [U. K.] c. 28. empowering the Lord Lieutenant, &c. of Ireland to prohibit the Exportation (to Foreign Parts) from Ireland, of Corn, Potatoes, and all other Provisions, and to permit the Importation into Ireland, Duty free, of Corn and other Provisions; continued (on 25th March 1811.) except as to Exportation of Corn, Grains or Flour, to Great Britain, 39 G. 3. c. 16.

Prize and Booty.

1. An A.C. for confirming an Agreement for the Purchase of the Prize and Booty of Wines in Ireland, entered into (by virtue of 48 G. 3. c. 24.) by the Commissioners of the Treasury in Ireland and the Earl of Bessborough, 50 G. 3. c. 200.
2. The Contract with Lord Bessborough confirmed, subject to the Provisions of this A.C.; and Prize referred in His Majesty free of all Claims, § 1.
3. The Purchase Money chargeable on Consolidated Fund, § 1.

4. On Execution of Conveyance 216,000*l.* to be invested, for the Purchase of the A.C. with Consent of the Earl of Bessborough, and of his Trustees, 50 G. 3. c. 200. § 1.
5. Acquittance of Trustees, &c. for the Consideration of 216,000*l.* to be void Discharge, § 3.
6. For ascertaining the Rights of the Corporation of Cork, or other Corporation or Persons, &c., § 4.
7. If such Rights established, then the Value to be ascertained either by Agreement, or by Verdict of a Jury with Costs, § 5.
8. On such Agreement or Verdict, the Treasury to pay Damages, &c.
9. New Trial may be had, § 7.
10. Verdicts binding, &c.
11. All Claims of Prilege, not determined before Jan. 1. 1811. barred, § 8.
12. Treasury to pay the whole 216,000*l.* to Trustees, or to such thereof as shall receive after Payment of Damages, § 9.
13. On Execution of Conveyance, Treasury may advance not exceeding Two-thirds of said 216,000*l.* taking an Indemnity against Claims, § 10.
14. Duties of Harbour and Prilege of Wines in Ireland, abolished, 51 G. 3. c. 51. § 1.
15. But former Duties incurred, may be recovered, § 1.

Prisons.

1. For repealing the General Laws relating to Prisons in *See* *Just.*; and for re-enacting such of the Provisions thereof as have been found useful, with Amendments, 30 G. 3. c. 103.
2. Statutes 17 & 18 Geo. 3. 10 *W. 3.* c. 2. 3 G. 3. c. 28. 7 G. 3. c. 4. 17 & 18 G. 3. c. 28. 21 & 22 G. 3. c. 40. 23 & 24 G. 3. c. 48. 25 G. 3. c. 14. 27. 45. 27 G. 3. c. 72. 31 G. 3. c. 15. 38. 39 G. 3. c. 55. and 49 G. 3. c. 22. (all for Ireland) respectively repealed, with certain Exceptions, § 1.
3. Dilapid Apartments and Yards for different Classes of Prisoners, and other Accommodations, § 2.
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 - Limitation of Actions—General Issue—Treble Costs, § 10.
4. Statutes 42 G. 3. c. 101. and 47 G. 3. c. 103. for the more effectual Administration of the Office of a Justice of the Peace, &c. amended, 51 G. 3. c. 119. § 3.
- The Seven Public Offices continued; and His Majesty empowered to appoint Justices to fill up Vacancies, § 2.
 - Penalty on Justices taking Fees but at the Public Offices, § 4.
 - Proviso for Fees for serving Ale-Houses, and Fees taken at the Office in *Swindon*, § 4.
 - Account of Fees taken at the Seven Offices to be delivered Monthly, and Amount delivered to Receiver, § 5.
 - Regulations concerning the Receiver, and his accounting for such Fees, § 6—11.
 - His Majesty in Council may alter the Situation of Offices, § 12.
 - What Acts may be done by Justice acting in some Public Office, § 13.
 - Justices incapable of sitting in Parliament; and also from voting at Elections, § 14, 15.
 - Justices to employ Constables, § 16.
 - Constables to be paid by Receiver; their Powers, § 17, 18.
 - Form of Certificates, § 19.
 - Appeal on Recognizance allowed, § 20.
 - Seal of the Jurisdiction of Lord Mayor of London for Swindon, and of Deane and High Sheriff of Wiltshire, § 21, 22.
 - Officers and Patrols of *Swindon* Office to act as Constables, § 23.
 - Act to continue till June 1st 1813, and the End of the three next Sessions of Parliament, § 24.
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K.

King.

General Regulations as to the Royal Revenue, &c.

- For amending the Offices of Surveyor General of the Land Revenue of the Crown, and of Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chases, 50 G. 3. c. 65.
- His Majesty may appoint Commissioners to transact the Business of Surveyor General of Land Revenue, and Surveyor General of Woods, § 1.
- Description and Powers of such Commissioners, § 1.
- Commissioners to observe the Directions of the Treasury, § 2.
- The Treasury may direct Acts required to be done by Two Commissioners, to be executed by one, except in certain Cases, § 3.
- Form of Certificates, § 4.
- Seals, &c. of Two Commissioners; Secret, § 5.
- Reports required to be made by the Surveyor General, to be made by the Commissioners, § 4.
- Who shall be sworn; their Oaths, § 5.
- Salaries of Commissioners, § 6.
- Fees abolished, except in certain Cases, § 7.
- What Fees to be accounted for, § 7.
- Old Offices continued, and new ones how to be appointed and removed, § 8.
- Commissioners may sell Stock to pay for Surrender of Leases, or Purchase of the Residue of Terms, § 9.
- Officers to be sworn; their Oaths, § 10.
- Surveys to be transmitted to Commissioners; Penalty for Failure to do the same, § 11.
- Balance of Account of Surveyor General of Woods, &c. to be transmitted to Commissioners, § 12.

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J.

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Judge Advocate General.

- Judge Advocate General authorized to find and receive Letters and Passes, free of Postage, 50 G. 3. c. 85.

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- To regulate the Trial of Causes, Indictments and other Proceedings which arise within the Counties of certain Cities and Towns Corporate within this Kingdom, 51 G. 3. c. 100.
- In what Cases Sentence may be executed in the County of the City or Town Corporate, § 1.
- Proviso for the Payment of Expenses as before provided for by the County of a City or Town Corporate, § 2.

28. Money retained on Account of the Revenue, formerly under the Management of the Surveyor General of Woods, to be paid into the Exchequer, 52 G. 3. c. 65. § 12.
29. Commissioners may settle for Current Payments, § 13.
30. Payments how to be made by Drafts on the Bank; which Drafts shall be an Authority to the Bank to pay the same, § 14. 15.
31. On the Death or Resignation of Commissioners, Cash in the Bank to vest in the Survivors or Successors, § 16.
32. Commissioners to keep an Account with the Bank, § 17.
33. Forging their Drafts, &c. Death, § 18.
34. Commissioners may send and receive Letters free of Postage, § 19.
35. The first Commissioners habilitated in the Place of Surveyor General of Woods, without using new Letters Patent, § 20.
36. Only one Commissioner may sit in Parliament, § 21.
37. To provide for the Administration of H. Royal Authority, and for the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person during His Majesty's Absence; and for the Resignation of the Executors of the Royal Authority by His Majesty, 51 G. 3. c. 11. [See *Præcedent Regis* 10-15.]
38. Care of His Majesty's Person, and Direction and Appointment of Part of His Majesty's Household, vested in His Majesty, § 1.
39. Officers of Household making Appointments, § 4.
40. Council appointed to assist His Majesty, § 15.
41. Members of Council to take Oath, § 16.
42. And examine His Majesty's Physicians, and others, upon Oath, § 17.
43. Council to meet, and declare the State of His Majesty's Health; and Copy of Declaration to be transmitted to President of Privy Council, § 18.
44. His Majesty and Council to satisfy the King's References to Health, which shall be entered in Books of Privy Council, § 19.
45. After Privy Entry His Majesty may, by Sign Manual, require any Copy thereof to be made, § 20.
46. When Powers of Act to cease, § 21.
47. Death of Her Majesty or Regent, Proclamation, § 22.
48. Resignation of Royal Authority, Parliament to meet, § 23.
49. Provision for Dissolution or Imprisonment of Parliament, § 24.
50. In case of the Death of Her Majesty, in whose Care of His Majesty's Person vested, § 25.
51. Issue of Money issued out of Civil List to Her Majesty and the Royal Household, § 26.
52. Amount of Money issued out of Civil List to His Majesty's Privy Counsellors, § 27.
53. Application of Revenue of Duchy of Lancaster, § 28. [See *ibid.* 28. 29. 30.]
54. Entry of Privy Counsellors, and Persons appointed by Her Majesty, 21 G. 3. c. 28.
55. Care of His Majesty's Royal and Personal Estate, under 52 G. 3. c. 68. § 29. [See *ibid.* 29. 30.]
56. Provisions for the better Support of His Majesty's Household, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Absence, 52 G. 3. c. 66.
57. Money out of Civil List to be paid to His Majesty out of Civil List, § 1.
58. Part of Civil List to be paid out of Civil List to the Privy Council, under His Majesty's Warrant, transmitted to the Treasurer of Civil List, 52 G. 3. c. 66.
59. Accounts to be laid before Parliament of any Excess of Charge beyond Average Differences, § 2.
60. For Regulation of His Majesty's Household, and enabling the Queen to meet the several Expenses to which His Ma-

61. jesty may be exposed during His Majesty's Absence; and for the Care of His Majesty's Person, &c. 52 G. 3. c. 68.
62. Part of the Household to attend His Majesty, and to make the Direction of, and appointed or fixed by, Her Majesty; Powers of the Queen of the State, § 1.
63. Vice-Council to be appointed by Order of Her Majesty, with the Queen of the State in his Absence, § 2.
64. Reminders of Household to attend upon the Regent; and if Regent appoint other Persons in lieu of those in Attendance upon His Majesty, they are to have Salaries, § 3.
65. Money to be annually paid out of Civil List Revenue before all other Payments, for Expense of His Majesty's Personal Household, § 4.
66. Account of Application of such Money to be laid before Treasury, who may direct Application of Surplus, § 5.
67. Money to be paid to the Queen out of Civil List, 52 G. 3. c. 68. § 6. [See *ibid.* 6. 7.]
68. Money to be issued from Privy Purse, for Payments to be made by His Majesty, and Application of Surplus and Net Revenue of the Duchy of Lancaster, § 8.
69. Auditors for Expenses of Money out of Privy Purse for Michaelmas, &c. 59.
70. New Pledges payable out of Privy Purse, authorized by His Majesty, § 10.
71. His Majesty and the Regent to appoint Commissioners for Care of His Majesty's Royal and Personal Estate, under 52 G. 3. c. 68. § 11.
72. Commissioners to be sworn, § 13.
73. Commissioners may examine upon Oath, and may sit or deliberate in Law or Equity, § 14. 15.
74. The Act not to extend to certain Revenues of His Majesty, § 16.
75. For settling in His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, certain Lands or Grounds, heretofore Part of the Wastes of the Manor of Southey, in the County of York, found and discharged of Customable and other Rights, 52 G. 3. c. 124.
76. Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse enabled to sell and transfer Stock; and to warrant for Provisions to Persons authorized to visit Academies, 52 G. 3. c. 125. § 1. 2.
77. For enabling His Majesty to grant Licenses under certain Circumstances, and for better carrying into Effect the Provisions of 52 G. 3. c. 126. and concerning and relating other Provisions of the said Act; for further settling relating the Means to settle from the Sale of a certain Grant Lands under the Authority of various Acts of Parliament; for amending certain Laws within the Town of Southey, in His Majesty's Manor of King's Cliffe; and for enabling the Commissioners of the Treasury to appropriate such Part of Land for Ecclesiastical Purposes, 52 G. 3. c. 127.
78. Statute 1 Geo. 4. c. 10. § 5. repealed; and His Majesty empowered to lease Lands for building, and for Gardens, &c. 52 G. 3. c. 128.
79. Deadlines Term of Commutation, in Cases of Exchanges of Lord Warden's Orders, 52 G. 3. c. 129. § 1.
80. Treasury may authorize Commissioners of Woods, &c. to contract for exchanging Lands, &c.
81. Treasury may alienate such Parts of Land reserved to the Lord Warden, &c.
82. Land exchanged or sold to be surveyed by qualified Surveyors, § 2.
83. Purchases being completed, Lands in Exchange to be conveyed to the Manors of King's Cliffe, &c.
84. His Majesty may grant Lands for Churches and Academies to Churches or Colleges, § 3.

99. Schedules [A.] set in Exchange or Unwieldy Lands.
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 (C.) Form of Conveyance.
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☞ For Allowances to the King in Acts for *issuing Concessions, Pardon, &c.* and for General Savings of the King's Rights to *Mines, Forges, &c.* and of his Customs as Patron of *Levings, &c.* for the several Local Acts, in which these Provisions are contained: these are noted in each Act.

See also *Præfata Act* (Royal Family).

King's Printer, See Registers, 3.

L.

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Lace Frames (Destroying), See Frames.

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Land Revenue, See King, 1—26.

Land Tax (Redemption of).

- To amend several Acts for the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax, 50 G. 3. c. 58.
- The Time allowed by 43 G. 3. c. 173. § 2. and by 49 G. 3. c. 67. § 1. extended, 50 G. 3. c. 58. § 1. 52 G. 3. c. 80.
- Provision for Redemption by Sale of Part of the Lands belonging to certain Corporations, § 2.
- Rent Charge to be paid, equivalent to Land Tax, &c. deemed, if not declared to be suspended during Incumbency, § 2.
- What Deeds to be registered within a Year, § 3.
- Rewards for taking Defectors, formerly paid out of Land Tax, where these redeemed, to be paid out of distilled Taxes, § 4.

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Larceny.

- For repeating to each of 13 G. 2. c. 27. as taken away the Benefit of Clergy from Persons stealing Cloth in Places therein mentioned, 51 G. 3. c. 45. § 1.
- Stealing Laces, &c. from Bleaching Places, &c. Transportation, § 2.

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Lunatics.

- To amend the 43 G. 3. c. 69. for the better Care and Maintenance of Lunatics, being Paupers or Criminals, in England, 51 G. 3. c. 79.
- In what Case Justice may refuse Warrant for Conveyance of Lunatics, § 2.
- Appeal, Notice thereof, § 2.
- Justice to make Returns to Quarter Sessions of Cases brought before them, § 3.
- Officers to produce Certificate of a Medical Person of the Lunatic's State, § 4.
- Medical Superintendent of Asylum to make Returns of State of Persons committed to his Care, § 5.
- Expence of Paupers' Removal how defrayed, § 6.
- Officers of Lunatics to have legal Settlement of their Mother, § 7.
- Marriage of Lunatics. See *Marriage*.

M.

Malt.

- Annual Acts for continuing the Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco and Salt, 50 G. 3. c. 5. 51 G. 3. c. 3. (explained and amended by 51 G. 3. c. 27.) 52 G. 3. c. 3.
- For better securing the Duties on Malt, 52 G. 3. c. 128.
- Regulations concerning the Construction of Cisterns, § 1.
- Maltsters not to have more than Five Floors of Malt sitting from these Cisterns in Malt Houses at the same Time, § 2.
- Maltsters to Lay Floors of Corn in Succession according to Season; and not to empty Cisterns more than once in 96 Hours, § 3, 4.
- Maltsters to empty all the Cisterns at these Times, and not to keep Corn more than 55 Hours in Steep, § 5, 6.
- Penalty on Maltsters making Corn of different Weights either on Floor or Kils, § 7.
- Penalty on obstructing Officers, § 8.
- Recovery of Penalties, § 9.
- Former Acts, 22 Car. 2. c. 24. &c. in force, § 10.
- Commencement, &c. of Act, § 11.

Man (Sale of).

- For consolidating the Duties of Customs for the *Isle of Man*, and placing the same under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs for England, 50 G. 3. c. 42.
- Duties imposed by 3 G. 2. c. 25. and 47 G. 3. c. 99. on Goods imported into the *Isle of Man* to cruise, and other Duties in Schedule [A.] to be paid thereon, § 1.
- Such Duties how to be paid, § 2.
- Power of former Acts in force, § 3.
- Value of Goods, how to be taken to ascertain Duties; Form of Declaration of Value of Goods, § 4.
- In what Cases Goods may be seized, and how to be disposed of, before Sale, § 5.
- Procedure, how to be disposed of, after Sale, § 6.
- In what Cases Commissioners may order Goods to be delivered up and Entry amended, § 7.

9. Duties to be paid to Collector, and placed under Commissioners of Customs in England, 50 G. 3. c. 42. § 6.
10. Money to be returned to Receiver General, and form Part of Consolidated Fund, § 9. [But for 20, 21, 22, 23, 24.]
11. Collector to make up Accounts of Duties, and transmit one to Treasury, a Duplicate in Auditor, and another to the Duke of Akol, on certain Pecuniaries, § 20.
12. Collector to keep Books, § 21.
13. Importation of Wax, Linnen Cloth, Salt and other Goods into the Isle of Man, allowed Duty free, § 11—12.
14. Libations of Allowance—General Issue—Treaty Colls., § 14.
15. Schedule (A) of the Duties of Customs, payable on the Importation into the Isle of Man, of certain Goods, Wares, and Merchandise therein enumerated. [Explained 51 G. 3. c. 52. § 7.]
16. For preventing Smuggling in the Isle of Man. See Smuggling, 2. c. 109.
17. Half Pay allowed, in what Cases, to the Officers of the Manx Frontier, 51 G. 3. c. 117. § 32.
18. To allow a greater Number of Sheep to be carried from England to the Isle of Man, than was permitted by Law, 51 G. 3. c. 20.
19. Commissioners of Customs may grant License for Exportation of 300 Sheep Yearly, agreeably to 38 G. 3. c. 53. § 9, and 48 G. 3. c. 38. 51 G. 3. c. 50.
20. Collectors of the Customs of the Isle of Man may retain Money, for defraying the Expenses attending its Government, &c. and remit the Residue to Receiver General, 51 G. 3. c. 52. § 1.
21. Such Residue to form Part of Consolidated Fund, § 1.
22. To permit the Exportation of certain Articles to the Isle of Man from Great Britain, 51 G. 3. c. 140.
23. Wine, &c. exported to the Isle of Man by Persons having License, in Brigs-built Ships, of not less than 50 Tons, § 1.
24. Regulations observed in Exportation, § 2.

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Manufacturers and Traders (Distressed).

1. For enabling His Majesty to direct the Issue of Exchequer Bills to a limited Amount, for the under-mentioned Purposes, 11 G. 3. c. 15.
2. His Majesty may empower Treasury to direct the Issue of 6,000,000. Exchequer Bills, agreeable to 48 G. 3. c. 1. § 1.
3. Statute 48 G. 3. c. 1. extended to Exchequer Bills, under this Act, § 2.
4. Bills to bear Interest of 31 per Cent. per Diem, and when due may be received in Payment of Taxes, § 3. 4.
5. Commissioners appointed, § 5.
6. Commissioners to take Oath, § 6.
7. Commissioners may meet, appoint Officers, and administer Oaths, &c. such Officers to receive no other Reward than Salaries, § 7.
8. Officers to Exchequer not to receive Fees, § 8.
9. Commissioners may examine 1000 Oath, and receive Deposits made before Magistrates, § 9.
10. Power of Forfeiture, § 10.
11. Treasury to draw Money in Execution of Act, and Accounts laid before Parliament, § 11.
12. Commissioners to receive Applications in Writing for Loans of Exchequer Bills, and to certify the Amount wanted; and Treasury to direct Exchequer Bills to be Issued agreeably to Certificates of Commissioners, § 12.
13. Commissioners to make Applications to be cleared, and to establish Regulations for appropriating Sums advanced, § 13.
14. Commissioners to give in Perfection in whom Bills are deposited, Certificates of Amount, which shall be sufficient

- Warrant for Delivery of Bills, which shall bear Date when Issued, 48 G. 3. c. 1. § 14.
15. Commissioners may alter Regulations, and appoint Days for further Applications, and Treasury may direct further Bills to be Issued, § 14. 15.
16. Account of Bills payable on 1st of Nov. 31 of May, or 4th of April, and not then cleared, to be delivered to Treasury; and Bills made out in lieu thereof, § 16.
17. Lists of Exchequer Bills made out and delivered to Commissioners, § 17.
18. Persons to whom Bills are advanced, to enter into Security, &c., § 18.
19. How Securities shall be given, &c., § 19.
20. Commissioners may lend Exchequer Bills to Persons on Property of others, § 20.
21. How Questions, respecting Property deposited, shall be determined, § 21.
22. Commissioners may advance Bills on Wares, lodged as before specified, which shall not be removed without their Authority, § 22.
23. Officers of Customs or Excise to receive Deposits, and transmit Certificates to Commissioners, § 23.
24. Duties on Deposits not to be demanded, see Warehouse Room for Tobacco, when warehoused under this Act, § 24.
25. Commissioners may advance to Merchandise deposited in Warehouses of East India Company, § 25.
26. How far Security requisite; no Bills Issued, unless the Names of Parties assent to double the Sums advanced, § 26.
27. Commissioners to provide Warehouses, and appoint Officers to take Care thereof, § 27.
28. Such Warehouses to be within Ten Miles of London, § 28.
29. Deposits in Warehouses of Owner, under Custody of Officers, deemed a Deposit by this Act, § 29.
30. Permits, § 30.
31. Persons depositing Wares to insure them, § 31.
32. Commissioners empowered to take, as additional Security, Deposits of Bills of Exchange, &c., § 32.
33. Commissioners may take, as additional Security, heritable Securities on Estates in Scotland, and Assignments thereof, § 33.
34. Persons to give, besides the required Security, a Principal Sum for each Loan as Commissioners shall direct, § 34.
35. Parties' Estates liable for Advances made them on Security of others, § 35.
36. Commissioners may advance Exchequer Bills to the incorporated Banks in England, § 36.
37. Principal Sum of Exchequer Bills, with Interest, to be repaid by Infideliaries; and, if not duly paid, Commissioners may order Part of Deposits to be sold, § 37.
38. In Proceedings against Obligors, no Writ of *fiere facias* requisite, § 38.
39. After Payment of Sums advanced, with Interest, Obligations to be cancelled, § 39.
40. How Indebtedness paid, § 40.
41. Bills Issued and not used, to be returned as Exchequer and cancelled, § 41.
42. Commissioners may authorize Bank of England to employ Money paid in Purchase of Exchequer Bills, § 42.
43. After Payment of Sums advanced by Commissioners, Obligations, with Securities, to stand as further Securities, § 43.
44. Proceeds may also spend Principals, for Benefit of Shareholders, § 44.
45. In what Case Security is entitled to Remedy against original Debtor and Co-Sureties, § 45.
46. How far Exchequer Proceeds shall have Priority over other Debts, § 46.
47. Deposits to be sold to Commissioners, who may first and be paid in the Name of their Secretary, § 47.

45. Securities of Persons becoming Bankrupt in England: Proceedings, 48 G. 3. c. 1. § 48.
46. To Swindle, &c. Proceedings, § 49.
47. Commissioners may accept Security for Sums due from Bankrupts, § 50.
48. Commissioners may accept Provisional Security from Assignees of Sureties, to be void on Payment of Money due by principal Debtor, § 51.
49. Release of Estate or Effects of Bankrupts, not to discharge other Securities, § 52.
50. If principal Debtors do not produce other Sureties, or pay Half the Sums for which Bankrupt Sureties were bound, Proceeds filed against them for it, § 53.
51. Commissioners may apply for Commissioners of Bankruptcy or Sequestrations, § 54.
52. Commissioners of Bankruptcy to admit Proof of Debt upon Oath of Persons appointed by Commissioners under this Act, § 55.
53. Act not to delay Execution of Commission of Bankruptcy, § 56.
54. Act extended to Superstitious against Estate of Bankrupts in Scotland, § 57.
55. Seven Commissioners may act, § 58.
56. Bank to open Account with Commissioners, § 59.
57. Money paid into the Bank to be from time to time paid into Exchequer, and kept apart, &c., § 60.
58. Treasury to make Account to be taken of Exchequer Bills, when payable, and of Money in Exchequer, to discharge them, § 61.
59. Notices filed out of Consolidated Fund, replaced out of Fine Supplies, § 62.
60. Bank may advance Money on Credit of § 6 W. & M. c. 20, § 63.
61. Commissioners to give Account of Proceedings to Treasury, § 64.
62. Major Part of Commissioners may sit up Vacancies by Death, &c. with Consent of Treasury, § 65.
63. Persons advancing Exchequer Bills by Loan, may take Fine per Cent. Interest, § 66.
64. Commissioners may receive Letters free of Postage, § 67.
65. Deficits shall not liable to Anthon Duty, § 68.
66. Obligations, &c. taken by Commissioners not liable to Stamp Duty, § 69.
67. Linkation of Affairs—General Issue—Tribute Coins, § 70.
68. Counterfeiting Coinages, &c. Death, § 71.
69. Absentees may be taken in all Cases, where Oaths are administered under this Act, § 72.
70. Act may be altered, &c., § 73.
71. For extending the Time for Payment of certain Sums of Money, advanced under § 1 G. 3. c. 15, § 74.
72. Persons having Loans may apply to Commissioners for Extension of Term; which Application they, or any Three of them, may receive, and grant an Extension of Time accordingly, § 75.
73. Proviso in resolving Certificates of Extension of Time, all Interest due must be paid, § 76.
74. Resolves of § 1 G. 3. c. 15 or other Acts, for compelling Payment of Loans, to continue, § 77.
75. Commissioners to have same Power as under aforesaid Act, § 78.
76. Summs paying Loans to have same Remedies against Principals or Co-Sureties, as under aforesaid Act; and Mortgages, taken as Securities, to remain as Securities for Re-emboursement, § 79.
80. Obligations taken by Commissioners, &c. not liable to Stamp Duty, § 80.

Manufactories.

1. Willfully delivering or demolishing any Buildings, Erections, or Machinery, in any Manufactory, punished with Death, 52 G. 3. c. 120. § 1, 2.
2. Value of, or Damage done to, Manufactories, recovered as under 2 G. 1. c. 2. c. 5, § 3.
3. Proceedings to recover Damages, § 4.

Marriage.

1. To prevent the Marriage of Lunatics, 51 G. 3. c. 37.
2. Persons not to be married, excepting before they are sane, the Marriage is void, *ibid.* § 1.
3. Registers of Marriages, See Registers.

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Militia.

Agent General of Militia, See Officers, 24—25.

I. Annual Act for the Pay and Clothing of the Militia.

1. For defraying the Charges of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia, and Local Militia of Great Britain, 50 G. 3. c. 90. 51 G. 3. c. 107. 52 G. 3. c. 111. (from 29 49 G. 3. c. 87.)

II. Allowances to Militia Officers.

1. Reviewing and counting 30 & 40 G. 3. c. 24. for granting Allowances to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors of Grenadier Militia of England, 50 G. 3. c. 91. 51 G. 3. c. 108. 52 G. 3. c. 83.
2. Allowances to Subaltern Officers in Militia, while disembodied, 50 G. 3. c. 92. 51 G. 3. c. 109. 52 G. 3. c. 84.
3. Allowances to Inspecting Field Officers of Militia, &c. See Soldiers, 13.

III. Acts for raising, embodying and exercising the Regular Militia of England.

1. To amend the 49 G. 3. c. 56. § 6. for completing the Militia of Great Britain, and to make further Provisions for completing the said Militia, 50 G. 3. c. 24.
2. Deputy Lieutenants to proportion the Men raised by Bets of Drums, and Men raised by Bets, 50 G. 3. c. 24. § 1.
3. Provisions of Statute A. 12, as to enrolling, or entered to raising Men by Bets of Drums, for Militia, § 2.
4. New Families of Persons, raised by Bets of Drums, shall be relieved, § 3.
5. Provisions of Statute A. 12 relating to Appointments, to extend to Militia, § 4.
6. To continue, amend and extend the Provisions of 48 G. 3. c. 107. for raising the Militia at War to enforce Returns from Clerks of Subalterns and others, in relation to Beacons, Fines and Sums due under Statute A. 12 relating to the Delivery of the Rodes or Militia, for the Purpose of directing the Distribution and bearing the due Applications thereof, 52 G. 3. c. 105.

7. Secretary

7. Secretary at War, &c. empowered to call for Returns of Lists received by Clerks of General or Subdivision Meetings, and other Partials, and Penalty on those for neglecting to make such Returns, &c., 52 G. 3. c. 37. § 1, 2.
8. Secretary at War may order Payment out of Money appropiated by Returns to be in Hands of Clerks, &c. Penalty, 52.
9. Secretary at War may cause Accounts to be duly examined, and allow the same, and empowered to satisfy Demands of Claimants, 54.
10. Recovery and Application of Penalties, 55.
11. Making Returns to Secretary at War, inadmissible from Partials under former Act, 56.
12. Penalties reserved inalterably on Exchequer, 57.
13. To render valid certain Acts done for completing the Regular Militia, and to indemnify the Partials concerned thereon, 52 G. 3. c. 17.
14. Enrolments of Men for completing Militia, after 5th. 30. 1810, before making any such Order of the Prince Regent, valid, &c. 56d.

IV. For completing the Local Militia.

1. To amend several Acts relating to the Local Militia of Great Britain, 50 G. 3. c. 25. [repealed, vide 3. 1816.]
2. For amending the Laws relating to the Local Militia in England, 52 G. 3. c. 38.—Repealed, 52 G. 3. c. 69.
3. Statute 48 G. 3. c. 111. 49 G. 3. c. 100. 52nd and 129. and also in much of 50 G. 3. c. 25. in relation to Local Militia, repealed, 52 G. 3. c. 38. § 1. c. 68. § 1.
4. Repeals of Acts not to affect Commissions, 52 G. 3. c. 38. § 1. c. 68. § 1.
5. Local Militia now serving to continue to serve as if Act had not been made, 52 G. 3. c. 38. § 1. c. 68. § 1.
6. Lieutenants to appoint Officers, 52 G. 3. c. 38. § 2. c. 68. § 2.
7. Ranks and Qualifications of Officers, 52 G. 3. c. 38. § 2.—10. c. 68. § 2—8.
8. Clerk of the Peace to enter Qualifications upon a Roll, and to assist in the Greater Dues of Commissions, &c. and to present every January to Secretary of State Certificate of Qualifications to be laid before Parliament, 52 G. 3. c. 38. § 11. c. 68. § 9.
9. Penalty on unqualified Person taking, or who has not delivered in their Qualifications, c. 38. § 11. c. 68. § 10.
10. His Majesty may dismiss Lieutenant to displace Officers, c. 38. § 13. c. 68. § 11.
11. Number of Private Men, in England and Wales, c. 38. § 14.—in Ireland, c. 68. § 12.
12. Where Quota now fixed is less than Number actually Enrolled, Enroll to continue to serve.—When Vacancies filled, c. 38. § 15. c. 68. § 13.
13. Where Quota now fixed is greater than Number actually Enrolled, no further Enrollments to take place to bring in Local Militia and Volunteers together equal Six Times the Militia, c. 38. § 16. c. 68. § 14.
14. Regulations concerning Volunteers, Yeomanry and Artillery Corps, transferring the same Services to Local Militia, c. 38. § 17—20. c. 68. § 15—18.
15. Powers of Militia Acts extended to this Act, c. 38. § 21. c. 68. § 19.
16. Subdivision Clerks to give Notice of Meetings to Commanding Officers of Regiments, c. 38. § 22. c. 68. § 20.
17. Men balloted from Militia Lists, c. 38. § 23. c. 68. § 21.
18. Penalty on Persons neglecting to appear, c. 38. § 24. c. 68. § 22.
19. No Person under Thirty to be a special Constable, c. 38. § 25. c. 68. § 23.

20. Deputy Lieutenants may require Attendance of Constables, 52 G. 3. c. 38. § 26. c. 68. § 24.
21. Two Justices may appoint Deputies to Quakers for enrolling Act into Execution, c. 38. § 27. c. 68. § 25.
22. Two or more Places and Lists may be added together, and Constables, &c. to act together, as if they were the Officers of those Parishes, and Ball must in Parish first named in order of Deputy Lieutenants; Act to extend to 100 unincorporated Places added to Parishes; and where no Constables, Overseers or Schoolmasters, c. 38. § 28. 29. c. 68. § 26. 27.
23. Deputy Lieutenants to have and determine Disputations between Parish Officers, c. 38. § 29. c. 68. § 27.
24. Dues of Clerks of General and Subdivision Meetings, c. 38. § 30. c. 68. § 28.
25. General Meetings may alter Subdivisions and Allocation of Men in each Division, c. 38. § 31. c. 68. § 29.
26. At second Subdivision Meeting Deputy Lieutenants to appoint Number of Men for each Parish, and Ball order Notice to be given thereof, and of next Meeting, and Ball order Number to be balloted, &c., c. 38. § 32. c. 68. § 30.
27. Balloted Men to take Oath, c. 38. § 33. c. 68. § 30.
28. Below Enrolment, Men to be examined as to Religion, &c. Possessions of refusing to be examined, c. 38. § 35. c. 68. § 31.
29. No balloted Person to find a Substitute; Penalty on Person refusing, c. 38. § 34. 35. c. 68. § 32. 33.
30. Volunteers may be received with the Consent of Justices of any Place; and a Rate established for paying them Bounties not exceeding Two Guineas each, c. 38. § 36. c. 68. § 34.
31. No Ballot to take place where Persons voluntarily enlist themselves, c. 38. § 37. c. 68. § 35.
32. Certain Persons exempted from Service, c. 38. § 38. c. 68. § 36.
33. Persons enrolled in Local Militia exempt from Service in Regular Militia for Two Years; Persons heretofore enrolled, exempt only for One Year, c. 38. § 39. c. 68. § 33.
34. Persons exempt, nevertheless liable to serve in Regular Militia, if they register as armed Trainers, c. 38. § 40. c. 68. § 38.
35. Penalties for Falsely Swearing, c. 38. § 41. c. 68. § 39.
36. Allowances to Wives and Families, c. 38. § 42. c. 68. § 40.
37. Deputy Lieutenants may cause Lists to be amended, provided to both Ballot, and admission Oaths, &c., c. 38. § 43. c. 68. § 41.
38. Persons balloted, not appearing to be enrolled, fined; Penalties to whom paid, c. 38. § 44. c. 68.
39. Fines to exempt for Two Years only, c. 38. § 44. Persons who have served in Local Militia, exempt for Two Years from Expiration of his Period of Service, 52 G. 3. c. 116.
40. Persons imprisoned for Non payment of Fines, compellable to give Five Years, c. 38. § 45. c. 68. § 44.
41. List of Fines to be transmitted to Secretary at War, c. 68. § 45.
42. Persons claiming Exemption on Payment of 20l. or 21l. Fine to sign a Declaration of Income, and a Declaration that they have not refused; Penalty on refusing to sign, or making false Declaration, c. 38. § 46. 47. c. 68. § 45. 46.
43. Deputy Lieutenants may make new Appointments, in case Quota are not filled or to be Proportion to Numbers liable to serve, c. 38. § 48. c. 68. § 47.
44. New Lists made out if any list, c. 38. § 49. c. 68. § 48.
45. Exemption for Quakers and United Brethren, on paying Proposals of Duty on Persons balloted, and not appearing, c. 38. § 50. c. 68. § 49.

45. Justice may order Prisoners of Cells, for leaving Districts, where Quota is made, to be sent for providing Volunteers; who do not to Quota, &c. c. 38. § 55.
47. Persons having more Relationships than one, c. 38. § 51. c. 68. § 50.
48. Persons is free in Militia of County where Parish Church is situate, c. 38. § 52. c. 68. § 51.
49. No Man to be enrolled, until approved by Surgeon; Surgeon's Allowance; Until Man to be discharged by Deputy Lieutenant, c. 38. § 54. 55. c. 68. § 52. 53.
50. Men leaving and returning again, how discharged; Vouchers by Death, &c. & by order by Bishop, and Regulations for such Discharge, c. 38. § 57—59. c. 68. § 54—56.
51. Deputy Lieutenants to draw the Roll, and make out List; a Copy of which the Clerk of the Peace shall transmit to Clerk to General Meetings, to be entered, c. 38. § 56. c. 68. § 54.
52. Enrolments of Strangers not to vacate Contracts with Militia; Defences teaching Weapons under act. how settled by Justice, c. 38. § 60. c. 68. § 60.
53. Bounty to Volunteer or calling, c. 38. § 63. c. 68. § 64.
54. Private Local Militia Men may enlist into the Army, &c. but not Soldiers, &c.; nor shall any Apprentice enlist without Master's Consent, c. 38. § 64. 65. c. 68. § 62. 63.
55. Vouchers filed up, notwithstanding Suspension of Ballot, and Volunteers allowed to enter, until Local Militia completed, c. 38. § 65. c. 68. § 64.
56. Lieutenants, Deputies and Justices authorized to administer Oaths, c. 38. § 67. c. 68. § 66.
57. Men Militia Regiments shall be formed and officered, c. 38. § 61—66. 87. c. 68. § 66—75. 86.
58. Appointment of Adjutants, Sergeants, Quarter Masters, and Non Commissioned Officers, Extra Drummers and Fifers, c. 38. § 73—80. 82—84. c. 68. § 76—83. 81, 80, 83. Services of Chief Wagon and Out-Fitters may receive Allowances therefor, together with Pay as Local Militia, and Sergeants, &c. having served in Local Militia six Years, may receive Chief Paymen, c. 38. § 85. c. 68. § 84.
59. No Adjutant appointed to the Rank of Captain shall command a Captain of a Company, or be entitled to greater Pay than Adjutant, c. 38. § 77. c. 68. § 75. No Paymen to serve as Sergeants, c. 38. § 82. c. 68. § 81.
60. Half Pay Officers in Army may receive Half Pay on taking Oath, c. 38. § 81. c. 68. § 77.
61. Local Militia when enlisted entitled to Pay, &c. as Regular Militia, and to Allowance for Non-Paras, c. 38. § 85. c. 68. § 84, 85.
62. Local Militia may be put under command of General Officers, c. 38. § 87. c. 68. § 86.
63. Treasurers receiving Mm for 28 Days, c. 38. § 88—92. 94—105. c. 68. § 87—92. 93—104.
64. Men absenting themselves and not returning, or not return within Three Months, shall be ballotted for. Such Men returning, &c. is entitled to Eny, c. 38. § 106. c. 68. § 107.
65. Penalty on buying or selling Arms or Accoutrements, &c., c. 38. § 107. 108. c. 68. § 106, 107.
66. When Local Militia not embodied, a Law Adjutant, &c. may be tried, c. 38. § 109. c. 68. § 108.
67. Powers of Just Courts Martial, c. 38. § 110—114. c. 68. § 110—113.
68. Arms, &c. when Local Militia not embodied, where to be kept, c. 38. § 115. c. 68. § 114.
69. His Majesty may order Pay of Non-Commissioned Officers to remain to permanent Pay, &c. when Commissioned Officers may agree to Eny on being tried by this Oath in the case, c. 38. § 117. c. 68. § 115, 116.
70. Non-Commissioned Officers shall receive a Certificate of Discharge of Place when Arms kept, and be under Adjutants' Command and Monthly Returns of their State made to Secretary of State, &c.; Penalty on Non-Commissioned Officers being Absent without Leave, &c. c. 38. § 118. c. 68. § 117.
71. Sergeants, &c. may be ordered to take Vouchers for Regular, or Militia, c. 38. § 119. c. 68. § 118.
72. Mode of Proceeding against Men on attending Annual Exercise or drilling, &c. Penalty of continuing Detention, c. 38. § 120—122. c. 68. § 120—121.
73. His Majesty may order Local Militia to be embodied in Case of Invasion, &c. and direct them to be embodied in any Part, but not out of Great Britain; and while so embodied they shall be subject to Mutiny Act and Articles of War, c. 38. § 123. 124. c. 68. § 123, 122.
74. And Men shall stand under what Regulations, c. 38. § 125—128. c. 68. § 125—127.
75. In such Case Parliament, if not sitting, shall be called together on 14 Days, c. 38. § 127. c. 68. § 124.
76. Local Militia, when ordered out, entitled to Pay as Regular Militia, and, wounded, to Chief Paymen, c. 38. § 129. c. 68. § 128.
77. Pay of Local Militia, when in command, c. 38. § 130. 132. c. 68. § 129, 130.
78. Captains shall be paid One Guinea so he laid out in Necessaries for Men; and the like when their Term is prolonged, c. 38. § 133. 135. c. 68. § 133, 135.
79. For re-embodied Men, whose Term is within Four Months of expiring, c. 38. § 133—135. c. 68. § 133—134.
80. Proceedings when Men enrolled shall not pay, or if any of them or any Sergeant shall desert, c. 38. § 137. c. 68. § 135.
81. Duty of County Lieutenants, &c. when Militia is embodied, as to making out Lists, balloting for Men, &c. c. 38. § 138—144. c. 68. § 137—143.
82. Allowance to Men according the Ballot and not being chosen, c. 38. § 145—148. c. 68. § 145—147.
83. His Majesty may embody Remainder of Militia, c. 38. § 149. 150. c. 68. § 148, 149.
84. Such Parts of Militia, as are not embodied, may be drawn out and exercised, c. 38. § 151. 152. c. 68. § 150, 151.
85. His Majesty may dis-embodied and re-embodied Militia, c. 38. § 153. 154. c. 68. § 152, 153.
86. In case of Rebellion or Invasion, Militia may be increased not exceeding the Tenth the Quota of Regular Militia, in which Case Parliament shall meet, c. 38. § 155, 156. c. 68. § 154, 155.
87. Such Supplementary Militia Men may by Provision be raised, &c. and discharged, but shall remain liable to serve, c. 38. § 157, 158. c. 68. § 156, 157.
88. A Commission of the Peace to apply to Officers, &c. to Militia of that Place, which shall be raised and deemed Part of the Militia of the County of Southampton, c. 38. § 159.
89. Certain Parts deemed Parts of Counties, subject to Licences of Counties, c. 38. § 162, 160.
90. Local Militia of Gaspee-Point, c. 38. § 162—163.
91. Local Militia from Islands of Grenada and Demara, c. 38. § 164, 163, 162.
92. Terms for Militia, c. 38. § 165.
93. Civil Wardens and Overseers in certain Places in Kent and Sussex to have same Powers as Constables in other Places, c. 38. § 167.
94. Provisions on Counties and other Places, where Quotas are set out, and Mode of affecting the same, c. 38. § 171—174. 168, 167—175.
95. Constables not subject to Sequestration, nor to vacate Constable's Office, c. 38. § 175, 176. c. 68. § 175, 176.
96. Men may be subject to Trial in a Court, c. 38. § 176. c. 68. § 175.
97. Non-Commissioned Officers or Privates not to serve in Private Officers, c. 38. § 177. c. 68. § 173.

98. Married Men may enroll Trades, 51 G. 3. c. 28. § 175.
 99. Bills for Pay and Allowance drawn on stamped Paper, c. 38. § 182.
 100. Recovery and Application of Penalties, c. 38. § 201. c. 68. § 182.
 101. Certificate of Assent of certain Penalties transferred to Secretary at War, c. 38. § 200. c. 68. § 182.
 102. Penalty as Wastrels not attending, c. 38. § 202. c. 68. § 182.
 103. Form of Certificates, c. 38. § 203. c. 68. § 182.
 104. Licenses of Officers—General Issue—Tribal Coats, c. 38. § 202. c. 68. § 182.
 105. No Order removed or suspended by Advocates, c. 38. § 166.
 106. Provisions relating to Coaches, extended to Hackneys, and relating to Hackneys, extended to Rapes, &c. Powers given to Constables, extended to Tything Men, &c. c. 38. § 107.
 107. Punishment of Perjury, c. 38. § 208. c. 68. § 186.

V. Enlargement of a certain Proportion of the Militia annually into the Regular Forces, and providing for gradual Reduction of the Militia, under 51 G. 3. c. 20.

1. What Proportion of the Militia of Great Britain allowed to enlist, 51 G. 3. c. 20. § 2.
2. His Majesty may appoint Regiments into which Militia Men may enlist, § 2.
3. What Number of Men may enlist, § 3.
4. In what Cases His Majesty may allow a greater Number to be enlisted, § 4.
5. Appointment of Officers to approve or reject Men, their Height and Age, § 5.
6. His Majesty's Orders and Terms of enlisting to be read and explained; Names of Men enlisting to be taken down, § 5.
7. If Number enlisted shall not be the due Proportion, further Enlistment allowed, § 7.
8. Where Number allowed shall not have enlisted, His Majesty may allow further Periods, § 8.
9. As soon as Number enlisted is ascertained, they shall be discharged, and if approved, attested, § 9.
10. Lord Lieutenant, &c. of Counties to transmit to Privy Council the Number of Men discharged, § 10.
11. In what Cases Persons in Discharge may enlist, § 11.
12. Certain Persons not to enlist, without Commanding Officers' Consent, § 12.
13. Sergeants and Corporals may enlist, § 13.
14. Commanding Officers may refuse to discharge Men, § 14.
15. Persons discharged relating to enlist, &c. to belong to Regiment from which discharged, § 15.
16. Officers not to enlist, &c. other than such as have been duly discharged, § 16.
17. No Person to be drafted from Regiment in which enlisted, § 17.
18. Upon Production of Certificate, Men voluntarily enlisted shall be discharged from List of Militia Men for that County, § 18.
19. Returns of Men enlisted, § 19.
20. Allowances to Families soldiers, § 20.
21. For Men, what Proportion of Families exempt, § 21.
22. When Men required by 49 G. 3. c. 55. to be raised, are recalled, &c. further Ballot suspended, § 22.
23. His Majesty may order Men to be raised by Best of Draft for Militia, § 23.
24. Commanding Officers to transmit Returns of Men raised to Clerks of General Meetings, § 24.
25. Bounty paid under such Regulations as His Majesty shall direct, § 25.

26. His Majesty may draft Boys to be enlisted for Militia, 51 G. 3. c. 20. § 26.
27. Murray Act, as to enlisting, extended to Men called by Best of Draft for Militia, § 27.
28. Murray Act relating to Approvers, extended to Militia, § 28.
29. Militia to be gradually reduced as specified in 42 G. 3. c. 20. § 1. and 37 G. 3. c. 24. § 29.
30. Penalties for raising Superannuaries for Militia, § 30.
31. Superannuaries to form Part of Militia for each County, &c., § 31.
32. Unnecessary to direct how Superannuaries applied, &c., § 32.
33. His Majesty may draft Officers, serving in Militia, &c. at Time of Reduction of Forces, to be raised, § 33.
34. Such Officers to succeed Vacancies, § 34.
35. Regulations respecting Field Officers, § 35.
36. Militia to be raised annually by Ballot, &c. equal to Number allowed to enlist, &c., § 36.
37. Bounty Men may be enrolled, § 37.
38. Not to be enlisted to any other Allowance, § 38.
39. Deputy Lieutenants to appoint Men raised by Best of Draft, and Men raised by Ballot among Parishes, § 39.
40. Where Number of Men balloted shall exceed Detachments, Surplus appointed among Parishes, § 40.
41. Local Militia Men may enlist in Regular Militia of same County, § 41.
42. His Majesty may issue Orders to Lord Lieutenant and Commanding Officers for enacting Act, § 42.
43. Extending Act; Altering, &c. § 43. 44.
44. Schedule—List of Parishes enlisted, &c.
45. As to receiving Volunteers from the Militia of Ireland. See IRELAND, Militia, 13—19.

VI. Interchange of British and Irish Militia.

1. To permit the Interchange of British and Irish Militia respectively, 51 G. 3. c. 118.
2. Militia Men raised, liable to serve in any Part of the United Kingdom, § 1.
3. Oaths on Enrolment of balloted Men and Substitutes, by 42 G. 3. c. 90. § 42. and 49 G. 3. § 35. 50. and by 49 G. 3. c. 120. § 109. repealed, § 2.
4. Oaths of balloted Men, and of Volunteers or Substitutes under this Act, § 2. 3.
5. Militia to be raised as under former Act, § 4.
6. Provisions in 42 G. 3. c. 93. and 49 G. 3. c. 90. and c. 86. relating to Relief of Families of Militia Men, extended to Families of Persons raised under this Act, § 3.
7. Called "The Militia of the United Kingdom," § 6.
8. Half-pay; *Chéifé Níghair*; "Widow's" Pensions, § 7.
9. Learning Period for which British or Irish Militia to serve in Ireland or G. S. respectively, § 8.
10. British or Irish Militia, having once served in one Part of the United Kingdom, not to serve there again, but in Rotation; *coram* The King's Pleas to be signed, § 9. 10.
11. His Majesty empowered to employ private Militia making a voluntary Offer to serve, § 11.
12. Bounty, and Oath of Persons making such Offer, § 12.
13. Commanding Officer to explain that Offer to be voluntary, § 13.
14. Act to apply to Persons making a voluntary Offer of attending Services, § 14.—Act altered, &c. § 14.
15. Volunteers to receive in Ireland, not to deprive Militia Men or their Families from receiving established Allowances and Pensions, 51 G. 3. c. 128.—And for *Amend.*

Mines, See Coals.

Miners.

1. To permit the Services of the Regiment of Miners of Cornwall and Devon, to be extended to Ireland, 51 G. 3. c. 112.
2. Regiment of Miners Eble to serve in all Parts of the United Kingdom, § 1.
3. Instead of Oaths prescribed by 41 G. 3. c. 72. balthed Men, Subalterns or Volunteers, and Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, to take certain Oaths specified in A.D. § 1, 3.
4. Stat. 42 G. 3. c. 43. and all other Misdean Acts extended to this Act, § 4.
5. Stat. 43 G. 3. c. 45. do. to apply to Rebel of Wives and Families of balthed Men, § 5.
6. Rank of Officers; Half Pay; *Clashe Hospital*; Widows' Pensions, § 6, 7.
7. Length of Service in Ireland, § 8.
8. Service in Ireland, signified by Secretary of State, § 9.
9. Perish Regiment of Miners may volunteer to Ireland, § 10.
10. Bounty to Volunteers an extended Service, § 11.
11. Oaths by balthed Men and by Subalterns or Volunteers, § 11.
12. Oaths of Service must be voluntary, § 12.
13. Act applicable to all Persons now serving, who shall offer, § 12.
14. Act altered, &c., § 14.

See also *Militia*, IV. (*Local Militia*, 91.)

Money.

1. For extending the Provisions of 30 G. 2. c. 24. against Persons obtaining Money by false Pretences, to Persons so obtaining Bonds and other Securities, 52 G. 3. c. 64.
 2. Statute 30 G. 2. c. 24. extended to Persons obtaining Money, &c. on false Pretences, and to sending threatening Letters to accuse Persons of having committed Crimes, with an Intent to extort or gain Money or Goods, 52 G. 3. c. 64.
- See also *Gene*.

N.

National Debt.

1. For amending 48 G. 3. c. 142. and 49 G. 3. c. 54. for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities, 52 G. 3. c. 120.
2. Life Annuities granted on the Terms specified in Schedules annexed, § 1.
3. Before whose Affidavits or Affirmations take, § 2.
4. On granting One-fourth of Annuity depending on Life of Single, &c. Noncon, Certificate of Barial of Noncon, with Affidavit of Identity produced, § 3.
5. In Case where Two or more Annuities are purchased on the Life of one Noncon, Production of Certificate as to Idem. may be omitted, § 4.
6. Schedule (B.) of 48 G. 3. c. 142. repealed, § 5.
7. Book to make up, to 31st Jan. yearly, Accounts of unclaimed Annuities for Three Years, § 6.
8. Penalty, § 7.
9. Forging Affidavits or Certificates, Death, § 8.
10. Three Commissioners a Quorum, § 9.
11. Provisions of Act, except where altered, to apply to this Act, § 10.
12. Schedules (A.) No. 1. Annuities on Single Lives.
(B.) No. 2. Annuities for Two Lives.
No. 3. 9. Annuities for Two Lives, and the highest Lever of them, &c.
(C.) Form of Certificate.

Navy.

1. To enable Persons to bequeath Lands and Tenements to the Commissioners of the Royal Naval Asylum, and to authorize them to hold the same for Benefit thereof; and to amend 47 G. 3. c. 57. relating to the said Asylum, 51 G. 3. c. 101.
2. Persons may devise, and Commissioners may accept and hold Estates, § 1.
3. 47 G. 3. c. 58. repealed, except as to Appointment of Chaplains, &c., § 2.
4. The King may grant Pensions mentioned in Act to the Commissioners of the Naval Asylum, § 3.
5. Grant of Lands valid, § 4.
6. Sect. 5. of 47 G. 3. c. 58. explained with regard to Settlement, § 5.
7. General Saving; Public Act, § 6, 7.

Navy-Timber, See *Forests*, 1—3, 5, 6.

Newfoundland.

1. For taking away the Use of certain Ships' Rooms, and instituting Sarrogate Courts, on the Coast of Labrador, 51 G. 3. c. 45.
2. The Ships' Rooms enumerated in Act, no longer to be used as such, but may be disposed of, as private Property, § 1.
3. Governor of Newfoundland may institute Sarrogate Courts on the Coast of Labrador, § 2.

O.

Oaths.

1. To render valid and effectual certain Oaths administered to and taken by certain Members of the House of Commons, before Deputies of the late Lord Steward of His Majesty's Household, during the Vacancy of the said Office, 51 G. 3. c. 21.
2. The Oaths administered to the Persons mentioned in Act, declared valid, *ibid*.

See also *Useful Oaths*.

Offices and Officers.

1. To regulate the taking of Securities in all Offices, in respect of which Security ought to be given; and for avoiding the Grant of all such Offices, in the Event of such Security not being given within a Time to be limited after the Grant of such Office, 50 G. 3. c. 15. (Extended to Ireland by 51 G. 3. c. 65. § 1.)
2. Persons appointed, after the passing of this Act, as Officers of public Trust in England, to give Security, § 1.
3. Persons already appointed, to give Security, § 2.
4. Persons giving Security, to register Memorials within various Times, according to Place of Residence, § 3.
5. Memorials to be produced, signed and re-delivered to Party, § 4.
6. And afterwards filed in the Register Office for Affidavits, § 5. (repealed by 52 G. 3. c. 65. § 4. as to Ireland.)
7. Certificate of Register to be given, § 6.
8. Penalty on neglecting to give Security, and register Memorials, § 7.
9. Proviso for Acts done; Penalty remitted, § 8.
10. Penalty on neglecting to give Notice of the Death of Sureties, and on neglecting to give both Security, § 8.

11. To make Provision for a limited Time respecting Grants of Offices, 50 G. 3. c. 33.
12. Until Feb. 1. 1814. no Grants of Public Offices in Revenue to be made, § 1.
13. All Grants contrary hereto, void, § 2.
14. Grants of Offices in Courts of Law, how far excepted, § 3.
15. Proviso for Appointment of Attorneys and Secretaries to Clergy in Scotland, § 2.
16. To continue 45 G. 3. c. 47. appointing Commissioners to enquire into Public Expenditure, and the Conduct of Public Officers, in the Military Departments therein mentioned, and to extend the same to Public Works created by the Office of Works and others, [to 25th March 1812.] 51 G. 3. c. 19. § 1. [to 25th March 1813.] 52 G. 3. c. 41. § 1. and for 19. *Infra*.
17. Commissioners to enquire into the Public Expenditure and Conduct of Officers in the Office of Works, &c., § 2.
18. Powers of 45 G. 3. c. 47. extended to Inquiry into Office of Works, § 3.
19. Appointment of Commissioners for examining, &c. the Expenditure of Public Works, 51 G. 3. c. 41. § 2.
20. Powers of 45 G. 3. c. 47. and 51 G. 3. c. 19. applied to this Act, § 3.
21. To make Provision for a limited Time respecting certain Grants of Offices, 51 G. 3. c. 40.
22. Until Feb. 28th, 1814. no Public Office to be granted in Scotland, § 1.
23. Grants to the contrary, void, § 2.
24. Proviso as to Grants of Offices in Courts of Law, and Appointments of Attorneys, &c. to Clergy in Scotland, § 2.
25. To repeal 49 G. 3. c. 113. for better regulating the Office of Agent General for Valuers and Local Militia, and for the more effectually regulating the same, 51 G. 3. c. 172.
26. Statute 49 G. 3. c. 113. repealed, § 1.
27. Agent General to apply for Money for different Services, &c.
28. Secretary at War to authenticate Lists of Names for Service, which Money paid into Bank, *infra* *Ferri*, § 3. 4.
29. Bills drawn, accepted payable at Bank, Service for which drawn, to be specified, § 5.
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74. *Saunders, Robert, Esq.* deceased. Sale of Fox Pass Rectory, 50 G. 3. c. 122.
75. *Sawley, George, deceased.* Enabling Trustees of, to grant Building Leases, 52 G. 3. c. 122.
76. *Smeeth (Rebory).* Lapse of Provisoes (confining 48 G. 3. c. 122.) 50 G. 3. c. 122.
77. ——— Dismantling two Fire distinct Refractories, building Churches, &c., 51 G. 3. c. 122.
78. *Sold, Henry, Esq.* deceased. Exchange of Estates, 50 G. 3. c. 122.
79. *Sold's, Henry, Charity.* Partition of Estates, 50 G. 3. c. 122.
80. *Spangley, John, Esq.* deceased. Sale of Estates, and purchasing others, 50 G. 3. c. 122.
81. *Spencer, George.* Exchange of Leases, 52 G. 3. c. 122.
82. *Sperry, William.* Exchange of Leases, 51 G. 3. c. 122.
83. *Stanton, George Frederick, Esq.* Discharging Trust Estates, and selling others, 50 G. 3. c. 122.
84. *Stiles, Sir David Mordaunt, Bart.* Sale of Estates and selling others, 51 G. 3. c. 122.
85. *Thames, Dr. Robert John.* Botanical Lottery, 51 G. 3. c. 122.
86. *Tappin, Henry, Esq.* deceased. Sale of Estates, 51 G. 3. c. 122.
87. *Walker, Edmund, deceased.* Enabling Trustees to mortgage fenced Estates, 51 G. 3. c. 122.
88. *Wallace, J. W. Arnold, Esq.* deceased. Sale of Estates, 51 G. 3. c. 122.
89. *Wallington (Viscount).* An Assent of 2000. per Annum settled on him, and the two next Persons to whom the Title of Viscount Wallington shall descend, 50 G. 3. c. 122.
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91. *Walsley, See Parliament, 2. and Paving, 45. et seq.*
92. *Whitehead, St. Mary, Trustees of Charity Schools.* Vesting Estates, 51 G. 3. c. 122.
93. *Wigan, Governors of Free Grammar School of, incorporated,* 51 G. 3. c. 122.
94. *Windsor and Water-works (Duke).* Granting Leases, with Power to open and work, Mines, 51 G. 3. c. 122.
95. *Worship (Rectory of).* Building Leases, &c., (enlarging 49 G. 3. c. 122. FR.) 51 G. 3. c. 122.
96. *Yates, Rev. Richard Bates, deceased.* Enabling Trustees to grant Building Leases, 51 G. 3. c. 122.

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1. For the more effectual Regulation of Pilots, and of the Pilgrage of Ships and Vessels on the Coast of England, 51 G. 3. c. 122.
2. Stat. 45 G. 3. c. 122. continued; and Provisions in 5 G. 2. c. 20. Act repealed, 51.
3. Corporation of Trinity Wharf of Dymock Hall House sit Portus in Pilots, within certain Limits.—Like Powers to Lord Warden of Cinque Ports, &c.—Essex, 52.
4. It is enacted by Pilots, 53.
5. Pilots to pay annually Three Guineas to Corporation of Trinity Wharf, 53.
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8. *Pilots of lower Clafs* allowed, after certain Period of Service, to take charge of Ships of greater Draught than heretofore, in Absence of *Pilots of higher Clafs*, § 7.
9. *Treasy House of Devon, &c.* appointed to examine *Pilots*, § 8.
10. Rates demanded by each licensed *Pilot*, § 9.
11. A sufficient Number of *Clique Port Pilots* to ply; and on making Signals from Fleets to Westward, *Pilots* to prepare to go off, § 10.
12. Masters of Ships from Westward, not having *Clique Port Pilot*, to display his Signal for one, and facilitate his getting on board, &c. Penalty on him for Neglect, &c., § 11.
13. *Clique Port Pilots* may repair on board Ships at Anchor, when certain Distances, § 11.
14. Penalty on *Clique Port Pilots* quitting Ships before Arrival, without Consent of Master, § 12.
15. Courts of Load manage to settle Compositions to Upper Book *Pilots*, by the Lower Book *Pilots*, § 13.
16. Rates and Bye-laws to be made for *Clique Port Pilots*; and in case of Objection thereto, Reference to be had to the *Privy Council*, whose Decision to be final, § 14.
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18. Number of *Clique Port Pilots* increased, and such increased Number to be kept up, § 16, 17.
19. After Defective Treaty of Peace with France, *Warrants* to be filed up by *Secretaries of Privy Council*, § 17.
20. *Pilots* to qualify themselves to conduct, and shall conduct Ships into and out of *Roughness, &c.*, or what Penalty, § 18.
21. Rates for each *Pilotage*, which may be demanded as soon as Ship arrived, § 19.
22. *Trinity House of Rye* shall appoint Sub-Commissioners of *Pilotage*, to examine Persons to act as *Pilots*; and on Certificates of being qualified may grant Licenses, § 20.
23. Sub-Commissioners already appointed to continue, § 20.
24. *Trinity House of Hull and Newcastle* may appoint Sub-Commissioners, &c., § 21.
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26. Notice of Appointment of *Pilots* to be filed up at *Trinity House*, &c. after which no other *Pilot* shall act, § 23.
27. Penalty on *Pilots* suspended, or deprived of License, sitting, § 24.
28. *Pilots* to be suspended, &c. may appeal, § 25.
29. Owners or Masters of Ships not answerable for Loss, nor Consequences prevented from receiving Insurance for want of *Pilots*, &c., § 26.
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31. Pardon for Ships of His Majesty, and for Vessels not entering 20 Tons, § 28, 29.
32. Remedy by Civil Action, § 29.
33. Pardon for Districts having separate Jurisdiction, § 30.
34. Act for Masters, &c. raising at *Devon, &c.* piloting their own Ships, § 31.
35. Licensed *Pilots* may lay-vide unlicensed ones.—Penalty on Masters continuing with old *Pilots*, § 34.
36. *Trinity House of Rye* to publish Rates of *Pilotage*; which shall be kept up at the Custom House, § 35.
37. Majesty of *Pilots*, or Owners of Ships, dissatisfied with *Pilots*, may appeal, § 36.
38. *Trinity House* may make Bye-laws, and assess Penalties to the breach of them; such Bye-laws to be sanctioned by the Chief Justice of K. B. or C. P. 48 G. 3. c. 104. § 37.
39. Copies of proposed Bye-laws to be transmitted to *Privy Council* and Commissioners of Customs; and Copies hang up, § 38.
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41. Persons applying for Licenses, to execute Bond for Obedience to Bye-laws, § 40.
42. Bye-laws, &c. under former Acts to remain, § 41.
43. Masters of Vessels, bound to the Thames, regarding to *Stangate Creek*, to pay full Charges of *Pilotage, &c.* § 42.
44. Penalty on *Pilots* quitting Ships at *Stangate Creek* before Arrival, § 43.
45. Deformation of *Pilots* to be indorsed as Licenses, &c. § 44.
46. Punishment of *Pilots* keeping Public Houses, &c., or offending against the Revenue Laws, &c., § 45.
47. Penalty on *Pilot* sitting before or upon License registered; or without having License in Custody, &c., § 46.
48. On *Pilot's* death, License to be returned to Corporation, on what Penalty, § 47.
49. Corporation authorized to furnish Vessels for having *Pilots* in Attendance at Sea, &c., § 48.
50. *Pilot Boats*, how fitted; Name and Number of principal *Pilot* to be painted thereon, on what Penalty, § 49.
51. Penalty on carrying distinguishing Flag without *Pilot*, § 50.
52. Penalty on *Pilots* declining to take charge of Vessels, or casting more than allowed Fin, &c. § 51.
53. Penalty on *Pilots* employing or requiring Masters to employ Boat, &c. beyond necessity, § 52.
54. Penalty on conducting a Vessel into Danger, or unsuccessfully cutting Cable, &c., § 53.
55. *Pilot Boat* running before Vessels, not having *Pilot* on board, § 54.
56. *Pilots* taken to Sea, to have what Pay, § 55.
57. Surplus Rates of *Pilotage* on Ships not having British Registers, paid to Receivers, and made a Fund for Relief of infirm *Pilots*; and Account thereof laid before Parliament, § 56.
58. How *Pilotage* of Ships not Foreign, recovered, § 57.
59. How *Pilotage* of Foreign Ships recovered; Consignees of Foreign Ships may retain *Pilotage*, § 58.
60. Penalty on Masters of Vessels piloted by any other than licensed *Pilot*, § 59.
61. Reporting to *Pilots* full Account of Draught, &c. of Vessels, &c., Buoys; Penalty, § 60.
62. How Customhouses respecting Draught of Water of Vessels, settled, § 61.
63. Names of *Pilots* to be indorsed in Reports of Ships coming into Port of London, and reported to *Trinity House*.—Like Reports of Vessels clearing outwards, on what Penalties, § 62.
64. Masters of Foreign Ships not giving Name of *Pilot*, deemed to have failed without one, and shall pay *Pilotage*, § 63.
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67. All Acts relating to Regulation of *Pilots* to stand as they are, § 66.
68. Preference of Buoys, § 67.
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70. Penalty on Pilots not obeying Orders of Dock-Master of *West India Company*, 48 G. 3. c. 104. § 69.
71. List of Pilot Vessels, and number of Hands, to be transmitted to Receiver of Stamps Duty in *London*, § 70.
72. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 71, 72, 75.
73. Proviso for Court of Admiralty, and Court of Admiralty, § 73.
74. Justice of any County into which Officer shall escape, may issue original Warrant; which shall authorize peace Officers to execute it, § 75.
75. Punishment of Witnesses not appearing, or being guilty of Perjury, § 76, 77.
76. Form of Conviction, § 78.
77. Appeal allowed, on what Notice, § 79.
78. Limitations of Actions—General Issue—Tribal Costs, § 80.
79. Proviso for City of *London*, § 81.
80. Schedules (A.) Rates of Passage from the River to the Downs, &c.

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(C.) Oath of Cinque Port Pilots.
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Plantations.

1. For continuing the 44 G. 3. c. 101. (which had been continued till 25th March 1810, by 47 G. 3. c. 101.) permitting the Exportation of Salt, from certain Parts in the *Bahama Islands*, in *American Ships* coming in Ballast, [to 25th March 1813.] 50 G. 3. c. 11. § 1.
2. For continuing the 48 G. 3. c. 69. permitting Sugar and Coffee to be exported from His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations to any Port in *Europe* to the Southward of *Cape Finisterre*, and Coes to be imported from each Port, and from the Coast of *Africa* into the said Colonies and Plantations, [to 25th March 1813.] 50 G. 3. c. 11. § 2. [continued by 51 G. 3. c. 98. § 13—50. 206A.]
3. Proviso for Exportation of Coes, the Produce of *British Colonies in America*, 50 G. 3. c. 11. § 3.
4. To permit Rum and other Spirits, the Produce of the *British Colonies in the West India*, to be imported into *Lower Canada* from *New Seville* and *New Brunswick*, and the *Islands of Cape Breton, Prince Edward, and Newfoundland*, 51 G. 3. c. 48. § 1.
5. Regulation for such Importation, § 2.
6. Certificate of A. B. not to be certain Particulars, delivered to Collector of Customs, &c., § 3.
7. To permit Rum and other Spirits, the Produce of the *West India Islands*, to be imported into *New Seville* and *New Brunswick*, and the *Islands of Cape Breton, Prince Edward, and Newfoundland*, from *Bermuda*, 51 G. 3. c. 62.
8. At what Duty Rum &c. may be imported from *Bermuda* to *New Seville*, &c., § 1.
9. Under Conditions of 28 G. 3. c. 39. imported into *New Seville* Duty free, § 2.
10. To prevent frauds on Importations, Affidavits to be made and delivered to C. B. who shall give Certificate of Contents and Packings, § 3.
11. Such Certificate to be delivered to Collector at the Port of Importation, &c., § 4.
12. To regulate the Trade between Places in *Europe*, South of *Cape Finisterre*, and certain Ports in the *British Colonies in North America*, 51 G. 3. c. 97.
13. Rec. 29 G. 3. c. 37. n. post, § 1.
14. Directions for shipping certain Produce South of *Cape Finisterre* for Exportation direct to certain Ports in *North America*, § 2.

15. Regulations for the Exportation of Wheat, &c. from *Canada* to any Port of *Europe*, within the Limits aforesaid, 51 G. 3. c. 97. § 3, 4.
16. To allow Shipment of Fish for Exportation from *Canada*, Oath must be made that they are the Produce of the *British American Fisheries*, § 5.
17. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 6.
18. Stat. 29 G. 3. c. 49. authorizing the Importation and Exportation of any Goods and Commodities into and from *New Seville* and *New Brunswick*, continued [to 25th March 1813.] 51 G. 3. c. 20. § 2.
19. To prohibit all Intercourse between the *Isle of Jamaica* and certain Parts of the *Island of St. Domingo*, 51 G. 3. c. 55.
20. For extending the Time in which Coffee of the *British Plantations* may be sold by Auction without Payment of the Duty on Auction; and for making an Allowance of such Duty on Coffee sold, for which the said Duty has not been paid, 51 G. 3. c. 53.
21. To prevent foreign Goods of certain Descriptions being brought from the *United States into Canada*; and to allow a greater Quantity of Worked Yarn to be exported from *Great Britain to Canada*, 51 G. 3. c. 55.
22. To allow *British Plantation Sugar and Coffee* imported into *Bermuda* in *British Ships* to be exported to the *United States of America* in *Foreign Ships*; and to permit the Productions of the *United States* to be imported into the said *Island* in *Foreign Ships or Vessels*, 51 G. 3. c. 79.
23. To permit Sugar, Coffee, and Coes to be exported from His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations to any Port in *Europe*, to the Southward of *Cape Finisterre*, and Coes to be imported from any such Port, and from the Coast of *Africa*, into the said Colonies and Plantations, under Licences granted by the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs, 51 G. 3. c. 98.
24. Sugar, &c. permitted to be exported in *British built Ships*, and with Licence on board, from Plantations in *America* to any Port in *Europe*, and Coes imported from any such Port, &c., § 1, 2.
25. Penalty on Shipping Sugar the Produce of Foreign Plantations, § 3.
26. Entry made before Sugar, &c. shipped. Regulations for Shipping, § 4.
27. Bond on granting Licence delivered up, after complying with Conditions, § 5.
28. On complying with Conditions of Licence Coes may be imported into *Colours*, § 6.
29. Penalty on stringing Licences. Granting false Certificates, &c., § 9.
30. Penalties, how prosecuted and applied—General Issue—Tribal Costs, § 7, 8.
31. For allowing certain Articles to be imported into and exported from the *Bahama Islands* in *Foreign Ships*, and for encouraging the Exportation of Salt from said *Island*, 51 G. 3. c. 99.
32. Any Vessel deforced in 45 G. 3. c. 57. may come in ballast, or import into and export from the said *Island*, Articles allowed, and may also export Salt, subject to Regulations imposed by 28 G. 3. c. 6. § 1.
33. Salt may be exported without the Bond required by 46 G. 3. c. 32. § 2, § 3.
34. To permit the Exportation of Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, in *British built Ships*, from any of His Majesty's *West India Islands* to any other of the said *Islands*; and to and from any of the *British Colonies in America*, and the said *Islands and Colonies*, 51 G. 3. c. 100.
35. For increasing the Duty on Rum and other Spirits imported into *Newfoundland*, and from the *British Colonies* and

and Plantations on the Continent of America, and charging a Duty on Spirits imported into Newfoundland from the West Indies, 54 G. 3. c. 105.

Plate, See Importation, 63.

Police and Police Officers, See Justice, 4—19.

Poor.

- To amend the Laws for the Relief of the Poor, so far as relate to the examining and allowing the Accounts of Churchwardens and Overseers by Justices of the Peace, 50 G. 3. c. 49.
- Accounts of Churchwardens and Overseers to be submitted to Justices at Special Sessions, § 1.
- Penalty on Churchwardens neglecting to account, and to pay over Money to their Successors, § 2.
- Appeal allowed against such Account by Parishioners, and by Churchwardens or Overseers against the Disallowance or Reduction of those Accounts, § 3.
- Magistrates of Corporations to have the same Jurisdiction as Justices, § 4.
- No Certificates to be granted, § 5.
- Proviso for Churchwardens, &c. exempted from examining under certain Clauses of the 43 Edw. c. 2. and 17 G. 2. c. 38. which are to be in force, except as altered, § 6.
- City of London not included under this Act, § 8.
- To explain and amend the 49 G. 3. c. 124. relating to the Relief and Employment of the Poor, so far as relates to the more effectual carrying the same into Execution; and to amend the Provisions thereof to Parishes which had not adopted the Provisions of 23 G. 2. c. 89. for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor, 50 G. 3. c. 50.
- In what case two Justices may direct Regulations of 34 G. 3. c. 83. to be observed in Workhouses, and their Regulations, § 1.
- Power of Justices for this Purpose, § 2.
- How far Contractors for maintaining Poor are subject to the Jurisdiction of Justices, § 3.
- Justices may appoint Keeper of a Workhouse to be Governor, § 4.
- Payment of Poor's embezzling Goods, &c. and consulting Branch of Regulations, § 5.
- Statute 8 R. 2. c. 10. § 1. requiring poor Persons receiving Alms to wear Badges, repealed, 50 G. 3. c. 51.
- Poor in incorporated Districts. So much of 56 G. 3. c. 10. as limits the Amount of Assessments repealed, 52 G. 3. c. 73.

Acts for the Relief and Employment of the Poor in various Places, viz.

- Kent. Street. Providing a new Workhouse, and for better governing, &c. the Poor, 52 G. 3. c. 2222.
- Middlesex. Liberty of Newes Fielden. Relief, &c. of Poor, 50 G. 3. c. 5.
- Rotherham. Relief, &c. of Poor, 50 G. 3. c. 3222.
- East Liberty. Relief, &c. of Poor, 50 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Sneyd Parish. Assessing and collecting Rates, &c. 50 G. 3. c. 2222.
- Hacking Parish. Maintaining, &c. of Poor, (straggling and straggling 4 G. 3. c. 43.) 50 G. 3. c. 2222.

- Middlesex. St. Botolph Aldgate. Assessing, &c. Poor Rates, 50 G. 3. c. 2222. (amended by 51 G. 3. c. 2222.)
- St. Botolph Aldgate. Assessing and collecting Poor Rates, 51 G. 3. c. 2222.
- St. John Wapping. Assessing, &c. Poor Rates, (amending 5 R. 2. c. 10. & M. c. 10. P. R. 25 G. 2. c. 83. 11 G. 3. c. 22. 22 G. 3. and 23 G. 3. c. 12.) 52 G. 3. c. 2222.
- Windsor. Less and Winded Hundreds. Relief, &c. of Poor, (amending 31 G. 3. c. 72.) 50 G. 3. c. 2222.
- Weymouth Hundreds. Relief, &c. of Poor, (straggling and straggling 4 G. 3. c. 91.) 52 G. 3. c. 2222.
- Surrey. Parishes of Lambeth. Better collecting Rates, &c. 50 G. 3. c. 2222.
- St. Mary Starbuck. Regulating, &c. the Poor, 50 G. 3. c. 2222.
- Church of St. Andrew Parishes. Collecting, &c. Rates, and regulating the Poor, 51 G. 3. c. 2222.
- Chelsea Parishes. Assessing and collecting Poor and other possible Rates, (amending 14 G. 3. c. 12.) 51 G. 3. c. 2222.
- St. Giles, Wolf Fark, Boddington and Glyde Parishes. Employment and Support of Poor, 52 G. 3. c. 2222.

See also *Apprentices (Parish); Deacons, 5—22. 1. Lunatics.*

Population.

- For taking an Account of the Population of Great Britain, and of the Increase or Diminution thereof, 52 G. 3. c. 25.
- Overseers of Parishes, &c. to take an Account of the Number of Persons, &c., § 1.
- Printed Copies of this Act, &c. to be transmitted to Clerks of Peace, &c., § 2.
- Acts and Schedules to be distributed, § 3.
- High Constables to deliver the Schedules to Minister, Overseers, &c., § 4.
- High Constable to take an Account of Persons therein, and prepare Answers to Questions, on what Penalty, § 5.
- Officating Ministers to transmit Answers to Questions relative to Baptisms, &c. to Bishop, by whom they shall be transmitted to Archbishop, but before Privy Council, and an Abstract laid before Parliament, § 6.
- Justices to appoint a Time and Place for Overseers, &c. to attend with Returns and Answers, § 7.
- Justices to receive Answers, &c. to administer Oath with Power to examine Overseers, &c. to adjourn Meetings, to deliver Answers, &c. to High Constables, indorse Returns, and transmit to Clerks of Peace, § 8.
- Sheriff Deputies, &c. in Shireless, to appoint Schoolmasters, &c. to take an Account, § 9.
- Sheriff's Officers, &c. to deliver Schedules to Persons so appointed, who shall take Account of Number of Persons, &c. and prepare Answers to Questions, § 10.
- Sheriff Deputies, &c. to appoint a Time for Schoolmasters to attend with Returns, &c., § 11.
- Sheriff, &c. to receive the same upon Oath, to examine upon Oath, and cause Returns to be indorsed, may direct Returns and Answers to be verified upon Oath before Justice of the Peace, § 12.
- Accounts taken throughout Great Britain for preparing Answers, &c. to be preserved by Churchwardens, &c. and delivered over to Schoolfers, § 13.
- Clerks of the Peace, &c. and Sheriff Deputies, &c. to transmit Returns to the Secretary of State. Abstract laid before Parliament, § 14.

16. Allowance for Trouble &c. in Justice for and in England, out of County and Poor Rates; and in Scotland from Land Tax, §9, 10.
17. Priority on Clerks of Peace making Default; other Persons appointed, §11.
18. Recovery and Application of Penalties, §12.
19. Subduers; Questions to Overseers and Mistiffs; Forms of Returns, Assizes, Procents, Oath and Indorsement.

Portugal.

1. For carrying into effect the Provisions of a Treaty of Commerce, &c. with the Prince Regent of Portugal, §1 G. 3. c. 47.
2. So much of 12 Car. 2. c. 18. or any other Act, as may prohibit Goods of the Produce of Portugal, &c. to be imported, repealed, §1.
3. Goods, the Produce of Portugal, may be imported in Portuguese Vessels, and landed on paying certain Duties, §2-3.
4. Elephant's Teeth and Ivory may be imported, §4.
5. Brit. S. of 31 G. 3. c. 38. is not repealed, §5.
6. Importation of Goods of Portugal in South America, into the West Indies, allowed, §6.
7. Goods of Portugal, described in Table (A.) of 43 G. 3. c. 131. may be landed in Warehouses before Payment of Duty, §7.
8. Goods imported, entitled to drawback on Exportation, §8.
9. Same Port Charges, &c. for Portuguese Vessels, as for British. Proviso for the Rights of the City of London, §9.
10. Means for Payment of Difference between high and low Duty, enacted, §10.
11. Statutes 28 G. 3. c. 11. 109. repealed, §11. Continuance of Act, §12.

Post-Offices, See Taxes, IV.

Post-Office.

1. Commissioners of Land Revenue of the Crown, may send and rec. rec. Letters, free of Postage, 30 G. 3. c. 65. §19.
2. Judge Advocate General, authorized to receive Letters and Pack 16. Postage free, 30 G. 3. c. 66.
3. Paymaster General, may send Letters Postage free, likewise to Possessors of Officers' Widows, 32 G. 3. c. 137. §15.
4. Commissioners for taking Exchange Bills, under 31 G. 3. c. 15. authorized to receive Letters free of Postage, 31 G. 3. c. 15. §67.
5. Letters, &c. containing Copies of Register Books, free of Postage, 31 G. 3. c. 116. §11.
6. For granting additional Rates of Postage in Great Britain, 32 G. 3. c. 88.
7. Additional Rates, not to extend to Guernsey, &c. §1. 2.
8. Rates for Letters conveying Patents of Goods, §12.
9. Rates not to extend to Soldiers' or Sailors' Letters, sent under 35 G. 3. c. 55. §3.
10. Duties paid to Receiver General, and form Part of Revenue; and separate Accounts kept thereof for 20 Years, §5-7.
11. Powers of former Acts extended to this Act, §4.
12. General Issue—Tenth Cuts, &c. §8, 9.

Preservation of the Peace in disturbed Counties.

1. For Preservation of the Public Peace in certain disturbed Counties in England; and to give additional Powers to

Judges for that Purpose, 32 G. 3. c. 116. [To 25th March 1819. §10.]

1. Arms collected for Purposes dangerous to Public Peace, to be searched for and stored, §1.
 2. Arms, not found from Returns, may be destroyed by Warrant of Justices, and lodged in Places of Security, §2.
 3. Persons aggrieved may appeal, and Sessions to be held every three Weeks to divide Classes, §3.
 4. Juries for Arms to be appointed, §4.
 5. Arms to be repaired, and Copies made for Lieutenancy and Quarter Sessions, §5.
 6. Special or Quarter Sessions may determine how Arms, &c. to be disposed of, §6.
 7. What Assemblies declared unlawful. Aiding Assemblies, or acting as Delegates thereon, or assisting by Contributions of Money, a Misdemeanor, §7.
 8. Persons aggrieved in Danger of Public Peace, dispersed; found carrying Arms, detained, §8.
 9. Justices may, upon Information on Oath, commit Delegates, &c. and Fire Arms, §9.
 10. Parties concerned to proceed to Trial on Indictment found, or if Trial postponed, to remain in Custody unless bailed, §10.
 11. Justices may disperse unlawful Assemblies, §11.
 12. Justices of detached, &c. Counties to have concurrent Jurisdiction in Counties, §12.
 13. What Persons His Majesty empowered to appoint Justices of Peace, §13.
 14. Justices may appoint Special Constables, §14.
 15. Officers admitted, if not professed under Act, §15.
 16. Persons in Custody, &c. at passing Act, liable to Prosecution, §16.
 17. Penalty of procuring unlawful Meetings, §17.
 18. Justices, on Oath of unlawful Meeting being held, may declare License of House to be forfeited, §18.
 19. Act to extend to certain Counties, and others, by Proclamation, §19.
 20. His Majesty may alter Provisions of Act, §19.
- See also *Peace and War.*

Prince Regent.

1. Prince of Wales appointed Regent, 31 G. 3. c. 1. §1.
2. Form of Signature of Regent, §2.
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- Statute 30 G. 3. c. 82. for regulating the taking of Oaths, &c. in respect of which Secrecy ought to be observed, and for granting the Grant of all such Offices to the eldest of such Sons not being given to a second man and the Grant of such Offices, extended to Scotland by 32 G. 3. c. 66. § 1.
- Offices, which appear to, give Secrecy, which are to be kept by an Officer in every Department, § 3.
- Such Officers to be Accountable before Heads of Departments, &c. annually, § 6.
- Persons, who have already registered, not required to register again, § 7.
- Manner of Death or Discrepancy of Securities to be given, on what Penalties, § 8.
- Heads of Departments may allow farther time for giving Securities, § 9.
- His Majesty empowered to remit Penalties, § 10.
- Books to Scotland may be taken according to the Form of Law of Scotland or England, § 12.
- Acts not to extend to Heads of Revenue General of Assessed Taxes, § 13.
- Periods for Rectify of Securities estimated from time of Execution by his Person, § 13.
- Not Irregularly to avoid Securities, § 14.
- Deeds registered, though Persons have exp. red., § 15.
- Indemnification for Persons entering to give Securities, § 16.
- Securities registered, § 17.
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Penalties.

- To limit the Amounts of Penalties, &c. in the Civil List of Scotland, c. G. 3. c. 120. § 1.
- Supplies of Civil List of S. after the year 1782, § 1.
- His Majesty may make other Grants, § 2.

Rents, See Bridgwater, &c.

Spices.

- For regulating the Consumption of Spices, &c. from Sugar, in the Kingdom, 35 G. 3. c. 120. § 1.
- Licence to be granted by the Treasury, &c. under Act following, § 1.
- Licences to distil Spices from Sugar &c. abolished, [See also General Index, Title *Spices*, 35—37. & 38. 35 & 40 G. 3. c. 120. § 1.

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Taxes.

Repairs, &c.

- Statute 45 G. 3. c. 150. tit. 2. 45 G. 3. c. 95. 46 G. 3. c. 67. 48 G. 3. c. 57. and 50 G. 3. c. 120. for regulating the Assessment and Collection of the Assessed Taxes, and of the Duties on Paper and Post, &c. in G. 3. in far as is in the Act of Scotland, 35 G. 3. c. 55. § 1.
- Several Depots and Subdepots to act as Commissioners under Property Acts, § 1.
- Commissioners of Supplies may divide Counties into Districts, which it is Appointed of Barons of Exchequer, § 2.
- District Commissioners appointed, to be not less than three in Number; and may act in any other Part of Wales or Sovereignty, § 2.
- Commissioners of Supply may appoint Commissioners for Districts, § 3.
- Cities and Boroughs divided into Districts, § 4.
- Commissioners for Districts to hear and determine Appeals, § 5.
- Allowance to Clerks of S. and Sheriffs, § 4.
- District Commissioners to appoint Sub-Districts, who shall go to each, and receive monthly to Collectors for Shops, &c. — Their Allowance, § 7.
- Commissioners may divide their S. into Districts, at their Discretion, without being bound by the Order, § 8.
- Amount due previous to Distress and Dist. Ac. collected by former Collectors, § 9.
- Commissioners taking to meet and divide into S. Ac. Barons of Exchequer, &c. and also appoint Commissioners for Districts, Clerks, &c. § 10.
- Sheriffs to have Notices of Assessments, with Parties along, § 11.
- Clerks to deliver to Assessors of Districts Copy of Assessments, with Orders to Advertise to notify to Party the Sum to be paid; and Assessor to certify same, &c. § 12.
- Recovery of Duties — Penalty, § 13.
- Notice of S. Ac. to be provided — Penalty, § 14.
- Collectors to transmit, annually, Lists and Accounts of Arrears to King's Remembrancer in Exchequer, § 15. 16.
- Collectors to transmit annually to Exchequer Accounts of Arrears in Name of Triple Distress, on what Penalties, § 17.
- Commissioners of Duties, arising from Districts or District Collectors, to be appointed by Order of Barons of Exchequer, § 18.
- Proviso by Statute to Act in Name of Receiver General of T. S. Ac., § 19.

21. Auctioneers

21. Auctioneers to give Notices of Sales or Auctions to Collectors of Duties, as when Private, 32 G. 3. c. 55. § 40
22. No Proceeds to be paid to Clerks or Auctions, without Orders from Herms, § 21.
23. No Collector or Clerks to hold more than one Office, as when Private, § 22.
24. Rules and Regulations, not altered, in Force, § 23.
25. Recovery of Penalties, § 24.

Securities (Embezzlement of). See Embezzlement.

Security (Giving of). See Offices.

Servants (Duty on). See Taxes (Assessed Taxes, 12—21.)

Ships.

1. Enlarging 49 G. 3. c. 43. relating to the Extension of the Commission of Seamen from *King Messy's*, *Servy*, to *Ramsgate* to *East*, 50 G. 3. c. 103.

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Ships.

1. Statute 19 G. 3. c. 48. § 1. empowering Masters of Ships arriving from Vessels out of the Straits, except to the lawful Quays in the Port of London, before the Goods are discharged, or their V. Lists are cleared by the proper Officers Inwards or Outwards, to be so related to any Ship or Vessel entered Inwards or Outwards, from or to any Port abroad, repealed, 51 G. 3. c. 84.

See also *King India Company*, 7—9.

Shoemakers, See Tanners.

Silk Manufacture.

1. To amend 32 G. 3. c. 68. and 31 G. 3. c. 44. relating to the Wages of Persons employed in the Silk Manufacture, 51 G. 3. c. 7.
 2. Powers of those Acts, for raising Journeymen's Wages in Silk Manufacture, to extend to Wages of Journeymen within London and *Windsor*, 51 G. 3. c. 7.
- See also *Importation and Exportation*, 42—45.

Slave Trade.

1. For rendering more effectual the 47 G. 3. c. 35. for the Abolition of the Slave Trade, 51 G. 3. c. 23.
2. Carrying on the Slave Trade or being in any Way engaged thereon, declared Felony — Penalties thereof, § 1.
3. Persons serving on board Ship, or masters rate — Penalty thereon, quality of red powder for a Muzzle-loader; and not to be detested Accidents in Felony, § 2.
4. Proviso for removal or Absence from one or both Settlements to another, &c. A for Transportation to Foreign Places of Ships crewed of Colours, § 4.
5. Proviso for Things done before certain Periods, § 5.
6. How Officers to be tried, § 6.
7. Former Acts, in respect of Penalties, applied to this, § 7.

8. Governors and Commanders in Chief, and Prefects authorized by them, may issue Vessels and other Fortifications, 51 G. 3. c. 23. § 8.
9. Persons sailing in Vessels, giving Information of Offences committed, not liable to Punishment, § 9.

Smuggling.

1. For making perpetual certain of the Provisions of 5 G. 1. c. 11. for preventing the clandestine Running of unlicensed Goods, and for preventing Frauds relating to the Customs, 50 G. 3. c. 10.
2. For the more effectual Prevention of Smuggling in the Isle of Man, 50 G. 3. c. 54.
3. Penalty on Persons found on board Vessels, or employed in clandestinely shipping or landing Spirits, &c., § 1.
4. Officers where tried, § 2.
5. Assent that Commissioners of Customs have made Election as to Penalty, admitted, § 3.
6. Statute 5 G. 3. c. 39. as to Recovery of Penalties, extended to this Act, § 4.
7. Officers of the Army, Navy, Militia, or Marines, may detain certain Persons found in Vessels, and convey them to the Governor, to whom they shall give Bail for their Appearance, or be committed, § 5.
8. In what case such Persons may be put on board Ship of War, to serve his Majesty, &c., § 5.
9. Officers discharging such Persons before a certain Time, to be punished — Forfeits, § 5.
10. Reward to Officers, whose Penalty not recovered, § 6.
11. Same Powers of Seizure as are given to Custom-house Officers, vested in Officers of the Army, &c., § 6.
12. Shares of Proceeds to be paid to Officers, in lieu of Shares of Licenses, § 6.
13. Allowance to Persons seizing Spirits within certain Limits, § 7.
14. Confiscated Vessels, how disposed of, § 8.
15. Tonnage Rewards to Officers, § 8.
16. Punishment for obstructing Officers, § 9.
17. Shooting at Officers, Death, § 9.
18. To regulate the manner of loading Boats by the Commissioners of Customs, and the delivering up of Licenses in case of Loss or Capture of Vessels bound; and for enabling the Commissioners of Customs to purchase certain Boats at a Valuation, 51 G. 3. c. 64.
19. Boats of certain Descriptions found within Limits mentioned in Act, forfeited, unless Owners have obtained License, § 1.
20. To what Boats, Act. Act not to extend, § 1.
21. Regulations, &c. of Licenses, which to be issued by Commissioners of Customs, § 1—5.
22. Penalty of making use of License improperly, in protecting Vessels from Seizure, § 6.
23. Regulations for the Commissioners purchasing Boats of a certain Description at a Valuation, § 5—9.
24. Penalties, &c. how fixed for, § 10.

Sungf, See Tobacco and Snuff.

Soldiers.

- I. Acts relating to the Army and Marines in general.
- II. Soldiers' Families.
- III. Cholera Hospital.

I. Acts relating to the Army and Marines in general.

1. Treasury (or Annual) Acts for paying Money and Discharge, and for better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, 50 G. 3. c. 7. 51 G. 3. c. 8. 51 G. 3. c. 22.

53. Penalty on Officers, or Constables, taking Money to enable them quartering, and on Victuallers refusing to quarter Soldiers or Marines, A. § 54, 55; M. § 29, 61.
54. High Constables, &c. to give Accounts of the Mox quartered by them, A. § 56; M. § 62.
55. Justices may extend Quarters and college Quarters, A. § 57; M. § 30.
56. Officers, Soldiers, and Marines to pay Rates for their Provisions, — Regulations concerning Innkeepers supplying them, A. § 58—60; M. § 27, 28, 31—33.
57. Soldiers and Marines' Wives, &c. not to be quartered without Consent, § 61; M. § 45.
58. Soldiers or Marines having Wives and Children, shall make Oath of their left Place of Settlement, A. § 62; M. § 56.
59. Regulations as to Conveyance of Soldiers and Baggage, by Horses, Carriages, and Canal Vessels, to England, A. § 63—69; M. § 37—42. In Scotland, A. § 71, 72; M. § 43. In Ireland, A. § 74; M. § 44.
60. Soldiers and Marines to be quartered in Ireland and Scotland, as under the Laws in force, at the time of their respective Unions, A. § 70, 73; M. § 34, 35.
61. Lord Lieutenant of Ireland may appoint a Justice to sign Marching Rates, A. § 75.
62. Penalties on Officers, Soldiers or Marines defraying the Care, A. § 76; M. § 45.
63. Persons receiving Edifying Money, deemed enlisted, A. § 77.
64. Oath for Relief of Persons lawfully taking, A. § 78; M. § 52.
65. Persons receiving Edifying Money and accommodations, &c. deemed duly enlisted, A. § 79; M. § 54.
66. Men receiving Incentives may be incorporated to Garrison Bunkers, A. § 80.
67. Obtaining Bounty under false Pretences, punishable, A. § 81.
68. Debitors surrendering held duly enlisted, A. § 82; M. § 59.
69. Penalty on Apprentices enlisting, A. § 83; M. § 55.
70. Masters claiming Apprentices in England, Ireland, and Scotland, A. § 84—86; M. § 60.
71. Masters continuing to receive Part of the Bounty, A. § 87.
72. Punishment of Apprentices claimed by their Masters, A. § 88—91; M. § 66.
73. Orders to give previous Notice to Secretary at War, of the Expulsion of the Impersonation of Soldiers in their Country, A. § 92.
74. None but Apprentices to be given up, A. § 93.
75. Proportion of Wages to Yearly Servants enlisting, A. § 94.
76. When Corps beyond Sea shall be relieved in order to recruit Home, such Men as choose may be enlisted and incorporated with their appointed to remain, A. § 95.
77. Soldiers abroad entitled to Discharge to be sent Home free of Expence, and have constant and marching Money, A. § 96.
78. Regulations for the Apprehension of Debitors, A. § 97, 98; M. § 47, 48.
79. Penalty on Persons receiving Delivers, receiving their Arms, Forage, &c. A. § 99; M. § 49, 50.
80. Penalty on persuading Soldiers or Marines to desert, A. § 100; M. § 51.
81. Penalty on Officer breaking open House without Warrant, A. § 100.
82. One Justice may extend a Soldier's Forfeiture in case of Sickness, and advance Pay by Parish Officers, &c., A. § 101, 102, 103.
83. No Soldier liable to Process, unless for some criminal Matter, or a real Debt of his, A. § 104; M. § 53.
84. Plaintiff may file Common Appraisance, A. § 105; M. § 58.
85. Soldiers or Marines confined for Debt not to receive Pay, A. § 106; M. § 59.
86. Constables making up their Accounts, or swearing from Foreign Service, to make Oath, A. § 107.
87. Officers, Storekeepers, Constables, &c. embarking, &c. Military Stores, &c., to be tried by a Court Martial, and punished, A. § 108.
88. Non-commissioned Officers embarking Soldier's Pay, &c. to be ordered, &c., A. § 109.
89. No Payments to be made from Officers' or Private Men's Pay, except such Debts, &c., A. § 110.
90. Treasury to issue Money for Clothing every Six Months, A. § 111.
91. Penalty on Paymasters, &c. detaining Officers' or Soldiers' Pay, A. § 112.
92. Penalty on Agents disobeying Orders, A. § 113.
93. Penalty on unauthorized Persons acting as Army Agents, A. § 114.
94. Paymasters, &c. to account with Exchequer, A. § 115.
95. Officers, &c. of Artillery subject to this Act, A. § 116.
96. Colonel, &c. Troops acting in Conjunction with King's Forces, liable to same Martial Law, A. § 117.
97. Persons employed in Recruiting Service, and receiving regular Pay, subject to this Act, A. § 118.
98. Negroes purchased, and serving in His Majesty's Forces, shall be deemed free, except (as to certain Provisions of this Act) as to Negroes purchased by or on account of His Majesty, A. § 119, 120.
99. Officers and Soldiers of each Troop sent over to Great Britain to be quartered and billeted as His Majesty's other Forces, and under same Regulations and Penalties, A. § 121.
100. Militia subject to this Act only as directed by Militia Laws, A. § 122.
101. Militia and Penalties, when in actual Service to be regularly enforced, &c., A. § 123.
102. In what cases this Act extends to Jersey, Guernsey, &c., A. § 124.
103. Persons taking Life Oath guilty of Perjury, A. § 125.
104. Limitation of Actions—General Issue—Tribal Costs, A. § 126, 127.
105. Recovery of Penalties, A. § 128, 129, 131; M. § 53.
106. In what Courts, in England, Scotland and Ireland, Suits to be brought, A. § 129, 128.
107. Officers' month's former Military Aids payable by this, A. § 133; M. § 55.
108. But none to be tried, &c. for Officers' month's former Aids, committed Three Years before issuing the Warrant for Trial, A. § 134; M. § 56.
109. Form of Conviction—Contract of A. B., &c., A. § 135—137; M. § 50.
110. Musters, horse as Part of the Complement of Ships of War, to be governed by Rules established by 22 G. 2, M. § 68.
111. Persons employed in the Commissariat Department embarking Stores, to be tried by a Court Martial, &c., M. § 69.
112. Statute 35 Edw. 2, 17, repealed and voiding Persons pretending to be Soldiers, &c., 58 G. 3, c. 53. See also *Chaplain's, East India Company*, 10—14.

II. Soldier's Families.

1. For enabling the Wives and Families of Soldiers embarked on Foreign Service to return Home, 51 G. 3, c. 105, [repealed and amended by 58 G. 3, c. 110. See 10, 11, infra.]

8. In what case Commanding Officer to make out L/R of Soldiers' Wives and Children to be left at Place of Embarkation, 51 G. 3. c. 26. § 1.
9. Wife to have Duplicate sworn, § 1.
4. Duplicate to be shown to Magistrate, who shall make out Receipt, and give Certificate, § 1.
5. Oversee, on Production of Certificate, to pay Wife an Allowance, § 2.
6. Overseer to be repaid by Collector of Excise, § 4.
7. Money advanced for the Purpose from Excise, to be repaid by Secretary at War, § 4.
8. Certificate delivered up to Overseer, &c., § 5.
9. Women not complying with Regulations, Vagrants, § 6.
10. Wives, &c. of Soldiers returning from Abroad, to have Certificates given by Commanding Officer, &c. or, lacking without Certificate, by search General Officer, 52 G. 3. c. 120. § 1.
11. Such Certificates to be shown to Magistrate, who shall make out Receipt and give Certificate, § 2.

III. *Chiefs Hospital.*

1. For extending and amending the Regulations now in force relative to the Payment of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea, of the forfeited and reclaimed Shares of Army Prize Money, 51 G. 3. c. 104.
2. Sect. 16. of 49 G. 3. c. 123. extended to all cases of Prize and Captivity, § 1.
3. Part of s. 16. of 49 G. 3. c. 123. (requiring the Treasurer of Chelsea Hospital to retain Money for a certain Time) repealed, § 2.
4. Forfeited Shares or Balances of Prize Money vested in the Funds, § 3.
5. Securities in the Name of Deputy Treasurer to be transferred to Governor, &c., § 4.
6. Shares of Prize Money paid to next of Kin without Admissions, it under 201, § 5.
7. Prize Money of next of Kin of Foreigners paid without Letters of Admittance, &c., § 5.
8. Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital may require a Return from Persons, who have obtained Powers of Attorney to receive Prize Money, of Money received by them, and require Payment to Two Months, § 7. [repealed, see 22. infra.]
9. Limitation of Claim of Prize Money, § 7.
10. Accounts to be laid before Parliament, § 8.
11. Schedule of such Account.
12. To empower the Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital to commute Prizes for a Sum of Money in certain cases, 52 G. 3. c. 109.
13. Soldiers not Natives may, on Recommendation, be allowed a Sum in Cash instead of an annual Pension, § 1.
14. Such Sums to be paid out of Money applicable to the Payment of Prizes, § 2.—Receipts for the same not liable to Stamp Duty, § 2.
15. To explain, amend, and extend the several Laws relative to the Payments of forfeited and reclaimed Shares of Army Prize Money to the Royal Hospital at Chelsea; and for directing the Mode of making up the Accounts of Prizes paid to the Widows of Officers of the Army, 52 G. 3. c. 112.
17. Provisions of Acts relating to Chelsea Hospital, applicable as well to fugitive Wars as to the War existing at the passing of 45 G. 3. c. 72, § 1.
17. Such Provisions of Acts as direct Payments to Chelsea Hospital of reclaimed Prizes, in what case extended, § 2.
18. Commissioners, &c. of Chelsea Hospital indemnified for Appropriation of Money, and empowered to appropriate reclaimed Prize Money to future, § 3.

19. Transfers of Public Accounts of Receipts and Payments Quarterly, 47 G. 3. c. 72.
20. In what case the Treasury to be empowered, § 5.
21. New cases. Equal Obligation or Privilege Receipts exempt from Stamp Duty, § 6.
22. Sect. 7. of 51 G. 3. c. 104. repealed, except as to Proceedings instituted thereunder prior to this Act, § 7.
23. Receipts filed in manner herein-mentioned to Persons supposed to have received Money, payable to Troops, under Powers of Attorney, &c., § 8.
24. Penalty of disobeying Precepts, § 9.
25. After Service of Precepts, the Balance in Hand of Money paid over to Persons to whom Precepts directed, shall become the Property of Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital, § 10.
26. Provisions of Acts applicable, in case of Death, to legal Representatives, § 11.
27. Oath of Verification annexed to Accounts.—Penalty of Perjury, § 12, 13.
28. Payment of Widows' Pensions to be made in Office of Paymaster General, who may receive Letters Postage free, § 15, 16.
29. Penalty of sending under Cover any Thing not relative to Duties of Office, § 17.

Spirits.

1. For prohibiting the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Great Britain, for a limited Time, and for continuing the Suspension of Intercourse in Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland, 50 G. 3. c. 1.
2. 49 G. 3. c. 7. continued as to Great Britain, till Dec. 31, 1810, § 1.
5. The Majesty, after Oct. 1, 1810, may permit Distillation from Grain (Wheat excepted), and may extend the time of Prohibition, § 2.
4. 49 G. 3. c. 8. further continued, except the Revocation of a Penalty, § 3.
- Act may be varied, &c., § 4.
6. To empower the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to regulate Distillers of Spirits from Sugar, from the Excess of the Duties to which they were liable from the Expiration of 48 G. 3. c. 152. about the Duties thereby imposed, 51 G. 3. c. 42.
7. Treasury may remit Proportion of High Duties on Wash made from Sugar, and distilled since Dec. 31, 1810, and before Jan. 10, 1811, § 1.
8. Proviso for Distillers distilling certain Wash made from Sugar, § 2.
9. Treasury may discharge Distillers from 50 fourth of high Duties imposed by 46 G. 3. c. 102. for Wash brewed from Sugar and distilled since 31st Dec. 1810, &c. as they shall think reasonable, 51 G. 3. c. 112. § 5.
10. Stat. 50 G. 3. c. 105. as to Manufacture of *Maltistow* Geneva, continued by 51 G. 3. c. 111. § 1. [see 5th July 1813.] additional Duties imposed, and Regulations for collecting them, &c., § 2—4.
11. To suspend the Payment of all Drawbacks on Spirits made or distilled in Great Britain or Ireland, and exported from either Country to the other respectively; and to suspend the Importation of Irish Spirits into G. B. except such as shall have been warehoused according to Law; and for suspending the Exportation of Home-made Spirits from Great Britain to Ireland, and vice versa, [till Three Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament.] 51 G. 3. c. 121.
12. To revive and continue [to 31st Dec. 1812.] 49 G. 3. c. 7. prohibiting the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in the United Kingdom; and to revive and continue 49 G. 3. c. 8. suspending the Importation of *Striagh* or *Irish* made

5. Five Pds deemed making of Stamp, 7 C. 1. s. 17.
20. Part of Duty on Stamp imported, if imported in 4000000 Charges of not less than twelve hundred and twenty-five.
21. Regulations to be observed on receiving and importing Stamps; and Penalty on not complying, 10 C. 1. s. 17.
22. Stamps, &c. to be provided by Commissioners of Excise for Stamping, &c. Labels to Stamp on Instruments, &c.
23. Forging Stamps or Sticks, Transferring, &c. and Penalty of selling with forged, &c. Stamps, &c.
24. Stamp imported, found not stamped on in Paper is money required, or stamped in unprinted Paper, to be forfeited, with 2000 l.
25. Paper containing Stamp, damaged by Accident, re-registered on giving Notice to Excise Office, &c.
26. Penalty on addressing Offices, &c.
27. His Majesty may, by Proclamation, &c. authorize Prohibition of making Stamp from Wheat, since 18 November 1812, &c.
28. Recovery of Penalties by Commissioners of Customs and Excise, &c.
29. Limitation of Actions—General Issue—Tenable Costs, &c.
30. Commencement, &c. of Acts, &c.

Stacking Frames (Destroying), See Frames.

Sugar.

1. Amend Acts for granting Duties on Sugar, &c., 50 C. 3. c. 3. 51 G. 3. c. 2. 52 G. 3. c. 1.
2. To allow the Use of Sugar in brewing Beer in Great Britain. See Beer.

See also Importation, s. 55, 60, 65; Plantations, s. 3, 23, 30.

Surrogate Courts, See Newfoundland, 3.

Surveyor General of Land Revenues of the Crown, and of His Majesty's Woods, &c. See King, 1—26.

T.

Tanners.

1. Penalty on Tanners carrying on the Business of a Shoemaker, &c., 51 G. 3. c. 94, 52.

Taxes.

- I. Regulation Acts.
- II. Assessed Taxes.
- III. Property (Tax on).
- IV. Poll Duties.

I. Regulation Acts.

1. To regulate the manner of making Surcharges on the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and of the Tax upon the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, and for amending the Acts relating to the said Duties &c. &c. twelv., 50 G. 3. c. 105.

2. Rules and Directions for making Objections and Charges, and for bringing on a case of making the same in England, &c.
1. Surveyors and Inspectors to examine Returns and Affidavits, and may amend them, &c.
2. After Affidavit allowed, Surveyor to certify Certificate to Commissioners by way of Surcharges; and upon Delivery of Certificate and Oath made that Notice was given, Commissioners to allow Certificate.
3. Lists to be delivered to Surveyors, and Affidavits produced for taking Copies.
4. Notice to be given to Party charged.
5. In what case Delivery of Certificate of Surcharges to Clerk shall be sufficient.
6. Certificate sufficient Proof of the Contents of Notice.
7. Affidavits or Charges not to be impeached on account of Mistake in Names or Descriptions.
8. How double Duty may be avoided; Surveyor may certify same, and Party shall be charged at single Duty. If dissatisfied, he may state his Objection, and give Notice thereof.
9. Declaration to certain a satisfactory Account in Excise of Party, and to be attested by credible Witnesses.
10. How, on Charges for any Certificate in Return, a double Duty may be avoided; Charge to be made at single Duty, unless Surveyor certify Objection.
11. Form of Declaration or case of Charge for defective Returns.
12. No Declaration required, if Party give Notice in Writing to Surveyor, that his Return is correct.
13. Proofs being at case of various Charges, &c.
14. Appeal—Prohibition of Lists, &c.—Charges considered in Default of Prohibition.
15. All Duties shall be double Duty, &c.
16. In what case double Duty remitted.
17. Double Duty remitted, where Default has been corrected by Party's Return.
18. Mooty of Duty remitted, where Default not fraudulent. In what case the whole of double Duty remitted.
19. In what case no double Duty.
20. Revised T. Offices.
21. Charge not to be made after Objections to Efficiency of Ince Property.
22. Charge may be made after Objections in certain cases.
23. Objections to be made before Affidavit.
24. Charge to be made at a limited time.
25. When Charge of Property omitted may be made.
26. In case of Fresh Charge to be made.
3. Provisions before mentioned, relating to Charges in single Duty, not relating to Surcharges in double Duty, to be construed as applicable to the Provision of 45 G. 3. c. 161. and 46 G. 3. c. 65. &c., &c.
4. Provisions in Acts respecting brews, repealed, &c.
5. Commissioners acting, not liable to Suits, &c.
6. T. Office, how delivered, &c.
7. List, 25, of 45 G. 3. c. 161. repealed, &c.
8. Tax for making out and delivering Duplicate of Affidavit, &c. charged, &c.
9. No Person, having made out Lists of the greatest Number of Persons, shall be compelled to make out a fresh List, &c.
10. In what case double Duty struck off, &c.
11. Tax allowed for delivery on amended Returns, &c.
12. Money paid. Disturbance, a Milestone, &c.
13. Indemnity for false Declarations, how to be laid, &c.
14. Amount of Duty may be certified, &c.
15. In 52 G. 3. c. 105. the Act, as it respects Excise, is amended in the Particulars therein mentioned, &c.

See Scotland, (Taxes.) &c. also Enforcement, &c.

II. *Assessed Taxes.*

- For altering the Amount of certain Duties of Assessed Taxes, granted by 41 G. 3. c. 55, 50 G. 3. c. 104.
- From April 1st, 1800, the Duties in Schedules annexed to this Act shall be paid, &c.

Schedule of Duties on Carriages. (No. 1.)

On Taxed Carts.

- No. I. without Springs.
No. II. with Springs, &c.
On Carriages with less than four Wheels.
On the Makers of Taxed Carts.

- Duties to be assessed under Regulations of former Acts, &c.
- Some Commissioners and Officers to execute this Act as are appointed under former Acts, &c.
- Makers of Taxed Carts to return their Names and keep Accounts of Carts sold, on Penalty of 20*l.*, &c.
- Makers of Taxed Carts to print Price and Owners' Names thereon before Delivery, &c.
- Penalty on selling Carts, without Particulars painted, &c.
- Common Stage Carts may be sold in certain cases, &c.
- In what cases Commissioners to give Notice to Proprietors to produce the same before them, &c.
- Exemptions of Duty on Windows, &c.
- Monies to be earned on Exchange, &c.
- For granting Exemptions in certain cases from Payment of the Duties charged in respect of Servants, Carriages, Horses, and Dogs, kept in Great Britain and Ireland respectively, 51 G. 3. c. 72.
- Persons paying the Duties for Servants, &c., in G. B. not liable to pay for same Establishment in Ireland, &c.
- Persons paying in Ireland shall only be liable for Amount of Duty in G. B., &c.
- Periods at which the respective Duties commence, &c.
- Persons claiming Exemption in G. B. to produce Certificates of Payment of Duties in Ireland, &c.
- Amount of such Exemptions to be kept, &c.
- Persons claiming Exemptions in Ireland to produce Certificates of Payment of Duties in G. B., &c.
- Penalty on claiming Exemptions fraudulently, &c.
- Penalties how recovered and applied, &c.
- Exemptions to Members of Parliament and public Officers not affected, &c.
- For granting new and additional Assessed Taxes, and for consolidating same with former Duties of Assessed Taxes, 52 G. 3. c. 93.
- Additional Duties proposed, to be carried to Consolidated Fund, &c.

Schedule (C.) No. 1. Male Servants.

- No. 2. Gardeners.
No. 3. Riders, Travelees, &c.
No. 4. Servants let to Hire.

(D.) No. 1. Four-wheeled Carriages.

- No. 2. Carriages with less than Four Wheels.

- No. 3. Hand Carriages.
No. 4. Taxed Carts.
No. 5. Coachmakers.
No. 6. Carriages sold by Commission.

(E.) No. 1. Horse-keepers for Riding Draught.

- No. 2. Hired Horses.
No. 3. Race Horses.
(F.) No. 1. All other Horses.
No. 2. Horses used in Husbandry.

- (G.) Dogs.
(H.) Horse-Dealers.
(L.) Kissing Game.

Rules for charging half consolidated Duties.

Schedule (M.) No. 1. Exemptions of *Jurid* Members of Parliament, and public Officers from Duties in Schedule C. D. E. and G.

- No. 2. Exemptions of Sheriffs, &c. from Duties in Schedules C. D. and E.

(N.) No. 1. Form of Certificate of Valuations.

- No. 2. Form of Gamekeepers' Certificate.

- No. 3. Form of Game Duty Certificate.

24. Duties granted by 51 G. 3. c. 93, consolidated with former Duties, &c.

25. Additional Duties how raised, Schedules, &c. made to avail, &c.

26. Notice to be left of additional Duties requiring Returns, &c.

27. Persons liable to return Lists of Articles, kept in preceding Year, &c.

28. Additional Duties to be assessed for current Year, except on Game Certificates commencing from 1st April 1823; and in certain cases additional Duties assessed without Returns, &c.

29. Commissioners authorized in certain cases to make separate Assessments of additional Duties for current Year, &c.

30. Returns to be made of Consolidated Duties in every Year, &c.

31. Commissioners and other Officers under former Acts may execute this, &c.

32. Account of new Duties to be kept for Ten Years, &c.

33. For regulating the Allowances granted out of the Duties of Assessed Taxes, to Persons in respect of the Number of their Children, by 45 G. 3. c. 54, and for extending the Limitation therein mentioned, in Proportion to the Increase of the said Duties, 52 G. 3. c. 147.

III. *Property (Tax &c.)*

- For regulating the manner of assessing Lands, in certain cases, to the Duties arising from the Profits of Property, Professions, Trades, and Office, and for giving Relief from the said Duties on Occasion of Losses in other cases therein mentioned, 50 G. 3. c. 100.
- Relief to be allowed in assessing Land at reserved Rent and for Improvements, &c.
- Lands inhabited by Occupiers and Owners, &c.
- Relief extended to Occupiers and Owners, whose Owners are incapable of consenting to Abatement of Rent, &c.
- Abatement of Assessments in case of Losses, &c.
- Indemnification of Commissioners, &c.
- Penalty on making, or using the making of false Claims, &c.
- East India Dock Company, how assessed, &c.

IV. *Post Office.*

- Treasurer may authorize Commissioners of Stamps to levy Post Office Duties of 44 G. 3. c. 58, 51 G. 3. c. 76, &c.
- 57 G. 3. c. 16, is saved, in respect to Duties let to Farm, &c.
- Deposit on account of Rent to be paid by Contractors, &c.
- Who may dilate in Default of Payment, &c.
- In Actions for Recovery of Duties, what Proof necessary, &c.
- Act repealed, &c., &c.

Taxes

Thames Police.

1. Salary of Justices, and Expensures of Office, affixed by 51 G. 3. c. 119. § 2.

Timber (Imported), Duties on, See CUSTOMS, 7—19. 35—42.

Tobacco and Snuff, See EXCISE, 125—132.; Importation, 61.; Malt, 1.

Tolls.

- To explain the Exemptions from Toll in several Acts of Parliament, for Carriages employed in Husbandry; and for specifying the Tolls to be paid on other Carriages; and on Horses, in certain cases therein specified, 52 G. 3. c. 145.
- Exemptions from Toll extended in certain cases, where not specifically excepted in former Acts, § 1.
- Tolls on empty Carriages to be first paid, and afterwards returned, § 2.
- App. of 16 Parties agreed, § 3.
- Provision to release Letters of Tolls from Contracts at Antichristian sect, § 4.
- Letters, &c. of Tolls, withing to determine Contracts, Testimonies, &c. to make the same, § 5.
- Regulations of Weight, in 13 G. 3. c. 8. &c. not to extend to Manure Waggon, &c. by reason of having empty Buckets, Sacks, &c., § 6.
- Regulations as to Payment of Toll when Carriage, &c. are affixed to Waggon, &c. or Saddle Horses led by Drivers of Waggon, § 7.

Traders (Distressed), See Manufacturers.

Trusts, See Charitable Purposes.

Turnpike Acts.

- BARROCK and } From *Bromton Bridge to Olney*, (amending
BUCKS. } 50 G. 3. c. 114.) 51 G. 3. c. 122.
- BIRMINGHAM. From *Alveley to Bewdley* (amending, &c. 8 G. 3. c. 61. and 30 G. 3. c. 101.) 51 G. 3. c. 120.
From *Malvern Bridge to Reading*, and to *North Bridge*, (enlarging 46 G. 3. c. 126.) 51 G. 3. c. 121.
- BURKS and } From *Fyfield to St. John's Bridge*, repairing
GLoucester. } Roads, (enlarging 6 G. 2. c. 15. 13 G. 2. c. 21. 3 G. 3. c. 29. and 31 G. 3. c. 105.) 51 G. 3. c. 122.
- BUCKS and } Roads from *Great Farringham to Bedford*,
GLOUCE. } 51 G. 3. c. 123.
- BURTON. Repairing Road from *Buckles to Barn*, through *Barnhill* near *Ford* to *Lemoness Hill*, &c. (amending 42 G. 3. c. 122.) 50 G. 3. c. 124.
Repairing certain Roads, 51 G. 3. c. 125.
From *Stowood* to *Towad* to *Langar Bridge*, and other Places, (enlarging 27 G. 3. c. 89. and 45 G. 3. c. 96.) 51 G. 3. c. 126.
- BUCKINGHAM. From *Alphington to Haulton* (Co. Bedford,) 50 G. 3. c. 127.
From *Wendover to Buckingham*, 50 G. 3. c. 128.
From *Amptingham*, through *Brookly*, to join the *Dr.* &c. &c. near *Langar*, (enlarging 31 G. 3. c. 133.) 50 G. 3. c. 129.

- BUCKINGHAM (continued). From *Stiffon Road to Buckingham* to *Harwell* (Co. Oxford), 51 G. 3. c. 130.
From *Wendover* to the *End of Gallow*, and from the *River Ais* towards *Stamford*, 51 G. 3. c. 131.
- CAMBRIDGE. Road from *Wick to Thorney*, in the Isle of Ely, 50 G. 3. c. 132.
- CARDIFF. Repairing and widening Roads, (enlarging 10 G. 3. c. 55. and 31 G. 3. c. 97.) 52 G. 3. c. 133.
- CARMARTHEN. From *Golden Grove Park to Llanidloes*, and other Roads, (enlarging and amending 3 G. 3. c. 156. and 41 G. 3. [U. K.] c. 7.) 51 G. 3. c. 134.
Repairing, &c. Roads in, (amending 3 G. 3. c. 94. 24 G. 3. [U. K.] c. 33. 45 G. 3. c. 132.) 52 G. 3. c. 135.
From *Carmarthen to Llanelli*, 52 G. 3. c. 136.
- CARNARVAN and } Repairing Roads of, (enlarging, amending
CARMARTHEN. } and enlarging 9 G. 3. c. 97. and 17 G. 3. c. 111.) 50 G. 3. c. 137.
- CHICHESTER and } From *Marefield to South Carr Lane Head*,
DEVON. } (enlarging and amending 10 G. 3. c. 95. and 30 G. 3. c. 87.) 51 G. 3. c. 138.
- From *Tipton to Blackwell*, and to *Sage Lane*, and from *Edgley to Alford*, 52 G. 3. c. 139.
- CORNWALL. *Stada* (Town), and *Lanlydred* (Parish), Roads to and through, (amending and enlarging 9 G. 3. c. 69. and 26 G. 3. c. 120.) 51 G. 3. c. 140.
- CUMBERLAND. *Shadwell Gate near Carlisle*, to *Malpas*, (enlarging Powers of 7 G. 3. c. 83. and 29 G. 3. c. 97.) 50 G. 3. c. 141.
From *Carlisle to Newcastle-upon-Tyne*, (enlarging 34 G. 3. c. 25.) 51 G. 3. c. 142.
- DEVON. From *Denbigh to Whitehead*, in County of Selby; and from *Exeter to Malpas* in Cheshire, (amending and enlarging 7 G. 3. c. 104. and 26 G. 3. c. 94.) 50 G. 3. c. 143.
- DEVON and } From *Denbigh to North*, and *Haywell*
DEVON. } PLINT. } Road, and from *Alwton to Mild*, (amending 30 G. 3. c. 110.) 51 G. 3. c. 144.
- DEVON. From *Alwton Turnpike Road to Newton* Turnpike Road, near *Taxby*, and from *Woolly Hill* to the *Chyfield* Turnpike Road, at *Kyfield*, (altering and enlarging 5 G. 3. c. 90. and 28 G. 3. c. 87.) 50 G. 3. c. 145.
From *Alford to Swain*, 50 G. 3. c. 146.
From *Salwood Turnpike Road to Bristly* and *Albourne Road*, 51 G. 3. c. 147.
From *Brimingham to Chyfield*, (enlarging 6 G. 3. c. 80. and 26 G. 3. c. 120.) 51 G. 3. c. 148.
From *Chyfield* to *Harpley Lane Head*, (enlarging 32 G. 2. c. 43. 19 G. 3. c. 87. and 41 G. 3. [U. K.] c. 2.) 52 G. 3. c. 149.
- DEVON and } From *Dunby to Malpas*, and other Roads
NOTTINGHAM. } in Nottinghamshire, (enlarging 4 G. 3. c. 61. and 27 G. 3. c. 107.) 51 G. 3. c. 150.
From *Alwton to Malpas*, (altering and enlarging 4 G. 3. c. 87. and 30 G. 3. c. 113.) 52 G. 3. c. 151.
- DEVON and } From *Dunby Hill*, and thence to
DEVON. } the Road between *Laad* and *St. Mary*, (enlarging 9 G. 3. c. 81. and 32 G. 3. c. 105.) 52 G. 3. c. 152.
- DEVON. *Tiverton*, repairing Roads leading to and from, 51 G. 3. c. 153.
From *Salisbury Down* to the *Temple Road* near *Dartmoor Prison of War*, and to the two Bridges, 52 G. 3. c. 154.

DEVON.

- DORSET.** *Dorchester, several Roads leading from, (continuing and widening 50 G. 3. c. 47. and 50 G. 3. c. 95.)* 50 G. 3. c. 88.
- From *Winclose Midge to Blandford Forum*, (continuing 66 G. 3. c. 65. and 50 G. 3. c. 95.) 51 G. 3. c. 1230.
- DURHAM.** *Alnning, &c. Road between Durham (City), and Alnning Bridge,* 50 G. 3. c. 81.
- Repairing Road from *Sunderland to Durham*, (continuing and enlarging 20 G. 3. c. 15. 26 G. 3. c. 42. and 20 G. 3. c. 80.) 51 G. 3. c. 81.
- From *Alnning Woodhouse to Newton*, 51 G. 3. c. 81.
- EDMUNDSHAW.** } From *Almond New Bridge to Ballygale*
LEWISITHOW. } (Co. Lond.) (continuing 30 G. 3. c. 120. 31 G. 3. c. 130. and 28 G. 3. c. 232.) 51 G. 3. c. 81.
- EMEL.** From *Reverie to Newford*, and from *Egging* through *Geesty Place to Newby*, (enlarging and widening 20 G. 3. c. 9. 26 G. 3. c. 29. 50 G. 3. c. 69. and 27 G. 3. c. 69.) 51 G. 3. c. 81.
- FIFE, KINROSS, PERTH, & Making and repairing certain**
CRACHERMAN. } Roads, (47 G. 3. c. 270. repeated 30 G. 3. c. 93. 37 G. 3. c. 100. and 47 G. 3. c. 270. c. 11. in Part repeated.) 50 G. 3. c. 81.
- FINT, DENBORGH, & Repairing Roads in the St. Agnes and**
and CARRARON. } *Conway District*, (enlarging 50 G. 3. c. 45. and 11 G. 3. c. 69.) 51 G. 3. c. 81.
- FLENT and & Repairing Roads, (enlarging 50 G. 3. c. 45. and DENBORGH.) 51 G. 3. c. 69. and *Flint, Holywell and Holywell Districts*, 51 G. 3. c. 69.**
- FORTH.** Repairing *Stator Lanes*, 50 G. 3. c. 228.
- Repairing Roads, 50 G. 3. c. 228.
- GLAMORGAN.** From *Fitzroy*, in the Parish of *Llanfahan*, to *Pontypool*, now *Portypool*, with collateral Cuts, 50 G. 3. c. 228.
- From *Old Farnley to Nonsley* and *Mor-*
and BARRIS. } *thorpe*, and thence to the Bridge over the *Taff*, which divides the Counties of *Glamorgan and Brecon*, 51 G. 3. c. 228.
- GLASGOW.** From *Liddington to the City of Glasgow*, (enlarging 51 G. 3. c. 107. 50 G. 3. c. 120. and 50 G. 3. c. 81.) 51 G. 3. c. 228.
- GLoucester.** Road from *Alme Street, Cheltenham*, to *St. John's Church*, 50 G. 3. c. 81.
- From *Overclough through Tetbury to Wyfold Green*, and from *Tetbury to Lambrook*; and to repair a Road from *Driffield to Underdriffield*, (continuing and enlarging 23 G. 3. c. 206.) 51 G. 3. c. 228.
- Repairing Roads in *Gloucester*, towards *Newford*, (enlarging 12 G. 3. c. 31. 20 G. 3. c. 31. 33 G. 3. c. 34. and 9 G. 3. c. 50.) 51 G. 3. c. 81.
- GLoucester & From Overclough to Water Egford, with branch
and WILTS. } Roads, 50 G. 3. c. 228.**
- HARINGTON.** Repairing County Roads, &c. 51 G. 3. c. 228.
- HARROLD.** Repairing Roads to and from *City of Hereford*, 50 G. 3. c. 81.
- From *Sopley to Lingen*, and thence to *Willy's Oak*, and from *Knighston to the Alpheg and Barber Roads*, and from *Lingen to Walford*, (continuing and widening 28 G. 3. c. 105.) 50 G. 3. c. 228.
- HARTFORD.** From *Linsford to Hildis*, and from *Wolsey to Hildis*, (continuing and widening 3 G. 3. c. 26. and 24 G. 3. c. 24.) 51 G. 3. c. 81.
- From *Worcester to Aylesford* (Hertfordshire), (enlarging 66 G. 3. c. 25. 12 G. 3. c. 10. 28 G. 3. c. 30. 50 G. 3. c. 64. 28 G. 3. c. 82.) 51 G. 3. c. 81.
- HEREFORD and & From Baldock to Repton, and from *Repton*
CARRINGTON. } to *Barnsbury*, (see also 50 G. 3. c. 86. and 11 G. 3. c. 37.) 51 G. 3. c. 228.**
- HERTFORD and & St. Michael, St. Albans, and other Parishes**
MILNOR. } in, repairing Roads through, 51 G. 3. c. 228.
- KENT.** From *Essexford to Swanshead*, 50 G. 3. c. 228. repeated.
- 51 G. 3. c. 228.
- Repairing Roads between *Reverie and Boreley*, (continuing and enlarging 76 G. 3. c. 85. and 20 G. 3. c. 87.) 50 G. 3. c. 81.
- From *Gulford Green to Sandhurst*, and from *St. Andrew's Church to Newlands Green*, (enlarging 50 G. 3. c. 43. and 29 G. 3. c. 123.) 51 G. 3. c. 123.
- Godshill*, Roads to and through, 42 G. 3. c. 68.
- From *Eltham to London*, and *Manly Road*, 51 G. 3. c. 228.
- From *East Malling Heath to Pombury Green*; from *Beard Bridge to the Fair Road*; thence into the *Morewood and Hadlow Road*, (enlarging 7 G. 3. c. 91. and 29 G. 3. c. 100.) 51 G. 3. c. 228.
- From *Chalton to Canterbury*, 51 G. 3. c. 228.
- LANCASTER.** From *Barrow to Wharfedale*, and thence to *Blackburn and Whalley*, and for Branch of Road from *Forwood to Padiham*, (continuing and widening 20 G. 3. c. 107. and 35 G. 3. c. 144.) 50 G. 3. c. 81.
- From *Liverpool to Preston*, (26 G. 3. c. 125. repeated.) 50 G. 3. c. 81.
- From *Salter in the River to Blackburn*; from *Blackburn to Preston*, and from *Another Field to Harrogate*, both in *Torres*, (enlarging 37 G. 3. c. 173.) 50 G. 3. c. 81.
- From *Brandywine West Gate in Elton*, to *Blackburn*, 50 G. 3. c. 228.
- From *Barrow Bridge into Manchester and Ardwick*, *Tongue Roads*, 51 G. 3. c. 228.
- LANCUTER & From Blackburn to Colne in Lancashire, and
and YORK. } thence to *Colney End in Yorkshire*, (24 G. 3. c. 159. 21 G. 3. c. 159. 50 G. 3. c. 137. 43 G. 3. c. 228. all repeated.) 50 G. 3. c. 228.**
- LEICESTER and & Repairing certain Roads in these Counties,**
WARWICK. } and in the County of the City of *Derby*, &c. (enlarging 24 G. 3. c. 80. and 21 G. 3. c. 85.) 50 G. 3. c. 81.
- LINCOLN.** *Louth*, repairing &c. Roads leading thencefrom, (continuing, enlarging and widening 20 G. 3. c. 109. and 20 G. 3. c. 94.) 51 G. 3. c. 228.
- Road over the *Fife Dyke Wall*, (enlarging 34 G. 3. c. 102.) 51 G. 3. c. 81.
- LEICESTER. From Cranston Bridge to Queen's Ferry; and
and from Queen's Ferry to Liddington, 51 G. 3. c. 228.**
- MILNOR.** *Highgate Hill*, (Tweed and Airedale), Road, 50 G. 3. c. 228.
- Further Sum raised to complete, 50 G. 3. c. 228.
- From *Hyde Park Corner to Queen's Bridge*, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 124.) 51 G. 3. c. 228.
- From *Knights Inn to Upper Holmby*, 51 G. 3. c. 228.
- enlarged by 51 G. 3. c. 228.
- Old Street Road*, repairing and widening, (enlarging 20 G. 3. c. 87. and 29 G. 3. c. 144. 12 G. 3. c. 99. and 29 G. 3. c. 92.) 51 G. 3. c. 228.
- From *Highway Point to Hakerdighers' Wall*, 51 G. 3. c. 228.
- MILNOR & From & East India Dock and Cannon Street**
and Essex. } Roads, *New Road to Barking*, and from *Newford and Whitehall Road to Tilbury* Quay, (enlarging 42 G. 3. c. 22. 44 G. 3. c. 222.) 45 G. 3. c. 222. and 49 G. 3. c. 222. class.) 51 G. 3. c. 222.

- MIDDLETOWN.** Roads to and from *Middletown*, (39 & 40 G. 3. c. 111. repealed as to the 6th District) 30 G. 3. c. 111.
Roads to, through and from the Town of *Middletown*, (enlarging 28 G. 3. c. 111. 27 G. 3. c. 106. and 29 G. 3. c. 109.) 25 G. 3. c. 102.
- From *Major to Claydon*, and other Roads in *Newport District*, (39 & 40 G. 3. c. 111. repealed,) 31 G. 3. c. 103.
- NORFOLK.** From *King's Lane to East Walsh* and other Places, (enlarging 10 G. 3. c. 85. and 31 G. 3. c. 112.) 31 G. 3. c. 88.
- From *King's Lane to Belling Lane*, and thence to *Dorchester*, (enlarging 10 G. 3. c. 86. and 31 G. 3. c. 113.) 31 G. 3. c. 89.
- From *Norwich to Aylmer*, and from *Aylmer to Green*, &c. (enlarging 34 G. 3. c. 114.) 31 G. 3. c. 87.
- From *Stoke Ferry*, and from *Midwell Warren High to Dred's Dock*, (enlarging 10 G. 3. c. 78. and 31 G. 3. c. 100.) 31 G. 3. c. 81.
- NORWICH.** (County of the City of.) From *St. Stephen's Gate to Water*, (continuing and amending 10 G. 3. c. 77. and 30 G. 3. c. 104.) 34 G. 3. c. 84.
- From *St. Peter's Gate to New Southgate*, 32 G. 3. c. 101.
- NORTHAMPTON.** From *Harvinghoe to Old Stratford*, (3 G. 3. c. 52. and 13 G. 3. c. 102. repealed,) 30 G. 3. c. 100.
- From *Northampton to Chain Bridge, near Market Harborough*, &c., 30 G. 3. c. 103.
- NORTHUMBERLAND.** North Shields to *Newcastle-upon-Tyne*, (continuing and amending 22 G. 2. c. 9. 14 G. 3. c. 115. 36 G. 3. c. 130.) 30 G. 3. c. 112.
- NOTTINGHAM.** From *Worksop to Kellow*, and from *Dobbin Hill to South Marston*, &c. (enlarging 10 G. 3. c. 80. and 31 G. 3. c. 81.) 30 G. 3. c. 79.
- OXFORD.** From *Berford to Bonbury*, and other Places, 30 G. 3. c. 83.
- PEMBROKE.** From *Newport Wgh. through Fylgoad, to Newport*, and from *Fylgoad to St. David's*, (continuing, &c. 31 G. 3. c. 106.) 31 G. 3. c. 105.
- From *Newport Wgh. to St. David's*, and thence to *Caerfas*, (enlarging 31 G. 3. c. 106.) 31 G. 3. c. 104.
- PEMBERSHIRE & CARDIGANSHIRE.** From *Rudges Watton to Saint Chrys*, and other Roads, (continuing and amending 31 G. 3. c. 102.) 31 G. 3. c. 101.
- PETERB.** Repairing, &c. Statute Services, Highways, Bridges, and Ferries in the County, 31 G. 3. c. 107.
- Repairing certain Roads and Bridges, 31 G. 3. c. 108.
- The 100 preceding Acts further amended by 32 G. 3. c. 103.
- REYNOLDS.** Repairing, &c. Roads in the County—Building a Bridge or Bridges at *Wickham*, and regulating the Statute Labour, 32 G. 3. c. 10.
- SALOP.** From *Wem and Whitechurch Road to Sandford and Hales Road*, 31 G. 3. c. 108.
- Shewbury, Roads to and from, (enlarging 9 G. 3. c. 53. and 30 G. 3. c. 111.) 31 G. 3. c. 109.
- From *Treriky to Neopony*, (enlarging Powers of several Acts of G. 2. and G. 3.) 31 G. 3. c. 113.
- SOMERSET.** *Barkland Ditches to Radford Bridge, Milborne Nova to Strive St. Philip*, and from *Alwinton to Radstock*, (enlarging Powers of 8 G. 3. c. 23. and 29 G. 3. c. 101.) 30 G. 3. c. 21.
- SOMERSET (continued).** Roads to and from *Froom*, and lighting, &c. that Town, (amending and continuing 30 G. 3. c. 99. 22 G. 3. c. 94. and 31 G. 3. c. 177.) 30 G. 3. c. 105.
- Rush, Roads to and from, improving, (and repealing 33 G. 3. c. 124.) 30 G. 3. c. 104.
- SOMERSET and WILT.** Repairing Roads in and near *Weymouth*, and other Roads therein, (amending 33 G. 3. c. 133.) 30 G. 3. c. 1.
- SOUTHAMPTON.** From *Triggfield to Calton*, 30 G. 3. c. 116.
- From *Lower Saint Griffin's Lane (on the Winkley Road to Southampton) to Park-Gate*, (on the Southampton Road to Gaffers,) 30 G. 3. c. 101.
- SOUTHAMPTON & HANTS.** From *Whitchurch to Alderbury Green and Bokerly*, Bridge, (enlarging 20 G. 3. c. 82. and 31 G. 3. c. 110.) 31 G. 3. c. 108.
- SOUTHAMPTON & SUSSEX.** From *Calton to Farnham*, (enlarging 20 G. 3. c. 83.) 31 G. 3. c. 1.
- STAFFORD.** Repairing Roads to and from *Triggfield*, (enlarging 10 G. 3. c. 65. and 30 G. 3. c. 112.) 31 G. 3. c. 102.
- Repairing Road from *Gillet Lane to Walsborough*, &c. (enlarging 12 G. 3. c. 108. and 33 G. 3. c. 147.) 30 G. 3. c. 107.
- From *Black Mugh to the Road from Aylmer to Swaine*; and from the Road between *Gloucester and Leek* to the Road above *Fragell Bridge*, &c. (altering and enlarging 2 G. 3. c. 62. 12 G. 3. c. 87. and 22 G. 3. c. 116.) 30 G. 3. c. 106.
- From *Gloucester to Bicken Hays*, and thence to *Easton near Leek*, (altering and enlarging 9 G. 3. c. 80. and 30 G. 3. c. 107.) 30 G. 3. c. 109.
- From *Fylgoad to Chelmsford*, (amending 30 G. 3. c. 100.) 31 G. 3. c. 103.
- STAFFORD & DERBY.** From *Easton near Leek* to the Turnpike and Derby; Road from *Derby to Ailstone*; from *Blithes near to the late Road near Newbold*; and from *Waglow to Elms Mill*, 32 G. 3. c. 105.
- STAFFORD & WARWICK.** Repairing Roads to and through *Tamworth*, and other Roads in said Counties, (enlarging and amending 10 G. 3. c. 99. and 22 G. 3. c. 99.) 32 G. 3. c. 100.
- STURDON.** Several Roads, &c. leading across the County, (continuing and enlarging 34 G. 3. c. 135.) 30 G. 3. c. 101.
- For better regulating the Statute Labour of the County of *Sutry*, 30 G. 3. c. 102.
- Repairing, &c. County Roads, 31 G. 3. c. 1.
- SUTRY.** From *Strawles Bridge to Norton*, (enlarging 20 G. 3. c. 69. and 29 G. 3. c. 94.) 31 G. 3. c. 2.
- From *Dyfford to Strid Lee*; from *Claydon to Bury St. Edmund's Road*; and from *Tasby Hall to Eye and Louthers Green*, (amending 33 G. 3. c. 128.) 31 G. 3. c. 100.
- From *Little Tarned to Stridburgh*, and from *Brompston to Halford*, (enlarging 36 G. 3. c. 122.) 31 G. 3. c. 103.
- From *Spaldon to Belmington and Delnethorpe*, and from *Hemminghoe to Oley Bottom*, 31 G. 3. c. 104.
- From *Spaldon to Stratford St. Mary*, 31 G. 3. c. 105.
- SUFFOLK and CAMBRIDGE.** From *Bury St. Edmund's to Newmarket*, and *Cambridge*, 31 G. 3. c. 101.
- SURREY.** From *King's-arms-Thames to Leatherhead*, 31 G. 3. c. 101.
- From *Southwark to the Kent Road*, (amending 49 G. 3. c. 122.) 31 G. 3. c. 102.

- SURREY** (SHIRE). From *Kent Road* to *Doyford*, with Branch to *Healy Down*, 52 G. 3. c. 600. amended by 52 G. 3. c. 2320.
- SURREY and** } From *Stow Street* near *St. Dunstons*, to join the
SOMERSET. } *Highway* and *Guildford Road* at *Warham*,
52 G. 3. c. 1881.
- SOMERSET.** Road from *Stephan Bridge*, in the Parish of *Pallings*, to the Road from *Watling* to *Hayham*, and thence to *Steyning*, 50 G. 3. c. 176.
- From *Wickall* to *Cripps Green*, and thence to *Staple Cross*, and *Rye*, (enlarging 51 G. 3. c. 94 and 51 G. 3. c. 104.) 51 G. 3. c. 2157.
- From *Billinghurst* to *Broadbridge Heath*, 51 G. 3. c. 1800.
- From *Strartridge* to *Red's Hat* in *Widmore*, 52 G. 3. c. 2011.
- From *Offham* to *Dischiffing*, 52 G. 3. c. 1888.
- WARWICK.** Repairing Road from *Great Bridge* in Borough of *Warwick* to *Northampton*, (enlarging and altering 5 G. 3. c. 207, and 26 G. 3. c. 80.) 50 G. 3. c. 2318.
- From *Stratford-on-Avon* to *Warwick*, and from *Stratford-on-Avon* to *Walsley*, (altering and enlarging 12 G. 1. c. 6, 18 G. 2. c. 32, 31 G. 2. c. 58, and 20 G. 3. c. 80.) 50 G. 3. c. 1007.
- WARWICK.** Repairing Roads in, to, and through, 52 G. 3. c. 181.
- From *Widmore Mansford* to *Stratford-on-Avon*, (enlarging 10 G. 3. c. 94, and 31 G. 3. c. 98.) 52 G. 3. c. 12.
- From *Upton in Arden* to *Great King's and Walsley's* *Hill*, (enlarging 10 G. 3. c. 63, and 32 G. 3. c. 115.) 52 G. 3. c. 123.
- WARWICK and** } From *Wigley Bridge* to *Widley*, 52 G. 3.
LEICESTER. } c. 1883.
- WILTSHIRE.** From *Lord's Clay* to *Brougham*, to *Freeth*, &c., 52 G. 3. c. 2000.
- WILTSHIRE.** From *Whitford Hill* to the *Wilton Road* at or near *Marford*, (enlarging 28 G. 3. c. 85.) 50 G. 3. c. 2000.
- From *Wootton* to *Christian Malford Bridge*, &c., (enlarging, &c., 31 G. 1. c. 121.) 52 G. 3. c. 1883.
- From *Road* *Ford* to *Red Hill*, (enlarging 50 G. 3. c. 98.) 52 G. 3. c. 2000.
- WILTSHIRE and** } From *Warminster* and *Fram* to the *Road* to
SOMERSET. } and from *Widmore* to the *Treadwell Road*,
52 G. 3. c. 181.
- WORCESTER.** From *Dewley* to *Pattings*, and from *Shel*
STAFFORD. } *End* to *Wolverhampton Turnpike Road*, (en-
and SALOP. } larging 50 G. 3. c. 104.) 51 G. 3. c. 1880.
- YORK (County).** From *Catford Bridge*, through *Fern*,
Stokes, and *Edgely*, to *Darham*, (repealing
28 G. 3. c. 90.) 50 G. 3. c. 92.
- From *Doncaster* to *Salter's Road* in the County of
Chester, (continuing and amending 14 G. 2. c. 31,
2 G. 3. c. 71, and 29 G. 3. c. 98.) 50 G. 3. c. 2320.
- From *Lark* *Sheffield* to *Sparrow Pit Gate*, (County
Derby.) enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 164.) 51 G. 3. c. 1880.
- YORK (Eg.)** From *Beverly* to *Hyde Ferry*, and from *Malton*
Riding. } *Grade Post* to *Catthigham*, (enlarging 9 G. 3.
c. 79, and 14 G. 3. c. 137.) 51 G. 3. c. 181.
- From *North* to *Wick*, (enlarging 28 G. 2. c. 6, 7 G. 3.
c. 71, and 31 G. 3. c. 157.) 52 G. 3. c. 801.
- From *Hall* to *Arbury*, and from *Newland Bridge*
to *Conington*, (enlarging 17 G. 2. c. 15, 4 G. 3.
c. 66, and 31 G. 3. c. 126.) 52 G. 3. c. 2000.
- From *Brough Ferry* to *South Newland Holm*, and
from *Brough* to *Spales*, (enlarging 11 G. 3. c. 71,
and 32 G. 3. c. 135.) 52 G. 3. c. 1882.
- YORK (Eg.)** From *Doncaster*, through *Ferry Bridge*, to *South Side*
Riding. } of *Walsbyre Cross*, (amending 14 G. 2. c. 18,
2 G. 3. c. 62, 28 G. 3. c. 100, and 35 G. 3. c. 154.)
50 G. 3. c. 181.
- From *Doncaster* to *Harrogate*, (continuing and enlarging
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- From *Rotherham* to *Marshall*, 50 G. 3. c. 181.
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and thence to *Passforth* and *Widland*, and from
Passforth to *Walsbyre*, (altering and enlarging
14 G. 2. c. 19, 23, 50 G. 2. c. 54, and 28 G. 3.
c. 208.) 50 G. 3. c. 2001.
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enlarging 8 G. 3. c. 47, and 28 G. 3. c. 103.)
50 G. 3. c. 2001.
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and 28 G. 3. c. 1.) 52 G. 3. c. 1880.
- From *Scowby* to *Jolly*, (enlarging 33 G. 3. c. 166.)
51 G. 3. c. 1880.
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DERBY. } and from *Dive* to *Under Bridge*, 52 G. 3. c. 2000.
- YORK and** } From *Scarsdale* to *Darham*, 52 G. 3.
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U. & V.

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a. Callet

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